The Times

VOL. IV. NO. 938. — OTTAWA, FRIDAY JANUARY 1, 1869. — PRICE—3 CENTS.

Boots & Shoes.

ANNOUNCEMENT!

W. A. LAMB,

KEEPER OF THE RED BOOT, &c., &c.

To all the loyal inhabitants of the Metropolitan and surrounding Counties, sends greeting:

And while thus publicly wishing to all

A Merry Christmas and Happy New Year,

takes pleasure also in announcing that he will hold

PUBLIC RECEPTIONS DAILY,

at from 7:30 a.m., until 7 p.m., when he will be pleased to meet with those who desire to call upon him.

N.B.—As all will probably wish to retain a Souvenir of their visit, it will be satisfactory to know that there is a magnificent assortment of Boots and Shoes on hand to choose from, and any of which will be GIVEN AWAY for a small consideration.

Don't forget the place, No. 28, Sussex st., opposite the Barracks.

W. ANGUS & CO.

BOOTS,

SHOES,

MOCCASINS,

TOBOGGANS,

SNOWSHOES,

&c., &c., &c.

Since the great clearing Sale

W. ANGUS & CO.

have received a

VERY LARGE AND WELL SELECTED STOCK

OF

BOOTS AND SHOES,

AND OTHER FEET-WARE,

suitable to the Winter season.

JUST RECEIVED.

A FRESH LOT OF LADIES' & GENTS'

FELT EMBROIDERED CONGRESS!

Of the Latest Style. Also, a New Supply of

TOBOGGANS,

SNOW-SHOES,

MOCCASINS,

OVER-SHOES,

&c., &c., &c.

Very appropriate

XMAS AND NEW YEAR'S PRESENTS.

INSPECTION INVITED.

PRICES LOW.

W. ANGUS & CO.,
Golden Boot,
228 Wellington-st.

GENUINE CLEARING SALE

OF

BOOTS AND SHOES,

AT THE OLD

CROSBY STAND, NO. 51, SPARKS-ST.

The whole of

THE BANKRUPT STOCK,

comprising the latest styles and best qualities of

LADIES', GENT'S, MISSES' & CHILDREN'S

DRESS & WALKING BOOTS,

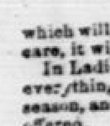
suitable for FALL & WINTER WEAR. Also, a large stock of Men's and Women's Coarse Boots, Moose Mocassins, Buck Moose and Sheep Mitts, Beef Mocassins, Felt Over-shoes, Rubbers, &c., all of which will be sold at great reductions from former prices. Lumber and country merchants are requested to bear in mind that there is a large stock of handmade boots to be disposed of at the aforesaid reduction in prices.

The public generally are invited to call and examine the stock and prices, which we know cannot fail to give satisfaction to all.

Remember the place, the old Crosby Stand, opposite O'Meara's, No. 51, Sparks-st.

A. J. STEPHENS & CO.

Ottawa, Oct. 20 868. 876y



CHEAP BOOTS & SHOES AT THE CAPITAL BOOT & SHOE STORE, YORK-ST.

I have now received my fall and winter stock of

BOOTS AND SHOES,

which will be found complete; being selected with care, it will not fail to give general satisfaction.

In Ladies', Misses' and Children's ware I have everything that can possibly be required for the season, and at much lower figures than ever before offered.

Men's ware in Calf, Kipp, Cowhide Boots; Men's Strong Working Boots as low as $2 per pair. Boy's and Youth's equally low.

A large supply of New English Kipp Boots, hand made, the most suitable ware for Lumbermen, constantly on hand and made by the very best workmen. Orders taken for all kinds of work.

429y GEORGE MURPHY

NOTICE.—The partnership heretofore existing under the name and firm of LATRIMOULLE & GROULX is this day dissolved by mutual consent.

OCTAVE LATRIMOULLE,
ALPHONSE GROULX.

Ottawa, 24th December, 1868. 936-3

Groceries.

THE undersigned takes this opportunity to thank her friends and the public in general for their liberal patronage, and solicits a call to examine her fine stock of GROCERIES, POULTRY, FISH, salt and fresh, VEGETABLES, FRUITS, PORK, &c., all to be disposed of cheap. Also, a very fine lot of PARTRIDGES.

MRS. L. E. GOULIN,
Wellington-st., opposite Hall's Confectionery

GARDENER'S

BAKING POWDER.

In 1 lb. Packets for 25 cents. | And 6 Packets for $1.25.

TEN REASONS

Why it Should be Used in Preference to all Others:

1st. Bread or Cakes made with it are more wholesome than if made with Yeast or any other process.

2nd. Its purity is such that it will stand the test of the most perfect analysis.

3rd. After having been extensively used for the last 14 years in not one instance has it failed to give entire satisfaction.

4th. Families that have used it pronounce it the best, and will use no other.

5th. It contains no Saleratus, nor does it impair the digestive organs like those powders where Soda or an excess of Alkali predominates.

6th. It never gives to Bread or Cakes an unpleasant Alkaline or mawkish taste.

7th. The ingredients that form its composition are more beneficial than otherwise.

8th. Dyspeptic subjects can eat hot Bread or Rolls made with it and derive benefit by its use.

9th. Every Packet contains its full weight; one pound packets weigh 16 ounces.

10. It is all that it is represented to be, namely:

Unrivalled for Purity and Cheapness.

Sole Agents for Ottawa,

J. G. ROBINSON & Co.,
The Tea Pot.

The Trade supplied at the Manufacturer's prices.

Ottawa, December 10, 1868. 886-6m

MONTREAL WAREHOUSE,

SUSSEX-STREET.

The undersigned have now COMPLETED their

FALL IMPORTATIONS,

COMPRISING A

GENERAL AND SELECT STOCK

OF

FAMILY GROCERIES,

WINES, LIQUORS,

AND PROVISIONS, &c., &c.

JAS. MARTIN & CO.

Ottawa, November 27, 1868. 657y

Amusements.

SNOW SHOE CLUB.

A meeting of gentlemen desirous to become members of a SNOW SHOE CLUB will be held in

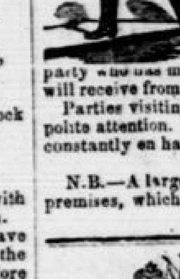
KAVANAGH'S QUEEN RESTAURANT,

ON

MONDAY EVENING NEXT,

At half-past EIGHT o'clock, sharp. 936td

DOMINION BOWLING ALLEY.



The subscriber begs to inform his friends that he opened on MONDAY, the 26th OCTOBER, his

BOWLING ALLEY.

This is one of the best in the Capital, and equal to any in America. It contains four alleys, and with first-class balls. There will be kept a register book for the purpose of marking the number of points made each day to 1st January next, and the party who has made the highest number of points will receive from the proprietor a rich prize.

Parties visiting the Alley will be received with polite attention. The best of liquors will be found constantly on hand.

B. B. LARIVIERE.

N.B.—A large Ball Room is attached to the premises, which will be let at a low figure.

B. B. L.

SATCHELL BROS.,

By appointment

BUTCHERS TO HIS EXCELLENCY SIR JOHN YOUNG.

Superior Stall Fed Beef. Lamb, Mutton and Veal in season.

N.B.—Also spiced, rolled and rounds of Beef, and sugar-cured Hams and Bacon, cured in the English style.

930-3m No. 7, Lower Town Market, Ottawa.

Dry Goods.

HICK & CO.

Have removed to their NEW STORE, in Stewart's Block, Corner of Rideau and Sussex-sts., where they will offer, in connection with their goods,

$30,000 WORTH OF DRY GOODS

Purchased at Public Auction lately, from the immense Bankrupt Stock of the late firm of DESMARTERY, JORDAINE & Co., of Montreal, and sold on account of T. JAMES CLAXTON. The goods are all new and of very superior quality, being imported expressly for a fashionable Montreal trade; and, as they have succeeded in purchasing the goods far below the sterling cost, they are prepared to offer bargains never before offered in this city. The following are some of the lines of goods offered, viz.:

		s. d.		s. d.
100 pieces	different qualities Black Silks........			
80 do	Single width plain Wincey	5	worth	0 8
100 do	Fancy, single width Wincey	7½	"	1 0
63 do	Double width plain Wincey	7½	"	1 0
80 do	Double Delaines.....	7½	"	1 3
70 do	do Poplin.........	7½	"	1 0
150 do	do Cobourg.......	7½	"	1 3
150 do	Assort'd Dress Goods	9	"	1 6
33 do	Empress Reps........	1 6	"	3 0
60 do	Bl'k French Merino	1 6	"	3 0
75 do	Fancy Colors—your choice for........	2		
200 do	Black Empress Rep only.................	10	"	2 0

Also, a splendid assortment of
Hannibal Cloths — Oriental Lustres
Livini Poplins — Alberteena Cloths
Princess Alexandra Embossed Poplins
Mandarin Lustres — Eugenia Reps, &c.

1,000 doz. FRINGED TOWELS, all Linen....................6d each.

SHAWLS.

35 Filled Shawls.
83 Shepherd Long Shawls
101 Fancy, all wool Longs
167 Assorted Square Shawls.

COTTONS.

120 pieces Grey Cotton, 1¼ yards wide, for......6 d
160 do Bleached Horrocks and Millars........6½d
165 do Good Prints ....4 d
303 do Best English Prints, Hoyle's and Ashton's..6½d
159 do French Calicos, in choice patterns...8 d

CLOTHS.

		s. d.		s. d.
20 pieces	Waterproof..........	3 9		
80 do	Double Width Overcoating..................	2 9	worth	7 6
35 do	Scotch Tweed..........	2 6	do	5 0
100 do	Canadian Tweed........	1 3	do	2 6
100 do	Full Cloth, very heavy..	2 9	do	3 6

Also, a splendid lot o

BROAD CLOTHS, BEAVERS,

Witneys, Mantle Cloths,

BLACK DOES, &c., &c., &c.,

at correspondingly low prices.

85 PIECES DOMINION TWEED,

Something New—one of the heaviest cloths made—*at a great sacrifice.*

1,000 doz. TABLE NAPKINS, all Linen, only 6s 3d per dozen.

SHIRTS! SHIRTS! SHIRTS!

1,000 Flannel Shirts, only....................2 6
200 White Cotton Shirts, only..............3 9
500 Under Shirts, only.......................3 3
300 Hespler's heaviest make, Ribbed ....5 0 worth 8 9

Paper Collars—100 collars for 3s 9d.

500 pieces 2¼-yards wide Linen Sheeting...........................3 3 worth 5
5 do 2-yards wide, Union Sheeting.............................1 7 do 3
81 do Table Damask and 300 Damask Table Cloths, at a frightful sacrifice...............

Also, Red and White Flannels, Canadian Shirting Flannels, Hoop Skirts, Crash Towellings, Irish Linen, Clouds, Breakfast Shawls, Hemp Carpets, &c., &c.

CORSETS, 2s 6d.

Blankets—A large lot of slightly damaged Blankets for about half price.

1,000 Linen Bags, 1s, worth 1s 6d; 40 cases Men's Heavy Boots, very low; 3 cases Men's Heavy French Calf, 12s 6d. Also, a heavy stock of Gentlemen's Clothing.

$3.50.................................OVERCOATS.
4.00..............................heavy OVERCOATS.
90 cts. up..................................PANTS.
50 cts. to $1.25..............................VESTS.
$8.00........Black Broadcloth........FALL SUITS.

A large staff of polite and attentive salesmen will be in readiness to wait on customers.

H. HICK & CO.

Customers will please report any inattention on the part of salesmen.

AT CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S

The greatest novelty of the season is the

BOULEVARD FELT UNDERSKIRT,

Unsurpassed for

BEAUTY, ECONOMY & DURABILITY

AT

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S

No. 14, RIDEAU-ST.

REMOVAL

TO

NO. 34, SPARKS-ST.

T. RAJOTTE

having removed to more commodious premises, takes pleasure in announcing to his numerous customers and the public generally that he has now a large and well selected stock of

STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS,

consisting of

Flannels — Black Cloths
Winceys — Beaver Cloths
Cottons — Meltons
Prints — Tweeds
&c., — &c.

We have also on hand a large assortment of

READY-MADE CLOTHING,

which, being manufactured on the premises, we can recommend, and sell cheaper than any shop in this city.

THE TAILORING DEPARTMENT.

This department is under the superintendence of a well-known first-class cutter and workman. All orders punctually attended to.

Don't forget the place, No. 34, Sparks-st. Store lately occupied by G. Fetherston & Co., next door to Magee & Russell's old store.

88y T. RAJOTTE.

FLOWER BULBS.

Shipped per *Hibernian*, and to arrive in a few days, a very superior assortment of

HYACINTH, TULIP AND OTHER FALL BULBS.

These Bulbs will be found superior to anything yet imported.

WILLIAM HEARN,
Market Drug Store,
York-st.

Ottawa, October 17, 1868. 878t

Groceries.

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS

—FROM—

OPORTO, SPAIN, COGNAC

AND LONDON,

Consisting of

PORT, SHERRY, BRANDY, GIN AND SCOTCH WHISKEY, &c.

PICKLES, SAUCES, JAMS & JELLIES &c., &c., &c.,

FROM CROSSE & BLACKWELL.

—LIKEWISE,—

A FULL assortment of FRESH FRUIT, the BEST in market.

TABLE and Cooking RAISINS, CURRANTS, &c.

FLAVOURING EXTRACTS and SPICES—Genuine.

PRESERVED and CAN FRUITS, assorted to suit the holiday season.

ALMERIA GRAPES, FRESH FIGS and PORTUGUESE ONIONS.

50 TINS NEW HONEY, in 5 lb. and 8 lb. tins.

200 STILTON CHEESE, 6 lbs. to 8 lbs. size, from Reesor Brothers' celebrated factory.

SHERRY WINE—Good Table Wine—$1.25 to $3.00.

PORT WINE—Good Table Wine $1.50 to $4.50.

ALL KINDS of GENUINE LIQUORS. Price according to age and quality.

100 BOXES DIGBY HERRINGS—large boxes at 75 cts. each.

LABRADOR HERRINGS, the very best, in barrels and half barrels.

10 CASES SCOTCH LING—Good.

TEAS—Black, Green and Japans—Warranted Good, and selected for family use.

SUGARS and SYRUPS of all grades.

COFFEES—Always Fresh—Best Brands—Try them.

TOBACCOS—The Finest Qualities—Virginia make in cut, tin foil and plug.

A GENERAL assortment of the different kinds of *GROCERIES AND LIQUORS* on hand, Wholesale and Retail, at the *LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICES* for Warranted Goods. A trial of the articles will recommend them.

For sale at

THOS. PATTERSON'S,
No. 26, Rideau-street.

Ottawa, November 27, 1868. 878

JUST RECEIVED,

AT THE

INDIA WAREHOUSE,

No. 16, RIDEAU-ST.,

And for sale cheap, by

D. T. BROWNE & CO.,

Wholesale and Retail

Grocers, Wine and Spirit Merchants,

FRESH OYSTERS, in Tins,
PRESERVED OYSTERS do
FRESH HALIBUT do
FRESH SALMON do
FRESH MACKEREL d
FRESH LOBSTERS do
GREEN PEAS do
LEMON, GINGER, ORANGE,
Banana, Peach, Blackberry, Raspberry and Strawberry Syrups.
RASPBERRY VINEGAR,
FRY'S Chocolate and Cocoa,
MOTT'S Cocoa Paste,
MORTON'S Bloater Paste,
TOMATO and other Catsups
ANCHOVY Paste,
STRASBURGH Meats,
POTTED Beef and Tongues
PRESERVES and Jellies in great variety,
ORANGE Marmalade,
MORRISON, TAYLOR & Co.'s
Celebrated Sugar Cured Hams and Breakfast Roll Bacon.
PICKLED Salmon,
PICKLED Mackerel,
PICKLED HERRINGS,
In Half Barrels, Barrels and Tierces,
DRY Codfish,
DRY Haddock,
FINNAN Haddies, &c., &c.,

And a full stock of Choice Family Groceries.

Ottawa, Nov. 3, 1868.

BOTTLED ALE,

BOTTLED ALE,

BOTTLED ALE.

The subscriber would called the attention of Families and others to his

FINE BOTTLED ALE

Which is in splendid condition. Also,

SCOTCH, IRISH, OLD RYE,

And other Malt Whiskies,

PORTS, SHERRIES, BRANDIES, GIN, &c.,

To ether with a General Assortment of

FIRST-CLASS GROCERICS.

A call [illegible]dly solicited.

D. WHELAN,
44, Rideau-street,
Opposite Allan's Crockery Store

Ottawa, Jan. 20, 1868.

NEW YEAR'S GIFTS & PRESENTS

AT THE VARIETY HALL.

Notwithstanding the large quantities of goods disposed of previous to Christmas there is still on hand a good supply for New Year's in

GLASSWARE

Of Every Description.

Toy Tea Sets, Misses' Tea Sets,
Mottoed Cups and Saucers,
Moustache Cups,
Bohemian Glass Decanters,

Children's Cups and Mugs, Toys, and an endless variety of every description of Glassware suitable for the season.

A few cases of CUT DECANTERS at $1.50 per pair.

Hotel-keepers bear in mind that the Variety Hall furnishes the best Decanters and Tumblers of any House in the Dominion.

J. BOYDEN.

Confectionery.

SCOTT'S

CONFECTIONERY AND BAKERY,

15 SPARKS-ST.,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

The undersigned continues to keep on hand for sale a large and varied assortment of Confectionery, both imported and manufactured on the premises. Particularly at this festive season attention is directed to the stock of

CAKES, (ORNAMENTED AND PLAIN.)

PLUM, CITRON,
SEED, SPONGE,

POUND and PRINCE OF WALES CAKE.

Scotch Short Bread and Currant Buns.

All of which are made of the best material.

A nice lot of—

Fancy Boxes,
Cornucopias,
Bon-bons,
Ornamented Hearts
and Sugar Toys

IN FINE CONFECTIONS: French Gum Drops, Mixtures, Crystalized Cream Drops, French Chocolate, Cream Figs and Lumps of Delight. Also, constantly manufactured, all the different kinds of Crackers and Biscuits.

FRUITS—Fresh Figs, Fresh Dates, Fresh Prunes, Fresh Oranges, and 300 bbls. of choice Winter Apples.

929-10 MRS. A. SCOTT.

HAPPY CHRISTMAS TO ALL!

AND

A MERRY NEW YEAR!

When you find him just and true
Never change the old for the new!

The season of festivity is at hand, and the undersigned begs to inform his numerous patrons and the public generally that he is still to be found

AT THE OLD STAND, NO. 38, SUSSEX-ST.,

where he has on hand, and is prepared to supply the wants of all; an extensive stock of the CHOICEST and MOST DELICATE

CONFECTIONS

of every description, from the tiny little comfit to the mammoth bride's cake.

Syrups of all kinds.

Country orders promptly attended to.

He respectfully invites an inspection of his stock of good things for the holidays.

924b W. PRODRICK.

ENGLISH BUNN HOUSE,

SUSSEX-ST.

G. BARTLETT

Begs most respectfully to remind his patrons that he has provided for the CHRISTMAS HOLIDAYS an increased assortment of Paris and home manufactured presents; also the undermentioned goods all manufactured on the premises:

Rich Fruit Cakes, plain and ornamented.
Plain, Citron, Raisin, Seed, Princess, Sponge and Lady Cake, Gold and Silver.
Candies of every description.
Italian Creams and Pyramids.
Jellies and Blanc Mange and Wine Jellies.
Charlotte Russe.
Jellied Turkeys, Chickens, &c.
Chocolate, Walnut and Fig Creams.
Salads of every description.
Crystalized Dates and Figs.
Wedding Cakes, ornamented to any design on the shortest notice.
Supper Parties, Balls or Assemblies supplied on reasonable terms.
Private Parties furnished on the shortest notice.
Oyster Patties, Mince Pies and Mince Meat.
A large assortment of Pure Sugar Hollow Toys.
IMPORTED GOODS DIRECT FROM LONDON AND PARIS.
Choicest Selected Bonbons, Gelatine, Silver and Gold Paper, Scented, Snapping and Plum.
A splendid assortment of Cornucopias, Boxes and Toys.

The proprietor need only say that all the above articles can be obtained at his establishment, and from the reputation it has gained for itself is a sufficient guarantee for the quality of the articles.

City and country stores supplied on reasonable terms.

G. BARTLETT, 37 Sussex-st.

N.B.—Muffin and Crumpets fresh every day during the season. 920d

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'68. '69.

CONFECTIONERY.

EDWARD HALL

Takes this opportunity of calling the attention of his numerous friends and patrons to his large and varied assortment of

CHRISTMAS & NEW YEAR'S CAKES,

AND CONFECTIONERY,

suitable for the approaching festive season.

CHRISTMAS AND NEW YEAR'S CAKES, consisting in part of Iced, Plum, Citron, Raisin, Seed, Princess, Sponge, and Lady's Cake, at E. HALL'S, Wellington-st.

SHORT BREAD, at E. HALL'S, Wellington-st.

FANCY BOXES, a choice assortment suitable for Holiday Presents, at E. HALL'S, Wellington-st.

BONBONS, imported from Paris, in great variety, at E. HALL'S, Wellington-st.

CHICKEN & LOBSTER SALADS, at E. HALL'S, Wellington-st.

PRIVATE PARTIES carefully furnished, at E. HALL'S, Wellington-st.

BALLS AND ASSEMBLIES supplied on liberal terms, at E. HALL'S, Wellington-st.

JELLIED TURKEYS, at E. HALL'S, Wellington-st.

OYSTER PATTIES & MINCE PIES, at E. HALL'S, Wellington-st.

CHARLOTTE RUSSE, at E. HALL'S, Wellington-st.

ITALIAN CREAMS & PYRAMIDS, at E. HALL'S, Wellington-st.

JELLIES & BLANC MANGE, at E. HALL'S, Wellington-st.

CREAM CHOCOLATES & CRYSTALLIZED FIGS, only to be had at E. HALL'S, Wellington-st.

WEDDING CAKES & ORNAMENTS, to suit all tastes, at E. HALL'S, Wellington-st.

GREEN NESBETT CANDY, only to be had at E. HALL'S, Wellington-st.

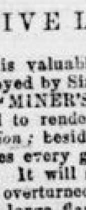
COUNTRY STORES supplied on reasonable terms, at E. HALL'S, Wellington-st.

N.B.—The subscriber desires specially to call the attention of his patrons and the public to the fact that all the above named articles are made on the premises under his own supervision. A call respectfully solicited.

Ottawa, Dec. 9, 1868. 919-c

D. R. LEAVENS,

AGENT FOR THE



NEW METALLIC

"NON-EXPLOSIVE LAMP,"

Now offers to the public this valuable improvement. The principle employed by Sir Humphrey Davy, in his celebrated "MINER'S SAFETY LAMP," is strictly adhered to rendering it safe from the *possibility of explosion;* besides this most important feature it possesses every good quality that is desirable in a lamp. It will not break if dropped upon the *floor.* If overturned no oil will escape. It will carry a large flame without smoking; this flame is steady, and so protected that currents of air do not affect it, rendering it a convenient lamp to carry about the house, and is not liable to get out of order. The lamp is made of metal and cannot be broken, hence no danger from that cause.

THE CLAIM FOR THIS LAMP IS

First—Absolute safety under all circumstances.
Second—Greater light with less consumption of oil.
Third—Beauty and perfection of finish.

Call and see them at the

OIL DEPOT, 73 SUSSEX-ST.,

Sign Red Oil Barrel.

D. R. LEAVENS.

Dry Goods.

FRESH ARRIVALS.

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!

THOS. & W. HUNTON

Have just opened out the contents of 12 packages of NEW GOODS, comprising

1 CASE SILKS, in plain and fancy colors, splendid value.

1 CASE VELVETEENS,

3 BALES WHITE COTTONS,
1 " WHITE COTTON SHEETING,
6 " GRAY COTTONS,
at greatly reduced prices.

2 CASES LINENS, assorted,

1 " BLACK CLOTHS,

2 " BLACK & COLORED OVERCOATINGS,

1 BALE WHITE FLANNELS,

1 " GRAY FLANNELS,

1 " SCARLET FLANNELS,

4 " BLANKETS,

2 " HEMP CARPETS,

3 " WOOL CARPETS,

10 " TAPESTRY CARPETS, this season's new patterns,

3 " CANADIAN TWEEDS.

All of the above goods being marked off, and ready for inspection. We would specially invite intending purchasers to call and examine them.

THOS. & W. HUNTON

47 and 49 Sparks-

Groceries.

DEW OF THE ALPS,

BRISLIN BISCHOFF & CO.,

GENEVA.

This pure liquor is manufactured at Geneva, in Switzerland; it is flavoured with an herb gathered on the Alps in the Canton Glorus.

JAS. BUCHANAN,
Sussex and Wellington-sts.

December 11, 1868.

NEW FRUIT! NEW FRUIT!

Choice New Fruit, &c., &c., for the Christmas and New Year's Holidays:

LAYER RAISINS,
LAYER RAISINS, (Finest.)
LONDON LAYERS, (Choice.)
SULTANA RAISINS, (new & old.)
VALENTIA RAISINS, (do. do.)
CURRANTS, (do. do.)
PRUNES IN CARTOONS, JAR AND KEGS.
GRAPES, (Spanish.)
FIGS, ORANGES & LEMONS,
JORDAN ALMONDS,
VALENTIA ALMONDS,
VALENTIA ALMONDS, (bitter.)
ALMONDS, (soft shell.)
ALMONDS, (hard shell.)
BARCELONA NUTS,
COBB NUTS, (English.)
CHESTNUTS, (English.)
PECAN NUTS,
WALNUTS,
BRAZIL NUTS.

JAS. BUCHANAN,
Finnan Haddie Depot,
Sussex and Wellington-sts.

December 11, 1868.

CHEESE! CHEESE!

QUEEN'S ARM CHEESE,
CHEDDER CHEESE,
STILTON CHEESE,
GRUYERE CHEESE, (Swiss)
SOP SAGO CHEESE,
PARMASAN CHEESE,
CANADIAN CHEESE.

JAS. BUCHANAN,
Finnan Haddie Depot,
Sussex and Wellington-sts

December 11, 1868.

DOW'S

CELEBRATED MONTREAL ALES.

XX, XXX, and India Pale Ales,

In Wood and Bottle.

JAS. BUCHANAN
Finnan Haddie Depot,
Sussex and Wellington-sts

December 11, 1868.

COFFEE! COFFEE!

Try Buchanan's Unrivalled Mixture of Mocha Java, Jamaica and Ceylon, roasted and ground daily on the premises by steam power.

JAS. BUCHANAN,
Finnan Haddie Depot,
Sussex and Wellington-sts.

December 11, 1868. 921

AT THE FAIR.

Lord Lovel he called for his milk-white steed,
And he rode away to the fair,
And a maiden he found, who was sore in need,
A maiden with golden hair.

So soon as the lady Lord Lovel espied,
She "went for him" then and there,
"Now give of thy gold, Lord Lovel," she cried:
"Thy reward be the orphan's prayer."

"I will give thee gold—not for orphan's prayer,
For of that I take no heed,
But for a curl of thy golden hair,
If it is thine indeed."

"It surely is mine," the damsel said,
"Lord Lovel I truly swear;"
So it was—but it didn't grow on her head;
The hairdresser placed it there

Lord Lovel gave gold for that lovely curl;
Much more than he would tell,
And the maiden's smile showed her teeth of pearl
As she said, "I have sold him well."

THE TROUBLE IN THE EAST OF EUROPE.

The differences between Turkey and Greece, to which we called the attention of our readers last week, and which for a time threatened to revive the Eastern question in all its fulness, begin to tone down. We cannot say the prospect of war no longer exists; for the situation is probably one of those which render surprise impossible. Very considerable excitement still prevails in Constantinople and at Athens, and the anti-Russian feeling has found free expression in the streets of Constantinople, where the Russian flag has been publicly burned. This is an indignity which Russia may be found too willing to resent, and which of course adds very much to the difficulty of the situation. Meanwhile we learn that what the ambassadors of the Western Powers refused to do for the Greek residents of Constantinople, who are granted three weeks to leave the city, Russia has virtually undertaken to do for them. The Greeks requested the protection of the Western Powers. This favour the ambassadors wisely refused. It appears, however, that the Czar has given instructions that Greek vessels having on board the refugees may carry the Russian flag. The attitude of Russia towards Turkey and her Western protectors is thus clearly revealed. Substitute Crete for the Holy Places, and we have a situation almost identical with that which preceded the war of 1854-5. We have Russia championing the same cause, although in a slightly different form. We have France and England on the opposite side, with the entire sympathy of the Southern nations and of the government of Austria. It is a circumstance of very deep significance that Russians in considerable numbers are volunteering for the Greek service. In the event of actual hostilities breaking out between Turkey and Greece, Russia, though she might pretend to to be neutral, would both with money and men be fighting the battles of Greece. From a variety of indications there is good reasons to infer that peace will be maintained. Should it be otherwise, it will be difficult for England to keep out of the fray. The chances are so many that Russia will not content herself with merely looking on, and it is so certain that if Russia participates in the strife the Western Powers will have no choice, but rush to the assistance of their ancient ally, that the commencement of hostilities can hardly be separated in idea from a general war. In spite of the brilliant doings of the British troops in Abyssinia, it is still the fashion in certain quarters to speak of England as if nothing could induce her to go to war. It is not certainly the policy of England to provoke war; but if honour demands it, if Russia rashly interferes in this matter, there will be danger of another war with that Power, with, perhaps, more decisive results than those secured by the destruction of Sevastopol in 1855.—*Albion.*

—The *vivandieres* of the French army are jaunty and sometimes pretty women, with "light foot and wicked eye," as Beranger sang of them, with a smart costume, more military than feminine, and with a tiny cask of brandy slung over their shoulders, who march at the head of regiments, and deal out the fiery liquid to the soldiers rich enough to pay for it. These females are decidedly ornamental to a regiment, and as they strut along with martial swagger and bold looks, they enchant the *pekins* as they irreverently call civilians. In barracks, too, as well as on the march, they have the privilege of selling liquors to the troops. But, alas! and alack-a-day! they are menaced with suppression. A grim colonel of one of the infantry regiments—the seventy something—irritated at the escapades of his *vivandieres* sent of them, five in number, about their business, and would not take any more. In place of them he entrusted the sale of liquids to a number of non-commissioned officers, and made them reserve for distribution among the men the profits realized. He found that the *vivandieres* netted at least 15 per cent. on everything they sold, and that their total gains yearly were about £400. And not only has he saved this sum to his soldiers (it is equal, it appears, to ¼d. per man per day), but he has procured for them drinks of a better quality. He has published a pamphlet recommending his plan to his brother officers, and it is almost certain that they will hasten to adopt it. Verily this is a utilitarian age when the sons of Mars prefer solid cash to distribution of brandy made by the fair hands of the daughters of Venus.

—Great attention has been paid in the United States to gathering and identifying the remains of soldiers who fell in the recent civil war. The Quartermaster-General reports the total number of graves 316,233, and the occupants of 175,764 have been satisfactorily indentified. The expenditure has amounted to $2,600,000, and will reach $500,000 more in the current year. The wooden headboards are decaying, and it is proposed to replace them with blocks of galvanized iron. Fifteen rolls of honour have been published, and eleven more are to follow; they will contain a list of the graves of nearly 200,000 soldiers identified, and 100,000 as yet unknown, but which existing records may identify. Careful records have been preserved of everything found with each body, and of all that could serve to identity it.

—Leavenworth claims to be so healthy that when it lately became necessary to "inaugurate" the new graveyard, "they had to shoot a man on purpose." On the other hand, a Nebraska man, when asked whether the Kansas people were fairly honest, said, "Don't know about honest; but they do say as how the folk around take in their stone fences every night." Lawrence, the state capital, which is on the dried-up Kansas river, sneeringly says of all the new towns on the Missouri that the boats that ply between them are so dangerous that the fare is collected every five minutes throughout the trip.—"*Greater Britain*," *by Wentworth Dilke, M.P.*

HYPOCRISY.—Thweatt, the little senator from Tallapoosa, telegraphs from Washinton as follows: "Washington, Sept. 30, 3 p.m.—The Secretary of War sends orders to Gen. Meade to distribute, at once, the troops of his command, with an especial eye to the protection of the loyal men of Alabama. The Government is pledged to a full, fair, and free ballot." The Secretary of War never did anything of the kind, and Thweatt is very impudent when he talks about the Government being pedged to anything that is free and fair, especially the ballot.—*Montgomery Mail.*

—A tinpot existence.—That of a tinker.

—Baby's path.—The milky way.

DISGRACEFUL SCENES OF THE SOLDIERS' BANQUET AT CHICAGO.

The correspondent of the New York *World* gives these particulars of the disgraceful and drunken rioting at the recent soldier's banquet at Chicago. Similar reports have been current in the Western papers, and their truth is undisputed:—In less than an hour after the feast began it became evident that as Kinsley's spirits decreased the spirit of the officers increased, until borne away on a flood of feeling they soon drowned all sentiments of self-respect, and struggled in a sea of dissipation. When, at half-past eight, Sherman attempted to restore order, that the toasts might be read and responded to, the sound of the mallet could not be heard ten feet from the desk. All over the hall officers were elegantly declaiming from a chair or singing songs more appropriate to the camp than at a banquet. Bottles of champagne were tossed hither and thither, ornaments were overturned, and a scene of confusion which resembled a debauch rather than a feast, ensued. General Pierce's poem was called for, but he only read a few lines, which nobody heard, when he passed his manuscript over to the reporters and retired. Even General Terry, who came forward to respond to the toast, "Our Country," was not permitted to speak more than a few sentences, when his address followed the poem. The confusion had so increased, that no attempt was made to respond to the toast of the "President" and "Army and Navy of the United States," but an attempt was made to drown out the noise by a flood of music. This answered until the music stopped, but as soon as General Slocum came forward to speak, bedlam began, and after those near by had seen him move his lips for a few minutes, without hearing a word, he too gave up in despair. Just about this time, some over-happy general thought to create a diversion, by throwing over the immense tower erected on the main table, and, as fifteen feet of confections, jellies, sugars, flags, &c., &c., fell with a crash among the dishes, General Baraum sprang upon the table, and, with a frantic gesture, endeavored to restore quiet. Meanwhile, Grant, Sherman, Thomas, and all the committee had been using their combined influence to restore order, but without any success, till about nine o'clock, General Grant withdrew in apparent disgust. Be it known to his credit that he drank nothing but water during the entire evening. Although pressed by many friends to take a "friendly glass," he refused every one and drank all his pledges in cold water. Indeed, as the officiousness of some of his friends led them to place bottles before him or send him glasses of wine, he ordered the waiter to remove from his table every bottle and glass. Had others been alike abstemious, such disgraceful scenes had not been enacted.

A TARDY CONFESSION.

Some years ago a young man, respectably connected, and the sole support of a widowed mother and only sister, was convicted of forgery, and sentenced to expiate his alleged crime in prison. He was a clerk in a dry goods store, and was frequently called on to assist the cashier in his duties. One day a check for $400 was presented at the bank and cashed by an unknown person. It was made payable to the bearer, and no questions were asked of the person presenting it. It was drawn in the name of the firm for whom the accused was working, and was in his handwriting.

There could be no doubt of the fact. He himself admitted that the check was drawn by him; but he could recollect none of the circumstances attending it, and could offer no explanation of the matter. The books of the house showed no account of it. Under these circumstances he was arrested and convicted. Two persons, however, believed in his innocence—his mother and sister, and only these two. Bowed down with shame, and helpless to vindicate his honor, he died shortly afterwards. In less than a year the mother followed her son; and the sister, left alone in this world, deserted by former friends, shunned by acquaintances, struggled bravely in her toil for subsistence. She became a seamstress, and in this way supported herself. Every day for the last five years she had been at work in an establishment on Canal street.

Wednesday afternoon the lawyer referred to was sent to write the will of a man at the point of death. In his will he bequeathed his property to the sister, and embodied in the instrument a full confession of his forgery committed eight years ago. He was the cashier of the firm now grown rich. It was by his direction that the draft was prepared. He purposely omitted the entry and availed himself of the proceeds.

Now after the lapse of eight years a tardy reputation is attempted to be made. But it will not restore life to the dead, or extract the bitter sting of sorrow and grief so long endured. It is one of the strange events which make up the story of a life. Stung by remorse, at the brink of the grave, his last act in life is to vindicate the memory of the dead and give comfort to the living. It may palliate his crime before the tribunal which, instead of human justice, will pass judgment upon him.—*New Orleans Picayune.*

RIFLE BRIGADE.—The company vacant by the death of Captain Buckley, is not likely to be filled up, as there is still a captain supernumerary to the establishment. The *Morning Post* has the following remarks, which will be echoed by many men in the army, regarding the deceased officer:—"It is not often that the death of a person undistinguished in any public or official capacity leaves as great a gap in society as that of the late Captain Buckley, which occurred but a few days ago in so sudden and frightful a manner. The deceased was, in many respects, a very remarkable man. He made staunch friends wherever he went, and was invariably affectionately remembered by all who knew him; no one was too high or too low to be passed by him without a kindly word or good-natured action. Had he been in any other sphere of life he would doubtless have made a name for himself in the annals of intellect, for his ready wit and powers of repartee and conversation, together with his remarkable talent of improvisation, were well known amongst his intimate associates. Captain Buckley was a distinguished soldier, having been an actor in the stirring scenes of the Indian mutiny; and had it not been for his unforseen death, he was to have accompanied Sir John Young to Canada in the capacity of an aide-de-camp. But to sum up these few words of tribute paid to his memory, what above all will make him for ever regretted was the cheerful, kindly nature which brightened like a sunbeam all those who came in contact with him; the invariable good-temper and genuine charity which made him a favourite amongst his brother officers, his friends, and the most casual of acquaintances; and the upright, genial disposition which saw the good points of every man, and made his life, if not one of idle fame, at least one of active usefulness."

—Sir W. Mansfield has done a very great work in ordering that each regiment in India should have a regimental history. Why should it not be ordered for all the army? The French regiments have ample historical records, and in Austria there is an actual historian, who is also the regimental lawyer.

HAD HIM THERE!—Incipient Bookmaker: "Now then, what are you going to lay on the next race, old cock?" Ancient party (with mild dignity): "My lad, are you not aware that 'old cocks' never lay?"

—The Italian Government are bent on having a Church Militant. They have rendered priests liable to conscription in the army. Imagine Padre Giovanni obliged to storm a breach, at the other side of which might be the Sancte Padre himself.

—The Crown Prince of Prussia reviewed the 2nd battalion of Coldstream Guards in Windsor Home Park, on December 1.

—The couch of a shepherd.—A "flock" bed.

TIGHT BINDING — POOR COPY

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Law Card—Macpherson, Kennedy & Christie.
St. Alban's School, Daly-st.
Young Ladies' Boarding and Day School—Miss Harmon.

The Ottawa Times
Office: 38, Sparks Street.
FRIDAY, JANUARY 1, 1869.

☞For Ottawa Markets see Fourth Page.

This being New Year's Day business will be suspended at this office, and as a consequence no paper will be issued to-morrow.

His Excellency Sir John Young will receive gentlemen desirous of paying their respects, at Rideau Hall, to-day, between two and three o'clock, p. m.

We wish our readers, one and all, a Happy New Year, with many pleasant returns of the season.

To-day the Times enters on its Fourth Volume. During the past year it has been favoured with a constantly increasing patronage, and we have put forth our best exertions to make it worthy of it. We have, therefore, to return our sincere thanks to our numerous patrons, and to assure them that in our new premises, and with increased facilities for business, we shall endeavour to deserve a continuance and extension of the public favour.

It will be seen by our Toronto telegram that the Chief-Justice of the Court of Appeal will give judgment on Monday on the claim of Whelan's counsel to have the case brought up on error, for the purpose of enabling him to assign new causes against the proceedings of the Court of Assize. If this is granted there is no saying where the case will end.

ADDRESS TO THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL.

In accordance with a notice in the Toronto papers some weeks since, the following address, with one hundred signatures of settlers in Canada, who came from Sir John Young's native County (Cavan) was transmitted to Ottawa and presented to His Excellency. The list of names includes many wealthy mercantile men, clergymen, magistrates, and professional gentlemen from all parts of the Province.

To the Right Honourable Sir J. Young, Bart., K.C.B., &c., &c., &c., Governor-General of Canada.

May it Please Your Excellency,—We, the undersigned settlers from your native County (Cavan), request you will accept this expression of our satisfaction for your appointment as Governor-General of this Dominion.

The many high and important offices you have been chosen by both Whig and Conservative Governments to fill, are conclusive proofs of your ability as a statesman, and afford satisfactory assurance to the people of this Dominion of the deep solicitude for their welfare by the Imperial Government.

To us you are known not alone as a wise statesman and moderate politician, but as an indulgent good landlord. Though your duty to your country and our sovereign necessitated repeated absence from home, the wants of your tenantry were not neglected. Many of those who address you lived on your Irish estate, and the fathers of others lived as tenants of your father, Sir William. It may please you to know and feel assured that around the log fires in their Canadian homes, their former landlords are spoken of as among the best of the many good landlords of Cavan.

Hoping your stay amongst us may be long, happy, and pleasant for yourself and Lady Young, you will accept our hearty welcome and the assurance of sincere attachment to your Excellency's person and Government.

SIGNED BY ONE HUNDRED PERSONS.

REPLY.

Gentlemen,—I am very much gratified by your address.

I cherish no other hope or ambition but that the experience I have acquired in previous services may prove of use in discharging the duties of the high office with which I am now honoured.

I recognize amongst your signatures many names of families well known to me in Ireland—names which agreeably recall the associations of former years.

I trust that the hopes which induced you to settle in Canada have not been disappointed, but that, as the terms you use would seem to imply, your industry and exertions have been crowned with the desired reward of comfort and independence. Accept my sincere thanks, and believe that I wish you well—as friends and neighbours from the same county—and that I do so all the more heartily, because I know you to be the relatives and descendants of men who were faithful in the discharge of their social engagements, and who placed themselves at more than one trying crisis, steadily on the side of law and order.

JOHN YOUNG.

—The friends and admirers of Mr. Charles Dickens, at Liverpool, are going to give him a public banquet when he goes to that town to read.

The St. John *Telegraph* very pertinently remarks: "During this summer the Repeal papers were saying the Nova Scotians would not volunteer for drill under the Dominion authorities—no, never! They were mistaken. The official report shows that while, under the Militia Act, the quota of Nova Scotia was 5,000, not less than 5,100 did actually volunteer and were drilled.

—A step in the right direction has been made in providing for the seamen and marines on the cape station a rendezvous and means of recreation more in accordance with the ideas of the day than is afforded by the public houses and other places that have hitherto been open for their reception. The Lords of the admiralty have authorized the conversion of an old store, at Simon's Bay, into apartments for the meeting of those serving in the fleet of the station and in transit, the lower portion for the seamen and marines, and the upper floors for the officers, who have formed a club. The men are provided with reading and refreshment-rooms, and skittles and other amusements, at a monthly subscription, and have largely availed themselves of the attractions; the officers, of the billiard-room, reading-room, and refreshments.

—For a choice selection of New Tapestry, Brussels, Kidderminster and Imperial 3 ply Carpets, Cocoa Matting, Floor Oil Cloths, Hearth Rugs, Crumb Cloths and Door Mats; Damasks, Repps, Curtain Trimmings, Lace and Muslin Curtains, go to Magee & Russell's new Store, next door to Mr. John Leslie's, Sparks-st.

Dress Goods.—A large assortment of ball and evening dresses; also, in fancy, black, Japanese, and Foulard silks, poplins, &c., at T. & W. Hunton's, whose stock is constantly supplied by their resident agents in London and Paris. Evening silks, &c., shewn by gas light in a room prepared for the purpose, at any hour of the day.

For fine bog-oak brooches and ear rings in sets, see Young & Radford's new lot, just received, and selling at the very low price of only 90 cts. per set.

—Breakfast shawls, clouds, hosiery and gloves at the skirt factory for half-price.

1868.

Leaf by leaf the keen, sharp frost nips the green foliage, to be tinted to the thousand hues of Autumn by the mellowing rays of the sun; day by day the chilly blasts of a hard world's intercourse sears the fresh glows of the young heart's hopes, and dries them up until they become like the tough and many-hued Autumn leaves. Has anybody in his possession a *hortus siccus*, carefully gathered, and well preserved, of youth's first hopes? And will he tell us whether, after all, it was the withering hand of Time, or the deceptiveness of pretended friendship, that took away the sap from its leaves? Does old Father Time really wither and destroy, and render decrepid everything in his path? What are the years to Him, but so many sign-posts to mark his journey? And if he pulls down, does he not repair? If he gives us the withered leaf in Autumn, the bare tree in Winter, does he not restore us the blossom with the budding Spring-time, the full-blown leaf with the warm and genial Summer? Drop into the forgetful Past, ye dead leaves; make way for the new growth, ye little things of the season; pass out of sight, men and women, you that are growing old or are bowed down with cares! Do not half the blossoms die in the Spring-time of their budding? And is not the world ever changing only to renew itself, and to become more beautiful as new years are added to the chain of its existence? "The King is dead—long live the King!" The old year is dead; gone to the long list of years before it; and therefore ought we to "take stock" of our transactions during its existence. What of good has been accomplished? What of bad perpetrated? Who shall say? Go in, each one of you, to the chamber of your conscience, and cast your own accounts. If the balance is on the right side, accept our congratulations; if otherwise, our sympathy. It is a sinful and a tearful world, this, with many struggles, many heart-yearnings, many good hopes despoiled of fruition. But a good world, after all; many kindnesses, many sympathies, many fond and unselfish loves grow up within it; it is God's good world as He made it; and hence, when we say "the old year is dead," let us remember that the new year is born and alive. And what of the old year? That is the question which we should answer, to prepare ourselves for the entry on our duties during the new. But how can we, who are like the swallows, skimming on the surface of the atmosphere, tell of the secrets that lie underneath? The heart-aches, the soul-stirrings, the agitations of family, conjugal or personal affection; the secret trials—in one word the *inner life* is a thing hidden, even from the all-searching press. Hence we bid the old year good-bye, conscious that it takes with it many secrets of which neither mortal eye nor ear can have ken. Who can probe into the mysteries of individual life? Who thoroughly understand his own? Then, let the old year go, without worrying ourselves, or harrassing our readers by questioning how many "vacant chairs" it may have left around the family hearth; how many loved ones it may have taken from the charmed circle of family devotion and fidelity. These are regions into which the journalist may seldom enter; and on such an occasion as this he would be more than a madman did he attempt to portray the joys and sorrows, the personal and family incidents which must have agitated many millions of hearts during the past year. Let us, therefore, kindly draw a veil over human loves, and human hates—over all that agitates the human breast—and while claiming our connection with the whole human family, and extending our sympathy to every suffering member of the fold, let us remember that there are head and heart aches that should only be known to those that feel them. Ours be the task of touching only upon the upheavals of the dead year. We have had our say concerning some of the years that have gone before it; and if EIGHTEEN HUNDRED AND SIXTY-EIGHT now comes in for its share of comment and criticism, at our hands, it is only because, beyond and above the years, there is a power (or Providence) that orders all things wisely and well.

The old year is dead! EIGHTEEN HUNDRED AND SIXTY-EIGHT, in spite of Dr. Cummings, and other equally self-sufficient,—we might almost say equally blasphemous,—self appointed prophets, has gone its rounds, and all things that we know as the works of the Great Creator of the Universe are still before us, not only in their pristine, but also in their added, beauty—by the revolving years, and—*nos qui vivimus*—let us bless the Lord—that so much of happiness has been vouchsafed to us. The year that is gone is surely deserving of a passing notice. It had its own peculiar events, as well as those of common, every-day, occurrence. There are some things that will mark it in history as a year peculiar to itself, and therefore deserving of peculiar notice. Of the many events which may be classed as the especial property of EIGHTEEN HUNDRED AND SIXTY-EIGHT, we can only be expected to notice the most prominent, and even some of these may perchance find no place in our brief annual review,—because our space is limited, and, as it may happen, our appreciation of the "great events" comparatively imperfect.

Eighteen hundred and sixty-eight found the world in great perplexity about many things. The *Alabama* claims, the Fenian excitement, the Nova Scotia distress, the revolution in Japan, the movement of the Russians towards British India, the progress of the Abyssinian Expedition, the exhibition of Mrs. Lincoln's wardrobe, impeachment, and the everlasting question, "Shall we have peace or war?" are but a few of the subjects in discussion during and about the last new year time.

The question of PEACE OR WAR IN EUROPE has not changed much since then. There is a persistence in the maintenance of enormous armies by the Great Powers, and a continued preparation for war, with an occasional rumour to affect the funds. But the European States, though perhaps well prepared for war, never had a greater interest in maintaining peace. Wealth is the real "sinew of war," and those who unwisely waste their resources by keeping up a war expenditure in time of peace will find themselves, when the day of battle comes, but ill prepared to face it. The game of war is now by far too expensive for the present resources of either France or Prussia, large though they be; and while we have no dread of Prussia's seeking a quarrel, we regard the condition of affairs as pointing out, very unequivocally, the duty of Napoleon to avoid war, for the sake of his own dynastic schemes, if for nothing else. The fact is that the combatants are somewhat too evenly balanced to make success certain on either side; and that anything short of success would be ruin to Napoleon and a lasting injury to France. We hope, therefore, that this year, like the last, will pass without a European war, notwithstanding the pending difficulty between Greece and Turkey, the incidents of which are of too recent occurrence to need recapitulation here.

The long threatened REVOLUTION IN SPAIN, which everybody almost was led to believe might have come any time within the past few years, or might never have come at all, graces the records of the departed year, and adds another crownless head to the list of dethroned royalty. Kingcraft is declining, and the government everywhere is passing more and more into the hands of Statesmen. What may be the final upshot of the Spanish revolution, whether a constitutional monarchy or an attempt—which will prove abortive—at a Republic, the representatives of the nation have not yet decided. But for Spain the year 1868 has brought events which will ever after exercise a powerful influence on its future history.

In the Island home of British authority, political affairs have worn an unusually troubled aspect. To the wonder of everybody, and the extreme gratification of his own ambition, The Right Hon. Benjamin D'Israeli succeeded to the Premiership of England, a position of political eminence only second, perhaps, to that of the Emperor of the French. Gallantly and skilfully did the author of "Vivian Grey" lead his faithful minority through many difficult and dangerous passes. Successfully he administered the affairs of the Great Empire, and bravely did he fight for an expression of the confidence of the people to confirm his lease of office. But the general election, hastened on in November, to dispose of the great issues raised during the year, went against him, and with wise forethought he resigned his office, without awaiting the certain condemnation of the Parliament elected under his own Reform Bill. Virtually the leader of the Derby Government, Mr. D'Israeli became its actual chief in February last, and though his tenure has been brief as to time, it has been brilliant in achievement and pregnant with history. Under his inspiration the Conservative party in England has outgrown its former self, and shewn a spirit of progress and deference to the popular will which, but for old associations, and the springing of a new and startling question upon the public, would undoubtedly have commanded success at the polls.

That new question was the DISESTABLISHMENT OF THE IRISH CHURCH, and the author of the proposition, the Right Hon. William Ewart Gladstone, the new Premier by the favour of the November election. Mr. Gladstone has but just got his Cabinet organised. He dates his tenure of office from 1868, but his work begins with 1869. Already there are loud murmurings against his Government. He has too many Lords in it; too few Radicals. Stansfield, the pro-Mazzinian, has not been elevated to the proper level; he has deferred to the Horse Guards to please the Court. He has, in fine, fallen short of extreme Radical expectations. Is this to be wondered at? In our last annual review we remarked that in "shooting Niagara" by the passage of the Reform Bill the glorious old Island, with the recollection of so many centuries of successful Monarchical Government, and its numberless experiments in constitutional progress before it, would ride safely upon the surf of the roaring cataract of democracy, and we think the result of the elections justifies the prediction. Why should Gladstone have gone the length of gratifying extreme Radical expectations, since the people did not ratify them? Our readers must yet remember the number of extreme Radicals rejected at the polls; and no doubt Mr. Gladstone took this fact into account in the formation of his Government. Though the verdict of the people was decidedly in favour of his policy of disestablishment, broached last Spring, and endorsed by the old House of Commons, yet it is one among the many "unfinished issues" handed over by 1868 to its successor in the procession of the years. Will Eighteen Hundred and Sixty-Nine see the end of it, and therewith the pacification of Ireland? These are not questions for discussion here, and we do not care even to pronounce upon their merits.

The FENIAN CONSPIRACY has still engaged a large share of attention throughout the year. It was rampant in Ireland, and prosecutions were numerous, about the beginning of the year. It was loud-mouthed and noisy in the United States, and in the dead hour of night it pulled the fatal trigger and spilled the patriot's blood in the streets of our own fair city; while in a fit of frenzy it attempted in broad daylight, and in the face of hundreds, to murder the Queen's second son in the far-off city of Sidney, Australia. Its abominable deeds of former times were all eclipsed by its crimes of 1868; and, though it still professes to flourish it has gone far down on the road to destruction, or to become a mere political institution among our neighbours. It has ceased to have any menaces for Canada, and we trust will hereafter cease to be the occasion of knaves getting simpletons into trouble in Ireland. All conspiracies are bad, and Fenianism pre-eminently so; but, if it must live let it flourish only in the genial company of the Ku-Klux-Klan, Judge Lynch, and the Vigilance Committee.

We cannot part from the Old World without a passing notice of the glory of the year. 1868 dawned when in the midst of much doubt, and no little foreboding of evil, the ABYSSINIAN EXPEDITION was wending its devious way through an almost unknown wilderness, or known only for the difficulties it presented. That expedition, planned in the interest of humanity, in respect for the honour of the British flag, and in defence of the sacred rights of the British subject, had no aim of conquest or plunder. "To set "free the captive" was the noble mission of General Napier and his gallant little army. On Good Friday—how many battles are fought on the days, specially consecrated to religion?—on Good Friday, General Napier's little army, after a march, over mountain gorges and arid plains, that dwarfs into insignificance the historic feats of Hannibal and Napoleon on the Alps, engaged with the forces of King Theodore, and a fierce battle ensued, in which the Abyssinians were completely routed. On the Monday following, General Napier ordered the assault on Magdala, when both town and citadel were carried by storm. We need not dwell on the story. The dead monarch, the rich booty found, the return of the expedition, the honours paid to its gallant leader—now Lord Napier of Magdala—are all matters of record in the history of 1868, and form a chapter glorious alike to British spirit and statesmanship, and to British arms. If there were a few carpers at the extent of the punishment inflicted on the barbaric King they belonged exclusively to the humanitarian class, whose sympathies are reserved for scoundrels and savages. The British Empire shouted for joy at the triumph of General Napier, and the consequent release of the Abyssinian captives, whose long confinement was becoming a reproach to England. The Government which planned the expedition rightly shared in the glory of its success; but General Napier was the hero of the great event, and the grateful British Nation acknowledged its obligation to him through the House of Commons, by awarding him a pension, while Her Majesty the Queen bestowed such honours as were universally accorded to have been well and faithfully earned. We look upon the Abyssinian expedition and its exploit as *the* event of the year; it revived the martial spirit of the people, recalled their historic character for chivalry, almost swallowed up of late years in mercenary calculations of the cost of everything. And if the young son of Theodore, imbibing wise principles from the tutilage under which he has been placed, in England, shall ever return to hold regal sway over his father's Kingdom, who shall dare to predict the importance of the consequences that may flow from the results of the Abyssinian Expedition?

It would be ungenerous in us not to pay a passing tribute to our near neighbours while reviewing the *memorabilia* of the dead year. We remember well that they were somewhat excited during the last holidays concerning the exhibition of Mrs. Lincoln's wardrobe. It was a heavy question that. "Hefty" in fact to a degree that ought to have excited the 'tarnal sympathy of the mightiest nation on *airth!* But it is past now, and even we had forgotten all about it, until we glanced over our fyles! Thus, you see, how careless we are of great things! Then didn't George Francis Train go to Ireland, and make a consummate ass of himself, and get into jail for debt? And wasn't the great *Americain* character profoundly and profusely illustrated by the sayings and doings of this and other blockheads? Oh, yes! Of course it was. And President Johnson, was he not impeached? And wasn't that about all that came of it? A little common sense in the heads of a few members of the Senate saved the country from disgrace, and the President from displacement, and, fortunately, we think, for all concerned, except himself, Thad. Stevens went to his long account! If Wendell Phillips and Susan B. Anthony, and Ben. Butler, and several others would but "follow suit" there is no telling what the United States would gain. However our present purpose is not with the future but the past; and certainly the event of events for 1868 in the United States has been the Presidential election of November. The election of General Grant by the Republicans; the defeat of Seymour, the really popular candidate, involve issues which it would be out of place for us to discuss. But we may put the matter plainly in a few sentences before our readers. Andy Johnson, President of "these United States," made a consummate goose of himself while "swinging round the circle;" General Grant, albeit he is a plain man, and a Democrat at heart, saw that his own party was "mixed" and divided by faction; he saw that the Republicans could certainly not elect a man of their own, but that with a "reconstructed" Democrat their "calling "and election" were pretty certain things. Hence his quarrel with the President; hence the grand impeachment farce, which amounted to nothing; and hence General Grant's election to the Presidency, which amounts to a very great deal. What we have said of Gladstone, *ceteris paribus*, we may say of Grant. He is a Democrat in the hands of the Republicans: Gladstone, a Conservative in the hands of the Radicals. They will, therefore, act and react on each other, and both countries — England and America—will, we trust, have the benefit of a moderate policy. We wish this at least for the United States, as we wish it for England; and that both may prosper hereafter, as they have heretofore, and, despite their differences, keep the peace between them is among our warmest wishes on this blessed New Year's morning. After this, it would be invidious to say anything about Lynch-law, about Ku-Klux-Klan or about Vigilance Committees. Truth compels us to record, however, that these barbarous agencies have been vigorously at work during the past year, and with so much success as to cast a very serious stain on the American character. Our neighbours' other great question of "reconstruction" is still alive, and an irritating one. Like the *Alabama* claims question, it is destined to live; but despite their peculiar issues, and their numberless "isms," we beg to assure our neighbours that they have our heartiest good wishes, if these will help them, to get out of their entanglements during 1869. Of President Johnson, since he is now about closing his Presidential career forever, we may say that if he has not been a successful, he has at least been a determined, upholder of the Constitution, and a very hearty and consistent opponent of Radical usurpation. His fate, however, ought to be a warning to Grant. Johnson was a Democrat, who in his enthusiasm for making "treason odious" was taken up by the party and run with Lincoln to catch the vote of the war Democrats. But the party has since persecuted him to a degree heretofore unexampled, and Grant will undoubtedly share the same fate if he does not obey the "managers." President Johnson has signalised the closing months of his term of office by issuing a proclamation of full and unconditional pardon to all parties who took part in the rebellion. This at least was a commendable act, though the Republicans do not appear to have liked it.

Of the INTERNATIONAL DISPUTES between England and the United States, we need say little. The *Alabama* claims are still to the fore, still likely to be preserved, so long at least as Mr. Secretary Seward presides over the foreign policy of the Republic. But Reverdy Johnson, the new American Minister to the Court of St. James, has become an international power. He talks glibly and with great kindness of international fraternity he is the great apostle. No doubt much good will be done by his teachings; and despite the insinuations already thrown out that the Gladstone Cabinet will inherit certain crotchets and anti-American sentiments of its Russell predecessor, we have no fear that any serious trouble will ensue. Earl Russell, however wrong in other matters, was neither destitute of national spirit, nor wanting in international courtesy, when dealing with the United States; and we should consider it little reproach to the Government, present or future, that it adhered pretty closely to the lines he laid down. However, a great step in advance has been taken towards the settlement of the *Alabama* claims during the past year; and for this, if any thanks are due, they are owing to the Tory Cabinet just retired. Mr. Gladstone's Ministry will in all human probability accept this legacy as it stands, and without attempting to repudiate any of the acts or admissions of its predecessor, endeavour to do the best it can towards bringing about an amicable settlement on the bases so far agreed upon. The other international relations of England are about all that could be desired. While observing a prudent reserve as to the internal economy of other States, England has not ceased to hold her ground as one of the Great Powers of the world—and we hope never may.

Coming home to our own country, the early part of the dead year found the Local LEGISLATURES OF THE SEVERAL PROVINCES in session, Ontario, Quebec and New Brunswick, in peaceful harmony with the General Government, Nova Scotia plotting secession, repeal, and what not. The famous "resolutions" adopted by the Nova Scotia Legislature were sent home and answered by the Colonial Office. The repeal delegates had their audiences and their answers; but still repeal did not come. In due course the Legislature of the Province again assembled, and again the repeal doctrine was affirmed. By and bye it began to be whispered abroad that certain of the leaders of the party, convinced of the folly, not to say the wickedness, of maintaining an agitation which promised no satisfactory result, were about to abandon the repeal platform, and strive for an amendment of the terms of Union. Later in the year this ground was openly espoused by the Hon. Joseph Howe, with, it is supposed, the sympathy of many other prominent Nova Scotians. What the success of this movement may be, time alone can tell. But we think that in its inception, it sounded the deathknell of repeal, and if so, then, 1868 will have witnessed some substantial progress in the consolidation of the Dominion.

Of the other Provinces, we need say little. They have gone on in the direction of developing their own peculiar genius, Quebec in one way, Ontario in another; and our hope for both is that they may not go too far in the direction of giving effect to their peculiar idiosyncracies. There is an elasticity in our constitutional system which makes very large allowances for Provincial peculiarities; but it is quite possible that these may be carried too far, even for our very indulgent Constitution. Ontario, we think, is in some little danger of going too far in one direction, while Quebec has given abundant evidence of its capacity to blunder on the other side. We have only to say to them that extremes are dangerous, and that they do not always meet. They may be alike in absurdity, but seldom do they agree in the production of harmonious action. However, we can heartily congratulate both the Legislatures on their commendable attention to the development of the material resources of their respective Provinces, and trust that their efforts will be blessed with an abundant reward in the future.

There need be little said of the second part of the first Session of the Canadian Parliament, and that little happily can be honestly said in its favour. There was a wondrous spirit of economy abroad in those days. Legislators seemed to think that everybody should be cut down in their salaries and perquisites—but themselves—and acted accordingly. A reformed tariff and the new Militia Bill were among the leading measures of the Session, and both have been productive of good fruit. As a pleasing incident worthy remembrance at this particular time, we may note the elevation of George E. Cartier to a BARONETCY, the announcement of which, as we had the pleasure of recording at the time, was received with acclamations by both sides of the House. Sir George has had the good fortune to lose nothing of his popularity during the past twelve months, and as, last year, we had the pleasure of congratulating the learned and gallant Premier on the good fortune which the year had brought him, to-day we may fairly renew our congratulations to the next leading Minister now far away on a mission tending towards the completion of the great scheme of Confederation, with which the names of both are so intimately associated. Indeed, throughout the year the administration of the Privy Council has been singularly free from causes of embarrassment, and Ministers can hopefully look forward to the reassembling of Parliament with a firm consciousness that their acts will receive the endorsement of an overwhelming majority of the people's representatives.

Intimately associated with the scheme of Confederation is the building of the INTER COLONIAL RAILWAY. The loan for its construction was floated with eminent success on the London market by the Hon. Mr. Rose, the route having been previously well and wisely determined by the Privy Council. The Commissioners have since been appointed, and arrangements entered into for the early letting of portions of the work. Other incidents have not been wanting during the past year, to show that the cause of CONFEDERATION was progressing. From Newfoundland the cheering news comes that the public mind is all but ripe for Union, while British Columbia has been persistently knocking at our doors, and the negociations for securing possession of the Northwest Territory, though not yet settled, are, we are glad to believe, on a fair way towards a favourable conclusion. 1868 has not been allowed to pass without witnessing events calculated to give stability and substance to the NEW DOMINION. Our absent Ministers, Sir G. E. Cartier, and the Hon. Mr. Macdougall, have doubtless done much towards bringing the North West question to a satisfactory solution; and, though the change in the Imperial Government may have, for the time, interrupted their proceedings, we are fain to believe that it will have no injurious effect on the final result. To the Hon. Mr. Macdougall we beg to tender our sincerest sympathy, on account of the sickness with which he and she who is dearer to him than life have been afflicted.

Would to God that we could avoid another home subject of deep and melancholy interest. But every year must have its tragedy. 1867 boasted of its triple judicial murder at Queretaro, when the ill-fated Maximilian and his two Generals suffered death in obedience to the decree of the barbarous Government of Mexico. And 1868 has its tragic record in the cowardly murder of the HON. THOMAS D'ARCY McGEE! On that early April morn—the ever-to-be-remembered seventh—when the pale moon glanted her beaming light down upon the quiet and deserted streets; when the last parliamentary straggler had wended his way to his resting place; and the people's representatives, wearied with a long and fatiguing debate, had betaken themselves to their lodging houses. Then it was, when half of step and slow of motion the honoured statesman, making his solitary way, was pounced upon by the incarnate fiend, dogged to his very door-step, and there shot dead in the twinkling of an eye! Through that mouth, whence but an hour or two before had flowed pearls of peerless eloquence, then streamed the very heart's blood of Canada's well-beloved orator! And it ran along the sidewalk, and into the very gutter, as if to teach us the nothingness of life! The whole country trembled with a thrill of horror. Never was manly and womanly sympathy more sincerely and earnestly expressed. The last honours were paid to the great departed with all the magnificence which the esteem that surrounded him in life could suggest. And a grateful country acknowledged its obligation to him by becoming, in some sense, the provider for his family. What more?

Aye! there was this more. Justice should be satisfied; the guilty found and the law vindicated. Prompt and sharp was the search. Vigorous, energetic, and well directed, were the efforts of the local police, assisted by an able staff of detectives from other cities; and after but a few hour's delay Patrick James Whelan was traced and apprehended as the presumed murderer of McGee. How the preliminary investigation was conducted under the able direction of Mr. O'Reilly; how link after link in the long chain of evidence was connected together; how in the absence of a much-desired Special Commission the Ottawa Fall Assizes were fixed at the earliest possible date, and how the trial of Whelan, before Chief-Justice Richards, created such a general excitement, are facts that must still be fresh in the memory of our readers. That trial, we are pleased to say, was commended for its fairness, fullness, and impartiality both by the prisoner and his counsel. Yet the law's delays stepped in; an appeal from the ruling of the Court was carried to the Queen's Bench, and there the judgment being against it, it has now been carried to the Court of Error and Appeal. How much further it may go, we should hardly venture to say; but the case of Whelan goes out as among the unfinished issues of the old year, therefore we commend it to the grave consideration of 1869, in the hope that justice may not be sacrificed to the quibbles of the law.

As last winter we had to chronicle severe distress among the Fishermen of Nova Scotia; so under 1868 we have to record a calamity involving like consequences on our brethren of the Red River country. With our Nova Scotia friends the scarcity was caused by an almost total failure of the inshore fisheries, and we regret to learn that during the past season the product, though somewhat better, has been so scant as to threaten a repetition, but, happily, in a milder form, of last winter's hardships. The RED RIVER FAMINE has been caused by a visitation of grasshoppers, the second of the kind in the history of the settlement; a partial failure of the buffalo hunt, and other untoward circumstances, which have threatened some ten thousand people with extreme hardship, if not dire starvation. We are glad to have to say for Ottawa that it was among the first, and also among the most liberal, in giving aid to these our fellow-countrymen. The General Government, too, under the Public Works Department, had the policy and forethought to appropriate some $15,000 towards the construction of a road from Fort Garry eastward to connect with Canada, which money will all, or nearly all, go to feed the unfortunate settlers through the winter. The Local Government has also made a conditional appropriation towards the same end; but, we presume, unless a settler rendered transparent by starvation can be brought down and exhibited before it, the money will not be applied. However we can give credit to our people here, and to those of the cities of Hamilton, London and Halifax, for their prompt and generous aid; an aid which has been handsomely acknowledged, and will, no doubt, be gratefully remembered by the people of the Red River country.

Of matters of mere local import we have left ourselves but little room to speak. The city has not been asleep in 1868. Many improvements have been made; new buildings erected, and other substantial signs of vitality and progress made manifest. The Street Railway is on the road to completion, and we trust eighteen hundred and sixty-nine may see it finished. The water works are—sorely needed! They exist as yet but in the longing desires of suffering householders; and in thus making public acknowledgment of this their embryo condition, we hope that they, too, may engage a large share of favourable attention during the coming year.

Death has not been without his harvest in 1868. Many prominent men have been consigned to the dust throughout the year. Senators, members of Parliament, and of the Local Legislatures, have been stricken down suddenly—as in the cases of Messrs. McGee and Weir—or carried off by the slow hand of lingering disease; and new men have come forward to take their places, and the world has moved onward wisely, without pausing too long to mourn by their biers. It is a wise practical world, this world of ours. It buries its sorrows decently, but it does not linger long by their graves! Why should it? Life is the time for work, for thought and action; and, though sometimes a little meditation is good, good perhaps oftener than we indulge in it, still the growing wants of an ever busy life would be but ill supplied were men to fold their hands in idle contemplation. Therefore the great and good, like the lowly and indifferent, are decently interred, when their hour has come, the pageant of their funeral is dissolved, and each one hies him back to his appointed task. In this respect, as in many others, 1868 has been precisely like unto its predecessors.

Of other things we might speak at less or greater length, but we respect the patience of our readers. Let us say, in fine, that though great calamities have befallen other, and, perhaps, equally deserving communities; though earthquakes and burnings have spread death and destruction far and wide, it has been the good fortune of the Dominion to escape in a marvellous degree from all such evil fortune. Peace within and without our borders; plenty in nearly every household; satisfactory activity in trade; a fruitful yield from the harvest; just government equitably administered; needed reforms gradually carried out; public improvements liberally encouraged; these are some of the blessings Canada has enjoyed during the past year, and to these, when we add the prospect of still further extending and consolidating our Union; of greater activity in the prosecution of public works; of the progress of settlement in the new districts encouraged by liberal legislation, we cannot but congratulate ourselves on the good fortune of our country, in which we sincerely trust that all its inhabitants may liberally share.

To the new occupant of Rideau Hall, HIS EXCELLENCY, SIR JOHN YOUNG, who has recently come amongst us as the representative of the power and authority of Her Most Gracious Majesty, we tender on this day our hearty congratulations; and hope that as the worthy successor of a worthy predecessor, he may find his stay in our midst as agreeable to himself and Lady Young, as it promises to be gratifying to our citizens, and beneficial to the country at large.

LOCAL NEWS.

Fire.—About half-past two o'clock this morning the blacksmith shop of P. Dufour, carriage maker, Rideau-st., was burned down.

Calendar for the Year 1869.—James Hope & Co., stationers, have sent us a very neat card of convenient size for reference, containing, besides the calendar for the year, stamp rates for promissory notes, drafts, bills, &c. Also postage rates for letters, papers, and books to all parts of the world. This is just what is required by people of business and the public in general for reference at a glance.

Police Court.—After his short absence from the city Mr. O'Gara returned to find his court in a healthy condition. The Mayor who officiated in the absence of the Police Magistrate had made the Police Court a terror to evil-doers, by imposing heavy fines on the culprits who came before him. So Mr. O'Gara found nothing more than a small case, in which whiskey was the principal agent, and that he dismissed.

The Market.—The market yesterday was better supplied with commodities for welcoming in the New Year than was the Christmas Eve market. In fact there was a general abundance of the principal articles of human consumption, but then some of them were dearer than even they were at Christmas. Pork and beef were higher, but poultry, perhaps, was a shade lower, at least this was the case with turkeys, a fact which is probably owing to the dealers for the American market having got all they want for present use. Dear as things were, however, they sold readily for cash. The hay and wood markets were both full. Prices same as last quoted.

New Year's Gifts.—Many a one, both young and old, who went to bed last night without knowing what the morrow would bring forth, and in fact expecting nothing out of the ordinary course of events, who scarcely had time to come down stairs before they found themselves the possessors of articles of which they had no previous idea. Many of the new year's presents will have been given before this paragraph reaches the public eye, but we know of one most beautiful and costly present which will not be handed in until the worthy recipient will have had time to take breakfast, and up to the moment of presentation will be kept in ignorance of what is about to take place. Of course we know all about it, but shall not mar the plot by even a hint. All in good time.

Pedestrians in Danger.—Every day, and every hour in every day, the lives and limbs of pedestrians are placed in jeopardy by careless drivers. Indeed, one would almost think that many of the drivers were bent on running half the population down. Many of those from whom better conduct might be expected, act as if the possession of a horse and cutter entitled them to drive over every crossing utterly regardless of the rights of foot passengers. Any one standing at either of the principal crossings for half an hour at almost any time in the day will see the lives of men, women and children endangered by unprincipled drivers. The crossing at Rideau and Sussex-sts. is the most dangerous part of the city, and the police authorities will not have discharged their duty to the citizens in this respect, until they shall have stationed two policemen at that spot to arrest and bring to justice all who shall be found guilty of violating the law in this particular.

Brutal Assault on the River.—Since the river was frozen over there have been several shanties built at various points on the ice, for the unlicensed sale of liquor. Experience shows that those shanties, removed as they are to a considerable distance from the city, and the dread of the police, are the most prolific causes of outrage of various kinds. There are two of those on the opposite side of the river, one off shore, near McKay's bay, and another not far off. The former has been put up by a young man named Casimir Daoust, and it is said that a girl of bad repute lives there with him. On Wednesday night, about eleven o'clock, a man belonging to New Edinburgh was passing near the shanty of which Daoust is proprietor, when two men, who were drinking there, rushed out and attacked, and beat him in a most brutal manner, without, as he says, the least provocation. One of his eyes was completely blinded; his lip was split, as if cut by a sharp instrument, and he was otherwise severely injured. One of the assailants, we are informed, was a man named Cousineau, who, about two years ago, was tried at the Recorder's Court, on a charge of robbing Mrs. Ouilette of fifty or sixty dollars, in her husband's absence. The name of the other we have not yet learned, but the one mentioned will serve as a sample of the company who generally resort to such places, to gamble, drink, and fight, and worse. Young Daoust was arrested last night, and locked up, but afterwards admitted to bail, to appear at the Police Court to-morrow morning. It was expected that the others would be taken during the night.

Messrs. Young & Radford having secured the services of first-class working jewellers in etruscan, filagree, plain, fancy and solid-gold work, and having made large additions to their work shop are now better prepared to execute any orders with which they may be entrusted than heretofore. Masonic jewels, gold and silver medals, and every kind of jewellery repaired.

Carpets and House Furnishings.—Parties about to furnish will find a large and choice assortment of carpetings and house furnishings, cheap, at Garland, Mutchmor & Co's. Carpets made and laid with despatch.

Messrs. Young & Radford are the sole agents in Ottawa for the Waltham watches.

Try Gardner's Baking Powder. See advertisement. 887.6m

—Leave orders for skirts before Christmas, and get them to fit.

—Corsets at the skirt factory for half-price.

NEW YEAR'S ODE.

BY THE LOWE FARMER.

I.

Into the tomb of time,
Another year sinks in its hasty flig
We saw its birth and prime—
We watch it now as it recedes from
On many eyes a tear,
Hangs pendant for the old depar

II.

'Tis dead, and closed its grave!
And numbers bless the friend forever
For all the good it gave.
We stand, poor mariners, all tempe
On time's inconstant bark,
Peering ahead, but all is dim and d

III.

But up before us springs,
The glad New Year, and every hear high,
And Hope unfolds her wings!
May soft'ning gales ope up the clou
And peace her heralds bear;
Then shall the nations bless the ne year.

THE DELAWARE MURD

Execution of Jones at London

From the Leader.

LONDON, D

A vast concourse of people assem day in front of the court-house, to the execution of the condemned Jones, who in October last was conv the murder of his niece on the 11th d 1868. It was the first execution th took place in London, and caused a sensation.

The facts of the dreadful crime for Jones suffered death may be recapitulat as they have probably passed from the lection of many.

The deceased, Mary Jones, a girl of thirteen years of age, was sent by her m on the day named, to the house of her Thomas Jones, to borrow some flour. did not return a younger sister was sent her, to whom one of T. Jones' sons sai jestingly, "Lizzie, you needn't look for any more, for father and her have qua and he has killed her; you had bette and take her away." This statement al the mother, who then went to look f daughter, and to her the boy denied th knew anything about Mary. Afterward father of the poor girl met the boy, wh him a different tale, saying Mary had go Pulford's to get some flour, his mother out, and that what he had said about hi sin was merely a joke. The girl not re ing home, the next day the neighbours g ed together for the purpose of searchin her. The bad character which Thomas deterred the father and mother from to his house, especially as there was a feeling between the two families in sequence of Mary having been a wi against her uncle some time previously, he was arrested on a charge of robbin brother Henry's house. However, on the they went to the house and standing in road called upon Agnes, Thomas' wife, to c out. She did so, and in reply to question stated that Mary had come there on the vious afternoon for flour, but as she had n to give her she went away. Thomas moody and reticent, but after some pres stated that Mary and his daughter Eliza had gone across his field to a maple-s bush. They remained away an hour, a becoming uneasy he went to look for t when he met his daughter coming back. pretended to know nothing of Mary. affected to treat the matter lightly, saying girl would turn up all right in the morn The father and mother were satisfied from manner he had disposed of Mary in some or other, and obtaining a warrant from a gistrate had his premises searched. Noth however, was found. The next day, the the neighbours turned out *en masse* and sco red the country for miles around. The ri was dragged, and forest and field were trav ed over and over again. Suspicion was aroused against Thomas and his daughter, they were taken into custody. At firs declared his innocence, but afterwards end voured to shift the weight of the crime up the shoulders of his daughter. The se still went on, a number of Indians volunte ing their assistance, and on the 14th, th days after the murder, the body of the m sing girl was discovered in the sugar bus under a heap of sticks which had been thr loosely together, the interstices being fil with dead leaves. The ground was mar and the body seemed to have been pushed to it with the foot. It was here the fath Thomas and his daughter had repaired on night of the 11th to complete their hor deed. The body presented a ghastly spectac It was marked in many places. There we bruises of greater or less extent on every p of it. The appearance of the back sugges the opinion that she had been dragged so distance along the ground. The hair w clotted with blood, and the head appeared it it had been beaten with a club. On a clo examination an extensive fracture of the sku was found on the left side, or parietal bon The frontal and occipital bones were also mo or less fractured. To produce this result number of heavy blows with a stout weapo had been required. Death, no doubt, had be immediate. A coroner's inquest was held, an the jury found a verdict of "wilful murder against Thomas and his daughter. The fe ing of the people was deeply aroused, and was with difficulty that they were prevent from wreaking their vengeance upon the m prisoner. At the trial of the latter, wh commenced on the 10th of October, h daughter was the principal witness for the de fence. She stated that she herself had kill ed her cousin with a stick and covered body over with leaves. She denied in th most emphatic manner that her father had ha any hand in the act. Nevertheless the jur believed that he was privy to the deed an found him guilty. He was accordingly sen tenced to death, and although his counsel, Mr Glass, has since made almost superhuman ex ertions to obtain a commutation of his sen tence they resulted, as your readers are awar in failure.

The prisoner, upon being brought out to the gallows, presented a wretched appearan but he strove to meet with composure the fea ful trial so closely at hand. He was attended by several Protestant clergymen, and th Sheriffs with a number of others, also accompanied him to the scaffold. He was, of course, pinioned, and the executioner was beside him to attend to the last dreadful rites. The unhappy man made an address to the spectators in which he persisted to the last in denyin any knowledge of the crime, and expressed himself as having made his peace with h Maker. He was very much excited and spoke in the same tenor as his previous utterances. At the conclusion of his speech the cap was drawn over his face, the bolt was pulled, and the unhappy man was launched into eternity. He made no struggle after his fall, and death seemed to be instantaneous. The dreadful scene caused a thrill of horror through the immense audience. The people dispersed soon afterwards, and all left, when the body was cut down after hanging half-an-hour. No disturbance of any kind occurred, nor in des was anything unseemly said or done prior t or during the solemn spectacle.

Jones has left a written statement in which he reiterates that he had no complicity in the dastardly deed. Opinion here is very much divided upon the subject, many holding that the evidence of his guilt was not sufficiently clear.

Jewellery.—All kinds of jewellery, of the latest designs, and at the cheapest rates, can be bought of Young & Radford, Sparks-st.

—Last month of the cheap sale at the skirt factory. Skirts at half-price.

RAILWAY PRACTICE OFFICE.

Now ready, the Cubic Contents of the Earth work of those sections of the Intercolonial Railway, to be first placed under contract, giving in detail the quantities in each excavation and embankment.

Rates—1 mile per cubic yard of cutting and filling, or 1,000 cubic yards for a dollar.

J. O'HANLY,
Civil Engineer.

Ottawa, Dec. 30, 1868. 936b

Latest by

TORO

Special to THE TIMES.

The Township of So by-law granting fiftee the Toronto and Nipiss A meeting was held a to consider the project that place. A very favo the matter. A pigeon shooting mat dollars, has been arrang Toronto, and Bogardus of to come off in May, four trapped. At the meeting of the Appeal to-day the Law address to President W. him for the uniform co tended to the Bar. atulated Judge Draper on called attention to his co ment to lawyers, and ex he might long live to en His Lordship replied, for their address, and a success to a rule which to cultivate the most the Bar, and expressi might yet be of use to t The Whelan case then yard Cameron wanted a writ of error, that h ers on record, not arg Queen's Bench. The contending that the writ Court itself. Chief-Justice Draper would deliver his decisi a. m. The Separate Scho Scotia, and the Governm

MONTR

Special to THE TIMES.

Weir's scheme to ex bars of silver is in dang owing to the apathy of In the Supreme Cour the Bank of British N rance, judgment was Bank. The Queen has been 's appeal against o the Judiciary Co Council. Lo. Mr. Cartier is about the 15th prox. Noah Freer, at one Governor Prevost, and f ter at Montreal, died years. The *Star* comes out o

CABLE

GREAT B

New York, Decemb special says in reply to ance of the great ocea issued by Mr. Ashbury objects to the first cla respecting the tonnag 99 per cent. larger th clines Mr. Bennett's hopes that the ball mo ing the *Dauntless* at th will come off in th waters during the ens no other American go the challenge for th Ashburry will still b the Atlantic, and join the Queen's Cup in A In reference to M course from Cowes to *Morning Post* at Yeste the Azores and ba preferable, as a fa qualities of the vesse

FRA

A decree signed by which assigns to the n ment the title of *Journ*

SPA

Madrid, December 3 stration at Seville s Caballero and Decroda a body of national tr ammed before the The country is entirel Madrid, December ing restored quiet in S Cordova. The nation been disarmed.

TURKEY AN

Constantinople, Dec cially announced that in the island of Crete h forces of the Porte.

NEWS VIA

London, December news has been receive The insurgents in Cret mission to the Turk Provisional Governme there.

London, December 31 conference of the great question which was fixe has been postponed, semblage, if so conve uncertain.

NEWS VI

Paris, December Constantinople state and the Greek volunt rendered to Turkey.

NEW Z

NEWS V

London, Decembe Suez says that the that intelligence ha bourne from New Ze families had been mu

ME

Demonstration in tion

New York, Dece Thomas, dated the remain quiet at Ve favour of the indepe on the 5th inst., was favoured.

NEWS V

The *Tribune's* spe ernment has officiall of the proposition for a peace conferen

AMERIC

YESTERDAY'

Destruction by Fi Great Los

New York, Dec stables of Briggs, B the city, was destroy were 150 horses $500 to $150, all burned, or suffoca riages, valued at abo with harness, &c., w oss, probably not le

Further Extension

The *Herald's* Indi Erie Railway has Columbus, Chicago a road, which connects Great Western, and all its tracks, amoun Erie thus secures a to Chicago and the possession of a route f

Decline in th

At the coal sale y cline averaging about

THIS MORNING

New York, Dece *Russia*, from Europe,

POOR COPY
TIGHT BINDING

NEW YEAR'S ODE.

...BY THE LOWE FARMER.

...nto the tomb of time,
...her year sinks in its hasty flight
We saw its birth and prime—
...atch it now as it recedes from si...
...n many eyes a tear,
...s pendant for the old departing...

...he dead, and closed its grave!
...umbers bless the friend forever...
For all the good it gave.
...and, poor mariners, all tempest...
On time's inconstant bark,
...ng ahead, but all is dim and dar...

...ut up before us springs,
...lad New Year, and every heart...
...high.
And Hope unfolds her wings!
...off'ning gales ope up the cloud...
...And peace her heralds bear;
...shall the nations bless the ne...
...ear.

...HE DELAWARE MURDE...

...Execution of Jones at London...

From the Leader.

LONDON, D...

...st concourse of people assemb... front of the court-house, to w... ...ution of the condemned mur... who in October last was convic... ...der of his niece on the 11th of... It was the first execution that... ...ce in London, and caused a pro...

...facts of the dreadful crime for... ...ffered death may be recapitulate... have probably passed from the... ...f many.

...eceased, Mary Jones, a girl of... ...years of age, was sent by her m... ...ay named, to the house of her... Jones, to borrow some flour. A... return a younger sister was sent... ...hom one of T. Jones' sons said... "Lizzie, you needn't look for... ...e, for father and her have quar... ...as killed her; you had better... ...her away." This statement al... ...er, who then went to look fo... ...and to her the boy denied th... ...ything about Mary. Afterward... the poor girl met the boy, wh... ...ifferent tale, saying Mary had go... to get some flour, his mother... that what he had said about his... merely a joke. The girl not re... ...the next day the neighbours ga... ...her for the purpose of searchin... ...s bad character which Thomas... the father and mother from... ...ase, especially as there was a... between the two families in... of Mary having been a w... ...er uncle some time previously,... ...rrested on a charge of robbing... Henry's house. However, on the... ...t to the house and standing in... ...d upon Agnes, Thomas' wife, to c... ...e did so, and in reply to question... ...t Mary had come there on the af... ...ernoon for flour, but as she had n... ...er she went away. Thomas... ...nd reticent, but after some pres... ...at Mary and his daughter Eliza... across his field to a maple-s... ...hey remained away an hour, v... uneasy he went to look for t... ...het his daughter coming back... to know nothing of Mary... treat the matter lightly, saying... ...l turn up all right in the morn... ...r and mother were satisfied from... ...e had disposed of Mary in some... ...and obtaining a warrant from a... ...ad his premises searched. Noth... was found. The next day, the 1... ...ours turned out en masse and sco... ...ountry for miles around. The ri... ...ed, and forest and field were trav... ...d over again. Suspicion was... ...ainst Thomas and his daughter,... ...e taken into custody. At first... his innocence, but afterwards ende... shift the weight of the crime up... ...ders of his daughter. The sear... ...on, a number of Indians volunte... assistance, and on the 14th, th... the murder, the body of the... was discovered in the sugar fore... ...ap of sticks which had been thro... ...ether, the interstices being fill... leaves. The ground was mar... ...r seemed to have been crushed... ...the foot. It was here the fath... ...his daughter had repaired on t... ...11th to complete their hor... ...ody presented a ghastly spectac... ...ed in many places. There w... ...reater or less extent on every p... appearance of the back sugges... that she had been dragged so... ...ng the ground. The hair w... ...blood, and the head appeared... ...n beaten with a club. On a clos... an extensive fracture of the sku... ...on the left side, or parietal bon... and occipital bones were also mo... ...tured. To produce this result... heavy blows with a stout weapo... ...quired. Death, no doubt, had bee... A coroner's inquest was held, an... ...d a verdict of "wilful murder... ...mas and his daughter. The fee... ...ople was deeply aroused, and... ...fficulty that they were prevent... ...g their vengeance upon the mi... the trial of the latter, which... on the 10th of October, hi... the principal witness for the de... ...ated that she herself had kill... with a stick and covered... ...th leaves. She denied in th... manner that her father had ha... ...e act. Nevertheless the jur... he was privy to the deed an... ...ity. He was accordingly se... ...and although his counsel, Mr... ...e made almost superhuman ex... ...a commutation of his sen... ...ited, as your readers are aware...

..., upon being brought out to the... ...ted a wretched appearan... ...o meet with composure the fea... ...ely at hand. He was attended... ...otestant clergymen, and th... number of others, also accom... ...he scaffold. He was, of course... ...he executioner was beside him... last dreadful rites. The un... ...e an address to the spectators... ...rsisted to the last in denyin... of the crime, and expressed... ...ing made his peace with h... ...s very much excited and spok... ...or as his previous utterances... ...on of his speech the cap was... face, the bolt was pulled, and... ...n was launched into eternity... ...uggle after his fall, and death... ...stantaneous. The dreadful... thrill of horror through the... ...nce. The people dispersed... and all left, when the body... ...er hanging half-an-hour. No... ...y kind occurred, nor indeed... ...seemly said or done prior to... ...emn spectacle.

...a written statement in which... ...he had no complicity in the... ...Opinion here is very much... ...subject, many holding that... ...s guilt was not sufficiently...

...ll kinds of jewellery, of the... ...at the cheapest rates, can... ...ng & Radford, Sparks-st.

...f the cheap sale at the skirt... ...half-price.

...RACTICE OFFICE.

...ubic Contents of the Earth... ...ds of the Intercolonial Rail... ...ed under contract, giving in... ...in each excavation and em...

...er cubic yard of cutting and ...yards for a dollar.

J. O'HANLY,
Civil Engineer.

...868. 936b

Latest by Telegraph.

Per Montreal Line.

TORONTO.

Special to THE TIMES.

TORONTO, December 31.

The Township of Somerville has passed a by-law granting fifteen thousand dollars to the Toronto and Nipissing line.

A meeting was held at Lindsay last night to consider the project of a branch line to that place. A very favourable view was taken of the matter.

A pigeon shooting match, for five thousand dollars, has been arranged between Ward, of Toronto, and Bogardus, of Illinois. The match to come off in May, four hundred birds to be trapped.

At the meeting of the Court of Error and Appeal to-day the Law Society presented an address to President W. H. Draper, thanking him for the uniform courtesy he had always extended to the Bar. The address congratulated Judge Draper on his promotion, and called attention to his course as an encouragement to lawyers, and expressed the hope that he might long live to enjoy his honours.

His Lordship replied, thanking the Society for their address, and ascribing much of his success to a rule which he had early formed, to cultivate the most friendly relations with the Bar, and expressing the hope that he might yet be of use to them.

The Whelan case then came up. Hon. Hillyard Cameron wanted a writ of appeal treated as writ of error, that he might assign new errors on record, not argued before the Court of Queen's Bench. The Crown opposed this, contending that the writ must issue from the Court itself.

Chief-Justice Draper announced that he would deliver his decision on Monday at 11 a. m.

The Separate School question is up in Scotia, and the Government are divided on it.

MONTREAL.

Special to THE TIMES.

MONTREAL, December 31.

Weir's scheme to export two million dollars of silver is in danger of falling through, owing to the apathy of the merchants.

In the Supreme Court to-day, in the case of the Bank of British North America *vs.* Torrance, judgment was given in favour of the Bank.

The Queen has been pleased to refer Ramsay's appeal against Drummond's judgment to the Judiciary Committee of the Privy Council.

Hon. Mr. Cartier is expected to return about the 15th prox.

Noah Freer, at one time aide-de-camp to Governor Prevost, and father of the postmaster at Montreal, died this morning, aged 86 years.

The *Star* comes out on Wednesday next.

CABLE NEWS.

GREAT BRITAIN.

NEW YORK, December 31.—The *Herald's* special says in reply to Mr. Bennett's acceptance of the great ocean yacht race challenge, issued by Mr. Ashburry, the latter gentleman objects to the first clause of the conditions respecting the tonnage, the *Dauntless* being 99 per cent. larger than the *Cambria*, and declines Mr. Bennett's offer. He, however, hopes that he shall have the pleasure of meeting the *Dauntless* at the principal race that will come off in the English and French waters during the ensuing summer. In case no other American gentleman should accept the challenge for the great ocean race Mr. Ashburry will still be in readiness to cross the Atlantic, and join in the competition for the Queen's Cup in American waters.

In reference to Mr. Bennett's proposed course from Cowes to New York, the London *Morning Post* of yesterday argues that a race to the Azores and back would be decidedly preferable, as a fair test of the respective qualities of the vessels.

FRANCE.

A decree signed by M. Rouser is published which assigns to the new organ of the Government the title of *Journal Official*.

SPAIN.

MADRID, December 30.—There was a demonstration at Seville some days ago. Gens. Caballero and Decroda was ordered there with a body of national troops, the people were disarmed before the Generals had arrived. The country is entirely tranquil.

MADRID, December 31.—Gen. Derolio having restored quiet in Seville, has returned to Cordova. The national guard at Seville has been disarmed.

TURKEY AND GREECE.

CONSTANTINOPLE, December 31.—It is officially announced that the last of the insurgents in the island of Crete have surrendered to the forces of the Porte.

NEWS VIA LONDON.

LONDON, December 31.—One day's later news has been received from Constantinople. The insurgents in Crete have all made submission to the Turkish authorities, and a Provisional Government has been established there.

LONDON, December 31.—The meeting of the conference of the great powers on the Oriental question which was fixed for the 2nd of January has been postponed, and the date of its assemblage, if so convened at all, is now quite uncertain.

NEWS VIA PARIS.

PARIS, December 31.—A despatch from Constantinople state that the Petropoulaxi and the Greek volunteers in Crete have surrendered to Turkey.

NEW ZEALAND.

NEWS VIA LONDON.

LONDON, December 31.—A despatch from Suez says that the Australian mails states that intelligence had been received at Melbourne from New Zealand, that fifty European families had been murdered.

MEXICO.

Demonstration in Favour of the Annexation of Cuba.

NEW YORK, December 31.—By way of St. Thomas, dated the 19th, we learn that affairs remain quiet at Venezuela. Advices from ... also state that a grand demonstration in favour of the independence of Cuba took place on the 5th inst., and its annexation to Mexico was favoured.

CHILI.

NEWS VIA NEW YORK.

The *Tribune's* special says the Chilian Government has officially signified its acceptance of the proposition made by our Government for a peace conference with Peru and Bolivia.

AMERICAN NEWS.

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES.

Destruction by Fire of a Livery Stables—Great Loss of Property.

NEW YORK, December 30.—The livery stables of Briggs, Bros., the most extensive in the city, was destroyed by fire to-night. There were 150 horses in the building, valued at $500 to $150, all of which were reported burned, or suffocated. About twenty carriages, valued at about $1,500 each, together with harness, &c., were also destroyed. Total loss, probably not less than $200,000.

Further Extension of the Erie Railroad.

The *Herald's* Indianapolis special says the Erie Railway has perpetually leased the Columbus, Chicago and Indiana Central Railroad, which connects with the Atlantic and Great Western, and will lay a third rail over all its tracks, amounting to 915 miles. The Erie thus secures a through broad-guage line to Chicago and this city, and will try to get possession of a route from here to St. Louis.

Decline in the Price of Coal.

At the coal sale yesterday there was a decline averaging about 55 cents per ton.

THIS MORNING'S DESPATCHES.

Arrival.

NEW YORK, December 31.—The steamer *Russia*, from Europe, has arrived.

Daring Highway Robbery.

NORFOLK, VA., December 31.—An agent of the Virginia Express Company was knocked down and robbed of twelve thousand dollars this morning while on his way to the depot. He was seriously injured.

Libel Suit.

CHICAGO, December 31.—The great libel suit of Mrs. Wilkinson *vs.* The Chicago *Tribune* was concluded to-day. Mrs. Wilkinson claimed $10,000 damages, and the jury awarded her $7,500. Application has been made for a new trial.

A Fight Between United States Troops and Indians.

ST. LOUIS, December 31.—A despatch from Topeka, Kansas, says reliable reports state that another battle had taken place between our troops and the Indians, at Wachita mountains, in which a large number of Indians were killed.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

Reported by Telegraph.

[*For daily report of Ottawa Markets, see Fourth Page.*]

New York Money Market.

NEW YORK, December 31.—Gold at 3 p.m. 135.

American Exchange not quoted.

New York Markets.

NEW YORK, December 31.—Cotton quiet and firmer at 26c. for middling uplands.—Flour dull and favours buyers. Receipts 7,826 barrels. Sales 3,900 barrels at $5.75 @ 6.16 for surperfine State and Western; $6.80 @ 7.25 for common to choice extra State; $6.60 @ 7.40 for common to choice extra Western; $6.85 @ 9.50 for R. H. O.—Rye flour quiet. Sales 150 barrels at $6 @ 8.—Wheat quiet. Sales 5,000 bushels at $1.70 for No. 1 Spring; $1.60 for No. 2 and $2.15 @ 2.20 for white California. —Rye quiet. Receipts 38 bushels.—Corn steady and in moderate demand. Receipts 2,722 bushels. Sales 41,000 bushels at 93c. @ 96c. for new mixed Western; $1.07 @ 1.10 for old do. in store and afloat.—Barley quiet and nominal. Receipts none. Sales none.—Oats dull and nominal. Receipts 555 bushels at 76c. for Western in store and 78c. for afloat. —Pork firmer at $27.50 @ 28 for new mess; $26.50 @ 26.75 for old do.—Lard firmer at 16c. @ 17c. for steam; 17c. @ 18c. for kettle rendered.

HIS EXCELLENCY
THE
ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT,
WILL
RECEIVE GENTLEMEN
DESIROUS OF
PAYING THEIR RESPECTS
ON
Friday, the 1st day of January, 1869,
AT
RIDEAU HALL,
Between the hours of TWO and THREE o'clock, p.m.

By command.

J. G. IRVINE,
Lieut.-Colonel,
A.D.C.

Rideau Hall,
21st December, 1868. 931td

Stationery.

PRESENTS FOR THE HOLIDAYS.

What more acceptable gift than a beautiful work of art, to be gazed on with pleasure and profit every day! "A thing of beauty is a joy forever!" Give then as Christmas Gifts, those exquisite pictures,

PRANG'S CHROMOS,

of which Frederic E. Church, the great American artist, says: "They are certainly most skilfully and artistically executed." And John G. Whittier: "I had no idea they were home productions; I am glad to know that such beautiful work is done here." And Bayard Taylor: "Your illuminations of the Beatitudes are really superb." And Wendell Phillips; "I congratulate you on your success, which I consider marvellous."

Prang's American Chromos are fac-simile reproductions of masterly oil and water-color paintings, so skilfully and artistically done that it requires the experience of an expert to detect the difference between them and their originals. Among them the following are the most attractive:

Horses in a Storm. (After R. Adams.)
The two Friends. (Child and Dog, after Geraud.)
Sunset in California. (After Bierstadt.)
Sunlight in Winter. (After Morvillier.)
The Barefooted Boy. (After Whittier.)
Early Autumn on Esopus Creek, N. Y. (After A. T. Bricher.)
Late Autumn in the White Mountains. (After A. T. Bricher.)
Six American Landscapes. (After A. T. Bricher.)
Strawberries and Baskets. (After Miss V. Granbery.)
Cherries and Basket. (After Miss V. Granbery.)
Flower Bouquet.
Blackberries in Vase. (After Lilly M. Spencer.)
Fringed Gentian. [After H. R. Newman.]
Easter Morning. [After Mrs. James M. Hart.]
Group of Chickens. [After Tait.]
Group of Quails. [After Tait.]
Group of Ducklings. [After Tait.]
The Poultry Yard. [After Lemmens.]
Poultry Life. A. } [After Lemmens.]
" B. } [Companions.]
The Kid's Play-Ground. [After Bruith.]
Correggio's Magdalena.
Under the Apple-Tree. } [After G. E. Niles.]
Rest by the Roadside. } [Companion pictures.]
Autumn Leaves—Maple.
Autumn Leaves—Oak.
Wood Mosses and Ferns. [After Ellen Robbins.]
Bird's Nest and Lichen. [After Ellen Robbins.]
The Bullfinch. [After Wm. Cruickshank.]
The Linnet. [After Wm. Cruickshank.]
Have Patience. [Girl and Dog.]
Rabbits and Kittens.
Morning. [After Rosa Bonheur.]
Evening. [After Rosa Bonheur.]
&c., &c., &c.

The Beatitudes of Our Lord, most magnificently illuminated.

Illuminated School Room Cards, with mottoes taken from Scripture.

Illuminated crosses, Book Marks, Rewards of Merit.

The Language of Flowers, Wood and Sea Mosses, Ferns, Flowers, &c.

"OLD MOTHER HUBBARD," "The most elegant juvenile book of the season," superbly illustrated and illuminated.

The editor of a prominent journal, writing to Mr. Prang, expresses thus his idea on Chromos;

"We think no greater civilizer could be introduced so generally as your chromos. You will never find a thief with a rosebud in his button-hole nor will you ever find a murderer admire your productions. Only the good, the true, and the better part of our nature, are touched and spoken to by art. Your aim to introduce your beautiful productions to the general public is commendable, and in your efforts you have our hearty concurrence."

Prang's Chromos are offered at 20 per cent. below the publisher's prices at the

CANADA GAZETTE OFFICE,

where will also be found the following objects, suitable for Christmas and New Year Gifts.

Albums, Toilet Bags, writing Desks, Gold and Silver Pen and Pencil cases, Penknives, &c.

A beautiful assortment of PLAYING CARDS.

BALL AND DINNER CARDS &c., neatly printed.

VISITING CARDS printed from copperplate or type on the shortest notice.

CANADA GAZETTE OFFICE,
Dec. 10th, 1868. Sparks-st., Ottawa

MACPHERSON, KENNEDY & CHRISTIE, Barristers, &c., Lang's Block, Elgin-st., Ottawa.
J. P. MACPHERSON, O. KENNEDY, A. J. CHRISTIE.

Jewellery, &c.

FOR
CHRISTMAS AND NEW YEAR'S
PRESENTS,
IN GOLD & SILVER WATCHES,
Go to YOUNG & RADFORD'S,
30 Sparks-st.

FOR
CHRISTMAS AND NEW YEAR'S
PRESENTS,
GOLD CHAINS & FINE JEWELLERY,
Go to YOUNG & RADFORD'S.

FOR
CHRISTMAS AND NEW YEAR'S
PRESENTS,
IN PLATED WARE,
Go to YOUNG & RADFORD'S.

FOR
CHRISTMAS AND NEW YEAR'S
PRESENTS,
IN FANCY GOODS,
SUITABLE FOR THE SEASON,
Go to YOUNG & RADFORD'S.

PARTIES WANTING WORK
SUITABLE FOR PRESENTATIONS
FOR CHRISTMAS OR NEW YEAR,
Will find it to their advantage to
Go to YOUNG & RADFORD'S,
30 Sparks-st.

Publications.

TO AUTHORS.

SABBATH SCHOOL LIBRARY BOOKS.

For the purpose of promoting the native religious literature of the Dominion of Canada, and preserving interesting facts, narratives and incidents in the possession of private individuals, thereby rendering them generally useful, James Campbell & Son offer the following sums for the manuscripts of original works, suitable for Sabbath School Libraries, providing such MSS. come up to the standard required for publication:

Three of Forty Dollars each,
One of Fifty Dollars,
One of Sixty Dollars,
One of One Hundred Dollars,
In all, Six Books.

The character of the literature must be the influence of religion in ordinary life, as seen in the Dominion of Canada, in bush, lake, sea, farm, or domestic life, in village, city, country house, store or workshop, and preference will be given to narrations of facts.

The books must be not only moral but of a decidedly religious character, and their teachings in accordance with the great Scriptural truths in which all evangelical denominations agree.

Each book should contain from 127 to 200 pages, similar in size to ordinary Sabbath School books, and may contain two or more distinct narratives.

The manuscripts must be written in a clear, legible hand, and be forwarded to the publishers not later than the end of March, 1869. The award will be made the first week in May, by Professor Daniel Wilson, LL.D., University College, who has kindly undertaken to examine the MSS.

Each package must be accompanied with an initial and address of the author, and those not chosen will be returned.

Any further information may be obtained from the publishers,
937-3 JAMES CAMPBELL & SON.

NEW PUBLICATION.
CHRONICLES OF CANADA.
BY
H. BEAUMONT SMALL, S.C.L.
Price, 50 cents. For sale by the publisher,
936tf GEORGE E. DESBARATS.

1868. 1869.

FOR THE NEW YEAR.

J. DURIE & SON have just received Leisure Hour and Sunday at Home, in bound vols.
British Workman and Band of Hope, do do
Children's Friend and Infants Magazine, do do
Cassell's Magazine and Cassell's Readings, do
The Quiver and the Sunday Magazine, do do
The Boy's Annual and the Home Book for Girls do
The Cottager and Artizan.

BALLANTYNE'S BOOKS FOR BOYS,
MAYNE REID'S BOOKS FOR BOYS.
NO. 1, "ONWARD,"
Mayne Reid's New Magazine for Boys.

Books Illustrated by Gustave Dore:
The Bible, 2 vols.; La Fontaine's Fables, Tennyson's Elaine, &c., &c., &c.

HANDSOMELY ILLUSTRATED BOOKS FOR GIFTS.
BOOKS FOR THE LITTLE ONES,
In endless variety.
WRITING DESKS,
In beautiful styles, at low prices.
PIRIE'S PERFUMED NOTE PAPER and ENVELOPES,
In neat cases, a beautiful gift.
For sale by
J. DURIE & SON,
10 Sparks-st.

JONES & HOLLAND
Have just received a choice lot of
HOLIDAY STATIONERY,
And a great variety of cheap
ILLUMINATED CHILDREN'S BOOKS.
Also, the Holiday Numbers of HARPER'S, LESLIE'S, and DEMOREST'S MAGAZINES; the Initial Numbers of WESTERN WORLD and HEARTH and HOME; CHILDREN'S TOY AND GIFT BOOKS, &c.
Post Office Block, December 22, 1868.

Dry Goods.

SILKS FOR THE HOLIDAYS
AND
EVENING WEAR.
OVER
$10,000 WORTH of RICH
And Elegant Silks,
Satins,
Irish Poplins,
and Moire Antiques,
In all colors and suitable for grand occasions.

All kinds and qualities of "SILK GOODS" will be much higher priced in the Spring, therefore it will be to the advantage of all parties requiring such wear, to procure soon.

BALL DRESSES.
Elegant, Gilt and Silver Spangled Tarlatans,
Also, Plain and Embroidered Grenadine Dresses,
Black and White Grenadines,
Tarlatans, in all Colours,
Plain and Dewdrop Tulles, in all colours,
Plain and Coloured Spotted Nets, &c.

LACE GOODS.
Thread,
Maltese,
Clung and Honiton Laces,
Real Lace,
Lappets and Head Dresses,
Lace Collars and Cuffs,
Also, Chemizettes,
Hemmed Lawn,
and Honiton Lace Bordered Handkerchiefs.
White and Black Lace,
"Marie Antoinettes Lace Trimmed Aprons,"
(*A novelty.*)

OPERA CLOAKS.
White and Scarlet French Merinoes,
54 in. White, Bareze and Grenadine,
54 in. Lustre and Llama,
Wool Opera Hoods, Pelerines and Cloaks.
Cloaks made to order.

MILLINERY.
Flowers,
Feathers,
and Head Dresses.

GLOVES.
White and
Dark Coloured Kids,
ALL AT MAGEE & RUSSELL'S

Educational.

ST. ALBAN'S SCHOOL,
DALY-ST.
PRINCIPAL:
REV. BICKERTON A. EDWARDS, B. A.,
(ex-scholar Jesus Coll., Oxford.)

Business will be resumed on MONDAY, JAN. 4th. Hours of Study—9:30 a.m. to 12:30, and 2 to 4 p.m.

SCHOOL FEES.—For Sound Commercial and English Education, $8 per term. Higher Mathematics, Latin, Greek, French and Music, (each) $2 per term EXTRA.

The school year will, as hitherto, be divided into three terms.

A reduction made for brothers, and for payments made in the first week of term. 938tf

YOUNG LADIES'
BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL,
Wellington-st.,
CONDUCTED BY MISS HARMON.

The Classes will (D.V.) re-assemble after the Christmas vacation, on TUESDAY, JAN. 5th, 1869. The Spring Term will commence on the 1st of FEBRUARY. There are vacancies for two additional Boarding Pupils. The Drawing, Singing, French and Music Classes, are under the tuition of competent and thoroughly experienced teachers. Young ladies who have finished their English studies can join these classes without reference to the English course. Prospectuses, containing the statement of terms, and the course of English studies pursued in the school, can be obtained at Messrs. Durie's Bookstore, and on application to MISS HARMON.
December 29, 1868. 935a

Groceries.

THE TEA POT LIST.

In Cases, Hhd. and ¼ Casks,
HENNESSEY'S BRANDY,
MARTELL'S do
OTARD, DUPEY & Co., do
JULES, ROBIN & Co., do
CASTILLION & Co., do.

In Bottle or Wood,
GRAHAM'S EXTRA OLD PORT,
GRAHAM'S THREE GRAPE,
SANDEMAN'S CHOICE OLD PORT,
McKENZIE'S Pure Golden SHERRY,
DUNN'S BROWN, do
CHOICE PALE, do.

THE
FINEST BALTIMORE OYSTERS,
Received daily, by Express.

CHIPPAWA pure old RYE WHISKEY
Four years old, equal to any French Brandy.
CHIPPAWA TODDY WHISKEY,
Four years old, equal to Scotch.
CHIPPAWA FAMILY PROOF.

J. G. ROBINSON & CO.,
The Tea Pot, Ottawa.
Ottawa, Dec. 16, 1868.

ON SALE,
GOODERHAM & WORTS'
RECTIFIED SPIRITS.

100 BBLS. CELEBRATED OLD RYE,
100 do HIGHWINES, 50 O.P.
100 do ALCOHOL, 65 O.P.

The trade supplied at manufacturers' prices.

REDPATH'S EXTRA GOLDEN SYRUP
REDPATH'S STANDARD do
NEW YORK HOUSE SYRUP,
100 BBLS. WEST INDIA MOLASSES.

500 CHESTS UNCOLORED JAPAN TEA.
100 CADDIES ORANGE PEK [illegible]
150 CHESTS TWANKAY.
200 CADDIES BRIGHT SOLACE TOBACCO.
100 BOXES TOBACCO, 10s.
500 BARRELS EXTRA SUPERIOR FLOUR.
300 BBLS. MESS PORK, to arrive.

J. G. ROBINSON & Co.
December 16, 1868. 926.3m

Garland, Mutchmor & Co

XMAS DRY GOODS.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.,

IMPORTERS, 20 SPARKS-ST.,

Have received, ex various ocean steamers, large additions to their extensive stock of

STAPLE & FANCY DRY GOODS,

MILLINERY,

Carpetings and House Furnishings,

and are now shewing a large and well assorted stock in every department. They invite special attention to the following:

RICH FANCY SILKS,

RICH FANCY DRESSES,

suitable for street and evening wear,

RICH BALL DRESSES,

GOOD ABERDEEN WINCIES,

at a little over half last year's prices. Good cheap useful dresses for all classes in all the new materials.

CLOTHS,
TWEEDS,
BLANKETS,
FLANNELS,
SHEETINGS,
COTTONS,
PRINTS, ETC.,
all in great variety cheap.

LACES,
RIBBONS,
TRIMMINGS,
GLOVES,
HOSIERY,

Black Silk Mantle Velvets,
Black and Brown Velveteens,
Black and Brown Sealskins,
Black and Brown Astricans,
Coloured Jasper Sealskins,
White and Fancy Mantle Cloths.

MANTLES,
in great variety, in all the new materials and shapes.

SHAWLS,
BONNETS,
HATS,
LADIES' CAPS,
HEAD DRESSES,
FLOWERS,
FEATHERS,
BRIDAL WREATHS.

Great novelty in Skirts—the

NEW PATENT FELT SKIRT,

Plain and embroidered, all in once piece; warm lighter, better fitting and cheaper than any other skirts. Just opened

One Case Plain Glasgow Wincies.

Two cases latest styles in Clouds and other Woollen Goods.

Wholesale and Retail.

Stationery.

NEW GOODS.

Just received, ex steamship *St. David*, a large importation of the best British manufactured

STAPLE STATIONERY,
IN
LETTER PAPERS,
NOTE PAPERS,
ENVELOPES,
FOOLSCAPS,
FOLIO POSTS,
RECORD PAPERS,
TINTED BLOTTING PAPERS,
MUSIC PAPER,
&c., &c., &c.

For sale at
THE OTTAWA CITIZEN
Stationery and [Pri]nting House,
[Ri]deau-st., Ottawa.

Groceries.

For sale by the undersigned.
300 BBLS. MESS PORK.
200 BBLS. THIN MESS PORK.
500 BBLS. STRONG SUPER FLOUR.

COAL OIL.
Having been appointed by the combination their agents for
COAL OIL,
They are now prepared to sell in quantities to suit the trade, by the
BARREL OR CAR LOAD,
AT THE
LOWEST PRICES

Agents for Hiram A. Walker's
HIGHWINES
RYE,
PROOF, and
MONONGAHELA WHISKEYS.

Agents for
REESOR BROS. CHEESE.

Agents for John Campbell's celebrated
HAMS,
BACON, &c.
C. T. BATE & CO.,
Canal Basin.
Ottawa, Dec. 12, 1868.

Watches, Jewellery, &c.

A FEW MORE
OF THOSE
CHEAP
GOLD AND SILVER WATCHES,
ELECTRO-PLATED
CAKE BASKETS,
CRUET STANDS,
TEA SETS,
SALVERS, &c., &c.
SKATES,
WRITING DESKS,
WORK BOXES,
LEATHER BAGS,
VASES,
And a general assortment of
FANCY GOODS,
Suitable for New Year's Gifts.
THE WHOLE STOCK TO BE SOLD WITHOUT RESERVE
AT THE
GREAT BANKRUPT SALE,
SHEFFIELD HOUSE,
SPARKS-ST.
ALL GOODS WARRANTED.
Ottawa, Dec. 31, 1868. 937-2

Fancy Goods.

SANTA CLAUS and CHRISTMAS
ARE COMING.

DAILY ARRIVALS
AT ORME & SON'S
OF GOODS IN ENDLESS VARIETY
FOR
CHRISTMAS AND NEW YEAR.

WRITING DESKS, WORK BOXES, and DRESSING CASES in every style and price.

VASES In the Latest Parisian Styles.

MUSICAL COMPANION & ALBUMS.
The Latest Novelty.

PARIAN AND BRONZE STATUARY, and FANCY GOODS of EVERY DESCRIPTION.

TOYS, GAMES, PUZZLES, DOLLS, MAGIC LANTERNS, &c.

THE MODERN "MYSTERY"
PLANCHETTE,
At Greatly Reduced Price.

MESSRS. ORME & SON
Trust their friends will call and inspect their EXTENSIVE STOCK in their new and spacious premises,
NEXT TO DURIE & SON'S,
Opposite the Russell House.
Ottawa, December 19. 928tf

NEW MAGIC LANTERNS & SLIDES
JUST RECEIVED FROM ENGLAND.
A LANTERN AND SET OF VIEWS
FOR $3.00.
NEW MOVEABLE SLIDES:
Railway Train in Motion.
Cow Drinking from the Stream.
Windmill in Motion.
New Sets of Drawing Instruments.
REGISTERING THERMOMETERS.
MICROSCOPES from $1 to $50 at the
MARKET DRUG STORE,
York-st.
WM. HEARN.
Bouquets of NATURAL FLOWERS dried, and HYACINTH BULBS for sale.
December 17. 927tey

TIGHT BINDING

☞ SEE FIRST PAGE.

OTTAWA MARKETS.

[Compiled expressly for the OTTAWA TIMES.]

Times Office, Ottawa, Dec. 31, 1868.

The markets were again poor yesterday in the general supplies.

Beef, poultry and butter were scarce, especially the latter commodity, and nearly everything has gone up in price.

Pork, which a few weeks ago, brought only $3 50 to $5, is now selling at $7.50 to $9.50, with good supply in the market.

Beef is up to $5 to $8 50.

Oats with a small quantity are at the old price.

Poultry of all kinds is advancing, and turkeys, which a month ago could be bought for 80 cents to $1, now sell for $1 to $2.

Butter is always scarce of late, and maintains our quoted prices.

Potatoes change but little, we quote them now however, at 40 cents.

Hay, with abundance in the market, ranges from $18 50 to $23.

Of **Wood** there is an average supply, prices unchanged.

FLOUR—Extra	6 50	@	6 75
No. 1	5 25	@	5 50
No. 2	none.		
Bags—Fall per 100 lbs.	3 25	@	3 37½
" Spring "	2 62½	@	2 75
Oatmeal—per 200 lbs.	7 00	@	7 25
Indian Meal "	4 00	@	0 00
Rye—per bushel 56 lbs.	0 85	@	0 90
Barley " 48 lbs.	0 93	@	0 00
Buckwheat Flour	4 00	@	4 50
WHEAT—Fall—per bushel, 60 lbs.	1 25	@	1 30
Spring " "	1 20	@	1 25
CORN—Per bushel, 56 lbs	0 85	@	0 90
Peas " 60 lbs	0 90	@	0 00
Oats " 34 lbs	0 58	@	0 60
Beans " 60 lbs	1 80	@	0 00
PORK—Mess—per barrel	24 00	@	24 50
Prime Mess per do	00 00	@	17 00
Prime	none.		
Pork (fresh)	7 50	@	9 50
Hams	0 15	@	0 17
Beef per 100 lbs	5 00	@	6 50
Mutton—per lb	0 5	@	0 0
Geese—Each	0 50	@	0 60
Ducks	0 50	@	0 60
Turkeys—Each	1 00	@	2 00
Poultry—Per pair	0 50	@	0 60
BUTTER—Choice Table	0 25	@	0 00
No. 1 Firkin	0 22	@	0 24
No. 2	0 00	@	0 00
Eggs	0 22	@	0 25
Apples—per brl	3 00	@	4 00
VEGETABLES, &c.—Potatoes	0 40	@	0 40
HAY—Per ton	18 00	@	20 00
WOOD—Per cord (cubic measure)	3 25	@	0 00
Mixed Wood	3 00	@	0 00
Tamarac	2 00	@	0 00
Soft Wood	2 00	@	0 00

Dry Goods.

Shewing This Day.

GRANT & HENDERSON,

No. 20, Rideau-st,

Are offering an extensive Stock of

DRESS GOODS.

WINCIES,

SHAWLS and

BLANKETS,

AT THE LOWEST CASH PRICES.

N. B.—An extensive assortment of genera DRY GOODS always in stock.

LATEST STYLES AND FASHIONS.

INSPECTION INVITED.

No. 20, Rideau-st.

CLOTHING,

CHEAP AND FASHIONABLE,

READY-MADE AND TO ORDER.

O'MEARA & CO.,

ESTABLISHED IN 1844,

... for sale an extensive importation of FALL ... WINTER GOODS, comprising Ready-made ...thing, Canadian Tweeds, Etoffes, Satinetts; ... a large stock of Blankets, Flannels, Kerseys, ...ray Cottons, Prints, Winceys, Plaids, &c., &c.; Broadcloths, Beavers, Witneys, Petershams, Devons, &c.; Bedford Cords, Silk Mixtures, West of England Tweeds, Doeskins, &c., wholesale and retail, which will be made up to order on the shortest notice in the latest styles of fashion and at prices that

DEFY COMPETITION.

☞ A general assortment of Dry Goods, the largest stock ever offered for sale in this city.

$1.25 BLANKETS $6.00. **$3.00**

TAILORING DEPARTMENT.

Particular attention given to the Tailoring Department, which is under the supervision of a first-class cutter.

$2 ....GREY ETOFFE PANTS,
$4.50 ....GOOD PEA JACKETS,
$4 ....OVERCOATS,
$9 ....COMPLETE SUITS,
$1 ....GOOD VESTS,
75 CTS., $1 and $1.25......UNDERSHIRTS,
75 CTS., $1 and $1.25 ....DRAWERS

A. DUFF. O'MEARA & CO.
Ottawa, October 27 1868. 882y

GIVING UP BUSINESS.

LAST MONTH.

Ladies wishing to have SKIRTS made any particular shape or size to fit them will please leave their orders at once, as the skirt makers will be paid off by Christmas.

A large lot of HOOP SKIRTS still on hand which will be sold without any regard to cost during this month.

140 dozen CORSETS yet on hand, every size and shape; will be sold at very low prices.

A large lot of KNITTED GOODS still remaining. Breakfast Shawls, Sontags, Clouds, Hoods, &c. &c.

HOSIERY and GLOVES very cheap.

Four dozen Ladies' SATCHELS at half price.

A few of those Black Quilted Skirts yet on hand at reduced prices.

Hair Nets, Corse Clasps, &c.

Also, three of Raymond's Improved Family Sewing Machines at $10, former price, $12.

CITY HOOP SKIRT FACTORY,
43 Sparks-st, Centre Town.

N.B.—Any party wishing to commence the Skirt Manufacturing Business can purchase all the requisite machinery and materials at much below cost by calling on MR. MILLAR at the factory.

For Sale or to Let.

TO LUMBERERS.—The subscriber is authorized to receive proposals for lease of the best STEAM MILL SITE on the River Ottawa, below the Chaudiere Falls. Very extensive storage for logs and piling ground. Lumber may be shipped direct from the mill.

R. H. HAYCOCK, Solicitor, Ottawa.
Dec. 19, 1868. 928d

FOR SALE, OR TO LET for a term of years, BELLEGREEN COTTAGE and GROUNDS, say two and a half acres, situate on the Bank of the Rideau River, (Ottawa-st.) The Cottage is built of brick and tin roofed, with a gallery all round. The gardens and grounds are in a high state of cultivation. Large storeroom, stables, granary, coach and ice-house, woodsheds, &c., all in the best of order. It is one of the most healthy and comfortable residences for a private family in or about the city of Ottawa. For particulars apply to FRANCIS CLEMOW, Esq.—Office, Sparks-st., near the Russell House—or to the proprietor J. WADSWORTH.

Terms moderate. Possession given at any time to suit parties. 927tf

VALUABLE FARMS FOR SALE.—Lot 21 in the 3rd Concession, Gloucester, Ottawa Front, 200 acres, about 80 cleared and under cultivation, with comfortable Dwelling and good Barn. The bush land is principally hardwood, and very valuable from its proximity to Ottawa. Also, Lot 20, in 3rd Concession, Gloucester, Ottawa Front, containing 200 acres, 20 acres cleared. The remainder of this lot is heavily wooded with hard and soft wood. These farms will be sold separately or together as may be desired. The short distance of only 3 miles from Ottawa makes the wood of greater value. These lands are well watered, of excellent soil, and would make a fine dairy farm. Apply to the Proprietor, C. SPARROW, or to D. O'CONNOR, Solicitor, Ottawa.

Ottawa, Nov. 25, 1868. 908tf

MEMBERS OF PARLIAMENT and others visiting the Capital can be accommodated with board and apartments, single or double, at a first-class Boarding House, within five minutes' walk of the Parliament Buildings. References given if required. Apply to MRS. W. PARDY, Wellington-st., Ottawa. 905-2m

ROOMS TO LET.

MRS. SMITH, Corner of Bank and Albert-sts., can rent TWO FURNISHED BEDROOMS and a SITTING ROOM. 868tf

FOR SALE.—The Westerly one-third of Lot No. 27, in First Concession, Ottawa Front, Nepean, and Lots Nos. 26 and 28, in the same concession, at present in the occupation of Wm. T. Aylen, Esq. For further particulars apply to JOHN and WM. THOMSON, Nepean, and LEWIS & PINHEY, Barristers, Ottawa. Je2-141-tf

Commission Merchants.

DOMINION AUCTION MART,

AND

COMMISSION SALE ROOMS,

HOUSE, LAND AND GENERAL AGENCY,

OFFICE AND SALE ROOMS,

INGLIS' NEW BUILDINGS, SUSSEX-ST.,

OTTAWA.

The subscriber respectfully announces to the inhabitants of Ottawa and surrounding country that at the request of many friends he has decided on opening an extensive and well regulated Auction Mart in this city:

From arrangements made with some of the Furniture Manufactories of Western Ontario, a large and well selected stock of new furniture will be constantly on hand.

Public Sales will be held from time to time, of which due notice will be given, and at which parties requiring to furnish will have an opportunity of purchasing at unusually low rates. The Mart is now open with a large stock of new Furniture, as well as Pianos, Harmoniums, &c., &c., consigned for sale.

The subscriber would also intimate that he is the Sole Agent for Ottawa and territory for the sale of Rappe, Webber & Co.'s celebrated grand Pianos.

They are successors to the late John C. Fox, of Kingston, and the makers of his excellent Pianos.

From their long experience in Germany, Paris, and New York, they are universally admitted to be the best Piano Manufacturers on this continent.

The high reputation of the instruments made by them for the past ten years, and the increasing demand for them in the new Dominion, prove their very superior quality, and universally acknowledged merit.

The Pianos, as well as the Furniture in the establishment, will be sold either by private sale or auction.

He would also announce that he is prepared to receive instructions from persons having household furniture, horses, carriages, or real estate, to dispose of, and pledges himself that nothing will be left undone by him to give satisfaction in discharging the trust confided to him. He hopes that by strict attention to the sales entrusted to his care, as well as by prompt settlements immediately after, to merit a share of public patronage.

He will be in his office from 7 in the morning until 7 in the evening, when he can see parties who wish to arrange about their sales. Consignments from a distance will have immediate attention.

Cash advances, when required, will be made on consignments for immediate sale.

All kinds of furniture bought, sold or exchanged.

REFERENCES.

His Lordship the Bishop of Kingston,
Hon. Sir John A. Macdonald,
Hon. H. L. Langevin, C B,
Hon. Alex. Campbell, P M G,
R. W. Scott, Esq. M P P,
Walter Shanly, Esq. M P
Max. W. Strange, Esq. M P P,
Francis H. Burton, Esq. M P
James O'Rielly, Esq. Q C,
H.V. Noel, Esq. Manager Quebec Bank, Ottawa.
Robert Lyon, Esq. M P P.

A smart young man wanted to act as travelling agent representing several firms.

J. BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer and Commission Merchant,
75.y House, Land and General Agent.

REMOVAL.

The subscribers beg to inform their customers and the public generally that they have removed to those spacious premises lately occupied by M. K. Dickinson, Canal Basin, and where will be found constantly on hand the following goods:

FLOUR,
PORK,
OATMEAL, &c.

ALSO ON HAND,

2,000 CORDS OF GOOD FIREWOOD,
and 600,000 sawed SHINGLES.

Wholesale and Commission Agents.

Goods forwarded with despatch between Ottawa, Kingston and Intermediate Ports, by the Steamer *Mary Ann*, and three barges.

☞ *Silver Taken at Par.* ☜

WM. H. EASTON & CO.,
Forwarders and Commission Merchants,
Canal Basin

VULCAN IRON WORKS,

WELLINGTON-STREET,
OTTAWA.

ALEXANDER FLECK, Proprietor and Manager of the VULCAN IRON WORKS, MONTREAL, begs to inform the public of Ottawa and the surrounding Counties that he has purchased the extensive works hitherto owned and worked by T. M. Blaisdell, Esquire, as Founder, Machinist, and Worker in all kinds of Iron Work.

Having made full arrangements to meet the wants of the Trade, he respectfully draws the attention of those about to erect Saw and other Mills, Mill Owners generally, Steamboat Owners, and others, to the facilities offered for the manufacture of such articles as they may require. He will be prepared to receive and execute promptly all orders in his line of business in the best manner and at reasonable prices.

ALEXANDER FLECK.
Ottawa, December 11, 1868. 922d

HORSE INFIRMARY,

AND

VETERINARY ESTABLISHMENT
YORK-STREET, OTTAWA,
Next to Salmen's Hotel.

A. J. F. COLEMAN, V. S
(Member of the College of Veterinary Surgeons Toronto; by appointment, V.S., to the Co. of Carleton Agricultural Society.)

Orders or communications promptly attended to and medicines sent to any part of the Dominion. Charges moderate. 812y

COAL! COAL!

NEWCASTLE GRATE,
(Screened.)
LACKAWANNA,
(Egg and Stove Sizes.)
LEHIGH,
(Lump and Egg Sizes.)
BLACKSMITH'S,
$6 per Chaldron.

For Sale by
D. W. COWARD & CO.,
Commission Merchants,
912 2m Office—17 Sparks-st.

Medical.

PAIN KILLER!

A PURELY VEGETABLE MEDICINE

TAKEN INTERNALLY, CURES

Sudden Colds, Catarrh, Coughs, Bronchitis, Asthma, Fever and Ague, Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, Acid Stomach, Headache, Heartburn, Indigestion, Canker in the Mouth, Throat or Stomach, Sick Headache, Sea Sickness, Piles, Kidney Complaints, Canker Rash, Cramp and Pain in the Stomach, Painter's Colic, Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Summer Complaint, Cholera Morbus, Cholera Infantum and Cholera.

APPLIED EXTERNALLY, CURES

Scalds, Burns, Frostbites, Chillblains, Erysipelas, Ringworms, Whitlows, Boils, Old Sores, Sprains, Bruises, Toothache, Headache, Neuralgia in the Face or Head, Pains in the Side, Pains in the Back and Loins, Rheumatism, Rheumatic Gout, Neuralgic or Rheumatic Pains in the Joints and Limbs, Stings of Insects, Scorpions, Centipedes, and the Bites of Poisonous Insects and Venomous Reptiles.

At this season, when coughs and colds are so prevalent, an effectual remedy, and one easily obtained, is *Perry Davis' Vegetable Pain Killer*. It is no new nostrum, vended by unknown agents, but has stood the test of over 20 years; and those who use the article, internally or externally, will connect with it grateful recollections of its worthy inventor.—*Hastings' Chronicle, C. W.*

PAIN KILLER.—The testimonials borne to the efficacy of this valuable medicine are sufficient to warrant its introduction into every house. Our own opinion is that no family should be without a bottle of it for a single hour. In flesh wounds, aches, pains, sores, &c., it is the most effectual remedy we know of. A bottle will last for a very long time, and its low price places it within the reach of all. Our readers will remember that the Messrs. Perry Davis & Son have opened out a house in Montreal, whence Canadian orders are supplied.—*News, St. Johns, C. E.*

☞ We are glad to learn that the "Pain Killer" is having so large a sale in our city. We have every reason to believe it to be an almost never failing cure for pain, and is a medicine that no family should be without.—*Montreal Pilot.*

In an attack of Diarrhœa, Dysentery or Cramp Colic, don't delay the use of the Pain Killer.

Rev. H. L. Van Meter, Burmah, writes, "The Pain Killer has become an almost indispensable article in my family."

Hundreds of missionaries give similar testimony of its virtues.

Rev. J. G. Stearns writes, "I consider it the best remedy for Dyspepsia I ever knew."

Rev. Jabez S. Swan says, "I have used it for years in my family, and consider it an invaluable remedy."

We cheerfully add our testimony in favor of this medicine.—*Roman Citizen.*

We have tasted this medicine and assure our readers that it not only possesses all the virtues claimed for it, but in many instances surpasses any other remedy which we have ever known.—*Herald of Gospel Liberty.*

It is really a valuable medicine. It is used by many physicians.—*Boston Traveller.*

I have used Davis' Pain Killer, and consider it an indispensable article in the medicine box. It has effected cures in Diarrhœa, and for cuts and bruises it is invaluable.—*New York Examiner.*

Spoken of in terms of high commendation by both druggist and physician.—*Philadelphia Eagle.*

The Pain Killer is sold at wholesale by druggists and medicine dealers, and commission merchants, in the principal cities, and retailed by Apothecaries, Grocers and at Variety Shops generally, throughout the world. Price, 15 cents, 25 cents and 50 cents per bottle.

PERRY DAVIS & SON,
Manufacturers and Proprietors, 380 St. Paul-st., Montreal, P. of Q.
78 High-st., Providence, R. I.; 71 Southampton Row, Holborn, London, England.
DAVIDSON & DANIEL, GENERAL AGENTS

MORTIMER'S

INFALLIBLE REMEDY
FOR
CHOLERA,
DIARRHŒA, and
BOWEL COMPLAINTS.

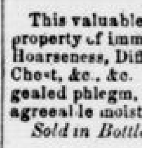
The following extract, which Mr. Mortimer is kindly permitted to publish, is from the letter of a relative of Dr. Wolfe, of this city, now residing in the United States:

"Find out if the Express charges are too high, and if not, arrange with Mortimer to let you have a box of the bottles of CHOLERA MIXTURE, I could make a good little fortune with them. The bottle I brought with me here brought two ladies round from decided cholera; one on board the boat, and the other in Berlin, United States. Both commenced with diarrhœa, then with dysentery, and then vomiting. The one at Berlin was very bad. I gave her three doses of the Cholera Mixture, the third of which stopped the vomiting. The next day she was all right, or nearly so. She was very grateful. I have now only a little left."

☞ This excellent mixture, which should be in every family, is only

TWENTY-FIVE CENTS A BOTTLE.

NONE OTHER GENUINE.

TRADE MARK  REGISTERED

CANADIAN COUGH EMULSION.

This valuable medicine has the extraordinary property of immediately relieving Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Difficulty of Breathing, Tightness in Chest, &c., &c. It operates by dissolving the congealed phlegm, causing free expectoration, and an agreeable moistness to the skin.

Sold in Bottles at 1s. 3d. and 2s. 6d. Each.

MORTIMER'S COMPOUND ANTIBILIOUS
AND
FAMILY APERIENT PILLS,

A grand specific for derangement of the Digestive Organs, and for obstructions and torpid action of the Liver and Bowels.

Mortimer's Vegetable Worm Destroyer. The only sure remedy that exists, combining delicious taste and amazing power.

MORTIMER'S

Colognes, Pomades, Toilet Vinegar, Rose Dentifrice, for the Teeth and Gums. Also constantly on hand Perfumes of all kinds, and Toilet Requisites usually kept in a first-class establishment.

No. 41 Sussex-st., Ottawa City.

PARODEE'S EPILEPTIC CURE,

For the relief and cure of Epilepsy, St. Vitus' Dance, Puerperal Hysteria, &c., &c. This preparation is from the recipe of a celebrated French Physician, and the very great success which has attended its use in every case, and where the highest medical skill was of no avail, has induced the subscriber to give it every possible publicity. The genuine has the subscriber's name and address on each bottle. Price one dollar. Sole Proprietor, J. A. HARTE, Chemist, 396, Notre Dame-street, Montreal.

Harte's Florida Water, equal to anything imported. Price 37½ cents per bottle. 783y

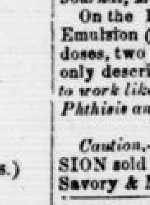
DARLEY'S ARABIAN HEAVE REMEDY and CONDITION MEDICINE is positively superior to any, or all other preparations for the cure of Heaves, Coughs, Thick and Broken Wind, and all diseases which affect the wind of horses; also, as a Condition Medicine, surpassing everything of the kind, is easy to give, sure to cure and safe in all cases and at all times, and does not prevent the horse from being worked while using it.

It cleanses the breathing apparatus, by removing from the air-cells the coagulable lymph, or that secretion which in heaves clogs them, causing a difficulty in breathing, and by its action on the diseased part, causing the mucous membrane to resume its natural dimensions, thus equalizing the circulation of the blood, and restoring the distended vessels to their natural size; by its use the horse's appetite is improved, all derangements of the digestive organs corrected, softening the skin, and giving to the coat a sleek and shining appearance.

D. W. HURD, successor to HURD & Co., Maiden Lane, New York, Sole Proprietor for the United States.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, Ont., Proprietors for Canada.

Price 25 cents. Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, Henry F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J. Brown, in Ottawa. 889-45-6m



FOR CASES of

CONSUMPTION

treated with SAVORY & MOORE'S

PANCREATIC EMULSION.

See *The Lancet, British Medical Journal, Medical Press, &c.*

On the 14th Oct. I commenced the Pancreatic Emulsion (SAVORY & MOORE'S) in two tea-spoonful doses, two hours after dinner and supper. I can only describe its effects by saying that it seemed *to work like a charm.*"—Dr. Kinkead's *Paper on Phthisis and its treatment.*

Medical Press, &c., Feb. 26, 1868.

Caution.—The genuine PANCREATIC EMULSION sold only in bottles, 2s 6d, 4s 6d and 8s, with Savory & Moore's labels and trade mark.

THE BEST FOOD FOR INFANTS, resembling Mother's Milk as closely as possible.—Dr. H. Barker *on right foods for children.*

"THE INFANT PRINCE thrives upon it as a Prince should."—*Social Science Review.*

"A REAL IMPROVEMENT (*Lancet*) on the ordinary kinds of LIEBIG'S FOOD," and the only one that keeps good in all climates.

No boiling or straining. Tins, 1s, 2s, 5s and 10s.

SAVORY & MOORE,
143, New Bond-st, London.

Stoves & Hardware.

A SWINDLE

Having been perpetrated on the public by stove dealers, unknowingly, we hope, selling spurious self-feeding coal stoves that are almost useless; and finding it detrimental to the sale of the justly celebrated

REFLECTOR,

we take this opportunity of saying to those who have been so swindled, and to those who contemplate buying a coal stove, that in order to PROVE that the Reflector is ahead of all other stoves for beauty, cheapness and economy, we will put them up ready for work, and allow them to be tested for one month, and if they do not suit take them away again, free of charge. Now this is an offer that the public must appreciate, and we are determined they shall. Try one, it will cost nothing unless you are perfectly satisfied, and be of no trouble to us. Any other kind of stove cheap during the Bankrupt Sale.

ESMONDE BROS.,
48 Sparks-st.,
Opposite Ontario Bank.

BLYTH & KERR,

No. 25 RIDEAU-ST.,

Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters, Tin and Copper Smiths, Bell Hangers, &c., &c.

A large stock of materials for the above branches of business constantly on hand.

Importers of

HOUSE FURNISHING HARDWARE.

STOVES! STOVES!

STOVES!

Hall, Fancy, Parlour and Cook Stoves, in great variety.

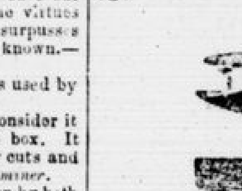
Agents for Eaton's Patent Automatic, Self-Ventilating, Wood and Coal Stoves. Also Beecher & Co.'s celebrated

HOT AIR FURNACES.

☞ Public and Private Buildings, Conservatories, Vineries, Manufactories, &c., warmed by Steam, Hot Water, or Warm Air, on the latest and most approved principles.

SKATES, SKATES, SKATES,

AT THE



SIGN OF THE ANVIL, No. 24, RIDEAU-ST., where you can get a complete assortment of SKATES of all sizes, and at any price to suit purchasers, from 25 cents to $5.50 per pair. In the assortment will be found

The celebrated Sheffield Club,
" " Canadian Favorite,
" " Central Park do
and all other English and German Patterns.
Skate Straps, all patterns, &c., &c.

Also, a general assortment of

SHELF & HEAVY HARDWARE,

consisting in part of
GENERAL HOUSE FURNISHING,
Butcher Knives, Knives and Forks,
Pocket Knives, Table Spoons,
Tea Spoons, Tea Trays, Table Mats,
Buts, Screws, Locks,
Bolts, Catches, Latches,
Axes, Saws, Planes, Squares,
Hammers, Spokeshaves, Gouges,
Chisels, Augers, Auger Bits,
Steel Bits, Bevels,
Levels, Boring Machines,
Draw Knives, &c., &c., &c.

Together with

PAINT OF ALL COLORS,

Rose Pink, Burnt Umber,
Terra de Seinna, Chrome Yellow,
Yellow Ochre, Celestial Blue,
Paris Green, Brunswick Green,
Magnesia Green, Venetian Red,
Red Lead, White Lead, in oil or dry,
Drop Black, Ivory Black,
Lamp Black, Boiled Oil,
Raw Oil, Turpentine,
Benzole, Coal Oil,
Paint Brushes,
Varnishes, &c.

THOS. BIRKETT,
Sign of the Anvil,
No. 24, Rideau-st.

P. S.—All goods delivered free to any part of the city 408y

WARDELL'S PATENT STOVE-PIPE.

No more difficulty in putting stovepipes together. They will fit like a glove, and can't fall apart. By this new invention STOVEPIPES may be fitted into each other with the greatest ease, and here will be

NO NEED OF WIRING UP,

as they cannot fall apart of their own accord. The invention (patented) is simple and effective, a short opening at the joint at each end of the pipe enables two of them to be locked together, and the "bead" effectually prevents their separation.

Any person can put them together with the expedition of a practised tinsmith.

They will be sold at the low price of

FIFTEEN CENTS PER LENGTH.

The undersigned having bought the exclusive right for the City of Ottawa and County of Carleton, from Mr. Y. K. REID, respectfully invites the public to call and examine them, being fully persuaded that all who see them will refuse to buy any other kind.

C. P. DORION,
58 Sparks-st.,
Opposite British Lion Hotel.
Ottawa, October 14. 871.3m

S. SAFE: **S.** SURE: **S.** SUCCESSFUL.

Such is the character given of every stove sold during the past year at the

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,
35 Sussex-street, Ottawa,
H. MEADOWS & CO.

We beg to notify the public that our stock for the season is now complete; our

STOVES

are of the latest and most improved patterns, and the most extensive assortment shown in Ottawa.

COOKING STOVES, of the good old-fashioned kind,
COOKING STOVES, of the latest and most modern designs,
PARLOR STOVES, for elegance of design cannot be surpassed.
BOX & HALL STOVES, that are unrivalled for heating purposes,
DOUBLE STOVES, the best in use,
HOTEL STOVES, large and extra strong made expressly for Hotel and Boarding Houses, complete with large Copper Water Reservoirs and Plate Warmers. We call special attention of Hotel Keepers to these stoves, they will last as long as any six ordinary stoves. See them and judge for yourselves. Price lists sent free on application.

COOKING STOVES, DOUBLE STOVES,
BOX STOVES, HOTEL STOVES,
PARLOR STOVES, COAL STOVES,
BEDROOM STOVES, DUMB STOVES,
STOVEPIPES! ELBOWS! STOVEPIPES!
Common, Bright and Russia Iron,

and everything in the Tin, Sheet Iron and Copperware Line, on hand or made to order.

Hot Air Furnaces, Eave Troughs, Building Job Work and Repairs attended to punctually. We keep none but the best and most experienced mechanics.

HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS,

of every description in stock, suitable for the smallest family, or the largest hotel.

ARE YOU GOING TO BE MARRIED?

If so, call and see our large assortment of necessary House-keeping Goods, suitable for Kitchen, Dining Room, or any room in your house.

YOUNG MAN, see that your house is well furnished with useful articles before you spend your money in mere showy ornamental things.

IRON BEDSTEADS, LAMPS,

COAL OIL, SAUCEPANS,

Brass and Enamelled Kettles, Tinware, Toilet Setts, Baths, Flour Sieves, Brushes, Dish Covers, Table Mats, Sad Irons, Table Cutlery, Tea and Table Spoons, Preserve Jars, Mincing Knives, Wash Tubs and Boards, Refrigerators, Egg Beaters, Cruet Stands, Ash Pails, Table Bells, Tea Trays, Tea and Coffee Pots, Soup Tureens, Jelly and Pudding Moulds, &c., &c., &c., &c.

COUNTRY MERCHANTS

Supplied with

STOVEPIPES AND TINWARE,

At reduced figures,

CAMP KETTLES, SHANTY PLATES,

AND BASINS,

BIRD CAGES! BIRD CAGES! BIRD CAGES

All of the above at the

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,
street, Ottawa.
62y H. MEADOWS & CO.

Medical Cards.

EDWARD C. MALLOCH, M.D., M. R. C. S. Duke-st., LeBreton's Flats, "opposite the well." Office hours from 8:30 to 10:30 a.m., and 3 to 5 p.m. dw

DR. O. C. WOOD, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Ottawa. Day office opposite Magee & Russell's, Sparks-street, Centre Town. Night office at his residence, Maria-street, Centre Town. CANCERS CURED, without the use of the knife, by a new, but certain, speedy, and almost painless process. References given to parties successfully treated, if required. 17w100y

DR. C. LEGGO, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Office—Hunton's Block, Sparks-street.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street, Central Ottawa. 34utf

DR. C. A. MARTIN, Dentist. Office—Sussex-street, over Messrs. Campbell & Co.'s, Grocers. 34utf

DR. GEORGE HUTCHISON, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street, opposite Magee & Russell's. 578y

DR. W. J. HENRY, Corner of Kent and Wellington-streets, Ottawa. 43utf

Hotels and Saloons.

"GOING DOWN TO MONTREAL?"

Put up at the "CITY HOTEL," one of the most comfortable houses in the city.

This Hotel has just been fitted up in a first-class style, and at an enormous expense; its accommodations are of the best kind, it contains 75 rooms, with good yard and stabling for 60 horses. The table is always supplied with all the delicacies of the season. The Bar is also supplied with the very best of Liquors. Besides all that, this Hotel is situated right in the centre of business, near the R.R. Depot, and within a few minutes walk from the Banks and Post Office.

Terms are exceedingly moderate. Try once and you will be satisfied.

☞ Remember the Place "City Hotel," 78, 80 and 82, St. Joseph-street, Montreal.

CHARLES LAURIN,
853tf Proprietor.

PICKWICK HOUSE,

Corner James and King-sts.,
Opposite the Court House and Public Offices, ST. CATHARINES, Ont.

E. HOUGHTON, Proprietor,
(Late of Houghton's Dining Saloon.)

☞ A spacious sample-room for commercial travellers. 859y

OTTAWA HOUSE.

Corner of Main and Prince of Wales-streets Pembroke, Ontario.

Stages in connection with the steamers *Jason Gould, Pembroke* and *Pontiac.*

Particular attention paid to the comfort of guests. Good rooms for commercial travellers. Horses and vehicles always on hand.

J. COPELAND,
Proprietor.
Pembroke, Aug. 1, 1868. 809y

TORONTO HOUSE, Sparks-st.

MRS. TROTTER begs to announce that she has at present several commodious and handsomely furnished suites of apartments, in every respect eligible for civil or military officers, or private gentlemen remaining in the city. 773tf

REVERE HOUSE, OTTAWA.

G. A. BUCKE,
W. H. SANGER, } ....PROPRIETORS.

This first-class Hotel has been re-furnished and refitted throughout, and now combines all the requisites of a first-class establishment. 582tf

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,

M. KAVANAGH, *Proprietor,*

Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings.

The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brandies Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.

☞ Oysters, Game etc., daily

THE METROPOLITAN,

AUMOND'S BLOCK,
Rideau Street Ottawa.
292tf P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.

DOMINION HOUSE,

WELLINGTON-STREET.

The undersigned, formerly head waiter at the Russell House, begs to notify his friends and the public generally that he has leased the above hotel, which is now well furnished, and will be kept as a first class house. The bar is well stocked with the choicest brands of liquors. The table will be furnished with the best the market affords. Good yard and stabling attached to the premises.

658y GEORGE IRVINE.

Miscellaneous.

I. B. TACKABERRY, Auction Rooms No. 36, Rideau-street, below Whyte's Stationery Store. The sale of Real Estate at Auction or private sale promptly attended to. Consignments received and immediate attention will be paid. Sales attended in any of the city or country. 699y

R. SPARKS, Provincial Land Surveyor, Draughtsman, &c., (commissioned for Upper and Lower Canada.) Office and residence, Gloucester, near Ottawa. Surveys of every description executed with accuracy. Communications addressed Ottawa City, (post-paid), or left at the office of N. Sparks, Solicitor, &c., Ottawa, will receive prompt attention. 55 y

H. BILLINGS, Jr., Architect, Elgin street opposite the Post Office.

REFERENCES.—H A Sims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany; Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq Managing Director O. & St L. R.R. 74ot

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale. OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

O'CONNOR & WALLER, Exchange Brokers, Fire, Life and Accidental Insurance, Commission and Collecting Agents.

Office, No. 27, Sussex-street, Ottawa.
R. E. O'CONNOR. 378y W. R. WALLER.

OLIVER & ANNABLE, Wholesale Manufacturers of Bedsteads, Chairs, &c., Chaudiere Island, Ottawa, C. W.

JOHN OLIVER,
506y WILLIAM ANNABLE.

R. H. McGREEVY, Contractor and Builder. Office: North side York Street, second door from Sussex Street. 78y

PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS, &c.,

Prepared for buildings of every description, by SIDNEY B. FRIPP, Architect,
711tf Wellington-st.

Dye Works.

BRANCH OF

ST. LAWRENCE DYE WORKS,

Elgin-st., (*Opposite the Russell House,*) Ottawa, Ont.

MACDONALD & CO.,
SILK AND WOOLLEN DYERS,
Scourers, Hot Pressers, &c.

☞ Gentlemen's Clothes cleaned and dyed. Kid Gloves cleaned. 894-3m

OTTAWA CITY

STEAM DYE WORKS,

Sussex-st.,

SIGN OF THE GOLDEN SHEEP,

Opposite Martineau's Store,

Has not removed to Centre Town, but can be found at the above address.

Great reduction in prices for cleaning or dyeing. All kinds of Wool, Cotton, Silk, &c., done at reduced rates.

No use of sending goods to Montreal.

☞ Encourage home manufactures.

LETHAM & BRUNAIS,
876tf Sussex-st.

BOARD.

Five or six gentlemen boarders can get rooms, with or without board, in the vicinity of Sandy Hill, within ten minutes walk of the Parliament Buildings, by applying at the Office of this paper.

Ottawa, October 10, 1868. 858tf

NOTICE.—Parties indebted to the ESTATE of the late N. SPARKS, Esq., for interest or otherwise, are hereby notified that all accounts not settled on or before the 1st day of January, 1869, will certainly be handed to our Solicitor for collection.

N. SPARKS,
JAMES D. SLATER,
Executors Estate of late N. Sparks.
Ottawa, November 23, 1868. 906Jy1

CONCENTRATED LYE.

CAUTION TO THE PUBLIC.

The remarkable success which has attended the introduction of the celebrated Concentrated Lye into Canadian market, by the subscriber, has excited the cupidity of an unprincipled firm in town (which has already been convicted of borrowing other people's brains) by a spurious imitation called Saponifier. To avoid disappointment, purchasers should be careful to ask for Harte's Concentrated Lye, which is sold by all respectable Druggists and Grocers in town and country. 783y

Legal Cards.

J. W. WARD, of the late firm of Lewis, Pinhey & Ward, has removed his Chancery Office to Bell's Law Chambers, opposite Russell House, Elgin-st. dw

NICHOLAS SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

E. A. MARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 902y

MOSGROVE & TAILLON, Barristers, Solicitors, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.

WILLIAM MOSGROVE. 366tf GEORGE TAILLON.

N. TETREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post Office. 390tf

LAPIERRE & HAYCOCK, Attornies-at-Law, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers and Notaries Public, Corner of Sussex and York-streets, Ottawa. 368y

D. O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex-street. Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 55y

R. H. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Post Office Building, Elgin-street, Ottawa. 43utf

P. J. BUCKLEY, L.L.B., Barrister and Attorney-at-Law. Solicitor-in-Chancery, and Notary Public. Office—over Mr. Luke Cuzner's Boot and Shoe Store, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 334y

LEES & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. Office—In the Court House, Ottawa.

ROBERT LEES. 43utf JOHN J. GEMMELL.

EDWARD T. DARTNELL, Barrister, Solicitor, Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the Court House, L'Orignal. 34 6m

Educational.

BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES, OTTAWA, ONTARIO.

MRS. ROBERT STEWART, from London, England, has made arrangements to receive as Boarding Pupils (in conjunction with her already well established day school) a limited number of young ladies, to whom she will impart a solid and polite education on moderate terms.

She has had great experience in teaching, and the management of young people.

Her system is modern and complete; the house commodious, and situated in one of the best parts of the city.

Mrs Robert Stewart devotes all her time to the duties of her station. The utmost care will be taken in reference to health, morals, and religious training, and the domestic arrangements are such as to ensure comfort to those committed to her care.

The next term will begin on the 1st February, 1869.

References are kindly permitted to the Hon. Sir J. A. Macdonald, K.C.B., Hon. S. L. Tilley, C.B., Hon. Alex. Campbell, Hon. Malcolm Cameron, Hon. Col. Gray, M.P., Fennings Taylor, Esq., Andrew Drummond, Esq., Manager Bank of Montreal, Ottawa, J. A. Grant, Esq, M. D., M.P., and Henry Cotton, Esq.

N.B.—Prospectuses on application to Mrs. Robt. Stewart, Ottawa, Ontario. 932-1awF1-5-11

YOUNG LADIES'

BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL,
Wellington-st.,
CONDUCTED BY MISS HARMON.

The Classes will (D.V.) re-assemble after the Christmas vacation, on TUESDAY, JAN. 5th, 1869. The Spring Term will commence on the 1st of FEBRUARY. There are vacancies for two additional Boarding Pupils. The Drawing, Singing, French and Music Classes, are under the tuition of competent and thoroughly experienced teachers. Young ladies who have finished their English studies can join these classes without reference to the English course. Prospectuses, containing the statement of terms, and the course of English studies pursued in the school, can be obtained at Messrs. Durie's Bookstore, and on application to MISS HARMON.

December 29, 1868. 935a

MUSICAL ACADEMY.

Mr. GUSTAVE SMITH, (Organist of the Cathedral) a Graduate of the Imperial Conservatory of Paris. Lessons on Piano and Singing. Rideau-street, corner of King-street

Ottawa, June 23, 1868. 775y

PIANO-FORTE TUITION.

W. C. CLARK, Professor of Music and Teacher of Piano, Voice and Harmony. Also, Mrs. Clark, Teacher of Drawing and Painting. Music Rooms and Residence, O'Connor-street, corner of Slater-street, Centre Town.

Orders may be left at his residence or at Orme & Son's Music Store. 452

TUITION.

MONS. H. BERTHELOT, of the Ottawa Grammar School, is now prepared to give private lessons in the French language. Terms moderate.

N B.—Will also give lessons in the Latin, Greek or English languages if required.

Orders may be left at Messrs. Durie & Son's bookstore.

Ottawa, October 16, 1868. 873tf

THE SISTERS

OF THE

CONGREGATION DE NOTRE DAME,

FROM MONTREAL,

respectfully inform the public that they will open a branch of their

Educational Establishment in Ottawa.

Their classes will begin on the 15th OCTOBER. For particulars and terms apply to the

LADY SUPERIORESS,
863tf Corner of O'Connor and Maria-sts.

Druggists.

HOLIDAY PRESENTS

AT

THE MEDICAL HALL,

28 Sparks-st., Ottawa.

Toilet Boxes in variety,
Rimmel's New Perfumes,
Cambridge Bouquet,
Oxford Bouquet,
English Lavender Water,
Silver Top Smelling Bottles,
Scotch Plaid Smelling Bottles,
Improved Perfumed Distributors,
&c., &c., &c.

A complete stock just received of Toilet Articles,
Patent Medicines,
Genuine Drugs and Chemicals,
Druggists' Sundries of all descriptions.

W. M. MASSEY,
Family and Dispensing Chemist.

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer has now been before the public for a length of time, and whenever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Dealers are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying to the universal satisfaction it gives

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it. Physicians order and use it; and no family will without it after once trying it.

Price twenty-five cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, C. W.,
General Agents for C. W

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W M. Massey, H. F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J. Brown, in Ottawa.

GEO. MAYES,

COPPER PLATE PRINTER,

Bank Street, Centre Town,

Between Sparks & Queen Streets.

Bills of Exchange, Bill Heads, Visiting Cards, &c., Printed on the shortest notice.

Railroads.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY COMPANY OF CANADA.

1868.] WINTER ARRANGEMENTS. [1869.

Trains now leave BONAVENTURE STATION as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburg, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at .... 9:10 a m
Night do do do do do 8:30 p m
Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at .... 7:00 a m
Trains for Lachine at ....8:00 a m, 9:30 a m 3:00 p m, 5:00 p m.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations at.......... 7.00 a m
Express for Boston at.......... 8:40 a m
Express for New York and Boston at.......... 3:30 p m via Vermont Central.
Express for New York via Plattsburgh, Lake Champlain, Burlington & Rutland at 3:00 p m
Express for Island Pond, at.......... 2:00 p m
Night Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham and Portland, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St. Hilaire, St. Hyacinthe, Acton, Richmond, Sherbrooke, Waterville and Coaticook only, at..........10:10 p m

☞ Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains. Baggage checked through.

The steamer *Carlotta* leaves Portland every SATURDAY AFTERNOON (after the arrival of train from Montreal on Friday night), for Halifax, N. S., returning on Tuesday.

She has excellent accommodation for passengers and freight.

The International Company's Steamers, running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway, leave Portland every MONDAY, at 5 p m, for St. John, N. B.

Tickets issued through at the Company's principal stations.

For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure Station;

C. J. BRYDGES, Managing Director.
Montreal, Dec. 7, 1868.

CHANGE OF TIME.

ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY,

(formerly the Ottawa & Prescott Railway.)

ON and AFTER MONDAY, the 30th of NOV., 1868, and until further notice, TRAINS will run as follows:

LEAVE OTTAWA.	ARRIVE IN PRESCOTT.
Express, 8 a. m.	10.30 a. m.
Mixed, 1.00 p. m.	4.15 p. m
LEAVE PRESCOTT.	**ARRIVE IN OTTAWA.**
Mixed, 7. 30 a. m.	11.00 a. m.
Express, 2.10 p. m.	4.45 p. m.

The time of these Trains has been so arranged as to ensure connection with night and day trains on Grand Trunk, east and west.

Baggage to and from Ottawa checked through from and to stations on Grand Trunk Railway

Return tickets to Prescott, Kemptville and Ottawa at reduced rates can be had at the principal stations on the line.

T. S. DETLOR, Superintendent. THOMAS REYNOLDS, Managing Director.

N. B.—The above Trains all run by Montreal Time.

Ottawa, Nov. 27, 1868. 1y

BROCKVILLE & OTTAWA RAILWAY.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT,
Commencing on the 20th April, 1868.

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

7:15 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Brockville daily at 7:15 a.m., and 3:15 p.m., arriving at Sandpoint at 12:40 p. m. and 9 p.m.

LEAVE SANDPOINT.

5:15 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Sandpoint at 5:15 a.m. and 1:30 p.m., arriving at Brockville at 11:30 a.m. and 7:45 p.m.

All trains on main line connect at Smith's Falls with Trains to and from Perth.

The 7:15 a.m. train from Brockville connects with U. F. Coy's Steamers for Ottawa, Portage-du-Fort, Pembroke, &c., &c., and the 1:15 p.m. train from Sandpoint leaves after those steamers are due from east and west.

H ABBOTT,
Managing Director.
Brockville, April 11. 472y

TO FARMERS & OTHERS.

TRADE A. O. A. & Co. MARK.

Farmers and others should buy their TEA and COFFEE from

A. O. AUDY & CO.,

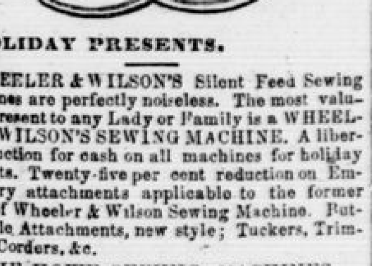
who are daily receiving by direct importations Tea and Coffee of the finest quality. Their business is conducted on the English principle, and the above named articles can be procured in 5 and 10 pound catties and upwards. The purchaser receives the benefit of a neat package, a good article, and at wholesale prices. Perfect satisfaction is ensured, and any goods not proving according to sample can be returned at our expense. We will pay the carriage on 4 five or 2 ten lb catties to the nearest railway station. For the accommodation of farmers and others not having heard of the advantage offered them, we have engaged trustworthy agents who will make occasional trips throughout the surrounding country and solicit their orders. Any favors submitted to them will receive prompt attention. We do not sell less than a cattie, and nothing but Tea and Coffee sold. The following is the list of prices:

BLACK TEA.	
Common Congou, Strong Tea	$0 45 @ 50
Fine Flavoured New Season do.	0 55 @ 60
Excellent Full Flavoured do.	0 75 @ 80
Sound Oolong	0 40 @ 45
Rich Flavoured, do	0 55 @ 60
Very Fine, do do	0 75 @ 80
Japan Good	0 50 @ 60
Very Good	0 65 @ 70
Finest	0 75 @ 80
GREEN TEA.	
Twankay, Common	0 35 @ 40
Fine do	0 55 @ 60
Young Hyson	0 50 @ 60
Fine do	0 75 @ 85
Superfine and Very Choice	1 00 @ 00
COFFEE.	
Mocha	$0 22, 0 27, 0 29, 0 33
Java	0 20, 0 25, 0 29, 0 32
Ceylon	0 18, 0 22, 0 26, 0 29

* Remember the place,

A. O. AUDY & CO.,
Elgin-st., opposite the Russell House.

Sewing Machines.



HOLIDAY PRESENTS.

WHEELER & WILSON'S Silent Feed Sewing Machines are perfectly noiseless. The most valuable present to any Lady or Family is a WHEELER & WILSON'S SEWING MACHINE. A liberal reduction for cash on all machines for holiday presents. Twenty-five per cent reduction on Embroidery attachments applicable to the former style of Wheeler & Wilson Sewing Machine. Button Hole Attachments, new style; Tuckers, Trimmers, Corders, &c.

THE HOWE SEWING MACHINES are best for Carriage Trimmers, Shoemakers and Tailors.

Call and see for yourselves; no trouble to show you how they sew.

Remember 37, Sparks-st., Ottawa; and 105 King-st., West Toronto.

G. A. WALTON, *Agent for Ontario,*
R. W. STEPHEN,
930tf *Manager for Ottawa Office.*

ENLARGED PORTRAITURE

OF

EVERY DESCRIPTION

BOTH

COLOURED AND PLAIN,
COLOURED AND PLAIN,
COLOURED AND PLAIN,

AT

W. NOTMAN'S, METCALFE-STREET.

To TOURISTS.—The largest collection in the Dominion of Photographs of Canadian Scenery
Ottawa, Sept. 7, 1868. 582y

Agencies.

PROVINCIAL INSURANCE.

MALCOLM CAMERON,

Agent .... Desbarats' Building, Office of Queen's Printer,

An entirely Canadian institution—perfect security to insurers, and immediate payment of claims.

Ottawa, Dec. 8, 1868. 918tf

UNION MUTUAL

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY OF MAINE.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, 12th October, 1868.

No. 184.

The following Insurance Company has received a license to transact the business of Life Insurance in Canada:

No. 34. The UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, of Maine.

Deposit in U. S. 6s of '81—$50,000.

E. R. CORWIN, General Agent, St. John, N.B.

For the Minister of Finance,
JOHN LANGTON,
Auditor.

I have this day deposited with the Receiver General, Twenty Thousand Dollars in addition to the above Fifty Thousand, making Seventy Thousand Dollars ($70,000) U. S. Gold Bonds, 6s of '81.

The Hon. Col. John H. Gray, M.P., has been appointed Counsel to the Company for the Dominion. All legal matters will be referred to him.

E. R. CORWIN,
Manager.

Ottawa, November 7, 1868. 896tf

ROYAL CANADIAN BANK.

OTTAWA AGENCY,

OFFICE—DESBARATS' BUILDING,

77 Sparks-st.

M. P. HAYES, Agent.

WATCHES.

J. SEWILL, LIVERPOOL,

Manufacturer by special appointment to HER MAJESTY THE QUEEN, ROYAL FAMILY AND COURT OF SPAIN, THE RIGHT HONORABLE THE LORDS COMMISSIONERS OF THE ADMIRALTY, AND HER MAJESTY QUEEN VICTORIA'S ROYAL NAVY:

Prize Medalist of the Great International Exhibition of London, 1862, and of the Universal Exhibition of Paris, 1867.

WE HEREBY APPOINT
MR. JOHN LESLIE,
Sparks-street,
Agent for Ottawa and Vicinity,
For the sale of these *celebrated Timekeepers.*

H. & A. SAUNDERS,
Montreal.

Sole Wholesale Agents in the Dominion for the sale of *J. Sewill's* Watches.

Ottawa May 20.

S. ROGERS,

CABINET-MAKER, UPHOLSTERER
AND
UNDERTAKER,
AT THE OLD STAND,
No. 70, RIDEAU-STREET
AND AT THE
WEST END WELLINGTON-STREET,

Where the usual assortment of Cabinet and Upholstering Goods can be obtained at moderate prices.

UNDERTAKING.

The Undertaking branch is under S. R.'s immediate superintendence, who attends all Funerals without Extra Charge, and has constantly on hand a large assortment of Ready-made Coffins, of all sizes and qualities:

METALLIC, BLACK CLOTH, COBOURG, &c.

Parties ordering Mahogany, Walnut, Oak or other Hardwood Coffins, may rely on getting a genuine article, (no stained Butternut sold for Walnut.)

Persons desirous of keeping their deceased relatives for a few days or even a week, can do so without the least possible inconvenience by applying to S. Rogers, who has had over 20 years' experience in the above branches, and feels confident of giving satisfaction.

N.B.—The Undertaking Branch will be found second to none in Ottawa.

Express Waggons always ready for the removal of Furniture.

RESIDENCE—At the West End Establishment, Wellington st.

Ottawa, September 4, 1868. 83y

Hardware.

HARDWARE!

AT

THOS. ISAAC'S, CENTRE TOWN

PLOUGHS, CULTIVATORS,

IRON, COAL,

SHELF & HEAVY HARDWARE,

NAILS, ROPE, CHAINS,

and a general assortment of House-furnishing, Cornices, &c., at the lowest cash prices to be found in the Ottawa market.

ALSO,

STOVES, all patterns and sizes, for coal and wood from the Prescott, Kingston, Toronto, Hamilton and Montreal Foundries, with drums, pipes, furniture, &c., the cheapest to be had in town.

Millinery.

NOTICE.

MRS. SMITH having received her new styles of FALL HATS & BONNETS, will be happy to see her old friends and the public generally. Gent's Felt Hats cleaned, dyed and done over in the best style.

N.B.—The most fashionable Mantles and Coats made to order, Corner of Bank and Albert-sts.

October 10 868tf

RANDALL & MONTGOMERY,

PLAIN, ORNAMENTAL AND DECORATIVE PAINTERS, AND PAPER HANGERS.

Chaudiere and Hull. (Shop next to R. R. Booth's Store, Chaudiere) House, Sign, Villa and general painting executed on the most reasonable terms. Ceilings and walls distempered in colors to suit. Fresco work of all kinds to order.

References permitted to the following gentlemen: A. H. Baldwin & Co., J. R. Booth, Esq., R.R. Booth, Esq., Rev. Mr. Johnson, Hull; Rev Mr. Fleket, Ottawa; Mr. Haycock, Architect.

August 26. 829-6m

PUBLIC NOTICE

Is hereby given that the Map or Plan and Book of Reference of the Canada Central Railway Company, from the City of Ottawa to its junction with the Line of the Brockville and Ottawa Railway Company, have been deposited in the office of the Department of Public Works, and a copy of such parts of the Map or Plan and Book of Reference, as relate to the County of Carleton, has been deposited in the office of the Clerk of the Peace for the County of Carleton, and a copy of such parts as relate to the County of Lanark, has been deposited in the office of the Clerk of the Peace for the County of Lanark.

Dated this Tenth day of August, 1868.

W. R. WORSLEY,
C. C. Rly.

BAZAAR.

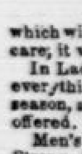
The ladies of Bank-st. Church intend holding a BAZAAR, about the end of February, in order to defray the expense of seating the New Church. Due notice will be given of the time and place.

Ottawa, December 17. 926tf

NOTICE.

Application will be made at the next Session of the Legislature of Ontario for an act to incorporate the CALEDONIA PEAT MANUFACTURING & SMELTING COMPANY, with powers to construct a Canal or Railway from some point in the Township of Caledonia to the navigable waters of the Ottawa or South Nation Rivers, and to authorize the Municipality of Caledonia to grant to the said Company so much of the road allowances between the first and fifth concessions as may be required for the manufacture of Peat fuel. 853tf

THE TIMES is printed and published by THE OTTAWA TIMES PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY, at the Office, 38, Sparks-st Centre Town, Ottawa. JAMES COTTON Managing Director ALEX. ROBERTSON Editor.



TIGHT BINDING

Agencies.

...VINCIAL INSURANCE.
...ALCOLM CAMERON,
...... Desbarat's Block
Office of Queen's Printer,
...y Canadian institution—perfect security
...s, and immediate payment of claims.
...Dec. 8, 1868. 918tf

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INSURANCE COMPANY
OF MAINE.
Finance Department,
Ottawa, 12th October, 1868.
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...OMPANY, of Maine.
...in U. S. 4s of '81—$50,000.
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For the Minister of Finance
JOHN LANGTON,
Auditor.
... this day, deposited with the Receiver
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B. R. CORWIN,
... November 7, 1868. Manager. 89tf

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...OTTAWA AGENCY,
...E—DESBARATS' BUILDING,
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...n st.
..., September 4, 1868. 83y

Hardware.

...DWARE:
AT
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...OUGHS, CULTIVATORS,
IRON, COAL,
... & HEAVY HARDWARE,
NAILS, ROPE, CHAINS,
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...Mr. Johnson, Hull; Rev. Mr. Picket,
..., Haycock, Architect.
829-6m

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...ng Director. ALEX. ROBERTSON

The Times

VOL. IV. NO. 939. OTTAWA, MONDAY, JANUARY 4, 1869. PRICE—3 CENTS.

Boots & Shoes.

ANNOUNCEMENT!

W. A. LAMB,

KEEPER OF THE RED BOOT, &c., &c.

To all the loyal inhabitants of the Metropolitan and surrounding Counties, sends greeting:

And while thus publicly wishing to all

"A Merry Christmas and Happy New Year,"

takes pleasure also in announcing that he will hold

PUBLIC RECEPTIONS DAILY,

at from 7:30 a.m., until 7 p.m., when he will be pleased to meet with those who desire to call upon him.

N.B.—As all will probably wish to retain a *Souvenir* of their visit, it will be satisfactory to know that there is a magnificent assortment of Boots and Shoes on hand to choose from, and any of which will be GIVEN AWAY for a small consideration.

Don't forget the place, No. 28, Sussex-st., opposite the Barracks.

W. ANGUS & CO.

BOOTS,

SHOES,

MOCCASINS,

TOBOGGANS,

SNOW-SHOES,

&c., &c., &c.

Since the great clearing Sale

W. ANGUS & CO.

have received a

VERY LARGE AND WELL SELECTED STOCK

OF

BOOTS AND SHOES,

AND OTHER FEET-WARE,

suitable to the Winter season.

JUST RECEIVED.

A FRESH LOT OF LADIES' & GENTS'

FELT EMBROIDERED CONGRESS!

Of the Latest Style. Also, a New Supply of

TOBOGGANS,

SNOW-SHOES,

MOCCASINS,

OVER-SHOES,

&c., &c., &c.

Very appropriate

XMAS AND NEW YEAR'S PRESENTS.

INSPECTION INVITED.

PRICES LOW.

W. ANGUS & CO.,
Golden Boot,
228 Wellington-st.

GENUINE CLEARING SALE

OF

BOOTS AND SHOES,

AT THE OLD

CROSBY STAND, NO. 51, SPARKS-ST.

The whole of

THE BANKRUPT STOCK,

comprising the latest styles and best qualities of

LADIES', GENT'S, MISSES' & CHILDREN'S

DRESS & WALKING BOOTS,

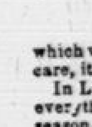
suitable for FALL & WINTER WEAR. Also, a large stock of Men's and Women's Coarse Boots, Moose Mocassins, Buck Moose and Sheep Mitts, Beef Mocassins, Felt Over-shoes, Rubbers, &c., all of which will be sold at great reductions from former prices. Lumber and country merchants are requested to bear in mind that there is a large stock of handmade boots to be disposed of at the aforesaid reduction in prices.

The public generally are invited to call and examine the stock and prices, which we know cannot fail to give satisfaction to all.

Remember the place, the old Crosby Stand, opposite O'Meara's, No. 51, Sparks-st.

A. J. STEPHENS & CO.

Ottawa, Oct. 20 868. 876y



CHEAP BOOTS & SHOES

AT THE

CAPITAL

BOOT & SHOE STORE,

YORK-ST.

I have now received my fall and winter stock of

BOOTS AND SHOES,

which will be found complete; being selected with care, it will not fail to give general satisfaction.

In Ladies', Misses' and Children's ware I have everything that can possibly be required for the season, and at much lower figures than ever before offered.

Men's ware in Calf, Kipp, Cowhide Boots; Men's Strong Working Boots as low as $2 per pair. Boy's and Youth's equally low.

A large supply of New English Kipp Boots, hand made, the most suitable ware for Lumbermen, constantly on hand and made by the very best workmen. Orders taken for all kinds of work.

4297 GEORGE MURPHY

NOTICE.—The partnership heretofore existing under the name and firm of LATRIMOULLE & GROULX is this day dissolved by mutual consent.

OCTAVE LATRIMOULLE,
ALPHONSE GROULX.

Ottawa, 24th December, 1868. 936 3

Groceries.

THE undersigned takes this opportunity to thank her friends and the public in general for their liberal patronage, and solicits a call to examine her fine stock of GROCERIES, POULTRY, FISH, salt and fresh, VEGETABLES, FRUITS, PORK, &c., all to be disposed of cheap. Also, a very fine lot of PARTRIDGES.

MRS. L. E. GOULIN.

Wellington-st., opposite Hall's Confectionery

GARDENER'S

BAKING POWDER.

In 1 lb. Packets for 25 cents. | And 6 Packets for $1.25.

TEN REASONS

Why it Should be Used in Preference to all Others:

1st. Bread or Cakes made with it are more wholesome than if made with Yeast or any other process.

2nd. Its purity is such that it will stand the test of the most perfect analysis.

3rd. After having been extensively used for the last 14 years in not one instance has it failed to give entire satisfaction.

4th. Families that have used it pronounce it the best, and will use no other.

5th. It contains no Saleratus, nor does it impair the digestive organs like those powders where Soda or an excess of Alkali predominates.

6th. It never gives to Bread or Cakes an unpleasant Alkaline or mawkish taste.

7th. The ingredients that form its composition are more beneficial than otherwise.

8th. Dyspeptic subjects can eat hot Bread or Rolls made with it and derive benefit by its use.

9th. Every Packet contains its full weight; one pound packets weigh 16 ounces.

10. It is all that it is represented to be, namely:

Unrivalled for Purity and Cheapness.

Sole Agents for Ottawa,

J. G. ROBINSON & Co.,
The Tea Pot.

The Trade supplied at the Manufacturer's prices.

Ottawa, December 10, 1868. 886-6m

MONTREAL WAREHOUSE,

SUSSEX-STREET.

The undersigned have now COMPLETED their

FALL IMPORTATIONS,

COMPRISING A

GENERAL AND SELECT STOCK

OF

FAMILY GROCERIES,

WINES, LIQUORS,

AND PROVISIONS, &c., &c.

JAS. MARTIN & CO.

Ottawa, November 27, 1868. 657y

Amusements.

SNOW SHOE CLUB.

A meeting of gentlemen desirous to become members of a SNOW SHOE CLUB will be held in

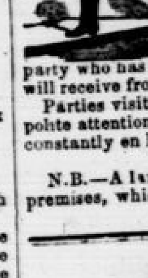
KAVANAGH'S QUEEN RESTAURANT,

ON

MONDAY EVENING NEXT,

At half-past EIGHT o'clock, sharp. 936td

DOMINION BOWLING ALLEY.



The subscriber begs to inform his friends that he opened on MONDAY, the 26th OCTOBER, his

BOWLING ALLEY.

This is one of the best in the Capital, and equal to any in America. It contains four alleys, and with first-class balls. There will be kept a register book for the purpose of marking the number of points made each day to 1st January next, and the party who has made the highest number of points will receive from the proprietor a rich prize.

Parties visiting the Alley will be received with polite attention. The best of liquors will be found constantly on hand.

B. B. LARIVIERE.

N.B.—A large Ball Room is attached to the premises, which will be let at a low figure.

B. B. L.

SATCHELL BROS.,

By appointment

BUTCHERS TO HIS EXCELLENCY SIR JOHN YOUNG.

Superior Stall-Fed Beef, Lamb, Mutton and Veal in season.

N.B.—Also spiced, rolled and rounds of Beef, and sugar-cured Hams and Bacon, cured in the English style.

930-6m No. 7, Lower Town Market, Ottawa.

Dry Goods.

HICK & CO.

Have removed to their NEW STORE, in Stewart's Block, Corner of Rideau and Sussex-sts., where they will offer, in connection with their goods,

$30,000 WORTH OF DRY GOODS

Purchased at Public Auction lately, from the immense Bankrupt Stock of the late firm of DESMARTERY, JORDAINE & CO., of Montreal, and sold on account of T. JAMES CLAXTON. The goods are all new and of very superior quality, being imported expressly for a fashionable Montreal trade; and, as they have succeeded in purchasing the goods far below the sterling cost, they are prepared to offer bargains never before offered in this city. The following are some of the lines of goods offered, viz.:

		s.	d.		s.	d.
100 pieces	different qualities Black Silks........					
80 do	Single width plain Wincey		5	worth	0	8
100 do	Fancy, single width Wincey		7½	"	1	0
63 do	Double width plain Wincey		7½	"	1	0
80 do	Double Delaines.....		7½	"	1	3
70 do	do Poplin........		7½	"	1	0
150 do	do Cobourg......		7½	"	1	3
150 do	Assort'd Dress Goods		9	"	1	6
33 do	Empress Reps........	1	6	"	3	0
60 do	Bl'k French Merino	1	6	"	3	0
75 do	Fancy Colors—your choice for........	2				
200 do	Black Empress Rep only...............		10	"	2	0

Also, a splendid assortment of
Hannibal Cloths — Oriental Lustres
Livini Poplins — Alberteena Cloths
Princess Alexandra Embossed Poplins
Mandarin Lustres — Eugenia Reps, &c.

1,000 doz. FRINGED TOWELS, all Linen,.....................6d each.

SHAWLS.

35 Filled Shawls.
83 Shepherd Long Shawls
101 Fancy, all wool Longs
167 Assorted Square Shawls.

COTTONS.

120 pieces Grey Cotton, 1¼ yards wide, for......6 d
160 do Bleached Horrocks and Millars........6½d
165 do Good Prints ....4 d
303 do Best English Prints, Heyle's and Ashton's.......................................6½d
159 do French Calicos, in choice patterns...8 d

CLOTHS.

		s.	d.		s.	d.
20 pieces	Waterproof..................	3	9			
80 do	Double Width Overcoating........................	2	9	worth	7	6
35 do	Scotch Tweed.............	2	6	do	5	0
100 do	Canadian Tweed.........	1	3	do	2	6
100 do	Full Cloth, very heavy..	2	9	do	3	6

Also, a splendid lot o

BROAD CLOTHS, BEAVERS,

Witneys, Mantle Cloths,

BLACK DOES, &c., &c., &c.,

at correspondingly low prices.

85 PIECES DOMINION TWEED,

Something New—one of the heaviest cloths made—*at a great sacrifice.*

1,000 doz. TABLE NAPKINS, all Linen, only 6s 3d per dozen.

SHIRTS! SHIRTS! SHIRTS!

1,000 Flannel Shirts, only..............2 6
200 White Cotton Shirts, only......3 9
500 Under Shirts, only...............3 3
300 Hespler's heaviest make, Ribbed ....5 0 worth 8 9

Paper Collars—100 collars for 3s 9d.
500 pieces 2¼-yards wide Linen Sheeting........................3 3 worth 5
5 do 2-yards wide, Union Sheeting........................1 7 do 3
81 do Table Damask and 300 Damask Table Cloths, at a frightful sacrifice..............

Also, Red and White Flannels, Canadian Shirting Flannels, Hoop Skirts, Crash Towellings, Irish Linen, Clouds, Breakfast Shawls, Hemp Carpets, &c., &c.

CORSETS, 2s 6d.

Blankets—A large lot of slightly damaged Blankets for about half price.

1,000 Linen Bags, 1s, worth 1s 6d; 40 cases Men's Heavy Boots, very low; 3 cases Men's Heavy French Calf, 12s 6d. Also, a heavy stock of Gentlemen's Clothing.

$3.50...............................OVERCOATS.
4.00...........................heavy OVERCOATS.
90 cts. up..............................PANTS.
50 cts. to $1.25..............................VESTS.
$8.00,........Black Broadcloth..........FALL SUITS.

A large staff of polite and attentive salesmen will be in readiness to wait on customers.

H. HICK & CO.

Customers will please report any inattention on the part of salesmen.

AT CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S

The greatest novelty of the season is the

BOULEVARD FELT UNDERSKIRT,

Unsurpassed for

BEAUTY, ECONOMY & DURABILITY

AT

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S

No. 14, RIDEAU-ST.

REMOVAL

TO

NO. 34, SPARKS-ST.

T. RAJOTTE

having removed to more commodious premises, takes pleasure in announcing to his numerous customers and the public generally that he has now a large and well selected stock of

STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS,

consisting of

Flannels — Black Cloths
Winceys — Beaver Cloths
Cottons — Meltons
Prints — Tweeds
&c., — &c.

We have also on hand a large assortment of

READY-MADE CLOTHING,

which, being manufactured on the premises, we can recommend, and sell cheaper than any shop in this city.

THE TAILORING DEPARTMENT.

This department is under the superintendence of a well-known first-class cutter and workman. All orders punctually attended to.

Don't forget the place, No. 34, Sparks-st. Store lately occupied by G. Fetherston & Co., next door to Magee & Russell's old store.

883y T. RAJOTTE.

FLOWER BULBS.

Shipped per *Hibernian*, and to arrive in a few days, a very superior assortment of

HYACINTH, TULIP AND OTHER FALL BULBS.

These Bulbs will be found superior to anything yet imported.

WILLIAM HEARN,
Market Drug Store,
York-st.

Ottawa, October 17, 1868. 874tf

Groceries.

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS

—FROM—

OPORTO, SPAIN, COGNAC

AND LONDON,

Consisting of

PORT, SHERRY, BRANDY, GIN AND SCOTCH WHISKEY, &c.

PICKLES, SAUCES, JAMS & JELLIES &c., &c., &c.,

FROM CROSSE & BLACKWELL.

—LIKEWISE,—

A FULL assortment of FRESH FRUIT, the BEST in market.

TABLE and Cooking RAISINS, CURRANTS, &c.

FLAVOURING EXTRACTS and SPICES—Genuine.

PRESERVED and CAN FRUITS, assorted to suit the holiday season.

ALMERIA GRAPES, FRESH FIGS and PORTUGUESE ONIONS.

50 TINS NEW HONEY, in 5 lb. and 8 lb. tins.

200 STILTON CHEESE, 6 lbs. to 8 lbs. size, from Reesor Brothers' celebrated factory.

SHERRY WINE—Good Table Wine—$1.25 to $3.00.

PORT WINE—Good Table Wine $1.50 to $4.50.

ALL KINDS of GENUINE LIQUORS. Price according to age and quality.

100 BOXES DIGBY HERRINGS—large boxes at 75 cts. each.

LABRADOR HERRINGS, the very best, in barrels and half barrels.

10 CASES SCOTCH LING—Good.

TEAS—Black, Green and Japans—Warranted Good, and selected for family use.

SUGARS and SYRUPS of all grades.

COFFEES—Always Fresh—Best Brands—Try them.

TOBACCOS—The Finest Qualities—Virginia make in cut, tin foil and plug.

A GENERAL assortment of the different kinds of *GROCERIES AND LIQUORS* on hand, Wholesale and Retail, at the *LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICES* for Warranted Goods. A trial of the articles will recommend them.

For sale at

THOS. PATTERSON'S,
No. 26, Rideau-street.

Ottawa, November 27, 1868. 878

JUST RECEIVED,

AT THE

INDIA WAREHOUSE,

No. 16, RIDEAU-ST.,

And for sale cheap, by

D. T. BROWNE & CO.,

Wholesale and Retail

Grocers, Wine and Spirit Merchants,

FRESH OYSTERS, in Tins,
PRESERVED OYSTERS do
FRESH HALIBUT do
FRESH SALMON do
FRESH MACKEREL do
FRESH LOBSTERS do
GREEN PEAS do
LEMON, GINGER, ORANGE,
Banana, Peach, Blackberry, Raspberry and Strawberry Syrups.
RASPBERRY VINEGAR,
FRY'S Chocolate and Cocoa,
MOTT'S Cocoa Paste,
MORTON'S Bloater Paste,
TOMATO and other Catsups,
ANCHOVY Paste,
STRASBURGH Meats,
POTTED Beef and Tongues
PRESERVES and Jellies in great variety,
ORANGE Marmalade,
MORRISON, TAYLOR & Co.'s
Celebrated Sugar Cured Hams and Breakfast Roll Bacon.
PICKLED Salmon,
PICKLED Mackerel,
PICKLED HERRINGS,
In Half Barrels, Barrels and Tierces,
DRY Codfish,
DRY Haddock,
FINNAN Haddies, &c., &c.,
And a full stock of Choice Family Groceries.

Ottawa, Nov. 3, 1868.

BOTTLED ALE,

BOTTLED ALE,

BOTTLED ALE.

The subscriber would called the attention of Families and others to his

FINE BOTTLED ALE

Which is in splendid condition. Also,

SCOTCH, IRISH, OLD RYE,

And other Malt Whiskies,

PORTS, SHERRIES, BRANDIES, GIN, &c.,

To gether with a General Assortment of

FIRST-CLASS GROCERIES.

A call ...dly solicited.

D. WHELAN,
44, Rideau-street,
Opposite Allan's Crockery Store

Ottawa, Jan. 20, 1868.

NEW YEAR'S GIFTS & PRESENTS

AT THE VARIETY HALL.

Notwithstanding the large quantities of goods disposed of previous to Christmas there is still on hand a good supply for New Year's in

GLASSWARE

Of Every Description.

Toy Tea Sets, Misses' Tea Sets,

Motto ed Cups and Saucers,

Moustache Cups,

Bohemian Glass Decanters,

Children's Cups and Mugs, Toys, and an endless variety of every description of Glassware suitable for the season.

A few cases of CUT DECANTERS at $1.50 per pair.

Hotel-keepers bear in mind that the Variety Hall furnishes the best Decanters and Tumblers of any House in the Dominion.

J. BOYDEN.

Confectionery.

SCOTT'S

CONFECTIONERY AND BAKERY,

15 SPARKS-ST.,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

The undersigned continues to keep on hand for sale a large and varied assortment of Confectionery, both imported and manufactured on the premises. Particularly at this festive season attention is directed to the stock of

CAKES, (ORNAMENTED AND PLAIN,)

PLUM, CITRON,
SEED, SPONGE,
POUND and PRINCE OF WALES CAKE.

Scotch Short Bread and Currant Buns.

All of which are made of the best material.

A nice lot of

Fancy Boxes,
Cornucopias,
Bon-bons,
Ornamented Hearts
and Sugar Toys.

IN FINE CONFECTIONS: French Gum Drops, Mixtures, Crystalized Cream Drops, French Chocolate, Cream Figs and Lumps of Delight. Also, constantly manufactured, all the different kinds of Crackers and Biscuits.

FRUITS—Fresh Figs, Fresh Dates, Fresh Prunes, Fresh Oranges, and 300 bbls. of choice Winter Apples.

929-10 MRS. A. SCOTT.

HAPPY CHRISTMAS TO ALL!

AND

A MERRY NEW YEAR!

When you find him just and true
Never change the old for the new!

The season of festivity is at hand, and the undersigned begs to inform his numerous patrons and the public generally that he is still to be found

AT THE OLD STAND, NO. 38, SUSSEX-ST.,

where he has on hand, and is prepared to supply the wants of all; an extensive stock of the CHOICEST and MOST DELICATE

CONFECTIONS

of every description, from the tiny little comfit to the mammoth bride's cake.

Syrups of all kinds.

Country orders promptly attended to.

He respectfully invites an inspection of his stock of good things for the holidays.

924b W. PRODRICK.

ENGLISH BUNN HOUSE,

SUSSEX-ST.

G. BARTLETT

Begs most respectfully to remind his patrons that he has provided for the CHRISTMAS HOLIDAYS an increased assortment of Paris and home manufactured presents; also the undermentioned goods all manufactured on the premises.

Rich Fruit Cakes, plain and ornamented.
Plain, Citron, Raisin, Seed, Princess, Sponge and Lady Cake, Gold and Silver.
Candies of every description.
Italian Creams and Pyramids.
Jellies and Blanc Mange and Wine Jellies.
Charlotte Russe.
Jellied Turkeys, Chickens, &c.
Chocolate, Walnut and Fig Creams.
Salads of every description.
Crystalized Dates and Figs.
Wedding Cakes, ornamented to any design on the shortest notice.
Supper Parties, Balls or Assemblies supplied on reasonable terms.
Private Parties furnished on the shortest notice.
Oyster Patties, Mince Pies and Mince Meat.
A large assortment of Pure Sugar Hollow Toys.
IMPORTED GOODS DIRECT FROM LONDON AND PARIS.
Choicest Selected Bonbons, Gelatine, Silver and Gold Paper, Scented, Snapping and Plum.
A splendid assortment of Cornucopias, Boxes and Toys.

The proprietor need only say that all the above articles can be obtained at his establishment, and from the reputation it has gained for itself is a sufficient guarantee for the quality of the articles.

City and country stores supplied on reasonable terms.

G. BARTLETT, 37 Sussex-st.

N.B.—Muffin and Crumpets fresh every day during the season. 920d

'68. '69.

CONFECTIONERY.

EDWARD HALL

Takes this opportunity of calling the attention of his numerous friends and patrons to his large and varied assortment of

CHRISTMAS & NEW YEAR'S CAKES,

AND CONFECTIONERY,

suitable for the approaching festive season.

CHRISTMAS AND NEW YEAR'S CAKES, consisting in part of Iced, Plum, Citron, Raisin, Seed, Princess, Sponge, and Lady's Cake, at E. HALL'S, Wellington-st.

SHORT BREAD, at E. HALL'S, Wellington-st.

FANCY BOXES, a choice assortment suitable for Holiday Presents, at E. HALL'S, Wellington-st.

BONBONS, imported from Paris, in great variety, at E. HALL'S, Wellington-st.

CHICKEN & LOBSTER SALADS, at E. HALL'S, Wellington-st.

PRIVATE PARTIES carefully furnished, at E. HALL'S, Wellington-st.

BALLS AND ASSEMBLIES supplied on liberal terms, at E. HALL'S, Wellington-st.

JELLIED TURKEYS, at E. HALL'S, Wellington-st.

OYSTER PATTIES & MINCE PIES, at E. HALL'S, Wellington-st.

CHARLOTTE RUSSE, at E. HALL'S, Wellington-st.

ITALIAN CREAMS & PYRAMIDS, at E. HALL'S, Wellington-st.

JELLIES & BLANC MANGE, at E. HALL'S, Wellington-st.

CREAM CHOCOLATES & CRYSTALLIZED FIGS, only to be had at E. HALL'S, Wellington-st.

WEDDING CAKES & ORNAMENTS, to suit all tastes, at E. HALL'S, Wellington-st.

GREEN NESBETT CANDY, only to be had at E. HALL'S, Wellington-st.

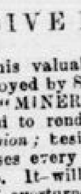
COUNTRY STORES supplied on reasonable terms, at E. HALL'S, Wellington-st.

N.B.—The subscriber desires specially to call the attention of his patrons and the public to the fact that all the above named articles are made on the premises under his own supervision. A call respectfully solicited.

Ottawa, Dec. 9, 1868. 919-c

D. R. LEAVENS,

AGENT FOR THE NEW METALLIC



"NON-EXPLOSIVE LAMP,"

Now offers to the public this valuable improvement. The principle employed by Sir Humphrey Davy, in his celebrated "MINER'S SAFETY LAMP," is strictly adhered to rendering it safe from the *possibility of explosion;* besides this most important feature it possesses every good quality that is desirable in a lamp. It will not break if dropped upon the *floor.* If overturned no oil will escape. It will carry a large flame without smoking; this flame is steady, and so protected that currents of air do not affect it, rendering it a convenient lamp to carry about the house, and is not liable to get out of order. The lamp is made of metal and cannot be broken, hence no danger from that cause.

THE CLAIM FOR THIS LAMP IS

First—Absolute safety under all circumstances.
Second—Greater light with less consumption of oil.
Third—Beauty and perfection of finish.

Call and see them at the

OIL DEPOT, 73 SUSSEX-ST.,

Sign Red Oil Barrel.

D. R. LEAVENS.

Dry Goods.

FRESH ARRIVALS.

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!

THOS. & W. HUNTON

Have just opened out the contents of 42 packages of NEW GOODS, comprising

1 CASE SILKS, in plain and fancy colors, splendid value.

1 CASE VELVETEENS,

3 BALES WHITE COTTONS,
1 " WHITE COTTON SHEETING,
6 " GRAY COTTONS.
(at greatly reduced prices.)

2 CASES LINENS, assorted,

1 " BLACK CLOTHS,

2 " BLACK & COLORED OVER-COATINGS,

1 BALE WHITE FLANNELS,

1 " GRAY FLANNELS,

1 " SCARLET FLANNELS,

4 " BLANKETS,

2 " HEMP CARPETS,

3 " WOOL CARPETS,

10 " TAPESTRY CARPETS, this season's new patterns,

3 " CANADIAN TWEEDS.

All of the above goods being marked off, and ready for inspection. We would specially invite intending purchasers to call and examine them.

THOS. & W. HUNTON

47 and 49 Sparks-

Groceries.

DEW OF THE ALPS,

BRISLIN BISCHOFF & CO.,

GENEVA.

This pure liquor is manufactured at Geneva, in Switzerland; it is flavoured with an herb gathered on the Alps in the Canton Glorus.

JAS. BUCHANAN,
Sussex and Wellington-sts.

December 11, 1868.

NEW FRUIT! NEW FRUIT!

Choice New Fruit, &c., &c., for the Christmas and New Year's Holidays;

LAYER RAISINS,
LAYER RAISINS, (Finest.)
LONDON LAYERS, (Choice.)
SULTANA RAISINS, (new & old.)
VALENTIA RAISINS, (do. do.)
CURRANTS, (do. do.)
PRUNES IN CARTOONS, JAR AND KEGS.
GRAPES, (Spanish.)
FIGS, ORANGES & LEMONS,
JORDAN ALMONDS,
VALENTIA ALMONDS,
VALENTIA ALMONDS, (bitter.)
ALMONDS, (soft shell.)
ALMONDS, (hard shell.)
BARCELONA NUTS,
COBB NUTS, (English.)
CHESTNUTS, (English.)
PECAN NUTS,
WALNUTS,
BRAZIL NUTS.

JAS. BUCHANAN,
Finnan Haddie Depot,
Sussex and Wellington-sts.

December 11, 1868.

CHEESE! CHEESE!

QUEEN'S ARM CHEESE,
CHEDDER CHEESE,
STILTON CHEESE,
GRUYERE CHEESE, (Swiss)
SOP SAGO CHEESE,
PARMASAN CHEESE,
CANADIAN CHEESE.

JAS. BUCHANAN,
Finnan Haddie Depot,
Sussex and Wellington-sts

December 11, 1868.

DOW'S

CELEBRATED MONTREAL ALES.

XX, XXX, and India Pale Ales,

In Wood and Bottle.

JAS. BUCHANAN
Finnan Haddie Depot,
Sussex and Wellington-sts

December 11, 1868.

COFFEE! COFFEE!

Try Buchanan's Unrivalled Mixture of Mocha Java, Jamaica and Ceylon, roasted and ground daily on the premises by steam power.

JAS. BUCHANAN,
Finnan Haddie Depot,
Sussex and Wellington-sts.

December 11, 1868. 921

SPECIAL NOTICES.

HALL'S VEGETABLE SICILIAN HAIR RENEWER.

The basis of its remedial properties is a vegetable compound.

It will restore gray hair to its original color.

It will keep the hair from falling out.

It cleanses the scalp and makes the hair soft, lustrous and silken.

It is a splendid hair dressing.

R. P. HALL & CO.,
Nashua, N.H., Proprietors.

For sale by all druggists. 894d

Coughs and Colds.—Sudden changes of climate are sources of Pulmonary Bronchial and Asthmatic affections. Experience having proved that simple remedies often act speedily and certainly when taken in the early stages of the disease, recourse should at once be had to "Brown's Bronchial Troches," or Lozenges. Few are aware of the importance of checking a cough, or "common cold," in its first stage. That which in the beginning would yield to a mild remedy, if neglected soon attacks the lungs. "Brown's Bronchial Troches," or ough Lozenges, allay irritation which induces coughing, having a DIRECT influence on the affected parts. As there are imitations, be sure to OBTAIN the *genuine.* Sold by all dealers in medicines, at 25 cents a box.

Mothers! Mothers! Mothers!—Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with the excruciating pain of cutting teeth? If so, go at once and get a bottle of Mrs. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately—depend upon it: there is no mistake about it. There is not a mother on earth who has ever used it, who will not tell you at once that it will regulate the bowels, and give rest to the mother, and relief and health to the child, operating like magic. It is perfectly safe to use in all cases, and pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Price 25 cents. Sold everywhere. Be sure to call for "MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP." Having the *fac-simile* of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations.

Mothers Read This!—Holloway's Worm Lozenges are a certain and safe remedy for Worms in Children and Adults.—As it is a well-known and melancholy fact that one great cause of death among children is from Worms alone, it cannot be too deeply impressed upon the minds parents the necessity of closely watching their children. By so doing; and understanding the symptoms and true cause of the disease, thousands of children might be saved from early graves. SYMPTOMS OF WORMS.—The following are a few of the very numerous symptoms and diseases which are caused by Worms: deranged appetite, emaciated extremities, offensive breath frequent picking at the nose, grinding of the teeth during sleep, hardness of the belly, with frequent slimy stools, and sometimes convulsive fits; itching of the arms, pain in the head and stomach, unquiet sleep, faintings, tremblings, coughs, indigestion, low spirits, frightful dreams, and a gradual wasting away of flesh.

They are palatable and self-administered to the child—drive out the worms thoroughly without pain and completely cleanse the stomach—thereby doing away with the necessity of administering Castor Oil or other unpleasant cathartics—as in the use of other Worms.

Each box contains the fac-simile signature of NORTHROP & LYMAN, Newcastle, C.W., who are the sole proprietors.

N.B. Ask for *Holloway's Worm Lozenges* and take no other. Sold by all the druggists in Ottawa, and medicine deale every where. 578y

THE MONTREAL

TEA COMPANY.

The whole Dominion should buy their teas of the Importers,

THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY

6 Hospital-st., Montreal.

Our Teas, after the most severe tests by the best medical authorities and judges of Tea, have been pronounced to be quite pure, and free from and artificial colouring or poisonous substances so often used to improve the appearance of Tea. They are unequalled for strength and flavour. They have been chosen for their intrinsic worth, keeping in mind health, economy, and a high degree of pleasure in drinking them. We sell for the smallest possible profits, effecting a saving to the consumer of 15c to 20c per lb. Our Teas are put up in 5, 12, 15, 20 and 25 lb boxes, and are warranted pure and free from poisonous substances. Orders for four 5 lb boxes, two 12 lb boxes, or one 20, or 25 lb box sent carriage free to any Railway Station in Canada. Tea will be forwarded immediately on receipt of the order by mail containing money, or the money can be collected on delivery by express man, where there are express offices. In sending orders below the amount of $10, to save expense it will be better to send money with the order. Where a 25 lb box would be too much, four families clubbing together could send for four 5 lb boxes, or two 12 lb boxes. We send them to one address carriage paid, and mark each box plainly, so that each party get their own Tea. We warrant all the Tea we sell to give entire satisfaction. If they are not satisfactory they can be returned at our expense.

BLACK TEA.

English Breakfast, Broken Leaf, Strong Tea, 45c, 50c; Fine Flavoured New Season do, 55c, 60c and 65c; Very Best Full Flavored do, 75c; Sound Oolong, 45c; Rich Flavored do, 60c; Very Fine do, do, 75c; Japan, Good, 50c, 55c, Fine do, 60c, Very Fine, 65c, Finest, 75c.

GREEN TEA.

Twankay, 50c, 55c, 65c; Young Hyson, 50c, 60c, 65c, 70c; Fine do, 75, Very Fine, 85c; Superfine and Very Choice, $1; Fine Gunpowder, 85c; Extra Superfine do, $1.

Teas not mentioned in this circular equally cheap. Tea only sold by this Company.

An excellent Mixed Tea could be sent for 60c and 70c; very good for common purposes, 50c.

Out of over one thousand testimonials, we insert the following:—

A YEAR'S TRIAL.

The Montreal Tea Company:

MONTREAL, 1868.

GENTS.—It is nearly a year since I purchased the first chest of Tea from your house. I have purchased many since, and I am pleased to inform you the Tea has in every case proved most satisfactory, as well as being exceedingly cheap.

Yours, very truly,

F. DENNIE.

Montreal Tea Co.

GENTLEMEN,—The Tea I purchased of you in March has given great satisfaction, and the flavor of it is very fine. It is very strange, but since I have been drinking your Tea I have been quite free from heart-burn, which would always pain me after breakfast. I attribute this to the purity of your Tea, and shall continue a customer.

Yours respectfully,

FRANCIS T. GREENE,
54 St. John-street,
Montreal.

MONTREAL, April, 1868.—To the Montreal Tea Company, 6 Hospital-street, Montreal: We notice with pleasure the large amount of Tea that we have forwarded for you to different parts of the Dominion, and we are glad to find your business so rapidly increasing. We presume your Teas are giving general satisfaction, as out of the large amount forwarded, we have only had occasion to return one box which, we understand, was sent out through a mistake.

G. CHENEY,
Manager Canadian Express Company.

WILLIAMS, 1868.—To the Montreal Tea Company: Gentlemen, I am in receipt of the five boxes of Tea sent me, and can assure you it gives me great satisfaction. To my taste, it is preferable than the Tea I used to purchase in this neighborhood for a third more of the price. I presume to be a judge, as I have been in the habit of drinking Tea over 30 years. Yours faithfully,

DONALD CAMERON.

Beware of pedlars and runners using our name, or offering our Teas in small packages. Nothing less than a cattie sold.

Note the Address—The Montreal Tea Company, 6 Hospital-st., Montreal.

Agent for Ottawa,

JOSEPH MOONEY,
Russell House Block.

TO THE

BRANCH BIBLE SOCIETIES

CONNECTED WITH

THE OTTAWA AUXILIARY.

The Anniversary of the Ottawa Auxiliary Bible Society will be held (D. V.) in the WESLEYAN CHURCH, on WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 26th, 1869. The chair will be taken at 7 o'clock, p.m. Members of the Branch Societies, and other friends are cordially invited to attend.

THOMAS WARDROPE,
Cor. Sec. Ottawa Auxiliary Bible Society.

52-3

THE SERVICE.

It is reported that a large increase to the list of Generals will shortly be made. If so, a number of appointments will be at the disposal of the Commander-in-Chief.

By the demise of Lieutenant General Maclean, the Colonelcy of the 13th Hussars is at the disposal of the Commander-in-Chief, who will most probably confer it on Major General Gibsone.

We very much regret to announce the death of Lieutenant General Maclean, the colonel of the 13th Hussars, and long one of its most distinguished officers. Lieutenant General Maclean served with the 13th Light Dragoons in every action and affair in which it was engaged in the Peninsula, from December, 1810, until wounded and taken prisoner at Couches, 13th March, 1814. Was present with his regiment during the Waterloo campaign; engaged in the command of the rear guard for the brigade on the 17th June, and throughout the action on the 18th. Accompanied the 13th Dragoons to India in February, 1819; was employed in command of a cavalry brigade with the field force at the reduction of Kurnool, and served uninterruptedly with his regiment for twenty-two years, when he returned with it to England, and was placed on half pay as Second Lieutenant-Colonel. He has received the war medal with six clasps for Albuera, Vittoria, Pyrenees, Nivelle, Nive, and Orthes.

The inquest relative to the death of the poor woman killed during the late election riots at Newport, South Wales, has been concluded. It was proved that the Mayor had read the riot act, and that the people in the streets had been warned of the risk they ran. The troops consisting of a detachment of the 23rd Fusiliers, under the command of Lt.-Col. Bell, charged bayonets. The jury returned the following verdict: "The jury desire to express their deep sympathy with the bereaved family, but they are unanimously of opinion that Mary Grant was accidentally killed by a bayonet wound received in a charge of a division of the 23rd Royal Welsh Fusiliers, under the command of Lieutenant-Colonel Bell, the said charge being made for the purpose of dispersing a riotous and disorderly mob, and the jury are of opinion that no blame whatever attaches to the military, and they consider that but for the humanity and discretion evinced by Colonel Bell much more serious consequences must have ensued."

SINGULAR TRADITION ABOUT TATTOOING.—Major Coutinho tells us that the tattooing has nothing to do with individual taste, but that the pattern is appointed for both sexes, and is invariable throughout the tribe. It is connected with their caste, the limits of which are very precise, and with their religion. The tradition runs thus, childish and inconsequent, like all such primitive fables. The first man, Caro Sacaibu, was also divine. Associated with him was his son, and an inferior being named Rairu, to whom, although he was as it were his Prime Minister, and executed his commands, Caro Sacaibu was inimical. Among other stratagems he used to get rid of him was the following: He made a figure in imitation of a tatu (armadillo), and buried it partly in the earth, leaving only the tail exposed. He covered the tail with a kind of oil which when touched adheres to the skin. He then commanded Rairu to drag the half-buried tatu out of its hole and, bring it to him. Rairu seized it by the tail, but was, of course, unable to withdraw his hand, and the tatu, suddenly endowed with life by the Supreme Being, dived into the earth, dragging Rairu with him. The story does not say how Rairu found his way out of the earth again, but, being a spirit of great cunning and invention, he contrived to rich the open air once more. On his return he informed Caro Sacaibu that he had found in the earth a great many men and women, and that it would be an excellent thing to get them out to till the soil, and make themselves useful above ground. This advice seems to have found favour in the sight of Caro Sacaibu, who forthwith planted a seed in the ground, from this seed sprang a cotton tree, for into this fantastic tale is thus woven the origin of cotton. The tree throve and grew apace, and from the soft white contents of its pods Caro Sacaibu made a long thread, with one end of which Rairu descended once more into the earth by the same hole through which he had entered before. He collected the people together, and they were dragged up through the hole by the means of the thread. The first who came were small and ugly, but gradually they improved in their personal appearance, until at last the men began to be finely formed and handsome, and the women beautiful. Unfortunately, by this time, the thread was much worn, and being too weak to hold the greater number of handsome people fell back into the hole and were lost. It is for this reason that beauty is so rare a gift in the world. Caro Sacaibu now separated the population he had thus drawn from the bowels of the earth, dividing them into different tribes, marking them with distinct colours and patterns, which they have since retained, and appointing their various occupations. At the end there remained over a residue, consisting of the ugliest, smallest, most insignificant representatives of the human race. To these he said, drawing at the same time a red line over their noses, "You are not worthy to be men and women—go and be animals." And so they were changed into birds, and ever since the mutums, with their red beaks and melancholy wailing voices, wander through the woods.—*A Journey in Brazil, by Professor and Mrs. Louis Agassiz*

CAVALRY TROOPS.—The St. Catharines troop of cavalry is now one of the finest and best military organizations in the Province. Through the efforts of Lieut. J. J. Gregory the membership has been raised to 47, every man of whom may be relied upon as not only able but willing to defend his country. Capt. Eli Gregory, we understand, has tendered his resignation, and it is likely he will be succeeded by Lieut. J. J. Gregory, who holds a first-class certificate in every department.—*St. Catharines Journal.*

—The air is filled, says the *United Service Gazette*, with rumours as to the parsimonious intentions of the incoming Ministry with respect to the army. This much is certain, that whatever reductions do take place will be their work, as not a single estimate had been prepared when Mr. Disraeli resigned office. It is said that two companies will be docked from the strength of each regiment of the line, but that the cavalry, always favourites, will not be touched. The money saving is expected to be about half a million, an immense equivalent for the national insecurity which is sure to be produced by this decimation of our national defensive force.

—Her Majesty the Queen has presented to the Lindley Library of the Royal Horticultural Society four very handsomely bound books, entitled Dr. Roxburgh's "Plants of the Coromandel Coast," and Sir William Hooker's "Filices Exoticæ," with the presentation duly recorded on the binding.

—The Queen has, on the recommendation of the Premier, granted a pension of £100 per annum to the well-known authoress, Mrs. S. C. Hall, in consideration of her long and useful literary services. A pension also of £100 a year has been granted to John Finlay Neilson, in consideration of his services in the *Times* as a Parliamentary reporter.

—The friends and admirers of Mr. Charles Dickens, at Liverpool, are going to give him a public banquet when he goes to that town to read.

—Josh Billings says that the man who wrote, "I would not live alway, I ask not to stay," probably never had been urged sufficiently.

—Breakfast shawls, clouds, hosiery and gloves at the skirt factory for half-price.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Bankrupt Sale—Sheffield House.
Ottawa Grammar School—W. H. Walker.
Railway Practice Office—J. O'Hanly.
Tenders Wanted—Wm. Taylor.
Authorized Discount—R. S. M. Bouchette.
A Lady's Gold Watch Lost.
New Books—Jones & Holland.
Notice to Creditor—James Salmon.
Removal—Mrs. R. Parsons.
List of Unclaimed Letters—G. P. Baker.
Government Notice.

The Ottawa Times

Office : 38, Sparks Street.

MONDAY, JANUARY 4, 1869.

☞For *Ottawa Markets see Fourth Page.*

His Excellency the Governor-General received visitors on New Year's Day. A large number of gentlemen availed themselves of the opportunity to pay their respects to His Excellency.

It will be seen by a despatch from the Colonial Office, elsewhere published, that Her Majesty the Queen has been pleased to enlarge and modify the statutes of the most distinguished Order of St. Michael and St. George, so as to extend the honours of the Order to those who may earn a special mark of the Royal favour by services rendered in any one of the Colonial possessions of the Empire.

A short time ago a notice of a very valuable map now in the course of preparation by Mr. Thaddeus Patrick, the efficient Clerk of the Railway Committee of the House of Commons, appeared in the columns of our French Canadian contemporary *L'Evenement*. The following is a somewhat free translation:

"During the last session of Parliament, Sir George Etienne Cartier urged upon the Railway Committee of the House of Commons, the expediency of collecting and combining all the necessary materials for the preparation of such a map as would depict Canada in all its details, geographical, scientific and industrial. With his usual energy, Sir George succeeded in carrying out his plan. The importance of this map will be evident, when it is known that it will show all public works existing within the Dominion, railways, canals, and telegraphic lines; all rivers, watercourses, and streams; all lands surveyed and not surveyed, ceded and not ceded; all mineral, auriferous and oil-bearing lands; all districts, counties, townships, and lots with their numbers; in a word, a complete map of the whole country.

"Furnished with such a map as this, reduced from the original, the immigrant can no longer be at a loss. On reaching Quebec, an examination of this official and authentic map will enable him to select the spot best suited to his means and his circumstances, without being exposed to the grasping cupidity of interested parties, who swarm in our ports to prey on the newly-arrived settler. Farmers, settlers and miners will be benefitted alike; a simple examination of the map will enable them to find the best and surest route to their place of destination. The lumberer will also find it a great assistance, as it will show at once those portions of the forest in which he will find it his advantage to operate. The missionary, whose duty it is to direct colonization, to found settlements, and to group his flock around him, will be enabled by the precise information contained in this map to make a prompt selection, and thereby to avoid the uncertainty which is often fatal to the best laid plans. With the view of gathering the necessary information, Mr. Thaddeus Patrick, the able Clerk of the Railway Committee of the Commons, to whom the preparation of this important work had been entrusted, proceeded to Nova Scotia and New Brunswick. In those provinces Mr. Patrick had access to all such documents as were necessary to enable him to complete his task, and on his return he proceeded energetically to carry out the undertaking. The map is for the present divided into counties, each county being represented by a detached sheet, these are, so to speak, proof-sheets, which are to be handed at the proper time to the representatives in Parliament of the several counties, who will thus be enabled to verify, revise and amend them in accordance with their own local knowledge. On the completion of this revision, all these various parts are to be consolidated into one whole, and the work will then be complete. The execution of the drawings is all that could be desired. The work is neat, clear and striking, and is so executed as to render a study, which in itself is considered tedious, a real pleasure."

In addition to what *L'Evenement* has said, we may add that we visited the Railway Committee Room the other day, and were much struck with the vast importance of the map; and while giving Mr. Patrick every praise for the ability and energy with which he is carrying it towards completion, we can quite agree with our Quebec *confrere* in according much credit to Sir G. E. Cartier for having secured the authorization for such a valuable addition to the means of reference at the service of the Railway Committee. At the time of our visit the Province of Ontario had been completed as far as possible, until the return of the proofs of each electoral district forwarded to the member for inspection and correction. On the return of these tracings, whatever emendations may be made, will be placed upon the map of the electoral districts of the Province of Quebec. "No trial" tracings, as we may call them, have yet been taken; but the correctness of the map will be submitted to the same test for Quebec as for Ontario. These tracings will hereafter be found exceedingly useful for local reference. The Provinces of New Brunswick and Nova Scotia are also in a forward state of preparation. With regard to the former full details are already in Mr. Patrick's possession, as also a great part of those relating to Nova Scotia. It is therefore hoped that by the meeting of Parliament a great portion of these details will be reduced and transferred to the large map, on the same scale as Ontario and Quebec, viz.: two miles to the inch. When the work is completed, it will be of the greatest service to the Railway Committee; and, indeed, to the public. Whether copies will be made of it for exposition at Quebec and other important centres, as indicated by *L'Evenement*, we cannot undertake to say; but we have no doubt as to the advantages which would follow such a course were it adopted.

We copy the following from the London *Daily News* of the 16th ult. It is doubtless true, as therein stated, that the change of government in Britain will delay the settlement of the Hudson's Bay Territory question; but we do not anticipate that it will have any injurious influence on the final terms of arrangement:

"It seems probable that if Mr. D'Israeli and his colleagues had postponed their resignation till after the new House of Commons formally declared its want of confidence in them, the public might have been informed that a settlement was effected between the Government of Canada and the Hudson's Bay Company. As the public is aware, negotiations have been on foot during the past few weeks having for their object the termination of a long and bitter controversy which that Company has had with the Canadian people. The change of Ministry prior to the final arrangements being concluded must lead to a reconsideration of the points at issue. While many just complaints may be made of the delays thus occasioned, it is but fair to remember the advantages gained when a matter of Imperial importance has been duly considered by the official representatives of our two great parties.

"How to reconcile the rational demands of the Canadians on the one hand with the expectations of the shareholders in the Hudson's Bay Company on the other, is a problem which it is far more easy to state than to solve. For many years back the Company has been to Canadians what a hobgoblin is to children, scaring them from the possessions they account their own, but hesitate to occupy. Since the Confederation of the several Provinces, the occupation of the Western territories by that Company has been regarded by the General Parliament as a burden not less grevious than was the Old Man of the Sea to Sinbad. They allege that their destiny is marred because a grand field for the display of their energies is closed against them. Westward they would follow the track of Empire, but the monopoly of the Hudson's Bay Company is the bar to their progress. The more imaginative and ambitious spirits among them wish that the Dominion of Canada should be bounded by the North Pole, the Atlantic and the Pacific Oceans, and chafe at the barrier raised up against them in two directions by a trading company which stands on its alleged ancient rights without proving by its action that it is prepared to spread abroad the benefits of civilization over its territory. That the most fertile land in the world should be the breeding place of wild animals merely because Charles II. granted a Charter in 1670 to a Company of 'Adventurers' is, they say, contrary alike to sound policy and to common sense. In order to put an end to this state of things, two members of the Canadian Government, Sir Geo. E. Cartier and the Hon. Mr. Macdougall, who were empowered to come to an understanding on the subject, recently arrived here and stated their case in the proper quarters. We believe that the Duke of Buckingham sent the ultimatum of the late Government to the Directors of the Hudson's Bay Company shortly before leaving office. As he ceased to be Secretary for the Colonies, and as the Governor of the Company has now become Lord Privy Seal, being thereby precluded from continuing his connection with the Company, the whole case must again be reviewed from the beginning before the Ministry of Mr. Gladstone arrives at a decision.

"It is obvious that the Hudson's Bay shareholders are neither disposed to part with their privileges without proper compensation, nor to accept the interpretation put upon their claims by many persons in Canada and elsewhere. They naturally consider themselves entitled to make a handsome profit by whatever transaction is entered into by the representatives. With them then the question at issue is simply a breeches-pocket one. Let them be well paid, and they will be satisfied. In general terms, no one can be disposed to quarrel with this notion. The difficulty, however, consists of fixing upon a standard of remuneration which all parties would deem equitable. As a rule, every shareholder is more or less another Alnaschar. He dreams of golden returns as the result of his small investment. Not unfrequently, in the ecstasy caused by his vision, he irretrievably damages his prospects by a rash step. Such may be the fate of the Hudson's Bay shareholders should they be too exacting in their demands. If the control of Canada over their property be to them a mere monetary question, to the Canadians it is emphatically a matter of grave public policy. That the colonisation of a fertile tract of territory should be effected, and that a settled Government should have authority in that territory, are to them objects of paramount importance. It is the attainment of these ends that the Government must aim at. Let existing rights be scrupulously respected, and vested interests receive adequate consideration. But let it also be remembered that rich land, whereon at least thirty millions of people can settle and live in comfort, will not long remain shut against those who would make their homes there. To keep the question open is to make the final solution the more difficult, or rather it is to hold out inducements to unruly spirits to take the law into their own hands, and thereby at once hasten and simplify the solution in a manner which might be very startling to the Hudson's Bay proprietors."

THE SILVER EXPORTATION MOVEMENT.

All who favor the movement are expected to do their duty, "now or never." Those who have not yet sent in their papers will please do so at once, not with their own names only, but with the names of as many of their neighbours as possible.

Papers have been sent to all known supporters, who are expected either to increase the amount of their own tenders, or to secure the name of a neighbour. It this is generally done early next week, *we shall succeed.*

W. WEIR.

We have received from Messrs. James Hope & Co., Rowsell's sheet almanac for 1869. It is handsomely got up and contains a large amount of information, and is adorned with a handsome wood cut of Windsor Castle.

A CORRECTION.

To the Editor of THE TIMES.

Mr. Editor,—Your Montreal correspondent telegraphs you that "Mr. Walsh, crown prosecutor for the district of Ottawa, has been dismissed from his office." I did not hold any "office" from which I could have been "dismissed." At several terms of the Court of Queen's Bench for the district of Ottawa, I performed the duties of Crown prosecutor on behalf of the Hon. Sir George E. Cartier, when Attorney-General, and, I have reason to believe, to his satisfaction, and lately on behalf of Mr. Attorney-General Ouimet. The engagement was a purely professional one, and ended with the performance of the duties alloted, in the same manner as do the engagements of a barrister to any other client. A dismissal under such circumstances would therefore be a gratuitous impertinence.

I have the honour to be,
Sir,
Yours obediently,
T. J. WALSH.

Aylmer, Quebec, New Year's Day.

Dress Goods.—A large assortment of ball and evening dresses; also, in fancy, black, Japanese, and Foulard silks, poplins, &c., at T. & W. Hunton's, whose stock is constantly supplied by their resident agents in London and Paris. Evening silks, &c., shewn by gas light in a room prepared for the purpose, at any hour of the day.

For fine bog oak brooches and ear rings in sets, see Young & Radford's new lot, just received, and selling at the very low price of only 90 cts. per set.

—For a choice selection of New Tapestry, Brussells, Kidderminster and Imperial 3-ply Carpets, Cocoa Matting, Floor Oil Cloths, Hearth Rugs, Crumb Cloths and Door Mats; Damasks, Repps, Curtain Trimmings, Lace and Muslin Curtains, go to Magee & Russell's new Store, next door to Mr. John Leslie's, Sparks-st.

—Corsets at the skirt factory for half-price.

THE OTTAWA CANAL.

From the United Service Gazette.

Now that the Ontario Government has refused to come to the aid of that, to some extent, local speculation, the Ontario and Georgian Bay Canal, and thus leave the public mind free from the hopeless pertinacity of the promoters of a project which competent engineers have pronounced impracticable, let us hope that before the next meeting of Parliament some steps will be taken to bring forward a project which is not only practicable and national, but without which we cannot hope to compete as successfully as we ought to do, either in peace or war, with our neighbors south of the line 45. In a military point of view the work to which we refer, the Ottawa Ship Canal, is a necessity, if we are to become a great and powerful nationality. By it we should have a line of communication open with the sea, along our entire length, and in rear of our position, and by this line England, while she maintains her supremacy on the seas, could at any time safely and easily move up sufficient gun-boats to command the lakes. It may be said that the United States could build gun boats for lake service as easily as England, but the disadvantage under which they labor is that such gun-boats would be available for lake service only, and would add nothing to their strength, except in a war with Great Britain and this country, while English gun-boats would be available in any part of the world, and could be speedily collected on the upper lakes, at the first signs of danger in this quarter. If, therefore, the United States desired to assume and maintain a hostile attitude towards us, they would be under the necessity of keeping up an inland fleet of gun-boats, at an enormous expense, for that purpose. As the attitude of Canada is, and probably always will be, defensive, it is not at all likely that the States would submit to a great drain upon their resources, for the purpose of maintaining a force of gun-boats, the effect of which could so easily be neutralized by England at comparatively small cost. In this view of the case the Ottawa Canal, while making our position almost impregnable in case of war, would also make a hostile enterprise against us so stupendous and costly an undertaking that we should be, to a great extent, free from menace.

But apart from its value in a military point of view, this canal would, if completed, aid us incalculably in our peaceful rivalry with the United States, and especially with the Eastern and North-eastern States. The line of the Georgian Bay and the Ottawa and St. Lawrence is the natural outlet to the ocean for the products of the Great North-western States, as well as of the British territory north of them. The natural outlet for the Great South-western States is the Mississippi river. The capital of New York and the New England States has heretofore forced the agricultural products of the Great West, seeking the European markets, through the long, circuitous, expensive, and unnatural route of the Erie Canal and the New York and Pennsylvania Railroads, and the line thus opened at the expense of the western producer can afford to take return freight at a merely nominal figure; while the high tariffs imposed upon foreign manufacturers, for the benefit of New England manufactures, compel the western trader to purchase inferior New England goods, at greatly more than their value. Thus in every way, and at every step, the western producer is robbed. Under this oppressive system the agriculturists of the Western States are daily growing more restive, and if a line of communication were opened with Europe, by which they could save forty cents per bushel on their grain, and on other products in proportion, and at the same time open the way to saving as much more, by avoiding the exorbitant tariffs of New England, it is not too much to predict that the keen and thrifty people of the North-west would repudiate the Yankee cormorant, as California repudiated his robbing system of greenback currency, even if in so doing they were compelled to threaten their allegiance to their New England task-masters. Free trade with the Great West, through Canada, would give such an impetus to English trade that the prospect of it ought to overcome even the antipathy of the Manchester school of English politicians to any scheme which would benefit the colonies, and induce them to assist heartily in the construction of a work that must eventually open up that trade to them; while the real friends of the colonies, for their own sake, would only be too glad to find, in an enterprise for developing British commerce, a means also of strengthening and aiding the colonial empire. Already the Western States have ceased to have any sentimental sympathy with the East, and as their material interests clearly lie in another direction, it is only the part of both English and Canadian statesmanship to make that other direction as attractive as possible: on the part of England, as opening up a wide field for her commerce, and on the part of Canada as making our territory the line of communication, and our people the carriers of the wealth of the teeming West, and to a considerable extent its manufacturers; and if the commercial metropolis of America should be transferred from New York to our own seaboard, we have a right, and it is our duty, to do all in our power to take advantage of the circumstances in which nature and passing events have placed us. We have only briefly sketched some of the probable results of the construction of the Ottawa Canal, and it gives us great pleasure to find so many other arguments in favor of that great work added to its character as a military necessity; and we hope another session will not be allowed to pass without energetic steps being taken to put this great national enterprise in a tangible shape. In this age of progress not an hour should be lost. Notwithstanding their enormous war debt, the Americans are pushing through their railroad to the Pacific, and thus, to some extent, jeopardizing the chances of a road through British territory; and unless energetic action is taken by the statesmen and capitalists of the New Dominion, they may also devise some scheme to rob us of some of the great advantages which the Ottawa Canal would undoubtedly confer, both in a national and local point of view.

—Leave orders for skirts before Christmas, and get them to fit.

Messrs. Young & Radford are the sole agents in Ottawa for the Waltham watches.

Carpets and House Furnishings.—Parties about to furnish will find a large and choice assortment of carpetings and house furnishings, cheap, at Garland, Mutchmor & Co's. Carpets made and laid with despatch.

THE LOAFER'S LODGE.

Know ye the spot where the idle and loafing,
Are typical, very, of Ottawa's clime?
Where the Government clerks, either spitting or smoking,
Join the loafer's own lodge, kept by good-natured Gonin.

There, hondles, colonels, lawyers, contractors,
And many more gentry who've "axes to grind,"
Log-rollers and shavers, and even corn-factors,
Take drinks at the bar, sometimes, 'till they're blind.

For the study of man, few such places there e'er was,
As each day exhibits in the Russell Hotel,
One longs for the pencil of "Hogarth," or old "Boz,"
The mirror to hold up, the moral to tell;

How flunkified toadies play up to the great ones,
How small ones are snubbed, how vulgar folks swell,
How some hurry to dinner, how some are the late ones,
How the Greek-bended damsel out-crooks every "Belle."

How sparks in the "glass case" sit staring on Sparks street,
To ogle the damsels that pass by that way,
Criticising the dresses, and looking for smart feet,
They a nuisance are voted, by ladies each day.

Had I time or the will, I would talk of the others,
For the list is as long as a lawyer's long bill,
But I'll say to conclude, they seem nothing like brothers,
The idlers and loafers at Russell's Hotel.

Ottawa, 31st December, 1868.

LOCAL NEWS.

St. Alban School House Readings.—Readings will be given this evening by the Rev. T. Bedford Jones, LL.D., Mr. Fennings Taylor, Mr. Badgley, A.M., and Mr. Grant Powell. Music and songs.

Saturday's Market.—It was not expected that the market of Saturday would amount to a great deal, and it did not. In fact it was not worth calling a market at all. There was a little hay in, and some of it sold for twenty-five dollars a ton.

Runaways.—There were several runaways on New Year's Day. The principal one was that of a horse and cutter, driven by a young man who found the animal too much for him. He started from Dalhousie and George-st., ran up George at a great speed to William-st., threw out the driver, who, it may be observed, was perfectly sober and little hurt. The horse continued his course to Rideau-st., but what became afterwards of him we know not.

The Weather.—A snow storm set in on Saturday forenoon and continued with little intermission throughout the day. The cold was quite severe, but in the evening became somewhat modified. There is now a good prospect of first rate sleighing for a long time to come, even though we should have but little more snow, unless indeed there should be a thaw.

Week of Prayer Throughout the World.—During this week, union prayer meetings are to be held every morning for an hour, in Webster's Hall, commencing at 10 o'clock. All are cordially invited to attend. One of the city Ministers will preside on each occasion. Rev. Mr. Wardrope will occupy the chair this morning.

Arrest for Stabbing.—Yesterday afternoon James Green was arrested on a charge of stabbing Thomas Brown, tavern-keeper, Rideau-st. There appears to have been a disturbance at the tavern on Christmas day, and in a scuffle Mr. Brown received three small stabs in his hand and arm. When arrested the prisoner shewed a penknife, and said that was the only knife he had on Christmas day. Others who were engaged in the disturbance were expected to be arrested before this morning.

A Denial.—The other day we mentioned a heartless case of obtaining a large quantity of wood from a poor French Canadian woman and refusing to pay for it. The name of the man who obtained it, as given by the woman at the police station, was Dunning, and that the wood was delivered at the potash factory, as we mentioned on the following morning. Subsequently Mr. R. W. Dunning, the potash man, brought a communication, in which he denied all knowledge of the wood, and intimated that it must have been another Dunning who got it.

New Year's Day.—The first day of the new year was generally a happy time. The weather was cold and seasonable, and it seemed as if the whole population spent the day in "calls" and wishing each other "a happy new year." Everywhere people were seen walking or driving to pay "the compliments of the season" to their friends and acquaintances, and not a few took with them, or sent before them, something by which to be remembered. A report of an instance of this will be found in another place, and there were doubtless many other instances which the world will never hear of. That there were many poor families visited for the sole purpose of making their hearts glad with some of the good things of this life, we have reason to believe. And as no man ever did a good action without being rewarded by the consciousness of having done it, we congratulate the givers as much as the receivers.

Police Court.—Thomas Hinchey, drunk and disorderly, had been going about drunk for some time, and was found lying on the side-walk on Thursday night insensible, when he was put into a cutter and driven to the station, where, so dreadful was the condition in which he was, that it was feared he would die. He became quite sober by Saturday morning, when he was fined $3 and costs, or to go one week to jail.

The following county case was then called, viz.: Maxime Marquette *vs.* Casimir Daoust, Napoleon Denault and Maurice Cousineau, for assault in Gloucester. This was the case previously mentioned as having occurred on the river, near one of the liquor shanties. Daoust and Denault, who appear to have had nothing to do with the assault, were discharged, but Cousineau was fined $2 and costs.

A city larceny case was adjourned till this morning.

A New Spelling Book.—So many spelling books are in existence, that the generality of people would be disposed to think that we had enough. We have just received one, however, from Hope & Co., of this city, published by Campbell & Son, and authorized by the Council of Public Instruction, which is very different from almost any hitherto in use, and very much their superior. "The Spelling Book Superceded" has held a high position for many years, and in fact, has been considered by the best teachers indispensable. The present work appears to be intended to supercede that. How far it will succeed remains to be determined by experience. Judging from the matter it contains, however, and of the way in which that matter is arranged, we believe it will be found to be of the greatest value as a companion to the series of school books authorised by the Council of Public Instruction. This book embraces nearly all what is required by the young scholar, to be found in the "Spelling Book Superceded," and many things which that book does not contain. It may be commenced with the "Third Reading Book," and used to advantage as long as the pupil remains at school. Perhaps, we may add, that it will be of great service to him afterwards, as well as to all whose education may have been neglected.

Messrs. Young & Radford having secured the services of first-class working jewellers in etruscan, filagree, plain, fancy and solid gold work, and having made large additions to their work shop are now better prepared to execute any orders with which they may be entrusted than heretofore. Masonic jewels, gold and silver medals, and every kind of jewellery repaired.

PRESENTATION.

On New Year's Day the employees of Mr. E. B. Eddy, of the match and pail factory, Chaudiere, presented his daughter, Miss Ella C. Eddy, with a very valuable Chickering Piano, obtained from Messrs. Orme & Son, of this city, as a mark of their respect and esteem. Mr. Eddy is one of the men whose enterprise and business talent have not only been a profit to himself, but of immense advantage to the community in which he resides. His establishment is the great attraction at the Chaudiere, and strangers who visit Ottawa without seeing it miss one of the best "sights." His indomitable energy and business capacity have been the sources of much good to the community, and it is very pleasing to find that those who most directly benefit thereby have had a due appreciation of the benefits they have enjoyed.

About eighty of Mr. Eddy's employees attended the presentation, to mark the high personal esteem in which they held their employer, and Mr. T. Donoher, the senior clerk, read the following

ADDRESS.

Miss Ella C. Eddy.

We, the clerks, operatives and employees of your respected father, have assembled here this, the first day of another year, to wish you and your respected parents a happy New Year, and express the hope that you all may be spared to see many happy returns of the season. We have deemed this (on your return home from boarding school, to spend the festive season) a befitting time to show through you to your parents, how dearly beloved and much esteemed they are held by those under them, in presenting to you this Piano as a testimonial of our esteem and respect for Mr. and Mrs. Eddy and yourself, and trust that you will appreciate the frank and honest spirit with which it is given.

We would take this opportunity while here assembled to thank your parents for the oft and repeated acts of kindness extended to many of us and our families when in sickness or otherwise, and we state without fear of contradiction that no man in this Dominion having so many hundred hands in his employ commands that love, affection and respect from his people that Mr. Eddy does. Not only the people connected with him prosper, but the whole community of the Ottawa Valley in general, and Ottawa City and Hull in particular, feel the effect of his indomitable energy. The very rocks and cascades of the Chaudiere bear witness to it, for he has made them to bud forth with mills, workshops and factories, furnishing bread to hundreds, nay thousands, of mouths. Well may it be said that Mr. Eddy is the poor man's friend, and the patron of honest industry and sobriety, and as such may well be called one of Canada's greatest men.

In conclusion, dear Miss, we all pray that God in His infinite mercy may grant you and your beloved parents many happy years to enjoy the gift presented you by your devoted servants.

Signed on behalf of the employees, this first day of January, 1869.

T. DONOHER,
WM. WARREN,
JOHN BROWNE,
GEO. MILLAN,
JER. O'LEARY,
JNO. D. HANSON,
JNO. EASTMAN,
J. A. B. HANNUM,
MOSES TRUDELLE,
D. CASEY.

Mr. Eddy made the following

REPLY:

Dear Clerks, Operatives, and Employees.

It is with great pleasure that I meet you this morning of the first day of January, 1869, and in response to your address to my daughter, I heartily wish you a happy New Year, and I further wish you more and many of them. I must say I am taken entirely by surprise by this splendid gift to my daughter, through me, by you, hardly thinking myself worthy of it. But as you have on the occasion of my daughter's short visit home, taken the opportunity of presenting to her this testimonial of your kindly feeling towards myself and family, I beg to tender you our most sincere thanks. I can hardly express the feelings of emotion in my breast this morning. I can heartily say this is one of the happiest days of my life, outside of my domestic relations.

Many are the duties of master and overseer of this establishment, which may seem at times, to many of you, rather oppressive. But discipline and order must be maintained in all large manufactories. And I must congratulate you upon the willingness and cheerfulness with which you obey the rules and regulations which I have instituted for the government of my manufactory. Often times have I had occasion to feel proud of you, as a staff of men. Many are the visitors to my establishment, who, after taking a look through out the different departments, have returned to me and said: you seem to have an extraordinary class of mechanics. They all seem to take an interest for you; and I am proud to say to you to-day, I could always answer in the affirmative. I have often told many of you, and I repeat it this morning, that I always have felt a deep interest for you as well as your families. Some of your fellow-labourers are not present to witness the presenting of this testimonial of your mark of esteem and respect to myself and family, which, no doubt, would give them great pleasure; some of them, where are they? In the cold grave, and if they could speak to you to-day, what would they tell you. Methinks they would say, oh, if I had taken the advice of Mr. Eddy, perhaps I would be with you; but God has ordered it otherwise. I must say I love you all, no matter what nationality, or what church you worship in. We are placed here to display our talent, whatever that may be. If I am placed here to concoct plans for others to earn their bread, many may be the years that we can help one another; and never shall I forget the 1st of January, 1869, and when I hear the strains of that magnificent piano from time to time, and especially every New Year, (if I am spared to see another) will it not bring fresh to memory the proceedings of this day, when the hearts of my own men swelled to such an extent they could contain themselves no longer, but burst forth with this beautiful mark of esteem, respect, and honour towards myself, wife and daughter, and may this instrument be able to speak forth in after years, when asked, why stand you here? To say "to breathe forth in strains of sweet music that harmony and love which existed between myself and employees the 1st of January, 1869." May God bless you all, and spare you to enjoy many returns of this happy season.

Miss Eddy then favoured the company with a selection of airs on the gift which she had just received, to the evident delight of the audience, who warmly applauded the music.

The company were then invited to a magnificent lunch prepared for them in an adjoining room, where again the good feeling existing was displayed, their host and hostess superintending the table, and seeing that every one enjoyed themselves, and did ample justice to the good things provided.

Try Gardner's Baking Powder. See advertisement. 887.6m

Jewellery.—All kinds of jewellery, of the latest designs, and at the cheapest rates, can be bought of Young & Radford, Sparks-st.

A meritorious article is Hall's Sicilian Hair Renewer; it is rapidly becoming known and widely and deservedly popular. It is apparently nothing in itself but an agreeably perfumed and pleasant hair dressing, but it contains the most wonderful curative properties for loss of hair, and after using it a short time, gray hair is restored to its natural color. If any of our readers doubt it, let them try a single bottle of the "Renewer," and they will add their testimonial to the truth of what we say.—*Sentinel, Burlington, Vt.*

What is the healthy, worldly man's ambition wealth, wealth, wealth. And what the poor invalid's, health, health, health. 'Tis true, gold is dross compared with health. Take care of it, but if you have already lost it from disease of the throat, lungs, liver, kidneys, or digestive organs, &c., remember that there has never been heretofore a medicine that could in any way compete with the Great Shoshonees Remedy for the radical cure of those diseases.

DINNER AND PRESENTATION.

On Saturday evening last all the *employes* of The Ottawa Times establishment were entertained by James Cotton, Esq., at a sumptuous dinner to commemorate the third anniversary of this journal.

All engaged on the paper, from the editor down to the carrier boy, were present. Several gentlemen connected with other papers were also present.

The table was laid for about thirty, and the viands were the very best which the market could afford. The host presided, and evinced much pleasure in attending to the wants of all present, and his efforts in this respect were well seconded by the assiduous kindness of the hostess. The repast, which was such a one as would have been enjoyed by the most fastidious, was greatly relished by all who participated. After dinner the host gave the usual loyal toasts, introducing each with suitable remarks, and they were all received with the most loyal enthusiasm.

This part of the proceedings being satisfactorily disposed of, and as the host was about to proceed with what he considered proper to the occasion, Mr. Charles Mitchell, foreman of the establishment, stepped forward, and uncovered a very handsome massive gold-headed cane, the workmanship of Messrs. Young & Radford, and bearing the following inscription: "Presented to James Cotton, Esq., by the Times employes." Mr. Mitchell said he had the great pleasure of presenting, in the name of all the *employes*, this testimonial of their respect, and read the following address:

To James Cotton, Esq.

Sir,—The *employes* of your establishment have taken the opportunity offered them by our anniversary dinner to mark their appreciation of your kindness to them during the past three years.

We beg your acceptance of this cane, not for its intrinsic value, but as conveying to you the respect and esteem you have earned from us during the period we have been together as employer and employed.

Although not desiring to introduce any business feelings on this festive occasion, we beg to congratulate you on what we believe to be the prosperous condition of the Times, and the success of our mutual efforts to provide a good "live" newspaper in the Capital of the Dominion.

We desire to take this opportunity of expressing our thanks for the many acts of kindness and consideration we have experienced at your hands, and also to express the hope that as long as we remain together the same good feeling, so necessary to the success of both employer and employed, may exist between us.

Hoping you will receive the gift in the same spirit in which it is tendered, that you may enjoy many happy years to use it, and that it will serve to recall to you the feelings of respect and esteem which animated the Times *employes* during the first three years of its existence, we beg to subscribe ourselves,

Yours sincerely,
THE "TIMES" EMPLOYES.

Mr. Cotton, who had been kept in entire ignorance of this part of the programme, declared he was at a loss for words in which to express his feelings on the occasion, but said it would always serve to remind him of the happy scene before him. It was not so much for the intrinsic value, and beauty, of the present, as for the occasion and circumstances in relation to it, that this *souvenir* would be valued. Whenever he saw it it would remind him of the struggles and trials incident to the establishment of a daily paper, and of the men who had adhered to the Times since its commencement. He trusted that he should see the same faces around him on many other anniversaries of the same kind. The Times was now financially, and in all respects, a success, so that now the difficulties of a beginning having been surmounted, the road would be smooth and easy. Again he would thank them most sincerely for their valuable present.

Various toasts were afterwards drank which brought out a number of gentlemen in complimentary and congratulatory speeches, entertaining, amusing, and instructive. Then speech and song succeeded each other till near 12 o'clock.

The last toast given was that of "Our Host and Hostess," to which Mr. Cotton responded, assuring them that both Mrs. Cotton and he had experienced great pleasure on the present, as they hoped to do on similar occasions in future. The party then broke up, all well pleased with the entertainment.

COMMON SCHOOL EXAMINATION IN THE VILLAGE OF METCALFE.

The semi-annual examination of the school in section No. 11, Osgoode, took place in the school-room, Metcalfe Village, on Friday, the 18th December last. There was a large attendance of parents and guardians and others who felt interested in the day's proceedings. The board of school trustees was also well represented, which happens in this instance to be a joint board for the management of the grammar and common schools. The principal of the school deserves great credit for the aptitude displayed by his pupils in their answers in the various subjects in which they underwent examination. The junior department under the tuition of Miss Morgan, also manifested progress in their studies, and proves that their teacher has been assiduous and diligent in regard to their instruction. In the evening an exhibition was held in the school-room, at which were recitations and dialogues varied with well selected pieces of music.

After the exercises of the day had been brought to a close, Mr. Robertson was presented with an address by his pupils; accompanying it was a handsome gold ring and gold breast pin as a testimonial of their esteem and appreciation of his services as their teacher. Mr. Robertson replied in an appropriate manner, thanking them for their kind regards and for the handsome manner in which they had marked their appreciation of his services. Mr. Robertson, who holds a first-class Provincial diploma, and is also one of the gold medalists of the Ottawa Grammar School, has reason to feel proud of his first success in the profession of teaching. The prize list was then read, and after some speechifying the entertainment was brought to an end by the singing of the national anthem.

The following is a list of prizes in Mr. Robertson's own Department:

Prize List.

2nd division—5th class.

Reading, 1st prize, Sarah Allan; 2nd do., Margt. McGin.

Spelling, 1st prize, Sarah Allan; 2nd do., Margt. McGin.

Boy's Writing, prize, Thos. Carson.

Girl's Writing, 1st prize, Margt. McGin; 2nd do., Jennie Henderson.

English Grammar, 1st prize, Margt. McGin; 2nd do., Sarah Allan.

British History, 1st prize, Sarah Allan; 2nd do., Jennie Henderson.

Geography, 1st prize, Jennie Henderson; 2nd do., Jas. Henderson and Sarah Allan.

Arithmetic, 1st prize, Edmund Morgan; 2nd do., Sarah Allan and Jennie Henderson.

Ment. Arithmetic, 1st prize, Edmund Morgan; 2nd do., Jas. Henderson and J. Carson.

Algebra, 1st prize, Jas. Henderson; 2nd do., Jennie Henderson.

Geometry, 1st prize, J. Brannen; 2nd do., J. Carson.

2nd Division—4th Class.

Reading, 1st prize, Annie Baker; 2nd do., Jennie McDonell.

Spelling, 1st prize, Jennie McDonell; 2nd do., Peter J. Brannen.

Boy's Writing, 1st prize, J. B. York; 2nd do., P. J. Brannen.

Girl's Writing, 1st prize, Amelia Doctor; 2nd do., Mary Ann O'Boyle.

English Grammar, 1st prize, Jennie McDonell; 2nd do., Henry Palmer.

Canadian History, 1st prize, Edmund Morgan; 2nd do., Andrew Stewart.

Geography, 1st prize, Arch. McDonell; 2nd do., Henry Palmer.

Arithmetic, 1st prize, H. Palmer and Ellen McGin; 2nd do., Jas. Mullins.

Mental Arithmetic, 1st prize, Robert Dow; 2nd do., J. B. York.

2nd division—3rd Class.

Reading, 1st prize, Elizabeth York; 2nd do., Christina Allan.

Spelling, 1st prize, Elizabeth York; 2nd do., Christina Allan.

Boy's Writing, 1st prize, Henry Joeson; 2nd do., ——.

Girl's Writing, 1st prize, Mary McKeown; 2nd do., Elizabeth York.

Rudiments of Grammar, Annie York, Chris. Allan, and M. A. O'Boyle.

2nd division—3rd class.

Geography, 1st prize, Annie York; 2nd do., C. Allan.

Arithmetic, 1st prize, Christina Allan; 2nd do., John Allan.

Mental Arithmetic, 1st prize, Agnes Brannen; 2nd do., Annie York.

Special Prize.

declamation.

Boys, 1st prize, John Carson; 2nd do., Isaac B. York.

Girls, 1st prize, M. A. Brannen; 2nd do., J. Blair and S. Allan.

good conduct.

Prize, Andrew Stewart.

general proficiency.

Prize, Sarah Allan.

Dr. Wistar's Wild Cherry Balsam.—This balsamic compound has become a home fixture. Let all who suffer, and have in vain attempted to cure their coughs, colds, bronchial or pulmonary complaints, make use of this unequalled remedy. It can be relied upon, the mass of testimony that has been published since its introduction, being ample proof of its efficacy.

DIED.

In this city, on the morning of the 2nd instant, Dudley Booth, Senior, Esq., a native of Goshen, Sullivan County, New Hampshire, U.S., aged 59.

The funeral will take place at two o'clock, this afternoon, from his late residence, Wellington-st., opposite Blaisdell's Foundry. Friends and acquaintances are respectfully requested to attend without further notice.

CANADA.

THE DUKE OF BUCKINGHAM AND CHANDOS TO SIR JOHN YOUNG.

Copy.

Canada.

Downing-st.,
8th December, 1868.

Sir,—

The Queen has had occasion to observe that the constant progress of the British Empire in population, wealth and enterprize, and the unusual opportunities thus happily afforded to Her Subjects of rendering effective services to their Sovereign and their Country, have in some respects outgrown Her Majesty's means of recognizing those services in a fitting manner. You are aware that with the object of supplying that deficiency, it was found requisite in the year 1847, to enlarge and modify the ancient Order of the Bath; and more recently that Her Majesty has been pleased to create a new Order of Knighthood—the Star of India—for the reward of services rendered in relation to her Indian Empire. The sphere of usefulness and eminence which is now open in the British Colonies is so varied and extensive as to render it, in Her Majesty's judgment, advisable that to them as to India a special form of distinction should be appropriated.

For this purpose Her Majesty has been graciously pleased to sanction such a modification of the Statutes of the Order of St. Michael and St. George, originally instituted by King George III., in connection with His Majesty's Mediterranean Possessions, and now presided over by a Prince of the Blood Royal, together with such an enlargement of its numbers as will render it available as a reward of distinguished merit or services in any part of Her Majesty's Colonial Possessions.

I annex for publication in the Colony under your Government, copies of so much of the new Statutes as prescribes the qualifications for admission into the order and the number of the Knights.

The Queen is confident that this measure will be received by Her Subjects as an evidence of the importance which Her Majesty attaches to Her Colonial Dominions as integral parts of the British Empire, of Her constant interest in their progress and of Her desire that services of which they are the scene or the occasion may not pass without adequate and appropriate recognition.

I have, &c.,
(Signed,) BUCKINGHAM & CHANDOS.

Governor
The Right Honourable,
Sir J. Young, Bt. K. G. C. B. G. C. M. G.
&c., &c., &c.

Extract from the Statutes of the most distinguished order of St. Michael and St. George, dated the 4th December, 1868.

It is ordained, that this most distinguished order shall contain three classes, as in our said letters-patent mentioned, to be styled and designated respectively—

KNIGHTS GRAND CROSS,
KNIGHTS COMMANDERS, and
COMPANIONS.

It is ordained, that the first-class, or Knights Grand Cross, shall not exceed twenty-five in number.

It is ordained, that the second class, or Knights Commanders, shall not exceed sixty in number.

It is ordained, that the third class, or companions, shall not exceed one hundred in number.

It is ordained, that the persons to be admitted into this most distinguished order, shall be such natural-born subjects of our Crown of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, as may have held, or shall hereafter hold, high and confidential offices within any of our Colonial possessions, or such other natural-born subjects of our Crown of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, as may have held, or shall hereafter hold, high and confidential offices, or may render extraordinary and important services to us as sovereign of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, in relation to any of our Colonial possessions, or who may become eminently distinguished therein by their talents, merits, virtues, loyalty, or services, or who now are, or hereafter may be, appointed officers of this most distinguished order.

Lost, on THURSDAY last, a LADY'S GOLD WATCH, with Steel Guard. Any person leaving the same at Mr. Tracy's Jewellery Shop, Rideau-st., or at the office of the Times, Spark-st., will be generously rewarded. 939-3

Notice.—All persons having any claims against the Estate of the late GEORGE BOXALL will please forward the same to JAMES SALMON, York-st., on or before noon of WEDNESDAY, the 6th instant.

JAMES SALMON.

Ottawa, January 4, 1869. 939-3

Removal.—MRS. R. PARSONS has removed her Dressmaking Establishment to the rooms over J. G. WHYTE'S Book Store, Rideau-st.

☞Entrance from Mosgrove-st.
N.B.—All orders promptly attended to. 939a

Educational.

Ottawa Grammar School.

The classes in the above institution will be resumed on THURSDAY, the 7th of JANUARY:

J. THORBURN, M. A. .... Principal.
J. McMILLAN, B. A. .... 1st Asst. Master.
W. CARTER, ... 2nd " "
MONS. BERTHELOT, ... French Master.

W. H. WALKER,
Secretary Board of G. S. Trustees.

Ottawa, January 4, 1869. 939-4

Young Ladies'

BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL,
Wellington-st.,
CONDUCTED BY MISS HARMON.

The Classes will (D.V.) re-assemble after the Christmas vacation, on TUESDAY, JAN. 5th, 1869. The Spring Term will commence on the 1st of FEBRUARY. There are vacancies for two additional Boarding Pupils. The Drawing, Singing, French and Music Classes, are under the tuition of competent and thoroughly experienced teachers. Young ladies who have finished their English studies can join these classes without reference to the English course. Prospectuses, containing the statement of terms, and the course of English studies pursued in the school, can be obtained at Messrs. Durie's Bookstore, and on application to MISS HARMON.

December 29, 1868. 935a

Watches, Jewellery, &c.

The Sale

Still continues at the

SHEFFIELD HOUSE.

Never such an opportunity offered before in the city to buy

FINE GOLD JEWELLERY

WATCHES,

CLOCKS

AND

FANCY GOODS

AT HALF PRICE.

All goods warranted.

Ottawa, Jan. 2, 1869. 939-2

List of Letters.

Remaining in the Ottawa Post Office, 1st Jan. 1869:

Allan Thomas	Moore Thos
Anderson Miss E	More Miss Cath
Anderson J C (Gloster)	Murphy John
Black Robert	Neelin Joseph
Blake Robert	Newton Rev Dr
Bowen George	Nisbet James
Brown Miss Alice	Nolan Ben
Brown Miss Mary	O'Connor Denis
Burke Mrs Margaret	O'Hara Samuel
Burke Miss Sarah	O'Hara James
Bush G	Parker Miss Frances
Carlen Hugh	Patton Robert
Cooke William Jas	Perkins C S
Connor John	Prendregast Mde
Daniels E	Reid Jas B
Davidson Mrs Jessie	Roaldson Eliza
Davis Mrs Mary	Russell H
Donohue Miss Margt	Saul John
Downey Mary	Scott Thos H
Dunbar John	Seabrook Wm
Dunbar Miss Elizabeth	Seaves Benjamin
Fitzgerald Mary Ann	Shepherd J F
Fraser John D	Slattery Thos (of Pem)
Fraser Mrs G	Strachan David
Graham David	Stuart C
Griffin Miss Cath	Sullivan Dan
Haines Joseph	Taylor Mrs Hanna
Halpin Michael	Thompson John
Henderson Thos	Traveller Edward
Hogan Margaret	Twaites Mrs
Howden J G	Watson Robt
Johnston Mary (Nepean)	Way Miss Mary
Kerr T A	Whillans George
Lampitt J	Wright Juliana
Linfoot John	McDonough Margt
Martin W A	McGovan Miss
Mathews Obadiah	McGovern Hugh
Michel W	McInnes Mrs
Milien Mrs G H	McLaren Daniel
Miller Joseph	McLaren Wm
Moffatt R (Nepean)	

G. P. BAKER, P.M.

Publications.

Jones & Holland

Have to hand another supply of

Children's Books,
Planchette Fortune Tellers,
Miss Braddon's Last Novel,
The British Workman,
Penny Readings,
Tiny Libraries, &c., &c.

Post Office Block, Jan. 4, 1869.

To Authors.

SABBATH SCHOOL LIBRARY BOOKS.

For the purpose of promoting the native religious literature of the Dominion of Canada, and preserving interesting facts, narratives and incidents in the possession of private individuals, thereby rendering them generally useful, James Campbell & Son offer the following sums for the manuscripts of original works, suitable for Sabbath School Libraries, providing such MSS. come up to the standard required for publication:

Three of Forty Dollars each,
One of Fifty Dollars,
One of Sixty Dollars,
One of One Hundred Dollars,
In all, Six Books.

The character of the literature must be the influence of religion in ordinary life, as seen in the Dominion of Canada, in bush, lake, sea, farm, or domestic life, in village, city, country house, store or workshop, and preference will be given to narrations of facts.

The books must be not only moral but of a decidedly religious character, and their teaching in accordance with the great Scriptural truths in which all evangelical denominations agree.

Each book should contain from 127 to 200 pages, similar in size to ordinary Sabbath School books, and may contain two or more distinct narratives.

The manuscripts must be written in a clear, legible hand, and be forwarded to the publishers not later than the end of March, 1869. The award will be made the first week in May, by Professor Daniel Wilson, LL.D., University College, who has kindly undertaken to examine the MSS.

Each package must be accompanied with an initial and address of the author, and those not chosen will be returned.

Any further information may be obtained from the publishers,

937-3 JAMES CAMPBELL & SON.

New Publication.

CHRONICLES OF CANADA.
BY
H. BEAUMONT SMALL, S.C.L.

Price, 50 cents. For sale by the publisher,

936tf GEORGE E. DESBARATS.

1868. 1869.

For the New Year.

J. DURIE & SON have just received
Leisure Hour and Sunday at Home, in bound vols.
British Workman and Band of Hope, do do
Children's Friend and Infants Magazine, do do
Cassell's Magazine and Cassell's Readings, do
The Quiver and the Sunday Magazine, do do
The Boy's Annual and the Home Book for Girls do
The Cottager and Artizan.

Ballantyne's Books for Boys,

Mayne Reid's Books for Boys.

No. 1, "Onward,"

Mayne Reid's New Magazine for Boys.

Books Illustrated by Gustave Dore:
The Bible, 2 vols.; La Fontaine's Fables, Tennyson's Elaine, &c., &c., &c.

Handsomely Illustrated Books for Gifts.

Books for the Little Ones,

In endless variety.

Writing Desks,

In beautiful styles, at low prices.

Pirie's Perfumed Note Paper and Envelopes,

In neat cases, a beautiful gift.

For sale by
J. DURIE & SON,
10 Sparks-st.

Railway Practice Office.

Now ready, the Cubic Contents of the Earth work of those sections of the Intercolonial Railway, to be first placed under contract, giving in detail the quantities in each excavation and embankment.

Rates—1 mile per cubic yard of cutting and filling, or 1,000 cubic yards for a dollar, up to 100,000 yards, and for every additional 10,000 yards one dollar.

J. O'HANLY,
Civil Engineer.

Ottawa, Dec. 30, 1868. 936b

Tenders

Addressed to the undersigned for seating Bank-street Church, will be received on or before SATURDAY, the 9th JAN., 1869. Specifications and a Model of the Seats can be seen at the House of MR. WM. HUTCHISON, Maria-st.

WM. TAYLOR.
939-3

Jany. 2, 1869.

Latest by Telegraph.

For Montreal Line.

TORONTO.

Special to THE TIMES.

TORONTO, January 1, 1869.

Toronto is out on a holiday, amidst a heavy fall of snow. The city is bent on enjoying itself. To-morrow will also be observed as a holiday by the wholesale houses. Not much stirring.

Special to THE TIMES.

TORONTO, January 2.

Yesterday was observed in traditional style, but owing to the weather calls were few. A good many found their way to the Lieut.-Governor's levee.

Two hundred dollars have been received per the Bank of Montreal from Lambton, as subscription to aid the Red River settlers.

A sad accident occurred outside the city yesterday afternoon at a turkey shooting match at a hotel about six miles off. Just as the last bird was being brought up, a rifle to the shoulder of one of the party went off, the ball entering the head of Mr. Giles, of this city, and inflicting such injuries as to cause death within two hours. A coroner's inquest was held, and a verdict of accidental death recorded.

The wife of Chief-Justice Richards is dangerously ill.

Some pretty tough contests are expected at the municipal election on Monday. It is reported that it is said in one ward if the popular candidate is defeated the returning officer will not be allowed to leave with the books.

A heavy snow storm has prevailed here since yesterday morning. The trains are late in consequence.

The lowest temperature indicated by the thermometer last night was nine degrees above zero.

CABLE NEWS.

GREAT BRITAIN.

LONDON, December 31.—A despatch from Wigan reports that a terrible explosion occurred, in the Haydock Colliery to-day, and that twenty-two dead bodies have been already taken out of the mine.

Mr. Ashbury, in his note to Messrs. Bennett and Stebbins, of New York, relative to the proposed yacht race, after objecting to the tonnage of the *Dauntless*, says he will race the *Phantom* across the Atlantic. He will go in any event, and thus give the *Sappho* and other English yachts a chance to accept.

QUEENSTOWN, January 1.—The steamship *Java*, from New York, touched here at one o'clock this afternoon, and proceeded to Liverpool.

SOUTHAMPTON, January 1.—The steamship *Cambella*, from New York, touched here at one o'clock this afternoon. After debarking English passengers and mails she proceeded to Hamburg.

DUBLIN, December 31.—Col. Bates, Justice of the Peace at Tipperary, has been shot dead in that city by unknown parties. No arrests have been made.

LONDON, January 1.—There have been no markets at Liverpool to-day. In this city there have been a few transactions in American produce. Tallow closed firm at 47s. 6d.

The *Times* of to-day in a leading editorial, denounces the projects of the Liberals for the abolition of primogeniture, &c., and says that England is essentially aristocratic and Conservative.

CORK, January 1.—There was a large Fenian demonstration here to-day, at which Mr. O'Sullivan made a strong speech.

GLASGOW, January 1.—The steamship *Columbus*, which passed into Queenstown a few days ago with her shaft broken, arrived here the day before yesterday.

LONDON, January 2.—The *Express* has an article on the proposed international yacht race. It proposes that owners of yachts of equal tonnage with the *Dauntless* should accept Bennett's challenge.

Interview with the Chinese Embassy.

NEW YORK, January 2.—The *Herald's* London special says Mr. Burlingame and Lord Clarendon, the new British Foreign Minister, had an interview to-day, when they agreed upon the principles for the future British policy to be adopted towards China. Lord Clarendon, reviewing his former conversations, fully acknowledged the propriety and justice of the several points which Mr. Burlingame had advanced in reference to the policy which he deemed desirable that England should pursue. Mr. Burlingame held that the objects of the present mission showed evident signs of progress, and by no means evinced a retrograde disposition on the part of the Chinese Government. He also deprecated the practice of western powers in using an unfriendly pressure to introduce new systems and new ideas among a people whose knowledge of foreign nations was of recent origin, and who were nurtured under a traditional system to which they were accustomed and attached, because such repressive policy would tend to revolution, and repress progress, whereas the Chinese Government fully admitted the necessity of progress, and desired to encourage it gradually without a sudden shock to the feelings, passions, or prejudices of the people.

The *Herald's* London special says in the interview between Lord Clarendon and Mr. Burlingame, Lord Clarendon admitted that the Chinese were entitled to forbearance from foreign nations, and assured Mr. Burlingame that England did not discern or intend to apply any unfriendly pressure in order to induce China to advance more rapidly in her intercourse with foreign nations than was consistent with the safety and feelings of the Chinese people. The following articles were then agreed to between Lord Clarendon and Mr. Burlingame:

First.—That it was necessary to observe the existing treaty stipulations.

Second.—That all negotiations should be conducted with the central government, and not with the local authorities.

Third.—That before the inaugurations of war disputes should be referred to the Home Government.

Lord Clarendon has issued instruction to British agents in China to act in accordance with the spirit, and with the objects above explained, and moreover to caution British subjects to pay due respect not only to the laws of China, but also to respect the usages and feelings of the Chinese people.

London Money Market.

LONDON, December 31—1:20 p.m.—Consols 92¾; Account 92¾; Bonds quiet at 74; Stock market firm; Illinois Central 92½; Erie 26.

Liverpool Markets.

LIVERPOOL, December 31—11 a.m.—Cotton active; Pork firmer and higher at 90s.; Bacon 53s. 6d.

FRANCE.

PARIS, January 1.—The Emperor Napoleon, at the usual New Year's reception of the diplomatic corps, in replying to the address of the representatives of foreign powers said that he realized with much pleasure the conciliatory spirit animating the governments which enables them to quiet animosities and smother internal difficulties as fast as they arise, thus insuring the continuance of peace. He confidently hoped the year 1869 would prove as satisfactory as the year which had just closed, and that the course of events may dissipate unfavorable apprehensions, and consolidate the peace so necessary to the welfare and progress of civilized nations and peoples.

There has been a very considerable outflow of specie from the Bank of France during the week just passed. The official statement of the condition of affairs of that institution is published to-day, whereby it is shown that the amount of bullion on hand is quite 31,000,000 francs less than at the corresponding period last year.

PARIS, January 2.—The journals state that at the New Year's reception the Emperor told Senor Olazaga, the Spanish envoy, to convey to his Government the warmest wishes both of himself personally, and of France, for the happiness and prosperity of Spain.

The Bourse is firmer. Rentes 70f. 17c.

SPAIN.

MADRID, December 31.—Disturbances have occurred in Malaga, where barricades have been erected in the streets by a portion of the people. The disorder is likely to be easily suppressed. The Carlist agitation continues in Navarre.

The *Herald's* Madrid special says Gen. Caballero Deroda after having issued a proclamation to the insurgents at Malaga to throw down their arms, and they refusing to submit the General declared the place in a state of siege. The town was then attacked by the Government troops. The insurgents were fought in the streets and defeated, when Gen. Caballero succeeded in restoring order.

The *Herald's* Constantinople special says the Turkish Government received an invitation yesterday to be represented at the proposed conference of the great European Powers on the eastern question. It is asserted that Hobart Pasha has been appointed to represent the Sultan.

LONDON, January 2.—Further details of the suppression of the insurrection at Malaga have been received by telegraph. After a sharp engagement in the streets of the city Gen. Deroda succeeded in routing the rebels and restoring order. The war vessels at anchor in the harbour acted in concert with Gen. Deroda, by pouring a galling fire into the ranks of the insurgents. The country is now entirely tranquil.

RUSSIA.

ST. PETERSBURGH, December 31.—The *Journal of St. Petersburgh* editorially expresses the hope that the Porte will withdraw the ultimatum to Greece before the conference assembles.

TURKEY AND GREECE.

CORFUS, January 1.—The Government of Greece is actively engaged in preparing and completing the armament of the national troops.

CONSTANTINOPLE, December 31.—The *Turquie* newspaper says the Porte has not accepted, and probably will not approve, the proposition for a European Conference.

It is reported that the Conference, if held, will adhere to the Turkish Ultimatum.

A despatch from Athens says the Greek war minister's aide has gone to Cerigo to disband the volunteers.

A Constantinople despatch says the Turkish Government, since the departure of the Greek Envoy, shows a good feeling towards the Greek residents of that city.

PARIS, January 2.—The Conference for the settlement of the differences between Turkey and Greece will be composed of the Ambassadors to France from the various powers of Europe. The sittings will be held in this city, and be presided over by M. Lavalette, the new French Foreign Secretary. The time of the meeting has not yet been fully agreed upon.

It is now more than likely that both the Turkish and Grecian Governments will participate in the proceedings of the proposed Conference. It is given out to-day that Alexander Rizo Rouquabe, the noted Grecian poet, will represent Greece, and Fuad Pasha, Turkish Minister of Foreign Affairs, will represent the Sublime Porte.

ITALY.

FLORENCE, January 1.—King Victor Emanuel to-day, in his reply to the New Year congratulations of the military staff, said that the present situation of Italian affairs was good, but that if the present amicable situation should become clouded, and trouble should in the future appear to be imminent, he would confidently rely upon the local patriotism of the army to sustain him in maintaining peace and the national honour.

CHINA.

NEWS VIA LONDON.

LONDON, January 2.—Late telegrams from Hong Kong confirm the re-establishment of the Mikado Government at Jeddo.

AMERICAN NEWS.

SATURDAY'S DESPATCHES.

Inauguration of the Governor of New York.

ALBANY, January 1.—Governor Hoffman was inaugurated to-day.

A Washington Rumour.

The *Tribune's* Washington special says the English Government are said to have sent an agent to Bergota, to watch Mr. Cushing, and see that the United States does not get too much advantage in the Darien ship canal navigation.

MIDNIGHT DESPATCHES.

A Verdict of Murder Found in the Twitchell Case.

PHILADELPHIA, January 2.—The jury in the Twitchell case to-day rendered a verdict of guilty of murder in the first degree.

Destructive Fires.

By the burning of a flour and produce warehouse in Philadelphia on Thursday night property valued at $250,000 was destroyed.

NEW HAVEN, CONN., January 2.—The repair shops of New Haven and New York R. R. were burnt last night. Loss $10,000.

BANGOR, ME., January 2.—By a fire here last evening ten brick stores were destroyed in Broad-st. Loss $250,000.

Lawlessness in Georgia.

AUGUSTA, GA., January 2.—A despatch from Savanna says the trouble on the Ogeechee continues. Citizens are organizing to put down the lawlessness.

A MILITARY GOAT.—The non-commissioned officers of the Fifth Field Battery of the Prussian Guard Artillery announce in the Berlin papers the death of their comrade of war "Herr Schneider." This is the name of a goat belonging to the battery, which came into their possession when the army was mobilised in 1864, and he soon became attached to the men of the corps, with whom he was a general favourite. Herr Schneider always marched with the men of the first gun, from whom he also received his rations. He regularly attended parade, took his place among the non-commissioned officers, and appeared to listen attentively to the orders given. When the war broke out in 1866, he marched at the head of the battery, and when they crossed the Bohemian frontier was promoted to the rank of sergeant by the privates, who presented him with a beautiful collar on which were embroidered the distinguishing marks of his military rank. However, as soon hostilities commenced he was tied up to one of the ammunition waggons and kept in the rear; but during the battle of Koniginhof, when the roar of cannon and discharge of small arms were at the highest, the military spirit of Herr Schneider broke out, and he managed to slip away and go to the front at full gallop, the orderly following as fast as he could in order to recover his charge. Just at that moment the Crown Prince met them, and inquired of the orderly what he was doing with the goat. On being informed of the state of affairs his Royal Highness appeared much amused, and said jocosely, "Let him go, he has orders to attack the enemy, and will be in the *melee* before any of you." Subsequently Herr Schneider returned to his ammunition waggon, none the worse for his bravado. After the battle the artillerymen promoted him to the brevet rank of sergeant-major for having given proofs of his undoubted courage in the presence of the enemy, and decorated his collar with a medal made out of a copper pan from the captured cooking utensils of Gen. Count Coronini. After going through all the dangers of the campaign unscathed, he had the misfortune, on the return march of the army after the conclusion of the war, to break one of his legs while leaping down from a waggon; but the science of the regimental surgeon and the needful repose soon reinstated him in his former robust state of health, and he was able to march at the head of his battalion at the memorable triumphant entry of the army into Berlin, in September 1866.

QUEBEC.—The Montreal Tea Company: Gentlemen, the chest of mixed tea at 55 cents I received is excellent in quality, and fully 20 cents cheaper exc I have been paying. Your obdt. servant, than THOS. TRUDEL.

A large consignment of the Montreal Tea Company's pure teas have been received by the undersigned. There is no paint, dye, or black lead used in these teas to make them look well. Boxes, 12 lbs. and upwards. See advertisement for list of prices.

JOSEPH MOONEY,
Russell House Block

—Last month of the cheap sale at the skirt factory. Skirts at half-price.

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, December 25, 1868.

AUTHORIZED discount on American Invoices until further notice: 26 per cent.

R. S. M. BOUCHETTE,
Commissioner of Customs.

Jewellery, &c.

FOR
CHRISTMAS AND NEW YEAR'S
PRESENTS,
IN GOLD & SILVER WATCHES,
GO TO YOUNG & RADFORD'S,
30 Sparks-st.

FOR
CHRISTMAS AND NEW YEAR'S
PRESENTS,
GOLD CHAINS & FINE JEWELLERY,
GO TO YOUNG & RADFORD'S.

FOR
CHRISTMAS AND NEW YEAR'S
PRESENTS,
IN PLATED WARE,
GO TO YOUNG & RADFORD'S.

FOR
CHRISTMAS AND NEW YEAR'S
PRESENTS,
IN FANCY GOODS,
SUITABLE FOR THE SEASON,
GO TO YOUNG & RADFORD'S.

PARTIES WANTING WORK
SUITABLE FOR PRESENTATIONS
FOR CHRISTMAS OR NEW YEAR,
Will find it to their advantage to
GO TO YOUNG & RADFORD'S,
30 Sparks-st.

Dry Goods.

SILKS FOR THE HOLIDAYS
AND
EVENING WEAR.
OVER
$10,000 WORTH of RICH
And Elegant Silks,
Satins,
Irish Poplins,
and Moire Antiques,
In all colors and suitable for grand occasions.
All kinds and qualities of "SILK GOODS" will be much higher priced in the Spring, therefore it will be to the advantage of all parties requiring such wear, to procure soon.

BALL DRESSES.
Elegant, Gilt and Silver Spangled Tarlatans,
Also, Plain and Embroidered Grenadine Dresses,
Black and White Grenadines,
Tarlatans, in all Colours,
Plain and Dewdrop Tulles, in all colours,
Plain and Coloured Spotted Nets, &c.

LACE GOODS.
Thread,
Maltese,
Clung and Honiton Laces,
Real Lace,
Lappets and Head Dresses,
Lace Collars and Cuffs,
Also, Chemizettes,
Hemmed Lawn,
and Honiton Lace Bordered Handkerchiefs.
White and Black Lace,
"Marie Antoinettes Lace Trimmed Aprons,"
(*A novelty.*)

OPERA CLOAKS.
White and Scarlet French Merinoes,
54 in. White, Bareze and Grenadine,
54 in. Lustre and Llama,
Wool Opera Hoods, Pelerines and Cloaks.
Cloaks made to order.

MILLINERY.
Flowers,
Feathers,
and Head Dresses.

GLOVES.
White and
Dark Coloured Kids,
ALL AT MAGEE & RUSSELL'S

Groceries.

THE TEA POT LIST.
In Cases, Hhd. and ¼ Casks,
HENNESSEY'S BRANDY,
MARTELL'S do
OTARD, DUPEY & Co., do
JULES, ROBIN & Co., do
CASTILLION & Co., do.
In Bottle or Wood,
GRAHAM'S EXTRA OLD PORT,
GRAHAM'S THREE GRAPE,
SANDEMAN'S CHOICE OLD PORT,
McKENZIE'S Pure Golden SHERRY,
DUNN'S BROWN, do
CHOICE PALE, do.
THE
FINEST BALTIMORE OYSTERS,
Received daily, by Express.
CHIPPAWA pure old RYE WHISKEY
Four years old, equal to any French Brandy.
CHIPPAWA TODDY WHISKEY,
Four years old, equal to Scotch.
CHIPPAWA FAMILY PROOF.
J. G. ROBINSON & CO.,
The Tea Pot, Ottawa.
Ottawa, Dec. 16, 1868.

ON SALE,
GOODERHAM & WORTS'
RECTIFIED SPIRITS.
100 BBLS. CELEBRATED OLD RYE,
100 do HIGHWINES, 50 O.P.
100 do ALCOHOL, 65 O.P.
The trade supplied at manufacturers' prices.
REDPATH'S EXTRA GOLDEN SYRUP
REDPATH'S STANDARD do
NEW YORK HOUSE SYRUP,
100 BBLS. WEST INDIA MOLASSES.
500 CHESTS UNCOLORED JAPAN TEA.
100 CADDIES ORANGE PEKOE
150 CHESTS TWANKAY.
200 CADDIES BRIGHT SOLACH TOBACCO.
100 BOXES TOBACCO, 10s.
500 BARRELS EXTRA SUPERIOR FLOUR.
300 BBLS. MESS PORK, to arrive.
J. G. ROBINSON & Co.
December 16, 1868. 926.3m

Garland, Mutchmor & Co

XMAS DRY GOODS.
GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.,
IMPORTERS, 20 SPARKS-ST.,
Have received, ex various ocean steamers, large additions to their extensive stock of
STAPLE & FANCY DRY GOODS,
MILLINERY,
Carpetings and House Furnishings,
and are now shewing a large and well assorted stock in every department. They invite special attention to the following:
RICH FANCY SILKS,
RICH FANCY DRESSES,
suitable for street and evening wear,
RICH BALL DRESSES,
GOOD ABERDEEN WINCIES,
at a little over half last year's prices. Good cheap useful dresses for all classes in all the new materials.
CLOTHS,
TWEEDS,
BLANKETS,
FLANNELS,
SHEETINGS,
COTTONS,
PRINTS, ETC.,
all in great variety cheap.
LACES,
RIBBONS,
TRIMMINGS,
GLOVES,
HOSIERY,
Black Silk Mantle Velvets,
Black and Brown Velveteens,
Black and Brown Sealskins,
Black and Brown Astricans,
Coloured Jasper Sealskins,
White and Fancy Mantle Cloths.
MANTLES,
in great variety, in all the new materials and shapes.
SHAWLS,
BONNETS,
HATS,
LADIES' CAPS,
HEAD DRESSES,
FLOWERS,
FEATHERS,
BRIDAL WREATHS.
Great novelty in Skirts—the
NEW PATENT FELT SKIRT,
Plain and embroidered, all in once piece; warm lighter, better fitting and cheaper than any other skirts. Just opened
One Case Plain Glasgow Wincies.
Two cases latest styles in Clouds and other Woollen Goods.
Wholesale and Retail.

Stationery.

NEW GOODS.
Just received, ex steamship *St. David*, a large importation of the best British manufactured
STAPLE STATIONERY,
IN
LETTER PAPERS,
NOTE PAPERS,
ENVELOPES,
FOOLSCAPS,
FOLIO POSTS,
RECORD PAPERS,
TINTED BLOTTING PAPERS,
MUSIC PAPER,
&c., &c., &c.
For sale at
THE OTTAWA CITIZEN
Stationery and Printing House,
Rideau-st., Ottawa.

Groceries.

For sale by the undersigned.
300 BBLS. MESS PORK.
200 BBLS. THIN MESS PORK.
500 BBLS. STRONG SUPER FLOUR.

COAL OIL.
Having been appointed by the combination their agents for
COAL OIL,
They are now prepared to sell in quantities to suit the trade, by the
BARREL OR CAR LOAD,
AT THE
LOWEST PRICES

Agents for Hiram Walker's
HIGHWINES
RYE,
PROOF, and
MONONGAHELA WHISKEYS.

Agents for
REESOR BROS. CHEESE.

Agents for John Campbell's celebrated
HAMS,
BACON, &c.
C. T. BATE & CO.,
Canal Basin.
Ottawa, Dec. 12, 1868.

Stationery.

PRESENTS FOR THE HOLIDAYS.
What more acceptable gift than a beautiful work of art, to be gazed on with pleasure and profit every day! "A thing of beauty is a joy forever!" Give then as Christmas Gifts, those exquisite pictures,
PRANG'S CHROMOS,
of which Frederic E. Church, the great American artist, says: "They are certainly most skilfully and artistically executed." And John G. Whittier "I had no idea they were home productions; I am glad to know that such beautiful work is done here." And Bayard Taylor: "Your illuminations of the Beatitudes are really superb." And Wendell Phillips; "I congratulate you on your success, which I consider marvellous."
Prang's American Chromos are fac-simile reproductions of masterly oil and water-color paintings, so skilfully and artistically done that it requires the experience of an expert to detect the difference between them and their originals. Among them the following are the most attractive:
Horses in a Storm. (After R. Adams.)
The two Friends. (Child and Dog, after Gerard.)
Sunset in California. (After Bierstadt.)
Sunlight in Winter. (After Morvillier.)
The Barefooted Boy. (After Whittier.)
Early Autumn on Esopus Creek, N. Y. (After A. T. Bricher.)
Late Autumn in the White Mountains. (After A. T. Bricher.)
Six American Landscapes. (After A. T. Bricher.)
Strawberries and Baskets. (After Miss V. Granbery.)
Cherries and Basket. (After Miss V. Granbery.)
Flower Bouquet.
Blackberries in Vase. (After Lilly M. Spencer.)
Fringed Gentian. [After H. R. Newman.]
Easter Morning. [After Mrs. James M. Hart.]
Group of Chickens. [After Tait.]
Group of Quails. [After Tait.]
Group of Ducklings. [After Tait.]
The Poultry Yard. [After Lemmens.]
Poultry Life. A. B. [After Lemmens. Companions.]
The Kid's Play-Ground. [After Bruith.]
Correggio's Magdalena.
Under the Apple-Tree. Rest by the Roadside. [After G. E. Niles. Companion pictures.]
Autumn Leaves—Maple.
Autumn Leaves—Oak.
Wood Mosses and Ferns. [After Ellen Robbins.]
Bird's Nest and Lichen. [After Ellen Robbins.]
The Bullfinch. [After Wm. Cruickshank.]
The Linnet. [After Wm. Cruickshank.]
Have Patience. [Girl and Dog.]
Rabbits and Kittens.
Morning. [After Rosa Bonheur.]
Evening. [After Rosa Bonheur.]
&c., &c., &c.
The Beatitudes of Our Lord, most magnificently illuminated.
Illuminated School Room Cards, with mottoes taken from Scripture.
Illuminated crosses, Book Marks, Rewards of Merit.
The Language of Flowers, Wood and Sea Mosses, Ferns, Flowers, &c.
"OLD MOTHER HUBBARD," "The most elegant juvenile book of the season," superbly illustrated and illuminated.
The editor of a prominent journal, writing to Mr. Prang, expresses thus his idea on Chromos;
"We think no greater civilizer could be introduced so generally as your chromos. You will never find a thief with a rosebud in his button-hole nor will you ever find a murderer admire your productions. Only the good, the true, and the better part of our nature, are touched and awoken to by art. Your aim to introduce your beautiful productions to the general public is commendable, and in your efforts you have our hearty concurrence."
Prang's Chromos are offered at 20 per cent. below the publisher's prices at the
CANADA GAZETTE OFFICE,
where will also be found the following objects, suitable for Christmas and New Year Gifts.
Albums, Toilet Bags, writing Desks, Gold and Silver Pen and Pencil cases, Penknives, &c.
A beautiful assortment of PLAYING CARDS.
BALL AND DINNER CARDS &c., neatly printed.
VISITING CARDS printed from copperplate or type on the shortest notice.
CANADA GAZETTE OFFICE,
Dec. 10th, 1868. Sparks-st., Ottawa

☞ SEE FIRST PAGE.

OTTAWA MARKETS.

[Compiled expressly for the OTTAWA TIMES.]

Times Office, Ottawa, Jan. 2, 1869.

FLOUR—Extra	6 50	@	6 75
No. 1	5 25	@	5 50
No. 2	none.		
Bags—Fall per 100 lbs.	3 25	@	3 37½
" Spring "	2 62½	@	2 75
Oatmeal—per 200 lbs.	7 00	@	7 25
Indian Meal "	4 00	@	0 00
Rye—per bushel 56 lbs.	0 85	@	0 90
Barley " 48 lbs.	0 90	@	0 00
Buckwheat Flour	4 00	@	4 50
WHEAT—Fall—per bushel, 60 lbs.	1 25	@	1 30
Spring " "	1 20	@	1 25
CORN—Per bushel, 56 lbs	0 85	@	0 90
Peas " 60 lbs	0 90	@	0 00
Oats " 34 lbs	0 58	@	0 60
Beans " 60 lbs	1 80	@	0 00
PORK—Mess—per barrel	24 00	@	24 50
Prime Mess per do	00 00	@	17 00
Prime	none.		
Pork (fresh)	7 50	@	9 50
Hams	0 15	@	0 17
Beef per 100 lbs	5 00	@	6 50
Mutton—per lb	0 5	@	0 6
Geese—Each	0 50	@	0 60
Ducks	0 50	@	0 60
Turkeys—Each	1 00	@	2 00
Poultry—Per pair	0 50	@	0 60
BUTTER—Choice Table	0 25	@	0 00
No. 1 Firkin	0 22	@	0 24
No. 2	0 00	@	0 00
Eggs	0 22	@	0 25
Apples—per brl	3 00	@	4 00
VEGETABLES, &c.—Potatoes	0 40	@	0 40
HAY—Per ton	18 00	@	20 00
WOOD—Per cord (cubic measure)	3 25	@	0 00
Mixed Wood	3 00	@	0 00
Tamarac	2 00	@	0 00
Soft Wood	2 00	@	0 00

Dry Goods.

Shewing This Day.

GRANT & HENDERSON,
No. 20, Rideau-st.

Are offering an extensive Stock of

DRESS GOODS.

WINCIES,

SHAWLS and

BLANKETS,

☞AT THE LOWEST CASH PRICES.☜

N. B.—An extensive assortment of genera DRY GOODS always in stock.

LATEST STYLES AND FASHIONS.

INSPECTION INVITED.

No. 20, Rideau-st.

CLOTHING,
CHEAP AND FASHIONABLE,
READY-MADE AND TO ORDER.

O'MEARA & CO.,
ESTABLISHED IN 1844,

Offer for sale an extensive importation of FALL AND WINTER GOODS, comprising Ready-made Clothing, Canadian Tweeds, Etoffes, Satinetts; also a large stock of Blankets, Flannels, Kerseys, Gray Cottons, Prints, Winceys, Plaids, &c., &c.; Broadcloths, Beavers, Witneys, Petershams, Devons, &c.; Bedford Cords, Silk Mixtures, West of England Tweeds, Doeskins, &c., wholesale and retail, which will be made up to order on the shortest notice in the latest styles of fashion and at prices that

DEFY COMPETITION.

☞A general assortment of Dry Goods, the largest stock ever offered for sale in this city.

$1.25 BLANKETS $6.00. **$3.00**

TAILORING DEPARTMENT.

Particular attention given to the Tailoring Department, which is under the supervision of a first-class cutter.

$2 ....GREY ETOFFE PANTS,
$4.50 ....GOOD PEA JACKETS.
$4 ....OVERCOATS,
$9 ....COMPLETE SUITS,
$1 ....GOOD VESTS,
75 CTS., $1 and $1.25......UNDERSHIRTS,
75 CTS., $1 and $1.25 ....DRAWERS

A. DUFF. O'MEARA & CO.
Ottawa, October 27 1868. 882y

GIVING UP BUSINESS.

LAST MONTH.

Ladies wishing to have SKIRTS made any particular shape or size to fit them will please leave their orders at once, as the skirt makers will be paid off by Christmas.

A large lot of HOOP SKIRTS still on hand which will be sold without any regard to cost during this month.

140 dozen CORSETS yet on hand, every size and shape; will be sold at very low prices.

A large lot of KNITTED GOODS still remaining. Breakfast Shawls, Sontags, Clouds, Hoods, &c.

HOSIERY and GLOVES very cheap.

Four dozen Ladies' SATCHELS at half price.

A few of those Black Quilted Skirts yet on hand at reduced prices.

Hair Nets, Corse Clasps, &c.

Also, three of Raymond's Improved Family Sewing Machines at $10, former price, $12.

CITY HOOP SKIRT FACTORY,
43 Sparks-st., Centre Town.

N.B.—Any party wishing to commence the Skirt Manufacturing Business can purchase all the requisite machinery and materials at much below cost by calling on MR. MILLAR at the factory.

BOARD.

Five or six gentlemen boarders can get rooms, with or without board, in the vicinity of Sandy Hill, within ten minutes walk of the Parliament Buildings, by applying at the Office of this paper.
Ottawa, October 16, 1868. 868tf

CONCENTRATED LYE.

CAUTION TO THE PUBLIC.

The remarkable success which has attended the introduction of the celebrated Concentrated Lye into Canadian market, by the subscriber, has excited the cupidity of an unprincipled firm in town (which has already been convicted of borrowing other people's brains) by a spurious imitation called Saponifier. To avoid disappointment, purchasers should be careful to ask for Harte's Concentrated Lye, which is sold by all respectable [illegible]ruggists and Grocers in town and country. 783y

For Sale or to Let.

TO LUMBERERS.—The subscriber is authorized to receive proposals for lease of the best STEAM MILL SITE on the River Ottawa, below the Chaudiere Falls. Very extensive storage for logs and piling ground. Lumber may be shipped direct from the mill.
R. H. HAYCOCK, Solicitor, Ottawa.
Dec. 19, 1868. 948l

FOR SALE, OR TO LET for a term of years, BELLEGREEN COTTAGE and GROUNDS, say two and a half acres, situate on the Bank of the Rideau River, (Ottawa-st.) The Cottage is built of brick and tin roofed, with a gallery all round. The gardens and grounds are in a high state of cultivation. Large storeroom, stables, granary, coach and ice-house, woodsheds, &c., all in the best of order. It is one of the most healthy and comfortable residences for a private family in or about the city of Ottawa. For particulars apply to FRANCIS CLEMOW, Esq.—Office, Sparks-st., near the Russell House—or to the proprietor J. WADSWORTH.
Terms moderate. Possession given at any time to suit parties. 927tf

VALUABLE FARMS FOR SALE.—Lot 21 in the 3rd Concession, Gloucester, Ottawa Front, 200 acres, about 80 cleared and under cultivation, with comfortable Dwelling and good Barn. The bush land is principally hardwood, and very valuable from its proximity to Ottawa. Also, Lot 20, in 3rd Concession, Gloucester, Ottawa Front, containing 200 acres, 20 acres cleared. The remainder of this lot is heavily wooded with hard and soft wood. These farms will be sold separately or together as may be desired. The short distance of only 3 miles from Ottawa makes the wood of greater value. These lands are well watered, of excellent soil, and would make a fine dairy farm. Apply to the Proprietor, C. SPARROW, or to D. O'CONNOR, Solicitor, Ottawa.
Ottawa, Nov. 25, 1868. 908tf

MEMBERS OF PARLIAMENT and others visiting the Capital can be accommodated with board and apartments, single or double, at a first-class Boarding House, within five minutes' walk of the Parliament Buildings. References given if required. Apply to MRS. W. PARDY, Wellington-st., Ottawa. 905-2m

ROOMS TO LET.

MRS. SMITH, Corner of Bank and Albert-sts., can rent TWO FURNISHED BEDROOMS and a SITTING ROOM. 868tf

FOR SALE.—The Westerly one-third of Lot No. 27, in First Concession, Ottawa Front, Nepean, and Lots Nos. 26 and 28, in the same concession, at present in the occupation of Wm. T. Aylen, Esq. For further particulars apply to JOHN and WM. THOMSON, Nepean, and LEWIS & PINHEY, Barristers, Ottawa. Jo2-141-tf

Commission Merchants.

DOMINION AUCTION MART,

AND

COMMISSION SALE ROOMS,

HOUSE, LAND AND GENERAL AGENCY,

OFFICE AND SALE ROOMS,

INGLIS' NEW BUILDINGS, SUSSEX-ST.,

OTTAWA.

The subscriber respectfully announces to the inhabitants of Ottawa and surrounding country that at the request of many friends he has decided on opening an extensive and well regulated Auction Mart in this city:

From arrangements made with some of the Furniture Manufactories of Western Ontario, a large and well selected stock of new furniture will be constantly on hand.

Public Sales will be held from time to time, of which due notice will be given, and at which parties requiring to furnish will have an opportunity of purchasing at unusually low rates. The Mart is now open with a large stock of new Furniture, as well as Pianos, Harmoniums, &c., &c., consigned for sale.

The subscriber would also intimate that he is the Sole Agent for Ottawa and territory for the sale of Rappe, Webber & Co.'s celebrated grand Pianos.

They are successors to the late John C. Fox, of Kingston, and the makers of his excellent Pianos.

From their long experience in Germany, Paris, and New York, they are universally admitted to be the best Piano Manufacturers on this continent.

The high reputation of the instruments made by them for the past ten years, and the increasing demand for them in the new Dominion, prove their very superior quality, and universally acknowledged merit.

The Pianos, as well as the Furniture in the establishment, will be sold either by private sale or auction.

He would also announce that he is prepared to receive instructions from persons having household furniture, horses, carriages, or real estate, to dispose of, and pledges himself that nothing will be left undone by him to give satisfaction in discharging the trust confided to him. He hopes that by strict attention to the sales entrusted to his care, as well as by prompt settlements immediately after, to merit a share of public patronage.

He will be in his office from 7 in the morning until 7 in the evening, when he can see parties who wish to arrange about their sales. Consignments from a distance will have immediate attention.

Cash advances, when required, will be made on consignments for immediate sale.

All kinds of furniture bought, sold or exchanged.

REFERENCES:
His Lordship the Bishop of Kingston,
Hon. Sir John A. Macdonald,
Hon. H. L. Langevin, C B,
Hon. Alex. Campbell, P M G,
R. W. Scott, Esq. M P P,
Walter Shanly, Esq. M P
Max. W. Strange, Esq. M P P,
Francis H. Burton, Esq. M P
James O'Rielly, Esq. Q C,
H. V. Noel, Esq. Manager Quebec Bank, Ottawa.
Robert Lyon, Esq. M P P.

A smart young man wanted to act as travelling agent representing several firms.

J. BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer and Commission Merchant,
75-y House, Land and General Agent.

REMOVAL.

The subscribers beg to inform their customers and the public generally that they have removed to those spacious premises lately occupied by M. K. Dickinson, Canal Basin, and where will be found constantly on hand the following goods:

FLOUR,
PORK,
OATMEAL, &c.

ALSO ON HAND,

2,000 CORDS OF GOOD FIREWOOD,
and 600,000 sawed SHINGLES.

Wholesale and Commission Agents.

Goods forwarded with despatch between Ottawa, Kingston and Intermediate Ports, by the Steamer *Mary Ann*, and three barges.

☞ *Silver Taken at Par.* ☜

WM. H. EASTON & CO.,
Forwarders and Commission Merchants,
Canal Basin

VULCAN IRON WORKS,

WELLINGTON-STREET,
OTTAWA.

ALEXANDER FLECK, Proprietor and Manager of the VULCAN IRON WORKS, MONTREAL, begs to inform the public of Ottawa and the surrounding Counties that he has purchased the extensive works hitherto owned and worked by T. M. Blaisdell, Esquire, as Founder, Machinist, and Worker in all kinds of Iron Work.

Having made full arrangements to meet the wants of the Trade, he respectfully draws the attention of those about to erect Saw and other Mills, Mill Owners generally, Steamboat Owners, and others, to the facilities offered for the manufacture of such articles as they may require. He will be prepared to receive and execute promptly all orders in his line of business in the best manner and at reasonable prices.

ALEXANDER FLECK.
Ottawa, December 11, 1868. 922d

HORSE INFIRMARY,

AND

VETERINARY ESTABLISHMENT
YORK-STREET, OTTAWA,
Next to Salmon's Hotel.

A. J. F. COLEMAN, V. S
(Member of the College of Veterinary Surgeons Toronto; by appointment, V.S., to the Co. of Carleton Agricultural Society.)

Orders or communications promptly attended to and medicines sent to any part of the Dominion. Charges moderate. 812y

COAL! COAL!

NEWCASTLE GRATE,
(Screened.)
LACKAWANNA,
(Egg and Stove Sizes.)
LEHIGH,
(Lump and Egg Sizes.)
BLACKSMITH'S,
$6 per Chaldron.

For Sale by
D. W. COWARD & CO.,
Commission Merchants,
912 3m Office—17 Sparks-st.

Medical.

PAIN KILLER!

A PURELY VEGETABLE MEDICINE

TAKEN INTERNALLY, CURES

Sudden Colds, Catarrh, Coughs, Bronchitis, Asthma, Fever and Ague, Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, Acid Stomach, Headache, Heartburn, Indigestion, Canker in the Mouth, Throat or Stomach, Sick Headache, Sea Sickness, Piles, Kidney Complaints, Canker Rash, Cramp and Pain in the Stomach, Painter's Colic, Diarrhoea, Dysentery, Summer Complaint, Cholera Morbus, Cholera Infantum and Cholera.

APPLIED EXTERNALLY, CURES

Scalds, Burns, Frostbites, Chilblains, Erysipelas, Ringworms, Whitlows, Boils, Old Sores, Sprains, Bruises, Toothache, Headache, Neuralgia in the Face or Head, Pains in the Side, Pains in the Back and Loins, Rheumatism, Rheumatic Gout, Neuralgic or Rheumatic Pains in the Joints and Limbs, Stings of Insects, Scorpions, Centipedes, and the Bites of Poisonous Insects and Venomous Reptiles.

At this season, when coughs and colds are so prevalent, an effectual remedy, and one easily obtained, is *Perry Davis' Vegetable Pain Killer*. It is no new nostrum, vended by unknown agents, but has stood the test of over 20 years; and those who use the article, internally or externally, will connect with it grateful recollections of its worthy inventor.—*Hastings' Chronicle, C. W.*

PAIN KILLER.—The testimonials borne to the efficacy of this valuable medicine are sufficient to warrant its introduction into every house. Our own opinion is that no family should be without a bottle of it for a single hour. In flesh wounds, aches, pains, sores, &c., it is the most effectual remedy we know of. A bottle will last for a very long time, and its low price places it within the reach of all. Our readers will remember that the Messrs. Perry Davis & Son have opened out a house in Montreal, whence Canadian orders are supplied.—*News, St. Johns, C. E.*

☞We are glad to learn that the "Pain Killer" is having so large a sale in our city. We have every reason to believe it to be an almost never failing cure for pain, and is a medicine that no family should be without.—*Montreal Pilot.*

In an attack of Diarrhoea, Dysentery or Cramp Colic, don't delay the use of the Pain Killer.

Rev. H. L. Van Meter, Burmah, writes, "The Pain Killer has become an almost indispensable article in my family."

Hundreds of missionaries give similar testimony of its virtues.

Rev. J. G. Stearns writes, "I consider it the best remedy for Dyspepsia I ever knew."

Rev. Jabez S. Swan says, "I have used it for years in my family, and consider it an invaluable remedy."

We cheerfully add our testimony in favor of this medicine.—*Roman Citizen.*

We have tasted this medicine and assure our readers that it not only possesses all the virtues claimed for it, but in many instances surpasses any other remedy which we have ever known.—*Herald of Gospel Liberty.*

It is really a valuable medicine. It is used by many physicians.—*Boston Traveller.*

I have used Davis' Pain Killer, and consider it an indispensable article in the medicine box. It has effected cures in Diarrhoea, and for cuts and bruises it is invaluable.—*New York Examiner.*

Spoken of in terms of high commendation by both druggist and physician.—*Philadelphia Eagle.*

The Pain Killer is sold at wholesale by druggists and medicine dealers, and commission merchants, in the principal cities, and retailed by Apothecaries, Grocers and at Variety Shops generally, throughout the world. Price, 15 cents, 25 cents and 50 cents per bottle.

PERRY DAVIS & SON,
Manufacturers and Proprietors, 380 St. Paul-st., Montreal, P. of Q.
78 High-st., Providence, R. I.; 71 Southampton Row, Holborn, London, England
DAVIDSON & DANIEL, GENERAL AGENTS

MORTIMER'S

INFALLIBLE REMEDY

FOR

CHOLERA,
DIARRHŒA, and
BOWEL COMPLAINTS.

The following extract, which Mr. Mortimer is kindly permitted to publish, is from the letter of a relative of Dr. Wolfe, of this city, now residing in the United States:

"Find out if the Express charges are too high, and if not, arrange with Mortimer to let you have a box of the bottles of CHOLERA MIXTURE. I could make a good little fortune with them. The bottle I brought with me here brought two ladies round from decided cholera; one on board the boat, and the other in Berlin, United States. Both commenced with diarrhœa, then with dysentery, and then vomiting. The one at Berlin was very bad. I gave her three doses of the Cholera Mixture, the third of which stopped the vomiting. The next day she was all right, or nearly so. She was very grateful. I have now only a little left."

☞This excellent mixture, which should be in every family, is only

TWENTY-FIVE CENTS A BOTTLE.

NONE OTHER GENUINE.

TRADE MARK REGISTERED

CANADIAN COUGH EMULSION.

This valuable medicine has the extraordinary property of immediately relieving Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Difficulty of Breathing, Tightness in Chest, &c., &c. It operates by dissolving the congealed phlegm, causing free expectoration, and an agreeable moistness to the skin.

Sold in Bottles at 1s. 3d. and 2s. 6d. Each.

MORTIMER'S COMPOUND ANTIBILIOUS

AND

FAMILY APERIENT PILLS,

A grand specific for derangement of the Digestive Organs, and for obstructions and torpid action of the Liver and Bowels.

Mortimer's Vegetable Worm Destroyer,

The only sure remedy that exists, combining delicious taste and amazing power.

MORTIMER'S

Colognes, Pomades, Toilet Vinegar, Rose Dentifrice, for the Teeth and Gums. Also constantly on hand Perfumes of all kinds, and Toilet Requisites usually kept in a first-class establishment.

No. 41 Sussex-st., Ottawa City.

PARODEE'S EPILEPTIC CURE,

For the relief and cure of Epilepsy, St. Vitus' Dance, Puerperal Hysteria, &c., &c. This preparation is from the recipe of a celebrated French Physician, and the very great success which has attended its use in every case, and where the highest medical skill was of no avail, has induced the subscriber to give it every possible publicity. The genuine has the subscriber's name and address on each bottle. Price one dollar. Sole Proprietor, J. A. HARTE, Chemist, 396, Notre Dame-street, Montreal.

Harte's Florida Water, equal to anything imported. Price 37½ cents per bottle. 783y

DARLEY'S ARABIAN HEAVE REMEDY and CONDITION MEDICINE is positively superior to any, or all other preparations for the cure of Heaves, Coughs, Thick and Broken Wind, and all diseases which affect the wind of horses; also, as a Condition Medicine, surpassing everything of the kind, is easy to give, sure to cure and safe in all cases and at all times, and does not prevent the horse from being worked while using it.

It cleanses the breathing apparatus, by removing from the air-cells the coagulable lymph, or that secretion which in heaves clogs them, causing a difficulty in breathing, and by its action on the diseased part, causing the mucous membrane to resume its natural dimensions, thus equalizing the circulation of the blood, and restoring the distended vessels to their natural size; by its use the horse's appetite is improved, all derangements of the digestive organs corrected, softening the skin, and giving to the coat a sleek and shining appearance.

D. W. HURD, successor to HURD & Co., Maiden Lane, New York, Sole Proprietor for the United States.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, Ont., Proprietors for Canada.

Price 25 cents. Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, Henry F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J. Brown, in Ottawa. 889-45-6m

FOR CASES of

CONSUMPTION

treated with SAVORY & MOORE'S

PANCREATIC EMULSION.

See *The Lancet, British Medical Journal, Medical Press, &c.*

On the 14th Oct. I commenced the Pancreatic Emulsion (SAVORY & MOORE'S) in two tea-spoonful doses, two hours after dinner and supper. I can only describe its effects by saying that it seemed *to work like a charm*."—Dr. Kinkead's *Paper on Phthisis and its treatment.*

Medical Press, &c., Feb. 26, 1868.

Caution.—The genuine PANCREATIC EMULSION sold only in bottles, 2s 6d, 4s 6d and 8s, with Savory & Moore's labels and trade mark.

THE BEST FOOD FOR INFANTS, resembling Mother's Milk as closely as possible.—Dr. H. Barker *on right foods for children.*

"THE INFANT PRINCE thrives upon it as a Prince should."—*Social Science Review.*

"A REAL IMPROVEMENT (*Lancet*) on the ordinary kinds of LIEBIG'S FOOD," and the only one that keeps good in all climates.

No boiling or straining. Tins, 1s, 2s, 5s and 10s.

SAVORY & MOORE,
143, New Bond-st., London.

Stoves & Hardware.

A SWINDLE

Having been perpetrated on the public by stove dealers, unknowingly, we hope, selling spurious self-feeding coal stoves that are almost useless; and finding it detrimental to the sale of the justly celebrated

REFLECTOR,

we take this opportunity of saying to those who have been so swindled, and to those who contemplate buying a coal stove, that in order to PROVE that the Reflector is ahead of all other stoves for beauty, cheapness and economy, we will put them up ready for work, and allow them to be tested for one month, and if they do not suit take them away again, free of charge. Now this is an offer that the public must appreciate, and we are determined they shall. Try one, it will cost nothing unless you are perfectly satisfied, and be of no trouble to us. Any other kind of stove cheap during the Bankrupt Sale.

ESMONDE BROS.,
48 Sparks-st.,
Opposite Ontario Bank.

BLYTH & KERR,

No. 25 RIDEAU-ST.,

Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters, Tin and Copper Smiths, Bell Hangers, &c., &c.

A large stock of materials for the above branches of business constantly on hand.

Importers of

HOUSE FURNISHING HARDWARE.

STOVES! STOVES!

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Hall, Fancy, Parlour and Cook Stoves, in great variety.

Agents for Eaton's Patent Automatic, Self-Ventilating, Wood and Coal Stoves. Also Beecher & Co.'s celebrated

HOT AIR FURNACES.

☞Public and Private Buildings, Conservatories, Vineries, Manufactories, &c., warmed by Steam, Hot Water, or Warm Air, on the latest and most approved principles.

SKATES, SKATES, SKATES,

AT THE

SIGN OF THE ANVIL, No. 24, RIDEAU-ST., where you can get a complete assortment of SKATES of all sizes, and at any price to suit purchasers, from 25 cents to $5.50 per pair. In the assortment will be found

The celebrated Sheffield Club,
" " Canadian Favorite,
" " Central Park do

and all other English and German Patterns.

Skate Straps, all patterns, &c., &c.

Also, a general assortment of

SHELF & HEAVY HARDWARE,

consisting in part of

GENERAL HOUSE FURNISHING,

Butcher Knives, Knives and Forks,
Pocket Knives, Table Spoons,
Tea Spoons, Tea Trays, Table Mats,
Buts, Screws, Locks,
Bolts, Catches, Latches,
Axes, Saws, Planes, Squares,
Hammers, Spokeshaves, Gouges,
Chisels, Augers, Auger Bits,
Steel Bits, Bevels,
Levels, Boring Machines,
Draw Knives, &c., &c., &c.

Together with

PAINT OF ALL COLORS,

Rose Pink, Burnt Umber,
Terra de Seinna, Chrome Yellow,
Yellow Ochre, Celestial Blue,
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Lamp Black, Boiled Oil,
Raw Oil, Turpentine,
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Paint Brushes,
Varnishes, &c.

THOS. BIRKETT,
Sign of the Anvil,
No. 24, Rideau-st.

P. S.—All goods delivered free to any part of the city 408y

WARDELL'S PATENT STOVE-PIPE.

No more difficulty in putting stovepipes together. They will fit like a glove, and can't fall apart By this new invention STOVEPIPES may be fitted into each other with the greatest ease, and here will be

NO NEED OF WIRING UP,

as they cannot fall apart of their own accord. The invention (patented) is simple and effective, a short opening at the joint at each end of the pipe enables two of them to be locked together, and the "bead" effectually prevents their separation.

Any person can put them together with the expedition of a practised tinsmith.

They will be sold at the low price of

FIFTEEN CENTS PER LENGTH.

The undersigned having bought the exclusive right for the City of Ottawa and County of Carleton, from Mr. Y. K. REID, respectfully invites the public to call and examine them, being fully persuaded that all who see them will refuse to buy any other kind.

C. P. DORION,
58 Sparks st.,
Opposite British Lion Hotel.
Ottawa, October 14. 871.3m

S. SAFE! S. SURE! S. SUCCESSFUL.

Such is the character given of every stove sold during the past year at the

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,
35 Sussex-street, Ottawa,
H. MEADOWS & CO.

We beg to notify the public that our stock for the season is now complete; our

STOVES

are of the latest and most improved patterns, and the most extensive assortment shown in Ottawa.

COOKING STOVES, of the good old-fashioned kind,
COOKING STOVES, of the latest and most modern designs,
PARLOR STOVES, for elegance of design cannot be surpassed,
BOX & HALL STOVES, that are unrivalled for heating purposes,
DOUBLE STOVES, the best in use,
HOTEL STOVES, large and extra strong made, expressly for Hotel and Boarding Houses, complete with large Copper Water Reservoirs and Plate Warmers. We call special attention of Hotel Keepers to these stoves, they will last as long as any six ordinary stoves. See them and judge for yourselves. Price lists sent free on application.

COOKING STOVES, DOUBLE STOVES,
BOX STOVES, HOTEL STOVES,
PARLOR STOVES, COAL STOVES,
BEDROOM STOVES, DUMB STOVES,
STOVEPIPES! ELBOWS! STOVEPIPES
Common, Bright and Russia Iron,

and everything in the Tin, Sheet Iron and Copperware Line, on hand or made to order.

Hot Air Furnaces, Eave Troughs, Building Job Work and Repairs attended to punctually. We keep none but the best and most experienced mechanics.

HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS,

of every description in stock, suitable for the smallest family, or the largest hotel.

ARE YOU GOING TO BE MARRIED?

If so, call and see our large assortment of necessary House-keeping Goods, suitable for Kitchen, Dining Room, or any room in your house.

YOUNG MAN, see that your house is well furnished with useful articles before you spend your money in more showy ornamental things.

IRON BEDSTEADS, LAMPS,

COAL OIL, SAUCEPANS,

Brass and Enamelled Kettles, Tinware, Toilet Setts, Baths, Flour Sieves, Brushes, Dish Covers, Table Mats, Sad Irons, Table Cutlery, Tea and Table Spoons, Preserve Jars, Mincing Knives, Wash Tubs and Boards, Refrigerators, Egg Beaters, Cruet Stands, Ash Pails, Table Bells, Tea Trays, Tea and Coffee Pots, Soup Tureens, Jelly and Pudding Moulds, &c., &c., &c.

COUNTRY MERCHANTS

Supplied with

STOVEPIPES AND TINWARE,

At reduced figures,

CAMP KETTLES, SHANTY PLATES,

AND BASINS,

BIRD CAGES! BIRD CAGES! BIRD CAGES!

All of the above at the

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,
street, Ottawa.
H. MEADOWS & CO.
62y

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EDWARD C. MALLOCH, M.D., M.R.C.S. Duke-st., LeBreton's Flats, "opposite the well." Office hours from 8:30 to 10:30 a.m., and 3 to 5 p.m.

DR. O. C. WOOD, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Ottawa. Day office opposite Magee & Russell's, Sparks-street, Centre Town. Night office at his residence, Maria-street, Centre Town. CANCERS CURED, without the use of the knife, by a new, but certain, speedy, and almost painless process. References given to parties successfully treated, if required. 17w160y

DR. C. LEGGO, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Office—Hunton's Block, Sparks-street.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street, Central Ottawa. 34utf

DR. C. A. MARTIN, Dentist. Office—Sussex-street, over Messrs. Campbell & Co.'s, Grocers. 34utf

DR. GEORGE HUTCHISON, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street, opposite Magee & Russell's. 576y

DR. W. J. HENRY, Corner of Kent and Wellington-streets, Ottawa. 43utf

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"GOING DOWN TO MONTREAL?"

Put up at the "CITY HOTEL," one of the most comfortable houses in the city.

This Hotel has just been fitted up in a first-class style, and at an enormous expense; its accommodations are of the best kind, it contains 75 rooms, with good yard and stabling for 60 horses. The table is always supplied with all the delicacies of the season. The Bar is also supplied with the very best of Liquors. Besides all that, this Hotel is situated right in the centre of business, near the R.R. Depot, and within a few minutes walk from the Banks and Post Office.

Terms are exceedingly moderate. Try once and you will be satisfied.

☞Remember the Place "City Hotel," 78, 80 and 82, St. Joseph-street, Montreal.

CHARLES LAURIN,
853tf Proprietor.

PICKWICK HOUSE,
Corner James and King-sts.,
Opposite the Court House and Public Offices, ST. CATHARINES, Ont.

E. HOUGHTON, Proprietor,
(Late of Houghton's Dining Saloon.)

☞A spacious sample-room for commercial travellers. 859y

OTTAWA HOUSE.

Corner of Main and Prince of Wales-streets Pembroke, Ontario.

Stages in connection with the steamers *Jason Gould, Pembroke* and *Pontiac*.

Particular attention paid to the comfort of guests. Good rooms for commercial travellers. Horses and vehicles always on hand.

J. COPELAND,
Proprietor.
Pembroke, Aug. 1, 1868. 809y

TORONTO HOUSE, Sparks-st.

MRS. TROTTER begs to announce that she has at present several commodious and handsomely furnished suites of apartments, in every respect eligible for civil or military officers, or private gentlemen remaining in the city. 773tf

REVERE HOUSE, OTTAWA.

G. A. BUCKE,
W. H. SANGER, ...PROPRIETORS.

This first-class Hotel has been re-furnished and refitted throughout, and now combines all the requisites of a first-class establishment. 582tf

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,
M. KAVANAGH, *Proprietor,*

Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings.

The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands of Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.

☞ Oysters, Game etc., daily

THE METROPOLITAN,
AUMOND'S BLOCK,
Rideau Street Ottawa.
292tf P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.

DOMINION HOUSE,
WELLINGTON-STREET.

The undersigned, formerly head waiter at the Russell House, begs to notify his friends and the public generally that he has leased the above hotel, which is now well furnished, and will be kept as a first class house. The bar is well stocked with the choicest brands of liquors. The table will be furnished with the best the market affords. Good yard and stabling attached to the premises.

658y GEORGE IRVINE.

Miscellaneous.

I. B. TACKABERRY, Auction Rooms No. 36, Rideau-street, below Whyte's Stationery Store. The sale of Real Estate at Auction or private sale promptly attended to. Consignments received and immediate attention will be paid. Sales attended in any of the city or country. 699y

R. SPARKS, Provincial Land Surveyor, Draughtsman, &c., (commissioned for Upper and Lower Canada.) Office and residence, Gloucester, near Ottawa. Surveys of every description executed with accuracy. Communications addressed Ottawa City, (post-paid), or left at the office of N. Sparks, Solicitor, &c., Ottawa, will receive prompt attention. 55 y

S. BILLINGS, Jr., Architect, Elgin street opposite the Post Office.

REFERENCES.—H A Sims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany; Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq Managing Director O. & St. L. R.R. 740t

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale.

OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

O'CONNOR & WALLER, Exchange Brokers, Fire, Life and Accidental Insurance, Commission and Collecting Agents.

Office, No. 27, Sussex-street, Ottawa.

R. E. O'CONNOR. 378y W. H. WALLER.

OLIVER & ANNABLE, Wholesale Manufacturers of Bedsteads, Chairs, &c., Chaudiere Island, Ottawa, C. W.

JOHN OLIVER,
506y WILLIAM ANNABLE.

R. H. McGREEVY, Contractor and Builder. Office: North side York Street, second door from Sussex Street. 78y

PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS, &c.,

Prepared for buildings of every description, by SIDNEY B. FRIPP, Architect,
711tf Wellington-st.

Dye Works.

BRANCH OF
ST. LAWRENCE DYE WORKS,
Elgin-st., (*Opposite the Russell House,*) Ottawa, Ont.

MACDONALD & CO.,
SILK AND WOOLLEN DYERS,
Scourers, Hot Pressers, &c.

☞Gentlemen's Clothes cleaned and dyed. Kid Gloves cleaned. 894-3m

OTTAWA CITY

STEAM DYE WORKS,

Sussex-st.,

SIGN OF THE GOLDEN SHEEP,

Opposite Martineau's Store,

Has not removed to Centre Town, but can be found at the above address.

Great reduction in prices for cleaning or dyeing. All kinds of Wool, Cotton, Silk, &c., done at reduced rates.

No use of sending goods to Montreal.

☞Encourage home manufactures.

LETHAM & BRUNAIS,
876tf Sussex-st.

ORDNANCE LANDS.

Public notice is hereby given that Sales of ORDNANCE LANDS will take place at the following places in the Province of Ontario, at the dates hereinafter mentioned:

At Kingston, 29 Lots, on Wednesday, Feb. 3rd, 1869.
Toronto, 147 Lots, on Monday, Feb. 8th.
Burlington Heights, Hamilton, 33 Lots, Feb. 10th.
Amherstburgh, 4 Lots, Saturday, Feb. 13th.
London, 1 tract of land, Tuesday, Feb. 16th.
Fort Erie, 104 Lots, Friday, Feb. 19th.
Pelham Farm, Short Hills, Saturday, Feb. 20th.
Penetanguishene, 60 lots, Wednesday, Feb. 24th.

Purchasers will be allowed to pay in ten annual instalments. One to be paid at the place and time of sale, and the rest in nine equal annual payments with interest at six per cent

Particulars as to lots, dimensions, site, &c., will be given in the local papers.

By order,
E. PARENT,
Under Secretary of State.

WILLIAM F. COFFIN,
Ordnance Lands Agent.
Department of Secretary of State,
Ottawa, 12th December, 1868. 925-2td

Legal Cards.

MACPHERSON, KENNEDY & CHRISTIE, Barristers, &c., Lang's Block, Elgin-st., Ottawa.

J. P. MACPHERSON, G. KENNEDY, A. J. CHRISTIE.

J. W. WARD, of the late firm of Lewis Pinhey & Ward, has removed his Chancery Office to Bell's Law Chambers, opposite Russell House, Elgin-st. dw

NICHOLAS SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

J. A. MARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 902y

MOSGROVE & TAILLON, Barristers, Solicitors, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.

WILLIAM MOSGROVE. 368tf GEORGE TAILLON.

N. TETREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post Office. 390tf

LAPIERRE & HAYCOCK, Attornies-at-Law, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers and Notaries Public, Corner of Sussex and York-streets, Ottawa. 368y

D. O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex-street. Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 55y

R. H. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Post Office Building, Elgin-street, Ottawa. 43utf

R. J. BUCKLEY, L.L.B., Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, and Notary Public. Office—over Mr. Luke Cuzner's Boot and Shoe Store, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 334y

LEES & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. Office—In the Court House, Ottawa.

ROBERT LEES. 43utf JOHN J. GEMMELL.

EDWARD T. DARTNELL, Barrister, Solicitor, Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the Court House, L'Orignal. 34-6m

Educational.

ST. ALBAN'S SCHOOL,

DALY-ST.

PRINCIPAL:
REV. BICKERTON A. EDWARDS, B. A.,
(ex-scholar Jesus Coll., Oxford.)

Business will be resumed on MONDAY, JAN. 4th. Hours of Study—9:30 a.m. to 12:30, and 2 to 4 p.m.

SCHOOL FEES.—For Sound Commercial and English Education, $8 per term. Higher Mathematics, Latin, Greek, French and Music, (each) $2 per term EXTRA.

The school year will, as hitherto, be divided into three terms.

A reduction made for brothers, and for payments made in the first week of term. 938tf

BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES, OTTAWA, ONTARIO.

MRS. ROBERT STEWART, from London, England, has made arrangements to receive as Boarding Pupils (in conjunction with her already well established day school) a limited number of young ladies, to whom she will impart a solid and polite education on moderate terms.

She has had great experience in teaching, and the management of young people.

Her system is modern and complete; the house commodious, and situated in one of the best parts of the city.

Mrs. Robert Stewart devotes all her time to the duties of her station. The utmost care will be taken in reference to health, morals, and religious training, and the domestic arrangements are such as to ensure comfort to those committed to her care.

The next term will begin on the 1st February, 1869.

References are kindly permitted to the Hon. Sir J. A. Macdonald, K.C.B.; Hon. S. L. Tilley, C.B., Hon. Alex. Campbell, Hon. Malcolm Cameron, Hon. Col. Gray, M.P., Fennings Taylor, Esq., Andrew Drummond, Esq., Manager Bank of Montreal, Ottawa, J. A. Grant, Esq, M. D., M. P., and Henry Cotton, Esq.

N.B.—Prospectuses on application to Mrs. Robt. Stewart, Ottawa, Ontario. 932-1awF1-5-11

MUSICAL ACADEMY.

Mr. GUSTAVE SMITH, (Organist of the Cathedral) a Graduate of the Imperial Conservatory of Paris. Lessons on Piano and Singing. Rideau-street, corner of King-street

Ottawa, June 23, 1868. 775y

PIANO-FORTE TUITION.

W. C. CLARK, Professor of Music and Teacher of Piano, Voice and Harmony. Also, Mrs. Clark, Teacher of Drawing and Painting. Music Rooms and Residence, O'Connor-street, corner of Slater-street, Centre Town.

Orders may be left at his residence or at Orme & Son's Music Store. 452

TUITION.

MONS. H. BERTHELOT, of the Ottawa Grammar School, is now prepared to give private lessons in the French language. Terms moderate.

N. B.—Will also give lessons in the Latin, Greek or English languages if required.

Orders may be left at Messrs. Durie & Son's bookstore.

Ottawa, October 16, 1868. 873tf

THE SISTERS

OF THE

CONGREGATION DE NOTRE DAME,

FROM MONTREAL,

respectfully inform the public that they will open a branch of their

Educational Establishment in Ottawa.

Their classes will begin on the 15th OCTOBER. For particulars and terms apply to the

LADY SUPERIORESS,
863tf Corner of O'Connor and Maria-sts.

Druggists.

HOLIDAY PRESENTS

AT

THE MEDICAL HALL,

28 Sparks-st., Ottawa.

Toilet Boxes in variety,
Rimmel's New Perfumes,
Cambridge Bouquet,
Oxford Bouquet,
English Lavender Water,
Silver Top Smelling Bottles,
Scotch Plaid Smelling Bottles,
Improved Perfumed Distributors,
&c., &c., &c.

A complete stock just received of Toilet Articles,

Patent Medicines,

Genuine Drugs and Chemicals,
Druggists' Sundries of all descriptions.

W. M. MASSEY,
Family and Dispensing Chemist.

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer has now been before the public for a length of time, and whenever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for those complaints. Dealers are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying to the universal satisfaction it gives

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it Physicians order and use it; and no family will without it after once trying it.

Price twenty-five cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, C. W.,
General Agents for C. W

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W M Massey, H. F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J. Brown, in Ottawa.

GEO. MAYES,
COPPER PLATE PRINTER,
Bank Street, Centre Town,
Between Sparks & Queen Streets.

Bills of Exchange, Bill Heads, Visiting Cards, &c., Printed on the shortest notice.

Railroads.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY COMPANY OF CANADA.

1868.] WINTER ARRANGEMENTS. [1869.

Trains now leave BONAVENTURE STATION as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburg, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at........9:10 a m
Night do do do do do 8:30 p m
Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at........7:00 a m
Trains for Lachine at ....6:00 a m, 9:30 a m 3:00 p m, 5:00 p m.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations at........7.00 a m
Express for Boston at........8:40 a m
Express for New York and Boston at......3:30 p m via Vermont Central.
Express for New York via Plattsburgh, Lake Champlain, Burlington & Rutland at 3:00 p m
Express for Island Pond, at........2:00 p m
Night Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham and Portland, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St. Hilaire, St. Hyacinthe, Acton, Richmond, Sherbrooke, Waterville and Coaticook only, at........10:10 pm

☞ Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains. Baggage checked through.

The steamer *Carlotta* leaves Portland every SATURDAY AFTERNOON (after the arrival of train from Montreal on Friday night), for Halifax, N. S., returning on Tuesday.

She has excellent accommodation for passengers and freight.

The International Company's Steamers, running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway, leave Portland every MONDAY, at 5 p m, for St. John, N.B.

Tickets issued through at the Company's principal stations.

For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure Station:

C. J. BRYDGES, Managing Director.
Montreal, Dec. 7, 1868.

CHANGE OF TIME.

ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.
(formerly the Ottawa & Prescott Railway.)

ON and AFTER MONDAY, the 30TH of NOV., 1868, and until further notice, TRAINS will run as follows:

LEAVE OTTAWA.	ARRIVE IN PRESCOTT.
Express, 8 a. m.	10.30 a. m.
Mixed, 1.60 p. m.	4.15 p. m.
LEAVE PRESCOTT.	ARRIVE IN OTTAWA.
Mixed, 7. 30 a. m.	11.00 a. m.
Express, 2.10 p. m.	4.45 p. m.

The time of these Trains has been so arranged as to ensure connection with night and day trains on Grand Trunk, east and west.

Baggage to and from Ottawa checked through from and to stations on Grand Trunk Railway

Return tickets to Prescott, Kemptville and Ottawa at reduced rates can be had at the principal stations on the line.

T. S. DETLOR, Superintendent. THOMAS REYNOLDS, Managing Director.

N. B.—The above Trains all run by Montreal Time.

Ottawa, Nov. 27, 1868. 1y

BROCKVILLE & OTTAWA RAILWAY.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT,
Commencing on the 20th April, 1868.

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

7:15 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Brockville daily at 7.15 a.m., and 3:15 p.m., arriving at Sandpoint at 12:40 p. m. and 9 p.m.

LEAVE SANDPOINT.

5:15 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Sandpoint at 5:15 a.m. and 1:30 p.m., arriving at Brockville at 11:30 a.m. and 7:45 p.m.

All trains on main line connect at Smith's Falls with Trains to and from Perth.

The 7.15 a.m. train from Brockville connects with U. F. Coy's Steamers for Ottawa, Portage-du-Fort, Pembroke, &c., &c., and the 1.15 p.m. train from Sandpoint leaves after those steamers are due from east and west.

H. ABBOTT,
Managing Director.
Brockville, April 11. 472y

TO FARMERS & OTHERS.

TRADE O. A. MARK.
A.
& Co.

Farmers and others should buy their TEA and COFFEE from

A. O. AUDY & CO.,

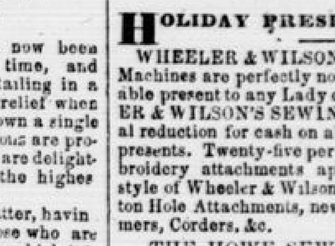
who are daily receiving by direct importations Tea and Coffee of the finest quality. Their business is conducted on the English principle, and the above named articles can be procured in 5 and 10 pound catties and upwards. The purchaser receives the benefit of a neat package, a good article, and at wholesale prices. Perfect satisfaction is ensured, and any goods not proving according to sample can be returned at our expense. We will pay the carriage on 4 five or 2 ten lb catties to the nearest railway station. For the accommodation of farmers and others not having heard of the advantage offered them, we have engaged trustworthy agents who will make occasional trips throughout the surrounding country and solicit their orders. Any favors submitted to them will receive prompt attention. We do not sell less than a cattie, and nothing but Tea and Coffee sold. The following is the list of prices:

BLACK TEA.	
Common Congou, Strong Tea	$0 45 @ 50
Fine Flavoured New Season do	0 55 @ 60
Excellent Full Flavoured do	0 75 @ 80
Sound Oolong	0 40 @ 45
Rich Flavoured, do	0 55 @ 60
Very Fine, do do	0 75 @ 80
Japan Good	0 50 @ 60
Very Good	0 65 @ 70
Finest	0 75 @ 80
GREEN TEA.	
Twankay, Common	0 35 @ 40
Fine do	0 55 @ 60
Young Hyson	0 50 @ 60
Fine do	0 75 @ 85
Superfine and Very Choice	1 00 @ 00
COFFEE.	
Mocha	$0 22, 0 27, 0 29, 0 33
Java	0 20, 0 25, 0 29, 0 32
Ceylon	0 18, 0 22, 0 26, 0 29

Remember the place,

A. O. AUDY & CO.,
Elgin-st., opposite the Russell House.

Sewing Machines.



HOLIDAY PRESENTS.

WHEELER & WILSON'S Silent Feed Sewing Machines are perfectly noiseless. The most valuable present to any Lady or Family is a WHEELER & WILSON'S SEWING MACHINE. A liberal reduction for cash on all machines for holiday presents. Twenty-five per cent reduction on Embroidery attachments applicable to the former style of Wheeler & Wilson Sewing Machine. Button Hole Attachments, new style; Tuckers, Trimmers, Corders, &c.

THE HOWE SEWING MACHINES are best for Carriage Trimmers, Shoemakers and Tailors.

Call and see for yourselves; no trouble to show you how they sew.

Remember 37, Sparks-st., Ottawa; and 105 King-st., West Toronto.

G. A. WALTON, *Agent for Ontario,*
R. W. STEPHEN,
930tf *Manager for Ottawa Office.*

ENLARGED PORTRAITURE

OF

EVERY DESCRIPTION

BOTH

COLOURED AND PLAIN,
COLOURED AND PLAIN,
COLOURED AND PLAIN,

AT

W. NOTMAN'S, METCALFE-STREET.

TO TOURISTS.—The largest collection in the Dominion of Photographs of Canadian Scenery
Ottawa, Sept. 7, 1868. 582y

Agencies.

PROVINCIAL INSURANCE.

MALCOLM CAMERON,
AGENT..........Desbarats' Buildings,
Office of Queen's Printer.

An entirely Canadian institution—perfect security to insurers, and immediate payment of claims.
Ottawa, Dec. 8, 1868. 918tf

UNION MUTUAL

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY
OF MAINE.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, 13th October, 1868.

No. 164. The following Insurance Company has received a license to transact the business of Life Insurance in Canada:

No. 34. The UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, of Maine.

Deposit in U. S. 5-20s of '81—$50,000.

B. R. CORWIN, General Agent, St. John, N.B.

For the Minister of Finance
JOHN LANGTON,
Auditor.

I have this day deposited with the Receiver General, Twenty Thousand Dollars in addition to the above Fifty Thousand, making Seventy Thousand Dollars ($70,000) U. S. Gold Bonds, 6 [illegible]

The Hon. Col. John H. Gray, M.P., has been appointed Counsel to the Company for the Dominion. All legal matters will be referred to him.

B. R. CORWIN,
Manager.
Ottawa, November 7, 1868. 894tf

ROYAL CANADIAN BANK.

OTTAWA AGENCY,

OFFICE—DESBARATS' BUILDINGS,

77 Sparks-st.

M. P. HAYES, Agent.

WATCHES.

J. SEWILL, LIVERPOOL.

Manufacturer by special appointment to
HER MAJESTY THE QUEEN, ROYAL FAMILY
AND
COURT OF SPAIN,
THE RIGHT HONORABLE THE LORDS COMMISSIONERS OF THE ADMIRALTY,
AND
HER MAJESTY QUEEN VICTORIA'S ROYAL NAVY:

Prize Medalist of the Great International Exhibition of London, 1862, and of the Universal Exhibition of Paris, 1867.

WE HEREBY APPOINT
MR. JOHN LESLIE,
Sparks-st.,
Agent for Ottawa and Vicinity

For the sale of these celebrated Timekeepers.

H. & A. SAUNDERS,
Montreal.

Sole Wholesale Agents in the Dominion for sale of *J. Sewill's* Watches.

Ottawa May 26.

S. ROGERS,

CABINET-MAKER, UPHOLSTERER,

☞ UNDERTAKER, ☜

AT THE OLD STAND,

No. 70, RIDEAU-STREET

AND AT THE

WEST END WELLINGTON-STREET,

Where the usual assortment of Cabinet and Upholstering Goods can be obtained at moderate prices.

UNDERTAKING.

The Undertaking branch is under S. R.'s immediate superintendence, who attends all funerals without Extra Charge, and has constantly on hand a large assortment of Ready-made Coffins of all sizes and qualities:

METALLIC, BLACK CLOTH, CORDURG,

Parties ordering Mahogany, Walnut or other Hardwood Coffins, may rely on getting a genuine article, (no stained Butternut [illegible] nut.)

Persons desirous of keeping their deceased relatives for a few days, or even a week, can do so without the least possible inconvenience by applying to S. Rogers, who has had over 20 years' experience in the above branches, and feels equal of giving satisfaction.

N.B.—The Undertaking Branch will be found second to none in Ottawa.

Express Waggons always ready for the removal of Furniture.

RESIDENCE.—At the West End Establishment, Wellington-st.

Ottawa, September 4, 1868. 858y

Hardware.

HARDWARE:

AT

THOS. ISAAC'S, CENTRE TOWN

PLOUGHS, CULTIVATORS,

IRON, COAL,

SHELF & HEAVY HARDWARE

NAILS, ROPE, CHAINS,

and a general assortment of House-furnishing Cornices, &c., at the lowest cash prices to be found in the Ottawa market.

ALSO,

STOVES, all patterns and sizes, for coal and wood from the Prescott, Kingston, Toronto, Hamilton and Montreal Foundries, with drums, pipes, furniture, &c., the cheapest to be had in town.

Millinery.

NOTICE.

MRS. SMITH having received her new styles of FALL HATS & BONNETS, will be happy to see her old friends and the public generally. Gents Felt Hats cleaned, dyed and done over in the best style.

N.B.—The most fashionable Mantles and Coats made to order, Corner of Bank and Albert-sts.
October 10 868tf

RANDALL & MONTGOMERY,

PLAIN, ORNAMENTAL AND DECORATIVE
PAINTERS,
AND PAPER HANGERS,

Chaudiere and Hull. (Shop next to R. R. Booth's Store, Chaudiere.) House, Sign, Villa and general painting executed on the most reasonable terms. Ceilings and walls distempered in colors to suit. Fresco work of all kinds to order.

References permitted to the following gentlemen: A. H. Baldwin & Co., J. R. Booth, Esq., R. R. Booth, Esq., Rev. Mr. Johnson, Hull; Rev Mr. Pickel, Ottawa; Mr. Haycock, Architect.

August 26. 829-6m

PUBLIC NOTICE

Is hereby given that the Map or Plan and Book of Reference of the Canada Central Railway Company, from the City of Ottawa to its junction with the Line of the Brockville and Ottawa Railway Company, have been deposited in the office of the Department of Public Works, and a copy of such parts of the Map or Plan and Book of Reference, as relate to the County of Carleton, has been deposited in the office of the Clerk of the Peace for the County of Carleton, and a copy of such parts as relate to the County of Lanark, has been deposited in the office of the Clerk of the Peace for the County of Lanark.

Dated this Tenth day of August, 1868.

W. R. WORSLEY,
C. C. Ry.

BAZAAR.

The ladies of Bank-st. Church intend holding a BAZAAR, about the end of February, in order to defray the expense of seating the New Church. Due notice will be given of the time and place.

Ottawa, December 17. 926tf

NOTICE.

Application will be made at the next Session of the Legislature of Ontario for an act to incorporate the CALEDONIA PEAT MANUFACTURING & SMELTING COMPANY, with powers to construct a Canal or Railway from some point in the Township of Caledonia to the navigable waters of the Ottawa or South Nation Rivers, and to authorize the Municipality of Caledonia to grant to the said Company so much of the road allowance between the first and fifth concessions as may be required for the manufacture of Peat fuel. 88[illegible]

THE TIMES is printed and published by THE OTTAWA TIMES PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY, at the Office, 38, [illegible] Centre Town, Ottawa. JAMES COTTON, Managing Director. ALEX. [illegible], Editor.

The Times

VOL. IV. NO. 940. OTTAWA, TUESDAY, JANUARY 5, 1869. PRICE—3 CENTS.

Agencies.

...NCIAL INSURANCE.

...ALCOLM CAMERON,

.............Desbarat's Block

Office of Queen's Printer,

...Canadian institution—perfect security and immediate payment of claims.

Dec. 8, 1868. 918tf

MUTUAL

INSURANCE COMPANY, OF MAINE.

Finance Department, Ottawa, 12th October, 1868.

...wing Insurance Company has received ...transact the business of Life Insurance

The UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSUR... ...PANY, of Maine.

...U. S. 6s of '81—$50,000.

...RWIN, General Agent, St. John, N.B. For the Minister of Finance JOHN LANGTON, Auditor.

...his day, deposited with the Receiver... ...enty Thousand Dollars in addition to ...ifty Thousand, making Seventy Two... ...s ($70,000) U. S. Gold Bonds, 6s of '81. ...Col. John H. Gray, M.P., has been ...unsel to the Company for the Dominion ...gal matters will be referred to him. B. R. CORWIN, Manager.

...ovember 7, 1868. 894tf

...CANADIAN BANK,

...TTAWA—AGENCY,

...—DESBARATS' BUILDING,

77 Sparks-st.

M.P. HAYES, Agent.

...WATCHES.

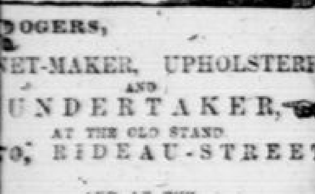
...WILL, LIVERPOOL.

...facturer by special appointment to ...ESTY THE QUEEN, ROYAL FAMILY, AND COURT OF SPAIN, ...HT HONORABLE THE LORDS COM... ...IONERS OF THE ADMIRALTY, AND ...ESTY QUEEN VICTORIA'S ROYAL NAVY:

...alist of the Great International Exhib... ...of London, 1862, and of the Uni... ...ersal Exhibition of Paris, 1867.

...NT APPOINT MR. JOHN LESLIE, Sparks-street, Agent for Ottawa and Vicinity, ...of these celebrated Timekeepers. H. & A. SAUNDERS, Montreal. ...lesale Agents in the Dominion for the ...Sewill's Watches.

...a May 29. 749y



...OGERS,

...NET-MAKER, UPHOLSTERER, AND UNDERTAKER, AT THE OLD STAND ...TO, RIDEAU-STREET AND AT THE ...END WELLINGTON-STREET,

...e usual assortment of Cabinet and U... ...oods can be obtained at moderate price.

UNDERTAKING.

...ndertaking branch is under S. R.'s imme... ...erintendence, who attends all Fu... ...xtra Charge, and has constantly in han... ...ssortment of Ready-made Coffins, of al... ...qualities: ...LIC, BLACK CLOTH, COBOURG... ...ordering Mahogany, Walnut, Oak... ...rdwood Coffins, may rely on getting ... ...le, (no stained Butternut sold for Wal...

...e desirous of keeping their deceased rel... ...a few days, or even a week, can do... ...he least possible inconvenience by apply... ...Rogers, who has had over 20 years' ex... ...in the above branches, and feels confident ...satisfaction. ...The Undertaking Branch will be found ...none in Ottawa. ...Waggons always ready for the removal ...re. ...ENCE—At the West End Establishment ...n-st. ..., September 4, 1868. 858y.

Hardware.

...DWARE!

AT

...ISAAC'S, CENTRE TOWN, ...OUGHS, CULTIVATORS, IRON, COAL, ...& HEAVY HARDWARE, NAILS, ROPE, CHAINS,

...neral assortment of House-furnishings ...&c., at the lowest cash prices to be found ...wa market.

ALSO,

...all patterns and sizes, for coal and wood ...Prescott, Kingston, Toronto, Hamilton ...real Foundries, with drums, pipes, &c. ...the cheapest to be had in town.

Millinery.

...CE.

...MITH having received her new styles of ...TS & BONNETS, will be happy to see ...ends and the public generally. Gent's ...leaned, dyed and done over in the best ...he most fashionable Mantles and Coats ...der, Corner of Bank and Albert-sts. ...r 10 868tf

...ALL & MONTGOMERY, ...RNAMENTAL AND DECORATIVE PAINTERS, ...ND PAPER HANGERS, ...nd Hull. (Shop next to R. R. Booth's ...llers.) House, Sign, Villa and general ...ecuted on the most reasonable terms. ...l walls distempered in colors to suit. ...of all kinds to order. ...s permitted to the following gentlemen: ...in & Co., J. R. Booth, Esq., R. R. Booth, ...Mr. Johnson, Hull; Rev Mr. Picket, ...Haycock, Architect. 829-6m

...C NOTICE

...y given that the Map or Plan and Book ...e of the Canada Central Railway ...from the City of Ottawa to its junction ...ne of the Brockville and Ottawa Rail... ...ny, have been deposited in the office of ...ment of Public Works, and a copy of ...f the Map or Plan and Book of Refer... ...ate to the County of Carleton, has been ...the office of the Clerk of the Peace for ...of Carleton, and a copy of such parts ...the County of Lanark, has been de... ...e office of the Clerk of the Peace for the ...anark. ...Tenth day of August, 1868. W. R. WORSLEY, C. C. Rly.

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...IMES is printed and published by ...TTAWA TIMES PRINTING AND PUBLISH... ...OMPANY, at the Office, 38, Sparks-st ...e Town, Ottawa. JAMES COTTON ...ing Director. ALEX. ROBERTSON ...r.

Boots & Shoes.

ANNOUNCEMENT!

W. A. LAMB,

KEEPER OF THE RED BOOT, &c., &c.

To all the loyal inhabitants of the Metropolitan and surrounding Counties, sends greeting:

And while thus publicly wishing to all

"A Merry Christmas and Happy New Year,"

takes pleasure also in announcing that he will hold

PUBLIC RECEPTIONS DAILY,

at from 7:30 a.m., until 7 p.m., when he will be pleased to meet with those who desire to call upon him.

N. B.—As all will probably wish to retain a Souvenir of their visit, it will be satisfactory to know that there is a magnificent assortment of Boots and Shoes on hand to choose from, and any of which will be GIVEN AWAY for a small consideration.

Don't forget the place. No. 28, Sussex-st., opposite the Barracks.

W. ANGUS & CO.

BOOTS,

SHOES,

MOCCASINS,

TOBOGGANS,

SNOW-SHOES,

&c., &c., &c.

Since the great clearing Sale

W. ANGUS & CO.

have received a

VERY LARGE AND WELL SELECTED STOCK

OF

BOOTS AND SHOES,

AND OTHER FEET-WARE,

suitable to the Winter season.

JUST RECEIVED.

A FRESH LOT OF LADIES' & GENTS'

FELT EMBROIDERED CONGRESS!

Of the Latest Style. Also, a New Supply of

TOBOGGANS,

SNOW-SHOES,

MOCCASINS,

OVER-SHOES,

&c., &c., &c.

Very appropriate

XMAS AND NEW YEAR'S PRESENTS.

INSPECTION INVITED.

PRICES LOW.

W. ANGUS & CO.,
Golden Boot,
228 Wellington-st.

GENUINE CLEARING SALE

OF

BOOTS AND SHOES,

AT THE OLD

CROSBY STAND, NO. 51, SPARKS-ST.

The whole of

THE BANKRUPT STOCK,

comprising the latest styles and best qualities of

LADIES', GENT'S, MISSES' & CHILDREN'S

DRESS & WALKING BOOTS,

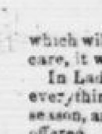
suitable for FALL & WINTER WEAR. Also, a large stock of Men's and Women's Coarse Boots, Moose Mocassins, Buck Moose and Sheep Mitts, Beef Mocassins, Felt Over-shoes, Rubbers, &c., all of which will be sold at great reductions from former prices. Lumber and country merchants are requested to bear in mind that there is a large stock of handmade boots to be disposed of at the aforesaid reduction in prices.

The public generally are invited to call and examine the stock and prices, which we know cannot fail to give satisfaction to all.

Remember the place, the old Crosby Stand, opposite O'Meara's, No. 51, Sparks-st.

A. J. STEPHENS & CO.

Ottawa, Oct. 20 868. 876y



CHEAP BOOTS & SHOES

AT THE

CAPITAL

BOOT & SHOE STORE,

YORK-ST.

I have now received my fall and winter stock of

BOOTS AND SHOES,

which will be found complete; being selected with care, it will not fail to give general satisfaction.

In Ladies', Misses' and Children's ware I have everything that can possibly be required for the season, and at much lower figures than ever before offered.

Men's ware in Calf, Kipp, Cowhide Boots; Men's Strong Working Boots as low as $2 per pair. Boy's and Youth's equally low.

A large supply of New English Kipp Boots, hand made, the most suitable ware for Lumbermen, constantly on hand and made by the very best workmen. Orders taken for all kinds of work.

4297 GEORGE MURPHY

BOARD.

Five or six gentlemen boarders can get rooms, with or without board, in the vicinity of Sandy Hill, within ten minutes walk of the Parliament Buildings, by applying at the Office of this paper.

Ottawa, October 10, 1868. 868tf

Groceries.

THE undersigned takes this opportunity to thank her friends and the public in general for their liberal patronage, and solicits a call to examine her fine stock of GROCERIES, POULTRY, FISH, salt and fresh, VEGETABLES, FRUITS, PORK, &c., all to be disposed of cheap. Also, a very fine lot of PARTRIDGES.

MRS. L. E. GOULIN,
Wellington-st., opposite Hall's Confectionery

GARDENER'S

BAKING POWDER.

In 1 lb. Packets for 25 cents. | And 6 Packets for $1.25.

TEN REASONS

Why it Should be Used in Preference to all Others:

1st. Bread or Cakes made with it are more wholesome than if made with Yeast or any other process.

2nd. Its purity is such that it will stand the test of the most perfect analysis.

3rd. After having been extensively used for the last 14 years in not one instance has it failed to give entire satisfaction.

4th. Families that have used it pronounce it the best, and will use no other.

5th. It contains no Saleratus, nor does it impair the digestive organs like those powders where Soda or an excess of Alkali predominates.

6th. It never gives to Bread or Cakes an unpleasant Alkaline or mawkish taste.

7th. The ingredients that form its composition are more beneficial than otherwise.

8th. Dyspeptic subjects can eat hot Bread or Rolls made with it and derive benefit by its use.

9th. Every Packet contains its full weight; one pound packets weigh 16 ounces.

10. It is all that it is represented to be, namely:

Unrivalled for Purity and Cheapness.

Sole Agents for Ottawa,

J. G. ROBINSON & Co.,
The Tea Pot.

The Trade supplied at the Manufacturer's prices.

Ottawa, December 10, 1868. 886-6m

MONTREAL WAREHOUSE,

SUSSEX-STREET.

The undersigned have now COMPLETED their

FALL IMPORTATIONS,

COMPRISING A

GENERAL AND SELECT STOCK

OF

FAMILY GROCERIES,

WINES, LIQUORS,

AND PROVISIONS, &c., &c.

JAS. MARTIN & CO.

Ottawa, November 27, 1868. 657y

LIST OF LETTERS

Remaining in the Ottawa Post Office, 1st Jan: 1869:

Allan Thomas	Moore Thos
Anderson Miss E	More Miss Cath
Anderson J C (Gloster)	Murphy John
Black Robert	Neelin Joseph
Blake Robert	Newton Rev Dr
Bowen George	Nisbet James
Brown Miss Alice	Nolan Ben
Brown Miss Mary	O'Connor Denis
Burke Mrs Margaret	O'Hara Samuel
Burke Miss Sarah	O'Hara James
Bush G	Parker Miss Frances
Carlen Hugh	Patton Robert
Cooke William Jas	Perkins C S
Connor John	Prendregast Mde
Daniels E	Reid Jas B
Davidson Mrs Jessie	Roaldson Eliza
Davis Mrs Mary	Russell H
Donohue Miss Margt	Saul John
Downey Mary	Scott Thos H
Dunbar John	Seabrook Wm
Dunbar Miss Elizabeth	Seaves Benjamin
Fitzgerald Mary Ann	Shepherd J F
Fraser John D	Slattery Thos (of Picton)
Fraser Mrs G	Strachan David
Graham David	Stuart C
Griffin Miss Cath	Sullivan Dan
Haines Joseph	Taylor Mrs Hanna
Halpin Michael	Thompson John
Henderson Thos	Traveller Edward
Hogan Margaret	Twaites Mrs
Howden J G	Watson Robt
Johnston Mary (Nepean)	Way Miss Mary
Kerr T A	Whillans George
Lampitt J	Wright Juliana
Linfoot John	McDonough Margt
Martin W A	McGovan Miss
Mathews Obadiah	McGovern Hugh
Michel W	McInnes Mrs
Millen Mrs G H	McLaren Daniel
Miller Joseph	McLaren Wm
Moffatt R (Nepean)	

G. P. BAKER, P.M.

Dry Goods.

HICK & CO.

Have removed to their NEW STORE, in Stewart's Block, Corner of Rideau and Sussex-sts., where they will offer, in connection with their goods,

$30,000 WORTH OF DRY GOODS

Purchased at Public Auction lately, from the immense Bankrupt Stock of the late firm of DESMARTERY, JORDAINE & CO., of Montreal, and sold on account of T. JAMES CLAXTON. The goods are all new and of very superior quality, being imported expressly for a fashionable Montreal trade; and, as they have succeeded in purchasing the goods far below the sterling cost, they are prepared to offer bargains never before offered in this city. The following are some of the lines of goods offered, viz.:

			s. d.		s. d.
100 pieces	different qualities Black Silks........				
80	do	Single width plain Wincey	5	worth	0 8
100	do	Fancy, single width Wincey	7½	"	1 0
62	do	Double width plain Wincey	7½	"	1 0
80	do	Double Delaines.....	7½	"	1 3
70	do	do Poplin........	7½	"	1 0
150	do	do Cobourg......	7½	"	1 3
150	do	Assort'd Dress Goods	9	"	1 6
33	do	Empress Reps........	1 6	"	3 0
60	do	Bl'k French Merino	1 6	"	3 0
75	do	Fancy Colors—your choice for........	2		
200	do	Black Empress Rep only...............	10	"	2 0

Also, a splendid assortment of
Hannibal Cloths — Oriental Lustres
Livini Poplins — Alberteena Cloths
Princess Alexandra Embossed Poplins
Mandarin Lustres — Eugenia Reps, &c.

1,000 doz. FRINGED TOWELS, all Linen,.....................6d each.

SHAWLS.

35 Filled Shawls.
83 Shepherd Long Shawls
101 Fancy, all wool Longs
167 Assorted Square Shawls.

COTTONS.

120 pieces Grey Cotton, 1¼ yards wide, for......6 d
160 do Bleached Horrocks and Millars........6½d
165 do Good Prints ....4 d
303 do Best English Prints, Heyle's and Ashton's..............................6½d
159 do French Calicos, in choice patterns...8 d

CLOTHS.

		s. d.		s. d.
20 pieces	Waterproof..................	3 9		
80 do	Double Width Overcoating......................	2 9	worth	7 6
35 do	Scotch Tweed.............	2 6	do	5 0
100 do	Canadian Tweed.........	1 3	do	2 6
100 do	Full Cloth, very heavy..	2 9	do	3 6

Also, a splendid lot o

BROAD CLOTHS, BEAVERS,

Witneys, Mantle Cloths,

BLACK DOES, &c., &c., &c.,

at correspondingly low prices.

85 PIECES DOMINION TWEED,

Something New—one of the heaviest cloths made—*at a great sacrifice.*

1,000 doz. TABLE NAPKINS, all Linen, only 6s 3d per dozen.

SHIRTS! SHIRTS! SHIRTS!

1,000 Flannel Shirts, only..............2 6
200 White Cotton Shirts, only......3 9
500 Under Shirts, only...............3 3
300 Hespler's heaviest make, Ribbed ....5 0 worth 8 9

Paper Collars—100 collars for 3s 9d.

500 pieces 2¼-yards wide Linen Sheeting..........................3 3 worth 5
5 do 2-yards wide, Union Sheeting....................1 7 do 3
81 do Table Damask and 300 Damask Table Cloths, at a frightful sacrifice..............

Also, Red and White Flannels, Canadian Shirting Flannels, Hoop Skirts, Crash Towellings, Irish Linen, Clouds, Breakfast Shawls, Hemp Carpets, &c., &c.

CORSETS, 2s 6d.

Blankets—A large lot of slightly damaged Blankets for about half price.

1,000 Linen Bags, 1s, worth 1s 6d; 40 cases Men's Heavy Boots, very low; 3 cases Men's Heavy French Calf, 12s 6d. Also, a heavy stock of Gentlemen's Clothing.

$3.50.................................OVERCOATS.
4.00.........................heavy OVERCOATS.
90 cts. up..............................PANTS.
50 cts. to $1.25......................VESTS.
$8.00,.......Black Broadcloth........FALL SUITS.

A large staff of polite and attentive salesmen will be in readiness to wait on customers.

H. HICK & CO.

Customers will please report any inattention on the part of salesmen.

AT CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S

The greatest novelty of the season is the

BOULEVARD FELT UNDERSKIRT,

Unsurpassed for

BEAUTY, ECONOMY & DURABILITY

AT

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S

No. 14, Rideau-st.

REMOVAL

TO

NO. 34, SPARKS-ST.

T. RAJOTTE

having removed to more commodious premises, takes pleasure in announcing to his numerous customers and the public generally that he has now a large and well selected stock of

STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS,

consisting of

Flannels — Black Cloths
Winceys — Beaver Cloths
Cottons — Meltons
Prints — Tweeds
&c., — &c.

We have also on hand a large assortment of

READY-MADE CLOTHING,

which, being manufactured on the premises, we can recommend, and sell cheaper than any shop in this city.

THE TAILORING DEPARTMENT.

This department is under the superintendence of a well-known first-class cutter and workman. All orders punctually attended to.

Don't forget the place, No. 34, Sparks-st. Store lately occupied by G. Fetherston & Co., next door to Magee & Russell's old store.

88?y T. RAJOTTE.

FLOWER BULBS.

Shipped per *Hibernian*, and to arrive in a few days, a very superior assortment of

HYACINTH, TULIP AND OTHER FALL BULBS.

These Bulbs will be found superior to anything yet imported.

WILLIAM HEARN,
Market Drug Store,
York-st.

Ottawa, October 17, 1868. 874tf

Groceries.

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS

—FROM—

OPORTO, SPAIN, COGNAC

AND LONDON,

Consisting of

PORT, SHERRY, BRANDY, GIN

AND SCOTCH WHISKEY, &c.

PICKLES, SAUCES, JAMS & JELLIES

&c., &c., &c.,

FROM CROSSE & BLACKWELL.

—LIKEWISE,—

A FULL assortment of FRESH FRUIT, the BEST in market.

TABLE and Cooking RAISINS, CURRANTS, &c.

FLAVOURING EXTRACTS and SPICES—Genuine.

PRESERVED and CAN FRUITS, assorted to suit the holiday season.

ALMERIA GRAPES, FRESH FIGS and PORTUGUESE ONIONS.

50 TINS NEW HONEY, in 5 lb. and 8 lb. tins.

200 STILTON CHEESE, 6 lbs. to 8 lbs. size, from Reesor Brothers' celebrated factory.

SHERRY WINE—Good Table Wine—$1.25 to $3.00.

PORT WINE—Good Table Wine $1.50 to $4.50.

ALL KINDS of GENUINE LIQUORS. Price according to age and quality.

100 BOXES DIGBY HERRINGS—large boxes at 75 cts. each.

LABRADOR HERRINGS, the very best, in barrels and half barrels.

10 CASES SCOTCH LING—Good.

TEAS—Black, Green and Japans—Warranted Good, and selected for family use.

SUGARS and SYRUPS of all grades.

COFFEES—Always Fresh—Best Brands—Try them.

TOBACCOS—The Finest Qualities—Virginia make in cut, tin foil and plug.

A GENERAL assortment of the different kinds of *GROCERIES AND LIQUORS* on hand, Wholesale and Retail, at the *LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICES* for Warranted Goods. A trial of the articles will recommend them.

For sale at

THOS. PATTERSON'S,
No. 26, Rideau-street.

Ottawa, November 27, 1868. 878

JUST RECEIVED,

AT THE

INDIA WAREHOUSE,

No. 16, Rideau-st.,

And for sale cheap, by

D. T. BROWNE & CO.,

Wholesale and Retail

Grocers, Wine and Spirit Merchants,

FRESH OYSTERS, in Tins,
PRESERVED OYSTERS do
FRESH HALIBUT do
FRESH SALMON do
FRESH MACKEREL d
FRESH LOBSTERS do
GREEN PEAS do
LEMON, GINGER, ORANGE,
Banana, Peach, Blackberry, Raspberry and Strawberry Syrups.
RASPBERRY VINEGAR,
FRY'S Chocolate and Cocoa,
MOTT'S Cocoa Paste,
MORTON'S Bloater Paste,
TOMATO and other Catsups
ANCHOVY Paste,
STRASBURGH Meats,
POTTED Beef and Tongues
PRESERVES and Jellies, in great variety,
ORANGE Marmalade,
MORRISON, TAYLOR & Co.'s
Celebrated Sugar Cured Hams and Breakfast Roll Bacon.
PICKLED Salmon,
PICKLED Mackerel,
PICKLED HERRINGS,
In Half Barrels, Barrels and Tierces,
DRY Codfish,
DRY Haddock,
FINNAN Haddies, &c., &c.,

And a full stock of Choice Family Groceries.

Ottawa, Nov. 3, 1868.

BOTTLED ALE,

BOTTLED ALE,

BOTTLED ALE.

The subscriber would called the attention of Families and others to his

FINE BOTTLED ALE

Which is in splendid condition. Also,

SCOTCH, IRISH, OLD RYE,

And other Malt Whiskies,

PORTS, SHERRIES, BRANDIES, GIN, &c.,

To ether with a General Assortment of

FIRST-CLASS GROCERICS.

A call ...dly solicited.

D. WHELAN,
44, Rideau-street,
Opposite Allan's Crockery Store

Ottawa, Jan. 20, 1868.

NEW YEAR'S GIFTS & PRESENTS

AT THE VARIETY HALL.

Notwithstanding the large quantities of goods disposed of previous to Christmas there is still on hand a good supply for New Year's in

GLASSWARE

Of Every Description.

Toy Tea Sets, Misses' Tea Sets,

Mottoed Cups and Saucers,

Moustache Cups,

Bohemian Glass Decanters,

Children's Cups and Mugs, Toys, and an endless variety of every description of Glassware suitable for the season.

A few cases of CUT DECANTERS at $1.50 per pair.

Hotel-keepers bear in mind that the Variety Hall furnishes the best Decanters and Tumblers of any House in the Dominion.

J. BOYDEN.

Dry Goods.

Shewing This Day.

GRANT & HENDERSON,

No. 20, Rideau-st,

Are offering an extensive Stock of

DRESS GOODS,

WINCIES,

SHAWLS and

BLANKETS,

AT THE LOWEST CASH PRICES.

N. B.—An extensive assortment of general DRY GOODS always in stock.

LATEST STYLES AND FASHIONS.

INSPECTION INVITED.

No. 20, Rideau-st.

CLOTHING,

CHEAP AND FASHIONABLE,

READY-MADE AND TO ORDER.

O'MEARA & CO.,

ESTABLISHED IN 1844,

Offer for sale an extensive importation of FALL AND WINTER GOODS, comprising Ready-made Clothing, Canadian Tweeds, Etoffes, Satinetts; also a large stock of Blankets, Flannels, Kerseys, Gray Cottons, Prints, Winceys, Plaids, &c., &c.; Broadcloths, Beavers, Witneys, Petershams, Devons, &c.; Bedford Cords, Silk Mixtures, West of England Tweeds, Doeskins, &c., wholesale and retail, which will be made up to order on the shortest notice in the latest styles of fashion and at prices that

DEFY COMPETITION.

A general assortment of Dry Goods, the largest stock ever offered for sale in this city.

$1.25 BLANKETS.... $6.00. **$3.00**

TAILORING DEPARTMENT.

Particular attention given to the Tailoring Department, which is under the supervision of a first-class cutter.

$2..........................GREY ETOFFE PANTS,
$4.50..........GOOD PEA JACKETS,
$4..OVERCOATS,
$9................................COMPLETE SUITS,
$1..GOOD VESTS,
75 CTS., $1 and $1.25......UNDERSHIRTS,
75 CTS., $1 and $1.25 ....DRAWERS

A. DUFF. O'MEARA & CO.
Ottawa, October 27 1868. 882y

GIVING UP BUSINESS.

LAST MONTH.

Ladies wishing to have SKIRTS made any particular shape or size to fit them will please leave their orders at once, as the skirt makers will be paid off by Christmas.

A large lot of HOOP SKIRTS still on hand which will be sold without any regard to cost during this month.

140 dozen CORSETS yet on hand, every size and shape; will be sold at very low prices.

A large lot of KNITTED GOODS still remaining. Breakfast Shawls, Sontags, Clouds, Hoods, &c.

HOSIERY and GLOVES very cheap.

Four dozen Ladies' SATCHELS at half price.

A few of those Black Quilted Skirts yet on hand at reduced prices.

Hair Nets, Corset Clasps, &c.

Also, three of Raymond's Improved Family Sewing Machines at $10, former price, $12.

CITY HOOP SKIRT FACTORY,
43 Sparks-st., Centre Town.

N.B.—Any party wishing to commence the Skirt Manufacturing Business can purchase all the requisite machinery and materials at much below cost by calling on MR. MILLAR at the factory.

Confectionery.

ENGLISH BUNN HOUSE,

Sussex-st.

G. BARTLETT

Begs most respectfully to remind his patrons that he has provided for the CHRISTMAS HOLIDAYS an increased assortment of Paris and home manufactured presents; also the undermentioned goods all manufactured on the premises.

Rich Fruit Cakes, plain and ornamented.
Plain, Citron, Raisin, Seed, Princess, Sponge and Lady Cake, Gold and Silver.
Candies of every description.
Italian Creams and Pyramids.
Jellies and Blanc Mange and Wine Jellies.
Charlotte Russe.
Jellied Turkeys, Chickens, &c.
Chocolate, Walnut and Fig Creams.
Salads of every description.
Crystalized Dates and Figs.
Wedding Cakes, ornamented to any design on the shortest notice.
Supper Parties, Balls or Assemblies supplied on reasonable terms.
Private Parties furnished on the shortest notice.
Oyster Patties, Mince Pies and Mince Meat.
A large assortment of Pure Sugar Hollow Toys.
IMPORTED GOODS DIRECT FROM LONDON AND PARIS.
Choicest Selected Bonbons, Gelatine, Silver and Gold Paper, Scented, Snapping and Plum.
A splendid assortment of Cornucopias, Boxes and Toys.

The proprietor need only say that all the above articles can be obtained at his establishment, and from the reputation it has gained for itself is a sufficient guarantee for the quality of the articles.

City and country stores supplied on reasonable terms.

G. BARTLETT, 37 Sussex-st.

N.B.—Muffin and Crumpets fresh every day during the season. 920d

CONCENTRATED LYE.

CAUTION TO THE PUBLIC.

The remarkable success which has attended the introduction of the celebrated Concentrated Lye into Canadian market, by the subscriber, has excited the cupidity of an unprincipled firm in town (which has already been convicted of borrowing other people's brains) by a spurious imitation called Saponifier. To avoid disappointment, purchasers should be careful to ask for Harte's Concentrated Lye, which is sold by all respectable Druggists and Grocers in town and country. 783y

DOMINION Telegraph Company!

Capital Stock,.........................$500,000.

IN 10,000 SHARES AT $50 EACH.

President, HON. WM. CAYLEY. **Treasurer,** HON. J. McMURRICH.

Secretary, H. B. REEVE.

Counsel, MESSRS. CAMERON & McMICHAEL. **General Superintendent,** MARTIN RYAN.

DIRECTORS.

HON. J. McMURRICH—Bryce, McMurrich & Co., Toronto.
A. R. McMASTER, Esq.,—A. R. McMaster & Brother, Toronto.
HON. M. C. CAMERON,—Provincial Secretary, Toronto.
JAMES MICHIE, Esq.,—Fulton, Michie & Co., and Geo. Michie & Co., Toronto.
HON. WM. CAYLEY,—Toronto.
A. M. SMITH, Esq.,—A. M. Smith & Co., Toronto.
L. MOFFATT, Esq.,—Moffatt, Murray & Co., Toronto.
H. B. REEVE, Esq.,—Toronto.
MARTIN RYAN, Esq.,—Toronto.

PROSPECTUS.

THE DOMINION TELEGRAPH COMPANY has been organized under the Act respecting Telegraph Companies, chapter 67 of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada. Its object is to cover the Dominion of Canada with a complete net-work of Telegraph Lines.

THE CAPITAL STOCK

Is $500,000, divided into 10,000 shares of $50 each, 5 per cent to be paid at the time of subscribing, the balance to be paid by instalments, not exceeding 10 per cent per month—said instalments to be called in as the works progress.

THE BUSINESS AFFAIRS OF THE COMPANY

are under the management of a Board of Directors annually elected by the shareholders in conformity with the Charter and By-laws of the Company.

The Directors are of opinion that it would be to the interest of the Stockholders generally to obtain subscriptions from all quarters of Canada, and with this view they propose to divide the Stock amongst the different towns and cities throughout the Dominion in allotments suited to their population and business occupations of the different localities and the interest which they may be supposed to take in such an enterprize.

CONTRACTS OF CONNECTIONS.

A contract, granting permanent connection and extraordinary advantages, has already been executed, between this Company and the Atlantic and Pacific Company of New York; thus, at the very commencement, as the Lines of this Company are constructed from the Suspension Bridge, at Clifton (the point of connection) to any point in the Dominion, all the chief cities and places in the States, touched by the Lines of the Atlantic and Pacific Telegraph Company, are brought in immediate connection therewith.

A permanent connection has also been secured with the Great Western Telegraph Company of Chicago, whereby this Company will be brought into close connection with all the Lake Ports and other places through the North Western States, and through to California.

All classes of Society are interested in extending the use of the Telegraph, at LOW RATES, and the Directors are satisfied, that the adoption of a scale of charges considerably below the rates now exacted in Canada, will by encouraging a much more extended use of this medium of communication, not only prove a real and substantial benefit to the public generally, but will also ensure a safe and profitable return to the Investor.

On the 25th day of June, A.D., 1868, the DOMINION TELEGRAPH COMPANY was duly CHARTERED according to law.

The admitted importance and value of Telegraphy, would, in the opinion of the Directors, have rendered any introduction of the Dominion Telegraph Company to the Canadian public unnecessary had it not been that previous attempts to establish Telegraph Companies in Canada, to share the business with the Montreal Company, had been allowed to fall through.

The success of a Telegraph Company will mainly depend on its ability to meet the demands of the public, and consequently it should possess, at least, equal facilities with any other Company, of access to all quarters with which its customers may desire to have communication.

This important requisite has not been, until now, within the reach of any Company entering the field as a competitor with the Montreal Company, in consequence of the close and exclusive connection formed between that Company and the Western Union Company, of the United States, the latter by virtue of certain patents, having until within these two years, monopolized nearly the whole of the telegraph business of the neighboring republic.

The business relations between these two Companies continue in full force, but the patents having run out, the monopoly so long enjoyed by the Western Union has ceased to exist.

The Atlantic and Pacific, the Great Western, and other American Companies have invaded the field, and have become successful competitors for the public patronage and support. These Companies, acting on the cheap postage principle, have forced the old monopolist to a reduction of rates, which has resulted in a more widely extended use of this means of communication, and much to the surprise of the Western Union itself, has increased its profits, whilst sharing its field of operations.

With these new Companies the Dominion Telegraph Company of Canada have entered into most satisfactory business relations, and confident of the soundness of the principle which led to the adoption of the penny-postage system in Great Britain, the voluntary reduction from $100 to $16.65 per ten word message by the Ocean Cable Company, and the successful operations of the Companies recently established in the United States, invite the business and mercantile community of Canada to join them in the promotion of an enterprise, based on the principle of moderate rates and extended business which, while injuring no one, they confidently expect will result in securing a large return to the investor, and prove a vast benefit to the community.

Allusion has been made to the voluntary reduction of rates by the Atlantic Cable Company. A Chicago paper, writing on the subject of the growing use of the Telegraph, gives the following return as obtained directly from Cyrus W. Field, showing very conclusively the benefit both to the public and the Company of the reduction of rates.

AVERAGE DAILY RECEIPTS.

From $100 per message of ten words.........	$2,525
do 50 do do	2,895
do 25 do do	3,965

An advertisement has recently appeared announcing to the public that the rates from 1st September, proximo, will be further reduced to $16.65 per ten words.

The following table shows the reduction which has been effected in rates in the neighboring States arising out of the construction of competing lines:—

From New York to	*Former Rate.*	*Present Rate.*
Boston	$ 60	$ 30
Bangor	1 20	65
Portland	90	50
Philadelphia	40	25
Baltimore	70	35
Washington	75	40
Augusta, Me	1 20	70
Cincinnati	1 90	1 00
Buffalo	75	50
Cleveland	1 95	1 00
Pittsburgh	1 15	45
Louisville	1 96	1 00

This reduction took place in November, 1867. A comparison of the receipts of the Western Union since that period with the corresponding months of the previous year gives the following results:—

Gross Receipts for

December, 1866........$ 551,971 40; December, 1867..........$576,135 19; Increase..........$ 24,163 79
Jany., Feb., March,'67 1,594,644 96; Jany., Feb., March,'68 1,727,939 55; Increase.......... 133,294 59
April, May, June, '67, 1,559,178 79; April, May, June, '68, 1,749,031 52; Increase.......... 189,852 73

While these beneficial results were flowing to the Western Union Company from the reduction of rates, the new Companies had created a business more than sufficient to fill their wires. In proof of this the following extract is taken from the report of the Atlantic and Pacific Company, made July 28th, 1868:

"In April last we reached the maximum capacity of our wires, and have since been compelled to refuse business daily. The Committee, therefore, have reached the conclusion from the actual experience of building and working the present lines—that

"Telegraphic business is growing faster than Telegraphic facilities."

As further proof on this point, the low rates have so pressed the wires of both Companies with business through the day, that posters have been placed in all the main offices proclaiming that double the number of words would be telegraphed at night at the same price as half the number of words by day.

In support of the observation quoted above, that telegraphic business is growing faster than telegraphic facilities, the following statement exhibiting the wonderful increase in the use of the wire, within the last six years, cannot be without interest to our readers. The gross earnings of all telegraph lines in the United States for the following years were:—

1846	$ 4,228 77	1864	$3,792,245 40
1849	63,338 98	1865	4,420,268 88
1853	163,860 84	1866	5,624,601 20
1862	2,734,960 40	1867	7,641,552 47
1863	3,269,442 66		

Showing an average increase of a million a year for the last five years.

A comparison of the number of messages, and persons using the wire in Canada and the States, furnishes a further proof of the advantage to the public and corresponding benefit to the Companies arising out of a reduction of rates.

The published returns for 1867, show that 609,757 messages were sent in Canada, while the messages in the United States for the same period exceeded 20,809,900, the former being less than one message to every six persons, the latter, two to every three. From these returns and results it may be reasonably inferred that a reduction of rates to a tariff at which the wires of both Companies can be filled, will secure a fair field and good prospects to the Dominion Company without in any way prejudicing the interests of the Company now monopolizing the ground.

The particulars submitted above are sufficient in the opinion of the Directors to establish the fact that low rates, by encouraging a more general use of the telegraph, are more profitable than high. It is not, however, solely in the light of a safe and good investment that the Directors desire that this enterprise should be viewed. They feel that their object will be but indifferently attained unless they can satisfy the public, the business and commercial men, that ALL who use the telegraph as a medium of rapid communication, are interested in the establishment of what may be called a competing line. As in the administration of public affairs, a strong, watchful opposition, is the best security for good and careful government: so in commercial matters, an honest rivalry in the various pursuits and branches of trade furnishes the best security that the public shall be well served.

To apply the argument to the purpose in hand, the following table showing the inconsistencies, and, in many instances, the excessive rates now charged on messages passing between the cities and towns of Ontario, Quebec and the United States, will, it is believed, convince the reader that an honest competition is needed, not only for the reduction and adjustment of rates, but also to ensure that attention and care which would of necessity be enforced on the Companies competing for public favor, and thus tend greatly to promote the general interests of the community.

EXAMPLE OF PRESENT TARIFF RATES, WITH DISTANCES.

			Miles.	Canada Money.
From Toronto	to	Suspension Bridge	82	40c
Do	do	Montreal	333	30
Do	do	Mitchell, Seaforth, Bothwell, Ailsa Craig, Caledonia, Chatham, Dunville, Newbury, Port Burwell, Port Colborne and many other places		40
Do	do	Kingston	160	25
Do	do	Quebec	505	50

Example at present tariff rates to Buffalo, and from thence to the following places, in U.S. currency, which reduced to Canada money at 45 per cent premium, makes the actual cost, as in second column:—

Price Collected at Toronto.	Actual Cost, Both Tariffs.			
To New York .... 80c.	From Toronto to Buffalo			30c
	Buffalo to New York.	50c	Reduced to Canada Money.	35c—$0 65
To Philadelphia $1 05	From Toronto to Buffalo			30c
	Buffalo to Philadelphia.	75c	Reduced to Canada Money.	52c—$0 82
To Washington $1 30	From Toronto to Buffalo			30c
	Buffalo to Washington.	90c	Reduced to Canada Money.	62c—$0 92
To Baltimore $1 30	From Toronto to Buffalo			30c
	Buffalo to Baltimore.	85c	Reduced to Canada Money.	59c—$0 89
To Chicago..........$1 35	From Toronto to Detroit			60c
	Detroit to Chicago.	75c	Reduced to Canada Money.	52c—$1 12
To New Orleans $3 05	From Toronto to Buffalo			30c
	Buffalo to New Orleans.	$2 75c	Reduced to Canada Money.	$1 90c—$2 20

NOTE.—The same illustration may be applied to all the places in the United States. Canadians are obliged to pay a profit on the published rates.

Subscription Books will be opened at the Office of the Company, 83 King-st. east, on and after September 1st 1868.

H. B. REEVE,
Secretary.

Toronto, September 29, 1868. 866tf

Testimonials to the Montreal Tea Company.

MONTREAL TEA COMPANY,

GENTLEMEN,—The tea I purchased of you in March has given great satisfaction, and the flavor of it is very fine. It is very strange, but since I have been drinking your tea I have been quite free from heartburn, which would always pain me after breakfast. I attribute this to the purity of your tea, and shall continue a customer. Yours respectfully, FRANCIS T. GREENE, 54 St. John Street, Montreal.

MONTREAL.—To the Montreal Tea Company, 6 Hospital-st., Montreal: We notice with pleasure the large amount of tea that we have forwarded for you to different parts of the Dominion, and we are glad to find your business so rapidly increasing. We presume your teas are giving general satisfaction, as one of the large amount forwarded, we have only had occasion to return one box, which, we understand, was sent out through a mistake. G. CHENEY, Manager, Canadian Express Company.

The Montreal Tea Company: It is ... clear that when an individual or a firm ... a speciality of a particular trade—in ... words—turn all resources and energies ... direction, then we find profits reduced a... excellence secured. This has been the c... respect to the operations of the Com... named. The qualities of Tea supplied ... the best in the country, and by reference to the advertisement, it will be seen that, ... also, an inducement to patronage is offered ... public.—*Woodstock Times.*

WILLIAMS.—To the Montreal Tea Company: Gentlemen, I am in receipt of the five b... of tea sent me, and can assure you it gives great satisfaction. To my taste, it is preferable than the tea I used to purchase in this neighborhood, for a third more ... price. I presume to be a judge, as I ... been in the habit of drinking tea over ... years. Yours faithfully, DONALD CAMERON.

QUEBEC.—Montreal Tea Company: Gentlemen, the box of 30 lbs. English Breakfast Tea we had of you at 55 cents was excellent quality, and fully as good as we have paid 75 cents for. Yours respectfully, D. ANDERSON.

TORONTO.—Montreal Tea Company: Gentlemen, the two chests of tea I had from you some weeks since have given satisfaction. You will please forward to a friend of mine at Brampton one chest fine flavoured new season Congou at same price, viz: at 55 cents per lb. Yours, &c., JAMES EAGLE.

FELCOME.—Montreal Tea Company: Gentlemen, the Oolong tea which you sent me gives me great satisfaction. I forwarded part of the chest to a friend in Toronto who informs me he considers it as good as he has been paying one dollar per lb. for. Please send me a chest of Young Hyson at same price, viz: at 75c. per lb. Address as before. Your obedient servant, JNO. T. DAY.

COBOURG.—Montreal Tea Company: Gentlemen, I beg to inform you that the two boxes of tea you sent me are of excellent quality, especially the Young Hyson at 60 cents. Please send another box or 20 lbs., at same price, and oblige yours, &c., F. OLIVER.

We advise our grocers, farmers, and others to read carefully the advertisement of the Montreal Tea Company. In presence of the general dullness of business in these counties, merchants who desire to push their business profitably would do well to give them their orders, as from their direct fresh importations, and small wholesale profits, merchants and others will find it to their advantage to give them a call, as their terms are of the most liberal character.—*True Patriot, Thorold.*

WYOMING.—To the Montreal Tea Company: Gentlemen, I have great pleasure in testifying to the satisfaction which my customers have universally expressed as to the quality of the tea which I have sold them. Of course it is my interest, the same as any other merchant, to buy where I can suit myself and customers best, and with this view I have purchased from you, and now testify my entire satisfaction of the tea. I remain, yours truly, DUNCAN McBRIDE.

LONDON.—The Montreal Tea Company, Montreal: Gentlemen, the chests of tea purchased by me at your establishment some two months ago, have given us great satisfaction, both as to flavor and strength, and as to price, it is far under what I have been accustomed to pay for tea by the chest. I can confidently recommend it to my friends. Yours truly, S. H. GRAYDES.

PETERBOROUGH.—I have tried some of the tea supplied by the Montreal Tea Company, Montreal, and have found it to be of excellent quality, as well as much more economical than any procurable at the same price elsewhere. J. H. R...

THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY.—We beg to draw special notice to the advertisement of the above Company, in another column, and to the highly commendatory letters which accompany it, as to the great gain that is made by purchasing Teas from their establishment. With such evidences, it cannot be doubted but what these Teas will come into general use, not only on account of their cheapness, but also for their superior quality. —Brantford *Courier.*

WINFIELD.—Gentlemen, I received the Tea according to contract. I am very well satisfied with it, and can thoroughly recommend it. Yours truly, JOHN HERITAGE.

To the Montreal Tea Company, Montreal.

—We have pleasure in directing attention to the advertisement of the Montreal Tea Company. We can assure our tea-drinking readers that an incredible saving can be effected and a much better article procured by adopting the suggestions thrown out by this company. From personal knowledge we can say that the Montreal Tea Company is a most satisfactory institution to deal with. Merchants and others by making purchases from this Company will save a very large per centage.—*Cornwall Freeholder.* [Most of our readers are acquainted with the editor of the *Freeholder*, and know that what he states from personal knowledge can be entirely relied on. (Ed. Beacon.)—Stratford *Beacon.*

Montreal Tea Company, 6 Hospital-st., Montreal: The Congou Tea you sent me in December last, gives great satisfaction, and is much superior to anything of the kind at that price, which we have been accustomed to get from other houses in your city.

Very truly yours,
W. E. JONES.

Richmond *Guardian* Office, Richmond.

—Three Rivers,—Gentlemen, I am in receipt of the box of Black Tea you sent me; the flavour is excellent, and the price is far below what I have been in the habit of paying. I have pleasure in recommending it, and you may expect my future orders.

Yours very truly,
J. F. GAUDET.

WIDDER—To the Montreal Tea Company: Gentlemen, the three boxes of Young Hyson Tea, at 60c. per lb., that I and my friends purchased from you, are very good indeed. We could not get it here for less than 80c. per lb.; and also the Tea that you sent the Rev. Peter Goodfellow is splendid. I shall soon send you some more orders. Yours very respectfully, ALEXANDER ENGLISH.

Our own experience of the use of their teas is, that they are of excellent flavour, and when bought by the chest or package, at a figure extremely low, leaving a large margin of profit for consumers, or for retailing by dealers. Any ordinary sized family would find it greatly to their advantage to order a chest of tea from the Montreal Tea Company.—*Owen Sound Comet.*

QUEBEC—Gentlemen, the box of green tea you sent me at 65c. is far better than the tea we have been paying 90c. for. Yours truly, P. A. DROLET.

QUEBEC.—The Montreal Tea Company: Gentlemen, the chest of mixed tea at 50 cents I received is ...ellent in quality, and fully 20 cents cheaper ...I have been paying. Your obdt. servant, ... THOS. TRUDEL.

A large consignment of the Montreal Tea Company's pure teas have been received by the undersigned. There is no paint, dye, or black lead used in these teas to make them look well. Boxes, 12 lbs. and upwards. See advertisement for list of prices.

JOSEPH MOONEY,
Russell House Block

REPEATED

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Methodist Episcopal Church Soiree.
Lecture—Rev. Joseph Wild.
St. Patrick's Literary Society—John Kelly.
Church of England Benevolent Society.
Education—Rev. Geo. Noel Higginson.
Card—Mr. Lester.

The Ottawa Times

Office: 38, Sparks Street.

TUESDAY, JANUARY 5, 1869.

☞ *For Ottawa Markets see Fourth Page.*

We understand that the Railway Commissioners celebrated New Year's Day at Westchester, N.S., the highest point on the line of the Intercolonial Railway.

We are glad to notice that the judgment of the Superior Court in the case of the Bank of B.N.A. *vs.* TORRANCE was in favour of the plaintiffs. No doubt this decision will be generally welcomed as one in strict accordance with justice, and the high code of commercial honour that ought to be maintained in the country.

THE recent purchase of Rideau Hall by the Dominion Government naturally brings up the question of the state of the roadway between HIS EXCELLENCY's residence and his office in town. We have already drawn attention to the notoriously insufficient state of portions of this thoroughfare. It does not need much argument to shew how important it is to the interests of the county, the city, and the village of New Edinburgh, that this matter should be now taken up in earnest, and disposed of without delay. The Quebec papers have recently been descanting upon the superior attractions of Spencer Wood—and certainly though Ottawa has been for nearly three years the capital, Quebec may be said to have been the residence of the GOVERNOR GENERAL up to November last. Whatever may be the relative merits of Quebec and Ottawa, Spencer Wood and Rideau Hall, it must be admitted that in the matter of roads there is no comparison—we are far behind the "Ancient Capital." If anything could excuse the "long vacation" which Rideau Hall has experienced it is the abominable condition of the only approach thereto from the Parliament Buildings, and we must confess, with shame, that the worst features are within the city of Ottawa. Now, if it is important to the vicinity that Rideau Hall should be always in full commission—if the additional expenditure of thirty or forty thousand dollars in our midst, which this involves, is worth securing—then in this very low view of the case alone the mending of our ways will prove a paying speculation. But the present condition of things is a reproach to the city and county—to all concerned. We will first proceed to specify the weak points in the line of communication, commencing at the Parliament Buildings—and then advert to the mode of bringing about a remedy.

So long as the present route over Sappers' bridge is the only means of crossing the canal—the only communication between Centre and Lower Town—any improvement involves the widening of the wheel-track over this bridge. Just reflect for a moment on the manifest absurdity of a city of 20,000 inhabitants conducting all its traffic over a single causeway less than twenty feet wide! Doubtless the canal has been the means of preventing any multiplication of the crossings—not only on the score of expense, but from the want of jurisdiction. The party immediately interested in getting relief—that is the city—has no power to act alone, and where this is the case it invariably leads to delay, and there seems no other way of accounting for this disgraceful state of things.

As the construction of the proposed new bridge on the line of Wellington-st. will be the work of time, and as in any case Sapper's Bridge should be widened; we earnestly invite the attention of the Dominion Government to this question—as with it it exclusively rests—and while the Government maintain such a standing nuisance it will be vain to call on the municipalities to remove minor ones. We are assured that the simple and inexpensive expedient of removing the parapets would at once increase the carriage way practically fifty per cent.; that is, *three* vehicles could move abreast over the bridge, whereas it is notorious that only *two* can do so now.

Passing on toward Sussex-st., we next call attention to the exceedingly dangerous character of the turn or corner formed by Sussex and Rideau-sts., occurring as it does at the foot of the stiffest bit of hill on our streets. This point has already been the scene of accidents, and will undoubtedly be so again unless improved. Teams passing out of Sussex-st. to the left to go down Rideau-st. are exposed at this corner to collisions with those coming down the hill from the bridge to enter Sussex-st., especially as the latter cannot always be readily checked. The throat of this junction is very much narrowed by the gutter and a huge telegraph pole being placed in what would naturally be the centre of the main thoroughfare from Sapper's Bridge to Sussex-st. It is difficult to explain why this manifest evil has been so long allowed, as there appears to be vacant public ground enough to round off this important corner to what it ought to be—by the expenditure of a few dollars—indeed, a foot-path over the rocks has long pointed out the direction in which these two streets should be connected.

At the other end of Sussex st. a great oversight has been committed in allowing the erection of a stone building (a corner grocery), and in projecting a sidewalk into the centre of the carriage way, just at the head of the "Steamboat Hill." There is only one way of dealing with this point, and there should not be a moment's hesitation on the part of the City Council to purchase the property, remove the building, and round off this corner likewise. This *must be* done sooner or later, and the sooner the better and the cheaper.

From Dalhousie-st. to the city limits at the Rideau Bridge, the roadway is upon a narrow embankment about the level of the highest floods of the Rideau, at which times, or in wet weather, and when the frost is leaving, it is almost impassable. In fact below the Railway Station, there is nothing which can properly be called a street—for it has neither been gradell or macadamized.

The Rideau bridges, like all the bridges entering Ottawa, are altogether too narrow for their traffic, and the roadway across the island between these bridges must be raised out of the mud. The first of these bridges is partly within the jurisdiction of Ottawa, and is infested with a continuous stream of slab carts, which certainly ought to be got rid of, for this slab business is of a character so extensive as to require bridges exclusively for the purpose. It so happens in this case that the piling ground of one of our largest saw mills is on an island, and the mill itself on the main land. It is a question which, we believe, has never yet been raised, how far any private manufactory may take possession of a public bridge, or highway, for what may be termed "purely domestic purposes." In this case the remedy is to remove the slab traffic to bridges at the head and foot of the island.

Not only are these New Edinburgh bridges absurdly narrow for their site, but they are in such a dilapidated condition that they are positively dangerous and unsafe; they have always been a source of anxiety on the breaking up of the ice, and it is not many years since one of them was rendered impassable by the ice floods. Their reconstruction cannot possibly be postponed more than a year or two longer, and the question, therefore, is whether they should be allowed to drop down, or be swept away (perhaps attended with some frightful catastrophe) or the inevitable expenditure be anticipated by a year or two. It would never do to expose the State carriage of HIS EXCELLENCY, on the way to Parliament House, to the possibility of being carried over Rideau Falls, and yet, in the present state of these bridges, with a spring Session such a contingency is by no means impossible, and we trust the care mention of it will be sufficient to remove all cause for anxiety.

We believe there is much uncertainty as to the responsibility imposed on the different municipalities by the law, as it now stands. We understand the CITY SOLICITOR has advised the Corporation that it is liable for one-half of the west bridge, and the same excellent authority has advised the County Council that *they* are *not* liable for the other half, while the Solicitors for the village of New Edinburgh have advised their clients that they are not liable. The question thus appears to be, who is liable? and unless this be speedily settled, disaster may be the result.

By whomsoever to be done, it is manifest that something ought to be done here, and that before three months are passed. By extending the present piers up stream before the ice breaks up, the present bridge would be protected, and the work of widening on the extended piers could be carried on without reference to the state of the river, as the water is shallow, and the piers narrow, their extension would not be a costly affair.

We trust the Government will at once take the initiative in this matter, by addressing the different municipalities interested, and bringing about an early and an earnest conference on the subject—and we have already expressed the opinion that as the very valuable properties of the Dominion Government, which this highway connects, are exempt from taxation, some contribution on their part would be but reasonable.

As to the other important avenue dependent on bridges, viz.: the road to Hull, we can only now say that the whole of this route which is under Government control is entirely too contracted for even the present traffic. Pooley's Bridge, the bridges over the Chaudiere channels, and the causeway from Suspension Bridge to Hull, need immediate enlargement.

The greater part of the traffic over the Edinburgh bridges is in connection with the Templeton Ferry, so that in this case, as well as in that of the Hull bridges, the traffic may be called interprovincial, a consideration which makes these routes peculiarly subjects for Dominion aid. These bridges are as important to the Townships of Hull and Templeton, in the Province of Quebec—as are Sandy Hill bridge and Billings' bridge to the Townships of Gloucester and Osgoode—but the Quebec townships are not amenable to call for the support of bridges in Ontario, though they do the greater part of the work of wearing them out.

WE have been requested to call public attention to the great importance of the use of Carbolic acid as a disinfectant, and for the cure of fever. Some time ago we published a short account of the virtues attributed to this new agency; but as this is particularly the season in Canada when timely preparation should be made for the general cleaning up and purification of houses, streets, yards, lanes, &c., at the opening of the Spring time, or upon the breaking up of the snow, it may be well that the authorities, as well as medical men, and the public at large, should know the great results that have been secured by the use of Carbolic acid. We are not aware that it has yet been introduced into Canada. A few months ago, we made some inquiries concerning it; but the medicoes and pharmaceutists to whom we spoke, had only then heard of its reputation through the press. The British Government has deemed the subject of so much importance as to issue the following circular to the Administrators of the Colonial Governments, a copy of which was received here a few days ago:

SIR,—I have the honour to transmit to you a copy of a letter from Col. Henderson, Surveyor-General of Prisons, enclosing an interesting report from the resident medical officer at Millbank prison, on the use and effects of Carbolic Acid, together with a copy of instructions for arresting the spread of fever by means of that medicine.

The use of Carbolic Acid during a recent alarming outbreak of fever in this country, appeared, from Dr. Gover's report, to have been attended with such good results, that a large supply was forwarded to Mauritius, a Colony in which an alarming epidemic had unhappily for some time been raging. The experiments made in that Colony with Carbolic Acid, both as a disinfectant, and in the direct treatment of the epidemic, have been very successful, as you will perceive from the enclosed extract of a despatch from Sir H. Barkly, dated the 16th September, and the accompanying reports from the acting sanitary inspector in Mauritius.

It appears very desirable that such information should be widely circulated, and I have therefore to request you to forward copies of this despatch, and its enclosures to the principal medical officers under your Government, and to make known the information contained in it in other quarters where it is likely to be useful.

I have the honour to be, sir,
Your most obedient humble servant,
BUCKINGHAM & CHANDOS.

To the Officer Administering the Government.

The details referred to in the above are too lengthy for our columns; and besides they would be of little interest to the non-professional reader, who only cares to know that Carbolic acid has proved a very valuable remedial agent, as well as a powerful disinfectant.

We give the following "instructions" for the use of the acid, drawn up by Colonel HENDERSON, and we may again hope that Boards of Health, Hospital Directors, and other public bodies, responsible for the sanitary condition of public institutions, or the public at large, will take means to inform themselves as to the advisability of securing a supply of the acid:

INSTRUCTIONS FOR ARRESTING THE SPREAD OF FEVER BY MEANS OF CARBOLIC ACID.

1. All discharges from a fever patient to be received into a vessel containing three or four table spoonfuls of carbolic powder, or half a pint of solution of crystallized carbolic acid. The solution to be made by dissolving one pound of crystallized carbolic acid in five gallons of water.

2. The floors of all inhabited rooms to be cleansed daily with mops dipped into the above solution.

3. Tainted bedclothing or body linen to be placed, immediately on its removal, in the solution diluted with four or five parts of water.

4. One pound of the crystals to be mixed with five or more pounds of wet sand, and shallow vessels containing either this mixture or the carbolic powder to be placed in each room, *and renewed daily.*

5. Cesspools and middens, or any other accumulations of excremental matters, or of house refuse, or of other offensive or decaying animal or vegetable matters to be disinfected *daily* by means of a mixture of liquid carbolic acid and water.

The liquid mixture to be prepared by mixing the liquid carbolic acid with water in the proportion of one gallon of acid to twenty gallons of water. Care must be taken to shake it or stir it thoroughly to prevent the carbolic acid and water from separating.

6. When the matters to be disinfected have an offensive odour, the liquid mixture to be used till the smell has entirely ceased.

7. Unpaved earth around dwellings to be well moistened daily with the liquid mixture. Earth which has become offensive by soakage to be covered to the depth of two inches with the carbolic powder.

8. Foul ditches in the neighbourhood of houses, sewers, and drains, to be frequently flushed with the liquid mixture.

9. Uncleanly premises to be washed and limewhited. Half a pint of liquid carbolic acid to be mixed with each bucketful of limewash.

10. The *solution of the crystals* is to be used indoors only. The *liquid mixture, i. e.,* the mixture of liquid carbolic acid (quality No. 5) and water to be used chiefly for out of door purposes.

11. The bodies of the dead to be wrapped in sheets saturated with the liquid mixture or the solution of the crystals. A pound of the powder to be spread over the bottom of each coffin.

12. For internal administration proceed as follows:—Place a pound bottle of the pure medical carbolic acid (quality No. 1) in warm water. When the acid has become liquid mix it with four gallons of water; stir well and bottle off the solution, *which must be kept well corked.* A tea-spoonful of this solution to be taken every four hours in a little weak brandy and water.

(Signed,) E. Y. W. H.

CITY COUNCIL.

The City Council met last night, when there were present His Worship the Mayor, and Ald. Rochester, Pratt, Cunningham, Bangs, Bate, Robinson, Featherston, Mosgrove, Goulden, Guerard, Traversy, Heney and Martineau.

A petition was presented from Donald Robertson, praying for permission to remove the manure from the market, which was granted.

Several other petitions and communications were received and referred to the several committees.

The clerk then read the return of the returning officer for Wellington Ward, declaring Charles T. Bate, Esq., to have been duly elected to represent that Ward in the City Council, to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of Alderman Hunter.

The Mayor read the returns of rents, licenses, showing the revenue from those sources to be for the year 1868, $19,229.21, leaving an increase over the year 1867 of $951.00.

The Finance Report No. 21 was then presented, setting forth the items of current expenditure to December 31st, 1868, and recommending that the Mayor be authorized to sign cheques for the payment of the same. The report was received and adopted.

The Board of Works presented their report, which was also received and adopted.

The Board of Health presented their report, recommending the accepting of a piece of land offered by Hon. James Skead, on which to deposit night soil.

Ald. Heney contended that at any cost the night soil should not be placed on the river. Several other Aldermen spoke to the same effect, and the report was received and adopted.

The report of the Assessment Committee was presented, which was received and adopted without discussion.

The petition of James O'Hagan, praying the official recommendation of the Council to his petition to the Government for the right of ferrying from Gatineau Point to the city.

On motion the Mayor was authorized to sign the petition, and affix thereto the corporate seal of the city.

The Mayor suggested that the Corporation should procure the portrait of Mr. J.B. Lewis, the first, and probably the last, Recorder of this city. The portrait to be placed in the City Hall.

On motion of Ald. Cunningham, seconded by Ald. Featherston, it was resolved that the Mayor confer with Mr. Lewis on the subject, with a view to obtaining the said portrait.

Ald. Featherston moved, seconded by Ald. Cunningham, that the Board of Health be empowered to negociate for a piece of land outside the city, on which to deposit the night soil from Lower Town.—Carried.

Ald. Traversy moved, seconded by Ald. Robinson, that the Mayor do now leave the chair, and that Ald. Cunningham do take the same. The Mayor then left the chair.

Ald. Rochester moved, seconded by Ald. Martineau, that the thanks of this Council are due, and are hereby tendered to H. J. Friel, Esq., for the dignified, courteous, and impartial manner in which he has presided over their deliberations for the past year, as well as for the unusual time and attention he has devoted to the officers of this city for the said period; and in some measure to reimburse him for the expenses incident to the office of chief magistrate of the capital, the chairman is hereby authorized to sign a cheque in his favour for the sum of $600, suspending Rule 41 for this purpose.

Ald. Rochester, Featherston, Martineau, Heney, Cunningham, and others, spoke to the resolution.—Carried.

Ald. Cunningham then left the chair, which was resumed by His Worship the Mayor.

Ald. Cunningham then read the resolution which had been passed in the Mayor's absence, and said he had great pleasure in signing it. He also said he trusted to see His Worship re-installed in two weeks from now. His Worship thanked the Council for their kindness, and assured them that he valued the resolution far above its money value.

The Council then adjourned.

MESSRS. YOUNG & RADFORD having secured the services of first-class working jewellers in etruscan, filagree, plain, fancy and solid gold work, and having made large additions to their work shop are now better prepared to execute any orders with which they may be entrusted than heretofore. Masonic jewels, gold and silver medals, and every kind of owellery repaired.

For fine bog oak brooches and ear rings in sets, see Young & Radford's new lot, just received, and selling at the very low price of only 90 cts. per set.

JEWELLERY.—All kinds of jewellery, of the latest designs, and at the cheapest rates, can be bought of Young & Radford, Sparks-st.

Try Gardner's Baking Powder. See advertisement. 887.6m

—Leave orders for skirts before Christmas, and get them to fit.

LOCAL NEWS.

ST. ALBAN'S SCHOOL—CHANGE OF HOURS.—At the request of parents living at a distance the hours of school are to be continuous from 10 a. m. to 3 p. m. The school was opened yesterday. See advertisement for fees and terms.

ANNUAL SOIREE.—The annual soiree of the Episcopal Methodist Church, York and Dalhousie-sts., will be held this evening, when addresses will be delivered by several reverend and other gentlemen. The soiree will be held in the church.

THE FANCY BALL, &c.—We understand that Mr. Lester, who has been the only costumer in the city, leaves to-morrow for New York, where he will add all the novelties to his fancy wardrobe. He will also procure to order any particular fancy or masquerade costume that may be required, or materials therefor. See advertisement in another column.

A SKELETON IN THE HOUSE.—The wife of a tradesman of this city was arrested lately in one of those houses where virtuous women never go. The arrest, we understand, was made at the instance of the husband. It was intended to bring her up to the Police Court, but as that was to have been done yesterday, she may have another trial at home.

THE OTTAWA SNOW-SHOE CLUB.—A number of gentlemen met in Kavanagh's last night, in accordance with previous announcement, organized a snow-shoe club, and afterwards had their first tramp out. The next tramp will come off on Friday evening next. Any gentlemen desiring to become members of the club may send in their names to the secretary, Mr. George Beament, Sparks-st.

STAR QUADRILLE CLUB.—Another dancing club has been organized under the above title. We understand that it is to be inaugurated at Gowan's Music Hall, to-morrow night, by a select ball. The committee of management have taken the necessary steps to make it a grand and pleasant affair. Gowan will furnish the music, and the refreshments are to be provided by that well-known caterer, Mr. M. Kavanagh, of the Queen Restaurant. None but invited guests will be present, and we expect to find it a very respectable ball.

POLICE COURT.—Peter Stuart was charged with stealing brass from Theodore Frederick. He was remanded till this morning.

Lucy Labays was charged with buying some old blankets, alleged to have been stolen. Case adjourned till Wednesday.

Joseph Belanger was charged with stealing a dozen brooms from Robinson & Co. The case was adjourned till this morning.

James Green was charged with assault on Thomas Brown. Adjourned till this morning. There was thus no case disposed of.

THE THAW.—For a day or two past certain weather-wise persons have predicted a thaw, and yesterday their predictions were verified by a thaw in earnest. The air became hazy and warm, the snow began to yield, and shortly it was in a condition to be removed from the sidewalks. Many intelligent people took advantage of the opportunity. Some of those whose sagacity foresaw the thaw, believe it will continue for several days, and pack the snow in the lumbering regions, so as greatly to facilitate the operations peculiar to those localities.

WEEK OF PRAYER.—In accordance with the recommendation of the Evangelical Alliance, that the present week should be observed as a week of prayer throughout the Christian world, a prayer meeting was held yesterday morning at Webster's Hall, at which the Rev. Mr. Wardrope presided. The hall was quite full of people, who evinced a solemn earnestness in the work, and many were unable to procure seats. Prayer will be continued this morning in the same place, where, if the attendance be as large as it was yesterday, the daily meetings will probably be held for the remainder of the week in the Congregational Church.

A WORD TO THE WISE.—We are glad to see that the worthy chief of police has thought proper to act upon our suggestion to have the crossing of Sussex and Rideau-sts. watched with a view to abate the dangers of fast driving at that place. Ever since the sleighing season set in, the most reckless disregard of the safety and the rights of foot passengers has been indulged in, but since we pointed out the gross impropriety of such conduct on the part of drivers, there has been less to complain of, and yesterday afternoon the policeman detailed for the special duty of watching the crossing had only about a dozen names to bring to the Police Court. On many previous days a hundred might have been caught.

SOIREE IN AID OF THE PROTESTANT HOSPITAL.—On the evening of the 26th of last month a soiree was held under the patronage of Captain Fraser and his Company of Volunteers, in the new school house at Kinburn (Fitzroy), for the purpose of raising a fund in aid of the General Protestant Hospital in this city. It was largely attended, and a most pleasant evening spent. The refreshments were abundant and of a superior quality, being furnished gratuitously by the ladies of the neighbourhood. After paying all expenses the Captain had the pleasure of inclosing $25 to the treasurer of the hospital. Captain Fraser's thoughtfulness and energy is worthy of imitation by other sections of the country, as all have participated in the benefits accruing from that admirably conducted institution.

MESMERISM AND PSYCHICAL EXPERIENCE.—Our acquaintance with the phenomena of mesmerism is about to be revived by a lecture on the subject to-morrow evening by a reverend gentleman, (the Rev. Joseph Wild.) A great deal is promised in the advertisement, and if the lecturer succeeds in making good his promises, he will have rendered the world some service. Amongst other things he is to teach his audience how to mesmerize. It is to be hoped there may be no bad people present, for it is a dangerous thing in the hands of bad men, and it will be as well if, at the same time, he will teach people how to avoid the mesmerizer's art. This can be done, and it ought to be done, for if report speaks truly there are not a few victims to mesmeric influence not far off, and the worst of it is that the operators do not understand the nature of the agency. See the advertisement in another column.

DANGEROUS HOLES IN THE SNOW.—Many of the defects of the sidewalks, formerly complained of, are now covered up by the snow; but there are other defects which ought to have been complained of that have now become, not only inconvenient, but very dangerous. We allude to the large number of holes in the snow to be found in many parts of the city, but especially on the Sappers' and Pooley's Bridges. On the former there are about twenty, where, perhaps, as many ankles have been sprained, and where legs may easily be broken. At the east end of Pooley's Bridge the snow lies in ridges, which, besides being dangerous, are so inconvenient to walk on, or between, that most people take to the road. Now these ridges have not been ploughed up, nor have the holes been dug by malicious persons. It is all the fault of those who laid down the planks. At Pooley's bridge there were not quite enough planks to extend the full breadth of the sidewalk, and, for the sake of *economy,* they were made to do so by being placed about an inch apart. The snow has passed through these openings, leaving ridges on the planks. Similar causes have produced the dangerous holes on the Sappers' bridge, and in other parts of the city. Wonder if the Corporation who have been so generously dealt with of late, will remember these things before another winter comes.

DRESS GOODS.—A large assortment of ball and evening dresses; also, in fancy, black, Japanese, and Foulard silks, poplins, &c., at T. & W. Hunton's, whose stock is constantly supplied by their resident agents in London and Paris. Evening silks, &c., shewn by gas light in a room prepared for the purpose, at any hour of the day.

—For a choice selection of New Tapestry, Brussells, Kidderminster and Imperial 3-ply Carpets, Cocoa Matting, Floor Oil Cloths, Hearth Rugs, Crumb Cloths and Door Mats; Damasks, Repps, Curtain Trimmings, Lace and Muslin Curtains, go to Magee & Russell's new Store, next door to Mr. John Leslie's, Sparks-st.

MESSRS. Young & Radford are the sole agents in Ottawa for the Waltham watches.

DEATH OF THE REV. DR. COOKE OF BELFAST.

The Rev. Dr. Cooke, the great Presbyterian Divine and Conservative leader, died on Sunday—as we learn from the *Northern Whig*—at the patriarchal age of 83 years. He was one of the ablest and most popular men in the Presbyterian Church, and up to the last hour of his life exercised great personal influence. At one period he was a formidable political power in Ulster. He was an eloquent and impressive speaker when in the full enjoyment of his faculties, and vindicated his principles with indomitable resolution. The Established Church has lost in him a generous ally, who, under all circumstances, made common cause with her, and by his unremitting efforts mitigated the jealousies with which his brother ministers were disposed to regard a dominant Church, and promoted a cordial sympathy on the part of the laity. He took a prominent part in some of the most remarkable demonstrations on behalf of the Church Establishment, and at the great Hillsborough meeting, in 1834, he was one of the principal speakers. At the Hillsborough meeting last year he was induced to come forward, but was the merest shadow of his former self, the fire of his oratory having burnt out, and the once erect and dignified form presenting a lamentable wreck. He seemed but a living mummy, and yet he hesitated not to attend, in order, with his last public breath to renew the profession of his early attachment to the Conservative cause. His benevolent and kindly disposition disarmed the hostility of many who strongly disapproved his political views, and won many personal friends. He was born in Londonderry, in 1784, and was educated at Glasgow. The University of Dublin conferred upon him the degree of LL. D, in acknowledgment of his talents. He also had the degree of D. D. from an American college. He held a high position in the Belfast theological institution, and was the officer appointed by the Government to distribute the *Regium Donum.*

MAJOR GENERAL WALKER.

The following order will doubtless give pleasure to the officers and men of the Royal Canadian Rifles, and others that have known Col. Walker, who is now enjoying the honor of a deserved promotion:

Headquarters,
Halifax, N.S., 3rd Dec., 1868.

GENERAL ORDERS.

The Major-General Commanding cannot allow Major-General F. Walker to resign the command of the troops in Newfoundland, without expressing the high opinion which he has always entertained of the professional attainments and the soldierly qualities of that officer, who, during the four years in which he has commanded in Newfoundland, has ever exercised the duties of his office with zeal, ability and discretion.

While reluctant to lose the services of so excellent an officer, the Major-General has great pleasure in congratulating Major-Gen. Walker in having gained the promotion which long and valuable service have so well merited.

By Order, WILSON BLACK,
Brigade Major.

NOTE.—Major-General Walker, a short time previous to his departure from Newfoundland, received a dormant commission, authorising him to assume the administration of that colony, in the event of the present Governor, "who is at present absent from the colony," not returning. Heretofore the administration of the Government devolved upon the President of the Council, in the event of the Governor's absence.

MRS. AUGUSTUS DICKENS.

Facts Connected with Her Life.

Mr. Horace White, editor of the Chicago *Tribune,* who is now in New York, writes as follows to the *World:*

"I notice in your issue of this date a statement that Mrs. Augustus Dickens, who committed suicide in Chicago on Christmas eve, was not the widow of the deceased brother of Charles Dickens, but that the real Mrs. Augustus Dickens is living in London, and is supported by her brother-in-law, the eminent novelist. There are, I believe, three little children of the late Augustus Dickens living in Chicago, who now, in addition to their other misfortunes, are deprived of the loving care of their mother. The circumstance deterred me from telling what I knew, when my eye fell upon the telegram announcing the death of Mrs. Dickens, hence the essential facts in the case have become public without any agency of mine, I shall attempt to do justice to the living without disrespect to the dead, by giving you so much of the history of this case as has been communicated to me.

"Mr. Augustus Dickens was a brilliant scapegrace who abandoned his own wife in England and ran away to America with Miss Bertha Phillips, the daughter of an insurance agent in London—a young lady of many attractions and accomplishments. I have heard that after arriving at an interior town in Illinois, and having resided there a sufficient length of time, he procured a divorce from his wife and married Miss Phillips, but of this I have no personal knowledge. It is certain that she was thenceforward treated by her own parents as Mrs. Dickens, and that she received a small bequest in her father's will as "Mrs. Bertha Phillips Dickens." Nevertheless, the former Mrs. Dickens lives, and still lives, in London. She is now afflicted with blindness, and is supported by Charles Dickens.

"When Mr. Dickens visited this country last year, and received a large sum of money from his readings, a portion of which he bestowed in charity upon strangers, the press of Chicago, including the journal with which I am connected, commented upon the fact that he had done nothing for those who had the most obvious claims upon him, and of whose necessities he could not be ignorant. The Eastern press attributed these remarks to spite, because Mr. Dickens had not included Chicago in the list of cities in which he was to give his readings. I am sure there was no such feeling as this evoked at any time—certainly not in my own case. There was, however, an important misapprehension of facts. It is easy now to see why Mr. Dickens could not visit Chicago. If he had done so he must either recognize Mrs. Bertha Phillips Dickens, to the injury of the other Mrs. Dickens, or by his refusal to do so expose her to contumely. It is easy to see also why he contributed nothing to her support. A glimmering of the truth was given to the public in the London correspondence of the *Daily Advertiser,* but without the knowledge or privity of Mr. Dickens.

"These facts came to my knowledge through the kindness of a literary friend in London, a few days before Mr. Dickens' departure from this country. Much as I desired to repair the injury that had been done him, it was clearly impossible to do so without inflicting the greatest harm upon Mrs. Dickens. I understand that Charles Dickens has always been solicitous that the lady in question should receive no other injury from his family than she had already received; that he wished her well, and that he was willing to do, or to forbear doing, anything not inconsistent with his duties to the more afflicted woman whom his brother Augustus had left in England.

"It only remains to add that Mrs. Bertha Phillips Dickens (whom I never saw) bore an unblemished reputation at Chicago. Upon the decease of her husband she was left destitute, with three infant children to support and educate. She was faithful to those whom God committed to her care. Her noble struggle with poverty was alleviated in a great degree by the kind-hearted gentlemen of the land department of the Illinois Central Railway, of which Mr. Augustus Dickens had been an *employe;* and it is safe to assume that her deaf children will not come to want. It appears to me that Mrs. Dickens died of a broken heart, and that no contributions of money from Charles Dickens, or the people of Chicago, could have healed her wound."

CARPETS AND HOUSE FURNISHINGS.—Parties about to furnish will find a large and choice assortment of carpetings and house furnishings, cheap, at Garland, Mutchmor & Co's. Carpets made and laid with despatch.

A meritorious article is Hall's Sicilian Hair Renewer; it is rapidly becoming known and widely and deservedly popular. It is apparently nothing in itself but an agreeably perfumed and pleasant hair dressing, but it contains the most wonderful curative properties for loss of hair, and after using it a short time, gray hair is restored to its natural color. If any of our readers doubt it, let them try a single bottle of the "Renewer," and they will add their testimonial to the truth of what we say.—*Sentinel, Burlington, Vt.*

GUN-COTTON.—A curious discovery has lately been made in connexion with gun-cotton, which can hardly fail to be attended with important and valuable results. It has hitherto been deemed impossible to effect an explosion with gun-cotton, unless the substance were strongly confined. It has a lazy way of burning, merely with a sort of swift puff, and of sneaking out of any channel of escape which might be open to it. So thoroughly established was this characteristic of gun-cotton that a common lecture experiment has been to ignite a puff of it lying in the naked palm of the hand, or to fire a small quantity resting on one plate of a nicely balanced scale. The hand was not burnt, the balance of the scale was not disturbed, and this because of that peculiar property of gun-cotton which impelled it to get rid of its force in the easiest and most harmless manner. Confine the same quantity of gun-cotton in a stout case, give it work to do, and it straightway produces effects equivalent to those of six times its weight of gunpowder. But it has now been discovered, in the course of some experiments at the War Office chemical establishment, Woolwich, that by igniting gun-cotton in the same way as Mr. Nobel ignites his nitro-glycerine—viz.: by concussion, produced by the explosion in contact with it of a small charge of detonating powder—the full effects of gun-cotton are developed whether it be confined or not. Nay, more than the full effects—if it is not an Irishism to say so—for it appears that gun-cotton fired by concussion exerts a force equal to that of nitro-glycerine, or nearly ten times that of gunpowder. Thus, whereas gun-cotton fired by simple ignition, puffs off harmlessly when unconfined, exerting no destructive force whatever upon the body upon which it may be resting, the same quantity of gun-cotton exploded by concussion will shatter blocks of granite, break up thick iron plates, and blow down or destroy any body in contact with it. This, we say, is a most important discovery in many ways. In the first place, it seems to strike a death blow at the use of nitro-glycerine, whether in its pure form or disguised as "dynamite," or however applied, and nitro-glycerine will be a monstrous good riddance. In the next place, mining of all descriptions, military and civil, becomes immensely facilitated, while the dangerous operation of "tamping" is no longer required. For torpedo and submarine purposes the discovery will be especially useful. Gun cotton had already been adopted as the agent *par excellence* to be employed in torpedoes; but it will now no longer be necessary to inclose the charges in stout, expensive iron cases, as heretofore, in order to develope the full effect, or, indeed, any effect at all; any case which is waterproof will answer all the purpose. For breaking walls and stockades, gun-cotton fired by percussion has been shown by some recent experiments at Chatham to be a mighty agent of destruction, and nothing can be more striking than to see a huge stockade cut clean in two as by a knife by the simple explosion of a long sausage-shaped charge of gun-cotton.—*Once a Week.*

—Last month of the cheap sale at the skirt factory. Skirts at half-price.

—Corsets at the skirt factory for half-price.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

HALL'S VEGETABLE SICILIAN HAIR RENEWER.

The basis of its remedial properties is a vegetable compound.
It will restore gray hair to its original color.
It will keep the hair from falling out.
It cleanses the scalp and makes the hair soft, lustrous and silken.
It is a splendid hair dressing.

R. P. HALL &O.,
Nashua, N.H., Proprietors.

For sale by all druggists. 894d

Coughs and Colds.—Sudden changes of climate are sources of Pulmonary Bronchial and Asthmatic affections. Experience having proved that simple remedies often act speedily and certainly when taken in the early stages of the disease, recourse should at once be had to "Brown's Bronchial Troches," or Lozenges. Few are aware of the importance of checking a cough, or "common cold," in its first stage. That which in the beginning would yield to a mild remedy, if neglected soon attacks the lungs. "Brown's Bronchial Troches," or cough Lozenges, allay irritation which induces coughing, having a DIRECT influence on the affected parts. As there are imitations, be sure to OBTAIN the *genuine.* Sold by all dealers in medicines, at 25 cents a box.

Mothers! Mothers! Mothers!—Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with the excruciating pain of cutting teeth? If so, go at once and get a bottle of MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately—depend upon it: there is no mistake about it. There is not a mother on earth who has ever used it, who will not tell you at once that it will regulate the bowels, and give rest to the mother, and relief and health to the child, operating like magic. It is perfectly safe to use in all cases, and pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Price 25 cents. Sold everywhere. Be sure to call for "MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP." Having the *fac simile* of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations.

Mothers Read This!—Holloway's Worm Lozenges are a certain and safe remedy for Worms in Children and Adults.—As it is a well-known and melancholy fact that one great cause of death among children is from Worms alone, it cannot be too deeply impressed upon the minds parents the necessity of closely watching their children. By so doing; and understanding the symptoms and true cause of the disease, thousands of children might be saved from early graves. SYMPTOMS OF WORMS.—The following are a few of the very numerous symptoms and diseases which are caused by Worms: deranged appetite, emaciated extremities, offensive breath frequent picking at the nose, grinding of the teeth during sleep, hardness of the belly, with frequent slimy stools, and sometimes convulsive fits; itching of the arms, pain in the head and stomach, unquiet sleep, faintings, tremblings, coughs, indigestion, low spirits, frightful dreams, and a gradual waisting away of flesh.

They are palatable and self-administered to the child—drive out the worms thoroughly without pain and completely cleanse the stomach—thereby doing away with the necessity of administering Castor Oil or other unpleasant cathartics—as in the use of other Worms.

☞ Each box contains the fac-simile signature of NORTHROP & LYMAN, Newcastle, C.W., who are the sole proprietors.

N.B. Ask for *Holloway's Worm Lozenges* ☞ and take no other. ☜ Sold by all the druggists in Ottawa, and medicine dealers every where. 578y

Dr. Wistar's Wild Cherry Balsam.—This balsamic compound has become a home fixture. Let all who suffer, and have in vain attempted to cure their coughs, colds, bronchial or pulmonary complaints, make use of this unequalled remedy. It can be relied upon, the mass of testimony that has been published since its introduction, being ample proof of its efficacy.

DIED.

At Dundas, Ont., on the evening of the 3rd inst., ANN, the beloved wife of Mr. L. B. Watson, and second daughter of the late Mr. JOHN ROBERTSON, of Gateside, Mary Culter, Kincardineshire, Scotland, aged 42 years.

On the 11th December, at Upper Clapton, London, in the 80th year of his age, the Honorable Richard Alexander Tucker, formerly Chief Justice of Newfoundland, a member of the Executive Council, and Secretary and Registrar of the former Province of Upper Canada, during the Administration of Lieutenant-Governor Sir George Arthur, and subsequently Registrar of the Province of Canada.

NOTICE.

A MEETING OF THE

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE

AND DISTRICT VISITORS

OF THE

Church of England Benevolent Society,

will be held at the

CHAPEL OF EASE, SUSSEX-ST.,

ON WEDNESDAY, THE SIXTH INSTANT,

At half-past TWO.

January 4, 1869. 940.2

LOST, on THURSDAY last, a LADY'S GOLD WATCH, with Steel Guard. Any person leaving the same at Mr. Tracy's Jewellery Shop, Rideau-st., or at the office of the TIMES, Spark-st., will be generously rewarded. 939-3

Watches, Jewellery, &c.

THE SALE

Still continues at the

SHEFFIELD HOUSE.

Never such an opportunity offered before in the city to buy

FINE GOLD JEWELLERY

WATCHES,

CLOCKS

AND

FANCY GOODS,

AT HALF PRICE.

All goods warranted.

Ottawa, Jan. 2, 1869. 939-2

Amusements.

LECTURE
BY
REV. JOS. WILD, M.A.,
In M.E. Church, York-st.,
ON WEDNESDAY EVENING,
Jan. 5th, 1869.

Subject—Mesmeric and Psychical Experience. Chair taken by HON. MALCOLM CAMERON, at 8 o'clock.

Admission, 15 cents. Proceeds applied to be benevolently.

P.S.—This Lecture treats on the science of mesmerism, its use and abuse. Will show all present how to mesmerize. Explain the reasons why persons go into trances and fits, under religious and other excitements; and other interesting points.

January 5, 1869. 940-2

ST. PATRICK'S LITERARY SOCIETY.

The regular monthly meeting of the above society takes place THIS EVENING in the St. Patrick's Hall. A full attendance is requested.

JOHN K

Dry Goods.

ARRIVALS.

GOODS! NEW GOODS!

S. & W. HUNTON

...ened out the contents of 42 packages ...DS, comprising

SILKS, ...n and fancy colors, splendid value,

VELVETEENS,

...S WHITE COTTONS,

WHITE COTTON SHEETING,

GRAY COTTONS, at greatly reduced prices.

...S LINENS, assorted,

BLACK CLOTHS,

BLACK & COLORED OVER...NGS,

WHITE FLANNELS,

GRAY FLANNELS,

SCARLET FLANNELS,

BLANKETS,

HEMP CARPETS,

WOOL CARPETS,

TAPESTRY CARPETS, this season's new patterns,

CANADIAN TWEEDS.

...e above goods being marked ... inspection. We would specially invite purchasers to call and examine them.

THOS. & W. HUNTON

... 47 and 49 Sparks-...

Groceries.

...OF THE ALPS,

...IN BISCHOFF & CO., GENEVA.

...liquor is manufactured at Geneva, in ...; it is flavoured with an herb gathered in the Canton Glorus.

JAS. BUCHANAN, Sussex and Wellington-sts.

...1, 1868.

...RUIT! NEW FRUIT!

...w Fruit, &c., &c., for the Christmas ...ar's Holidays:

... RAISINS,
... RAISINS, (Finest.)
... LAYERS, (Choice.)
...A RAISINS, (new & old.)
...IA RAISINS, (do. do.)
...TS, (do. do.)
... IN CARTOONS, JAR AND KEGS.
..., (Spanish.)
...ANGES & LEMONS,
... ALMONDS,
...IA ALMONDS,
...IA ALMONDS, (bitter.)
...s, (soft shell.)
...s, (hard shell.)
...ONA NUTS,
...UTS, (English.)
...UTS, (English.)
...NUTS,
...TS,
...NUTS.

JAS. BUCHANAN, Finnan Haddie Depot, Sussex and Wellington-sts.

... 1868.

...: CHEESE!

...ARM CHEESE,
... CHEESE,
... CHEESE,
... CHEESE, (Swiss.)
...O CHEESE,
...N CHEESE,
...N CHEESE.

JAS. BUCHANAN, Finnan Haddie Depot, Sussex and Wellington-sts.

... 1868.

...ATED MONTREAL ALES.

..., and India Pale Ales, Wood and Bottle.

JAS. BUCHANAN, Finnan Haddie Depot, Sussex and Wellington-sts.

... 1868.

...: COFFEE!

...nan's Unrivalled Mixture of Mocha ...a and Ceylon, roasted and ground ...premises by steam power.

JAS. BUCHANAN, Finnan Haddie Depot, Sussex and Wellington-sts. 921

... 1868.

...—All persons having any claims ... the Estate of the late GEORGE ... please forward the same to JAMES ...ork-st., on or before noon of WED... ...e 6th instant.

JAMES SALMON.

...nuary 4, 1869. 939-3

...AL.—MRS. R. PARSONS has re... ...her Dressmaking Establishment to ...ver J. G. WHYTE'S Book Store, ...nce from Mosgrove-st. ...orders promptly attended to. 939a

Latest by Telegraph.

Via Montreal Line.

TORONTO.

Special to THE TIMES.

TORONTO, January 4.

In the Whelan case to-day judgment was delivered, upholding the Writ of Error unanimously. It held that the prisoner was properly before the court. Hon. J. H. Cameron went on with the argument alleging errors as to challenging Sparks and Hodgins. The other objections were abandoned. Mr. C. Robertson replied on behalf of the Crown ably and at length. The president, in order to give time for other business could not allow him time for immediate consideration of the case, and remanded the prisoner till the 22nd, when decision will be given.

The municipal elections in three wards were contested with great spirit. In St. Lawrence Ward Metcalf prevailed.

The Police Court could not sit to-day, the constables being on duty at the polling booths.

The entire garrison had a march-out to-day under command of Col. Anderson.

An inquest was held yesterday on the body of a man who was proved to have subsisted for three weeks on intoxicating liquors. Verdict, died from intemperance.

A heavy thaw set in to-day, forming a sudden change from Saturday.

A despatch from Halifax says the education association have adopted resolutions against separate schools.

MONTREAL.

Special to THE TIMES.

MONTREAL, January 4.

The mortality report announces 463 deaths from small-pox in Montreal during the last year. Nineteen occurred last week.

A woman named Smith died suddenly on Saturday night from congestion of the lungs.

The Bishop of Toronto holds an ordination service here this month.

The Church of England Sunday Schools met in Trinity Church yesterday, and heard a sermon preached by Canon Bond.

Rev. Mr. Punshon preaches here next Sunday.

The weather is very mild to-day, the thermometer being 32 degrees above zero. It is raining heavily this evening.

Numerous accidents have occurred from snow falling off the roofs.

The Lieutenant-Governors of all the Provinces are to be invited to a banquet to the Governor, expected to take place immediately after Sir George E. Cartier's arrival. The whole of the Dominion and Local cabinets will also be invited.

Mr. Weir explains in this morning's papers that his circular letter means prompt action, and not failure. He calls upon the country towns to send in their tenders at once to insure success.

CABLE NEWS.

GREAT BRITAIN.

Address to Reverdy Johnson—Arrivals, &c., &c.

LONDON, January 3.—The workingmen of Lambeth presented Reverdy Johnson with an address, in return for which that gentleman favoured them with a few remarks.

LONDON, January 4.—In view of President Johnson's amnesty proclamation of the 25th of December, Jefferson Davis, John Slidell, James W. Mason, A. Dudly Mann, and other ex-Confederates, are preparing to return to the United States.

The press of London generally approves of the treaty between China and England, recently concluded by Lord Clarendon and Mr. Burlingbame.

A writer in the *Times* of to-day discusses the present situation of France. He says the year ends with the most precarious peace the world ever saw, and pronounces M. Rouher a *mere maitre du palais*. He notices the growth of democratic sentiment in France, and declares that the Emperor must either check the press or abandon the personal government.

QUEENSTOWN, January 4.—The steamships *Manhattan* and *Palmyra*, from New York, have arrived.

SOUTHAMPTON, January 3.—The steamship *Maine*, from New York, has arrived.

QUEENSTOWN, January 3.—The steamship *Pennsylvania*, from New York, has arrived.

FRANCE.

PARIS, January 3.—The *Patrie* of yesterday has an article on the Chinese embassy, stating its objects, pointing out the advantages likely to arise from a wise treaty, and wishes for the success of the mission.

The officers of the *Garde Mobile* were reviewed to-day by the Minister of War, Marshal Neil, who complimented the guard on the confidence which the country felt in that arm of the defence.

Several French iron-clads are preparing for sea.

The Burlinghame and Chinese Embassy have arrived here.

PARIS, January 4.—The Ambassadors of China will have an interview with M. Lavalett, Minister of Foreign Affairs, on Wednesday next.

AUSTRIA.

A Monument to be Erected at Trieste to the Late Emperor Maximilian.

TRIESTE, January 3.—The Emperor Napoleon has subscribed five thousand francs for a monument to be erected here to the late Emperor Maximilian.

SPAIN.

MADRID, January 3.—The city is perfectly quiet.

TURKEY AND GREECE.

NEWS VIA LONDON.

LONDON, January 3.—The conference on the Eastern difficulty will meet at Paris on the 9th of January. It is said should its deliberations prove abortive Russia will demand strict non-intervention on the part of the European powers in the quarrel between Greece and Turkey.

A despatch from Athens states that the Turkish Admiral Hobart Pasha has formally demanded the surrender of the Greek steamer *Erosis*. War is considered inevitable at Athens.

The Greek Government asks for a postponement of the meeting of the conference on the Eastern difficulty until the arrival at Paris of M. Deli Jann, the Greek Minister to the Sublime Porte.

ITALY.

FLORENCE, January 3.—Riotous disturbances arising out of attempts of the revenue officers to collect the unpopular mill tax, are reported in some parts of the Kingdom, but of an insignificant character.

CUBA.

NEWS VIA NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, January 4.—The *Times'* Washington special says private letters from Cuba do not confirm the recent reports from that country, relative to the reverses of the revolutionists. It is stated that to-day the insurgents outnumber the Spanish garrison on the island, and that there is every prospect that they will be successful. It is thought that if they can hold out until March independence is certain. They contemplate the total abolition of slavery, and will not have annexation to the United States unless as a final resort.

The *Tribune's* special says the Cuban patriots, per advices from that island, prefer a republic, consisting of Cuba, Porto Rico and San Domingo, to annexation to the United States. Agents of the insurgents are here seeking aid for the cause, which is presented in a very flattering light.

SOUTH AMERICA.

NEWS VIA WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, January 4.—It has been ascertained that the four South American republics on the Pacific coast have accepted definitely the propositions of our Secretary of State to meet in conference at Washington with the Spanish envoy for the purpose of putting an end to the war now existing between those republics and Spain. It is affirmed that Chili has instructed her Minister to accept a truce only, without signing the final instrument of peace, but the reconstruction imposed by Chili is deemed of but little importance.

AMERICAN NEWS.

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES.

Arrival.

NEW YORK, January 4.—The steamship *England*, from Liverpool, has arrived.

A Convention of Distinguished Virginians Willing to Accept Negro Suffrage.

RICHMOND, VA., January 4.—A conference of distinguished Virginians has been in session in this city, and yesterday decided upon resolutions setting forth that to secure harmony they are willing to accept negro suffrage, provided it is coupled with universal amnesty.

Alabama Desirous of Annexing West Florida.

MONTGOMERY, ALA., January 4.—Alabama is desirous of annexing West Florida to her territory, and commissioners have been appointed by Gov. Smith to negotiate for the purpose.

THIS MORNING'S DESPATCHES.

Three Men Blown to Atoms.

NEW YORK, January 4.—By the premature explosion at the wreck of the steamer *Scotland*, off Sandy Hook yesterday, Capt. Wm. L. Churchill, late of the navy diver, *Louis Jurgins*, and seamen Geo. More and Jas. Oshay, were blown to atoms. Several other men in divers' boats were severely injured.

Billiards—McDevitt Challenges the World to Compete for the Golden Cue at $5,000 Aside.

CHICAGO, January 4.—John McDevitt on Christmas Day wrote to Phelan and Collender, of New York, surrendering to them the champion billiard cue of America, in order that it may henceforth be competed for, with the push shot barred. McDevitt now challenges any player in the world to compete for the golden cue at $5,000 aside, American game, 1,500 or 2,000 points, second sized four pocket table, 2½ inch balls. The challenge remains open for thirty days.

THE ARMY AT THE IRISH ELECTIONS.—We have already noticed the unceremonious way in which the army in Ireland was knocked about during the general election in that country. Any inconvenience which was rendered necessary by the exigencies of the crisis would, of course, be borne cheerfully by both officers and men; but it should be the care of our military administration to make these inconveniences fall as lightly as possible. The knocking-about was, perhaps, inevitable, says the *United Service Gazette*, and it involved quite enough of inconvenience in itself; but we understand that the military miseries have been very much aggravated by the system of extortion which has been carried on by inn and lodging-house keepers in whatever towns the troops happened to be temporarily stationed or even billeted *en route*. The allowance to officers for travelling expenses was only 5s. a day, with a reduction to half a crown on the days of marching out and returning to barracks. Totally despising such miserable estimates, the keepers of even the poorest public-houses charged 3s. for breakfast and 5s. for dinner, the latter never being anything but the national bacon and chickens. At one very second-rate "hotel" mine host demanded a pound a day for the use of his sitting-room, a demand which, we need hardly add, was indignantly refused. In view of these magnificent tariffs of the Irish innkeepers, we think that a pound a day were quite as little as should be allowed to our officers in Ireland for their election expenses.

SINGULAR.—The Captain of the *Mauna Loa* informs us that the Indian wife of Charles Huston, the late Burrard Inlet pilot, on the 8th inst., informed the people of the Inlet that she feared 'Charley' was dead. When asked why? she replied that a strange-looking bird with white back and wings, and a black breast, appeared at the house in the morning, and although frequently struck with stones and sticks, had hovered about the premises some hours, sometimes approaching so near as to be almost grasped in the hand. Late in the afternoon it disappeared. The woman appeared to be in a state of trepidation and alarm; but as Huston had left the Inlet a few days before in perfect health, nothing more was thought of the statement by the Captain until upon his arrival here day before yesterday, when he was informed of Huston's death on the very day the strange bird had so alarmed the woman. The telegraph wire to New Westminster was down at the time, and the woman possessed no means of ascertaining what was transpiring at Victoria. Queer, is it not?—*Victoria British Colonist, Nov. 21st.*

What is the healthy, worldly man's ambition wealth, wealth, wealth. And what the poor invalid's, health, health, health. 'Tis true, gold is dross compared with health. Take care of it, but if you have already lost it from disease of the throat, lungs, liver, kidneys, or digestive organs, &c., remember that there has never been heretofore a medicine that could in any way compete with the Great Shoshonees Remedy for the radical cure of those diseases.

The most unhappy person in the world is the dyspeptic. Everything looks dark and gloomy; he feels "out of sorts" with himself and everybody else. Life is a burden to him. This can all be changed by taking Peruvian Syrup (a protoxide of iron.) Cases of 27 years standing have been cured by it.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

Reported by Telegraph.

[*For daily report of Ottawa Markets, see Fourth Page.*]

New York Money Market.

NEW YORK, January 4.—American Exchange 38.
Gold 35¼.

New York Markets.

NEW YORK, January 4.—Cotton firmer at 26½c. @ 27c.—Flour dull; receipts 9,500 barrels; sales 5,400 barrels at $5.90 @ 6.20 for Superfine State and Western; $6.85 @ 7.25 for common to choice Extra State; $6.65 @ 7.90 for common to choice Extra Western. —Rye flour quiet at $6.60 @ 8.00.—Wheat firmer; receipts 4,000 bushels; sales 22,000 bushels at $1.55 for mixed Spring; $1.59 No. 2 do. in store, and $1.60 for do. delivered. —Rye dull.—Corn firm; receipts 18,000 bushels; sales 53,000 bushels, at 96c. @ $1 for New Mixed Western; $1.07 @ 1.10 for Old do. in store and afloat; 97c. @ 98c. for White Western.—Barley dull; receipts 4,000 bushels.—Oats firmer; receipts 80 bushels; sales 36,000 bushels, at 76½c. for Western in store; 78¼c. for do. afloat.—Pork quiet and firmer at $28.25 @ 28.50 for new mess; $27.50 for old mess.—Lard quiet and steady at 16½c. @ 17½c. for steam; 17½c. @ 18½c. for kettle rendered.

London Money Market.

LONDON, January 4—12 p. m.—Consols 92¾ for both; Bonds quiet at 74¼; Stock market steady; Illinois Central 95¼; Erie 35¼.

Liverpool Markets.

LIVERPOOL, January 4.—12 p.m.—Cotton active, Uplands 11d.; Orleans 11¼d.—Breadstuffs firm, Red Western Wheat 9s. 9d. @ 10s. Corn 37s. 9d. @ 38s.—Pork 95s.—Lard 65s. 6d. —Tallow 47s. 6d.

SCHOOL TEACHER WANTED

FOR

SCHOOL SECTION NUMBER ELEVEN,

Township of Nepean.

Apply to the Trustees,

JAMES LESLIE,
WILLIAM FOSTER,
THOMAS EVANS.

December 21, 1868. 51tf

WANTED

For School Section No. 2, in the Township of Fitzroy, an experienced MALE TEACHER holding a second-class certificate. Apply to

ROBERT HARRIS,
WILLIAM OWENS,
Trustees.

932-1.51-3 Fitzroy, Antrim P.O.

Jewellery, &c.

FOR

CHRISTMAS AND NEW YEAR'S

PRESENTS,

IN GOLD & SILVER WATCHES,

GO TO YOUNG & RADFORD'S,

30 Sparks-st.

FOR

CHRISTMAS AND NEW YEAR'S

PRESENTS,

GOLD CHAINS & FINE JEWELLERY,

GO TO YOUNG & RADFORD'S.

FOR

CHRISTMAS AND NEW YEAR'S

PRESENTS,

IN PLATED WARE,

GO TO YOUNG & RADFORD'S.

FOR

CHRISTMAS AND NEW YEAR'S

PRESENTS,

IN FANCY GOODS,

SUITABLE FOR THE SEASON,

GO TO YOUNG & RADFORD'S.

PARTIES WANTING WORK

SUITABLE FOR PRESENTATIONS

FOR CHRISTMAS OR NEW YEAR,

Will find it to their advantage to

GO TO YOUNG & RADFORD'S,

30 Sparks-st.

Dry Goods.

SILKS FOR THE HOLIDAYS

AND

☞ EVENING WEAR. ☜

OVER

$10,000 WORTH of RICH

And Elegant Silks,
Satins,
Irish Poplins,
and Moire Antiques,

In all colors and suitable for grand occasions.

☞ All kinds and qualities of "SILK GOODS" will be much higher priced in the Spring, therefore it will be to the advantage of all parties requiring such wear, to procure soon.

BALL DRESSES.

Elegant, Gilt and Silver Spangled Tarlatans,

Also, Plain and Embroidered Grenadine Dresses,

Black and White Grenadines,

Tarlatans, in all Colours,

Plain and Dewdrop Tulles, in all colours,

Plain and Coloured Spotted Nets, &c.

LACE GOODS.

Thread,
Maltese,
Clung and Honiton Laces,
Real Lace,
Lappets and Head Dresses,
Lace Collars and Cuffs,
Also, Chemizettes,
Hemmed Lawn,
and Honiton Lace Bordered Handkerchiefs.
White and Black Lace,
"Marie Antoinettes Lace Trimmed Aprons,"
(*A novelty.*)

OPERA CLOAKS.

White and Scarlet French Merinoes,
54 in. White, Bareze and Grenadine,
54 in. Lustre and Llama,

Wool Opera Hoods, Pelerines and Cloaks.

☞ Cloaks made to order.

MILLINERY.

Flowers,
Feathers,
and Head Dresses.

GLOVES.

White and
Dark Coloured Kids,

ALL AT MAGEE & RUSSELL'S

Groceries.

THE TEA POT LIST.

In Cases, Hhd. and ¼ Casks,

HENNESSEY'S BRANDY,

MARTELL'S do

OTARD, DUPEY & Co., do

JULES, ROBIN & Co., do

CASTILLION & Co., do.

In Bottle or Wood,

GRAHAM'S EXTRA OLD PORT,

GRAHAM'S THREE GRAPE,

SANDEMAN'S CHOICE OLD PORT,

McKENZIE'S Pure Golden SHERRY,

DUNN'S BROWN, do

CHOICE PALE, do.

THE

FINEST BALTIMORE OYSTERS,

Received daily, by Express.

CHIPPAWA pure old RYE WHISKEY
Four years old, equal to any French Brandy.

CHIPPAWA TODDY WHISKEY,
Four years old, equal to Scotch.

CHIPPAWA FAMILY PROOF.

J. G. ROBINSON & CO.,
The Tea Pot, Ottawa.

Ottawa, Dec. 16, 1868.

ON SALE,

GOODERHAM & WORTS'

RECTIFIED SPIRITS.

100 BBLS. CELEBRATED OLD RYE,

100 do HIGHWINES, 50 O.P.

100 do ALCOHOL, 65 O.P.

☞ The trade supplied at manufacturers' prices.

REDPATH'S EXTRA GOLDEN SYRUP

REDPATH'S STANDARD do

NEW YORK HOUSE SYRUP,

100 BBLS. WEST INDIA MOLASSES.

500 CHESTS UNCOLORED JAPAN TEA.

100 CADDIES ORANGE PEKOE.

150 CHESTS TWANKAY.

200 CADDIES BRIGHT SOLACE TOBACCO.

100 BOXES TOBACCO, 10s.

500 BARRELS EXTRA SUPERIOR FLOUR.

300 BBLS. MESS PORK, to arrive.

J. G. ROBINSON & Co.

December 16, 1868. 926.3m

Garland, Mutchmor & Co

XMAS DRY GOODS.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.,

IMPORTERS, 20 SPARKS-ST.,

Have received, ex various ocean steamers, large additions to their extensive stock of

STAPLE & FANCY DRY GOODS,

MILLINERY,

Carpetings and House Furnishings,

and are now showing a large and well assorted stock in every department. They invite special attention to the following:

RICH FANCY SILKS,

RICH FANCY DRESSES,

suitable for street and evening wear,

RICH BALL DRESSES,

GOOD ABERDEEN WINCIES,

at a little over half last year's prices. Good cheap useful dresses for all classes in all the new materials.

CLOTHS,
TWEEDS,
BLANKETS,
FLANNELS,
SHEETINGS,
COTTONS,
PRINTS, ETC.,

all in great variety cheap.

LACES,
RIBBONS,
TRIMMINGS,
GLOVES,
HOSIERY,

Black Silk Mantle Velvets,
Black and Brown Velveteens,
Black and Brown Sealskins,
Black and Brown Astricans,
Coloured Jasper Sealskins,
White and Fancy Mantle Cloths.

MANTLES,

in great variety, in all the new materials and shapes.

SHAWLS,
BONNETS,
HATS,
LADIES' CAPS,
HEAD DRESSES,
FLOWERS,
FEATHERS,
BRIDAL WREATHS.

Great novelty in Skirts—the

NEW PATENT FELT SKIRT,

Plain and embroidered, all in one piece; warm lighter, better fitting and cheaper than any other skirts. Just opened

One Case Plain Glasgow Wincies.

Two cases latest styles in Clouds and other Woollen Goods.

Wholesale and Retail.

Stationery.

NEW GOODS.

Just received, ex steamship *St. David*, a large importation of the best British manufactured

STAPLE STATIONERY,

IN

LETTER PAPERS,
NOTE PAPERS,
ENVELOPES,
FOOLSCAPS,
FOLIO POSTS,
RECORD PAPERS,
TINTED BLOTTING PAPERS,
MUSIC PAPER,
&c., &c., &c.

For sale at
THE OTTAWA CITIZEN
Stationery and ...nting House,
...deau-st., Ottawa.

Groceries.

For sale by the undersigned.

300 BBLS. MESS PORK,

200 BBLS. THIN MESS PORK.

500 BBLS. STRONG SUPER FLOUR.

COAL OIL.

Having been appointed by the combination their agents for

COAL OIL,

They are now prepared to sell in quantities to suit the trade, by the

BARREL OR CAR LOAD,

AT THE

LOWEST PRICES

Agents for Hiram & Walker's

HIGHWINES,

RYE,

PROOF, and

MONONGAHELA WHISKEYS.

Agents for

REESOR BROS. CHEESE.

Agents for John Campbell's celebrated

HAMS,

BACON, &c.

C. T. BATE & CO.,
Canal Basin.

Ottawa, Dec. 12, 1868.

Stationery.

PRESENTS FOR THE HOLIDAYS.

What more acceptable gift than a beautiful work of art, to be gazed on with pleasure and profit every day! "A thing of beauty is a joy forever!" Give then as Christmas Gifts, those exquisite pictures,

PRANG'S CHROMOS,

of which Frederic E. Church, the great American artist, says: "They are certainly most skilfully and artistically executed." And John G. Whittier: "I had no idea they were home productions: I am glad to know that such beautiful work is done here." And Bayard Taylor: "Your illustrations of the Beatitudes are really superb." And Wendell Phillips; "I congratulate you on your success, which I consider marvellous."

Prang's American Chromos are fac-similes reproductions of masterly oil and water-color paintings, so skilfully and artistically done that it requires the experience of an expert to detect the difference between them and their originals. Among them the following are the most attractive

Horses in a Storm. (After R. Adam.)
The two Friends. (Child and Dog, after Ge...)
Sunset in California. (After Bierstadt.)
Sunlight in Winter. (After Morvillier.)
The Barefooted Boy. (After Whittier.)
Early Autumn on Esopus Creek, N. Y. (After A. T. Bricher.)
Late Autumn in the White Mountains. (After A. T. Bricher.)
Six American Landscapes. (After A. T. Bricher.)
Strawberries and Baskets (After Miss V. Granbery.)
Cherries and Basket. (After Miss V. Gran...)
Flower Bouquet.
Blackberries in Vase (After Lilly M. Spencer.)
Fringed Gentian. [After H. R. Newman.]
Easter Morning. [After Mrs. James M. Hart.]
Group of Chickens. [After Tait.]
Group of Quails. [After Tait.]
Group of Ducklings. [After Tait.]
The Poultry Yard. [After Lemmens.]
Poultry Life. A. [After Lemmens.] B. [Companions.]
The Kid's Play-Ground. [After Bruith.]
Correggio's Magdalena.
Under the Apple-Tree. [After G. E. Niles.]
Rest by the Roadside. [Companion pictures.]
Autumn Leaves—Maple.
Autumn Leaves—Oak.
Wood Mosses and Ferns. [After Ellen Robbins.]
Bird's Nest and Lichen. [After Ellen Robbins.]
The Bullfinch. [After Wm. Cruickshank.]
The Linnet. [After Wm. Cruickshank.]
Have Patience. [Girl and Dog.]
Rabbits and Kittens.
Morning. [After Rosa Bonheur.]
Evening. [After Rosa Bonheur.]
&c., &c., &c.

The Beatitudes of Our Lord, most magnificently illuminated.

Illuminated School Room Cards, with mottoes taken from Scripture.

Illuminated crosses, Book Marks, Rewards of Merit.

The Language of Flowers, Wood and Sea Mosses, Ferns, Flowers, &c.

"OLD MOTHER HUBBARD," "The most elegant juvenile book of the season," superbly illustrated and illuminated.

The editor of a prominent journal, writing to Mr. Prang, expresses thus his idea on Chromos;

"We think no greater civilizer could be introduced so generally as your chromos. You will never find a thief with a rosebud in his button-hole nor will you ever find a murderer admiring your productions. Only the good, the true, and the better part of our nature, are touched and spoken to by art. Your aim to introduce your beautiful productions to the general public is commendable, and in your efforts you have our hearty concurrence."

Prang's Chromos are offered at 20 per cent. below the publishers' prices at the

CANADA GAZETTE OFFICE,

where will also be found the following objects, suitable for Christmas and New Year Gifts.

Albums, Toilet Bags, writing Desks, Gold and Silver Pen and Pencil cases, Penknives, &c.

A beautiful assortment of PLAYING CARDS.

BALL AND DINNER CARDS &c., neatly printed.

VISITING CARDS printed from copperplate or type on the shortest notice.

CANADA GAZETTE OFFICE,
Sparks-st., Ottawa

Dec. 10th, 1868.

☞ SEE FIRST PAGE.

OTTAWA MARKETS.

[Compiled expressly for the Ottawa Times.]

Times Office, Ottawa, Jan. 4, 1869.

The market yesterday was so poor that it may be regarded as no market at all. What was there was offered at greatly reduced prices.

Flour—Extra	6 50	@	6 75	
No. 1	5 25	@	5 50	
No. 2	none.			
Bags—Fall per 100 lbs.	3 25	@	3 37½	
" Spring "	2 62½	@	2 75	
Oatmeal—per 200 lbs.	7 00	@	7 25	
Indian Meal "	4 00	@	0 00	
Rye—per bushel 56 lbs.	0 85	@	0 90	
Barley " 45 lbs.	0 90	@	0 00	
Buckwheat Flour	4 00	@	4 50	
Wheat—Fall—per bushel, 60 lbs.	1 25	@	1 30	
Spring " "	1 20	@	1 25	
Corn—Per bushel, 56 lbs	0 85	@	0 90	
Peas " 60 lbs	0 90	@	0 00	
Oats " 34 lbs	0 60	@	0 67	
Beans " 60 lbs	1 80	@	0 00	
Pork—Mess—per barrel	24 00	@	24 50	
Prime Mess per do	00 00	@	17 00	
Prime	none.			
Pork (fresh)	7 50	@	9 50	
Hams	0 15	@	0 17	
Beef per 100 lbs	5 00	@	6 50	
Mutton—per lb	0 5	@	0 0	
Geese—Each	0 50	@	0 60	
Ducks	0 50	@	0 60	
Turkeys—Each	1 00	@	2 00	
Poultry—Per pair	0 50	@	0 60	
Butter—Choice Table	0 25	@	0 00	
No. 1 Firkin	0 22	@	0 24	
No. 2	0 00	@	0 00	
Eggs	0 22	@	0 25	
Apples—per brl	3 00	@	4 00	
Vegetables, &c.—Potatoes	0 40	@	0 45	
Hay—Per ton	20 00	@	25 00	
Wood—Per cord (cubic measure)	3 25	@	0 00	
Mixed Wood	3 00	@	0 00	
Tamarac	2 00	@	0 00	
Soft Wood	2 00	@	0 00	

THE MONTREAL

TEA COMPANY.

The whole Dominion should buy their teas of the Importers,

THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY

☞ 6 Hospital st., Montreal. ☜

Our Teas, after the most severe tests by the best medical authorities and judges of Tea, have been pronounced to be quite pure, and free from and artificial colouring or poisonous substances so often used to improve the appearance of Tea. They are unequalled for strength and flavour. They have been chosen for their intrinsic worth, keeping in mind health, economy, and a high degree of pleasure in drinking them. We sell for the smallest possible profits, effecting a saving to the consumer of 15c to 20c per lb. Our Teas are put up in 5, 12, 15, 20 and 25 lb boxes, and are warranted pure and free from poisonous substances. Orders for four 5 lb boxes, two 12 lb boxes, or one 20, or 25 lb box sent carriage free to any Railway Station in Canada. Tea will be forwarded immediately on receipt of the order by mail containing money, or the money can be collected on delivery by express-man, where there are express offices. In sending orders below the amount of $10, to save expense it will be better to send money with the order. Where a 25 lb box would be too much, four families clubbing together could send for four 5 lb boxes, or two 12 lb boxes. We send them to one address carriage paid, and mark each box plainly, so that each party get their own Tea. We warrant all the Tea we sell to give entire satisfaction. If they are not satisfactory they can be returned at our expense.

BLACK TEA.

English Breakfast, Broken Leaf, Strong Tea, 45c, 50c; Fine Flavoured New Season do, 55c, 60c and 65c; Very Best Full Flavored do, 75c; Sound Oolong, 45c; Rich Flavored do, 60c; Very Fine do, do, 75c; Japan, Good, 50c, 55c, Fine do, 60c, Very Fine, 65c, Finest, 75c.

GREEN TEA.

Twankay, 50c, 55c, 65c; Young Hyson, 50c, 60c, 65c, 70c; Fine do, 75, Very Fine, 85c; Superfine and Very Choice, $1; Fine Gunpowder, 85c; Extra Superfine do, $1.

Teas not mentioned in this circular equally cheap. Tea only sold by this Company.

☞ An excellent Mixed Tea could be sent for 60c and 70c; very good for common purposes, 50c.

Out of over one thousand testimonials, we insert the following:—

A YEAR'S TRIAL.

The Montreal Tea Company:

MONTREAL, 1868.

GENTS.—It is nearly a year since I purchased the first chest of Tea from your house. I have purchased many since, and I am pleased to inform you the Tea has in every case proved most satisfactory, as well as being exceedingly cheap.

Yours, very truly,

F. DENNIE.

Montreal Tea Co.

GENTLEMEN,—The Tea I purchased of you in March has given great satisfaction, and the flavor of it is very fine. It is very strange, but since I have been drinking your Tea I have been quite free from heart-burn, which would always pain me after breakfast. I attribute this to the purity of your Tea, and shall continue a customer.

Yours respectfully,

FRANCIS T. GREENE,
54 St. John-street, Montreal.

MONTREAL, April, 1868.—To the Montreal Tea Company, 6 Hospital-street, Montreal: We notice with pleasure the large amount of Tea that we have forwarded for you to different parts of the Dominion, and we are glad to find your business so rapidly increasing. We presume your teas are giving general satisfaction, as out of the large amount forwarded, we have only had occasion to return one box which, we understand, was sent out through a mistake.

G. CHENEY,
Manager Canadian Express Company.

WILLIAMS, 1868.—To the Montreal Tea Company: Gentlemen, I am in receipt of the five boxes of Tea sent me, and can assure you it gives me great satisfaction. To my taste, it is preferable than the Tea I used to purchase in this neighborhood for a third more of the price. I presume to be a judge, as I have been in the habit of drinking Tea over 30 years. Yours faithfully,

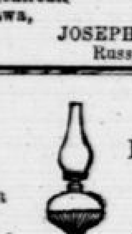
DONALD CAMERON.

☞ Beware of pedlars and runners using our name, or offering our Teas in small packages. Nothing less than a cattie sold.

Note the Address—The Montreal Tea Company, 6 Hospital-st., Montreal.

Agent for Ottawa,

JOSEPH MOONEY,
Russell House Block.



D. R. LEAVENS,

AGENT FOR THE

NEW METALLIC

"NON-EXPLOSIVE LAMP,"

Now offers to the public this valuable improvement. The principle employed by Sir Humphrey Davy, in his celebrated "MINER'S SAFETY LAMP," is strictly adhered to rendering it safe from the *possibility of explosion*; besides this most important feature it possesses every good quality that is desirable in a lamp. It will not break if dropped upon the *floor*. If overturned no oil will escape. It will carry a large flame without smoking; this flame is steady, and so protected that currents of air do not affect it, rendering it a convenient lamp to carry about the house, and is not liable to get out of order. The lamp is made of metal and cannot be broken, hence no danger from that cause.

THE CLAIM FOR THIS LAMP IS

First—Absolute safety under all circumstances.
Second—Greater light with less consumption of oil.
Third—Beauty and perfection of finish.

Call and see them at the

OIL DEPOT, 73 SUSSEX-ST.,

☞ Sign Red Oil Barrel.

D. R. LEAVENS.

RAILWAY PRACTICE OFFICE.

Now ready, the Cubic Contents of the Earth work of those sections of the Intercolonial Railway, to be first placed under contract, giving in detail the quantities in each excavation and embankment.

RATES—1 mile per cubic yard of cutting and filling, or 1,000 cubic yards for a dollar, up to 100,000 yards, and for every additional 10,000 yards one dollar.

J. O'HANLY,
Civil Engineer.

Ottawa, Dec. 30, 1868. 936b

TENDERS

Addressed to the undersigned for seating Bank-street Church, will be received on or before SATURDAY, the 8th JAN., 1869. Specifications and a Model of the Seats can be seen at the House of MR. WM. HUTCHISON, Maria-st.

WM. TAYLOR.

Jany. 2, 1869. 939-3

For Sale or to Let.

TO LUMBERERS.—The subscriber is authorized to receive proposals for lease of the best STEAM MILL SITE on the River Ottawa, below the Chaudiere Falls. Very extensive storage for logs and piling ground. Lumber may be shipped direct from the mill.

R. H. HAYCOCK, Solicitor, Ottawa.

Dec. 19, 1868. 928d

FOR SALE, OR TO LET for a term of years, BELLEGREEN COTTAGE and GROUNDS, say two and a half acres, situate on the Bank of the Rideau River, (Ottawa-st.) The Cottage is built of brick and tin roofed, with a gallery all round. The gardens and grounds are in a high state of cultivation. Large storeroom, stables, granary, coach and ice-house, woodsheds, &c., all in the best of order. It is one of the most healthy and comfortable residences for a private family in or about the city of Ottawa. For particulars apply to FRANCIS CLEMOW, Esq.—Office, Sparks-st., near the Russell House—or to the proprietor, J. WADSWORTH.

Terms moderate. Possession given at any time to suit parties. 927tf

VALUABLE FARMS FOR SALE.—Lot 21 in the 3rd Concession, Gloucester, Ottawa Front, 200 acres, about 80 cleared and under cultivation, with comfortable Dwelling and good Barn. The bush land is principally hardwood, and very valuable from its proximity to Ottawa. Also, Lot 20, in 3rd Concession, Gloucester, Ottawa Front, containing 200 acres, 20 acres cleared. The remainder of this lot is heavily wooded with hard and soft wood. These farms will be sold separately or together as may be desired. The short distance of only 3 miles from Ottawa makes the wood of greater value. These lands are well watered, of excellent soil, and would make a fine dairy farm. Apply to the Proprietor, C. SPARROW, or to D. O'CONNOR, Solicitor, Ottawa.

Ottawa, Nov. 25, 1868. 908tf

MEMBERS OF PARLIAMENT and others visiting the Capital can be accommodated with board and apartments, single or double, at a first-class Boarding House, within five minutes' walk of the Parliament Buildings. References given if required. Apply to MRS. W. PARDY, Wellington-st., Ottawa. 905-2m

ROOMS TO LET.

MRS. SMITH, Corner of Bank and Albert-sts., can rent TWO FURNISHED BEDROOMS and a SITTING ROOM. 868tf

FOR SALE.—The Westerly one-third of Lot No. 27, in First Concession, Ottawa Front, Nepean, and Lots Nos. 26 and 28, in the same concession, at present in the occupation of Wm. T. Aylen, Esq. For further particulars apply to JOHN and WM. THOMSON, Nepean, and LEWIS & PINHEY, Barristers, Ottawa. Je2-141-tf

Commission Merchants.

DOMINION AUCTION MART,

AND

COMMISSION SALE ROOMS,

HOUSE, LAND AND GENERAL AGENCY,

OFFICE AND SALE ROOMS,

INGLIS' NEW BUILDINGS, SUSSEX-ST.,

OTTAWA.

The subscriber respectfully announces to the inhabitants of Ottawa and surrounding country that at the request of many friends he has decided on opening an extensive and well regulated Auction Mart in this city:

From arrangements made with some of the Furniture Manufactories of Western Ontario, a large and well selected stock of new furniture will be constantly on hand.

Public Sales will be held from time to time, of which due notice will be given, and at which parties requiring to furnish will have an opportunity of purchasing at unusually low rates. The Mart is now open with a large stock of new Furniture, as well as Pianos, Harmoniums, &c., &c., consigned for sale.

The subscriber would also intimate that he is the Sole Agent for Ottawa and territory for the sale of Rappe, Webber & Co.'s celebrated grand Pianos.

They are successors to the late John C. Fox, of Kingston, and the makers of his excellent Pianos.

From their long experience in Germany, Paris, and New York, they are universally admitted to be the best Piano Manufacturers on this continent.

The high reputation of the instruments made by them for the past ten years, and the increasing demand for them in the new Dominion, prove their very superior quality, and universally acknowledged merit.

The Pianos, as well as the Furniture in the establishment, will be sold either by private sale or auction.

He would also announce that he is prepared to receive instructions from persons having household furniture, horses, carriages, or real estate, to dispose of, and pledges himself that nothing will be left undone by him to give satisfaction in discharging the trust confided to him. He hopes that by strict attention to the sales entrusted to his care, as well as by prompt settlements immediately after, to merit a share of public patronage.

He will be in his office from 7 in the morning until 7 in the evening, when he can see parties who wish to arrange about their sales. Consignments from a distance will have immediate attention.

Cash advances, when required, will be made on consignments for immediate sale.

All kinds of furniture bought, sold or exchanged.

REFERENCES.

His Lordship the Bishop of Kingston,
Hon. Sir John A. Macdonald,
Hon. H. L. Langevin, C B,
Hon. Alex. Campbell, P M G,
R. W. Scott, Esq, M P P,
Walter Shanly, Esq, M P
Max. W. Strange, Esq, M P P,
Francis H. Burton, Esq, M P
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H.V. Noel, Esq, Manager Quebec Bank, Ottawa.
Robert Lyon, Esq, M P P.

A smart young man wanted to act as travelling agent representing several firms.

J. BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer and Commission Merchant,
75-y House, Land and General Agent.

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The subscribers beg to inform their customers and the public generally that they have removed to those spacious premises lately occupied by M. K. Dickinson, Canal Basin, and where will be found constantly on hand the following goods:

FLOUR,

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ALSO ON HAND,

2,000 CORDS OF GOOD FIREWOOD,

and 600,000 sawed SHINGLES.

Wholesale and Commission Agents.

Goods forwarded with despatch between Ottawa, Kingston and Intermediate Ports, by the Steamer *Mary Ann*, and three barges.

☞ *Silver Taken at Par.* ☜

WM. H. EASTON & CO.,
Forwarders and Commission Merchants,
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VULCAN IRON WORKS,

WELLINGTON-STREET,

OTTAWA.

ALEXANDER FLECK, Proprietor and Manager of the VULCAN IRON WORKS, MONTREAL, begs to inform the public of Ottawa and the surrounding Counties that he has purchased the extensive works hitherto owned and worked by T. M. Blaisdell, Esquire, as Founder, Machinist, and Worker in all kinds of Iron Work.

Having made full arrangements to meet the wants of the Trade, he respectfully draws the attention of those about to erect Saw and other Mills, Mill Owners generally, Steamboat Owners, and others, to the facilities offered for the manufacture of such articles as they may require. He will be prepared to receive and execute promptly all orders in his line of business in the best manner and at reasonable prices.

ALEXANDER FLECK.

Ottawa, December 11, 1868. 922d

HORSE INFIRMARY,

AND

VETERINARY ESTABLISHMENT

YORK-STREET, OTTAWA,
Next to Salmon's Hotel.

A. J. F. COLEMAN, V. S

(Member of the College of Veterinary Surgeons Toronto; by appointment, V.S., to the Co. of Carleton Agricultural Society.)

Orders or communications promptly attended to and medicines sent to any part of the Dominion. Charges moderate. 812y

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NEWCASTLE GRATE,

(Screened.)

LACKAWANNA,

(Egg and Stove Sizes.)

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(Lump and Egg Sizes.)

BLACKSMITH'S,

$6 per Chaldron.

For Sale by

D. W. COWARD & CO.,
Commission Merchants,
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PAIN KILLER!

A PURELY VEGETABLE MEDICINE

TAKEN INTERNALLY, CURES

Sudden Colds, Catarrh, Coughs, Bronchitis, Asthma, Fever and Ague, Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, Acid Stomach, Headache, Heartburn, Indigestion, Canker in the Mouth, Throat or Stomach, Sick Headache, Sea Sickness, Piles, Kidney Complaints, Canker Rash, Cramp and Pain in the Stomach, Painter's Colic, Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Summer Complaint, Cholera Morbus, Cholera Infantum and Cholera.

APPLIED EXTERNALLY, CURES

Scalds, Burns, Frostbites, Chillblains, Erysipelas, Ringworms, Whitlows, Boils, Old Sores, Sprains, Bruises, Toothache, Headache, Neuralgia in the Face or Head, Pains in the Side, Pains in the Back and Loins, Rheumatism, Rheumatic Gout, Neuralgic or Rheumatic Pains in the Joints and Limbs, Stings of Insects, Scorpions, Centipedes, and the Bites of Poisonous Insects and Venomous Reptiles.

At this season, when coughs and colds are so prevalent, an effectual remedy, and one easily obtained, is *Perry Davis' Vegetable Pain Killer.* It is no new nostrum, vended by unknown agents, but has stood the test of over 20 years; and those who use the article, internally or externally, will connect with it grateful recollections of its worthy inventor.—*Hastings' Chronicle, C. W.*

PAIN KILLER.—The testimonials borne to the efficacy of this valuable medicine are sufficient to warrant its introduction into every house. Our own opinion is that no family should be without a bottle of it for a single hour. In flesh wounds, aches, pains, sores, &c., it is the most effectual remedy we know of. A bottle will last for a very long time, and its low price places it within the reach of all. Our readers will remember that the Messrs. Perry Davis & Son have opened out a house in Montreal, whence Canadian orders are supplied.—*News, St. Johns, C.E.*

☞ We are glad to learn that the "Pain Killer" is having so large a sale in our city. We have every reason to believe it to be an almost never failing cure for pain, and is a medicine that no family should be without.—*Montreal Pilot.*

It an attack of Diarrhœa, Dysentery or Cramp Colic, don't delay the use of the Pain Killer.

Rev. H. L. Van Meter, Burmah, writes, "The Pain Killer has become an almost indispensable article in my family."

Hundreds of missionaries give similar testimony of its virtues.

Rev. J. G. Stearns writes, "I consider it the best remedy for Dyspepsia I ever knew."

Rev. Jabez S. Swan says, "I have used it for years in my family, and consider it an invaluable remedy."

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We have tasted this medicine and assure our readers that it not only possesses all the virtues claimed for it, but in many instances surpasses any other remedy which we have ever known.—*Herald of Gospel Liberty.*

It is really a valuable medicine. It is used by many physicians.—*Boston Traveller.*

I have used Davis' Pain Killer, and consider it an indispensable article in the medicine box. It has effected cures in Diarrhœa, and for cuts and bruises it is invaluable.—*New York Examiner.*

Spoken of in terms of high commendation by both druggist and physician.—*Philadelphia Eagle.*

The Pain Killer is sold at wholesale by druggists and medicine dealers, and commission merchants, in the principal cities, and retailed by Apothecaries, Grocers and at Variety Shops generally, throughout the world. Price, 15 cents, 25 cents and 50 cents per bottle.

PERRY DAVIS & SON,
Manufacturers and Proprietors, 380 St. Paul-st., Montreal, P. of Q.
78 High-st., Providence, R. I.; 71 Southampton Row, Holborn, London, England.
DAVIDSON & DANIEL, GENERAL AGENTS

MORTIMER'S

INFALLIBLE REMEDY

FOR

CHOLERA,
DIARRHŒA, and
BOWEL COMPLAINTS.

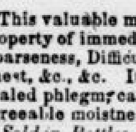
The following extract, which Mr. Mortimer is kindly permitted to publish, is from the letter of a relative of Dr. Wolfe, of this city, now residing in the United States:

"Find out if the Express charges are too high, and if not, arrange with Mortimer to let you have a box of the bottles of CHOLERA MIXTURE, I could make a good little fortune with them. The bottle I brought with me here brought two ladies round from decided cholera; one on board the boat, and the other in Berlin, United States. Both commenced with diarrhœa, then with dysentery, and then vomiting. The one at Berlin was very bad. I gave her three doses of the Cholera Mixture, the third of which stopped the vomiting. The next day she was all right, or nearly so. She was very grateful. I have now only a little left."

☞ This excellent mixture, which should be in every family, is only

TWENTY-FIVE CENTS A BOTTLE.

NONE OTHER GENUINE.

TRADE MARK  REGISTERED

CANADIAN COUGH EMULSION.

This valuable medicine has the extraordinary property of immediately relieving Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Difficulty of Breathing, Tightness in Chest, &c., &c. It operates by dissolving the congealed phlegm causing free expectoration, and an agreeable moistness to the skin.

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FAMILY APERIENT PILLS,

A grand specific for derangement of the Digestive Organs, and for obstructions and torpid action of the Liver and Bowels.

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The only sure remedy that exists, combining delicious taste and amazing power.

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Colonges, Pomades, Toilet Vinegar, Rose Dentifrice, for the Teeth and Gums. Also constantly on hand Perfumes of all kinds, and Toilet Requisites usually kept in a first-class establishment.

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PARODEE'S EPILEPTIC CURE,

For the relief and cure of Epilepsy, St. Vitus' Dance, Puerperal Hysteria, &c., &c. This preparation is from the recipe of a celebrated French Physician, and the very great success which has attended its use in every case, and where the highest medical skill was of no avail, has induced the subscriber to give it every possible publicity. The genuine has the subscriber's name and address on each bottle. Price one dollar. Sole Proprietor, J. A. HARTE, Chemist, 396, Notre Dame-street, Montreal.

Harte's Florida Water, equal to anything imported. Price 37½ cents per bottle. 783y

DARLEY'S ARABIAN HEAVE REMEDY and CONDITION MEDICINE is positively superior to any, or all other preparations for the cure of Heaves, Coughs, Thick and Broken Wind, and all diseases which affect the wind of horses; also, as a Condition Medicine, surpassing everything of the kind, is easy to give, sure to cure and safe in all cases and at all times, and does not prevent the horse from being worked while using it.

It cleanses the breathing apparatus, by removing from the air-cells the coagulable lymph, or that secretion which in heaves clogs them, causing a difficulty in breathing, and by its action on the diseased part, causing the mucous membrane to resume its natural dimensions, thus equalizing the circulation of the blood, and restoring the distended vessels to their natural size; by its use the horse's appetite is improved, all derangements of the digestive organs corrected, softening the skin, and giving to the coat a sleek and shining appearance.

D. W. HURD, successor to HURD & Co., Maiden Lane, New York, Sole Proprietor for the United States.

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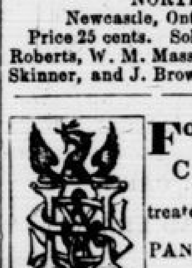
Price 25 cents. Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, Henry F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J. Brown, in Ottawa. 889-45-6m



FOR CASES OF

CONSUMPTION

treated with SAVORY & MOORE'S,

PANCREATIC EMULSION.

See *The Lancet, British Medical Journal, Medical Press, &c.*

On the 14th Oct. I commenced the Pancreatic Emulsion (SAVORY & MOORE'S) in two tea-spoonful doses, two hours after dinner and supper. I can only describe its effects by saying that it seemed *to work like a charm.*"—Dr. Kinkead's *Paper on Phthisis and its treatment.*

Medical Press, &c., Feb. 26, 1868.

Caution.—The genuine PANCREATIC EMULSION sold only in bottles, 2s 6d, 4s 6d and 8s, with Savory & Moore's labels and trade mark.

THE BEST FOOD FOR INFANTS, resembling Mother's Milk as closely as possible.—Dr. H. Barker *on right foods for children.*

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"A REAL IMPROVEMENT (*Lancet*) on the ordinary kinds of LIEBIG'S FOOD," and the only one that keeps good in all climates.

No boiling or straining. Tins, 1s, 2s, 5s and 10s.

SAVORY & MOORE,
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Stoves & Hardware.

A SWINDLE

Having been perpetrated on the public by stove dealers, unknowingly, we hope, selling spurious self-feeding coal stoves that are almost useless; and finding it detrimental to the sale of the justly celebrated

REFLECTOR,

we take this opportunity of saying to those who have been so swindled, and to those who contemplate buying a coal stove, that in order to PROVE that the Reflector is ahead of all other stoves for beauty, cheapness and economy, we will put them up ready for work, and allow them to be tested for one month, and if they do not suit take them away again, free of charge. Now this is an offer that the public must appreciate, and we are determined they shall. Try one, it will cost nothing unless you are perfectly satisfied, and be of no trouble to us. Any other kind of stove cheap during the Bankrupt Sale.

ESMONDE BROS.,
48 Sparks-st.,
Opposite Ontario Bank.

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Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters, Tin and Copper Smiths, Bell Hangers, &c., &c.

A large stock of materials for the above branches of business constantly on hand.

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STOVES! STOVES!

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Hall, Fancy, Parlour and Cook Stoves, in great variety.

Agents for Eaton's Patent Automatic, Self-Ventilating, Wood and Coal Stoves. Also Beecher & Co.'s celebrated

HOT AIR FURNACES.

☞ Public and Private Buildings, Conservatories, Vineries, Manufactories, &c., warmed by Steam, Hot Water, or Warm Air, on the latest and most approved principles.

SKATES, SKATES, SKATES,

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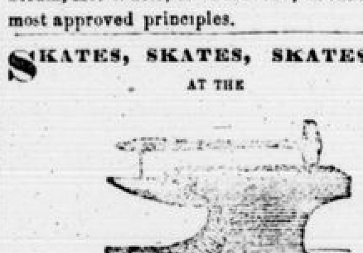

SIGN OF THE ANVIL, No. 24, RIDEAU-ST., where you can get a complete assortment of SKATES of all sizes, and at any price to suit purchasers, from 25 cents to $5.50 per pair. In the assortment will be found

The celebrated Sheffield Club,
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Skate Straps, all patterns, &c., &c.

Also, a general assortment of

SHELF & HEAVY HARDWARE,

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Butcher Knives, Knives and Forks,
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Together with

PAINT OF ALL COLORS,

Rose Pink, Burnt Umber,
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THOS. BIRKETT,
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P. S.—All goods delivered free to any part of the city 408y

WARDELL'S PATENT STOVE-PIPE.

No more difficulty in putting stovepipes together. They will fit like a glove, and can't fall apart By this new invention STOVEPIPES may be fitted into each other with the greatest ease, and here will be

NO NEED OF WIRING UP,

as they cannot fall apart of their own accord. The invention (patented) is simple and effective, a short opening at the joint at each end of the pipe enables two of them to be locked together, and the "bead" effectually prevents their separation.

Any person can put them together with the expedition of a practised tinsmith.

They will be sold at the low price of

FIFTEEN CENTS PER LENGTH.

The undersigned having bought the exclusive right for the City of Ottawa and County of Carleton, from Mr. Y. K. REID, respectfully invites the public to call and examine them, being fully persuaded that all who see them will refuse to buy any other kind.

C. P. DORION,
58 Sparks-st.,
Opposite British Lion Hotel.

Ottawa, October 14. 871.3m

S. SAFE: S. SURE: S. SUCCESSFUL.

Such is the character given of every stove sold during the past year at the

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,

35 Sussex-street, Ottawa.

H. MEADOWS & CO.

We beg to notify the public that our stock for the season is now complete; our

STOVES

are of the latest and most improved patterns, and the most extensive assortment shown in Ottawa.

COOKING STOVES, of the good old-fashioned kind,
COOKING STOVES, of the latest and most modern designs,
PARLOR STOVES, for elegance of design cannot be surpassed,
BOX & HALL STOVES, that are unrivalled for heating purposes,
DOUBLE STOVES, the best in use,
HOTEL STOVES, large and extra strong made, expressly for Hotel and Boarding Houses, complete with large Copper Water Reservoirs and Plate Warmers. We call special attention of Hotel Keepers to these stoves, they will last as long as any six ordinary stoves. See them and judge for yourselves. Price lists sent free on application.

COOKING STOVES, DOUBLE STOVES,
BOX STOVES, HOTEL STOVES,
PARLOR STOVES, COAL STOVES,
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STOVEPIPES! ELBOWS! STOVEPIPES
Common, Bright and Russia Iron,

and everything in the Tin, Sheet Iron and Copperware Line, on hand or made to order.

Hot Air Furnaces, Eave Troughs, Building Job Work and Repairs attended to punctually. We keep none but the best and most experienced mechanics.

HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS,

of every description in stock, suitable for the smallest family, or the largest hotel.

ARE YOU GOING TO BE MARRIED?

If so, call and see our large assortment of necessary House-keeping Goods, suitable for Kitchen, Dining Room, or any room in your house.

YOUNG MAN, see that your house is well furnished with useful articles before you spend your money in mere showy ornamental things.

IRON BEDSTEADS, LAMPS,

COAL OIL, SAUCEPANS,

Brass and Enamelled Kettles, Tinware, Toilet Setts, Baths, Flour Sieves, Brushes, Dish Covers, Table Mats, Sad Irons, Table Cutlery, Tea and Table Spoons, Preserve Jars, Mincing Knives, Wash Tubs and Boards, Refrigerators, Egg Beaters, Cruet Stands, Ash Pails, Table Bells, Tea Trays, Tea and Coffee Pots, Soup Tureens, Jelly and Pudding Moulds, &c., &c., &c., &c.

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Supplied with

STOVEPIPES AND TINWARE,

At reduced figures,

CAMP KETTLES, SHANTY PLATES,

AND BASINS,

BIRD CAGES! BIRD CAGES! BIRD CAGES

All of the above at the

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,

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62y H. MEADOWS & CO.

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EDWARD C. MALLOCH, M.D., M.R.C.S. Duke-st, LeBreton's Flats, "opposite the well." Office hours from 8:30 to 10:30 a.m., and 3 to 5 p.m.

DR. O. C. WOOD, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Ottawa. Day office opposite Magee & Russell's, Sparks-street, Centre Town Night office at his residence, Maria-street, Centre Town. CANCERS CURED, without the use of the knife, by a new, but certain, speedy, and almost painless process. References given to parties successfully treated, if required. 17w160y

DR. C. LEGGO, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Office—Hunton's Block, Sparks-street.

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DR. C. A. MARTIN, Dentist. Office—Sussex-street, over Messrs. Campbell & Co.'s, Grocers. 34utf

DR. GEORGE HUTCHISON, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street, opposite Magee & Russell's. 576y

DR. W. J. HENRY, Corner of Kent and Wellington-streets, Ottawa. 43utf

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"GOING DOWN TO MONTREAL?"

Put up at the "CITY HOTEL," one of the most comfortable houses in the city.

This Hotel has just been fitted up in a first-class style, and at an enormous expense; its accommodations are of the best kind, it contains 75 rooms, with good yard and stabling for 60 horses. The table is always supplied with all the delicacies of the season. The Bar is also supplied with the very best of Liquors. Besides all that, this Hotel is situated right in the centre of business, near the R.R. Depot, and within a few minutes walk from the Banks and Post Office.

Terms are exceedingly moderate. Try once and you will be satisfied.

☞ Remember the Place "City Hotel," 78, 80 and 82, St. Joseph-street, Montreal.

CHARLES LAURIN,
853tf Proprietor.

PICKWICK HOUSE,

Corner James and King-sts.,
Opposite the Court House and Public Offices, ST. CATHARINES, Ont.

E. HOUGHTON, Proprietor,
(Late of Houghton's Dining Saloon.)

☞ A spacious sample-room for commercial travellers. 859y

OTTAWA HOUSE.

Corner of Main and Prince of Wales-streets Pembroke, Ontario.

Stages in connection with the steamers *Jason Gould, Pembroke* and *Pontiac.*

Particular attention paid to the comfort of guests.

Good rooms for commercial travellers. Horses and vehicles always on hand.

J. COPELAND,
Proprietor.

Pembroke, Aug. 1, 1868. 809y

TORONTO HOUSE, Sparks-st.

MRS. TROTTER begs to announce that she has at present several commodious and handsomely furnished suites of apartments, in every respect eligible for civil or military officers, or private gentlemen remaining in the city. 773tf

REVERE HOUSE, OTTAWA.

G. A. BUCKE,
W. H. SANGER, } PROPRIETORS.

This first-class Hotel has been re-furnished and refitted throughout, and now combines all the requisites of a first-class establishment. 582tt

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,

M. KAVANAGH, *Proprietor,*

Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings.

The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands of Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.

☞ Oysters, Game etc., daily

THE METROPOLITAN,

AUMOND'S BLOCK,
Rideau Street Ottawa.

292tf P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.

DOMINION HOUSE,

WELLINGTON-STREET.

The undersigned, formerly head waiter at the Russell House, begs to notify his friends and the public generally that he has leased the above hotel, which is now well furnished, and will be kept as a first class house. The bar is well stocked with the choicest brands of liquors. The table will be furnished with the best the market affords. Good yard and stabling attached to the premises.

658y GEORGE IRVINE.

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I. B. TACKABERRY, Auction Rooms No. 36, Rideau-street, below Whyte's Stationery Store. The sale of Real Estate at Auction or private sale promptly attended to. Consignments received and immediate attention will be paid. Sales attended in any of the city or country. 699y

R. SPARKS, Provincial Land Surveyor, Draughtsman, &c., (commissioned for Upper and Lower Canada.) Office and residence, Gloucester, near Ottawa. Surveys of every description executed with accuracy. Communications addressed Ottawa City, (post-paid), or left at the office of N. Sparks, Solicitor, &c., Ottawa, will receive prompt attention. 55y

B. BILLINGS, Jr., Architect, Elgin street opposite the Post Office.

REFERENCES.—H A Sims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany; Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reyrolds, Esq Managing Director O. & St L. R.R. 740t

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale. OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

O'CONNOR & WALLER, Exchange Brokers, Fire, Life and Accidental Insurance, Commission and Collecting Agents.

Office, No. 27, Sussex-street, Ottawa.

R. E. O'CONNOR. 378y W. H. WALLER.

OLIVER & ANNABLE, Wholesale Manufacturers of Bedsteads, Chairs, &c., Chaudiere Island, Ottawa, C. W.

JOHN OLIVER,
506y WILLIAM ANNABLE.

R. H. McGREEVY, Contractor and Builder. Office: North side York Street, second door from Sussex Street. 78y

PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS, &c.,

Prepared for buildings of every description, by SIDNEY B. FRIPP, Architect,
711tf Wellington-st.

Dye Works.

BRANCH OF
ST. LAWRENCE DYE WORKS,

Elgin-st., (*Opposite the Russell House,*) Ottawa, Ont.

MACDONALD & CO.,
SILK AND WOOLLEN DYERS,
Scourers, Hot Pressers, &c.

☞ Gentlemen's Clothes cleaned and dyed. Kid Gloves cleaned. 894-3m

OTTAWA CITY

STEAM DYE WORKS,

Sussex-st.,

SIGN OF THE GOLDEN SHEEP,

Opposite Martineau's Store,

Has not removed to Centre Town, but can be found at the above address.

Great reduction in prices for cleaning or dyeing. All kinds of Wool, Cotton, Silk, &c., done at reduced rates.

No use of sending goods to Montreal.

☞ Encourage home manufactures.

LETHAM & BRUNAIS,
876tf Sussex-st.

ORDNANCE LANDS.

Public notice is hereby given that Sales of ORDNANCE LANDS will take place at the following places in the Province of Ontario, at the dates hereinafter mentioned:

At Kingston, 29 Lots, on Wednesday, Feb. 3rd, 1869.
Toronto, 147 Lots, on Monday, Feb. 8th.
Burlington Heights, Hamilton, 33 Lots, Feb. 10th.
Amherstburgh, 4 Lots, Saturday, Feb. 13th.
London, 1 tract of land, Tuesday, Feb. 16th.
Fort Erie, 104 Lots, Friday, Feb. 19th.
Pelham Farm, Short Hills, Saturday, Feb. 20th.
Penetanguishene, 60 lots, Wednesday, Feb. 24th.

Purchasers will be allowed to pay in ten annual instalments. One to be paid at the place and time of sale, and the rest in nine equal annual payments with interest at six per cent.

Particulars as to lots, dimensions, site, &c., will be given in the local papers.

By order,

E. PARENT,
Under Secretary of State.

WILLIAM F. COFFIN,
Ordnance Lands Agent.
Department of Secretary of State,
Ottawa, 12th December, 1868. 925-2td

Legal Cards.

MACPHERSON, KENNEDY & CHRISTIE, Barristers, &c., Lang's Block, Elgin-st., Ottawa.

J. P. MACPHERSON, G. KENNEDY, A. J. CHRISTIE.

J. W. W. WARD, of the late firm of Lewis Pinhey & Ward, has removed his Chancery Office to Bell's Law Chambers, opposite Russell House, Elgin-st.

NICHOLAS SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

E. A. MARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 902y

MOSGROVE & TAILLON, Barristers, Solicitors, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.

WILLIAM MOSGROVE. 366tf GEORGE TAILLON.

N. TETREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post Office. 390tf

LAPIERRE & HAYCOCK, Attornies-at-Law, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers and Notaries Public, Corner of Sussex and York-streets, Ottawa. 368y

D. O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c, Sussex-street. Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 55y

R. H. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Post Office Building, Elgin-street, Ottawa. 43utf

P. J. BUCKLEY, L.L.B., Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, and Notary Public. Office—over Mr. Luke Cuzner's Boot and Shoe Store, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 334y

LEES & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. Office—In the Court House, Ottawa.

ROBERT LEES. 43utf JOHN J. GEMMELL.

EDWARD T. DARTNELL, Barrister, Solicitor, Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the Court House, L'Orignal. 34-6m

ST. ALBAN'S SCHOOL,

DALY-ST.

PRINCIPAL:

REV. BICKERTON A. EDWARDS, B. A.,
(ex-scholar Jesus Coll., Oxford.)

Business will be resumed on MONDAY, JAN. 4th. Hours of Study—9:30 a.m. to 12:30, and 2 to 4 p.m.

SCHOOL FEES.—For Sound Commercial and English Education, $8 per term. Higher Mathematics, Latin, Greek, French and Music, (each) $2 per term EXTRA.

The school year will, as hitherto, be divided into three terms.

A reduction made for brothers, and for payments made in the first week of term. 938tf

BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES, OTTAWA, ONTARIO.

MRS. ROBERT STEWART, from London, England, has made arrangements to receive as Boarding Pupils (in conjunction with her already well established day school) a limited number of young ladies, to whom she will impart a solid and polite education on moderate terms.

She has had great experience in teaching, and the management of young people.

Her system is modern and complete; the house commodious, and situated in one of the best parts of the city.

Mrs Robert Stewart devotes all her time to the duties of her station. The utmost care will be taken in reference to health, morals, and religious training, and the domestic arrangements are such as to ensure comfort to those committed to her care.

The next term will begin on the 1st February, 1869.

References are kindly permitted to the Hon. Sir J. A. Macdonald, K.C.B., Hon. S. L. Tilley, C.B., Hon. Alex. Campbell, Hon. Malcolm Cameron, Hon. Col. Gray, M.P., Fennings Taylor, Esq., Andrew Drummond, Esq., Manager Bank of Montreal, Ottawa, J. A. Grant, Esq, M. D., M. P., and Henry Cotton, Esq.

N.B.—Prospectuses on application to Mrs. Robt. Stewart, Ottawa, Ontario. 932-1awF1-5-11

MUSICAL ACADEMY.

Mr. GUSTAVE SMITH, (Organist of the Cathedral) a Graduate of the Imperial Conservatory of Paris. Lessons on Piano and Singing. Rideau-street, corner of King-street

Ottawa, June 23, 1868. 775y

PIANO-FORTE TUITION.

W. C. CLARK, Professor of Music and Teacher of Piano, Voice and Harmony. Also, Mrs. Clark, Teacher of Drawing and Painting. Music Rooms and Residence, O'Connor-street, corner of Slater-street, Centre Town.

Orders may be left at his residence or at Orme & Son's Music Store 452

TUITION.

MONS. H. BERTHELOT, of the Ottawa Grammar School, is now prepared to give private lessons in the French language. Terms moderate.

N. B.—Will also give lessons in the Latin, Greek or English languages if required.

Orders may be left at Messrs. Durie & Son's bookstore.

Ottawa, October 16, 1868. 873tf

THE SISTERS

OF THE

CONGREGATION DE NOTRE DAME,

FROM MONTREAL,

respectfully inform the public that they will open a branch of their

Educational Establishment in Ottawa.

Their classes will begin on the 15th OCTOBER. For particulars and terms apply to the

LADY SUPERIORESS,
863tf Corner of O'Connor and Maria-sts.

Druggists.

HOLIDAY PRESENTS

AT

THE MEDICAL HALL,

28 Sparks-st., Ottawa.

Toilet Boxes in variety,
Rimmel's New Perfumes,
Cambridge Bouquet,
Oxford Bouquet,
English Lavender Water,
Silver Top Smelling Bottles,
Scotch Plaid Smelling Bottles,
Improved Perfumed Distributors,
&c., &c., &c.

A complete stock just received of Toilet Articles,

Patent Medicines,

Genuine Drugs and Chemicals,
Druggists' Sundries of all descriptions.

W. M. MASSEY,

Family and Dispensing Chemist.

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer has now been before the public for a length of time, and whenever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Dealers are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying to the universal satisfaction it gives

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it Physicians order and use it; and no family will without it after once trying it.

Price twenty-five cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, C. W.,
General Agents for C. W

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W M Massey, H. F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J. Brown, in Ottawa.

GEO. MAYES,

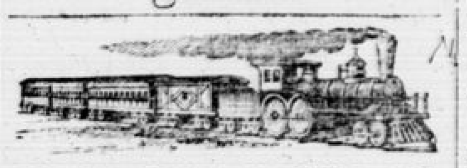
COPPER PLATE PRINTER,

Bank Street, Centre Town,

Between Sparks & Queen Streets.

Bills of Exchange, Bill Heads, Visiting Cards, &c., Printed on the shortest notice.

Railroads.



GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY COMPANY OF CANADA.

1868.] WINTER ARRANGEMENTS. [1869.

Trains now leave BONAVENTURE STATION as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburg, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at 9:10 a m
Night do do do do do 8:30 p m
Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at 7:00 a m
Trains for Lachine at 8:00 a m, 9:30 a m 3:00 p m, 5:00 p m.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations at 7.00 a m
Express for Boston at 8:40 a m
Express for New York and Boston at 3:30 p m via Vermont Central.
Express for New York via Plattsburgh, Lake Champlain, Burlington & Rutland at 3:00 p m
Express for Island Pond, at 2:00 p m
Night Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham and Portland, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St. Hilaire, St. Hyacinthe, Acton, Richmond, Sherbrooke, Waterville and Coaticook only, at 10:10 p m

☞ Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains. Baggage checked through.

The steamer *Carlotta* leaves Portland every SATURDAY AFTERNOON (after the arrival of train from Montreal on Friday night), for Halifax, N.S., returning on Tuesday.

She has excellent accommodation for passengers and freight.

The International Company's Steamers, running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway, leave Portland every MONDAY, at 5 p m, for St. John, N.B.

Tickets issued through at the Company's principal stations.

For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure Station:

C. J. BRYDGES, Managing Director,
Montreal, Dec. 7, 1868.

CHANGE OF TIME.

ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY,

(formerly the Ottawa & Prescott Railway.)

ON and AFTER MONDAY, the 30TH of NOV., 1868, and until further notice, TRAINS will run as follows:

LEAVE OTTAWA.	ARRIVE IN PRESCOTT.
Express, 8 a. m.	10.30 a. m.
Mixed, 1.00 p. m.	4.15 p. m
LEAVE PRESCOTT.	ARRIVE IN OTTAWA.
Mixed, 7. 30 a. m.	11.00 a. m.
Express, 2.10 p. m.	4.45 p. m.

The time of these Trains has been so arranged as to ensure connection with night and day trains on Grand Trunk, east and west.

Baggage to and from Ottawa checked through from and to stations on Grand Trunk Railway

Return tickets to Prescott, Kemptville and Ottawa at reduced rates can be had at the principal stations on the line.

T. S. DETLOR, THOMAS REYNOLDS,
Superintendent. Managing Director.

N. B.—The above trains all run by Montreal Time.

Ottawa, Nov. 27, 1868. 1y

BROCKVILLE & OTTAWA RAILWAY.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT,
Commencing on the 20th April, 1868.

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

7:15 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Brockville daily at 7.15 a.m., and 3:15 p.m., arriving at Sandpoint at 12:40 p. m. and 9 p.m.

LEAVE SANDPOINT.

5:15 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Sandpoint at 5:15 a.m. and 1:30 p.m., arriving at Brockville at 11:30 a.m. and 7:45 p.m.

All trains on main line connect at Smith's Falls with Trains to and from Perth.

The 7:15 a.m. train from Brockville connects with U. F. Coy's Steamers for Ottawa, Portage-du-Fort, Pembroke, &c., and the 1:15 p.m. train from Sandpoint leaves after those steamers are due from east and west.

H ABBOTT,
Managing Director.

Brockville, April 11. 472y

TO FARMERS & OTHERS.

TRADE O. A. & Co. MARK.

Farmers and others should buy their TEA and COFFEE from

A. O. AUDY & CO.,

who are daily receiving by direct importations Tea and Coffee of the finest quality. Their business is conducted on the English principle, and the above named articles can be procured in 5 and 10 pound catties and upwards. The purchaser receives the benefit of a neat package, a good article, and at wholesale prices. Perfect satisfaction is ensured, and any goods not proving according to sample can be returned at our expense. We will pay the carriage on 4 five or 2 ten lb catties to the nearest railway station. For the accommodation of farmers and others not having heard of the advantage offered them, we have engaged trustworthy agents who will make occasional trips throughout the surrounding country and solicit their orders. Any favors submitted to them will receive prompt attention. We do not sell less than a cattie, and nothing but Tea and Coffee sold. The following is the list of prices:

BLACK TEA.	
Common Congou, Strong Tea	$0 45 @ 50
Fine Flavoured New Season do	0 55 @ 60
Excellent Full Flavoured do	0 75 @ 80
Sound Oolong	0 40 @ 45
Rich Flavoured, do	0 55 @ 60
Very Fine, do do	0 75 @ 80
Japan Good	0 50 @ 60
Very Good	0 65 @ 70
Finest	0 75 @ 80
GREEN TEA.	
Twankay, Common	0 35 @ 40
Fine do	0 55 @ 60
Young Hyson	0 50 @ 60
Fine do	0 75 @ 85
Superfine and Very Choice	1 00 @ 00
COFFEE.	
Mocha	$0 22, 0 27, 0 29, 0 33
Java	0 20, 0 25, 0 29, 0 32
Ceylon	0 18, 0 22, 0 26, 0 29

Remember the place,

A. O. AUDY & CO.,
Elgin-st., opposite the Russell House.

Sewing Machines.

HOLIDAY PRESENTS.

WHEELER & WILSON'S Silent Feed Sewing Machines are perfectly noiseless. The most valuable present to any Lady or Family is a WHEELER & WILSON'S SEWING MACHINE. A liberal reduction for cash on all machines for holiday presents. Twenty-five per cent reduction on Embroidery attachments applicable to the former style of Wheeler & Wilson Sewing Machine. Button Hole Attachments, new style; Tuckers, Trimmers, Corders, &c.

THE HOWE SEWING MACHINES are best for Carriage Trimmers, Shoemakers and Tailors.

Call and see for yourselves; no trouble to show you how they sew.

Remember 37, Sparks-st., Ottawa; and 105 King-st., West Toronto.

G. A. WALTON, *Agent for Ontario,*
R. W. STEPHEN,
930tf *Manager for Ottawa Office.*

ENLARGED PORTRAITURE

OF

EVERY DESCRIPTION

BOTH

COLOURED AND PLAIN,
COLOURED AND PLAIN,
COLOURED AND PLAIN,

AT

W. NOTMAN'S, METCALFE-STREET.

TO TOURISTS.—The largest collection in the Dominion of Photographs of Canadian Scenery

Ottawa, Sept. 7, 1868. 582y

Agencies.

PROVINCIAL INSURANCE.

MALCOLM CAMERON,

AGENT, ... Desbarats's Building,

Office of Queen's Printer,

An entirely Canadian institution—perfect security to insurers, and immediate payment of claims.

Ottawa, Dec. 8, 1868. 91tf

UNION MUTUAL

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY

OF MAINE.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, 12th October, 1868.

No. 16.

The following Insurance Company has received a license to transact the business of Life Insurance in Canada:

No. 34. The UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, of Maine.

Deposit in U. S. 6's of '81—$50,000.

B. R. CORWIN, General Agent, St. John N.B.

For the Minister of Finance,
JOHN LANGTON,
Auditor.

I have this day, deposited with the Receiver General, Twenty Thousand Dollars in addition to the above Fifty Thousand, making Seventy Thousand Dollars ($70,000) U. S. Gold Bonds.

The Hon. Col. John H. Gray, M.P., has been appointed Counsel to the Company for the Dominion. All legal matters will be referred to him.

B. R. CORWIN,
Manager.

Ottawa, November 7, 1868.

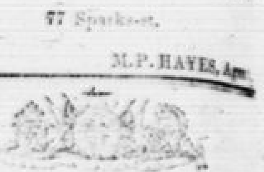
ROYAL CANADIAN BANK.

OTTAWA AGENCY,

OFFICE—DESBARATS' BUILDING,

77 Sparks-st.

M.P. HAYES, Agent.



WATCHES.

J. SEWILL, LIVERPOOL,

Manufacturer by special appointment to HER MAJESTY THE QUEEN, ROYAL FAMILY

AND

COURT OF SPAIN,

THE RIGHT HONORABLE THE LORDS COMMISSIONERS OF THE ADMIRALTY,

AND

HER MAJESTY QUEEN VICTORIA'S ROYAL NAVY:

Prize Medalist of the Great International Exhibition of London, 1862, and of the Universal Exhibition of Paris, 1867,

WE HEREBY APPOINT

MR. JOHN LESLIE,
Sparks-street,

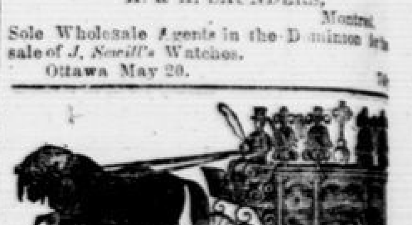
Agent for Ottawa and Vicinity

For the sale of these celebrated Timekeepers.

H. & A. SAUNDERS,
Montreal,

Sole Wholesale Agents in the Dominion for sale of *J. Sewill's* Watches.

Ottawa May 20.



S. ROGERS,

CABINET-MAKER, UPHOLSTERER

AND

UNDERTAKER,

AT THE OLD STAND,

No. 70, RIDEAU-STREET

AND AT THE

WEST END WELLINGTON-STREET,

Where the usual assortment of Cabinet and Upholstering Goods can be obtained at moderate prices.

UNDERTAKING.

The Undertaking branch is under S. R.'s immediate superintendence, who attends all Funerals without Extra Charge, and has constantly on hand a large assortment of Ready-made Coffins, of all sizes and qualities:

METALLIC, BLACK CLOTH, COBOURG, &c.

Parties ordering Mahogany, Walnut, Oak or other Hardwood Coffins, may rely on getting a genuine article, (no stained Butternut sold for Walnut.)

Persons desirous of keeping their deceased relatives for a few days, or even a week, can do so without the least possible inconvenience by applying to S. Rogers, who has had over 20 years experience in the above branches, and feels confident of giving satisfaction.

N.B.—The Undertaking Branch will be found second to none in Ottawa.

Express Waggons always ready for the removal of Furniture.

RESIDENCE.—At the West End Establishment, Wellington-st.

Ottawa, September 4, 1868. 83y

Hardware.

HARDWARE:

AT

THOS. ISAAC'S, CENTRE TOWN,

PLOUGHS, CULTIVATORS,

IRON, COAL,

SHELF & HEAVY HARDWARE,

NAILS, ROPE, CHAINS,

and a general assortment of House-furnishing, Cornices, &c., at the lowest cash prices to be found in the Ottawa market.

ALSO,

STOVES, all patterns and sizes, for coal and wood from the Prescott, Kingston, Toronto, Hamilton and Montreal Foundries, with drums, pipes, furniture, &c., the cheapest to be had in town.

Millinery.

NOTICE.

MRS. SMITH having received her new styles of FALL HATS & BONNETS, will be happy to meet her old friends and the public generally. Gents' Felt Hats cleaned, dyed and done over in the best style.

N.B.—The most fashionable Mantles and Costumes made to order, Corner of Bank and Albert-sts.

October 10 868

RANDALL & MONTGOMERY,

PLAIN, ORNAMENTAL AND DECORATIVE PAINTERS,

AND PAPER HANGERS,

Chaudiere and Hull. (Shop next to R. R. Booth's Store, Chaudiere.) House, Sign, Villa and general painting executed on the most reasonable terms. Ceilings and walls distempered in colors to suit. Fresco work of all kinds to order.

References permitted to the following gentlemen: A. H. Baldwin & Co., J. R. Booth, Esq., R. R. Booth, Esq., Rev. Mr. Johnson, Hull; Rev Mr. Pickel, Ottawa; Mr. Haycock, Architect.

August 26. 829-6m

PUBLIC NOTICE

Is hereby given that the Map or Plan and Book of Reference of the Canada Central Railway Company, from the City of Ottawa to its junction with the Line of the Brockville and Ottawa Railway Company, have been deposited in the office of the Department of Public Works, and a copy of such parts of the Map or Plan and Book of Reference, as relate to the County of Carleton, has been deposited in the office of the Clerk of the Peace for the County of Carleton, and a copy of such parts as relate to the County of Lanark, has been deposited in the office of the Clerk of the Peace for the County of Lanark.

Dated this Tenth day of August, 1868.

W. R. WORSLEY,
C. C. Ry.

BAZAAR.

The ladies of Bank-st. Church intend holding a BAZAAR, about the end of February, in order to defray the expense of seating the New Church. Due notice will be given of the time and place.

Ottawa, December 17. 926tf

NOTICE.

Application will be made at the next Session of the Legislature of Ontario for an act to incorporate the CALEDONIA PEAT MANUFACTURING & SMELTING COMPANY, with powers to construct a Canal or Railway from some point in the Township of Caledonia to the navigable waters of the Ottawa or South Nation Rivers, and to authorize the Municipality of Caledonia to grant to the said Company so much of the road allowance as may be between the first and fifth concessions as may be required for the manufacture of Peat fuel. 883y

THE TIMES is printed and published by The Ottawa Times Printing and Publishing Company, at the Office, 38, Sparks-st., Centre Town, Ottawa. JAMES COTTON, Managing Director. ALEX. ROBERTSON, Editor.

The Times

VOL. IV. NO. 941. OTTAWA, WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 6, 1869. PRICE—3 CENTS.

Boots & Shoes.

ANNOUNCEMENT!

W. A. LAMB,

KEEPER OF THE RED BOOT, &c., &c.

To all the loyal inhabitants of the Metropolitan and surrounding Counties, sends greeting:

And while thus publicly wishing to all

"A Merry Christmas and Happy New Year,"

takes pleasure also in announcing that he will hold

PUBLIC RECEPTIONS DAILY,

at from 7:30 a.m., until 7 p.m., when he will be pleased to meet with those who desire to call upon him.

N.B.—As all will probably wish to retain a *Souvenir* of their visit, it will be satisfactory to know that there is a magnificent assortment of Boots and Shoes on hand to choose from, and any of which will be GIVEN AWAY for a small consideration.

Don't forget the place, ☞ No. 28, Sussex-st., opposite the Barracks. ☜

W. ANGUS & CO.

BOOTS,

SHOES,

MOCCASINS,

TOBOGGANS,

SNOW-SHOES,

&c., &c., &c.

Since the great clearing Sale

W. ANGUS & CO.

have received a

VERY LARGE AND WELL SELECTED STOCK

OF

BOOTS AND SHOES,

AND OTHER FEET-WARE,

suitable to the Winter season.

JUST RECEIVED.

A FRESH LOT OF LADIES' & GENTS'

FELT EMBROIDERED CONGRESS!

Of the Latest Style. Also, a New Supply of

TOBOGGANS,

SNOW-SHOES,

MOCCASINS,

OVER-SHOES,

&c., &c., &c.

Very appropriate

XMAS AND NEW YEAR'S PRESENTS.

☞INSPECTION INVITED.☜

PRICES LOW.

W. ANGUS & CO.,
Golden Boot,
226 Wellington-st.

GENUINE CLEARING SALE

OF

BOOTS AND SHOES,

AT THE OLD

CROSBY STAND, NO. 51, SPARKS-ST.

The whole of

THE BANKRUPT STOCK,

comprising the latest styles and best qualities of

LADIES', GENT'S, MISSES' & CHILDREN'S

DRESS & WALKING BOOTS,

suitable for FALL & WINTER WEAR. Also, a large stock of Men's and Women's Coarse Boots. Moose Mocassins, Buck Moose and Sheep Mitts, Beef Mogassins, Felt Over-shoes, Rubbers, &c., all of which will be sold at great reductions from former prices. Lumber and country merchants are requested to bear in mind that there is a large stock of handmade boots to be disposed of at the aforesaid reduction in prices.

The public generally are invited to call and examine the stock and prices, which we know cannot fail to give satisfaction to all.

Remember the place, the old Crosby Stand, opposite O'Meara's, No. 51, Sparks-st.

A. J. STEPHENS & CO.

Ottawa, Oct. 20 868. 876y

CHEAP BOOTS & SHOES AT THE

CAPITAL

BOOT & SHOE STORE,

YORK-ST.

I have now received my fall and winter stock of

BOOTS AND SHOES,

which will be found complete; being selected with care, it will not fail to give general satisfaction.

In Ladies', Misses' and Children's ware I have everything that can possibly be required for the season, and at much lower figures than ever before offered.

Men's ware in Calf, Kipp, Cowhide Boots; Men's Strong Working Boots as low as $2 per pair. Boy's and Youth's equally low.

A large supply of New English Kipp Boots, hand made, the most suitable ware for Lumbermen, constantly on hand and made by the very best workmen. Orders taken for all kinds of work.

4297 GEORGE MURPHY

BOARD.

Five or six gentlemen boarders can get rooms, with or without board, in the vicinity of Sandy Hill, within ten minutes walk of the Parliament Buildings, by applying at the Office of this paper.

Ottawa, October 10, 1868. 868tf

Groceries.

THE undersigned takes this opportunity to thank her friends and the public in general for their liberal patronage, and solicits a call to examine her fine stock of GROCERIES, POULTRY, FISH, salt and fresh, VEGETABLES, FRUITS, PORK, &c., all to be disposed of cheap. Also, a very fine lot of PARTRIDGES.

MRS. L. E. GOULIN,
Wellington-st., opposite Hall's Confectionery

GARDENER'S

BAKING POWDER.

In 1 lb. Packets for 25 cents. | And 6 Packets for $1.25.

TEN REASONS

Why it Should be Used in Preference to all Others:

1st. Bread or Cakes made with it are more wholesome than if made with Yeast or any other process.

2nd. Its purity is such that it will stand the test of the most perfect analysis.

3rd. After having been extensively used for the last 14 years in not one instance has it failed to give entire satisfaction.

4th. Families that have used it pronounce it the best, and will use no other.

5th. It contains no Saleratus, nor does it impair the digestive organs like those powders where Soda or an excess of Alkali predominates.

6th. It never gives to Bread or Cakes an unpleasant Alkaline or mawkish taste.

7th. The ingredients that form its composition are more beneficial than otherwise.

8th. Dyspeptic subjects can eat hot Bread or Rolls made with it and derive benefit by its use.

9th. Every Packet contains its full weight; one pound packets weigh 16 ounces.

10. It is all that it is represented to be, namely:

Unrivalled for Purity and Cheapness.

Sole Agents for Ottawa,

J. G. ROBINSON & Co.,
The Tea Pot.

The Trade supplied at the Manufacturer's prices.

Ottawa, December 10, 1868. 886-6m

MONTREAL WAREHOUSE,

SUSSEX-STREET,

The undersigned have now COMPLETED their

FALL IMPORTATIONS,

COMPRISING A

GENERAL AND SELECT STOCK

OF

FAMILY GROCERIES,

WINES, LIQUORS,

AND PROVISIONS, &c., &c.

JAS. MARTIN & CO.

Ottawa, November 27, 1868. 657y

LIST OF LETTERS

Remaining in the Ottawa Post Office, 1st Jan. 1869:

Allan Thomas	Moore Thos
Anderson Miss E	More Miss Cath
Anderson J C (Gloster)	Murphy John
Black Robert	Neelin Joseph
Blake Robert	Newton Rev Dr
Bowen George	Nisbet James
Brown Miss Alice	Nolan Ben
Brown Miss Mary	O'Connor Denis
Burke Mrs Margaret	O'Hara Samuel
Burke Miss Sarah	O'Hara James
Bush G	Parker Miss Frances
Carlen Hugh	Patton Robert
Cooke William Jas	Perkins C S
Connor John	Prendregast Mde
Daniels E	Reid Jas B
Davidson Mrs Jessie	Roaldson Eliza
Davis Mrs Mary	Russell H
Donohue Miss Margt	Saul John
Downey Mary	Scott Thos H
Dunbar John	Seabrook Wm
Dunbar Miss Elizabeth	Seaves Benjamin
Fitzgerald Mary Ann	Shepherd J F
Fraser John D	Slattery Thos (of Picton)
Fraser Mrs G	Strachan David
Graham David	Stuart C
Griffin Miss Cath	Sullivan Dan
Haines Joseph	Taylor Mrs Hanna
Halpin Michael	Thompson John
Henderson Thos	Traveller Edward
Hogan Margaret	Twaites Mrs
Howden J G	Watson Robt
Johnston Mary (Nepean)	Way Miss Mary
Kerr T A	Whillans George
Lampitt J	Wright Juliana
Linfoot John	McDonough Margt
Martin W A	McGovan Miss
Mathews Obadiah	McGovern Hugh
Michel W	McInnes Mrs
Millen Mrs G H	McLaren Daniel
Miller Joseph	McLaren Wm
Moffatt R (Nepean)	

G. P. BAKER, P.M.

Dry Goods.

HICK & CO.

Have removed to their NEW STORE, in Stewart's Block, Corner of Rideau and Sussex-sts., where they will offer, in connection with their goods,

$30,000 WORTH OF DRY GOODS

Purchased at Public Auction lately, from the immense Bankrupt Stock of the late firm of DESMARTERY, JORDAINE & CO., of Montreal, and sold on account of T. JAMES CLAXTON. The goods are all new and of very superior quality, being imported expressly for a fashionable Montreal trade; and, as they have succeeded in purchasing the goods far below the sterling cost, they are prepared to offer bargains never before offered in this city. The following are some of the lines of goods offered, viz.:

			s. d.		s. d.
100 pieces	different qualities Black Silks........				
80	do	Single width plain Wincey	5	worth	0 8
100	do	Fancy, single width Wincey	7½	"	1 0
62	do	Double width plain Wincey	7½	"	1 0
80	do	Double Delaines.....	7½	"	1 3
70	do	do Poplin........	7½	"	1 0
150	do	do Cobourg.....	7½	"	1 3
150	do	Assort'd Dress Goods	9	"	1 6
33	do	Empress Reps.......	1 6	"	3 0
60	do	Bl'k French Merino	1 6	"	3 0
75	do	FancyColors—your choice for........	2		
200	do	Black Empress Rep only...............	10	"	2 0

Also, a splendid assortment of
Hannibal Cloths — Oriental Lustres
Livini Poplins — Alberteena Cloths
Princess Alexandra Embossed Poplins
Mandarin Lustres — Eugenia Reps, &c.

1,000 doz. FRINGED TOWELS, all Linen,....................6d each.

SHAWLS.

35 Filled Shawls.
83 Shepherd Long Shawls
101 Fancy, all wool Longs
167 Assorted Square Shawls.

COTTONS.

120 pieces Grey Cotton, 1¼ yards wide, for......6 d
160 do Bleached Horrocks and Millars........6½d
165 do Good Prints ....4 d
303 do Best English Prints, Heyle's and Ashton's.......................................6½d
159 do French Calicos, in choice patterns...8 d

CLOTHS.

			s. d.		s. d.
20 pieces	Waterproof..........		3 9		
80	do	Double Width Overcoating..........................	2 9	worth	7 6
35	do	Scotch Tweed............	2 6	do	5 0
100	do	Canadian Tweed.........	1 3	do	2 6
100	do	Full Cloth, very heavy..	2 9	do	3 6

Also, a splendid lot o

BROAD CLOTHS. BEAVERS,

Witneys, Mantle Cloths,

BLACK DOES, &c., &c., &c.,

at correspondingly low prices.

85 PIECES DOMINION TWEED,

Something New—one of the heaviest cloths made—*at a great sacrifice.*

1,000 doz. TABLE NAPKINS, all Linen, only 6s 3d per dozen.

SHIRTS! SHIRTS! SHIRTS!

1,000 Flannel Shirts, only..............2 6
200 White Cotton Shirts, only.......3 9
400 Under Shirts, only..................3 3
300 Hespler's heaviest make, Ribbed ....5 0 worth 8 9

Paper Collars—100 collars for 3s 9d.

500 pieces 2¼-yards wide Linen Sheeting.......................3 3 worth 5
5 do 2-yards wide, Union Sheeting.......................1 7 do 3
81 do Table Damask and 300 ... frightful sacrifice.................

☞Also, Red and White Flannels, Canadian Shirting Flannels, Hoop Skirts, Crash Towellings, Irish Linen, Clouds, Breakfast Shawls, Hemp Carpets, &c., &c.

☞ CORSETS, 2s 6d. ☜

Blankets—A large lot of slightly damaged Blankets for about half price.

1,000 Linen Bags, 1s, worth 1s 6d; 40 cases Men's Heavy Boots, very low; 3 cases Men's Heavy French Calf, 12s 6d. Also, a heavy stock of Gentlemen's Clothing.

$3.50.......................................OVERCOATS.
4.00.................................heavy OVERCOATS.
90 cts. up.......................................PANTS.
50 cts. to $1.25..................................VESTS.
$8.00.........Black Broadcloth.........FALL SUITS.

A large staff of polite and attentive salesmen will be in readiness to wait on customers.

H. HICK & CO.

☞Customers will please report any inattention on the part of salesmen.

AT CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S

The greatest novelty of the season is the

BOULEVARD FELT UNDERSKIRT,

Unsurpassed for

BEAUTY, ECONOMY & DURABILITY

AT

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S

No. 14, Rideau-st.

REMOVAL

TO

NO. 34, SPARKS-ST.

T. RAJOTTE

having removed to more commodious premises, takes pleasure in announcing to his numerous customers and the public generally that he has now a large and well selected stock of

STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS,

consisting of

Flannels — Black Cloths
Winceys — Beaver Cloths
Cottons — Meltons
Prints — Tweeds
&c., — &c.

We have also on hand a large assortment of

READY-MADE CLOTHING,

which, being manufactured on the premises, we can recommend, and sell cheaper than any shop in this city.

THE TAILORING DEPARTMENT.

This department is under the superintendence of a well-known first-class cutter and workman. All orders punctually attended to.

☞Don't forget the place, No. 34, Sparks-st. Store lately occupied by G. Fetherston & Co., next door to Magee & Russell's old store.

883y T. RAJOTTE.

FLOWER BULBS.

Shipped per *Hibernian*, and to arrive in a few days, a very superior assortment of

HYACINTH, TULIP AND OTHER FALL

BULBS.

These Bulbs will be found superior to anything yet imported.

WILLIAM HEARN,
Market Drug Store,
York-st.

Ottawa, October 17, 1868. 874tf

Groceries.

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS

—FROM—

OPORTO, SPAIN, COGNAC

AND LONDON,

Consisting of

PORT, SHERRY, BRANDY, GIN

AND SCOTCH WHISKEY, &c.

PICKLES, SAUCES, JAMS & JELLIES

&c., &c., &c.,

FROM CROSSE & BLACKWELL.

—LIKEWISE,—

A FULL assortment of FRESH FRUIT, the BEST in market.

TABLE and Cooking RAISINS, CURRANTS, &c.

FLAVOURING EXTRACTS and SPICES—Genuine.

PRESERVED and CAN FRUITS, assorted to suit the holiday season.

ALMERIA GRAPES, FRESH FIGS and PORTUGUESE ONIONS.

50 TINS NEW HONEY, in 5 lb. and 8 lb. tins.

200 STILTON CHEESE, 6 lbs. to 8 lbs. size, from Reesor Brothers' celebrated factory.

SHERRY WINE—Good Table Wine—$1.25 to $3.00.

PORT WINE—Good Table Wine $1·50 to $4.50.

ALL KINDS of GENUINE LIQUORS. Price according to age and quality.

100 BOXES DIGBY HERRINGS—large boxes at 75 cts. each.

LABRADOR HERRINGS, the very best, in barrels and half barrels.

10 CASES SCOTCH LING—Good.

TEAS—Black, Green and Japans—Warranted Good, and selected for family use.

SUGARS and SYRUPS of all grades.

COFFEES—Always Fresh—Best Brands—Try them.

TOBACCOS—The Finest Qualities—Virginia make in cut, tin foil and plug.

A GENERAL assortment of the different kinds of *GROCERIES AND LIQUORS* on hand, Wholesale and Retail, at the *LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICES* for Warranted Goods. A trial of the articles will recommend them.

For sale at

THOS. PATTERSON'S,
No. 26, Rideau-street.

Ottawa, November 27, 1868. 878

JUST RECEIVED,

AT THE

INDIA WAREHOUSE,

No. 16, Rideau-st.,

And for sale cheap, by

D. T. BROWNE & CO.,

Wholesale and Retail

Grocers, Wine and Spirit Merchants,

FRESH OYSTERS, in Tins,
PRESERVED OYSTERS do
FRESH HALIBUT do
FRESH SALMON do
FRESH MACKEREL do
FRESH LOBSTERS do
GREEN PEAS do
LEMON, GINGER, ORANGE,
Banana, Peach, Blackberry, Raspberry and Strawberry Syrups.
RASPBERRY VINEGAR,
FRY'S Chocolate and Cocoa,
MOTT'S Cocoa Paste,
MORTON'S Bloater Paste,
TOMATO and other Catsups
ANCHOVY Paste,
STRASBURGH Meats,
POTTED Beef and Tongues
PRESERVES and Jellies, great variety,
ORANGE Marmalade,
MORRISON, TAYLOR & Co.'s
Celebrated Sugar Cured Hams and Breakfast Roll Bacon.
PICKLED Salmon,
PICKLED Mackerel,
PICKLED HERRINGS,
In Half Barrels, Barrels and Tierces,
DRY Codfish,
DRY Haddock,
FINNAN Haddies, &c., &c.,

And a full stock of Choice Family Groceries.

Ottawa, Nov. 3, 1868.

BOTTLED ALE,

BOTTLED ALE,

BOTTLED ALE.

The subscriber would called the attention o Families and others to his

FINE BOTTLED ALE

Which is in splendid condition. Also,

SCOTCH, IRISH, OLD RYE,

and other Malt Whiskies,

PORTS, SHERRIES, BRANDIES, GIN, &c.,

To ether with a General Assortment of

FIRST-CLASS GROCERIES.

A call ... dly solicited.

D. WHELAN,
44, Rideau-street,
Opposite Allan's Crockery Store

Ottawa, Jan. 20, 1868.

NEW YEAR'S GIFTS & PRESENTS

AT THE VARIETY HALL.

Notwithstanding the large quantities of goods disposed of previous to Christmas there is still on hand a good supply for New Year's in

GLASSWARE

Of Every Description.

Toy Tea Sets, Misses' Tea Sets,

Mottoed Cups and Saucers,

Moustache Cups,

Bohemian Glass Decanters,

Children's Cups and Mugs, Toys, and an endless variety of every description of Glassware suitable for the season.

A few cases of CUT DECANTERS at $1.50 per pair.

Hotel-keepers bear in mind that the Variety Hall furnishes the best Decanters and Tumblers of any House in the Dominion.

J. BOYDEN.

Dry Goods.

Shewing This Day.

GRANT & HENDERSON,

No. 20, Rideau-st,

Are offering an extensive Stock of

DRESS GOODS.

WINCIES,

SHAWLS and

BLANKETS,

☞AT THE LOWEST CASH PRICES.☜

N. B.—An extensive assortment of genera DRY GOODS always in stock.

LATEST STYLES AND FASHIONS.

INSPECTION INVITED.

No. 20, Rideau-st.

CLOTHING,

CHEAP AND FASHIONABLE,

READY-MADE AND TO ORDER.

O'MEARA & CO.,

ESTABLISHED IN 1844,

Offer for sale an extensive importation of FALL AND WINTER GOODS, comprising Ready-made Clothing, Canadian Tweeds, Etoffes, Satinetts; also a large stock of Blankets, Flannels, Kerseys, Gray Cottons, Prints, Winceys, Plaids, &c., &c.; Broadcloths, Beavers, Witneys, Petershams, Devons, &c.; Bedford Cords, Silk Mixtures, West of England Tweeds, Doeskins, &c., wholesale and retail, which will be made up to order on the shortest notice in the latest styles of fashion and at prices that

DEFY COMPETITION.

☞A general assortment of Dry Goods, the largest stock ever offered for sale in this city.

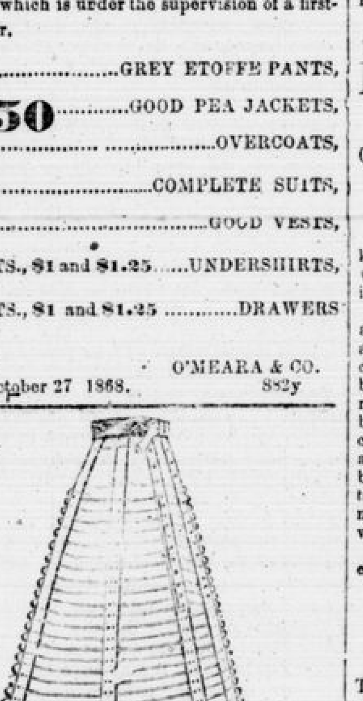
$1.25 BLANKETS.... $6.00. $3.00

TAILORING DEPARTMENT.

Particular attention given to the Tailoring Department, which is under the supervision of a first-class cutter.

$2 ....GREY ETOFFE PANTS,
$4.50 ....GOOD PEA JACKETS,
$4 ....OVERCOATS,
$9 ....COMPLETE SUITS,
$1 ....GOOD VESTS,
75 CTS., $1 and $1.25......UNDERSHIRTS,
75 CTS., $1 and $1.25 ....DRAWERS

A. DUFF. O'MEARA & CO.
Ottawa, October 27 1868. 882y



GIVING UP BUSINESS.

LAST MONTH.

Ladies wishing to have SKIRTS made any particular shape or size to fit them will please leave their orders at once, as the skirt makers will be paid off by Christmas.

A large lot of HOOP SKIRTS still on hand which will be sold without any regard to cost during this month.

140 dozen CORSETS yet on hand, every size and shape; will be sold at very low prices.

A large lot of KNITTED GOODS still remaining. Breakfast Shawls, Sontags, Clouds, Hoods, &c.

HOSIERY and GLOVES very cheap.

Four dozen Ladies' SATCHELS at half price.

A few of those Black Quilted Skirts yet on hand at reduced prices.

Hair Nets, Corse Clasps, &c.

Also, three of Raymond's Improved Family Sewing Machines at $10, former price, $12.

CITY HOOP SKIRT FACTORY,
43 Sparks-st., Centre Town.

N.B.—Any party wishing to commence the Skirt Manufacturing Business can purchase all the requisite machinery and materials at much below cost by calling on MR. MILLAR at the factory.

Confectionery.

ENGLISH BUNN HOUSE,

SUSSEX-ST.

G. BARTLETT

Begs most respectfully to remind his patrons that he has provided for the CHRISTMAS HOLIDAYS an increased assortment of Paris and home manufactured presents; also the undermentioned goods all manufactured on the premises.

Rich Fruit Cakes, plain and ornamented.
Plain, Citron, Raisin, Seed, Princess, Sponge and Lady Cake, Gold and Silver.
Candies of every description.
Italian Creams and Pyramids.
Jellies and Blanc Mange and Wine Jellies.
Charlotte Russe.
Jellied Turkeys, Chickens, &c.
Chocolate, Walnut and Fig Creams.
Salads of every description.
Crystalized Dates and Figs.
Wedding Cakes, ornamented to any design on the shortest notice.
Supper Parties, Balls or Assemblies supplied on reasonable terms.
Private Parties furnished on the shortest notice.
Oyster Patties, Mince Pies and Mince Meat.
A large assortment of Pure Sugar Hollow Toys.
IMPORTED GOODS DIRECT FROM LONDON AND PARIS.
Choicest Selected Bonbons, Gelatine, Silver and Gold Paper, Scented, Snapping and Plum.
A splendid assortment of Cornucopias, Boxes and Toys.

The proprietor need only say that all the above articles can be obtained at his establishment, and from the reputation it has gained for itself is a sufficient guarantee for the quality of the articles. City and country stores supplied on reasonable terms.

G. BARTLETT, 37 Sussex-st.

N.B.—Muffin and Crumpets fresh every day during the season. 920d

CONCENTRATED LYE.

CAUTION TO THE PUBLIC.

The remarkable success which has attended the introduction of the celebrated Concentrated Lye into Canadian market, by the subscriber, has excited the cupidity of an unprincipled firm in town (which has already been convicted of borrowing other people's brains) by a spurious imitation called Saponifier. To avoid disappointment, purchasers should be careful to ask for Harte's Concentrated Lye, which is sold by all respectable Druggists and Grocers in town and country. 783y

Medical.

PAIN KILLER!

A PURELY VEGETABLE MEDICINE

TAKEN INTERNALY, CURES

Sudden Colds, Catarrh, Coughs, Bronchitis, Asthma, Fever and Ague, Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, Acid Stomach, Headache, Heartburn, Indigestion, Canker in the Mouth, Throat or Stomach, Sick Headache, Sea Sickness, Piles, Kidney Complaints, Canker Rash, Cramp and Pain in the Stomach, Painter's Colic, Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Summer Complaint, Cholera Morbus, Cholera Infantum and Cholera.

APPLIED EXTERNALLY, CURES

Scalds, Burns, Frostbites, Chillblains, Erysipelas, Ringworms, Whitlows, Boils, Old Sores, Sprains, Bruises, Toothache, Headache, Neuralgia in the Face or Head, Pains in the Side, Pains in the Back and Loins, Rheumatism, Rheumatic Gout, Neuralgic or Rheumatic Pains in the Joints and Limbs, Stings of Insects, Scorpions, Centipedes, and the Bites of Poisonous Insects and Venomous Reptiles.

At this season, when coughs and colds are so prevalent, an effectual remedy, and one easily obtained, is *Perry Davis' Vegetable Pain Killer.* It is no new nostrum, vended by unknown agents, but has stood the test of over 20 years; and those who use the article, internally or externally, will connect with it grateful recollections of its worthy inventor.—*Hastings' Chronicle, C. W.*

PAIN KILLER.—The testimonials borne to the efficacy of this valuable medicine are sufficient to warrant its introduction into every house. Our own opinion is that no family should be without a bottle of it for a single hour. In flesh wounds, aches, pains, sores, &c., it is the most effectual remedy we know of. A bottle will last for a very long time, and its low price places it within the reach of all. Our readers will remember that the Messrs. Perry Davis & Son have opened out a house in Montreal, whence Canadian orders are supplied.—*News, St. Johns, C. E.*

☞We are glad to learn that the "Pain Killer" is having so large a sale in our city. We have every reason to believe it to be an almost never failing cure for pain, and is a medicine that no family should be without.—*Montreal Pilot.*

If an attack of Diarrhœa, Dysentery or Cramp Colic, don't delay the use of the Pain Killer.

Rev. H. L. Van Meter, Burmah, writes, "The Pain Killer has become an almost indispensable article in my family."

Hundreds of missionaries give similar testimony of its virtues.

Rev. J. G. Stearns writes, "I consider it the best remedy for Dyspepsia I ever knew."

Rev. Jabez S. Swan says, "I have used it for years in my family, and consider it an invaluable remedy."

We cheerfully add our testimony in favor of this medicine.—*Roman Citizen.*

We have tasted this medicine and assure our readers that it not only possesses all the virtues claimed for it, but in many instances surpasses any other remedy which we have ever known.—*Herald of Gospel Liberty.*

It is really a valuable medicine. It is used by many physicians.—*Boston Traveller.*

I have used Davis' Pain Killer, and consider it an indispensable article in the medicine box. It has effected cures in Diarrhœa, and for cuts and bruises it is invaluable.—*New York Examiner.*

Spoken of in terms of high commendation by both druggist and physician.—*Philadelphia Eagle.*

The Pain Killer is sold at wholesale by druggists and medicine dealers, and commission merchants, in the principal cities, and retailed by Apothecaries, Grocers and at Variety Shops generally, throughout the world. Price, 15 cents, 25 cents and 50 cents per bottle.

PERRY DAVIS & SON,
Manufacturers and Proprietors, 380 St. Paul-st., Montreal, P. of Q.
78 High-st., Providence, R. I.; 71 Southampton Row, Holborn, London, England.

DAVIDSON & DANIEL, GENERAL AGENTS

MORTIMER'S

INFALLIBLE REMEDY

FOR

CHOLERA,
DIARRHŒA, and
BOWEL COMPLAINTS.

The following extract, which Mr. Mortimer is kindly permitted to publish, is from the letter of a relative of Dr. Wolfe, of this city, now residing in the United States:

"Find out if the Express charges are too high, and if not, arrange with Mortimer to let you have a box of the bottles of CHOLERA MIXTURE, I could make a good little fortune with them. The bottle I brought with me here brought two ladies round from decided cholera; one on board the boat, and the other in Berlin, United States. Both commenced with diarrhœa, then with dysentery, and then vomiting. The one at Berlin was very bad. I gave her three doses of the Cholera Mixture, the third of which stopped the vomiting. The next day she was all right, or nearly so. She was very grateful. I have now only a little left."

☞This excellent mixture, which should be in every family, is only

TWENTY-FIVE CENTS A BOTTLE.

NONE OTHER GENUINE.

TRADE MARK — REGISTERED

CANADIAN COUGH EMULSION.

This valuable medicine has the extraordinary property of immediately relieving Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Difficulty of Breathing, Tightness in Chest, &c., &c. It operates by dissolving the congealed phlegm, causing free expectoration, and an agreeable moistness to the skin.

Sold in Bottles at 1s. 3d. and 2s. 6d. Each.

MORTIMER'S COMPOUND ANTIBILIOUS

AND

FAMILY APERIENT PILLS,

A grand specific for derangement of the Digestive Organs, and for obstructions and torpid action of the Liver and Bowels.

Mortimer's Vegetable Worm Destroyer.

The only sure remedy that exists, combining delicious taste and amazing power.

MORTIMER'S

Colonges, Pomades, Toilet Vinegar, Rose Dentifrice, for the Teeth and Gums. Also constantly on hand Perfumes of all kinds, and Toilet Requisites usually kept in a first-class establishment.

No. 41 Sussex-st., Ottawa City.

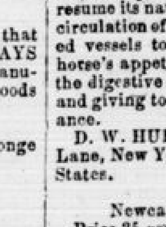
DARLEY'S ARABIAN HEAVE REMEDY and CONDITION MEDICINE is positively superior to any, or all other preparations for the cure of Heaves, Coughs, Thick and Broken Wind, and all diseases which affect the wind of horses; also, as a Condition Medicine, surpassing everything of the kind, is easy to give, sure to cure and safe in all cases and at all times, and does not prevent the horse from being worked while using it.

It cleanses the breathing apparatus, by removing from the air-cells the coagulable lymph, or that secretion which in heaves clogs them, causing a difficulty in breathing, and by its action on the diseased part, causing the mucous membrane to resume its natural dimensions, thus equalizing the circulation of the blood, and restoring the distended vessels to their natural size; by its use the horse's appetite is improved, all derangements of the digestive organs corrected, softening the skin, and giving to the coat a sleek and shining appearance.

D. W. HURD, successor to HURD & Co., Maiden Lane, New York, Sole Proprietor for the United States.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, Ont., Proprietors for Canada.

Price 25 cents. Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, Henry F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J. Brown, in Ottawa. 889-45-6m



FOR CASES OF

CONSUMPTION

treated with SAVORY & MOORE'S

PANCREATIC EMULSION.

See *The Lancet, British Medical Journal, Medical Press, &c.*

On the 14th Oct. I commenced the Pancreatic Emulsion (SAVORY & MOORE'S) in two tea-spoonful doses, two hours after dinner and supper. I can only describe its effects by saying that it seemed to *work like a charm.*—Dr. Kinkead's *Paper on Phthisis and its treatment.*

Medical Press, &c., Feb. 26, 1868.

Caution.—The genuine PANCREATIC EMULSION sold only in bottles, 2s 6d, 4s 6d and 8s, with Savory & Moore's labels and trade mark.

THE BEST FOOD FOR INFANTS, resembling Mother's Milk as closely as possible.—Dr. H. Barker *on right foods for children.*

"THE INFANT PRINCE thrives upon it as a Prince should."—*Social Science Review.*

"A REAL IMPROVEMENT (*Lancet*) on the ordinary kinds of LIEBIG'S FOOD," and the only one that keeps good in all climates.

No boiling or straining. Tins, 1s, 2s, 5s and 10s.

SAVORY & MOORE,
143, New Bond-st., London.

LOST, on THURSDAY last, a LADY'S GOLD WATCH, with Steel Guard. Any person leaving the same at Mr. Tracy's Jewellery Shop, Rideau-st., or at the office of the TIMES, Spark-st., will be generously rewarded. 939-3

Stoves & Hardware.

BLYTH & KERR,

No. 25 RIDEAU-ST.,

Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters, Tin and Copper Smiths, Bell Hangers, &c., &c.

A large stock of materials for the above branches of business constantly on hand.

Importers of

HOUSE FURNISHING HARDWARE.

STOVES! STOVES!

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Hall, Fancy, Parlour and Cook Stoves, in great variety.

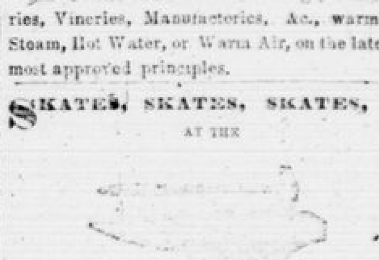
Agents for Eaton's Patent Automatic, Self-Ventilating, Wood and Coal Stoves. Also Beecher & Co.'s celebrated

HOT AIR FURNACES.

☞Public and Private Buildings, Conservatories, Vineries, Manufactories, &c., warmed by Steam, Hot Water, or Warm Air, on the latest and most approved principles.

SKATES, SKATES, SKATES,

AT THE



SIGN OF THE ANVIL, No. 24, RIDEAU-ST., where you can get a complete assortment of SKATES of all sizes, and at any price to suit purchasers, from 25 cents to $5.50 per pair. In the assortment will be found

The celebrated Sheffield Club,
" " Canadian Favorite,
" " Central Park do

and all other English and German Patterns.

Skate Straps, all patterns, &c., &c.

Also, a general assortment of

SHELF & HEAVY HARDWARE,

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GENERAL HOUSE FURNISHING,

Butcher Knives, Knives and Forks,
Pocket Knives, Table Spoons,
Tea Spoons, Tea Trays, Table Mats,
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Chisels, Augers, Auger Bits,
Steel Bits, Bevels,
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Together with

PAINT OF ALL COLORS,

Rose Pink, Burnt Umber,
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Yellow Ochre, Celestial Blue,
Paris Green, Brunswick Green,
Magnesia Green, Venetian Red,
Red Lead, White Lead, in oil or dry,
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Lamp Black, Boiled Oil,
Raw Oil, Turpentine,
Benzole, Coal Oil,
Paint Brushes,
Varnishes, &c.

THOS. BIRKETT,
Sign of the Anvil,
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P. S.—All goods delivered free to any part of the city 408y

WARDELL'S PATENT STOVE-PIPE.

No more difficulty in putting stovepipes together. They will fit like a glove, and can't fall apart by this new invention STOVEPIPES may be fitted into each other with the greatest ease, and here will be

NO NEED OF WIRING UP,

as they cannot fall apart of their own accord. The invention (patented) is simple and effective, a short opening at the joint at each end of the pipe enables two of them to be locked together, and the "bead" effectually prevents their separation.

Any person can put them together with the expedition of a practised tinsmith.

They will be sold at the low price of

FIFTEEN CENTS PER LENGTH

The undersigned having bought the exclusive right for the City of Ottawa and County of Carleton, from Mr Y. K. REID, respectfully invites the public to call and examine them, being fully persuaded that all who see them will refuse to buy any other kind.

C. P. DORION,
58 Sparks st.,
Opposite British Lion Hotel

Ottawa, October 14. 871,3m

S. SAFE! S. SURE! S. SUCCESSFUL.

Such is the character given of every stove sold during the past year at the

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,

35 Sussex-street, Ottawa.

H. MEADOWS & CO.

We beg to notify the public that our stock for the season is now complete; our

STOVES

are of the latest and most improved patterns, and the most extensive assortment shown in Ottawa.

COOKING STOVES, of the good old-fashioned kind,
COOKING STOVES, of the latest and most modern designs,
PARLOR STOVES, for elegance of design cannot be surpassed,
BOX & HALL STOVES, that are unrivalled for heating purposes,
DOUBLE STOVES, the best in use,
HOTEL STOVES, large and extra strong made, expressly for Hotel and Boarding Houses, complete with large Copper Water Reservoirs and Plate Warmers. We call special attention of Hotel Keepers to these stoves, they will last as long as any six ordinary stoves. See them and judge for yourselves. Price lists sent free on application.

COOKING STOVES, DOUBLE STOVES,
BOX STOVES, HOTEL STOVES,
PARLOR STOVES, COAL STOVES,
BEDROOM STOVES, DUMB STOVES,
STOVEPIPES! ELBOWS! STOVEPIPES

Common, Bright and Russia Iron,

and everything in the Tin, Sheet Iron and Copper-ware Line, on hand or made to order.

Hot Air Furnaces, Eave Troughs, Building Job Work and Repairs attended to punctually. We keep none but the best and most experienced mechanics.

HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS,

of every description in stock, suitable for the smallest family, or the largest hotel.

ARE YOU GOING TO BE MARRIED? If so, call and see our large assortment of necessary House-keeping Goods, suitable for Kitchen, Dining Room, or any room in your house.

YOUNG MAN, see that your house is well furnished with useful articles before you spend your money in mere showy ornamental things.

IRON BEDSTEADS, LAMPS,

COAL OIL, SAUCEPANS,

Brass and Enamelled Kettles, Tinware, Toilet Setts, Baths, Flour Sieves, Brushes, Dish Covers, Table Mats, Sad Irons, Table Cutlery, Tea and Table Spoons, Preserve Jars, Mincing Knives, Wash Tubs and Boards, Refrigerators, Egg Beaters, Cruet Stands, Ash Pails, Table Bells, Tea Trays, Tea and Coffee Pots, Soup Tureens, Jelly and Pudding Moulds, &c., &c., &c.

COUNTRY MERCHANTS

Supplied with

STOVEPIPES AND TINWARE,

At reduced figures,

CAMP KETTLES, SHANTY PLATES,

AND BASINS,

BIRD CAGES! BIRD CAGES! BIRD CAGES

All of the above at the

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,

street, Ottawa.

62y H. MEADOWS & CO.

PUBLIC NOTICE

Is hereby given that the Map or Plan and Book of Reference of the Canada Central Railway Company, from the City of Ottawa to its junction with the Line of the Brockville and Ottawa Railway Company, have been deposited in the office of the Department of Public Works, and a copy of such parts of the Map or Plan and Book of Reference, as relate to the County of Carleton, has been deposited in the office of the Clerk of the Peace for the County of Carleton, and a copy of such parts as relate to the County of Lanark, has been deposited in the office of the Clerk of the Peace for the County of Lanark.

Dated this Tenth day of August, 1868.

W. R. WORSLEY,
C. C. Rly.

REPEAL OR ANNEXATION!

So long as the Repealers of Nova Scotia maintained that they were loyal there was a few people who, not seeing the utter selfishness of the leaders of the faction, sympathised with them, although not with their cause, the success of which would only have the effect of impairing the symetry of the New Dominion, and replacing the Province in its old position of an unimportant and isolated colony. But now that the Repeal leaders have thrown off the mask they can only find a word of supercillious encouragement for their cause with the Americans. The respectable portion of the Repealers have followed the Hon. Mr. Howe, and the respectable press has discarded them also. The Halifax *Chronicle*—the organ of Mr. ANNAND and the renegade STILES—is left almost alone in its inglorious efforts at repeal, and in its loneliness it can only find a word of comfort in an occasional squib in the United States papers, thrown to it as the editors of those spread-eagle sheets would throw a crumb to a dilapidated dog. The last number of the *Chronicle* quotes exultingly, in its leading editorial columns, a paragraph from the N. Y. *Bulletin*, from which we make the following extract: "To save herself from "ruin, Nova Scotia must have either repeal "or annexation to the United States, one of "which should receive the encouragement "and assistance of our Government. As the "latter would probably involve a war of great- "er or less extent, the former seems to be the "safest side of the question for our govern- "ment to espouse; and as the new ministry "of the British Parliament are favorable to the "repeal movement, we do not think that "judicious action on the part of the Congress "would be ill-timed or unwise." The New York sage is prudent enough not to suggest annexation as a "safe" proceeding, and we think we may safely permit the *Chronicle* to extract all the comfort it can from the patronizing promise of possible "judicious action" on the part of Congress in favor of repeal. Any impertinent intermeddling of Congress in our affairs, would only have the effect of more thoroughly disgusting all loyal British subjects, with Repeal and its advocates.

—The Italian Government are bent on having a Church Militant. They have rendered priests liable to conscription in the army. Imagine Padre Giovanni obliged to storm a breach, at the other side of which might be the Sancte Padre himself.

HYPOCRISY.—Thweatt, the little senator from Tallapoosa, telegraphs from Washinton as follows: "Washington, Sept. 30, 3 p.m.—The Secretary of War sends orders to Gen. Meade to distribute, at once, the troops of his command, with an especial eye to the protection of the loyal men of Alabama. The Government is pledged to a full, fair, and free ballot." The Secretary of War never did anything of the kind, and Thweatt is very impudent when he talks about the Government being pedged to anything that is free and fair, especially the ballot.—*Montgomery Mail.*

—Great attention has been paid in the United States to gathering and identifying the remains of soldiers who fell in the recent civil war. The Quartermaster-General reports the total number of graves 316,233, and the occupants of 175,764 have been satisfactorily indentified. The expenditure has amounted to $2,600,000, and will reach $500,000 more in the current year. The wooden head-boards are decaying, and it is proposed to replace them with blocks of galvanized iron. Fifteen rolls of honour have been published, and eleven more are to follow; they will contain a list of the graves of nearly 200,000 soldiers identified, and 100,000 as yet unknown, but which existing records may identify. Careful records have been preserved of everything found with each body, and of all that could serve to identify it.

Testimonials to the Montreal Tea Company.

MONTREAL TEA COMPANY,

GENTLEMEN,—The tea I purchased of you in March has given great satisfaction, and the flavor of it is very fine. It is very strange, but since I have been drinking your tea I have been quite free from heartburn, which would always pain me after breakfast. I attribute this to the purity of your tea, and shall continue a customer. Yours respectfully, FRANCIS T. GREENE, 54 St. John Street, Montreal.

Montreal.—To the Montreal Tea Company, 6 Hospital-st., Montreal: We notice with pleasure the large amount of tea that we have forwarded for you to different parts of the Dominion, and we are glad to find your business so rapidly increasing. We presume your teas are giving general satisfaction, as out of the large amount forwarded, we have only had occasion to return one box, which, we understand, was sent out through a mistake.

G. CHENY,
Manager, Canadian Express Company

The Montreal Tea Company: It is pretty clear that when an individual or a firm makes a speciality of a particular trade—in other words—turn all resources and energies in one direction, then we find profits reduced and excellence secured. This has been the case in respect to the operations of the Company named. The qualities of Tea supplied are the best in the country, and by reference to the advertisement, it will be seen that, in price also, an inducement to patronage is offered the public.—*Woodstock Times.*

Williams.—To the Montreal Tea Company: Gentlemen, I am in receipt of the five boxes of tea sent me, and can assure you it gives me great satisfaction. To my taste, it is preferable than the tea I used to purchase in this neighborhood for a third more of the price. I presume to be a judge, as I have been in the habit of drinking tea over thirty years. Yours faithfully, DONALD CAMERON.

QUEBEC.—Montreal Tea Company: Gentlemen, the box of 30 lbs. English Breakfast Tea we had of you at 55 cents was excellent quality, and fully as good as we have paid 75 cents for. Yours respectfully, D. ANDERSON.

TORONTO.—Montreal Tea Company: Gentlemen, the two chests of tea I had from you some weeks since have given satisfaction. You will please forward to a friend of mine at Brampton one chest fine flavoured new season Congou at same price, viz: at 55 cents per lb. Yours, &c., JAMES EDGAR.

FELCOME.—Montreal Tea Company: Gentlemen, the Oolong tea which you sent me gives me great satisfaction. I forwarded part of the chest to a friend in Toronto who informs me he considers it as good as he has been paying one dollar per lb. for. Please send me a chest of Young Hyson at same price, viz: at 75c. per lb. Address as before. Your obedient servant, JNO. T. DAY.

COBOURG.—Montreal Tea Company: Gentlemen, I beg to inform you that the two boxes of tea you sent me are of excellent quality, especially the Young Hyson at 60 cents. Please send another box or 20 lbs., at same price, and oblige yours, &c.,

F. OLIVER.

We advise our grocers, farmers, and others to read carefully the advertisement of the Montreal Tea Company. In presence of the general dullness of business in these counties, merchants who desire to push their business profitably would do well to give them their orders, as from their direct fresh importations, and small wholesale profits, merchants and others will find it to their advantage to give them a call, as their terms are of the most liberal character.—*True Patriot, Thorold.*

WINFIELD.—Gentlemen, I received the Tea according to contract. I am very well satisfied with it, and can thoroughly recommend it. Yours truly, JOHN HERITAGE.

To the Montreal Tea Company, Montreal,

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Civil Service Rifle Regiment—W. B. Lindsay.
Great Bankrupt Sale—Sheffield House.
Dog Found—F. McCaffrey.
Note of Hand Stolen—Robert Hamilton.

The Ottawa Times

Office: 38, Sparks Street.

WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 6, 1869.

☞For *Ottawa Markets see Fourth Page.*

We understand that several of the principal officials in the Crown Lands Department of Ontario have been relieved of the cares of office, and permitted to retire on one year's salary. It may be remembered that $20,000 was appropriated for gratuities to public officers whose services might be dispensed with, and if this appropriation is exhausted within the year, the "decapitating" process will assuredly go beyond the Crown Lands Department.

We are glad to understand that a preliminary survey of the section of the "Canada Central Railway" between this city and Vaudreuil is now on foot. On the other section, that between Ottawa and Carleton Place, some progress is being made towards construction, tenders for the performance of such of the work as can be most conveniently done during the winter months having been invited. Efforts are also being made to secure the right of way for the whole line hence to Carleton Place. We had the pleasure of announcing on a former occasion that many parties had offered to give their lands free for this purpose, in the neighbourhood of Ottawa, and we trust that a like spirit of generosity will animate proprietors all along the line.

The importance of the construction of the section from Carleton Place to this city can hardly be over-rated. It will restore to us a large portion of the trade of the Upper Ottawa, and give us increased facilities for connection with the west. And it will be no less beneficial to the municipalities through which it will pass, for the railway has always enhanced the value of the territory through which it runs.

Were the road extended eastward from this city to Vaudreuil, it would furnish us with a much shorter route to Montreal, saving some fifty miles of railway travel. The chief drawback to the progress of Ottawa has heretofore been its imperfect connections with the great centres of trade, both East and West, and the "Canada Central" is the line which, if built, would effectually remove it. This road, throughout the entire extent of its projected route, would be of signal benefit to this city, and the contiguous counties, and therefore we deem it not out of place to direct the attention of municipal bodies to the propriety of following the example of many of the western municipalities by encouraging it with such assistance as may be reasonably within their means.

Experience in Canada has already taught us the folly of going too far even in the effort of assisting a needed public improvement; but it has at the same time shewn that these aids from municipal bodies and the public exchequer have been of immense advantage in promoting the development of the country's resources. When Toronto has the moral courage to appeal to the Legislature for statutory power to exceed the established limit of municipal assessment to enable it to devote $400,000 to the encouragement of two new railway enterprises; when Hamilton, whose fingers have been so often and so badly scalded by the assistance it formerly gave to abortive undertakings, has yet $125,000 to spare for the construction of the Wellington, Grey and Bruce Railway; when township after township in the Counties of Wellington and Grey, with but from three to six or eight thousand inhabitants, and the stumps scarcely yet rotted out of their oldest clearances, are not afraid to appropriate sums ranging from twenty to fifty thousand dollars—and that as a bonus, or free gift—to railway companies that will bring a line through or near them; surely the older municipalities in this neighbourhood should at least be willing, for undoubtedly they are able, to do something towards forwarding the construction of the Canada Central.

We cannot say precisely what may be the actual prospects for the early completion of the road; but we can say without risk of error that that prospect would be immensely brightened—would in fact be rendered certain—were the municipalities along the line but to offer the most moderate encouragement in the shape of a subscription for stock. In the West they give a bonus, out and out, believing that in a few years the cheapening in the freight of produce will more than repay the tax, and that forever after a permanent value will be added to each cultivable acre of land in the neighbourhood, which, according to its productiveness, can be calculated with arithmetical precision. In this part of the country there is not the same enthusiasm for the construction of railways as in the West. Nevertheless, were the question fully and candidly presented before the ratepayers of each municipality, the saving in the transfer of produce to market, and other benefits, which have an exact money value, and can readily be determined, it cannot be supposed that they would refuse to tax themselves for a few years, say to the extent of half the actual benefit which the railway would confer upon them.

The preliminary survey, to which we have alluded in the beginning of these remarks, is undertaken, mainly, we presume, with the object of securing a proximate estimate of the cost of this part of the road, rather than with the definite intention of placing it under contract at this time. But should a spirit of enterprise be infused into the municipalities; should they, or even a considerable number of them, give some sign of faith in the importance of the work; should they show their appreciation of its value to them, and their reasonable confidence in its being a sound commercial enterprise, by subscribing such an amount of stock in it as would not be overburthensome on the ratepayers, but yet a substantial guarantee to capitalists that they were in earnest, we have every confidence that the construction of the whole line would be at once pushed forward with energy; and that on completion, it would prove one of the most profitable railway investments in the country.

We hope the Ontario Government will lose no time in satisfying itself of the necessity of immediately applying the conditional appropriation to aid the destitute people of the Red River country. From an extract published elsewhere, it will be seen that Mr. Charles Mair, who is on the spot, and has therefore a good opportunity of forming a correct judgment, estimates that forty thousand pounds will be required to carry the sufferers through to the next harvest; and we do not believe that more than a fourth of that sum, including the money set apart by the Canadian Government, for road building, has yet been provided.

The Hamilton papers publish an appeal from the "Red River Co-operative Relief Committee," bearing date the 6th of last month, addressed to James Turner, Esq., the Treasurer of the Hamilton Fund. This "appeal" we trust will satisfy the Toronto Cabinet that the appropriation made should be applied at once, and, perhaps, induce it to recommend to the Assembly the propriety of doubling the grant. We judge that the people of Hamilton, who have already done so much, are again to make an effort to increase their already liberal subscription. Whether another movement would be successful here we do not pretend to say; but we may suggest that neither Montreal nor Toronto have yet distinguished themselves, in proportion to their abundance, in this cause, and we think they ought to do so before less wealthy, but in this instance more liberal, communities are called upon a second time. Below is the "appeal," which we publish to give our readers a reliable statement of the true position of the destitute portion of the Red River community:

Jas. Turner, Esq., Treasurer R.R. Relief Com., Hamilton.

The Red River Executive Co-operative Relief Committee, composed of the gentlemen named by the St. Paul and Canadian Committees, with five others added to their number, having received the reports of the Sub-Committees appointed for the purpose of ascertaining the amount of destitution in the several districts throughout the settlement, find that the cases of actual destitution are far more numerous than was expected. There are at present four hundred and thirty-five families of two thousand four hundred and twelve individuals needing immediate relief; and forty-eight families of two hundred and forty individuals who will probably be soon on the list. But besides this, many who have now some little means of support will, before the winter is over, be applicants for relief. There are also many who had gone into the interior in the hope of finding buffalo as in former years, continually coming in in a state of starvation.

There is thus every likelihood that before next harvest the number of the destitute will be largely increased—in the estimation of many, even doubled. The total destruction of crops by the grasshoppers, together with the failure of the buffalo hunts and the fisheries, and the disappearance of the rabbits, usually so numerous in the winter season, have combined to produce this deplorable state of suffering and starvation.

To meet this distress, the Governor and Council of the settlement, at an early date, voted all the funds at their disposal, amounting to $16,000; the cities of St. Paul and Milwaukee in the United States, as well as Ottawa, Stratford, Hamilton, London and Toronto in Canada, have contributed; and the Hon. Hudson's Bay Company and Mr. Kew, of London, have remitted collections made in England. Considerable sums have also been heard from as having been raised by kind friends in England, Canada and the United States. But the committee regret to find that there is need of much larger assistance.

It may be sufficient to say, that hitherto they have been obliged to limit the food to *two pounds* per week to each person. The Committee think it right to inform the public abroad that a great part of the money given has to be spent in defraying the freight of the flour or other provision from the interior of Minnesota to the settlement. In fact, of any sum contributed, half that sum will be expended for the freightage to Ft. Abercrombie of the provisions purchased in the interior of Minnesota—the freightage from Abercrombie to the settlement being mostly paid with part of the provisions contributed; this latter payment being made to indigent individuals, resident in this settlement, will lessen the number of applications for relief.

The Committee would therefore earnestly lay the present sad condition of this people before the benevolent public. The case of this settlement is peculiar and trying, on account of its isolation. The provisions have to be freighted by carts or sleds over nearly four hundred miles, chiefly through an uninhabited prairie. Never before has this people been visited with a failure of every means of support. Had there been pemican from the buffalo, the failure of the crops would not have been so much felt. Had there been success with the fisheries, there still would have been much less suffering.

But everything has failed together! The Committee might give many an instance of want and terrible suffering.

The Committee, while thanking those who have already so kindly given for the relief of the Settlement, would earnestly ask an *early* contribution from those who feel inclined to give, as so long an interval must pass before provisions can be obtained in Minnesota and brought through to the Settlement.

On behalf of the Committee,
R. P. MEADE, Secretary *pro tem.* — W. MACTAVISH, Chairman.
Ft. Garry, Red River Settlement, B.N.A., December 6th, 1868.
Address *via* St. Paul, Minnesota, U. S. A.

The Montreal *News* of yesterday says:

We are very glad to hear that Mr. Heavysege's "Saul" is received with great favour in New York and Boston. The New York *Albion*, in speaking of this poetical work, says: "We fully concur with the English critic who remarks that, 'for the first time, spirits have been represented in a manner which fully justifies the boldness involved in representing them at all. Malzah is a living character, as true to super-nature as Hamlet or Falstaff are to nature; and by this continuation, as it were, of humanity into new circumstances and another world, we are taught to look upon humanity itself from a fresh point of view.' In spite, therefore, of crudities of expression, inaccuracies of rhyme, faults of arrangement and violations of dramatic law, "Saul" is a unique production that cannot fail to interest the thoughtful reader."

"Why is a certain prominent member of the Legislature like a telescope? Because you can draw him out, see through him, and shut him up."—*Globe.*

Who is he—Blake or Boyd?

Mr. Ross, the Reform candidate for Centre Wellington, has concluded not to surrender his office of Crown Land Agent until he has made his "election sure."

—The following is an extract from a pastoral letter of Dr. Cox, Protestant Bishop of Western New York: "When I see the tawdry fashion, the costly vulgarity and the wicked extravagance of the times, I feel sure that thousands of American women are strangers to the first laws of refinement, simplicity in manners and attire. When I see that thousands of American women read the most shameful romances and the most degrading newspapers; frequent the vilest dramatic entertainments and join in dances too shocking to be named among Christians; I feel that Christian matrons are becoming too few, and that civilized heathenism is returning to the fields we have wrested from the Indians. When I read daily, of the most ungodly divorces, and of crimes against social purity and against human life itself, which are too gross to be mentioned more particularly, I feel that too many of our country women are without God in the world, and that radical reforms are necessary in the system of education on which the young women of America are dependent for their training."

—Last month of the cheap sale at the skirt factory. Skirts at half-price.

FROM RED RIVER.

The following extracts of a letter from Mr. Charles Mair, paymaster on the Government road now being constructed in the North West, will, doubtless, be read with interest:

"We crossed the Red River to St. Boniface, opposite to Fort Garry, the Doctor driving me out in his gig, and drove over the virgin prairie for thirty miles due east, to Oak Point, which we have dubbed Mistamiskano, and where we have established our headquarters. The country traversed is a beautiful one, covered with a tall, luxuriant hay, which springs from a loamy surface in many places four feet deep, resting upon clay of any depth. Inconceivably rich, indeed, is all this country; boundless and rich beyond all description or comparison. At Oak Point, we rented a house from a half-breed, a description of which I have given in my other letter. Here also begin the woods which stretch clear through to the Lake of the Woods. This wood consists mainly of small poplar, a sort of bastard red pine, a few cedars, and vast quantities of red willows, or *quawpemug*, as the Crees call them. It in no respect resembles a Canadian forest, but rather the growth which springs up in place of a pinery when a fire has swept it away, with this singular difference, however, that it rests upon a perfectly level country almost, and is nourished by rich loams, instead of rock and sand. The poplar is the firewood chiefly used here, and is burnt when dry. Few of them are over six inches in diameter, but they burn briskly and give much heat. About ten miles from here, a shanty has been built, and 40 men are now at work upon the road. Of course, through such a country as I have described, there is little difficulty in the work of destruction. The timber is small, the country is level and free from stones (except boulder), and there is an easy drainage into the numerous rivers (creeks we would call them in Canada) which invariably cut their way for twenty feet or more beneath the surface. I was out at the works to-day, and the cleared portion of the track looks very fine and straight. Certainly, when all is grubbed out and graded, it will be a magnificent road.

There are not many Indians in this neighbourhood at present, most of them being away in pursuit of peltries. The word "wigwam" is never heard here. In speaking of an Indian's home it is called a "lodge." The "lodge in some vast wilderness" that Cowper sighed for, can be had cheap here—dirt cheap. It is composed of skins stretched over some eight or nine poles standing on end on the ground, and converging to a common centre near the top (an illustration here accompanies this description, which, of course, we are unable to reproduce in print). The smoke from the fire, which is built in the centre of the lodge, issues out of the top, and, though very comfortable with its buffalo robes and skins of all kinds, it has a very rakish and *Ojibway-ish* look. I never look at one without fancying to myself that it is full of wolves inside. This is the Nor' West Indian's house, and they are to be met with everywhere from Rainy Lake to the Mackenzie River. It looks odd, however, to see them scattered about the village of Winnipeg, where the "poor Indian" comes to barter and drink fire-water.

Next spring, I shall have an opportunity of smoking the calumet with the fierce Plain Crees and the Blackfeet, who come down on horse-back annually to have a "talk," and smoke the pipe of peace with their "Father" at the stone Fort. These are the real Indians, wild and eloquent; and the Doctor tells me it is a strange sight to see them at their dances and medicine mysteries, circumscribing that little speck of civilization—the future city of Winnipeg. Many of the Sioux, who committed the horrible outrages in Minnesota, are now about Lake Manitobah, and the Doctor is coming out next week to take me back to the village for a trip up the Assiniboine some seventy-five miles, to Portage la Prairie and Lake Manitobah. Portage la Prairie will be the most flourishing city in the great West, for many reasons, which I will defer giving until I have been there.

So far as I have yet seen, the country is *great*—inexhaustible—inconceivably rich. Farming here is a pleasure—there is no toil in it, and all who *do* farm are comfortable, and some wealthy. What do you think of a farmer within a bowshot of here, being worth seven or eight thousand pounds sterling, and selling to the Hudson's Bay Company last week £5,000 stg. worth of cattle; a man who came from Lower Canada nineteen years ago, not worth sixpence.

The half-breeds are the only people here who are starving. Five thousand of them have to be fed this winter, and it is their own fault—they won't farm. They will hunt buffaloes, drive ox-carts 500 miles up and 500 miles back to St. Cloud, at the rate of twenty miles a day: do anything but farm. Hitherto, it was so easy to live here that it didn't matter whether they farmed or not; but the grasshoppers put a stop to that last summer, and now they are on their beam ends. As for the farmers: Scotch, English, and French, not one of them requires relief; other than seed wheat, which they are quite able to pay for. This is the true state of the case here; but it does not lessen the claims upon humanity. It will take £40,000 to feed the people through to next fall; but the £40,000 will be forthcoming.

As for the future of this country, it is as inevitable as to-morrow's sunrise. The climate is delightful. The weather just now, and there is no appearance of a change, is clear, cloudless, bland and inspiring; and the thermometer has not sunk below 30°. for a week. In deep winter, there are short spells of severe weather, but they are short; so they all tell me, and certainly my experience so far justifies the assertion. I never felt such fine weather in November in Canada as we have here just now; and there is an exhilaration in it quite new to me. But enough for the present.

Lighthouses for the St. John.—The St. John *Telegraph* says that the matter having been brought under the notice of the Minister of Marine and Fisheries, he ordered examination to be made, and that the Lighthouse Inspector, Mr. Harly, has reported in favour of placing beacons at or near Boar's Head, Brandy Point, Oak Point, Vanwart's, "No Man's Friend," and at the Oromocto Shoals.

Mr. Recorder O'Reilly.—It is with much pleasure we learn, says the Kingston *Whig*, that a testimonial to the late Recorder, James O'Reilly, Esq., is now in preparation, in the shape of a subscription list, to have his portrait painted by Mr. Sawyer, to be hung up in the City Hall in company with the other Chief Magistrates of the city. The promoters of this testimonial will have an easy time of it, for no single man can be found in town, who will not subscribe his dollar towards the portrait.

Cavalry School.—We understand that an independent Cavalry School has been formed by a few of our Volunteer officers, wishing to perfect themselves in this branch of the service. They purpose drilling on Monday and Wednesday afternoons, and will muster at the victoria Armory for their first foot drill to-day at three o'clock. An opportunity will then be given any member of the Volunteer force who may wish to join. This school will afford our mounted infantry and staff officers a favourable chance to perfect themselves in riding, and we have no doubt many will take advantage of it. The rules and regulations will be made known by the officer in command, at their first meeting.—*Montreal Gazette, 4th.*

New Suspension Bridge.—The new Suspension Bridge, which spans the Niagara River, a short distance below the Niagara Falls, was open to the public on Saturday the 2nd inst. Four horse carriages and teams loaded with stone passed over it. In the completion of this work much interest was felt in this locality. The bridge is suspended at a height of 190 feet above the surface of the river; the depth of the anchor piles below the surface of the ground is 18 feet; and the length of the anchor chains under the ground is 30 feet. The anchors are set in solid rock on the Canada side, and in masonry on the American side. The width of the roadway between the parapets is ten feet; depth of side truss 6½ feet; and height of parapet above floor 4½ feet. The bridge is supported by two cables, composed of seven wire ropes, each of which contain respectively 133 No. 9 wires. The aggregate breaking strain of the cables being 1,680 tons net—making the total supporting strength of the cables and stays 3,000 tons. It is the longest span in the world—1,268 feet.

—Leave orders for skirts before Christmas, and get them to fit.

BOARD OF SEPARATE SCHOOLS.

Special Meeting.

Ottawa, January 4, 1869.

Present—R. H. McGreevy, Esq., chairman; Messrs. J. Larose, E. Proulx, Wm. Finlay, Chas. McCarron, Wm. Kehoe, J. Ahearn, C. Triolle, and J. W. Peachy.

The minutes of the last meeting were read and adopted.

Several communications and accounts were read and laid on the table.

On motion of J. Larose, seconded by J. W. Peachy, the petition of Mr. J. P. M. Lecourt, and the accounts of Messrs. Francis Nolan, J. O'Reilly, and John Clancey, were referred to the Committee on Finance and Assessment.

On motion of Chas. McCarron, seconded by J. Larose, it was resolved that the elections for 1869 be held at the following places, viz.:

In Victoria Ward, at the residence of Mr. B. Mullin, Duke-st.

In Wellington Ward, at the Engine House, Sally-st.

In St. George's Ward, at the Separate School House, corner of Daly and Ottawa-sts.

In By Ward, at the Christian Brothers' school-room, Murray-st.

In Ottawa Ward, at Mr. Costello's house, St. Andrew-st.

On motion of Wm. Finlay, seconded by J. Larose, the Chairman was authorised to sign a cheque in favour of the Secretary for the sum of twenty dollars, to enable him to pay for wood sawing and other incidental expenses.

On motion of J. Larose, seconded by Wm. Finlay, it was resolved that a cheque be granted in favour of the Chairman for the sum of ten dollars to meet incidental expenses connected with the Board during the last eighteen months.

On motion of J. W. Peachy, seconded by Wm. Finlay, it was resolved that the thanks of this Board be and they are hereby offered to R. H. McGreevy, Esq., for the very able manner in which he has discharged the duties of Chairman of the Board for the past eighteen months; and it is with regret that we have heard of his determination of retiring from the post of Trustee and Chairman, so well filled by him for the last four years.

The Board then adjourned.

J. W. PEACHY, Secretary.

LOCAL NEWS.

The Star Club.—The inauguration ball of this club takes place at Gowan's Music Hall to-night.

Concert of Prayer.—The second meeting of the concert of prayer was held yesterday morning, and was well attended. The Rev. Mr. McPhail presided. The subjects of prayer were: Nations, for their spiritual prosperity, edifying intercourse and maintenance of peace, for increased openings for the Gospel, for the removal of social evils, for the better observance of the Lord's Day, and for Kings and all in authority.

The Weather.—The weather continued "soft" yesterday till towards evening, and so did the snow. Between four and five o'clock the air became keen and frosty, and the sidewalks, which had been slushy in the morning, became hardened again by the frost; coats were buttoned up, furs were resumed, and other precautionary measures taken to resist a night attack by Jack Frost. The question now is, has the thaw ended?

Mesmerism.—It should be remembered that the Rev. Mr. Wild lectures this evening on Mesmerism and Psychical Experience. No intelligent man acquainted with the subjects of this lecture could fail to make it interesting and instructive, and from what is already known of Mr. Wild as a philosophical lecturer, great expectations are raised, which, it is to be hoped, will be realized this evening. For particulars turn to the advertisement in another column.

Dinner to the Mayor.—We understand that it is the intention of the members of the Corporation to entertain Mayor Friel at a public dinner on Monday evening next. The place chosen for the occasion is the Metropolitan, and the *caterer*, Mr. P. O'Meara. From what we learn of the preparations, there is good reason to believe that it will be a grand entertainment. Sir John A. Macdonald and other members of the Government are to be invited, and it is expected that other distinguished gentlemen will be present.

The Police and the Snow.—It is always a pleasure to award the meed of praise for good actions, and we have given credit to the good people who have aided in making the sidewalks passable by clearing away the snow in front of their premises, because it seemed right to do so. But if the whole truth must be told, the police deserve no small share of the praise for this, because, as it turns out, they have been incessantly visiting certain of the aforesaid good people with warnings that if they did not comply the machinery of the Police Court would be set in motion to their cost. But however it may have been effected, there were yesterday patches of the sidewalks sufficiently cleared to make it pleasant to walk on them.

The Soiree Last Evening.—The anniversary soiree of the Methodist Episcopal Church was held last evening. It was one of the most satisfactory and successful reunions of this season, reflecting the highest credit on all concerned in its arrangement and management. The basement school room was converted into an elegant refactery, and handsomely ornamented for the occasion. The walls were literally covered with the drapery of flags, festoons, and wreaths of evergreens and flowers, agreeably relieved with handsome pictures, conspicuous among which was the portrait of Her Most Gracious Majesty the Queen. Tables laden with all imaginable delicacies suitable for such a feast were attended by Mrs. Robinson, and many other ladies of the school and church, whose names (for they were a host) we did not learn, whilst Mr. Robinson, by his activity and attention to the wants of the multitude assembled around the tables, appeared to be the master of ceremonies. Notwithstanding the crowded state of the room there was no jar, no dissatisfaction, and no delay. Everything went off smoothly, and the jingle and clatter of china, cutlery, silver-ware and ladies' tongues, formed an agreeable accompaniment to good eating and drinking. The reverend gentlemen invited were seen moving about conversing with one and another in agreeable familiarity, and amongst them the Rev. Mr. Wild, looking about for mesmeric subjects for this evening? There were many good ones in the assembly. After a couple of hours spent in social enjoyment below, the party ascended to the church, where, with Professor Clark presiding at the organ, some very passable singing was executed, and good entertaining and instructive addresses delivered by several gentlemen, among whom were the Revds. Messrs. Wild, Ebbs, Stone, Pickett, McPhail, and P. LeSueur, Esq.

Violation of the Liquor Law.—A number of parties were yesterday brought up by the county authorities for selling spirituous liquors by retail in the county, without the license therefor by law required. The several cases were heard at the Court House before Martin O'Gara, Clements Bradley and John Holmes, Esquires, Justices of the Peace for the County of Carleton, when they were disposed of as follows:

Edward Reilly, of the Village of Richmond, defended by A. Gibb, Esq., was found guilty, and sentenced to pay a fine of $20 and costs.

Adam Hall, of the Village of Richmond, appeared in his own defence, and was also fined $20 and costs.

John Burrows, of Nepean, defended by A. Gibb, Esq., was fined $20 and costs.

Wm. Twohee, of Nepean, appeared in person, and was fined $20 and costs.

John Nash, of Nepean, failed to make his appearance. Service of summons, as also the charge, were fully proved, and a fine of $20 and costs inflicted.

John Hueston, of Huntley, appeared in person, and was fined $20 and costs.

John Butler, of Huntley, defended by N. Sparks, Esq., was fined $20 and costs.

James Kealy, of Gloucester, appeared in person, and was fined $20 and costs.

The charge against Jane Miller and Mrs. W. Corbett, both of Nepean, defended by A. Gibb, Esq., and against Joseph Lafleur, of Gloucester, defended by H. Lapierre, Esq., were dismissed, the evidence for the prosecution not being deemed sufficient by the Magistrates to warrant a conviction.

The last case brought up was against Wm. Corbett, jr., of Nepean. The witness for the prosecution was heard, when on application from the defendant the further hearing of the case was adjourned until the 15th inst.

Police Court.—Joseph Belanger was charged with stealing a bundle of brooms containing one dozen, value $1.25, from the store of Messrs. Robinson & Co., Rideau-st., on the 31st of December, 1868. Mr. Hill, of the firm, appeared to prosecute, and said the brooms resembled those they had lost, and he believed they were the same. Policeman Holland proved having arrested the prisoner in a small store kept by Thomas Doyle, on Dalhousie-st., and found the brooms with him (Doyle,) who it appears had bought them. Doyle was called and deposed that he had bought the brooms from the "gentleman" in the dock, who said they belonged to him. The case was sent for trial at the next assizes.

James Green was charged with unlawfully cutting and wounding Thomas Brown, tavern-keeper, Rideau-st. Complainant said prisoner, with two other men, one of whom was a soldier, came into his house about nine o'clock on the evening of Christmas day, and some angry words passed between two of them, and in the course of the quarrel, Green raised a stick to strike one of the men, when he (witness) interfered and took hold of the stick, a scuffle ensued, in the course of which his hand was cut and bled, but what it was cut with he could not tell. On being cross-examined by Mr. Mosgrove, for the defence, he said he seized Green by the collar, and he could not say that it was not his breast-pin that cut him. The case was adjourned till this morning.

James Harris was charged with stealing some small articles, comprising a breast-pin, a tobacco box, a pocket book, a walking cane, and an ambrotype likeness, from Mr. Stockdale, livery stable keeper. The prisoner had been employed by the prosecutor, and the articles had been stolen during his absence from home. They were found in the prisoner's box at his lodgings. Prisoner was remanded till Thursday.

Peter Stuart, a hired boy of about 19 years of age, in the employ of Theodore Frederick, plumber and brass founder, was charged with stealing some brass castings for skates. The prosecutor stated that of late he had lost many articles such as tools, brass, and some money, amounting altogether to a hundred dollars, and never knew what had become of them. Some of the castings were produced and identified.

William Gardner, another boy employed in the same shop, swore to having seen prisoner steal the castings produced. This case was also adjourned, and it is understood that another charge will be preferred against the prisoner.

—Major General Hope Gibsone succeeds to the Colonelcy of the 13th Hussars.

—Alaska cost the United States nearly two cents an acre.

—A British naval officer is to be appointed Superintendent of the Persian navy.

—An apostle of Mormonism in Denmark writes to Brigham Young that there are five thousand members of the Mormon Church in that country.

—In consequence of the prodigious forgeries of Russian bank notes, the authorities have determined to make every bank official personally responsible for every false note he may have taken from customers.

—An Ohio gentleman is ambitious to furnish the towns and cities of America with motive power, obtained from compressed air. He proposes to distribute his power through ordinary service pipes, as gas and water are distributed, with a meter for each consumer.

—It has been distinctly and officially notified to Queen Isabella that she cannot be received at the French Court with royal honours. If she chooses to reside in Paris, her ex-Majesty must understand she can only do so as Madame Isabella de Bourbon, and in fact be considered a private individual.

—The Russian method of serving tea is finding favour in some circles of "upper-tendom." The tea is made in the ordinary way, but is drunk out of large tumblers, without cream or sugar, and with a slice of lemon in it. It may be taken hot or cold, but the latter is generally preferred.

—A noted Chinese bandit and black-mailer, Linsian-man, has been captured in Shanghae. He will be punished by being put into a box of such a shape that he can neither lie down, sit, nor stand; his head and hands will protrude, and he will be left exposed to sun, wind and rain, until he dies of exhaustion or starvation.

—A school teacher near Chattanooga, Tenn., was assaulted some days ago for having whipped one of his pupils, and in the affray that ensued four persons, including the school teacher, were killed, the only person in the party who escaped unhurt being the school-boy who originated the trouble.

—Ten years ago Jaques Carstadt murdered a handsome Italian girl in New Orleans. By a legal quibble he escaped punishment. A few days ago he died raving mad at the phantom of a fleshless skeleton, which he had seen always at his side by day, or on his pillow at night.

—In Decatur, Illinois, the other day, a man thought he had found a long piece of dress goods upon the pavement. He picked up one end of it, and commenced wrapping it around his arm, when on looking around the corner he discovered a lady at the other end quietly talking to a friend. He concluded to abandon his prize.

—Mr. James Hawkins, of the township of Hope, died on Christmas morning, at the good old age of 85 years. The Port Hope *Guide* says nearly 70 years ago he came to this country, and commenced to hew his way in the wilderness. Being a vigorous and industrious man, of strictly temperate habits, he managed to secure a snug competency. His long life has been one of great usefulness, plain, straightforward and honest, ever ready to do good; liberal in politics, and devout in religion; pitiful of others' woes, and patient under his own.

—The seat in the French Legislative Chamber, rendered vacant by the death of Berryer, has been offered to M. de Lesseps, the founder and president of the Isthmus of Suez Canal Company. M. Lesseps has, however, declined the offer, on the same ground that he declined, four years ago, being elected to the Council General of the Indre, namely, the necessity of devoting all his time and energy to the completion of the great work in which he has been so long engaged. If elected deputy for Marseilles, he must neglect either the interests of his constituents or those of the company, and for the present the latter has his preference.

—A bookseller in a Connecticut town has a novel way of advertising. Last week he had a ballot box in his store, in which all comers were invited to drop a vote for whoever they considered the handsomest young woman in town. The box was opened on Saturday evening, and it was found that Miss Julia Beach had the highest number of votes, when she was presented by the bookseller with a handsome quarto album, bound in Turkey morocco. This week a vote is taken to decide what gentleman over thirty years of age, is the best citizen, and the lucky man receiving the highest number of votes will receive a like present.

—It appears that Mr. G. F. Train, before starting for America, left a little bill for England to settle. Mr. Train claims £100,000 from the Irish Government for illegal arrests, £20,000 damages from the Ebbow Vale Company, and £10,000 from Mr. J. McHenry. He has further served a notice on the corporations proposing to lay down street railways, that as the original patentee he stands up for all his rights. Although extremely ill-used formerly by England, he only asks a royalty of £500 for every mile of street railway laid down; this, on 2,000 miles, would bring him a million sterling, which, in addition to his other claims, and a million set down against the Grand Trunk Union Pacific Railway, the Pall Mall *Gazette* hopes he will make his mind easy as far as money matters are concerned.

—The *Church News* gives a list of the bishops whom the Pope is about to appoint to Scotland, which is to have a Roman Catholic hierarchy of its own. Here is the list: St. Andrew's: Archbishop, Most Rev. George Errington, D.D. Glasgow: Archbishop, Most Rev. James Laird Patterson, M.A., Oxon. Edinburgh: Bishop, Right Rev. John Strain, D.D. Perth: Bishop, Right Rev. George Rigg, D.D. Aberdeen: Bishop, Right Rev. John Gray, D.D. Moray: Bishop, Right Rev. John Sutherland, D.D. Orkney: Bishop, Right Rev. B. Bernard, D.D. Ross: Bishop, Right Rev. William Dawson, D.D. Dundee: Bishop, Right Rev. John Macpherson, D.D. Argyle: Bishop, Hon. and Right Rev. Joseph Constable Maxwell, D.D. Dunkeld: Bishop, Right Rev. Archibald Macdonald, D. D. Caithness: Bishop, Right Rev. Peter Joseph Grant, D.D.

A SISTER OF ONE OF THE RENO VICTIMS ON THE WARPATH.

From the Chicago Post, Dec. 26.

Miss Laura Reno, the sister of the victims of the New Albany assassination, who was in the city yesterday, is described by those well acquainted with her as a young lady of great beauty and accomplishments. It is also said that she possesses a large part of the brains of the family, which, added to an inflexible will and an intense desire for revenge, will sooner or later bring ruin or death upon some of the murderers of her brothers. At their funeral at Seymour, a few days ago, the attendance was quite large, and among other persons a resident of Seymour, whose name we have forgotten, dropped in. He had scarcely made his appearance before Miss Reno rose from her seat, and walking across the room fiercely told him that was no place for him, that she recognised in him one of the murderers of her brother, and if he did not leave immediately it would be the worse for him. The fellow slunk out of the house like a whipped cur, frightened almost to death. Unless a great mistake has been made in the estimation of Laura Reno's character, the Jackson county regulators will find that the oath of revenge she took over the dead body of Frank Reno was no mere empty threat to be forgotten in an hour, but a promise of terrible meaning.

Messrs. Young & Radford having secured the services of first-class working jewellers in etruscan, filagree, plain, fancy and solid gold work, and having made large additions to their work shop are now better prepared to execute any orders with which they may be entrusted than heretofore. Masonic jewels, gold and silver medals, and every kind of jewellery repaired.

Carpets and House Furnishings.—Parties about to furnish will find a large and choice assortment of carpetings and house furnishings, cheap, at Garland, Mutchmor & Co's. Carpets made and laid with despatch.

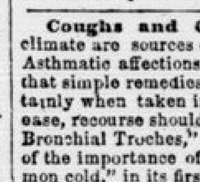
For fine bog oak brooches and ear rings in sets, see Young & Radford's new lot, just received, and selling at the very low price of only 90 cts. per set.

Jewellery.—All kinds of jewellery, of the latest designs, and at the cheapest rates, can be bought of Young & Radford, Sparks-st.

Try Gardner's Baking Powder. See advertisement. 887.6m

Dr. Wistar's Wild Cherry Balsam.—This balsamic compound has become a home fixture. Let all who suffer, and have in vain attempted to cure their coughs, colds, bronchial or pulmonary complaints, make use of this unequalled remedy. It can be relied upon, the mass of testimony that has been published since its introduction, being ample proof of its efficacy.

SPECIAL NOTICES.



HALL'S VEGETABLE SICILIAN HAIR RENEWER.

The basis of its remedial properties is a vegetable compound.
It will restore gray hair to its original color.
It will keep the hair from falling out.
It cleanses the scalp and makes the hair soft, lustrous and silken.
It is a splendid hair dressing.

R. P. HALL & CO., Nashua, N.H., Proprietors.
For sale by all druggists. 894d

Coughs and Colds.—Sudden changes of climate are sources of Pulmonary Bronchial and Asthmatic affections. Experience having proved that simple remedies often act speedily and certainly when taken in the early stages of the disease, recourse should at once be had to "Brown's Bronchial Troches," or Lozenges. Few are aware of the importance of checking a cough, or "common cold," in its first stage. That which in the beginning would yield to a mild remedy, if neglected soon attacks the lungs. "Brown's Bronchial Troches," or Cough Lozenges, allay irritation which induces coughing, having a direct influence on the affected parts. As there are imitations, be sure to obtain the *genuine*. Sold by all dealers in medicines, at 25 cents a box.

Mothers! Mothers! Mothers!—Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with the excruciating pain of cutting teeth? If so, go at once and get a bottle of Mrs. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately—depend upon it: there is no mistake about it. There is not a mother on earth who has ever used it, who will not tell you at once that it will regulate the bowels, and give rest to the mother, and relief and health to the child, operating like magic. It is perfectly safe to use in all cases, and pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Price 25 cents. Sold everywhere. Be sure to call for "MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP." Having the *fac-simile* of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations.

Mothers Read This!—Holloway's Worm Lozenges are a certain and safe remedy for Worms in Children and Adults.—As it is a well-known and melancholy fact that one great cause of death among children is from Worms alone, it cannot be too deeply impressed upon the minds parents the necessity of closely watching their children. By so doing; and understanding the symptoms and true cause of the disease, thousands of children might be saved from early graves. Symptoms of Worms.—The following are a few of the very numerous symptoms and diseases which are caused by Worms: deranged appetite, emaciated extremities, offensive breath frequent picking at the nose, grinding of the teeth during sleep, hardness of the belly, with frequent slimy stools, and sometimes convulsive fits; itching of the arms, pain in the head and stomach, unquiet sleep, faintings, tremblings, coughs, indigestion, low spirits, frightful dreams, and a gradual waisting away of flesh.

They are palatable and self-administered to the child—drive out the worms thoroughly without pain and completely cleanse the stomach—thereby doing away with the necessity of administering Castor Oil or other unpleasant cathartics—as in the use of other Worms.

☞Each box contains the fac-simile signature of Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, C.W., who are the sole proprietors.

N.B. Ask for *Holloway's Worm Lozenges* ☞ and take no other. ☞ Sold by all the druggists in Ottawa, and medicine dealers every where. 578y

CIVIL SERVICE RIFLE REGIMENT, (LATE.)

The members of No. 4 Company are requested to send in immediately to No. 12, Committee Room, House of Commons, the arms, accoutrements and clothing in their possession. The following articles of clothing may be retained, on paying to the undersigned, in bankable funds, the prices placed opposite to them respectively:

Great Coats..............$3 00
Trowsers, summer or winter.......1 00
Summer Jacket...........1 50

WM. B. LINDSAY, Captain.
Ottawa, January 5, 1869. 941-3

STOLEN from my premises one NOTE OF HAND against one ALEX. STEWART, of Cumberland, in the County of Russell, Ont., and I hereby forbid any person of purchasing the same.

ROBERT HAMILTON, Cumberland.
Cumberland, January 4, 1869. 940-1w1

DOG FOUND.—Found on the 7th December last, on Sparks-st., a SMALL DOG BITCH. The owner by proving property and paying costs of advertising can have her returned. Apply to F. McCAFFREY, Receiver-General's Department. 941-3

A SWINDLE

Having been perpetrated on the public by stove dealers, unknowingly, we hope, selling spurious self-feeding coal stoves that are almost useless; and finding it detrimental to the sale of the justly celebrated

REFLECTOR,

we take this opportunity of saying to those who have been so swindled, and to those who contemplate buying a coal stove, that in order to prove that the Reflector is ahead of all other stoves for beauty, cheapness and economy, we will put them up ready for work, and allow them to be tested for one month, and if they do not suit take them away again, free of charge. Now this is an offer that the public must appreciate, and we are determined they shall. Try one, it will cost nothing unless you are perfectly satisfied, and be of no trouble to us. Any other kind of stove cheap during the Bankrupt Sale.

ESMONDE BROS., 48 Sparks-st., Opposite Ontario Bank.

Watches, Jewellery, &c.

THE SALE

Still continues at the

SHEFFIELD HOUSE.

Never such an opportunity offered before in the city to buy

FINE GOLD JEWELLERY

WATCHES,

CLOCKS

AND

FANCY GOODS,

AT HALF PRICE.

All goods warranted.

Ottawa, Jan. 2, 1869. 939-2

Amusements.

LECTURE

BY

REV. JOS. WILD, M.A.,

In M-E. Church, York-st.,

ON WEDNESDAY EVENING,

Jan. 5th, 1869.

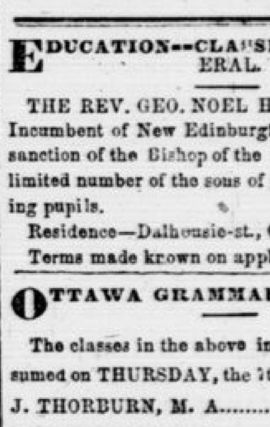
Subject—Mesmeric and Psychical Experience. Chair taken by HON. MALCOLM CAMERON, at 8 o'clock.

Admission, 15 cents. Proceeds applied to be benevolently.

P.S.—This Lecture treats on the science of mesmerism, its use and abuse. Will show all present how to mesmerize. Explain the reasons why persons go into trances and fits, under religious and other excitements; and other interesting points.

January 5, 1869. 946-2

DOMINION BOWLING ALLEY.



The subscriber begs to inform his friends that he opened on MONDAY, the 26th OCTOBER, his BOWLING ALLEY.

This is one of the best in the Capital, and equal to any in America. It contains four alleys, and with first-class balls. There will be kept a register book for the purpose of marking the number of points made each day to 1st January next, and the party who has made the highest number of points will receive from the proprietor a rich prize.

Parties visiting the Alley will be received with polite attention. The best of liquors will be found constantly on hand.

B. B. LARIVIERE.

N.B.—A large Ball Room is attached to the premises, which will be let at a low figure.

B. B. L.

EDUCATION—CLASSICAL AND GENERAL.

THE REV. GEO. NOEL HIGGINSON, M. A., Incumbent of New Edinburgh, the with especial sanction of the Bishop of the Diocese, receives a limited number of the sons of gentlemen as morning pupils.

Residence—Dalhousie-st., Ottawa.

Terms made known on application. 940tf

OTTAWA GRAMMAR SCHOOL.

The classes in the above institution will be resumed on THURSDAY, the 7th of JANUARY:

J. THORBURN, M. A.........Principal.
J. McMILLAN, B. A.........1st Asst. Master.
W. CARTER,...............2nd " "
MONS. BERTHELOT,..........French Master.

W. H. WALKER,
Secretary Board of G. S. Trustees.
Ottawa, January 4, 1869. 939-4

YOUNG LADIES'

BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL,

Wellington-st.,

CONDUCTED BY MISS HARMON.

The Classes will (D.V.) re-assemble after the Christmas vacation, on TUESDAY, JAN. 5th, 1869. The Spring Term will commence on the 1st of FEBRUARY. There are vacancies for two additional Boarding Pupils. The Drawing, Singing, French and Music Classes, are under the tuition of competent and thoroughly experienced teachers. Young ladies who have finished their English studies can join these classes without reference to the English course. Prospectuses, containing the statement of terms, and the course of English studies pursued in the school, can be obtained at Messrs. Durie's Bookstore, and on application to MISS HARMON.

December 29, 1868. 935a

ST. ALBAN'S SCHOOL,

Daly-st.

PRINCIPAL:

Rev. Bickerton A. Edwards, B. A.,
(ex-scholar Jesus Coll., Oxford.)

Business will be resumed on MONDAY, JAN. 4th. Hours of Study—9:30 a.m. to 12:30, and 2 to 4 p.m.

School Fees.—For Sound Commercial and English Education, $8 per term. Higher Mathematics, Latin, Greek, French and Music, (each) $2 per term extra.

The school year will, as hitherto, be divided into three terms.

A reduction made for brothers, and for payments made in the first week of term. 938tf

Publications.

JONES & HOLLAND

Have to hand another supply of

Children's Books,
Planchette Fortune Tellers,
Miss Braddon's Last Novel.
The British Workman,
Penny Readings,
Tiny Libraries, &c., &c.

Post Office Block, Jan. 4, 1869.

NEW PUBLICATION.

CHRONICLES OF CANADA.

BY

H. BEAUMONT SMALL, S.C.L.

Price, 50 cents. For sale by the publisher,
936tf GEORGE E. DESBARATS.

Millinery.

REMOVAL.—MRS. R. PARSONS has removed her Dressmaking Establishment to the rooms over J. G. WHYTE'S Book Store, Rideau-st.

☞Entrance from Mosgrove st.
N.B.—All orders promptly attended to. 939a

NOTICE.

MRS. SMITH having received her new styles of FALL HATS & BONNETS, will be happy to see her old friends and the public generally. Gent's Felt Hats cleaned, dyed and done over in the best style.

N.B.—The most fashionable Mantles and Coats made to order, Corner of Bank and Albert-sts.
October 10 868tf.

NOTICE.—All persons having any claims against the Estate of the late GEORGE BOXALL will please forward the same to JAMES SALMON, York-st., on or before noon of WEDNESDAY, the 6th instant.

JAMES SALMON.
Ottawa, January 4, 1869. 939-3

NOTICE.

A MEETING OF THE

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE

AND DISTRICT VISITORS

OF THE

Church of England Benevolent Society,

will be held at the

CHAPEL OF EASE, SUSSEX-ST.,

ON WEDNESDAY, THE SIXTH INSTANT,

At half-past TWO.

January 4, 1869. 940-2

Groceries.

THE TEA POT LIST.

In Cases, Hhd. and ¼ Casks,

HENNESSEY'S BRANDY,
MARTELL'S do
OTARD, DUPEY & Co., do
JULES, ROBIN & Co., do
CASTILLION & Co., do.

In Bottle or Wood,

GRAHAM'S EXTRA OLD PORT,
GRAHAM'S THREE GRAPE,
SANDEMAN'S CHOICE OLD PORT,
McKENZIE'S Pure Golden SHERRY
DUNN'S BROWN, do
CHOICE PALE, do.

THE

FINEST BALTIMORE OYSTERS

Received daily, by Express.

CHIPPAWA pure old RYE WHISKEY
Four years old, equal to any French Brandy.
CHIPPAWA TODDY WHISKEY,
Four years old, equal to Scotch.
CHIPPAWA FAMILY PROOF.

J. G. ROBINSON & CO,
The Tea Pot, Sussex
Ottawa, Dec. 16, 1868.

ON SALE,

GOODERHAM & WORTS'

RECTIFIED SPIRITS

100 BBLS. CELEBRATED OLD RYE,
100 do HIGHWINES, 50 O.P.
100 do ALCOHOL, 65 O.P.

☞ The trade supplied at manufacturers' prices.

REDPATH'S EXTRA GOLDEN SYRUP
REDPATH'S STANDARD do
NEW YORK HOUSE SYRUP.
100 BBLS. WEST INDIA MOLASSES.
500 CHESTS UNCOLORED JAPAN TEA.
100 CADDIES ORANGE PEKOE
150 CHESTS TWANKAY.
200 CADDIES BRIGHT SOLACE TOBACCO.
100 BOXES TOBACCO, 10s.
500 BARRELS EXTRA SUPERIOR FLOUR.
300 BBLS. MESS PORK, to arrive.

J. G. ROBINSON & Co.
December 16, 1868. 928.3m

Latest by Telegraph.

Via Montreal Line.

TORONTO.

Special to THE TIMES.

TORONTO, January 5.

In the Council last night a warm debate took place on the bill to deprive the Mayor of salary. The motion to give the by-law a six months' hoist was carried by a vote of twelve to five.

The week of prayer opened last night. A large audience attended the meeting, which was also attended by the clergymen of many different Protestant denominations.

The first Division Court of the year was opened to-day. There is a decided reduction in the number of cases.

A letter from the Treasurer of the Red River Relief Fund states that he has received authority to draw on the Oxford County Treasurer for five hundred dollars. He says that late advices from Fort Gary show that supplies are much needed.

MONTREAL.

Special to THE TIMES.

MONTREAL, January 5.

A magistrate in the Eastern Townships, named Mankitrick, and two sons, have been arrested for conspiracy in accepting a bribe of $5,000 to allow a man named Bogart to escape. Bogart had been arrested for robbing the United States Navy Department of a large sum of money.

Judge Coursol left for Richmond to-day to make an important investigation, the nature of which is not as yet allowed to transpire.

A portion of the roof of the drill shed gave way—on account of the weight of snow upon it—last night; also the roof of Guilbault's skating rink.

Torrance *et al.* have appealed from the recent decision of Judge Mackay.

At the quarterly meeting of the Board of Trade this afternoon, after a discussion on the twenty foot canal between Montreal and Quebec, introduced by the Hon. John Young, the following resolution was unanimously passed: "That looking at the great public value of the twenty foot channel, stated by the Hon. John Young to exist, the Board requests that the Harbour Commissioners do take the earliest and most active steps practicable to ascertain whether such channel is now fit for use." A feeling was unanimous in favour of a change in the Act respecting the inspection of flour, so as to make it agree with the New York system, and thus secure a greater share of the Maritime Province trade.

Flour five cents dearer. Market firm; demand active.

Weather mild.

CABLE NEWS.

ITALY.

FLORENCE, January 5.—The country is now perfectly tranquil. The recent disturbances caused by the collection of odious taxes were fomented by the reactionists.

PERSIA.

NEWS VIA LONDON.

LONDON, January 5.—Telegraphic reports have been received from Alexandria of earthquakes at and in the neighbourhood of Tabarez, a Persian city of about 60,000 people, on Sunday last. Though the shocks were described as very violent, no serious disaster or loss of life is so far known to have been caused by the phenomenon.

AMERICAN NEWS.

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES.

Quieting of the Georgia Troubles.

SAVANNAH, January 4.—The trouble on the Ogeechee was quieted on the military taking charge.

Coal Discovered in California.

SAN FRANCISCO, January 4.—Coal in abundance, and of excellent quality, has been discovered half a mile from Argenta, on the line of the Central Pacific Railroad, four hundred miles from Sacramento.

Railroad Repair Shops Burned.

SYRACUSE, January 4.—The repair shops in this city of the Syracuse, Binghamton and New York Railroad Company, were burned this evening, including all the machinery and four locomotives. Loss, $60,000.

Political.

AUGUSTA, ME., January 4.—Present indications point to the nomination of Mr. Hamlin for United States Senator.

THIS MORNING'S DESPATCHES.

The Merchants' Union Express Company.

NEW YORK, January 5.—A correspondent of the *Herald* says an injunction has been placed on the Merchant's Union Express Company, and a receiver appointed.

Factory Burned.

BOSTON, January 5.—Sewell's morocco factory in Charlestown was burned last night. Loss, $20,000; partially insured.

Schooner Sunk.

MILWAUKIE, January 5.—The schooner *Spy* struck on a rock, and sunk this morning near Milwaukie. No lives lost.

The Steamer "Victor" Disabled.

NEW ORLEANS, January 5.—The steamer *Victor* was brought here by the steamer *Sherman* disabled yesterday.

GLADSTONE'S TRIALS AND DISAPPOINTMENTS.—The London *Examiner* says: After six and thirty years spent in Parliament, Mr. Gladstone has at length achieved the highest honour in the State. He is first Minister of the Crown and leader of the first assembly in the world. Many have been the delays and disappointments; many the thwartings and tantalizations which he has had to bear. It were idle flattery to say that all these trials of his faith and patience have been for his good, or for the good of country. We own that we do not so read the lesson of life. We neither think suffering has always a sublimating tendency, nor that prosperity always hardens the heart. The effect of both depends very much upon temperament and upon the time. Vexation wastes and wears the best energies of life; and the finer the edge of the blade, the more readily it is notched and turned. How much sooner Mr. Gladstone would have reached the goal of his ambition had his grandmother been a Duchess, or had he been an eldest son inheriting broad lands and vast investments, like the late Sir Robert Peel, one need not pause to calculate. Sir Robert put himself at as high a mental and moral value as the blindest of his flatterers; and yet he candidly confessed that he could never have gained the leadership of his party but for the rare odds which fortune gave him. With the solitary exception, indeed, of the outgoing Premier, there is no instance in our history, since the revolution, of a man with moderate fortune, and without high connections, attaining, and being able, for even one session, to retain the first post in Parliamentary life; for Canning, the brother-in-law of the Duke of Portland, was hardly a case in point; and he broke his heart in the attempt. But the cup of triumph is now full, even to overflowing. The statesman has seen the desire of his soul realized probably beyond his most sanguine expectations. He is not only the popular idol of the hour, but a greatly extended constituency have given him a majority almost without precedent in order to enable him to carry into legislative effect the promises he has made of a regenerate policy for Ireland.

MORE ADULTERATIONS.—The *World's* investigations into the groceries retailed by the New York dealers have made some astonishing developments concerning the articles "bicarbonate of soda," (selaratus) and "cream of tartar." The bicarbonate of soda contained 10 per cent. of chloride of sedium (salt) and sulphate and silicate of soda; and the cream of tartar was a mixture of terra alba, or plaster of Paris, and tartaric acid, the terra alba counting 80 per cent. of the whole, and the sample containing not one particle of cream of tartar. These samples were from a well known manufactory, and are sold throughout the country by retail establishments.

—All United States army officers over 62 years of age are to be retired.

PRESENTATION TO THE REV. C. J. S. BETHUNE.—On New Year's eve the congregation at Trinity Church, Port Credit, presented their pastor, the Rev. C. J. S. Bethune, M.A., with a handsome buggy, as a token of their esteem and regard. Trinity Church, which was erected, in a great measure, by the exertions of the Incumbent, is a neat little wooden edifice, built last winter, and opened for divine service on the 20th of February last. Being entirely free from debt, it was consecrated by the Bishop of Toronto last June. Well attended services are now held in it every Sunday evening. About the beginning of December, when the snow first came, Mr. Bethune was presented by one of his Church Wardens, Mr. John Wilson, Sydenham, with a beautiful cutter, a most seasonable and acceptable present. The offerings on Christmas day, in this mission, amounted to the handsome sum of $63.45, of which amount the congregation at Springfield contributed $50.

LIFE IN PARIS.—It is noticed that the Parisians are changing in appearances. They are undersized and pale. They have too little fresh air. A Paris savant, Dr. LeRoy, says that, in spite of the solicitude manifested by the Government toward the hygienic welfare of all classes, in spite of the new plantations, the new boulevards, and open squares, the amount of carbonic acid produced by the pulmonary emanations of two millions of human beings, each of whom daily exhales 219 grammes of oxide of carbon, is something frightful. To this noxious vapour must be added that produced by the gas manufactories, &c., &c. It may be added that the consumption of alcohol has exactly doubled since the year 1825. As to tobacco, in 1832 it produced a tax of 23,000,000f; while in 1862 the consumption of tobacco brought into the Government a sum of 180,000,000f. In 1852, 200,000,000 cigars were smoked in Paris, whereas, in 1867, the number increased to 761,625,000.

GOLD IN SCOTLAND.—The discovery of gold has been announced in Sutherlandshire, and a scientific examination has shown that this and other precious metals exist in Kildonan. In the sixteenth century bullion for Scotch coinage was found in that neighbourhood, and part of the present Scotch Crown was made from the gold from the same place.

ANNIVERSARY OF EMANCIPATION IN THE U. S.—There was a gathering at Boston on New Year's Day to celebrate the sixth anniversary of the emancipation of the slaves in the United States. The attendance was not great.

—The London *Canadian News* says that it is in a position to state that there is no foundation for the rumour that Lord Monck is to be the new Governor of the Hudson's Bay Company, vice Lord Kimberly, resigned.

—In Louisville the other day, a young man put his hand in his pocket in order to find the key to his store and give it to his partner; when the latter supposed he was feeling for a pistol; drew his own, and shot him dead. A nice country to live in!

—In the course of his passage to India, Lord Mayo was present when the first man-of-war, a French ship, passed right through the Isthmus of Suez. This fact is significant of the progress which has been made in the canal. We are told that between the dates 15th October and 15th November, 2,000,000 cube metres of earth have been dug out, which exceeds by 90,000 the amount on which the engineers caculated. Seventeen thousand workmen are daily employed; sixty drags of immense power are at work, besides millions of wheelbarrows, carts and railway trucks, by which the mud and sand excavated from the bed of the canal is pitched into small lakes of Amert and Serapeum. Of the 75,000,000 cube metres of material which it was necessary to dig out to form the canal, but 20,000,000 now remain to be excavated, which represents ten months of additional labour.

—The St. Catharine's *Journal* states that the price paid for the mills, warehouses and wharf of Mr. Thomas R. Merritt, Esq., by Messrs. Norris & Neelon was in the vicinity of $100,000. The purchase makes the firm of N. & N. the most extensive mill owners as they were previously the most extensive ship owners in Ontario. They now own five grist mills, four of which are in operation., four or five propellers and tugs, and about one dozen sailing vessels. The firm, besides being engaged in the shipping and milling business, are also heavy operators in timber and lumber, having hundreds of men and horses employed in different parts of the country in hewing down forests. The rise of this firm has been most extraordinary, and proves that industry and integrity will make their mark in this Canada, as well as elsewhere. Twenty-five years ago both parties were hands before the mast—now in wealth and extent of business they rank second to few in America.

DRESS GOODS.—A large assortment of ball and evening dresses; also, in fancy, black, Japanese, and Foulard silks, poplins, &c., at T. & W. Hunton's, whose stock is constantly supplied by their resident agents in London and Paris. Evening silks, &c., shewn by gas light in a room prepared for the purpose, at any hour of the day.

—For a choice selection of New Tapestry, Brussells, Kidderminster and Imperial 3-ply Carpets, Cocoa Matting, Floor Oil Cloths, Hearth Rugs, Crumb Cloths and Door Mats; Damasks, Repps, Curtain Trimmings, Lace and Muslin Curtains, go to Mages & Russell's new Store, next door to Mr. John Leslie's, Sparks-st.

A meritorious article is Hall's Sicilian Hair Renewer; it is rapidly becoming known and widely and deservedly popular. It is apparently nothing in itself but an agreeably perfumed and pleasant hair dressing, but it contains the most wonderful curative properties for loss of hair, and after using it a short time, gray hair is restored to its natural color. If any of our readers doubt it, let them try a single bottle of the "Renewer," and they will add their testimonial to the truth of what we say.—*Sentinel, Burlington, Vt.*

What is the healthy, worldly man's ambition wealth, wealth, wealth. And what the poor invalid's, health, health, health. 'Tis true, gold is dross compared with health. Take care of it, but if you have already lost it from disease of the throat, lungs, liver, kidneys, or digestive organs, &c., remember that there has never been heretofore a medicine that could in any way compete with the Great Shoshonees Remedy for the radical cure of those diseases.

The most unhappy person in the world is the dyspeptic. Everything looks dark and gloomy; he feels "out of sorts" with himself and everybody else. Life is a burden to him. This can all be changed by taking Peruvian Syrup (a protoxide of iron.) Cases of 27 years standing have been cured by it.

—Corsets at the skirt factory for half-price.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

Reported by Telegraph.

[*For daily report of Ottawa Markets, see Fourth Page.*]

New York Money Market.

NEW YORK, January 5—3 p.m.—Gold closed at 134¼.

New York Markets.

NEW YORK, January 5.—Cotton firmer at 27c. @ 27¼c.—Flour firmer for low grades; receipts 5,400 barrels; sales 9,400 barrels at $6.00 @ 6.20 for Superfine State and Western; $7 @ 7.25 for common to choice Extra State; $6.80 @ 8 for common to choice Extra Western.—Rye flour quiet at $6 @ 8.—Wheat more active; receipts 29,000 bushels; sales 94,000 bushels at $1.60 for mixed Spring; $1.65 @ 1.80 for No. 2 do. in store and afloat, the latter choice; $1.74 for No. 1 do.—Rye dull.—Corn improved; receipts 3,000 bushels; sales 53,000 bushels at 98c. @ $1.02 for New Mixed Western; $1.08 @ 1.11 for Old do. in store and afloat.—Barley dull.—Oats heavy and lower; receipts 980 bushels; sales 37,000 bushels at 76½c. for Western in store, and 78½c. @ 79c. for do. afloat.—Pork firmer at $28.50 @ 29 for new mess; $27.25 @ 27.75 for old mess.—Lard firmer at 17½c. @ 18½c. for steam; 18½c. for kettle rendered.

London Money Market.

LONDON, January 5—12 p. m.—Consols 92¾ for both; Stock quiet; Illinois Central 96; Erie 25¼; Great Western 44¼.

Liverpool Markets.

LIVERPOOL, January 5.—12 p.m.—Cotton active, Uplands 11s. 1d.; Orleans 11¾d., sales 15,000 bales. Pork firmer; bacon 54s. 6d.; Lard 67s.; Yarns and fabrics at Manchester quiet and firmer. Flour firmer at 27s. Oats 3s. 6d. California Wheat 11s. 10d. @ 12s.; No. 2 do. Red Western 10s. @ 12s.; Corn 37s. 6d.; Peas 44s. 6d.

Groceries.

TEA POT LIST.

n Cases, Hhd. and ¼ Casks,
SSEY'S BRANDY,
ELL'S do
D, DUPEY & Co., do
ROBIN & Co., do
LLION & Co., do.

In Bottle or Wood,
AM'S EXTRA OLD PORT,
AM'S THREE GRAPE,
MAN'S CHOICE OLD PORT,
NZIE'S Pure Golden SHERRY,
'S BROWN, do
E PALE, do.

THE
F BALTIMORE OYSTERS,
Received daily, by Express.

PAWA pure old RYE WHISKEY
years old, equal to any French Brandy.
PAWA TODDY WHISKEY,
years old, equal to Scotch.
PAWA FAMILY PROOF.
J. G. ROBINSON & CO.,
The Tea Pot, Ottawa.
Dec. 16, 1868.

SALE,
GOODERHAM & WORTS'
TIFIED SPIRITS.

BBLS. CELEBRATED OLD RYE,
do HIGHWINES, 50 O.P.
do ALCOHOL, 65 O.P.
he trade supplied at manufacturers'
PATH'S EXTRA GOLDEN CUP
ATH'S STANDARD do
YORK HOUSE SYRUP.
BBLS. WEST INDIA MOLASSES.
CHESTS UNCOLORED JAPAN TEA.
CADDIES ORANGE PEKOE
CHESTS TWANKAY.
CADDIES BRIGHT SOL TOBACCO.
BOXES TOBACCO, 18s.
BARRELS EXTRA SUPERIOR FLOUR.
BBLS. MESS PORK, to arrive.
J. G. ROBINSON & Co.
ber 16, 1868. 926,3m

Jewellery, &c.

FOR
CHRISTMAS AND NEW YEAR'S
PRESENTS,
IN GOLD & SILVER WATCHES,
Go to YOUNG & RADFORD'S,
30 Sparks-st.

FOR
CHRISTMAS AND NEW YEAR'S
PRESENTS,
GOLD CHAINS & FINE JEWELLERY,
Go to YOUNG & RADFORD'S.

FOR
CHRISTMAS AND NEW YEAR'S
PRESENTS,
IN PLATED WARE,
Go to YOUNG & RADFORD'S.

FOR
CHRISTMAS AND NEW YEAR'S
PRESENTS,
IN FANCY GOODS,
SUITABLE FOR THE SEASON,
Go to YOUNG & RADFORD'S.

PARTIES WANTING WORK
SUITABLE FOR PRESENTATIONS
FOR CHRISTMAS OR NEW YEAR,
Will find it to their advantage to
Go to YOUNG & RADFORD'S,
30 Sparks-st.

Dry Goods.

SILKS FOR THE HOLIDAYS
AND
EVENING WEAR.
OVER
$10,000 WORTH of RICH
And Elegant Silks,
Satins,
Irish Poplins,
and Moire Antiques,
In all colors and suitable for grand occasions.
All kinds and qualities of "SILK GOODS" will be much higher priced in the Spring, therefore it will be to the advantage of all parties requiring such wear, to procure soon.

BALL DRESSES.
Elegant, Gilt and Silver Spangled Tarlatans,
Also, Plain and Embroidered Grenadine Dresses,
Black and White Grenadines,
Tarlatans, in all Colours,
Plain and Dewdrop Tulles, in all colours,
Plain and Coloured Spotted Nets, &c.

LACE GOODS.
Thread,
Maltese,
Clung and Honiton Laces,
Real Lace,
Lappets and Head Dresses,
Lace Collars and Cuffs,
Also, Chemizettes,
Hemmed Lawn,
and Honiton Lace Bordered Handkerchiefs.
White and Black Lace,
"Marie Antoinettes Lace Trimmed Aprons,"
(*A novelty.*)

OPERA CLOAKS.
White and Scarlet French Merinoes,
54 in. White, Bareze and Grenadine,
54 in. Lustre and Llama,
Wool Opera Hoods, Pelerines and Cloaks.
Cloaks made to order.

MILLINERY.
Flowers,
Feathers,
and Head Dresses.

GLOVES.
White and Dark Coloured Kids,
ALL AT MAGEE & RUSSELL'S

Dry Goods.

FRESH ARRIVALS.
NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!
THOS. & W. HUNTON
Have just opened out the contents of 42 packages of NEW GOODS, comprising
1 CASE SILKS, in plain and fancy colors, splendid value.
1 CASE VELVETEENS,
3 BALES WHITE COTTONS,
1 " WHITE COTTON SHEETING,
6 " GRAY COTTONS,
at greatly reduced prices.
2 CASES LINENS, assorted,
1 " BLACK CLOTHS,
2 " BLACK & COLORED OVERCOATINGS,
1 BALE WHITE FLANNELS,
1 " GRAY FLANNELS,
1 " SCARLET FLANNELS,
4 " BLANKETS,
2 " HEMP CARPETS,
3 " WOOL CARPETS,
10 " TAPESTRY CARPETS, this season's new patterns,
3 " CANADIAN TWEEDS.
All of the above goods being marked off, and ready for inspection. We would specially invite intending purchasers to call and examine them.
THOS. & W. HUNTON
47 and 49 Sparks-

Groceries.

DEW OF THE ALPS,
BRISLIN BISCHOFF & CO.,
GENEVA.
This pure liquor is manufactured at Geneva, in Switzerland; it is flavoured with an herb gathered on the Alps in the Canton Glorus.
JAS. BUCHANAN,
Sussex and Wellington-sts.
December 11, 1868.

NEW FRUIT! NEW FRUIT!
Choice New Fruit, &c., &c., for the Christmas and New Year's Holidays:
LAYER RAISINS,
LAYER RAISINS, (Finest.)
LONDON LAYERS, (Choice.)
SULTANA RAISINS, (new & old.)
VALENTIA RAISINS, (do. do.)
CURRANTS, (do. do.)
PRUNES IN CARTOONS, JAR AND KEGS.
GRAPES, (Spanish.)
FIGS, ORANGES & LEMONS,
JORDAN ALMONDS,
VALENTIA ALMONDS,
VALENTIA ALMONDS, (bitter.)
ALMONDS, (soft shell.)
ALMONDS, (hard shell.)
BARCELONA NUTS,
COBB NUTS, (English.)
CHESTNUTS, (English.)
PECAN NUTS,
WALNUTS,
BRAZIL NUTS.
JAS. BUCHANAN,
Finnan Haddie Depot,
Sussex and Wellington-sts.
December 11, 1868.

CHEESE! CHEESE!
QUEEN'S ARM CHEESE,
CHEDDER CHEESE,
STILTON CHEESE,
GRUYERE CHEESE, (Swiss.)
SOP SAGO CHEESE,
PARMASAN CHEESE,
CANADIAN CHEESE.
JAS. BUCHANAN,
Finnan Haddie Depot,
Sussex and Wellington-sts
December 11, 1868.

DOW'S
CELEBRATED MONTREAL ALES.
XX, XXX, and India Pale Ales,
In Wood and Bottle.
JAS. BUCHANAN
Finnan Haddie Depot,
Sussex and Wellington-sts
December 11, 1868.

COFFEE! COFFEE!
Try Buchanan's Unrivalled Mixture of Mocha Java, Jamaica and Ceylon, roasted and ground daily on the premises by steam power.
JAS. BUCHANAN,
Finnan Haddie Depot,
Sussex and Wellington-sts.
December 11, 1868. 921

RAILWAY PRACTICE OFFICE.
Now ready, the Cubic Contents of the Earthwork of those sections of the Intercolonial Railway, to be first placed under contract, giving in detail the quantities in each excavation and embankment.
RATES—1 mile per cubic yard of cutting and filling, or 1,000 cubic yards for a dollar, up to 100,000 yards, and for every additional 10,000 yards one dollar.
J. O'HANLY,
Civil Engineer.
Ottawa, Dec. 30, 1868. 936b

Garland, Mutchmor & Co

X MAS DRY GOODS.
GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.,
IMPORTERS, 26 SPARKS-ST.,
Have received, ex various ocean steamers, large additions to their extensive stock of
STAPLE & FANCY DRY GOODS,
MILLINERY,
Carpetings and House Furnishings,
and are now shewing a large and well assorted stock in every department. They invite special attention to the following:
RICH FANCY SILKS,
RICH FANCY DRESSES,
RICH BALL DRESSES,
GOOD ABERDEEN WINCIES,
at a little over half last year's prices. Good cheap useful dresses for all classes in all the new materials.
CLOTHS,
TWEEDS,
BLANKETS,
FLANNELS,
SHEETINGS,
COTTONS,
PRINTS, Etc.,
all in great variety cheap.
LACES,
RIBBONS,
TRIMMINGS,
GLOVES,
HOSIERY,
Black Silk Mantle Velvets,
Black and Brown Velveteens,
Black and Brown Sealskins,
Black and Brown Astricans,
Coloured Jasper Sealskins,
White and Fancy Mantle Cloths.
MANTLES,
in great variety, in all the new materials and shapes.
SHAWLS,
BONNETS,
HATS,
LADIES' CAPS,
HEAD DRESSES,
FLOWERS,
FEATHERS,
BRIDAL WREATHS.
Great novelty in Skirts—the
NEW PATENT FELT SKIRT,
Plain and embroidered, all in once piece; warm lighter, better fitting and cheaper than any other skirts. Just opened
One Case Plain Glasgow Wincies.
Two cases latest styles in Clouds and other Woollen Goods.
Wholesale and Retail.

Stationery.

NEW GOODS.
Just received, ex steamship *St. David*, a large importation of the best British manufactured
STAPLE STATIONERY,
IN
LETTER PAPERS,
NOTE PAPERS,
ENVELOPES,
FOOLSCAPS,
FOLIO POSTS,
RECORD PAPERS,
TINTED BLOTTING PAPERS,
MUSIC PAPER,
&c., &c., &c.
For sale at
THE OTTAWA CITIZEN
Stationery and Printing House,
Elgin-st., Ottawa.

Groceries.

For sale by the undersigned.
300 BBLS. MESS PORK.
200 BBLS. THIN MESS PORK.
500 BBLS. STRONG SUPER FLOUR.

COAL OIL.
Having been appointed by the combination their agents for
COAL OIL,
They are now prepared to sell in quantities to suit the trade, by the
BARREL OR CAR LOAD,
AT THE
LOWEST PRICES

Agents for Hiram Walker's
HIGHWINES
RYE,
PROOF, and
MONONGAHELA WHISKEYS.

Agents for
REESOR BROS. CHEESE.

Agents for John Campbell's celebrated
HAMS,
BACON, &c.
C. T. BATE & CO.,
Canal Basin.
Ottawa, Dec. 12, 1868.

Stationery.

PRESENTS FOR THE HOLIDAYS.
What more acceptable gift than a beautiful work of art, to be gazed on with pleasure and profit every day! "A thing of beauty is a joy forever!" Give then as Christmas Gifts, those exquisite pictures,
PRANG'S CHROMOS,
of which Frederic E. Church, the great American artist, says: "They are certainly most skilfully and artistically executed." And John G. Whittier "I had no idea they were home productions; I am glad to know that such beautiful work is done here." And Bayard Taylor: "Your illustrations of the Beatitudes are really superb." And Wendell Phillips; "I congratulate you on your success, which I consider marvellous."
Prang's American Chromos are fac-simile reproductions of masterly oil and water color paintings, so skilfully and artistically done that it requires the experience of an expert to detect the difference between them and their originals. Among them the following are the most attractive:
Horses in a Storm. (After R. Adams.)
The two Friends. (Child and Dog, after Geo. Ward.)
Sunset in California. (After Bierstadt.)
Sunlight in Winter. (After Morvillier.)
The Barefooted Boy. (After Whittier.)
Early Autumn on Keopus Creek, N. Y. (After T. Bricher.)
Late Autumn in the White Mountains. (After A. T. Bricher.)
Six American Landscapes. (After A. T. Bricher.)
Strawberries and Baskets. (After Miss V. Cranberry.)
Cherries and Basket. (After Miss V. Granberry.)
Flower Bouquet.
Blackberries in Vase. (After Lilly M. Spencer.)
Fringed Gentian. [After H. R. Newman.]
Easter Morning. [After Mrs. James M. Hart.]
Group of Chickens. [After Tait.]
Group of Quails. [After Tait.]
Group of Ducklings. [After Tait.]
The Poultry Yard. [After Lemmens.]
Poultry Life, } A. } [After Lemmens.]
" } B. } Companions.]
The Kid's Play-Ground. [After Bruith.]
Correggio's Magdalena.
Under the Apple-Tree. } [After G. H. Niles.
Rest by the Roadside. } Companion pictures.]
Autumn Leaves—Maple.
Autumn Leaves—Oak.
Wood Mosses and Ferns. [After Ellen Robbins.]
Bird's Nest and Lichen. [After Ellen Robbins.]
The Bullfinch. [After Wm. Cruickshank.]
The Linnet. [After Wm. Cruickshank.]
Have Patience. [Girl and Dog.]
Rabbits and Kittens.
Morning. [After Rosa Bonheur.]
Evening. [After Rosa Bonheur.]
&c., &c., &c.
The Beatitudes of Our Lord, most magnificently illuminated.
Illuminated School Room Cards, with mottoes taken from Scripture.
Illuminated crosses, Book Marks, Rewards of Merit.
The Language of Flowers, Wood and Sea Mosses, Ferns, Flowers, &c.
"OLD MOTHER HUBBARD," "The most elegant juvenile book of the season," superbly illustrated and illuminated.
The editor of a prominent journal, writing to Mr. Prang, expresses thus his idea on Chromos:
"We think no greater civilizer could be introduced so generally as your chromos. You will never find a thief with a rosebud in his button-hole nor will you ever find a murderer admire your productions. Only the good, the true, and the better part of our nature, are touched and spoken to by art. Your aim to introduce your beautiful productions to the general public is commendable, and in your efforts you have our hearty concurrence."
Prang's Chromos are offered at 20 per cent. below the publisher's prices at the
CANADA GAZETTE OFFICE,
where will also be found the following objects, suitable for Christmas and New Year Gifts
Albums, Toilet Bags, writing Desks, Gold and Silver Pen and Pencil cases, Penknives, &c.
A beautiful assortment of PLAYING CARDS.
BALL AND DINNER CARDS &c., neatly printed.
VISITING CARDS printed from copper plate or type on the shortest notice.
CANADA GAZETTE OFFICE,
Dec. 10th, 1868. Sparks-st., Ottawa

☞ *SEE FIRST PAGE.*

OTTAWA MARKETS.

[Compiled expressly for the OTTAWA TIMES.]

Times Office, Ottawa, Jan. 5, 1869.

The market yesterday, considering the thaw, was pretty well attended, the prices remaining at last quotations.

FLOUR—Extra	6 50	@ 6 75
No. 1	5 25	@ 5 50
No. 2	none.	
Bags—Fall per 100 lbs.	3 25	@ 3 37½
" Spring "	2 62½	@ 2 75
Oatmeal—per 200 lbs.	7 00	@ 7 25
Indian Meal "	4 00	@ 0 00
Rye—per bushel 56 lbs.	0 85	@ 0 90
Barley " 48 lbs.	0 90	@ 0 00
Buckwheat Flour	4 00	@ 4 50
WHEAT—Fall—per bushel, 60 lbs.	1 25	@ 1 30
Spring " "	1 20	@ 1 25
CORN—Per bushel, 56 lbs.	0 85	@ 0 90
Peas " 60 lbs.	0 90	@ 0 00
Oats " 34 lbs.	0 60	@ 0 67
Beans " 60 lbs.	1 80	@ 0 00
PORK—Mess—per barrel	24 00	@ 24 50
Prime Mess per do.	00 00	@ 17 00
Prime	none.	
Pork (fresh)	7 50	@ 9 50
Hams	0 15	@ 0 17
Beef per 100 lbs	5 00	@ 6 50
Mutton—per lb	0 5	@ 0 0
Geese—Each	0 50	@ 0 60
Ducks	0 50	@ 0 60
Turkeys—Each	1 00	@ 2 00
Poultry—Per pair	0 50	@ 0 60
BUTTER—Choice Table	0 25	@ 0 00
No. 1 Firkin	0 22	@ 0 24
No. 2	0 00	@ 0 00
Eggs	0 22	@ 0 25
Apples—per brl	3 00	@ 4 00
VEGETABLES, &c.—Potatoes	0 40	@ 0 40
HAY—Per ton	20 00	@ 25 00
WOOD—Per cord (cubic measure)	3 25	@ 0 00
Mixed Wood	3 00	@ 0 00
Tamarac	2 00	@ 0 00
Soft Wood	2 00	@ 0 00

For Sale or to Let.

TO LUMBERERS.—The subscriber is authorized to receive proposals for lease of the best STEAM MILL SITE on the River Ottawa, below the Chaudiere Falls. Very extensive storage for logs and piling ground. Lumber may be shipped direct from the mill.
R. H. HAYCOCK, Solicitor, Ottawa.
Dec. 19, 1868. 928d

FOR SALE, OR TO LET for a term of years, BELLEGREEN COTTAGE and GROUNDS, say two and a half acres, situate on the Bank of the Rideau River, (Ottawa-st.) The Cottage is built of brick and tin roofed, with a gallery all round. The gardens and grounds are in a high state of cultivation. Large storeroom, stables, granary, coach and ice house, woodsheds, &c., all in the best of order. It is one of the most healthy and comfortable residences for a private family in or about the city of Ottawa. For particulars apply to FRANCIS CLEMOW, Esq.—Office, Sparks-st., near the Russell House—or to the proprietor J. WADSWORTH.
Terms moderate. Possession given at any time to suit parties. 927tf

VALUABLE FARMS FOR SALE.—Lot 21 in the 3rd Concession, Gloucester, Ottawa Front, 200 acres, about 80 cleared and under cultivation, with comfortable Dwelling and good Barn. The bush land is principally hardwood, and very valuable from its proximity to Ottawa. Also, Lot 29, in 3rd Concession, Gloucester, Ottawa Front, containing 200 acres, 20 acres cleared. The remainder of this lot is heavily wooded with hard and soft wood. These farms will be sold separately or together as may be desired. The short distance of only 3 miles from Ottawa makes the wood of greater value. These lands are well watered, of excellent soil, and would make a fine dairy farm. Apply to the Proprietor, C. SPARROW, or to D. O'CONNOR, Solicitor, Ottawa.
Ottawa, Nov. 25, 1868. 908tf

MEMBERS OF PARLIAMENT and others visiting the Capital can be accommodated with board and apartments, single or double, at a first-class Boarding House, within five minutes' walk of the Parliament Buildings. References given if required. Apply to MRS. W. PARDY, Wellington-st., Ottawa. 905-2m

ROOMS TO LET.
MRS. SMITH, Corner of Bank and Albert-sts., can rent TWO FURNISHED BEDROOMS and a SITTING ROOM. 868tf

FOR SALE.—The Westerly one-third of Lot No. 27, in First Concession, Ottawa Front, Nepean, and Lots Nos. 26 and 28, in the same concession, at present in the occupation of Wm. T. Aylen, Esq. For further particulars apply to JOHN and WM. THOMSON, Nepean, and LEWIS & PINHEY, Barristers, Ottawa. Je2-141-tf

Commission Merchants!

DOMINION AUCTION MART,

AND

COMMISSION SALE ROOMS,

HOUSE, LAND AND GENERAL AGENCY,

OFFICE AND SALE ROOMS,

INGLIS' NEW BUILDINGS, SUSSEX-ST.,

OTTAWA.

The subscriber respectfully announces to the inhabitants of Ottawa and surrounding country that at the request of many friends he has decided on opening an extensive and well regulated Auction Mart in this city.

From arrangements made with some of the Furniture Manufactories of Western Ontario, a large and well selected stock of new furniture will be constantly on hand.

Public Sales will be held from time to time, of which due notice will be given, and at which parties requiring to furnish will have an opportunity of purchasing at unusually low rates. The Mart is now open with a large stock of new Furniture, as well as Pianos, Harmoniums, &c., &c., consigned for sale.

The subscriber would also intimate that he is the Sole Agent for Ottawa and territory for the sale of Rappe, Webber & Co.'s celebrated grand Pianos.

They are successors to the late John C. Fox, of Kingston, and the makers of his excellent Pianos.

From their long experience in Germany, Paris, and New York, they are universally admitted to be the best Piano Manufacturers on this continent.

The high reputation of the instruments made by them for the past ten years, and the increasing demand for them in the new Dominion, prove their very superior quality, and universally acknowledged merit.

The Pianos, as well as the Furniture in the establishment, will be sold either by private sale or auction.

He would also announce that he is prepared to receive instructions from persons having household furniture, horses, carriages, or real estate, to dispose of, and pledges himself that nothing will be left undone by him to give satisfaction in discharging the trust confided to him. He hopes that by strict attention to the sales entrusted to his care, as well as by prompt settlements immediately after, to merit a share of public patronage.

He will be in his office from 7 in the morning until 7 in the evening, when he can see parties who wish to arrange about their sales. Consignments from a distance will have immediate attention.

Cash advances, when required, will be made on consignments for immediate sale.

All kinds of furniture bought, sold or exchanged.

REFERENCES.
His Lordship the Bishop of Kingston,
Hon. Sir John A. Macdonald,
Hon. H. L. Langevin, C B,
Hon. Alex. Campbell, P M G,
R. W. Scott, Esq. M P P,
Walter Shanly, Esq. M P
Max. W. Strange, Esq, M P P,
Francis H. Burton, Esq, M P
James O'Rielly, Esq, Q C,
H.V. Noel, Esq, Manager Quebec Bank, Ottawa.
Robert Lyon, Esq, M P P.

A smart young man wanted to act as travelling agent representing several firms.
J. BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer and Commission Merchant,
75 y House, Land and General Agent.

REMOVAL.

The subscribers beg to inform their customers and the public generally that they have removed to those spacious premises lately occupied by M. K. Dickinson, Canal Basin, and where will be constantly on hand the following goods:

FLOUR,
PORK,
OATMEAL, &c.

ALSO ON HAND,

2,000 CORDS OF GOOD FIREWOOD,
and 600,000 sawed SHINGLES.

Wholesale and Commission Agents.

Goods forwarded with despatch between Ottawa, Kingston and Intermediate Ports, by the Steamer *Mary Ann*, and three barges.

☞ *Silver Taken at Par.* ☜

WM. H. EASTON & CO.,
Forwarders and Commission Merchants,
Canal Basin

HORSE INFIRMARY,

AND

VETERINARY ESTABLISHMENT
YORK-STREET, OTTAWA,
Next to Salmon's Hotel.

A. J. F. COLEMAN, V. S
(Member of the College of Veterinary Surgeons Toronto; by appointment, V.S., to the Co. of Carleton Agricultural Society.)

Orders or communications promptly attended to and medicines sent to any part of the Dominion. Charges moderate. 812y

NOTICE.

CROWN LANDS DEPARTMENT,
TORONTO, 10th December, 1868.

The undermentioned lands in the Township of ELMA, in the County of Perth, will be offered for sale, by Public Auction, at the Office of John Sharman, Esq., Crown Land Agent, in the Town of Stratford, at 12 o'clock, noon, on Friday, the Eighth day of January, 1869:

The following, supposed to be Pine Lands, will be offered at an upset price of $3.00 per acre:—

13th Con., Lots 1 (99 acres).
14th " " 3, 4, 5, 27, 28, 29, 31, (100 acres each); 30 (101 acres).
15th " 1 (99 acres); 2, 3, 4, 5, 7, 25 (100 acres each).
16th " " 3, 4, 26 (100 each).
17th " " 1 (90 acres); 2, 22, 23, 24, 26, 29, (100 acres each); 25 (95 acres); 30 (102 acres).
18th " " 25 (72 acres); 26, 27, 28, 29, (77 acres each); 30 (80 acres).

The following supposed to be Marsh Lands, will be offered at an upset price of $1.00 per acre:

13th Con. Lots 20, 22, 24 (100 acres each); 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, (101 acres each).

The above Lands will be sold for Cash without conditions of settlement.

The following, supposed to be Swamp Lands, will be offered at an upset price of $2.00 per acre, payable one-fifth at the time of sale, and the balance in four equal annual instalments with interest, and subject to the usual conditions of settlement, to be declared at the time of sale:

11th Con. Lots 17, 18, 19, 20, (100 acres each).
12th " " 20, 21, 24, (100 acres each); 25 (102 acres).
13th " " 23 (100).
14th " " 33 (100).
16th " " 17 (100 acres).
18th " " 7, 8, (75 acres).

Parties found trespassing upon any of the above mentioned Lands will be prosecuted according to law, and any timber found cut will be confiscated. The Departmental notice of the 14th instant, in regard to the above lands, is hereby cancelled.

S. RICHARDS,
920td Commissioner of Crown Lands.

CANADA.

THE DUKE OF BUCKINGHAM AND CHANDOS TO SIR JOHN YOUNG.

COPY.

CANADA.

DOWNING-ST.,
8th December, 1868.

SIR,—

The Queen has had occasion to observe that the constant progress of the British Empire in population, wealth and enterprize, and the unusual opportunities thus happily afforded to Her Subjects of rendering effective services to their Sovereign and their Country, have in some respects outgrown Her Majesty's means of recognizing those services in a fitting manner. You are aware that with the object of supplying that deficiency, it was found requisite in the year 1847, to enlarge and modify the ancient Order of the Bath; and more recently that Her Majesty has been pleased to create a new Order of Knighthood—the Star of India—for the reward of services rendered in relation to her Indian Empire. The sphere of usefulness and eminence which is now open in the British Colonies is so varied and extensive as to render it, in Her Majesty's judgment, advisable that to them as to India a special form of distinction should be appropriated.

For this purpose Her Majesty has been graciously pleased to sanction such a modification of the Statutes of the Order of St. Michael and St. George, originally instituted by King George III., in connection with His Majesty's Mediterranean Possessions, and now presided over by a Prince of the Blood Royal, together with such an enlargement of its numbers as will render it available as a reward of distinguished merit or services in any part of Her Majesty's Colonial Possessions.

I annex for publication in the Colony under your Government, copies of so much of the new Statutes as prescribes the qualifications for admission into the order and the number of the Knights.

The Queen is confident that this measure will be received by Her Subjects as an evidence of the importance which Her Majesty attaches to Her Colonial Dominions as integral parts of the British Empire, of Her constant interest in their progress and of Her desire that services of which they are the scene or the occasion may not pass without adequate and appropriate recognition.

I have, &c.,
(Signed,) BUCKINGHAM & CHANDOS.
Governor
The Right Honourable,
Sir J. Young, Bt. K. G. C. B. G. C. M. G.
&c., &c., &c.

Extract from the Statutes of the most distinguished order of St. Michael and St. George, dated the 4th December, 1868.

It is ordained, that this most distinguished order shall contain three classes, as in our said letters-patent mentioned, to be styled and designated respectively—

KNIGHTS GRAND CROSS,
KNIGHTS COMMANDERS, and
COMPANIONS.

It is ordained, that the first-class, or Knights Grand Cross, shall not exceed twenty-five in number.

It is ordained, that the second class, or Knights Commanders, shall not exceed sixty in number.

It is ordained, that the third class, or companions, shall not exceed one hundred in number.

It is ordained, that the persons to be admitted into this most distinguished order, shall be such natural-born subjects of our Crown of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, as may have held, or shall hereafter hold, high and confidential offices within any of our Colonial possessions, or such other natural-born subjects of our Crown of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, as may have held, or shall hereafter hold, high and confidential offices, or may render extraordinary and important services to us as sovereign of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, in relation to any of our Colonial possessions, or who may become eminently distinguished therein by their talents, merits, virtues, loyalty, or services, or who now are, or hereafter may be, appointed officers of this most distinguished order.

VULCAN IRON WORKS,

WELLINGTON-STREET,
OTTAWA.

ALEXANDER FLECK, Proprietor and Manager of the VULCAN IRON WORKS, MONTREAL, begs to inform the public of Ottawa and the surrounding Counties that he has purchased the extensive works hitherto owned and worked by T. M. Blaisdell, Esquire, as Founder, Machinist, and Worker in all kinds of Iron Work.

Having made full arrangements to meet the wants of the Trade, he respectfully draws the attention of those about to erect Saw and other Mills, Mill Owners generally, Steamboat Owners, and others, to the facilities offered for the manufacture of such articles as they may require. He will be prepared to receive and execute promptly all orders in his line of business in the best manner and at reasonable prices.

ALEXANDER FLECK.
Ottawa, December 11, 1868. 922d

DOMINION Telegraph Company!

Capital Stock,....................$500,000,

IN 10,000 SHARES AT $50 EACH.

President, HON. WM. CAYLEY.
Treasurer, HON. J. McMURRICH.
Secretary, H. B. REEVE.
Counsel. MESSRS. CAMERON & McMICHAEL.
General Superintendent. MARTIN RYAN.

DIRECTORS.
HON. J. McMURRICH—Bryce, McMurrich & Co., Toronto.
A. R. McMASTER, Esq.,—A. R. McMaster & Brother, Toronto.
HON. M. C. CAMERON,—Provincial Secretary, Toronto.
JAMES MICHIE, Esq.,—Fulton, Michie & Co., and Geo. Michie & Co., Toronto.
HON. WM. CAYLEY,—Toronto.
A. M. SMITH, Esq.,—A. M. Smith & Co., Toronto.
L. MOFFATT, Esq.,—Moffatt, Murray & Co., Toronto.
H. B. REEVE, Esq.,—Toronto.
MARTIN RYAN, Esq.,—Toronto.

PROSPECTUS.

THE DOMINION TELEGRAPH COMPANY has been organized under the Act respecting Telegraph Companies, chapter 67 of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada. Its object is to cover the Dominion of Canada with a complete net-work of Telegraph Lines.

THE CAPITAL STOCK

Is $500,000, divided into 10,000 shares of $50 each, 5 per cent to be paid at the time of subscribing, balance to be paid by instalments, not exceeding 10 per cent per month—said instalments to be called in as the works progress.

THE BUSINESS AFFAIRS OF THE COMPANY

are under the management of a Board of Directors annually elected by the shareholders in conformity with the Charter and By-laws of the Company.

The Directors are of opinion that it would be to the interest of the Stockholders generally to obtain subscriptions from all quarters of Canada, and with this view they propose to divide the Stock amongst the different towns and cities throughout the Dominion in allotments suited to the population and business occupations of the different localities and the interest which they may be supposed to take in such an enterprize.

CONTRACTS OF CONNECTIONS.

A contract, granting permanent connection and extraordinary advantages, has already been executed, between this Company and the Atlantic and Pacific Company of New York; thus, at the very commencement, as the Lines of this Company are constructed from the Suspension Bridge, at Clifton (the point of connection) to any point in the Dominion, all the chief cities and places in the States touched by the Lines of the Atlantic and Pacific Telegraph Company, are brought in immediate connection therewith.

A permanent connection has also been secured with the Great Western Telegraph Company of Chicago, whereby this Company will be brought into close connection with all the Lake Ports and other places through the North Western States, and through to California.

All classes of Society are interested in extending the use of the Telegraph, at LOW RATES, and the Directors are satisfied, that the adoption of a scale of charges considerably below the rates now exacted in Canada, will by encouraging a much more extended use of this medium of communication, not only prove a real and substantial benefit to the public generally, but will also ensure a safe and profitable return to the Investor.

On the 25th day of June, A.D., 1868, the DOMINION TELEGRAPH COMPANY was duly CHARTERED according to law.

The admitted importance and value of Telegraphy, would, in the opinion of the Directors, have rendered any introduction of the Dominion Telegraph Company to the Canadian public unnecessary had it not been that previous attempts to establish Telegraph Companies in Canada, to share the business with the Montreal Company, had been allowed to fail through.

The success of a Telegraph Company will mainly depend on its ability to meet the demands of the public, and consequently it should possess, at least, equal facilities with any other Company, of access to all quarters with which its customers may desire to have communication.

This important requisite has not been, until now, within the reach of any Company entering the field as a competitor with the Montreal Company, in consequence of the close and exclusive connection formed between that Company and the Western Union Company, of the United States, the latter by virtue of certain patents, having until within these two years, monopolized nearly the whole of the telegraph business of the neighboring republic.

The business relations between these two Companies continue in full force, but the patents having run out, the monopoly so long enjoyed by the Western Union has ceased to exist.

The Atlantic and Pacific, the Great Western, and other American Companies have invaded the field, and have become successful competitors for the public patronage and support. These Companies, acting on the cheap postage principle, have forced the old monopolist to a reduction of rates, which has resulted in a more widely extended use of this means of communication, and much to the surprise of the Western Union itself, has increased its profits, whilst sharing its field of operations.

With these new Companies the Dominion Telegraph Company of Canada have entered into most satisfactory business relations, and confident of the soundness of the principle which led to the adoption of the penny-postage system in Great Britain, the voluntary reduction from $100 to $16.65 per ten word message by the Ocean Cable Company, and the successful operations of the Companies recently established in the United States, invite the business and mercantile community of Canada to join them in the promotion of an enterprise, based on the principle of moderate rates and extended business, which, while injuring no one, they confidently expect will result in securing a large return to the investor, and prove a vast benefit to the community.

Allusion has been made to the voluntary reduction of rates by the Atlantic Cable Company. A Chicago paper, writing on the subject of the growing use of the Telegraph, gives the following returns as obtained directly from Cyrus W. Field, showing very conclusively the benefit both to the public and the Company of the reduction of rates.

AVERAGE DAILY RECEIPTS.

From $100 per message of ten words	$2,525
do 50 do do	2,895
do 25 do do	3,965

An advertisement has recently appeared announcing to the public that the rates from 1st September, proximo, will be further reduced to $16.65 per ten words.

The following table shows the reduction which has been effected in rates in the neighboring States arising out of the construction of competing lines:—

From New York to	*Former Rate.*	*Present Rate.*
Boston	$ 60	$ 30
Banger	1 20	65
Portland	90	50
Philadelphia	40	25
Baltimore	70	35
Washington	75	40
Augusta, Me.	1 20	60
Cincinnati	1 90	1 00
Buffalo	75	50
Cleveland	1 95	1 00
Pittsburgh	1 15	45
Louisville	1 95	1 00

This reduction took place in November, 1867. A comparison of the receipts of the Western Union since that period with the corresponding months of the previous year gives the following results:—

Gross Receipts for

December, 1866........$ 551,971 40; December, 1867........$576,135 19; Increase........$ 24,163 79
Jany., Feb., March,'67 1,594,644 96; Jany., Feb., March,'68 1,727,939 55; Increase........ 133,294 59
April, May, June,'67, 1,559,778 79; April, May, June,'68, 1,749,631 52; Increase........ 189,852 73

While these beneficial results were flowing to the Western Union Company from the reduction of rates, the new Companies had created a business more than sufficient to fill their wires. In proof of this the following extract is taken from the report of the Atlantic and Pacific Company, made July 28th, 1868:

"In April last we reached the maximum capacity of our wires, and have since been compelled to refuse business daily. The Committee, therefore, have reached the conclusion from the actual experience of building and working the present lines—that

"Telegraphic business is growing faster than Telegraphic facilities."

As further proof on this point, the low rates have so pressed the wires of both Companies with business through the day, that posters have been placed in all the main offices proclaiming that double the number of words would be telegraphed at night at the same price as half the number of words by day.

In support of the observation quoted above, that telegraphic business is growing faster than telegraphic facilities, the following statement exhibiting the wonderful increase in the use of the wire, within the last six years, cannot be without interest to our readers. The gross earnings of all telegraph lines in the United States for the following years were:—

1846	$ 4,228 77	1864	$3,792,245 40
1849	63,338 98	1865	4,420,268 88
1853	163,860 84	1866	5,624,501 20
1862	2,734,960 40	1867	7,641,552 47
1863	3,269,442 66		

Showing an average increase of a million a year for the last five years.

A comparison of the number of messages, and persons using the wire in Canada and the States, furnishes a further proof of the advantage to the public and corresponding benefit to the Companies arising out of a reduction of rates.

The published returns for 1867, show that 600.757 messages were sent in Canada, while the messages in the United States for the same period exceeded 20,000,000, the former being less than one message to every six persons, the latter, two to every three. From these returns and results it may be reasonably inferred that a reduction of rates to a tariff at which the wires of both Companies can be filled, will secure a fair field and good prospects to the Dominion Company without in any way prejudicing the interests of the Company now monopolizing the ground.

The particulars submitted above are sufficient in the opinion of the Directors to establish the fact that low rates, by encouraging a more general use of the telegraph, are more profitable than high. It is not, however, solely in the light of a safe and good investment that the Directors desire that this enterprise should be viewed. They feel that their object will be but indifferently attained unless they can satisfy the public, the business and commercial men, that ALL who use the telegraph as a medium of rapid communication, are interested in the establishment of what may be called a competing line. As in the administration of public affairs, a strong, watchful opposition, is the best security for good and careful government: so in commercial matters, an honest rivalry in the various pursuits and branches of trade furnishes the best security that the public shall be well served.

To apply the argument to the purpose in hand, the following table showing the inconsistencies, and in many instances, the excessive rates now charged on messages passing between the cities and towns of Ontario, Quebec and the United States, will, it is believed, convince the reader that an honest competition is needed, not only for the reduction and adjustment of rates, but also to ensure that attention and care which would of necessity be enforced on the Companies competing for public favor, and thus tend greatly to promote the general interests of the community.

EXAMPLE OF PRESENT TARIFF RATES, WITH DISTANCES.

			MILES.	CANADA MONEY.
From Toronto	to	Suspension Bridge	82	60c
Do	do	Montreal	333	30
Do	do	Mitchell, Seaforth, Bothwell, Ailsa Craig, Caledonia, Chatham, Dunville, Newbury, Port Burwell, Port Colborne and many other places		40
Do	do	Kingston	160	25
Do	do	Quebec	505	50

Example at present tariff rates to Buffalo, and from thence to the following places, in U. S. currency, which reduced to Canada money at 45 per cent premium, makes the actual cost, as in second column:—

Price Collected at Toronto.	Actual Cost, Both Tariffs.			
To New York .... 80c.	From Toronto to Buffalo			30c
	Buffalo to New York.	50c	Reduced to Canada Money.	35c—$0 65
To Philadelphia $1 05	From Toronto to Buffalo			30c
	Buffalo to Philadelphia.	75c	Reduced to Canada Money.	52c—$0 82
To Washington $1 30	From Toronto to Buffalo			30c
	Buffalo to Washington.	90c	Reduced to Canada Money.	62c—$0 92
To Baltimore $1 30	From Toronto to Buffalo			30c
	Buffalo to Baltimore.	85c	Reduced to Canada Money.	59c—$0 89
To Chicago $1 35	From Toronto to Detroit.			60c
	Detroit to Chicago.	75c	Reduced to Canada Money.	52c—$1 12
To New Orleans $3 65	From Toronto to Buffalo			30c
	Buffalo to New Orleans.	$2 75c	Reduced to Canada Money.	$1 90c—$2 20

NOTE.—The same illustration may be applied to all the places in the United States. Canadians are obliged to pay a profit on the published rates.

Subscription Books will be opened at the Office of the Company, 83 King-st. east, on and after September 1st 1868.

H. B. REEVE,
Secretary.
Toronto, September 29, 1868. 860tf

Medical Cards.

EDWARD C. MALLOCH, M.D., M.R.C.S. Duke-st., LeBreton's Flats, "opposite the well." Office hours from 8:30 to 10:30 a.m., and 3 to 5 p.m.

DR. O. C. WOOD, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Ottawa. Day office opposite Magee & Russell's, Sparks-street, Centre Town Night office at his residence, Maria-street, Centre Town. CANCERS CURED, without the use of the knife, by a new, but certain, speedy, and almost painless process. References given to parties successfully treated, if required. 17w160y

DR. C. LEGGO, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Office—Hunton's Block, Sparks-street.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street, Central Ottawa. 34utf

DR. C. A. MARTIN, Dentist. Office—Sussex-street, over Messrs. Campbell & Co.'s, Grocers. 34utf

DR. GEORGE HUTCHISON, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street, opposite Magee & Russell's. 576y

DR. W. J. HENRY, Corner of Kent and Wellington-streets, Ottawa. 43utf

Hotels and Saloons.

"GOING DOWN TO MONTREAL?"

Put up at the "CITY HOTEL," one of the most comfortable houses in the city.

This Hotel has just been fitted up in a first-class style, and at an enormous expense; its accommodations are of the best kind, it contains 75 rooms, with good yard and stabling for 60 horses. The table is always supplied with all the delicacies of the season. The Bar is also supplied with the very best of Liquors. Besides all that, this Hotel is situated right in the centre of business, near the R.R. Depot, and within a few minutes walk from the Banks and Post Office.

Terms are exceedingly moderate. Try once and you will be satisfied.

☞ Remember the Place "City Hotel," 78, 80 and 82, St. Joseph-street, Montreal.

CHARLES LAURIN,
853tf Proprietor.

PICKWICK HOUSE,
Corner James and King-sts.,
Opposite the Court House and Public Offices, ST. CATHARINES, Ont.
E. HOUGHTON, Proprietor,
(Late of Houghton's Dining Saloon.)
☞ A spacious sample-room for commercial travellers. 859y

OTTAWA HOUSE.

Corner of Main and Prince of Wales-streets Pembroke, Ontario.

Stages in connection with the steamers *Jason Gould, Pembroke* and *Pontiac.*

Particular attention paid to the comfort of guests. Good rooms for commercial travellers. Horses and vehicles always on hand.

J. COPELAND,
Proprietor.
Pembroke, Aug. 1, 1868. 809y

TORONTO HOUSE, Sparks-st.

MRS. TROTTER begs to announce that she has at present several commodious and handsomely furnished suites of apartments, in every respect eligible for civil or military officers, or private gentlemen remaining in the city. 773tf

REVERE HOUSE, OTTAWA.

G. A. BUCKE, W. H. SANGER, } ....PROPRIETORS.

This first-class Hotel has been re-furnished and refitted throughout, and now combines all the requisites of a first-class establishment. 582tf

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,
M. KAVANAGH, *Proprietor,*

Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings.

The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brandsin Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.

☞ Oysters, Game etc., daily

THE METROPOLITAN,
AUMOND'S BLOCK,
Rideau Street Ottawa.
292tf P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.

DOMINION HOUSE,
WELLINGTON-STREET.

The undersigned, formerly head waiter at the Russell House, begs to notify his friends and the public generally that he has leased the above hotel, which is now well furnished, and will be kept as a first class house. The bar is well stocked with the choicest brands of liquors. The table will be furnished with the best the market affords. Good yard and stabling attached to the premises.
658y GEORGE IRVINE.

Miscellaneous.

H. B. TACKABERRY, Auction Rooms No. 36, Rideau-street, below Whyte's Stationery Store. The sale of Real Estate at Auction or private sale promptly attended to. Consignments received and immediate attention will be paid. Sales attended in any of the city or country. 699y

R. SPARKS, Provincial Land Surveyor, Draughtsman, &c., (commissioned for Upper and Lower Canada.) Office and residence, Gloucester, near Ottawa. Surveys of every description executed with accuracy. Communications addressed Ottawa City, (post-paid), or left at the office of N. Sparks, Solicitor, &c., Ottawa, will receive prompt attention. 55 y

S. BILLINGS, Jr., Architect, Elgin street opposite the Post Office.
REFERENCES.—H A Sims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany; Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq Managing Director O. & St. L. R.R. 746t

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale.
OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

O'CONNOR & WALLER, Exchange Brokers, Fire, Life and Accidental Insurance, Commission and Collecting Agents.
Office, No. 27, Sussex-street, Ottawa.
R. E. O'CONNOR. 378y W. H. WALLER.

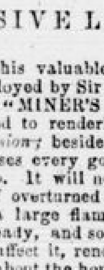
OLIVER & ANNABLE, Wholesale Manufacturers of Bedsteads, Chairs, &c., Chaudiere Island, Ottawa, C. W.
JOHN OLIVER,
506y WILLIAM ANNABLE.

R. H. McGREEVY, Contractor and Builder. Office: North side York Street, second door from Sussex Street. 78y

PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS, &c.,

Prepared for buildings of every description, by SIDNEY B. FRIPP, Architect,
711tf Wellington-st.

D. R. LEAVENS,
AGENT FOR THE
NEW METALLIC



"NON-EXPLOSIVE LAMP,"

Now offers to the public this valuable improvement. The principle employed by Sir Humphrey Davy, in his celebrated "MINER'S SAFETY LAMP," is strictly adhered to rendering it safe from the *possibility of explosion;* besides this most important feature it possesses every good quality that is desirable in a lamp. It will not break if dropped upon the *floor.* If overturned no oil will escape. It will carry a large flame without smoking; this flame is steady, and so protected that currents of air do not affect it, rendering it a convenient lamp to carry about the house, and is not liable to get out of order. The lamp is made of metal and cannot be broken, hence no danger from that cause.

THE CLAIM FOR THIS LAMP IS

First—Absolute safety under all circumstances.
Second—Greater light with less consumption of oil.
Third—Beauty and perfection of finish.
Call and see them at the

OIL DEPOT, 73 SUSSEX-ST.,

☞ Sign Red Oil Barrel.

D. R. LEAVENS.

COAL! COAL!

NEWCASTLE GRATE,
(Screened.)
LACKAWANNA,
(Egg and Stove Sizes.)
LEHIGH,
(Lump and Egg Sizes.)
BLACKSMITH'S,
$6 per Chaldron.

For Sale by
D. W. COWARD & CO.,
Commission Merchants,
912-3m Office—17 Sparks-st.

Legal Cards.

MACPHERSON, KENNEDY & CHRISTIE, Barristers, &c., Lang's Block, Elgin-st., Ottawa.
J. P. MACPHERSON, G. KENNEDY, A. J. CHRISTIE.

J. W. W. WARD, of the late firm of Lewis Pinhey & Ward, has removed his Chancery Office to Bell's Law Chambers, opposite Russell House, Elgin-st. dw

NICHOLAS SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

E. A. MARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 902y

MOSGROVE & TAILLON, Barristers, Solicitors, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.
WILLIAM MOSGROVE. 366tf GEORGE TAILLON.

N. TETREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post Office. 390tf

LAPIERRE & HAYCOCK, Attornies-at-Law, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers and Notaries Public, Corner of Sussex and York-streets, Ottawa. 368y

D. O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c, Sussex-street. Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 55y

R. H. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Post Office Building, Elgin-street, Ottawa. 43utf

P. J. BUCKLEY, L.L.B., Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, and Notary Public. Office—over Mr. Luke Cunner's Boot and Shoe Store, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 334y

LEES & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. Office—In the Court House, Ottawa.
ROBERT LEES. 43utf JOHN J. GEMMELL.

EDWARD T. DARTNELL, Barrister, Solicitor, Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the Court House, L'Orignal. 34-6m

Educational.

MUSICAL ACADEMY.

Mr. GUSTAVE SMITH, (Organist of the Cathedral) a Graduate of the Imperial Conservatory of Paris. Lessons on Piano and Singing. Rideau-street, corner of King-street
Ottawa, June 23, 1868. 775y

PIANO-FORTE TUITION.

W. C. CLARK, Professor of Music and Teacher of Piano, Voice and Harmony. Also, Mrs. Clark, Teacher of Drawing and Painting. Music Rooms and Residence, O'Connor-street, corner of Slater-street, Centre Town.

Orders may be left at his residence or at Orme & Son's Music Store. 452

TUITION.

MONS. H. BERTHELOT, of the Ottawa Grammar School, is now prepared to give private lessons in the French language. Terms moderate.

N. B.—Will also give lessons in the Latin, Greek or English languages if required.

Orders may be left at Messrs. Durie & Son's bookstore.

Ottawa, October 16, 1868. 873tf

THE SISTERS

OF THE

CONGREGATION DE NOTRE DAME,

FROM MONTREAL,

respectfully inform the public that they will open a branch of their

Educational Establishment in Ottawa.

Their classes will begin on the 15th OCTOBER. For particulars and terms apply to the
LADY SUPERIORESS,
868tf Corner of O'Connor and Maria-sts.

Druggists.

HOLIDAY PRESENTS

AT

THE MEDICAL HALL,

28 Sparks-st., Ottawa.

Toilet Boxes in variety,
Rimmel's New Perfumes,
Cambridge Bouquet,
Oxford Bouquet,
English Lavender Water,
Silver Top Smelling Bottles,
Scotch Plaid Smelling Bottles,
Improved Perfumed Distributors,
&c., &c., &c.

A complete stock just received of Toilet Articles, Patent Medicines,

Genuine Drugs and Chemicals,
Druggists' Sundries of all descriptions.
W. M. MASSEY,
Family and Dispensing Chemist.

Dye Works.

BRANCH OF
ST. LAWRENCE DYE WORKS,
Elgin-st., (*Opposite the Russell House,*) Ottawa, Ont.

MACDONALD & CO.,
SILK AND WOOLLEN DYERS,
Scourers, Hot Pressers, &c.

☞ Gentlemen's Clothes cleaned and dyed. Kid Gloves cleaned. 894-3m

OTTAWA CITY

STEAM DYE WORKS,

Sussex-st.,

SIGN OF THE GOLDEN SHEEP,

Opposite Martineau's Store,

Has not removed to Centre Town, but can be found at the above address.

Great reduction in prices for cleaning or dyeing. All kinds of Wool, Cotton, Silk, &c., done at reduced rates.

No use of sending goods to Montreal.

☞ Encourage home manufactures.

LETHAM & BRUNAIS,
876tf Sussex-st.

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer has now been before the public for a length of time, and whenever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Dealers are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying to the universal satisfaction it gives

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it Physicians order and use it; and no family will without it after once trying it.

Price twenty-five cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, C. W.,
General Agents for C. W

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, H. F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J. Brown, in Ottawa.

GEO. MAYES,
COPPER PLATE PRINTER,
Bank Street, Centre Town,
Between Sparks & Queen Streets.

Bills of Exchange, Bill Heads, Visiting Cards, &c., Printed on the shortest notice.

TENDERS

Addressed to the undersigned for seating Bank-street Church, will be received on or before SATURDAY, the 8th JAN., 1869. Specifications and a Model of the Seats can be seen at the House of MR. WM. HUTCHISON, Maria-st.

WM. TAYLOR.
Jany. 2, 1869. 939-3

Railroads.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY COMPANY OF CANADA.

1868.] WINTER ARRANGEMENTS. [1869.

Trains now leave BONAVENTURE STATION as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburg, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at........ 9:10 a m
Night do do do do 8:30 p m
Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at........ 7:00 a m
Trains for Lachine at........8:00 a m, 9:30 a m 3:00 p m, 5:00 p m.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations at........ 7.00 a m
Express for Boston at........ 8:40 a m
Express for New York and Boston at........ 3:30 p m via Vermont Central.
Express for New York via Plattsburgh, Lake Champlain, Burlington & Rutland at 3:00 p m
Express for Island Pond, at........ 2:00 p m
Night Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham and Portland, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St. Hilaire, St. Hyacinthe, Acton, Richmond, Sherbrooke, Waterville and Coaticook only, at........ 10:10 p m

☞ Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains. Baggage checked through.

The steamer *Carlotta* leaves Portland every SATURDAY AFTERNOON (after the arrival of train from Montreal on Friday night), for Halifax, N.S., returning on Tuesday.

She has excellent accommodation for passengers and freight.

The International Company's Steamers, running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway, leave Portland every MONDAY, at 5 p m, for St. John, N.B.

Tickets issued through at the Company's principal stations.

For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure Station:

C. J. BRYDGES, Managing Director.
Montreal, Dec. 7, 1868.

CHANGE OF TIME

ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY,

(formerly the Ottawa & Prescott Railway.)

ON and AFTER MONDAY, the 30TH of NOV., 1868, and until further notice, TRAINS will run as follows:

LEAVE OTTAWA.	ARRIVE IN PRESCOTT.
Express, 8 a. m.	10.30 a. m.
Mixed, 1.00 p. m.	4.15 p. m
LEAVE PRESCOTT.	**ARRIVE IN OTTAWA.**
Mixed, 7. 30 a. m.	11.00 a. m.
Express, 2.10 p. m.	4.45 p. m.

The time of these Trains has been so arranged as to ensure connection with night and day trains on Grand Trunk, east and west.

Baggage to and from Ottawa checked through from and to stations on Grand Trunk Railway

Return tickets to Prescott, Kemptville and Ottawa at reduced rates can be had at the principal stations on the line.

T. S. DETLOR, Superintendent. THOMAS REYNOLDS, Managing Director.

N. B.—The above trains all run by Montreal Time.

Ottawa, Nov. 27, 1868. 1y

BROCKVILLE & OTTAWA RAILWAY.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT,
Commencing on the 20th April, 1868.

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

7:15 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Brockville daily at 7:15 a.m., and 3:15 p.m., arriving at Sandpoint at 12:40 p. m. and 9 p.m.

LEAVE SANDPOINT.

5:15 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Sandpoint at 5:15 a.m. and 1:30 p.m., arriving at Brockville at 11:30 a.m. and 7:45 p.m.

All trains on main line connect at Smith's Falls with Trains to and from Perth.

The 7:15 a.m. train from Brockville connects with U. F. Coy's Steamers for Ottawa, Portage-du-Fort, Pembroke, &c., &c., and the 1:15 p.m. train from Sandpoint leaves after those steamers are due from east and west.

H ABBOTT,
Managing Director.
Brockville, April 11. 472y

TO FARMERS & OTHERS.

TRADE O. A. A. & Co. MARK.

Farmers and others should buy their TEA and COFFEE from

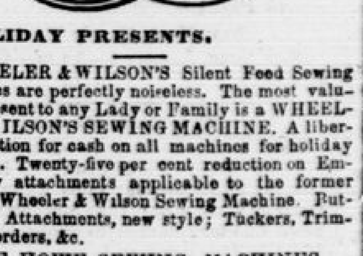
A. O. AUDY & CO.,

who are daily receiving by direct importations Tea and Coffee of the finest quality. Their business is conducted on the English principle, and the above named articles can be procured in 5 and 10 pound catties and upwards. The purchaser receives the benefit of a neat package, a good article, and at wholesale prices. Perfect satisfaction is ensured, and any goods not proving according to sample can be returned at our expense. We will pay the carriage on 4 five or 2 ten lb catties to the nearest railway station. For the accommodation of farmers and others not having heard of the advantage offered them, we have engaged trustworthy agents who will make occasional trips throughout the surrounding country and solicit their orders. Any favors submitted to them will receive prompt attention. We do not sell less than a cattie, and nothing but Tea and Coffee sold. The following is the list of prices:

BLACK TEA.	
Common Congou, Strong Tea	$0 45 @ 50
Fine Flavoured New Season do	0 55 @ 60
Excellent Full Flavoured do	0 75 @ 80
Sound Oolong	0 40 @ 45
Rich Flavoured, do	0 55 @ 60
Very Fine, do do	0 75 @ 80
Japan Good	0 50 @ 60
Very Good	0 65 @ 70
Finest	0 75 @ 80
GREEN TEA.	
Twankay, Common	0 35 @ 40
Fine do	0 55 @ 60
Young Hyson	0 50 @ 60
Fine do	0 75 @ 85
Superfine and Very Choice	1 00 @ 00
COFFEE.	
Mocha	$0 22, 0 27, 0 29, 0 33
Java	0 20, 0 25, 0 29, 0 32
Ceylon	0 18, 0 22, 0 26, 0 29

Remember the place,
A. O. AUDY & CO.,
Elgin-st., opposite the Russell House.

Sewing Machines.



HOLIDAY PRESENTS.

WHEELER & WILSON'S Silent Feed Sewing Machines are perfectly noiseless. The most valuable present to any Lady or Family is a WHEELER & WILSON'S SEWING MACHINE. A liberal reduction for cash on all machines for holiday presents. Twenty-five per cent reduction on Embroidery attachments applicable to the former style of Wheeler & Wilson Sewing Machine. Button Hole Attachments, new style; Tuckers, Trimmers, Corders, &c.

THE HOWE SEWING MACHINES are best for Carriage Trimmers, Shoemakers and Tailors.

Call and see for yourselves; no trouble to show you how they sew.

Remember 37, Sparks-st., Ottawa; and 105 King-st., West Toronto.

G. A. WALTON, *Agent for Ontario,*
R. W. STEPHEN,
930tf *Manager for Ottawa Office.*

ENLARGED PORTRAITURE

OF

EVERY DESCRIPTION

BOTH

COLOURED AND PLAIN,
COLOURED AND PLAIN,
COLOURED AND PLAIN,

AT

W. NOTMAN'S, METCALFE-STREET.

TO TOURISTS.—The largest collection in the Dominion of Photographs of Canadian Scenery
Ottawa, Sept. 7, 1868. 682y

Agencies.

PROVINCIAL INSURANCE.

MALCOLM CAMERON,
AGENT,.................Desbarats's Buildings,
Office of Queen's Printer,

An entirely Canadian institution—perfect security to insurers, and immediate payment of claims.
Ottawa, Dec. 8, 1868.

UNION MUTUAL

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY
OF MAINE.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, 13th October, 1868.

No. 16.

The following Insurance Company has received a license to transact the business of Life Insurance in Canada:

No. 34. The UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, of Maine.
Deposit in U. S. 6s of '64—$50,000.
B. R. CORWIN, General Agent, St. John, N.B.
For the Minister of Finance,
JOHN LANGTON,
Auditor.

I have this day deposited with the Receiver General, Twenty Thousand Dollars in addition to the above Fifty Thousand, making Seventy Thousand Dollars ($70,000) U. S. Gold Bonds.

The Hon. Col. John H. Gray, M.P., has been appointed Counsel to the Company for the Dominion. All legal matters will be referred to him.

B. R. CORWIN.

Ottawa, November 5, 1868.

ROYAL CANADIAN BANK.

OTTAWA AGENCY,

OFFICE—DESBARATS' BUILDINGS,

77 Sparks-st.

M.P. HAYES, Agent.

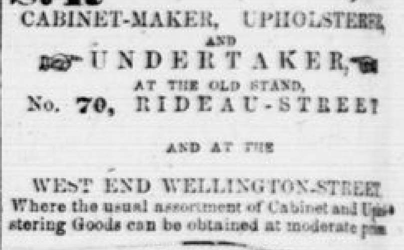
WATCHES.

J. SEWILL, LIVERPOOL.

Manufacturer by special appointment to HER MAJESTY THE QUEEN, ROYAL FAMILY, AND COURT OF SPAIN, THE RIGHT HONORABLE THE LORDS COMMISSIONERS OF THE ADMIRALTY, AND HER MAJESTY'S QUEEN VICTORIA'S ROYAL NAVY:

Prize Medalist of the Great International Exhibition of London, 1862, and of the Universal Exhibition of Paris, 1867.

WE HEREBY APPOINT
MR. JOHN LESLIE,
Sparks-street,
Agent for Ottawa and Vicinity
For the sale of these *celebrated Timekeepers.*
H. & A. SAUNDERS,
Montreal
Sole Wholesale Agents in the Dominion for sale of *J. Sewill's* Watches.
Ottawa May 20.



S. ROGERS,
CABINET-MAKER, UPHOLSTERER,
AND
☞ UNDERTAKER,
AT THE OLD STAND,
No. 70, RIDEAU-STREET
AND AT THE
WEST END WELLINGTON-STREET
Where the usual assortment of Cabinet and Upholstering Goods can be obtained at moderate prices.

UNDERTAKING.

The Undertaking branch is under S. R.'s immediate superintendence, who attends all Funerals without Extra Charge, and has constantly on hand a large assortment of Ready-made Coffins, of all sizes and qualities:
METALLIC, BLACK CLOTH, COBOURG, &c.

Parties ordering Mahogany, Walnut, Oak or other Hardwood Coffins, may rely on getting a genuine article, (no stained Butternut sold for Walnut.)

Persons desirous of keeping their deceased relatives for a few days, or even a week, can do so without the least possible inconvenience by applying to S. Rogers, who has had over 20 years' experience in the above branches, and feels confident of giving satisfaction.

N.B.—The Undertaking Branch will be found second to none in Ottawa.

Express Waggons always ready for the removal of Furniture.

RESIDENCE—At the West End Establishment, Wellington-st.

Ottawa, September 4, 1868. 83

Hardware.

HARDWARE:

AT

THOS. ISAAC'S, CENTRE TOWN

PLOUGHS, CULTIVATORS,

IRON, COAL,

SHELF & HEAVY HARDWARE,

NAILS, ROPE, CHAINS,

and a general assortment of House-furnishing, Cornices, &c., at the lowest cash prices to be found in the Ottawa market.

ALSO,

STOVES, all patterns and sizes, for coal and wood, from the Prescott, Kingston, Toronto, Hamilton and Montreal Foundries, with drums, pipes, furniture, &c., the cheapest to be had in town.

PARODEE'S EPILEPTIC CURE,

For the relief and cure of Epilepsy, St. Vitus Dance, Puerperal Hysteria, &c., &c. This preparation is from the recipe of a celebrated French Physician, and the very great success which has attended its use in every case, and where the highest medical skill was of no avail, has induced the subscriber to give it every possible publicity. The genuine has the subscriber's name and address on each bottle. Price one dollar. Sole Proprietor, J. A. HARTE, Chemist, 396, Notre Dame-street Montreal.

Harte's Florida Water, equal to anything imported, Price 37½ cents per bottle. 789y

RANDALL & MONTGOMERY,

PLAIN, ORNAMENTAL AND DECORATIVE PAINTERS,
AND PAPER HANGERS,

Chaudiere and Hull. (Shop next to R. R. Booth's Store, Chaudiere.) House, Sign, Villa and general painting executed on the most reasonable terms. Ceilings and walls distempered in colors to suit. Fresco work of all kinds to order.

References permitted to the following gentlemen: A. H. Baldwin & Co., J. R. Booth, Esq., R. R. Booth, Esq., Rev. Mr. Johnson, Hull; Rev Mr. Pinkey, Ottawa; Mr. Haycock, Architect.
August 26. 829-6m

SATCHELL BROS.,

By appointment
BUTCHERS TO HIS EXCELLENCY SIR JOHN YOUNG.

Superior Stall Fed Beef. Lamb, Mutton and Veal in season.

N.B.—Also spiced, rolled and rounds of Beef, and sugar-cured Hams and Bacon, cured in the English style.

930-3m No. 7, Lower Town Market, Ottawa.

NOTICE.

Application will be made at the next Session of the Legislature of Ontario for an act to incorporate the CALEDONIA PEAT MANUFACTURING & SMELTING COMPANY, with powers to construct a Canal or Railway from some point in the Township of Caledonia to the navigable waters of the Ottawa or South Nation Rivers, and to authorize the Municipality of Caledonia to grant to the said Company so much of the road allowance between the first and fifth concessions as may be required for the manufacture of Peat fuel. 883

THE TIMES is printed and published by THE OTTAWA TIMES PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY, at the Office, 38, Sparks-st., Centre Town, Ottawa. JAMES COTTON, Managing Director. ALEX. ROBERTSON, Editor.

VOL.

The undersigned ... thank her friends for their liberal patronage ... examine her fine stock ... TRY, FISH, salt ... FRUITS, PORK, &c. Also, a very fine lot of ...
Wellington-st.

GARDENER'S BAKING ...

TEN ...

The Trade supplied ... prices.
Ottawa, December ...

HORSE INFIRMARY ... VETERINARY ... YORK-STREET ... A. J. F. CO...

JONES & HOLL... Have to hand ... *Children's Books, Planchette* ... *Penny Readings,* Post Office Block, ...

NEW PUBLIC... CHRONICLE ... H. BEAUMO... Price, 50 cents. 936tf

BOARD. Five or six gentlemen with or without board ... Hill, within ten minutes ... Buildings, by applying ... Ottawa, October 10

TIGHT BINDING

Agencies.

...NCIAL INSURANCE.

...ALCOLM CAMERON,

............Desbarats's Block

Office of Queen's Printer,

Canadian institution—perfect security and immediate payment of claims.

...Dec. 8, 1868. 919tf

...MUTUAL

...NSURANCE COMPANY, OF MAINE.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, Ottawa, 12th October, 1868.

...ing Insurance Company has received ... transact the business of Life Insurance ...

...he UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSUR... ...PANY, of Maine. ... U. S. 6s of '81—$50,000. ...WIN, General Agent, St. John, N.B. For the Minister of Finance JOHN LANGTON.

...day, deposited with the Receiver ...enty Thousand Dollars in addition to ...ny Thousand, making Seventy Thou... ...($70,000) U.S. Gold Bonds ... Col. John H. Gray, M.P., has been ...unsel to the Company for the Domin... ...al matters will be referred to him. B. K. CORWIN, Manager. ...vember 7, 1868. 99tf

... CANADIAN BANK.

...TTAWA AGENCY,

...—DESBARATS' BUILDI...

77 Sparks-st.

M.P. HAYES, Agent.

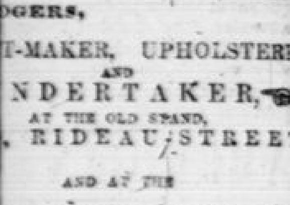
...ATCHES.

...ILL, LIVERPOOL,

...acturer by special appointment to ...STY THE QUEEN, ROYAL FAMILY, AND COURT OF SPAIN, ...T HONORABLE THE LORDS COM... ...ONERS OF THE ADMIRALTY, AND ...STY QUEEN VICTORIA'S ROYAL NAVY.

...list of the Great International Exhib... ...f London, 1862,—and of the Uni... ...rsal Exhibition of Paris, 1867.

...T APPOINT MR. JOHN LESLIE, Sparks-street, Agent for Ottawa and Vicinity ... of these celebrated Timekeepers. H. & A. SAUNDERS, Montreal. ...sale Agents in the Dominion for ...neill's Watches. May 20. 74ly



...DGERS, ...T-MAKER, UPHOLSTERER, AND ...NDERTAKER, AT THE OLD STAND, ... RIDEAU-STREET AND AT THE ...END WELLINGTON-STREET, ...sual assortment of Cabinet and Uphol... ...s can be obtained at moderate prices.

UNDERTAKING.

...rtaking branch is under S. R.'s imme... ...intendence, who attends all Funerals ...ra Charge, and has constantly on hand ...rtment of Ready-made Coffins, of all ...alities: ..., BLACK CLOTH, COBOURG, &c. ...rdering Mahogany, Walnut, Oak, or ...ood Coffins, may rely on getting a gen... ... (no stained Butternut sold for Wal...) ...esirous of keeping their deceased rela... ...few days, or even a week, can does ...least possible inconvenience by apply... ...ers, who has had over 20 years' ex... ...the above branches, and feels confident ...tisfaction. ...e Undertaking Branch will be found ...e in Ottawa. ...aggons always ready for the removal ...CE—At the West End Establishment ...eptember 4, 1868. 838y

Hardware.

...WARE! AT ...SAAC'S, CENTRE TOWN, ...UGHS, CULTIVATORS, IRON, COAL, ... & HEAVY HARDWARE, NAILS, ROPE, CHAINS,

...al assortment of House-furnishing ..., at the lowest cash prices to be found ...n market. ALSO, ...patterns and sizes, for coal and wood ...escott, Kingston, Toronto, Hamilton ...Foundries, with drums, pipes, &c. ...e cheapest to be had in town.

...EE'S EPILEPTIC CURE,

...ef and cure of Epilepsy, St. Vitus' ...eral Hysteria, &c., &c. This prepar... ...the recipe of a celebrated French ...d the very great success which has ...e in every case, and where the high... ...ill was of no avail, has induced the ...ive it every possible publicity. The ...e subscriber's name and address on ...Price one dollar. Sole Proprietor, ..., Chemist, 396, Notre Dame-street. ...rida Water, equal to anything im... ...37½ cents per bottle. 783y

...L & MONTGOMERY, ...AMENTAL AND DECORATIVE PAINTERS, ...D PAPER HANGERS, ...Hull. (Shop next to R. R. Booth's ...re.) House, Sign, Villa and general ...ated on the most reasonable terms. ...walls distempered in colors to suit. ...all kinds to order. ...ermitted to the following gentlemen: ...& Co., J. R. Booth, Esq., R. R. Booth, ... Johnson, Hull; Rev Mr. Picket, ...aycock, Architect. 829-6m

...L BROS., By appointment TO HIS EXCELLENCY SIR JOHN YOUNG. ...ll Fed Beef, Lamb, Mutton and ... spiced, rolled and rounds of Beef, ...d Hams and Bacon, cured in the ... 7, Lower Town Market, Ottawa.

...n will be made at the next Session ...ure of Ontario for an act to incorpo... ...LEDONIA PEAT MANUFACTUR... ...LTING COMPANY, with powers to ...anal or Railway from some point in ...of Caledonia to the navigable waters ... or South Nation Rivers, and to au... ...unicipality of Caledonia to grant to ...any so much of the road allowances ...at and fifth concessions as may be ...e manufacture of Peat fuel. 885tf

...S is printed and published by ...AWA TIMES PRINTING AND PUBLISH... ...ANY, at the Office, 38, Sparks-st ...Town, Ottawa. JAMES COTTON ...g Director ALEX. ROBERTSON

The Times

VOL. IV. NO. 942. OTTAWA, THURSDAY, JANUARY 7, 1869. PRICE—3 CENTS.

Groceries.

THE undersigned takes this opportunity to thank her friends and the public in general for their liberal patronage, and solicits a call to examine her fine stock of GROCERIES, POULTRY, FISH, salt and fresh, VEGETABLES, FRUITS, PORK, &c., all to be disposed of cheap. Also, a very fine lot of PARTRIDGES.

MRS. L. E. GOULIN,
Wellington-st., opposite Hall's Confectionery

GARDENER'S

BAKING POWDER.

In 1 lb. Packets for 25 cents. | And 6 Packets for $1.25.

TEN REASONS

Why it Should be Used in Preference to all Others:

1st. Bread or Cakes made with it are more wholesome than if made with Yeast or any other process.

2nd. Its purity is such that it will stand the test of the most perfect analysis.

3rd. After having been extensively used for the last 14 years in not one instance has it failed to give entire satisfaction.

4th. Families that have used it pronounce it the best, and will use no other.

5th. It contains no Saleratus, nor does it impair the digestive organs like those powders where Soda or an excess of Alkali predominates.

6th. It never gives to Bread or Cakes an unpleasant Alkaline or mawkish taste.

7th. The ingredients that form its composition are more beneficial than otherwise.

8th. Dyspeptic subjects can eat hot Bread or Rolls made with it and derive benefit by its use.

9th. Every Packet contains its full weight; one pound packets weigh 16 ounces.

10. It is all that it is represented to be, namely:

Unrivalled for Purity and Cheapness.

Sole Agents for Ottawa,

J. G. ROBINSON & Co.,
The Tea Pot.

The Trade supplied at the Manufacturer's prices.

Ottawa, December 10, 1868. 886-6m

MONTREAL WAREHOUSE,
SUSSEX-STREET.

The undersigned have now COMPLETED their

FALL IMPORTATIONS,

COMPRISING A

GENERAL AND SELECT STOCK

OF

FAMILY GROCERIES,

WINES, LIQUORS,

AND PROVISIONS, &c., &c.

JAS. MARTIN & CO.

Ottawa, November 27, 1868. 657y

HORSE INFIRMARY,

AND

VETERINARY ESTABLISHMENT
YORK-STREET, OTTAWA,
Next to Salmon's Hotel.

J. F. COLEMAN, V. S
Member of the College of Veterinary Surgeons Toronto; by appointment, V.S., to the Co. of Carleton Agricultural Society.)

Orders or communications promptly attended to and medicines sent to any part of the Dominion. Charges moderate. 812y

Publications.

JONES & HOLLAND

Have to hand another supply of

Children's Books,
Planchette Fortune Tellers,
Miss Braddon's Last Novel.
The British Workman,
Penny Readings,
Tiny Libraries, &c., &c.

Post Office Block, Jan. 4, 1869.

NEW PUBLICATION.

CHRONICLES OF CANADA.

BY

H. BEAUMONT SMALL, S.C.L.

Price, 50 cents. For sale by the publisher,

936tf GEORGE E. DESBARATS.

BOARD.

Five or six gentlemen boarders can get rooms, with or without board, in the vicinity of Sandy Hill, within ten minutes walk of the Parliament Buildings, by applying at the Office of this paper.

Ottawa, October 10, 1868. 868tf

Dry Goods.

HICK & CO.

Have removed to their NEW STORE, in Stewart's Block, Corner of Rideau and Sussex-sts., where they will offer, in connection with their goods,

$30,000 WORTH OF DRY GOODS

Purchased at Public Auction lately, from the immense Bankrupt Stock of the late firm of DESMARTERY, JORDAINE & CO., of Montreal, and sold on account of T. JAMES CLAXTON. The goods are all new and of very superior quality, being imported expressly for a fashionable Montreal trade; and, as they have succeeded in purchasing the goods far below the sterling cost, they are prepared to offer bargains never before offered in this city. The following are some of the lines of goods offered, viz.:

		s. d.		s. d.
100 pieces	different qualities Black Silks........			
80 do	Single width plain Wincey	5	worth	0 8
100 do	Fancy, single width Wincey	7½	"	1 0
62 do	Double width plain Wincey	7½	"	1 0
80 do	Double Delaines.....	7½	"	1 3
70 do	do Poplin........	7½	"	1 0
150 do	do Cobourg......	7½	"	1 3
150 do	Assort'd Dress Goods	9	"	1 6
33 do	Empress Reps........	1 6	"	3 0
60 do	Bl'k French Merino	1 6	"	3 0
75 do	FancyColors—your choice for.........	2		
300 do	Black Empress Rep only..............	10	"	2 0

Also, a splendid assortment of
Hannibal Cloths — Oriental Lustres
Livini Poplins — Alberteena Cloths
Princess Alexandra Embossed Poplins
Mandarin Lustres — Eugenia Reps, &c.

1,000 doz. FRINGED TOWELS, all Linen,......................6d each.

SHAWLS.

35 Filled Shawls.
83 Shepherd Long Shawls
101 Fancy, all wool Longs
167 Assorted Square Shawls.

COTTONS.

120 pieces Grey Cotton, 1½ yards wide, for......6 d
160 do Bleached Horrocks and Millars........6½d
165 do Good Prints ....4 d
303 do Best English Prints, Heyle's and Ashton's.............................6½d
159 do French Calicos, in choice patterns...8 d

CLOTHS.

		s. d.		s. d.
20 pieces	Waterproof..........	3 9		
80 do	Double Width Overcoating..........................	2 9	worth	7 6
35 do	Scotch Tweed..............	2 6	do	5 0
100 do	Canadian Tweed.........	1 3	do	2 6
100 do	Full Cloth, very heavy..	2 9	do	3 6

Also, a splendid lot o

BROAD CLOTHS, BEAVERS,

Witneys, Mantle Cloths,

BLACK DOES, &c., &c., &c.,

at correspondingly low prices.

85 PIECES DOMINION TWEED,

Something New—one of the heaviest cloths made—*at a great sacrifice.*

1,000 doz. TABLE NAPKINS, all Linen, only 6s 3d per dozen.

SHIRTS! SHIRTS! SHIRTS!

1,000 Flannel Shirts, only..............2 6
200 White Cotton Shirts, only......3 9
500 Under Shirts, only.................3 3
300 Hespler's heaviest make, Ribbed ....5 0 worth 8 9

Paper Collars—100 collars for 3s 9d.

500 pieces 2¼-yards wide Linen Sheeting..................................3 3 worth 5
5 do 2-yards wide, Union Sheeting.............................1 7 do 2
81 do Table Damask and 300 Damask Table Cloths, at a frightful sacrifice.

☞ Also, Red and White Flannels, Canadian Shirting Flannels, Hoop Skirts, Crash Towellings, Irish Linen, Clouds, Breakfast Shawls, Hemp Carpets, &c., &c.

☞ CORSETS, 2s 6d. ☜

Blankets—A large lot of slightly damaged Blankets for about half price.

1,000 Linen Bags, 1s, worth 1s 6d; 40 cases Men's Heavy Boots, very low; 3 cases Men's Heavy French Calf, 12s 6d. Also, a heavy stock of Gentlemen's Clothing.

$3.50...................................... OVERCOATS.
4.00......................................heavy OVERCOATS.
90 cts. up.....................................PANTS.
50 cts. to $1.25..............................VESTS.
$8.00,.........Black Broadcloth.........FALL SUITS.

A large staff of polite and attentive salesmen will be in readiness to wait on customers.

H. HICK & CO.

☞ Customers will please report any inattention on the part of salesmen.

AT CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S

The greatest novelty of the season is the

BOULEVARD FELT UNDERSKIRT,

Unsurpassed for

BEAUTY, ECONOMY & DURABILITY

AT

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S

No. 14, RIDEAU-ST.

REMOVAL

TO

NO. 34, SPARKS-ST.

T. RAJOTTE

having removed to more commodious premises, takes pleasure in announcing to his numerous customers and the public generally that he has now a large and well selected stock of

STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS,

consisting of

Flannels — Black Cloths
Winceys — Beaver Cloths
Cottons — Meltons
Prints — Tweeds
&c., — &c.

We have also on hand a large assortment of READY-MADE CLOTHING, which, being manufactured on the premises, we can recommend, and sell cheaper than any shop in this city.

THE TAILORING DEPARTMENT.

This department is under the superintendence of a well-known first-class cutter and workman. All orders punctually attended to.

☞ Don't forget the place, No. 34, Sparks-st. Store lately occupied by G. Fetherston & Co., next door to Magee & Russell's old store.

883y T. RAJOTTE.

FLOWER BULBS.

Shipped per *Hibernian*, and to arrive in a few days, a very superior assortment of

HYACINTH, TULIP AND OTHER FALL BULBS.

These Bulbs will be found superior to anything yet imported.

WILLIAM HEARN,
Market Drug Store,
York-st.

Ottawa, October 17, 1868. 874tf

Groceries.

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS

—FROM—

OPORTO, SPAIN, COGNAC

AND LONDON,

Consisting of

PORT, SHERRY, BRANDY, GIN AND SCOTCH WHISKEY, &c.

PICKLES, SAUCES, JAMS & JELLIES &c., &c., &c.,

FROM CROSSE & BLACKWELL.

—LIKEWISE,—

A FULL assortment of FRESH FRUIT, the BEST in market.

TABLE and Cooking RAISINS, CURRANTS, &c.

FLAVOURING EXTRACTS and SPICES—Genuine.

PRESERVED and CAN FRUITS, assorted to suit the holiday season.

ALMERIA GRAPES, FRESH FIGS and PORTUGUESE ONIONS.

50 TINS NEW HONEY, in 5 lb. and 8 lb. tins.

200 STILTON CHEESE, 6 lbs. to 8 lbs. size, from Reesor Brothers' celebrated factory.

SHERRY WINE—Good Table Wine—$1.25 to $3.00.

PORT WINE—Good Table Wine $1.50 to $4.50.

ALL KINDS of GENUINE LIQUORS. Price according to age and quality.

100 BOXES DIGBY HERRINGS—large boxes at 75 cts. each.

LABRADOR HERRINGS, the very best, in barrels and half barrels.

10 CASES SCOTCH LING—Good.

TEAS—Black, Green and Japans—Warranted Good, and selected for family use.

SUGARS and SYRUPS of all grades.

COFFEES—Always Fresh—Best Brands—Try them.

TOBACCOS—The Finest Qualities—Virginia make in cut, tin foil and plug.

A GENERAL assortment of the different kinds of *GROCERIES AND LIQUORS* on hand, Wholesale and Retail, at the *LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICES* for Warranted Goods. A trial of the articles will recommend them.

For sale at

THOS. PATTERSON'S,
No. 26, Rideau-street.

Ottawa, November 27, 1868. 878

JUST RECEIVED,

AT THE

INDIA WAREHOUSE,

No. 16, RIDEAU-ST.,

And for sale cheap, by

D. T. BROWNE & CO.,

Wholesale and Retail

Grocers, Wine and Spirit Merchants,

FRESH OYSTERS, in Tins,
PRESERVED OYSTERS do
FRESH HALIBUT do
FRESH SALMON do
FRESH MACKEREL d
FRESH LOBSTERS do
GREEN PEAS do
LEMON, GINGER, ORANGE,

Banana, Peach, Blackberry, Raspberry and Strawberry Syrups.

RASPBERRY VINEGAR,
FRY'S Chocolate and Cocoa,
MOTT'S Cocoa Paste,
MORTON'S Bloater Paste,
TOMATO and other Catsups
ANCHOVY Paste,
STRASBURGH Meats,
POTTED Beef and Tongues
PRESERVES and Jellies in great variety,
ORANGE Marmalade,
MORRISON, TAYLOR & Co.'s

Celebrated Sugar Cured Hams and Breakfast Roll Bacon.

PICKLED Salmon,
PICKLED Mackerel,
PICKLED HERRINGS,

In Half Barrels, Barrels and Tierces,

DRY Codfish,
DRY Haddock,
FINNAN Haddies, &c., &c.,

And a full stock of Choice Family Groceries.

Ottawa, Nov. 3, 1868.

BOTTLED ALE,

BOTTLED ALE,

BOTTLED ALE.

The subscriber would called the attention of Families and others to his

FINE BOTTLED ALE

Which is in splendid condition. Also,

SCOTCH, IRISH, OLD RYE,

And other Malt Whiskies,

PORTS, SHERRIES, BRANDIES, GIN, &c.,

To ether with a General Assortment of

FIRST-CLASS GROCERIES.

A call [illegible]dly solicited.

D. WHELAN,
44, Rideau-street,
Opposite Allan's Crockery Store

Ottawa, Jan. 20, 1868.

NEW YEAR'S GIFTS & PRESENTS

AT THE VARIETY HALL.

Notwithstanding the large quantities of goods disposed of previous to Christmas there is still on hand a good supply for New Year's in

GLASSWARE

Of Every Description.

Toy Tea Sets, Misses' Tea Sets,
Mottoed Cups and Saucers,
Moustache Cups,
Bohemian Glass Decanters,

Children's Cups and Mugs, Toys, and an endless variety of every description of Glassware suitable for the season.

A few cases of CUT DECANTERS at $1.50 per pair.

Hotel-keepers bear in mind that the Variety Hall furnishes the best Decanters and Tumblers of any House in the Dominion.

J. BOYDEN.

Dry Goods.

Shewing This Day.

GRANT & HENDERSON,
No. 20, Rideau-st,

Are offering an extensive Stock of

DRESS GOODS.

WINCIES,

SHAWLS and

BLANKETS,

☞ AT THE LOWEST CASH PRICES. ☜

N. B.—An extensive assortment of genera DRY GOODS always in stock.

LATEST STYLES AND FASHIONS.

INSPECTION INVITED.

No. 20, Rideau-st.

CLOTHING,

CHEAP AND FASHIONABLE,

READY-MADE AND TO ORDER.

O'MEARA & CO.,

ESTABLISHED IN 1844,

Offer for sale an extensive importation of FALL AND WINTER GOODS, comprising Ready-made Clothing, Canadian Tweeds, Etoffes, Satinetts; also a large stock of Blankets, Flannels, Kerseys, Gray Cottons, Prints, Winceys, Plaids, &c., &c.; Broadcloths, Beavers, Witneys, Petershams, Devons, &c.; Bedford Cords, Silk Mixtures, West of England Tweeds, Doeskins, &c., wholesale and retail, which will be made up to order on the shortest notice in the latest styles of fashion and at prices that

DEFY COMPETITION.

☞ A general assortment of Dry Goods, the largest stock ever offered for sale in this city.

$1.25 BLANKETS $6.00.... $3.00

TAILORING DEPARTMENT.

Particular attention given to the Tailoring Department, which is under the supervision of a first-class cutter.

$2.........................GREY ETOFFE PANTS,
$4.50.....................GOOD PEA JACKETS,
$4..............................OVERCOATS,
$9..............................COMPLETE SUITS,
$1..............................GOOD VESTS,
75 CTS., $1 and $1.25......UNDERSHIRTS,
75 CTS., $1 and $1.25 ....DRAWERS

A. DUFF. O'MEARA & CO.
Ottawa, October 27 1868. 882y

GIVING UP BUSINESS.

LAST MONTH.

Ladies wishing to have SKIRTS made any particular shape or size to fit them will please leave their orders at once, as the skirt makers will be paid off by Christmas.

A large lot of HOOP SKIRTS still on hand which will be sold without any regard to cost during this month.

140 dozen CORSETS yet on hand, every size and shape; will be sold at very low prices.

A large lot of KNITTED GOODS still remaining. Breakfast Shawls, Sontags, Clouds, Hoods, &c.

HOSIERY and GLOVES very cheap.

Four dozen Ladies' SATCHELS at half price.

A few of those Black Quilted Skirts yet on hand at reduced prices.

Hair Nets, Corse Clasps, &c.

Also, three of Raymond's Improved Family Sewing Machines at $10, former price, $12.

CITY HOOP SKIRT FACTORY,
43 Sparks-st., Centre Town.

N.B.—Any party wishing to commence the Skirt Manufacturing Business can purchase all the requisite machinery and materials at much below cost by calling on MR. MILLAR at the factory.

Confectionery.

ENGLISH BUNN HOUSE,

SUSSEX-ST.

G. BARTLETT

Begs most respectfully to remind his patrons that he has provided for the CHRISTMAS HOLIDAYS an increased assortment of Paris and home manufactured presents; also the undermentioned goods all manufactured on the premises.

Rich Fruit Cakes, plain and ornamented.
Plain, Citron, Raisin, Seed, Princess, Sponge and Lady Cake, Gold and Silver.
Candies of every description.
Italian Creams and Pyramids.
Jellies and Blanc Mange and Wine Jellies.
Charlotte Russe.
Jellied Turkeys, Chickens, &c.
Chocolate, Walnut and Fig Creams.
Salads of every description.
Crystalized Dates and Figs
Wedding Cakes, ornamented to any design on the shortest notice.
Supper Parties, Balls or Assemblies supplied on reasonable terms.
Private Parties furnished on the shortest notice.
Oyster Patties, Mince Pies and Mince Meat.
A large assortment of Pure Sugar Hollow Toys.
IMPORTED GOODS DIRECT FROM LONDON AND PARIS.
Choicest Selected Bonbons, Gelatine, Silver and Gold Paper, Scented, Snapping and Plum.
A splendid assortment of Cornucopias, Boxes and Toys.

The proprietor need only say that all the above articles can be obtained at his establishment, and from the reputation it has gained for itself is a sufficient guarantee for the quality of the articles.

City and country stores supplied on reasonable terms.

G. BARTLETT, 37 Sussex-st.

N.B.—Muffin and Crumpets fresh every day during the season. 920d

CONCENTRATED LYE.

CAUTION TO THE PUBLIC.

The remarkable success which has attended the introduction of the celebrated Concentrated Lye into Canadian market, by the subscriber, has excited the cupidity of an unprincipled firm in town (which has already been convicted of borrowing other people's brains) by a spurious imitation called Saponifier. To avoid disappointment, purchasers should be careful to ask for Harte's Concentrated Lye, which is sold by all respectable Druggists and Grocers in town and country. 783y

Medical.

PAIN KILLER!

A PURELY VEGETABLE MEDICINE

TAKEN INTERNALLY, CURES

Sudden Colds, Catarrh, Coughs, Bronchitis, Asthma, Fever and Ague, Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, Acid Stomach, Headache, Heartburn, Indigestion, Canker in the Mouth, Throat or Stomach, Sick Headache, Sea Sickness, Piles, Kidney Complaints, Canker Rash, Cramp and Pain in the Stomach, Painter's Colic, Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Summer Complaint, Cholera Morbus, Cholera Infantum and Cholera.

APPLIED EXTERNALLY, CURES

Scalds, Burns, Frostbites, Chillblains, Erysipelas, Ringworms, Whitlows, Boils, Old Sores, Sprains, Bruises, Toothache, Headache, Neuralgia in the Face or Head, Pains in the Side, Pains in the Back and Loins, Rheumatism, Rheumatic Gout, Neuralgic or Rheumatic Pains in the Joints and Limbs, Stings of Insects, Scorpions, Centipedes, and the Bites of Poisonous Insects and Venomous Reptiles.

At this season, when coughs and colds are so prevalent, an effectual remedy, and one easily obtained, is *Perry Davis' Vegetable Pain Killer.* It is no new nostrum, vended by unknown agents, but has stood the test of over 20 years; and those who use the article, internally or externally, will connect with it grateful recollections of its worthy inventor.—*Hastings' Chronicle, C.W.*

PAIN KILLER.—The testimonials borne to the efficacy of this valuable medicine are sufficient to warrant its introduction into every house. Our own opinion is that no family should be without a bottle of it for a single hour. In flesh wounds, aches, pains, sores, &c., it is the most effectual remedy we know of. A bottle will last for a very long time, and its low price places it within the reach of all. Our readers will remember that the Messrs. Perry Davis & Son have opened out a house in Montreal, whence Canadian orders are supplied.—*News, St. Johns, C.E.*

☞ We are glad to learn that the "Pain Killer" is having so large a sale in our city. We have every reason to believe it to be an almost never failing cure for pain, and is a medicine that no family should be without.—*Montreal Pilot.*

In an attack of Diarrhœa, Dysentery or Cramp Colic, don't delay the use of the Pain Killer.

Rev. H. L. Van Meter, Burmah, writes, "The Pain Killer has become an almost indispensable article in my family."

Hundreds of missionaries give similar testimony of its virtues.

Rev. J. G. Stearns writes, "I consider it the best remedy for Dyspepsia I ever knew."

Rev. Jabez S. Swan says, "I have used it for years in my family, and consider it an invaluable remedy."

We cheerfully add our testimony in favor of this medicine.—*Roman Citizen.*

We have tasted this medicine and assure our readers that it not only possesses all the virtues claimed for it, but in many instances surpasses any other remedy which we have ever known.—*Herald of Gospel Liberty.*

It is really a valuable medicine. It is used by many physicians.—*Boston Traveller.*

I have used Davis' Pain Killer, and consider it an indispensable article in the medicine box. It has effected cures in Diarrhœa, and for cuts and bruises it is invaluable.—*New York Examiner.*

Spoken of in terms of high commendation by both druggist and physician.—*Philadelphia Eagle.*

The Pain Killer is sold at wholesale by druggists and medicine dealers, and commission merchants, in the principal cities, and retailed by Apothecaries, Grocers and at Variety Shops generally, throughout the world. Price, 15 cents, 25 cents and 50 cents per bottle.

PERRY DAVIS & SON,
Manufacturers and Proprietors, 380 St. Paul-st., Montreal, P. of Q.
78 High-st., Providence, R. I.; 71 Southampton Row, Holborn, London, England.
DAVIDSON & DANIEL, GENERAL AGENTS

MORTIMER'S

INFALLIBLE REMEDY

FOR

CHOLERA,
DIARRHŒA, and
BOWEL COMPLAINTS.

The following extract, which Mr. Mortimer is kindly permitted to publish, is from the letter of a relative of Dr. Wolfe, of this city, now residing in the United States:

"Find out if the Express charges are too high, and if not, arrange with Mortimer to let you have a box of the bottles of CHOLERA MIXTURE, I could make a good little fortune with them. The bottle I brought with me here brought two ladies round from decided cholera; one on board the boat, and the other in Berlin, United States. Both commenced with diarrhœa, then with dysentery, and then vomiting. The one at Berlin was very bad. I gave her three doses of the Cholera Mixture, the third of which stopped the vomiting. The next day she was all right, or nearly so. She was very grateful. I have now only a little left."

☞ This excellent mixture, which should be in every family, is only

TWENTY-FIVE CENTS A BOTTLE.

NONE OTHER GENUINE.

TRADE MARK REGISTERED

CANADIAN COUGH EMULSION.

This valuable medicine has the extraordinary property of immediately relieving Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Difficulty of Breathing, Tightness in Chest, &c., &c. It operates by dissolving the congealed phlegm, causing free expectoration, and an agreeable moistness to the skin.

Sold in Bottles at 1s. 3d. and 2s. 6d. Each.

MORTIMER'S COMPOUND ANTIBILIOUS

AND

FAMILY APERIENT PILLS,

A grand specific for derangement of the Digestive Organs, and for obstructions and torpid action of the Liver and Bowels.

Mortimer's Vegetable Worm Destroyer,

The only sure remedy that exists, combining delicious taste and amazing power.

MORTIMER'S

Colonges, Pomades, Toilet Vinegar, Rose Dentifrice, for the Teeth and Gums. Also constantly on hand Perfumes of all kinds, and Toilet Requisites usually kept in a first-class establishment.

No. 41 Sussex-st., Ottawa City.

DARLEY'S ARABIAN HEAVE REMEDY and CONDITION MEDICINE is positively superior to any, or all other preparations for the cure of Heaves, Coughs, Thick and Broken Wind, and all diseases which affect the wind of horses; also, as a Condition Medicine, surpassing everything of the kind, is easy to give, sure to cure and safe in all cases and at all times, and does not prevent the horse from being worked while using it.

It cleanses the breathing apparatus, by removing from the air-cells the coagulable lymph, or that secretion which in heaves clogs them, causing a difficulty in breathing, and by its action on the diseased part, causing the mucous membrane to resume its natural dimensions, thus equalizing the circulation of the blood, and restoring the distended vessels to their natural size; by its use the horse's appetite is improved, all derangements of the digestive organs corrected, softening the skin, and giving to the coat a sleek and shining appearance.

D. W. HURD, successor to HURD & Co., Maiden Lane, New York, Sole Proprietor for the United States.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, Ont., Proprietors for Canada.

Price 25 cents. Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, Henry F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J. Brown, in Ottawa. 889-45-6m

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CONSUMPTION

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PANCREATIC EMULSION.

See *The Lancet, British Medical Journal, Medical Press, &c.*

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Medical Press, &c., Feb. 26, 1868.

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THE BEST FOOD FOR INFANTS, resembling Mother's Milk as closely as possible.—Dr. H. Barker *on right foods for children.*

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"A REAL IMPROVEMENT (*Lancet*) on the ordinary kinds of LIEBIG'S FOOD," and the only one that keeps good in all climates.

No boiling or straining. Tins, 1s, 2s, 5s and 10s.

SAVORY & MOORE,
143, New Bond-st., London.

STOLEN from my premises one NOTE OF HAND against one ALEX. STEWART, of Cumberland, in the County of Russell, Ont., and I hereby forbid any person of purchasing the same.

ROBERT HAMILTON, Cumberland.

Cumberland, January 4, 1869. 940-1w!

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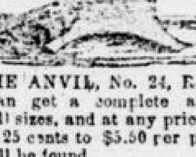

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The celebrated Sheffield Club,
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Together with

PAINT OF ALL COLORS,

Rose Pink, Burnt Umber,
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P. S.—All goods delivered free to any part of the city 408y

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No more difficulty in putting stovepipes together. They will fit like a glove, and can't fall apart By this new invention STOVEPIPES may be fitted into each other with the greatest ease, and here will be

NO NEED OF WIRING UP,

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Any person can put them together with the expedition of a practised tinsmith.

They will be sold at the low price of

FIFTEEN CENTS PER LENGTH.

The undersigned having bought the exclusive right for the City of Ottawa and County of Carleton, from Mr. Y. K. REID, respectfully invites the public to call and examine them, being fully persuaded that all who see them will refuse to buy any other kind.

C. P. DORION,
58 Sparks-st.,
Opposite British Lion Hotel.

Ottawa, October 14. 871.3m

S. SAFE: S. SURE: S. SUCCESSFUL.

Such is the character given of every stove sold during the past year at the

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,

35 Sussex-street, Ottawa,

H. MEADOWS & CO.

We beg to notify the public that our stock for the season is now complete; our

STOVES

are of the latest and most improved patterns, and the most extensive assortment shown in Ottawa.

COOKING STOVES, of the good old-fashioned kind,
COOKING STOVES, of the latest and most modern designs,
PARLOR STOVES, for elegance of design cannot be surpassed.
BOX & HALL STOVES, that are unrivalled for heating purposes,
DOUBLE STOVES, the best in use,

HOTEL STOVES, large and extra strong made, expressly for Hotel and Boarding Houses, complete with large Copper Water Reservoirs and Plate Warmers. We call special attention of Hotel Keepers to these stoves, they will last as long as any six ordinary stoves. See them and judge for yourselves. Price lists sent free on application.

COOKING STOVES, DOUBLE STOVES,
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PARLOR STOVES, COAL STOVES,
BEDROOM STOVES, DUMB STOVES,
STOVEPIPES! ELBOWS! STOVEPIPES
Common, Bright and Russia Iron,

and everything in the Tin, Sheet Iron and Copperware Line, on hand or made to order.

Hot Air Furnaces, Eave Troughs, Building Job Work and Repairs attended to punctually. We keep none but the best and most experienced mechanics.

HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS,

of every description in stock, suitable for the smallest family, or the largest hotel.

ARE YOU GOING TO BE MARRIED?

If so, call and see our large assortment of necessary House-keeping Goods, suitable for Kitchen, Dining Room, or any room in your house.

YOUNG MAN, see that your house is well furnished with useful articles before you spend your money in mere showy ornamental things.

IRON BEDSTEADS, LAMPS,

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Brass and Enamelled Kettles, Tinware, Toilet Setts, Baths, Flour Sieves, Brushes, Dish Covers, Table Mats, Sad Irons, Table Cutlery, Tea and Table Spoons, Preserve Jars, Mincing Knives, Wash Tubs and Boards, Refrigerators, Egg Beaters, Cruet Stands, Ash Pails, Table Bells, Tea Trays, Tea and Coffee Pots, Soup Tureens, Jelly and Pudding Moulds, &c., &c., &c., &c.

COUNTRY MERCHANTS

Supplied with

STOVEPIPES AND TINWARE,

At reduced figures,

CAMP KETTLES, SHANTY PLATES,

AND BASINS,

BIRD CAGES! BIRD CAGES! BIRD CAGES

All of the above at the

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,

street, Ottawa.

62y H. MEADOWS & CO.

PUBLIC NOTICE

Is hereby given that the Map or Plan and Book of Reference of the Canada Central Railway Company, from the City of Ottawa to its junction with the Line of the Brockville and Ottawa Railway Company, have been deposited in the office of the Department of Public Works, and a copy of such parts of the Map or Plan and Book of Reference, as relate to the County of Carleton, has been deposited in the office of the Clerk of the Peace for the County of Carleton, and a copy of such parts as relate to the County of Lanark, has been deposited in the office of the Clerk of the Peace for the County of Lanark.

Dated this Tenth day of August, 1868.

W. R. WORSLEY,
C. C. Rly.

OLD ENGLISH PIRATES.

The British choral boast of "ruling the waves" is a very old one. We can trace it back to sturdy bloodthirsty ancestors among the old vikings who never sought shelter of a roof, who had no other kingdom to rule than the sea. Sea kings who shouted their songs in the midst of the tempest,

The force of the storms helps the arms of the rowers,
The hurricane is carrying us the way we would go.

Almost all the information we possess of our piratical old ancestors, the wave-rulers of a thousand years since (for the lines about "the flag that's braved a thousand years the battle and the breeze," are singularly correct in their chronology) we derive from the Sagas, or songs of the Skalds, a collection of strange wild stories of adventure in verse of measured prose, by the Scandinavian bards. The profession of pirate, or viking, was held highly respectable, and not disdained by men of the highest rank. The qualification for the service was the performance of some exploit of personal prowess, which should entitle a man to the confidence of a band of champions as their commander. The law of bravery laid down for the followers themselves was not unlike that hinted at in the old schoolboy's rhyme—

Two skinny Frenchmen.
And a Portugee,
One jolly Englishman
Whacked all three.

It was understood that a man ought to beat a single enemy, that he ought to make a respectable appearance against two enemies, and to show fight against three; but that it would not be disgraceful to run away from four. Each viking governed his champions in his own way, gaining greater fame in proportion as his regulations were more strict and rigorous than those of his compeers. For example. Half and Hesrolf, both sons of a Norwegian king, took to the profession. Hesrolf had a number of ships which he manned indiscriminately with serfs and freemen, ruling them mildly. Hesrolf was beaten by almost every opponent. His brother Half had only one ship, but he picked twenty-three king's sons for his companions, requiring each as a test of strength to lift a mighty stone which twelve ordinary men could scarcely stir. He forbade to his champions the society of women and children; he made them bare themselves to the fiercest of tempest, and would not allow them to dress their wounds in battle till victorious. For nearly twenty years Half was the terror of the Western Seas, with a reputation of never having been vanquished in fight. So stringent was his discipline that when returning home his vessel overladen with plunder and nearly foundering in sight of the Norwegian shore, the crew drew lots who should cast themselves into the sea to save their viking his cargo. The losers jumped overboard withouth a murmur, so that the ship, relieved of their weight, came safe to land.

The viking could govern his vessel as a clever rider controls his horse. It was required of him to be able to run along the oars while they were in motion, and to throw three javelins to the mast-head catching each alternately in his hand without once missing. He was not afraid of going out of sight of land, and never thought of coming to anchor when clouds hid the stars. True, he had no compass, but there was always a cast of hawks or ravens on board, and when in doubt about the direction in which land lay, he had only to loose one of these, satisfied that the bird would instinctively make for the nearest shore. Whither the bird flew he steered. It was all one to the viking what land he reached, so long as it was land and not his own land; for his aim was plunder, and his creed was, where there is habitable land there is sure to be that. The birds seem to have had an unfortunate propensity for leading these gentlemen to Ireland and Britain. Ireland, indeed, appears to have been the first of the British islands favoured with the visits of the northern marrauders, and Johnstone mentions a significant fact in connection with their visits. "The fertile Erin," he says, "was long the great resort of Scandinavians, who, from the internal dissensions of the natives, gained considerable footing." Poor Ireland! She was suffering from Fenians even in those days. However, by way of compensation, Ireland became a sort of Paris to the vikings, in setting the fashions; for they took to aping Irish manners and talking Celtic, until the celebrated Irish King Brian Boru drove them out of the country early in the eleventh century, and made the Irish unpopular with the vikings.

It cannot be concealed that that these rulers of the waves were a terrible set of ruffians. Not content with simple plunder, they butchered alike those who submitted to their outrages, and those who resented them, showing mercy neither to age nor sex. Believing themselves the avengers of Odin against disciples of all other religions, they were especially severe on the clergy, putting them to death with tortures, and burning their churches, as Scott says, "to light the way to their barks again." Doubly terrible was the viking when "berserker." This was a violent kind of frenzy with which he was liable to be seized, attributed by various writers to intense excitement of the imagination, or to the use of stimulating drugs or drinks. In this state he became dangerous to friends and foes; he would foam at the mouth and vent his fury against trees and rocks; he would swallow red-hot coals and throw himself into the fire. If at sea when the fit came on, he would often slaughter half his crew and destroy his shipping before his companions could land him at some desert island, there to tear up the tree by the roots and commit all manner of havoc upon inanimate nature until, his strength exhausted, he would lie senseless and prostrate, then wake up recovered. Almost all the great vikings became "berserker" at times. Indeed, when a sea-king received any deadly insult from an enemy that he could not avenge, it seems to have been a point of honour that he should become "berserker" on the spot.

Halfdan was a king of Sweden and a viking besides. He had seized the crown from Sivald, and slain Sivald and his five sons, all in a state of "berserk" madness. When Hartben the sea-king came up with twelve champions to attack him, Halfdan offered to fight him and his entire crew single handed. This insolent proposal inflamed Hartben with such awful fury that he immediately became "berserker," and killed six of his own champions in the fit. He then rushed on Halfdan with the remaining six, but he and they all fell dead beneath the terrific blows of Halfdan's mace. The viking's first vessel was nothing better than the trunk of a large tree hollowed out by fire like Robinson Crusoe's boat, and called "holk," a word still surviving in our language as "hulk." The British Museum contains a specimen of one of these ancient holks, found on the Sussex coast. But in process of time the viking became master of a much larger vessel, carved and painted and fashioned into the form of some fantastic monster, usually that of a dragon. Such was Rolf's famous ship called the "Dragon Grimsnoth." Often as their vessels were wrecked in the fierce North Sea storms, the hardy pirates who survived would yet defy the tempest, and even the gods themselves, holding on their course, as the Sagas say, "along the track of the swans."

A viking would marry occasionally three or four wives; but would seldom waste time on courtship. He evidently regarded it professionally. When he heard of a lady possessed of beauty and wealth, he would fit out his vessel and demand her of her father. Should the misguided parent refuse the honour of becoming his father-in-law, the viking burnt him out of his house, and returned with his bride, his vessel laden with all the spoil he could conveniently lay hands upon, by way of dowry. An unwilling father had no alternative but consent or fight. Regnald, a Norwegian king, who had refused the peremptory demand of Gunnar the Swedish viking, for his daughter Moalda, not only set himself instantly on the defensive, but hid the princess and all his treasures in a mountain cavern, determined to baffle his enemy, even if beaten. But Gunnar came with a fleet of vessels, and, after a fierce battle, killed the king, and contrived to find out the place of Moalda's retreat. He returned to Sweden with his bride and her treasures, and the Skalds sang his praises in the Kianesinga Saga.

Here is a love story from the Volsunga Saga. Hagbath and his three brothers, all of them sea-kings and sons of the King of Drontheim, sailing together in the North Sea, met the fleet of the sons of the Danish king Sigar. They fought, of course. The battle lasted all day, and at night was still undecided. A circumstance of frequent occurrence among the vikings then happened: each contending party becoming suddenly impressed with the bravery of his opponent, the weapons fell from their hands in mutual approbation of each other's valour; and, having sworn eternal fidelity—ratifying the treaty by mingling blood drawn from each other's veins in token of indissoluble union—the Danish princes invited their enemies of an hour before to visit the court of their father. Hagbarth and his brothers enjoyed the hospitality of King Sigar for many days; but, during their sojourn in Zealand, Hagbarth gained the heart of the king's daughter, the Princess Signa. The Danish princes, however, refused him her hand, contrary to their father's inclination, on the ground that he was not their equal in birth. Hagbarth and his three brothers, in defiance of their treaty, immediately hewed the Danish princes in pieces before their father's eyes, and fled. But Hagbarth found existence insupportable separated from her to whom he had pledged his troth. Disguised as an old woman, he returned to Zealand, and obtained admission to Signa's chamber. He swore to live or die only by her side. A courtier recognized him as Hagbarth, and, notwithstanding his becoming "berserker" and performing prodigies of valour, he was overpowered by numbers and taken prisoner. Some of the council of nobles who tried him were for sparing his life, and proclaiming him the husband of Signa, on account of his bravery; but by sentence of the majority he was condemned to be hanged, and that by a rope made of "widdie" (twigs), for the greater digrace. They brought out Hagbarth to be executed before the window of the princess's apartment, in order to add the greater sting to his punishment. But Signa, who had vowed not to survive her lover, set fire to her chamber and perished in the flames. When Hagbarth saw this proof of her devotion, he besought his executioners to hasten his death, that he might the quicker rejoin her faithful spirit in the Halls of Valhalla. The passion for maritime adventure seems to have animated the female breast into rivalry with the opposite sex, for many ladies of high birth exchanged the veil for a heavy coat of linked armour and a brazen helmet. Placing themselves at the head of a band of pirates, they became Skjold-Meyar, Maidens of the Shield, distinguished as much for bravery in battle as for chastity and gentleness at home.

The wooing of a sea-queen was a hazardous business. Laying siege to her heart or attempting to captive her affections was completely futile. The only way was to blockade her in some narrow bay, and engage her in single combat. Generally as in the case of Alfhilda, the chaste and beautiful Ortrogoth princess, there were a couple of notable champions guarding her person, who had first of all to be disposed of. Alfhilda's lover, a young sea-king, slew these two in single combat. But Alfhilda was not so easily won. Clothing herself and her maidens in ring mail, and joining her crew of pirates, she embarked in her swiftest vessel, and gave Alf a year's long chase. One after another Alf conquered every ship of her fleet, and then blockaded his mistress in the Gulf of Finland. She came out to fight. Alf's grappled the maiden's ship, boarded it, and after a terrific hand-to-hand encounter with the queen herself, he clove Alfhilda's helmet with his axe, disclosing her beautiful features and long flowing hair. The sight of her beauty was too much for her adorer. He presented her his weapons; for he could fight no more. Alfhilda, doubly conquered by the valour and generosity of her lover, married him on the spot, while Alf's best champions availed themselves of the opportunity to take the sea-queen's maiden attendants to wife. For the whole of the year, in anticipation of some such result, Alfhilda had carried a priest on board to perform the ceremony.

The legend of Wayland, the smith, who forged the viking's most treasured swordblades, of such admirable temper that they would cut through rock or iron, without losing the edge, is too familiar for repetition; but it may be mentioned, in connection with a strange legend of the old sea-kings, that Wayland had married one of the Valkyriur, or Choosers of the Slain. This was, however, probably no more than a mythological way of stating how keen were Wayland's swordblades, and how fatal in use. The Valkyrur of the Sagas correspond to the Fates of the Greeks. These fatal sisters chose and foretold those who should fall in battle. They carried Odin's message of invitation to the warriors he loved best, to meet him in Walhalla and they poured out the ale and mead for the solace of the heroes who sat round Odin's board. They visited the slain at sea in the form of swans, and carried the hero's soul straight to the line where the sea and sky meet, into Odin's presence, and into the halls of Walhalla.

The vikings found plenty of employment for the fatal sisters, for some of their battles were on a tremendously large scale, and resulted in fearful slaughter. At the naval battle of Bravalla, between Harald Golden Teeth, and Sigurd-Ring, the usurper of the Swedish throne, all the sea-kings and the Maidens of the Shield ranged themselves on one side or the other. Sigur-Ring's fleet alone is said to have consisted of two thousand five hundred ships, and the number is not considered to be exagerated, taking into account the small capacity of the little barks employed. There were seventy-four champions in the Danish fleet, while the Swedes boasted of ninety-six sea-kings, supported by all the picked archers of Norway. Harald, with fifteen kings and thirty thousand of his Danes, was slain, and the Swede bought his victory at a cost of twelve thousand of his bravest warrior. The tumulus which marks the burial place of the slain is said to be still pointed out. "We did not permit the ravens to be in want of food," says the Skald, "those who were slain became the prey of the ravens. We hew'd with our swords."

MESSRS. YOUNG & RADFORD having secured the services of first-class working jewellers in etruscan, filagree, plain, fancy and solid gold work, and having made large additions to their work shop are now better prepared to execute any orders with which they may be entrusted than heretofore. Masonic jewels, gold and silver medals, and every kind of jewellery repaired.

CARPETS AND HOUSE FURNISHINGS.—Parties about to furnish will find a large and choice assortment of carpetings and house furnishings, cheap, at Garland, Mutchmor & Co's. Carpets made and laid with despatch.

For fine bog oak brooches and ear rings in sets, see Young & Radford's new lot, just received, and selling at the very low price of only 90 cts. per set.

JEWELLERY.—All kinds of jewellery, of the latest designs, and at the cheapest rates, can be bought of Young & Radford, Sparks-st.

Try Gardner's Baking Powder. See advertisement. 887.6m

Dr. Wistar's Wild Cherry Balsam.—This balsamic compound has become a home fixture. Let all who suffer, and have in vain attempted to cure their coughs, colds, bronchial or pulmonary complaints, make use of this unequalled remedy. It can be relied upon, the mass of testimony that has been published since its introduction, being ample proof of its efficacy.

The most unhappy person in the world is the dyspeptic. Everything looks dark and gloomy; he feels "out of sorts" with himself and everybody else. Life is a burden to him. This can all be changed by taking Peruvian Syrup (a protoxide of iron.) Cases of 27 years standing have been cured by it.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Furniture of Every Description at the Variety Hall.
Musical and Literary Entertainment—J. Kelly
Non-explosive Lamp—D. R. Leavens.

The Ottawa Times

Office: 38, Sparks Street.

THURSDAY, JANUARY 7, 1869.

☞*For Ottawa Markets see Fourth Page.*

THERE was a meeting of the Privy Council yesterday afternoon, at which Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD, and the Hon. Messrs. ROSE, TILLEY, and CAMPBELL, were present.

Hon. Mr. LANGEVIN is expected in town to-day.

Rumours have been set afloat as to the return of Sir GEORGE E. CARTIER and the Hon. Mr. MACDOUGALL from England, but the date does not yet appear to have been determined.

A "BLOCKHEAD"—so he calls himself, and so we think he is—writes a letter in yesterday's *Citizen*, which does not deserve, and would not have received, any notice from us but for its strong "smell of the shop." The burthen of this blockhead's complaint is the harmless chaff about Mrs. LINCOLN's wardrobe and GEORGE FRANCIS TRAIN, which we introduced in our New Year's review; and this blockhead, with the scoundrelism which too frequently attaches to a low intelligence, misquotes the TIMES, for the purpose of making the *Citizen's* bearing towards Americans shine out all the more deferential and obsequious. We can well afford to let this pass. When an American citizen by birth, but a British subject by naturalisation, was appointed to the Lieutenant-Governorship of the foremost Province of the Dominion—one to whom we never owed the obligation of "thank you!" either for personal or political favours—and when he was denounced by men of all parties, and especially by those of our own, as a "Yankee," was it our puling *confrere*, or the outspoken TIMES, which first denounced the miserable cry, and stamped it as unworthy the intelligence of the country? Our record is before the public—thanks to "the three "published volumes of the TIMES," to which this blockhead alludes, and which, let us tell him, are but the beginning of an indefinite series, and we can well afford to submit them to the judgment of intelligent American citizens, as an evidence that we have done them no wrong, careless of the opinion of the "blockheads" with whom their country is, unhappily, like every other, cursed. Any intelligent American, who read our whole paragraph in allusion to United States affairs, would have seen that the editor of the TIMES wished for the United States the same good fortune as he did for England; that he pointed out a certain analogy in the political affairs of both countries; and hoped that this analogy would in each case prove equally fruitful of a moderate policy, tending to the abatement of political excitement. Would anybody, but a jackanapes, or a "blockhead," after reading such sentiments, construe our *badinage*, about G. F. T., Mrs. ANTHONY, or any other eccentricity in human shape, into a studied insult to the American character? Absurd!

When a joke is cracked at the expense of the traditional Irishman, do the men of Irish birth or lineage fly into a passion? When cautious "Sawney" is made the butt of anyone's ridicule, do the Scotsmen rush to arms to avenge the insult? And is the "Cockney" the sacred impersonation of English character and dignity? Now, we did not speak of the "*American* character" in connection with GEORGE FRANCIS TRAIN, though the *Citizen's* blockhead says we did. It was the "*American* character"—the exaggerated, hightalutin Yankeeism, which every reader thoroughly understands as being outside of, and distinct from, the national character of the American people, which we repeat, was "profoundly and profusely illustrated "by GEORGE FRANCIS TRAIN," upon whose head no sharper shafts of ridicule have descended, than those which have been hurled at it by the most influential of American journals. If the *Citizen's* blockhead is a follower of GEORGE FRANCIS TRAIN, we can fully understand and appreciate his indignation; but if he belongs to any other class of Americans, then he has proved himself well entitled to claim his *nom de plume*, and we trust he may prove an ornament to his class. There is just one little hint that might be useful to this blockhead in case he has a fancy for returning to print. Would it not be more respectful towards the people whose character he affects to defend, but which in fact was not assailed, to cease the use of the term "we" while he acknowledges himself a blockhead? His letter looks suspiciously like as if an editor had tried to turn correspondent, and forgotten the assumed character after writing the first paragraph. We very greatly mistake the American character for shrewdness, if it cannot penetrate such a flimsy gauze and discover something very much like "our shop" in the background. At all events, we have no fear that the sensibilities of intelligent Americans, either in Ottawa or elsewhere, have been wounded in the least by the remarks by which the attention of our neighbour's blockhead was "particularly drawn."

THE last of the Nova Scotia "grievances," commented upon in the article which we copy below from the Toronto *Leader*, is ridiculous enough. But then it should be remembered that "use and wont" have in times past, and do still, sanction many glaring absurdities, and some instances of rank injustice. The repeal organs may, with all truth, tell the teamsters that their privileges in the Nova Scotia railways are no longer what they once were; and so far, to the teamsters' view, there is a real and substantial "grievance." But since their prerogatives were enjoyed at the expense, and consequently to the injury, of the whole community, they are certainly not likely to receive much sympathy. The only matter of surprise is that such a ridiculous system should ever have been introduced; or that having been introduced, its absurdity was not long ere this discovered and its end decreed. The *Leader* says:

"A discussion which has lately taken place in Halifax concerning the management of Nova Scotia railways has brought out some curious facts which, we imagine, will cause a little astonishment in this part of the Dominion. The railways there, it seems, are put to the most extraordinary uses. Who would conceive, for instance, that when a farmer living fifty or sixty miles from Halifax wishes to take the produce of his farm to market, he puts it on a waggon, drives to the nearest railway station, and then hoists horses, waggon and produce on a platform car and takes the whole into the city, returning in the same way with his horses and empty waggon? Who would imagine that, in this century, such old-fogy notions should prevail as to tolerate this useless expenditure of force on the railway—this absurd carrying to and fro of horses and waggons, at the cost of infinite labour and to the wear and tear of railway material? And yet this is what has been done every day on the Nova Scotia railways until within a few weeks. That thorough-going old Tory, Colonel Sibthrope, of pleasant memory, almost to the last day of his life, distrusted the railways and was accustomed to travel down to London with coach-and-four, regarding with contempt the new-fangled trains which passed him shrieking on the way. The Nova Scotians stick as fast to the old mode of locomotion, with the difference that they make the railway carry their coaches as well as themselves when they go abroad.

"What adds to the novelty of this way of managing railways is that, when waggons containing a certain quantity of produce are put upon the trains, the teamsters accompanying them have the right to travel free. And to make the matter worse, the tariff of charges has been so adjusted that persons could actually travel at less expense if they were accompanied by a horse and waggon than if they went alone. We are not surprised to find, then, that in 1867 more than 11,000 teamsters travelled free over the roads—among them, no doubt, many persons who, to save money, took a team along with them when they had occasion to use the railway on business or pleasure. The motive power and rolling stock which were uselessly employed in this traffic can hardly be estimated.

"Since the railways have come into the possession of the Dominion Government, attention has been directed to this absurd practice, and Mr. Longley, the railway commissioner, has been instructed to put an end to it. How it existed so long is a mystery. In no other country in the world would it have been tolerated for a month, and yet our slow-going friends in Nova Scotia—who, we fear it must be confessed, are almost a century behind the age— allowed it to continue for years without any idea apparently of its folly and wastefulness. Mr. Longley set about his work of reform by offering greater facilities for the transportation of goods without teams, and insisting upon teamsters paying their fare like other travellers. It will perhaps hardly be credited, however, that the repealers have added this to their stock of grievances and found in it a new cause for smashing up the Confederation. Their papers have actually raised an outcry that the rights of the people have been again assailed by the Dominion authorities, and they declare, with the same empty solemnity that has marked the thousand other declarations they have made, that if their teamsters are required to pay railway fare, they will never submit—never, never! It is a severe tax upon one's patience to read the idiotic nonsense which is usually printed in the repeal organs, but what they have uttered on this subject caps the climax.

"Mr. Longley has thought it worth his while to write to the *Chronicle* in defence of the measures he has taken to remedy this long-standing evil. In this we think he has made a mistake. What he has done was so obviously necessary that no one with a particle of common sense would have disputed it; and as for the class of repealers represented by the *Chronicle*, they have so little of the commodity left that it is useless addressing any argument to them. Mr. Longley, however, besides vindicating his policy, takes occasion to point out that the Dominion Government has pushed forward repairs and improvements on the railways at an expense of nearly half a million of dollars, not a tithe of which would or could have been spent had they remained under Provincial management. Owing to this work the income of the lines has fallen far short of the expenditure; they have, in fact, been a serious charge upon the treasury of the Dominion, which has to be made good, not by the people of Nova Scotia only, but by those of all parts of the Union. It need scarcely be added that Nova Scotia, so far as its railways are concerned at any rate, has gained enormously by Confederation; and that so far from making a complaint because teamsters can no longer travel "dead-head," the people should be glad that a change has been brought about which places all upon the same level, and does tardy justice to the public exchequer."

With regard to the question of Dominion expenditure, as contrasted with Dominion receipts, in Nova Scotia, it may probably be found that railways do not constitute the only item in which that Province has "got the best of it," and it will be when the second year's experience has been added to the first, and the figures plainly brought out, that the Repealers will have to face one of the most effective, because most practical, arguments against nearly all their stock assertions for the past two years. The "plundering" of the Province by Canada will not, we are well assured, prove to have been a profitable speculation to the latter.

THE following "comparative statement" between the Local expenditures for the purposes of Government in the Provinces of Ontario and Quebec has been compiled from the published estimates, and is now going the rounds of the press, to the great glory of the Ontario Cabinet, and the corresponding confusion of that of Quebec, regarding their relative standing with respect to the great virtue of economy. We have not taken the trouble to verify the figures; but even if they are correct there are some items of expenditure which are not only in the interest of true economy, but actually the avoidance of future "woful waste." "A penny *hained* is a "penny gained" is a phrase not unfamiliar to Caledonian ears; but there is sometimes much bad philosophy at the bottom of it. Thus in the following statement, Quebec, in expending some sixty thousand dollars on surveys of Crown Lands, and eight thousand dollars on Public Works and Agriculture, more than Ontario, is really, to that extent, shewing greater enterprise, providing the money be equally well laid out. Nevertheless the contrast, as we have said, is greatly in favour of the Western Province, in so far as merely administrative expenses are concerned; but for this there are many substantial reasons to be assigned. The following is the comparison, as clipped from a contemporary:

"Lieut.-Governor's salary, Quebec, $4,088, Ontario, $1,200; Office of Secretary Registrar, Quebec, $19,580, Ontario, $9,465; Crown Lands, Quebec, $13,051, Ontario, $6,050; Treasurer's office, Quebec, $13,051, Ontario, $7,218; Surveys in Crown Lands office, Quebec, $177,440, Ontario, $111,970; Public Works and Agriculture, Quebec, $17,189, Ontario, $9,865; Executive Council office, Quebec, $6,988, Ontario, $1,614; Contingencies of Public Offices, Quebec, $47,639, Ontario, $25,000; Elections, Quebec, $16,975, Ontario, $2,500; Printing and distributing statutes, Quebec, $13,700, Ontario, $7,500; Legislative Council for members, $11,500, Assembly, $31,500, contingencies and salaries, $49,527; Quebec total, $92,527, Ontario—for members, $30,000, contingencies, $16,825; total $46,325."

THE new Premier of England appears to have the good fortune of being in high favour with Parisian writers. Among the flattering criticisms to which his accession to office have given rise, the following may be selected as an "extra" sample:

"Supported by a feeling so widespread, the object of popular worship, having become the idol of the English people; sure of a large Parliamentary majority; supported by the greatest portion of the English press, and encouraged by the applause of all Europe, possessing all the qualities which go to make up the statesman, of remarkable erudition, even a *savant*, a financier of the very first order, equally skilful in managing the budget as the pen; speaking the language of political economy as well as Greek; quoting masses of figures as easily as he quotes *Homer*, on whom he has published three volumes; as prudent as he is bold, as moderate in manner as he is inflexible in essentials; full of faith in the mission of progress which he has undertaken, indefatigable in work, Mr. Gladstone will be successful in accomplishing the triple task he has set himself—the settlement of the Irish question, the reform of the Budget, the completion of Parliamentary Reform, begun by the Bill of 1867; he will become, if he wishes it, the greatest Minister that England has ever had, combining in his own person all the qualities of Sir Robert Peel and Turgot."

WE have received from Messrs. Durie & Son the annual number of the "British "Workman," for 1868; "Punch's Almanack" for 1869; and the "Illustrated Annual Re-"gister of Rural Affairs," for the same year. These publications are all profusely illustrated, and contain much valuable information, while in the "Almanack," no one need search in vain for wit and humour.

WE have received from Jones & Holland a copy of the *New World*, a new weekly paper published in New York, by Frank Leslie. It is a handsomely illustrated sheet of eight pages, and the initial number is accompanied by a supplement, also illustrated. Frank Leslie's name is a guarantee of success for the new claimant for popular favour.

FROM Mr. G. W. CRANE, news dealer, Wellington-st., we have received a number of illustrated American publications. Mr. CRANE can supply to order any book or magazine published.

MUNICIPAL ELECTIONS.

TOWNSHIP OF FITZROY.—Reeve, Allan Fraser; Deputy Reeve, Charles Mohr; Councillors, Elliott, Dean, and MacLaren.

W. P. TAYLOR, Returning Officer.

FITZROY, January 4, 1869.

LOCAL NEWS.

OTTAWA SNOW-SHOE CLUB.—This club will have its second tramp of the season on Friday next, starting at ten minutes past eight, sharp, from Notman's, corner of Wellington and Metcalfe-sts.

ST. PATRICK'S HALL.—The weekly entertainment at the St. Patrick's Hall this evening promises to be very interesting. Talented amateurs, new to an Ottawa audience, will, we are informed, appear on the platform. A piano, instead of the melodeon, will be used, and a solo on this favourite instrument will be given by Dr. Valade, who has kindly consented to lend his valuable services for the occasion.

EXTENSION OF BUSINESS.—The enterprising firm of D. T. Browne & Co., of the India Warehouse, are about to open a branch of their establishment in Cunningham's new store, Sparks-st., underneath Gowan's assembly room, where they will keep on hand a large stock of choice family groceries, the excellent quality of which has given the India Warehouse an enviable reputation among housekeepers and hotel-keepers. Success to the new store.

THE STAR CLUB ASSEMBLY.—A numerous and very respectable party of ladies and gentlemen attended the opening of the winter assemblies of the Star Club last night, at Gowan's Assembly Rooms, where to the music of Gowan's quadrille band, all enjoyed themselves in the whirling mazes of joyous dances. During intermission the party adjourned to the supper-room, and partook of an excellent spread got up by Kavanagh, of the "Queen." After supper dancing was resumed, and continued till after midnight, when the assembly separated well pleased with the evening's enjoyment, and the attendance of the gentlemen of the club upon their guests.

THE DRIVING CLUB.—How many teams, tandem, and otherwise, with handsome cutters, filled with handsome and finely dressed ladies and gentlemen, were to have assembled in the City Hall Square yesterday afternoon for their first turn out in the character of a driving club,

"O nobody mentions, for nobody knows,"

because in point of fact there was no turn out at all. The most sanguine advocates and promoters of the Ottawa Driving Club, now fear that that institution will be mentioned in history among the great things that were to have been.

CURLING—SANDY HILL *vs.* CENTRE TOWN.—Last week a team of Daly-st. curlers, brimfull of valour, and spoiling for want of a match, sent forth a challenge to any similar team of Centre Town or Lower Town to play a match at the Rink on Saturday last. For some reason or other, however, perhaps modesty, the match did not come off. Subsequently the gauntlet was taken up by Centre Town, and the match was arranged for Wednesday. At a little before 2 o'clock the knights of the Rink entered the lists as follows:

Centre Town.	*Sandy Hill.*
Dr. Wood,	J. Thorburn,
T. Gallagher,	Capt. Glyn, P.C.O.,
G. Hutchison,	J. W. Russell,
W. Hutchison, skip.	H. Inglis, skip.

At two o'clock, p.m., the play began, and for some time continued with varying prospects of victory. The ice was not in good condition, but it was as good for one party as for the other. Both did their best. The match was closely contested, and notwithstanding the difficulties presented by the poor condition of the rink, the play was here and there very good. 18 ends were played, *Centre Town* scoring 11; *Sandy Hill* 7. At 4:45 p.m., the match was brought to a close with the following results:—*Centre Town* 13, *Sandy Hill* 10. *Centre Town* being victors by three points.

SABBATH SCHOOL FESTIVAL.—The Sabbath school festival in connection with St. Alban's Church held their annual festival in their school room last evening. Some of the ladies and gentlemen connected with the school and the church assisted in the usual decorations, which were arranged with good taste, and what the children no doubt thought still more worthy of admiration, the tables were well supplied with such good things to eat as never fail to make juvenile mouths water. These in due time were served out and disposed of with astonishing rapidity, some by way of the stomach, and some stowed away in pockets. Teachers were attentive to the wants of their children, and in this duty they were assisted by other members of the church. The Rev. Dr. Jones was as nearly ubiquitous as the circumstances of his material organization permitted him to be. Here he was encouraging the youngsters in gastronomic feats, there he was enjoining order and decorum, himself, of course, setting the example; now evoking harmony from the pianoforte, then astonishing his hearers by his rich, mellow voice in song. In short Dr. Jones was himself, eating, speaking and singing, and the multitudinous hum of children's voices, half choked with sweet cake, succeeded, or blended with each other, till the hour of parting. The festival was a very happy affair, and if a weekly entertainment of the same kind were instituted the school would increase amazingly.

POLICE COURT.—The adjourned case of Jas. Green, for unlawfully cutting and wounding Thomas Brown, was called. New evidence was adduced, but no new facts elicited. Case dismissed.

The adjourned case of Peter Stuart, for the larceny of certain brass castings, was called.

Detective O'Neill said that he had got the castings from Mr. Barnes, locksmith, who stated that he had got them from the prisoner, who told him that his master had given them to him.

Mr. Frederick was again put in the witness box, and said he had in July last a galvanic battery in the cellar, in which were three English silver coins, viz.: a half crown, a two shilling piece, and a shilling. In the same month witness was sick in Montreal, and remained so for about three months. On getting well he came home, and one day having occasion to look to the battery he found the coins missing.

William Gardiner was recalled, and said that about a week before Mr. Frederick returned from Montreal he saw the coins in the prisoner's possession, when he remarked that they belonged to the battery. Stuart said the servant girl had found them in the dirt down in the cellar, and brought them up stairs, where he found them. They could not, however, be identified by either of the witnesses.

The Police Magistrate said he found the prisoner guilty of stealing the castings, and would sentence him to two weeks in jail at hard labour. The charge of stealing the coins he did not consider proven.

Mr. O'Gara gave the young man some good advice, and explained to him that when a person so far disregarded the rights of others as to appropriate their property, to which he had no right, and violated the laws which had been found necessary to protect the property and the interests of society it was necessary to remove him from their midst; and now that he had been convicted of the first larceny, it was proper that he should inform him that if he were found guilty of a *second*, the *first conviction* would be brought against him, and he would be sent for a term of years to the Provincial Penitentiary. Detective O'Neill says he can secure a second conviction, and if he does Stuart will be cut off from society for a long time.

Lucy Lahays was charged with purchasing certain articles, including some blankets, knowing the same to have been stolen. Margaret Lecompte said that she went away from the city last September, and left her house locked up with the furniture, bedding, &c., in it. On returning a week or two since, she found the house had been entered and goods stolen. Some blankets found in prisoner's house were produced, and identified by Mrs. Lecompte as her property. At this stage the case was adjourned.

LECTURE ON MESMERIC AND PSYCHICAL EXPERIENCE.—This lecture by the Rev. Joseph Wild, M. A., was delivered last evening, in the M. E. Church, York and Dalhousie-sts., before an audience of about two hundred people. The subject was an attractive one, there having been no lecture on the same here for years past. The lecturer endeavoured to prepare the minds of his audience to receive the doctrine of a mesmeric *fluid* in an ingenious manner, by instancing the superior powers of invisible agents, as steam and light, for example, over the more ponderable forms of matter, and urged that the more powerful the agent the less visible it must be. All motion, he argued, originates in mind. The maker of the clock locked up a portion of his mind in the machinery by which it moved, and he contended that the mind was still there working in moving the clock according to the will of the mind in which it originated. He did not enter fully into a philosophical disquisition of the nature of mesmerism, as it is generally understood, and yet, perhaps, he said all that is really known of it, perhaps, indeed, even more than is known. He ascribed to several of the great leaders of religious sects a mesmeric power which enabled them to work apparent miracles, and thus establish a power over their followers. Among these were the notorious Joe Smith and Emmanuel Swedenborg. The miracle of raising the dead by Joe Smith, he accounted for thus: He was acquainted with a young woman over whom he had so much mesmeric power, that he was able to paralyze her and throw her into a trance, and having on one occasion done this, her parents believed her to be dead. Under these circumstances he promised to come at the time when his knowledge of her enabled him to judge as to the time when she might be awakened. He went accordingly, the young woman was raised up, as the parents believed from the dead, and thenceforth miraculous power was ascribed to him, and his influence over the Saints enhanced accordingly. Perhaps Joe did not know the nature of the agent he employed, but he (the lecturer) thought he did. He believed Emmanuel Swedenborg to have been a very finely organized clairvoyant. He also alluded to several sects of religionists, whose existence depended on mesmerism, but he did not even allude to some sects in which it may, with as good reason, be said that mesmerism is an agent, as in that of the Mormons, though the operators do not know it. The lecturer, by frequent reference to the power of electricity, evidently wished to establish the identity of the latter with the mesmeric *fluid*, and argued that as enough electricity escaped from him during the delivering of the lecture to hurl that church down to the Chaudiere, the power mesmerism must be great also. He spoke of the power of some men in social life to overcome anger and conciliate men of antagonistic character; of others, as Spurgeon and Henry Ward Beecher, to enchain and persuade their audiences, but these qualities were ascribed not to mesmerism, but to earnestness and sincerity. In reference to our power over others at a distance, the lecturer stated that by intently thinking of a person we made him think of us. His instructions in mesmerism consisted principally in stating that by gazing steadily at an object for a length of time, we become emptied of our nervous or mental energy, and that a stronger mind then pouring itself into the empty vessel we were under the control of the strong mind. In order to resist the influence, said he, we ought to have two thoughts, for the man or woman with two thoughts can never be mesmerised whilst they both continue in the mind. The lecture was well received throughout, and at its conclusion the rev. gentleman was rewarded with an enthusiastic vote of thanks.

—The Roman Catholic Bishop of Montreal will leave for Rome on the 20th inst.

—A benevolent citizen of Brunswick, Germany, supplies blankets to the poor during the winter months. They are stamped to prevent their being pawned or sold, and are returned in May of every year. The system has been in operation six years, and not a blanket has been lost.

—Tennyson recently visited Paris, where he was received by a Committee of the Association of French Authors. On the evening of the second day after his arrival the Authors' Association gave a soiree in his honour, at which Paul Feval read his new translation of "Enoch Arden," and Louis Ratisbonne, the translator of Longfellow's poems, presented a golden laurel wreath to Tennyson.

—An old gentleman was recently waiting for the cars in the depot of the Chicago, Rock Island and Pacific Railroad, when, looking over the great building, he exclaimed, "Only think of it! But a little thirty years ago, I was offered eighty acres of land, on part of which this depot is now built, for a sorrel horse and saddle, and I was fool enough to keep the sorrel."

—The proprietors of the *Minerve* had a right to the position of Queen's Printer as well in recognition of the services of their father, who was a martyr for the cause of the press, as for those they have themselves rendered. It was the general opinion both in Upper and Lower Canada. Before this unanimity of the pressure exercised by public opinion, the proprietors would have hesitated to refuse an honour (that is the proper word) to which every one acknowledged their title. But from the moment that the offer of an honour worthy of a legitimate ambition, is added that of a contract—of a speculation—of an interest purely pecuniary—in a word, a *traffic* —the opportunity to make a fortune appears to be too dearly paid, even by the simple suspicion to which they would be open of having fettered their independence. Their friends and the public will not find it amiss that they have refused the traffic that was offered them, instead of the title they legitimately sought, and which public opinion had already given them.—*Montreal Minerve.*

The Montreal *Evening Telegraph* has the following, in relation to the *Minerve's* remarks: The short and dignified protest of the proprietors of the *Minerve* unveils another of those calculated deceptions with which Mr. Chauveau has paid all those who, in their desire to serve the cause of Confederation, would willingly have helped him. It is the story of Mr. Perry and the Fire Marshalship again. Promises not meant to be fulfilled, or to be kept only to the ear. In a word, lies and fraud in the distribution of the patronage of the Local Government of Quebec. In stating this so broadly, it must be understood we do so purely disinterested in the matter. Although animated by the most friendly feelings to Mr. Perry, we never desired to see him deprived of his present independence for the paltry prize of the Fire Marshalship. In like manner, we had no wish to see the oldest French Canadian journal of Montreal lose its independent character, as it must have done had its proprietors become the official printers of the country. A rule of honour, which the Messrs. Duvernay would have been the first to recognize, prevents those who receive support from a government from attacking it.

CONSUMPTION.

How to Elude the Dreadful Scourge—Advices to the Consumptive Invalid—The Offices of Pure Air, Warm Clothing, and Nutritious Food.

There is no malady which causes so large a mortality as consumption. Statistics show that, throughout the civilized world, an average of one death in six, every sixth in the lists of mortality, may be attributed to its agency. Though our own city shows a smaller average from this scourge, yet it is computed that even here it is the cause of one death in every seven or eight. It was formerly considered an incurable disease, and was often left hopelessly to run its fatal course unchecked; but modern investigation and science have proved that the tubercular deposit, to which all its deadly results may be traced, will frequently diminish under suitable treatment. This is further provided by *post mortem* examinations, where death has occurred from other causes, in which the lungs, scarred and puckered, attested the healthy closing of two and even three large tubercular cavities. Few are aware how much the prevention and even cure of this dread disease depends upon their own efforts. An eminent American physician has recently declared that with proper precautions, by any one now in health, consumption will be well nigh an impossibility, even though hereditary influence may predispose him to it, and that even those who are already under its grasp may have hope of arresting its ravages. The plain and simple principle which in this case is the essence of all-wise treatment, is to raise the physical system to the highest possible vigour. In company with this, one of the best curatives and preventives is to expand and strengthen the lungs themselves by deep inspirations or breathing in of pure air. These inspirations should be made as slowly as possible through a small tube, or with the mouth nearly closed, and the shoulders thrown back or downwards. When the lungs or chest are filled, the air should be as slowly and gradually breathed out. By continual practice it will be found easy to take long inspirations, and the chest itself will become permanently expanded, so as to give the lungs fuller play. Where strength has begun to decline, of course the efforts must be proportionally milder. As the air at first enters the lower part of the lungs it only fills the apex after a long and sustained effort, and hence the necessity of making the inspiration as slow as possible. Six times a day is not too much for this exercise. Indeed, the great advantage of mild or dry climates to consumptives is the possibility of passing so much of the time out of doors. Much is justly said of the pure and bracing air of Minnesota, but those who go there for lung diseases should remember that only as they breathe the pure outside air habitually can it prove beneficial. A lady with tubercular deposits and severe cough went there some time since, and a month spent in the ordinary way brought her no improvement. She then joined a camping party of ladies and gentlemen, who started in an open waggon, and slept in tents at night. After three days' exposure to this open air she manifestly improved, and though frequently exposed in the evening, took no cold. The continuance of this mode of life restored health and so strengthened her constitution that in two months she could sleep with impunity while the air was blowing freely across her. Many similar, and even more remarkable, instances took place among the young men of our own army in the late war, many of whom enlisted against the advice of their friends, and returned with greatly improved physical constitutions. The exercise thus induced is most essential to the desired end.

Abundance of nutritious and wholesome food, including fatty articles, is essential in the arrest of consumption. Most of those who have such tendencies reject fat meat, but its place may be supplied with butter, milk or cream. Restriction in diet in these cases is highly injurious. The dress is also a matter bearing strongly on the health of the lungs. Woollen fabrics worn next the skin, and warm covering for the extremities are all important. So also is the shape of the garment, which should allow full play to the muscles. Relief from care and anxiety, as far as it can be secured, is important.—*Philadelphia Ledger.*

TWAIN, GREELEY, AND TRAIN.

The N. Y. *World* thus hits off the Anglophobia of certain representative Yankees:

Mr. Mark Twain, of California, emulous, and justly emulous, of the diplomatic successes of Mr. Ross Browne, yearns to be sent as American Minister to England. He accordingly appeals to all that is noblest in the nature of Horace Greeley, and entreats that eminent citizen to release General Grant from the promise which ("we have heard and believe") was made by him, over a breakfast-table at Delmonico's, to bestow upon H. G. the honors now enjoyed by Mr. Reverdy Johnson. Mr. Twain may as well understand at once that his cake is all dough, or, if he likes that better, that his "goose is cooked." He is a very amusing and, we dare say, a very good-looking person, but he cannot come in as envoy to England. If (which is very improbable) H. G. could be induced to abandon his own claims to that exalted post, he would be constrained by all possible considerations of consistency and of policy to exert his whole influence in behalf of Mr. George Francis Train.

The columns of the *Tribune* bear witness to the fact that the first duty of an American Minister to England, in the opinion of Horace Greeley, is to bully the British Government, and his second duty, like unto it, to snub all British Tories, ship-builders, and sympathizers with rebellion. These are his Puffendorf, these his Vattel. And, unless Mr. Twain is a more conceited person than we take him to be, he will hardly deny that in these particulars no man now living in America can be expected to rival the indomitable and incorruptible Train. H. G. himself is a pliant and facile tool in comparison with the Eagle of Omaha. H. G. has been known to consent to sinners when they enticed him. He went to Niagara Falls to hob-nob with George Sanders, and to Richmond to bail out Jefferson Davis. What guarantee can we have that he would not accept a "mount" from the Duke of Beaufort or some other sporting enemy of the Union, and go careering, in a red coat, across country after the hounds with a meet of conservative peers and church-and-state squires? He is fond, too, of all sorts of worldly amusements, and we may depend upon it that, before he had been in England a month, Lady Beaconsfield and her wily spouse would have him dancing at Willis's Rooms with wicked little Tory countesses, and fribbling away in the boudoirs of Belgravia the feeling and the force which should be directed to the demolition of the British constitution and the humiliation of a bloated aristocracy.

Now, nothing of this need be feared with George Francis Train. The blandishments of beauty and the fascinations of the flesh would be thrown away upon that most patriotic and most pachydermatous of men. His passive courage has been proved and found not wanting during months of incarceration in a British bastile. What could the cajoleries of a British palace effect upon his just and tenacious nature! He has looked the whole world in the face through the bars of his dungeon, and feared not to call a spade a spade nor a Briton a brute, though the red-cross of St. George waved over his head and the red-coats of Victoria kept watch and ward about him. His last act on leaving the Old World was to hurl defiance at Windsor Castle and demand the independence of Ireland. His last act on reaching the New World was to declare war against Great Britain while yet his foot pressed the deck of a British steamer and the thralls of the tyrant glared in anger and in amazement all about him. Would such a man be likely to call Mr. Roebuck "his friend," or to shake hands with Alabama Laird, or to soothe the feelings of Lord Clarendon, or to placate a venal Parliament? "Not much!"

The *Tribune* will be false to all its professions if it fail to urge the appointment of such a man to the work which it has so elaborately laid out for an American envoy in England to do. Mr. Train must go to the Court of St. James. And Mr. Twain must console himself with the thought that all the "swells" of the British capital, with whom it is an article of faith always to pronounce the letter R like the letter W, will surely turn Train into Twain, and so give him all the glory with none of the trouble of the post which he solicits. The only real difficulty in settling the matter is likely to come from Mr. Train himself. Mr. Train's abhorrence of British tyranny, James McHenry; and the Old Testament is only equalled by his hatred of spirits and of tobacco. It may, therefore, be a little doubtful whether he will consent to accept office from the new administration excepting on the condition that Wendell Phillips shall be appointed Comptroller of the White House, with absolute authority over the domestic life of its inmates. But this should be easy of arrangement. There would be no good reason why Congress should not apply the principles of its recent legislation to families as well as to States; and the Radicals who rule us ought surely to be able to find in the Constitution as clear a warrant for regulating the personal habits of the President as they have found there for over-riding the political prerogatives of another.

A FRIGHTFUL TALE.

A Husband Buried Alive by his Wife and her Lover.

(From the Memphis Avalanche, Dec. 30.)

A private letter received from near Byhallis, Mississippi, yesterday, contained a few particulars of a horrid affair brought to light a few days ago:

Tom Still, a coloured man employed as a foreman on Mrs. Bronson's plantations, lived with his wife, several hundred yards from Mrs. B.'s residence. A negro, known as Edmond Tuntsall, was a frequent visitor, and it had long been suspected by Still that improper relations existed between his wife and the pretended friend. It was evident that Mrs. Still was much more interested in Edmond than her husband, and the latter, not having the courage to confront the destroyer of his peace with his suspicions, simply sought to protect himself against any effort to put him out of the way. One morning last week Still was missing from the plantation. Mrs. Bronson's inquiries elicited from Mrs. Still that he went out to feed some hogs on another portion of the place the night before, and had not since been heard of. Mrs. Bronson doubted the story on its own merits, and the evident confusion of the woman, added to what was already known of the situation of affairs, caused her to suspect foul play. Several servants were summoned, and a search was instituted. After two or three hours spent fruitlessly in different portions of the plantation, a member of the party was attracted by the presence of some fresh earth at the head of a ravine about fifty yards from Still's cabin. In a moment the startling discovery was made of some one's knees protruding. The fresh, loose earth was hastily removed, and Still's remains, horribly mutilated, were dragged out on the ground. His head and face contained a number of frightful gashes, evidently inflicted with an axe. Mrs. Bronson at once ordered the arrest of Mrs. Still and Edmond Tuntsall, as the murderers. Upon being taken in custody by the negroes, Mrs. Still made a full confession of guilt. She said she loved Tuntsall, and that her husband was in the way of her happiness. They had long ago determined to rid themselves of him. Recently she sought to kill him by putting poison in his coffee; but Still, who seemed to suspect the design, complained that the coffee was bitter, and threw it into the fire. On the night of the murder Edmond came to the house, it being understood that Still was to be removed. Outside he secreted an axe. After being outside a short time Mrs. Still found a pretext to send her husband out into the yard, Edmond stealthily followed, axe in hand. Suddenly increasing his pace, he overtook the unsuspecting victim, and with a powerful blow from the axe felled him to the ground. Other blows followed, until he believed the bloody work done. Mrs. Still joined him, and together they carried the mangled body to the ravine. It was placed on the ground until a grave, between one and a half and two feet deep, could be prepared. But while forcing the victim in it the murderers were startled at discovering that life was not extinct. The body moved, and sounds came from the mouth of the supposed corpse. Nevertheless, Still was crammed into the hole; and once in Edmond jumped upon it, and, in that manner, forced it below the surface. With their hands the partners in crime scooped in sufficient earth to cover the remains of the murdered husband and friend; and then, hastening to his cabin, passed the night together! The confession was made with as much unconcern as though involving a mere peccadillo, and Edmond offered no contradiction. It almost frenzied the colored auditors, who insisted upon wreaking summary vengeance. But Mrs. Bronson interposed, and instead of dangling on the adjacent limbs of a neighbouring tree, they were manacled and sent to the Holly Springs jail.

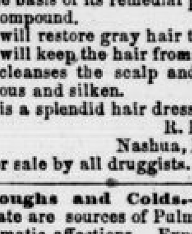
AN ANCIENT SLEIGH.—On the 17th ult., an old couple celebrated their golden wedding, at Augusta, Me., and one of the incidents of the occasion was the appearance of the aged pair in the identical sleigh, that they had done their courting in fifty years before!

—Leave orders for skirts before Christmas, and get them to fit.

Messrs. Young & Radford are the sole agents in Ottawa for the Waltham watches.

—Corsets at the skirt factory for half-price.

SPECIAL NOTICES.



HALL'S VEGETABLE SICILIAN HAIR RENEWER.

The basis of its remedial properties is a vegetable compound.
It will restore gray hair to its original color.
It will keep the hair from falling out.
It cleanses the scalp and makes the hair soft, lustrous and silken.
It is a splendid hair dressing.
R. P. HALL & CO., Nashua, N.H., Proprietors.
For sale by all druggists. 894d

Coughs and Colds.—Sudden changes of climate are sources of Pulmonary Bronchial and Asthmatic affections. Experience having proved that simple remedies often act speedily and certainly when taken in the early stages of the disease, recourse should at once be had to "Brown's Bronchial Troches," or Lozenges. Few are aware of the importance of checking a cough, or "common cold," in its first stage. That which in the beginning would yield to a mild remedy, if neglected soon attacks the lungs. "Brown's Bronchial Troches," or ough Lozenges, allay irritation which induces coughing, having a DIRECT influence on the affected parts. As there are imitations, be sure TO OBTAIN the *genuine*. Sold by all dealers in medicines, at 25 cents a box.

Mothers! Mothers! Mothers!—Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with the excruciating pain of cutting teeth? If so, go at once and get a bottle of MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately—depend upon it: there is no mistake about it. There is not a mother on earth who has ever used it, who will not tell you at once that it will regulate the bowels, and give rest to the mother, and relief and health to the child, operating like magic. It is perfectly safe to use in all cases, and pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Price 25 cents. Sold everywhere. Be sure to call for "MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP." Having the *fac simile* of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations.

Mothers Read This!—Holloway's Worm Lozenges are a certain and safe remedy for Worms in Children and Adults.—As it is a well-known and melancholy fact that one great cause of death among children is from Worms alone, it cannot be too deeply impressed upon the minds parents the necessity of closely watching their children. By so doing; and understanding the symptoms and true cause of the disease, thousands of children might be saved from early graves. SYMPTOMS OF WORMS.—The following are a few of the very numerous symptoms and diseases which are caused by Worms: deranged appetite, emaciated extremities, offensive breath frequent picking at the nose, grinding of the teeth during sleep, hardness of the belly, with frequent slimy stools, and sometimes convulsive fits; itching of the arms, pain in the head and stomach, unquiet sleep, faintings, tremblings, coughs, indigestion, low spirits, frightful dreams, and a gradual wasting away of flesh.

They are palatable and self-administered to th child—drive out the worms thoroughly without pain and completely cleanse the stomach—thereby doing away with the necessity of administering Castor Oil or other unpleasant cathartics—as in the use of other Worms.

☞Each box contains the fac-simile signature of NORTHROP & LYMAN, Newcastle, C.W., who are the sole proprietors.

N. B. Ask for *Holloway's Worm Lozenges* ☞ and take no other. ☜ Sold by all the druggists in Ottawa, and medicine deale every where. 578y

DIED.

At Ogdensburg, N. Y., on the 5th instant, Mr. James Carroll, of this city, aged 60 years.

The funeral will leave his late residence, Metcalfe-st., at 11 o'clock this (Thursday) morning. Friends and acquaintances are requested to attend.

Amusements.

MUSICAL AND LITERARY ENTERTAINMENT AT ST. PATRICK'S HALL,
THIS (THURSDAY) EVENING.
Admission 5 cents.
J. KELLY, Sec'y.
January 7, 1869. 943-1

Educational.

EDUCATION—CLASSICAL AND GENERAL.

THE REV. GEO. NOEL HIGGINSON, M. A., Incumbent of New Edinburgh, with the especial sanction of the Bishop of the Diocese, receives a limited number of the sons of gentlemen as morning pupils.
Residence—Dalhousie-st., Ottawa.
Terms made known on application. 940tf

OTTAWA GRAMMAR SCHOOL.

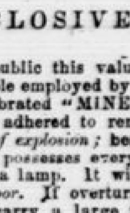
The classes in the above institution will be resumed on THURSDAY, the 7th of JANUARY:
J. THORBURN, M. A.........PRINCIPAL.
J. McMILLAN, B. A...........1ST ASST. MASTER.
W. CARTER,.......................2ND " "
MONS. BERTHELOT,...........FRENCH MASTER.
W. H. WALKER, Secretary Board of G. S. Trustees.
Ottawa, January 4, 1869. 939-4

YOUNG LADIES' BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL, Wellington-st.,
CONDUCTED BY MISS HARMON.

The Classes will (D.V.) re-assemble after the Christmas vacation, on TUESDAY, JAN. 5th, 1869. The Spring Term will commence on the 1st of FEBRUARY. There are vacancies for two additional Boarding Pupils. The Drawing, Singing, French and Music Classes, are under the tuition of competent and thoroughly experienced teachers. Young ladies who have finished their English studies can join these classes without reference to the English course. Prospectuses, containing the statement of terms, and the course of English studies pursued in the school, can be obtained at Messrs. Durie's Bookstore, and on application to MISS HARMON.
December 29, 1868. 935a

ST. ALBAN'S SCHOOL, DALY-ST.
PRINCIPAL:
REV. BICKERTON A. EDWARDS, B. A., (ex-scholar Jesus Coll., Oxford.)
Business will be resumed on MONDAY, JAN. 4th. Hours of Study—9:30 a.m. to 12:30, and 2 to 4 p.m.
SCHOOL FEES.—For Sound Commercial and English Education, $8 per term. Higher Mathematics, Latin, Greek, French and Music, (each) $2 per term EXTRA.
The school year will, as hitherto, be divided into three terms.
A reduction made for brothers, and for payments made in the first week of term. 938tf

D. R. LEAVENS, AGENT FOR THE NEW METALLIC



"NON-EXPLOSIVE LAMP,"

Now offers to the public this valuable improvement. The principle employed by Sir Humphrey Davy, in his celebrated "MINER'S SAFETY LAMP," is strictly adhered to rendering it safe from the *possibility of explosion*; besides this most important feature it possesses every good quality that is desirable in a lamp. It will not break if dropped upon the *floor*. If overturned no oil will escape. It will carry a large flame without smoking; this flame is steady, and so protected that currents of air do not affect it, rendering it a convenient lamp to carry about the house, and is not liable to get out of order. The lamp is made of metal and cannot be broken, hence no danger from that cause.

THE CLAIM FOR THIS LAMP IS
First—Absolute safety under all circumstances.
Second—Greater light with less consumption of oil.
Third—Beauty and perfection of finish.
Call and see them at the
OIL DEPOT, 73 SUSSEX-ST.,
☞Sign Red Oil Barrel.
D. R. LEAVENS.

FURNITURE, FURNITURE, FURNITURE.
The best stock in the city is AT THE VARIETY HALL.
HAIR SEATED, CANE SEATED & WOOD SEATED CHAIRS, AT THE VARIETY HALL.
REP AND HAIR CLOTH PARLOR SETS, in different patterns, AT THE VARIETY HALL.
CHIFFONNIERS AND SIDEBOARDS, from $5 upwards, AT THE VARIETY HALL.
BOOK CASES of GREY & BLACK WALNUT AT THE VARIETY HALL.
ROCKING AND EASY CHAIRS, of every description, AT THE VARIETY HALL.
SOFAS, COUCHES AND TETE-A-TETES, different shapes and sizes, very cheap, AT THE VARIETY HALL.
FARMERS AND OTHERS, Remember that the only hand-made Chairs in Ottawa is AT THE VARIETY HALL.

CIVIL SERVICE RIFLE REGIMENT, (LATE.)

The members of No. 4 Company are requested to send in immediately to No. 12, Committee Room, House of Commons, the arms, accoutrements and clothing in their possession. The following articles of clothing may be retained, on paying to the undersigned, in bankable funds, the prices placed opposite to them respectively:

Great Coats	$3 00
Trowsers, summer or winter	1 00
Summer Jacket	1 50

WM. B. LINDSAY, Captain.
Ottawa, January 5, 1869. 941-3

DOG FOUND.—Found on the 7th December last, on Sparks-st., a SMALL DOG BITCH. The owner by proving property and paying costs of advertising can have her returned. Apply to F. McCAFFREY, Receiver-General's Department. 941-3

A SWINDLE

Having been perpetrated on the public by stove dealers, unknowingly, we hope, selling spurious self-feeding coal stoves that are almost useless; and finding it detrimental to the sale of the justly celebrated

REFLECTOR,

we take this opportunity of saying to those who have been so swindled, and to those who contemplate buying a coal stove, that in order to PROVE that the Reflector is ahead of all other stoves for beauty, cheapness and economy, we will put them up ready for work, and allow them to be tested for one month, and if they do not suit take them away again, free of charge. Now this is an offer that the public must appreciate, and we are determined they shall. Try one, it will cost nothing unless you are perfectly satisfied, and be of no trouble to us. Any other kind of stove cheap during the Bankrupt Sale.
ESMONDE BROS., 48 Sparks-st., Opposite Ontario Bank.

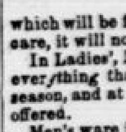
Boots & Shoes.

ANNOUNCEMENT!
W. A. LAMB,
KEEPER OF THE RED BOOT, &c., &c.
To all the loyal inhabitants of the Metropolis and surrounding Counties, sends greeting:
And while thus publicly wishing to all
"A Merry Christmas and Happy New Year,"
takes pleasure also in announcing that he will hold
PUBLIC RECEPTIONS DAILY,
at from 7:30 a.m., until 7 p.m., when he will be pleased to meet with those who desire to call upon him.
N.B.—As all will probably wish to retain a Souvenir of their visit, it will be satisfactory to know that there is a magnificent assortment of Boots and Shoes on hand to choose from, and any of which will be GIVEN AWAY for a small consideration.
Don't forget the place, ☞ No. 28, Sussex-st., opposite the Barracks. ☜

W. ANGUS & CO
BOOTS, SHOES, MOCCASINS, TOBOGGANS, SNOW-SHOES, &c., &c., &c.
Since the great clearing Sale
W. ANGUS & CO.
have received a
VERY LARGE AND WELL SELECTED STOCK OF
BOOTS AND SHOES, AND OTHER FEET-WARE,
suitable to the Winter season.

JUST RECEIVED.
A FRESH LOT OF LADIES' & GENTS' FELT EMBROIDERED CONGRESS
Of the Latest Style. Also, a New Supply of
TOBOGGANS, SNOW-SHOES, MOCCASINS, OVER-SHOES, &c., &c., &c.
Very appropriate
XMAS AND NEW YEAR'S PRESENTS
☞INSPECTION INVITED.☜
PRICES LOW.
W. ANGUS & CO., Golden Boot, 226 Wellington-st.

GENUINE CLEARING SALE OF BOOTS AND SHOES, AT THE OLD CROSBY STAND, NO. 51, SPARKS-ST.
The whole of THE BANKRUPT STOCK,
comprising the latest styles and best qualities of
LADIES', GENT'S, MISSES' & CHILDREN'S
DRESS & WALKING BOOTS,
suitable for FALL & WINTER WEAR. Also, a large stock of Men's and Women's Coarse Boots, Moose Mocassins, Buck Moose and Sheep Mitts, Beef Mocassins, Felt Over-shoes, Rubbers, &c., of which will be sold at great reductions from former prices. Lumber and country merchants are requested to bear in mind that there is a large stock of handmade boots to be disposed of at the aforesaid reduction in prices.
The public generally are invited to call and examine the stock and prices, which we know cannot fail to give satisfaction to all.
Remember the place, the old Crosby Stand, opposite O'Meara's, No. 51, Sparks-st.
A. J. STEPHENS & CO.
Ottawa, Oct. 20 868. 876y



CHEAP BOOTS & SHOES AT THE CAPITAL BOOT & SHOE STORE, YORK-ST.
I have now received my fall and winter stock of
BOOTS AND SHOES,
which will be found complete; being selected with care, it will not fail to give general satisfaction.
In Ladies', Misses' and Children's ware I have everything that can possibly be required for the season, and at much lower figures than ever before offered.
Men's ware in Calf, Kipp, Cowhide Boots; Men's Strong Working Boots as low as $2 per pair. Boy's and Youth's equally low.
A large supply of New English Kipp Boots, hand made, the most suitable ware for Lumbermen, constantly on hand and made by the very best workmen. Orders taken for all kinds of work.
4297 GEORGE MURPHY

RAILWAY PRACTICE OFFICE.
Now ready, the Cubic Contents of the Earthwork of those sections of the Intercolonial Railway, to be first placed under contract, giving in detail the quantities in each excavation and embankment.
RATES—1 mile per cubic yard of cutting and filling, or 1,000 cubic yards for a dollar, up to 100,000 yards, and for every additional 10,000 yards one dollar.
J. O'HANLY, Civil Engineer.
Ottawa, Dec. 30, 1868. 936b

TIGHT BINDING

Latest by Telegraph.

Via Montreal Line.

TORONTO.

Special to THE TIMES.

TORONTO, January 6.

On the assembling of the House to-day there was not a quorum of members. The House consequently adjourned till to-morrow. The homeopathic practitioners held their annual meeting at the Queen's hotel to-day. Dr. Campbell, of Toronto, was elected president. The new Medical Bill was discussed by a committee appointed to watch its progress.

Mr Blain writes to the papers complaining that his letter written on the 30th ult., on the part of influential gentlemen in Toronto, asking for a conference on the Georgian Bay Canal, remains unanswered.

An old man applied to the Police Court to-day to have his wife arrested and bound over to keep the peace, as she had threatened to kill him. The case comes up to-morrow.

A new agricultural journal, to be styled the *Ontario Farmer*, is shortly to be issued. Rev. Mr. Clark, late editor of Geo. Brown's *Canada Farmer*, will edit the new journal.

A Halifax despatch says there is great satisfaction at the knighting of Gen. Doyle and Chief-Justice Young.

Petroleum is said to have been discovered on Salmon river, Guysboro County.

On the completion of the railroad to Annapolis a line of steamers will be established to Portland, by which the time from Montreal to Halifax will be reduced 36 hours.

CABLE NEWS.

GREAT BRITAIN.

QUEENSTOWN, January 6.—The steamship *City of London* arrived to-day.

PLYMOUTH, Eng., January 6.—A vessel put in here to-day, which reports that the *British Southern Empire* foundered at sea in a heavy gale on the 3rd inst. Captain Dunlop, and every one of the crew were lost. The *Southern Empire* sailed from New Orleans on the 13th of November, for Liverpool, laden with cotton, at which port she was owned.

FRANCE.

PARIS, January 5.—The *Patrie* says that the sympathy in France with the objects of the Chinese embassy, is so great that Mr. Burlingame is as sure of success here as in England.

BREST, January 5.—The steamship *St. Laurent*, from New York, arrived here to-day.

NEWS VIA LONDON.

LONDON, January 6.—The dullness of the Paris bourse yesterday and the material decline in rentes were due to demands said to have been made by the Russian Emperor on the Sublime Porte.

SPAIN.

MADRID, January 5.—Four Malaga insurgents who fired upon refugees protected by the American flag, have been arrested and punished. The commander of the American squadron has been informed of the fact.

A Carlist conspiracy has been discovered in Barcelona, with ramifications in Saragossa and other places. Many persons have been arrested, implicated in the conspiracy—among them Castello, a noted Carlist. The peasants in Andalusia, pressed by poverty, have organized into plundering parties, and are pillaging the rich land holders.

MADRID, January 6.—Quite formidable Republican demonstrations at Seville and Jerez de la Frontera have occurred. At the latter city the insurgents made a futile attempt to seize arms and ammunition from the arsenal. Gen. Caballero de Roda immediately sent a strong force to defend the town, and remove the arms to Cadiz for safety.

MADRID, January 6.—A proclamation is issued raising the siege of Madrid. General Prim assures the Provisional Government does not intend to disarm the volunteers. Senor Sagosta, Minister of Interior, ascribes the recent troubles in Cadiz and Monagal to the intrigue of the reactionists, and charges that their object is to prevent the taking of the plebiscitun.

TURKEY AND GREECE.

CONSTANTINOPLE, January 5.—A mixed commission, with Fuad Pasha for president, has been appointed to adjudicate the case of the Greek steamer *Erosis*.

NEWS VIA PARIS.

PARIS, January 5.—*La Turquie* says Russia urges the conference to prevent the expulsion of the Greeks from Turkey. It says the Porte's representative will leave the conference if this point is introduced, and warns Russia of another Crimean war.

NEWS VIA LONDON.

LONDON, January 5.—It is said that Greece will introduce the claims of the Cretans into a conference about to meet in Paris, and will demand that they be allowed to declare who shall be their ruler by a plebiscitum.

LONDON, January 6.—A despatch from Athens reports that all the Cretan volunteers have left Candia and returned to Syra.

ITALY.

FLORENCE, January 6.—Disturbances caused by the collection of unpopular taxes continue in Reggio and Belegna. Lieut.-Gen. Cadorna, commandant of the military division of Florence, has been despatched to Parma to restore order.

SOUTH AMERICA.

NEWS VIA PARIS.

PARIS, January 6.—Later advices received from Paraguay say the war news is unimportant. Mr. McMahon had an audience with Lopez. The result is understood to be eminently satisfactory. A full atonement for the recent outrages to the American flag have been guaranteed.

CUBA.

HAVANA, January 5.—News from Mexico says the Mexican Congress has approved of a treaty with the United States, recognising the American doctrine of the rights of naturalized citizens.

Cubans express the opinion that the revolutionists at Bayamo will refuse to listen to any propositions for a compromise, and the Spaniards are convinced that the troops now on the island, reinforced by those on the way from Spain, *will speedily put an end to the* revolution.

AMERICAN NEWS.

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES.

Serious Illness of Gen. Spinner.

WASHINGTON, January 5.—At a late hour last evening Gen. Spinner was no better, and it is feared that his indisposition will prove serious.

THIS MORNING'S DESPATCHES.

Chicago Chancery Branch of the Supreme Court.

CHICAGO, January 6.—The Chancery branch of the Supreme Court case affecting the interests of the rival telegraph companies was decided yesterday by Judge Jamieson. The question of right to use the poles originally erected by the Great Eastern Railroad Company was invalid. It was moved in court to tear down the wire of the rival companies, but the court decided on the personal quarrel. The injunction was dissolved, and no injury accrues to either company.

Sailed.

NEW YORK, January 6.—The steamship *Russia* took out to-day $60,000 in specie.

DRESS GOODS.—A large assortment of ball and evening dresses; also, in fancy, black, Japanese, and Foulard silks, poplins, &c., at T. & W. Hunton's, whose stock is constantly supplied by their resident agents in London and Paris. Evening silks, &c., shewn by gas light in a room prepared for the purpose, at any hour of the day.

—For a choice selection of New Tapestry, Brussells, Kidderminster and Imperial 3-ply Carpets, Cocoa Matting, Floor Oil Cloths, Hearth Rugs, Crumb Cloths and Door Mats; Damasks, Repps, Curtain Trimmings, Lace and Muslin Curtains, go to Magee & Russell's new Store, next door to Mr. John Leslie's, Sparks-st.

TRICKS OF A QUACK DOCTOR.

It is astonishing what a number of apparently respectable people will crowd the rooms of every quack doctor who hangs out his shingle. We wish this story of the way one of the gentry performs his "marvellous cures" might serve as a warning. It is told by the Toledo *Commercial*: "Our readers will doubtless remember one Doctor N——, who had rooms at the Oliver House three or four years since, where he performed some miraculous cures, and who was daily visited by large numbers of people, the morning trains on all the roads coming in crowded with invalids of every description. The ladies who visited the doctor and shook hands with him, will remember the electric shock which they received on taking his hand in theirs. Many thought this an evidence of miraculous power, and his name and fame spread rapidly over the country, while the afflicted rushed to him in the confident hope of speedy relief. In some instances he gave temporary relief to his patients, and occasionally a permanent cure was the result of his manipulations. In all cases the doctor was certain to relieve his patients of a good fee, unless they would certify that they were not worth a stated sum of money. We are informed that he carried away over $50,000 as the proceeds of his practice in this city. We met a friend of the doctor's a few days since, who informed us of the means used by the doctor for humbugging the people. He stated that the doctor placed batteries on his back, sides, and feet—six in number—and kept his person charged with electricity to its utmost capacity. This he would impart to his patients, they supposing it to be animal magnetism. In rheumatic complaints and affections of that description, the magnetic shock would afford temporary relief, and thus lead patients to attribute wonderful curative powers to the doctor, which enabled him to extend his business and reap rich harvests from a thoroughly gulled public."

—Last month of the cheap sale at the skirt factory. Skirts at half-price.

A meritorious article is Hall's Sicilian Hair Renewer; it is rapidly becoming known and widely and deservedly popular. It is apparently nothing in itself but an agreeably perfumed and pleasant hair dressing, but it contains the most wonderful curative properties for loss of hair, and after using it a short time, gray hair is restored to its natural color. If any of our readers doubt it, let them try a single bottle of the "Renewer," and they will add their testimonial to the truth of what we say.—*Sentinel, Burlington, Vt.*

What is the healthy, worldly man's ambition wealth, wealth, wealth. And what the poor invalid's, health, health, health. 'Tis true, gold is dross compared with health. Take care of it, but if you have already lost it from disease of the throat, lungs, liver, kidneys, or digestive organs, &c., remember that there has never been heretofore a medicine that could in any way compete with the Great Shoshonees Remedy for the radical cure of those diseases.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

Reported by Telegraph.

[*For daily report of Ottawa Markets, see Fourth Page.*]

New York Money Market.

NEW YORK, January 6.—Gold 34⅞.

New York Markets.

NEW YORK, January 6.—Cotton quiet at 27c. @ 27¼c.—Flour—common grades are scarce and 5c. @ 10c. better for medium; good grades dull and heavy; receipts 5,500 barrels; sales 7,900 barrels at $6.10 @ 6.25 for Superfine State and Western; $7.05 @ 7.50 for common to choice Extra State; $6.85 @ 8.10 for common to choice Extra Western.—Rye flour quiet at $6 @ 8.—Wheat 1c. @ 2c. better at $1.60 for mixed Spring; $1.65 @ 1.80 for No. 2 do. in store and afloat, the latter choice; $1.74 for No. 1 do.—Rye quiet.—Corn improved; receipts 18,000 bushels; sales 39,000 bushels at 99c. @ $1.01 for New Mixed Western; $1.06 @ 1.11 for inferior to prime Old do. in store and afloat.—Barley dull.—Oats heavy and lower; receipts 900 bushels; sales 37,000 bushels at 76c. @ 76½c. for Western in store; 75½c. @ 76c. for do. afloat.—Pork quiet at $28.75 @ 29 for new mess; $27.25 @ 27.50 for old do.—Lard firmer at 17½c. @ 19c. for steam; 19c. @ 19½c. for kettle rendered.

London Money Market.

LONDON, January 6—12 p. m.—Consols 92¾ for both; Bonds 74¾; Stocks firm; Erie 25¾; Illinois Central 94¼.

Liverpool Markets.

LIVERPOOL, January 6.—12 p.m.—Cotton active; Uplands 11s. @ 11s. ½d.; Orleans 11s. @ 11s. ¾d. Lard buoyant at 68s. 6d. Pork buoyant at 91s. Bacon 55s.

Dry Goods.

FRESH ARRIVALS.

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!

THOS. & W. HUNTON

Have just opened out the contents of 42 packages of NEW GOODS, comprising

1 CASE SILKS, in plain and fancy colors, splendid value,

1 CASE VELVETEENS,

3 BALES WHITE COTTONS,
1 " WHITE COTTON SHEETING,
6 " GRAY COTTONS,
at greatly reduced prices.

2 CASES LINENS, assorted,

1 " BLACK CLOTHS,

2 " BLACK & COLORED OVERCOATINGS,

1 BALE WHITE FLANNELS,

1 " GRAY FLANNELS,

1 " SCARLET FLANNELS,

4 " BLANKETS,

2 " HEMP CARPETS,

3 " WOOL CARPETS,

10 " TAPESTRY CARPETS, this season's new patterns,

3 " CANADIAN TWEEDS.

All of the above goods being marked off, and ready for inspection. We would specially invite intending purchasers to call and examine them.

THOS. & W. HUNTON

47 and 49 Sparks-st.

Groceries.

THE TEA POT LIST.

In Cases, Hhd. and ¼ Casks,

HENNESSEY'S BRANDY,

MARTELL'S do

OTARD, DUPEY & Co., do

JULES, ROBIN & Co., do

CASTILLION & Co., do.

In Bottle or Wood,

GRAHAM'S EXTRA OLD PORT,

GRAHAM'S THREE GRAPE,

SANDEMAN'S CHOICE OLD PORT,

McKENZIE'S Pure Golden SHERRY,

DUNN'S BROWN, do

CHOICE PALE, do.

THE

FINEST BALTIMORE OYSTERS,

Received daily, by Express.

CHIPPAWA pure old RYE WHISKEY
Four years old, equal to any French Brandy.

CHIPPAWA TODDY WHISKEY,
Four years old, equal to Scotch.

CHIPPAWA FAMILY PROOF.

J. G. ROBINSON & CO.,
The Tea Pot, Ottawa.

Ottawa, Dec. 16, 1868.

ON SALE,

GOODERHAM & WORTS'

RECTIFIED SPIRITS.

100 BBLS. CELEBRATED OLD RYE,

100 do HIGHWINES, 50 O.P.

100 do ALCOHOL, 65 O.P.

The trade supplied at manufacturers' prices.

REDPATH'S EXTRA GOLDEN SYRUP

REDPATH'S STANDARD do

NEW YORK HOUSE SYRUP,

100 BBLS. WEST INDIA MOLASSES.

500 CHESTS UNCOLORED JAPAN TEA.

100 CADDIES ORANGE PEKOE

150 CHESTS TWANKAY.

200 CADDIES BRIGHT SOL TOBACCO.

100 BOXES TOBACCO, 10s.

500 BARRELS EXTRA SUPERIOR FLOUR.

300 BBLS. MESS PORK, to arrive.

J. G. ROBINSON & Co.
December 16, 1868. 926,3m

Jewellery, &c.

FOR
CHRISTMAS AND NEW YEAR'S
PRESENTS,
IN GOLD & SILVER WATCHES,
Go to YOUNG & RADFORD'S,
30 Sparks-st.

FOR
CHRISTMAS AND NEW YEAR'S
PRESENTS,
GOLD CHAINS & FINE JEWELLERY,
Go to YOUNG & RADFORD'S.

FOR
CHRISTMAS AND NEW YEAR'S
PRESENTS,
IN PLATED WARE,
Go to YOUNG & RADFORD'S.

FOR
CHRISTMAS AND NEW YEAR'S
PRESENTS,
IN FANCY GOODS,
SUITABLE FOR THE SEASON,
Go to YOUNG & RADFORD'S.

PARTIES WANTING WORK
SUITABLE FOR PRESENTATIONS
FOR CHRISTMAS OR NEW YEAR,
Will find it to their advantage to
Go to YOUNG & RADFORD'S,
30 Sparks-st.

Dry Goods.

SILKS FOR THE HOLIDAYS
AND
EVENING WEAR.
OVER
$10,000 WORTH of RICH
And Elegant Silks,
Satins,
Irish Poplins,
and Moire Antiques,
In all colors and suitable for grand occasions.
All kinds and qualities of "SILK GOODS" will be much higher priced in the Spring, therefore it will be to the advantage of all parties requiring such wear, to procure soon.

BALL DRESSES.
Elegant, Gilt and Silver Spangled Tarlatans,
Also, Plain and Embroidered Grenadine Dresses,
Black and White Grenadines,
Tarlatans, in all Colours,
Plain and Dewdrop Tulles, in all colours,
Plain and Coloured Spotted Nets, &c.

LACE GOODS.
Thread,
Maltese,
Clung and Honiton Laces,
Real Lace,
Lappets and Head Dresses,
Lace Collars and Cuffs,
Also, Chemizettes,
Hemmed Lawn,
and Honiton Lace Bordered Handkerchiefs.
White and Black Lace,
"Marie Antoinettes Lace Trimmed Aprons,"
(*A novelty.*)

OPERA CLOAKS.
White and Scarlet French Merinoes,
54 in. White, Bareze and Grenadine,
54 in. Lustre and Llama,
Wool Opera Hoods, Pelerines and Cloaks.
Cloaks made to order.

MILLINERY.
Flowers,
Feathers,
and Head Dresses.

GLOVES.
White and
Dark Coloured Kids,
ALL AT MAGEE & RUSSELL'S

Garland, Mutchmor & Co

XMAS DRY GOODS.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.,
IMPORTERS, 20 SPARKS-ST.,
Have received, ex various ocean steamers, large additions to their extensive stock of
STAPLE & FANCY DRY GOODS,
MILLINERY,
Carpetings and House Furnishings,
and are now shewing a large and well assorted stock in every department. They invite special attention to the following:

RICH FANCY SILKS,
RICH FANCY DRESSES,
suitable for street and evening wear,
RICH BALL DRESSES,
GOOD ABERDEEN WINCIES,
at a little over half last year's prices. Good cheap useful dresses for all classes in all the new materials.

CLOTHS,
TWEEDS,
BLANKETS,
FLANNELS,
SHEETINGS,
COTTONS,
PRINTS, Etc.,
all in great variety cheap.

LACES,
RIBBONS,
TRIMMINGS,
GLOVES,
HOSIERY,
Black Silk Mantle Velvets,
Black and Brown Velveteens,
Black and Brown Sealskins,
Black and Brown Astricans,
Coloured Jasper Sealskins,
White and Fancy Mantle Cloths.

MANTLES,
in great variety, in all the new materials and shapes.

SHAWLS,
BONNETS,
HATS,
LADIES' CAPS,
HEAD DRESSES,
FLOWERS,
FEATHERS,
BRIDAL WREATHS.

Great novelty in Skirts—the
NEW PATENT FELT SKIRT,
Plain and embroidered, all in once piece; warm lighter, better fitting and cheaper than any other skirts. Just opened

One Case Plain Glasgow Wincies.

Two cases latest styles in Clouds and other Woollen Goods.

Wholesale and Retail.

Stationery.

NEW GOODS.

Just received, ex steamship *St. David*, a large importation of the best British manufactured
STAPLE STATIONERY,
LETTER PAPERS,
NOTE PAPERS,
ENVELOPES,
FOOLSCAPS,
FOLIO POSTS,
RECORD PAPERS,
TINTED BLOTTING PAPERS,
MUSIC PAPER,
&c., &c., &c.
For sale at
THE OTTAWA CITIZEN
Stationery and Printing House,
Sparks-st., Ottawa.

Groceries.

For sale by the undersigned.
300 BBLS. MESS PORK.
200 BBLS. THIN MESS PORK.
500 BBLS. STRONG SUPER FLOUR.

COAL OIL.
Having been appointed by the combination their agents for
COAL OIL,
They are now prepared to sell in quantities to suit the trade, by the
BARREL OR CAR LOAD,
AT THE
LOWEST PRICES

Agents for Hiram Walker's
HIGHWINES
RYE,
PROOF, and
MONONGAHELA WHISKEYS.

Agents for
REESOR BROS. CHEESE.

Agents for John Campbell's celebrated
HAMS,
BACON, &c.
C. T. BATE & CO.,
Canal Basin.

Ottawa, Dec. 12, 1868.

Stationery.

PRESENTS FOR THE HOLIDAYS.

What more acceptable gift than a beautiful work of art, to be gazed on with pleasure and profit every day! "A thing of beauty is a joy forever!" Give then as Christmas Gifts, those exquisite pictures,

PRANG'S CHROMOS,

of which Frederic E. Church, the great American artist, says: "They are certainly most skilfully and artistically executed." And John G. Whittier "I had no idea they were home productions; I am glad to know that such beautiful work is done here." And Bayard Taylor: "Your illuminations of the Beatitudes are really superb." And Wendell Phillips; "I congratulate you on your success, which I consider marvellous."

Prang's American Chromos are fac-simile reproductions of masterly oil and water-color paintings, so skilfully and artistically done, that it requires the experience of an expert to detect the difference between them and their originals. Among them the following are the most attractive:

Horses in a Storm. (After R. Adams.)
The two Friends. (Child and Dog, after Geraud.)
Sunset in California. (After Bierstadt.)
Sunlight in Winter. (After Morvillier.)
The Barefooted Boy. (After Whittier.)
Early Autumn on Esopus Creek, N. Y. (After A. T. Bricher.)
Late Autumn in the White Mountains. (After A. T. Bricher.)
Six American Landscapes. (After A. T. Bricher.)
Strawberries and Baskets. (After Miss V. Granbery.)
Cherries and Basket. (After Miss V. Granbery.)
Flower Bouquet.
Blackberries in Vase. (After Lilly M. Spencer.)
Fringed Gentian. } [After H. R. Newman.]
Easter Morning. [After Mrs. James M. Hart.]
Group of Chickens. [After Tait.]
Group of Quails. [After Tait.]
Group of Ducklings. [After Tait.]
The Poultry Yard. [After Lemmens.]
Poultry Life. } A. } [After Lemmens.]
} B. } [Companions.]
The Kid's Play-Ground. [After Bruith.]
Correggio's Magdalena.
Under the Apple-Tree. } [After G. H. Niles.]
Rest by the Roadside. } [Companion pictures.]
Autumn Leaves—Maple.
Autumn Leaves—Oak.
Wood Mosses and Ferns. [After Ellen Robbins.]
Bird's Nest and Lichen. [After Ellen Robbins.]
The Bullfinch. [After Wm. Cruickshank.]
The Linnet. [After Wm. Cruickshank.]
Have Patience. [Girl and Dog.]
Rabbits and Kittens.
Morning. [After Rosa Bonheur.]
Evening. [After Rosa Bonheur.]
&c., &c., &c.

The Beatitudes of Our Lord, most magnificently illuminated.

Illuminated School Room Cards, with mottoes taken from Scripture.

Illuminated crosses, Book Marks, Rewards of Merit.

The Language of Flowers, Wood and Sea Mosses, Ferns, Flowers, &c.

"OLD MOTHER HUBBARD," "The most elegant juvenile book of the season," superbly illustrated and illuminated.

The editor of a prominent journal, writing to Mr. Prang, expresses thus his idea on Chromos:

"We think no greater civilizer could be introduced so generally as your chromos. You will never find a thief with a rosebud in his button-hole nor will you ever find a murderer admire your productions. Only the good, the true, and the better part of our nature, are touched and spoken to by art. Your aim to introduce your beautiful productions to the general public is commendable, and in your efforts you have our hearty concurrence."

Prang's Chromos are offered at 20 per cent. below the publisher's prices at the

CANADA GAZETTE OFFICE,

where will also be found the following objects, suitable for Christmas and New Year Gifts.

Albums, Toilet Bags, writing Desks, Gold and Silver Pen and Pencil cases, Penknives, &c.

A beautiful assortment of PLAYING CARDS.

BALL AND DINNER CARDS &c., neatly printed.

VISITING CARDS printed from copperplate or type on the shortest notice.

CANADA GAZETTE OFFICE.
Dec. 10th, 1868. Sparks-st., Ottawa

SEE FIRST PAGE.

OTTAWA MARKETS.

[Compiled expressly for the OTTAWA TIMES.]

Times Office, Ottawa, Jan. 6, 1869.

The market yesterday was the best of the year, but the prices remain unchanged.

Oats were in very fair supply, in fact better than of late they have been.

Of **Pork** there was a middling supply.

Beef was in plenty and looking up.

Potatoes.—The mild weather was taken advantage of to bring in a large quantity.

Butter continues very scarce, and the same may be said of poultry.

Hay was in abundance.

Wood was less plentiful than usual. Buyers were ready for the produce, and purchased liberally. It was expected that Thursday's market would be very full.

FLOUR—Extra	6 50	@ 6 75
No. 1	5 25	@ 5 50
No. 2	none.	
Bags—Fall per 100 lbs.	3 25	@ 3 37½
" Spring "	2 62½	@ 2 75
Oatmeal—per 200 lbs.	7 00	@ 7 25
Indian Meal "	4 00	@ 0 00
Rye—per bushel 56 lbs.	0 85	@ 0 90
Barley " 48 lbs.	0 90	@ 0 00
Buckwheat Flour	4 00	@ 4 50
WHEAT—Fall—per bushel, 60 lbs.	1 25	@ 1 30
Spring " "	1 20	@ 1 25
CORN—Per bushel, 56 lbs	0 85	@ 0 90
Peas " 60 lbs	0 90	@ 0 00
Oats " 34 lbs	0 60	@ 0 67
Beans " 60 lbs	1 80	@ 0 00
PORK—Mess—per barrel	24 00	@ 24 50
Prime Mess per do	00 00	@ 17 00
Prime	none.	
Pork (fresh)	7 50	@ 9 50
Hams	0 15	@ 0 17
Beef per 100 lbs	5 00	@ 6 50
Mutton—per lb	0 5	@ 0 0
Geese—Each	0 50	@ 0 60
Ducks	0 50	@ 0 60
Turkeys—Each	1 00	@ 2 00
Poultry—Per pair	0 50	@ 0 60
BUTTER—Choice Table	0 25	@ 0 00
No. 1 Firkin	0 22	@ 0 24
No. 2	0 00	@ 0 00
Eggs	0 22	@ 0 25
Apples—per brl	3 00	@ 4 00
VEGETABLES, &c.—Potatoes	0 40	@ 0 40
HAY—Per ton	20 00	@ 25 00
WOOD—Per cord (cubic measure)	3 25	@ 0 00
Mixed Wood	3 00	@ 0 00
Tamarac	2 00	@ 0 00
Soft Wood	2 00	@ 0 00

For Sale or to Let.

TO LUMBERERS.—The subscriber is authorized to receive proposals for lease of the best STEAM MILL SITE on the River Ottawa, below the Chaudiere Falls. Very extensive storage for logs and piling ground. Lumber may be shipped direct from the mill.

R. H. HAYCOCK, Solicitor, Ottawa.

Dec. 19, 1868. 928d

FOR SALE, OR TO LET for a term of years, BELLEGREEN COTTAGE and GROUNDS, say two and a half acres, situate on the Bank of the Rideau River, (Ottawa-st.) The Cottage is built of brick and tin roofed, with a gallery all round. The gardens and grounds are in a high state of cultivation. Large storeroom, stables, granary, coach and ice-house, woodsheds, &c., all in the best of order. It is one of the most healthy and comfortable residences for a private family in or about the city of Ottawa. For particulars apply to FRANCIS CLEMOW, Esq.—Office, Sparks-st., near the Russell House—or to the proprietor J. WADSWORTH.

Terms moderate. Possession given at any time to suit parties. 927tf

VALUABLE FARMS FOR SALE.—Lot 21 in the 3rd Concession, Gloucester, Ottawa Front, 200 acres, about 80 cleared and under cultivation, with comfortable Dwelling and good Barn. The bush land is principally hardwood, and very valuable from its proximity to Ottawa. Also, Lot 20, in 3rd Concession, Gloucester, Ottawa Front, containing 200 acres, 20 acres cleared. The remainder of this lot is heavily wooded with hard and soft wood. These farms will be sold separately or together as may be desired. The short distance of only 3 miles from Ottawa makes the wood of greater value. These lands are well watered, of excellent soil, and would make a fine dairy farm. Apply to the Proprietor, C. SPARROW, or to D. O'CONNOR, Solicitor, Ottawa.

Ottawa, Nov. 25, 1868. 908tf

MEMBERS OF PARLIAMENT and others visiting the Capital can be accommodated with board and apartments, single or double, at a first-class Boarding House, within five minutes' walk of the Parliament Buildings. References given if required. Apply to MRS. W. PARDY, Wellington-st., Ottawa. 905-2m

ROOMS TO LET.

MRS. SMITH, Corner of Bank and Albert-sts., can rent TWO FURNISHED BEDROOMS and a SITTING ROOM. 868tf

FOR SALE.—The Westerly one-third of Lot No. 27, in First Concession, Ottawa Front, Nepean, and Lots Nos. 26 and 28, in the same concession, at present in the occupation of Wm. T. Aylen, Esq. For further particulars apply to JOHN and WM. THOMSON, Nepean, and LEWIS & PINHEY, Barristers, Ottawa. Ja2-141-tf

Commission Merchants.

DOMINION AUCTION MART,

AND

COMMISSION SALE ROOMS,

HOUSE, LAND AND GENERAL AGENCY,

OFFICE AND SALE ROOMS,

INGLIS' NEW BUILDINGS, SUSSEX-ST.,

OTTAWA.

The subscriber respectfully announces to the inhabitants of Ottawa and surrounding country that at the request of many friends he has decided on opening an extensive and well regulated Auction Mart in this city:

From arrangements made with some of the Furniture Manufactories of Western Ontario, a large and well selected stock of new furniture will be constantly on hand.

Public Sales will be held from time to time, of which due notice will be given, and at which parties requiring to furnish will have an opportunity of purchasing at unusually low rates. The Mart is now open with a large stock of new Furniture, as well as Pianos, Harmoniums, &c., &c., consigned for sale.

The subscriber would also intimate that he is the Sole Agent for Ottawa and territory for the sale of Rappe, Webber & Co.'s celebrated grand Pianos.

They are successors to the late John C. Fox, of Kingston, and the makers of his excellent Pianos.

From their long experience in Germany, Paris, and New York, they are universally admitted to be the best Piano Manufacturers on this continent.

The high reputation of the instruments made by them for the past ten years, and the increasing demand for them in the new Dominion, prove their very superior quality, and universally acknowledged merit.

The Pianos, as well as the Furniture in the establishment, will be sold either by private sale or auction.

He would also announce that he is prepared to receive instructions from persons having household furniture, horses, carriages, or real estate, to dispose of, and pledges himself that nothing will be left undone by him to give satisfaction in discharging the trust confided to him. He hopes that by strict attention to the sales entrusted to his care, as well as by prompt settlements immediately after, to merit a share of public patronage.

He will be in his office from 7 in the morning until 7 in the evening, when he can see parties who wish to arrange about their sales. Consignments from a distance will have immediate attention.

Cash advances, when required, will be made on consignments for immediate sale.

All kinds of furniture bought, sold or exchanged.

REFERENCES.

His Lordship the Bishop of Kingston,
Hon. Sir John A. Macdonald,
Hon. H. L. Langevin, C B,
Hon. Alex. Campbell, P M G,
R. W. Scott, Esq, M P P,
Walter Shanly, Esq, M P
Max. W. Strange, Esq, M P P,
Francis H. Burton, Esq, M P
James O'Rielly, Esq, Q C,
H.Y. Noel, Esq, Manager Quebec Bank, Ottawa.
Robert Lyon, Esq, M P P.

A smart young man wanted to act as travelling agent representing several firms.

J. BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer and Commission Merchant,
73-y House, Land and General Agent.

REMOVAL.

The subscribers beg to inform their customers and the public generally that they have removed to those spacious premises lately occupied by M. K. Dickinson, Canal Basin, and where will be found constantly on hand the following goods:

FLOUR,
PORK,
OATMEAL, &c.

ALSO ON HAND,

2,000 CORDS OF GOOD FIREWOOD, and 600,000 sawed SHINGLES.

Wholesale and Commission Agents.

Goods forwarded with despatch between Ottawa, Kingston and Intermediate Ports, by the Steamer *Mary Ann*, and three barges.

Silver Taken at Par.

WM. H. EASTON & CO.,
Forwarders and Commission Merchants,
Canal Basin

NOTICE.

CROWN LANDS DEPARTMENT,

TORONTO, 10th December, 1868.

The undermentioned lands in the Township of ELMA, in the County of Perth, will be offered for sale, by Public Auction, at the Office of John Sharman, Esq., Crown Land Agent, in the Town of Stratford, at 12 o'clock, noon, on Friday, the Eighth day of January, 1869:

The following, supposed to be Pine Lands, will be offered at an upset price of $3.00 per acre:—

13th Con., Lots 1 (99 acres).
14th " " 3, 4, 5, 27, 28, 29, 31, (100 acres each); 30 (101 acres).
15th " 1 (99 acres); 2, 3, 4, 5, 7, 25 (100 acres each).
16th " " 3, 4, 126 (100 each).
17th " " 1 (90 acres); 2, 22, 23, 24, 26, 29, (100 acres each); 25 (95 acres); 30 (102 acres).
18th " " 25 (72 acres); 26, 27, 28, 29, (77 acres each); 30 (80 acres).

The following supposed to be Marsh Lands, will be offered at an upset price of $1.00 per acre:

13th Con. Lots 20, 22, 24 (100 acres each); 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, (101 acres each).

The above Lands will be sold for Cash without conditions of settlement.

The following, supposed to be Swamp Lands, will be offered at an upset price of $2.00 per acre, payable one-fifth at the time of sale, and the balance in four equal annual instalments with interest, and subject to the usual conditions of settlement, to be declared at the time of sale:

11th Con. Lots 17, 18, 19, 20, (100 acres each).
12th " " 20, 21, 24, (100 acres each); 25 (102 acres).
13th " " 23 (100).
14th " " 33 (100).
16th " " 17 (100 acres).
18th " " 7, 8, (75 acres).

Parties found trespassing upon any of the above mentioned Lands will be prosecuted according to law, and any timber found cut will be confiscated. The Departmental notice of the 14th instant, in regard to the above lands, is hereby cancelled.

S. RICHARDS,
929td Commissioner of Crown Lands.

CANADA.

THE DUKE OF BUCKINGHAM AND CHANDOS TO SIR JOHN YOUNG.

COPY.

CANADA.

DOWNING-ST., 8th December, 1868.

SIR,—

The Queen has had occasion to observe that the constant progress of the British Empire in population, wealth and enterprize, and the unusual opportunities thus happily afforded to Her Subjects of rendering effective services to their Sovereign and their Country, have in some respects outgrown Her Majesty's means of recognizing those services in a fitting manner. You are aware that with the object of supplying that deficiency, it was found requisite in the year 1847, to enlarge and modify the ancient Order of the Bath; and more recently that Her Majesty has been pleased to create a new Order of Knighthood—the Star of India—for the reward of services rendered in relation to her Indian Empire. The sphere of usefulness and eminence which is now open in the British Colonies is so varied and extensive as to render it, in Her Majesty's judgment, advisable that to them as to India a special form of distinction should be appropriated.

For this purpose Her Majesty has been graciously pleased to sanction such a modification of the Statutes of the Order of St. Michael and St. George, originally instituted by King George III., in connection with His Majesty's Mediterranean Possessions, and now presided over by a Prince of the Blood Royal, together with such an enlargement of its numbers as will render it available as a reward of distinguished merit or services in any part of Her Majesty's Colonial Possessions.

I annex for publication in the Colony under your Government, copies of so much of the new Statutes as prescribes the qualifications for admission into the order and the number of the Knights.

The Queen is confident that this measure will be received by Her Subjects as an evidence of the importance which Her Majesty attaches to Her Colonial Dominions as integral parts of the British Empire, of Her constant interest in their progress and of Her desire that services of which they are the scene or the occasion may not pass without adequate and appropriate recognition.

I have, &c.,
(Signed,) BUCKINGHAM & CHANDOS.

Governor
The Right Honourable,
Sir J. Young, Bt. K. G. C. B. G. C. M. G. &c., &c., &c.

Extract from the Statutes of the most distinguished order of St. Michael and St. George, dated the 4th December, 1868.

It is ordained, that this most distinguished order shall contain three classes, as in our said letters-patent mentioned, to be styled and designated respectively—

KNIGHTS GRAND CROSS,
KNIGHTS COMMANDERS, and
COMPANIONS.

It is ordained, that the first-class, or Knights Grand Cross, shall not exceed twenty-five in number.

It is ordained, that the second class, or Knights Commanders, shall not exceed sixty in number.

It is ordained, that the third class, or companions, shall not exceed one hundred in number.

It is ordained, that the persons to be admitted into this most distinguished order, shall be such natural-born subjects of our Crown of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, as may have held, or shall hereafter hold, high and confidential offices within any of our Colonial possessions, or such other natural-born subjects of our Crown of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, as may have held, or shall hereafter hold, high and confidential offices, or may render extraordinary and important services to us as sovereign of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, in relation to any of our Colonial possessions, or who may become eminently distinguished therein by their talents, merits, virtues, loyalty, or services, or who now are, or hereafter may be, appointed officers of this most distinguished order.

VULCAN IRON WORKS,

WELLINGTON-STREET,

OTTAWA.

ALEXANDER FLECK, Proprietor and Manager of the VULCAN IRON WORKS, MONTREAL, begs to inform the public of Ottawa and the surrounding Counties that he has purchased the extensive works hitherto owned and worked by T. M. Blaisdell, Esquire, as Founder, Machinist, and Worker in all kinds of Iron Work.

Having made full arrangements to meet the wants of the Trade, he respectfully draws the attention of those about to erect Saw and other Mills, Mill Owners generally, Steamboat Owners, and others, to the facilities offered for the manufacture of such articles as they may require. He will be prepared to receive and execute promptly all orders in his line of business in the best manner and at reasonable prices.

ALEXANDER FLECK.

Ottawa, December 11, 1868. 922d

DOMINION Telegraph Company!

Capital Stock,......................$500,000,

IN 10,000 SHARES AT $50 EACH.

President, HON. WM. CAYLEY.

Treasurer, HON. J. McMURRICH.

Secretary, H. B. REEVE.

Counsel, MESSRS. CAMERON & McMICHAEL.

General Superintendent, MARTIN RYAN.

DIRECTORS.

HON. J. McMURRICH—Bryce, McMurrich & Co., Toronto.
A. R. McMASTER, Esq.,—A. R. McMaster & Brother, Toronto.
HON. M. C. CAMERON,—Provincial Secretary, Toronto.
JAMES MICHIE, Esq.,—Fulton, Michie & Co., and Geo. Michie & Co., Toronto.
HON. WM. CAYLEY,—Toronto.
A. M. SMITH, Esq.,—A. M. Smith & Co., Toronto.
L. MOFFATT, Esq.,—Moffatt, Murray & Co., Toronto.
H. B. REEVE, Esq.,—Toronto.
MARTIN RYAN, Esq.,—Toronto.

PROSPECTUS.

THE DOMINION TELEGRAPH COMPANY has been organized under the Act respecting Telegraph Companies, chapter 67 of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada. Its object is to cover the Dominion of Canada with a complete net-work of Telegraph lines.

THE CAPITAL STOCK

Is $500,000, divided into 10,000 shares of $50 each, 5 per cent to be paid at the time of subscribing, the balance to be paid by instalments, not exceeding 10 per cent per month—said instalments to be called in as the works progress.

THE BUSINESS AFFAIRS OF THE COMPANY

are under the management of a Board of Directors annually elected by the shareholders in conformity with the Charter and By-laws of the Company.

The Directors are of opinion that it would be to the interest of the Stockholders generally to obtain subscriptions from all quarters of Canada, and with this view they propose to divide the Stock amongst the different towns and cities throughout the Dominion in allotments suited to the population and business occupations of the different localities and the interest which they may be supposed to take in such an enterprize.

CONTRACTS OF CONNECTIONS.

A contract, granting permanent connection and extraordinary advantages, has already been executed, between this Company and the Atlantic and Pacific Company of New York; thus, at the very commencement, as the Lines of this Company are constructed from the Suspension Bridge, at Clifton (the point of connection) to any point in the Dominion, all the chief cities and places in the States, touched by the Lines of the Atlantic and Pacific Telegraph Company, are brought in immediate connection therewith.

A permanent connection has also been secured with the Great Western Telegraph Company of Chicago, whereby this Company will be brought into close connection with all the Lake Ports and other places through the North Western States, and through to California.

All classes of Society are interested in extending the use of the Telegraph, at LOW RATES, and the Directors are satisfied, that the adoption of a scale of charges considerably below the rates now exacted in Canada, will by encouraging a much more extended use of this medium of communication, not only prove a real and substantial benefit to the public generally, but will also ensure a safe and profitable return to the Investor.

On the 25th day of June, A.D., 1868, the DOMINION TELEGRAPH COMPANY was duly CHARTERED according to law.

The admitted importance and value of Telegraphy, would, in the opinion of the Directors, have rendered any introduction of the Dominion Telegraph Company to the Canadian public unnecessary had it not been that previous attempts to establish Telegraph Companies in Canada, to share the business with the Montreal Company, had been allowed to fall through.

The success of a Telegraph Company will mainly depend on its ability to meet the demands of the public, and consequently it should possess, at least, equal facilities with any other Company, of access to all quarters with which its customers may desire to have communication.

This important requisite has not been, until now, within the reach of any Company entering the field as a competitor with the Montreal Company, in consequence of the close and exclusive connection formed between that Company and the Western Union Company, of the United States, the latter by virtue of certain patents, having until within these two years, monopolized nearly the whole of the telegraph business of the neighboring republic.

The business relations between these two Companies continue in full force, but the patents having run out, the monopoly so long enjoyed by the Western Union has ceased to exist.

The Atlantic and Pacific, the Great Western, and other American Companies have invaded the field, and have become successful competitors for the public patronage and support. These Companies, acting on the cheap postage principle, have forced the old monopolist to a reduction of rates, which has resulted in a more widely extended use of this means of communication, and much to the surprise of the Western Union itself, has increased its profits, whilst sharing its field of operations.

With these new Companies the Dominion Telegraph Company of Canada have entered into most satisfactory business relations, and confident of the soundness of the principle which led to the adoption of the penny-postage system in Great Britain, the voluntary reduction from $100 to $16.65 per ten word message by the Ocean Cable Company, and the successful operations of the Companies recently established in the United States, invite the business and mercantile community of Canada to join them in the promotion of an enterprise, based on the principle of moderate rates and extended business which, while injuring no one, they confidently expect will result in securing a large return to the investor, and prove a vast benefit to the community.

Allusion has been made to the voluntary reduction of rates by the Atlantic Cable Company. A Chicago paper, writing on the subject of the growing use of the Telegraph, gives the following return as obtained directly from Cyrus W. Field, showing very conclusively the benefit both to the public and the Company of the reduction of rates.

AVERAGE DAILY RECEIPTS.

From $100 per message of ten words	$2,525
do 50 do do	2,895
do 25 do do	3,965

An advertisement has recently appeared announcing to the public that the rates from 1st September, proximo, will be further reduced to $16.65 per ten words.

The following table shows the reduction which has been effected in rates in the neighboring States arising out of the construction of competing lines:—

From New York to	*Former Rate.*	*Present Rate.*
Boston	$ 60	$ 30
Banger	1 20	65
Portland	90	50
Philadelphia	40	25
Baltimore	70	35
Washington	75	40
Augusta, Me.	1 20	60
Cincinnati	1 90	1 00
Buffalo	75	50
Cleveland	1 95	1 00
Pittsburgh	1 15	45
Louisville	1 96	1 00

This reduction took place in November, 1867. A comparison of the receipts of the Western Union since that period with the corresponding months of the previous year gives the following results:—

Gross Receipts for

December, 1866.........$ 551,971 40; December, 1867.........$576,135 19; Increase.........$ 24,163 79
Jany., Feb., March,'67 1,594,644 96; Jany., Feb., March,'68 1,727,939 55; Increase......... 133,294 59
April, May, June, '67, 1,559,778 79; April, May, June, '68, 1,749,631 52; Increase......... 189,852 73

While these beneficial results were flowing to the Western Union Company from the reduction of rates, the new Companies had created a business more than sufficient to fill their wires. In proof of this the following extract is taken from the report of the Atlantic and Pacific Company, made July 28th, 1868:

"In April last we reached the maximum capacity of our wires, and have since been compelled to refuse business daily. The Committee, therefore, have reached the conclusion from the actual experience of building and working the present lines—that

"Telegraphic business is growing faster than Telegraphic facilities."

As further proof on this point, the low rates have so pressed the wires of both Companies with business through the day, that posters have been placed in all the main offices proclaiming that double the number of words would be telegraphed at night at the same price as half the number of words by day.

In support of the observation quoted above, that telegraphic business is growing faster than telegraphic facilities, the following statement exhibiting the wonderful increase in the use of the wire, within the last six years, cannot be without interest to our readers. The gross earnings of all telegraph lines in the United States for the following years were:—

1846	$ 4,228 77	1864	$3,792,245 40
1849	63,338 98	1865	4,420,268 88
1853	103,860 84	1866	5,624,501 20
1862	2,734,960 40	1867	7,641,552 47
1863	3,269,442 66		

Showing an average increase of a million a year for the last five years.

A comparison of the number of messages, and persons using the wire in Canada and the States, furnishes a further proof of the advantage to the public and corresponding benefit to the Companies arising out of a reduction of rates.

The published returns for 1867, show that 600,757 messages were sent in Canada, while the messages in the United States for the same period exceeded 20,800,000, the former being less than one message to every six persons, the latter, two to every three. From these returns and results it may be reasonably inferred that a reduction of rates to a tariff at which the wires of both Companies can be filled, will secure a fair field and good prospects to the Dominion Company without in any way prejudicing the interests of the Company now monopolizing the ground.

The particulars submitted above are sufficient in the opinion of the Directors to establish the fact that low rates, by encouraging a more general use of the telegraph, are more profitable than high. It is not, however, solely in the light of a safe and good investment that the Directors desire that this enterprise should be viewed. They feel that their object will be but indifferently attained unless they can satisfy the public, the business and commercial men, that ALL who use the telegraph as a medium of rapid communication, are interested in the establishment of what may be called a competing line. As in the administration of public affairs, a strong, watchful opposition, is the best security for good and careful government: so in commercial matters, an honest rivalry in the various pursuits and branches of trade furnishes the best security that the public shall be well served.

To apply the argument to the purpose in hand, the following table showing the inconsistencies, and, in many instances, the excessive rates now charged on messages passing between the cities and towns of Ontario, Quebec and the United States, will, it is believed, convince the reader that an honest competition is needed, not only for the reduction and adjustment of rates, but also to ensure that attention and care which would of necessity be enforced on the Companies competing for public favor, and thus tend greatly to promote the general interests of the community.

EXAMPLE OF PRESENT TARIFF RATES, WITH DISTANCES.

		MILES.	CANADA MONEY.
From Toronto	to Suspension Bridge	82	40c
Do do	Montreal	333	30
Do do	Mitchell, Seaforth, Bothwell, Ailsa Craig, Caledonia, Chatham, Dunville, Newbury, Port Burwell, Port Colborne and many other places		40
Do do	Kingston	160	25
Do do	Quebec	505	50

Example at present tariff rates to Buffalo, and from thence to the following places, in U. S. currency, which reduced to Canada money at 45 per cent premium, makes the actual cost, as in second column:—

Price Collected at Toronto.	ACTUAL COST, BOTH TARIFFS.		
To New York .... 80c.	From Toronto to Buffalo		30c
	Buffalo to New York. 50c	Reduced to Canada Money.	35c—$0 65
To Philadelphia $1 05	From Toronto to Buffalo		30c
	Buffalo to Philadelphia. 75c	Reduced to Canada Money.	52c—$0 82
To Washington $1 30	From Toronto to Buffalo		30c
	Buffalo to Washington. 90c	Reduced to Canada Money.	62c—$0 92
To Baltimore $1 30	From Toronto to Buffalo		30c
	Buffalo to Baltimore. 85c	Reduced to Canada Money.	59c—$0 89
To Chicago $1 35	From Toronto to Detroit		60c
	Detroit to Chicago. 75c	Reduced to Canada Money.	52c—$1 12
To New Orleans $3 05	From Toronto to Buffalo		30c
	Buffalo to New Orleans. $2 75c	Reduced to Canada Money.	$1 90c—$2 20

NOTE.—The same illustration may be applied to all the places in the United States. Canadians are obliged to pay a profit on the published rates.

Subscription Books will be opened at the Office of the Company, 83 King-st. east, on and after September 1st 1868.

H. B. REEVE, Secretary.

Toronto, September 29, 1868. 860tt

Medical Cards.

EDWARD C. MALLOCH, M.D., M.R.C.S. Duke-st., LeBreton's Flats, "opposite the well." Office hours from 8:30 to 10:30 a.m., and 3 to 5 p.m.

DR. O. C. WOOD, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Ottawa. Day office opposite Magee & Russell's, Sparks-street, Centre Town. Night office at his residence, Maria-street, Centre Town. CANCERS CURED, without the use of the knife, by a new, but certain, speedy, and almost painless process. References given to parties successfully treated, if required. 17w180y

DR. C. LEGGO, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Office—Hunton's Block, Sparks-street.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street, Central Ottawa. 34utf

DR. C. A. MARTIN, Dentist. Office—Sussex-street, over Messrs. Campbell & Co.'s, Grocers. 34utf

DR. GEORGE HUTCHISON, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street, opposite Magee & Russell's. 576y

DR. W. J. HENRY, Corner of Kent and Wellington-streets, Ottawa. 43utf

Hotels and Saloons.

"GOING DOWN TO MONTREAL?"

Put up at the "CITY HOTEL," one of the most comfortable houses in the city.

This Hotel has just been fitted up in a first-class style, and at an enormous expense; its accommodations are of the best kind, it contains 75 rooms, with good yard and stabling for 60 horses. The table is always supplied with all the delicacies of the season. The Bar is also supplied with the very best of Liquors. Besides all that, this Hotel is situated right in the centre of business, near the R.R. Depot, and within a few minutes walk from the Banks and Post Office.

Terms are exceedingly moderate. Try once and you will be satisfied.

Remember the Place "City Hotel," 78, 80 and 82, St. Joseph-street, Montreal.

CHARLES LAURIN,
853tf Proprietor.

PICKWICK HOUSE,
Corner James and King-sts.,
Opposite the Court House and Public Offices, ST. CATHARINES, Ont.
E. HOUGHTON, Proprietor,
(Late of Houghton's Dining Saloon.)

A spacious sample-room for commercial travellers. 859y

OTTAWA HOUSE.

Corner of Main and Prince of Wales-streets Pembroke, Ontario.

Stages in connection with the steamers *Jason Gould, Pembroke* and *Pontiac.*

Particular attention paid to the comfort of guests. Good rooms for commercial travellers. Horses and vehicles always on hand.

J. COPELAND, Proprietor.

Pembroke, Aug. 1, 1868. 809y

TORONTO HOUSE, Sparks-st.

MRS. TROTTER begs to announce that she has at present several commodious and handsomely furnished suites of apartments, in every respect eligible for civil or military officers, or private gentlemen remaining in the city. 773tf

REVERE HOUSE, OTTAWA.

G. A. BUCKE, W. H. SANGER, } PROPRIETORS.

This first-class Hotel has been re-furnished and refitted throughout, and now combines all the requisites of a first-class establishment. 582tt

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,
M. KAVANAGH, *Proprietor,*

Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings.

The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands of Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.

Oysters, Game etc., daily

THE METROPOLITAN,
AUMOND'S BLOCK,
Rideau Street Ottawa.
292tf P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.

DOMINION HOUSE,
WELLINGTON-STREET.

The undersigned, formerly head waiter at the Russell House, begs to notify his friends and the public generally that he has leased the above hotel, which is now well furnished, and will be kept as a first class house. The bar is well stocked with the choicest brands of liquors. The table will be furnished with the best the market affords. Good yard and stabling attached to the premises.

658y GEORGE IRVINE.

Miscellaneous.

I. B. TACKABERRY, Auction Rooms No. 36, Rideau-street, below Whyte's Stationery Store. The sale of Real Estate at Auction or private sale promptly attended to. Consignments received and immediate attention will be paid. Sales attended in any of the city or country. 699y

R. SPARKS, Provincial Land Surveyor, Draughtsman, &c., (commissioned for Upper and Lower Canada.) Office and residence, Gloucester, near Ottawa. Surveys of every description executed with accuracy. Communications addressed Ottawa City, (post-paid), or left at the office of N. Sparks, Solicitor, &c., Ottawa, will receive prompt attention. 55 y

B. BILLINGS, Jr., Architect, Elgin street opposite the Post Office.

REFERENCES.—H A Sims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany; Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq Managing Director O. & St. L. R. R. 740t

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale.

OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

O'CONNOR & WALLER, Exchange Brokers, Fire, Life and Accidental Insurance, Commission and Collecting Agents.

Office, No. 27, Sussex-street, Ottawa.

R. E. O'CONNOR. 378y W. H. WALLER.

OLIVER & ANNABLE, Wholesale Manufacturers of Bedsteads, Chairs, &c., Chaudiere Island, Ottawa, C. W.

JOHN OLIVER,
506y WILLIAM ANNABLE.

R. H. McGREEVY, Contractor and Builder. Office: North side York Street, second door from Sussex Street. 78y

PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS, &c.,

Prepared for buildings of every description, By SIDNEY B. FRIPP, Architect,
711tf Wellington-st.

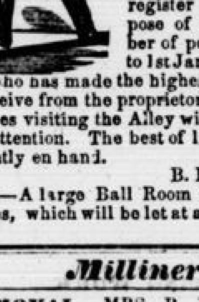
COAL! COAL!

NEWCASTLE GRATE,
(Screened.)
LACKAWANNA,
(Egg and Stove Sizes.)
LEHIGH,
(Lump and Egg Sizes.)
BLACKSMITH'S,
$6 per Chaldron.

For Sale by
D. W. COWARD & CO.,
Commission Merchants,
912-3m Office—17 Sparks-st.

Amusements.

DOMINION BOWLING ALLEY.



The subscriber begs to inform his friends that he opened on MONDAY, the 26th OCTOBER, his BOWLING ALLEY. This is one of the best in the Capital, and equal to any in America. It contains four alleys, and with first-class balls. There will be kept a register book for the purpose of marking the number of points made each day to 1st January next, and the party who has made the highest number of points will receive from the proprietor a rich prize.

Parties visiting the Alley will be received with polite attention. The best of liquors will be found constantly on hand.

B. B. LARIVIERE.

N.B.—A large Ball Room is attached to the premises, which will be let at a low figure.

B. B. L.

Millinery.

REMOVAL.—MRS. R. PARSONS has removed her Dressmaking Establishment to the rooms over J. G. WHYTE'S Book Store, Rideau-st.

Entrance from Mosgrove-st.

N.B.—All orders promptly attended to. 939a

NOTICE.

MRS. SMITH having received her new styles of FALL HATS & BONNETS, will be happy to see her old friends and the public generally. Gent's Felt Hats cleaned, dyed and done over in the best style.

N.B.—The most fashionable Mantles and Coats made to order, Corner of Bank and Albert-sts.

October 10. 868tf

Legal Cards.

MACPHERSON, KENNEDY & CHRISTIE, Barristers, &c., Lang's Block, Elgin-st., Ottawa.

J. P. MACPHERSON, G. KENNEDY, A. J. CHRISTIE.

J. W. WARD, of the late firm of Lewis Pinhey & Ward, has removed his Chancery Office to Bell's Law Chambers, opposite Russell House, Elgin-st. dw

NICHOLAS SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

E. A. MARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 902y

MOSGROVE & TAILLON, Barristers, Solicitors, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.

WILLIAM MOSGROVE. 366tf GEORGE TAILLON.

N. TETREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post Office. 390tf

LAPIERRE & HAYCOCK, Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers and Notaries Public, Corner of Sussex and York-streets, Ottawa. 368y

D. O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex-street. Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 55y

R. H. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Post Office Building, Elgin-street, Ottawa. 43utf

P. J. BUCKLEY, L.L.B., Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, and Notary Public. Office—over Mr. Luke Curner's Boot and Shoe Store, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 334y

LEES & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. Office—In the Court House, Ottawa.

ROBERT LEES. 43utf JOHN J. GEMMELL.

EDWARD T. DARTNELL, Barrister, Solicitor, Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the Court House, L'Orignal. 34-6m

Educational.

MUSICAL ACADEMY.

Mr. GUSTAVE SMITH, (Organist of the Cathedral) a Graduate of the Imperial Conservatory of Paris. Lessons on Piano and Singing. Rideau-street, corner of King-street.

Ottawa, June 23, 1868. 775y

PIANO-FORTE TUITION.

W. C. CLARK, Professor of Music and Teacher of Piano, Voice and Harmony. Also, Mrs. Clark, Teacher of Drawing and Painting. Music Rooms and Residence, O'Connor-street, corner of Slater-street, Centre Town.

Orders may be left at his residence or at Orme & Son's Music Store. 452

TUITION.

MONS. H. BERTHELOT, of the Ottawa Grammar School, is now prepared to give private lessons in the French language. Terms moderate.

N. B.—Will also give lessons in the Latin, Greek or English languages if required.

Orders may be left at Messrs. Durie & Son's bookstore.

Ottawa, October 16, 1868. 873tf

THE SISTERS

OF THE

CONGREGATION DE NOTRE DAME,

FROM MONTREAL,

respectfully inform the public that they will open a branch of their

Educational Establishment in Ottawa.

Their classes will begin on the 15th OCTOBER. For particulars and terms apply to the

LADY SUPERIORESS,
863tf Corner of O'Connor and Maria-sts.

Druggists.

HOLIDAY PRESENTS

AT

THE MEDICAL HALL,

28 Sparks-st., Ottawa.

Toilet Boxes in variety,
Rimmel's New Perfumes,
Cambridge Bouquet,
Oxford Bouquet,
English Lavender Water,
Silver Top Smelling Bottles,
Scotch Plaid Smelling Bottles,
Improved Perfumed Distributors,
&c., &c., &c.

A complete stock just received of Toilet Articles, Patent Medicines,

Genuine Drugs and Chemicals,
Druggists' Sundries of all descriptions.

W. M. MASSEY,
Family and Dispensing Chemist.

Dye Works.

BRANCH OF
ST. LAWRENCE DYE WORKS,
Elgin-st., (*Opposite the Russell House,*) Ottawa, Ont.

MACDONALD & CO.,
SILK AND WOOLLEN DYERS,
Scourers, Hot Pressers, &c.

Gentlemen's Clothes cleaned and dyed. Kid Gloves cleaned. 894-3m

OTTAWA CITY
STEAM DYE WORKS,
Sussex-st.,
SIGN OF THE GOLDEN SHEEP,
Opposite Martineau's Store,

Has not removed to Centre Town, but can be found at the above address.

Great reduction in prices for cleaning or dyeing. All kinds of Wool, Cotton, Silk, &c., done at reduced rates.

No use of sending goods to Montreal.

Encourage home manufactures.

LETHAM & BRUNAIS,
876tf Sussex-st.

TO FARMERS & OTHERS.

TRADE A. O. A. & Co. MARK.

Farmers and others should buy their TEA and COFFEE from

A. O. AUDY & CO.,

who are daily receiving by direct importations Tea and Coffee of the finest quality. Their business is conducted on the English principle, and the above named articles can be procured in 5 and 10 pound catties and upwards. The purchaser receives the benefit of a neat package, a good article, and at wholesale prices. Perfect satisfaction is ensured, and any goods not proving according to sample can be returned at our expense. We will pay the carriage on 4 five or 2 ten lb catties to the nearest railway station. For the accommodation of farmers and others not having heard of the advantage offered them, we have engaged trustworthy agents who will make occasional trips throughout the surrounding country and solicit their orders. Any favors submitted to them will receive prompt attention. We do not sell less than a cattie, and nothing but Tea and Coffee sold. The following is the list of prices:

BLACK TEA.

Common Congou, Strong Tea	$0 45 @ 50
Fine Flavoured New Season do	0 55 @ 60
Excellent Full Flavoured do	0 75 @ 80
Sound Oolong	0 40 @ 45
Rich Flavoured, do	0 55 @ 60
Very Fine, do do	0 75 @ 80
Japan Good	0 50 @ 60
Very Good	0 65 @ 70
Finest	0 75 @ 80

GREEN TEA.

Twankay, Common	0 35 @ 40
Fine do	0 55 @ 60
Young Hyson	0 50 @ 60
Fine do	0 75 @ 85
Superfine and Very Choice	1 00 @ 00

COFFEE.

Mocha	$0 22, 0 27, 0 29, 0 33
Java	0 20, 0 25, 0 29, 0 32
Ceylon	0 18, 0 22, 0 26, 0 29

Remember the place,
A. O. AUDY & CO.,
Elgin-st., opposite the Russell House.

BUFFALO ROBE LOST.—Lost, on SATURDAY last, on Rideau-st., from my sleigh while my black horses were running away, A LINED BUFFALO ROBE. The person who picked it up will save me and himself trouble by leaving it at once with the undersigned.

931-3-51-3 J. T. PENNOCK.

Railroads.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY COMPANY OF CANADA.

1868.] WINTER ARRANGEMENTS. [1869.

Trains now leave BONAVENTURE STATION as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburg, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at......... 9:10 a m
Night do do do do 8:30 p m
Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at......... 7:00 a m
Trains for Lachine at.........8:00 a m, 9:30 a m 3:30 p m, 5:00 p m.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST:

Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations at......... 7:03 a m
Express for Boston at......... 8:40 a m
Express for New York and Boston at......... 3:30 p m via Vermont Central.
Express for New York via Plattsburgh, Lake Champlain, Burlington & Rutland at 3:00 p m
Express for Island Pond, at......... 2:00 p m
Night Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham and Portland, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St. Hilaire, St. Hyacinthe, Acton, Richmond, Sherbrooke, Waterville and Coaticook only, at.........10:10 p m

Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains. Baggage checked through.

The steamer *Carlotta* leaves Portland every SATURDAY AFTERNOON (after the arrival of train from Montreal on Friday night), for Halifax, N.S., returning on Tuesday.

She has excellent accommodation for passengers and freight.

The International Company's Steamers, running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway, leave Portland every MONDAY, at 5 p m, for St. John, N.B.

Tickets issued through at the Company's principal stations.

For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure Station:

C. J. BRYDGES, Managing Director.

Montreal, Dec. 7, 1868.

CHANGE OF TIME

ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.

(formerly the Ottawa & Prescott Railway.)

ON and AFTER MONDAY, the 30TH of NOV., 1868, and until further notice, TRAINS will run as follows:

LEAVE OTTAWA.	ARRIVE IN PRESCOTT.
Express, 8 a. m.	10.30 a. m.
Mixed, 1.00 p. m.	4:15 p. m.
LEAVE PRESCOTT.	**ARRIVE IN OTTAWA.**
Mixed, 7. 30 a. m.	11.00 a. m.
Express, 2.10 p. m.	4.45 p. m.

The time of these Trains has been so arranged as to ensure connection with night and day trains on Grand Trunk, east and west.

Baggage to and from Ottawa checked through from and to stations on Grand Trunk Railway

Return tickets to Prescott, Kemptville and Ottawa at reduced rates can be had at the principal stations on the line.

T. S. DETLOR, Superintendent. THOMAS REYNOLDS, Managing Director.

N. B.—The above Trains all run by Montreal Time.

Ottawa, Nov. 27, 1868. 1y

BROCKVILLE & OTTAWA RAILWAY.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT,
Commencing on the 20th April, 1868.

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

7:15 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Brockville daily at 7.15 a.m., and 3:15 p.m., arriving at Sandpoint at 12:40 p. m. and 9 p.m.

LEAVE SANDPOINT.

5:15 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Sandpoint at 5:15 a.m. and 1:30 p.m., arriving at Brockville at 11:30 a.m. and 7:45 p.m.

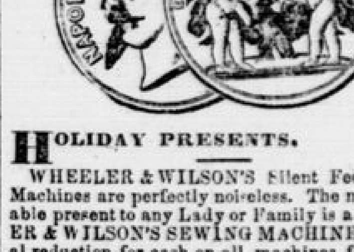
All trains on main line connect at Smith's Falls with Trains to and from Perth.

The 7:15 a.m. train from Brockville connects with U. F. Coy's Steamers for Ottawa, Portage-du-Fort, Pembroke, &c., &c., and the 1:15 p.m. train from Sandpoint leaves after those steamers are due from east and west.

H. ABBOTT,
Managing Director.

Brockville, April 11. 472y

Sewing Machines.



HOLIDAY PRESENTS.

WHEELER & WILSON'S Silent Feed Sewing Machines are perfectly noiseless. The most valuable present to any Lady or Family is a WHEELER & WILSON'S SEWING MACHINE. A liberal reduction for cash on all machines for holiday presents. Twenty-five per cent reduction on Embroidery attachments applicable to the former style of Wheeler & Wilson Sewing Machine. Button Hole Attachments, new style; Tuckers, Trimmers, Corders, &c.

THE HOWE SEWING MACHINES are best for Carriage Trimmers, Shoemakers and Tailors.

Call and see for yourselves; no trouble to show you how they sew.

Remember 37, Sparks-st., Ottawa; and 105 King-st., West Toronto.

G. A. WALTON, *Agent for Ontario,*
R. W. STEPHEN,
930tf *Manager for Ottawa Office.*

ENLARGED PORTRAITURE

OF

EVERY DESCRIPTION

BOTH

COLOURED AND PLAIN,
COLOURED AND PLAIN,
COLOURED AND PLAIN,

AT

W. NOTMAN'S, METCALFE-STREET.

To TOURISTS.—The largest collection in the Dominion of Photographs of Canadian Scenery.

Ottawa, Sept. 7, 1868. 582y

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer has now been before the public for a length of time, and whenever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Dealers are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying to the universal satisfaction it gives

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it Physicians order and use it; and no family will be without it after once trying it.

Price twenty-five cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, C. W.,
General Agents for C. W.

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, H. F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J. Brown, in Ottawa.

GEO. MAYES,
COPPER PLATE PRINTER,
Bank Street, Centre Town,
Between Sparks & Queen Streets.

Bills of Exchange, Bill Heads, Visiting Cards, &c., Printed on the shortest notice.

Agencies.

PROVINCIAL INSURANCE.

MALCOLM CAMERON,

AGENT.....................DESBARAT'S BLOCK

Office of Queen's Printer.

An entirely Canadian institution—perfect security to insurers, and immediate payment of claims.

Ottawa, Dec. 8, 1868. 918tf

UNION MUTUAL

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, OF MAINE.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, Ottawa, 12th October, 1868.

No. 16.

The following Insurance Company has received a license to transact the business of Life Insurance in Canada:

No. 31. The UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, of Maine.

Deposit in U. S. 6s of '81—$50,000.

B. R. CORWIN, General Agent, St. John, N.B. For the Minister of Finance JOHN LANGTON, Auditor.

I have this day, deposited with the Receiver-General, Twenty Thousand Dollars in addition to the above Fifty Thousand, making Seventy Thousand Dollars ($70,000) U.S. Gold Bonds, 6s of '81.

The Hon. Col. John H. Gray, M.P., has been appointed Counsel to the Company for the Dominion. All legal matters will be referred to him.

B. R. CORWIN, Manager.

Ottawa, November 7, 1868. 894tf

ROYAL CANADIAN BANK.

OTTAWA AGENCY,

OFFICE—DESBARATS' BUILDING,

77 Sparks-st.

M. P. HAYES, Agent.

WATCHES.

J. SEWILL, LIVERPOOL,

Manufacturer by special appointment to HER MAJESTY THE QUEEN, ROYAL FAMILY, AND COURT OF SPAIN, THE RIGHT HONORABLE THE LORDS COMMISSIONERS OF THE ADMIRALTY, AND HER MAJESTY'S QUEEN VICTORIA'S ROYAL NAVY:—

Prize Medalist of the Great International Exhibition of London, 1862, and of the Universal Exhibition of Paris, 1867.

WE HEREBY APPOINT

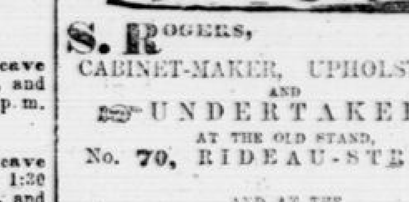
MR. JOHN LESLIE,
Sparks-street,
Agent for Ottawa and Vicinity,

For the sale of these *celebrated Timekeepers.*

H. & A. SAUNDERS,
Montreal.

Sole Wholesale Agents in the Dominion for sale of *J. Sewill's* Watches.

Ottawa May 20. 748y



S. ROGERS,

CABINET-MAKER, UPHOLSTERER,

AND

UNDERTAKER,

AT THE OLD STAND,

No. 70, RIDEAU-STREET

AND AT THE

WEST END WELLINGTON-STREET,

Where the usual assortment of Cabinet and Upholstering Goods can be obtained at moderate prices.

UNDERTAKING.

The Undertaking branch is under S. R.'s immediate superintendence, who attends all Funerals without Extra Charge, and has constantly on hand a large assortment of Ready-made Coffins, of all sizes and qualities:

METALLIC, BLACK CLOTH, COBOURG, &c

Parties ordering Mahogany, Walnut, Oak, or other Hardwood Coffins, may rely on getting a genuine article, (no stained Butternut sold for Walnut.)

Persons desirous of keeping their deceased relatives for a few days, or even a week, can do so without the least possible inconvenience by applying to S. Rogers, who has had over 20 years' experience in the above branches, and feels confident of giving satisfaction.

N.B.—The Undertaking Branch will be found second to none in Ottawa.

Express Waggons always ready for the removal of Furniture.

RESIDENCE.—At the West End Establishment, Wellington-st.

Ottawa, September 4, 1868. 838y

Hardware.

HARDWARE:

AT

THOS. ISAAC'S, CENTRE TOWN,

PLOUGHS, CULTIVATORS,

IRON, COAL,

SHELF & HEAVY HARDWARE,

NAILS, ROPE, CHAINS,

and a general assortment of House-furnishings, Cornices, &c., at the lowest cash prices to be found in the Ottawa market.

ALSO,

STOVES, all patterns and sizes, for coal and wood from the Prescott, Kingston, Toronto, Hamilton and Montreal Foundries, with drums, pipes, furniture, &c., the cheapest to be had in town.

PARODEE'S EPILEPTIC CURE,

For the relief and cure of Epilepsy, St. Vitus' Dance, Puerperal Hysteria, &c., &c. This preparation is from the recipe of a celebrated French Physician, and the very great success which has attended its use in every case, and where the highest medical skill was of no avail, has induced the subscriber to give it every possible publicity. The genuine has the subscriber's name and address on each bottle. Price one dollar. Sole Proprietor, J. A. HARTE, Chemist, 396, Notre Dame-street, Montreal.

Harte's Florida Water, equal to anything imported. Price 37½ cents per bottle. 783y

RANDALL & MONTGOMERY,

PLAIN, ORNAMENTAL AND DECORATIVE PAINTERS,

AND PAPER HANGERS,

Chaudiere and Bull. (Shop next to R. R. Booth's Store, Chaudiere.) House, Sign, Villa and general painting executed on the most reasonable terms. Ceilings and walls distempered in colors to suit. Fresco work of all kinds to order.

References permitted to the following gentlemen: A. H. Baldwin & Co., J. R. Booth, Esq., R.R. Booth, Esq., Rev. Mr. Johnson, Hull; Rev Mr. Picket, Ottawa; Mr. Haycock, Architect.

August 28. 829-6m

SATCHELL BROS.,

By appointment

BUTCHERS TO HIS EXCELLENCY SIR JOHN YOUNG.

Superior Stall Fed Beef. Lamb, Mutton and Veal in season.

N.B.—Also spiced, rolled and rounds of Beef, and sugar-cured Hams and Bacon, cured in the English style.

930-3m No. 7, Lower Town Market, Ottawa.

NOTICE.

Application will be made at the next Session of the Legislature of Ontario for an act to incorporate the CALEDONIA PEAT MANUFACTURING & SMELTING COMPANY, with powers to construct a Canal or Railway from some point in the Township of Caledonia to the navigable waters of the Ottawa or South Nation Rivers, and to authorize the Municipality of Caledonia to grant to the said Company so much of the road allowances between the first and fifth concessions as may be required for the manufacture of Peat fuel. 883tf

THE TIMES is printed and published by THE OTTAWA TIMES PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY, at the Office, 28, Sparks-st Centre Town, Ottawa. JAMES COTTON Managing Director ALEX. ROBERTSON Editor.

The Times

VOL. IV. NO. 943. OTTAWA, FRIDAY, JANUARY 8, 1869. PRICE—3 CENTS.

Dry Goods.

HICK & CO.

Have removed to their NEW STORE, in Stewart's Block, Corner of Rideau and Sussex-sts., where they will offer, in connection with their goods,

$30,000 WORTH OF DRY GOODS

purchased at Public Auction lately, from the immense Bankrupt Stock of the late firm of DESMARTERY, JORDAINE & CO., of Montreal, and sold on account of T. JAMES CLAXTON. The goods are all new and of very superior quality, being imported expressly for a fashionable Montreal trade; and, as they have succeeded in purchasing the goods far below the sterling cost, they are prepared to offer bargains never before offered in this city. The following are some of the lines of goods offered, viz.:

			s.	d.		s.	d.
100 pieces	different qualities Black Silks........						
80	do	Single width plain Wincey		5	worth	0	8
100	do	Fancy, single width Wincey		7½	"	1	0
63	do	Double width plain Wincey		7½	"	1	0
40	do	Double Delaines.....		7½	"	1	3
70	do	do Poplin.........		7½	"	1	0
50	do	do Cobourg.....		7½	"	1	3
50	do	Assort'd Dress Goods		9	"	1	6
23	do	Empress Reps.....	1	6	"	3	0
60	do	Bl'k French Merino	1	6	"	3	0
75	do	FancyColors—your choice for.........	2				
100	do	Black Empress Rep only............		10	"	2	0

Also, a splendid assortment of

Hannibal Cloths — Oriental Lustres
Livini Poplins — Alberteena Cloths
Princess Alexandra — Embossed Poplins
Mandarin Lustres — Eugenia Reps, &c.

1,000 doz. FRINGED TOWELS, all Linen,.................6d each.

SHAWLS.

35 Filled Shawls.
83 Shepherd Long Shawls
101 Fancy, all wool Longs
167 Assorted Square Shawls.

COTTONS.

20 pieces Grey Cotton, 1¼ yards wide, for......6 d
00 do Bleached Horrocks and Millars.......6½d
65 do Good Prints.........................4 d
93 do Best English Prints, Hoyle's and Ashton's...........................6½d
79 do French Calicoes, in choice patterns...8 d

CLOTHS.

			s.	d.		s.	d.
20 pieces	Waterproof............		3	9			
80	do	DoubleWidth Overcoating.........	2	9	worth	7	6
35	do	Scotch Tweed........	2	6	do	5	0
00	do	Canadian Tweed......	1	3	do	2	6
00	do	Full Cloth, very heavy..	2	9	do	3	6

Also, a splendid lot o

BROAD CLOTHS. BEAVERS,

Witneys, Mantle Cloths,

BLACK DOES, &c., &c., &c.,

correspondingly low prices.

5 PIECES DOMINION TWEED, Something New—one of the heaviest cloths made—*at a great sacrifice.*

1,000 doz. TABLE NAPKINS, all Linen, only 6s 3d per dozen.

SHIRTS! SHIRTS! SHIRTS!

600 Flannel Shirts, only.........2 6
200 White Cotton Shirts, only......3 9
400 Under Shirts, only............3 3
300 Hespler's heaviest make, Ribbed.......................5 0 worth 8 9

Paper Collars—100 collars for 3s 9d.

00 pieces 2¼-yards wide Linen Sheeting..................3 3 worth 5
5 do 2-yards wide, Union Sheeting..................1 7 do 3
81 do Table Damask and 300 ... Table Cloths, at a frightfulsacrifice.

Also, Red and White Flannels, Canadian Shirting Flannels, Hoop Skirts, Crash Towellings, Irish Linen, Clouds, Breakfast Shawls, Hemp Carpets, &c., &c.

CORSETS, 2s 6d.

Blankets—A large lot of slightly damaged Blankets for about half price.

1,000 Linen Bags, 1s, worth 1s 6d; 40 cases Men's Heavy Boots, very low; 3 cases Men's Heavy French Calf, 12s 6d. Also, a heavy stock of Gentlemen's Clothing.

$3.50.........................OVERCOATS.
$4.00....................heavy OVERCOATS.
90 cts. up...........................PANTS.
50 cts. to $1.25......................VESTS.
$8.00........Black Broadcloth.........FALL SUITS.

A large staff of polite and attentive salesmen will be in readiness to wait on customers.

H. HICK & CO.

Customers will please report any inattention on the part of salesmen.

AT CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S

The greatest novelty of the season is the

BOULEVARD FELT UNDERSKIRT,

Unsurpassed for

BEAUTY, ECONOMY & DURABILITY

AT

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S

No. 14, RIDEAU-ST.

REMOVAL TO

NO. 34, SPARKS-ST.

T. RAJOTTE

having removed to more commodious premises, takes pleasure in announcing to his numerous customers and the public generally that he has now a large and well selected stock of

STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS,

consisting of

Flannels — Black Cloths
Winceys — Beaver Cloths
Cottons — Meltons
Prints — Tweeds
&c., — &c.

We have also on hand a large assortment of

READY-MADE CLOTHING,

which, being manufactured on the premises, we can recommend, and sell cheaper than any shop in this city.

THE TAILORING DEPARTMENT.

This department is under the superintendence of a well-known first-class cutter and workman. All orders punctually attended to.

Don't forget the place, No. 34, Sparks-st. Store lately occupied by G. Fetherston & Co., next door to Magee & Russell's old store.

883y — T. RAJOTTE.

FLOWER BULBS.

Shipped per *Hibernian*, and to arrive in a few days, a very superior assortment of

HYACINTH, TULIP AND OTHER FALL BULBS.

These Bulbs will be found superior to anything yet imported.

WILLIAM HEARN,
Market Drug Store,
York-st.

Ottawa, October 17, 1868. 874tf

Groceries.

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS

—FROM—

OPORTO, SPAIN, COGNAC

AND LONDON,

Consisting of

PORT, SHERRY, BRANDY, GIN AND SCOTCH WHISKEY, &c.

PICKLES, SAUCES, JAMS & JELLIES &c., &c., &c.,

FROM CROSSE & BLACKWELL.

—LIKEWISE,—

A FULL assortment of FRESH FRUIT, the BEST in market.

TABLE and Cooking RAISINS, CURRANTS, &c.

FLAVOURING EXTRACTS and SPICES—Genuine.

PRESERVED and CAN FRUITS, assorted to suit the holiday season.

ALMERIA GRAPES, FRESH FIGS and PORTUGUESE ONIONS.

50 TINS NEW HONEY, in 5 lb. and 8 lb. tins.

200 STILTON CHEESE, 6 lbs. to 8 lbs. size, from Reesor Brothers' celebrated factory.

SHERRY WINE—Good Table Wine—$1.25 to $3.00.

PORT WINE—Good Table Wine $1.50 to $4.50.

ALL KINDS of GENUINE LIQUORS. Price according to age and quality.

100 BOXES DIGBY HERRINGS—large boxes at 75 cts. each.

LABRADOR HERRINGS, the very best, in barrels and half barrels.

10 CASES SCOTCH LING—Good.

TEAS—Black, Green and Japans—Warranted Good, and selected for family use.

SUGARS and SYRUPS of all grades.

COFFEES—Always Fresh—Best Brands—Try them.

TOBACCOS—The Finest Qualities—Virginia make in cut, tin foil and plug.

A GENERAL assortment of the different kinds of *GROCERIES AND LIQUORS* on hand, Wholesale and Retail, at the *LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICES* for Warranted Goods. A trial of the articles will recommend them.

For sale at

THOS. PATTERSON'S,
No. 26, Rideau-street.

Ottawa, November 27, 1868. 878

JUST RECEIVED,

AT THE

INDIA WAREHOUSE,

No. 16, RIDEAU-ST.,

And for sale cheap, by

D. T. BROWNE & CO.,

Wholesale and Retail

Grocers, Wine and Spirit Merchants,

FRESH OYSTERS, in Tins,
PRESERVED OYSTERS do
FRESH HALIBUT do
FRESH SALMON do
FRESH MACKEREL do
FRESH LOBSTERS do
GREEN PEAS do
LEMON, GINGER, ORANGE,

Banana, Peach, Blackberry, Raspberry and Strawberry Syrups.

RASPBERRY VINEGAR,
FRY'S Chocolate and Cocoa,
MOTT'S Cocoa Paste,
MORTON'S Bloater Paste,
TOMATO and other Catsups
ANCHOVY Paste,
STRASBURGH Meats,
POTTED Beef and Tongues,
PRESERVES and Jellies, a great variety,
ORANGE Marmalade,
MORRISON, TAYLOR & Co.'s

Celebrated Sugar Cured Hams and Breakfast Roll Bacon.

PICKLED Salmon,
PICKLED Mackerel,
PICKLED HERRINGS,

In Half Barrels, Barrels and Tierces,

DRY Codfish,
DRY Haddock,
FINNAN Haddies, &c., &c.,

And a full stock of Choice Family Groceries.

Ottawa, Nov. 3, 1868.

BOTTLED ALE,

BOTTLED ALE,

BOTTLED ALE.

The subscriber would called the attention of Families and others to his

FINE BOTTLED ALE

Which is in splendid condition. Also,

SCOTCH, IRISH, OLD RYE,

And other Malt Whiskies,

PORTS, SHERRIES, BRANDIES, GIN, &c.,

To ether with a General Assortment of

FIRST-CLASS GROCERIES.

A call ...dly solicited.

D. WHELAN,
44, Rideau-street,
Opposite Allan's Crockery Store

Ottawa, Jan. 20, 1868.

A SWINDLE

Having been perpetrated on the public by stove dealers, unknowingly, we hope, selling spurious self-feeding coal stoves that are almost useless; and finding it detrimental to the sale of the justly celebrated

REFLECTOR,

we take this opportunity of saying to those who have been so swindled, and to those who contemplate buying a coal stove, that in order to PROVE that the Reflector is ahead of all other stoves for beauty, cheapness and economy, we will put them up ready for work, and allow them to be tested for one month, and if they do not suit take them away again, free of charge. Now this is an offer that the public must appreciate, and we are determined they shall. Try one, it will cost nothing unless you are perfectly satisfied, and be of no trouble to us. Any other kind of stove cheap during the Bankrupt Sale.

ESMONDE BROS.,
48 Sparks-st.,
Opposite Ontario Bank.

Dry Goods.

Shewing This Day.

GRANT & HENDERSON,

No. 20, Rideau-st,

Are offering an extensive Stock of

DRESS GOODS.

WINCIES,

SHAWLS and

BLANKETS,

AT THE LOWEST CASH PRICES.

N. B.—An extensive assortment of genera DRY GOODS always in stock.

LATEST STYLES AND FASHIONS.

INSPECTION INVITED.

No. 20, Rideau-st.

CLOTHING,

CHEAP AND FASHIONABLE,

READY-MADE AND TO ORDER.

O'MEARA & CO.,

ESTABLISHED IN 1844,

Offer for sale an extensive importation of FALL AND WINTER GOODS, comprising Ready-made Clothing, Canadian Tweeds, Etoffes, Satinetts; also a large stock of Blankets, Flannels, Kerseys, Gray Cottons, Prints, Winceys, Plaids, &c., &c.; Broadcloths, Beavers, Witneys, Petershams, Devons, &c.; Bedford Cords, Silk Mixtures, West of England Tweeds, Doeskins, &c., wholesale and retail, which will be made up to order on the shortest notice in the latest styles of fashion and at prices that

DEFY COMPETITION.

A general assortment of Dry Goods, the largest stock ever offered for sale in this city.

$1.25 BLANKETS...$6.00. **$3.00**

TAILORING DEPARTMENT.

Particular attention given to the Tailoring Department, which is under the supervision of a first-class cutter.

$2.............GREY ETOFFE PANTS,
$4.50.............GOOD PEA JACKETS,
$4.............OVERCOATS,
$9.............COMPLETE SUITS,
$1.............GOOD VESTS,
75 CTS., $1 and $1.25.....UNDERSHIRTS,
75 CTS., $1 and $1.25.........DRAWERS

A. DUFF. — O'MEARA & CO.
Ottawa, October 27 1868. — 882y

GIVING UP BUSINESS.

LAST MONTH.

Ladies wishing to have SKIRTS made any particular shape or size to fit them will please leave their orders at once, as the skirt makers will be paid off by Christmas.

A large lot of HOOP SKIRTS still on hand which will be sold without any regard to cost during this month.

140 dozen CORSETS yet on hand, every size and shape; will be sold at very low prices.

A large lot of KNITTED GOODS still remaining. Breakfast Shawls, Sontags, Clouds, Hoods, &c. &c.

HOSIERY and GLOVES very cheap.

Four dozen Ladies' SATCHELS at half price.

A few of those Black Quilted Skirts yet on hand at reduced prices.

Hair Nets, Corse Clasps, &c.

Also, three of Raymond's Improved Family Sewing Machines at $10, former price, $12.

CITY HOOP SKIRT FACTORY,
43 Sparks-st., Centre Town.

N.B.—Any party wishing to commence the Skirt Manufacturing Business can purchase all the requisite machinery and materials at much below cost by calling on MR. MILLAR at the factory.

Confectionery.

ENGLISH BUNN HOUSE,

SUSSEX-ST.

G. BARTLETT

Begs most respectfully to remind his patrons that he has provided for the CHRISTMAS HOLIDAYS an increased assortment of Paris and home manufactured presents; also the undermentioned goods all manufactured on the premises.

Rich Fruit Cakes, plain and ornamented.
Plain, Citron, Raisin, Seed, Princess, Sponge and Lady Cake, Gold and Silver.
Candies of every description.
Italian Creams and Pyramids.
Jellies and Blanc Mange and Wine Jellies.
Charlotte Russe.
Jellied Turkeys, Chickens, &c.
Chocolate, Walnut and Fig Creams.
Salads of every description.
Crystalized Dates and Figs
Wedding Cakes, ornamented to any design on the shortest notice.
Supper Parties, Balls or Assemblies supplied on reasonable terms.
Private Parties furnished on the shortest notice.
Oyster Patties, Mince Pies and Mince Meat.
A large assortment of Pure Sugar Hollow Toys.
IMPORTED GOODS DIRECT FROM LONDON AND PARIS.
Choicest Selected Bonbons, Gelatine, Silver and Gold Paper, Scented, Snapping and Plain.
A splendid assortment of Cornucopias, Boxes and Toys.

The proprietor need only say that all the above articles can be obtained at his establishment, and from the reputation it has gained for itself is a sufficient guarantee for the quality of the articles.

City and country stores supplied on reasonable terms.

G. BARTLETT, 37 Sussex-st.

N.B.—Muffin and Crumpets fresh every day during the season. 920d

---

HORSE INFIRMARY,

AND

VETERINARY ESTABLISHMENT

YORK-STREET, OTTAWA,

Next to Salmon's Hotel.

A. J. F. COLEMAN, V. S

(Member of the College of Veterinary Surgeons Toronto; by appointment, V.S., to the Co. of Carleton Agricultural Society.)

Orders or communications promptly attended to and medicines sent to any part of the Dominion. Charges moderate. 812y

Medical.

PAIN KILLER!

A PURELY VEGETABLE MEDICINE

TAKEN INTERNALY, CURES

Sudden Colds, Catarrh, Coughs, Bronchitis, Asthma, Fever and Ague, Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, Acid Stomach, Headache, Heartburn, Indigestion, Canker in the Mouth, Throat or Stomach, Sick Headache, Sea Sickness, Piles, Kidney Complaints, Canker Rash, Cramp and Pain in the Stomach, Painter's Colic, Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Summer Complaint, Cholera Morbus, Cholera Infantum and Cholera.

APPLIED EXTERNALLY, CURES

Scalds, Burns, Frostbites, Chillblains, Erysipelas, Ringworms, Whitlows, Boils, Old Sores, Sprains, Bruises, Toothache, Headache, Neuralgia in the Face or Head, Pains in the Side, Pains in the Back and Loins, Rheumatism, Rheumatic Gout, Neuralgic or Rheumatic Pains in the Joints and Limbs, Stings of Insects, Scorpions, Centipedes, and the Bites of Poisonous Insects and Venomous Reptiles.

At this season, when coughs and colds are so prevalent, an effectual remedy, and one easily obtained, is *Perry Davis' Vegetable Pain Killer.* It is no new nostrum, vended by unknown agents, but has stood the test of over 20 years; and those who use the article, internally or externally, will connect with it grateful recollections of its worthy inventor.—*Hastings' Chronicle, C.W.*

PAIN KILLER.—The testimonials borne to the efficacy of this valuable medicine are sufficient to warrant its introduction into every house. Our own opinion is that no family should be without a bottle of it for a single hour. In flesh wounds, aches, pains, sores, &c., it is the most effectual remedy we know of.—A bottle will last for a very long time, and its low price places it within the reach of all. Our readers will remember that the Messrs. Perry Davis & Son have opened out a house in Montreal, whence Canadian orders are supplied.—*News, St. Johns, C.E.*

We are glad to learn that the "Pain Killer" is having so large a sale in our city. We have every reason to believe it to be an almost never failing cure for pain, and is a medicine that no family should be without.—*Montreal Pilot.*

It an attack of Diarrhœa, Dysentery or Cramp Colic, don't delay the use of the Pain Killer.

Rev. H. L. Van Meter, Burmah, writes, "The Pain Killer has become an almost indispensable article in my family."

Hundreds of missionaries give similar testimony of its virtues.

Rev. J. G. Stearns writes, "I consider it the best remedy for Dyspepsia I ever knew."

Rev. Jabez S. Swan says, "I have used it for years in my family, and consider it an invaluable remedy."

We cheerfully add our testimony in favor of this medicine.—*Roman Citizen.*

We have tasted this medicine and assure our readers that it not only possesses all the virtues claimed for it, but in many instances surpasses any other remedy which we have ever known.—*Herald of Gospel Liberty.*

It is really a valuable medicine: It s used by many physicians.—*Boston Traveller.*

I have used Davis' Pain Killer, and consider it an indispensable article in the medicine box. It has effected cures in Diarrhœa, and for cuts and bruises it is invaluable.—*New York Examiner.*

Spoken of in terms of high commendation by both druggist and physician.—*Philadelphia Eagle.*

The Pain Killer is sold at wholesale by druggists and medicine dealers, and commission merchants, in the principal cities, and retailed by Apothecaries, Grocers and at Variety Shops generally, throughout the world. Price, 15 cents, 25 cents and 50 cents per bottle.

PERRY DAVIS & SON,
Manufacturers and Proprietors, 380 St. Paul-st., Montreal, P. of Q.
78 High-st., Providence, R. I.; 71 Southampton Row, Holborn, London, England.

DAVIDSON & DANIEL, GENERAL AGENTS

MORTIMER'S

INFALLIBLE REMEDY

FOR

CHOLERA,
DIARRHŒA, and
BOWEL COMPLAINTS.

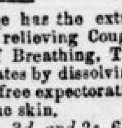
The following extract, which Mr. Mortimer is kindly permitted to publish, is from the letter of a relative of Dr. Wolfe, of this city, now residing in the United States:

"Find out if the Express charges are too high, and if not, arrange with Mortimer to let you have a box of the bottles of CHOLERA MIXTURE, I could make a good little fortune with them. The bottle I brought with me here brought two ladies round from decided cholera; one on board the boat, and the other in Berlin, United States. Both commenced with diarrhœa, then with dysentery, and then vomiting. The one at Berlin was very bad. I gave her three doses of the Cholera Mixture, the third of which stopped the vomiting. The next day she was all right, or nearly so. She was very grateful. I have now only a little left."

This excellent mixture, which should be in every family, is only

TWENTY-FIVE CENTS A BOTTLE.

NONE OTHER GENUINE.

TRADE MARK  REGISTERED

CANADIAN COUGH EMULSION.

This valuable medicine has the extraordinary property of immediately relieving Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Difficulty of Breathing, Tightness in Chest, &c., &c. It operates by dissolving the congealed phlegm, causing free expectoration, and an agreeable moistness to the skin.

Sold in Bottles at 1s. 3d. and 2s. 6d. Each.

MORTIMER'S COMPOUND ANTIBILIOUS

AND

FAMILY APERIENT PILLS,

A grand specific for derangement of the Digestive Organs, and for obstructions and torpid action of the Liver and Bowels.

Mortimer's Vegetable Worm Destroyer,

The only sure remedy that exists, combining delicious taste and amazing power.

MORTIMER'S

Colonges, Pomades, Toilet Vinegar, Rose Dentifrice, for the Teeth and Gums. Also constantly on hand Perfumes of all kinds, and Toilet Requisites usually kept in a first-class establishment.

No. 41 Sussex-st., Ottawa City.

DARLEY'S ARABIAN HEAVE REMEDY and CONDITION MEDICINE is positively superior to any, or all other preparations for the cure of Heaves, Coughs, Thick and Broken Wind, and all diseases which affect the wind of horses; also, as a Condition Medicine, surpassing everything of the kind, is easy to give, sure to cure and safe in all cases and at all times, and does not prevent the horse from being worked while using it.

It cleanses the breathing apparatus, by removing from the air-cells, the coagulable lymph, or that secretion which in heaves clogs them, causing a difficulty in breathing, and by its action on the diseased part, causing the mucous membrane to resume its natural dimensions, thus equalizing the circulation of the blood, and restoring the distended vessels to their natural size; by its use the horse's appetite is improved, all derangements of the digestive organs corrected, softening the skin, and giving to the coat a sleek and shining appearance.

D. W. HURD, successor to HURD & Co., Maiden Lane, New York, Sole Proprietor for the United States.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, Ont., Proprietors for Canada.

Price 25 cents. Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, Henry F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J. Brown, in Ottawa. 889-45-6m

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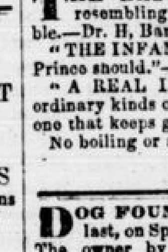

FOR CASES of

CONSUMPTION

treated with SAVORY & MOORE'S

PANCREATIC EMULSION.

See *The Lancet, British Medical Journal, Medical Press, &c.*

On the 14th Oct. I commenced the Pancreatic Emulsion (SAVORY & MOORE'S) in two tea-spoonful doses, two hours after dinner and supper. I can only describe its effects by saying that it seemed *to work like a charm.*"—Dr. Kinkead's *Paper on Phthisis and its treatment.*

Medical Press, &c., Feb. 26, 1868.

Caution.—The genuine PANCREATIC EMULSION sold only in bottles, 2s 6d, 4s 6d and 8s, with Savory & Moore's labels and trade mark.

THE BEST FOOD FOR INFANTS, resembling Mother's Milk as closely as possible.—Dr. H. Barker *on right f ods for children.*

"THE INFANT PRINCE thrives upon it as a Prince should."—*Social Science Review.*

"A REAL IMPROVEMENT (*Lancet*) on the ordinary kinds of LIEBIG'S FOOD," and the only one that keeps good in all climates.

No boiling or straining. Tins, 1s, 2s, 5s and 10s.

SAVORY & MOORE,
143, New Bond-st., London.

DOG FOUND.—Found on the 7th December last, on Sparks-st., a SMALL DOG BITCH. The owner by proving property and paying costs of advertising can have her returned. Apply to F. McCAFFREY, Receiver-General's Department. 911-3

Stoves & Hardware.

BLYTH & KERR,

No. 25 RIDEAU-ST.,

Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters, Tin and Copper Smiths, Bell Hangers, &c., &c.

A large stock of materials for the above branches of business constantly on hand.

Importers of

HOUSE FURNISHING HARDWARE.

STOVES! STOVES!

STOVES!

Hall, Fancy, Parlour and Cook Stoves, in great variety.

Agents for Eaton's Patent Automatic, Self-Ventilating, Wood and Coal Stoves. Also Beecher & Co.'s celebrated

HOT AIR FURNACES.

Public and Private Buildings, Conservatories, Vineries, Manufactories, &c., warmed by Steam, Hot Water, or Warm Air, on the latest and most approved principles.

SKATES, SKATES, SKATES,

AT THE

SIGN OF THE ANVIL, No. 24, RIDEAU-ST., where you can get a complete assortment of SKATES of all sizes, and at any price to suit purchasers, from 25 cents to $5.50 per pair. In the assortment will be found

The celebrated Sheffield Club,
" " Canadian Favorite,
" " Central Park do
and all other English and German Patterns.
Skate Straps, all patterns, &c., &c.

Also, a general assortment of

SHELF & HEAVY HARDWARE,

consisting in part of

GENERAL HOUSE FURNISHING,

Butcher Knives, Knives and Forks,
Pocket Knives, Table Spoons,
Tea Spoons, Tea Trays, Table Mats,
Buts, Screws, Locks,
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Axes, Saws, Planes, Squares,
Hammers, Spokeshaves, Gouges,
Chisels, Augers, Auger Bits,
Steel Bits, Bevels,
Levels, Boring Machines,
Draw Knives, &c., &c., &c.

Together with

PAINT OF ALL COLORS,

Rose Pink, Burnt Umber,
Terra de Seinna, Chrome Yellow,
Yellow Ochre, Celestial Blue,
Paris Green, Brunswick Green,
Magnesia Green, Venetian Red,
Red Lead, White Lead, in oil or dry,
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Lamp Black, Boiled Oil,
Raw Oil, Turpentine,
Benzole, Coal Oil,
Paint Brushes,
Varnishes, &c.

THOS. BIRKETT,
Sign of the Anvil,
No. 24, Rideau-st.

P.S.—All goods delivered free to any part of the city 408y

WARDELL'S PATENT STOVE-PIPE.

No more difficulty in putting stovepipes together. They will fit like a glove, and can't fall apart

By this new invention STOVEPIPES may be fitted into each other with the greatest ease, and here will be

NO NEED OF WIRING UP,

as they cannot fall apart of their own accord. The invention (patented) is simple and effective, a short opening at the joint at each end of the pipe enables two of them to be locked together, and the "bead" effectually prevents their separation.

Any person can put them together with the expedition of a practised tinsmith.

They will be sold at the low price of

FIFTEEN CENTS PER LENGTH.

The undersigned having bought the exclusive right for the City of Ottawa and County of Carleton, from Mr. Y. K. REID, respectfully invites the public to call and examine them, being fully persuaded that all who see them will refuse to buy any other kind.

C. P. DORION,
58 Sparks-st.,
Opposite British Lion Hotel.

Ottawa, October 14. 871.3m

S. SAFE ! **S.** SURE ! **S.** SUCCESSFUL.

Such is the character given of every stove sold during the past year at the

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,

35 Sussex-street, Ottawa,

H. MEADOWS & CO.

We beg to notify the public that our stock for the season is now complete; our

STOVES

are of the latest and most improved patterns, and the most extensive assortment shown in Ottawa.

COOKING STOVES, of the good old-fashioned kind,
COOKING STOVES, of the latest and most modern designs,
PARLOR STOVES, for elegance of design cannot be surpassed.
BOX & HALL STOVES, that are unrivalled for heating purposes,
DOUBLE STOVES, the best in use,
HOTEL STOVES, large and extra strong made, expressly for Hotel and Boarding Houses, complete with large Copper Water Reservoirs and Plate Warmers. We call special attention of Hotel Keepers to these stoves, they will last as long as any six ordinary stoves. See them and judge for yourselves. Price lists sent free on application.

COOKING STOVES, — DOUBLE STOVES,
BOX STOVES, — HOTEL STOVES,
PARLOR STOVES, — COAL STOVES,
BEDROOM STOVES, — DUMB STOVES,
STOVEPIPES! ELBOWS! STOVEPIPES

Common, Bright and Russia Iron,

and everything in the Tin, Sheet Iron and Copperware Line, on hand or made to order.

Hot Air Furnaces, Eave Troughs, Building Job Work and Repairs attended to punctually. We keep none but the best and most experienced mechanics.

HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS,

of every description in stock, suitable for the smallest family, or the largest hotel.

ARE YOU GOING TO BE MARRIED?

If so, call and see our large assortment of necessary House-keeping Goods, suitable for Kitchen, Dining Room, or any room in your house.

YOUNG MAN, see that your house is well furnished with useful articles before you spend your money in mere showy ornamental things.

IRON BEDSTEADS, LAMPS,

COAL OIL, SAUCEPANS,

Brass and Enamelled Kettles, Tinware, Toilet Setts, Baths, Flour Sieves, Brushes, Dish Covers, Table Mats, Sad Irons, Table Cutlery, Tea and Table Spoons, Preserve Jars, Mincing Knives, Wash Tubs and Boards, Refrigerators, Egg Beaters, Cruet Stands, Ash Pails, Table Bells, Tea Trays, Tea and Coffee Pots, Soup Tureens, Jelly and Pudding Moulds, &c., &c., &c., &c.

COUNTRY MERCHANTS

Supplied with

STOVEPIPES AND TINWARE,

At reduced figures,

CAMP KETTLES, SHANTY PLATES,

AND BASINS,

BIRD CAGES! BIRD CAGES! BIRD CAGES

All of the above at the

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,

street, Ottawa.

62y — H. MEADOWS & CO.

RAILWAY PRACTICE OFFICE.

Now ready, the Cubic Contents of the Earthwork of those sections of the Intercolonial Railway, to be first placed under contract, giving in detail the quantities in each excavation and embankment.

RATES—1 mile per cubic yard of cutting and filling, or 1,000 cubic yards for a dollar, up to 100,000 yards, and for every additional 10,000 yards one dollar.

J. O'HANLY,
Civil Engineer.

Ottawa, Dec. 30, 1868. 936b

Boots & Shoes.

ANNOUNCEMENT!

W. A. LAMB,

KEEPER OF THE RED BOOT, &c., &c.

To all the loyal inhabitants of the Metropolitan and surrounding Counties, sends greeting;

And while thus publicly wishing to all

"A Merry Christmas and Happy New Year,"

takes pleasure also in announcing that he will hold

PUBLIC RECEPTIONS DAILY,

at from 7:30 a.m., until 7 p.m., when he will be pleased to meet with those who desire to call upon him.

N.B.—As all will probably wish to retain a *Souvenir* of their visit, it will be satisfactory to know that there is a magnificent assortment of Boots and Shoes on hand to choose from, and any of which will be GIVEN AWAY for a small consideration.

Don't forget the place, No. 28, Sussex-st., opposite the Barracks.

W. ANGUS & CO

BOOTS,

SHOES,

MOCCASINS,

TOBOGGANS,

SNOW-SHOES,

&c., &c., &c.

Since the great clearing Sale

W. ANGUS & CO.

have received a

VERY LARGE AND WELL SELECTED STOCK

OF

BOOTS AND SHOES

AND OTHER FEET-WARE,

suitable to the Winter season.

JUST RECEIVED.

A FRESH LOT OF LADIES' & GENTS'

FELT EMBROIDERED CONGRESS

Of the Latest Style. Also, a New Supply

TOBOGGANS,

SNOW-SHOES,

MOCCASINS,

OVER-SHOES,

&c., &c., &c.

Very appropriate

XMAS AND NEW YEAR'S PRESENTS.

INSPECTION INVITED.

PRICES LOW.

W. ANGUS & CO.,
Golden Boot,
228 Wellington-st.

GENUINE CLEARING SALE

OF

BOOTS AND SHOES,

AT THE OLD

CROSBY STAND, NO. 51, SPARKS-ST.

The whole of

THE BANKRUPT STOCK,

comprising the latest styles and best qualities of

LADIES', GENT'S, MISSES' & CHILDREN'S

DRESS & WALKING BOOTS,

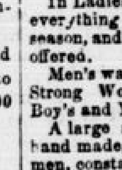
suitable for FALL & WINTER WEAR. Also, a large stock of Men's and Women's Coarse Boots, Moose Mocassins, Buck Moose and Sheep Mitts, Beef Mocassins, Felt Over-shoes, Rubbers, &c., all of which will be sold at great reductions from former prices. Lumber and country merchants are requested to bear in mind that there is a large stock of handmade boots to be disposed of at the aforesaid reduction in prices.

The public generally are invited to call and examine the stock and prices, which we know cannot fail to give satisfaction to all.

Remember the place, the old Crosby Stand, opposite O'Meara's, No. 51, Sparks-st.

A. J. STEPHENS & CO.

Ottawa, Oct. 20 1868. 876y



CHEAP BOOTS & SHOES

AT THE

CAPITAL

BOOT & SHOE STORE,

YORK-ST.

I have now received my fall and winter stock of

BOOTS AND SHOES,

which will be found complete; being selected with care, it will not fail to give general satisfaction.

In Ladies', Misses' and Children's ware I have everything that can possibly be required for the season, and at much lower figures than ever before offered.

Men's ware in Calf, Kipp, Cowhide Boots; Men's Strong Working Boots as low as $2 per pair. Boy's and Youth's equally low.

A large supply of New English Kipp Boots, hand made, the most suitable ware for Lumbermen, constantly on hand and made by the very best workmen. Orders taken for all kinds of work.

429y — GEORGE MURPHY

18TH BATTALION, COUNTY OF PRESCOTT.

Rifle Match and Presentation of Prizes.

At the Rifle Match of the 18th Batt. Rifle Association of the County of Prescott, held at Hawkesbury, the following are the scores of the successful competitors in the various matches:—

Match No. 1.—1st Prize, Silver Cup presented by Lieut.-Col. Higginson. 2nd Prize, $8, 3rd $5, 4th $4, 5th $3, 6th $2, 7th $1.

Ranges, 5 shots at each—

	400yds.	500yds.	Total.
1. Capt. C. T. Higginson..	34443..	34443..	36
2. Lt. J. W. Higginson..	43442..	30444..	32
3. Lt. J. Vankleek......	24343..	22434..	31
4. Pte. Chas. White......	23344..	32333..	30
5. Pte. Wm. Byers......	23234..	23434..	30
6. Corp. S. McMahon......	33334..	22243..	29
7. Sergt. A. P. Campbell..	34334..	33024..	29

Match No. 2.—Open to members of the Association only. 1st Prize, $10 from N. D. McLeod, Esq, Reeve of West Hawkesbury. 2nd Prize and subsequent ones, $2 each.

Ranges, 5 shots at each—

	200yds.	400yds.	Total.
1. Sergt. P. T. Saucier....	34433..	34334..	34
2. P. D. Leroy..........	33332..	44433..	32
3. Capt. McIntosh.......	24333..	44342..	32
4. Pte. W. Ellis.........	24342..	43433..	32
5. Surg. Harkin.........	22323..	44344..	31
6. Capt. C. T. Higginson..	42222..	44443..	31
7. Pte. A. Leroy.........	33342..	33243..	30
8. Lt. J. Vankleek.......	23233..	33343..	29
9. Lt. P. McIntosh......	33223..	33433..	29
10. Sergt. Fitzgerald......	22333..	33244..	29
11. Lt. J. W. Higginson..	32234..	34323..	29
12. Sergt. J. Clarke......	24222..	44342..	29
13. J. G. Higginson, Esq..	23323..	33324..	28
14. Pte. C. Whyte......	33233..	43322..	28
15. Ensign Pallec......	33233.	33233..	28

Match No. 3.—Company Match. 1st Prize, a Rifle presented by the Hon. Lieut.-Colonel Hamilton; 2nd Prize, $9, 3rd $6, 4th $3.

Ranges, 4 shots at each, 300, 500 and 600 yards.

No. 2 Company, Rifle.

Capt. G. W. Johnson	26	
Lieut. J. Vankleek................	17	
Ensign D. McPhee................	12	
Pte. J. Mode....................	22	
Pte. J. Gibson..................	13	
Segt. A. P. Campbell..............	24	— 114

No. 6 Company, $9.

Lieut. J. W. Higginson............	26	
Sergt. J. Clarke	19	
Sergt. Fitzgerald	14	
Corp. Ellis.....................	22	
Pte. W. Caskill	17	
Pte. R. McDonald.................	15	— 113

No. 1 Company, $6.

Capt. C. T. Higginson............	26	
Sergt. J. Dandy.................	23	
Sergt. F. Leroy..................	9	
Corp. S. McMahon................	27	
Pte. Chas. White................	19	
Pte. Thos. White................	9	— 113

No. 5 Company, $3.

Capt. McIntosh..................	17	
Sergt. D. Lothean................	10	
Sergt. T. Stirling...............	18	
Pte. R. W. Leudrum...............	18	
Lt. P. McIntosh	22	
Sergt. P. T. Saucier..............	23	— 108

Match No. 4.—1st Prize, Revolver presented by T. M. Hersee, Esq.; 2nd Prize $8, 3rd $5, 4th $3, 5th $2, 6th $1.

Ranges, 5 shots at each—

	400yds.	600yds.	Total.
1. Surg. Harkin.	33343..	32432..	30
2. Pte. W. H. Byers......	43443..	03333..	30
3. Capt. G. W. Johnson..	34332..	42332..	29
4. Capt. D. McIntosh....	44223..	30242..	26
5. R. Pattee, Esq........	43432..	04033..	26
6. Sergt. S. Higginson....	44343..	22040..	26

Match No. 5.—1st Prize, Revolver by A. Kimball, Esq.; 2nd prize $6, 3rd $4, 4th $3, 5th $2, 6th $1.

Ranges, 5 shots at each—

	200yds.	300yds.	Total.
Pte. D. Leroy	23333..	23323..	27
Sergt. A. P. Campbell.....	33323	22423..	27
Lt. P. McIntosh........	32322..	34223..	26
Corp. S. McMahon......	33342..	30223..	25
Capt. C. T. Higginson.....	33333..	02432..	25
J. G. Higginson, Esq......	33342..	42022..	25
Pte. C. White..........	32222..	33322..	24

Match No. 6.—1st Prize, Hotel-keeper's purse, $15; 2nd $8, 3rd $5, 4th $4, 5th $3, 6th $2, 7th $1. Open to non-commissioned officers and men.

Ranges, 3 shots at each—

	300.	400.	500.	Total.
1. Sergt P. T. Saucier.....	222..	432..	434..	26
2. Pte. W. Byers..........	222..	234..	333..	24
3. Pte. Thos. White.......	222..	344..	330..	23
4. P. C. White............	203..	423..	233..	22
5. Pte. J. White..........	222..	343..	204..	22
6. Sergt. P. Sterling......	200..	343..	334..	22
7. Sergt. A. P. Campbell.	322..	032..	233..	20

Match No. 7.—Company Match. A Silver Bugle presented by the Ladies of the County. Ranges, 3 shots at each, 400, 500 and 600 yards.

For this match five companies competed. The day was exceedingly stormy, blowing right down the range with heavy snow showers, the target at 600 yards being at times invisible. Companies 4, 5 and 6 dropped out after coming to the 600 yards range, and the contest remained between companies 1 and 2—being won by No. 1 company by a score of 108 to 85. The following is the score of No. 1 company:

	Total Points.	
Capt. C. T. Higginson..............	21	
Pte. J. White....................	16	
Corp. S. McMahon................	14	
Pte. W. Byers...................	16	
Pte. C. White	19	
Pte. Thos. White	22	— 108

Match No. 8.—1st Prize, a Silver Watch presented by Mr. Vincent Lortie; 2nd Prize, $8, from N. Burwash, Esq.; 3rd Prize, a Horse Hay Fork, from Mr. G. Smith.

Range, 5 shots at 500 yards.

	Total.
1. Sergt. P. T. Saucier.....................	17
2. Sergt. R. Leroy	17
3. Capt. G. W. Johnson	16

Match No. 9.—Open to members of No. 1 and No. 6 companies only. Mechanics' Match. 1st Prize, a Set of Harness; 2nd, a Pair of Saws; 3rd, a Pair of Planes; 4th, a Square and Scratchawl; 5th and 6th, $1.

Range 400 yards, 5 shots.

	Total.
1. Pte. J. White........................	16
2. W. H. Byers.........................	16
3. Wm. McCaskill.......................	15
4. S. McMahon.........................	14
5. F. Leroy............................	13
6. C. White............................	12

For the first two days the weather was mild with a light breeze from the left front. The third day was soft and snow falling in the early part, but the afternoon was fine and calm. But the fourth day was exceedingly stormy and cold rendering the shooting extremely difficult.

The Presentation.

On Thursday evening, New Year's Eve, the distribution of the prizes took place at the Headquarters of the Battalion in Hawkesbury Village. The spacious drill shed was decorated for the occasion, and a large assemblage of the Volunteers and their Lady friends, &c., took place in expectation of the dance which followed the presentation. At the north end of the drill shed was displayed the Royal Arms' motto with the Crown. At the South end there were two stars of bayonets between which was displayed the motto "Paratus et Volens" (Ready and Willing), with the words "British Empire" surmounting all in large letters. At the west side of the room was the motto "Defence, not Defiance," and at the east end was erected a platform on which the prizes were displayed and the Committee took their places under the rich draping of flags which surmounted it, whilst festoons of evergreens hung on the walls, over which patriotic mottoes were scattered. There were about 300 persons in the room, including many of the resident gentry and their families.

The proceedings commenced by Sergeant Major Crote, on the invitation of the Committee ascending the platform from which he gave the song of "The Red, White and Blue" with good effect, the company joining in the chorus, after which

Lieut.-Colonel W. Higginson, 18th Battalion, said that it gave him much pleasure to meet the Battalion on the present occasion for the purpose of presenting the prizes to the several successful competitors at the Rifle Match lately held by them. He felt proud of their progress. In the month of April last, the Dominion Rifle Association was formed, and after a while the Rifle Association of this Battalion was organized and affiliated with it. The members had soon after an opportunity of testing their skill in other places, and at the late Dominion Rifle Match at Laprairie, at which about forty Battalions of Volunteers were represented, this Battalion took the fifth place in the Battalion Match. He was equally proud of this Battalion for the good conduct which characterised them on all occasions, more particularly when called to the frontier to repel the threatened invasion of the Province. He had no doubt they would maintain this good character, and be at all times ready and willing to defend their Queen and country. As they had a good deal to do before the dancing commenced, for which, no doubt, the ladies were impatient, he would not any longer detain them but would call on Mr. Sheriff Treadwell who would briefly address them before the distribution of the prizes.

Mr. Sheriff Treadwell then ascended the platform and opened his remarks by allusion to the Volunteer movement in Great Britain, the general adoption of the Rifle and the modern improvements upon it, and its extension to all branches of the service which, added to the loyalty of the British population, rendered them a formidable foe to any antagonists. After passing allusion to the services rendered to the army by the late Duke of York while Commander-in-Chief, so ably seconded in after years by the lamented Prince Consort, he referred to the rise and progress of the Volunteer movement in Canada which had excited the surprise of veterans and satisfied the most sceptical that with such material even the western peninsula of the Province was defensible, and this was fully established in 1866, on the Niagara frontier, when the Volunteers from all points hastened to the front to defend their country. On that occasion the 18th Battalion were early at their post, and among those who accompanied them were their late Adjutant Lieut. Robertson, to whose memory he paid a just tribute, one who was loved and esteemed by the men of the Battalion. He then paid a tribute to the exemplary conduct of the officers and men of the Battalion while on the frontier, and the kind and friendly feeling which they cherished towards each other. The Battalion had been successful in their competition at other rifle matches out of the county, carrying off a fair share of prizes, whilst competing among themselves their scores had done them the highest credit, and he was sure they they would be ever as ready as they had been on former occasions to take the field in defence of their Queen and country. (Applause.)

The distribution of the prizes then commenced, Colonel Higginson calling on Capt. Chas. T. Higginson, No. 1 Company, and presented him with a handsome Silver Cup, the first prize in the first match. The money prizes amounting to $23 were then distributed to the other successful competitors in this match who were severally called up for the purpose.

2nd Match.—The first prize was presented to Sergt. P. Saucier, by N. D. McLeod, Esq., the donor, and the other prizes of the match were in like manner distributed.

3rd Match.—Col. Higginson now came forward with a very superior Rifle presented by Hon. Jno. Hamilton, late colonel of the Battalion, and read a letter from Mr. Hamilton expressing his regret that illness in his family rendered it impossible for him to be present on this occasion. He then called on Capt. G. W. Johnson, the winner of the Rifle, and expressed the pleasure it gave him to hand it to him. The money prizes were also distributed.

Col. Higginson then presented to Dr. Harkin, the highest shot in match No. 4, the very handsome Revolver given by T. S. M. Hersey, Esq., which was much admired. The winners of the lesser prizes were afterwards called forward and received the rewards of their success.

Private Leroy, the winner of the Revolver presented by A. Kimball, Esq., was the called forward and presented with his prize which Col. Higginson observed, though not so showy or handsome a weapon as the preceding one, he had no doubt in the hands of the winner would be found a useful one. The lesser prizes of this match match were then distributed.

The Hotel-keepers' prize, Match No. 6, was next transferred to Sergt. P. Saucier, and the lesser prizes following to the respective winners.

Col. Higginson then took up the Ladies' prize, a handsome Silver Bugle from the establishment of H. Prince, Montreal, presented by the Ladies of the County, and said he would call on Mr. Dartnell to present it on the part of the Ladies to the successful Company.

Mr. Dartnell then ascended the platform and said he had been informed since he came into the room that he had been selected to present this very handsome Bugle on behalf of the Ladies of the County to the successful Company No. 1. He knew not why he should be singled out for the purpose. Possibly, the Ladies being characterised by modesty, and Irishmen being, as they all knew, noted for their modesty also, they may have thought he was likely to prove a suitable deputy. But possibly also it might be that as the fighting propensities of Irishmen are as noted as their modesty, and as the Volunteers of the 18th Battalion are reputed to be as pugnaciously inclined on all fitting occasions that a link between the Ladies and the Battalion might be formed, but be this as it may, it gave him sincere pleasure to carry out their wishes on the present occasion and present this Bugle to the successful Company. He had known the Battalion since his first coming into the County and could truly endorse the enconium which the Sheriff had just pronounced upon them. He had himself witnessed their orderly and soldierlike bearing when called to the frontier in 1866 to repel the aggression upon the Canadian soil which then menaced us. They were not so unfortunate on that occasion as other Volunteers who came into collision with the invader, but, composed as this Battalion is, of true hearted British Canadians, English, Irish, Scotch and French, all actuated by the same spirit of loyalty and attachment to the throne and to our free British institutions he had no doubt that had the same opportunity been given them they have acquitted themselves as gallant soldiers. (Cheers.) During the past summer the Battalion had been brought together for the first time for their period of annual drill, and while all were proud of the fine appearance of the Battalion, all felt the want of two great essentials—one was that of music to enliven the camp and, the other, colors to rally round. Whilst the re-organization of the Battalion under the new law was in the future, nothing could be done to supply these wants, but that re-organization being now a matter of certainty, the Ladies of the County decided to offer as a prize at the late Rifle Match the Silver Bugle now before them to be competed for by the companies of the Battalion, and thus give the first note of that music which might be otherwise provided hereafter. There has been a hard struggle for it and it has been won by No. 1 Company's score of 108, being 23 points above the next competing Company, and he doubted not that if ever that Bugle should call them to face the foe in defence of their country they would be true to their motto and be "Ready and Willing" to take their place in the foremost rank. (Cheers.) He would state to them now that the Ladies had been so successful in their collections for this Bugle that after defraying the expenses they had nearly as much more left which they proposed to lay bye for another purpose, and their hope was that between this and the period when the Battalion would be going into camp next year for their annual drill the amount might be so augmented that they would be able to present to the Battalion on that occasion a stand of colour. (Loud cheers.) Thus they had everything to encourage them on the re-organization of their Battalion now, we may say, an accomplished fact, and he was sure with a little effort on their own part a practical plan for procuring a drum and fife band could be carried out; this would be for after consideration. It now only remained for him to carry out the intention of the Ladies and (calling Capt. Charles T. Higginson of No. 1 Company to the front of the platform) presenting to Capt. Higginson for the use of Number One Company the Prize Bugle

TIGHT BINDING

which he hoped the company would long hold. (Cheers.)

Mr. Vincent Lortie then presented the eighth prize, a Silver Watch, to Sergt. P. Saucier, and said he thought it could not be in better hands to take care of it (Sergt. Saucier being a watch-maker) and it gave him pleasure to present it. He would only further say that if his kind patrons increased their favors to him in the next year as they had done in this now closing he might be able to offer a gold watch at their next match. (Cheers and laughter.)

The Mechanics' prizes, Match No. 9, were next presented in the progress of which Mr. G. Smith, the donor of the Horse Hay Fork, was called on to explain the mode of working it, which he did, and then presented it to the winner, Corp. George Johnson, with the remark that if he were as good a farmer as soldier he would find it a useful article.

This closed the presentation, and the dancing commenced and was continued into the New Year's morning.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Memorials on the late Civil Service Regiment—Jones & Holland.

The Canadian Parliamentary Companion—The Montreal Printing and Publishing Company.

City of Ottawa Agricultural Society—A. S. Woodburn.

Great Bankrupt Sale—Sheffield House.

The Ottawa Times

Office: 38, Sparks Street.

FRIDAY, JANUARY 8, 1869.

☞ *For Ottawa Markets see Fourth Page.*

THE HON. H. L. LANGEVIN arrived in town last evening.

It is understood that the Hon. Mr. MACDOUGALL is not expected to return here before the beginning of next month.

THE Conservatives of Centre Wellington have resolved not to oppose Mr. Ross, the Reform candidate, for the reason that he is not likely to give "a factious opposition," he being an office-holder under the Ontario Government, and a "cautious" man to boot, who would be little likely to give any government serious trouble. The *Globe*, commenting upon this, fyles a bill of indictment against the Privy Council containing a great many very terrible charges, and asks "Why, "under such circumstances, should the "Conservatives of Wellington Centre be "anxious to defeat the Reform candidate?" Surely this is a *non sequitur*. The Conservatives of the Riding had just told their reason for not opposing Mr. Ross—that reason meaning very plainly that they did not believe that the new candidate would walk in the footsteps of the late member.

Again the *Globe* says, "Why should there "be any danger in adding another vote to an "Opposition which has done so well—in pro-"viding another check upon a Government "which has so alarmed and dissatisfied the "country by its recklessness and negligence?" Now, Mr. Ross's election, be he ever so strongly opposed to the Government, will not "add another vote" to the Opposition; it will merely replace one gentleman by another to cast the vote; and so far are the Conservatives of Centre Wellington from fearing "any danger" from this change that they allow it to be made without interference. The Conservatives of Centre Wellington did not oppose the return of the late member, and they do not oppose his successor now, believing that he will prove to be a more moderate man than his predecessor. In this circumstance there is surely nothing to warrant the *Globe* in believing that the Conservatives have become "alarmed," or that those of them in Centre Wellington feel less favourably disposed towards the present Government, than they did at the time of the general election. Had the late Dr. PARKER been a supporter of the Government, instead of one of the extreme Opposition, the present "situation" in Centre Wellington would have given some pretext for the *Globe's* assumptions; but seeing that the prospect is the return of a moderate, instead of an extreme, opponent, whatever change in the state of public feeling may be inferred therefrom would surely be in favour of the Government.

As to the many changes which the *Globe* prefers against the Government, it is scarcely worth while to discuss them. The first is that it "has undertaken to build the "Intercolonial by the worst route, and at "an expense three times as great as that "which was necessary." We know not how many times, nor in how many various forms, one or other, or both divisions of this charge have appeared in the *Globe*. But certainly if the adage be true that by oft repeating a lie, one can make it be believed, our contemporary has already reached the requisite number of reiterations, unless his readers are more than usually incredulous.

Has the worst "route" been selected? Do not all the facts of the case point in a contrary direction. Have not professional men who ought to understand their business given testimony, "the exact opposite" of the *Globe's* assertion? Yet we do not remember ever having seen any attempt in the *Globe* to make good its own bald statement that the route selected is the "worst." It would be libelling the intelligence of the Province to say that an unsupported statement of the *Globe*, though repeated by some able but mistaken Conservative journalists, would sway its opinion in the face of a mass of evidence to the contrary.

The *Globe's* assertion that the expense is to be "three times as great as is necessary," is so utterly reckless that we are surprised to see it, even in the *Globe*. But were it true, ought not the Hon. GEORGE BROWN to thank the fates that Confederation has been secured at three-fifths of the original price he was willing to pay for it? Did he not say he would be glad to get Confederation at the cost of five Intercolonial Railways? Surely then the article must be looked upon as "dirt cheap," at the cost of three. Even on Mr. BROWN's estimate of the value of Confederation, and the *Globe's*, of the cost of the Intercolonial, a bargain has been struck, which ought to redound to the credit of the Privy Council. But the *Globe* can no more prove its assertion, concerning the cost of the road, than it can respecting the route.

Its other assertions are equally untenable when brought to the test of proof. It is easy to talk of "lavish expenditure everywhere—"the ruin of the volunteer system—sacrifi-"cing the interests of the public treasury," &c., &c. But these wild assertions only prove what everybody knew before, that the *Globe* is disgusted with the present *regime*. The very issue of the *Globe* from which we quote, gives proof of the falsity of its accusation of "reckless extravagance everywhere," for it points to Rideau Hall, and its cost to the country, as a model of economy when compared with the "lavish expenditure" of the Ontario cabinet on the LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR's residence!

There is a glimmering of old *Globe* tactics in this article on Centre Wellington. To read it, naturally leads one's mind back to the early part of the year 1854, when the Conservatives were, according to the *Globe*, so much better in many respects than the Reform supporters of the Government of the day. Those who will learn from the *Globe* are being taught now that the Conservatives—if they will only oppose the Government—are a most excellent class of politicians, and on the other hand, that nothing in the career of the present Ontario Opposition can be in the least offensive to Conservatives. Of course! And when the next general election comes round, and Mr. BROWN politely hands over the second and third fiddles to Messrs. MCKENZIE and BLAKE, will not the Conservatives be "all honourable men," if only they will support the patriotic Mr. BROWN, in another crusade for office? In the meantime the *Globe* will grumble away about the Intercolonial Railway, and pat on the back those "ablest "Conservative newspapers" which, without having studied the question, have committed themselves to a false judgment of its merits, and are thus helping on the game of the *Globe*, without the remotest chance of serving any other cause, good, bad or indifferent.

A CORRESPONDENT of yesterday's Montreal *Gazette*, signing himself "One Shaven," complains that he had to pay a discount of four per cent. on legal tender notes issued in the Maritime Provinces; whereupon the *Gazette* remarks:

"Without looking into the statutes one would take it for granted that the Bank, which is the fiscal agent of the Government, would scarcely venture to ask a discount of 4 per cent. for redeeming Maritime Province issues, unless it were within the law; and it is known that bills of Banks in the Lower Provinces, even those which have agencies here, have always been at a considerable discount. But a further question which arises is: Whether the word "Halifax" stamped or printed across the face of one of the legal tender notes, would deprive it of its legal tender quality here? We must say that, for our part, we do not believe it would; for the nature or obligation of the promise in the body of the note is not altered, and there is the law to declare that that promise is a legal tender for any payment whatever in this Province. If this is the fact, we shall have a curious complication unless the form of the note is altered. The importance of the question will at once secure for it the attention of the Minister of Finance; and it is one of the subjects which it is understood will come up at the next session of the Dominion Parliament. The position put by our correspondent is undoubted—if we are to have legal tender currency, we must have Dominion Notes. There can be no real union without an uniform currency. This is of the very essence of it, and a sign of sovereignty. A depreciated currency is always a disturbing element, and always inflicts losses. And certainly this country has suffered sufficiently from a redundant depreciated silver currency to indispose the people to take with patience another."

Now with all due deference to our respected contemporary and his correspondent, we had certainly thought that the long and animated discussion on the currency, which took place previous to the re-assembling of Parliament in March last, would have made every newspaper reader, and certainly every newspaper man, familiar with the fact that Nova Scotia currency has not the same value as ours; that the Nova Scotia dollar is only equal to a fraction over ninety-six cents of the *Provincial Canada* dollar; and that consequently the discount of four per cent. exacted on the Nova Scotia notes leaves but a very small per centage for the collection of a note *uncurrent* in the Provinces of Quebec and Ontario. It may also be remembered that when the Hon. MINISTER OF FINANCE introduced his Currency Bill, among other things raising the Nova Scotia standard to ours, that particular clause was for the time suspended, in order to see what action might be taken by other Governments on the general subject of an uniform currency. If "One Shaven" is a business man, he ought to have known the difference between Nova Scotia and Canada currency; and, therefore, that he had no cause of complaint against the bank which exacted the discount.

To the usual statements of the Provincial notes in circulation, published in the official *Gazette*, the Auditor always appends the following note:

"The Nova Scotia dollar not being equal in value to that of the other Provinces, the notes issued at Halifax are worth their face value in Nova Scotia only. They are stamped 'payable at Halifax,' and are numbered in black ink. None but $5 notes are yet in circulation."

It would be more satisfactory were the Auditor to say what these notes are worth in other Provinces; but as they are issued for Nova Scotia, and without any legal provision for "shaving" them elsewhere, we presume they have no legal value out of that Province. At all events, it is made clear by statute, by customs regulations, and the Auditor's bi-monthly statement, that the Nova Scotia dollar is inferior in value to the Canadian; and if parties take it at par, it is their own fault, not that of the banks, who have no right to lose some 3½ per cent. because of the lack of information on the part of their customers.

We quite agree with the *Gazette* in the propriety of having—as soon as possible—an uniform currency. But we must say that the press generally of Ontario and Quebec, (and we think the *Gazette* among the number) approved the policy of the Government in postponing any disturbance of the established currency in Nova Scotia, until it would be seen how far the recommendations of the International Congress at Paris would find favour with other nations. This postponement was asked for by the representatives of Nova Scotia, and had it not been granted we, at all events, should have been disposed to blame the Government for its lack of respect to the feelings of the Nova Scotians. We have but one word more to add: these notes, made payable at Halifax, were issued solely for the accommodation of Nova Scotia; and when the difference in the value of the currencies is understood, there can be no reason why they should be passed beyond it, except at the proper discount. The complaint of "One Shaven" is but another illustration of how easily grievances against the Government are made. "Respectable correspondents" do not hesitate to "pitch in," for no better cause than their own ignorance on matters of which it is clearly their duty to keep themselves informed.

MR. JOSEPH NELSON's lines have at length been cast in very unpleasant places. The utter explosion of his anti-BRYDGES bombshell, fired by the great *Globe* itself, has been followed by a much worse calamity. Our readers already know that a long pending charge of fraud against him has been on trial at the Toronto Police Court. This has resulted in his committal for trial at the Assizes for the imputed crime. The case, in brief, is thus put by the *Leader*:

"The matter, as we understand it, is briefly this: Mr. Thomas Gray purchased a cargo of coal from this Mr. Joseph Nelson, worth, as subsequently appeared, some $1,723, paying him therefor with his note. Mr. Nelson represented that he could not get this note discounted, and upon the strength of this profession obtained from Mr. Gray a warehouse receipt to be used as collateral security. Instead of using the warehouse receipt in connection with Mr. Gray's note Mr. Nelson attached to it one of his own, which he had discounted *as well as Mr. Gray's note to him*. By this means he obtained discounts to the amount of over $3,000. Mr. Gray charged that the warehouse receipt was fraudulently obtained from him, and the Police Magistrate has sustained the charge, by deciding that there is *prima facie* evidence of guilt, and by sending the case to a higher court. Mr. Nelson did not appear yesterday, his lawyer pleading illness on his behalf. Time has been extended to the 19th instant, before estreating his bail, should he not appear; and those who are acquainted with Mr. Nelson's movements say that it is not at all likely he will ever return to Toronto."

THE INTERNATIONAL RAILWAY GUIDE—January, 1869—Montreal: Published by the Montreal Printing and Publishing Company. Price 10 cents.

This is a very valuable publication for all whose business or pleasure involves travelling by rail. It contains the time tables of all the railways of Canada and the Northern States of the American Union, with a number of maps shewing the railway routes. The present number has also a portrait of C. J. Brydges, Esq., with an account of the banquet recently given in his honour at Montreal.

THE MANUFACTURER AND BUILDER; a Practical Journal of Industrial Progress.

The above is the title of a new monthly journal, published by WESTERN & Co., of New York, and as its title indicates, is devoted to improvements in manufacturing and building. Judging from the articles in the present number, the *Manufacturer and Builder* will prove a valuable addition to the scientific literature of the day. Subscriptions will be received by JONES & HOLLAND, news dealers, Post Office building.

THE RED RIVER RELIEF COMMITTEE.

It may be remembered that last Fall some misapprehension was created here by a rumour (totally unfounded) that the Rev. Mr. BLACK, Presbyterian Minister, had been excluded from the committee. The following correspondence clears up the matter:

OTTAWA, January 5, 1869.

SIR,—I have the honour to enclose herewith a copy of a letter from the Rev. Mr. Black, Presbyterian Minister, Red River, on the subject of his appointment as a member of the Red River Relief Committee.

I have the honour to be, sir,
Your obedient servant,
F. BRAUN,
Secretary.

H. J. FRIEL, ESQ., Mayor, &c., Ottawa.

KILDAWAN MANSE, RED RIVER, December 9, 1868.

DEAR SIR,—I have had the honour of receiving your letter of November 13th, intimating my appointment as a member of the Red River Relief Committee, at the instance and request of the Mayor of the City of Ottawa. Will you be pleased to convey to His Worship, and the other gentlemen concerned, my warmest thanks for this mark of their confidence. It will be pleasing also to them to learn that I have been on that committee since its formation, having first been requested to act by a company in St. Paul, Minn., and afterwards appointed by the general committee here, consisting of delegates from all the parishes of the settlement.

I have the honour to be, dear sir,
Yours truly,
(Signed,) JOHN BLACK, Pres. Min.

F. BRAUN, Esq., Secy D.P.W., Ottawa.

CARBOLIC ACID.

To the Editor of THE TIMES.

DEAR SIR,—The new disinfectant "Carbolic Acid," which forms the subject of an interesting sub-editorial in your issue of last Tuesday, was obtainable from at least one of our pharmaceutists, "Dr. Browne," fully eighteen months ago, and was used about that time at the General Hospital here as a disinfectant and deodorizer; it was found to answer this purpose fully, but produced of itself so unpleasant an odour to the attendants and the patients in the ward that it had to be superseded by our old friend "Chloride of Lime." As a disinfectant for extra-domiciliary use, I can imagine it very valuable, and free from this objection; but for economy and efficiency combined I doubt very much whether "Carbolic Acid" will ever permanently supersede the use of the common copperas of commerce (the sulphate of iron of the chemists). In fact, so highly was this latter article thought of in the United States hospitals during the late war that it was used almost exclusively for the above purposes.

Your obedient servant,
HAMNETT HILL,
Consulting Surgeon to the General Hospital.

January 6, 1869.

MUNICIPAL ELECTIONS.

Marlborough.

The following gentlemen were elected for the ensuing year: William Kidd, Esq., Reeve; James Mills, Abraham Pratt, John Pierce, Robert Mackey, Councillors.

THOS. WIGGINS,
Returning Officer.

—The *Globe* of the 6th says the numerous friends of Mr. Fred. Benson, and especially his fellow pupils at Upper Canada College, will be pleased to hear that, after the late examination at Sandhurst, Mr. Benson was called on to put a battalion through its movements, in presence of His Royal Highness the Commander-in-Chief, by whom he was very highly complimented. At the close of the proceedings, Mr. Benson was called to the front, and presented by the Duke in person with a sword and sword knot, for his proficiency and general good conduct. Mr. Benson was also awarded a commission without purchase, with choice of service and regiment and has, we believe, selected to serve in a distinguished cavalry regiment, at present stationed in India. It is quite evident from Mr. Benson's brilliant success, and from the position invariably attained by our young fellow-countrymen in every examination which they may have to pass, that Canada offers her sons advantages of education and a training at any rate equal to what is offered in any other part of the Empire.

—The Buffalo *Express* predicts that before the close of the present century not only every telegraph line, but every railroad in the United States will be owned and operated by the Government, and the idea of entrusting these great interests to private hands will be looked upon just as we should now look upon a proposition to put the postal service into the hands of a private company.

MESSRS. YOUNG & RADFORD having secured the services of first-class working jewellers in etruscan, filagree, plain, fancy and solid gold work, and having made large additions to their work shop are now better prepared to execute any orders with which they may be entrusted than heretofore. Masonic jewels, gold and silver medals, and every kind of jewellery repaired.

—Last month of the cheap sale at the skirt factory. Skirts at half-price.

A MARRIED MAN ELOPES WITH HIS WIFE'S SISTER, AND STEALS HER FATHER'S HORSE AND SLEIGH.

Yesterday morning an aged farmer named Cunningham, from Lanark, applied at the Police Court, for a search-warrant under the following circumstances: Maurice Sullivan, his daughter's husband, had eloped with his wife's sister, a young girl of about seventeen years of age, and had been gone two or three days. Sullivan owned a horse, and stole another and a bob-sleigh from her father to go away with. The father gave the best description he could of the man, the girl and the team, but he had no idea as to where they had gone. Detective O'Neill, Sergeant Davis, and McVeity made an active search, through what they conceived to be the likeliest parts of the city, to no purpose. In the evening they crossed over to Hull, and as O'Neill was going along the street he met a man and girl in the dark. Without being quite sure of his man he accosted him with "Holloa Sullivan." The man answered with the question "Who are you?" "You are my prisoner said O'Neill," and sprang upon and secured him, shouting to McVeity to come up, and they brought the pair to the city. Sullivan was locked up in the cells, and the girl was handed over to the custody of her father, who took her to the hotel where he was staying. It appears that they staid together one night on their way to the city, and also two nights in Hull. The wife of Sullivan, whom he so heartlessly deserted has three children. He will probably appear, at the Police Court this morning, charged with stealing the horse and sleigh.

LOCAL NEWS.

PAINFUL ACCIDENT.—We are sorry to learn that a child of one of our most respectable citizens had the end of its finger cut off with an axe.

THE THAW.—The thaw continued throughout yesterday. The sun shone out brilliantly and the air felt as warm as in spring.

GOLD AND SILVER WATCHES, &c.—The last advertisement from the Sheffield House, which appears in the TIMES this morning, announces that as the whole stock must be cleared out without reserve, they will now be sold at half price; and they also add that all goods are warranted.

STEALING PORK.—On Wednesday evening, about dark, a large piece of pork was stolen from the butcher's shop of Mr. Owens, Rideau-st. It was afterwards found in an adjoining yard cut into three or four pieces. Four soldiers were arrested, and are now in the lock-up. The case will come on this morning.

A DEADLY FIGHT WITH HORSE THIEVES.—A despatch was received by the authorities here last evening from Brockville, to the effect that constables had been sent to arrest three horse thieves at Leeds. The thieves resisted, shot one of the constables, who was not expected to live, and the other is so fearfully wounded in the head that fears are entertained for his life. Good descriptions are given of the murderers, and they will probably soon be arrested.

CONCERT AT AYLMER.—The Grey Nuns, of Aylmer, held a concert last evening, which was under the direction of Mr. Gustave Smith, of this city. Several Ottawa lady and gentlemen amateurs contributed the valuable aid of their talents on the occasion. Mr. Smith's performances were what we have always known them here, unequalled, perhaps, in the whole country. Quite a number of ladies and gentlemen went from the city as visitors.

CARTER'S INK.—We have received from the *Canada Gazette* office a specimen bottle of Carter's combined writing and copying ink, which is said to have been pronounced by the most celebrated chemist to be the best ink ever offered to the public. It flows freely from the pen, its colour on the paper is a beautiful jet black. From the same office we have received Carter's panoramic calendar, which is a useful and convenient article for the office and counting house.

GOWAN'S HALL.—This hall is now becoming *the* fashionable hall for balls and assemblies, &c. Mr. Gowan has spared no pains to make it a neat, handsome, and commodious hall, and there can be no doubt but he will find it a profitable investment. Hitherto the place has been much sought after. This week the splendid ball of the O. U. R., which we may observe was a pleasant and brilliant affair, and the ball of the Star Club, have been held there, and it has many engagements ahead.

AN EXPECTED TREAT.—We are informed that the distinguished violinist, Mr. Prume, is about to visit this city in a short time for the purpose of giving a grand concert. The eminent talents of this great *artiste* have placed him in the very front rank of the violinists of this century. He has travelled all over Europe and America, and has achieved the most brilliant success. All lovers of good music, and especially of the violin, will hail his advent here with pleasure.

AN ORGAN FOR THE KIRK.—We learn that the Scotch Kirk is about to have a new organ placed in its gallery; whether it will be in its place for next Sunday is not yet certain. The instrument is at present in the music store of the Messrs. Orme, Sparks-st. It was made to order through the Messrs. Orme for the Kirk, by Shoninger, of New Haven, Connecticut. We are told that it comprises all the requisites of a very much larger and expensive organ.

POLICE COURT.—Gilbert Faube, charged with using indecent language on the public market, contrary to the by-law, was fined $3 and costs.

The adjourned case of Lucy Labays was called up, when Mrs. Lecompte was re-examined by Mr. Buckley. The goods were all identified. Sergeant Davis said he executed a search warrant at prisoner's house, where he found two of the three half blankets produced, with the other articles, except one half blanket which he found with her mother on King-st., and said prisoner explained her possession of the blankets by stating that she had bought them for $1 from some girl who formerly lived at Mrs. Lecompte's. Toussaint Labays, father of prisoner, was called for defence, and said he was present when Lucy bought the blankets from her younger sister Erminé for a dollar, and paid half on account. Erminé has since left, he believes for the United States. —Eriquier, a boy, was sworn, and said he was present when the money was paid. Sergeant Davis recalled, said prisoner told him that she got the blankets from a little girl who formerly lived with Mrs. Gravelle. The case was sent to the assizes, and prisoner admitted to bail.

The adjourned case of Stockdale *vs.* Harris, for larceny, was called. John Stockdale's evidence brought out other matter, and the case was again adjourned till Monday to get other evidence.

COMMON SCHOOLS.—The city common schools, which were opened after the Christmas and New Year's holidays, are now in full operation, and well attended. The number of pupils now attending the Central School East is four hundred and seventy. There is now a good long stretch of six months before the midsummer vacation, and in that time, if teachers and pupils do their duty, a vast deal of useful school work may be accomplished, and the next examination may be made to show greater progress than has appeared on any former occasion of the kind in this city. The custom of weekly reviews should be kept up, and these should take place on Mondays, instead of Fridays, in order to give industrious pupils an opportunity to look up their week's work on Saturdays when there is no school. This would tend to excite a healthy emulation, and keep the scholars constantly alive to their studies. Besides this, there should be monthly examinations for reviewing the work of the month, to be held on Saturday, and those who do not keep up to the work should fall back to the lower forms, leaving those whose talents enabled them to advance higher unfettered by the idleness or inability of their class-mates. That many talented and industrious pupils are thus retarded in their progress, is well known to teachers, and must be obvious to all who are in the habit of visiting schools. These remarks are intended for the higher classes in schools, and not for young children.

AN EDITORIAL LUNATIC.

From the Buffalo Commercial Advertiser.

Mr. Joseph Medill, formerly a sub-editor on the Chicago *Tribune*, and more recently leading editor of the *Republican*, has written a letter to General Rawlins, setting forth the absolute necessity for the acquisition of British North America by the United States, and attempting to give the reasons why we must speedily annex that vast territory. The method suggested by which we are to get it, whether the inhabitants, or Great Britain, are willing or not, is decidedly novel. It shows that "Joe" is really ambitious of notoriety at any price, or that he "is mad as a March hare."

After citing, as precedents, the action of various nations in the way of forcible annexation, Medill coolly proposes that we *take* British North America in the same way! The details and results of his scheme we give in his own words. He says:

"Great Britain has wronged us, inflicted terrible harm on us, tried to destroy our Union, and almost did destroy our foreign shipping. She has made no apology or reparation. Reverdy Johnson has disgraced us and proved himself an old flunkey and a disgraceful snob. Gen. Grant, 100 days hence, will be President. He has a party of tremendous strength to support him. The reconstruction question was settled by his election. Very little remains to be done. The Democracy are going to abandon the issue they have fought us on for four years. He has an opportunity to immortalize his administration, and place his fame high above all Presidents who have preceded him. Let him say to Great Britain, 'We will give you a receipt in full for all the damages and injuries, and $100,000,000, and take your North American Colonies, which are of no use to you, but would be valuable to us.' If England refuses, then take possession of the territory, and in the treaty of peace she will be glad to accept the hundred millions. She can't hold the Canadas ninety days against Gen. Grant. Sound the bugle, and enough of the old veterans will rally in a month to sweep the Dominion as fast as they can march over it. The campaign should be as sharp and decisive as that of Prussia against Austria, which added one-third of Germany to Prussia. The Irish element would flock to the support of Grant *en masse*, and all the ex-rebel soldiers he could accept would be glad to fight under his standard, and thus would be restored an era of reconciliation with the South. Lee, and Longstreet, and Hood, and Johnson, and Taylor, Hampton and Beauregard, would jump at the opportunity to don the "blue" and fight under the old flag. Just let the General say the word, and the people will rally to his support as one man for the acquisition of the Dominion."

If the above does not settle, beyond all question, the claims of Mr. Joseph Medill, to wear a straight jacket as part of his daily apparel, and to have careful and constant supervision over his goings and comings, then we will admit that all the rest of mankind are lunatics.

THE QUEEN'S INCOME.

So much nonsense is constantly talked, and such erroneous notions are held, respecting the Queen's income, that it can hardly be considered a work of supererogation to put the precise facts before the public. By an act passed soon after her Majesty's accession, in which the Queen waives her right to and interest in certain hereditary rates, charges, duties and revenues which by her prerogative she might have claimed, the civil list, *i. e.* her income is fixed to £385,000 per annum. Many people have an idea that this sum is actually paid to the Queen every year. Such is not the case. The civil list is divided into six classes, to each of which we will briefly refer. Class 1 really represents the amount of money paid to her Majesty for her private use. This amount is £60,000, which is payable in monthly instalments so long as her Majesty lives. Class 2, which appropriates £131,260, is for the payment of the salaries of her Majesty's household. This business is conducted by an official called the paymaster of the household; and when it is considered what a multiplicity of offices there are connected with the court—from the lord of the bed-chamber to the page of the back stairs—it can readily be imagined how easily the sum is expended. Class 3 appropriates a still higher sum of £172,500, and it for the expenses of the household. Royal house-keeping and royal parties and balls must be kept up on a royal scale, and any one who has visited the Buckingham Palace mews and the Windsor stables—not to mention the royal kitchen—will not wonder that this sum finds plenty of channels for its disposal. The amount of class 4 is small, and its purposes are almost entirely charitable. Out of the sum of £13,500, £9,000 is devoted to the payment of what are termed "royal bounty grants" and "special service awards." Grants from the royal bounty fund, which are in the gift of the premier, are generally made to distressed literary men and women, or to others who have claims on the government. "Special service" covers extraordinary payments, such, for instance, as the award made to the officer who first landed in England with the Abyssinian dispatches from General Napier. The alms, or "Maunday" money, also come from class 4, and to the amount of £2,000 are distributed by the Bishop of Oxford as Lord High Almoner. A further item of £1,200 is devoted to payment of pensions to distressed ladies. These pensions as they fall in through death, are in the gift of the wife of the prime minister for the time being. Class 5, which consists of the payments made as pensions to deserving literary and scientific persons, or to any that have deserved the gratitude of their country, does not come out of the £385,000, but by a special clause in the act before referred to, the sum of £1,200 is set apart from the consolidated fund in each year of the sovereign's reign for this purpose. The civil list pensions now amount to £17,000, after allowing for deaths. Class 6 may be regarded as a sort of reserve fund. The amount of it is £8,040, and it may be used towards meeting a deficiency in any of the other classes.

—The Australian Colonies are greatly troubled with living nuisances, which they have themselves been the means of introducing in the guise of benefits and blessings. It was thought a great thing to introduce rabbits from England, and all were ready to congratulate themselves when the thing had been fairly accomplished. The thing has been, however, too great a success. Rabbits have multiplied to such an extent as to become a serious nuisance and a formidable loss. They eat down the grass of sheep runs, and are in danger of supplanting the wool-producers. To think of killing them out now would be almost as hopeless as to proclaim war against flies. One stock-keeper has expended ten thousand pounds in trying to extirpate these pests from his pasture ranges. Then it was thought a rare good thing to get English sparrows into that sunny Southern land, and that impudent little fellow now comes down heavily upon the grapes, which are there cultivated so successfully. Some foolishly patriotic Scotchmen could not think they could be comfortable without very fair Caledonia thistles; and these thistles have now become far too common—in short, a giant evil likely to retard the prosperity of the country. —*Ex.*

ACCIDENT TO THE DRILL SHED—Last evening, a portion of the side roof of the Drill Shed fell in, the timbers being of insufficient strength to support the accumulated mass of snow coming from the main roof. The break was on the east side, and extended over the whole of one of the side rooms. The timbers supporting the roof were snapped in two, as were also, the iron rods. Luckily, the room was empty at the time. Had anyone been in, he could scarcely have escaped. Men are now at work clearing away the *debris*, and shovelling the snow from the other portions of the roof. The roof of Guilbault's Skating Rink also fell in from the same cause.—*Montreal News.*

—Every spoonful of raw sugar which a man puts into his tea or coffee is alive with vermin. A pound contains a hundred thousand of them. Refined sugar, on the other hand, is free from impurities, is sweeter, better, and therefore cheaper than the raw, and should be the only kind used.

DRESS GOODS.—A large assortment of ball and evening dresses; also, in fancy, black, Japanese, and Foulard silks, poplins, &c., at T. & W. Hunton's, whose stock is constantly supplied by their resident agents in London and Paris. Evening silks, &c., shewn by gas light in a room prepared for the purpose, at any hour of the day.

PREMIERS FOR A HUNDRED YEARS.

The Premiership of Mr. D'Israeli appears to have lasted 281 days, having commenced February 25, and terminated December 3, 1868. The tenure of office by other Premiers during the last 100 years has been as follows: Lord North, 12 years, 34 days, terminating March 3, 1782. The Marquis of Rockingham, 132 days, terminating July 13, 1782. The Earl of Shelburne, 266 days, terminating April 5, 1783. The Duke of Portland, 260 days, terminating December 27, 1783. Mr. Pitt, 17 years 80 days, terminating March 17, 1801. Lord Sidmouth, 3 years 56 days, terminating May, 12, 1804. Mr. Pitt, (second time) a year, 246 days, terminating January 8, 1806. Lord Granville, 1 year, 64 days, terminating March 13, 1807. The Duke of Portland, (second time) 3 years, 102 days, terminating June 28, 1810. Mr. Spencer Percival, 1 year, 250 days, terminating June 8, 1812. The Earl of Liverpool, 14 years, 267 days, terminating April 11, 1827. Mr. Canning, 121 days, terminating August 10, 1827. Lord Goderich, 168 days, terminating January 5, 1828. The Duke of Wellington, 2 years 301 days, terminating Nov. 22, 1830. Earl Grey, 3 years 231 days, terminating July 11, 1834. Lord Melbourne, 128 days, terminating Nov. 16, 1834. The Duke of Wellington, second time, 22 days, terminating December 8, 1834. Sir R. Peel, 131 days, terminating April 18, 1835. Lord Melbourne, second time, 6 years 138 days, terminating September 3, 1841. Sir R. Peel, second time, 4 years 97 days, terminating December 10, 1845. Lord J. Russell, ten days, terminating December 20, 1845. Sir R. Peel, third time, 168 days, terminating June 26, 1846. Lord J. Russell, second time, 5 years 239 days, terminating February 22, 1852. The Earl of Derby, 300 days, terminating December 19, 1852. The Earl of Aberdeen, 2 years 45 days, terminating February 5, 1855. Lord Palmerston, 3 years 17 days, terminating February 21, 1858. The Earl of Derby, second time, 1 year 111 days, terminating June 13, 1859. Lord Palmerston' second time, 6 years 128 days, terminating October 20, 1865. Earl Russell, third time, 249 days, terminating June 27, 1866. The Earl of Derby, third time, 1 year 233 days, February 25, 1868; and Mr. Disraeli, 281 days, terminating December 3, 1868.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

HALL'S VEGETABLE SICILIAN HAIR RENEWER.

The basis of its remedial properties is a vegetable compound.
It will restore gray hair to its original color.
It will keep the hair from falling out.
It cleanses the scalp and makes the hair soft, lustrous and silken.
It is a splendid hair dressing.

R. P. HALL & CO., Nashua, N.H., Proprietors.

For sale by all druggists. 894d

Coughs and Colds.—Sudden changes of climate are sources of Pulmonary Bronchial and Asthmatic affections. Experience having proved that simple remedies often act speedily and certainly when taken in the early stages of the disease, recourse should at once be had to "Brown's Bronchial Troches," or Lozenges. Few are aware of the importance of checking a cough, or "common cold," in its first stage. That which in the beginning would yield to a mild remedy, if neglected soon attacks the lungs. "Brown's Bronchial Troches," or Cough Lozenges, allay irritation which induces coughing, having a DIRECT influence on the affected parts. As there are imitations, be sure TO OBTAIN the *genuine*. Sold by all dealers in medicines, at 25 cents a box.

Mothers! Mothers! Mothers!—Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with the excruciating pain of cutting teeth? If so, go at once and get a bottle of Mrs. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately—depend upon it: there is no mistake about it. There is not a mother on earth who has ever used it, who will not tell you at once that it will regulate the bowels, and give rest to the mother, and relief and health to the child, operating like magic. It is perfectly safe to use in all cases, and pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Price 25 cents. Sold everywhere. Be sure to call for "MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP." Having the *fac-simile* of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations.

Mothers Read This!—Holloway's Worm Lozenges are a certain and safe remedy for Worms in Children and Adults.—As it is a well-known and melancholy fact that one great cause of death among children is from Worms alone, it cannot be too deeply impressed upon the minds parents the necessity of closely watching their children. By so doing; and understanding the symptoms and true cause of the disease, thousands of children might be saved from early graves. SYMPTOMS OF WORMS.—The following are a few of the very numerous symptoms and diseases which are caused by Worms: deranged appetite, emaciated extremities, offensive breath frequent picking at the nose, grinding of the teeth during sleep, hardness of the belly, with frequent slimy stools, and sometimes convulsive fits; itching of the arms, pain in the head and stomach, unquiet sleep, faintings, tremblings, coughs, indigestion, low spirits, frightful dreams, and a gradual waisting away of flesh.

They are palatable and self-administered to the child—drive out the worms thoroughly without pain and completely cleanse the stomach—thereby doing away with the necessity of administering Castor Oil or other unpleasant cathartics—as in the use of other Worms.

☞ Each box contains the fac-simile signature of NORTHROP & LYMAN, Newcastle, C.W., who are the sole proprietors.

N. B. Ask for *Holloway's Worm Lozenges* ☞ and take no other. ☜ Sold by all the druggists in Ottawa, and medicine dealers every where. 578y

Publications.

THIS DAY
Will be Published, by
JONES & HOLLAND,
News Dealers, &c., Post Office Block,
"MEMORIALS
OF THE
"LATE CIVIL SERVICE REGIMENT."
PRICE 15 CENTS.
Ottawa, January 8, 1869. 943-2

NOW PREPARING.

THE CANADIAN
PARLIAMENTARY COMPANION,
FIFTH EDITION,
(ENLARGED AND AMENDED,)
EDITED BY HENRY J. MORGAN.

☞ *A limited number of Advertisements will be received.*

THE MONTREAL PRINTING
943.3 AND PUBLISHING COMPANY.

JONES & HOLLAND

Have to hand another supply of

Children's Books,
Planchette Fortune Tellers,
Miss Braddon's Last Novel,
The British Workman,
Penny Readings,
Tiny Libraries, &c., &c.

Post Office Block, Jan. 4, 1869.

NEW PUBLICATION.

CHRONICLES OF CANADA.
BY
H. BEAUMONT SMALL, S.C.L.
Price, 50 cents. For sale by the publisher,
936tf GEORGE E. DESBARATS.

CIVIL SERVICE
RIFLE REGIMENT,
(LATE.)

The members of No. 4 Company are requested to send in immediately to No. 12, Committee Room, House of Commons, the arms, accoutrements and clothing in their possession. The following articles of clothing may be retained, on paying to the undersigned, in bankable funds, the prices placed opposite to them respectively:

Great Coats	$3 00
Trowsers, summer or winter	1 00
Summer Jacket	1 50

WM. B. LINDSAY,
Captain.

Ottawa, January 5, 1869. 941-3

Watches, Jewellery, &c.

GOLD AND SILVER
WATCHES,
JEWELLERY, ELECTRO-PLATE,
AND
A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF
ENGLISH, FRENCH AND GERMAN
FANCY GOODS,
To be had at the
SHEFFIELD HOUSE,
SPARKS-ST.,
AT HALF PRICE,
As the whole stock must be cleared out
WITHOUT RESERVE.
ALL GOODS WARRANTED.
Ottawa, Jan. 7, 1869. 943-2

Educational.

EDUCATION—CLASSICAL AND GENERAL.

THE REV. GEO. NOEL HIGGINSON, M. A., Incumbent of New Edinburgh, the with especial sanction of the Bishop of the Diocese, receives a limited number of the sons of gentlemen as morning pupils.

Residence—Dalhousie-st., Ottawa.
Terms made known on application. 940tf

YOUNG LADIES'
BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL,
Wellington-st.,
CONDUCTED BY MISS HARMON.

The Classes will (D.V.) re-assemble after the Christmas vacation, on TUESDAY, JAN. 5th, 1869. The Spring Term will commence on the 1st of FEBRUARY. There are vacancies for two additional Boarding Pupils. The Drawing, Singing, French and Music Classes, are under the tuition of competent and thoroughly experienced teachers. Young ladies who have finished their English studies can join these classes without reference to the English course. Prospectuses, containing the statement of terms, and the course of English studies pursued in the school, can be obtained at Messrs. Durie's Bookstore, and on application to MISS HARMON.

December 29, 1868. 935a

ST. ALBAN'S SCHOOL,
DALY-ST.
PRINCIPAL:
REV. BICKERTON A. EDWARDS, B. A.,
(ex-scholar Jesus Coll., Oxford.)

Business will be resumed on MONDAY, JAN. 4th. Hours of Study—9:30 a.m. to 12:30, and 2 to 4 p.m.

SCHOOL FEES.—For Sound Commercial and English Education, $8 per term. Higher Mathematics, Latin, Greek, French and Music, (each) $2 per term EXTRA.

The school year will, as hitherto, be divided into three terms.

A reduction made for brothers, and for payments made in the first week of term. 938tf

Dry Goods.

FRESH ARRIVALS.

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!

THOS. & W. HUNTON

Have just opened out the contents of 42 packages of NEW GOODS, comprising

1 CASE SILKS, in plain and fancy colors, splendid value,
1 CASE VELVETEENS,
3 BALES WHITE COTTONS, }
1 " WHITE COTTON SHEETING, } at greatly reduced prices.
6 " GRAY COTTONS, }
2 CASES LINENS, assorted,
1 " BLACK CLOTHS,
2 " BLACK & COLORED OVERCOATINGS,
1 BALE WHITE FLANNELS,
1 " GRAY FLANNELS,
1 " SCARLET FLANNELS,
4 " BLANKETS,
2 " HEMP CARPETS,
3 " WOOL CARPETS,
10 " TAPESTRY CARPETS, this season's new patterns,
3 " CANADIAN TWEEDS.

All of the above goods being marked off, and ready for inspection. We would specially invite intending purchasers to call and examine them.

THOS. & W. HUNTON
47 and 49 Sparks-st.

FURNITURE, FURNITURE, FURNITURE.
The best stock in the city is
AT THE VARIETY HALL.

HAIR SEATED, CANE SEATED & WOOD SEATED CHAIRS,
AT THE VARIETY HALL.

REP AND HAIR CLOTH PARLOR SETS, in different patterns,
AT THE VARIETY HALL.

CHIFFONNIERS AND SIDEBOARDS, from $5 upwards,
AT THE VARIETY HALL.

BOOK CASES of GREY & BLACK WALNUT
AT THE VARIETY HALL.

ROCKING AND EASY CHAIRS, of every description,
AT THE VARIETY HALL.

SOFAS, COUCHES AND TETE-A-TETES, different shapes and sizes, very cheap,
AT THE VARIETY HALL.

FARMERS AND OTHERS,
Remember that the only hand-made Chairs in Ottawa is
AT THE VARIETY HALL.

Groceries.

THE undersigned takes this opportunity to thank her friends and the public in general for their liberal patronage, and solicits a call to examine her fine stock of GROCERIES, POULTRY, FISH, salt and fresh, VEGETABLES, FRUITS, PORK, &c., all to be disposed of cheap. Also, a very fine lot of PARTRIDGES.

MRS. L. E. GOULIN,
Wellington-st., opposite Hall's Confectionery.

GARDENER'S
BAKING POWDER.

In 1 lb. Packets for 25 cents. | And 6 Packets for $1.25.

TEN REASONS
Why it Should be Used in Preference to all Others:

1st. Bread or Cakes made with it are more wholesome than if made with Yeast or any other process.
2nd. Its purity is such that it will stand the test of the most perfect analysis.
3rd. After having been extensively used for the last 14 years in not one instance has it failed to give entire satisfaction.
4th. Families that have used it pronounce it the best, and will use no other.
5th. It contains no Saleratus, nor does it impair the digestive organs like those powders where Soda or an excess of Alkali predominates.
6th. It never gives to Bread or Cakes an unpleasant Alkaline or mawkish taste.
7th. The ingredients that form its composition are more beneficial than otherwise.
8th. Dyspeptic subjects can eat hot Bread or Rolls made with it and derive benefit by its use.
9th. Every Packet contains its full weight; one pound packets weigh 16 ounces.
10. It is all that it is represented to be, namely:

Unrivalled for Purity and Cheapness.

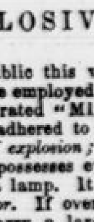
Sole Agents for Ottawa,
J. G. ROBINSON & Co.,
The Tea Pot.

The Trade supplied at the Manufacturers prices.
Ottawa, December 10, 1868. 886-6m

MONTREAL WAREHOUSE,
SUSSEX-STREET.

The undersigned have now COMPLETED their
FALL IMPORTATIONS,
COMPRISING A
GENERAL AND SELECT STOCK
OF
FAMILY GROCERIES,
WINES, LIQUORS,
AND PROVISIONS, &c., &c.
JAS. MARTIN & CO.
Ottawa, November 27, 1868. 657y

D. R. LEAVENS,
AGENT FOR THE NEW METALLIC



"NON-EXPLOSIVE LAMP,"

Now offers to the public this valuable improvement. The principle employed by Sir Humphrey Davy, in his celebrated "MINER'S SAFETY LAMP," is strictly adhered to rendering it safe from the *possibility of explosion*; besides this most important feature it possesses every good quality that is desirable in a lamp. It will not break if dropped upon the *floor*. If overturned no oil will escape. It will carry a large flame without smoking; this flame is steady, and so protected that currents of air do not affect it, rendering it a convenient lamp to carry about the house, and is not liable to get out of order. The lamp is made of metal and cannot be broken, hence no danger from that cause.

THE CLAIM FOR THIS LAMP IS
First—Absolute safety under all circumstances.
Second—Greater light with less consumption of oil.
Third—Beauty and perfection of finish.
Call and see them at the
OIL DEPOT, 73 SUSSEX-ST.,
☞ Sign Red Oil Barrel.
D. R. LEAVENS.

CITY OF OTTAWA AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY.

THE ANNUAL MEETING of the Subscribers to the City of Ottawa Agricultural Society will take place at the CITY HALL, on FRIDAY, the 15th INSTANT, at THREE o'clock, p.m., for the ELECTION OF DIRECTORS FOR THE ENSUING YEAR, and the transaction of such other business as may be brought before the meeting.

By order,
A. S. WOODBURN,
Secy. C. O. A. S.

January 6, 1869. 943-3

Groceries.

E undersigned takes this opportunity to ank her friends and the public in general r liberal patronage, and solicits a call to e her fine stock of GROCERIES, POUL- FISH, salt and fresh, VEGETABLES, S, PORK, &c., all to be disposed of cheap. very fine lot of PARTRIDGES.

MRS. L. E. GOULIN,
Sellington-st., opposite Hall's Confectionery

RDENER'S

BAKING POWDER.

In Packets for 25 cents. | And 6 Packets for $1.25.

TEN REASONS
Why it Should be Used in Preference to all Others:

Bread or Cakes made with it are more some than if made with Yeast or any other.
Its purity is such that it will stand the the most perfect analysis.
After having been extensively used for 14 years in not one instance has it failed entire satisfaction.
Families that have used it pronounce it t, and will use no other.
It contains no Saleratus, nor does it in- e digestive organs like those powders where an excess of Alkali predominates.
It never gives to Bread or Cakes an un- nt Alkaline or mawkish taste.
The ingredients that form its composition re beneficial than otherwise.
Dyspeptic subjects can eat hot Bread or made with it and derive benefit by its use.
Every Packet contains its full weight; and packets weigh 16 ounces.
It is all that it is represented to be, nsurpassed for Purity and Cheapness.

Agents for Ottawa,
J. G. ROBINSON & Co.,
The Tea Pot.
Trade supplied at the Manufacturer's
wa, December 16, 1868. 886-6m

ONTREAL WAREHOUSE,
SUSSEX-STREET,

undersigned have now COMPLETED
FALL IMPORTATIONS,
COMPRISING A
NERAL AND SELECT STOCK
OF
MILY GROCERIES,
WINES, LIQUORS,
PROVISIONS, &c., &c.
JAS. MARTIN & CO.
, November 27, 1868. 657y

R. LEAVENS,
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N-EXPLOSIVE LAMP,"
rs to the public this valuable improve- The principle employed by Sir Humphry in his celebrated "MINER'S SAFETY is strictly adhered to rendering it safe possibility of explosion; besides this most t feature it possesses every good quality esirable in a lamp. It will not break if upon the floor. If overturned no oil will It will carry a large flame without; this flame is steady, and so protected rents of air do not affect it, rendering it nt lamp to carry about the house, and is e to get out of order. The lamp is made and cannot be broken, hence no danger cause.
E CLAIM FOR THIS LAMP IS
Absolute safety under all circumstances.
greater light with less consumption of
Beauty and perfection of finish.
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L DEPOT, 73 SUSSEX-ST.,
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D. R. LEAVENS.

OF OTTAWA AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY.
ANNUAL MEETING of the Subscribers ity of Ottawa Agricultural Society will ce at the CITY HALL, on FRIDAY, the STANT, at THREE o'clock, p.m., for the ION OF DIRECTORS FOR THE EN- YEAR, and the transaction of such other as may be brought before the meet-
order,
A. S. WOODBURN,
Secy. C. O. A. S.
6, 1869. 913-3

Latest by Telegraph.

Per Montreal Line.

TORONTO.

ONTARIO LEGISLATURE.

2nd Session: 1st Legislative Assembly.
Special to THE TIMES.

TORONTO, January 7.

The House went into Committee of the Whole on Mr. Boyd's Bill regarding the dog tax, which passed.

Mr. Clark moved the House into Committee of the Whole on the Bill to repeal the statutory enactments respecting the protection of sheep from dogs.

Mr. McKellar moved that the Bill receive a six months' hoist, which was carried on division, by a vote of 38 to 28.

Mr. Williams moved the third reading of the Bill to allow the town of Port Hope to aid by bonus the extension of the Port Hope and Lindsay Railroad to Beaverton.

Mr. Blake vigorously opposed this Bill, contending that Port Hope already owed the Province more than the value of all the real property in it. Mr. Blake moved the six months' hoist.

Hon. Mr. Wood contended that the Province was safe for the amount fixed by the Act of 1859.

The amendment was lost on a division by a vote of 23 to 42.

The House went into Committee on reported Bills incorporating Presquand, Belmont, Simcoe, and Muskoka and Norfolk Railroad Companies.

Some private Bills were read.

The House then adjourned.

SECOND DESPATCH.

TORONTO, January 7.

An important correspondence between the Commissioner of Agriculture and the Secretary of the Board of Agriculture, relative to the accounts of the latter body, was laid on the table of the House to-day. Some difficulty having been experienced in getting the accounts, Hon. Mr. Carling appointed Mr. White, of the Hamilton *Spectator*, to examine them. Mr. White's report states that accounts amounting to $226 are without vouchers. Balances over eleven thousand dollars are due by the Board, which the Treasurer says are not available in cash, he not having an account at any bank for the Board. Neither has any interest been paid on it, nor any surety given for it. On the receipt of the report Hon. Mr. Carling wrote to the President of the Board, declining to pay the Government grant.

A meeting of the Board was held yesterday, to which reporters for the press were refused admission.

The mortality report for December shows 21 deaths from zymotic diseases, and 60 from other causes; against 10 deaths from zymotic, and 60 from other causes in December, 1867.

Lord Cecil is advertised to preach here in the Temperance Hall next Sunday.

At the regular meeting of the Board of School Trustees there was no quorum present. A special meeting is called for Friday next, to consider the School Bill. The chairman stated the Provincial secretary assured him the Bill had been altered, so as to leave the power of appointing superintendents in the hands of the School Boards.

The amounts of deposits in the Toronto Post Office Savings Bank for December reached seven thousand four hundred and sixty-six dollars. The number of depositors is 721. Total amount deposited, $71,162.

Mrs. McPherson has been bound over to keep the peace, on complaint of her husband, that she had threatened his life.

BROCKVILLE.

Two Constables Shot by Horse Thieves—One of the Robbers Wounded.
Special to THE TIMES.

BROCKVILLE, Thursday, January 7.

Last night two constables went to arrest three horse thieves in Leeds. The men made a desperate resistance, and during the affray the two constables were badly wounded. One of them was badly wounded in the head by a pistol shot, and the other is not expected to live. The names of the thieves are C. Chase, Thomas Chapman and George Chapman. Thomas Chapman was wounded in the arm.

MONTREAL.

Special to THE TIMES.

MONTREAL, January 7.

Six thousand dollars has been subscribed, so far, towards the Queen's statues.

The Irish Protestant concert to-night, in the St. Patrick's Hall, was a great success. Two thousand persons were present. Mayor Workman presided, and speeches were delivered by the Rev. Messrs. Dimoulin and Carmichael, the former took for his subject, the Irish ballad, treating it in a masterly manner. A reference to the late Hon. T. D. McGee was received with great cheering.

The erection of a Masonic Temple is spoken of.

A meeting of parties interested in the silver movement was held this afternoon. There was but a small attendance. A resolution extending the time was passed. A feeling is manifest that the whole thing is a sell.

Weather very mild.

Flour market quiet.

CABLE NEWS.

GREAT BRITAIN.

LONDON, January 7.—The specie in the Bank of England decreased £74,000 since last report.

The feeling among the tenantry in some parts of Ireland is very bitter against the land holders, and many cases of violence were reported.

SPAIN.

MADRID, January 7.—It is reported that a conspiracy has been discovered in Jerez de la Frontera. An investigation is now in progress.

TURKEY AND GREECE.

NEWS VIA PARIS.

PARIS, January 7.—The Sublime Porte has sent a communication to this city asking for a postponement of the conference on the Eastern question for eight days, in order that instructions may be prepared for the representative of the Turkish Government.

CUBA.

HAVANA, January 6.—The commercial bulletin, of a leading firm in Cardenas, says the insurrection is beginning to decline, and all apprehensions that it might extend to the vicinity of Cardenas are now removed. The sugar crop promises a yield fully equal to that of last year. The statement that the cholera had broken out among the Spanish troops here is untrue. Reports have reached here of an engagement between the troops and the insurgents near Nuivet. The result is unknown. This afternoon an officer of the Spanish army in a street quarrel killed Senor Tirso Vasquez, a young Cuban of respectable family. The officer ran his sword entirely through the young man's body.

AMERICAN NEWS.

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES.

No Bill Against Surratt.

WASHINGTON, January 6.—The Grand Jury dismissed the case against Surratt, on the ground that the President's amnesty proclamation pardons him of all past treasonable offences against the Government.

Horrible Accident in a Church.

ROCHESTER, N.Y., January 6.—A shocking accident occurred in this city this evening, by which eight persons were killed and thirty seriously injured. A floor in the schoolhouse of St. Helen and St. Paul's Roman Catholic Church gave way while crowded with people attending a holiday festival. Three hundred or more persons went down, and several were instantly killed.

All Quiet in Arkansas.

WASHINGTON, January 6.—Colbat, who was sent by Gen. Grant to Arkansas to investigate the condition of affairs there, reports that the Government of Arkansas is fully able now to preserve peace with the aid of the militia under his control.

Zach Chandler Nominated for Re-election to the U. S. Senate.

DETROIT, January 7.—At a caucus of Republican members of the legislature, held last night, Hon. Z. Chandler was nominated for re-election to the United States Senate.

THIS MORNING'S DESPATCHES.

Reported Sale of Chihuhua and Sinaloa to the United States.

SAN FRANCISCO, January 7.—A letter from Durango states that Gens. Ortega and Patanis, the latter recently assassinated, had in their possession, so their friends affirm, documents showing that the States of Chihuhua and Sinaloa have been sold to the United States, and would be occupied by the American forces inside of two years. The report was fully credited in Durango.

Postmaster-General Randall's Report.

NEW YORK, January 7.—Postmaster-General Randall's report on connecting the telegraph with the post office is published. He is decidely in favour of the project.

An Institute and Seminary Burnt.

NEW YORK, January 7.—Wymoack Institute and Seminary for young ladies at Lebona Centre was destroyed by fire last evening. No lives lost. Only a small portion of the furniture and books were saved. The loss is heavy and the insurance light.

Nomination.

SAN FRANCISCO, January 7.—The Republican members of the Nevada Legislature in caucus unanimously nominated Wm. M. Stewart, United States Senator.

Trouble with the Indians.

Arisona advices state that Storum, Chief of the Hualapia Indians, escaped from the guard while *en route* to San Francisco for confinement. Col. Rice has organized an expedition against the savages. He surprised and destroyed two villages, and killed 11 and captured 20 Indians; he also captured a large quantity of supplies.

Adjournment of the Nevada Legislature.

The Legislature adjourned December 19th, after an harmonious session. Congress was asked for more troops. Both Houses passed resolutions of thanks to Governor McCormick for his long and faithful services.

A Bill to Prevent Prize Fights.

CHICAGO, January 7.—To prevent an occurrence of the numerous prize fights that have disgraced this vicinity, the city authorities will endeavour, at the present session of the Legislature, to obtain the passage of an Act, modelled after the Ohio law, which imprisons for one year the principals of premeditated prize fights, with additional provisions, empowering the arrest of persons training for a fight.

Sailed.

SAN FRANCISCO, January 7.—The steamship *Sacramento* sailed yesterday for Panama with $764,000 in treasure, $471,000 of which is for New York.

Accident to Cyrus W. Field.

NEW YORK, January 7.—Cyrus W. Field was seriously injured by a fall at his residence in Irvington, yesterday.

—The Prince of Wales and his family are in Sweden. Efforts are making to get up a bear hunt in Wermland, in which his Royal Highness will participate.

—The Huntingdon Borderers, under Lieut. Colonel McEachern, have been re enrolled under the new Militia Act, and the lists of seven companies, with the signatures of 302 men, have been forwarded to the militia authorities.

—A Mr. Kolzakoff, a Russian retired colonel, a noble, and wearing several decorations, has lately been tried in Moscow for cheating in selling a horse. Trading horses was really his only means of subsistence, though it was carried on secretly. At last he was caught selling to a lady a horse with a cracked foot, the defect being carefully concealed by the use of cement. He was criminally prosecuted, and sentenced to suffer the loss of his nobility, rank, pensions and and decorations, and to be fined and imprisoned besides. The sentence is thought to be very severe even in Russia.

A meritorious article is Hall's Sicilian Hair Renewer; it is rapidly becoming known and widely and deservedly popular. It is apparently nothing in itself but an agreeably perfumed and pleasant hair dressing, but it contains the most wonderful curative properties for loss of hair, and after using it a short time, gray hair is restored to its natural color. If any of our readers doubt it, let them try a single bottle of the "Renewer," and they will add their testimonial to the truth of what we say.—*Semimel, Burlington, Vt.*

What is the healthy, worldly man's ambition wealth, wealth, wealth. And what the poor invalid's, health, health, health. 'Tis true, gold is dross compared with health. Take care of it, but if you have already lost it from disease of the throat, lungs, liver, kidneys, or digestive organs, &c., remember that there has never been heretofore a medicine that could in any way compete with the Great Shoshonees Remedy for the radical cure of those diseases.

Dr. Wistar's Wild Cherry Balsam.—This balsamic compound has become a home fixture. Let all who suffer, and have in vain attempted to cure their coughs, colds, bronchial or pulmonary complaints, make use of this unequalled remedy. It can be relied upon, the mass of testimony that has been published since its introduction, being ample proof of its efficacy.

—For a choice selection of New Tapestry, Brussells, Kidderminster and Imperial 3-ply Carpets, Cocoa Matting, Floor Oil Cloths, Hearth Rugs, Crumb Cloths and Door Mats; Damasks, Repps, Curtain Trimmings, Lace and Muslin Curtains, go to Magee & Russell's new Store, next door to Mr. John Leslie's, Sparks-st.

CARPETS AND HOUSE FURNISHINGS.—Parties about to furnish will find a large and choice assortment of carpetings and house furnishings, cheap, at Garland, Mutchmor & Co's. Carpets made and laid with despatch.

For fine bog oak brooches and ear rings in sets, see Young & Radford's new lot, just received, and selling at the very low price of only 90 cts. per set.

JEWELLERY.—All kinds of jewellery, of the latest designs, and at the cheapest rates, can be bought of Young & Radford, Sparks-st.

Try Gardner's Baking Powder. See advertisement. 887.6m

—Leave orders for skirts before Christmas, and get them to fit.

Messrs. Young & Radford are the sole agents in Ottawa for the Waltham watches.

—Corsets at the skirt factory for half-price.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

Reported by Telegraph.

[*For daily report of Ottawa Markets, see Fourth Page.*]

New York Money Market.

NEW YORK, January 7.—Gold 35¼.
Money 7 per cent. in gold.

New York Markets.

NEW YORK, January 7.—Cotton drooping at 27c.—Flour less active but firmer at 14,000 barrels. Sales 6,500 barrels at $6.10 @ 6.15 for Superfine State and Western; $7.00@ 7.50 for common to choice Extra State; $7.85 @ 8.10 for common to choice Extra Western.—Rye flour quiet.—Wheat dull and drooping. Receipts 119,000 bushels. Sales 10,000 bushels at $1.60 for mixed Spring; $1.65 @ 1.80 for No. 2 do., in store and afloat.—Rye quiet. Receipts 200 bushels.—Corn dull. Receipts 11,000 bushels. Sales 39,000 bushels at 97c. @ $1.00 for new mixed Western; $1.07 @ 1.10 for Inferior to prime old do., in store and afloat; 97c. @ 98c. for White Western.—Barley dull.—Oats dull and heavy. Receipts 8,400 bushels. Sales 15,000 bushels at 75½c. @ 76c. for Western in store; 78c. for do., afloat.—Pork firmer at $29.00 @ 29.50 for new mess; $28.00 @ 28.50 for old do.—Lard firmer at 18c. @ 19½c. for steam; 19½c. @ 20c. for kettle rendered.

London Money Market.

LONDON, January 7—Eve.—Consols 93 for account; Bonds 75; Stocks quiet and steady; Erie 26; Atlantic and Great Western 44.

Liverpool Markets.

LIVERPOOL, January 7—11 a.m.—Flour 27s. White wheat 11s. 10d. @ 12s. Corn 37s. 3d. for old; 36s. for new. Barley 5s. Oats 3s. 7d. Pease 44s. 6d. Pork 91s. Lard 69.

Groceries.

THE TEA POT LIST.

In Cases, Hhd. and ¼ Casks,

HENNESSEY'S BRANDY,
MARTELL'S do
OTARD, DUPEY & Co., do
JULES, ROBIN & Co., do
CASTILLION & Co., do.

In Bottle or Wood,

GRAHAM'S EXTRA OLD PORT,
GRAHAM'S THREE GRAPE,
SANDEMAN'S CHOICE OLD PORT,
McKENZIE'S Pure Golden SHERRY,
DUNN'S BROWN, do
CHOICE PALE, do.

THE
FINEST BALTIMORE OYSTERS,
Received daily, by Express.

CHIPPAWA pure old RYE WHISKEY
Four years old, equal to any French Brandy.
CHIPPAWA TODDY WHISKEY,
Four years old, equal to Scotch.
CHIPPAWA FAMILY PROOF.

J. G. ROBINSON & CO.,
The Tea Pot, Ottawa.
Ottawa, Dec. 16, 1868.

ON SALE,
GOODERHAM & WORTS'
RECTIFIED SPIRITS.

100 BBLS. CELEBRATED OLD RYE,
100 do HIGHWINES, 50 O.P.
100 do ALCOHOL, 65 O.P.

The trade supplied at manufacturers' prices.

REDPATH'S EXTRA GOLDEN SYRUP
REDPATH'S STANDARD do
NEW YORK HOUSE SYRUP,
100 BBLS. WEST INDIA MOLASSES.
500 CHESTS UNCOLORED JAPAN TEA.
100 CADDIES ORANGE PEKOE
150 CHESTS TWANKAY.
200 CADDIES BRIGHT SOL TOBACCO.
100 BOXES TOBACCO, 10s.
500 BARRELS EXTRA SUPERIOR FLOUR.
300 BBLS. MESS PORK, to arrive.

J. G. ROBINSON & Co.
December 16, 1868. 926.3m

Jewellery, &c.

FOR
CHRISTMAS AND NEW YEAR'S
PRESENTS,
IN GOLD & SILVER WATCHES,
Go to YOUNG & RADFORD'S,
30 Sparks-st.

FOR
CHRISTMAS AND NEW YEAR'S
PRESENTS,
GOLD CHAINS & FINE JEWELLERY,
Go to YOUNG & RADFORD'S.

FOR
CHRISTMAS AND NEW YEAR'S
PRESENTS,
IN PLATED WARE,
Go to YOUNG & RADFORD'S.

FOR
CHRISTMAS AND NEW YEAR'S
PRESENTS,
IN FANCY GOODS,
SUITABLE FOR THE SEASON,
Go to YOUNG & RADFORD'S.

PARTIES WANTING WORK
SUITABLE FOR PRESENTATIONS
FOR CHRISTMAS OR NEW YEAR,
Will find it to their advantage to
Go to YOUNG & RADFORD'S,
30 Sparks-st.

Dry Goods.

SILKS FOR THE HOLIDAYS
AND
EVENING WEAR.
OVER
$10,000 WORTH of RICH
And Elegant Silks,
Satins,
Irish Poplins,
and Moire Antiques,
In all colors and suitable for grand occasions.
All kinds and qualities of "SILK GOODS" will be much higher priced in the Spring, therefore it will be to the advantage of all parties requiring such wear, to procure soon.

BALL DRESSES.
Elegant, Gilt and Silver Spangled Tarlatans,
Also, Plain and Embroidered Grenadine Dresses,
Black and White Grenadines,
Tarlatans, in all Colours,
Plain and Dewdrop Tulles, in all colours,
Plain and Coloured Spotted Nets, &c.

LACE GOODS.
Thread,
Maltese,
Clung and Honiton Laces,
Real Lace,
Lappets and Head Dresses,
Lace Collars and Cuffs,
Also, Chemizettes,
Hemmed Lawn,
and Honiton Lace Bordered Handkerchiefs.
White and Black Lace,
"Marie Antoinettes Lace Trimmed Aprons,"
(*A novelty.*)

OPERA CLOAKS.
White and Scarlet French Merinoes,
54 in. White, Bareze and Grenadine,
54 in. Lustre and Llama,
Wool Opera Hoods, Pelerines and Cloaks.
Cloaks made to order.

MILLINERY.
Flowers,
Feathers,
and Head Dresses.

GLOVES.
White and
Dark Coloured Kids,
ALL AT MAGEE & RUSSELL'S

Garland, Mutchmor & Co

XMAS DRY GOODS.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.,
IMPORTERS, 26 SPARKS-ST.,
Have received, ex various ocean steamers, large additions to their extensive stock of
STAPLE & FANCY DRY GOODS,
MILLINERY,
Carpetings and House Furnishings,
and are now showing a large and well assorted stock in every department. They invite special attention to the following:
RICH FANCY SILKS,
RICH FANCY DRESSES,
suitable for street and evening wear,
RICH BALL DRESSES,
GOOD ABERDEEN WINCIES,
at a little over half last year's prices. Good cheap useful dresses for all classes in all the new materials.
CLOTHS,
TWEEDS,
BLANKETS,
FLANNELS,
SHEETINGS,
COTTONS,
PRINTS, ETC.,
all in great variety cheap.
LACES,
RIBBONS,
TRIMMINGS,
GLOVES,
HOSIERY,
Black Silk Mantle Velvets,
Black and Brown Velveteens,
Black and Brown Sealskins,
Black and Brown Astricans,
Coloured Jasper Sealskins,
White and Fancy Mantle Cloths.

MANTLES,
in great variety, in all the new materials and shapes.
SHAWLS,
BONNETS,
HATS,
LADIES' CAPS,
HEAD DRESSES,
FLOWERS,
FEATHERS,
BRIDAL WREATHS.
Great novelty in Skirts—the
NEW PATENT FELT SKIRT,
Plain and embroidered, all in one piece; warm lighter, better fitting and cheaper than any other skirts. Just opened
One Case Plain Glasgow Wincies.
Two cases latest styles in Clouds and other Woollen Goods.
Wholesale and Retail.

Stationery.

NEW GOODS.
Just received, ex steamship *St. David*, a large importation of the best British manufactured
STAPLE STATIONERY,
IN
LETTER PAPERS,
NOTE PAPERS,
ENVELOPES,
FOOLSCAPS,
FOLIO POSTS,
RECORD PAPERS,
TINTED BLOTTING PAPERS,
MUSIC PAPER,
&c., &c., &c.
For sale at
THE OTTAWA CITIZEN
Stationery and Printing House,
Sparks-st., Ottawa.

Groceries.

For sale by the undersigned.
300 BBLS. MESS PORK.
200 BBLS. THIN MESS PORK.
500 BBLS. STRONG SUPER FLOUR.

COAL OIL.
Having been appointed by the combination their agents for
COAL OIL,
They are now prepared to sell in quantities to suit the trade, by the
BARREL OR CAR LOAD,
AT THE
LOWEST PRICES

Agents for Hiram Walker's
HIGHWINES
RYE,
PROOF, and
MONONGAHELA WHISKEYS.

Agents for
REESOR BROS. CHEESE.

Agents for John Campbell's celebrated
HAMS,
BACON, &c.
C. T. BATE & CO.,
Canal Basin.
Ottawa, Dec. 12, 1868.

Stationery.

PRESENTS FOR THE HOLIDAYS.
What more acceptable gift than a beautiful work of art, to be gazed on with pleasure and profit every day! "A thing of beauty is a joy forever!" Give then as Christmas Gifts, those exquisite pictures,
PRANG'S CHROMOS,
of which Frederic E. Church, the great American artist, says: "They are certainly most skilfully and artistically executed." And John G. Whittier "I had no idea they were home productions; I am glad to know that such beautiful work is done here." And Bayard Taylor "Your illuminations of the Beatitudes are really superb." And Wendell Phillips; "I congratulate you on your success, which I consider marvellous."
Prang's American Chromos are fac-simile reproductions of masterly oil and water-color paintings, so skilfully and artistically done that it requires the experience of an expert to detect the difference between them and their originals. Among them the following are the most attractive:
Horses in a Storm. (After R. Adams.)
The two Friends. (Child and Dog, after Gerard.)
Sunset in California. (After Bierstadt.)
Sunlight in Winter. (After Morvillier.)
The Barefooted Boy. (After Whittier.)
Early Autumn on Esopus Creek, N. Y. (After A. T. Bricher.)
Late Autumn in the White Mountains. (After A. T. Bricher.)
Six American Landscapes. (After A. T. Bricher.)
Strawberries and Baskets. (After Miss V. Granbery.)
Cherries and Basket. (After Miss V. Granbery.)
Flower Bouquet.
Blackberries in Vase. (After Lilly M. Spencer.)
Fringed Gentian. [After H. R. Newman.]
Easter Morning. [After Mrs. James M. Hart.]
Group of Chickens. [After Tait.]
Group of Quails. [After Tait.]
Group of Ducklings. [After Tait.]
The Poultry Yard. [After Lemmens.]
Poultry Life, A. } [After Lemmens.]
" B. } [Companions.]
The Kid's Play-Ground. [After Bruith.]
Correggio's Magdalena.
Under the Apple-Tree. } [After G. E. Niles.]
Rest by the Roadside. } [Companion pictures.]
Autumn Leaves—Maple.
Autumn Leaves—Oak.
Wood Mosses and Ferns. [After Ellen Robbins.]
Bird's Nest and Lichen. [After Ellen Robbins.]
The Bullfinch. [After Wm. Cruickshank.]
The Linnet. [After Wm. Cruickshank.]
Have Patience. [Girl and Dog.]
Rabbits and Kittens.
Morning. [After Rosa Bonheur.]
Evening. [After Rosa Bonheur.]
&c., &c., &c.
The Beatitudes of Our Lord, most magnificently illuminated.
Illuminated School Room Cards, with mottoes taken from Scripture.
Illuminated crosses, Book Marks, Rewards of Merit.
The Language of Flowers, Wood and Sea Mosses, Ferns, Flowers, &c.
"OLD MOTHER HUBBARD," "The most elegant juvenile book of the season," superbly illustrated and illuminated.
The editor of a prominent journal, writing to Mr. Prang, expresses thus his idea on Chromos:
"We think no greater civilizer could be introduced so generally as your chromos. You will never find a thief with a rosebud in his button-hole nor will you ever find a murderer admire your productions. Only the good, the true, and the better part of our nature, are touched and spoken to by art. Your aim to introduce your beautiful productions to the general public is commendable, and in your efforts you have our hearty concurrence."
Prang's Chromos are offered at 20 per cent. below the publisher's prices at the
CANADA GAZETTE OFFICE,
where will also be found the following objects, suitable for Christmas and New Year Gifts.
Albums, Toilet Bags, writing Desks, Gold and Silver Pen and Pencil cases, Penknives, &c.
A beautiful assortment of PLAYING CARDS.
BALL AND DINNER CARDS &c., neatly printed.
VISITING CARDS printed from copperplate or type on the shortest notice.
CANADA GAZETTE OFFICE,
Dec. 10th, 1868. Sparks-st., Ottawa

☞ SEE FIRST PAGE.

OTTAWA MARKETS.

[Compiled expressly for the OTTAWA TIMES.]

Times Office, Ottawa, Jan. 7, 1869.

Flour—Extra	6 50	@	6 75
No. 1	5 25	@	5 50
No. 2	none.		
Bags—Fall per 100 lbs	3 25	@	3 37½
" Spring "	2 62½	@	2 75
Oatmeal—per 200 lbs	7 00	@	7 25
Indian Meal "	4 00	@	0 00
Rye—per bushel 56 lbs	0 85	@	0 90
Barley 48 lbs	0 93	@	0 00
Buckwheat Flour	4 00	@	4 50
Wheat—Fall—per bushel, 60 lbs	1 25	@	1 30
Spring "	1 20	@	1 25
Corn—Per bushel, 56 lbs	0 85	@	0 90
Peas " 60 lbs	0 93	@	0 00
Oats " 34 lbs	0 60	@	0 67
Beans " 60 lbs	1 50	@	0 00
Pork—Mess—per barrel	24 00	@	24 50
Prime Mess per do	00 00	@	17 00
Prime	none.		
Pork (fresh)	7 50	@	9 50
Hams	0 15	@	0 17
Beef per 100 lbs	5 00	@	6 50
Mutton—per lb	0 5	@	0 6
Geese—Each	0 50	@	0 60
Ducks	0 50	@	0 60
Turkeys—Each	1 00	@	2 00
Poultry—Per pair	0 50	@	0 60
Butter—Choice Table	0 25	@	0 00
No. 1 Firkin	0 22	@	0 24
No. 2	0 00	@	0 00
Eggs	0 22	@	0 25
Apples—per brl	3 00	@	4 00
Vegetables, &c.—Potatoes	0 30	@	0 40
Hay—Per ton	20 00	@	25 00
Wood—Per cord (cubic measure)	3 25	@	0 00
Mixed Wood	3 00	@	0 00
Tamarac	2 00	@	0 00
Soft Wood	2 00	@	0 00

For Sale or to Let.

TO LUMBERERS.—The subscriber is authorized to receive proposals for lease of the best STEAM MILL SITE on the River Ottawa, below the Chaudiere Falls. Very extensive storage for logs and piling ground. Lumber may be shipped direct from the mill.

R. H. HAYCOCK, Solicitor, Ottawa.
Dec. 19, 1868. 928d

FOR SALE, OR TO LET for a term of years, BELLEGREEN COTTAGE and GROUNDS, say two and a half acres, situate on the Bank of the Rideau River, (Ottawa-st.) The Cottage is built of brick and tin roofed, with a gallery all round. The gardens and grounds are in a high state of cultivation. Large storeroom, stables, granary, coach and ice-house, woodsheds, &c., all in the best of order. It is one of the most healthy and comfortable residences for a private family in or about the city of Ottawa. For particulars apply to FRANCIS CLEMOW, Esq.—Office, Sparks-st., near the Russell House—or to the proprietor J. WADSWORTH.

Terms moderate. Possession given at any time to suit parties. 927tf

VALUABLE FARMS FOR SALE.—Lot 21 in the 3rd Concession, Gloucester, Ottawa Front, 200 acres, about 80 cleared and under cultivation, with comfortable Dwelling and good Barn. The bush land is principally hardwood, and very valuable from its proximity to Ottawa. Also, Lot 20, in 3rd Concession, Gloucester, Ottawa Front, containing 200 acres, 20 acres cleared. The remainder of this lot is heavily wooded with hard and soft wood. These farms will be sold separately or together as may be desired. The short distance of only 3 miles from Ottawa makes the wood of greater value. These lands are well watered, of excellent soil, and would make a fine dairy farm. Apply to the Proprietor, C. SPARROW, or to D. O'CONNOR, Solicitor, Ottawa.

Ottawa, Nov. 25, 1868. 908tf

MEMBERS OF PARLIAMENT and others visiting the Capital can be accommodated with board and apartments, single or double, at a first-class Boarding House, within five minutes' walk of the Parliament Buildings. References given if required. Apply to MRS. W. PARDY, Wellington-st., Ottawa. 905-2m

ROOMS TO LET.

MRS. SMITH, Corner of Bank and Albert-sts., can rent TWO FURNISHED BEDROOMS and a SITTING ROOM. 868tf

FOR SALE.—The Westerly one-third of Lot No. 27, in First Concession, Ottawa Front, Nepean, and Lots Nos. 26 and 28, in the same concession, at present in the occupation of Wm. T. Aylen, Esq. For further particulars apply to JOHN and WM. THOMSON, Nepean, and LEWIS & PINHEY, Barristers, Ottawa. Je2-141-tf

Commission Merchants.

DOMINION AUCTION MART,

AND

COMMISSION SALE ROOMS,

HOUSE, LAND AND GENERAL AGENCY,

OFFICE AND SALE ROOMS,

INGLIS' NEW BUILDINGS, SUSSEX-ST.,

OTTAWA.

The subscriber respectfully announces to the inhabitants of Ottawa and surrounding country that at the request of many friends he has decided on opening an extensive and well regulated Auction Mart in this city.

From arrangements made with some of the Furniture Manufactories of Western Ontario, a large and well selected stock of new furniture will be constantly on hand.

Public Sales will be held from time to time, of which due notice will be given, and at which parties requiring to furnish will have an opportunity of purchasing at unusually low rates. The Mart is now open with a large stock of new Furniture, as well as Pianos, Harmoniums, &c., &c., consigned for sale.

The subscriber would also intimate that he is the Sole Agent for Ottawa and territory for the sale of Rappe, Webber & Co.'s celebrated grand Pianos.

They are successors to the late John C. Fox, of Kingston, and the makers of his excellent Pianos.

From their long experience in Germany, Paris, and New York, they are universally admitted to be the best Piano Manufacturers on this continent.

The high reputation of the instruments made by them for the past ten years, and the increasing demand for them in the new Dominion, prove their very superior quality, and universally acknowledged merit.

The Pianos, as well as the Furniture in the establishment, will be sold either by private sale or auction.

He would also announce that he is prepared to receive instructions from persons having household furniture, horses, carriages, or real estate, to dispose of, and pledges himself that nothing will be left undone by him to give satisfaction in discharging the trust confided to him. He hopes that by strict attention to the sales entrusted to his care, as well as by prompt settlements immediately after, to merit a share of public patronage.

He will be in his office from 7 in the morning until 7 in the evening, when he can see parties who wish to arrange about their sales. Consignments from a distance will have immediate attention.

Cash advances, when required, will be made on consignments for immediate sale.

All kinds of furniture bought, sold or exchanged.

REFERENCES.

His Lordship the Bishop of Kingston,
Hon. Sir John A. Macdonald,
Hon. H. L. Langevin, C B,
Hon. Alex. Campbell, P M G,
R. W. Scott, Esq, M P P,
Walter Shanly, Esq, M P
Max. W. Strange, Esq, M P P,
Francis H. Burton, Esq, M P
James O'Rielly, Esq, Q C,
H. V. Noel, Esq, Manager Quebec Bank, Ottawa.
Robert Lyon, Esq, M P P.

A smart young man wanted to act as travelling agent representing several firms.

J. BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer and Commission Merchant,
75-y House, Land and General Agent.

REMOVAL.

The subscribers beg to inform their customers and the public generally that they have removed to those spacious premises lately occupied by M. K. Dickinson, Canal Basin, and where will be found constantly on hand the following goods:

FLOUR,
PORK,
OATMEAL, &c.

ALSO ON HAND,

2,000 CORDS OF GOOD FIREWOOD, and 600,000 sawed SHINGLES.

Wholesale and Commission Agents.

Goods forwarded with despatch between Ottawa, Kingston and Intermediate Ports, by the Steamer *Mary Ann*, and three barges.

☞ *Silver Taken at Par.* ☜

WM. H. EASTON & CO.,
Forwarders and Commission Merchants,
Canal Basin

PUBLIC NOTICE

Is hereby given that the Map or Plan and Book of Reference of the Canada Central Railway Company, from the City of Ottawa to its junction with the Line of the Brockville and Ottawa Railway Company, have been deposited in the office of the Department of Public Works, and a copy of such parts of the Map or Plan and Book of Reference, as relate to the County of Carleton, has been deposited in the office of the Clerk of the Peace for the County of Carleton, and a copy of such parts as relate to the County of Lanark, has been deposited in the office of the Clerk of the Peace for the County of Lanark.

Dated this Tenth day of August, 1868.

W R. WORSLEY,
C. C. Rly.

NOTICE.

CROWN LANDS DEPARTMENT,
TORONTO, 10th December, 1868.

The undermentioned lands in the Township of ELMA, in the County of Perth, will be offered for sale, by Public Auction, at the Office of John Sharman, Esq., Crown Land Agent, in the Town of Stratford, at 12 o'clock, noon, on Friday, the Eighth day of January, 1869:

The following, supposed to be Pine Lands, will be offered at an upset price of $3.00 per acre:—

13th Con., Lots 1 (99 acres).
14th " " 3, 4, 5, 27, 28, 29, 31, (100 acres each); 30 (101 acres).
15th " 1 (99 acres); 2, 3, 4, 5, 7, 25 (100 acres each).
16th " " 3, 4, 26 (100 each).
17th " " 1 (90 acres); 2, 22, 23, 24, 26, 29, (100 acres each); 25 (95 acres); 30 (102 acres).
18th " " 25 (72 acres); 26, 27, 28, 29, (77 acres each); 30 (80 acres).

The following supposed to be Marsh Lands, will be offered at an upset price of $1.00 per acre:

13th Con. Lots 20, 22, 24 (100 acres each); 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, (101 acres each).

The above Lands will be sold for Cash without conditions of settlement.

The following, supposed to be Swamp Lands, will be offered at an upset price of $2.00 per acre, payable one-fifth at the time of sale, and the balance in four equal annual instalments with interest, and subject to the usual conditions of settlement, to be declared at the time of sale:

11th Con. Lots 17, 18, 19, 20, (100 acres each).
12th " " 20, 21, 24, (100 acres each); 25 (102 acres).
13th " " 23 (100).
14th " " 33 (100).
16th " " 17 (100 acres).
18th " " 7, 8, (75 acres).

Parties found trespassing upon any of the above mentioned Lands will be prosecuted according to law, and any timber found cut will be confiscated. The Departmental notice of the 14th instant, in regard to the above lands, is hereby cancelled.

S. RICHARDS,
929td Commissioner of Crown Lands.

THE MONTREAL

TEA COMPANY.

The whole Dominion should buy their teas of the Importers,

THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY

☞ 6 *Hospital-st., Montreal.* ☜

Our Teas, after the most severe tests by the best medical authorities and judges of Tea, have been pronounced to be quite pure, and free from and artificial colouring or poisonous substances so often used to improve the appearance of Tea. They are unequalled for strength and flavour. They have been chosen for their intrinsic worth, keeping in mind health, economy, and a high degree of pleasure in drinking them. We sell for the smallest possible profits, effecting a saving to the consumer of 15c to 20c per lb. Our Teas are put up in 5, 12, 15, 20 and 25 lb boxes, and are warranted pure and free from poisonous substances. Orders for four 5 lb boxes, two 12 lb boxes, or one 20, or 25 lb box sent carriage free to any Railway Station in Canada. Tea will be forwarded immediately on receipt of the order by mail containing money, or the money can be collected on delivery by express man, where there are express offices. In sending orders below the amount of $10, to save expense it will be better to send money with the order. Where a 25 lb box would be too much, four families clubbing together could send for four 5 lb boxes, or two 12 lb boxes. We send them to one address carriage paid, and mark each box plainly, so that each party get their own Tea. We warrant all the Tea we sell to give entire satisfaction. If they are not satisfactory they can be returned at our expense.

BLACK TEA.

English Breakfast, Broken Leaf, Strong Tea, 45c, 50c; Fine Flavoured New Season do, 55c, 60c and 65c; Very Best Full Flavored do, 75c; Souchong Oolong, 45c; Rich Flavored do, 60c; Very Fine do, do. 75c; Japan, Good, 50c, 55c, Fine do, 60c, Very Fine, 65c, Finest, 75c.

GREEN TEA.

Twankay, 5oc, 55c, 65c; Young Hyson, 50c, 60c, 65c, 70c; Fine do, 75. Very Fine, 85c; Superfine and Very Choice, $1; Fine Gunpowder, 85c; Extra Superfine do, $1.

Teas not mentioned in this circular equally cheap. Tea only sold by this Company.

☞ An excellent Mixed Tea could be sent for 60c and 70c; very good for common purposes, 50c.

Out of over one thousand testimonials, we insert the following:—

A YEAR'S TRIAL.

The Montreal Tea Company:

MONTREAL, 1868.

GENTS.—It is nearly a year since I purchased the first chest of Tea from your house. I have purchased many since, and I am pleased to inform you the Tea has in every case proved most satisfactory, as well as being exceedingly cheap.

Yours, very truly,
F. DENNIE.

Montreal Tea Co.

GENTLEMEN,—The Tea I purchased of you in March has given great satisfaction, and the flavor of it is very fine. It is very strange, but since I have been drinking your Tea I have been quite free from heart-burn, which would always pain me after breakfast. I attribute this to the purity of your Tea, and shall continue a customer.

Yours respectfully,
FRANCIS T. GREENE,
54 St. John-street,
Montreal.

MONTREAL, April, 1868.—To the Montreal Tea Company, 6 Hospital-street, Montreal: We notice with pleasure the large amount of Tea that we have forwarded for you to different parts of the Dominion, and we are glad to find your business so rapidly increasing. We presume your Teas are giving general satisfaction, as out of the large amount forwarded, we have only had occasion to return one box which, we understand, was sent out through a mistake.

G. CHENEY,
Manager Canadian Express Company.

WILLIAMS, 1868.—To the Montreal Tea Company: Gentlemen, I am in receipt of the five boxes of Tea sent me, and can assure you it gives me great satisfaction. To my taste, it is preferable than the Tea I used to purchase in this neighborhood for a third more of the price. I presume to be a judge, as I have been in the habit of drinking Tea over 30 years. Yours faithfully,

DONALD CAMERON.

☞ Beware of pedlars and runners using our name, or offering our Teas in small packages. Nothing less than a cattie sold.

Note the Address—The Montreal Tea Company, 6 Hospital-st., Montreal.

Agent for Ottawa,
JOSEPH MOONEY,
Russell House Block.

VULCAN IRON WORKS,

WELLINGTON-STREET,

OTTAWA.

ALEXANDER FLECK, Proprietor and Manager of the VULCAN IRON WORKS, MONTREAL, begs to inform the public of Ottawa and the surrounding Counties that he has purchased the extensive works hitherto owned and worked by T. M. Blaisdell, Esquire, as Founder, Machinist, and Worker in all kinds of Iron Work.

Having made full arrangements to meet the wants of the Trade, he respectfully draws the attention of those about to erect Saw and other Mills, Mill Owners generally, Steamboat Owners, and others, to the facilities offered for the manufacture of such articles as they may require. He will be prepared to receive and execute promptly all orders in his line of business in the best manner and at reasonable prices.

ALEXANDER FLECK.
Ottawa, December 11, 1868. 922d

CONCENTRATED LYE.

CAUTION TO THE PUBLIC.

The remarkable success which has attended the introduction of the celebrated Concentrated Lye into Canadian market, by the subscriber, has excited the cupidity of an unprincipled firm in town (which has already been convicted of borrowing other people's brains) by a spurious imitation called Saponifier. To avoid disappointment, purchasers should be careful to ask for Harte's Concentrated Lye, which is sold by all respectable Druggists and Grocers in town and country. 783y

DOMINION Telegraph Company!

Capital Stock,.......................$500,000,

IN 10,000 SHARES AT $50 EACH.

President, HON. WM. CAYLEY.
Treasurer, HON. J. McMURRICH.
Secretary. H. B. REEVE.
Counsel. MESSRS. CAMERON & McMICHAEL.
General Superintendent. MARTIN RYAN.

DIRECTORS.

HON. J. McMURRICH—Bryce, McMurrich & Co., Toronto.
A. R. McMASTER, Esq.,—A. R. McMaster & Brother, Toronto.
HON. M. C. CAMERON,—Provincial Secretary, Toronto.
JAMES MICHIE, Esq.,—Fulton, Michie & Co., and Geo. Michie & Co., Toronto.
HON. WM. CAYLEY,—Toronto.
A. M. SMITH, Esq.,—A. M. Smith & Co., Toronto.
L. MOFFATT, Esq.,—Moffatt, Murray & Co., Toronto.
H. B. REEVE, Esq.,—Toronto.
MARTIN RYAN, Esq.,—Toronto.

PROSPECTUS.

THE DOMINION TELEGRAPH COMPANY has been organized under the Act respecting Telegraph Companies, chapter 67 of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada. Its object is to cover the Dominion of Canada with a complete net-work of Telegraph lines.

THE CAPITAL STOCK

Is $500,000, divided into 10,000 shares of $50 each, 5 per cent to be paid at the time of subscribing, the balance to be paid by instalments, not exceeding 10 per cent per month—said instalments to be called in as the works progress.

THE BUSINESS AFFAIRS OF THE COMPANY

are under the management of a Board of Directors annually elected by the shareholders in conformity with the Charter and By-laws of the Company.

The Directors are of opinion that it would be to the interest of the Stockholders generally to obtain subscriptions from all quarters of Canada, and with this view they propose to divide the Stock amongst the different towns and cities throughout the Dominion in allotments suited to the population and business occupations of the different localities and the interest which they may be supposed to take in such an enterprize.

CONTRACTS OF CONNECTIONS.

A contract, granting permanent connection and extraordinary advantages, has already been executed, between this Company and the Atlantic and Pacific Company of New York; thus, at the very commencement, as the Lines of this Company are constructed from the Suspension Bridge, at Clifton (the point of connection) to any point in the Dominion, all the chief cities and places in the States, touched by the Lines of the Atlantic and Pacific Telegraph Company, are brought in immediate connection therewith.

A permanent connection has also been secured with the Great Western Telegraph Company of Chicago, whereby this Company will be brought into close connection with all the Lake Ports and other places through the North Western States, and through to California.

All classes of Society are interested in extending the use of the Telegraph, at LOW RATES, and the Directors are satisfied, that the adoption of a scale of charges considerably below the rates now exacted in Canada, will by encouraging a much more extended use of this medium of communication, not only prove a real and substantial benefit to the public generally, but will also ensure a safe and profitable return to the Investor.

On the 25th day of June, A.D., 1868, the DOMINION TELEGRAPH COMPANY was duly CHARTERED according to law.

The admitted importance and value of Telegraphy, would, in the opinion of the Directors, have rendered any introduction of the Dominion Telegraph Company to the Canadian public unnecessary had it not been that previous attempts to establish Telegraph Companies in Canada, to share the business with the Montreal Company, had been allowed to fall through.

The success of a Telegraph Company will mainly depend on its ability to meet the demands of the public, and consequently it should possess, at least, equal facilities with any other Company, of access to all quarters with which its customers may desire to have communication.

This important requisite has not been, until now, within the reach of any Company entering the field as a competitor with the Montreal Company, in consequence of the close and exclusive connection formed between that Company and the Western Union Company, of the United States, the latter by virtue of certain patents, having until within these two years, monopolized nearly the whole of the telegraph business of the neighboring republic.

The business relations between these two Companies continue in full force, but the patents having run out, the monopoly so long enjoyed by the Western Union has ceased to exist.

The Atlantic and Pacific, the Great Western, and other American Companies have invaded the field, and have become successful competitors for the public patronage and support. These Companies, acting on the cheap postage principle, have forced the old monopolist to a reduction of rates, which has resulted in a more widely extended use of this means of communication, and much to the surprise of the Western Union itself, has increased its profits, whilst sharing its field of operations.

With these new Companies the Dominion Telegraph Company of Canada have entered into most satisfactory business relations, and confident of the soundness of the principle which led to the adoption of the penny-postage system in Great Britain, the voluntary reduction from $100 to $16.65 per ten word message by the Ocean Cable Company, and the successful operations of the Companies recently established in the United States, invite the business and mercantile community of Canada to join them in the promotion of an enterprise, based on the principle of moderate rates and extended business which, while injuring no one, they confidently expect will result in securing a large return to the investor, and prove a vast benefit to the community.

Allusion has been made to the voluntary reduction of rates by the Atlantic Cable Company. A Chicago paper, writing on the subject of the growing use of the Telegraph, gives the following return as obtained directly from Cyrus W. Field, showing very conclusively the benefit both to the public and the Company of the reduction of rates.

AVERAGE DAILY RECEIPTS.

From $100 per message of ten words	$2,525
do 50 do do	2,895
do 25 do do	3,965

An advertisement has recently appeared announcing to the public that the rates from 1st September, proximo, will be further reduced to $16.65 per ten words.

The following table shows the reduction which has been effected in rates in the neighboring States arising out of the construction of competing lines:—

From New York to	*Former Rate.*	*Present Rate.*
Boston	$ 60	$ 30
Bangor	1 20	65
Portland	90	50
Philadelphia	40	25
Baltimore	70	35
Washington	75	40
Augusta, Me.	1 20	60
Cincinnati	1 90	1 00
Buffalo	75	50
Cleveland	1 95	1 00
Pittsburgh	1 15	45
Louisville	1 96	1 00

This reduction took place in November, 1867. A comparison of the receipts of the Western Union since that period with the corresponding months of the previous year gives the following results:—

Gross Receipts for

December, 1866	$551,971 40;	December, 1867	$576,135 19;	Increase	$24,163 79
Jany., Feb., March,'67	1,594,644 96;	Jany., Feb., March,'68	1,727,939 55;	Increase	133,294 59
April, May, June, '67	1,559,778 79;	April, May, June, '68	1,749,631 52;	Increase	189,852 73

While these beneficial results were flowing to the Western Union Company from the reduction of rates, the new Companies had created a business more than sufficient to fill their wires. In proof of this the following extract is taken from the report of the Atlantic and Pacific Company, made July 28th, 1868:

"In April last we reached the maximum capacity of our wires, and have since been compelled to refuse business daily. The Committee, therefore, have reached the conclusion from the actual experience of building and working the present lines—that

"Telegraphic business is growing faster than Telegraphic facilities."

As further proof on this point, the low rates have so pressed the wires of both Companies with business through the day, that posters have been placed in all the main offices proclaiming that double the number of words would be telegraphed at night at the same price as half the number of words by day.

In support of the observation quoted above, that telegraphic business is growing faster than telegraphic facilities, the following statement exhibiting the wonderful increase in the use of the wire, within the last six years, cannot be without interest to our readers. The gross earnings of all telegraph lines in the United States for the following years were:—

1846	$4,228 77	1864	$3,792,245 40
1849	63,338 98	1865	4,420,268 88
1853	103,860 84	1866	5,624,501 20
1862	2,734,960 40	1867	7,641,552 47
1863	3,269,442 66		

Showing an average increase of a million a year for the last five years.

A comparison of the number of messages, and persons using the wire in Canada and the States, furnishes a further proof of the advantage to the public and corresponding benefit to the Companies arising out of a reduction of rates.

The published returns for 1867, show that 600.757 messages were sent in Canada, while the messages in the United States for the same period exceeded 20,800,000, the former being less than one message to every six persons, the latter, two to every three. From these returns and results it may be reasonably inferred that a reduction of rates to a tariff at which the wires of both Companies can be filled, will secure a fair field and good prospects to the Dominion Company without in any way prejudicing the interests of the Company now monopolizing the ground.

The particulars submitted above are sufficient in the opinion of the Directors to establish the fact that low rates, by encouraging a more general use of the telegraph, are more profitable than high. It is not, however, solely in the light of a safe and good investment that the Directors desire that this enterprise should be viewed. They feel that their object will be but indifferently attained unless they can satisfy the public, the business and commercial men, that ALL who use the telegraph as a medium of rapid communication, are interested in the establishment of what may be called a competing line. As in the administration of public affairs, a strong, watchful opposition, is the best security for good and careful government: so in commercial matters, an honest rivalry in the various pursuits and branches of trade furnishes the best security that the public shall be well served.

To apply the argument to the purpose in hand, the following table showing the inconsistencies, and, in many instances, the excessive rates now charged on messages passing between the cities and towns of Ontario, Quebec and the United States, will, it is believed, convince the reader that an honest competition is needed, not only for the reduction and adjustment of rates, but also to ensure that attention and care which would of necessity be enforced on the Companies competing for public favor, and thus tend greatly to promote the general interests of the community.

EXAMPLE OF PRESENT TARIFF RATES, WITH DISTANCES.

			MILES.	CANADA MONEY.
From Toronto	to	Suspension Bridge	82	40c
Do	do	Montreal	333	30
Do	do	Mitchell, Seaforth, Bothwell, Ailsa Craig, Caledonia, Chatham, Dunville, Newbury, Port Burwell, Port Colborne and many other places		40
Do	do	Kingston	160	25
Do	do	Quebec	505	50

Example at present tariff rates to Buffalo, and from thence to the following places, in U. S. currency, which reduced to Canada money at 45 per cent premium, makes the actual cost, as in second column:—

Price Collected at Toronto.	ACTUAL COST, BOTH TARIFFS.			
To New York .... 80c.	From Toronto to Buffalo			30c
	Buffalo to New York.	50c	Reduced to Canada Money.	35c—$0 65
To Philadelphia $1 05	From Toronto to Buffalo			30c
	Buffalo to Philadelphia.	75c	Reduced to Canada Money.	52c—$0 82
To Washington $1 30	From Toronto to Buffalo			30c
	Buffalo to Washington.	90c	Reduced to Canada Money.	62c—$0 92
To Baltimore $1 30	From Toronto to Buffalo			30c
	Buffalo to Baltimore.	85c	Reduced to Canada Money.	59c—$0 89
To Chicago......... $1 35	From Toronto to Detroit			60c
	Detroit to Chicago.	75c	Reduced to Canada Money.	52c—$1 12
To New Orleans $3 05	From Toronto to Buffalo			30c
	Buffalo to New Orleans.	$2 75c	Reduced to Canada Money.	$1 90c—$2 20

NOTE.—The same illustration may be applied to all the places in the United States. Canadians are obliged to pay a profit on the published rates.

Subscription Books will be opened at the Office of the Company, 83 King-st. east, on and after September 1st 1868.

H. B. REEVE,
Secretary.
Toronto, September 29, 1868. 860tf

Medical Cards.

EDWARD C. MALLOCH, M.D., M.R.C.S. Duke-st., LeBreton's Flats, "opposite the well." Office hours from 8:30 to 10:30 a.m., and 3 to 5 p.m.

DR. O. C. WOOD, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Ottawa. Day office opposite Magee & Russell's, Sparks-street, Centre Town. Night office at his residence, Maria-street, Centre Town. CANCERS CURED, without the use of the knife, by a new, but certain, speedy, and almost painless process. References given to parties successfully treated, it required. 17w160y

DR. C. LEGGO, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Office—Hunton's Block, Sparks-street.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street, Central Ottawa. 34utf

DR. C. A. MARTIN, Dentist. Office—Sussex-street, over Messrs. Campbell & Co.'s, Grocers. 34utf

DR. GEORGE HUTCHISON, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street, opposite Magee & Russell's. 576y

DR. W. J. HENRY, Corner of Kent and Wellington-streets, Ottawa. 43utf

Hotels and Saloons.

"GOING DOWN TO MONTREAL?"

Put up at the "CITY HOTEL," one of the most comfortable houses in the city.

This Hotel has just been fitted up in a first-class style, and at an enormous expense; its accommodations are of the best kind, it contains 75 rooms, with good yard and stabling for 60 horses. The table is always supplied with all the delicacies of the season. The Bar is also supplied with the very best of Liquors. Besides all that, this Hotel is situated right in the centre of business, near the R.R. Depot, and within a few minutes walk from the Banks and Post Office.

Terms are exceedingly moderate. Try once and you will be satisfied.

☞ Remember the Place "City Hotel," 78, 80 and 82, St. Joseph-street, Montreal.

CHARLES LAURIN,
853tf Proprietor.

PICKWICK HOUSE,

Corner James and King-sts., Opposite the Court House and Public Offices, ST. CATHARINES, Ont.

E. HOUGHTON, Proprietor,
(Late of Houghton's Dining Saloon.)

☞ A spacious sample-room for commercial travellers. 859y

OTTAWA HOUSE.

Corner of Main and Prince of Wales-streets Pembroke, Ontario.

Stages in connection with the steamers *Jason Gould, Pembroke* and *Pontiac.*

Particular attention paid to the comfort of guests. Good rooms for commercial travellers. Horses and vehicles always on hand.

J. COPELAND,
Proprietor.
Pembroke, Aug. 1, 1868. 809y

TORONTO HOUSE, Sparks-st.

MRS. TROTTER begs to announce that she has at present several commodious and handsomely furnished suites of apartments, in every respect eligible for civil or military officers, or private gentlemen remaining in the city. 773tf

REVERE HOUSE, OTTAWA.

G. A. BUCKE, } ....PROPRIETORS.
W. H. SANGER, }

This first-class Hotel has been re-furnished and refitted throughout, and now combines all the requisites of a first-class establishment. 582tt

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,

M. KAVANAGH, *Proprietor,*

Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings.

The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands in Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.

☞ Oysters, Game etc., daily

THE METROPOLITAN,

AUMOND'S BLOCK,
Rideau Street Ottawa.
292tf P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.

DOMINION HOUSE,

WELLINGTON-STREET.

The undersigned, formerly head waiter at the Russell House, begs to notify his friends and the public generally that he has leased the above hotel, which is now well furnished, and will be kept as a first class house. The bar is well stocked with the choicest brands of liquors. The table will be furnished with the best the market affords. Good yard and stabling attached to the premises.

658y GEORGE IRVINE.

Miscellaneous.

I. B. TACKABERRY, Auction Rooms No. 36, Rideau-street, below Whyte's Stationery Store. The sale of Real Estate at Auction or private sale promptly attended to. Consignments received and immediate attention will be paid. Sales attended in any of the city or country. 699y

R. SPARKS, Provincial Land Surveyor, Draughtsman, &c., (commissioned for Upper and Lower Canada.) Office and residence, Gloucester, near Ottawa. Surveys of every description executed with accuracy. Communications addressed Ottawa City, (post-paid), or left at the office of N. Sparks, Solicitor, &c., Ottawa, will receive prompt attention. 55 y

H. BILLINGS, Jr., Architect, Elgin street opposite the Post Office.

REFERENCES.—H A Sims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany; Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq Managing Director O. & St. L. R.R. 740t

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale.

OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

O'CONNOR & WALLER, Exchange Brokers, Fire, Life and Accidental Insurance, Commission and Collecting Agents.

Office, No. 27, Sussex-street, Ottawa.
R. E. O'CONNOR. 378y W. H. WALLER.

OLIVER & ANNABLE, Wholesale Manufacturers of Bedsteads, Chairs, &c., Chaudiere Island, Ottawa, C. W.

JOHN OLIVER,
506y WILLIAM ANNABLE.

R. H. McGREEVY, Contractor and Builder. Office: North side York Street, second door from Sussex Street. 78y

PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS, &c.,

Prepared for buildings of every description, by
SIDNEY B. FRIPP, Architect,
711tf Wellington-st.

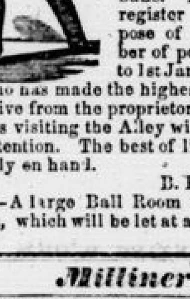
COAL! COAL!

NEWCASTLE GRATE,
(Screened.)
LACKAWANNA,
(Egg and Stove Sizes.)
LEHIGH,
(Lump and Egg Sizes.)
BLACKSMITH'S,
$6 per Chaldron.

For Sale by
D. W. COWARD & CO.,
Commission Merchants,
912-3m Office—17 Sparks-st.

Amusements.

DOMINION BOWLING ALLEY.



The subscriber begs to inform his friends that he opened on MONDAY, the 26th OCTOBER, his BOWLING ALLEY. This is one of the best in the Capital, and equal to any in America. It contains four alleys, and with first-class balls. There will be kept a register book for the purpose of marking the number of points made each day to 1st January next, and the party who has made the highest number of points will receive from the proprietor a rich prize.

Parties visiting the Alley will be received with polite attention. The best of liquors will be found constantly on hand.

B. B. LARIVIERE.

N.B.—A large Ball Room is attached to the premises, which will be let at a low figure.

B. B. L.

Millinery.

REMOVAL.—MRS. R. PARSONS has removed her Dressmaking Establishment to the rooms over J. G. WHYTE'S Book Store, Rideau-st.

☞ Entrance from Mosgrove-st.

N.B.—All orders promptly attended to. 939a

NOTICE.

MRS. SMITH having received her new styles of FALL HATS & BONNETS, will be happy to see her old friends and the public generally. Gent's Felt Hats cleaned, dyed and done over in the best style.

N.B.—The most fashionable Mantles and Coat made to order, Corner of Bank and Albert-sts.

October 10. 868tf

Legal Cards.

MACPHERSON, KENNEDY & CHRISTIE, Barristers, &c., Lang's Block, Elgin-st., Ottawa.

J. P. MACPHERSON, G. KENNEDY, A. J. CHRISTIE.

J. W. W. WARD, of the late firm of Lewis Pinhey & Ward, has removed his Chancery Office to Bell's Law Chambers, opposite Russell House, Elgin-st. dw

NICHOLAS SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

E. A. MARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 902y

MOSGROVE & TAILLON, Barristers, Solicitors, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.

WILLIAM MOSGROVE. 366tf GEORGE TAILLON.

N. TETREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post Office. 390tf

LAPIERRE & HAYCOCK, Attornies-at-Law, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers and Notaries Public, Corner of Sussex and York-streets, Ottawa. 368y

D. O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex-street. Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 55y

R. H. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Post Office Building, Elgin-street, Ottawa. 43utf

P. J. BUCKLEY, L.L.B., Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, and Notary Public. Office—over Mr. Luke Cuzner's Boot and Shoe Store, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 334y

LEES & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. Office—In the Court House, Ottawa.

ROBERT LEES. 43utf JOHN J. GEMMILL.

EDWARD T. DARTNELL, Barrister, Solicitor, Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the Court House, L'Orignal. 34-6m

Educational.

MUSICAL ACADEMY.

Mr. GUSTAVE SMITH, (Organist of the Cathedral) a Graduate of the Imperial Conservatory of Paris. Lessons on Piano and Singing. Rideau-street, corner of King-street

Ottawa, June 23, 1868. 775y

PIANO-FORTE TUITION.

W. C. CLARK, Professor of Music and Teacher of Piano, Voice and Harmony. Also, Mrs. Clark, Teacher of Drawing and Painting. Music Rooms and Residence, O'Connor-street, corner of Slater-street, Centre Town.

Orders may be left at his residence or at Orme & Son's Music Store. 452

TUITION.

MONS. H. BERTHELOT, of the Ottawa Grammar School, is now prepared to give private lessons in the French language. Terms moderate.

N. B.—Will also give lessons in the Latin, Greek or English languages if required.

Orders may be left at Messrs. Durie & Son's bookstore.

Ottawa, October 16, 1868. 873tf

THE SISTERS

OF THE

CONGREGATION DE NOTRE DAME,

FROM MONTREAL,

respectfully inform the public that they will open a branch of their

Educational Establishment in Ottawa.

Their classes will begin on the 15th OCTOBER. For particulars and terms apply to the

LADY SUPERIORESS,
868tf Corner of O'Connor and Maria-sts.

Druggists.

HOLIDAY PRESENTS

AT

THE MEDICAL HALL,

28 Sparks-st., Ottawa.

Toilet Boxes in variety,
Rimmel's New Perfumes,
Cambridge Bouquet,
Oxford Bouquet,
English Lavender Water,
Silver Top Smelling Bottles,
Scotch Plaid Smelling Bottles,
Improved Perfumed Distributors,
&c., &c., &c.

A complete stock just received of Toilet Articles, Patent Medicines,

Genuine Drugs and Chemicals,
Druggists' Sundries of all descriptions.
W. M. MASSEY,
Family and Dispensing Chemist.

Dye Works.

BRANCH OF

ST. LAWRENCE DYE WORKS,

Elgin-st., (*Opposite the Russell House,*) Ottawa, Ont.

MACDONALD & CO.,

SILK AND WOOLLEN DYERS,

Scourers, Hot Pressers, &c.

☞ Gentlemen's Clothes cleaned and dyed. Kid Gloves cleaned. 894-3m

OTTAWA CITY

STEAM DYE WORKS,

Sussex-st.,

SIGN OF THE GOLDEN SHEEP,

Opposite Martineau's Store,

Has not removed to Centre Town, but can be found at the above address.

Great reduction in prices for cleaning or dyeing. All kinds of Wool, Cotton, Silk, &c., done at reduced rates.

No use of sending goods to Montreal.

☞ Encourage home manufactures.

LETHAM & BRUNAIS,
876tf Sussex-st.

TO FARMERS & OTHERS.

TRADE A. O. A. & Co. MARK.

Farmers and others should buy their TEA and COFFEE from

A. O. AUDY & CO.,

who are daily receiving by direct importations Tea and Coffee of the finest quality. Their business is conducted on the English principle, and the above named articles can be procured in 5 and 10 pound catties and upwards. The purchaser receives the benefit of a neat package, a good article, and at wholesale prices. Perfect satisfaction is ensured, and any goods not proving according to sample can be returned at our expense. We will pay the carriage on 4 five or 2 ten lb catties to the nearest railway station. For the accommodation of farmers and others not having heard of the advantage offered them, we have engaged trustworthy agents who will make occasional trips throughout the surrounding country and solicit their orders. Any favors submitted to them will receive prompt attention. We do not sell less than a cattie, and nothing but Tea and Coffee sold. The following is the list of prices:

BLACK TEA.

Common Congou, Strong Tea	$0 45 @ 50
Fine Flavoured New Season do	0 55 @ 60
Excellent Full Flavoured do	0 75 @ 80
Sound Oolong	0 40 @ 45
Rich Flavoured, do	0 55 @ 60
Very Fine, do do	0 75 @ 80
Japan Good	0 50 @ 60
Very Good	0 65 @ 70
Finest	0 75 @ 80

GREEN TEA.

Twankay, Common	0 35 @ 40
Fine do	0 55 @ 60
Young Hyson	0 50 @ 60
Fine do	0 75 @ 85
Superfine and Very Choice	1 00 @ 00

COFFEE.

Mocha	$0 22, 0 27, 0 29, 0 33
Java	0 20, 0 25, 0 29, 0 32
Ceylon	0 18, 0 22, 0 26, 0 29

Remember the place,

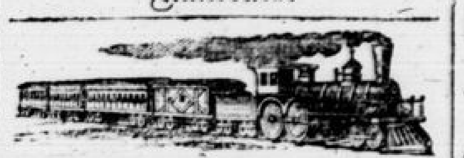
A. O. AUDY & CO.,
Elgin-st., opposite the Russell House.

BOARD.

Five or six gentlemen boarders can get rooms, with or without board, in the vicinity of Sandy Hill, within ten minutes walk of the Parliament Buildings, by applying at the Office of this paper.

Ottawa, October 10, 1868. 868tf

Railroads.



GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY COMPANY OF CANADA.

1868.] WINTER ARRANGEMENTS. [1869.

Trains now leave BONAVENTURE STATION as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburg, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at .... 9:10 a m
Night do do do do 8:30 p m
Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at .... 7:00 a m
Trains for Lachine at .... 8:00 a m, 9:30 a m, 3:00 p m, 5:00 p m.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations at .... 7:00 a m
Express for Boston at .... 8:40 a m
Express for New York and Boston at .... 3:30 p m via Vermont Central.
Express for New York via Plattsburgh, Lake Champlain, Burlington & Rutland at 3:00 p m
Express for Island Pond, at .... 2:00 p m
Night Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham and Portland, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St. Hilaire, St. Hyacinthe, Acton, Richmond, Sherbrooke, Waterville and Coaticook only, at .... 10:10 p m

☞ Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains. Baggage checked through.

The steamer *Carlotta* leaves Portland every SATURDAY AFTERNOON (after the arrival of train from Montreal on Friday night), for Halifax, N.S., returning on Tuesday.

She has excellent accommodation for passengers and freight.

The International Company's Steamers, running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway, leave Portland every MONDAY, at 5 p m, for St. John, N.B.

Tickets issued through at the Company's principal stations.

For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure Station:

C. J. BRYDGES, Managing Director.
Montreal, Dec. 7, 1868.

CHANGE OF TIME

ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY,

(formerly the Ottawa & Prescott Railway.)

ON and AFTER MONDAY, the 30TH of NOV., 1868, and until further notice, TRAINS will run as follows:

LEAVE OTTAWA.	ARRIVE IN PRESCOTT.
Express, 8 a. m.	10.30 a. m.
Mixed, 1.00 p. m.	4.15 p. m.
LEAVE PRESCOTT.	ARRIVE IN OTTAWA.
Mixed, 7. 30 a. m.	11.00 a. m.
Express, 2.10 p. m.	4.45 p. m.

The time of these Trains has been so arranged as to ensure connection with night and day trains on Grand Trunk, east and west.

Baggage to and from Ottawa checked through from and to stations on Grand Trunk Railway.

Return tickets to Prescott, Kemptville and Ottawa at reduced rates can be had at the principal stations on the line.

T. S. DETLOR, Superintendent.
THOMAS REYNOLDS, Managing Director.

N. B.—The above Trains all run by Montreal Time.

Ottawa, Nov. 27, 1868. 1y

BROCKVILLE & OTTAWA RAILWAY.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT,
Commencing on the 20th April, 1868.

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

7:15 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Brockville daily at 7.15 a.m., and 3:15 p.m., arriving at Sandpoint at 12:40 p. m. and 9 p.m.

LEAVE SANDPOINT.

5:15 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Sandpoint at 5:15 a.m. and 1:30 p.m., arriving at Brockville at 11:30 a.m. and 7:45 p.m.

All trains on main line connect at Smith's Falls with Trains to and from Perth.

The 7:15 a.m. train from Brockville connects with U. F. Coy's Steamers for Ottawa, Portage-du-Fort, Pembroke, &c., &c., and the 1:15 p.m. train from Sandpoint leaves after those steamers are due from east and west.

H ABBOTT,
Managing Director.
Brockville, April 11. 472y

Sewing Machines.

HOLIDAY PRESENTS.

WHEELER & WILSON'S Silent Feed Sewing Machines are perfectly noiseless. The most valuable present to any Lady or Family is a WHEELER & WILSON'S SEWING MACHINE. A liberal reduction for cash on all machines for holiday presents. Twenty-five per cent reduction on Embroidery attachments applicable to the former style of Wheeler & Wilson Sewing Machine. Button Hole Attachments, new style; Tuckers, Trimmers, Corders, &c.

THE HOWE SEWING MACHINES are best for Carriage Trimmers, Shoemakers and Tailors.

Call and see for yourselves; no trouble to show you how they sew.

Remember 37, Sparks-st., Ottawa; and 105 King-st., West Toronto.

G. A. WALTON, *Agent for Ontario,*
R. W. STEPHEN,
930tf *Manager for Ottawa Office.*

ENLARGED PORTRAITURE

OF

EVERY DESCRIPTION

BOTH

COLOURED AND PLAIN,
COLOURED AND PLAIN,
COLOURED AND PLAIN,

AT

W. NOTMAN'S, METCALFE-STREET.

To TOURISTS.—The largest collection in the Dominion of Photographs of Canadian Scenery

Ottawa, Sept. 7, 1868. 582y

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer has now been before the public for a length of time, and whenever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Dealers are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying to the universal satisfaction it gives.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it. Physicians order and use it; and no family will without it after once trying it.

Price twenty-five cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, C. W.,
General Agents for C. W.

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, H. F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J. Brown, in Ottawa.

GEO. MAYES,

COPPER PLATE PRINTER,

Bank Street, Centre Town,

Between Sparks & Queen Streets.

Bills of Exchange, Bill Heads, Visiting Cards, &c., Printed on the shortest notice.

Agencies.

PROVINCIAL INSURANCE.

MALCOLM CAMERON,

AGENT, ... DESBARAT'S BLOCK
Office of Queen's Printer.

An entirely Canadian institution—perfect security to insurers, and immediate payment of claims.

Ottawa, Dec. 8, 1868. 918tf

UNION MUTUAL

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,
OF MAINE.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, 12th October, 1868.

No. 104.

The following Insurance Company has received a license to transact the business of Life Insurance in Canada:

No. 33. The UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, of Maine.

Deposit in U. S. 6s of '81—$50,000.

B. R. CORWIN, General Agent, St. John, N.B.
For the Minister of Finance
JOHN LANGTON,
Auditor.

I have this day, deposited with the Receiver-General, Twenty Thousand Dollars in addition to the above Fifty Thousand, making Seventy Thousand Dollars ($70,000) U. S. Gold Bonds, 6s of '81.

The Hon. Col. John H. Gray, M.P., has been appointed Counsel to the Company for the Dominion. All legal matters will be referred to him.

B. R. CORWIN,
Manager.
Ottawa, November 7, 1868. 924tf

ROYAL CANADIAN BANK.

OTTAWA AGENCY,

OFFICE—DESBARATS' BUILDING,

77 Sparks-st.

M.P. HAYES, Agent.

WATCHES.

J. SEWILL, LIVERPOOL,

Manufacturer by special appointment to HER MAJESTY THE QUEEN, ROYAL FAMILY, AND COURT OF SPAIN, THE RIGHT HONORABLE THE LORDS COMMISSIONERS OF THE ADMIRALTY, AND HER MAJESTY QUEEN VICTORIA'S ROYAL NAVY:

Prize Medalist of the Great International Exhibition of London, 1862, and of the Universal Exhibition of Paris, 1867.

WE HEREBY APPOINT

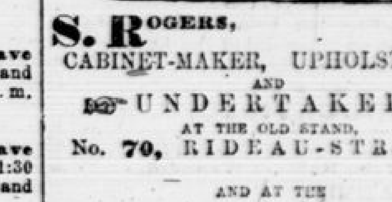
MR. JOHN LESLIE,
Sparks-street,
Agent for Ottawa and Vicinity,

For the sale of these *celebrated Timekeepers.*

H. & A. SAUNDERS,
Montreal.

Sole Wholesale Agents in the Dominion for sale of *J. Sewill's* Watches.

Ottawa May 20. 74y



S. ROGERS,

CABINET-MAKER, UPHOLSTERER,

AND

☞ UNDERTAKER, ☜

AT THE OLD STAND,

No. 70, RIDEAU-STREET

AND AT THE

WEST END WELLINGTON-STREET,

Where the usual assortment of Cabinet and Upholstering Goods can be obtained at moderate prices.

UNDERTAKING.

The Undertaking branch is under S. R.'s immediate superintendence, who attends all Funerals without Extra Charge, and has constantly on hand a large assortment of Ready-made Coffins, of all sizes and qualities:

METALLIC, BLACK CLOTH, COBOURG, &c

Parties ordering Mahogany, Walnut, Oak, or other Hardwood Coffins, may rely on getting a genuine article, (no stained Butternut sold for Walnut.)

Persons desirous of keeping their deceased relatives for a few days, or even a week, can do so without the least possible inconvenience by applying to S. Rogers, who has had over 20 years' experience in the above branches, and feels confident of giving satisfaction.

N.B.—The Undertaking Branch will be found second to none in Ottawa.

Express Waggons always ready for the removal of Furniture.

RESIDENCE—At the West End Establishment, Wellington-st.

Ottawa, September 4, 1868. 838y

Hardware.

HARDWARE:

AT

THOS. ISAAC'S, CENTRE TOWN,

PLOUGHS, CULTIVATORS,

IRON, COAL,

SHELF & HEAVY HARDWARE,

NAILS, ROPE, CHAINS,

and a general assortment of House-furnishings, Cornices, &c., at the lowest cash prices to be found in the Ottawa market.

ALSO,

STOVES, all patterns and sizes, for coal and wood from the Prescott, Kingston, Toronto, Hamilton and Montreal Foundries, with drums, pipes, furniture, &c., the cheapest to be had in town.

PARODEE'S EPILEPTIC CURE,

For the relief and cure of Epilepsy, St. Vitus' Dance, Puerperal Hysteria, &c., &c. This preparation is from the recipe of a celebrated French Physician, and the very great success which has attended its use in every case, and where the highest medical skill was of no avail, has induced the subscriber to give it every possible publicity. The genuine has the subscriber's name and address on each bottle. Price one dollar. Sole Proprietor, J. A. HARTE, Chemist, 396, Notre Dame-street, Montreal.

Harte's Florida Water, equal to anything imported. Price 37½ cents per bottle. 783y

RANDALL & MONTGOMERY,

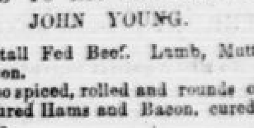
PLAIN, ORNAMENTAL AND DECORATIVE PAINTERS,

AND PAPER HANGERS,

Chaudiere and Hull. (Shop next to R. R. Booth's Store, Chaudiere.) House, Sign, Villa and general painting executed on the most reasonable terms. Ceilings and walls distempered in colors to suit. Fresco work of all kinds to order.

References permitted to the following gentlemen: A. H. Baldwin & Co., J. R. Booth, Esq., R.R. Booth, Esq., Rev. Mr. Johnson, Hull; Rev Mr. Pickett, Ottawa; Mr. Haycock, Architect.

August 26. 829-6m



SATCHELL BROS.,

By appointment

BUTCHERS TO HIS EXCELLENCY SIR JOHN YOUNG.

Superior Stall Fed Beef, Lamb, Mutton and Veal in season.

N.B.—Also spiced, rolled and rounds of Beef, and sugar-cured Hams and Bacon, cured in the English style.

930-3m No. 7, Lower Town Market, Ottawa.

NOTICE.

Application will be made at the next Session of the Legislature of Ontario for an act to incorporate the CALEDONIA PEAT MANUFACTURING & SMELTING COMPANY, with powers to construct a Canal or Railway from some point in the Township of Caledonia to the navigable waters of the Ottawa or South Nation Rivers, and to authorize the Municipality of Caledonia to grant to the said Company so much of the road allowances between the first and fifth concessions as may be required for the manufacture of Peat fuel. 883tf

THE TIMES is printed and published by THE OTTAWA TIMES PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY, at the Office, 38, Sparks-st. Centre Town, Ottawa. JAMES COTTON Managing Director. ALEX. ROBERTSON Editor.

VOL.

DIRECT I

OPORTO, SP

AND

Consisting of

PORT, SHERR

AND SCOTCH

PICKLES, SAUC

&c.,

FROM CROSS

A FULL assortm BEST in market.

TABLE and Cooki &c.

FLAVOURING E Genuine.

PRESERVED a to suit the holiday

ALMERIA GRA PORTUGUESE

50 TINS NEW

200 STILTON size, from factory.

SHERRY WINE— to $3.00.

PORT WINE—Go $4.50.

ALL KINDS of GE according to age

100 BOXES D boxes at 75

LABRADOR HE barrels and half b

10 CASES SCOT

TEAS—Black, Gree Good, and selected

SUGARS and SYRU

COFFEES—Alway Try them.

TOBACCOS—The make in cut, tin f

A GENERAL as kinds of GROCE hand, Wholesale and POSSIBLE PRICES trial of the articles will

For sale at

THOS.

Ottawa November 27,

JUST RECEIVE

AT

INDIA W

No. 16,

And for sale cheap, by

D. T. BRO

Wholesale

Grocers, Wine and

FRESH OYSTERS,

PRESERVED OYST

FRESH HALIBUT

FRESH SALMON

FRESH MACKEREL

FRESH LOBSTERS

GREEN PEAS

LEMON, GINGER,

Banana, Peach, Bl Strawberry Syrups.

RASPBERRY VINE

FRY'S Chocolate and

MOTT'S Cocoa Paste

MORTON'S Bloater

TOMATO and other

ANCHOVY Paste,

STRASBURGH Meat

POTTED Beef and T

PRESERVES and Je

ORANGE Marmalade

MORRISON, TAYL

Celebrated Sugar C Roll Bacon.

PICKLED Salmon,

PICKLED Mackerel

PICKLED HERRIN

In Half Barrels, Ba

DRY Codfish,

DRY Haddock,

FINNAN Haddies, &

And a full stock of

Ottawa, Nov. 3, 1868.

BOTTLED ALE,

BOTTL

The subscriber woul Families and others to

FINE BOT

Which is in splendid co

SCOTCH, IR

And other

PORTS, SHERRIES,

To other with a

FIRST-CLA

A call dly solic

Opp

Ottawa, Jan. 20, 1868.

SWINDLE

Having been perpet dealers, unknowingly, self-feeding coal stove and finding it detrime celebrated

REF

we take this opportuni have been so swindle plate buying a coal st that the Reflector is a beauty, cheapness an up ready for work, a for one month, and if t away again, free of c that the public must a mined they shall. T unless you are perfe trouble to us. Any o ring the Bankrupt Sa

The Times

VOL. IV. NO. 944. OTTAWA, SATURDAY, JANUARY 9, 1869. PRICE—3 CENTS.

Groceries.

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS

—FROM—

OPORTO, SPAIN, COGNAC

AND LONDON,

Consisting of

PORT, SHERRY, BRANDY, GIN AND SCOTCH WHISKEY, &c.

PICKLES, SAUCES, JAMS & JELLIES &c., &c., &c.,

FROM CROSSE & BLACKWELL.

—LIKEWISE,—

A FULL assortment of FRESH FRUIT, the BEST in market.

TABLE and Cooking RAISINS, CURRANTS, &c.

FLAVOURING EXTRACTS and SPICES—Genuine.

PRESERVED and CAN FRUITS, assorted to suit the holiday season.

ALMERIA GRAPES, FRESH FIGS and PORTUGUESE ONIONS.

50 TINS NEW HONEY, in 5 lb. and 8 lb. tins.

200 STILTON CHEESE, 6 lbs. to 8 lbs. size, from Reesor Brothers' celebrated factory.

SHERRY WINE—Good Table Wine—$1.25 to $3.00.

PORT WINE—Good Table Wine $1.50 to $4.50.

ALL KINDS of GENUINE LIQUORS. Price according to age and quality.

100 BOXES DIGBY HERRINGS—large boxes at 75 cts. each.

LABRADOR HERRINGS, the very best, in barrels and half barrels.

10 CASES SCOTCH LING—Good.

TEAS—Black, Green and Japans—Warranted Good, and selected for family use.

SUGARS and SYRUPS of all grades.

COFFEES—Always Fresh—Best Brands—Try them.

TOBACCOS—The Finest Qualities—Virginia make in cut, tin foil and plug.

A GENERAL assortment of the different kinds of *GROCERIES AND LIQUORS* on hand. Wholesale and Retail, at the *LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICES* for Warranted Goods. A trial of the articles will recommend them.

For sale at

THOS. PATTERSON'S,
No. 26, Rideau-street.

Ottawa, November 27, 1868. 878

JUST RECEIVED,

AT THE

INDIA WAREHOUSE,

No. 16, Rideau-st.,

And for sale cheap, by

D. T. BROWNE & CO.,

Wholesale and Retail

Grocers, Wine and Spirit Merchants,

FRESH OYSTERS, in Tins,
PRESERVED OYSTERS do
FRESH HALIBUT do
FRESH SALMON do
FRESH MACKEREL do
FRESH LOBSTERS do
GREEN PEAS do
LEMON, GINGER, ORANGE, Banana, Peach, Blackberry, Raspberry and Strawberry Syrups.
RASPBERRY VINEGAR,
FRY'S Chocolate and Cocoa,
MOTT'S Cocoa Paste,
MORTON'S Bloater Paste,
TOMATO and other Catsups
ANCHOVY Paste,
STRASBURGH Meats,
POTTED Beef and Tongues,
PRESERVES and Jellies, a great variety,
ORANGE Marmalade,
MORRISON, TAYLOR & Co.'s Celebrated Sugar Cured Hams and Breakfast Roll Bacon.
PICKLED Salmon,
PICKLED Mackerel,
PICKLED HERRINGS,
In Half Barrels, Barrels and Tierces,
DRY Codfish,
DRY Haddock,
FINNAN Haddies, &c., &c.,

And a full stock of Choice Family Groceries.

Ottawa, Nov. 3, 1868.

BOTTLED ALE,

BOTTLED ALE,

BOTTLED ALE.

The subscriber would called the attention of Families and others to his

FINE BOTTLED ALE

Which is in splendid condition. Also,

SCOTCH, IRISH, OLD RYE,

And other Malt Whiskies,

PORTS, SHERRIES, BRANDIES, GIN, &c.,

Together with a General Assortment of

FIRST-CLASS GROCERIES.

A call ... dly solicited.

D. WHELAN,
44, Rideau-street,
Opposite Allan's Crockery Store

Ottawa, Jan. 20, 1868.

A SWINDLE

Having been perpetrated on the public by stove dealers, unknowingly, we hope, selling spurious self-feeding coal stoves that are almost useless; and finding it detrimental to the sale of the justly celebrated

REFLECTOR,

we take this opportunity of saying to those who have been so swindled, and to those who contemplate buying a coal stove, that in order to PROVE that the Reflector is ahead of all other stoves for beauty, cheapness and economy, we will put them up ready for work, and allow them to be tested for one month, and if they do not suit take them away again, free of charge. Now this is an offer that the public must appreciate, and we are determined they shall. Try one, it will cost nothing unless you are perfectly satisfied, and be of no trouble to us. Any other kind of stove cheap during the Bankrupt Sale.

ESMONDE BROS.,
48 Sparks-st.,
Opposite Ontario Bank.

Dry Goods.

Shewing This Day.

GRANT & HENDERSON,

No. 20, Rideau-st,

Are offering an extensive Stock of

DRESS GOODS.

WINCIES,

SHAWLS and

BLANKETS,

AT THE LOWEST CASH PRICES.

N. B.—An extensive assortment of general DRY GOODS always in stock.

LATEST STYLES AND FASHIONS.

INSPECTION INVITED.

No. 20, Rideau-st.

CLOTHING,

CHEAP AND FASHIONABLE,

READY-MADE AND TO ORDER.

O'MEARA & CO.,

ESTABLISHED IN 1844,

Offer for sale an extensive importation of FALL AND WINTER GOODS, comprising Ready-made Clothing, Canadian Tweeds, Etoffes, Satinetts; also a large stock of Blankets, Flannels, Kerseys, Gray Cottons, Prints, Winceys, Plaids, &c., &c.; Broadcloths, Beavers, Witneys, Petershams, Devons, &c.; Bedford Cords, Silk Mixtures, West of England Tweeds, Doeskins, &c., wholesale and retail, which will be made up to order on the shortest notice in the latest styles of fashion and at prices that

DEFY COMPETITION.

A general assortment of Dry Goods, the largest stock ever offered for sale in this city.

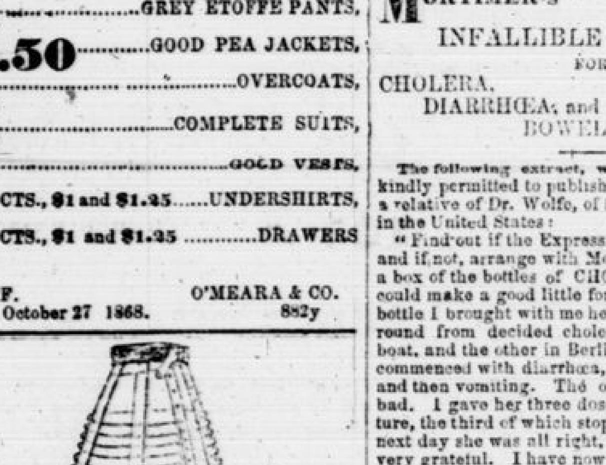
$1.25 BLANKETS $6.00. $3.00

TAILORING DEPARTMENT.

Particular attention given to the Tailoring Department, which is under the supervision of a first-class cutter.

$2 ......GREY ETOFFE PANTS,
$4.50 ......GOOD PEA JACKETS,
$4 ......OVERCOATS,
$9 ......COMPLETE SUITS,
$1 ......GOLD VESTS,
75 CTS., $1 and $1.25......UNDERSHIRTS,
75 CTS., $1 and $1.25 ......DRAWERS

A. DUFF. O'MEARA & CO.
Ottawa, October 27 1868. 882y



GIVING UP BUSINESS.

LAST MONTH.

Ladies wishing to have SKIRTS made any particular shape or size to fit them will please leave their orders at once, as the skirt makers will be paid off by Christmas.

A large lot of HOOP SKIRTS still on hand which will be sold without any regard to cost during this month.

140 dozen CORSETS yet on hand, every size and shape; will be sold at very low prices.

A large lot of KNITTED GOODS still remaining. Breakfast Shawls, Sontags, Clouds, Hoods, &c.

HOSIERY and GLOVES very cheap.

Four dozen Ladies' SATCHELS at half price.

A few of those Black Quilted Skirts yet on hand at reduced prices.

Hair Nets, Corse Clasps, &c.

Also, three of Raymond's Improved Family Sewing Machines at $10, former price, $12.

CITY HOOP SKIRT FACTORY,
43 Sparks-st., Centre Town.

N.B.—Any party wishing to commence the Skirt Manufacturing Business can purchase all the requisite machinery and materials at much below cost by calling on MR. MILLAR at the factory.

Confectionery.

ENGLISH BUNN HOUSE,

Sussex-st.

G. BARTLETT

Begs most respectfully to remind his patrons that he has provided for the CHRISTMAS HOLIDAYS an increased assortment of Paris and home manufactured presents; also the undermentioned goods all manufactured on the premises.

Rich Fruit Cakes, plain and ornamented.
Plain, Citron, Raisin, Seed, Princess, Sponge and Lady Cake, Gold and Silver.
Candies of every description.
Italian Creams and Pyramids.
Jellies and Blanc Mange and Wine Jellies.
Charlotte Russe.
Jellied Turkeys, Chickens, &c.
Chocolate, Walnut and Fig Creams.
Salads of every description.
Crystalized Dates and Figs
Wedding Cakes, ornamented to any design on the shortest notice.
Supper Parties, Balls or Assemblies supplied on reasonable terms.
Private Parties furnished on the shortest notice.
Oyster Patties, Mince Pies and Mince Meat.
A large assortment of Pure Sugar Hollow Toys.

IMPORTED GOODS DIRECT FROM LONDON AND PARIS.

Choicest Selected Bonbons, Gelatine, Silver and Gold Paper, Scented, Snapping and Plum.

A splendid assortment of Cornucopias, Boxes and Toys.

The proprietor need only say that all the above articles can be obtained at his establishment, and from the reputation it has gained for itself is a sufficient guarantee for the quality of the articles.

City and country stores supplied on reasonable terms.

G. BARTLETT, 37 Sussex-st.

N.B.—Muffin and Crumpets fresh every day during the season. 920d

---

HORSE INFIRMARY,

AND

VETERINARY ESTABLISHMENT
YORK-STREET, OTTAWA,
Next to Salmon's Hotel.

A. J. F. COLEMAN, V. S

(Member of the College of Veterinary Surgeons Toronto; by appointment, V.S., to the Co. of Carleton Agricultural Society.)

Orders or communications promptly attended to and medicines sent to any part of the Dominion. Charges moderate. 812y

Medical.

PAIN KILLER:

A PURELY VEGETABLE MEDICINE

TAKEN INTERNALLY, CURES

Sudden Colds, Catarrh, Coughs, Bronchitis, Asthma, Fever and Ague, Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, Acid Stomach, Headache, Heartburn, Indigestion, Canker in the Mouth, Throat or Stomach, Sick Headache, Sea Sickness, Piles, Kidney Complaints, Canker Rash, Cramp and Pain in the Stomach, Painter's Colic, Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Summer Complaint, Cholera Morbus, Cholera Infantum and Cholera.

APPLIED EXTERNALLY, CURES

Scalds, Burns, Frostbites, Chillblains, Erysipelas, Ringworms, Whitlows, Boils, Old Sores, Sprains, Bruises, Toothache, Headache, Neuralgia in the Face or Head, Pains in the Side, Pains in the Back and Loins, Rheumatism, Rheumatic Gout, Neuralgic or Rheumatic Pains in the Joints and Limbs, Stings of Insects, Scorpions, Centipedes, and the Bites of Poisonous Insects and Venomous Reptiles.

At this season, when coughs and colds are so prevalent, an effectual remedy, and one easily obtained, is *Perry Davis' Vegetable Pain Killer*. It is no new nostrum, vended by unknown agents, but has stood the test of over 20 years; and those who use the article, internally or externally, will connect with it grateful recollections of its worthy inventor.—*Hastings' Chronicle, C.W.*

PAIN KILLER.—The testimonials borne to the efficacy of this valuable medicine are sufficient to warrant its introduction into every house. Our own opinion is that no family should be without a bottle of it for a single hour. In flesh wounds, aches, pains, sores, &c., it is the most effectual remedy we know of. A bottle will last for a very long time, and its low price places it within the reach of all. Our readers will remember that the Messrs. Perry Davis & Son have opened out a house in Montreal, whence Canadian orders are supplied.—*News, St. Johns, C.E.*

We are glad to learn that the "Pain Killer" is having so large a sale in our city. We have every reason to believe it to be an almost never failing cure for pain, and is a medicine that no family should be without.—*Montreal Pilot.*

In an attack of Diarrhœa; Dysentery or Cramp Colic, don't delay the use of the Pain Killer.

Rev. H. L. Van Meter, Burmah, writes, "The Pain Killer has become an almost indispensable article in my family."

Hundreds of missionaries give similar testimony of its virtues.

Rev. J. G. Stearns writes, "I consider it the best remedy for Dyspepsia I ever knew."

Rev. Jabez S. Swan says, "I have used it for years in my family, and consider it an invaluable remedy."

We cheerfully add our testimony in favor of this medicine.—*Roman Citizen.*

We have tasted this medicine and assure our readers that it not only possesses all the virtues claimed for it, but in many instances surpasses any other remedy which we have ever known.—*Herald of Gospel Liberty.*

It is really a valuable medicine. It is used by many physicians.—*Boston Traveller.*

I have used Davis' Pain Killer, and consider it an indispensable article in the medicine box. It has effected cures in Diarrhœa, and for cuts and bruises it is invaluable.—*New York Examiner.*

Spoken of in terms of high commendation by both druggist and physician.—*Philadelphia Eagle.*

The Pain Killer is sold at wholesale by druggists and medicine dealers, and commission merchants, in the principal cities, and retailed by Apothecaries, Grocers and at Variety Shops generally, throughout the world. Price, 15 cents, 25 cents and 50 cents per bottle.

PERRY DAVIS & SON,
Manufacturers and Proprietors, 380 St. Paul-st., Montreal, P. of Q.
78 High-st., Providence, R. I.; 71 Southampton Row, Holborn, London, England.
DAVIDSON & DANIEL, GENERAL AGENTS

MORTIMER'S

INFALLIBLE REMEDY

FOR

CHOLERA,
DIARRHŒA, and
BOWEL COMPLAINTS.

The following extract, which Mr. Mortimer is kindly permitted to publish, is from the letter of a relative of Dr. Wolfe, of this city, now residing in the United States:

"Find out if the Express charges are too high, and if not, arrange with Mortimer to let you have a box of the bottles of CHOLERA MIXTURE, I could make a good little fortune with them. The bottle I brought with me here brought two ladies round from decided cholera; one on board the boat, and the other in Berlin, United States. Both commenced with diarrhœa, then with dysentery, and then vomiting. The one at Berlin was very bad. I gave her three doses of the Cholera Mixture, the third of which stopped the vomiting. The next day she was all right, or nearly so. She was very grateful. I have now only a little left."

This excellent mixture, which should be in every family, is only

TWENTY-FIVE CENTS A BOTTLE.

NONE OTHER GENUINE.

TRADE MARK REGISTERED

CANADIAN COUGH EMULSION.

This valuable medicine has the extraordinary property of immediately relieving Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Difficulty of Breathing, Tightness in Chest, &c., &c. It operates by dissolving the congealed phlegm, causing free expectoration, and an agreeable moistness to the skin.

Sold in Bottles at 1s. 3d. and 2s. 6d. Each.

MORTIMER'S COMPOUND ANTIBILIOUS

AND

FAMILY APERIENT PILLS,

A grand specific for derangement of the Digestive Organs, and for obstructions and torpid action of the Liver and Bowels.

Mortimer's Vegetable Worm Destroyer,

The only sure remedy that exists, combining delicious taste and amazing power.

MORTIMER'S

Colonges, Pomades, Toilet Vinegar, Rose Dentifrice, for the Teeth and Gums. Also constantly on hand Perfumes of all kinds, and Toilet Requisites usually kept in a first-class establishment.

No. 41 Sussex-st., Ottawa City.

DARLEY'S ARABIAN HEAVE REMEDY and CONDITION MEDICINE is positively superior to any, or all other preparations for the cure of Heaves, Coughs, Thick and Broken Wind, and all diseases which affect the wind of horses; also, as a Condition Medicine, surpassing everything of the kind, is easy to give, sure to cure and safe in all cases, and at all times, and does not prevent the horse from being worked while using it.

It cleanses the breathing apparatus, by removing from the air-cells the coagulable lymph, or that secretion which in heaves clogs them, causing a difficulty in breathing, and by its action on the diseased part, causing the mucous membrane to resume its natural dimensions, thus equalizing the circulation of the blood, and restoring the distended vessels to their natural size; by its use the horse's appetite is improved, all derangements of the digestive organs corrected, softening the skin, and giving to the coat a sleek and shining appearance.

D. W. HURD, successor to HURD & Co., Maiden Lane, New York, Sole Proprietor for the United States.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, Ont., Proprietors for Canada.

Price 25 cents. Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, Henry F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J. Brown, in Ottawa. 889-45-6m

FOR CASES of

CONSUMPTION

treated with SAVORY & MOORE'S

PANCREATIC EMULSION.

See *The Lancet, British Medical Journal, Medical Press, &c.*

On the 14th Oct. I commenced the Pancreatic Emulsion (SAVORY & MOORE'S) in two tea-spoonful doses, two hours after dinner and supper. I can only describe its effects by saying that it seemed *to work like a charm.*"—Dr. Kinkead's *Paper on Phthisis and its treatment.*

Medical Press, &c., Feb. 26, 1868.

Caution.—The genuine PANCREATIC EMULSION sold only in bottles, 2s 6d, 4s 6d and 8s, with Savory & Moore's labels and trade mark.

THE BEST FOOD FOR INFANTS, resembling Mother's Milk as closely as possible.—Dr. H. Barker *on right foods for children.*

"THE INFANT PRINCE thrives upon it as a Prince should."—*Social Science Review.*

"A REAL IMPROVEMENT (*Lancet*) on the ordinary kinds of LIEBIG'S FOOD," and the only one that keeps good in all climates.

No boiling or straining. Tins, 1s, 2s, 5s and 10s.

SAVORY & MOORE,
143, New Bond-st., London.

DOG FOUND.—Found on the 7th December last, on Sparks-st., a SMALL DOG BITCH. The owner by proving property and paying costs of advertising can have her returned. Apply to F. McCAFFREY, Receiver-General's Department. 911-3

Stoves & Hardware.

BLYTH & KERR,

No. 25 RIDEAU-ST.,

Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters, Tin and Copper Smiths, Bell Hangers, &c., &c.

A large stock of materials for the above branches of business constantly on hand.

Importers of

HOUSE FURNISHING HARDWARE.

STOVES! STOVES!

STOVES!

Hall, Fancy, Parlour and Cook Stoves, in great variety.

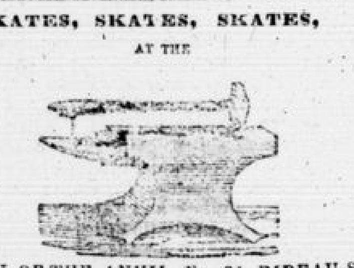
Agents for Eaton's Patent Automatic, Self-Ventilating, Wood and Coal Stoves. Also Beecher & Co.'s celebrated

HOT AIR FURNACES.

Public and Private Buildings, Conservatories, Vineries, Manufactories, &c., warmed by Steam, Hot Water, or Warm Air, on the latest and most approved principles.

SKATES, SKATES, SKATES,

AT THE



SIGN OF THE ANVIL, No. 24, RIDEAU-ST., where you can get a complete assortment of SKATES of all sizes, and at any price to suit purchasers, from 25 cents to $5.50 per pair. In the assortment will be found

The celebrated Sheffield Club,
" " Canadian Favorite,
" " Central Park do
and all other English and German Patterns.

Skate Straps, all patterns, &c., &c.

Also, a general assortment of

SHELF & HEAVY HARDWARE,

consisting in part of

GENERAL HOUSE FURNISHING,

Butcher Knives, Knives and Forks,
Pocket Knives, Table Spoons,
Tea Spoons, Tea Trays, Table Mats,
Buts, Screws, Locks,
Bolts, Catches, Latches,
Axes, Saws, Planes, Squares,
Hammers, Spokeshaves, Gouges,
Chisels, Augers, Auger Bits,
Steel Bits, Bevels,
Levels, Boring Machines,
Draw Knives, &c., &c., &c.

Together with

PAINT OF ALL COLORS,

Rose Pink, Burnt Umber,
Terra de Seinna, Chrome Yellow,
Yellow Ochre, Celestial Blue,
Paris Green, Brunswick Green,
Magnesia Green, Venetian Red,
Red Lead, White Lead, in oil or dry,
Drop Black, Ivory Black,
Lamp Black, Boiled Oil,
Raw Oil, Turpentine,
Benzole, Coal Oil,
Paint Brushes,
Varnishes, &c.

THOS. BIRKETT,
Sign of the Anvil,
No. 24, Rideau-st.

P. S.—All goods delivered free to any part of the city 408y

WARDELL'S PATENT STOVE-PIPE.

No more difficulty in putting stovepipes together. They will fit like a glove, and can't fall apart by this new invention STOVEPIPES may be fitted into each other with the greatest ease, and here will be

NO NEED OF WIRING UP,

as they cannot fall apart of their own accord. The invention (patented) is simple and effective, a short opening at the joint at each end of the pipe enables two of them to be locked together, and the "bead" effectually prevents their separation.

Any person can put them together with the expedition of a practised tinsmith.

They will be sold at the low price of

FIFTEEN CENTS PER LENGTH.

The undersigned having bought the exclusive right for the City of Ottawa and County of Carleton, from Mr. Y. K. REID, respectfully invites the public to call and examine them, being fully persuaded that all who see them will refuse to buy any other kind.

C. P. DORION,
58 Sparks-st.,
Opposite British Lion Hotel.

Ottawa, October 14. 871.3m

S.SAFE: S.SURE: S.SUCCESSFUL.

Such is the character given of every stove sold during the past year at the

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,
35 Sussex-street, Ottawa,
H. MEADOWS & CO.

We beg to notify the public that our stock for the season is now complete; our

STOVES

are of the latest and most improved patterns, and the most extensive assortment shown in Ottawa.

COOKING STOVES, of the good old-fashioned kind,
COOKING STOVES, of the latest and most modern designs,
PARLOR STOVES, for elegance of design cannot be surpassed.
BOX & HALL STOVES, that are unrivalled for heating purposes,
DOUBLE STOVES, the best in use,
HOTEL STOVES, large and extra strong made, expressly for Hotel and Boarding Houses, complete with large Copper Water Reservoirs and Plate Warmers. We call special attention of Hotel Keepers to these stoves, they will last as long as any six ordinary stoves. See them and judge for yourselves. Price lists sent free on application.

COOKING STOVES, DOUBLE STOVES,
BOX STOVES, HOTEL STOVES,
PARLOR STOVES, COAL STOVES,
BEDROOM STOVES, DUMB STOVES,
STOVEPIPES! ELBOWS! STOVEPIPES

Common, Bright and Russia Iron,

and everything in the Tin, Sheet Iron and Copperware Line, on hand or made to order.

Hot Air Furnaces, Eave Troughs, Building Job Work and Repairs attended to punctually. We keep none but the best and most experienced mechanics.

HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS,

of every description in stock, suitable for the smallest family, or the largest hotel.

ARE YOU GOING TO BE MARRIED?

If so, call and see our large assortment of necessary House-keeping Goods, suitable for Kitchen, Dining Room, or any room in your house.

YOUNG MAN, see that your house is well furnished with useful articles before you spend your money in more showy ornamental things.

IRON BEDSTEADS, LAMPS,

COAL OIL, SAUCEPANS,

Brass and Enamelled Kettles, Tinware, Toilet Setts, Baths, Flour Sieves, Brushes, Dish Covers, Table Mats, Sad Irons, Table Cutlery, Tea and Table Spoons, Preserve Jars, Mincing Knives, Wash Tubs and Boards, Refrigerators, Egg Beaters, Cruet Stands, Ash Pails, Table Bells, Tea Trays, Tea and Coffee Pots, Soup Tureens, Jelly and Pudding Moulds, &c., &c., &c., &c.

COUNTRY MERCHANTS

Supplied with

STOVEPIPES AND TINWARE,

At reduced figures,

CAMP KETTLES, SHANTY PLATES,

AND BASINS,

BIRD CAGES! BIRD CAGES! BIRD CAGES

All of the above at the

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,
street, Ottawa.
62y H. MEADOWS & CO.

RAILWAY PRACTICE OFFICE.

Now ready, the Cubic Contents of the Earthwork of those sections of the Intercolonial Railway, to be first placed under contract, giving in detail the quantities in each excavation and embankment.

RATES—1 mile per cubic yard of cutting and filling, or 1,000 cubic yards for a dollar, up to 100,000 yards, and for every additional 10,000 yards one dollar.

J. O'HANLY,
Civil Engineer.

Ottawa, Dec. 30, 1868. 936b

Boots & Shoes.

ANNOUNCEMENT!

W. A. LAMB,

KEEPER OF THE RED BOOT, &c., &c.

To all the loyal inhabitants of the Metropolitan and surrounding Counties, sends greeting:

And while thus publicly wishing to all

"A Merry Christmas and Happy New Year,"

takes pleasure also in announcing that he will hold

PUBLIC RECEPTIONS DAILY,

at from 7:30 a.m., until 7 p.m., when he will be pleased to meet with those who desire to call upon him.

N.B.—As all will probably wish to retain a *Souvenir* of their visit, it will be satisfactory to know that there is a magnificent assortment of Boots and Shoes on hand to choose from, and any of which will be GIVEN AWAY for a small consideration.

Don't forget the place, No. 28, Sussex-st., opposite the Barracks.

W. ANGUS & CO.

BOOTS,

SHOES,

MOCCASINS,

TOBOGGANS,

SNOW-SHOES,

&c., &c., &c.

Since the great clearing Sale

W. ANGUS & CO.

have received a

VERY LARGE AND WELL SELECTED STOCK

OF

BOOTS AND SHOES

AND OTHER FEET-WARE,

suitable to the Winter season.

JUST RECEIVED.

A FRESH LOT OF LADIES' & GENTS'

FELT EMBROIDERED CONGRESS

Of the Latest Style. Also, a New Supply

TOBOGGANS,

SNOW-SHOES,

MOCCASINS,

OVER-SHOES,

&c., &c., &c.

Very appropriate

XMAS AND NEW YEAR'S PRESENTS.

INSPECTION INVITED.

PRICES LOW.

W. ANGUS & CO.,
Golden Boot,
226 Wellington-st.

GENUINE CLEARING SALE

OF

BOOTS AND SHOES,

AT THE OLD

CROSBY STAND, NO. 51, SPARKS-ST.

The whole of

THE BANKRUPT STOCK,

comprising the latest styles and best qualities of

LADIES', GENT'S, MISSES' & CHILDREN'S

DRESS & WALKING BOOTS,

suitable for FALL & WINTER WEAR. Also, a large stock of Men's and Women's Coarse Boots, Moose Mocassins, Buck Moose and Sheep Mitts, Beef Mocassins, Felt Over-shoes, Rubbers, &c., all of which will be sold at great reductions from former prices. Lumber and country merchants are requested to bear in mind that there is a large stock of handmade boots to be disposed of at the aforesaid reduction in prices.

The public generally are invited to call and examine the stock and prices, which we know cannot fail to give satisfaction to all.

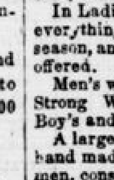
Remember the place, the old Crosby Stand, opposite O'Meara's, No. 51, Sparks-st.

A. J. STEPHENS & CO.

Ottawa, Oct. 20 1868. 876y

CHEAP BOOTS & SHOES

AT THE



CAPITAL
BOOT & SHOE STORE,
YORK-ST.

I have now received my fall and winter stock of

BOOTS AND SHOES,

which will be found complete; being selected with care, it will not fail to give general satisfaction.

In Ladies', Misses' and Children's ware I have everything that can possibly be required for the season, and at much lower figures than ever before offered.

Men's ware in Calf, Kipp, Cowhide Boots; Men's Strong Working Boots as low as $2 per pair. Boy's and Youth's equally low.

A large supply of New English Kipp Boots, hand made, the most suitable ware for Lumbermen, constantly on hand and made by the very best workmen. Orders taken for all kinds of work.

429y GEORGE MURPHY

Groceries.

THE undersigned takes this opportunity to thank her friends and the public in general for their liberal patronage, and solicits a call to examine her fine stock of GROCERIES, POULTRY, FISH, salt and fresh, VEGETABLES, FRUITS, PORK, &c., all to be disposed of cheap. Also, a very fine lot of PARTRIDGES.

MRS. L. E. GOULIN,
Wellington-st., opposite Hall's Confectionery

GARDENER'S

BAKING POWDER.

In 1 lb. Packets for 25 cents. | And 6 Packets for $1.25.

TEN REASONS

Why it Should be Used in Preference to all Others:

1st. Bread or Cakes made with it are more wholesome than if made with Yeast or any other process.

2nd. Its purity is such that it will stand the test of the most perfect analysis.

3rd. After having been extensively used for the last 14 years in not one instance has it failed to give entire satisfaction.

4th. Families that have used it pronounce it the best, and will use no other.

5th. It contains no Saleratus, nor does it impair the digestive organs like those powders where Soda or an excess of Alkali predominates.

6th. It never gives to Bread or Cakes an unpleasant Alkaline or mawkish taste.

7th. The ingredients that form its composition are more beneficial than otherwise.

8th. Dyspeptic subjects can eat hot Bread or Rolls made with it and derive benefit by its use.

9th. Every Packet contains its full weight; one pound packets weigh 16 ounces.

10. It is all that it is represented to be, namely:

Unrivalled for Purity and Cheapness.

Sole Agents for Ottawa,

J. G. ROBINSON & Co.,
The Tea Pot.

The Trade supplied at the Manufacturer's prices.

Ottawa, December 10, 1868. 886-6m

MONTREAL WAREHOUSE,

SUSSEX-STREET

The undersigned have now COMPLETED their

FALL IMPORTATIONS,

COMPRISING A

GENERAL AND SELECT STOCK

OF

FAMILY GROCERIES,

WINES, LIQUORS,

AND PROVISIONS, &c., &c.

JAS. MARTIN & CO.

Ottawa, November 27, 1868. 657y

D. R. LEAVENS, AGENT FOR THE NEW METALLIC

"NON-EXPLOSIVE LAMP,"

Now offers to the public this valuable improvement. The principle employed by Sir Humphrey Davy, in his celebrated "MINER'S SAFETY LAMP," is strictly adhered to rendering it safe from the *possibility of explosion*; besides this most important feature it possesses every good quality that is desirable in a lamp. It will not break if dropped upon the *floor*. If overturned no oil will escape. It will carry a large flame without smoking; this flame is steady, and so protected that currents of air do not affect it, rendering it a convenient lamp to carry about the house, and is not liable to get out of order. The lamp is made of metal and cannot be broken, hence no danger from that cause.

THE CLAIM FOR THIS LAMP IS

First—Absolute safety under all circumstances.
Second—Greater light with less consumption of oil.
Third—Beauty and perfection of finish.

Call and see them at the

OIL DEPOT, 73 SUSSEX-ST.,

Sign Red Oil Barrel.

D. R. LEAVENS.

FLOWER BULBS.

Shipped per *Hibernian*, and to arrive in a few days, a very superior assortment of

HYACINTH, TULIP AND OTHER FALL BULBS.

These Bulbs will be found superior to anything yet imported.

WILLIAM HEARN,
Market Drug Store,
York-st.

Ottawa, October 17, 1868. 874tf

EASTERN TOWNSHIPS VOLUNTEER CAVALRY.

That fine troop of Volunteer Cavalry, the Sherbrooke Hussars, commanded by Captain Stevens, on the occasion of their being called together in October last, to hear the new Militia Bill read over, and the clauses of the same explained to them by the officer commanding, volunteered, to a man to sign the re-enlistment roll, and such was the enthusiasm displayed by these stalwart troopers, that instead of the roll being filled up to the strength of 56 N. C. O. and privates, it would have been as easy for their gallant Captain to have obtained 75 or even 100 names.

Captain Stevens has served upwards of five years in his present rank, and will doubtless soon obtain his due promotion, being an active and zealous officer, and, moreover, in possession of a first class cavalry certificate from the Board of Officers.

THE PERSONAL COURAGE OF INDIANS.

An American contemporary says:

Old General Twiggs used to say that the most formidable soldiers or warriors in modern times were the North American Indians; that in every battle in which they had been engaged against the whites they had held their own against overwhelming numbers, when other warriors would have surrendered or beat a retreat. The late fight of Gen. Custar seems to add another to the list of proofs of the high military qualities of the red man. General Custar had eleven companies of cavalry, nearly a thousand of the best armed and mounted regulars. The village which he charged and captured consisted of fifty two lodges, and the warriors engaged in the conflict did not exceed two hundred, and yet they appear to have made a most gallant and stubborn resistance, inflicting a severe loss upon General Custar, and succeeded in making good their retreat. Now, had the poor aborigines the advantage enjoyed the ancient Greeks and Romans, and by all modern people, especially our own, of having historians and poets to record, describe, and sing their exploits, what proofs of heroism, and even of military skill and virtues, might not be afforded in the true history of this and of many other examples to be found in our own annals in support of General Twigg's affirmation.

But, alas, we have no Indian version of the numerous battles which have been fought between them and the white settlers of this continent. What heroic details, what brilliant and sanguinary achievements by small bands of half naked and poorly armed warriors, over the best armed and disciplined troops, in greatly superior force, would not such annals present. In several of the most bloody of these encounters which are described in our own history, it is shown that white soldiers were beaten and fearfully cut up by small bands of Indians. Braddock's splendid brigade was nearly annihilated by not more than six hundred warriors. St. Clair's terrible defeat was inflicted by an Indian force of not one quarter of the whites, and at Tippecanoe there were not 500 warriors in the whole force, from which Gen. Harrison narrowly escaped with a force of five times their number. There never were more than 1,500 Seminole warriors, who defied the whole power of the United States for fifteen years, and inflicted upon our army and government the heaviest losses in men and money which were effected against their enemies by any force [illegible] times greater than that of the Seminoles. Never conquered by physical force, they at last yielded to gold and whiskey, and of their own will retired from the country which they had made the graveyard of our soldiers. Such facts as these ought not to be obscured or forgotten, because they are true and historical, and because they embody a wholesome reproof of that over-weening pride and pretension of superior military virtue, prowess and heroism on the part of our race.

THE NEGRO MEMBER OF CONGRESS.—The New York *World* says of Menard, the negro Member of Congress from Louisiana:

"In October, 1865, as appears from Diplomatic Correspondence, Vol. I., pp. 37, 114, 115, for 1868, this fellow was prominent in those troubles among the negro population of Jamaica, which resulted about that time in those bloody massacres which the British Goverment found necessary to repress with great severity. Being detected in the possession of speeches and letters breathing the most venomous hostility to the whites on the island, and openly instigating bloodshed by declaring himself 'for black nationalities,' he was, on recommendation of the clerk of the peace in the parish where his instigations to violence were most frequent, deported from the island as a turbulent incendiary and make-bate. On this he besieged the State Department for redress of alleged injuries, but, the facts appearing from the diplomatic correspondence which ensued as above stated, the matter was dropped by Mr. Seward; and the next appearance of this pestilent creature was on the Louisiana reconstruction stage. In the evolution of this scoundrel-drama, he now presents himself as a Representative in the Congress of the United States, and, in verification of his right to a seat as such, presents, under what is called the broad seal of Louisiana, a certificate of election from the prowling white Illinois adventurer who styles himself Governor of that State."

—This story is told about John Bright's appearance at Court as a British Cabinet Minister:—"Sir," said Mr. Bright, or "My Lord," as the case may be, to the Lord Chamberlain, whose duty it was to introduce the new Minister to her Majesty, "Remember that I never swear, and never kneel except to my Maker." Well, the swearing of course could be dispensed with. But not kneel to her Majesty when you kiss her hand! The official was horrified—thought, indeed, that the difficulty was insuperable. There was no precedent for such a thing since the first sovereign reigned in the world. He must go and consult her Majesty. He went, laid the case with all gravity before her, when, to the astonishment of the official, Victoria, instead of being annoyed, angry, or peremptory, burst into a hearty laugh, and ordered Mr. Bright to be brought in, and on his approach allowed him to kiss her hand without bending a joint.

GUNPOWDER AND PRINTING.—It has been curiously remarked that whereas gunpowder was invented by a priest, the peaceful agency of printing came from a soldier, and the singularity has met the explanation that, by the substitution of fire-arms for the cold steel, war has become so much more terrible as to have become far less destructive, while from the printing press has poured forth such a flood of antagonistic books, papers, and pamphlets, moral, political, social, and religious, as may be said to have set the whole of Christendom chronically by the ears, not to speak of the impetus given to the carrying of civilization, with its attendant ills of unknown vices and diseases, into heathen lands. From this the cynical conclusion is reached that old Bacon was indeed true to his priestly calling of good when devising the operative principle of these vile guns, these mines, these saps, these magazines, *chassepots*, Sniders, needle-guns, Paixhans, Napoleons, Lancasters, and Whitworths, while, in hitting on the printing press, and thereby infinitely increasing the conflicts of minds, fighter Faust set more squadrons in the field than were ever hair upon his head or thoughts in his brain.

SERVICE ROLLS OF THE LONDON LIGHT INFANTRY—THE ARTILLERY AND CAVALRY.

The time allowed by the Militia Act for enrolment under the new law having expired, the service rolls of corps in the 1st district were called for by Col. Taylor, District Deputy Adjutant General, to be forwarded to his office for transmission to the Adjutant General.

It is gratifying to notice that the rolls of all the city companies are sufficiently advanced to ensure their acceptance at headquarters, and also to obviate the enforcement of a draft.

Col. Shanly's Battery of Artillery has been almost entirely recruited anew to nearly full strength.

Capt. Dempster's Cavalry Troop have re-enrolled to a man, and the captain is anxious to obtain permission to increase his troop to a squadron, abundant material being available for that purpose, should the clothing and equipment be provided by Government.

The battalion of Light Infantry, seven companies strong, averages 54 men per company, exclusive of officers, the maximum strength being 55. Several of the companies are over strength, but the returns to the Militia Department only give them credit for the regulation compliment, which makes the strength of the battalion appear less than it really is. The rolls stands as follows:

	Returned Strength.	Actual Strength.
No 1, Capt D C Macdonald....	55	64
" 2, " H Bryce..........	55	58
" 3, " J Walker..........	42	42
" 4, " W R Meredith.......	55	58
" 5, " M D Dawson......	49	49
" 6, " J A Craig..........	52	52
" 7, " E Teale............	55	55
Total Returned.........	363	
" Actual Strength..		378

The gratifying result above recorded is entirely due to the personal exertions of the company officers, great difficulty being experienced in obtaining men to serve under the restrictive provisions of the new Act, which is very unpopular here.—*London Advertiser.*

LIGHTS HOVERING ON THE WATER NEAR WRECKED STEAMERS.—As the Memphis and Cincinnati Packet Company's steamer *Minneola* was coming up the Ohio, last night, at 8½ o'clock, when within a short distance of the spot where the recent collisson occurred, between the mail line steamers *United States* and *America*, the watchman, Mr. Jacob Thorp, and the barkeeper, Mr. John McHuron, who were on the guards, together with Mr. Murphy, the steward of the boat, looking out for the wreck, and desiring to see how the place looked, were startled by a singular pale blue light, which rose slowly from out of the water to the height of several feet, and lasted about fifty seconds, when it disappeared. The light itself was not very bright, yet they could distinctly see the outlines of the wreck, and on the bank for some distance. They were at first puzzled, but before a minute elapsed another light was seen to rise the same as the first. The pilot who saw the first one was now also puzzled, and was ready to believe it a "hail," and about to answer it, when a third column of light blue light rose nearly alongside, as several of the officers saw them, and consulted as they gazed in wonderment at the spectacles, at the same time watching closely for any signs of men about the wreck, and failed to discover any cause for these singular phenomenas; some became somewhat excited, and one or two rather terrified, as they were not much unlike the ghosts of the departed. The officers who saw them affirm positively, and we cannot doubt their assertions, asserted earnestly as they are, that these lights, so singular, wonderful, and unaccountable, exploded, or expanded, after rising, and assumed human forms. Every one on the boat was aroused, and great excitement prevailed. All went out on watch, but after passing the wreck no more was seen.—*Cincinnati Times, Dec. 30.*

WHO IS THE RIGHTFUL HEIR TO THE FRENCH EMPIRE.—A new pretender to the French throne and the name of Napoleon III., has arisen in a poor schoolmaster living in the small Saxon town of Weemsdorf, who claims to be the legitimate grandson of Napoleon the first. If his statements are trustworthy, Napoleon's son, the Duke of Reichstadt, fell in love with a young Hungarian countess, during a journey which he had made in Hungary, in 1830, and as she refused to be anything but his wife, he resolved to marry her. The ceremony took place at a village church near the city of Debreezen, by the regular village priest. This marriage, the Saxon pretender asserts, was perfectly legitimate, inasmuch as, according to the laws governing the imperial house of Austria, the Duke of Reichstadt was already of age at that time, so that no exception whatever could be taken to the union.

The pretender says that a few days after his marriage the Duke had to leave his young wife, and that he was unable to take her with him to the court of Vienna. There are certain circumstances that render the whole story of this person improbable. But several diplomats at the courts of Berlin, Vienna and Dresden, before whom the full statement of the facts have been laid, have stated that, in their opinion, the schoolmaster will succeed in making out his case. Even the supposition of such an heir would cause uneasiness to Louis Napoleon, but we incline to the opinion that the whole story is one of those canards which are started at the present time to give the wits of Paris something to amuse themselves with in their conversationals about the "mysterious man in the Tuilleries."

THE ARMY AT THE IRISH ELECTIONS.—We have already noticed the unceremonious way in which the army in Ireland was knocked about during the general election in that country. Any inconvenience which was rendered necessary by the exigencies of the crisis would, of course, be borne cheerfully by both officers and men; but it should be the care of our military administration to make these inconveniences fall as lightly as possible. The knocking-about was, perhaps, inevitable, says the *United Service Gazette*, and it involved quite enough of inconvenience in itself; but we understand that the military miseries have been very much aggravated by the system of extortion which has been carried on by inn and lodging-house keepers in whatever towns the troops happened to be temporarily stationed or even billeted *en route*. The allowance to officers for travelling expenses was only 5s. a day, with a reduction to half a crown on the days of marching out and returning to barracks. Totally despising such miserable estimates, the keepers of even the poorest public-houses charged 3s. for breakfast and 5s. for dinner, the latter never being anything but the national bacon and chickens. At one very second-rate "hotel" mine host demanded a pound a day for the use of his sitting-room, a demand which, we need hardly add, was indignantly refused. In view of these magnificent tariffs of the Irish innkeepers, we think that a pound a day were quite as little as should be allowed to our officers in Ireland for their election expenses.

—Some time since we noticed the very unfair and unfriendly criticism which the London *Review* bestowed upon Lt.-Col. Denison's (of Toronto) work on Modern Cavalry, simply because the writer thought proper to allude to the dashing exploits of Stuart, Morgan and other Southern cavalry commanders. We are glad to find that almost all unprejudiced English journals commend the book very highly. The *Army and Navy Gazette* says that "some writers of the reviews, with which Colonel Denison has been favored, appear to have contented themselves with one glance at the title page, and seeing that Colonel Denison commands the body guard of the Governor-General of Canada, to have jumped to the conclusion that he can by no possibility know anything of cavalry movements. We find, on the contrary, that, although Colonel Denison does not hold a position in the regular army, he has studied his subject carefully, thought over it deeply, and written upon it lucidly.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Prints, Shirtings and Cottons—Magee & Russell.
Piano Tuning—Geo. N. Benedict.
General Notice—Esmonde Bros.
Pianofortes, Organs, &c.—J. L. Orme & Son.
Diamond Breast Pin Lost—H. Whiteside & Co.

The Ottawa Times

Office: 38, Sparks Street.

SATURDAY, JANUARY 9, 1869.

For Ottawa Markets and interesting reading see Fourth Page.

THERE was a brief meeting of the Privy Council yesterday afternoon.

The report of the Civil Service Commission will be handed in, in the course of a few days.

Advices from Sir GEORGE E. CARTIER state that he hopes to be able to leave England shortly after the middle of the present month, so that he may be expected here by the first week in February, at the latest.

The Hon. Mr. PETER MITCHELL, on his way through Restigouche, was presented with a very flattering address by the inhabitants. The hon. gentleman was at Dalhousie on his way to Ottawa on Thursday last, and will probably reach Montreal on Monday.

WE understand that there has as yet been no arrangement made for a meeting between the Hon. MINISTER OF FINANCE and the Hon. JOSEPH HOWE, for the purpose of readjusting the existing financial arrangements between Nova Scotia and the Dominion, though a report to that effect has been set afloat.

The report that a delegation from Newfoundland was about coming to Ottawa to arrange preliminaries for the admission of that Province into the Union is without foundation. The Confederation feeling is on the increase there; but beyond that, we believe there is nothing of a definite character to warrant the belief that negociations for its admission are to be immediately commenced.

"The O'Mullin Brewery, in Halifax, turns out 11,000 gallons of ale and porter per week."—*Ex.*

We have authority for correcting the above paragraph, which has been going the rounds of the press. The official returns show that only 11,190 gallons have been manufactured by that establishment from 1st October to 15th of December—ten weeks, instead of one, as reported.

DAY before yesterday the *Citizen's* "Blockhead" puffed the *Citizen*; yesterday the *Citizen* puffed its blockhead. What more natural? "One good turn deserves another," and "claw me, claw thee," are among the most venerable of the ancient saws. The matter in dispute is entirely too puerile for prolonged discussion; but we must say, notwithstanding "Blockhead's" unflattering signature, that his second effort displayed more intelligence than the splenetic carping of the *Citizen's* editor. Had we supposed the latter to be the author of his blockhead's first letter, his own article of yesterday would have convinced us, from internal evidence, of our mistake.

WE are glad to learn that there is still a good prospect of Mr. WEIR's silver movement proving a success. The following despatch reached us yesterday from Montreal:

"At a meeting of the leading merchants "here my scheme was unanimously supported. In accordance with resolutions passed "the time has been extended to the 1st of "February. I will accept earlier, if the "tenders are sufficient.

(Signed,) "W. WEIR."

We have only to add that we hope our Ottawa merchants will show the same good spirit in helping on this commendable enterprise, as have those of Hamilton, London, and other western centres of trade. A general effort, well supported, to carry out Mr. WEIR's scheme, cannot fail of success, and the trade of the country would receive a lasting benefit therefrom.

Since the receipt of the foregoing despatch the Montreal papers have come to hand, and we reproduce the text of the resolutions adopted:

Moved by Henry Thomas, Esq., seconded by J. Hodgson, Esq., and unanimously resolved: That this meeting having learned from the explanations of Mr. Weir that many towns and villages are yet to be heard from, and that there is still a deficiency of about one-third of the amount required to the "Guarantee Fund," recommends Mr. Weir to extend the time for accepting the tenders to a period not later than the first day of February next.

Moved by J. P. Clark, Esq., seconded by John Binmore, Esq., and resolved: That this meeting unanimously recommends the scheme of Mr. Weir as being every way calculated to accomplish the object of reducing the discount on silver, and further recommends that those interested should immediately increase their subscriptions, and that the retail trade of Montreal be especially urged to assist the movement.

A vote of thanks was then unanimously carried, thanking Mr. Weir for the great interest he had taken in this matter.

WE give space to-day to a lengthy letter, on the Georgian Bay Canal project, written by Mr. LAIDLAW, of Toronto. Mr. LAIDLAW has earned a large share of notoriety, if not distinction, by his energetic advocacy of "narrow guage" railways, and has been a persistent opponent of the Georgian Bay Canal. Though we do not endorse his sentiments, either on railways or canals, to their full extent, we cannot but admit that his arguments against entertaining the Georgian Bay project are strong, practical, and apparently irrefutable. It will at least be hard for the promoters of the Georgian Bay scheme to meet them successfully to the satisfaction of unprejudiced on-lookers. There can be no doubt on one point of his argument, that canals cost immensely more than railways; and hence the inference is fair that unless a canal can be made to connect two long reaches of water navigation, or save a very considerable amount of time in the carrying of freight, its construction will prove unprofitable; and from his view of the benefits to be conferred on navigation by the Georgian Bay project, it would seem obvious that the advantage to be gained would, to say the least, cost far too high a price.

It may fairly be questioned whether the Georgian Bay Canal would do for Toronto what the Welland did, so effectually, for old Niagara. It would assuredly damage to a considerable extent the traffic of some of the railways in which Toronto is largely interested, and so far inflict an injury; but beyond that, conceding that it were even possible to keep it open, it would have little influence on the trade of Ontario, one way or the other. It would vastly benefit the Western States, and some of the lake shore ports of New York, and enable the millers and grain dealers of Ontario and Quebec to keep down somewhat the price of Canadian wheat; but that only to a trifling extent. Beyond these limits, and with the existing tariff arrangements between ourselves and the United States, its influence would scarcely be felt. Still, if these "advantages" are deemed worth the money by all means, go a head and build your Georgian Bay Canal, Mr. LAIDLAW and his arguments to the contrary notwithstanding.

BY a return just laid before the Legislature of Ontario, we have an interesting, if not very flattering, *expose* of the management of the Upper Canada Board of Agriculture. Space will not permit us to reproduce the correspondence between the Hon. JOHN CARLING, Minister of Agriculture, and the Secretary of the Board; but we may say in brief that repeated requests having failed to elicit from the Board a satisfactory statement of affairs, the Hon. Mr. CARLING very properly availed himself of the powers conferred by statute, and on the 30th Nov. last appointed THOMAS WHITE, jr., Esq., of Hamilton, to make an examination of the books and accounts of the association. Mr. WHITE immediately entered on his duties, and on the 23rd ult. reported to the Minister of Agriculture. We have not space for his whole report, but we give the concluding portion, from which our readers will perceive that there has been a great laxity of management on the part of the Directors:

Balance to the credit of board...$10725 74

In addition to this sum there are balances to the credit of special funds, to the amount of $1322.02, as follows:—

Paris Exhibition Account..........$1022 02
London Exhibition, for entertaining Delegates from Maritime Provinces in 1865 .... 300 00

Total $1322 02

Which, added to the balance above, leaves in the Treasurer's hands the sum of $12047.76.

Out of this amount, payments have been made since the 30th ult., as will be seen by the statement accompanying this report, to the amount of $1108.76, for which vouchers to the amount of $141.66, as indicated by the statement, have been produced. There remain to be paid, as per statement annexed, prizes to the amount of $1460.50.

In relation to payments during the last year, for which no vouchers have been produced, it is proper to remark that the practice has been to send the Secretary's certificate with the money to the person receiving a prize, with the request that it be returned, having the receipt endorsed upon it. Delays sometimes occur in making returns, so that some, it not all, of the vouchers, may yet be forthcoming.

Having ascertained the balance to the credit of the board, as shown by the accounts on the 30th November, I addressed a letter to Mr. Denison, asking to be permitted to examine his bank book, and to have explanations in relation to the manner in which the bank account of the board is kept, and whether any interest has been received on deposits, which, especially in the past, must have at times amounted to a very large sum; and I agreed to meet him, in relation to the matters referred to in my letter, at Mr. Thomson's office, on Thursday, 17th instant, at noon.

In accordance with this appointment, I met Mr. Denison, and learned from him that he kept no bank account, that he had never been required to do so, and that he held himself personally responsible for any balance which might be due to the board. He also stated that he had received no interest at any time on deposits of board moneys.

This statement seemed so extraordinary that I immediately addressed Mr. Denison a letter, in reference to our conversation, and upon other matters, of which the following is an extract:

"TORONTO, December 17, 1868.

"R. L. Denison, Esq., Treasurer, Board of Agriculture.

"SIR,—Referring to our conversation this morning, I would be glad to learn from you whether I rightly understood you to say that you kept no separate bank account for the Board of Agriculture and Agricultural Association; and that at this moment, while you hold yourself personally responsible for any balance which might appear from the accounts to the credit of the association, such balance was not deposited in any bank nor available in cash at any moment.

"If I so correctly understood you, I beg to inquire whether the Board of Agriculture hold any securities from you, and if so, the names and amounts of such securities.

"I find that the balance which ought to be available, from the books and vouchers submitted by you, is a very large one, upwards of $12,000, including the balance, unpaid, of the Paris Exhibition appropriation. It would greatly facilitate me, in reporting to the Commissioner of Agriculture, to know that the sum is available in some bank to the credit of the Board, and to have produced the banker's certificate of that fact.

* * * * * * * * *

"I have the honour to be, sir,
"Your obedient servant,
THOS. WHITE, JR."

I received no answer to this letter; but on Monday morning I had an interview with Mr. Denison, in which he stated that I had rightly understood him; that he had no account, in the name of the Board or the Association, with any bank, and had not had for many years, and that the large balance which the Board, by the accounts, appears to have on hand, is not available in cash. He also stated that he had given no sureties to the Board, they never having been asked from him; but that he is willing now to give any security that may be required for the repayment of the balance due by him.

It will be noticed by the statement of 1867 that Mr. Denison put in an account during that year for $6,338, being commission of one per cent. on moneys disbursed by him to the Agricultural Societies of the Province for the previous fifteen years. This claim was brought before the Board at a recent meeting, but was disallowed by it, upon the ground that such a charge, if made at all, should have been made annually. Instead, the sum of $1,200 was voted to the Treasurer for extra services during 1867 and 1868, making his salary during those years $1,000 per annum. The $1,200 is included in the statement herewith submitted.

It will also be seen that among the payments is the sum of $150.59 for renewals. These payments were for renewals of a note, discounted for the use of the Board of Agriculture, for $4,890, in connection with the purchase of property held by the Board. One thousand dollars were paid upon it, and the smaller note of $3,800 was twice renewed, in February and May, respectively, and now lies, under protest, unpaid. In view of the fact that the necessity for the negociation of the note, in the first instance, and its renewals subsequently, arose out of the default of the Treasurer, there being, had all moneys received for the use of the Board been held sacred to that use, abundant means to have paid the amount. I think these sums for renewals are not properly chargeable against the Board, but should be charged to the Treasurer personally.

As your letter of instructions only authorized me to report upon the accounts of 1867 and 1868, I have assumed the credit balance at the commencement of the former year as correct, accepting the auditor's statement to that effect. I cannot avoid, however, referring to the fact, that comparatively little value is to be attached to audits of accounts such as those which these accounts appear regularly to have undergone. Had the audit been a thorough one, something more than the mere checking of payments with vouchers, it would have been impossible for the large balance which has accumulated in the Treasurer's hands, to have so accumulated. The auditors appear to have accepted the balances every year as transmitted to them by their predecessors, or as furnished by the officers of the Board, without troubling themselves to inquire whether such a balance was really available.

Although it does not properly come within my duty, I take the liberty of calling your attention to the manifest inconvenience which results from the practice hitherto followed, of paying prizes months, and even years, after the close of the exhibition at which they were awarded. There is no good reason why all prizes should not be paid within a couple of months, at the furthest, after the exhibition; and it would greatly simplify the accounts closing up each year's transactions within the year, if the rule were made absolute, that no prizes would be paid unless demanded before the first of December following the exhibition at which they were awarded.

I have the honour to be, Sir,
Your obedient servant,
THOMAS WHITE, Jr.

Upon receipt of this report the MINISTER OF AGRICULTURE immediately wrote to the President, the Hon. DAVID CHRISTIE, calling his attention to the untoward state of affairs. Mr. CHRISTIE thereupon summoned a meeting of the Board, which was held on Wednesday last; but as the proceedings were conducted with closed doors we are not advised of what took place. The *Globe* professes to have been assured on "good authority" that some of the statements in Mr. WHITE's report are not correct, but it does not very much enlighten its readers as to the real state of the case.

It is probable that most people will now agree with what we have so often urged, that the management of the Board of Agriculture required a thorough overhauling in the interest of the public. It is said, and no doubt with truth, that the Treasurer is in a position to make good every fraction due to the Association; but we think it quite unseemly that a small coterie of men, even with the Hon. DAVID CHRISTIE at their head, should be permitted to control so large an amount of the public money, year after year, without turning it to any practical account.

GEORGIAN BAY CANAL.

Editor Daily Telegraph.

SIR,—The agitation for ten million acres of land, in aid of the Georgian Bay Canal scheme, is now damaging the genuine commercial interests and moral and political influence of the citizens of Toronto. When it is threatened with cheers in the St. Lawrence Hall to make the Government and Legislature *tremble* for their refusal under present circumstances to consider the merits and demerits of the proposed canal scheme, it is time, and the duty of those who dissent from the propositions advocated, to express their disbelief in the practical necessity for, the possibility of obtaining money to make, and the inutility to *Canadians* of the canal, if it were finished.

Unless their irregular and exorbitant demands are complied with, certain gentlemen, usually Conservative in their opinions, talk rather wildly of what must be done to effect their purpose, and the Hon. M. C. Cameron, theoretically very conservative, practically makes a very liberal, if uncalled for, proposition as to the course he will deem it his duty to pursue in certain eventualities.

Now, sir, the country has been watching the conduct of the people of Toronto towards the Legislature, and have felt, not untutored by its rivals, sufficient jealousy of its influence. If the Government were to appeal to the country on this question, and call for defenders of the public purse and domain against the incapacity and rapacity of Toronto canal and railway companies very few friends of the city would find their way back to our Legislative halls.

Really genuine and practicable schemes, far advanced in preparation, might then share the fate of dreams.

No doubt the Government feel if they have ten millions of acres of land to donate, and if that land, under certain contingencies, would become a source of credit and means to create public works, their first duty would be to consider *what* public works would do the greatest good to the greatest number of the present generation of Ontario's tax payers. It will not probably be contented that Ontario should give away 250 townships of land for the almost exclusive benefit of a rival people, who fence us out of their markets with a tariff averaging 20 per cent. in height.

The Government would probably ask themselves, how this wholesale donation of territory, larger than many kingdoms renowned in history, was to *harmonize* with the free grant, or rather "hapshackled system" already established?

The Government would consider whether the ten million acres of land were to be made accessible and habitable by the construction of the canal; or, if any hitherto unnavigated waters were to be added to our system of navigation; and whether the proposed Niagara ship canal is to be a free canal, and would, in consequence, cause the total loss of all invested in the Georgian Bay Canal—in the Georgian Bay and in the Humber Bay—many millions would be required in both bays to make artificial harbours capable of floating safely vessels of one thousand tons burden, the size the projected canal is to accommodate. *How* ocean vessels of such size are to *reach* Lake Ontario, and *where* they are to load and unload, or find anchorage, has not yet been indicated. Is it not a fact that no vessels drawing over nine feet can come up the St. Lawrence canals (?) equivalent only to a lading of 300 tons.

Is there a harbour on Lake Ontario, except Kingston and the mouth of the Niagara river, or a shipping port on the upper lakes to which a vessel can run, drawing over 11 feet?

Don't all ocean vessels of even 300 tons register draw over 13 feet?

Is the total freight shipped from the north shore of the Georgian Bay, Manitoulin Islands (for sale at 20c. an acre), and the Canadian shore of Lake Superior, equivalent to the lading of *six vessels* of 1,000 tons each?

More noteworthy still, vessels of 500 and 600 tons burden, do, and have loaded whenever a cargo offered at any port on our coast line, from Collingwood to Fort William, and have sailed *via* the Welland Canal to Kingston or Europe.

The iron ore from the American side of Lake Superior is carried by vessels of 700 and 800 tons burden to the smelting works at Detroit and Cleveland. Therefore, of what necessity is the Georgian Bay Canal to Canadian, or even American commerce?

It is maintained that the Great West will fill the proposed canals with cereals, &c. If so, why does it not fill the Welland canal?

The revenue from our existing canals has only paid one and one-half per cent. on their cost.

The agricultural community would have just cause of complaint against a Government that would give way one-third of the public domain to subsidize a canal company calculating to bring down not Canadian, but United States produce, to compete in all markets at home and abroad, with the products of their farms. The odds against *them* already are too great and unavoidable.

Corn from 300 miles beyond Chicago is being *now* laid down in competition with Canadian cereals in Toronto, in large quantities, at 60c. per 56 pounds. Does not that fact affect the prices of pease, oats and barley? As to reducing the cost of breadstuffs to the "starving millions" at home, occasionally used as an argument for the canal; is not bread on the average as cheap in London as in Toronto? And are they not now feeding cattle on wheat in England? There is no use of heaping argument on false premises, if the canal were finished on the 1st of May, it would not reduce the cost of freight from Chicago to Liverpool, or shorten by 24 hours the average voyage of vessels from Chicago to Kingston.

For instance, a vessel leaving the head of Lake Huron by proceeding down through Lake Erie, at the average rate of speed of sailing vessels, 5 miles an hour, would, *via* the Welland canal, reach Kingston, *about in the same time*, as if she had gone through the Georgian Bay canal, at canal rate of speed, 2 miles an hour, and the detention consequent upon the extra locking; so, that if the canal were built, and toll free, it would not be to the interest of vessel owners to send their vessels through that canal.

Can a jury of twelve lake captains be got to deny these statements over their signatures?

What is really wanted and *needed*, is the enlargement of the Welland canal, so that the largest sailing and steam vessels used on the upper lakes could go through—easily.

To accomplish that useful and rational purpose—not requiring the thirtieth or fortieth part of the proposed cost of the Georgian Bay Canal, a very large amount of canal debentures payable in tolls could be sold in the United States.

No system of carrying from Kingston to Montreal can be devised cheaper than that now in operation, provided the Welland Canal be enlarged, and an increase of business obtained, which would stimulate and sustain competition.

The enlargement of the Welland would not only *pay*, if American commerce were tolled, but Montreal would *then* have a "fair field" in which to compete with New York for the Northwestern United States trade. It is the *low* freights in *large* vessels to *Buffalo*, as compared with the *high* freights in *small* vessels to *Kingston*, from the Upper Lakes that embarrasses and disables Montreal in her competition for the trade with New York.

WATER SUPPLY.

The Grand River scantily feeds the Welland Canal, and will the Severn supply *two canals*, with locks double the size of those in the Welland Canal? There are two canals in the Georgian Bay Canal scheme, one to lift vessels up to the level of Lake Simcoe, and the other to lower them down to the level of Lake Ontario. Yet the Severn in summer affords little enough water for a couple of large sawmills. It is said, in reply to this objection, that some huge hydraulic power is to be used to supplement the natural supplies. If there is a profit in raising water to let it fall again, why advocate the Georgian Bay Canal; to get the water power for Toronto, why not commence to pump our Bay, it will last as long as the Georgian Bay?

Very few people, not engineers, can comprehend the magnitude of the proposed works. I have heard it said, ignorant of its fact or falsehood, that the earth from the nine mile cut would cover four townships six feet thick, and that in this way the Holland Marsh is to be reclaimed! Would it not be better and cheaper to try hydraulics for that purpose? One authority alleges that the nine mile cut would cost more than the estimates for the whole canal; and another, that the estimates are all based on twenty-five cents per cubic yard for earth-work, supposing no rock to be met with; while the actual cost of much of the earth-work would exceed $3 per yard, especially that spread on the Holland Marsh.

It was tempting to the Egyptian ruler to canal the Isthmus of Suez, having a *nation of serfs* to labor for him; because, with the Suez Canal finished, he could toll the entire trade of Asia, half of Africa, and all of Australasia. His canal affects the ultimate fate of British power and commerce in the east, because a saving of nearly two months on each voyage would be made, and a proportionate saving of wages and interest, while the cost of transporting troops and munitions of war would be greatly reduced; yet, not one guinea, have the Government, the merchants, or the engineers of England, given publicly to aid that gigantic and important enterprise.

The Isthmus of Panama is similarly situated as regards the United States, the Pacific coast of America and Australia, a canal through it would also save a two months' voyage, yet the nations interested, and capitalists, shrink from the *cost* of such an undertaking. And shall we, to save *one day's voyage*, at most two days time from Chicago to Liverpool, undertake a work of nearly double the magnitude?

Some members of the Board of Trade refer to the water power to be created, forgetting that any quantity of power is available on the Welland and St. Lawrence canals, at two or three hundred dollars for each manufactory. The western trade, if it were to pass through such a canal, would do the ratepayers of Ontario no more good than is now done by the American vessels passing through the Welland Canal. We would see them and the trade we now do in lumber and cereals from the Northern Railway sailing from the mouth of the Humber past the back of the Island, while the Northern Railway dock would be the pasture for sheep, instead of a source of bread for a thousand mouths.

Niagara was not more effectually ruined by the Welland, than Toronto would be by the Georgian Bay Canal.

There is one, and only one argument, which in the mouths of the gentlemen who advocate the canal, suffices as an answer to all objections.

It is alleged that Toronto, *i. e.*, its present merchants, would make fortunes while the canal is building. It is contended by respectable, but unthinking men, that Canada has nothing to do with the matter; give ten million acres of land, and if the English invest their money and lose it, that is their look out; we will get their money into this country and be merry over our gains, and the consciousness that our kinsmen, our fellow Britons, our protectors, have been sacrificed to our ruthless greed! This contemplated raid on the small and great heads of prudence and self-denial in England, unblushingly advocated for the foregoing reason, involves larger pecuniary losses, and is much more culpable than that made under a belief that returns would be got for the money by the projectors of the Grand Trunk Railway. Yet what a howl has been raised about our ears for our share in that scheme? Are the widows and orphans, said to be our victims, so soon forgotten?

While the Government, bankers, and capitalists are succeeding so well in establishing Canadian credit in Britain, for practicable and judicious enterprises, this system of advocating an impracticable scheme is demoralizing public opinion here, and elsewhere is destroying confidence in Canadian enterprise, and is certain not only to defeat the ends sought but utterly to ruin the value of Canadian endorsement on any scheme whatever.

As to the American private capital said to be available to the extent of $20,000,000, on condition that 10,000,000 acres of land are obtained, I have only to say, that probably the Government would sell these capitalists ten million acres of mineral lands, north of Lake Superior, for *half the money*, without requiring them to put a dollar in the canal, if these capitalists would agree to settle the tenth of the land every five years.

Twelve millions of dollars only are asked to build the Niagara Ship Canal, seven miles in length. Congress has not, but may grant the money. But where, meantime, are the men with the twenty millions, ready for the Georgian Bay Canal? Surely, the shortest canal is the best investment.

The proposed Ottawa Canal route is the shortest and most feasible outlet for American commerce from the upper lakes to the sea. It may be practicable, whether it is or not there will need to be double four millions of people in the Dominion before it is undertaken. Canals are so expensive that the cost of one would build 20 railroads of the same length.

The cost of the Georgian Bay canal at the lowest estimate—forty millions—would build a railway from Ottawa, North of Lake Nipissing, North of the coast range of mountains, North side of Lake Superior, along the table, at the height of land, straight to the Red River country. If ten, or even twenty, million acres of land are a basis of credit for forty million dollars, then our Ontario Government might give five millions, the Quebec Government five millions, and the Dominion Government ten millions acres, (of the Hudson's Bay Territory)—in all twenty million acres under proper checks, to build a railway from Ottawa to a suitable entrepot in the Red River district, there to build a second Moscow. Let us have four millions of good Britons, with a sprinkling of Scandinavians, along the line of that railway and in the Red River country, and with plenty of coals, iron, and Britons, we may—*those will* who live to see it—bid defiance to all the military power thence to Cape Horn.

I am, sir,
Your obedient servant,
G. LAIDLAW.

TORONTO, January 4, 1869.

DRESS GOODS.—A large assortment of ball and evening dresses; also, in fancy, black, Japanese, and Foulard silks, poplins, &c., at T. & W. Hunton's, whose stock is constantly supplied by their resident agents in London and Paris. Evening silks, &c., shown by gas light in a room prepared for the purpose, at any hour of the day.

MESSRS. YOUNG & RADFORD having secured the services of first-class working jewellers in etruscan, filagree, plain, fancy and solid gold work, and having made large additions to their work shop are now better prepared to execute any orders with which they may be entrusted than heretofore. Masonic jewels, gold and silver medals, and every kind of jewellery repaired.

Try Gardner's Baking Powder. See advertisement. 887.6m

—Last month of the cheap sale at the skirt factory. Skirts at half-price.

LOCAL NEWS.

THE QUEEN FIRE COMPANY.—At a meeting of this company last night the following officers were elected for the ensuing year: Captain, Leon Roy; 1st Lieutenant, James Fogarty; 2nd Lieutenant, G. Laporte; Treasurer, N. Loyer; Secretary, Edward O'Neill; Assistant Secretary, John Brown; Bugler, Patrick Curran; Foreman of Branch, H. Lepine; 2nd Foreman of Branch, A. Colson; Foreman of Hose, Wm. Burns; Engineer, Michael Burns.

PENNY READINGS.—Popular readings will probably be resumed in Centre Town within a short time. Is it not strange, seeing the success which has attended the penny reading movement, that the churches do not take the matter up? Dr. Jones finds it to pay, and so might every church in the city if properly managed. What better method than this to procure libraries for Sabbath schools and churches? Let ministers and others think of this.

WHISKEY IN A LAWYER'S OFFICE.—Henry Brown, a countryman from Goulbourne, whilst labouring under spirituous influence, without the fear of the law before his eyes, blundered into the office of one of our most eminent lawyers yesterday, and deported himself with a bold recklessness, which no one in his sober senses would think of doing. Surrounded as he was with *instruments* of torture, he cared not, and bade defiance to them all. The proprietor, remembering that mercy best becomes the great and powerful; the man was sent but a short time to the Police Station, where he was admitted to bail, as a mere form. Henry is a good fellow, but bad whiskey isn't.

ACKNOWLEDGMENT.—The Treasurer of the County of Carleton General Protestant Hospital acknowledges with many thanks the receipt of the following sums in aid of the institution: From St. George's Society per Thomas Starmer, Esq., ten dollars; T. C. Bramley, twelve dollars; Capt. Allan Fraser, proceeds of soiree held in School House, S. S. No. 5, under the patronage of the Fitzroy volunteers, Tuesday, December 23, 1868, twenty-three dollars and thirty cents, together with one tea chest filled with cakes; James Young, subscription for 1868, four dollars; Mrs. Charles Mohr, proceeds of a soiree held at Mohr's Corners, Fitzroy, on the evening of the New Year, thirty-six dollars and five cents; David T. Browne, four dollars.

WENT TO THE WRONG SHOP.—Yesterday afternoon a man named McClellan went to the hardware store of Mr. Meadows, Sussex-st., and demanded some stovepipe, which he said he had purchased and left there. Mr. Meadows had not seen the man before, and had not therefore sold him any pipe. He persisted, however, in reiterating his assertions that he had, and, becoming very offensive, his attention was directed to the door, and he was peremptorily ordered to leave, which he refused to do; and the proprietor was obliged to resort to physical force in such a manner as to leave the intruder no choice in the matter. Not satisfied with the speedy and ignominious exit he had made, he remained on the outside of the door in noisy demonstration, and, as was understood, was given in charge of the police. At any rate he was taken to the station and locked up. Whether McClellan had taken enough of the ardent to becloud his memory as to where he bought the pipe, deponent saith not.

A DRUNKEN WOMAN AND HER DOG.—The attention of a number of people was yesterday afternoon arrested by a middle-aged woman, who has been heretofore known at the Police Court by the name of Welch, or Walsh, lying on the snow-covered sidewalk, with her head propped on a lump of ice. A beaming smile would occasionally light up her not very attractive features, while she appeared to sleep. Then she would start up as if to make sure of the possession of some object dear to her heart, and putting her hand into her pocket draw forth a bottle, which she eyed with a benign expression, saluting it in the most approved fashion of a veteran toper, and then again lie down and close her eyes. All this while a dog sat by her side and watched over her, as a faithful friend, wasting his time on a worthless creature, though perhaps treated little better than the poor brute owned by Bill Sykes, whose history (both biped's and quadruped's) is duly set forth in the veracious history of Oliver Twist by one Charles Dickens. There was probably no comparison of this sort formed in the minds of those who were mocking at the fallen angel on the snow, nor in the minds of the policemen, who after a while came up and marched her off to the station.

AN UNHAPPY SCENE.—After the Police Court was over yesterday morning Alicia Ellen Cunningham was taken over to the station to wait for the train on which her father was to take her home. She expressed a desire to see her betrayer, who was locked up in the first cell. She wished, she said, to speak one word to him. Her desire was so far complied with as to be allowed to speak to him for a moment through the small trap-door; but when she came to see him caged up in a dark cell, and probably reflecting on the ruin their conduct had brought on both, on her sister and three helpless children, on her aged parents—on *another child!* she, was unable to speak to any purpose and two or three hurried and unconnected questions were all that fell from her lips, and these were half frantic appeals to him as to what she should do in her distress. He was probably too much occupied in thinking of his own troubles to pay attention to what she said, and her father came up to the cell and hurried her away. The poor old man said, in the presence of our reporter, that he does not blame his child in the least. But he said this in ignorance of the full extent of the disgrace brought on his family, and of the length of time over which illicit intercourse had been carried on, which Sullivan said *was* about a year. Sullivan's story about the elopement is, that they were going to Montreal to *hide* the disgrace. Before Mr. Cunningham left with his daughter for home, Sullivan gave him an order to sell the horse belonging to him, and hand the proceeds over to his wife. He was then taken hand-cuffed to jail.

POLICE COURT.—An old man, real name unknown, was charged with vagrancy and drunkenness, and sent to jail for one week.

Maurice Sullivan, who had been arrested in Hull the previous evening, was charged with stealing a horse and a bob-sleigh, the property of Patrick Cunningham, of Drummond, County of Lanark. Patrick Cunningham was called and being sworn, said the prisoner, Maurice Sullivan, is my son-in-law, he married my daughter, who has by him three children. On Monday, some time in the night, he took my horse from the stable and my sleigh from the yard; he also took his own horse, and with this team he went away to the residence of another son-in-law of mine, where my daughter Alicia Ellen was then visiting, saying that I had sent him for her. He then went away with her, the villain! I saw the horse and sleigh last night; they were shewn me by Detective O'Neill; I swear they are my property. My daughter with whom he ran away is something over seventeen years of age. I gave no one liberty to take my horse or sleigh.

The Police Magistrate told prisoner he was now at liberty to ask the witness any questions he might think proper.

Prisoner then asked witness if he did not give him liberty to take his horse and sleigh whenever he wanted them? Witness answered, yes; but that was some time ago, to go to the shanty. The prisoner said they had but one team between them, and they both used it whenever they required them, and he could bring three witnesses to prove that witness had given him liberty to do so. Witness said, I did not give you liberty to take away my child. Prisoner stated that it was her wish to go with him.

Dennis O'Keefe was sworn, and said prisoner told him last night that he had offered the team for sale.

Detective O'Neill deposed that he arrested the prisoner in Hull. He was walking along the street, holding the girl by the hand. He afterwards found the team at Wright's hotel, where it had been left by the prisoner, and where, being there kept for him, it was virtually in his possession. Prisoner further stated that he had offered it for sale.

Alicia Ellen Cunningham was then called, but she was so much agitated, and so overcome with grief, that it was sometime before the oath could be administered. Finally, however, she raised the cloud with which her face had been kept entirely concealed from view, sufficiently to kiss the book, and then pulled it down again. The magistrate, in consideration of her state of mind, said he would ask her but one or two questions as to the identity of her father's property. These she answered by stating that one of the horses and the sleigh belonged to her father, and that they were in Sullivan's possession. She was then led back to her seat with her face covered as before, and her father, in a painful state of mind, took a seat by her side, and from time to time spoke to her as if to calm her grief.

Being asked what he had to say to the charge the prisoner repeated his former statement, that he and his father-in-law had but one team between them, and that both used it whenever they required it. The prisoner was then fully committed to take his trial at the next March Assizes, and the witnesses, including the girl, were bound over to prosecute.

Four soldiers were then charged with stealing a hind quarter of pork from the shop of Mr. Arthur Owens, butcher, of Rideau-st. Three of them, however, were shewn to have had no part in the theft, though they had seen one of the prisoners named Hancock with the pork on his back. He was drunk at the time, and fell down whilst carrying it; he told the others that it was a present made to him. He was sent over to the Assizes.

—Leave orders for skirts before Christmas, and get them to fit.

Messrs. Young & Radford are the sole agents in Ottawa for the Waltham watches.

—Corsets at the skirt factory for half-price.

DIVINE SERVICES IN THE CITY CHURCHES ON SUNDAY.

St. Alban's Church, Daly Street.
(All seats free.)
REV. DR. BEDFORD JONES and REV. BICKERTON A. EDWARDS.
Holy Communion, 8 a.m.; Morning Prayer, 11 a.m.; Evening Prayer, 7 p.m.

Christ Church (Church of England)—Sparks Street.
Rev J S LAUDER, M A, Rev C F STREET, M A, Curate.
Morning Service at 11 o'clock; Evening at 7 Free Seats.

Chapel of Ease—Sussex Street.
Rev J S LAUDER, M A, Rev C F STREET, M A, Curates.
Morning Service at 11; Evening at 7. Free Seats.
Military Service—Chaplain, Rev. T. D. Phillips, M.A.—in the Sussex-street Chapel at 9 a.m.

New Edinburgh Parish—Church of England.
REV. GEORGE NOEL HIGGINSON, M.A., Clerk in charge.
Service in the New School House. Morning Service at 11. Afternoon Service at 4:30. Holy Communion on the first Sunday in the month at 11 a.m., and on the 3rd Sunday in the month at 8 a.m. The services are maintained by the offertory.

St James' Episcopal Church—Hull.
REV [illegible] HN JOHNSTON.
Divine Service at 11 a m and 7 p m.

Methodist Episcopal Church—Le Breton's Flats.
Rev T W PICKETT.
Services commence at 10½ a m; and 6½ p m. Sabbath School at 2 p m.

Congregational Church—Albert Street.
Rev. EDWARD EBBS, Minister.
Morning service commences at 11 o'clock, and evening services at 6½ o'clock. Sabbath School a o'clock p m.

Baptist Church—Queen Street.
Rev D MCPHAIL, Pastor.
Services at 11 o'clock, am, and 6½ p.m. Sabbath School at 9½ in the morning.

Free Church (Presbyterian)—Daly Street.
Rev. T. WARDROPE.
Morning Service at 11 o'clock; Evening 6½ p.m.
Rev Mr MOORE.
• Services will be held in the Church, Bank Street, at 11 a.m., and 6½ p.m.

Kirk of Scotland—Wellington Street.
Rev. DANIEL M. GORDON.
Morning Service at 11 o'clock; Evening at 6½.

Wesleyan Methodist Church—Metcalfe Street.
Rev MR. HARPER,
Morning Service at 10½ o'clock; Evening at 6½ Sabbath School at 2 p.m.

Meth. Epis. Church—Cor. York and Dalhousie Sts
Rev. S. G STONE
Morning Service at 10½ o'clock; Evening at 6½; Sabbath School at 2 p.m.

St. Andrew's Church, (Roman Catholic.)
Hours of service—Sundays and Holidays:—Morning, at 8 and 10 a.m. Evening, at 7 p.m.

Cathedral Notre Dame.
Rev. D. DANDURAND, Vicar-General.
Hours of Service, 5, 8 and 10 a m, and 7 p. m., from Easter until St. Michael's Day; 6, 8 and 10 a. m., and 6 p.m. from St. Michael's until Easter.

St. Joseph's Church.
Rev. J. F. GUILIARD, P P
Hours of Service, Sundays and Holidays, Mass—8 and 10 a.m., from Easter until the Feast of St. Michael; Vespers at 7 p.m.; from St. Michael to Easter, 6p.m. week days, 7½ p.m.

Catholic Apostolic Church—Hull.
Rev E J W ROBERTS.
Services, Sundays, at 10 a m, and 5 p m. On week days at 5 p m; and on Wednesdays and Fridays at 10 a m.

Watches, Jewellery, &c.

GOLD AND SILVER

WATCHES,

JEWELLERY, ELECTRO-PLATE,

AND

A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF

ENGLISH, FRENCH AND GERMAN

FANCY GOODS,

To be had at the

SHEFFIELD HOUSE,

SPARKS-ST.,

AT HALF PRICE,

As the whole stock must be cleared out

WITHOUT RESERVE.

ALL GOODS WARRANTED.

Ottawa, Jan. 7, 1869. 943-2

Publications.

THIS DAY
Will be Published, by
JONES & HOLLAND,
News Dealers, &c., Post Office Block,
"MEMORIALS
OF THE
"LATE CIVIL SERVICE REGIMENT."
PRICE 15 CENTS.
Ottawa, January 8, 1869. 943-2

NOW PREPARING.

THE CANADIAN

PARLIAMENTARY COMPANION

FIFTH EDITION,

(ENLARGED AND AMENDED,)

EDITED BY HENRY J. MORGAN.

A limited number of Advertisements will be received.

THE MONTREAL PRINTING
943-3 AND PUBLISHING COMPANY.

JONES & HOLLAND

Have to hand another supply of

Children's Books,
Planchette Fortune Tellers,
Miss Braddon's Last Novel,
The British Workman,
Penny Readings,
Tiny Libraries, &c., &c.

Post Office Block, Jan. 4, 1869.

NEW PUBLICATION.

CHRONICLES OF CANADA.

BY

H. BEAUMONT SMALL, S.C.L.

Price, 50 cents. For sale by the publisher,

936tf GEORGE E. DESBARATS.

COTTON GOODS.

MAGEE & RUSSELL

Have brought forward from the wholesale department

150 PIECES ASSORTED PRINTS,

125 " BLEACHED SHIRTING,

200 " GREY COTTON,

and arranged them on the Centre Tables, where they will be offered at wholesale prices by the piece, during the remainder of this month.

They would also remark that "COTTON GOODS" are slightly higher priced in England, than what they were when the above were purchased.

Customers would be consulting their own interests by taking advantage of the above sale, the reductions being 2, 2½ and 3 cents per yard.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

Dry Goods.

HICK & CO.

Have removed to their NEW STORE, in Stewart's Block, Corner of Rideau and Sussex-sts., where they will offer, in connection with their goods,

$30,000 WORTH OF DRY GOODS

Purchased at Public Auction lately, from the immense Bankrupt Stock of the late firm of DE MARTERY, JORDAINE & CO., of Montreal, and sold on account of T. JAMES CLAXTON. The goods are all new and of very superior quality, being imported expressly for a fashionable Montreal trade; and, as they have succeeded in purchasing the goods far below the sterling cost, they are prepared to offer bargains never before offered in this city. The following are some of the lines of goods offered, viz.:

		s. d.		s. d.
100 pieces	different qualities Black Silks........			
60 do	Single width plain Wincey	5	worth	[illegible]
100 do	Fancy, single width Wincey	7½	"	1 [illegible]
62 do	Double width plain Wincey	7½	"	1 [illegible]
80 do	Double Delaines.....	7½	"	1 [illegible]
70 do	do Poplin........	7½	"	1 [illegible]
150 do	do Cobourg.....	7½	"	1 [illegible]
150 do	Assort'd Dress Goods	9	"	1 [illegible]
33 do	Empress Reps........	1 6	"	[illegible]
60 do	Bl'k French Merino	1 6	"	[illegible]
75 do	Fancy Colors—your choice for........	2		
200 do	Black Empress Rep only..............	10	"	[illegible]

Also, a splendid assortment of
Hannibal Cloths — Oriental Lustres
Livini Poplins — Alberteena Cloths
Princess Alexandra Embossed Poplins
Mandarin Lustres — Eugenia Reps, &c.

1,000 doz. FRINGED TOWELS, all Linen,.................6d each.

SHAWLS.

35 Filled Shawls.
83 Shepherd Long Shawls
101 Fancy, all wool Longs
167 Assorted Square Shawls.

COTTONS.

120 pieces Grey Cotton, 1¼ yards wide, for.....[illegible]
160 do Bleached Horrocks and Millars.........[illegible]
165 do Good Prints ....[illegible]
303 do Best English Prints, Hoyle's and Ashton's.........[illegible]
159 do French Calicos, in choice patterns..[illegible]

CLOTHS.

		s. d.		s. d.
20 pieces	Waterproof........................	3 9		
80 do	Double Width Overcoating..............	2 9	worth	[illegible]
35 do	Scotch Tweed............	2 6	do	[illegible]
100 do	Canadian Tweed..........	1 3	do	[illegible]
100 do	Full Cloth, very heavy..	2 9	do	[illegible]

Also, a splendid lot o

BROAD CLOTHS, BEAVERS,

Witneys, Mantle Cloths,

BLACK DOES, &c., &c., &c.,

at correspondingly low prices.

85 PIECES DOMINION TWEED

Something New—one of the heaviest cloths made—*at a great sacrifice.*

1,000 doz. TABLE NAPKINS, all Linen, only 6s 3d per doz.

SHIRTS! SHIRTS! SHIRTS!

1,000 Flannel Shirts, only............2 6
200 White Cotton Shirts, only..........3 9
500 Under Shirts, only.................3 3
300 Hespler's heaviest make, Ribbed ....5 0 worth [illegible]

Paper Collars—100 collars for 3s 9d.

500 pieces 2¼-yards wide Linen Sheeting...........................3 3 worth 5
5 do 2-yards wide, Union Sheeting.........................1 7 do 3
81 do Table Damask and 300 Damask Table Cloths, at a frightful sacrifice................

Also, Red and White Flannels, Canadian Shirting Flannels, Hoop Skirts, Crash Towellings, Irish Linen, Clouds, Breakfast Shawls, Hemp Carpets, &c., &c.

CORSETS, 2s 6d.

Blankets—A large lot of slightly damaged Blankets for about half price.

1,000 Linen Bags, 1s, worth 1s 6d; 40 cases Men's Heavy Boots, very low; 3 cases Men's Heavy French Calf, 12s 6d. Also, a heavy stock of Gentlemen's Clothing.

$3.50..................................OVERCOATS.
4.00...........................heavy OVERCOATS.
90 cts. up..................................PANTS.
50 cts. to $1.25............................VESTS.
$8.00.........Black Broadcloth.........FALL SUITS.

A large staff of polite and attentive salesmen will be in readiness to wait on customers.

H. HICK & CO.

Customers will please report any inattention on the part of salesmen.

AT CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S

The greatest novelty of the season is the

BOULEVARD FELT UNDERSKIRT,

Unsurpassed for

BEAUTY, ECONOMY & DURABILITY

AT

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S

No. 14, RIDEAU-ST.

REMOVAL

TO

NO. 34, SPARKS-ST.

T. RAJOTTE

having removed to more commodious premises, takes pleasure in announcing to his numerous customers and the public generally that he has now a large and well selected stock of

STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS,

consisting of

Flannels — Black Cloths
Winceys — Beaver Cloths
Cottons — Meltons
Prints — Tweeds
&c., — &c.

We have also on hand a large assortment of READY-MADE CLOTHING, which, being manufactured on the premises, we can recommend, and sell cheaper than any shop in this city.

THE TAILORING DEPARTMENT.

This department is under the superintendence of a well-known first-class cutter and workman. All orders punctually attended to.

Don't forget the place, No. 34, Sparks-st. Store lately occupied by G. Fetherston & Co., next door to Magee & Russell's old store.

883y T. RAJOTTE.

LOST.

A DIAMOND BREAST PIN,

with Chain attached.

The finder will be suitably rewarded by leaving it at

H. WHITESIDE & CO'S.,
62 Rideau-st.,
944tf Ottawa, Ont.

PIANO TUNING.—The subscriber having decided to divide his time equally between Ottawa and Ogdensburgh, would beg to inform his old patrons and others, that he hopes, in future, to attend to their orders for tuning more promptly than heretofore. Shall visit Ottawa once a month. Orders received at Mr. Bermingham's Auction Rooms, and at E. Miles' Music Store.

GEO. N. BENEDICT.

Latest by Telegraph.

Per Montreal Line.

TORONTO.

ONTARIO LEGISLATURE.

2nd Session: 1st Legislative Assembly.

Special to THE TIMES.

TORONTO, January 8.

In the House to-night a warrant was issued for the South Lanark election.

In Committee of Supply a discussion arose on the item of $50,000 for colonization roads.

Mr. Blake enquired where the roads would be built.

Mr. Richards said it was impossible to say now, other than that where good land was found the roads would be built and a settlement established.

The item ultimately passed.

After recess a message was brought down from the Lieutenant-Governor containing a supplement estimate, with a correction in the Crown Lands expenditure.

SECOND DESPATCH.

TORONTO, January 8.

The report of the meeting of the Board of Agriculture was published to-day. It appears that in Mr. White's report he is wrong in saying that no bank account exists, as it is clearly proved that there is a bank account; that a bond for $4,000 is held by the Board; but it is established that the Treasurer is short $8,252. The latter gentleman, in reply to a letter from the Secretary, said he was prepared to give ample landed security for payment.

The statement that Lord Cecil would preach here on Sunday proves to be incorrect.

Two batteries of artillery, stationed here, are undergoing a course of inspection by Capt. Booker, inspector of gunnery for the 40th Brigade.

A despatch from Halifax says it is reported there that Wilkins is looking to succeed Judge Biles.

Mr. Grant, engineer of the Eastern Extension Railroad, writes contradicting the remarks by the *Globe's* Ottawa correspondent on the character of the line.

The New Brunswick Legislature is expected to meet on the 18th of February.

Mr. Wallis, M.P. for West Toronto, has been in the House since its re-assembling, and has completely gained his eyesight.

CABLE NEWS.

GREAT BRITAIN.

LONDON, January 8.—The firm attitude of Turkey on the Eastern question excites much alarm.

SOUTHAMPTON, January 8—3 p. m.—The steamship *Westphalia*, from New York December 28, has arrived.

SPAIN.

NEWS VIA PARIS.

PARIS, January 8.—The Spanish Government is about to establish corps of observation on the Pyrenees.

TURKEY AND GREECE.

NEWS VIA LONDON.

LONDON, January 8.—The request of the Sublime Porte for a postponement of the Conference on the Eastern question, for a few days, in order that time might be gained to introduce the Turkish representative, has not been acceded to. The sessions of the Conference will certainly open in Paris to-morrow. The Sultan consequently has been obliged to telegraph at length from Constantinople his instructions to Ojemel Mehemel Pasha, the Turkish Ambassador at Paris. There is no question that part of these instructions are that if the discussions in the Conference extend beyond the Sublime Porte's ultimatum to the Grecian Government, that the Turkish representative will immediately withdraw.

The *Turquie* official newspaper at Constantinople, in its issue of yesterday, said that if the Turkish representative withdraws from the Conference war with Greece is inevitable.

NEWS VIA VIENNA.

VIENNA, January 8.—The *Presse* of this city asserts that the representives of the Greek Government at the Paris Conference will not be permitted to offer any propositions, but will attend for the purpose of giving information in regard to subjects under discussion. The conference will frame the project of settlement, which it will be the duty of Greece to adopt.

CUBA.

Removal of the Statues of Isabella—Proclamation by the Captain-General.

HAVANA, January 7.—Last night, by order of the Government, all the statues of Queen Isabella, and other symbols of the late dynasty, were removed from the squares and public buildings in the city. Captain-General Duchar has issued his proclamation. It is addressed to Cubans. He says: "I will brave every danger, accept every responsibility, for your welfare. The revolution has swept away the Bourbon dynasty, tearing up by the roots a plant so poisonous that it putrified the air we breathed. To the citizen shall be returned his rights—to man his dignity. You will receive all the reforms which you require."

HAVANA, January 8.—The proclamation of Captain-Gen. Dulce is favourably received by the majority of the people, but disliked by the extremists of Spanish and Cuban parties. It is rumoured an interview will soon take place between Dulce and prominent revolutionists in Havana. Should the meeting be successful it would tend materially to the restoration of peace on the island. News received from Nassau states that a schooner recently arrived there from Cuba after successfully landing 50 recruits and 2,000 muskets for the insurgents. Many reports of engagements between the troops and rebels in the interior are circulating here, but none of them have yet been confirmed. The *Correspondencia*, at Boyamo, says the revolutionists have concluded to issue a proclamation making slaves free, and fixing a day after which they shall receive pay for their labour, and they propose to carry this resolution into immediate effect.

WEST INDIES.

Intelligence has been received from St. Thomas of a fearful storm in that vicinity. A large number of vessels had put in there in distress.

Advices from Hayti and St. Domingo state that the rebel general Saget, had advanced on Port au Prince, and commenced a heavy cannonading, which was vigourously returned. President Salnave recently attended a church in Miragoave; while there a party of rebels attempted to capture him, but he was secretly informed of the plot, and made his escape; but his personal staff and suite of attendants were attacked and cut to pieces. Cape Haytien was closely beseiged by the revolutionists. Jacmel still remains in the possession of the revolutionists, who were well prepared and able to resist the attacks of Salnave.

AMERICAN NEWS.

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES.

Injunction Issued in the Express Company Case.

NEW YORK, January 8.—Judge Ingraham granted an injunction restraining the Merchants' Union Express Company from completing the consolidation with any other company; and the American Merchants' Union Express Company from receiving any moneys, property, rights, or franchises from said Merchants' Union Express Company; and also restraining the Merchants' Union Express Company from collecting the last called assessment of five dollars per share.

THIS MORNING'S DESPATCHES.

The School House Accident at Rochester.

ROCHESTER, January 8.—Thus far but eight persons have died in consequence of the falling of the school house floor on Wednesday night. There are nearly fifty wounded, but most of them are out of danger. Six of the killed were buried this morning. One funeral mass was celebrated for all at St. Peter and St. Paul's Catholic Church. A coroner's investigation shows that the cause of the accident was a neglect to put a stone cap of full size upon a brick pier in the cellar.

Death of Gen. Rousseau and the Hon. J. M. Betts.

NEW ORLEANS, January 8.—Gen. Rousseau died very calmly last night at eleven o'clock, having taken leave of his friends and staff shortly before that hour. Manifestations of regret are universal.

WASHINGTON, January 8.—The Hon. John Minor Betts died at his house in Culpher, Va., this morning, at one o'clock.

New York Central Railroad Company.

NEW YORK, January 8.—The *Commercial Advertiser* says the New York Central Railroad Company have issued new scrip to the full extent allowed under injunction, and are now declining to make any further issues. It is reported in well informed quarters that the Erie directors have failed in their efforts to purchase the Cincinnati, Hamilton and Dayton Railroad. The company, we understand, has therefore made arrangements to build a line from Dayton to Cincinnati on the old air line route, which is to be undertaken forthwith. This, of course, gives the Erie company a broad gauge through line to St. Louis, *via* Ohio and Mississippi Railroad, avoiding the toll heretofore charged by the Cincinnati, Hamilton and Dayton Railroad Company.

Central Pacific Railroad.

SAN FRANCISCO, January 8.—Trains on the Central Pacific Railroad are running on schedule time to Carlin in the northeast corner of Nevada, 600 miles distant. The track layers are at Humbolt Canon, 25 miles further east. No interruption has occurred from snow, so far. The twenty-two miles of snow sheds at the summit of Sierras is working satisfactorily. The commercial business of the Central for December exceeded $340,000.

A Penny Postage Between Great Britain and the United States.

WASHINGTON, January 8.—A cable despatch states that the system of penny postage between Great Britain and this country is advocated by a large number of the members of the new British Parliament, and that a memorial, signed by a hundred members of Parliament, has been presented to Reverdy Johnson, requesting him to urge the American Government to adopt the system of a penny postage between the United States and Great Britain. The London *Times* points to the memorial, and comments favourably thereon.

As this Government has been willing to cooperate in establishing a cheap ocean postage system, to which they have unsuccessfully endeavored to obtain the consent of the British Government, members of Parliament and the British public who favor this important postal reform should therefore memorialize their own Government on the subject.

A meritorious article is Hall's Sicilian Hair Renewer; it is rapidly becoming known and widely and deservedly popular. It is apparently nothing in itself but an agreeably perfumed and pleasant hair dressing, but it contains the most wonderful curative properties for loss of hair, and after using it a short time, gray hair is restored to its natural color. If any of our readers doubt it, let them try a single bottle of the "Renewer," and they will add their testimonial to the truth of what we say.—*Sentinel, Burlington, Vt.*

What is the healthy, worldly man's ambition wealth, wealth, wealth. And what the poor invalid's, health, health, health. 'Tis true, gold is dross compared with health. Take care of it, but if you have already lost it from disease of the throat, lungs, liver, kidneys, or digestive organs, &c., remember that there has never been heretofore a medicine that could in any way compete with the Great Shoshonees Remedy for the radical cure of those diseases.

Dr. Wistar's Wild Cherry Balsam.—This balsamic compound has become a home fixture. Let all who suffer, and have in vain attempted to cure their coughs, colds, bronchial or pulmonary complaints, make use of this unequalled remedy. It can be relied upon, the mass of testimony that has been published since its introduction, being ample proof of its efficacy.

—For a choice selection of New Tapestry, Brussells, Kidderminster and Imperial 3-ply Carpets, Cocoa Matting, Floor Oil Cloths, Hearth Rugs, Crumb Cloths and Door Mats; Damasks, Repps, Curtain Trimmings, Lace and Muslin Curtains, go to Magee & Russell's new Store, next door to Mr. John Leslie's, Sparks-st.

CARPETS AND HOUSE FURNISHINGS.—Parties about to furnish will find a large and choice assortment of carpetings and house furnishings, cheap, at Garland, Mutchmor & Co's. Carpets made and laid with despatch.

For fine bog oak brooches and ear rings in sets, see Young & Radford's new lot, just received, and selling at the very low price of only 90 cts. per set.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

Reported by Telegraph.

[For daily report of Ottawa Markets, see Fourth Page.]

New York Money Market.

NEW YORK, January 8.—Gold 135.

New York Markets.

NEW YORK, January 8.—Cotton firmer at 27¼c.—Flour, low grades extra, steady; others dull; receipts 6,800 barrels; sales 5,300 barrels at $6 @ 6.30 for superfine State and western.—Wheat dull and drooping.—Rye dull. Corn dull and drooping; new mixed western $1.07 @ 1.10; inferior to prime old do. in store and afloat, the latter extreme.—Barley dull and heavy; sales 500 bushels at $1.82.—Oats dull and nominal; receipts 2,500 bushels; sales 1,000 bushels at 75½c. @ 76c. for western in store, and 78c. for do. afloat.—Pork firm and quiet at $29.50 @ 29.62 for new mess; $28.50 @ 28.05 for old do.—Lard steady at 18¾c. @ 19¼c. for steam; 19¾c. @ 20c. for kettle rendered.

London Money Market.

LONDON, January 8—Eve.—Consols 92¾ for both; Bonds 75; Stocks dull; Erie 26¾; Illinois Central 95¾.

Liverpool Markets.

LIVERPOOL, January 8—11 a.m.—Cotton quiet and unchanged. Flour 27s. @ 27s. 3d. Red wheat 10s. 10d. White wheat 11s. 10d. @ 12s. Corn 37s. for old.; 35s. 6d. for new. Barley 5s. Oats 3s. 6d. Peas 44s. 6d. Pork 92s. 6d. Lard 70s.

1:25 p.m.—Lard 71s. Rest unchanged. Yarns and fabrics at Manchester are less favourable.

GENERAL NOTICE!

TO FARMERS & OTHERS INTERESTED.

We beg to announce that our large sale of

BANKRUPT GOODS

will close in 20 days, having nearly cleared out our stock, and we take this opportunity of thanking our patrons.

Our stock consists of

Stoves of every Size, Pattern or Style,

and we guarantee to suit in price; also,

Tinware,
Lamps,
Oils,
Lamp Trimmings,
Brushes,
Wire Goods,
Japanned Ware,
and General House Furnishings.

Farmers, we have *the* Stoves for you at astounding prices.

ESMONDE BROS.,
Centre Town, opp. Ontario Bank.

MESSRS. J. L. ORME & SON

Respectfully call the attention of the public to their magnificent stock of

PIANO-FORTES, ORGANS,
AND MELODEONS,

In their new Show Room, comprising

PIANO-FORTES, *from all the leading makers.*

Warren's PIPE ORGANS, and ORGANS and MELODEONS from the best factories in the United States, excelling in finish and tone anything ever brought into this country.

Now is the time for intending purchasers.

PRICES LOW & TERMS LIBERAL

Our stock of Consertinas, Violins, Flutes, &c., &c., is, as usual, very large.

New Sheet Music and Books constantly arriving.

J. L. ORME & SON,
Sign of the Golden Lyre,
944tf No. 3, Sparks-st., next Durie & Son's,

Dry Goods.

FRESH ARRIVALS.

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!

THOS. & W. HUNTON

Have just opened out the contents of 42 packages of NEW GOODS, comprising

1 CASE SILKS, in plain and fancy colors, splendid value;
1 CASE VELVETEENS,
3 BALES WHITE COTTONS,
1 " WHITE COTTON SHEETING,
6 " GRAY COTTONS,
(at greatly reduced prices.)
2 CASES LINENS, assorted,
1 " BLACK CLOTHS,
2 " BLACK & COLORED OVERCOATINGS,
1 BALE WHITE FLANNELS,
1 " GRAY FLANNELS,
1 " SCARLET FLANNELS,
4 " BLANKETS,
2 " HEMP CARPETS,
3 " WOOL CARPETS,
10 " TAPESTRY CARPETS, this season's new patterns,
3 " CANADIAN TWEEDS.

All of the above goods being marked off, and ready for inspection. We would specially invite intending purchasers to call and examine them.

THOS. & W. HUNTON
47 and 49 Sparks-st.

Educational.

BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES, OTTAWA, ONTARIO.

MRS. ROBERT STEWART, from London, England, has made arrangements to receive as Boarding Pupils (in conjunction with her already well established day school) a limited number of young ladies, to whom she will impart a solid and polite education on moderate terms.

She has had great experience in teaching, and the management of young people.

Her system is modern and complete; the house commodious, and situated in one of the best parts of the city.

Mrs Robert Stewart devotes all her time to the duties of her station. The utmost care will be taken in reference to health, morals, and religious training, and the domestic arrangements are such as to ensure comfort to those committed to her care.

The next term will begin on the 1st February, 1869.

References are kindly permitted to the Hon. Sir J. A. Macdonald, K.C.B., Hon. S. L. Tilley, C.B., Hon. Alex. Campbell, Hon. Malcolm Cameron, Hon. Col. Gray, M.P., Fennings Taylor, Esq., Andrew Drummond, Esq., Manager Bank of Montreal, Ottawa, J. A. Grant, Esq., M. D., M. P., and Henry Cotton, Esq.

N.B.—Prospectuses on application to Mrs. Robt. Stewart, Ottawa, Ontario. 932-1awF1-5-11

EDUCATION—CLASSICAL AND GENERAL.

THE REV. GEO. NOEL HIGGINSON, M. A., Incumbent of New Edinburgh, the with especial sanction of the Bishop of the Diocese, receives a limited number of the sons of gentlemen as morning pupils.

Residence—Dalhousie-st., Ottawa.

Terms made known on application. 940tf

YOUNG LADIES'
BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL,
Wellington-st.,
CONDUCTED BY MISS HARMON.

The Classes will (D.V.) re-assemble after the Christmas vacation, on TUESDAY, JAN. 5th, 1869. The Spring Term will commence on the 1st of FEBRUARY. There are vacancies for two additional Boarding Pupils. The Drawing, Singing, French and Music Classes, are under the tuition of competent and thoroughly experienced teachers. Young ladies who have finished their English studies can join these classes without reference to the English course. Prospectuses, containing the statement of terms, and the course of English studies pursued in the school, can be obtained at Messrs. Durie's Bookstore, and on application to MISS HARMON.

December 29, 1868. 935a

ST. ALBAN'S SCHOOL,
DALY-ST.

PRINCIPAL:
REV. BICKERTON A. EDWARDS, B. A.,
(ex-scholar Jesus Coll., Oxford.)

Business will be resumed on MONDAY, JAN. 4th. Hours of Study—9:30 a.m. to 12:30, and 2 to 4 p.m.

SCHOOL FEES.—For Sound Commercial and English Education, $5 per term. Higher Mathematics, Latin, Greek, French and Music, (each) $3 per term EXTRA.

The school year will, as hitherto, be divided into three terms.

A reduction made for brothers, and for payments made in the first week of term. 938tf

FURNITURE, FURNITURE, FURNITURE.

The best stock in the city is
AT THE VARIETY HALL.

HAIR SEATED, CANE SEATED & WOOD SEATED CHAIRS,
AT THE VARIETY HALL.

REP AND HAIR CLOTH PARLOR SETS, in different patterns,
AT THE VARIETY HALL.

CHIFFONNIERS AND SIDEBOARDS, from $5 upwards,
AT THE VARIETY HALL.

BOOK CASES of GREY & BLACK WALNUT
AT THE VARIETY HALL.

ROCKING AND EASY CHAIRS, of every description,
AT THE VARIETY HALL.

SOFAS, COUCHES AND TETE-A-TETES, different shapes and sizes, very cheap,
AT THE VARIETY HALL.

CITY OF OTTAWA AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY.

THE ANNUAL MEETING of the Subscribers to the City of Ottawa Agricultural Society will take place at the CITY HALL, on FRIDAY, the 15th INSTANT, at THREE o'clock, p.m., for the ELECTION OF DIRECTORS FOR THE ENSUING YEAR, and the transaction of such other business as may be brought before the meeting.

By order,
A. S. WOODBURN,
Secy. C. O. A. S.

January 6, 1869. 943.3

Groceries.

THE TEA POT LIST.

In Cases, Hhd. and ¼ Casks,

HENNESSEY'S BRANDY,
MARTELL'S do
OTARD, DUPEY & Co., do
JULES, ROBIN & Co., do
CASTILLION & Co., do.

In Bottle or Wood,

GRAHAM'S EXTRA OLD PORT,
GRAHAM'S THREE GRAPE,
SANDEMAN'S CHOICE OLD PORT,
McKENZIE'S Pure Golden SHERRY,
DUNN'S BROWN, do
CHOICE PALE, do.

THE
FINEST BALTIMORE OYSTERS,
Received daily, by Express.

CHIPPAWA pure old RYE WHISKEY
Four years old, equal to any French Brandy.

CHIPPAWA TODDY WHISKEY,
Four years old, equal to Scotch.

CHIPPAWA FAMILY PROOF.

J. G. ROBINSON & CO.,
The Tea Pot, Ottawa.
Ottawa, Dec. 16, 1868.

ON SALE,
GOODERHAM & WORTS'
RECTIFIED SPIRITS.

100 BBLS. CELEBRATED OLD RYE,
100 do HIGHWINES, 50 O.P.
100 do ALCOHOL, 65 O.P.

The trade supplied at manufacturers' prices.

REDPATH'S EXTRA GOLDEN SYRUP
REDPATH'S STANDARD do
NEW YORK HOUSE SYRUP,
100 BBLS. WEST INDIA MOLASSES.
500 CHESTS UNCOLORED JAPAN TEA.
100 CADDIES ORANGE PEKOE
150 CHESTS TWANKAY.
200 CADDIES BRIGHT SOL TOBACCO.
100 BOXES TOBACCO, 10s.
500 BARRELS EXTRA SUPERIOR FLOUR.
300 BBLS. MESS PORK, to arrive.

J. G. ROBINSON & Co.
December 16, 1868. 926.3m

Jewellery, &c.

FOR
CHRISTMAS AND NEW YEAR'S
PRESENTS,
IN GOLD & SILVER WATCHES,
Go to YOUNG & RADFORD'S,
30 Sparks-st.

FOR
CHRISTMAS AND NEW YEAR'S
PRESENTS,
GOLD CHAINS & FINE JEWELLERY,
Go to YOUNG & RADFORD'S.

FOR
CHRISTMAS AND NEW YEAR'S
PRESENTS,
IN PLATED WARE,
Go to YOUNG & RADFORD'S.

FOR
CHRISTMAS AND NEW YEAR'S
PRESENTS,
IN FANCY GOODS,
SUITABLE FOR THE SEASON,
Go to YOUNG & RADFORD'S.

PARTIES WANTING WORK
SUITABLE FOR PRESENTATIONS
FOR CHRISTMAS OR NEW YEAR,
Will find it to their advantage to
Go to YOUNG & RADFORD'S,
30 Sparks-st.

Garland, Mutchmor & Co

XMAS DRY GOODS.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.,
IMPORTERS, 20 SPARKS-ST.,

Have received, ex various ocean steamers, large additions to their extensive stock of

STAPLE & FANCY DRY GOODS,
MILLINERY,
Carpetings and House Furnishings,

and are now showing a large and well assorted stock in every department. They invite special attention to the following:

RICH FANCY SILKS,
RICH FANCY DRESSES,
suitable for street and evening wear,
RICH BALL DRESSES,
GOOD ABERDEEN WINCIES,
at a little over half last year's prices. Good cheap useful dresses for all classes in all the new materials.

CLOTHS,
TWEEDS,
BLANKETS,
FLANNELS,
SHEETINGS,
COTTONS,
PRINTS, Etc.,
all in great variety cheap.

LACES,
RIBBONS,
TRIMMINGS,
GLOVES,
HOSIERY,
Black Silk Mantle Velvets,
Black and Brown Velveteens,
Black and Brown Sealskins,
Black and Brown Astricans,
Coloured Jasper Sealskins,
White and Fancy Mantle Cloths.

MANTLES,
in great variety, in all the new materials an shapes.

SHAWLS,
BONNETS,
HATS,
LADIES' CAPS,
HEAD DRESSES,
FLOWERS,
FEATHERS,
BRIDAL WREATHS.

Great novelty in Skirts—the

NEW PATENT FELT SKIRT,

Plain and embroidered, all in once piece; warm lighter, better fitting and cheaper than any other skirts. Just opened

One Case Plain Glasgow Wincies.

Two cases latest styles in Clouds and othe Woollen Goods.

Wholesale and Retail.

Stationery.

NEW GOODS.

Just received, ex steamship *St. David*, a large importation of the best British manufactured

STAPLE STATIONERY,
IN
LETTER PAPERS,
NOTE PAPERS,
ENVELOPES,
FOOLSCAPS,
FOLIO POSTS,
RECORD PAPERS,
TINTED BLOTTING PAPERS,
MUSIC PAPER,
&c., &c., &c.

For sale at
THE OTTAWA CITIZEN
Stationery and Printing House,
Queen-st., Ottawa.

Groceries.

For sale by the undersigned.

300 BBLS. MESS PORK.
200 BBLS. THIN MESS PORK.
500 BBLS. STRONG SUPER FLOUR.

COAL OIL.

Having been appointed by the combination their agents for

COAL OIL,

They are now prepared to sell in quantities to suit the trade, by the

BARREL OR CAR LOAD,
AT THE
LOWEST PRICES

Agents for Hiram Walker's

HIGHWINES
RYE,
PROOF, and
MONONGAHELA WHISKEYS.

Agents for
REESOR BROS. CHEESE.

Agents for John Campbell's celebrated

HAMS,
BACON, &c.

C. T. BATE & CO.,
Canal Basin.
Ottawa, Dec. 12, 1868.

Stationery.

PRESENTS FOR THE HOLIDAYS.

What more acceptable gift than a beautiful work of art, to be gazed on with pleasure and profit every day! "A thing of beauty is a joy forever!" Give then as Christmas Gifts, those exquisite pictures,

PRANG'S CHROMOS,

of which Frederic E. Church, the great American artist, says: "They are certainly most skilfully and artistically executed." And John G. Whittier "I had no idea they were home productions; I am glad to know that such beautiful work is done here." And Bayard Taylor: "Your illuminations of the Beatitudes are really superb." And Wendell Phillips; "I congratulate you on your success, which I consider marvellous."

Prang's American Chromos are fac-simile reproductions of masterly oil and water-color paintings, so skilfully and artistically done that it requires the experience of an expert to detect the difference between them and their originals. Among them the following are the most attractive:

Horses in a Storm. (After R. Adams.)
The two Friends. (Child and Dog, after Geraud.)
Sunset in California. (After Bierstadt.)
Sunlight in Winter. (After Morvillier.)
The Barefooted Boy. (After Whittier.)
Early Autumn on Esopus Creek, N. Y. (After A. T. Bricher.)
Late Autumn in the White Mountains. (After A. T. Bricher.)
Six American Landscapes. (After A. T. Bricher.)
Strawberries and Baskets. (After Miss V. Granbery.)
Cherries and Basket. (After Miss V. Granbery.)
Flower Bouquet.
Blackberries in Vase. (After Lilly M. Spencer.)
Fringed Gentian. } [After H. R. Newman.]
Easter Morning. [After Mrs. James M. Hart.]
Group of Chickens. [After Tait.]
Group of Quails. [After Tait.]
Group of Ducklings. [After Tait.]
The Poultry Yard. [After Lemmens.]
Poultry Life. } A. } [After Lemmens.]
" } B. } [Companions.]
The Kid's Play-Ground. [After Bruish.]
Correggio's Magdalena.
Under the Apple-Tree. } [After G. E. Niles.]
Rest by the Roadside. } [Companion pictures.]
Autumn Leaves—Maple.
Autumn Leaves—Oak.
Wood Mosses and Ferns. [After Ellen Robbins.]
Bird's Nest and Lichen. [After Ellen Robbins.]
The Bullfinch. [After Wm. Cruickshank.]
The Linnet. [After Wm. Cruickshank.]
Have Patience. [Girl and Dog.]
Rabbits and Kittens.
Morning. [After Rosa Bonheur.]
Evening. [After Rosa Bonheur.]
&c., &c., &c.

The Beatitudes of Our Lord, most magnificently illuminated.

Illuminated School Room Cards, with mottoes taken from Scripture.

Illuminated crosses, Book Marks, Rewards of Merit.

The Language of Flowers, Wood and Sea Mosses, Ferns, Flowers, &c.

"OLD MOTHER HUBBARD," "The most elegant juvenile book of the season," "superbly illustrated and illuminated.

The editor of a prominent journal, writing to Mr. Prang, expresses thus his idea on Chromos:

"We think no greater civilizer could be introduced so generally as your chromos. You will never find a thief with a rosebud in his button-hole nor will you ever find a murderer admire your productions. Only the good, the true, and the better part of our nature, are touched and spoken to by art. Your aim to introduce your beautiful productions to the general public is commendable, and in your efforts you have our hearty concurrence."

Prang's Chromos are offered at 20 per cent. below the publisher's prices at the

CANADA GAZETTE OFFICE,

where will also be found the following objects, suitable for Christmas and New Year Gifts.

Albums, Toilet Bags, writing Desks, Gold and Silver Pen and Pencil cases, Penknives, &c.

A beautiful assortment of PLAYING CARDS.

BALL AND DINNER CARDS &c., neatly printed.

VISITING CARDS printed from copperplate or type on the shortest notice.

CANADA GAZETTE OFFICE,
Dec. 10th, 1868. Sparks-st., Ottawa

☞ SEE FIRST PAGE.

OTTAWA MARKETS.

[Compiled expressly for the OTTAWA TIMES.]

Times Office, Ottawa, Jan. 8, 1869.

The markets yesterday were very fairly supplied with the leading articles of consumption.

Pork was in great abundance.

Beef was in tolerable plenty, and for the first time, of late, we may observe that there was a pretty good supply of butter, but remains at the old prices.

Potatoes are falling, and **Hay** has declined at least $5 since our last quotations, and sold yesterday at $18 to $22, though sellers think it will go up again.

Wood was very well represented, and continued unchanged in prices.

FLOUR—Extra	6 50	@ 6 75
No. 1	5 25	@ 5 50
No. 2	none.	
Bags—Fall per 100 lbs.	3 25	@ 3 37½
" Spring "	2 62½	@ 2 75
Oatmeal—per 200 lbs.	7 00	@ 7 25
Indian Meal "	4 00	@ 0 00
Rye—per bushel 56 lbs.	0 85	@ 0 90
Barley " 48 lbs.	0 90	@ 0 00
Buckwheat Flour	4 00	@ 4 50
WHEAT—Fall—per bushel, 60 lbs.	1 25	@ 1 30
Spring "	1 20	@ 1 25
CORN—Per bushel, 56 lbs	0 85	@ 0 90
Peas " 60 lbs	0 90	@ 0 00
Oats " 34 lbs	0 60	@ 0 67
Beans " 60 lbs	1 80	@ 0 00
PORK—Mess—per barrel	24 50	@ 25 00
Prime Mess per do.	00 00	@ 17 00
Prime	none.	
Pork (fresh)	7 50	@ 8 50
Hams	0 15	@ 0 17
Beef per 100 lbs	6 00	@ 7 00
Mutton—per lb	0 5	@ 0 6
Geese—Each	0 50	@ 0 60
Ducks	0 50	@ 0 60
Turkeys—Each	1 00	@ 2 00
Poultry—Per pair	0 50	@ 0 60
BUTTER—Choice Table	0 25	@ 0 00
No. 1 Firkin	0 22	@ 0 24
No. 2	0 00	@ 0 00
Eggs	0 22	@ 0 25
Apples—per brl	0 00	@ 4 50
VEGETABLES, &c.—Potatoes	0 38	@ 0 40
HAY—Per ton	18 00	@ 22 00
WOOD—Per cord (cubic measure)	3 25	@ 0 00
Mixed Wood	3 00	@ 0 00
Tamarac	2 00	@ 0 00
Soft Wood	2 00	@ 0 00

Light Houses in Mid-Ocean.

One of the boats which left the sinking steamer *Hibernia* has reached the coast of Ireland, after a voyage of nearly 700 miles. Of the twenty-eight persons who embarked in her only three survived to reach the land. The sufferings of these unfortunate people make one wish that places of refuge could be established in mid-ocean for the benefit of shipwrecked men, and ought to raise the question whether the establishment of such places would be absolutely impracticable. Many years ago, the brother of Professor S. F. B. Morse proposed a plan for laying a submarine telegraph the chief feature of which consisted in the establishment of stations in the Atlantic, at intervals of twenty or thirty miles apart. The author of this plan contended that large iron buoys could be anchored below the surface of the ocean, out of the reach of currents or surface storms, and used as foundations on which lighthouses could be built. Visionary as this plan seemed at the time when it was promulgated, we are now too accustomed to scientific miracles to regard it without some consideration. No one will deny that such a buoy as the one suggested could be made and anchored. Where, then, would be the impossibility of building a superstructure upon it capable of resisting the action of the winds and waves? Such a structure would not be subject to greater violence than is the Eddystone lighthouse, and the slight lateral motion which the buoy would permit would greatly increase its power of resistance. As a project for facilitating the laying of a transatlantic cable this plan, is now, of course, of no consequence; but could the proposed oceanic lighthouses be constructed, their benefit to mariners would be incalculable.

—An American captain named Robins and a man named Raynard bought a vessel called the *S. D. Bailey*, about nine months ago, at San Francisco. They freighted her half with a real cargo and half with dummies, and then got the whole insured as first-class cargo for $8,000. The dodge was for Robins to carry her out to sea and scuttle her, get the insurance money, and then divide it. When Robins got to sea he began to ask himself what business Raynard, (who was left ashore) had with any share of the money, or, indeed, with the vessel or the cargo at all. So he determined to keep both for his own private fortune, and he did so. He carried her to Tanney Island, where he sold all the valuable portion of the cargo, and bought cocoanut oil with the proceeds. Then he sailed for New Zealand and sold the oil, making $2,000 by that single transaction. Having effaced the marks on the rest of the cargo, he then sold it off at public auction, and would have sold the schooner too, but could not produce his authority for the act, so he abandoned her and went to Melbourne, where he took rooms like any other gentleman, and deposited his money in one of the banks. He was discovered, however, by the detectives, and arrested under the Extradition Treaty of 1842, on the Governor's warrant at the requisition of the United States Consul at Melbourne.

A FESTIVE FRIEND.—*Punch* is making no end of fun of friend Bright, who, on his accession to Gladstone's cabinet, is obliged on state occasions, to lay aside the sober habiliments of his sect and emerge glorious in the full rig of a courtier, knee breeches, silk stockings, blue coat bedizened with gold, *chapeau bras*, and alas! for the man of peace, a skewery little dress-sword girt upon his thigh. Thus accoutred, the good soul is represented in *Punch* as smirking before a *cheval* glass, with a yea, verily, of gratified surprise falling from his prim lips. How friend Bright will answer this to George Fox does not appear, but in one point, at least, he seems to have kept the faith, refusing to bend the knee to the Queen, the statement being that his creed forbade kneeling to *man*, on occasion of his formal presentation to Her Majesty as a member of the new ministry.

Queen Isabella went to the opera in Paris lately and sat in the imperial box. She was received with absolute silence, but soon after there was a slight buzz of curiosity to see the dethroned Queen. There was no cheering from any part of the house, and when she retired the stillness was as marked as when she entered.

The Paris *Charivari*, in a caricature on the Prussian finances, represents Prussia addrssing a cannon placed upright on the ground and supplicating contributions. Prussia—"But I have not a penny left to give you? You have already devoured all I possessed?" Cannon—"I have not treated you worse than others, my dear?"

Commission Merchants.

DOMINION AUCTION MART,

AND

COMMISSION SALE ROOMS,

HOUSE, LAND AND GENERAL AGENCY,

OFFICE AND SALE ROOMS,

INGLIS' NEW BUILDINGS, SUSSEX-ST.,

OTTAWA.

The subscriber respectfully announces to the inhabitants of Ottawa and surrounding country that at the request of many friends he has decided on opening an extensive and well regulated Auction Mart in this city:

From arrangements made with some of the Furniture Manufactories of Western Ontario, a large and well selected stock of new furniture will be constantly on hand.

Public Sales will be held from time to time, of which due notice will be given, and at which parties requiring to furnish will have an opportunity of purchasing at unusually low rates. The Mart is now open with a large stock of new Furniture, as well as Pianos, Harmoniums, &c., &c., consigned for sale.

The subscriber would also intimate that he is the Sole Agent for Ottawa and territory for the sale of Rappe, Webber & Co.'s celebrated grand Pianos.

They are successors to the late John C. Fox, of Kingston, and the makers of his excellent Pianos.

From their long experience in Germany, Paris, and New York, they are universally admitted to be the best Piano Manufacturers on this continent.

The high reputation of the instruments made by them for the past ten years, and the increasing demand for them in the new Dominion, prove their very superior quality, and universally acknowledged merit.

The Pianos, as well as the Furniture in the establishment, will be sold either by private sale or auction.

He would also announce that he is prepared to receive instructions from persons having household furniture, horses, carriages, or real estate, to dispose of, and pledges himself that nothing will be left undone by him to give satisfaction in discharging the trust confided to him. He hopes that by strict attention to the sales entrusted to his care, as well as by prompt settlements immediately after, to merit a share of public patronage.

He will be in his office from 7 in the morning until 7 in the evening, when he can see parties who wish to arrange about their sales. Consignments from a distance will have immediate attention.

Cash advances, when required, will be made on consignments for immediate sale.

All kinds of furniture bought, sold or exchanged.

REFERENCES.

His Lordship the Bishop of Kingston,
Hon. Sir John A. Macdonald,
Hon. H. L. Langevin, C B,
Hon. Alex. Campbell, P M G,
R. W. Scott, Esq. M P P,
Walter Shanly, Esq, M P
Max. W. Strange, Esq, M P P,
Francis H. Burton, Esq, M P
James O'Rielly, Esq, Q C,
H.V. Noel, Esq, Manager Quebec Bank, Ottawa.
Robert Lyon, Esq, M P P.

A smart young man wanted to act as travelling agent representing several firms.

J. BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer and Commission Merchant,
75-y House, Land and General Agent.

REMOVAL.

The subscribers beg to inform their customers and the public generally that they have removed to those spacious premises lately occupied by M. K. Dickinson, Canal Basin, and where will be found constantly on hand the following goods:

FLOUR,
PORK,
OATMEAL, &c.

ALSO ON HAND,

2,000 CORDS OF GOOD FIREWOOD,
and 600,000 sawed SHINGLES.

Wholesale and Commission Agents.

Goods forwarded with despatch between Ottawa, Kingston and Intermediate Ports, by the Steamer *Mary Ann*, and three barges.

☞ *Silver Taken at Par.* ☜

WM. H. EASTON & CO.,
Forwarders and Commission Merchants,
Canal Basin

For Sale or to Let.

TO LUMBERERS.—The subscriber is authorized to receive proposals for lease of the best STEAM MILL SITE on the River Ottawa, below the Chaudiere Falls. Very extensive storage for logs and piling ground. Lumber may be shipped direct from the mill.

R. H. HAYCOCK, Solicitor,
Ottawa.
Dec. 19, 1868. 928d

FOR SALE, OR TO LET for a term of years, BELLEGREEN COTTAGE and GROUNDS, say two and a half acres, situate on the Bank of the Rideau River, (Ottawa-st.) The Cottage is built of brick and tin roofed, with a gallery all round. The gardens and grounds are in a high state of cultivation. Large storeroom, stables, granary, coach and ice-house, woodsheds, &c., all in the best of order. It is one of the most healthy and comfortable residences for a private family in or about the city of Ottawa. For particulars apply to FRANCIS CLEMOW, Esq.—Office, Sparks-st., near the Russell House—or to the proprietor J. WADSWORTH.

Terms moderate. Possession given at any time to suit parties. 927tf

VALUABLE FARMS FOR SALE.—Lot 21 in the 3rd Concession, Gloucester, Ottawa Front, 200 acres, about 80 cleared and under cultivation, with comfortable Dwelling and good Barn. The bush land is principally hardwood, and very valuable from its proximity to Ottawa. Also, Lot 20, in 3rd Concession, Gloucester, Ottawa Front, containing 200 acres, 20 acres cleared. The remainder of this lot is heavily wooded with hard and soft wood. These farms will be sold separately or together as may be desired. The short distance of only 3 miles from Ottawa makes the wood of greater value. These lands are well watered, of excellent soil, and would make a fine dairy farm. Apply to the Proprietor, C. SPARROW, or to D. O'CONNOR, Solicitor, Ottawa.

Ottawa, Nov. 25, 1868. 908tf

MEMBERS OF PARLIAMENT and others visiting the Capital can be accommodated with board and apartments, single or double, at a first-class Boarding House, within five minutes' walk of the Parliament Buildings. References given if required. Apply to MRS. W. PARDY, Wellington-st., Ottawa. 905-2m

ROOMS TO LET.

MRS. SMITH, Corner of Bank and Albert-sts., can rent TWO FURNISHED BEDROOMS and a SITTING ROOM. 868tf

FOR SALE.—The Westerly one-third of Lot No. 27, in First Concession, Ottawa Front, Nepean, and Lots Nos. 26 and 28, in the same concession, at present in the occupation of Wm. T. Aylen, Esq. For further particulars apply to JOHN and WM. THOMSON, Nepean, and LEWIS & PINHEY, Barristers, Ottawa. Ja2-141-tf

CONCENTRATED LYE.

CAUTION TO THE PUBLIC.

The remarkable success which has attended the introduction of the celebrated Concentrated Lye into Canadian market, by the subscriber, has excited the cupidity of an unprincipled firm in town (which has already been convicted of borrowing other people's brains) by a spurious imitation called Saponifier. To avoid disappointment, purchasers should be careful to ask for Harte's Concentrated Lye, which is sold by all respectable Druggists and Grocers in town and country. 783y

VULCAN IRON WORKS,

WELLINGTON-STREET,
OTTAWA.

ALEXANDER FLECK, Proprietor and Manager of the VULCAN IRON WORKS, MONTREAL, begs to inform the public of Ottawa and the surrounding Counties that he has purchased the extensive works hitherto owned and worked by T. M. Blaisdell, Esqure, as Founder, Machinist, and Worker in all kinds of Iron Work.

Having made full arrangements to meet the wants of the Trade, he respectfully draws the attention of those about to erect Saw and other Mills, Mill Owners generally, Steamboat Owners, and others, to the facilities offered for the manufacture of such articles as they may require. He will be prepared to receive and execute promptly all orders in his line of business in the best manner and at reasonable prices.

ALEXANDER FLECK.
Ottawa, December 11, 1868. 922d

PUBLIC NOTICE

Is hereby given that the Map or Plan and Book of Reference of the Canada Central Railway Company, from the City of Ottawa to its junction with the Line of the Brockville and Ottawa Railway Company, have been deposited in the office of the Department of Public Works, and a copy of such parts of the Map or Plan and Book of Reference, as relate to the County of Carleton, has been deposited in the office of the Clerk of the Peace for the County of Carleton, and a copy of such parts as relate to the County of Lanark, has been deposited in the office of the Clerk of the Peace for the County of Lanark.

Dated this Tenth day of August, 1868.

W. R. WORSLEY,
C. C. Rly.

FARMERS AND OTHERS,

Remember that the only hand-made Chairs in Ottawa is

AT THE VARIETY HALL,

DOMINION
Telegraph Company!

Capital Stock,......................$500,000,

IN 10,000 SHARES AT $50 EACH.

President, HON. WM. CAYLEY.
Treasurer, HON. J. McMURRICH.
Secretary, H. B. REEVE.
Counsel, MESSRS. CAMERON & McMICHAEL.
General Superintendent, MARTIN RYAN.

DIRECTORS.

HON. J. McMURRICH—Bryce, McMurrich & Co., Toronto.
A. R. McMASTER, Esq.,—A. R. McMaster & Brother, Toronto.
HON. M. C. CAMERON,—Provincial Secretary, Toronto.
JAMES MICHIE, Esq.,—Fulton, Michie & Co., and Geo. Michie & Co., Toronto.
HON. WM. CAYLEY,—Toronto.
A. M. SMITH, Esq.,—A. M. Smith & Co., Toronto.
L. MOFFATT, Esq.,—Moffatt, Murray & Co., Toronto.
H. B. REEVE, Esq.,—Toronto.
MARTIN RYAN, Esq.,—Toronto.

PROSPECTUS.

THE DOMINION TELEGRAPH COMPANY has been organized under the Act respecting Telegraph Companies, chapter 67 of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada. Its object is to cover the Dominion of Canada with a complete net-work of Telegraph lines.

THE CAPITAL STOCK

Is $500,000, divided into 10,000 shares of $50 each, 5 per cent to be paid at the time of subscribing, the balance to be paid by instalments, not exceeding 10 per cent per month—said instalments to be called in as the works progress.

THE BUSINESS AFFAIRS OF THE COMPANY

are under the management of a Board of Directors annually elected by the shareholders in conformity with the Charter and By-laws of the Company.

The Directors are of opinion that it would be to the interest of the Stockholders generally to obtain subscriptions from all quarters of Canada, and with this view they propose to divide the Stock amongst the different towns and cities throughout the Dominion in allotments suited to the population and business occupations of the different localities and the interest which they may be supposed to take in such an enterprize.

CONTRACTS OF CONNECTIONS.

A contract, granting permanent connection and extraordinary advantages, has already been executed, between this Company and the Atlantic and Pacific Company of New York; thus, at the very commencement, as the Lines of this Company are constructed from the Suspension Bridge, at Clifton (the point of connection) to any point in the Dominion, all the chief cities and places in the States, touched by the Lines of the Atlantic and Pacific Telegraph Company, are brought in immediate connection therewith.

A permanent connection has also been secured with the Great Western Telegraph Company of Chicago, whereby this Company will be brought into close connection with all the Lake Ports and other places through the North Western States, and through to California.

All classes of Society are interested in extending the use of the Telegraph, at LOW RATES, and the Directors are satisfied, that the adoption of a scale of charges considerably below the rates now exacted in Canada, will by encouraging a much more extended use of this medium of communication, not only prove a real and substantial benefit to the public generally, but will also ensure a safe and profitable return to the Investor.

On the 25th day of June, A.D., 1868, the DOMINION TELEGRAPH COMPANY was duly CHARTERED according to law.

The admitted importance and value of Telegraphy, would, in the opinion of the Directors, have rendered any introduction of the Dominion Telegraph Company to the Canadian public unnecessary had it not been that previous attempts to establish Telegraph Companies in Canada, to share the business with the Montreal Company, had been allowed to fall through.

The success of a Telegraph Company will mainly depend on its ability to meet the demands of the public, and consequently it should possess, at least, equal facilities with any other Company, of access to all quarters with which its customers may desire to have communication.

This important requisite has not been, until now, within the reach of any Company entering the field as a competitor with the Montreal Company, in consequence of the close and exclusive connection formed between that Company and the Western Union Company, of the United States, the latter by virtue of certain patents, having until within these two years, monopolized nearly the whole of the telegraph business of the neighboring republic.

The business relations between these two Companies continue in full force, but the patents having run out, the monopoly so long enjoyed by the Western Union has ceased to exist.

The Atlantic and Pacific, the Great Western, and other American Companies have invaded the field, and have become successful competitors for the public patronage and support. These Companies, acting on the cheap postage principle, have forced the old monopolist to a reduction of rates, which has resulted in a more widely extended use of this means of communication, and much to the surprise of the Western Union itself, has increased its profits, whilst sharing its field of operations.

With these new Companies the Dominion Telegraph Company of Canada have entered into most satisfactory business relations, and confident of the soundness of the principle which led to the adoption of the penny-postage system in Great Britain, the voluntary reduction from $100 to $16.65 per ten word message by the Ocean Cable Company, and the successful operations of the Companies recently established in the United States, invite the business and mercantile community of Canada to join them in the promotion of an enterprise, based on the principle of moderate rates and extended business which, while injuring no one, they confidently expect will result in securing a large return to the investor, and prove a vast benefit to the community.

Allusion has been made to the voluntary reduction of rates by the Atlantic Cable Company. A Chicago paper, writing on the subject of the growing use of the Telegraph, gives the following return as obtained directly from Cyrus W. Field, showing very conclusively the benefit both to the public and the Company of the reduction of rates.

AVERAGE DAILY RECEIPTS.

From $100 per message of ten words	$2,525
do 50 do do	2,895
do 25 do do	3,965

An advertisement has recently appeared announcing to the public that the rates from 1st September, proximo, will be further reduced to $16.65 per ten words.

The following table shows the reduction which has been effected in rates in the neighboring States arising out of the construction of competing lines:—

From New York to	Former Rate.	Present Rate.
Boston	$ 60	$ 30
Bangor	1 20	65
Portland	90	50
Philadelphia	40	25
Baltimore	70	35
Washington	75	40
Augusta, Me.	1 20	60
Cincinnati	1 90	1 00
Buffalo	75	50
Cleveland	1 95	1 00
Pittsburgh	1 15	45
Louisville	1 96	1 00

This reduction took place in November, 1867. A comparison of the receipts of the Western Union since that period with the corresponding months of the previous year gives the following results:—

Gross Receipts for

December, 1866	$ 551,971 40;	December, 1867	$576,135 19;	Increase	$ 24,163 79
Jany., Feb., March,'67	1,594,644 96;	Jany., Feb., March,'68	1,727,939 55;	Increase	133,294 59
April, May, June, '67,	1,559,778 79;	April, May, June, '68,	1,749,631 52;	Increase	189,852 73

While these beneficial results were flowing to the Western Union Company from the reduction of rates, the new Companies had created a business more than sufficient to fill their wires. In proof of this the following extract is taken from the report of the Atlantic and Pacific Company, made July 28th, 1868:

"In April last we reached the maximum capacity of our wires, and have since been compelled to refuse business daily. The Committee, therefore, have reached the conclusion from the actual experience of building and working the present lines—that

"Telegraphic business is growing faster than Telegraphic facilities."

As further proof on this point, the low rates have so pressed the wires of both Companies with business through the day, that posters have been placed in all the main offices proclaiming that double the number of words would be telegraphed at night at the same price as half the number of words by day.

In support of the observation quoted above, that telegraphic business is growing faster than telegraphic facilities, the following statement exhibiting the wonderful increase in the use of the wire, within the last six years, cannot be without interest to our readers. The gross earnings of all telegraph lines in the United States for the following years were:—

1846	$ 4,228 77	1864	$3,792,245 40
1849	63,338 98	1865	4,420,268 88
1853	103,860 84	1866	5,624,801 20
1862	2,734,960 40	1867	7,641,552 47
1863	3,269,442 66		

Showing an average increase of a million a year for the last five years.

A comparison of the number of messages, and persons using the wire in Canada and the States, furnishes a further proof of the advantage to the public and corresponding benefit to the Companies arising out of a reduction of rates.

The published returns for 1867, show that 609.757 messages were sent in Canada, while the messages in the United States for the same period exceeded 20,800,000, the former being less than one message to every six persons, the latter, two to every three. From these returns and results it may be reasonably inferred that a reduction of rates to a tariff at which the wires of both Companies can be filled, will secure a fair field and good prospects to the Dominion Company without in any way prejudicing the interests of the Company now monopolizing the ground.

The particulars submitted above are sufficient in the opinion of the Directors to establish the fact that low rates, by encouraging a more general use of the telegraph, are more profitable than high. It is not, however, solely in the light of a safe and good investment that the Directors desire that this enterprise should be viewed. They feel that their object will be but indifferently attained unless they can satisfy the public, the business and commercial men, that ALL who use the telegraph as a medium of rapid communication, are interested in the establishment of what may be called a competing line. As in the administration of public affairs, a strong, watchful opposition, is the best security for good and careful government: so in commercial matters, an honest rivalry in the various pursuits and branches of trade furnishes the best security that the public shall be well served.

To apply the argument to the purpose in hand, the following table showing the inconsistencies, and, in many instances, the excessive rates now charged on messages passing between the cities and towns of Ontario, Quebec and the United States, will, it is believed, convince the reader that an honest competition is needed, not only for the reduction and adjustment of rates, but also to ensure that attention and care which would of necessity be enforced on the Companies competing for public favor, and thus tend greatly to promote the general interests of the community.

EXAMPLE OF PRESENT TARIFF RATES, WITH DISTANCES.

			MILES.	CANADA MONEY.
From Toronto	to	Suspension Bridge	82	40c
Do	do	Montreal	333	30
Do	do	Mitchell, Seaforth, Bothwell, Ailsa Craig, Caledonia, Chatham, Dunville, Newbury, Port Burwell, Port Colborne and many other places		40
Do	do	Kingston	160	25
Do	do	Quebec	505	50

Example at present tariff rates to Buffalo, and from thence to the following places, in U. S. currency, which reduced to Canada money at 45 per cent premium, makes the actual cost, as in second column:—

Price Collected at Toronto.	Actual Cost, Both Tariffs.			
To New York 80c.	From Toronto to Buffalo			30c
	Buffalo to New York.	50c	Reduced to Canada Money.	35c—$0 65
To Philadelphia $1 05	From Toronto to Buffalo			30c
	Buffalo to Philadelphia.	75c	Reduced to Canada Money.	52c—$0 82
To Washington $1 30	From Toronto to Buffalo			30c
	Buffalo to Washington.	90c	Reduced to Canada Money.	62c—$0 92
To Baltimore $1 30	From Toronto to Buffalo			30c
	Buffalo to Baltimore.	85c	Reduced to Canada Money.	59c—$0 89
To Chicago $1 35	From Toronto to Detroit			60c
	Detroit to Chicago.	75c	Reduced to Canada Money.	52c—$1 12
To New Orleans $3 05	From Toronto to Buffalo			30c
	Buffalo to New Orleans.	$2 75c	Reduced to Canada Money.	$1 90c—$2 20

NOTE.—The same illustration may be applied to all the places in the United States. Canadians are obliged to pay a profit on the published rates.

Subscription Books will be opened at the Office of the Company, 83 King-st. east, on and after September 1st 1868.

H. B. REEVE,
Secretary.

Toronto, September 29, 1868. 860tt

Medical Cards.

EDWARD C. MALLOCH, M.D., M.R.C.S. Duke-st., LeBreton's Flats, "opposite the well." Office hours from 8:30 to 10:30 a.m., and 3 to 5 p.m.

DR. O. C. WOOD, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Ottawa. Day office opposite Magee & Russell's, Sparks-street, Centre Town Night office at his residence, Maria-street, Centre Town. CANCERS CURED, without the use of the knife, by a new, but certain, speedy, and almost painless process. References given to parties successfully treated, it required. 17w160y

DR. C. LEGGO, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Office—Hunton's Block, Sparks-street.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street, Central Ottawa. 34utf

DR. C. A. MARTIN, Dentist. Office—Sussex-street, over Messrs. Campbell & Co.'s, Grocers. 34utf

DR. GEORGE HUTCHISON, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street, opposite Magee & Russell's. 576y

DR. W. J. HENRY, Corner of Kent and Wellington-streets, Ottawa. 43utf

Hotels and Saloons.

"GOING DOWN TO MONTREAL!"

Put up at the "CITY HOTEL," one of the most comfortable houses in the city.

This Hotel has just been fitted up in a first-class style, and at an enormous expense; its accommodations are of the best kind, it contains 75 rooms, with good yard and stabling for 60 horses. The table is always supplied with all the delicacies of the season. The Bar is also supplied with the very best of Liquors. Besides all that, this Hotel is situated right in the centre of business, near the R.R. Depot, and within a few minutes walk from the Banks and Post Office.

Terms are exceedingly moderate. Try once and you will be satisfied.

☞ Remember the Place "City Hotel," 78, 80 and 82, St. Joseph-street, Montreal.

CHARLES LAURIN,
853tf Proprietor.

PICKWICK HOUSE,

Corner James and King-sts., Opposite the Court House and Public Offices, ST. CATHARINES, Ont.

E. HOUGHTON, Proprietor,
(Late of Houghton's Dining Saloon.)

☞ A spacious sample-room for commercial travellers. 859y

OTTAWA HOUSE.

Corner of Main and Prince of Wales-streets Pembroke, Ontario.

Stages in connection with the steamers *Jason Gould, Pembroke* and *Pontiac*.

Particular attention paid to the comfort of guests. Good rooms for commercial travellers. Horses and vehicles always on hand.

J. COPELAND,
Proprietor.
Pembroke, Aug. 1, 1868. 809y

TORONTO HOUSE, Sparks-st.

MRS. TROTTER begs to announce that she has at present several commodious and handsomely furnished suites of apartments, in every respect eligible for civil or military officers, or private gentlemen remaining in the city. 773tf

REVERE HOUSE, OTTAWA.

G. A. BUCKE, W. H. SANGER, ...PROPRIETORS.

This first-class Hotel has been re-furnished and refitted throughout, and now combines all the requisites of a first-class establishment. 582tf

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,

M. KAVANAGH, *Proprietor,*

Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings.

The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands in Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.

☞ Oysters, Game etc., daily

THE METROPOLITAN,

AUMOND'S BLOCK,
Rideau Street Ottawa.
292tf P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.

DOMINION HOUSE,

WELLINGTON-STREET.

The undersigned, formerly head waiter at the Russell House, begs to notify his friends and the public generally that he has leased the above hotel, which is now well furnished, and will be kept as a first class house. The bar is well stocked with the choicest brands of liquors. The table will be furnished with the best the market affords. Good yard and stabling attached to the premises.

658y GEORGE IRVINE.

Miscellaneous.

I. B. TACKABERRY, Auction Rooms No. 36, Rideau-street, below Whyte's Stationery Store. The sale of Real Estate at Auction or private sale promptly attended to. Consignments received and immediate attention will be paid. Sales attended in any of the city or country. 699y

R. SPARKS, Provincial Land Surveyor, Draughtsman, &c., (commissioned for Upper and Lower Canada.) Office and residence, Gloucester, near Ottawa. Surveys of every description executed with accuracy. Communications addressed Ottawa City, (post-paid), or left at the office of N. Sparks, Solicitor, &c., Ottawa, will receive prompt attention. 55y

B. BILLINGS, Jr., Architect, Elgin street opposite the Post Office.

REFERENCES.—H A Sims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany; Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reyrolds, Esq Managing Director O. & St. L. R.R. 740t

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale. OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

O'CONNOR & WALLER, Exchange Brokers, Fire, Life and Accidental Insurance, Commission and Collecting Agents.

Office, No. 27, Sussex-street, Ottawa.

R. E. O'CONNOR. 378y W. H. WALLER.

OLIVER & ANNABLE, Wholesale Manufacturers of Bedsteads, Chairs, &c., Chaudiere Island, Ottawa, C. W.

JOHN OLIVER,
506y WILLIAM ANNABLE.

R. H. McGREEVY, Contractor and Builder. Office: North side York Street, second door from Sussex Street. 78y

PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS, &c.,

Prepared for buildings of every description, by SIDNEY B. FRIPP, Architect,
711tf Wellington-st.

COAL! COAL!

NEWCASTLE GRATE,
(Screened.)
LACKAWANNA,
(Egg and Stove Sizes.)
LEHIGH,
(Lump and Egg Sizes.)
BLACKSMITH'S,
$6 per Chaldron.

For Sale by
D. W. COWARD & CO.,
Commission Merchants,
912-3m Office—17 Sparks-st.

Amusements.

DOMINION BOWLING ALLEY.

The subscriber begs to inform his friends that he opened on MONDAY, the 26th OCTOBER, his BOWLING ALLEY. This is one of the best in the Capital, and equal to any in America. It contains four alleys, and with first-class balls. There will be kept a register book for the purpose of marking the number of points made each day to 1st January next, and the party who has made the highest number of points will receive from the proprietor a rich prize.

Parties visiting the Alley will be received with polite attention. The best of liquors will be found constantly on hand.

B. B. LARIVIERE.

N.B.—A large Ball Room is attached to the premises, which will be let at a low figure.

B. B. L.

Millinery.

REMOVAL.—MRS. R. PARSONS has removed her Dressmaking Establishment to the rooms over J. G. WHYTE'S Book Store, Rideau-st.

☞ Entrance from Mosgrove-st.

N.B.—All orders promptly attended to. 939a

NOTICE.

MRS. SMITH having received her new styles of FALL HATS & BONNETS, will be happy to see her old friends and the public generally. Gent's Felt Hats cleaned, dyed and done over in the best style.

N.B.—The most fashionable Mantles and Coat made to order, Corner of Bank and Albert-sts.

October 10. 868tf

Legal Cards.

MACPHERSON, KENNEDY & CHRISTIE, Barristers, &c., Lang's Block, Elgin-st., Ottawa.

J. P. MACPHERSON, G. KENNEDY, A. J. CHRISTIE.

J. W. WARD, of the late firm of Lewis Pinhey & Ward, has removed his Chancery Office to Bell's Law Chambers, opposite Russell House, Elgin-st. dw

NICHOLAS SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

E. A. MARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 902y

MOSGROVE & TAILLON, Barristers, Solicitors, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.

WILLIAM MOSGROVE. 366tf GEORGE TAILLON.

N. TETREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post Office. 390tf

LAPIERRE & HAYCOCK, Attornies-at-Law, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers and Notaries Public, Corner of Sussex and York-streets, Ottawa. 368y

D. O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c, Sussex-street. Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 55y

R. H. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Post Office Building, Elgin-street, Ottawa. 43utf

P. J. BUCKLEY, L.L.B., Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, and Notary Public. Office—over Mr. Luke Cuzner's Boot and Shoe Store, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 334y

LEES & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. Office—In the Court House, Ottawa.

ROBERT LEES. 43utf JOHN J. GEMMELL.

EDWARD T. DARTNELL, Barrister, Solicitor, Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the Court House, L'Orignal. 34-6m

Educational.

MUSICAL ACADEMY.

Mr. GUSTAVE SMITH, (Organist of the Cathedral) a Graduate of the Imperial Conservatory of Paris. Lessons on Piano and Singing. Rideau-street, corner of King-street.

Ottawa, June 23, 1868. 775y

PIANO-FORTE TUITION.

W. C. CLARK, Professor of Music and Teacher of Piano, Voice and Harmony. Also, Mrs. Clark, Teacher of Drawing and Painting. Music Rooms and Residence, O'Connor-street, corner of Slater-street, Centre Town.

Orders may be left at his residence or at Ormo & Son's Music Store. 452

TUITION.

MONS. H. BERTHELOT, of the Ottawa Grammar School, is now prepared to give private lessons in the French language. Terms moderate.

N. B.—Will also give lessons in the Latin, Greek or English languages if required.

Orders may be left at Messrs. Durie & Son's bookstore.

Ottawa, October 16, 1868. 873tf

THE SISTERS

OF THE

CONGREGATION DE NOTRE DAME,

FROM MONTREAL,

respectfully inform the public that they will open a branch of their

Educational Establishment in Ottawa.

Their classes will begin on the 15th OCTOBER. For particulars and terms apply to the

LADY SUPERIORESS,
868tf Corner of O'Connor and Maria-sts.

Druggists.

HOLIDAY PRESENTS

AT

THE MEDICAL HALL,

28 Sparks-st., Ottawa.

Toilet Boxes in variety,
Rimmel's New Perfumes,
Cambridge Bouquet,
Oxford Bouquet,
English Lavender Water,
Silver Top Smelling Bottles,
Scotch Plaid Smelling Bottles,
Improved Perfumed Distributors,
&c., &c., &c.

A complete stock just received of Toilet Articles, Patent Medicines,

Genuine Drugs and Chemicals,
Druggists' Sundries of all descriptions.

W. M. MASSEY,
Family and Dispensing Chemist.

Dye Works.

BRANCH OF

ST. LAWRENCE DYE WORKS,

Elgin-st., (*Opposite the Russell House,*) Ottawa, Ont.

MACDONALD & CO.,
SILK AND WOOLLEN DYERS,
Scourers, Hot Pressers, &c.

☞ Gentlemen's Clothes cleaned and dyed. Kid Gloves cleaned. 894-3m

OTTAWA CITY

STEAM DYE WORKS,

Sussex-st.,

SIGN OF THE GOLDEN SHEEP,

Opposite Martineau's Store,

Has not removed to Centre Town, but can be found at the above address.

Great reduction in prices for cleaning or dyeing. All kinds of Wool, Cotton, Silk, &c., done at reduced rates.

No use of sending goods to Montreal.

☞ Encourage home manufactures.

LETHAM & BRUNAIS,
876tf Sussex-st.

TO FARMERS & OTHERS.

TRADE O. A. & Co. MARK.

Farmers and others should buy their TEA and COFFEE from

A. O. AUDY & CO.,

who are daily receiving by direct importations Tea and Coffee of the finest quality. Their business is conducted on the English principle, and the above named articles can be procured in 5 and 10 pound catties and upwards. The purchaser receives the benefit of a neat package, a good article, and at wholesale prices. Perfect satisfaction is ensured, and any goods not proving according to sample can be returned at our expense. We will pay the carriage on 4 five or 2 ten lb catties to the nearest railway station. For the accommodation of farmers and others not having heard of the advantage offered them, we have engaged trustworthy agents who will make occasional trips throughout the surrounding country and solicit their orders. Any favors submitted to them will receive prompt attention. We do not sell less than a cattie, and nothing but Tea and Coffee sold. The following is the list of prices:

BLACK TEA.

Common Congou, Strong Tea	$0 45 @ 50
Fine Flavoured New Season do.	0 55 @ 60
Excellent Full Flavoured do.	0 75 @ 80
Sound Oolong	0 40 @ 45
Rich Flavoured, do	0 55 @ 60
Very Fine, do do	0 75 @ 80
Japan Good	0 50 @ 60
Very Good	0 65 @ 70
Finest	0 75 @ 80

GREEN TEA.

Twankay, Common	0 35 @ 40
Fine do	0 55 @ 60
Young Hyson	0 50 @ 60
Fine do	0 75 @ 85
Superfine and Very Choice	1 00 @ 00

COFFEE.

Mocha	$0 22, 0 27, 0 29, 0 33
Java	0 20, 0 25, 0 29, 0 32
Ceylon	0 18, 0 22, 0 26, 0 29

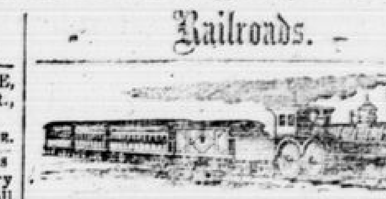
Remember the place,
A. O. AUDY & CO.,
Elgin-st., opposite the Russell House.

BOARD.

Five or six gentlemen boarders can get rooms, with or without board, in the vicinity of Sandy Hill, within ten minutes walk of the Parliament Buildings, by applying at the Office of this paper.

Ottawa, October 10, 1868. 868tf

Railroads.



GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY COMPANY OF CANADA.

1868.] WINTER ARRANGEMENTS. [1869.

Trains now leave BONAVENTURE STATION as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburg, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at 9:10 a m
Night do do do do 8:30 p m
Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at 7:00 a m
Trains for Lachine at 8:00 a m, 9:30 a m 3:00 p m, 5:00 p m.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations at 7:00 a m
Express for Boston at 8:40 a m
Express for New York and Boston at 3:30 p m via Vermont Central.
Express for New York via Plettsburgh, Lake Champlain, Burlington & Rutland at 3:00 p m
Express for Island Pond, at 2:00 p m
Night Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham and Portland, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St. Hilaire, St. Hyacinthe, Acton, Richmond, Sherbrooke, Waterville and Coaticook only, at 10:10 p m

☞ Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains. Baggage checked through.

The steamer *Carlotta* leaves Portland every SATURDAY AFTERNOON (after the arrival of train from Montreal on Friday night), for Halifax, N.S., returning on Tuesday.

She has excellent accommodation for passengers and freight.

The International Company's Steamers, running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway, leave Portland every MONDAY, at 5 p m, for St. John, N.B.

Tickets issued through at the Company's principal stations.

For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure Station:

C. J. BRYDGES, Managing Director.
Montreal, Dec. 7, 1868.

CHANGE OF TIME

ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.

(formerly the Ottawa & Prescott Railway.)

ON and AFTER MONDAY, the 30TH of NOV., 1868, and until further notice, TRAINS will run as follows:

LEAVE OTTAWA.	ARRIVE IN PRESCOTT.
Express, 8 a. m.	10.30 a. m.
Mixed, 1.00 p. m.	4.15 p. m.
LEAVE PRESCOTT.	**ARRIVE IN OTTAWA.**
Mixed, 7. 30 a. m.	11.00 a. m.
Express, 2.10 p. m.	4.45 p. m.

The time of these Trains has been so arranged as to ensure connection with night and day trains on Grand Trunk, east and west.

Baggage to and from Ottawa checked through from and to stations on Grand Trunk Railway

Return tickets to Prescott, Kemptville and Ottawa at reduced rates can be had at the principal stations on the line.

T. S. DETLOR, Superintendent. THOMAS REYNOLDS, Managing Director.

N. B.—The above Trains all run by Montreal Time.

Ottawa, Nov. 27, 1868. 1y

BROCKVILLE & OTTAWA RAILWAY.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT,
Commencing on the 20th April, 1868.

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

7:15 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Brockville daily at 7:15 a.m., and 3:15 p.m., arriving at Sandpoint at 12:40 p. m. and 9 p.m.

LEAVE SANDPOINT.

5:15 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Sandpoint at 5:15 a.m. and 1:30 p.m., arriving at Brockville at 11:30 a.m. and 7:45 p.m.

All trains on main line connect at Smith's Falls with Trains to and from Perth.

The 7:15 a.m. train from Brockville connects with U. F. Coy's Steamers for Ottawa, Portage-du-Fort, Pembroke, &c., &c., and the 1:15 p.m. train from Sandpoint leaves after those steamers are due from east and west.

H ABBOTT.
Managing Director.
Brockville, April 11. 472y

Sewing Machines.

HOLIDAY PRESENTS.

WHEELER & WILSON'S Silent Feed Sewing Machines are perfectly noiseless. The most valuable present to any Lady or Family is a WHEELER & WILSON'S SEWING MACHINE. A liberal reduction for cash on all machines for holiday presents. Twenty-five per cent reduction on Embroidery attachments applicable to the former style of Wheeler & Wilson Sewing Machine. Button Hole Attachments, new style; Tuckers, Trimmers, Corders, &c.

THE HOWE SEWING MACHINES are best for Carriage Trimmers, Shoemakers and Tailors.

Call and see for yourselves; no trouble to show you how they sew.

Remember 37, Sparks-st., Ottawa; and 105 King-st., West Toronto.

G. A. WALTON, *Agent for Ontario,*
R. W. STEPHEN,
930tf *Manager for Ottawa Office.*

ENLARGED PORTRAITURE

OF

EVERY DESCRIPTION

BOTH

COLOURED AND PLAIN,
COLOURED AND PLAIN,
COLOURED AND PLAIN,

AT

W. NOTMAN'S, METCALFE-STREET.

To TOURISTS.—The largest collection in the Dominion of Photographs of Canadian Scenery

Ottawa, Sept. 7, 1868. 582y

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer has now been before the public for a length of time, and whenever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Dealers are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying to the universal satisfaction it gives

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it Physicians order and use it; and no family will without it after once trying it.

Price twenty-five cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, C. W.,
General Agents for C. W

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, H. F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J. Brown, in Ottawa.

GEO. MAYES,

COPPER PLATE PRINTER,

Bank Street, Centre Town,

Between Sparks & Queen Streets.

Bills of Exchange, Bill Heads, Visiting Cards, &c., Printed on the shortest notice.

Agencies.

PROVINCIAL INSURANCE.

MALCOLM CAMERON,
Agent .... Desbarat's Row.
Office of Queen's Printer.

An entirely Canadian institution—perfect security to insurers, and immediate payment of claims.

Ottawa, Dec. 8, 1868. 918f

UNION MUTUAL

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY
OF MAINE.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, 12th October, 1868.

No. 16.

The following Insurance Company has received a license to transact the business of Life Insurance in Canada:

No. 31. The UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, of Maine.

Deposit in U. S. 6s of '81—$50,000.

R. R. CORWIN, General Agent, St. John, N.B.

For the Minister of Finance
JOHN LANGTON,
Auditor.

I have this day deposited with the Receiver General, Twenty Thousand Dollars in addition to the above Fifty Thousand, making Seventy Thousand Dollars ($70,000) U. S. Gold Bonds, Gov't.

The Hon. Col. John H. Gray, M.P., has been appointed Counsel to the Company for the Dominion. All legal matters will be referred to him.

R. R. CORWIN,
Manager.
Ottawa, November 7, 1868. 891tf

ROYAL CANADIAN BANK.

OTTAWA AGENCY,

OFFICE—DESBARATS' BUILDING,

77 Sparks-st.

M. P. HAYES, Agent.

WATCHES.

J. SEWILL, LIVERPOOL,

Manufacturer by special appointments to HER MAJESTY THE QUEEN, ROYAL FAMILY AND COURT OF SPAIN, THE RIGHT HONORABLE THE LORDS COMMISSIONERS OF THE ADMIRALTY, AND HER MAJESTY QUEEN VICTORIA'S ROYAL NAVY:

Prize Medalist of the Great International Exhibition of London, 1862, and of the Universal Exhibition of Paris, 1867.

WE HEREBY APPOINT

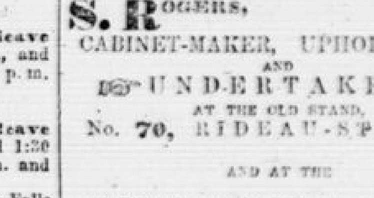
MR. JOHN LESLIE,
Sparks-street,
Agent for Ottawa and Vicinity.

For the sale of these celebrated Timekeepers.

H. & A. SAUNDERS,
Montreal,

Sole Wholesale Agents in the Dominion for sale of J. Sewill's Watches.

Ottawa May 20.



S. ROGERS,

CABINET-MAKER, UPHOLSTERER, AND UNDERTAKER,

AT THE OLD STAND,
No. 70, RIDEAU-STREET

AND AT THE

WEST END WELLINGTON-STREET,

Where the usual assortment of Cabinet and Upholstering Goods can be obtained at moderate prices.

UNDERTAKING.

The Undertaking branch is under S. R.'s immediate superintendence, who attends all Funerals without Extra Charge, and has constantly on hand a large assortment of Ready-made Coffins, of all sizes and qualities:

METALLIC, BLACK CLOTH, COBOURG, &c.

Parties ordering Mahogany, Walnut, Oak or other Hardwood Coffins, may rely on getting a genuine article, no stained Butternut sold for Walnut.

Persons desirous of keeping their deceased relatives for a few days, or even a week, can do so without the least possible inconvenience by applying to S. Rogers, who has had over 20 years' experience in the above branches, and feels confident of giving satisfaction.

N.B.—The Undertaking Branch will be found second to none in Ottawa.

Express Waggons always ready for the removal of Furniture.

RESIDENCE—At the West End Establishment, Wellington-st.

Ottawa, September 4, 1868. 838y

Hardware.

HARDWARE:

AT

THOS. ISAAC'S, CENTRE TOWN,

PLOUGHS, CULTIVATORS,

IRON, COAL,

SHELF & HEAVY HARDWARE,

NAILS, ROPE, CHAINS,

and a general assortment of House-furnishing, Cornices, &c., at the lowest cash prices to be found in the Ottawa market.

ALSO,

STOVES, all patterns and sizes, for coal and wood from the Prescott, Kingston, Toronto, Hamilton and Montreal Foundries, with drums, pipes, furniture, &c., the cheapest to be had in town.

PARODEE'S EPILEPTIC CURE,

For the relief and cure of Epilepsy, St. Vitus' Dance, Puerperal Hysteria, &c., &c. This preparation is from the recipe of a celebrated French Physician, and the very great success which has attended its use in every case, and where the highest medical skill was of no avail, has induced the subscriber to give it every possible publicity. The genuine has the subscriber's name and address on each bottle. Price one dollar. Sole Proprietor, J. A. HARTE, Chemist, 326, Notre Dame-street, Montreal.

Harte's Florida Water, equal to anything imported. Price 37½ cents per bottle. 783y

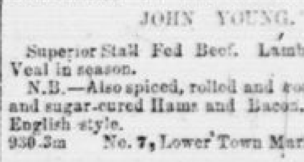
RANDALL & MONTGOMERY,

PLAIN, ORNAMENTAL AND DECORATIVE PAINTERS,
AND PAPER HANGERS,

Chaudiere and Hull. (Shop next to R. R. Booth's Store, Chaudiere.) House, Sign, Villa and general painting executed on the most reasonable terms. Ceilings and walls distempered in colors to suit. Fresco work of all kinds to order.

References permitted to the following gentlemen: A. H. Baldwin & Co., J. R. Booth, Esq., R.R. Booth, Esq., Rev. Mr. Johnson, Hull; Rev. Mr. Pickel, Ottawa; Mr. Haycock, Architect.

August 26. 829-6m



SATCHELL BROS.,

By appointment

BUTCHERS TO HIS EXCELLENCY SIR JOHN YOUNG.

Superior Stall Fed Beef, Lamb, Mutton and Veal in season.

N.B.—Also spiced, rolled and rounds of Beef, and sugar-cured Hams and Bacon, cured in the English style.

930-3m No. 7, Lower Town Market, Ottawa.

NOTICE.

Application will be made at the next Session of the Legislature of Ontario for an act to incorporate the CALEDONIA PEAT MANUFACTURING & SMELTING COMPANY, with powers to construct a Canal or Railway from some point in the Township of Caledonia to the navigable waters of the Ottawa or South Nation Rivers, and to authorize the Municipality of Caledonia to grant to the said Company so much of the road allowances between the first and fifth concessions as may be required for the manufacture of Peat fuel. 883d

THE TIMES is printed and published by THE OTTAWA TIMES PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY, at the Office, 38, Sparks-st Centre Town, Ottawa. JAMES COTTON Managing Director. ALEX. ROBERTSON Editor.

VOL...

Dr...

GRANT & ...

D...
W...
S...
B...

AT THE LO...

N.B.—An exte... DRY GOODS alway...

LATEST STY...

INSPEC...

CLOTHING, CHEAP AND...

READY-MA...

O'MEA...

ESTABL...

Offer for sale an ext... AND WINTER GOO... Clothing, Canadian ... also a large stock of ... Cay Cottons, Prints... Broadcloths, Beaver... Devons, &c.; Bedford ... of England Tweeds, ... retail, which will be ... shortest notice in the ... prices that

DEFY C...

A general a... largest stock ever off...

$1.25 ...

TAILORING...

Particular attention ... partment, which is un... class cutter.

$2 ...
$4.50 ...
$4 ...
$9 ...
$1 ...
75 CTS., $1 and ...
75 CTS., $1 and ...

A. DUFF.
Ottawa, October 27 1...

Confe...

ENGLISH BUNN...

G. BA...

Begs most respectfully ... he has provided for the... an increased assortmen... factured presents; al... all manufactured on th... Rich Fruit Cakes, ... Plain, Citron, Rais... and Lady Cake, Gold ... Candies of every de... Italian Creams and ... Jellies and Blanc M... Charlotte Russe. Jellied Turkeys, Ch... Chocolate, Walnut ... Salads of every desc... Crystalized Dates ... Wedding Cakes, or... the shortest notice. Supper Parties, Ball... reasonable terms. Private Parties furn... Oyster Patties, Minc... A large assortment ... IMPORTED GOODS ... Choicest Selected B... Gold Paper, Scented, ... A splendid assortme... Toys. The proprietor need ... articles can be obtaine... from the reputation it... sufficient guarantee fo... City and country ... terms.

G. B...

N.B.—Muffin and C... during the season.

HORSE INFIR...

VETERINARY ...
YORK-STR...
Next to...

A. J. F. CO...

(Member of the Colle... Toronto; by appoin... Carleton Agr...

Orders or communica... and medicines sent to ... Charges moderate.

Educ...

EDUCATION—C...

THE REV. GEO. N... Incumbent of New E... sanction of the Bishop... limited number of the ... ing pupils.

Residence—Dalhou... Terms made known ...

ST. ALBAN'S SC...

PRIN...

REV. BICKERTON ... (ex-scholar J... Business will be res... th. Hours of Study... 4 p.m. SCHOOL FEES.—For... English Education, $... matics, Latin, Greek, ... $2 per term EXTRA. The school year wil... three terms. A reduction made ... sents made in the firs...

CITY OF OTTA...

THE ANNUAL M... to the City of Ottaw... take place at the CIT... 25th INSTANT, at ... ELECTION OF DI... SUING YEAR, and th... business as may be ... ing.

By order,

January 6, 1869.

Agencies.

PROVINCIAL INSURANCE.

MALCOLM CAMERON,

...Desbarat's Block

Office of Queen's Printer,

...entirely Canadian institution—perfect security ...insurers, and immediate payment of claims. ...Ottawa, Dec. 8, 1868. 918f

UNION MUTUAL

...E INSURANCE COMPANY OF MAINE.

Finance Department, Ottawa, 12th October, 1868.

...The following Insurance Company has received ...licence to transact the business of Life Insurance ...Canada: ...The UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSUR... ...COMPANY, of Maine. ...posit in U. S. 6s of '81—$50,000. ...R. CORWIN, General Agent, St. John, N.B. For the Minister of Finance JOHN LANGTON, Auditor.

...have this day, deposited with the Receiver-General, Twenty Thousand Dollars in addition to ...above Fifty Thousand, making Seventy Thousand Dollars ($70,000) U. S. Gold Bonds, &c. ...the Hon. Col. John H. Gray, M.P., has been appointed Counsel to the Company for the Dominion. All legal matters will be referred to him. B. R. CORWIN, Manager.

...Ottawa, November 7, 1868. 89tf

ROYAL CANADIAN BANK.

OTTAWA AGENCY,

...FICE—DESBARATS' BUILDING,

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...e Medalist of the Great International Exhibition of London, 1862, and of the Universal Exhibition of Paris, 1867.

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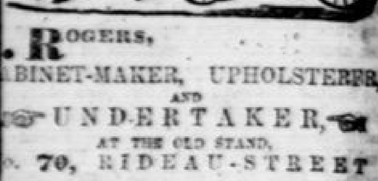

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UNDERTAKING.

...e Undertaking branch is under S. R.'s immediate superintendence, who attends all Funerals ...out Extra Charge, and has constantly on hand ...ge assortment of Ready-made Coffins, of all ...and qualities: ...TALLIC, BLACK CLOTH, COBOURG, &c. ...rties ordering Mahogany, Walnut, Oak, or Hardwood Coffins, may rely on getting a genuine article, (no stained Butternut sold for Walnut).

...rsons desirous of keeping their deceased relatives for a few days, or even a week, can do so ...t the least possible inconvenience by applying to S. Rogers, who has had over 20 years' experience in the above branches, and feels confident ...ving satisfaction.

...B.—The Undertaking Branch will be found ...nd to none in Ottawa. ...ress Waggons always ready for the removal ...of furniture. ...SIDENCE—At the West End Establishment, ...ington-st. ...wa, September 4, 1868. 838y

Hardware.

...ARDWARE!

AT

...S. ISAAC'S, CENTRE TOWN,

PLOUGHS, CULTIVATORS,

IRON, COAL,

...ELF & HEAVY HARDWARE,

NAILS, ROPE, CHAINS.

...general assortment of House-furnishings, ...es, &c., at the lowest cash prices to be found ...Ottawa market.

ALSO,

...ES, all patterns and sizes, for coal and wood ...the Prescott, Kingston, Toronto, Hamilton ...Montreal Foundries, with drums, pipes, &c., ...&c., the cheapest to be had in town.

...RODEE'S EPILEPTIC CURE,

...the relief and cure of Epilepsy, St. Vitus' ...Puerperal Hysteria, &c., &c. This preparation from the recipe of a celebrated French ...ian, and the very great success which has ...d its use in every case, and where the highest medical skill was of no avail, has induced the ...ber to give it every possible publicity. The ...e has the subscriber's name and address on ...ottle. Price one dollar. Sole Proprietor, ...ARTE, Chemist, 396, Notre Dame-street, ...al. ...'s Florida Water, equal to anything imported. Price 37½ cents per bottle. 783y

...NDALL & MONTGOMERY,

...ORNAMENTAL AND DECORATIVE PAINTERS, AND PAPER HANGERS, ...ers and Bull. (Shop next to R. R. Booth's ...Chaudiere.) House, Sign, Villa and general ...g executed on the most reasonable terms. ...s and walls distempered in colors to suit. ...work of all kinds to order. ...rences permitted to the following gentlemen: ...Baldwin & Co., J. R. Booth, Esq., R.R. Booth, ...Rev. Mr. Johnson, Hull; Rev. Mr. Pickett; Mr. Haycock, Architect. ...st 26. 829-6m

...CHELL BROS.,

By appointment

...ERS TO HIS EXCELLENCY SIR JOHN YOUNG.

...or Stall Fed Beef, Lamb, Mutton and ...season. ...—Also spiced, rolled and rounds of Beef, ...ar-cured Hams and Bacon, cured in the ...style. No. 7, Lower Town Market, Ottawa.

...ICE.

...lication will be made at the next Session ...gislature of Ontario for an act to incorporate ...CALEDONIA PEAT MANUFACTURING ...SMELTING COMPANY, with powers to ...a Canal or Railway from some point in ...ship of Caledonia to the navigable waters ...Ottawa or South Nation Rivers, and to authorize the Municipality of Caledonia to grant to ...Company so much of the road allowances ...the first and fifth concessions as may be ...for the manufacture of Peat fuel. 883tf

...TIMES is printed and published by ...e OTTAWA TIMES PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY, at the Office, 28, Sparks-st. ...ntre Town, Ottawa. JAMES COTTON, ...Managing Director. ALEX. ROBERTSON, ...Editor.

The Times

VOL. IV. NO. 945. OTTAWA, MONDAY, JANUARY 11, 1869. PRICE—3 CENTS.

Dry Goods.

Shewing This Day.

GRANT & HENDERSON,

No. 20, Rideau-st,

Are offering an extensive Stock of

DRESS GOODS.

WINCIES,

SHAWLS and

BLANKETS,

☞AT THE LOWEST CASH PRICES.☜

N. B.—An extensive assortment of genera DRY GOODS always in stock.

LATEST STYLES AND FASHIONS.

INSPECTION INVITED.

No. 20, Rideau-st.

CLOTHING,

CHEAP AND FASHIONABLE,

READY-MADE AND TO ORDER.

O'MEARA & CO.,

ESTABLISHED IN 1844,

Offer for sale an extensive importation of FALL AND WINTER GOODS, comprising Ready-made Clothing, Canadian Tweeds, Etoffes, Satinetts; also a large stock of Blankets, Flannels, Kerseys, Gray Cottons, Prints, Winceys, Plaids, &c., &c.; Broadcloths, Beavers, Witneys, Petershams, Devons, &c.; Bedford Cords, Silk Mixtures, West of England Tweeds, Doeskins, &c., wholesale and retail, which will be made up to order on the shortest notice in the latest styles of fashion and at prices that

DEFY COMPETITION.

☞A general assortment of Dry Goods, the largest stock ever offered for sale in this city.

$1.25 BLANKETS $6.00. $3.00

TAILORING DEPARTMENT.

Particular attention given to the Tailoring Department, which is under the supervision of a first-class cutter.

$2 ....GREY ETOFFE PANTS,
$4.50 ....GOOD PEA JACKETS,
$4 ....OVERCOATS,
$9 ....COMPLETE SUITS,
$1 ....GOOD VESTS,
75 CTS., $1 and $1.25......UNDERSHIRTS,
75 CTS., $1 and $1.25 ....DRAWERS

A. DUFF. O'MEARA & CO.
Ottawa, October 27 1868. 882y

Confectionery.

ENGLISH BUNN HOUSE,

SUSSEX-ST.

G. BARTLETT

Begs most respectfully to remind his patrons that he has provided for the CHRISTMAS HOLIDAYS an increased assortment of Paris and home manufactured presents; also the undermentioned goods all manufactured on the premises.

Rich Fruit Cakes, plain and ornamented.
Plain, Citron, Raisin, Seed, Princess, Sponge and Lady Cake, Gold and Silver.
Candies of every description.
Italian Creams and Pyramids.
Jellies and Blanc Mange and Wine Jellies.
Charlotte Russe.
Jellied Turkeys, Chickens, &c.
Chocolate, Walnut and Fig Creams.
Salads of every description.
Crystalized Dates and Figs
Wedding Cakes, ornamented to any design on the shortest notice.
Supper Parties, Balls or Assemblies supplied on reasonable terms.
Private Parties furnished on the shortest notice.
Oyster Patties, Mince Pies and Mince Meat.
A large assortment of Pure Sugar Hollow Toys.
IMPORTED GOODS DIRECT FROM LONDON AND PARIS.
Choicest Selected Bonbons, Gelatine, Silver and Gold Paper, Scented, Snapping and Plum.
A splendid assortment of Cornucopias, Boxes and Toys.

The proprietor need only say that all the above articles can be obtained at his establishment, and from the reputation it has gained for itself is a sufficient guarantee for the quality of the articles.

City and country stores supplied on reasonable terms.

G. BARTLETT, 37 Sussex-st.

N.B.—Muffin and Crumpets fresh every day during the season. 920d

HORSE INFIRMARY,

AND

VETERINARY ESTABLISHMENT

YORK-STREET, OTTAWA,

Next to Salmon's Hotel.

A. J. F. COLEMAN, V. S

(Member of the College of Veterinary Surgeons Toronto; by appointment, V.S., to the Co. of Carleton Agricultural Society.)

Orders or communications promptly attended to and medicines sent to any part of the Dominion. Charges moderate. 812y

Educational.

EDUCATION--CLASSICAL AND GENERAL.

THE REV. GEO. NOEL HIGGINSON, M. A., Incumbent of New Edinburgh, the with especial sanction of the Bishop of the Diocese, receives a limited number of the sons of gentlemen as morning pupils.

Residence—Dalhousie-st., Ottawa.

Terms made known on application. 940tf

ST. ALBAN'S SCHOOL,

DALY-ST.

PRINCIPAL:

REV. BICKERTON A. EDWARDS, B. A., (ex-scholar Jesus Coll., Oxford.)

Business will be resumed on MONDAY, JAN. 4th. Hours of Study—9:30 a.m. to 12:30, and 2 to 4 p.m.

SCHOOL FEES.—For Sound Commercial and English Education, $8 per term. Higher Mathematics, Latin, Greek, French and Music, (each) $2 per term EXTRA.

The school year will, as hitherto, be divided into three terms.

A reduction made for brothers, and for payments made in the first week of term. 938tf

CITY OF OTTAWA AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY.

THE ANNUAL MEETING of the Subscribers to the City of Ottawa Agricultural Society will take place at the CITY HALL, on FRIDAY, the 15th INSTANT, at THREE o'clock, p.m., for the ELECTION OF DIRECTORS FOR THE ENSUING YEAR, and the transaction of such other business as may be brought before the meeting.

By order,

A. S. WOODBURN,
Secy. C. O. A. S.

January 6, 1869. 913.3

Medical.

PAIN KILLER!

A PURELY VEGETABLE MEDICINE

TAKEN INTERNALY, CURES

Sudden Colds, Catarrh, Coughs, Bronchitis, Asthma, Fever and Ague, Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, Acid Stomach, Headache, Heartburn, Indigestion, Canker in the Mouth, Throat or Stomach, Sick Headache, Sea Sickness, Piles, Kidney Complaints, Canker Rash, Cramp and Pain in the Stomach, Painter's Colic, Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Summer Complaint, Cholera Morbus, Cholera Infantum and Cholera.

APPLIED EXTERNALLY, CURES

Scalds, Burns, Frostbites, Chillblains, Erysipelas, Ringworms, Whitlows, Boils, Old Sores, Sprains, Bruises, Toothache, Headache, Neuralgia in the Face or Head, Pains in the Side, Pains in the Back and Loins, Rheumatism, Rheumatic Gout, Neuralgic or Rheumatic Pains in the Joints and Limbs, Stings of Insects, Scorpions, Centipedes, and the Bites of Poisonous Insects and Venomous Reptiles.

At this season, when coughs and colds are so prevalent, an effectual remedy, and one easily obtained, is *Perry Davis' Vegetable Pain Killer.* It is no new nostrum, vended by unknown agents, but has stood the test of over 20 years; and those who use the article, internally or externally, will connect with it grateful recollections of its worthy inventor.—*Hastings' Chronicle; C. W.*

PAIN KILLER.—The testimonials borne to the efficacy of this valuable medicine are sufficient to warrant its introduction into every house. Our own opinion is that no family should be without a bottle of it for a single hour. In flesh wounds, aches, pains, sores, &c., it is the most effectual remedy we know of. A bottle will last for a very long time, and its low price places it within the reach of all. Our readers will remember that the Messrs. Perry Davis & Son have opened out a house in Montreal, whence Canadian orders are supplied.—*News, St. Johns, C. E.*

☞We are glad to learn that the "Pain Killer" is having so large a sale in our city. We have every reason to believe it to be an almost never failing cure for pain, and is a medicine that no family should be without.—*Montreal Pilot.*

It an attack of Diarrhœa, Dysentery or Cramp Colic, don't delay the use of the Pain Killer.

Rev. H. L. Van Meter, Burmah, writes, "The Pain Killer has become an almost indispensable article in my family."

Hundreds of missionaries give similar testimony of its virtues.

Rev. J. G. Stearns writes, "I consider it the best remedy for Dyspepsia I ever knew."

Rev. Jabez S. Swan says, "I have used it for years in my family, and consider it an invaluable remedy."

We cheerfully add our testimony in favor of this medicine.—*Roman Citizen.*

We have tasted this medicine and assure our readers that it not only possesses all the virtues claimed for it, but in many instances surpasses any other remedy which we have ever known.—*Herald of Gospel Liberty.*

It is really a valuable medicine. It is used by many physicians.—*Boston Traveller.*

I have used Davis' Pain Killer, and consider it an indispensable article in the medicine box. It has effected cures in Diarrhœa, and for cuts and bruises it is invaluable.—*New York Examiner.*

Spoken of in terms of high commendation by both druggist and physician.—*Philadelphia Eagle.*

The Pain Killer is sold at wholesale by druggists and medicine dealers, and commission merchants, in the principal cities, and retailed by Apothecaries, Grocers and at Variety Shops generally, throughout the world. Prize, 15 cents, 25 cents and 50 cents per bottle.

PERRY DAVIS & SON,
Manufacturers and Proprietors, 380 St. Paul-st., Montreal, P. of Q.
78 High-st., Providence, R. I.; 71 Southampton Row, Holborn, London, England.
DAVIDSON & DANIEL, GENERAL AGENTS

MORTIMER'S

INFALLIBLE REMEDY

FOR

CHOLERA,

DIARRHŒA, and

BOWEL COMPLAINTS.

The following extract, which Mr. Mortimer is kindly permitted to publish, is from the letter of a relative of Dr. Wolfe, of this city, now residing in the United States:

"Find out if the Express charges are too high, and if not, arrange with Mortimer to let you have a box of the bottles of CHOLERA MIXTURE, I could make a good little fortune with them. The bottle I brought with me here brought two ladies round from decided cholera; one on board the boat, and the other in Berlin, United States. Both commenced with diarrhœa, then with dysentery, and then vomiting. The one at Berlin was very bad. I gave her three doses of the Cholera Mixture, the third of which stopped the vomiting. The next day she was all right, or nearly so. She was very grateful. I have now only a little left."

☞This excellent mixture, which should be in every family, is only

TWENTY-FIVE CENTS A BOTTLE.

NONE OTHER GENUINE.

TRADE MARK REGISTERED

CANADIAN COUGH EMULSION.

This valuable medicine has the extraordinary property of immediately relieving Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Difficulty of Breathing, Tightness in Chest, &c., &c. It operates by dissolving the congealed phlegm, causing free expectoration, and an agreeable moistness to the skin.

Sold in Bottles at 1s. 3d. and 2s. 6d. Each.

MORTIMER'S COMPOUND ANTIBILIOUS

AND

FAMILY APERIENT PILLS,

A grand specific for derangement of the Digestive Organs, and for obstructions and torpid action of the Liver and Bowels.

Mortimer's Vegetable Worm Destroyer, The only sure remedy that exists, combining delicious taste and amazing power.

MORTIMER'S

Colonges, Pomades, Toilet Vinegar, Rose Dentifrice, for the Teeth and Gums. Also constantly on hand Perfumes of all kinds, and Toilet Requisites usually kept in a first-class establishment.

No. 41 Sussex-st., Ottawa City.

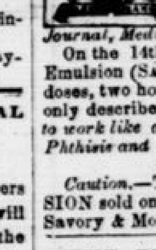
DARLEY'S ARABIAN HEAVE REMEDY and CONDITION MEDICINE is positively superior to any, or all other preparations for the cure of Heaves, Coughs, Thick and Broken Wind, and all diseases which affect the wind of horses; also, as a Condition Medicine, surpassing everything of the kind, is easy to give, sure to cure and safe in all cases and at all times, and does not prevent the horse from being worked while using it.

It cleanses the breathing apparatus, by removing from the air-cells the coagulable lymph, or that secretion which in heaves clogs them, causing a difficulty in breathing, and by its action on the diseased part, causing the mucous membrane to resume its natural dimensions, thus equalizing the circulation of the blood, and restoring the distended vessels to their natural size; by its use the horse's appetite is improved, all derangements of the digestive organs corrected, softening the skin, and giving to the coat a sleek and shining appearance.

D. W. HURD, successor to HURD & Co., Maiden Lane, New York, Sole Proprietor for the United States.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, Ont., Proprietors for Canada.

Price 25 cents. Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, Henry F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J. Brown, in Ottawa. 889-45-6m



FOR CASES OF

CONSUMPTION

treated with SAVORY & MOORE'S

PANCREATIC EMULSION.

See *The Lancet, British Medical Journal, Medical Press, &c.*

On the 14th Oct. I commenced the Pancreatic Emulsion (SAVORY & MOORE'S) in two tea-spoonful doses, two hours after dinner and supper. I can only describe its effects by saying that it seemed *to work like a charm.*"—Dr. Kinkead's *Paper on Phthisis and its treatment.*

Medical Press, &c., Feb. 26, 1868.

Caution.—The genuine PANCREATIC EMULSION sold only in bottles, 2s 6d, 4s 6d and 8s, with Savory & Moore's labels and trade mark.

THE BEST FOOD FOR INFANTS, resembling Mother's Milk as closely as possible.—Dr. H. Barker *on right foods for children.*

"THE INFANT PRINCE thrives upon it as a Prince should."—*Social Science Review.*

"A REAL IMPROVEMENT (*Lancet*) on the ordinary kinds of LIEBIG'S FOOD," and the only one that keeps good in all climates.

No boiling or straining. Tins, 1s, 2s, 5s and 10s.

SAVORY & MOORE,
143, New Bond-st., London.

Stoves & Hardware.

BLYTH & KERR,

No. 25 RIDEAU-ST.,

Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters, Tin and Copper Smiths, Bell Hangers, &c., &c.

A large stock of materials for the above branches of business constantly on hand.

Importers of

HOUSE FURNISHING HARDWARE.

STOVES! STOVES!

STOVES!

Hall, Fancy, Parlour and Cook Stoves, in great variety.

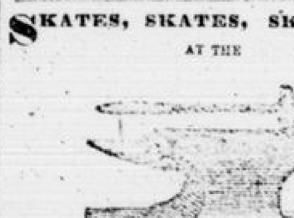
Agents for Eaton's Patent Automatic, Self-Ventilating, Wood and Coal Stoves. Also Beecher & Co.'s celebrated

HOT AIR FURNACES.

☞Public and Private Buildings, Conservatories, Vineries, Manufactories, &c., warmed by Steam, Hot Water, or Warm Air, on the latest and most approved principles.

SKATES, SKATES, SKATES,

AT THE



SIGN OF THE ANVIL, No. 24, RIDEAU-ST., where you can get a complete assortment of SKATES of all sizes, and at any price to suit purchasers, from 25 cents to $5.50 per pair. In the assortment will be found

The celebrated Sheffield Club,
" " Canadian Favorite,
" " Central Park do
and all other English and German Patterns.
Skate Straps, all patterns, &c., &c.

Also, a general assortment of

SHELF & HEAVY HARDWARE,

consisting in part of

GENERAL HOUSE FURNISHING,

Butcher Knives, Knives and Forks,
Pocket Knives, Table Spoons,
Tea Spoons, Tea Trays, Table Mats,
Butts, Screws, Locks,
Bolts, Catches, Latches,
Axes, Saws, Planes, Squares,
Hammers, Spokeshaves, Gouges,
Chisels, Augers, Auger Bits,
Steel Bits, Bevels,
Levels, Boring Machines,
Draw Knives, &c., &c., &c.

Together with

PAINT OF ALL COLORS,

Rose Pink, Burnt Umber,
Terra de Semna, Chrome Yellow,
Yellow Ochre, Celestial Blue,
Paris Green, Brunswick Green,
Magnesia Green, Venetian Red,
Red Lead, White Lead, in oil or dry,
Drop Black, Ivory Black,
Lamp Black, Boiled Oil,
Raw Oil, Turpentine,
Benzole, Coal Oil,
Paint Brushes,
Varnishes, &c.

THOS. BIRKETT,
Sign of the Anvil,
No. 24, Rideau-st.

P. S.—All goods delivered free to any part of the city. 408y

WARDELL'S PATENT STOVE-PIPE.

No more difficulty in putting stovepipes together. They will fit like a glove, and can't fall apart. By this new invention STOVEPIPES may be fitted into each other with the greatest ease, and here will be

NO NEED OF WIRING UP,

as they cannot fall apart of their own accord. The invention (patented) is simple and effective, a short opening at the joint at each end of the pipe enables two of them to be locked together, and the "bead" effectually prevents their separation.

Any person can put them together with the expedition of a practised tinsmith.

They will be sold at the low price of

FIFTEEN CENTS PER LENGTH.

The undersigned having bought the exclusive right for the City of Ottawa and County of Carleton, from Mr. Y. K. REID, respectfully invites the public to call and examine them, being fully persuaded that all who see them will refuse to buy any other kind.

C. P. DORION,
58 Sparks-st.,
Opposite British Lion Hotel.

Ottawa, October 14. 871.3m

S.SAFE! S.SURE! S.SUCCESSFUL.

Such is the character given of every stove sold during the past year at the

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,

35 Sussex-street, Ottawa,
H. MEADOWS & CO.

We beg to notify the public that our stock for the season is now complete; our

STOVES

are of the latest and most improved patterns, and the most extensive assortment shown in Ottawa.

COOKING STOVES, of the good old-fashioned kind,
COOKING STOVES, of the latest and most modern designs,
PARLOR STOVES, for elegance of design cannot be surpassed.
BOX & HALL STOVES, that are unrivalled for heating purposes,
DOUBLE STOVES, the best in use,
HOTEL STOVES, large and extra strong made, expressly for Hotel and Boarding Houses, complete with large Copper Water Reservoirs and Plate Warmers. We call special attention of Hotel Keepers to these stoves, they will last as long as any six ordinary stoves. See them and judge for yourselves. Price lists sent free on application.

COOKING STOVES, DOUBLE STOVES,
BOX STOVES, HOTEL STOVES,
PARLOR STOVES, COAL STOVES,
BEDROOM STOVES, DUMB STOVES,
STOVEPIPES! ELBOWS! STOVEPIPES
Common, Bright and Russia Iron,

and everything in the Tin, Sheet Iron and Copper-ware Line, on hand or made to order.

Hot Air Furnaces, Eave Troughs, Building Job Work and Repairs attended to punctually. We keep none but the best and most experienced mechanics.

HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS,

of every description in stock, suitable for the smallest family, or the largest hotel.

ARE YOU GOING TO BE MARRIED? If so, call and see our large assortment of necessary House-keeping Goods, suitable for Kitchen, Dining Room, or any room in your house.

YOUNG MAN, see that your house is well furnished with useful articles before you spend your money in more showy ornamental things.

IRON BEDSTEADS, LAMPS,

COAL OIL, SAUCEPANS,

Brass and Enamelled Kettles, Tinware, Toilet Setts, Baths, Flour Sieves, Brushes, Dish Covers, Table Mats, Sad Irons, Table Cutlery, Tea and Table Spoons, Preserve Jars, Mincing Knives, Wash Tubs and Boards, Refrigerators, Egg Beaters, Cruet Stands, Ash Pails, Table Bells, Tea Trays, Tea and Coffee Pots, Soup Tureens, Jelly and Pudding Moulds, &c., &c., &c., &c.

COUNTRY MERCHANTS

Supplied with

STOVEPIPES AND TINWARE,

At reduced figures,

CAMP KETTLES, SHANTY PLATES,

AND BASINS,

BIRD CAGES! BIRD CAGES! BIRD CAGES

All of the above at the

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,
street, Ottawa.
62y H. MEADOWS & CO.

RAILWAY PRACTICE OFFICE.

Now ready, the Cubic Contents of the Earthwork of those sections of the Intercolonial Railway, to be first placed under contract, giving in detail the quantities in each excavation and embankment.

RATES—1 mile per cubic yard of cutting and filling, or 1,000 cubic yards for a dollar, up to 100,000 yards, and for every additional 10,000 yards one dollar.

J. O'HANLY,
Civil Engineer.

Ottawa, Dec. 30, 1868. 936b

Boots & Shoes.

ANNOUNCEMENT!

W. A. LAMB,

KEEPER OF THE RED BOOT, &c., &c.

To all the loyal inhabitants of the Metropolitan and surrounding Counties, sends greeting:

And while thus publicly wishing to all

"A Merry Christmas and Happy New Year,"

takes pleasure also in announcing that he will hold

PUBLIC RECEPTIONS DAILY,

at from 7:30 a.m., until 7 p.m., when he will be pleased to meet with those who desire to call upon him.

N.B.—As all will probably wish to retain a *Souvenir* of their visit, it will be satisfactory to know that there is a magnificent assortment of Boots and Shoes on hand to choose from, and any of which will be GIVEN AWAY for a small consideration.

Don't forget the place, ☞ No. 28, Sussex-st., opposite the Barracks.☜

W. ANGUS & CO

BOOTS,

SHOES,

MOCCASINS,

TOBOGGANS,

SNOW-SHOES,

&c., &c., &c.

Since the great clearing Sale

W. ANGUS & CO.

have received a

VERY LARGE AND WELL SELECTED STOCK

OF

BOOTS AND SHOES

AND OTHER FEET-WARE,

suitable to the Winter season.

JUST RECEIVED.

A FRESH LOT OF LADIES' & GENTS'

FELT EMBROIDERED CONGRESS

Of the Latest Style. Also, a New Supply

TOBOGGANS,

SNOW-SHOES,

MOCCASINS,

OVER-SHOES,

&c., &c., &c.

Very appropriate

XMAS AND NEW YEAR'S PRESENTS.

☞INSPECTION INVITED.☜

PRICES LOW.

W. ANGUS & CO.,
Golden Boot,
226 Wellington-st.

GENUINE CLEARING SALE

OF

BOOTS AND SHOES,

AT THE OLD

CROSBY STAND, NO. 51, SPARKS-ST.

The whole of

THE BANKRUPT STOCK,

comprising the latest styles and best qualities of

LADIES', GENT'S, MISSES' & CHILDREN'S

DRESS & WALKING BOOTS,

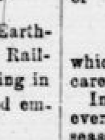
suitable for FALL & WINTER WEAR. Also, a large stock of Men's and Women's Coarse Boots, Moose Mocassins, Buck Moose and Sheep Mitts, Beef Mocassins, Felt Over-shoes, Rubbers, &c., all of which will be sold at great reductions from former prices. Lumber and country merchants are requested to bear in mind that there is a large stock of handmade boots to be disposed of at the aforesaid reduction in prices.

The public generally are invited to call and examine the stock and prices, which we know cannot fail to give satisfaction to all.

Remember the place, the old Crosby Stand, opposite O'Meara's, No. 51, Sparks-st.

A. J. STEPHENS & CO.

Ottawa, Oct. 20 1868. 876y



CHEAP BOOTS & SHOES

AT THE

CAPITAL

BOOT & SHOE STORE,

YORK-ST.

I have now received my fall and winter stock of

BOOTS AND SHOES,

which will be found complete; being selected with care, it will not fail to give general satisfaction.

In Ladies', Misses' and Children's ware I have everything that can possibly be required for the season, and at much lower figures than ever before offered.

Men's ware in Calf, Kipp, Cowhide Boots; Men's Strong Working Boots as low as $2 per pair. Boy's and Youth's equally low.

A large supply of New English Kipp Boots, hand made, the most suitable ware for Lumbermen, constantly on hand and made by the very best workmen. Orders taken for all kinds of work.

429y GEORGE MURPHY

Groceries.

THE undersigned takes this opportunity to thank her friends and the public in general for their liberal patronage, and solicits a call to examine her fine stock of GROCERIES, POULTRY, FISH, salt and fresh, VEGETABLES, FRUITS, PORK, &c., all to be disposed of cheap. Also, a very fine lot of PARTRIDGES.

MRS. L. E. GOULIN,
Wellington-st., opposite Hall's Confectionery

GARDENER'S

BAKING POWDER.

In 1 lb. Packets for 25 cents. | And 6 Packets for $1.25.

TEN REASONS

Why it Should be Used in Preference to all Others:

1st. Bread or Cakes made with it are more wholesome than if made with Yeast or any other process.

2nd. Its purity is such that it will stand the test of the most perfect analysis.

3rd. After having been extensively used for the last 14 years in not one instance has it failed to give entire satisfaction.

4th. Families that have used it pronounce it the best, and will use no other.

5th. It contains no Saleratus, nor does it impair the digestive organs like those powders where Soda or an excess of Alkali predominates.

6th. It never gives to Bread or Cakes an unpleasant Alkaline or mawkish taste.

7th. The ingredients that form its composition are more beneficial than otherwise.

8th. Dyspeptic subjects can eat hot Bread or Rolls made with it and derive benefit by its use.

9th. Every Packet contains its full weight; one pound packets weigh 16 ounces.

10. It is all that it is represented to be, namely:

Unrivalled for Purity and Cheapness.

Sole Agents for Ottawa,

J. G. ROBINSON & Co.,
The Tea Pot.

The Trade supplied at the Manufacturer's prices.

Ottawa, December 10, 1868. 886-6m

MONTREAL WAREHOUSE,

SUSSEX-STREET

The undersigned have now COMPLETED their

FALL IMPORTATIONS,

COMPRISING A

GENERAL AND SELECT STOCK

OF

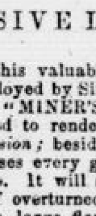
FAMILY GROCERIES,

WINES, LIQUORS,

AND PROVISIONS, &c., &c.

JAS. MARTIN & CO.

Ottawa, November 27, 1868. 657y



D. R. LEAVENS,

AGENT FOR THE NEW METALLIC

"NON-EXPLOSIVE LAMP,"

Now offers to the public this valuable improvement. The principle employed by Sir Humphrey Davy, in his celebrated "MINER'S SAFETY LAMP," is strictly adhered to rendering it safe from the *possibility of explosion;* besides this most important feature it possesses every good quality that is desirable in a lamp. It will not break if dropped upon the *floor.* If overturned no oil will escape. It will carry a large flame without smoking; this flame is steady, and so protected that currents of air do not affect it, rendering it a convenient lamp to carry about the house, and is not liable to get out of order. The lamp is made of metal and cannot be broken, hence no danger from that cause.

THE CLAIM FOR THIS LAMP IS

First—Absolute safety under all circumstances.
Second—Greater light with less consumption of oil.
Third—Beauty and perfection of finish.

Call and see them at the

OIL DEPOT, 73 SUSSEX-ST.,

☞Sign Red Oil Barrel.

D. R. LEAVENS.

FLOWER BULBS.

Shipped per *Hibernian,* and to arrive in a few days, a very superior assortment of

HYACINTH, TULIP AND OTHER FALL BULBS.

These Bulbs will be found superior to anything yet imported.

WILLIAM HEARN,
Market Drug Store,
York-st.

Ottawa, October 17, 1868. 874tf

Dry Goods.

HICK & CO.

Have removed to their NEW STORE, in Stewart's Block, Corner of Rideau and Sussex-sts., where they will offer, in connection with their goods,

$30,000 WORTH OF DRY GOODS

Purchased at Public Auction lately, from the immense Bankrupt Stock of the late firm of DESMARTERY, JORDAINE & Co., of Montreal, and sold on account of T. JAMES CLAXTON. The goods are all new and of very superior quality, being imported expressly for a fashionable Montreal trade; and, as they have succeeded in purchasing the goods far below the sterling cost, they are prepared to offer bargains never before offered in this city. The following are some of the lines of goods offered, viz.:

		s. d.		s. d.
100 pieces	different qualities Black Silks........			
80 do	Single width plain Wincey	5	worth	0 8
100 do	Fancy, single width Wincey	7½	"	1 0
62 do	Double width plain Wincey	7½	"	1 0
80 do	Double Delaines.....	7½	"	1 3
70 do	do Poplin........	7½	"	1 0
150 do	do Cobourg.....	7½	"	1 3
150 do	Assort'd Dress Goods	9	"	1 6
33 do	Empress Reps........	1 6	"	3 0
60 do	Bl'k French Merino	1 6	"	3 0
75 do	Fancy Colors—your choice for.........	2		
200 do	Black Empress Rep only...............	10	"	2 0

Also, a splendid assortment of

Hannibal Cloths — Oriental Lustres
Livini Poplins — Alberteena Cloths
Princess Alexandra Embossed Poplins
Mandarin Lustres — Eugenia Reps, &c.

1,000 doz. FRINGED TOWELS, all Linen,....................6d each.

SHAWLS.

35 Filled Shawls.
83 Shepherd Long Shawls
101 Fancy, all wool Longs
167 Assorted Square Shawls.

COTTONS.

120 pieces Grey Cotton, 1¼ yards wide, for......6 d
160 do Bleached Horrocks and Millars........6½d
165 do Good Prints ....4 d
303 do Best English Prints, Hoyle's and Ashton's.................................6½d
159 do French Calicos, in choice patterns...8 d

CLOTHS.

		s. d.		s. d.
20 pieces	Waterproof..........	3 9		
80 do	Double Width Overcoating.......................	2 9	worth	7 6
35 do	Scotch Tweed.............	2 6	do	5 0
100 do	Canadian Tweed.........	1 3	do	2 6
100 do	Full Cloth, very heavy..	2 9	do	3 6

Also, a splendid lot o

BROAD CLOTHS, BEAVERS,

Witneys, Mantle Cloths,

BLACK DOES, &c., &c., &c.,

at correspondingly low prices.

85 PIECES DOMINION TWEED,

Something New—one of the heaviest cloths made—*at a great sacrifice.*

1,000 doz. TABLE NAPKINS, all Linen, only 6s 3d per dozen.

SHIRTS! SHIRTS! SHIRTS!

1,000 Flannel Shirts, only..............2 6
200 White Cotton Shirts, only......3 9
500 Under Shirts, only...............3 3
300 Hespler's heaviest make, Ribbed..................................5 0 worth 8 9

Paper Collars—100 collars for 3s 9d.

500 pieces 2¼-yards wide Linen Sheeting...........................3 3 worth 5
5 do 2-yards wide, Union Sheeting........................1 7 do 3
81 do Table Damask and 300 Damask Table Cloths, at a frightful sacrifice.................

☞Also, Red and White Flannels, Canadian Shirting Flannels, Hoop Skirts, Crash Towellings, Irish Linen, Clouds, Breakfast Shawls, Hemp Carpets, &c., &c.

☞CORSETS, 2s 6d.☜

Blankets—A large lot of slightly damaged Blankets for about half price.

1,000 Linen Bags, 1s, worth 1s 6d; 40 cases Men's Heavy Boots, very low; 3 cases Men's Heavy French Calf, 12s 6d. Also, a heavy stock of Gentlemen's Clothing.

$3.50.................................. OVERCOATS.
4.00..................................heavy OVERCOATS.
90 cts. up..................................PANTS.
50 cts. to $1.25...............................VESTS.
$8.00,........Black Broadcloth..........FALL SUITS.

A large staff of polite and attentive salesmen will be in readiness to wait on customers.

H. HICK & CO.

☞Customers will please report any inattention on the part of salesmen.

AT CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S

The greatest novelty of the season is the

BOULEVARD FELT UNDERSKIRT,

Unsurpassed for

BEAUTY, ECONOMY & DURABILITY

AT

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S

No. 14, RIDEAU-ST.

REMOVAL

TO

NO. 34, SPARKS-ST.

T. RAJOTTE

having removed to more commodious premises, takes pleasure in announcing to his numerous customers and the public generally that he has now a large and well selected stock of

STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS,

consisting of

Flannels — Black Cloths
Winceys — Beaver Cloths
Cottons — Meltons
Prints — Tweeds
&c., — &c.

We have also on hand a large assortment of

READY-MADE CLOTHING,

which, being manufactured on the premises, we can recommend, and sell cheaper than any shop in this city.

THE TAILORING DEPARTMENT.

This department is under the superintendence of a well-known first-class cutter and workman. All orders punctually attended to.

☞Don't forget the place, No. 34, Sparks-st. Store lately occupied by G. Fetherston & Co., next door to Magee & Russell's old store.

88‑y T. RAJOTTE.

CHIFFONNIERS AND SIDEBOARDS, from $5 upwards.

AT THE VARIETY HALL.

BOOK CASES of GREY & BLACK WALNUT

AT THE VARIETY HALL.

ROCKING AND EASY CHAIRS, of every description,

AT THE VARIETY HALL.

THE FUTURE OF CANADA.

From the United Service Gazette.

LAST week, in advocating the speedy construction of the Ottawa Canal, not only as a means of defence, but as taking advantage of the position which nature has given us to become a powerful and wealthy nation, we noticed incidentally the impositions inflicted upon the producers of the Great West by the tariffs made for the benefit of New England manufacturers, and stated that the dwellers at the Occident would not long submit to the burthen, if free communication with the sea and the markets of Europe were offered them through Canadian territory, and especially if that communication was made some 50 per cent. cheaper and shorter than the present circuitous route by the Erie Canal and New York, as would be the case, if the Ottawa Canal were built. In order to show the rate at which the West is made to contribute to the wealth of the East, we take the annexed from an American paper:

"The following statement shows the par value and the market value of the stock of a few of the New England manufacturing companies:

Androscoggin Mills (par value $100..	185
Pepperell Manufacturing Company (par value $100)................	1,105
Pacific Mills (par value $100)......	2,015
Nashua Company (par value $100)..	755
Stark Mills (par value $100).........	1,275
Chicopee Manufacturing Company (par value $100)	275
Salisbury Manufacturing Company (par value $100)	270½
Boott Cotton Mills (par value $100)..	1,080
Laconia Manufacturing Company (par value $100)................	1,200
Amoskeag Manufacturing Company (par value $100)................	1,312½
Great Falls Manufacturing Company (par value $100)................	215

"These are the people who are persistently howling for "protection;" and it is "protection," which is only a refinement for downright robbery, which has raised the stock of these companies to ten and twenty times their par values."

While New England writers, and Northerners with New England ideas and interests, have endeavored to maintain that the late war was waged to liberate the slave—and in this they have been joined by the Bright school in England—it was patent to every one else that it was to enforce New England tariffs upon the agriculturists of the South; and that the major part of the patriotic fervor bestowed upon their striped bunting, which with pathetic anachronism they denominated "the old flag," was in reality the result of a sordid affection for the base material interests of the cotton mills of New England. Nullification in South Carolina, in the days of CALHOUN, arose from the same cause, and South Carolina would then have seceded had she been strong enough, as she and the other Southern States recently attempted to do, and as the West will eventually be pretty sure to do, when New England capitalists lose their gripe upon the throat of western enterprise; and there can then be no pretext of a common opposition to human slavery to draw sympathy from any portion of the people of the West for the East, as was the case in the late war. But, whether the West remains a part of the Union or not, it is its interest to make Canada its highway to the ocean, and it is ours also, both in a material and national point of view. In the first, it would give employment to immigrants opening up our waste territory, employ our great facilities for ship building, give us a market for our mineral wealth, make our vast water-power the basis of manufacturing enterprises, the products of which—freed from protective duties which the West would have no interest in imposing—would completely outstrip the manufacturers of the Eastern States in the western market, and eventually it would culminate in an extension of our lines of communication through British territory to the Pacific, thus making Canada the highway for the traffic of England with China and India. In a national point of view, the opening of the Ottawa Ship Canal would give us back bone, and so strengthen us that, with the aid of the naval strength of England, we would be in a position to maintain our independence, and dictate the terms of a treaty by which the Great West might secure our great thoroughfare and seaboard, for the purpose of establishing free trade with the markets of Europe; and at the same time give us facilities for opening up and incorporating the wealth of our own great and fertile North-west. Thus, from a position of isolated and unimportant colonies, we would grow into an Empire rich in its own resources, and holding the key to the trade of half the world. In our last we urged a speedy consideration of these features in our own natural position, if we would avoid the loss of some of their advantages through the more daring enterprise of the United States. Already the Americans of the West see the advantages of our position, and although we may smile at the crazy idea of that people robbing us of our country and its advantages by force, we must not overlook the facts contained in the bombast written by Mr. Medill, of Chicago, to Gen. Rawlins. In his letter Mr. Medill says:

"I esteem the acquisition of British North America as almost equal in value to the seceded States, which we conquered. We need that country for its vast forests, its wheat and barley lands, its fisheries, its furs. New England needs Nova Scotia for its coal. The West needs the St. Lawrence for its natural outlet to the Atlantic Ocean. The Saskatchewan Valley will in future be a great wheat-growing region. The Northern Pacific Railway, from the head of Lake Superior, via St. Paul, will run close along the boundary line for more than 2,000 miles, to Oregon. We don't want a naval power, supported by a foreign nation, established on our Northern frontier."

There can be no doubt that the Americans do "need that country," but if we are true to ourselves they will only acquire the use of its highways on the terms which we shall dictate, instead of this country becoming a mere satrapy of the Great Republic. Once make our defensive position secure, towards which the construction of the Ottawa Ship Canal and the carrying out of our Militia system to its full extent would go a great way, and we shall be in a position to profit by any disagreements which may arise between the Eastern and Western States regarding trade, as arise they must, if Congress, under the influence of the East, continues to rob the West. There is one feature of the above extract which, above all others, demands prompt action on the part of Canadian statesmen, and that is the reference made to the North Pacific Railway. Notwithstanding their immense burden of debt, the United States have already, in the face of immense difficulties, and over a thousand miles of inhospitable and barren desert, nearly completed one road to the Pacific, and there can be no doubt that they will exhibit equal energy in attempting the construction of a Northern line. The success of such an undertaking would reduce greatly the prospects of an inter-oceanic road through British territory. Let us hope that the mission of SIR GEORGE CARTIER and Mr. MCDOUGALL will be so successful in the acquisition of the Hudson's Bay territory, and in opening the eyes of the British nation and British capitalists to the advantages of this territory, that we may be enabled, not only to open the fertile valley of the Saskatchewan to British civilization and industry, but also be the means of securing such aid for the construction of a railway that we shall be able to outstrip the American project, and thus put all the disadvantages of building a competing line upon them. The subject of the future Canadian Empire is too vast to permit of more than touching a few of the salient points in a brief article, but even these are sufficient to show the vital interest we have in strengthening our position by all the means in our power. This we cannot do without large expenditure; but, even if we were to become involved to the extent of the United States debt, proportionately to our population, we should have vast and productive public works, and a great and prosperous Empire to show for our money, instead of the prostration and blackened ruins of a great war, which is all the Americans have to exhibit for their loss of blood and treasure. To avert the horrors of war we must spend liberally in making our defensive position impregnable, and in the march to imperial power and prosperity we must add both energy and daring to our natural position and resources. These projects must go hand in hand, and when we find statesmen able and willing to grapple with them, our countrymen should aid them with no niggardly hand, and with no narrow-minded or sectional selfishness; and we have greatly over-estimated the patriotism of those who compose our Militia strength, if they are not found ready and willing to bear their share in the onward march of British freedom and British institutions on this continent.

THE SERVICE.

WAR OFFICE, Pall Mall, Dec. 11.

36th Regiment of Foot.—Major-General A. A. T. Curryngham, C. B., to be Colonel.

Royal Regiment of Artillery.—Major-General D. Thorndike to be Colonel Commandant.

29th Foot.—Ensign E. J. H. Spratt to be Lieutenant; F. H. Lovell, gentleman, to be Ensign.

47th Foot.—Lieut. W. H. Larkin to be Instructor of Musketry.

Rifle Brigade.—Staff Assistant-Surgeon Andrew Arthur Macrobin, M. S., to be Assistant-Surgeon, vice W. H. Climo, M. D., who exchanges.

Brevet.—To be Generals—Lt. General Sir John Edward Dupins, K. C. B., Colonel commanding Royal Artillery; Lt. General P. S. Stanhope, Colonel 13th Foot. To be Lt. General—Major General Thorndike, Royal Artillery; Major General W. Anson McLeverty, Colonel 108th Foot; Major General Lewis Duncan Williams, Colonel 6th Dragoons; Major General Beauchamp Burnaby, and Major General W. H. Hennis. To be Major General—Colonel—J. H. Francklyn, C. B., Royal Artillery; Brevet Colonel T. Holmes Tidy; Brevet Colonel Edmund Heythorne. To be Lt. Colonel—Major J. Handasyde Elgar, late 69th Foot; Major Sanhope Mason Gilde; Brevet Major H. M. Smith, late 64th. To be Major—Captain C. Slaughter, Royal Marine Light Infantry; Captain W. Clutterbuck, 58th Foot; Captain H. Robert Stokes, Royal Artillery.

—Colonel Wilson Patton, the out-going Irish Secretary, has, by instructions of his Grace the Duke of Abercorn, conveyed to the Commander of the Forces in Ireland the expression of the Lord Lieutenant's satisfaction with the general conduct of the troops during the period of his Viceroyalty. They have "conspicuously displayed loyalty, firmness, and temper, under circumstances occasionally most trying." Lord Strathnairn, in publishing this approval in General Orders, thanks the army for himself for the discipline which has secured such an encomium.

—Major-General A Wilde, commander of the force lately operating in the district of Hazara, has addressed some lengthy and interesting despatches to his Honor the Lieut.-Governor of the Punjaub, describing the operations against the insurgent tribes. In concluding, he speaks in the highest possible terms of the conduct of the officers and men serving under his command. All the troops, British, Sikhs, Goorkha and Bengalese, seem to have done their duty.

—Col. G. G. Maunsell has been gazetted Deputy Adjutant General of Militia, and to hold rank of Lieut. Colonel. We believe this appointment will give general satisfaction. As Adjutant General for the Province he was most popular amongst the Volunteers, and it cannot fail to be received with pleasure by them. At one time there seemed to be some influence in Ottawa against Colonel Maunsell, but that has now evidently been quelled.

We hear that the draft for the quota of Militia under the new Act, for New Brunswick—unless a sufficient number of Volunteers step forward—will soon be made.—*Fredericton Head Quarters.*

PLUCK OF DANDIES.—It was a quaint conceit of Cæsar that his troops fought better when well unguented and perfumed, and puts one in mind of the stories told of the dandy French officers who, on leading forth to battle, are troubled about nothing so much as the fit of their white kid gloves, and on mounting the breach, will rather prefer a neat, light riding switch to lash the foe withal, than a rude, gory sword. Where are greater dandies, too, than the pet guardsmen and heavy dragoons with whom Thackeray made us so well acquainted, and yet what devils to lay on were these gay boys when England called? How they stood at Waterloo; how they stuck to the Russian trench; how stoutly they cheered up the British grenadier against the Sepoy with a hearty "Steady, lads, steady." Dandies, let it be known, can fight. Marshal Vendome was as very a voluptuary as ever rested under a silken canopy in camp, but once wake him up and the fragile fine gentleman five scattered everything that European science and strength could bring before it. In our time how precise were some you may wot of as to the lustre of their spurs, the cut of their coat, and set of their boots. He who, on the eve of battle, can think the thoughts of *boudoired* ease, is a man you may rely on, that will do to trust. There is in him the spirit of royal life-guards and the dash of the true *mousquetaire gris.*

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Bankrupt Sale of Gold and Silver Watches, &c.—Sheffield House.

New Books—Jones & Holland.

Dinner of the Aldermen to the Mayor—Ald. Martineau.

American Invoices—R. S. M. Bouchette.

Official Notice.

The Ottawa Times

Office: 38, Sparks Street.

MONDAY, JANUARY 11, 1869.

For Ottawa Markets and interesting reading see Fourth Page.

We have received a copy of the appeal on behalf of the Red River Settlers from the Executive Co-operative Relief Committee. Our readers may remember that we published this document a few days ago, copied from one of the Hamilton papers. It is to be hoped that those localities which have as yet done little or nothing towards the relief of the Red River Settlers will now bestir themselves, and send forward their contributions. We have no doubt but that the Public Works Department will gladly undertake the duty of remitting any further contributions that may be sent to it, and the Hamilton Committee, James Turner, Esq., Treasurer, is still in working order, and has excellent arrangements for forwarding subscriptions.

The Ontario Opposition has again measured its strength against the Government, and again met with a severe repulse. It is odd that they should attempt to be more economical than the Ontario Cabinet, seeing that the general complaint against it has been too much economy. In the matter of the Governor's residence, however, it was believed, after the dreary lectures of the *Globe*, on the wasteful extravagance of providing an elegant residence for the Lieutenant-Governor, that the Cabinet's economy could be improved upon, and accordingly, as we learn by our Toronto despatch, an amendment was offered on Friday night to reduce the item by $10,000. This motion was lost by a vote of 28 to 41, leaving the Ministry with a majority of thirteen. This is probably the last "test" vote of the session, and it shews little, if any, change in the strength of parties.

In Saturday's *Gazette* appeared the first quarterly return of the Insurance Companies licensed to do business in Canada, with the amounts and character of their deposits. No one can glance at this list without being struck with the very large measure of success which has attended the working the new insurance law. Thirty-five companies have already complied with the terms of the law; and the total deposits amount to three millions, three hundred and sixty-eight thousand, two hundred and forty-five dollars. Of this sum, one half or thereabouts, is in cash, the balance in American, Canadian and British securities.

The amount named above gives ample guarantee to Canadian insurers. All risks, fire, marine and life, are reached by the operation of the Act, and the companies doing business in Canada are compelled to give such an amount of security as places their customers beyond any reach of loss in every case where a claim is properly established. We understand that other companies are preparing to comply with the terms of the law, so that there need be no fear that the predictions of those who asserted that the Act would extinguish healthy competition will be realised. Indeed at the present average value of money in permanent investments of undoubted security the companies have no reason to complain that they are required to deposit so large an amount, and so far do they seem to be from doing this that some of them have increased their amounts in advance of the time required by law.

The national advantage of this system, apart from the security given to policy holders, and the advantage conferred upon the Companies in being secured from the competition of bogus concerns, must be obvious in view of the large amount of the loan acquired at par, at a moderate interest, and placed under a management which involves the least possible expense. In the course of a short time this loan will probably reach four millions of dollars, and will go on increasing with the business of the country.

A somewhat novel Sheriff's sale was advertised to take place at the Court House here on Saturday, being nothing less than ten thousand dollars' worth of Canadian five per cent. securities, or as much thereof as would satisfy the judgment debt. The Ætna Insurance Company of Dublin having been doing business in Canada, at the time the Insurance Act of 1860 was passed, invested the amount named in Canadian securities. This Company has now ceased operations in Canada, and was sued for unsatisfied claims at Toronto, and Goderich, four executions having issued in all, amounting to the present date to about $4,500. These executions were placed in the hands of the Sheriff of this county, for the purpose of seizing the securities held by the Minister of Finance. This seizure was made, and the sale advertised to take place as we have said on Saturday. The bidders, however, were few, the company's agent having sent a verbal intimation that he had lodged a written protest against the surrender of the securities with the Minister of Finance. The sale was consequently postponed until the 23rd inst., at the same hour, noon, when, if the executions are not previously satisfied, or proceedings stayed, the securities will be peremptorily sold to the highest bidder.

We believe this is the first case of the kind which ever arose under the old Act. Some doubt exists as to the completeness of the Sheriff's title to the property, it being contended that the securities are for the benefit of all the creditors of the Company, though, apparently, the provision of the statute is pretty clear as to the right of seizure and sale under execution. Under the new Act, there is no room left for misapprehension, as it is explicitly provided that the deposits of the Companies shall be vested in the Minister of Finance, and by him be held for the Company, or for the satisfaction of its debts to Canadian creditors.

A meeting of the ratepayers of the County of Norfolk was held in Simcoe on Saturday, to decide on the proper course to pursue with reference to granting the right of way through the county to the Erie and Niagara Railway Company. The following resolution was passed:

"That having learned that the municipalities through which the contemplated road is to run will be required to give the right of way, this meeting respectfully recommends that the county council should purchase the same through the County of Norfolk, and give it to the company, a good and sufficient guarantee being given that the road will be constructed, or the right of way revert to the county."—*Hamilton Times.*

Is there not in the above an example for those municipalities through which it is proposed to run the Canada Central Railway? We commend the query to the favourable consideration of our friends in Carleton.

Memorials of the Civil Service Regiment; by a private who has been allowed to retire retaining his rank.

These affecting "memorials" must be read to be appreciated. We have to thank Messrs. Jones & Holland for "one of them," and shall cherish it as a *souvenir* of warlike achievements never perhaps to be repeated.

Stewart's Literary Quarterly Magazine, January, 1869. *St. John, N. B.*: George Stewart, Jr., Editor and Proprietor.

The contents of this number are varied and interesting as usual, and we notice, with pleasure, that its pages are graced with the contributions of some western writers.

FIRE AT AYLMER.

The County Jail and Court House Burned.

A few minutes before six a.m., on Saturday last, a fire was discovered in the basement of the West wing of the County Jail, in the town of Aylmer. Word was at once sent to Sheriff Coutlee, who made all haste to the scene. In the meantime, however, the rear doors of the jail were thrown open by the jailor, and all the prisoners were set at liberty for the time being; but they were subsequently secured, and, under a strong guard, were removed to a place of security. There were some fifteen prisoners confined in the jail. The building was totally destroyed. The original cost of the building was £8,000, and was insured in the "Royal" for £3,000. All the records and valuable papers, the property of the courts, were saved.

The jailor, Mr. John Murphy, lost nearly all his personal property, which was on the premises. It having transpired that the fire could not be subdued by the means at command, in Aylmer, a message was sent to the city of Ottawa, requesting that some fire engines be sent out. At ten minutes to ten, the chief of the Ottawa Fire Brigade, Mr. John Langford, received word to proceed to Aylmer with the engines, and, with his usual energy, at once ordered the engine "Ottawa" to the scene. So promptly were his orders obeyed, that the engine was at the scene of the fire, a distance of *nine* miles, at 11:10 o'clock. The Fire Brigade of this city have at all times displayed a laudable energy in turning out on all occasions, but their rapidity of movement on this occasion deserves especial praise. When they arrived, however, the building was in ruins, but had they received notice earlier in the morning, the east and south wings of the building would have been saved, and the fire confined to the west wing, where it first appeared. The origin of the fire is involved in mystery, as there were neither stove-pipes nor hot air flues in the basement, where the fire originated. At the invitation of Mr. Sheriff Coutlee, the Chief, Deputy Chief, Alderman Guerard, of Ottawa, and Captains Walsh and Foisy, together with the members of their companies, proceeded to the hotel of our friend Mr. Moses Holt, who, taking into account the short time at his command, gave a bountiful and substantial spread in his usual good style. The firemen received every attention from the citizens of Aylmer on every side. On returning to town, about 3 p. m., they fell in with three of our enterprising watermen wending their way to Aylmer, but they returned to town on being assured that the fire was all over. None of the prisoners, we believe, were injured, and we are informed that they worked at the fire with great bravery. The following are the names of the prisoners, and the charges under which they are held:

Robinson, Indian, for horse stealing.

Taillefer family, mother and four sons, for larceny.

David Hart, merchant, civil case, on capias.

A soldier of the Rifle Brigade, for robbery at Chelsea.

A man from Portage du Fort, for aggravated assault on one McCarthy.

The girl who gave evidence on the Whelan trial, as to pistol ball from the revolver at Starr's boarding house. She is insane.

METROPOLITAN RIFLE ASSOCIATION.

On Tuesday afternoon last a meeting of the Managing Committee of this Association was held for the winding up of matters for the past year. Reports from the President, Secretary, and Treasurer, were read, after which a committee was appointed to assist those officers in drawing up a report in pamphlet form containing lists of subscribers and prize winners, analysis of the shooting, and such other information as may be necessary.

A hearty vote of thanks to the President, Lieut.-Col. W. F. Powell, for the great interest he has taken in the affairs of the Association was unanimously carried.

For the information of our readers we publish the reports of the Secretary and the President:

To the President and Members of the Managing Committee, Metropolitan Rifle Association:

Gentlemen,—I have much pleasure in submitting my report of the proceedings of the Association for the current year.

On Saturday, 4th April, 1868, a number of the Volunteer officers of this city met for the purpose of forming a Rifle Club or Association, when it was determined, that as the (late) Ottawa Rifle Tournament, as was proved by official report to have had a greater amount of prizes and better attendance of competitors than any match held during the year in either of the then Provinces of Canada, it would be to the interest of this city, and adjacent counties, if a permanent association, based on the Wimbledon regulations, was organized. Committees were then appointed to draft a constitution for the new association, which was then named "The Metropolitan Rifle Association," embracing as a district, the metropolitan counties of Carleton, Russell and Ottawa, and the city of Ottawa. The meeting then adjourned until Tuesday, the 7th April, when a draft of the proposed constitution and by-laws were submitted and approved of, but left for adoption to a general meeting of subscribers and others interested in the movement, the acting-secretary being authorized to notify the leading gentlemen in the city and district to attend a meeting for this purpose and other business.

A well attended meeting of Volunteer officers and gentlemen from the city and counties were present at the general meeting, as arranged, when the constitution and by-laws as submitted were adopted, after which the election of a Managing Committee and officers was proceeded with.

The general meeting then adjourned; when the newly elected Managing Committee met. Resolutions were passed relative to an annual prize meeting, committees appointed to collect subscriptions, and a variety of other business transacted.

At several subsequent meetings of the committee, arrangements were made to hold a rifle meeting in this city, on Tuesday, the 25th August, and following days.

It was found, however, that a large outlay on the rifle ground was necessary to ensure a successful issue to the proposed meeting. A pool target range was laid out, and finished at a cost of $30. A large shed and offices were constructed at a cost of $93, with other small improvements, amounting in the aggregate to $160.

The range being completed and extended to 1,000 yards, the Hon. the Minister of Militia and Defence having kindly allowed $100 for that purpose, and the subscriptions and donations through the kind liberality of the citizens of Ottawa, and vicinity, amounting to the very handsome sum of over $1,400, the committee found themselves enabled to present a list of cash prizes amounting to $611, and other prizes to the value of over $800, amounting in all to over $1,400.

The annual matches were, on the beautiful morning of the 25th of August, duly opened by the lady of His Worship the Mayor, in presence of a large number of the ladies and gentlemen of the metropolis.

The aggregate number of competitors was fully 1,200. The arrangements on the ground appear to have given the greatest satisfaction to every one, and taken all in all, the prize meeting of this Association will compare favourably with preceding, or later, meetings in other parts of the Dominion. The assets being entrance money, pool money, &c, were very good, amounting to over $400.

The meeting closed without the slightest accident of any kind occurring on the ground, and with the greatest credit to the really hard working Ground Committee. The thanks of the Managing Committee are due to Drs. Codd, Malloch, and Wilson, and to the commanding officer and officers of the Rifle Brigade for their very kind assistance and courteousness displayed throughout the meeting; the performance of the band of the regiment, both on the range and in the Theatre, contributing much to the success of the undertaking.

The distribution of prizes was held in Her Majesty's Theatre on Thursday evening, the 3rd of September, the building being filled to overflowing with the *elite* of the capital. The prizes were distributed by Mrs. Powell, wife of Lieutenant-Colonel Powell, the president of the association. The Hon. Sir George E. Cartier, Minister of Militia, who was also present, delivered an address, in which he was pleased to highly compliment the Association on the successful termination of their first annual meeting.

Colonel Powell also eulogised the meeting, and remarked it as being the largest and best attended in the Dominion. Considering the very heavy expense borne by the Association this year, which will not again have to be incurred, it is highly satisfactory to know that all claims against the Association have been honourably liquidated, and that there remains in the hands of the Treasurer a good surplus to bank for next year's meeting.

In conclusion I append a list of subscribers for the current year.

I have the honour to be, Mr. President and gentlemen,

Your obedient servant,
C. E. PERRY, Secretary M.R.A.

Ottawa, Nov. 24, 1868.

President's Report.

Gentlemen,—The unavoidable delay on the part of the Government in handing over to the several Rifle Associations of the Dominion the liberal contribution which they were pleased to grant to each, has prevented an earlier meeting for the purpose of winding up the affairs of "The Metropolitan Rifle Association."

In submitting the report of the able and indefatigable secretary, containing, as it does, so full and clear a *resume* of the year's proceedings, little remains to add except to offer my congratulations to its members upon the marked success with which it has been attended throughout, and to convey, on the part of the officers, the expression of their gratitude to their many friends and patrons in Ottawa for the spirit of liberality and munificence with which their efforts have been so cordially seconded.

The encouragement given to Rifle Associations by the Parliament of the Dominion, and by all classes of the community in their individual capacity, shows that the people are fully alive to their usefulness. In a country that must, in the event of invasion, be defended under the disadvantage of marked numerical inferiority, it is all important that familiarity with the rifle, and skill in its use, may, as far as possible, be made to supplement valour and courage, and help to equalise the odds that are incident to the situation.

The progress made in this respect since the first inauguration of the volunteer movement in Canada affords a very hopeful promise for the future, and, whilst it is calculated to inspire confidence in our ability to defend the country which we possess, is an ample reward for the exertions and expenditure which it has of necessity involved.

The stimulus afforded to this movement by public rifle matches can hardly be over estimated. The city of Ottawa may point with pardonable pride to the fact that the first Rifle Tournament ever held in the Dominion was inaugurated by one of her most chivalric citizens, Col. Coffin, and that the success which attended it has been steadily maintained in every successive effort.

It is with no desire to institute invidious comparisons, but, rather, that the experience of the past may be rendered useful in the future, that I would point to two features in the Ottawa Tournament, that were, in my humble judgment, the main springs of success, the omission of which did much to mar the usefulness of the Dominion match at Laprairie. The first was that the practice with the common weapon of defence, and that which must be relied on in the event of active service being called for, has been steadily kept in view. The great majority of prizes were awarded to the Snider and Enfield rifles, and the fancy arm, with its telescope and globe sights, was allowed only a secondary place, the inducement to its use being the exception. While for the sportsman and amateur practice, complicated and expensive weapons may answer very well, it is not as a pastime that public tournaments should be regarded, but rather for the inducements they hold to practice and improvement in the skilful use of the weapon that must be relied on in the hour of national necessity.

The other point that lent general interest was the publicity given to everything connected with the proceedings. The mere money value of prizes will scarcely attract competition as does the fame which crowns success. Outside the charmed circle whose duty it was to distribute the prizes, it is a matter of doubt if any one has ever had the opportunity of learning the names of those competitors in the Dominion Tournament who carried off the laurels of victory. That some authenticated record will be preserved in the archives of the War Department, there is little doubt, but the satisfaction of riflemen as well as the general public would have been much greater, if arrangements had been made from day to day to give publicity to correct and intelligible records of the events as they came off. To the local press the thanks of this Association are specially due. They rendered good service in commending its claims to the favour of the public, but still better in correctly chronicling the progress of the matches and the events of the tournament. In thus gratifying the natural desire of their readers to learn the details of the competition, if I may be permitted to express an opinion, they evidenced a sound newspaper discretion, as the information was eagerly sought after, while its publication kept alive an interest in and gave *eclat* to the tournament.

In conclusion, whether measured by the number of the competitors, the value of the prizes, the average of the firing, the freedom from accident, or the regularity of the proceedings throughout, the late rifle match of the Metropolitan Association will compare not unfavourably with any that have taken place within the limits of our new Dominion.

W. F. POWELL, Lieut.-Col.,
President M.R.A.

Tragedy near Bowmanville.—On Tuesday, James Williams, residing near the village of Hampton, went to the door of his house about four o'clock in the afternoon, and found it locked. On forcing it open a dreadful sight met his view. His two little children, a little girl aged three years, and a boy aged six months, both lifeless, stripped and laid on the bed, covered by a sheet—his unfortunate wife surprised in the act of taking her own life, she evidently having made the attempt. She drowned the children in a barrel of water that was in the house. After placing them as found on the bed, she then tried to end her own life by getting into the barrel head first. This affair has caused great sorrow to a large number of friends, both families being widely connected in the neighbourhood. It is said she is now very wild and has to be tied to keep her from harm.

—Leave orders for skirts before Christmas, and get them to fit.

LOCAL NEWS.

Lunatic to be Removed.—A warrant was received by the authorities for the removal of Elizabeth Butler to the Rockwood Asylum. She will leave this morning or to-morrow.

Annual Soiree.—We learn that the annual soiree of the Congregational Church will be held some time in the present week—probably Thursday evening.

Police Court—Saturday.—Richard McClellan was charged with being drunk and disorderly on Sussex-st., in and near the store of Mr. Meadows. He was fined $2, and $1 costs.

Francis Bates was charged with being drunk on the streets. He was discharged.

St. Alban's Readings.—This is to be a special evening, that is—there is to be a specially good entertainment. Several of the best lady amateurs of the city have kindly promised their assistance, and will sing glees and solos in addition to readings by Dr. Bedford Jones and Mr. Meredith. It is hoped, therefore, there will be a specially good audience and a specially liberal contribution.

Dinner to the Mayor.—We understand that Sir John A. Macdonald and other members of the Privy Council have accepted invitations to the dinner, to be given to His Worship at the Metropolitan this evening. In another column will be found an advertisement to the effect that, as many requests have been made for tickets to the dinner, the Committee of Management have resolved to depart from their original intention and issue special tickets, which may be obtained on application to Aldermen Featherston, Mosgrove, or Alderman Martineau, Secretary.

Death of the Turnkey who was Wounded by Callaghan.—William Lewis, who was attacked and wounded some time ago by the prisoner Callaghan, in the Carleton county jail, died at the Protestant Hospital, in this city, on Thursday last. Whether death resulted in any way from the injuries received whilst in the discharge of his duty as turnkey in the jail at the hands of his assailant, we do not know, but it is quite certain that he has never enjoyed good health since that occurrence. We understand that the body has been conveyed to March, where the friends of the deceased reside.

Disputed Property.—Some time last Fall Mrs. Cluff lost a heifer, and on Friday last learned that it, or one so near like it as to deceive her, was in the possession of Mr. John Dewan. Something appears to have been said about it which reached Dewan, and on Saturday he drove the heifer with another out of the city to get them wintered. This intelligence reached Mrs. Cluff, and she communicated it to the police authorities, and one of the force was sent in pursuit, and overtook Dewan and the heifers about seven miles out, and brought them back to the city. Dewan was held to bail to appear at the Police Court this morning, and the heifer was placed in safe-keeping. Mrs. Cluff feels confident that this is the heifer she lost, and Dewan declares that he raised her.

MILITIA GENERAL ORDERS.

Headquarters, Ottawa, January 8, 1869.

General Orders.

Volunteer Militia.

No. 1.

PROVINCE OF ONTARIO.

Ottawa Brigade Garrison Artillery.
No. 1 Battery.

To be 1st Lieutenant:
2nd Lieutenant A. P. Patrick, vice Gemmill, resigned.
To be 2nd Lieutenant:
Sergeant James Cuzner, vice Patrick, promoted.

No. 5 Battery.

To be 1st Lieutenant, (provisionally):
2nd Lieutenant Arthur Godfrey Molson Sprague, from No. 6 Battery.
2nd Lieutenant G. R. Perry, having left the limits, is hereby struck off the list of Officers.

59th "Stormont and Glengarry" Battalion of Infantry.
No. 3 Company, Cornwall.

To be Captain (provisionally):
Ensign Peter Grant MacLennan, vice A. F. McIntyre, whose resignation is hereby accepted.
To be Ensign (provisionally):
Henry Turner, Gentleman, vice MacLennan, promoted.

Russell Infantry Company.

To be Captain, (provisionally):
Lieut. Wm. Z. Helmer, vice J. R. Craig, whose resignation is hereby accepted.
To be Lieutenant, (temporary):
Ensign Ephraim Loucks, M. S., vice Helmer, promoted.

PROVINCE OF QUEBEC.

5th Battalion "The Royal Light Infantry," Montreal.

The resignation of Captain John G. Savage is hereby accepted, he being allowed to retire retaining his rank.

58th "Compton" Battalion of Infantry.

To be Surgeon:
Abraham Hopkins, Esquire.
To be Assistant Surgeon:
Eli Ives, Esquire.

Ste. Therese Rifle Company.

Lieutenant Olivier Desjardins, having left the limits, is hereby struck off the list of Officers.

The formation of the following Corps is hereby authorized, Officers provisionally, viz:

An Infantry Company at St. Georges and St. Sebastien, County of Iberville, to be No. 5 Company, 21st Batt., "The Richelieu Light Infantry."

To be Captain:
J. L. Roys, Esquire.
To be Lieutenant:
J. E. Godreau, Gentleman.
To be Ensign:
L. H. Trudeau, Gentleman.

An Infantry Company at Arthabaska Station, County of Arthabaska.

To be Captain:
Charles Desjardins, Esquire.
To be Lieutenant:
Aime Beaubien, Gentleman.
To be Ensign:
Louis Rainville, Gentleman.

An Infantry Company at Lotbiniere, County of Lotbiniere.

To be Captain:
J. O. Filteau, Esquire.
To be Lieutenant:
T. H. Laliberte, Gentleman.
To be Ensign:
V. E. Courteau, Gentleman.

An Infantry Company at Ste. Justine de la Trappe, County of Dorchester.

To be Captain:
Louis Mercier, Esquire.
To be Lieutenant:
J. E. Cayouette, Gentleman.
To be Ensign:
Theodore Cayouette, Gentleman.

An Infantry Company at Cap St. Ignace, County of Montmagny.

To be Captain:
L. J. E. Desjardins, Esquire.
To be Lieutenant:
S. Gamache, Gentleman.
To be Ensign:
R. Methot, Gentleman.

An Infantry Campany at L'Islet, County of L'Islet.

To be Captain:
J. O. Giasson, Esquire.
To be Lieutenant:
Joseph Labourdois, Gentleman.
To be Ensign:
Jos. Chalifoux, Gentleman.

An Infantry Company at Kamouraska, County of Kamouraska.

To be Captain:
Vinceslaus Tache, Esquire.
To be Lieutenant:
Arthur Michaud, Gentleman.
To be Ensign:
Joseph Dessaint, Gentleman.

An Infantry Company at l'Ancienne Lorette, County of Quebec.

To be Captain:
Victor de Lotbiniere Laurin, Esquire.
To be Lieutenant:
Michael Fiset, Gentleman.
To be Ensign:
Louis Napoleon Laurin, Gentleman.

An Infantry Company at Deschambault, County of Portneuf.

To be Captain:
Etienne Fecteau, Esquire.
To be Lieutenant:
A. D. Hamelin, Gentleman.
To be Ensign:
Wilbrod Mayrand, Gentleman.

An Infantry Company at St. George de Cacouna, County of Temiscouata.

To be Captain:
Thomas C. Ely, Esquire.
To be Lieutenant:
A. H. Jean, Gentleman.
To be Ensign:
Jean Paradis, Gentleman.

An Infantry Company at St. Jerome, de Matane, County of Rimouski.

To be Captain:
J. G. Larochelle, Esquire.
To be Lieutenant:
Thomas Fraser, Gentleman.
To be Ensign:
George Sylvain, Junior, Gentleman.

Province of New Brunswick.
Newcastle Field Battery.

To be 1st Lieutenant, (provisionally):
2nd Lieutenant Edmund C. Tozer.
To be 2nd Lieutenant, (provisionally):
James White, Junior, Gentleman.

No. 2.

The following Officers, Non-Commissioned Officers, Troopers of Militia and others, have been granted Certificates by the Commandant of the Cavalry School.

TORONTO.

FIRST CLASS.

Major James F. Macleod, 45th Batt. Vol. Militia.
do Alexander McKenzie, 35th do do
do Acheson Gosford Irvine, 55th do do
Lieut. Walter Keating, 35th, do do
Trooper Gaston Smith, Gov. Genl's Body Guard.
do William H. Cooper, do do do
do Walter Leonard Orde, Port Hope Troop V. C.
do Thomas Copeland, Oak Ridges do do
do James Ward, Cobourg do do
do Glinn Elliot, London Field Battery.
Mr. Henry E. Crawford, of Brockville.

The following Officers, Non-Commissioned Officers Gunners, Privates of Militia and others, have been granted certificates by the Commandants of the Gunnery Schools, which they respectively attended:

TORONTO.

FIRST CLASS.

Lieut. Thomas O'Brien, Retired List.
" Allen Poyntz Patrick, Ottawa Brigade Gar. Art.
" Stephen Lett, 35th Battalion Volunteer Militia.
Ensign James Evans, 46th " "
Sergt. John George Davey, 4th Battalion G. T. R. Brigade.
Gunner William Moore Elliot, Toronto Field Battery.
" Samuel Sidney Chisholm, Toronto Garrison Battery.
" William Albert Shaw, do do do.
Private Alfred Ernest Fisher, 27th Batt. Volunteer Militia.
" Timothy D. Stickell, 40th Batt. do
" George Kennedy Creighton, 35th do
Mr. Sylvester Smith, of Belleville.
Mr. Jeoffry O'Hara, of Toronto.

SECOND CLASS.

Mr. Henry Osborne Jones, of Toronto.

MONTREAL.

FIRST CLASS.

Lieut. Col. Robert Lovelace, Vol. Mil. Cavalry.
Capt. J. P. Fletcher, 21st Batt. Vol. Militia.
Lieut J. G. Bell, 41st do do
Ensign & Adjt. John Allen, 3rd do do
Cr.-Sergt William Taylor, 3rd do do
Drill-Sergt. John Porteous 1st do do
Bombardier John Ross, Montreal Gar. Artill'ry.
Gunner G. E. Tabb, do do
Mr. James McNeece, of Quebec.
Mr. J. M. Antrobus, of Three Rivers.
Mr. Dunbar Browne of Montreal.
Mr. George H. McDonnell, of Glengarry.
Mr. J. E. Matthews, of Richmond, Q.
Mr. Henry LeJeune, of Montreal.

No. 3.

ACTIVE MILITIA.

The following Candidates for Commissions in the Active Militia have received Certificates from the Commandants of Schools of Military Instruction:

PROVINCE OF ONTARIO.

FIRST CLASS CERTIFICATES.

Regimental Divisions.	*Names.*
Dundas	Solomon Stewart, Gentleman,
Lennox & Addington	James A. Mabee, do
Simcoe	Captain David A. Wigmore.
SECOND CLASS CERTIFICATES.	
Hastings	Harvey L. Henderson, Gent.,
Lennox & Addington	Simeon J. Chrysdale, do
do	George G. Mabee, do
Norfolk	George A. Ryerson, do
Simcoe	Allan A. McKenzie, do
Waterloo	George O. Stanton, do
York	Richard Ellis, do.

PROVINCE OF QUEBEC.

FIRST CLASS CERTIFICATES.

Regimental Divisions.	*Names.*
L'Assumption	Leonidas de Salaberry, Gent.,
Beauharnois	George H. Macdonell, do
Prescott & Russell, Ont.	Captain George W. Johnson,
Quebec	Henry A. Moore, Gentleman,
SECOND CLASS CERTIFICATES.	
Bellechasse	Jules Poliquin, Gentleman,
Berthier	Charles D. Lavallee, do
Carleton, Ont.	Thomas J. Potter, do
Chambly	Stanislas Barre, do
do	M. J. Edmour Chagnon, do
Chicoutimi	Benjamin Vandal, do
Hochelaga	Charles L. Cane, do
do	Cecil A. Carter, do
do	Frederick C. Henshaw, do
do	Frederick O. Seebold, do
do	Aristide Ste. Marie, do
do	Louis A. Nadeau, do
do	Harry George Northcote, do
do	Wolfred D. E. Nelson, do
Levis	Jean B. Boutin, do
Quebec	James Rodden, do
do	H. A. Brocklesby, Jr., do
do	Alex. J. Gilmore, do
do	Sylla Cote, do
do	Norbert Therien, do
do	Pierre Lemelin, do
do	Remy Boucher, do
do	Jean B. Gingras, do
do	Charles S. Douglas, do
Richelieu	Charles E. A. Johnstone, do
Richmond	John E. Mathews, do
Saguenay	John Buckle, do
Shefford	Michael H. Cox, do
Temiscouata	Daniel Gaudry, do

Erratum.—In General Order dated the 11th December, 1868, for "Edwin Brokooski, Gentleman, read "Edwin Brokovski, Gentleman."

No. 4.

RESERVE MILITIA.

Regimental Division of York, (Ontario.)
The "Weston" pupils Drill Association.

A Drill Association is hereby authorized at the village of Weston, in the Regimental Division of York, under the superintendence of the Reverend W. A. Johnson, to be composed of the Masters and pupils of the Weston Schools, and to be styled "The Weston pupils Drill Association."

By Command of His Excellency the Administrator of the Government.

WALKER POWELL, Lt. Colonel,
D. A. G. Militia.
Canada.

Statement of the Revenue and Expenditure of the Dominion of Canada, for the month of December, 1868:

		Amount.
Revenue—	Customs	$479,374 56
	Excise	272,292 34
	Post Office	19,890 76
	Bill Stamps	5,480 60
	Public Works, including Railways	85,551 49
	Miscellaneous	140,020 58
	Total	$1,002,610 33
Expenditure		$956,576 69

JOHN LANGTON,
Auditor.

Audit Office, Ottawa, 2nd Jan., 1869.

—For a choice selection of New Tapestry, Brussells, Kidderminster and Imperial 3-ply Carpets, Cocoa Matting, Floor Oil Cloths, Hearth Rugs, Crumb Cloths and Door Mats; Damasks, Repps, Curtain Trimmings, Lace and Muslin Curtains, go to Magee & Russell's new Store, next door to Mr. John Leslie's, Sparks-st.

Carpets and House Furnishings.—Parties about to furnish will find a large and choice assortment of carpetings and house furnishings, cheap, at Garland, Mutchmor & Co's. Carpets made and laid with despatch.

For fine bog oak brooches and ear rings in sets, see Young & Radford's new lot, just received, and selling at the very low price of only 90 cts. per set.

—Corsets at the skirt factory for half-price.

OBITUARY.

It became our melancholy duty, last week, to chronicle the departure from amongst us of Mr. Dudley Booth, who expired after a few days illness. Although not one of the old '27 men (who are now few in number indeed), he was a very old and much respected resident of this place, his arrival dating back probably about thirty years.

The deceased was no ordinary man, as any one well acquainted with him will readily admit. He was a person of much intelligence and general information, and was distinguished by a mind of great ability and force. As a mechanical and inventive genius, it may not be going too far to assert that he leaves no superior in America behind him. So masterly were his talents that he experienced little difficulty in constructing or manufacturing any article which he fancied to make; and his work, when finished, was seldom inferior to the model, no matter how delicate, strange or complicated may have been the mechanism. He was an expert watchmaker and jeweller, and as a manufacturer and repairer of optical and mathematical instruments he had few equals. In the manufacture and boring of rifles he originated many new and useful improvements, and as a maker of sights for this weapon he was unsurpassed on this side of the Atlantic. His rifle pistols, also, are well known, wherever they have been used, for their elegant finish, great length of range, and precision. Certainly no man of our acquaintance, in anything he undertook, could turn out a more complete and artistically finished job than Dudley Booth.

Some two years ago the subject of this notice, for many months lost the use of one of his arms from the effects of a rifle bullet with which he had been accidentally wounded. For some time before his death he had been gradually recovering the partial use of his injured arm and hand, so far, as having been able, in a measure, to resume his usual avocations.

The deceased will be sadly missed and much regretted by his many friends in this community. As a powerfully inventive and highly refined mechanical genius it will be long, long indeed, before we shall look upon his like again.

Watches, Jewellery, &c.

GOLD AND SILVER

WATCHES,

JEWELLERY, ELECTRO-PLATE,

AND

A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF

ENGLISH, FRENCH AND GERMAN

FANCY GOODS,

To be had at the

SHEFFIELD HOUSE,

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AT HALF PRICE,

As the whole stock must be cleared out

WITHOUT RESERVE.

ALL GOODS WARRANTED.

Ottawa, Jan. 7, 1869. 943-2

Music.

MESSRS. J. L. ORME & SON

Respectfully call the attention of the public to their magnificent stock of

PIANO-FORTES, ORGANS,

AND MELODEONS,

In their new Show Room, comprising

PIANO-FORTES, *from all the leading makers.*

WARREN'S PIPE ORGANS,

ORGANS and MELODEONS from the best factories in the United States, excelling in finish and tone anything ever brought into this country.

Now is the time for intending purchasers.

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Our stock of Concertinas, Violins, Flutes, &c., &c., is, as usual, very large.

New Sheet Music and Books constantly arriving.

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Have for sale

Carpenter's Penny Readings, in Cloth and Muslin;

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Photograph Albums, *Very Cheap.*

The Modern Pocket Hoyle.

And take subscribers for Mrs. Beecher's New Monthly Magazine; the Manufacturer and Builder; the American Builder, &c., &c.

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FIFTH EDITION,

(ENLARGED AND AMENDED,)

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A limited number of Advertisements will be received.

THE MONTREAL PRINTING
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NEW PUBLICATION.

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REP AND HAIR CLOTH PARLOR SETS, in different patterns,
AT THE VARIETY HALL.

SOFAS, COUCHES AND TETE-A-TETES, different shapes and sizes, very cheap,
AT THE VARIETY HALL.

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PRESENTS FOR THE HOLIDAYS.

What more acceptable gift than a beautiful work of art, to be gazed on with pleasure and profit every day! "A thing of beauty is a joy forever!" Give then as Christmas Gifts, those exquisite pictures,

PRANG'S CHROMOS,

of which Frederic E. Church, the great American artist, says: "They are certainly most skilfully and artistically executed." And John G. Whittier "I had no idea they were home productions; I am glad to know that such beautiful work is done here." And Bayard Taylor: "Your illuminations of the Beatitudes are really superb." And Wendell Phillips; "I congratulate you on your success, which I consider marvellous."

Prang's American Chromos are fac-simile reproductions of masterly oil and water-color paintings, so skilfully and artistically done that it requires the experience of an expert to detect the difference between them and their originals. Among them the following are the most attractive:

Horses in a Storm. (After R. Adams.)
The two Friends. (Child and Dog, after Geraud.)
Sunset in California. (After Bierstadt.)
Sunlight in Winter. (After Morvillier.)
The Barefooted Boy. (After Whittier.)
Early Autumn on Esopus Creek, N. Y. (After A T. Bricher.)
Late Autumn in the White Mountains. (After A. T. Bricher.)
Six American Landscapes. (After A. T. Bricher.)
Strawberries and Baskets. (After Miss V. Granbery.)
Cherries and Basket. (After Miss V. Granbery.)
Flower Bouquet.
Blackberries in Vase. (After Lilly M. Spencer.)
Fringed Gentian. [After H. R. Newman.]
Easter Morning. [After Mrs. James M. Hart.]
Group of Chickens. [After Tait.]
Group of Quails. [After Tait.]
Group of Ducklings. [After Tait.]
The Poultry Yard. [After Lemmens.]
Poultry Life. A. [After Lemmens.] " B. [Companions.]
The Kid's Play-Ground. [After Bruith.]
Correggio's Magdalena.
Under the Apple-Tree. } [After G. B. Niles.]
Rest by the Roadside. } [Companion pictures.]
Autumn Leaves—Maple.
Autumn Leaves—Oak.
Wood Mosses and Ferns. [After Ellen Robbins.]
Bird's Nest and Lichen. [After Ellen Robbins.]
The Bullfinch. [After Wm. Cruickshank.]
The Linnet. [After Wm. Cruickshank.]
Have Patience. [Girl and Dog.]
Rabbits and Kittens.
Morning. [After Rosa Bonheur.]
Evening. [After Rosa Bonheur.]
&c., &c., &c.

The Beatitudes of Our Lord, most magnificently illuminated.

Illuminated School Room Cards, with mottoes taken from Scripture.

Illuminated crosses, Book Marks, Rewards of Merit.

The Language of Flowers, Wood and Sea Mosses, Ferns, Flowers, &c.

"OLD MOTHER HUBBARD," "The most elegant juvenile book of the season,"' superbly illustrated and illuminated.

The editor of a prominent journal, writing to Mr. Prang, expresses thus his idea on Chromos;

"We think no greater civilizer could be introduced so generally as your chromos. You will never find a thief with a rosebud in his button-hole nor will you ever find a murderer admire your productions. Only the good, the true, and the better part of our nature, are touched and spoken to by art. Your aim to introduce your beautiful productions to the general public is commendable, and in your efforts you have our hearty concurrence."

Prang's Chromos are offered at 20 per cent. below the publisher's prices at the

CANADA GAZETTE OFFICE,

where will also be found the following objects, suitable for Christmas and New Year Gifts.

Albums, Toilet Bags, writing Desks, Gold and Silver Pen and Pencil cases, Penknives, &c.

A beautiful assortment of PLAYING CARDS.

BALL AND DINNER CARDS &c., neatly printed.

VISITING CARDS printed from copperplate or type on the shortest notice.

CANADA GAZETTE OFFICE,
Dec. 10th, 1868. Sparks-st., Ottawa

NOTICE.

Many requests having been made for tickets to the Dinner of the Aldermen to the Mayor this Evening, the Committee felt constrained to depart from the original official arrangement, and special tickets can therefore be had on application to the members of the Committee.

ALD. FEATHERSTON,
ALD. MOSGROVE,
ALD. MARTINEAU,
945tf Secretary.

CANADA.

THE SECRETARY OF STATE FOR THE COLONIES TO THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL.

Copy.

Canada.
No. 237.

Downing Street,
8th December, 1868.

Sir,—

I have the honour to acknowledge the receipt of Lord Monck's Despatch, No. 205, of the 12th ultimo, accompanied by an address presented to him by the Legislative Assembly of the Province of Ontario, on his retirement from the Government of Canada.

The high testimony borne by the Assembly to the merits and administrative abilities of Lord Monck, has afforded me much satisfaction.

I have, &c.,
(Signed,) GRANVILLE.

Governor
The Right Honble.
Sir John Young, Bt., G. C. B.,
&c., &c., &c.

Copy.

Circular.

Downing-street,
9th December, 1868.

Sir,

I have the honor to inform you that Her Majesty has been pleased to entrust to my care, as one of the Principal Secretaries of State, the Seals of the Colonial Department.

I have the honor to be,
Sir,
Your most obedient humble servant,
Signed, GRANVILLE.

The Right Honorable
Sir John Young, Bart., G.C.B., G.C.M.G.,
&c., &c., &c. 945-3

Customs Department,
Ottawa, January 8, 1869.

AUTHORIZED discount on American Invoices until further notice: 26 per cent.

R. S. M. BOUCHETTE,
Commissioner of Customs.

Groceries.

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS

—FROM—

OPORTO, SPAIN, COGNAC

AND LONDON,

Consisting of

PORT, SHERRY, BRANDY, GIN AND SCOTCH WHISKEY, &c.

PICKLES, SAUCES, JAMS & JELLIES &c., &c., &c.,

FROM CROSSE & BLACKWELL.

—LIKEWISE,—

A FULL assortment of FRESH FRUIT, the BEST in market.

TABLE and Cooking RAISINS, CURRANTS, &c.

FLAVOURING EXTRACTS and SPICES. Genuine.

PRESERVED and CAN FRUITS, assorted to suit the holiday season.

ALMERIA GRAPES, FRESH FIGS and PORTUGUESE ONIONS.

50 TINS NEW HONEY, in 5 lb. and 8 lb. tins.

200 STILTON CHEESE, 6 lbs. to 8 lbs. size, from Reesor Brothers' celebrated factory.

SHERRY WINE—Good Table Wine—$1.50 to $3.00.

PORT WINE—Good Table Wine $1.00 to $4.50.

ALL KINDS of GENUINE LIQUORS. Prices according to age and quality.

100 BOXES DIGBY HERRINGS—large boxes at 75 cts. each.

LABRADOR HERRINGS, the very best, barrels and half barrels.

10 CASES SCOTCH LING—Good.

TEAS—Black, Green and Japans—Warranted Good, and selected for family use.

SUGARS and SYRUPS of all grades.

COFFEES—Always Fresh—Best Brands. Try them.

TOBACCOS—The Finest Qualities—Virginia make in cut, tin foil and plug.

A GENERAL assortment of the different kinds of *GROCERIES AND LIQUORS*, hand, Wholesale and Retail, at the *LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICES* for Warranted Goods. A trial of the articles will recommend them.

For sale at

THOS. PATTERSON'S,
No. 26, Rideau-street.

Ottawa, November 27, 1868. 878

JUST RECEIVED,

AT THE

INDIA WAREHOUSE,

No. 16, Rideau-st.,

And for sale cheap, by

D. T. BROWNE & CO.,

Wholesale and Retail

Grocers, Wine and Spirit Merchants.

FRESH OYSTERS, in Tins,
PRESERVED OYSTERS do
FRESH HALIBUT do
FRESH SALMON do
FRESH MACKEREL do
FRESH LOBSTERS do
GREEN PEAS do
LEMON, GINGER, ORANGE,
Banana, Peach, Blackberry, Raspberry and Strawberry Syrups.
RASPBERRY VINEGAR,
FRY'S Chocolate and Cocoa,
MOTT'S Cocoa Paste,
MORTON'S Bloater Paste,
TOMATO and other Catsups
ANCHOVY Paste,
STRASBURGH Meats,
POTTED Beef and Tongues
PRESERVES and Jellies, a great variety,
ORANGE Marmalade,
MORRISON, TAYLOR & Co.'s
Celebrated Sugar Cured Hams and Breakfast Roll Bacon.
PICKLED Salmon,
PICKLED Mackerel,
PICKLED HERRINGS,
In Half Barrels, Barrels and Tierces,
DRY Codfish,
DRY Haddock,
FINNAN Haddies, &c., &c.,

And a full stock of Choice Family Groceries.

Ottawa, Nov. 3, 1868.

BOTTLED ALE,

BOTTLED ALE,

BOTTLED ALE

The subscriber would called the attention of Families and others to his

FINE BOTTLED ALE

Which is in splendid condition. Also,

SCOTCH, IRISH, OLD RYE,

And other Malt Whiskies,

PORTS, SHERRIES, BRANDIES, GIN, &c.

To ether with a General Assortment of

FIRST-CLASS GROCERIES.

A call [illegible]dly solicited.

D. WHELAN,
44, Rideau-street,
Opposite Allan's Crockery Store

Ottawa, Jan. 20, 1868.

GENERAL NOTICE!

TO FARMERS & OTHERS INTERESTED.

We beg to announce that our large sale of

BANKRUPT GOODS

will close in 20 days, having nearly cleared out our stock, and we take this opportunity of thanking our patrons.

Our stock consists of

Stoves of every Size, Pattern or Style,

and we guarantee to suit in price; also,

Tinware, Lamps, Oils, Lamp Trimmings, Brushes, Wire Goods, Japanned Ware, and General House Furnishings.

Farmers, we have *the* Stoves for you at astounding prices.

ESMONDE BROS.,
Centre Town, opp. Ontario Bank.

FURNITURE, FURNITURE, FURNITURE.

The best stock in the city is
AT THE VARIETY HALL.

HAIR SEATED, CANE SEATED & WOOD SEATED CHAIRS,
AT THE VARIETY HALL.

Latest by Telegraph.

Via Montreal Line.

TORONTO.

ONTARIO LEGISLATURE.

2nd Session: 1st Legislative Assembly. Special to THE TIMES.

TORONTO, January 9.

The sitting of the House yesterday lasted till 1:30 this morning, the Opposition having made an effort to oust the ministry on the item for the completion of the Lieutenant-Governer's residence. The item was originally $60,000, but the ministry had reduced it to $50,000. The Opposition moved to reduce it $10,000 more, but after a hard fight the amendment was lost by 41 to 28. Several of the Oppositionists voted with the ministry.

In the House this afternoon several private Bills were read a third time.

In reply to Mr. Blake, Hon. Mr. Richards said a fraud had been attempted on the Crown Lands Department, but no loss had resulted.

Hon. Mr. Wood moved that on Wednesday next the House would go into Committee on Tavern Licenses.

Mr. Coyne moved an address for a return of the number of patients in the several hospitals, and charities receiving Government aid, from 1862 to 1867.—Carried.

Mr. Sinclair moved a resolution, affirming the expediency of a summary settlement of conflicting claims for Crown Lands.

Hon. Mr. Richards replied that it was not the intention to resume possession of such lands, but he thought some such means were requisite to enforce payment. As the member probably intended such object by eliciting this reply, he hoped he would withdraw his motion. Motion withdrawn.

On motion of Mr. McKellar, a committee was appointed to consider the correspondence respecting the order of official precedence.

The House rose at four p.m.

SECOND DESPATCH.

TORONTO, January 9.

At the Board of School Trustees last night the new School Bill was considered. The Bill is apparently not at all popular with the Board, but only unimportant amendments were suggested.

The tobacco factory here has been seised, and an Excise Officer placed in charge, with orders to prevent all business until the books of the firm have been examined.

A woman has been arrested on the charge of having poured whiskey into her child's mouth as long as the child could swallow, to the great danger of its life.

A fire occurred last night on Yonge-st., but being taken in time was kept under, with a loss of only $250.

A Halifax despatch says the Sheriffs have not been gazetted. The general opinion is that the Judges and Ministry can't agree on the parties.

MONTREAL.

Special to THE TIMES.

MONTREAL, January 9.

Sir John Young is expected to visit Montreal shortly. He will be the guest of Hon. Mr. Ross.

Montreal is threatened with another water famine. Last year at this time both of the over shot wheels were working, but to-day neither of them were doing anything, and the reservoir contained less by about four feet than on the corresponding day last year, when it was full. The daily consumption is now exceeding the supply pumped into the reservoir, which has latterly been falling a foot a day.

Mrs. Bogart, wife of the defaulting clerk, is at the St. Lawrence Hall. She has employed counsel on behalf of her husband to prevent, if possible, his extradition if the police succeed in arresting him. It is doubtful whether Bogart could be taken back to the United States, if apprehended.

An extra term of the Appeal Court is to be held.

It has been raining heavily all day.

Flour is five cents dearer.

PORTLAND.

Arrival of the S.S. "North American." Special to THE TIMES.

PORTLAND, January 9.

The steamship *North American* was signalled at 7:30 this morning.

CABLE NEWS.

GREAT BRITAIN.

Arrivals.

QUEENSTOWN, January 9.—The steamship *Australasian*, from New York, has arrived.

The steamship *Europe*, for Brest to-day, took $100,000 in specie.

LONDON, January 9.—The brig *Hannibal*, which arrived here yesterday, reports having passed the *Ocean Spray*, bound to New York, with 39 of the missing passengers and crew of the steamship *Hibernia*, which foundered in November last. She would land them in Maderia.

FRANCE.

An Insurrection Broken out at Milan—News from Madrid.

PARIS, January 9.—A rumour is current here that an insurrection has broken out at Milan. Despatches from Madrid report that much agitation prevails in all parts of Spain.

The Bourse is weak.

SPAIN.

Grand Banquet at Seville.

MADRID, January 9.—A grand banquet was given at Seville last evening. All the municipal officers of the city, and many other notables were present. One feature of the banquet was the complimentary telegram which was sent to Espartero, wherein the guests expressed their preference for him at the head of the State, whatever the decision of the Cortes may be relative to the future form of Government.

GERMANY.

HAMBURG, January 9.—The friends of the passengers on board the steamship *Borussia*, heretofore reported off Portland, England, with a broken shaft, and who are anxiously enquiring on the subject by cable, are informed that all were *safely* landed on the 29th ultimo.

TURKEY AND GREECE.

CONSTANTINOPLE, January 9.—The Greek blue book, copies of which have been received here, contains a statement that Gen. Ignatif, Russian ambassador to the Sultan's Court, has assured Delyannes, Greek minister here, that the Sublime Porte would not repress any action of Greece in reference to Crete.

NEWS VIA LONDON.

LONDON, January 9—Advices from Candia by mail fully confirm previous reports of the submission of the Cretans to Turkish authority.

ALASKA.

NEWS VIA SAN FRANCISCO.

SAN FRANCISCO, January 9.—Late advices from Alaska report that a portion of the garrison buildings at the mouth of Sticken river, have been destroyed by fire.

Capt. Kenney, U. S. A., committed suicide by shooting himself through the heart.

Sitka was nearly depopulated. Some 300 persons left for St. Petersburg during the month of December.

SOUTH AMERICA.

NEWS VIA SAN FRANCISCO.

Slave Traffic—British Schooner Wrecked.

SAN FRANCISCO, January 8.—The steamship *Montana* arrived from Panama to-day. Chas. Westmorland, bearer of the electoral vote of California, died of small pox in Panama on the 13th of December.

The British schooner *Alphis* was wrecked in Barclay's Sound during a severe gale. The vessel is a total loss. The captain and crew arrived at Victoria, Vancouver's Island, January 4th.

Late advices from Micronesian Island state that the slave trade is openly carried on between the island and the coast of South America.

Correspondence published in the Honolula papers contain accounts of outrages perpetrated on the natives by slave traders. The missionaries are urgent in their demands for the interference of American, English and French war vessels to prevent the unlawful traffic.

CUBA.

The Captain-General Promulgates Amnesty to all Political Offenders.

HAVANA, January 8.—The proclamation of the Captain-General will be published tomorrow, granting a general and absolute amnesty to all political offenders, pardoning all persons, whether now confined in prison, or in hiding, or absent from the country. Gen. Dulce will issue another proclamation tomorrow, dissolving the military commission, and restoring full jurisdiction to the civil courts. Within a few days Gen. Dulce will promulgate the law establishing the liberty of the press. The public prints will be permitted to discuss, without the intervention of the censorship, all questions except those relating to slavery, and the dogmas of the Catholic religion.

MEXICO

Dreadful Earthquake at Colima—Loss of Life.

SAN FRANCISCO, January 9.—A letter from Colima, Mexico, gives an account of a terrible earthquake experienced in that city on the morning of December 20th. For several days previous the volcano of Colima, thirty miles from the city, exhibited symptoms of internal commotion, sending forth smoke and steam, accompanied by a rumbling and shaking of the earth. The morning of the 20th ultimo was ushered in by a gentle rocking of the earth, which gradually increased in violence until the walls of houses were cracked, and everything breakable demolished. Vibrations were from the northeast and southeast, and lasted nearly forty seconds. The cathedral, warehouse, and several brick buildings shook from top to bottom. The people were startled from their sleep, and rushed frantically about for safety. It is reported that several persons were killed by the falling of the walls of the National hotel. Even tiles on the roofs were broken. Some eighteen or twenty persons were killed by the falling walls of the American hotel, and three others were buried beneath the ruins of Hasserman & Co's. warehouse.

AMERICAN NEWS.

SATURDAY'S DESPATCHES.

NEW YORK, January 8.—A meeting was held this evening for the purpose of expressing sympathy for the Cretans. The attendance was large, and included some of the leading minds of the city. Resolutions were adopted reciting the fundamental and inherent rights of self-government, and concluding with a pledge of the warmest sympathy on the part of the American people.

Fatal Shooting Affray in Memphis.

MEMPHIS, January 8.—A shooting affray occurred here to-day, resulting in the death of Edward Whitfield, of the firm of Moore and Whitfield, by S. A. Doran, a gambler.

Who tells the Truth?

CHICAGO, January 8.—Allan Pinkerton denies Detective Faulkner's statement that Reno and Anderson were innocent of the express robbery at Seymour, and that Faulkner knew and could have arrested the guilty parties. Pinkerton reiterates his statement that Reno and Anderson were the criminals.

Execution of a Murderer.

UTICA, N. Y., January 8.—Henry Carswell, the murderer of the little girl Abby, was hung to-day at noon.

MIDNIGHT DESPATCHES.

Indians Offering to Surrender.

ST. LOUIS, January 9.—Gen. Sherman has received information that representatives from 400 Camanche lodges have arrived at Fort Bascom, New Mexico, and offered to surrender. They were notified that no surrender would be received, except at Fort Cobb, the object being to have all the tribes on the spot within watching distance of Gen. Sheridan.

McDevitt Declines Dion's Challenge.

CHICAGO, January 9.—McDevitt declines Dion's challenge to play three push shot American games for 1,500 or 2,000 points, first in Chicago, second in Montreal, third in New York, for $1,000 or $2,000 aside for each game. He will only play at a push shot game of 1,000 or 2,000 points for $5,000 in Chicago.

Grain Elevator Burned.

D. Sweeny's grain elevator and warehouse in Bloomington, Ill., burned to the ground last night. Loss unknown.

Departure of Missionaries for China.

NEW YORK, January 9.—Mrs. Bonney, Miss Doures and Miss Adams, sailed on the steamer *Alaska* this afternoon *en route* for Pekin, China, accompanied by five other missionaries, who are accredited to the latter country, and also to Amoy. They depart for their posts of duty under the auspices of the Women's Union Missionaries of America.

Non-Arrival of the "Etna"—Severe Weather on the Atlantic.

NEW YORK, January 9.—Owing to the non-arrival of the steamer *Etna*, the despatch of the *European* of to-day has been postponed till Tuesday next.

Bad weather on the Atlantic has never before so seriously interrupted mail communication.

DRESS GOODS.—A large assortment of ball and evening dresses; also, in fancy, black, Japanese, and Foulard silks, poplins, &c., at T. & W. Hunton's, whose stock is constantly supplied by their resident agents in London and Paris. Evening silks, &c., shewn by gas light in a room prepared for the purpose, at any hour of the day.

MESSRS. YOUNG & RADFORD having secured the services of first-class working jewellers in etruscan, filagree, plain, fancy and solid gold work, and having made large additions to their work shop are now better prepared to execute any orders with which they may be entrusted than heretofore. Masonic jewels, gold and silver medals, and every kind of ewellery repaired.

Try Gardner's Baking Powder. See advertisement. 887.6m

—Last month of the cheap sale at the skirt factory. Skirts at half-price.

Dr. Wistar's Wild Cherry Balsam.—This balsamic compound has become a home fixture. Let all who suffer, and have in vain attempted to cure their coughs, colds, bronchial or pulmonary complaints, make use of this unequalled remedy. It can be relied upon, the mass of testimony that has been published since its introduction, being ample proof of its efficacy.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

Reported by Telegraph.

[For daily report of Ottawa Markets, see Fourth Page.]

New York Money Market.

NEW YORK, January 9.—Gold closed at 135¼.

New York Markets.

NEW YORK, January 9.—Cotton firmer at 28⅞c. @ 29c. for Uplands.—Flour rather dull to-day; receipts 9,861 barrels; no sales; 5,700 barrels at $6.00 @ 6.35 for Superfine State and Western; $7.00 @ 7.40 for common to choice Extra State; $6.85 @ 7.00 for common to choice Extra Western; $7.00 @ 9.30 for Round Hoop Ohio.—Rye flour unchanged; sales 100 barrels at $5.75 @ 8.00.—Wheat dull and drooping; receipts none; sales 1,000 bushels in small lots of White Michigan at $2.20.—Rye is dull and declining; receipts none; sales none.—Corn dull; receipts 35,729 bushels; sales 32,000 bushels at 95c. @ 96c. for new Mixed Western; $1.07 @ 1.10 for inferior to prime old do., in store and afloat. The latter extreme.—Barley dull and heavy; sales 500 bushels at $1.82.—Oats dull and nominal; receipts 2,500 bushels; sales at 75½c. @ 76c. for Western in store; and 78c. afloat.—Pork firm and quiet at $28.25 @ 29.50 for new Mess; $28.50 @ 28.75 for old Mess.—Beef steady.—Lard steady at 18½c. @ 19½c. for steam; and 19½c. @ 20c. for kettle rendered.

London Money Market.

LONDON, January 9—p.m.—Consols 92 @ 93 for both; Bonds 75; Stocks steady; Erie 27¼.

Liverpool Markets.

LIVERPOOL, January 9.—Cotton active; Uplands, on speculation 11½d. @ 14; do. afloat, 11½d.; Orleans 11½d. @ 11¾d. Breadstuffs quiet. Lard 73s.

Groceries.

ECT IMPORTATIONS

—FROM—

RTO, SPAIN, COGNAC

AND LONDON,

ting of

, SHERRY, BRANDY, GIN

ND SCOTCH WHISKEY, &c.

LES, SAUCES, JAMS & JELLIES

&c., &c., &c.,

M CROSSE & BLACKWELL.

—LIKEWISE,—

ULL assortment of FRESH FRUIT, the EST in market.

LE and Cooking RAISINS, CURRANTS,

VOURING EXTRACTS and SPICES—uaine.

ESERVED and CAN FRUITS, assorted suit the holiday season.

ERIA GRAPES, FRESH FIGS and RTUGUESE ONIONS.

TINS NEW HONEY, in 5 lb. and 3 lb. tins.

O STILTON CHEESE, 6 lbs. to 8 lbs. size, from Reesor Brothers' celebrated

ERRY WINE—Good Table Wine—$1.25 $3.00.

RT WINE—Good Table Wine $1.50 to $4.50.

L KINDS of GENUINE LIQUORS. Price according to age and quality.

O BOXES DIGBY HERRINGS—large boxes at 75 cts. each.

BRADOR HERRINGS, the very best, barrels and half barrels.

CASES SCOTCH LING—Good.

AS—Black, Green and Japan—Warranted ood, and selected for family use.

ARS and SYRUPS of all grades.

FFEES—Always Fresh—Best Brands—ry them.

BACCOS—The Finest Qualities—Virginia nake in cut, tin foil and ping.

GENERAL assortment of the different inds of GROCERIES AND LIQUORS on Wholesale and Retail, at the LOWEST IBLE PRICES for Warranted Goods. A f the articles will recommend them.

For sale at

THOS. PATTERSON'S,

No. 26, Rideau-street.

, November 27, 1868. 878

ST RECEIVED,

AT THE

DIA WAREHOUSE,

No. 16, RIDEAU-ST.,

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D. T. BROWNE & CO.,

Wholesale and Retail

ers, Wine and Spirit Merchants.

ESH OYSTERS, in Tins,

ESERVED OYSTERS do

ESH HALIBUT do

ESH SALMON do

ESH MACKEREL do

ESH LOBSTERS do

EEN PEAS do

MON, GINGER, ORANGE,

anana, Peach, Blackberry, Raspberry and berry Syrups.

SPBERRY VINEGAR,

T'S Chocolate and Cocoa,

ITT'S Cocoa Paste,

ORTON'S Bloater Paste,

MATO and other Catsups

CHOVY Paste,

EASBURGH Meats,

TTED Beef and Tongues

ESERVES and Jelli , a great variety,

ANGE Marmalade,

ORRISON, TAYLOR & Co.'s

elebrated Sugar Cured Hams and Breakfast Bacon.

CKLED Salmon,

CKLED Mackerel,

CKLED HERRINGS,

Half Barrels, Barrels and Tierces,

Y Codfish,

Y Haddock,

NAN Haddies, &c., &c.,

nd a full stock of Choice Family Groceries. wa, Nov. 3, 1868.

OTTLED ALE,

BOTTLED ALE,

BOTTLED ALE.

subscriber would called the attention of es and others to his

INE BOTTLED ALE

h is in splendid condition. Also,

COTCH, IRISH, OLD RYE,

And other Malt Whiskies,

S, SHERRIES, BRANDIES, GIN, &c.

To ether with a General Assortment of

FIRST-CLASS GROCERIES.

call dly solicited.

D. WHELAN,

44, Rideau-street,

Opposite Allan's Crockery Store

n, Jan. 29, 1868.

ENERAL NOTICE!

FARMERS & OTHERS INTERESTED.

g to announce that our large sale of

BANKRUPT GOODS

lose in 20 days, having nearly cleared out ock, and we take this opportunity of thanking r patrons.

stock consists of

Stoves of every Size, Pattern or Style,

e guarantee to suit in price; also,

are,

Lamps,

Oils,

Lamp Trimmings,

Brushes,

Wire Goods,

Japanned Ware,

and General House Furnishings.

rmers, we have the Stoves for you at astounding prices.

ESMONDE BROS.,

Centre Town, opp. Ontario Bank.

URNITURE, FURNITURE,

best stock in the city is

AT THE VARIETY HALL.

AIR SEATED, CANE SEATED & WOOD SEATED CHAIRS,

AT THE VARIETY HALL.

Groceries.

COTTON GOODS.

MAGEE & RUSSELL

Have brought forward from the wholesale department

150 PIECES ASSORTED PRINTS.

125 " BLEACHED SHIRTING,

200 " GREY COTTON,

and arranged them on the Centre Tables, where they will be offered at wholesale prices by the piece, during the remainder of this month.

They would also remark that "COTTON GOODS" are slightly higher priced in England, than what they were when the above were purchased.

Customers would be consulting their own interests by taking advantage of the above sale, the reductions being 2, 2½ and 3 cents per yard.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

ON SALE,

GOODERHAM & WORTS'

RECTIFIED SPIRITS.

100 BBLS. CELEBRATED OLD RYE,

100 do HIGHWINES, 50 O.P.

100 do ALCOHOL, 65 O.P.

☞ The trade supplied at manufacturers' prices.

REDPATH'S EXTRA GOLDEN SYRUP

REDPATH'S STANDARD do

NEW YORK HOUSE SYRUP,

100 BBLS. WEST INDIA MOLASSES.

500 CHESTS UNCOLORED JAPAN TEA.

100 CADDIES ORANGE PEKOE

150 CHESTS TWANKAY.

200 CADDIES BRIGHT SOL TOBACCO.

100 BOXES TOBACCO, 10s.

500 BARRELS EXTRA SUPERIOR FLOUR.

300 BBLS. MESS PORK, to arrive.

J. G. ROBINSON & Co.

December 16, 1868. 926,3m

Jewellery, &c.

FOR

CHRISTMAS AND NEW YEAR'S

PRESENTS,

IN GOLD & SILVER WATCHES,

Go to YOUNG & RADFORD'S,

30 Sparks-st.

FOR

CHRISTMAS AND NEW YEAR'S

PRESENTS,

GOLD CHAINS & FINE JEWELLERY,

Go to YOUNG & RADFORD'S.

FOR

CHRISTMAS AND NEW YEAR'S

PRESENTS,

IN PLATED WARE,

Go to YOUNG & RADFORD'S.

FOR

CHRISTMAS AND NEW YEAR'S

PRESENTS,

IN FANCY GOODS,

SUITABLE FOR THE SEASON,

Go to YOUNG & RADFORD'S.

PARTIES WANTING WORK

SUITABLE FOR PRESENTATIONS

FOR CHRISTMAS OR NEW YEAR,

Will find it to their advantage to

Go to YOUNG & RADFORD'S,

30 Sparks-st.

Garland, Mutchmor & Co

X MAS DRY GOODS.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.,

IMPORTERS, 20 SPARKS-ST.,

Have received, ex various ocean steamers, large additions to their extensive stock of

STAPLE & FANCY DRY GOODS,

!

MILLINERY,

Carpetings and House Furnishings,

and are now shewing a large and well assorted stock in every department. They invite special attention to the following:

RICH FANCY SILKS,

RICH FANCY DRESSES,

suitable for street and evening wear,

RICH BALL DRESSES,

GOOD ABERDEEN WINCIES,

at a little over half last year's prices. Good cheap useful dresses for all classes in all the new materials.

CLOTHS,

TWEEDS,

BLANKETS,

FLANNELS,

SHEETINGS,

COTTONS,

PRINTS, ETC.,

all in great variety cheap.

LACES,

RIBBONS,

TRIMMINGS,

GLOVES,

HOSIERY,

Black Silk Mantle Velvets,

Black and Brown Velveteens,

Black and Brown Sealskins,

Black and Brown Astricans,

Coloured Jasper Sealskins,

White and Fancy Mantle Cloths.

MANTLES,

in great variety, in all the new materials an shapes.

SHAWLS,

BONNETS,

HATS,

LADIES' CAPS,

HEAD DRESSES,

FLOWERS,

FEATHERS,

BRIDAL WREATHS.

Great novelty in Skirts—the

NEW PATENT FELT SKIRT,

Plain and embroidered, all in once piece; warm lighter, better fitting and cheaper than any other skirts. Just opened

One Case Plain Glasgow Wincies.

Two cases latest styles in Clouds and other Woollen Goods.

Wholesale and Retail.

Stationery.

NEW GOODS.

Just received, ex steamship *St. David*, a large importation of the best British manufactured

STAPLE STATIONERY,

IN

LETTER PAPERS,

NOTE PAPERS,

ENVELOPES,

FOOLSCAPS,

FOLIO POSTS,

RECORD PAPERS,

TINTED BLOTTING PAPERS,

MUSIC PAPER,

&c., &c., &c.

For sale at

THE OTTAWA CITIZEN

Stationery and Printing House,

Rideau-st., Ottawa.

Groceries.

For sale by the undersigned.

300 BBLS. MESS PORK.

200 BBLS. THIN MESS PORK.

500 BBLS. STRONG SUPER FLOUR.

COAL OIL.

Having been appointed by the combination their agents for

COAL OIL,

They are now prepared to sell in quantities to suit the trade, by the

BARREL OR CAR LOAD,

AT THE

LOWEST PRICES

Agents for Hiram Walker's

HIGHWINES

RYE,

PROOF, and

MONONGAHELA WHISKEYS.

Agents for

REESOR BROS. CHEESE.

Agents for John Campbell's celebrated

HAMS,

BACON, &c.

C. T. BATE & CO.,

Canal Basin.

Ottawa, Dec. 12, 1868.

Dry Goods.

FRESH ARRIVALS.

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!

THOS. & W. HUNTON

Have just opened out the contents of 48 packages of NEW GOODS, comprising

1 CASE SILKS, in plain and fancy colors, splendid value.

1 CASE VELVETEENS,

3 BALES WHITE COTTONS,

1 " WHITE COTTON SHEETING,

6 " GRAY COTTONS,

2 CASES LINENS, assorted,

1 " BLACK CLOTHS,

2 " BLACK & COLORED OVERCOATINGS,

1 BALE WHITE FLANNELS,

1 " GRAY FLANNELS,

1 " SCARLET FLANNELS,

4 " BLANKETS,

2 " HEMP CARPETS,

3 " WOOL CARPETS,

10 " TAPESTRY CARPETS, this season's new patterns,

3 " CANADIAN TWEEDS.

All of the above goods being marked off, and ready for inspection. We would specially invite intending purchasers to call and examine them.

THOS. & W. HUNTON

47 and 49 Sparks-st.

LOST.

A DIAMOND BREAST PIN,

with Chain attached.

The finder will be suitably rewarded by leaving it at

H. WHITESIDE & CO'S.,

62 Rideau-st.,

944tf Ottawa, Ont.

PIANO TUNING.—The subscriber having decided to divide his time equally between Ottawa and Ogdensburgh, would beg to inform his his old patrons and others, that he hopes, in future, to attend to their orders for tuning more promptly than heretofore. Shall visit Ottawa once a month. Orders received at Mr. Bermingham's Auction Rooms, and at E. Miles' Music Store.

GEO. N. BENEDICT.

OTTAWA MARKETS.

[Compiled expressly for the OTTAWA TIMES.]

Times Office, Ottawa, Jan. 9, 1869.

FLOUR—Extra	6 50	@	6 75
No. 1	5 25	@	5 50
No. 2		none.	
Bags—Fall per 100 lbs.	3 25	@	3 37½
" Spring "	2 62½	@	2 75
Oatmeal—per 200 lbs.	7 00	@	7 25
Indian Meal "	4 00	@	0 00
Rye—per bushel 56 lbs.	0 85	@	0 90
Barley " 48 lbs.	0 90	@	0 00
Buckwheat Flour	4 00	@	4 50
WHEAT—Fall—per bushel, 60 lbs.	1 25	@	1 30
Spring " "	1 20	@	1 25
CORN—Per bushel, 56 lbs.	0 85	@	0 90
Peas " 60 lbs.	0 90	@	0 00
Oats " 34 lbs.	0 60	@	0 67
Beans " 60 lbs.	1 80	@	0 00
PORK—Mess—per barrel	24 50	@	25 00
Prime Mess per do.	00 00	@	17 00
Prime		none.	
Pork (fresh)	7 50	@	8 50
Hams	0 15	@	0 17
Beef per 100 lbs	6 00	@	7 00
Mutton—per lb	0 5	@	0 6
Geese—Each	0 50	@	0 60
Ducks	0 50	@	0 60
Turkeys—Each	1 00	@	2 00
Poultry—Per pair	0 50	@	0 60
BUTTER—Choice Table	0 25	@	0 00
No. 1 Firkin	0 22	@	0 24
No. 2	0 00	@	0 00
Eggs	0 22	@	0 25
Apples—per brl	0 00	@	4 50
VEGETABLES, &c.—Potatoe	0 38	@	0 40
HAY—Per ton	18 00	@	22 00
WOOD—Per cord (cubic measure)	3 25	@	0 00
Mixed Wood	3 00	@	0 00
Tamarac	2 00	@	0 00
Soft Wood	2 00	@	0 00

A MYSTERIOUS INCENDIARY.

The city of Newburyport, Mass., is in a fever of excitement over what is, view it as cooly as you please, certainly a most remarkable phenomena in crime. For fifteen or twenty years Newburyport has had an incendiary. Four churches, and smaller structures unnumbered, have perished by his destroying hand. He takes a pride in his work, and in the system and secrecy with which he does it. Every fire of the long series has been set by the same apparatus. An odd little box seemingly made by the mysterious man himself is in each instance filled with kerosene, oil saturated kindling wood, and other highly inflamable substances. A candle end is placed in this, and so lighted that in a few minutes the whole will be in flames. Year after year at irregular intervals this little contrivance is so employed in the work of destruction which this man is bent upon. After every conquered fire this little box is found where the conflagration began. Yet in all this time the man who makes the boxes, who carries them about and fires them, has successfully defied all the agencies of discovery, all the detectives employed in the interests of justice, or for the defence of property, and there is not a suspicion who is or what is at the bottom of his acts. He must be a citizen of the place, and one no longer young. Perhaps he is one of the most prominent in the arrangements for his own capture. His extraordinary crimes and his extraordinary success in eluding pursuit would make a splendid basis for a sensation novel. His last attempt, happily an unsuccessful one, dates back only to last week. His familiar box was set on fire against a church. the destruction of which, a high wind prevailing, would have carried with it half the city. It was discovered in time; but no traces of the man were left. The excitement over the matter naturally grows with each repetition of the arson.

—Sir Duncan Gibb, the Vice-President of the Anthropological Society of London, recently prepared a paper on the character of the voice in the nations of Asia and Africa contrasted with that in the nations of Europe. Since then the subject has attracted no little attention abroad. Sir Duncan has arrived at the following deductions from his observations: The Chinese and Japanese possess voices of low power, feeble compass, whining in tone, and "possessing a metallic twang." That of the Tartars, Thibetians, and Mongols, partakes slightly of the same twang. In India and Burmah the voice is not powerful, but shrill, soft and femenine, that of the inhabitants of the hills being more robust, possessing more of the metallic twang and less of the whine than the inhabitants of the plains. The larynx of the negro is intermediate in size, between that of the Chinese and Tartars. The negro wants vocal power, possessing the elements of a roaring, bellowing voice. "The European nations possess strong, powerful, sonorious, clear voices. Variations as to character and tone might and did exist, but as a rule they all agreed in powerful compass, range, clearness, and loudness of sound." Sir Duncan thinks the Germans possess the most powerful voices in Europe, but in their strength they must yield to the Tartars.

—From a report issued some weeks ago by the directors of the *Societe du Cable Transatlantique Francais*, we learn some interesting particulars in reference to the new cable that is to connect France and this continent. Up to December 1st, there had been 463 miles of the Brest St. Pierre section examined by the engineers and approved of. The whole length of the cable will be 2643 knots, which will be completed next May, at the present rate of manufacture—85 miles per diem. The cable for the St. Pierre, United States section, will be 776 miles in length. It was to have been commenced about December 10. Great care, it is said has been exercised in the formation of the joints in the gutta percha core. Preparations to receive the cable on board the *Great Eastern* were commenced last October.

—The cities of Sacramento and San Francisco are always quarrelling with each other about their respective inducements to immigrants. Sacramento is now taunting its rival with its recent earthquake misfortune. San Francisco retaliates by alluding to the flood of 1862, which did so much damage to Sacramento. All of which is very encouraging to outside parties to make either city their residence.

—The neglect of spelling in our present system of education was recently illustrated in the "High" School of Madison, Wis. Only two out of twenty-five pupils could spell words of two syllables correctly. Some of them missed sixty out of two hundred and sixty words.

The late Thomas C. Moore, of Brooklyn, E. D., has left a will nearly as long as the moral law, with several hundred bequests, amounting to several hundred thousands of dollars, including $21,600 for the benefit of the destitute widows and children of Southern soldiers who were killed in Georgia and the Carolinas during the late war.

—Six Waterbury, Conn., sportsmen went pickeral fishing one bitter cold night, last week, on a mill pond a number of miles from the town. After they had cut several holes in the ice, and fished patiently several hours without a bite, they were told by a small boy that the owner of the pond had drawn it off a few days before and captured all the fish.

Commission Merchants.

DOMINION AUCTION MART,

AND

COMMISSION SALE ROOMS,

HOUSE, LAND AND GENERAL AGENCY,

OFFICE AND SALE ROOMS,

INGLIS' NEW BUILDINGS, SUSSEX-ST.,

OTTAWA.

The subscriber respectfully announces to the inhabitants of Ottawa and surrounding country that at the request of many friends he has decided on opening an extensive and well regulated Auction Mart in this city:

From arrangements made with some of the Furniture Manufactories of Western Ontario, a large and well selected stock of new furniture will be constantly on hand.

Public Sales will be held from time to time, of which due notice will be given, and at which parties requiring to furnish will have an opportunity of purchasing at unusually low rates. The Mart is now open with a large stock of new Furniture, as well as Pianos, Harmoniums, &c., &c., consigned for sale.

The subscriber would also intimate that he is the Sole Agent for Ottawa and territory for the sale of Rappe, Webber & Co.'s celebrated grand Pianos.

They are successors to the late John C. Fox, of Kingston, and the makers of his excellent Pianos.

From their long experience in Germany, Paris, and New York, they are universally admitted to be the best Piano Manufacturers on this continent.

The high reputation of the instruments made by them for the past ten years, and the increasing demand for them in the new Dominion, prove their very superior quality, and universally acknowledged merit.

The Pianos, as well as the Furniture in the establishment, will be sold either by private sale or auction.

He would also announce that he is prepared to receive instructions from persons having household furniture, horses, carriages, or real estate, to dispose of, and pledges himself that nothing will be left undone by him to give satisfaction in discharging the trust confided to him. He hopes that by strict attention to the sales entrusted to his care, as well as by prompt settlements immediately after, to merit a share of public patronage.

He will be in his office from 7 in the morning until 7 in the evening, when he can see parties who wish to arrange about their sales. Consignments from a distance will have immediate attention.

Cash advances, when required, will be made on consignments for immediate sale.

All kinds of furniture bought, sold or exchanged.

REFERENCES.

His Lordship the Bishop of Kingston,
Hon. Sir John A. Macdonald,
Hon. H. L. Langevin, C B,
Hon. Alex. Campbell, P M G,
R. W. Scott, Esq. M P P,
Walter Shanly, Esq, M P
Max. W. Strange, Esq, M P P,
Francis H. Burton, Esq, M P
James O'Rielly, Esq, Q C,
H.V. Noel, Esq, Manager Quebec Bank, Ottawa.
Robert Lyon, Esq, M P P.

A smart young man wanted to act as travelling agent representing several firms.

J. BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer and Commission Merchant,
75-y House, Land and General Agent.

REMOVAL.

The subscribers beg to inform their customers and the public generally that they have removed to those spacious premises lately occupied by M. K. Dickinson, Canal Basin, and where will be found constantly on hand the following goods:

FLOUR,
PORK,
OATMEAL, &c.

ALSO ON HAND,

2,000 CORDS OF GOOD FIREWOOD, and 600,000 sawed SHINGLES.

Wholesale and Commission Agents.

Goods forwarded with despatch between Ottawa, Kingston and Intermediate Ports, by the Steamer *Mary Ann*, and three barges.

Silver Taken at Par.

WM. H. EASTON & CO.,
Forwarders and Commission Merchants,
Canal Basin

For Sale or to Let.

TO LUMBERERS.—The subscriber is authorized to receive proposals for lease of the best STEAM MILL SITE on the River Ottawa, below the Chaudiere Falls. Very extensive storage for logs and piling ground. Lumber may be shipped direct from the mill.

R. H. HAYCOCK, Solicitor, Ottawa.
Dec. 19, 1868. 928d

FOR SALE, OR TO LET for a term of years, BELLEGREEN COTTAGE and GROUNDS, say two and a half acres, situate on the Bank of the Rideau River, (Ottawa-st.) The Cottage is built of brick and tin roofed, with a gallery all round. The gardens and grounds are in a high state of cultivation. Large storeroom, stables, granary, coach and ice-house, woodsheds, &c., all in the best of order. It is one of the most healthy and comfortable residences for a private family in or about the city of Ottawa. For particulars apply to FRANCIS CLEMOW, Esq.—Office, Sparks-st., near the Russell House—or to the proprietor J. WADSWORTH.

Terms moderate. Possession given at any time to suit parties. 927tf

VALUABLE FARMS FOR SALE.—Lot 21 in the 3rd Concession, Gloucester, Ottawa Front, 200 acres, about 80 cleared and under cultivation, with comfortable Dwelling and good Barn. The bush land is principally hardwood, and very valuable from its proximity to Ottawa. Also, Lot 20, in 3rd Concession, Gloucester, Ottawa Front, containing 200 acres, 20 acres cleared. The remainder of this lot is heavily wooded with hard and soft wood. These farms will be sold separately or together as may be desired. The short distance of only 3 miles from Ottawa makes the wood of greater value. These lands are well watered, of excellent soil, and would make a fine dairy farm. Apply to the Proprietor, C. SPARROW, or to D. O'CONNOR, Solicitor, Ottawa.

Ottawa, Nov. 25, 1868. 908tf

MEMBERS OF PARLIAMENT and others visiting the Capital can be accommodated with board and apartments, single or double, at a first-class Boarding House, within five minutes' walk of the Parliament Buildings. References given if required. Apply to MRS. W. PARDY, Wellington-st., Ottawa. 905-2m

ROOMS TO LET.

MRS. SMITH, Corner of Bank and Albert-sts., can rent TWO FURNISHED BEDROOMS and a SITTING ROOM. 868tf

FOR SALE.—The Westerly one-third of Lot No. 27, in First Concession, Ottawa Front, Nepean, and Lots Nos. 26 and 28, in the same concession, at present in the occupation of Wm. T. Aylen, Esq. For further particulars apply to JOHN and WM. THOMSON, Nepean, and LEWIS & PINHEY, Barristers, Ottawa. Je2-141-tf

CONCENTRATED LYE.

CAUTION TO THE PUBLIC.

The remarkable success which has attended the introduction of the celebrated Concentrated Lye into Canadian market, by the subscriber, has excited the cupidity of an unprincipled firm in town (which has already been convicted of borrowing other people's brains) by a spurious imitation called Saponifier. To avoid disappointment, purchasers should be careful to ask for Harte's Concentrated Lye, which is sold by all respectable Druggists and Grocers in town and country. 783y

VULCAN IRON WORKS,

WELLINGTON-STREET,

OTTAWA.

ALEXANDER FLECK, Proprietor and Manager of the VULCAN IRON WORKS, MONTREAL, begs to inform the public of Ottawa and the surrounding Counties that he has purchased the extensive works hitherto owned and worked by T. M. Blaisdell, Esquire, as Founder, Machinist, and Worker in all kinds of Iron Work.

Having made full arrangements to meet the wants of the Trade, he respectfully draws the attention of those about to erect Saw and other Mills, Mill Owners generally, Steamboat Owners, and others, to the facilities offered for the manufacture of such articles as they may require. He will be prepared to receive and execute promptly all orders in his line of business in the best manner and at reasonable prices.

ALEXANDER FLECK.
Ottawa, December 11, 1868. 922d

PUBLIC NOTICE

Is hereby given that the Map or Plan and Book of Reference of the Canada Central Railway Company, from the City of Ottawa to its junction with the Line of the Brockville and Ottawa Railway Company, have been deposited in the office of the Department of Public Works, and a copy of such parts of the Map or Plan and Book of Reference, as relate to the County of Carleton, has been deposited in the office of the Clerk of the Peace for the County of Carleton, and a copy of such parts as relate to the County of Lanark, has been deposited in the office of the Clerk of the Peace for the County of Lanark.

Dated this Tenth day of August, 1868.

W. R. WORSLEY,
C. C. Rly.

FARMERS AND OTHERS,

Remember that the only hand-made Chairs in Ottawa is

AT THE VARIETY HALL.

DOMINION Telegraph Company!

Capital Stock,....................$500,000,

IN 10,000 SHARES AT $50 EACH.

President,
HON. WM. CAYLEY.

Treasurer,
HON. J. McMURRICH

Secretary,
H. B. REEVE.

Counsel.
MESSRS. CAMERON & McMICHAEL.

General Superintendent.
MARTIN RYAN.

DIRECTORS.

HON. J. McMURRICH—Bryce, McMurrich & Co., Toronto.
A. R. McMASTER, Esq.,—A. R. McMaster & Brother, Toronto.
HON. M. C. CAMERON,—Provincial Secretary, Toronto.
JAMES MICHIE, Esq.,—Fulton, Michie & Co., and Geo. Michie & Co., Toronto.
HON. WM. CAYLEY,—Toronto.
A. M. SMITH, Esq.,—A. M. Smith & Co., Toronto.
L. MOFFATT, Esq.,—Moffatt, Murray & Co., Toronto.
H. B. REEVE, Esq.,—Toronto.
MARTIN RYAN, Esq.,—Toronto.

PROSPECTUS.

THE DOMINION TELEGRAPH COMPANY has been organized under the Act respecting Telegraph Companies, chapter 67 of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada. Its object is to cover the Dominion of Canada with a complete net-work of Telegraph lines.

THE CAPITAL STOCK

Is $500,000, divided into 10,000 shares of $50 each, 5 per cent to be paid at the time of subscribing, the balance to be paid by instalments not exceeding 10 per cent per month—said instalments to be called in as the works progress.

THE BUSINESS AFFAIRS OF THE COMPANY

are under the management of a Board of Directors annually elected by the shareholders in conformity with the Charter and By-laws of the Company.

The Directors are of opinion that it would be to the interest of the Stockholders generally to obtain subscriptions from all quarters of Canada, and with this view they propose to divide the Stock amongst the different towns and cities throughout the Dominion in allotments suited to the population and business occupations of the different localities and the interest which they may be supposed to take in such an enterprize.

CONTRACTS OF CONNECTIONS.

A contract, granting permanent connection and extraordinary advantages, has already been executed, between this Company and the Atlantic and Pacific Company of New York; thus, at the very commencement, as the Lines of this Company are constructed from the Suspension Bridge, at Clifton (the point of connection) to any point in the Dominion, all the chief cities and places in the States, touched by the Lines of the Atlantic and Pacific Telegraph Company, are brought in immediate connection therewith.

A permanent connection has also been secured with the Great Western Telegraph Company of Chicago, whereby this Company will be brought into close connection with all the Lake Ports and other places through the North Western States, and through to California.

All classes of Society are interested in extending the use of the Telegraph, at LOW RATES, and the Directors are satisfied, that the adoption of a scale of charges considerably below the rates now exacted in Canada, will by encouraging a much more extended use of this medium of communication, not only prove a real and substantial benefit to the public generally, but will also ensure a safe and profitable return to the Investor.

On the 25th day of June, A.D., 1868, the DOMINION TELEGRAPH COMPANY was duly CHARTERED according to law.

The admitted importance and value of Telegraphy, would, in the opinion of the Directors, have rendered any introduction of the Dominion Telegraph Company to the Canadian public unnecessary had it not been that previous attempts to establish Telegraph Companies in Canada, to share the business with the Montreal Company, had been allowed to fall through.

The success of a Telegraph Company will mainly depend on its ability to meet the demands of the public, and consequently it should possess, at least, equal facilities with any other Company, of access to all quarters with which its customers may desire to have communication.

This important requisite has not been, until now, within the reach of any Company entering the field as a competitor with the Montreal Company, in consequence of the close and exclusive connection formed between that Company and the Western Union Company, of the United States, the latter by virtue of certain patents, having until within these two years, monopolized nearly the whole of the telegraph business of the neighboring republic.

The business relations between these two Companies continue in full force, but the patents having run out, the monopoly so long enjoyed by the Western Union has ceased to exist.

The Atlantic and Pacific, the Great Western, and other American Companies have invaded the field, and have become successful competitors for the public patronage and support. These Companies, acting on the cheap postage principle, have forced the old monopolist to a reduction of rates, which has resulted in a more widely extended use of this means of communication, and much to the surprise of the Western Union itself, has increased its profits, whilst sharing its field of operations.

With these new Companies the Dominion Telegraph Company of Canada have entered into most satisfactory business relations, and confident of the soundness of the principle which led to the adoption of the penny-postage system in Great Britain, the voluntary reduction from $100 to $16.65 per ten word message by the Ocean Cable Company, and the successful operations of the Companies recently established in the United States, invite the business and mercantile community of Canada to join them in the promotion of an enterprise, based on the principle of moderate rates and extended business which, while injuring no one, they confidently expect will result in securing a large return to the investor, and prove a vast benefit to the community.

Allusion has been made to the voluntary reduction of rates by the Atlantic Cable Company. A Chicago paper, writing on the subject of the growing use of the Telegraph, gives the following return as obtained directly from Cyrus W. Field, showing very conclusively the benefit both to the public and the Company of the reduction of rates.

AVERAGE DAILY RECEIPTS.

From $100 per message of ten words				$2,525
do 50	do	do		2,895
do 25	do	do		3,965

An advertisement has recently appeared announcing to the public that the rates from 1st September, proximo, will be further reduced to $16.65 per ten words.

The following table shows the reduction which has been effected in rates in the neighboring States arising out of the construction of competing lines:—

From New York to	Former Rates.	Present Rates.
Boston	[illegible]	[illegible]
Bangor	[illegible]	[illegible]
Portland	[illegible]	[illegible]
Philadelphia	[illegible]	[illegible]
Baltimore	[illegible]	[illegible]
Washington	[illegible]	[illegible]
Augusta, Me	[illegible]	[illegible]
Cincinnati	1 00	1 00
Buffalo	75	50
Cleveland	1 95	1 00
Pittsburgh	1 15	45
Louisville	1 96	1 00

This reduction took place in November, 1867. A comparison of the receipts of the Western Union since that period with the corresponding months of the previous year gives the following results:—

Gross Receipts for

December, 1866	$ 551,971 40	December, 1867	$576,135 19	Increase	$ 24,163 79
Jany., Feb., March, '67	1,594,644 96	Jany., Feb., March, '68	1,727,939 55	Increase	133,294 59
April, May, June, '67	1,559,778 79	April, May, June, '68	1,749,631 52	Increase	189,852 73

While these beneficial results were flowing to the Western Union Company from the reduction of rates, the new Companies had created a business more than sufficient to fill their wires. In proof of this the following extract is taken from the report of the Atlantic and Pacific Company, made July 28th, 1868:

"In April last we reached the maximum capacity of our wires, and have since been compelled to refuse business daily. The Committee, therefore, have reached the conclusion from the actual experience of building and working the present lines—that

"Telegraphic business is growing faster than Telegraphic facilities."

As further proof on this point, the low rates have so pressed the wires of both Companies with business through the day, that posters have been placed in all the main offices proclaiming that double the number of words would be telegraphed at night at the same price as half the number of words by day.

In support of the observation quoted above, that telegraphic business is growing faster than telegraphic facilities, the following statement exhibiting the wonderful increase in the use of the wire, within the last six years, cannot be without interest to our readers. The gross earnings of all telegraph lines in the United States for the following years were:—

1846	$ 4,228 77	1864	$3,792,245 40
1849	63,338 98	1865	4,420,268 88
1853	103,860 84	1866	5,624,501 20
1862	2,734,960 40	1867	7,641,552 47
1863	3,269,442 66		

Showing an average increase of a million a year for the last five years.

A comparison of the number of messages, and persons using the wire in Canada and the States, furnishes a further proof of the advantage to the public and corresponding benefit to the Companies arising out of a reduction of rates.

The published returns for 1867, show that 609.757 messages were sent in Canada, while the messages in the United States for the same period exceeded 20,800,000, the former being less than one message to every six persons, the latter, two to every three. From these returns and results it may be reasonably inferred that a reduction of rates to a tariff at which the wires of both Companies can be filled, will secure a fair field and good prospects to the Dominion Company without in any way prejudicing the interests of the Company now monopolizing the ground.

The particulars submitted above are sufficient in the opinion of the Directors to establish the fact that low rates, by encouraging a more general use of the telegraph, are more profitable than high. It is not, however, solely in the light of a safe and good investment that the Directors desire that this enterprise should be viewed. They feel that their object will be but indifferently attained unless they can satisfy the public, the business and commercial men, that ALL who use the telegraph as a medium of rapid communication, are interested in the establishment of what may be called a competing line. As in the administration of public affairs, a strong, watchful opposition, is the best security for good and careful government: so in commercial matters, an honest rivalry in the various pursuits and branches of trade furnishes the best security that the public shall be well served.

To apply the argument to the purpose in hand, the following table showing the inconsistencies, and, in many instances, the excessive rates now charged on messages passing between the cities and towns of Ontario, Quebec and the United States, will, it is believed, convince the reader that an honest competition is needed, not only for the reduction and adjustment of rates, but also to ensure that attention and care which would of necessity be enforced on the Companies competing for public favor, and thus tend greatly to promote the general interests of the community.

EXAMPLE OF PRESENT TARIFF RATES, WITH DISTANCES.

			MILES.	CANADA MONEY.
From	Toronto to	Suspension Bridge	82	40c
Do	do	Montreal	333	30
Do	do	Mitchell, Seaforth, Bothwell, Ailsa Craig, Caledonia, Chatham, Dunville, Newbury, Port Burwell, Port Colborne and many other places		40
Do	do	Kingston	160	25
Do	do	Quebec	505	50

Example at present tariff rates to Buffalo, and from thence to the following places, in U. S. currency, which reduced to Canada money at 45 per cent premium, makes the actual cost, as in second column:—

Price Collected at Toronto.	ACTUAL COST, BOTH TARIFFS.			
To New York ..... 80c.	From Toronto to Buffalo			30c
	Buffalo to New York.	50c	Reduced to Canada Money.	35c—$0 65
To Philadelphia $1 05	From Toronto to Buffalo			30c
	Buffalo to Philadelphia.	75c	Reduced to Canada Money.	52c—$0 82
To Washington $1 30	From Toronto to Buffalo			30c
	Buffalo to Washington.	90c	Reduced to Canada Money.	62c—$0 92
To Baltimore $1 30	From Toronto to Buffalo			30c
	Buffalo to Baltimore.	85c	Reduced to Canada Money.	59c—$0 89
To Chicago $1 35	From Toronto to Detroit			60c
	Detroit to Chicago.	75c	Reduced to Canada Money.	52c—$1 12
To New Orleans $3 65	From Toronto to Buffalo			30c
	Buffalo to New Orleans.	$2 75c	Reduced to Canada Money.	$1 90c—$2 20

NOTE.—The same illustration may be applied to all the places in the United States. Canadians are obliged to pay a profit on the published rates.

Subscription Books will be opened at the Office of the Company, 83 King-st. east, on and after September 1st 1868.

H. B. REEVE,
Secretary.

Toronto, September 29, 1868. 860tt

Medical Cards.

EDWARD C. MALLOCH, M.D., M.R.C.S. Duke-st., LeBreton's Flats, "opposite the well." Office hours from 8:30 to 10:30 a.m., and 3 to 5 p.m.

DR. O. C. WOOD, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Ottawa. Day office opposite Magee & Russell's, Sparks-street, Centre Town. Night office at his residence, Maria-street, Centre Town. CANCERS CURED, without the use of the knife, by a new, but certain, speedy, and almost painless process. References given to parties successfully treated, it required. 17w160y

DR. C. LEGGO, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Office—Hunton's Block, Sparks-street.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street, Central Ottawa. 34utf

DR. C. A. MARTIN, Dentist. Office—Sussex-street, over Messrs. Campbell & Co.'s, Grocers. 34utf

DR. GEORGE HUTCHISON, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street, opposite Magee & Russell's. 576y

DR. W. J. HENRY, Corner of Kent and Wellington-streets, Ottawa. 43utf

Hotels and Saloons.

"GOING DOWN TO MONTREAL?"

Put up at the "CITY HOTEL," one of the most comfortable houses in the city.

This Hotel has just been fitted up in a first-class style, and at an enormous expense; its accommodations are of the best kind, it contains 75 rooms, with good yard and stabling for 60 horses. The table is always supplied with all the delicacies of the season. The Bar is also supplied with the very best of Liquors. Besides all that, this Hotel is situated right in the centre of business, near the R.R. Depot, and within a few minutes walk from the Banks and Post Office.

Terms are exceedingly moderate. Try once and you will be satisfied.

Remember the Place "City Hotel," 78, 80 and 82, St. Joseph-street, Montreal.

CHARLES LAURIN,
853tf Proprietor.

PICKWICK HOUSE,

Corner James and King-sts., Opposite the Court House and Public Offices, ST. CATHARINES, Ont.

E. HOUGHTON, Proprietor,
(Late of Houghton's Dining Saloon.)

A spacious sample-room for commercial travellers. 859y

OTTAWA HOUSE.

Corner of Main and Prince of Wales-streets Pembroke, Ontario.

Stages in connection with the steamers *Jason Gould, Pembroke* and *Pontiac.*

Particular attention paid to the comfort of guests.

Good rooms for commercial travellers. Horses and vehicles always on hand.

J. COPELAND,
Proprietor.
Pembroke, Aug. 1, 1868. 809y

TORONTO HOUSE, Sparks-st.

MRS. TROTTER begs to announce that she has at present several commodious and handsomely furnished suites of apartments, in every respect eligible for civil or military officers, or private gentlemen remaining in the city. 773tf

REVERE HOUSE, OTTAWA.

G. A. BUCKE,
W. H. SANGER, ...PROPRIETORS.

This first-class Hotel has been re-furnished and refitted throughout, and now combines all the requisites of a first-class establishment. 582tt

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,

M. KAVANAGH, *Proprietor*,

Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings.

The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands of Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.

Oysters, Game etc., daily

THE METROPOLITAN,

AUMOND'S BLOCK,
Rideau Street Ottawa.
292tf P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.

DOMINION HOUSE,

WELLINGTON-STREET.

The undersigned, formerly head waiter at the Russell House, begs to notify his friends and the public generally that he has leased the above hotel, which is now well furnished, and will be kept as a first class house. The bar is well stocked with the choicest brands of liquors. The table will be furnished with the best the market affords. Good yard and stabling attached to the premises.

658y GEORGE IRVINE.

Miscellaneous.

I. B. TACKABERRY, Auction Rooms No. 36, Rideau-street, below Whyte's Stationery Store. The sale of Real Estate at Auction or private sale promptly attended to. Consignments received and immediate attention will be paid. Sales attended in any of the city or country. 699y

R. SPARKS, Provincial Land Surveyor, Draughtsman, &c., (commissioned for Upper and Lower Canada.) Office and residence, Gloucester, near Ottawa. Surveys of every description executed with accuracy. Communications addressed Ottawa City, (post-paid), or left at the office of N. Sparks, Solicitor, &c., Ottawa, will receive prompt attention. 55 y

B. BILLINGS, Jr., Architect, Elgin street opposite the Post Office.

REFERENCES.—H A Sims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany; Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reyrolds, Esq Managing Director O. & St. L. R. R. 740t

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale. OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

O'CONNOR & WALLER, Exchange Brokers, Fire, Life and Accidental Insurance, Commission and Collecting Agents.

Office, No. 27, Sussex-street, Ottawa.

R. E. O'CONNOR. 378y W. H. WALLER.

OLIVER & ANNABLE, Wholesale Manufacturers of Bedsteads, Chairs, &c., Chaudiere Island, Ottawa, C. W.

JOHN OLIVER,
506y WILLIAM ANNABLE.

R. H. McGREEVY, Contractor and Builder. Office: North side York Street, second door from Sussex Street. 78y

PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS, &c.,

Prepared for buildings of every description, by

SIDNEY B. FRIPP, Architect,
711tf Wellington-st.

COAL! COAL!

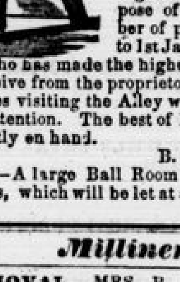
NEWCASTLE GRATE,
(Screened.)
LACKAWANNA,
(Egg and Stove Sizes.)
LEHIGH,
(Lump and Egg Sizes.)
BLACKSMITH'S,
$6 per Chaldron.

For Sale by

D. W. COWARD & CO.,
Commission Merchants,
912-3m Office—17 Sparks-st.

Amusements.

DOMINION BOWLING ALLEY.



The subscriber begs to inform his friends that he opened on MONDAY, the 26th OCTOBER, his

BOWLING ALLEY.

This is one of the best in the Capital, and equal to any in America. It contains four alleys, and with first-class balls. There will be kept a register book for the purpose of marking the number of points made each day to 1st January next, and the party who has made the highest number of points will receive from the proprietor a rich prize.

Parties visiting the Alley will be received with polite attention. The best of liquors will be found constantly on hand.

B. B. LARIVIERE.

N.B.—A large Ball Room is attached to the premises, which will be let at a low figure.

B. B. L.

Millinery.

REMOVAL.—MRS. R. PARSONS has removed her Dressmaking Establishment to the rooms over J. G. WHYTE'S Book Store, Rideau-st.

Entrance from Mosgrove-st.

N.B.—All orders promptly attended to. 939a

NOTICE.

MRS. SMITH having received her new styles of FALL HATS & BONNETS, will be happy to see her old friends and the public generally. Gent's Felt Hats cleaned, dyed and done over in the best style.

N.B.—The most fashionable Mantles and Coats made to order, Corner of Bank and Albert-sts.

October 10. 868tf

Legal Cards.

MACPHERSON, KENNEDY & CHRISTIE, Barristers, &c., Lang's Block, Elgin-st., Ottawa.

J. P. MACPHERSON, G. KENNEDY, A. J. CHRISTIE.

J. W. WARD, of the late firm of Lewis Pinhey & Ward, has removed his Chancery Office to Bell's Law Chambers, opposite Russell House, Elgin-st. dw

NICHOLAS SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

E. A. MARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa. 902y

MOSGROVE & TAILLON, Barristers, Solicitors, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.

WILLIAM MOSGROVE. 366tf GEORGE TAILLON.

N. TETREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post Office. 390tf

LAPIERRE & HAYCOCK, Attornies-at-Law, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers and Notaries Public, Corner of Sussex and York-streets, Ottawa. 368y

D. O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex-street. Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 55y

R. H. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Post Office Building, Elgin-street, Ottawa. 43utf

P. J. BUCKLEY, L.L.B., Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, and Notary Public. Office—over Mr. Luke Cuzner's Boot and Shoe Store, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 334y

LEES & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. Office—In the Court House, Ottawa.

ROBERT LEES. 43utf JOHN J. GEMMILL.

EDWARD T. DARTNELL, Barrister, Solicitor, Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the Court House, L'Orignal. 34-6m

MUSICAL ACADEMY.

Mr. GUSTAVE SMITH, (Organist of the Cathedral) a Graduate of the Imperial Conservatory of Paris. Lessons on Piano and Singing. Rideau-street, corner of King-street

Ottawa, June 23, 1868. 775y

PIANO-FORTE TUITION.

W. C. CLARK, Professor of Music and Teacher of Piano, Voice and Harmony. Also, Mrs. Clark, Teacher of Drawing and Painting. Music Rooms and Residence, O'Connor-street, corner of Slater-street, Centre Town.

Orders may be left at his residence or at Orme & Son's Music Store. 452

TUITION.

MONS. H. BERTHELOT, of the Ottawa Grammar School, is now prepared to give private lessons in the French language. Terms moderate.

N. B.—Will also give lessons in the Latin, Greek or English languages if required.

Orders may be left at Messrs. Durie & Son's bookstore.

Ottawa, October 16, 1868. 873tf

THE SISTERS

OF THE

CONGREGATION DE NOTRE DAME,

FROM MONTREAL,

respectfully inform the public that they will open a branch of their

Educational Establishment in Ottawa.

Their classes will begin on the 15th OCTOBER. For particulars and terms apply to the

LADY SUPERIORESS,
868tf Corner of O'Connor and Maria-sts.

Druggists.

HOLIDAY PRESENTS

AT

THE MEDICAL HALL,

28 Sparks-st., Ottawa.

Toilet Boxes in variety,
Rimmel's New Perfumes,
Cambridge Bouquet,
Oxford Bouquet,
English Lavender Water,
Silver Top Smelling Bottles,
Scotch Plaid Smelling Bottles,
Improved Perfumed Distributors,
&c., &c., &c.

A complete stock just received of Toilet Articles, Patent Medicines,

Genuine Drugs and Chemicals,
Druggists' Sundries of all descriptions.

W. M. MASSEY,
Family and Dispensing Chemist.

Dye Works.

BRANCH OF

ST. LAWRENCE DYE WORKS,

Elgin-st., (*Opposite the Russell House,*) Ottawa, Ont.

MACDONALD & CO.,
SILK AND WOOLLEN DYERS,
Scourers, Hot Pressers, &c.

Gentlemen's Clothes cleaned and dyed. Kid Gloves cleaned. 894-3m

OTTAWA CITY

STEAM DYE WORKS,

Sussex-st.,

SIGN OF THE GOLDEN SHEEP,

Opposite Martineau's Store,

Has not removed to Centre Town, but can be found at the above address.

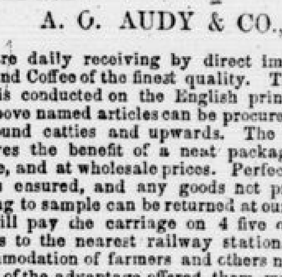
Great reduction in prices for cleaning or dyeing. All kinds of Wool, Cotton, Silk, &c., done at reduced rates.

No use of sending goods to Montreal.

Encourage home manufactures.

LETHAM & BRUNAIS,
876tf Sussex-st.

TO FARMERS & OTHERS.



Farmers and others should buy their TEA and COFFEE from

A. O. AUDY & CO.,

who are daily receiving by direct importations Tea and Coffee of the finest quality. Their business is conducted on the English principle, and the above named articles can be procured in 5 and 10 pound catties and upwards. The purchaser receives the benefit of a neat package, a good article, and at wholesale prices. Perfect satisfaction is ensured, and any goods not proving according to sample can be returned at our expense. We will pay the carriage on 4 five or 2 ten lb catties to the nearest railway station. For the accommodation of farmers and others not having heard of the advantage offered them, we have engaged trustworthy agents who will make occasional trips throughout the surrounding country and solicit their orders. Any favors submitted to them will receive prompt attention. We do not sell less than a cattie, and nothing but Tea and Coffee sold. The following is the list of prices:

BLACK TEA.

Common Congou, Strong Tea	$0 45 @ 50
Fine Flavoured New Season do	0 55 @ 60
Excellent Full Flavoured do	0 75 @ 80
Sound Oolong	0 40 @ 45
Rich Flavoured, do	0 55 @ 60
Very Fine, do do	0 75 @ 80
Japan Good	0 50 @ 60
Very Good	0 65 @ 70
Finest	0 75 @ 80

GREEN TEA.

Twankay, Common	0 35 @ 40
Fine do	0 55 @ 60
Young Hyson	0 50 @ 60
Fine do	0 75 @ 85
Superfine and Very Choice	1 00 @ 00

COFFEE.

Mocha	$0 22, 0 27, 0 29, 0 33
Java	0 20, 0 25, 0 29, 0 32
Ceylon	0 18, 0 22, 0 26, 0 29

Remember the place,

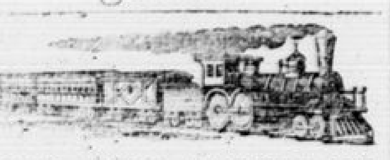
A. O. AUDY & CO.,
Elgin-st., opposite the Russell House.

BOARD.

Five or six gentlemen boarders can get rooms, with or without board, in the vicinity of Sandy Hill, within ten minutes walk of the Parliament Buildings, by applying at the Office of this paper.

Ottawa, October 10, 1868. 868tf

Railroads.



GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY COMPANY OF CANADA.

1868.] WINTER ARRANGEMENTS. [1869.

Trains now leave BONAVENTURE STATION as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburg, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at......... 9:10 a m

Night do do do do 8:30 p m

Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at......... 7:00 a m

Trains for Lachine at ....8:00 a m, 9:30 a m 3:00 p m, 5:00 p m.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations at......... 7:00 a m

Express for Boston at......... 8:40 a m

Express for New York and Boston at......... 3:30 p m via Vermont Central.

Express for New York via Plattsburgh, Lake Champlain, Burlington & Rutland at 3:00 p m

Express for Island Pond, at......... 2:00 p m

Night Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham and Portland, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St. Hilaire, St. Hyacinthe, Acton, Richmond, Sherbrooke, Waterville and Coaticook only, at......... 10:10 p m

Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains. Baggage checked through.

The steamer *Carlotta* leaves Portland every SATURDAY AFTERNOON (after the arrival of train from Montreal on Friday night), for Halifax, N.S., returning on Tuesday.

She has excellent accommodation for passengers and freight.

The International Company's Steamers, running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway, leave Portland every MONDAY, at 5 p m, for St. John, N.B.

Tickets issued through at the Company's principal stations.

For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure Station:

C. J. BRYDGES, Managing Director.

Montreal, Dec. 7, 1868.

CHANGE OF TIME

ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY,

(formerly the Ottawa & Prescott Railway.)

ON and AFTER MONDAY, the 30TH of NOV., 1868, and until further notice, TRAINS will run as follows:

LEAVE OTTAWA.	ARRIVE IN PRESCOTT.
Express, 8 a. m.	10.30 a. m.
Mixed, 1.00 p. m.	4.15 p. m
LEAVE PRESCOTT.	ARRIVE IN OTTAWA.
Mixed, 7. 30 a. m.	11.00 a. m.
Express, 2.10 p. m.	4.45 p. m.

The time of these Trains has been so arranged as to ensure connection with night and day trains on Grand Trunk, east and west.

Baggage to and from Ottawa checked through from and to stations on Grand Trunk Railway

Return tickets to Prescott, Kemptville and Ottawa at reduced rates can be had at the principal stations on the line.

T. S. DETLOR, Superintendent. THOMAS REYNOLDS, Managing Director.

N. B.—The above Trains all run by Montreal Time.

Ottawa, Nov. 27, 1868. 1y

BROCKVILLE & OTTAWA RAILWAY.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT,

Commencing on the 20th April, 1868.

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

7:15 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Brockville daily at 7:15 a.m., and 3:15 p.m., arriving at Sandpoint at 12:40 p. m. and 9 p.m.

LEAVE SANDPOINT.

5:15 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Sandpoint at 5:15 a.m. and 1:30 p.m., arriving at Brockville at 11:30 a.m. and 7:45 p.m.

All trains on main line connect at Smith's Falls with Trains to and from Perth.

The 7:15 a.m. train from Brockville connects with U. F. Coy's Steamers for Ottawa, Portage-du-Fort, Pembroke, &c., &c., and the 1:15 p.m. train from Sandpoint leaves after those steamers are due from east and west.

H ABBOTT,
Managing Director.
Brockville, April 11. 472y

Sewing Machines.

HOLIDAY PRESENTS.

WHEELER & WILSON'S Silent Feed Sewing Machines are perfectly noiseless. The most valuable present to any Lady or Family is a WHEELER & WILSON'S SEWING MACHINE. A liberal reduction for cash on all machines for holiday presents. Twenty-five per cent reduction on Embroidery attachments applicable to the former style of Wheeler & Wilson Sewing Machine. Button Hole Attachments, new style; Tuckers, Trimmers, Corders, &c.

THE HOWE SEWING MACHINES are best for Carriage Trimmers, Shoemakers and Tailors.

Call and see for yourselves; no trouble to show you how they sew.

Remember 37, Sparks-st., Ottawa; and 105 King-st., West Toronto.

G. A. WALTON, *Agent for Ontario,*
R. W. STEPHEN,
930tf *Manager for Ottawa Office.*

ENLARGED PORTRAITURE

OF

EVERY DESCRIPTION

BOTH

COLOURED AND PLAIN,
COLOURED AND PLAIN,
COLOURED AND PLAIN,

AT

W. NOTMAN'S, METCALFE-STREET.

To TOURISTS.—The largest collection in the Dominion of Photographs of Canadian Scenery

Ottawa, Sept. 7, 1868. 582y

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c. &c.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer has now been before the public for a length of time, and whenever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Dealers are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying to the universal satisfaction it gives.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it. Physicians order and use it; and no family will without it after once trying it.

Price twenty-five cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, C. W.,
General Agents for C. W

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W M Massey, H. F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J. Brown, in Ottawa.

GEO. MAYES,

COPPER PLATE PRINTER,

Bank Street, Centre Town,

Between Sparks & Queen Streets.

Bills of Exchange, Bill Heads, Visiting Cards, &c., Printed on the shortest notice.

Agencies.

PROVINCIAL INSURANCE.

MALCOLM CAMERON,

AGENT, ... Desbarat's B.

Office of Queen's Printer.

An entirely Canadian institution—perfect security to insurers, and immediate payment of claims.

Ottawa, Dec. 8, 1868.

UNION MUTUAL

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY

OF MAINE.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, 12th October, 1868.

No. 10½.

The following Insurance Company has received a license to transact the business of Life Insurance in Canada:

No. 33. The UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, of Maine.

Deposit in U. S. 6s of '81—$50,000,

B. R. CORWIN, General Agent, St. John, N.B.

For the Minister of Finance,
JOHN LANGTON,
Auditor.

I have this day, deposited with the Receiver General, Twenty Thousand Dollars in addition to the above Fifty Thousand, making Seventy Thousand Dollars ($70,000) U. S. Gold Bonds.

The Hon. Col. John H. Gray, M.P., has been appointed Counsel to the Company for the Dominion. All legal matters will be referred to him.

B. R. CORWIN,
Manager.

Ottawa, November 7, 1868.

ROYAL CANADIAN BANK.

OTTAWA AGENCY,

OFFICE—DESBARATS' BUILDING

77 Sparks-st.

M.P. HAYES, Agent.

WATCHES.

J. SEWILL, LIVERPOOL,

Manufacturer by special appointment to

HER MAJESTY THE QUEEN, ROYAL FAMILY

AND

COURT OF SPAIN,

THE RIGHT HONORABLE THE LORDS COMMISSIONERS OF THE ADMIRALTY,

AND

HER MAJESTY QUEEN VICTORIA'S ROYAL NAVY:

Prize Medalist of the Great International Exhibition of London, 1862, and of the Universal Exhibition of Paris, 1867.

WE HEREBY APPOINT

MR. JOHN LESLIE,
Sparks-street,

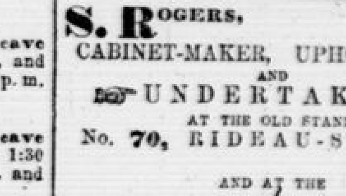
Agent for Ottawa and Vicinity.

For the sale of these *celebrated Timekeepers.*

H. & A. SAUNDERS,
Montreal.

Sole Wholesale Agents in the Dominion for the sale of *J. Sewill's* Watches.

Ottawa May 20.



S. ROGERS,

CABINET-MAKER, UPHOLSTERER,

AND

UNDERTAKER,

AT THE OLD STAND,

No. 70, RIDEAU-STREET

AND AT THE

WEST END WELLINGTON-STREET,

Where the usual assortment of Cabinet and Upholstering Goods can be obtained at moderate prices.

UNDERTAKING.

The Undertaking branch is under S. R.'s immediate superintendence, who attends all Funerals without Extra Charge, and has constantly on hand a large assortment of Ready-made Coffins, of all sizes and qualities:

METALLIC, BLACK CLOTH, COBOURG, &

Parties ordering Mahogany, Walnut, Oak or other Hardwood Coffins, may rely on getting a genuine article, (no stained Butternut sold for Walnut.)

Persons desirous of keeping their deceased relatives for a few days, or even a week, can do so without the least possible inconvenience by applying to S. Rogers, who has had over 20 years experience in the above branches, and feels confident of giving satisfaction.

N.B.—The Undertaking Branch will be found second to none in Ottawa.

Express Waggons always ready for the removal of Furniture.

RESIDENCE—At the West End Establishment, Wellington-st.

Ottawa, September 4, 1868. 83y

Hardware.

HARDWARE!

AT

THOS. ISAAC'S, CENTRE TOWN

PLOUGHS, CULTIVATORS,

IRON, COAL,

SHELF & HEAVY HARDWARE

NAILS, ROPE, CHAINS,

and a general assortment of House-furnishing, Cornices, &c., at the lowest cash prices to be found in the Ottawa market.

ALSO,

STOVES, all patterns and sizes, for coal and wood from the Prescott, Kingston, Toronto, Hamilton and Montreal Foundries, with drums, pipes, furniture, &c., the cheapest to be had in town.

PARODEE'S EPILEPTIC CURE,

For the relief and cure of Epilepsy, St. Vitus Dance, Puerperal Hysteria, &c., &c. This preparation is from the recipe of a celebrated French Physician, and the very great success which has attended its use in every case, and where the highest medical skill was of no avail, has induced the subscriber to give it every possible publicity. The genuine has the subscriber's name and address on each bottle. Price one dollar. Sole Proprietor, J. A. HARTE, Chemist, 396, Notre Dame-street, Montreal.

Harte's Florida Water, equal to anything imported. Price 37½ cents per bottle. 7[illegible]

RANDALL & MONTGOMERY,

PLAIN, ORNAMENTAL AND DECORATIVE

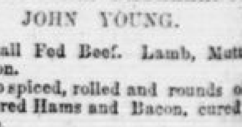
PAINTERS,

AND PAPER HANGERS,

Chaudiere and Hull. (Shop next to R. R. Booth's Store, Chaudiere.) House, Sign, Villa and general painting executed on the most reasonable terms. Ceilings and walls distempered in colors to suit. Fresco work of all kinds to order.

References permitted to the following gentlemen: A. H. Baldwin & Co., J. R. Booth, Esq., R. R. Booth, Esq., Rev. Mr. Johnson, Hull; Rev Mr. Pickel, Ottawa; Mr. Haycock, Architect.

August 26. 829-6m



SATCHELL BROS.,

By appointment

BUTCHERS TO HIS EXCELLENCY SIR JOHN YOUNG.

Superior Stall Fed Beef. Lamb, Mutton and Veal in season.

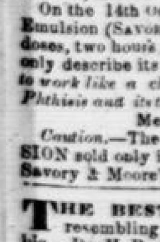
N.B.—Also spiced, rolled and rounds of Beef, and sugar-cured Hams and Bacon, cured in the English style.

930-3m, No. 7, Lower Town Market, Ottawa.

NOTICE.

Application will be made at the next Session of the Legislature of Ontario for an act to incorporate the CALEDONIA PEAT MANUFACTURING & SMELTING COMPANY, with powers to construct a Canal or Railway from some point in the Township of Caledonia to the navigable waters of the Ottawa or South Nation Rivers, and to authorize the Municipality of Caledonia to grant to the said Company so much of the road allowances between the first and fifth concessions as may be required for the manufacture of Peat fuel. 88[illegible]

THE TIMES is printed and published by THE OTTAWA TIMES PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY, at the Office, 38, Sparks-st., Centre Town, Ottawa. JAMES COTTON Managing Director ALEX. ROBERTSON Editor.



The Times

VOL. IV.—NO. 946. OTTAWA, TUESDAY, JANUARY 12, 1869. PRICE—3 CENTS.

Agencies.

PROVINCIAL INSURANCE.

MALCOLM CAMERON,

...... Desbarat's Block,

Office of Queen's Printer,

entirely Canadian institution—perfect security to insurers, and immediate payment of claims.

Ottawa, Dec. 8, 1868.

UNION MUTUAL

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY OF MAINE.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, Ottawa, 12th October, 1868.

The following Insurance Company has received license to transact the business of Life Insurance in Canada:

No. 33. THE UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, of Maine. Deposit is U. S. 6s of '81—$50,000. E. R. CORWIN, General Agent, St. John, N.B. For the Minister of Finance, JOHN LANGTON, Auditor.

have this day deposited with the Receiver General, Twenty Thousand Dollars in addition to the above Fifty Thousand, making Seventy Thousand Dollars ($70,000) U. S. Gold Bonds, 6s of '81. The Hon. Col. John H. Gray, M.P., has been appointed Counsel to the Company for the Dominion. All legal matters will be referred to him.

E. R. CORWIN, Manager.

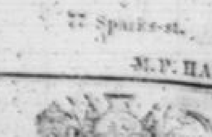
Ottawa, November 7, 1868.

ROYAL CANADIAN BANK.

OTTAWA AGENCY,

OFFICE—DESBARATS' BUILDING, 77 Sparks-st.

M. P. HAYES, Agent.



WATCHES.

SEWILL, LIVERPOOL,

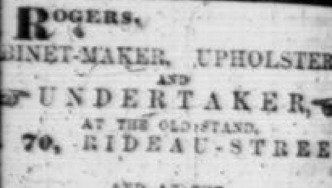
Manufacturer by special appointment to HER MAJESTY THE QUEEN, ROYAL FAMILY, AND COURT OF SPAIN, THE RIGHT HONORABLE THE LORDS COMMISSIONERS OF THE ADMIRALTY, AND HER MAJESTY QUEEN VICTORIA'S ROYAL NAVY:

Medalist of the Great International Exhibition of London, 1862, and of the Universal Exhibition of Paris, 1867.

HEREBY APPOINT MR. JOHN LESLIE, Sparks-street, Agent for Ottawa and Vicinity, for the sale of these celebrated Timekeepers.

H. & A. SAUNDERS, Montreal, Wholesale Agents in the Dominion for J. Sewill's Watches.

Ottawa, May 20.



ROGERS,

CABINET-MAKER, UPHOLSTERER, & UNDERTAKER, AT THE OLD STAND, 70, RIDEAU-STREET AND AT THE WEST END WELLINGTON-STREET,

the usual assortment of Cabinet and Upholstery goods can be obtained at moderate prices.

UNDERTAKING.

...undertaking branch is under S. R.'s immediate superintendence, who attends all Funerals without Extra Charge, and has constantly on hand an assortment of Ready-made Coffins, of all qualities: METALLIC, BLACK CLOTH, COBOURG, &c. ... ordering Mahogany, Walnut, Oak, or hardwood Coffins, may rely on getting a genuine article, no stained Butternut sold for Walnut.

...means of keeping their deceased relatives for a few days, or even a week, can do so with the least possible inconvenience by applying to Rogers, who has had over 20 years' experience in the above branches, and feels confident of giving satisfaction.

—The Undertaking Branch will be found second to none in Ottawa.

...Waggons always ready for the removal of furniture.

RESIDENCE—At the West End Establishment, ...

Ottawa, September 4, 1868. 838y

Hardware.

HARDWARE:

AT ISAAC'S, CENTRE TOWN,

PLOUGHS, CULTIVATORS,

IRON, COAL,

SHELF & HEAVY HARDWARE,

NAILS, ROPE, CHAINS,

...general assortment of House-furnishings, &c., at the lowest cash prices to be found in the Ottawa market.

ALSO, all patterns and sizes, for coal and wood, ... Prescott, Kingston, Toronto, Hamilton ... Foundries, with drums, pipes, ... the cheapest to be had in town.

...DEE'S EPILEPTIC CURE,

...relief and cure of Epilepsy, St. Vitus' ... Puerperal Hysteria, &c., &c. This preparation from the recipe of a celebrated French ... and the very great success which has attended its use in every case, and where the highest medical skill was of no avail, has induced the ... to give it every possible publicity. The ... the subscriber's name and address on ... Price one dollar. Sole Proprietor, ...TE, Chemist, 346, Notre Dame-street ...

...Florida Water, equal to anything in ... Price 37½ cents per bottle. 7449

...ALL & MONTGOMERY,

ORNAMENTAL AND DECORATIVE PAINTERS, AND PAPER HANGERS,

...and Hull. (Shop next to R. R. Booth's ...store.) House, Sign, Villa and general ... executed on the most reasonable terms. ... walls distempered in colors to suit. ...of all kinds to order. ...permitted to the following gentlemen: ...in & Co., J. R. Booth, Esq., R. R. Booth, ...Mr. Johnson, Hull; Rev. Mr. Picket, ... Haycock, Architect. 829-6m

...LA. BROS.,

By appointment TO HIS EXCELLENCY SIR JOHN YOUNG,

...l Fed Beef, Lamb, Mutton and ... spiced, rolled and rounds of Beef, ... Hams and Bacon, cured in the ... No. 7, Lower Town Market, Ottawa.

...tion will be made at the next Session ... of Ontario for an act to incorporate ... CALEDONIA PEAT MANUFACTURING COMPANY, with powers to ... canal or Railway from some point in ... of Caledonia to the navigable waters ... South Nation Rivers, and to authorize ... municipality of Caledonia to grant to ... so much of the road allowances ... and fifth concessions as may be ... manufacture of Peat fuel. 883tf

...is printed and published by ... THE TIMES PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY, at the Office, 38, Sparks-st ... Town, Ottawa: JAMES COTTON ... Director—ALEX. ROBERTSON

Medical.

PAIN KILLER:

A PURELY VEGETABLE MEDICINE

TAKEN INTERNALLY, CURES

Sudden Colds, Catarrh, Coughs, Bronchitis, Asthma, Fever and Ague, Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, Acid Stomach, Headache, Heartburn, Indigestion, Canker in the Mouth, Throat or Stomach, Sick Headache, Sea Sickness, Piles, Kidney Complaints, Canker, Rash, Cramp and Pain in the Stomach, Painter's Colic, Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Summer Complaint, Cholera Morbus, Cholera Infantum and Cholera.

APPLIED EXTERNALLY, CURES

Scalds, Burns, Freckles, Chillblains, Erysipelas, Ringworms, Whitlows, Boils, Old Sores, Sprains, Bruises, Toothache, Headache, Neuralgia in the Face or Head, Pains in the Side, Pains in the Back and Loins, Rheumatism, Rheumatic Gout, Neuralgic or Rheumatic Pains in the Joints and Limbs, Stings of Insects, Scorpions, Centipedes, and the Bites of Poisonous Insects and Venomous Reptiles.

At this season, when coughs and colds are so prevalent, an effectual remedy, and one easily obtained, is Perry Davis' Vegetable Pain Killer. It is no new nostrum, vended by unknown agents, but has stood the test of over 20 years; and those who use the article, internally or externally, will connect with it grateful recollections of its worthy inventor.—*Hastings' Chronicle, C. W.*

PAIN KILLER.—The testimonials borne to the efficacy of this valuable medicine are sufficient to warrant its introduction into every house. Our own opinion is that no family should be without a bottle of it for a single hour. In flesh wounds, aches, pains, sores, &c., it is the most effectual remedy we know of. A bottle will last for a very long time, and its low price places it within the reach of all. Our readers will remember that the Messrs. Perry Davis & Son have opened out a house in Montreal, whence Canadian orders are supplied.—*News, St. Johns, C. E.*

We are glad to learn that the "Pain Killer" is having so large a sale in our city. We have every reason to believe it to be an almost never failing cure for pain, and is a medicine that no family should be without.—*Montreal Pilot.*

In an attack of Diarrhœa, Dysentery or Cramp Colic, don't delay the use of the Pain Killer.

Rev. H. L. Van Meter, Burmah, writes, "The Pain Killer has become an almost indispensable article in my family."

Hundreds of missionaries give similar testimony of its virtues.

Rev. J. G. Stearns writes, "I consider it the best remedy for Dyspepsia I ever knew."

Rev. Jabez S. Swan says, "I have used it for years in my family, and consider it an invaluable remedy."

We cheerfully add our testimony in favor of this medicine.—*Roman Citizen.*

We have tasted this medicine and assure our readers that it not only possesses all the virtues claimed for it, but in many instances surpasses any other remedy which we have ever known.—*Herald of Gospel Liberty.*

It is really a valuable medicine. It is used by many physicians.—*Boston Traveller.*

I have used Davis' Pain Killer, and consider it an indispensable article in the medicine box. It has effected cures in Diarrhœa, and for cuts and bruises it is invaluable.—*New York Examiner.*

Spoken of in terms of high commendation by both druggist and physician.—*Philadelphia Eagle.*

The Pain Killer is sold at wholesale by druggists and medicine dealers, and commission merchants, in the principal cities, and retailed by Apothecaries, Grocers and at Variety Shops generally, throughout the world. Price, 15 cents, 25 cents and 50 cents per bottle.

PERRY DAVIS & SON, Manufacturers and Proprietors, 380 St. Paul-st., Montreal, P. of Q. 78 High-st., Providence, R. I.; 71 Southampton Row, Holborn, London, England.

DAVIDSON & DANIEL, GENERAL AGENTS

MORTIMER'S

INFALLIBLE REMEDY

FOR

CHOLERA,

DIARRHŒA, and

BOWEL COMPLAINTS.

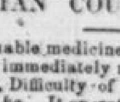
The following extract, which Mr. Mortimer is kindly permitted to publish, is from the letter of a relative of Dr. Wolfe, of this city, now residing in the United States:

"Find out if the Express charges are too high, and if not, arrange with Mortimer to let you have a box of the bottles of CHOLERA MIXTURE. I could make a good little fortune with them. The bottle I brought with me here brought two ladies round from decided cholera: one on board the boat, and the other in Berlin, United States. Both commenced with diarrhœa, then with dysentery, and then vomiting. The one at Berlin was very bad. I gave her three doses of the Cholera Mixture, the third of which stopped the vomiting. The next day she was all right, or nearly so. She was very grateful. I have now only a little left."

This excellent mixture, which should be in every family, is only

TWENTY-FIVE CENTS A BOTTLE.

NONE OTHER GENUINE.

TRADE MARK  REGISTERED

CANADIAN COUGH EMULSION.

This valuable medicine has the extraordinary property of immediately relieving Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Difficulty of Breathing, Tightness in Chest, &c., &c. It operates by dissolving the congealed phlegm, causing free expectoration, and an agreeable moistness to the skin.

Sold in Bottles at 1s. 3d. and 2s. 6d. Each.

MORTIMER'S COMPOUND ANTIBILIOUS AND FAMILY APERIENT PILLS,

A grand specific for derangement of the Digestive Organs, and for obstructions and torpid action of the Liver and Bowels.

Mortimer's Vegetable Worm Destroyer, The only sure remedy that exists, combining delicious taste and amazing power.

MORTIMER'S

Colonges, Pomades, Toilet Vinegar, Rose Dentifrice, for the Teeth and Gums. Also constantly on hand Perfumes of all kinds, and Toilet Requisites usually kept in a first-class establishment.

No. 41 Sussex-st., Ottawa City.

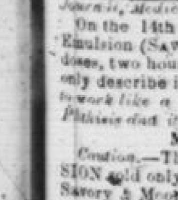
DARLEY'S ARABIAN HEAVE REMEDY and CONDITION MEDICINE is positively superior to any, or all other preparations for the cure of Heaves, Coughs, Thick and Broken Wind, and all diseases which affect the wind of horses; also, as a Condition Medicine, surpassing everything of the kind, is easy to give, sure to cure and safe in all cases and at all times, and does not prevent the horse from being worked while using it.

It cleanses the breathing apparatus, by removing from the air-cells the coagulable lymph, or that secretion which in heaves clogs them, causing a difficulty in breathing, and by its action on the diseased part, causing the mucous membrane to resume its natural dimensions, thus equalizing the circulation of the blood, and restoring the distended vessels to their natural size; by its use the horse's appetite is improved, all derangements of the digestive organs corrected, softening the skin, and giving to the coat a sleek and shining appearance.

D. W. HURD, successor to Hurd & Co., Maiden Lane, New York, Sole Proprietor for the United States.

NORTHROP & LYMAN, Newcastle, Ont., Proprietors for Canada.

Price 25 cents. Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, Henry F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J. Brown, in Ottawa. 889-45-6m



FOR CASES of CONSUMPTION treated with SAVORY & MOORE'S PANCREATIC EMULSION.

See *The Lancet, British Medical Journal, Medical Press, &c.*

On the 14th Oct. I commenced the Pancreatic Emulsion (SAVORY & MOORE'S) in two tea-spoonful doses, two hours after dinner and supper. I can only describe its effects by saying that it seemed to work like a charm."—Dr. Kinkead's *Paper on Phthisis and its treatment.*

Medical Press, &c., Feb. 26, 1868.

Caution.—The genuine PANCREATIC EMULSION sold only in bottles, 2s 6d, 4s 6d and 8s, with Savory & Moore's labels and trade mark.

THE BEST FOOD FOR INFANTS, resembling Mother's Milk as closely as possible.—Dr. H. Barker *on right foods for children.*

"THE INFANT PRINCE thrives upon it as a Prince should."—*Social Science Review.*

"A REAL IMPROVEMENT (*Lancet*) on the ordinary kinds of LIEBIG'S FOOD," and the only one that keeps good in all climates.

No boiling or straining. Tins, 1s, 2s, 5s and 10s.

SAVORY & MOORE, 143, New Bond-st., London.

Stoves & Hardware.

BLYTH & KERR,

No. 25 RIDEAU-ST.,

Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters, Tin and Copper Smiths, Bell Hangers, &c., &c.

A large stock of materials for the above branches of business constantly on hand.

Importers of HOUSE FURNISHING HARDWARE.

STOVES! STOVES!

STOVES!

Hall, Fancy, Parlour and Cook Stoves, in great variety.

Agents for Eaton's Patent Automatic, Self-Ventilating, Wood and Coal Stoves. Also Beecher & Co.'s celebrated

HOT AIR FURNACES.

Public and Private Buildings, Conservatories, Vineries, Manufactories, &c., warmed by Steam, Hot Water, or Warm Air, on the latest and most approved principles.

SKATES, SKATES, SKATES,

AT THE

SIGN OF THE ANVIL, No. 24, RIDEAU-ST., where you can get a complete assortment of SKATES of all sizes, and at any price to suit purchasers, from 25 cents to $5.50 per pair. In the assortment will be found

The celebrated Sheffield Club,
" " Canadian Favorite,
" " Central Park do
and all other English and German Patterns.

Skate Straps, all patterns, &c., &c.

Also, a general assortment of

SHELF & HEAVY HARDWARE,

consisting in part of GENERAL HOUSE FURNISHING,

Butcher Knives, Knives and Forks, Pocket Knives, Table Spoons, Tea Spoons, Tea Trays, Table Mats, Butts, Screws, Locks, Bolts, Catches, Latches, Axes, Saws, Planes, Squares, Hammers, Spokeshaves, Gouges, Chisels, Augers, Auger Bits, Steel Bits, Bevels, Levels, Boring Machines, Draw Knives, &c., &c., &c.

Together with PAINTS OF ALL COLORS,

Rose Pink, Burnt Umber, Terra de Seinna, Chrome Yellow, Yellow Ochre, Celestial Blue, Paris Green, Brunswick Green, Magnesia Green, Venetian Red, Red Lead, White Lead, in oil or dry, Drop Black, Ivory Black, Lamp Black, Boiled Oil, Raw Oil, Turpentine, Benzole, Coal Oil, Paint Brushes, Varnishes, &c.

THOS. BIRKETT, *Sign of the Anvil,* No. 24, Rideau-st.

P. S.—All goods delivered free to any part of the city. 408y

WARDELL'S PATENT STOVE-PIPE.

No more difficulty in putting stovepipes together. They will fit like a glove, and can't fall apart. By this new invention STOVEPIPES may be fitted into each other with the greatest ease, and here will be

NO NEED OF WIRING UP,

as they cannot fall apart of their own accord. The invention (patented) is simple and effective, a short opening at the joint at each end of the pipe enables two of them to be locked together, and the "bead" effectually prevents their separation.

Any person can put them together with the expedition of a practised tinsmith.

They will be sold at the low price of FIFTEEN CENTS PER LENGTH.

The undersigned having bought the exclusive right for the City of Ottawa and County of Carleton, from Mr. Y. K. REID, respectfully invites the public to call and examine them, being fully persuaded that all who see them will refuse to buy any other kind.

C. P. DORION, 58 Sparks-st., Opposite British Lion Hotel.

Ottawa, October 14. 871.3m

S. SAFE; S. SURE; S. SUCCESSFUL.

Such is the character given of every stove sold during the past year at the "CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT, 35 Sussex-street, Ottawa. H. MEADOWS & CO.

We beg to notify the public that our stock for the season is now complete; our

STOVES

are of the latest and most improved patterns, and the most extensive assortment shown in Ottawa.

COOKING STOVES, of the good old-fashioned kind,
COOKING STOVES, of the latest and most modern designs,
PARLOR STOVES, for elegance of design cannot be surpassed.
BOX & HALL STOVES, that are unrivalled for heating purposes,
DOUBLE STOVES, the best in use,
HOTEL STOVES, large and extra strong made, expressly for Hotel and Boarding Houses, complete with large Copper Water Reservoirs and Plate Warmers. We call special attention of Hotel Keepers to these stoves, they will last as long as any six ordinary stoves. See them and judge for yourselves. Price lists sent free on application.

COOKING STOVES, DOUBLE STOVES,
BOX STOVES, HOTEL STOVES,
PARLOR STOVES, COAL STOVES,
BEDROOM STOVES, DUMB STOVES,
STOVEPIPES! ELBOWS! STOVEPIPES

Common, Bright and Russia Iron,

and everything in the Tin, Sheet Iron and Copperware Line, on hand or made to order.

Hot Air Furnaces, Eave Troughs, Building Job Work and Repairs attended to punctually. We keep none but the best and most experienced mechanics.

HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS, of every description in stock, suitable for the smallest family, or the largest hotel.

ARE YOU GOING TO BE MARRIED? If so, call and see our large assortment of necessary House-keeping Goods, suitable for Kitchen, Dining Room, or any room in your house.

YOUNG MAN, see that your house is well furnished with useful articles before you spend your money in mere showy ornamental things.

IRON BEDSTEADS, LAMPS,

COAL OIL, SAUCEPANS,

Brass and Enamelled Kettles, Tinware, Toilet Setts, Baths, Flour Sieves, Brushes, Dish Covers, Table Mats, Sad Irons, Table Cutlery, Tea and Table Spoons, Preserve Jars, Mincing Knives, Wash Tubs and Boards, Refrigerators, Egg Beaters, Cruet Stands, Ash Pails, Table Bells, Tea Trays, Tea and Coffee Pots, Soup Tureens, Jelly and Pudding Moulds, &c., &c., &c., &c.

COUNTRY MERCHANTS

Supplied with STOVEPIPES AND TINWARE,

At reduced figures,

CAMP KETTLES, SHANTY PLATES, AND BASINS,

BIRD CAGES! BIRD CAGES! BIRD CAGES

All of the above at the

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT, street, Ottawa.

82y H. MEADOWS & CO.

RAILWAY PRACTICE OFFICE.

Now ready, the Cubic Contents of the Earthwork of those sections of the Intercolonial Railway, to be first placed under contract, giving in detail the quantities in each excavation and embankment.

RATES—1 mile per cubic yard of cutting and filling, or 1,000 cubic yards for a dollar, up to 100,000 yards, and for every additional 10,000 yards one dollar.

J. O'HANLY, Civil Engineer.

Ottawa, Dec. 30, 1868. 936b

Boots & Shoes.

ANNOUNCEMENT!

W. A. LAMB,

KEEPER OF THE RED BOOT, &c., &c.

To all the loyal inhabitants of the Metropolitan and surrounding Counties, sends greeting;

And while thus publicly wishing to all

"A Merry Christmas and Happy New Year,"

takes pleasure also in announcing that he will hold

PUBLIC RECEPTIONS DAILY,

at from 7:30 a.m., until 7 p.m., when he will be pleased to meet with those who desire to call upon him.

N. B.—As all will probably wish to retain a *Souvenir* of their visit, it will be satisfactory to know that there is a magnificent assortment of Boots and Shoes on hand to choose from, and any of which will be GIVEN AWAY for a small consideration.

Don't forget the place, No. 28, Sussex-st., opposite the Barracks.

W. ANGUS & CO

BOOTS,

SHOES,

TOBOGGANS, MOCCASINS,

SNOW-SHOES,

&c., &c., &c.

Since the great clearing Sale

W. ANGUS & CO.

have received a

VERY LARGE AND WELL SELECTED STOCK OF BOOTS AND SHOES AND OTHER FEET-WARE,

suitable to the Winter season.

JUST RECEIVED.

A FRESH LOT OF LADIES' & GENTS' FELT EMBROIDERED CONGRESS

Of the Latest Style. Also, a New Supply

TOBOGGANS,

SNOW-SHOES,

MOCCASINS,

OVER-SHOES,

&c., &c., &c.

Very appropriate

XMAS AND NEW YEAR'S PRESENTS.

INSPECTION INVITED.

PRICES LOW.

W. ANGUS & CO., Golden Boot, 228 Wellington-st.

GENUINE CLEARING SALE OF BOOTS AND SHOES,

AT THE OLD CROSBY STAND, NO. 51, SPARKS-ST.

The whole of THE BANKRUPT STOCK,

comprising the latest styles and best qualities of

LADIES', GENTS', MISSES' & CHILDREN'S

DRESS & WALKING BOOTS,

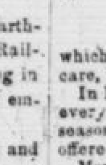
suitable for FALL & WINTER WEAR. Also, a large stock of Men's and Women's Coarse Boots, Moose Moccasins, Buck Moose and Sheep Mitts, Beef Moccassins, Felt Over-shoes, Rubbers, &c., all of which will be sold at great reductions from former prices. Lumber and country merchants are requested to bear in mind that there is a large stock of handmade boots to be disposed of at the aforesaid reduction in prices.

The public generally are invited to call and examine the stock and prices, which we know cannot fail to give satisfaction to all.

Remember the place, the old Crosby Stand, opposite O'Meara's, No. 51, Sparks-st.

A. J. STEPHENS & CO.

Ottawa, Oct. 20, 1868. 876y



CHEAP BOOTS & SHOES AT THE CAPITAL BOOT & SHOE STORE, YORK-ST.

I have now received my fall and winter stock of *BOOTS AND SHOES,*

which will be found complete; being selected with care, it will not fail to give general satisfaction.

In Ladies', Misses' and Children's ware I have everything that can possibly be required for the season, and at much lower figures than ever before offered.

Men's ware in Calf, Kipp, Cowhide Boots; Men's Strong Working Boots as low as $2 per pair. Boy's and Youth's equally low.

A large supply of New English Kipp Boots, hand made, the most suitable ware for Lumbermen, constantly on hand and made by the very best workmen. Orders taken for all kinds of work.

429y GEORGE MURPHY

Groceries.

THE undersigned takes this opportunity to thank her friends and the public in general for their liberal patronage, and solicits a call to examine her fine stock of GROCERIES, POULTRY, FISH, salt and fresh, VEGETABLES, FRUITS, PORK, &c., all to be disposed of cheap. Also, a very fine lot of PARTRIDGES.

MRS. L. E. GOULIN, Wellington-st., opposite Hall's Confectionery

GARDENER'S BAKING POWDER.

In 1 lb. Packets for 25 cents. | And 6 Packets for $1.25.

TEN REASONS

Why it Should be Used in Preference to all Others!

1st. Bread or Cakes made with it are more wholesome than if made with Yeast or any other process.

2nd. Its purity is such that it will stand the test of the most perfect analysis.

3rd. After having been extensively used for the last 14 years in not one instance has it failed to give entire satisfaction.

4th. Families that have used it pronounce it the best, and will use no other.

5th. It contains no Saleratus, nor does it impair the digestive organs like those powders where Soda or an excess of Alkali predominates.

6th. It never gives to Bread or Cakes an unpleasant Alkaline or mawkish taste.

7th. The ingredients that form its composition are more beneficial than otherwise.

8th. Dyspeptic subjects can eat hot Bread or Rolls made with it and derive benefit by its use.

9th. Every Packet contains its full weight; one pound packets weigh 16 ounces.

10. It is all that it is represented to be, namely:

Unrivalled for Purity and Cheapness.

Sole Agents for Ottawa,

J. G. ROBINSON & Co., The Tea Pot.

The Trade supplied at the Manufacturer's prices.

Ottawa, December 10, 1868. 886-6m

MONTREAL WAREHOUSE,

SUSSEX-STREET

The undersigned have now COMPLETED their FALL IMPORTATIONS,

COMPRISING A *GENERAL AND SELECT STOCK* OF

FAMILY GROCERIES,

WINES, LIQUORS,

AND PROVISIONS, &c., &c.

JAS. MARTIN & CO.

Ottawa, November 27, 1868. 657y

FLOWER BULBS.

Shipped per *Hibernian*, and to arrive in a few days, a very superior assortment of

HYACINTH, TULIP AND OTHER FALL BULBS.

These Bulbs will be found superior to anything yet imported.

WILLIAM HEARN, Market Drug Store, York-st.

Ottawa, October 17, 1868. 874tf.

GENERAL NOTICE!

TO FARMERS & OTHERS INTERESTED.

We beg to announce that our large sale of

BANKRUPT GOODS

will close in 20 days, having nearly cleared out our stock, and we take this opportunity of thanking our patrons.

Our stock consists of

Stoves of every Size, Pattern or Style,

and we guarantee to suit in price; also,

Tinware, Lamps, Oils, Lamp Trimmings, Brushes, Wire Goods, Japanned Ware, and General House Furnishings.

Farmers, we have *the* Stoves for you at astounding prices.

ESMONDE BROS., Centre Town, opp. Ontario Bank.

FURNITURE, FURNITURE, FURNITURE.

The best stock in the city is AT THE VARIETY HALL.

HAIR SEATED, CANE SEATED & WOOD SEATED CHAIRS, AT THE VARIETY HALL.

Dry Goods.

HICK & CO.,

Have removed to their NEW STORE, in Stewart's Block, Corner of Rideau and Sussex-sts., where they will offer, in connection with their goods,

$30,000 WORTH OF DRY GOODS

Purchased at Public Auction lately, from the immense Bankrupt Stock of the late firm of DESMARTERY, JORDAINE & CO., of Montreal, and sold on account of T. JAMES CLAXTON. The goods are all new and of very superior quality, being imported expressly for a fashionable Montreal trade; and, as they have succeeded in purchasing the goods far below the sterling cost, they are prepared to offer bargains never before offered in this city. The following are some of the lines of goods offered, viz.:

		s. d.		s. d.
100 pieces	different qualities Black Silks			
80 do	Single width plain Wincey	5	worth	0 8
100 do	Fancy, single width Wincey	7½	"	1 0
63 do	Double width plain Wincey	7½	"	1 0
80 do	Double Delaines	7½	"	1 3
70 do	do Poplin	7½	"	1 0
150 do	do Cobourg	7½	"	1 3
150 do	Assort'd Dress Goods	9	"	1 6
33 do	Empress Reps	1 6	"	3 0
60 do	Bl'k French Merino	1 6	"	3 0
75 do	Fancy Colors—your choice for	2		
200 do	Black Empress Rep only	10	"	2 0

Also, a splendid assortment of

Hannibal Cloths — Oriental Lustres
Livini Poplins — Alberteena Cloths
Princess Alexandra Embossed Poplins
Mandarin Lustres — Eugenia Reps, &c.

1,000 doz. FRINGED TOWELS, all Linen ... 6d each.

SHAWLS.

35 Filled Shawls.
83 Shepherd Long Shawls
101 Fancy, all wool Longs
167 Assorted Square Shawls.

COTTONS.

120 pieces Grey Cotton, 1¼ yards wide, for ... 6 d
160 do Bleached Horrocks and Millars ... 6½d
165 do Good Prints ... 4 d
303 do Best English Prints, Hoyle's and Ashton's ... 6½d
159 do French Calicos, in choice patterns ... 8 d

CLOTHS.

		s. d.		s. d.
20 pieces	Waterproof	3 9		
80 do	Double Width Overcoating	2 9	worth	7 6
35 do	Scotch Tweed	2 6	do	5 0
100 do	Canadian Tweed	1 3	do	2 6
100 do	Full Cloth, very heavy	2 9	do	3 6

Also, a splendid lot of

BROAD CLOTHS, BEAVERS,

Witneys, Mantle Cloths,

BLACK DOES, &c., &c., &c.,

at correspondingly low prices.

85 PIECES DOMINION TWEED.

Something New—one of the heaviest cloths made—*at a great sacrifice.*

1,000 doz. TABLE NAPKINS, all Linen, only 6s 3d per dozen.

SHIRTS! SHIRTS! SHIRTS!

1,000 Flannel Shirts, only ... 2 6
200 White Cotton Shirts, only ... 3 9
500 Under Shirts, only ... 3 3
300 Hespler's heaviest make, Ribbed ... 5 0 worth 3 9

Paper Collars—100 collars for 3s 9d.

500 pieces 2¼-yards wide Linen Sheeting ... 3 3 worth 5
5 do 2-yards wide, Union Sheeting ... 1 7 do 3
81 do Table Damask and 300 Damask Table Cloths, at a frightful sacrifice.

Also, Red and White Flannels, Canadian Shirting Flannels, Hoop Skirts, Crash Towellings, Irish Linen, Clouds, Breakfast Shawls, Hemp Carpets, &c., &c.

CORSETS, 2s 6d.

Blankets—A large lot of slightly damaged Blankets for about half price.

1,000 Linen Bags, 1s, worth 1s 6d; 40 cases Men's Heavy Boots, very low; 3 cases Men's Heavy French Calf, 12s 6d. Also, a heavy stock of Gentlemen's Clothing.

$3.50 ... OVERCOATS.
4.00 ... heavy OVERCOATS.
90 cts. up ... PANTS.
50 cts. to $1.25 ... VESTS.
$8.00 ... Black Broadcloth ... FALL SUITS.

A large staff of polite and attentive salesmen will be in readiness to wait on customers.

H. HICK & CO.

Customers will please report any inattention on the part of salesmen.

AT CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S

The greatest novelty of the season is the

BOULEVARD FELT UNDERSKIRT,

Unsurpassed for

BEAUTY, ECONOMY & DURABILITY

AT

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S

No. 14, RIDEAU-ST.

REMOVAL

TO

NO. 34, SPARKS-ST.

T. RAJOTTE

having removed to more commodious premises, takes pleasure in announcing to his numerous customers and the public generally that he has now a large and well selected stock of

STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS,

consisting of

Flannels — Black Cloths
Winceys — Beaver Cloths
Cottons — Meltons
Prints — Tweeds
&c., — &c.

We have also on hand a large assortment of READY-MADE CLOTHING, which, being manufactured on the premises, we can recommend, and sell cheaper than any shop in this city.

THE TAILORING DEPARTMENT.

This department is under the superintendence of a well-known first-class cutter and workman. All orders punctually attended to.

Don't forget the place, No. 34, Sparks-st. Store lately occupied by G. Fetherston & Co., next door to Magee & Russell's old store.

88y T. RAJOTTE.

CHIFFONNIERS AND SIDEBOARDS, from $5 upwards, AT THE VARIETY HALL.

BOOK CASES of GREY & BLACK WALNUT AT THE VARIETY HALL.

ROCKING AND EASY CHAIRS, of every description, AT THE VARIETY HALL.

Groceries.

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS

—FROM—

OPORTO, SPAIN, COGNAC AND LONDON,

Consisting of

PORT, SHERRY, BRANDY, GIN AND SCOTCH WHISKEY, &c.

PICKLES, SAUCES, JAMS & JELLIES &c., &c., &c.,

FROM CROSSE & BLACKWELL.

—LIKEWISE.—

A FULL assortment of FRESH FRUIT, the BEST in market.

TABLE and Cooking RAISINS, CURRANTS, &c.

FLAVOURING EXTRACTS and SPICES—Genuine.

PRESERVED and CAN FRUITS, assorted to suit the holiday season.

ALMERIA GRAPES, FRESH FIGS and PORTUGUESE ONIONS.

50 TINS NEW HONEY, in 5 lb. and 8 lb. tins.

200 STILTON CHEESE, 6 lbs. to 8 lbs. size; from Reesor Brothers' celebrated factory.

SHERRY WINE—Good Table Wine—$1.25 to $3.00.

PORT WINE—Good Table Wine $1.50 to $4.50.

ALL KINDS of GENUINE LIQUORS. Price according to age and quality.

100 BOXES DIGBY HERRINGS—large boxes at 75 cts. each.

LABRADOR HERRINGS, the very best, in barrels and half barrels.

10 CASES SCOTCH LING—Good.

TEAS—Black, Green and Japans—Warranted Good, and selected for family use.

SUGARS and SYRUPS of all grades.

COFFEES—Always Fresh—Best Brands—Try them.

TOBACCOS—The Finest Qualities—Virginia make in cut, tin foil and plug.

A GENERAL assortment of the different kinds of *GROCERIES AND LIQUORS* on hand, Wholesale and Retail, at the *LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICES* for Warranted Goods. A trial of the articles will recommend them.

For sale at THOS. PATTERSON'S, No. 26, Rideau-street.

Ottawa, November 27, 1868. 878

JUST RECEIVED,

AT THE

INDIA WAREHOUSE,

No. 16, RIDEAU-ST.,

And for sale cheap, by

D. T. BROWNE & CO.,

Wholesale and Retail

Grocers, Wine and Spirit Merchants,

FRESH OYSTERS, in Tins,
PRESERVED OYSTERS do
FRESH HALIBUT do
FRESH SALMON do
FRESH MACKEREL do
FRESH LOBSTERS do
GREEN PEAS do
LEMON, GINGER, ORANGE, Banana, Peach, Blackberry, Raspberry and Strawberry Syrups.
RASPBERRY VINEGAR,
FRY'S Chocolate and Cocoa,
MOTT'S Cocoa Paste,
MORTON'S Bloater Paste,
TOMATO and other Catsups
ANCHOVY Paste,
STRASBURGH Meats,
POTTED Beef and Tongues
PRESERVES and Jellies in great variety,
ORANGE Marmalade,
MORRISON, TAYLOR & Co.'s Celebrated Sugar Cured Hams and Breakfast Roll Bacon.
PICKLED Salmon,
PICKLED Mackerel,
PICKLED HERRINGS,
In Half Barrels, Barrels and Tierces,
DRY Codfish,
DRY Haddock,
FINNAN Haddies, &c., &c.,

And a full stock of Choice Family Groceries.

Ottawa, Nov. 3, 1868.

BOTTLED ALE,

BOTTLED ALE,

BOTTLED ALE.

The subscriber would called the attention of Families and others to his

FINE BOTTLED ALE

Which is in splendid condition. Also,

SCOTCH, IRISH, OLD RYE,

And other Malt Whiskies,

PORTS, SHERRIES, BRANDIES, GIN, &c.,

Together with a General Assortment of FIRST-CLASS GROCERIES.

A call ...dly solicited.

D. WHELAN, 44, Rideau-street, Opposite Allan's Crockery Store

Ottawa, Jan. 20, 1868.

HORSE INFIRMARY, AND VETERINARY ESTABLISHMENT YORK-STREET, OTTAWA, Next to Salmon's Hotel.

A. J. F. COLEMAN, V. S.

(Member of the College of Veterinary Surgeons Toronto; by appointment, V.S., to the Co. of Carleton Agricultural Society.)

Orders or communications promptly attended to and medicines sent to any part of the Dominion. Charges moderate. 812y

REP AND HAIR CLOTH PARLOR SETS, in different patterns, AT THE VARIETY HALL.

SOFAS, COUCHES AND TETE-A-TETES, different shapes and sizes, very cheap, AT THE VARIETY HALL.

THE FENIANS.

So long as peace continues between Great Britain and the United States, we need trouble our heads very little about the cut-throat fraternity; but there are constantly recurring subjects of disagreement between the two countries which it would be folly not to take into account. When these have heretofore arisen the calm patience of England has given time for the popular ebullition of Anglophobia on the part of the American masses to subside to such a degree that the American Government could control them, and then statesmanship has stepped in and settled the difficulty. We of course hope that all matters of disagreement will continue to be disposed of in the same way; but in our speculations on this subject, we would show a lack of common prudence if we did not take some note of the possible influence which the horde of Fenian scoundrels may have at some critical moment in the relations of the two countries, contemptible, in everything but numbers as that lawless faction is now. Had the organization existed in the time of the settlement of the boundary question, when the popular cry in the United States was "54 40 or fight," or at the time of the *Trent* affair, or at any time when popular phrenzy was excited against Great Britain by blatant demagogues and an irresponsible press, it would have been quite possible for a few hundreds of these piratical and lawless ruffians to have made a descent upon some point of British territory, or to offer such an insult to the British flag on the high seas, as to greatly diminish, if it did not altogether destroy, the hopes of responsible men in the maintenance of peace. We know how near we came to a war through the act of Capt. Wilkes in boarding the *Trent*; we know that he was sustained by popular clamour and by resolution in Congress, and it is pretty certain that had not the madness of provoking war with Great Britain, when they had a war with the South already on their hands, struck even the frantic masses, it would have been next to impossible for the American Government to have over-ruled popular sentiment and preserved peace by giving up the confederate envoys. Although we have no reason to anticipate a similar state of affairs now, it might possibly arise suddenly as that did, and in every branch of the United States service there are members of the Fenian Brotherhood, holding high positions, who would be only too glad to perform over again the *role* of WILKES if an opportunity offered. Simply as Fenians, armed or unarmed, they are only terrible to the pockets of unsophisticated servant girls and the communities which are unfortunate enough have them in their midst; but as an element ever ready to take any means, lawful or unlawful, to create or promote bad feeling between the two countries, it would be impolitic to ignore them, or permit ourselves to be at any moment unprepared for their diabolical machinations. Because we did not anticipate any immediate opportunity of displaying their malignity, we took no notice of the meeting of the Fenian Congress in Philadelphia, and if we notice any circle now it is simply because we consider it our duty to keep our readers alive to the fact that there are in the United States a vast number of lawless men who only await an opportunity to carry the sword, fire and rapine into our peaceful country. They have the will and only want the way; and though, we do not believe they will find the way, in any case we should be prepared to show them a stern and invincible front along the line. At a meeting of the Wolf Tone Circle in New York, one evening last week, one noble cut-throat said "every Irishman was now required for the "movement of General O'Neil, which was to "take place against the enemy in a short "while." Another preferred fighting Ireland's battles on English battle fields, and "At any rate, he had no sympathy "with the Canadians nor could he "respect them for their supineness in "not rising in the war of '76 and throwing off "their allegiance." A higher compliment could not be paid by a treacherous ruffian to the sturdy loyalty and faithfulness to monarchical institutions of a people made up of all nationalities. Another unsavoury brother "referred to the impression that had got "abroad that every one connected with the "organization was a swindler." Notwithstanding the the popular conviction of the truth he mentioned that their principle was not swindling, but "liberty, equality and fraternity," which means the same thing in Fenian circles.

"And he would tell them that after peaceable means had been scoffed at and ridiculed, that they were about to inaugurate those principles with infantry, artillery and cavalry. He showed that there could not be the swindling and corruption going on which some had pronounced, for the committee appointed at the late Congress at Philadelphia examined into the whole organization, and what did they report? They said to the Irish people of the United States: 'Give us $100,000 and in six months we will grapple with the enemy hand to hand and decide upon the field of battle the issue between us and them.'"

We fancy we see the triumphant attitude of the orator when he proved there could not have been swindling, because they only asked for a hundred thousand more! After this outburst of logical eloquence "half a dozen came "forward and joined the civic and three or "four the military branch of the circle." How they manage to procure the necessary bad whisky to keep the circles together we know not, but it is an undeniable fact that there are circles in full blast all over the United States, and the highest officials there are not ashamed to fraternize with them, as was the case recently with the Mayor of New York; and under such circumstances, degraded as they are, there are more improbable things than that they will be able to give trouble both there and here; and it is our duty to be prepared, by a well drilled and disciplined force, to offer them bloody graves in the land they covet, should they ever again desecrate an inch of our soil; and by this course we will take the best means of deterring them from any unprovoked attempt to carry out their blood-thirsty and thievish designs.

RIFLE ASSOCIATION.—A Rifle Association, in connection with the Dominion Association, has been formed for the County of Lambton, of which Lieutenant-Colonel Davis, of the 27th Battalion, was elected President, Alexander Vidal, Esq., Treasurer, and Captain Seager, Secretary.

MILITARY.—The "Prince of Wales" battery, commanded by Brevet Major Pick, have forwarded to the Adjutant General's office a roll of sixty-one officers and men. This, we believe, is the first roll forwarded from this section of New Brunswick under the new law, which requires three years' service; and the battery which it embraces is the oldest organization of the kind in the city.—*St. John (N. B.) News.*

CANADA MILITARY ASYLUM.

As there is a concert advertised to be held on Monday next, the 11th instant, in the Music Hall, in aid of the widows in the Toronto district, who are outpensioners of this establishment, it will be well to refresh the memory of the public respecting the history and objects of this institution; and for that purpose we avail ourselves of the information furnished in a pamphlet issued by the Committee of the Asylum.

During the war with the United States (1812 to nearly 1815), the whole of the military force in Canada was employed in the Upper Province or on the frontier of the Lower. Quebec was principally garrisoned by militia. The effective troops were generally sent forward as soon as they arrived from England, and the women and children belonging to them were retained in Quebec, where the military authorities hired buildings, which were fitted up as women's barracks; bedding and rations of provisions being regularly allowed them. Soon after the peace of 1815, this unusual provision was all at once discontinued; in the interval many of these women had lost their husbands, some children had lost both their parents, and extensive distress was the consequence, to meet which the ordinary parochial charities were insufficient.

The Rev. Dr. Mills, then chaplain to the forces at Quebec, at this time adopted the system of making a collection of alms at the attendance of the military for divine service in the Cathedral; and from the funds so raised, assisted by contributions from charitable individuals, a large house in St Roch's suburb was hired by the year; the military government sanctioned from time to time a transfer of condemned barrack bedding, some stoves, &c., in the aid of the charity; and at the request of the chaplain to the forces, some officers of the garrison met him periodically, to assist in the administration of relief, and in making the necessary arrangements; and thus was formed the Committee of Management.

About the year 1830, the Committee entered into a contract for the washing and repairing of barrack and hospital bedding, by which regular employment was secured for widows on the list of the asylum, and a source of permanent income for the asylum was obtained. More extensive premises being consequently required, the Committee, in 1833, succeeded in purchasing the house since occupied as the asylum, in Coteau street, St. John's suburbs. As the Committee was not vested with corporate power to enable them to sell, mortgage or otherwise convey the property, a legal transfer of it was effected by the Lord Bishop of Montreal, as rector of Quebec, whereby its permanence was secured.

In the session of the Provincial Parliament, 1852-53, an Act of incorporation was obtained, and the Committee were consequently invested with full legal power over the property under their care.

The objects of the asylum are two-fold: 1st. The entire maintenance of a limited number of very decrepid widows as inmates of the asylum, as well as children who have lost their parents. 2nd. The partial support of widows by out relief, varying in amount according to their respective capacity and destitution; and in some cases relief is afforded to extreme cases of distress among old pensioners. The income of the asylum is also of a two-fold character—permanent and casual. Under the former head is embraced a small grant from the Provincial Government, and the profit on washing barrack and hospital bedding; Under the latter head is classed collections after divine services, and voluntary contributions of all kinds.

The Committee at Quebec, having found that the funds they can command there are only adequate to maintain the in-pensioners of the asylum, have called upon the sub-committees and secretaries of the respective districts to raise sufficient funds for the relief of their out-pensioners, so as not to tax further the Committee of Managements. And hence the Toronto Committee, consisting of the Major-General commanding, and the colonels of the different regiments quartered in the district together with the chaplain of the forces, who is secretary *ex officio*, seek the co-operation of all persons, both civil and military, in this neighborhood to compass this end, believing, that, from the fact of many of the 20 widows whom they have to assist being Canadians by birth, as well as widows of soldiers who have died whilst serving in this Dominion, their appeal to general sympathy will not be made in vain.—*Globe.*

PLUCK OF DANDIES.—It was a quaint conceit of Cæsar that his troops fought better when well unguented and perfumed, and puts one in mind of the stories told of the dandy French officers who, on leading forth to battle, are troubled about nothing so much as the fit of their white kid gloves, and on mounting the breach, will rather prefer a neat, light riding switch to lash the foe withal, than a rude, gory sword. Where are greater dandies, too, than the pet guardsmen and heavy dragoons with whom Thackeray made us so well acquainted, and yet what devils to lay on were these gay boys when England called? How they stood at Waterloo; how they stuck to the Russian trench; how stoutly they cheered up the British grenadier against the Sepoy with a hearty "Steady, lads, steady." Dandies, let it be known, can fight. Marshal Vendome was as very a voluptuary as ever rested under a silken canopy in camp, but once wake him up and the fragile five feet five scattered everything that European science and strength could bring before it. In our time how precise were some you may wot of as to the lustre of their spurs, the cut of their coat, and set of their boots. He who, on the eve of battle, can think the thoughts of *boudoired* ease, is a man you may rely on, that will do to trust. There is in him the spirit of royal life-guards and the dash of the true *mousquetaire gris.*

RIFLE MATCH IN LAMBTON.—We learn from a correspondent that the recent Rifle Match in Warwick, Co. Lambton, was a very good one, $150 being distributed in prizes. In the Battalion Match six companies were represented by five men each, the following being the scores: Warwick team, 127 points; Sarnia, 121; Warwick, (No. 2,) 118; Moore, 115; Watford, 114; Widder, 113.

42ND BATTALION.—The Brockville *Recorder* has much pleasure in learning that all the Volunteer companies constituting the 42nd battalion of infantry, commanded by Lieut.-Colonel Buell, have been enrolled.

PRESENTATION.—Col. Foster met the N. B. Regiment of Artillery at Major Pick's drill room, east end of Princess street, on the evening of the 31st, for the purpose of presenting a medal to gunner J. Burns.

—For a choice selection of New Tapestry, Brussells, Kidderminster and Imperial 3 ply Carpets, Cocoa Matting, Floor Oil Cloths, Hearth Rugs, Crumb Cloths and Door Mats; Damasks, Repps, Curtain Trimmings, Lace and Muslin Curtains, go to Magee & Russell's new Store, next door to Mr. John Leslie's, Sparks-st.

CARPETS AND HOUSE FURNISHINGS.—Parties about to furnish will find a large and choice assortment of carpetings and house furnishings, cheap, at Garland, Mutchmor & Co's. Carpets made and laid with despatch.

For fine bog oak brooches and ear rings in sets, see Young & Radford's new lot, just received, and selling at the very low price of only 90 cts per set.

Dr. Wistar's Wild Cherry Balsam.—This balsamic compound has become a home fixture. Let all who suffer, and have in vain attempted to cure their coughs, colds, bronchial or pulmonary complaints, make use of this unequalled remedy. It can be relied upon, the mass of testimony that has been published since its introduction, being ample proof of its efficacy.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

A Job Printer Wanted—Times office.
Land for Sale—Ross & Parsons.
Lamps—D. R. Leavens.
Ottawa Skating and Curling Club—G. W. Lester.
Auction Sale of Property—I. B. Tackaberry.
Prang's Chromos—*Canada Gazette.*
Writing and Copying Ink, do.
Shrimps! Shrimps!—Toronto Fruit and Vegetable Depot.
Bankrupt Sale of Gold and Silver Watches, &c.—Sheffield House.

The Ottawa Times

Office: 38, Sparks Street.

TUESDAY, JANUARY 12, 1869.

☞ For Ottawa Markets and interesting reading see Fourth Page.

Hon. Mr Mitchell arrived in Montreal last night, and we understand will leave for Ottawa this evening.

We understand Hon. Mr. Macdougall has not yet sailed from England, consequently he cannot arrive by the next steamer.

We understand that in consequence of the burning of the Ottawa County buildings at Aylmer, on Saturday last, the Assizes for the present term, to have opened on the 21st inst., will not be held. The civil and criminal cases will, therefore, we presume, be held over until July next. This arrangement will not be satisfactory to parties interested, whether in civil or criminal cases.

Want of sympathy with criminals ought to be no excuse for defiance of law. Hence we think the "extradition" of Smith and Brown, two escaped jail birds from Brantford, the particulars of which were related by the Buffalo *Express*, is not only "a little irregular," as the *Express* says, but highly reprehensible, and the parties who perpetrated it deserving of punishment. These illegal arrests on both sides of the dividing line are becoming of far too frequent occurrence, and when the officers of the law can boldly defy the law, their example cannot surely have a healthy influence on the morals of the community.

If the crime of jail-breaking, followed only by the most reckless desperadoes, were made an offence for which the perpetrator could be extradited, without reference to the character of the crime for which he was undergoing punishment, it might have an excellent tendency towards preventing it. Those who "break jail" in Canada, invariably make for the United States, while in the United States, near our borders, the self liberated convict as invariably transfers his unwelcome presence to this country. Now, if these gentry knew that they were exposed to the risk of legal extradition, not a villainous kidnapping process which none but a disciple of Judge Lynch can approve, it is at least natural to suppose that they would be somewhat less energetic in their efforts to escape.

On one point there ought to be no difference of opinion between this country and the United States. The officers of both countries should confine themselves within legal bounds, no matter on which side of the lines they may be acting. When the transgression of the law to *serve the ends of justice* is tolerated, it provokes a confusion of ideas not at all calculated to heighten the public respect for "law and order;" and though in the particular case referred to Buffalo may rejoice that it has got rid of such characters, it must be regretted that their recapture was effected in such an unjustifiable manner. As the international traffic in criminals is expanding to vast proportions, it is very desirable either that the manner of conducting it should conform to the existing law, or that the existing law be modified and extended to suit the prevailing practice.

Elsewhere we copy from the Hamilton *Spectator* a letter from Mr. B. E. Charlton, of that city, thanking the Board of Trade for its energetic remonstrance against the seizure and detention of his premises by the Inland Revenue Officers. The facts of the case are briefly, that Mr. Charlton's bonded manufactory was seized for alleged infraction of the Inland Revenue Laws. Mr. Charlton pleaded, that he had been working in exact accordance with the instructions of the Collector; but the Inspecting Officers claimed a large excess of duty on articles previously entered, the payment of which he resisted, and hence the seizure. Mr. Charlton's letter and the *Spectator's* remarks will explain the rest.

We congratulate Mr. Charlton on his successful prosecution of this case. Possibly, as he says, had he not gained the ear of the Minister at the head of the Department, he would have shared the fate of others placed in similar circumstances within the past year. The Hon. Mr. Campbell, since assuming the duties of acting Minister of Inland Revenue, has devoted himself assiduously to the administration of this Department, and, we are glad to say, has already given satisfactory proof of his determination to bring it into much better working order. Mr. Charlton's case was one, the settlement of which required no little time and consideration; but as one of a class, it has been disposed of in a way that will serve as a useful precedent for the future. We judge that while the Hon. Mr. Campbell will, on the one hand, guard the revenue from injury, by meting out prompt punishment for every fraud, or attempted fraud, discovered; he will, on the other, protect the honest manufacturer from the rapacity or incompetence of unscrupulous or ignorant officials. That mistakes have been made by the officers of the Department, mistakes which will probably lead to investigation by a Parliamentary Committee, there can be no doubt, but whether through ignorance or intention we do not, discourse, pretend to say. Unfortunately, for the officers, the large "lush" acquired by some of them as their share of the proceeds of forfeitures—in one instance we believe over $3,000 in a year—exposes the purity of their motives to suspicion, and hence we suppose the meaning of the *first* of Mr. Charlton's three suggestions for amending the Excise system.

We are happy to be able to state that the Hon. Mr. Campbell has considered the policy of allowing Excise Officers to profit by forfeitures, and has concluded that it does not conduce to the public interest. He has therefore recommended that this system shall hereafter be abolished, a recommendation which has met with the approval of the Treasury Board, and will no doubt be adopted by the Privy Council. This, we think, is a very important step in the right direction. The Officers of the Excise will no longer be exposed to the suspicion of having unjustly strained a point for the benefit of their own pockets while, if upright men, they will be no less prompt in the discharge of the duties for which the country pays them. We cannot say how Mr. Charlton's second recommendation may be viewed, though we see no fair ground of objection to it, and the third one seems so rational, that we do not suppose that any Minister at the head of the Department would refuse to accept it. Manufacturers have nothing but the officer's interpretation of the regulations to guide them, and if they follow this, they ought in all reason to be held blameless, unless the Collector's instructions are at direct variance with the law. We have every reason to believe that the action of the Hon. Mr. Campbell, in the particulars to which we have just referred, will restore the confidence of manufacturers, recently so much shaken by the arbitrary power attempted to be exercised by some of the Excise Officers; and at the same time give general satisfaction to the country at large.

Our Toronto and Hamilton *confreres* are having a lively discussion over Mr. White's report on the accounts of the Board of Agriculture. At the private meeting held by the Board, a report of which, consisting of the Hon. David Christie's speech, was furnished to the *Globe*, Mr. Christie imputes very sinister motives to Mr. White, and says that the report was brought out to injure the present Board in the estimation of the electors, at a time when the Board would have no opportunity for defence, before the new election would be over; but that he, valiant man, had defeated the nefarious plot by answering Mr. White's report in time.

And what is the answer? Why, that since the date at which Mr. White's report closes, some $4,000 of old obligations, that should have been paid before, have been discharged; and that the balance in the Treasurer's hands is only a little over $8,000 now, instead of twelve, as on November 30th. This is the first point made by the Board, which militates nothing against the conclusions of Mr. White's report.

In the second place, it appears there is a bond for $4,000 held by the Board on account of the Treasurer; but made so long ago, that Mr. Dexison himself says he had forgotten all about it. At this point Mr. White is blamed by the *Globe*, and Mr. Christie, because he did not go to somebody else who hadn't forgotten the existence of the Bond! This surely is somewhat farcical. If the Treasurer said he had given no security and had been asked for none, as he admits he did say, Mr. White could only report, as he did, the statement as he got it.

Point number three, is that the Board *has* a bank account, although Mr. White reported (as he said) on the authority of the Treasurer, that no such account existed. There is a question of veracity, or of misconception, between the parties, yet to be cleared up. But why, we would ask the Board, was not the Bank account submitted to Mr. White's examination, along with the other accounts? What rational explanation, other than its non-existence, *could* have been given to Mr. White, as an excuse for its non-production? On this point, too, Mr. White is blamed for not having asked somebody other than the proper officer. What could the President have told him about this Bank account? That it existed to the extent that the Government grant was paid into a certain Bank, to the credit of the Board, and then checked out by the officers, perhaps; but could he tell anything more? He fails to explain why the Board had a note under discount to meet current claims, when there should have been a balance to the credit of the Board to three times the amount.

In fact the Board does not make a single point against the report of any material significance. The only statement it has made of any importance is that the balance has been reduced from twelve to eight thousand dollars; and that ample "landed security" may be had from the Treasurer for "any amount he may owe."

If it be true, as the Hon. David Christie has said, that this report has been issued to injure the members of the Board, we cannot congratulate him on having improved the position of himself and fellow-Directors. It is but reasonable that the new constituents of the Board would be guided somewhat in their choice by a knowledge of its past management; but, on the one side, it did not need Mr. White's report to shake public confidence in the management of the Board; on the other, it would have been culpably remiss on the part of the Government to have delayed the investigation longer. Though Mr. Christie affected great indignation at the particular time chosen for making the investigation, he conveniently forgot that these accounts had been asked for nearly six months before!

It is said by some of our contemporaries that a fuller investigation ought to be had, and this is probably true. We should like, for instance, to know exactly how much the President knew about the affairs of the Board; how often he inspected the Bank account; and whether the monstrous assertion of the *Globe*, that "so far as the record "—(that is the Board's report, or rather the "President's speech) shows the Board was "in ignorance of the difficulties into which "its Treasurer had got, *until* Mr. Carling "*wrote to the President on the 23rd of "December*" is really true! For our part we cannot accept such an assertion in the face of the Board raising money on its own note. But these and other matters would, doubtless, bear further investigation. In the meantime the attempt to disparage Mr. White's report is not justified by the facts, while Mr. Christie's insinuation of sinister motives is utterly farcical.

Sudden Death of Mrs. Maclean.—In reference to this lamentable affair the Kingston *News* of the 8th says: "We deeply regret to record the awfully sudden death of the estimable young wife of Dr. Maclean, daughter of James Riddell, Esq., of the Bank of British North America. Mrs. Maclean, it would appear, was suffering from quinsey, and in order to procure ease and sleep in the night time had been accustomed to have administered to her doses of tincture of opium. Last night her husband gave her a dose of morphia with a view to relieve the pain of her affection. He weighed out the powder by taking a three grain weight, and dividing the quantity so weighed in six portions, obtaining in this manner a dose of half a grain. This half grain dose was administered at ten o'clock, but the primary stimulant effects of the narcotic kept her awake until twelve, when she fell asleep. At two her husband awoke and found her in a comatose condition. He immediately sent for his neighbour, Dr. Day, and for Dr. Yates and Dr. Dickson. These medical gentlemen attended until six o'clock in the morning, and did everything in their power to bring about recovery, but the unfortunate lady died in spite of all their efforts. Her husband, as may be supposed, is distracted, and receives much commiseration. Dr. Barker, Coroner, proposed to hold an inquest, but Dr. Yates and Mr. Riddell, to whom he referred himself, considered an inquest unnecessary. The medical men state that from so small a dose of half a grain no such alarming effects could have been expected, and ascribe her susceptibility to the influence of the drug to a peculiar nervous condition or idiosyncrasy."

The inquest was subsequently held and the verdict, in accordance with the evidence, was "died from natural causes." Dr. Maclean's father-in-law expressed his entire satisfaction with the treatment his daughter had received from her husband.

"The Times, fairly caught, seeks refuge in silence from the strictures of 'Blockhead.' He gives a parting yelp at it as he sneaks off. Reckless assertions and vile suspicions are very properly followed in his case by vulgar and unnecessary abuse."—*Citizen yesterday.*

At the risk of more "vile suspicions" being imputed to us, we venture to "suspect" that the *Citizen* has lost his temper. However, to show how *keenly* we feel the weight of his terrible denunciation, we give it the benefit of our circulation, which act on our part will, we trust, tend to restore his equanimity.

THE MAYOR'S DINNER.

The dinner of the Aldermen to His Worship the Mayor, last night, was a great success; but circumstances over which we had no control prevent us from giving a report in this issue.

ACKNOWLEDGMENT.

Aylmer, January 9, 1869.

My Dear Sir,—I have to thank you most sincerely for the readiness with which you granted my request. The Rideau Company were first on the ground, and were in most efficient working order. The Ottawa Company arrived next, and seemed to be well manned and well appointed. But, alas! when they arrived our fine district buildings were a pile of ruins. I have thanked the companies here, but beg leave to request you to be kind enough to thank them again for the readiness with which they answered our call.

The Superintendent, Mr. Lankford, and the assistant, Mr. Favereau, came also to tender their valuable aid, and I feel very grateful to them, and beg you will express to them my gratitude.

With feelings of esteem and highest consideration,

I remain, sir,
Your obedient servant,
LOUIS M. COUTLEE,
Sheriff.

H. J. Friel, Esq., Mayor, Ottawa.

P. S.—I had omitted to request you to send an account of all expenses. Please do so. L. M. C.

LOCAL NEWS.

Temperance Festival.—The juvenile Temperance Society will hold a festival at the St. Patrick's Hall to-morrow (Wednesday) evening. Refreshments will be served at 7:30 o'clock.

Markets.—One of the poorest markets of the season was that of yesterday, and high prices were asked. The flour market has not yet changed, but the article is considerably firmer.

The Last Chance.—The Sheffield House stock will soon be cleared out, and with it will end the opportunity to get jewellery, watches, and electro-plated goods at such prices as are announced in his advertisement in another column.

The Rideau Fire Company at Aylmer.—In our report of the Aylmer fire we ought to have mentioned that the Rideau Company was present. This company have always done their full share of work, and promptly went to Aylmer on Saturday for the purpose of doing the same thing there.

School Trustee for St. George's Ward.—At a meeting of the electors for St. George's Ward, held last evening at the St. Lawrence Hotel, Mr. Thomas Birkett was nominated for school trustee for the Ward. Mr. Birkett is a young man of ability and high respectability, and if elected, will doubtless faithfully represent the interests of his constituents.

Didn't Mean to go Away.—When the prisoners got loose from Aylmer jail, on Saturday, the Indian who was in for horse stealing, got off to some distance to a tavern, to get a drink, but he was speedily followed by a constable, and when overtaken, asked the constable if he thought he meant to run away, and declared he would scorn the action, especially in cold weather, but declared he would not go back with the constable, and started off by himself, and went back into the Sheriff's custody.

A Dog Fight.—We are informed that a disgraceful dog fight took place yesterday in Lower Town. Their owners, between whom the fight was arranged some time ago, are probably two puppies who dare not fight themselves, or of such brutal character that they are not fit for the offices of civilized society. There is another fight talked of, to be fought by two bull dogs, and as the affair is known to one of the officers of the law, it will probably be prevented. Let us not become a community of dog fighters.

The Skating Rink.—This place of healthful amusement is now open daily between the hours of 8 a.m. and 10 p.m., (Sundays excepted,) at the low price of ten cents for each time of admission. This reduction in the rates will place the pleasures of skating within the reach of all, and will, it is hoped, render the Rink more popular, while at the same time making the shareholders a suitable return for the amount invested, and the care which has always been taken to keep the Rink in good order.

Trotting Match on the River.—A trotting match was arranged to come off yesterday on the Ottawa river, over the old regatta course. The match was between Mr. Andre Riopelle, of this city, and Mr. Burrows, of Nepean. Both parties were at the place of rendezvous with their horses yesterday at the appointed time, but on going over the course, the ice was found to be too slippery, and the match was adjourned by mutual agreement till to-morrow (Wednesday.) A number of people were present to witness the sport, and that they might not be entirely disappointed, Mr. Burrows proposed to trot "for the drinks for all hands," which was declined.

Auction Sale of the Revere House Furniture.—The whole of the furniture and fixtures of the Revere House, valued at $10,000, will be offered for sale at public auction on the premises, by Mr. Tackaberry, commencing on Tuesday, the 19th instant. The furniture of this establishment is of the best make, and having been but about a year in use, is all in first-rate order. This will be found an excellent opportunity to housekeepers desiring to refurnish their establishments for the spring. This is probably the most valuable stock of furniture ever offered for sale in Ottawa; and as the proprietors are about leaving the city, the whole will be sold without reserve. The furniture will be on view the day previous to the sale.

Runaways.—Another runaway occurred yesterday on York-st, but owing to the presence of mind of a countryman two little boys would have been run over. As it was, the horses were turned off their course, and eventually brought to by a post. It was the old story of leaving the horses unfastened and untended in front of a store, where the owner was doing business.

The other runaway occurred on Rideau-st, under similar circumstances, and this was attended with worse consequences, to wit: a woman was so frightened that in order to overcome the effects of the occurrence, she went and took a drop of whiskey, but that failed, and she was afterwards picked up disabled, and conveyed to a place of safety, where she will not be let out till half-past nine o'clock this morning.

Dangerous.—It is well known that numbers of boys are in the daily habit, when the ice or snow is in a favourable condition, of riding on their hand sleds down every inclined place suitable to their operations, sometimes to the imminent peril of the legs of passers by and not unattended with risk to themselves. One of those places is from the sidewalk at Pooley's bridge down in the road. Whilst some boys were thus amusing themselves on Saturday last, and just as one of them got down into the middle of the road there came along a horse and cutter at such a pace that the horse could not be stopped until it was completely on or standing over the boy. The youngster was very much frightened and made a great noise. The horse was held still for a moment and the boy was rescued from his dangerous situation by Dr McGillivray, who on examining the boy found him but little hurt, and he was able to scramble away home much faster than those who saw him a moment before would have imagined.

Police Court.—The court was well attended by a large audience yesterday to hear the trial of a case of disputed identity, the subject of which was a heifer. As we stated yesterday morning, John Dewan had been arrested on Sunday on a charge of the larceny of a heifer, and was taken in the act of driving said heifer with another into the country. The ownership of the heifer was claimed by Mr. William Cluff, and it was at the instance of Mrs. Cluff that Dewan was pursued and arrested. This case was the only one heard at the court yesterday.

William Cluff was the first witness. He said he had lost the heifer about the 5th of August last. He had lived on Nelson-st, Richmond Road, previously, and had moved into the city shortly before he had come to reside on Slater-st, Centre Town, about three or four streets from Dewan's place. Did not bring in the heifer with him at the time he removed. Had seen the heifer this (Monday) morning at the Carleton House, where she had been placed when taken from Dewan. He had no doubt whatever about her being the one he had lost. She is so marked that there could be no such thing as mistaking her. Got her when she was a calf, a fortnight old, in March, 1867.

To Mr. Alex. Ross—Never saw her till this morning since I lost her. Could not describe all her marks, but she has a white spot like a heart between the horns, and another on the left shoulder. Could not swear whether she went away, or was taken away.

Mrs. William Cluff, wife of last witness, said she had heard her husband's evidence, which was correct, but she could not remember the dates; she saw the heifer on Bank-st, on Friday evening last, and was sure it was hers.

Geo. Bradshaw, a boy thirteen years old, lives on Bank-st. Drove out with two police men and Mr. O'Neill, on Saturday, and overtook Dewan about five miles on the Richmond Road with two heifers, one of which was Mr. Cluff's. Mr. Cluff had bought her from his (witness') father when she was a calf. He had often been to Mr. Cluff's and had fed her. It was I who pointed her out to the police.

To Mr. Ross—She has a spot on the forehead and one on the left shoulder.

Samuel Rogers identified the heifer by the marks and a general knowledge of her. Mrs. Cruikshanks had lived some months with Mr. Cluff, had fed the heifer and knew her well, she had seen her that morning, and was certain it was the same.

Policeman Dennis O'Keefe said he had received information from Mrs. Cluff, who described the beast, and he found no difficulty in recognizing her by the description. When they overtook Dewan on the road, he said the heifer was his property, and that he had raised her.

Detective O'Neill said he was present at the time Dewan was taken with the heifer in his possession, and he said he had raised her. He easily recognized her by Mrs. Cluff's description.

This was the case for the Crown.

Mr. Ross contended that there was no case against his client, and certainly there was no larceny. He would now proceed to show that the heifer was his client's property.

William Silcox was called, who said he had known John Dewan for 18 years and lived near him; he knew the heifer well, and was present when she was calved, and since then she had never been out of his sight but a short time; she was running with a cow of his last summer; she has another spot which the other witnesses had not noticed, by which he should know her among five hundred. All his children knew her, and she would follow his little girl whenever she called her.

Detective O'Neill, who conducted the case for the prosecution, said he could call a dog that knew the heifer.

Mr. Ross asked if he meant to call the dog as a witness.

Michael Murphy said he knew John Dewan, and lived near him. Had seen the heifer, and was certain that Dewan had raised her from a calf.

Patrick Dolan had seen the heifer that morning, and to the best of his belief she was Dewan's, but he would not swear positively.

William Molloy has known Dewan for eight years. Had seen the heifer at the Carleton house, and it was the same he had seen in Dewan's possession as a calf. Witness' wife had told Dewan's wife on Friday night last that a lady had been enquiring after a heifer which belonged to her (Mrs. Dewan.)

Martin Ryan lived near Dewan, and to the best of his belief the beast in question was raised by Dewan from a calf.

Here the case was adjourned for the purpose of getting more witnesses.

QUEEN'S COLLEGE.

The Presbyterian Synod met in Kingston on the 7th inst., and after a debate it was determined, if possible, to maintain Queen's College in its efficiency, and passed the following resolutions:

"That this Synod having taken under its serious deliberation, the emergency which has arisen in the financial position of Queen's College, unanimously resolve:—1st. That it is of the greatest importance to the interest of the church and of superior education generally, that this institution be efficiently maintained. 2nd. That under these circumstances, it is the paramount duty of the Synod to appeal to the church and the community to supply the funds needed for this object. 3rd. That the members of the Synod of the Board of Trustees and of the Corporation of the College, now present, pledge their utmost aid and influence to accomplish the endowments of the institution to the amount at least of $100,000. 4th. That for the carrying out of these resolutions, a committee, composed of members taken from the Synod, the Board of Trustees and the corporation be, and are hereby appointed; and not to them alone shall be entrusted the method for securing the end in view, but they are to confer with the Board of Trustees on the best mode for increasing the efficiency of the institution."

—The New York *Times* says: "We actually saw a policeman yesterday take a broom in his hands and help to clear an overflowing gutter, so that the water could run off, and foot passengers cross the street without danger of drowning. What increase of salary a policeman who has so practical a sense of duty, and who is so ready to do it, deserves, we can scarcely imagine. Would $25,000 be too much? Considering the number of men who want to be policemen, we should answer *Yes*—but considering the number who are inclined to imitate his example for any smaller sum we should say *No*.

—A very old negro died somewhere down South recently who had *not* been a body servant of George Washington. This was hardly credible until another died last Tuesday in Richmond at the age of 121 years. He professed to have been only a wagon driver in the Revolutionary War. Both these cases are recorded as phenomena.

—For a choice selection of New Tapestry, Brussells, Kidderminster and Imperial 3 ply Carpets, Cocoa Matting, Floor Oil Cloths, Hearth Rugs, Crumb Cloths and Door Mats; Damasks, Repps, Curtain Trimmings, Lace and Muslin Curtains, go to Magee & Russell's new Store, next door to Mr. John Leslie's, Sparks-st.

CASE OF KIDNAPPING.

Summary Extradition of two Prisoners.

(From the Buffalo Express.)

On Christmas Day there were two men confined in the jail at Brantford, Canada. One of them, named Charles Smith, was under sentence of 22 years in Kingston penitentiary, and the other, named Brown, was under indictment for robbery, awaiting trial. Smith is a tall, muscular man, while Brown is a small, wiry fellow, as spry as a weazel. Both are well known in Buffalo, and it seems they have a particularly ingenious friend with a very active temperament living here. On Christmas this woman, named Barrett, appeared at the jail with a cooked goose, which she gave to the turnkey as the means of furnishing a Christmas dinner for Smith. The appearance of the fowl created no distrust on the part of the official, nor did the sorrowful face of the woman who was so thoughtful as to provide a Christmas dinner for the prisoner, who thought a criminal still occupied a place in the affections of a sister. In due time the goose was given to Smith and divided by him with Brown, who occupied the same cell.

Now, the great peculiarity of that bird was the stuffing. Most people would be shocked to find what they did, but circumstances alter cases, and when a steel-cutting saw and a small file came to view they danced with delight, and masticated the old gander with extreme gusto. That night in the silent watches the iron bars of their window gave way before the small, hard teeth of the watch-spring saw; and their bedding furnished the ready means for rope by which to reach the ground. And so they escaped, coming directly to Buffalo with the woman, who had been waiting for them at an appointed place. "All's well that ends well."

When the officials discovered that their birds had flown and observed the manner of their exit, the trick of the woman was at once divined, and measures were taken for their recapture. It did not require a great deal of skill to trace the fugitives to this city. This Canadian detective solicited the aid of a number of men, and on New Year's day Smith and Brown were discovered in a saloon on Exchange-st, in company with their deliverers, spending the time in pleasant conviviality.

The men were arrested on a fictitious charge of a crime committed at Niagara Falls, and as they felt perfectly safe they did not hesitate to go with the officers, well knowing that no charge could be sustained against them at the Falls. They were conducted to the Black Rock Station *via* the street railroad, and then they were handcuffed. Here is where the *coup d'etat* was made. Instead of taking the locomotive train, one of the men hired the ferryboat to make a special trip. Everything being in readiness the prisoners were run down to the boat and then a desperate struggle commenced. The jail birds kicked and fought with all their might, but the handcuffs proved too strong and inconvenient to admit of successful resistance. As they dragged their captors about on the deck the little man urged his bulky partner to spring overboard, swearing he preferred death to life in a Canadian jail.

Capt. Haggert supposed, of course, that the prisoners were being extradited under the proper forms of law, but took no further part in the struggle than to prevent damage being done to the vessel. On gaining the Canada shore he experienced considerable difficulty in unloading his freight, and it required a large force to place the convicts in the cars and keep off the Fort Erie refugees who threatened a rescue. They were finally secured and taken back to Brantford by the Canadian authorities.

This summary method of extraditing criminals may be a little irregular, but really, under the circumstances, we do not believe any serious complaint will be made against the Canadian officers or the worthy citizens who aided them in relieving our city of the presence of two such characters.

MR. CHARLTON'S CASE.

From Hamilton Spectator.

We publish below a letter, which Mr. Charlton has addressed to the President of the Board of Trade in Hamilton, regarding the late Excise seizure. It is a graceful acknowledgment of the important services rendered him by the Board of Trade, and by the Hon. Mr. Campbell. We may congratulate both Mr. Charlton and the Board of Trade on the successful termination of what has been a very unfortunate affair.

So far as we can understand, it has resulted entirely in Mr. Charlton's favour. On condition that he pays extra duty on the stock on hand, the seizure has been ordered to be abandoned. This is substantially an acceptance of the offer which Mr. Charlton himself made on the first of December; and the fact that his own proposal has been thus acceded to, is proof that the original case against him was feeble, if not absolutely unfounded. Why then, did not Mr. Brunel arrive at the same conclusion? He had before him all the facts which have been submitted to the Hon. Mr. Campbell; and had he not been influenced by some strong personal motive, it would not have been difficult for him to have given a satisfactory judgment in the first instance. It has been a good thing for Mr. Charlton, and for the trade generally, that the personal attention of Mr. Campbell has been secured to this case. If left in the hands of subordinate officials, the result might have been less satisfactory. It is hardly possible for the Minister himself to inquire into every case of seizure which may occur. Yet a strict supervision of the inferior officers is very much needed. The temptation is sometimes strong to make unfair seizures for their own advantage; and within the last twelve or eighteen months, indeed, there have been many seizures which hardly bear a rigid investigation. In its present state the law is somewhat defective, and since it is often made to operate against manufacturers by incompetency or self-seeking officials, it has a tendency to depress rather than to encourage the manufacturers of the country. In closing his letter, Mr. Charlton has ventured upon a few suggestions for the improvement of the Excise Law, which are certainly deserving of attention. If some such modification of the law were made, as is here suggested, there can be little doubt it would prove to the advantage of the country. The present case must have the effect of exciting a general interest in the matter; and thus, although Mr. Charlton has suffered much inconvenience and annoyance, he may indirectly lead to such an improvement in the law as will effectually prevent a repetition of any such case. It must be satisfactory to him to know that he shares in the sympathy and confidence of the public; and now that his works are re-opened, and in full operation, we heartily wish him success.

The following is Mr. Charlton's letter:

Hamilton, January 8, 1869.

Dear Sir,—Permit me to tender, through you, to the Board of Trade of this city, my grateful acknowledgments for the kindly interest taken by your Board in investigating on the 11th of December last, my difficulty with the Excise Department, and for the resolution forwarded to the Hon. Alexander Campbell, acting Minister of Inland Revenue, remonstrating strongly against the course taken by the Excise officers. It would not have been inconsistent with the Hon. Mr. Campbell's many important duties, had my feeble representations not been supported by such a remonstrance, especially if he was unaware that the officers of his Department were capable of taking such high handed and unjust courses,—to have left me in their hands, in which case I should have been most cruelly despoiled. I therefore feel that I am indebted in a great measure to the warm interest taken by your board, and to the earnest representations of the Hon. Isaac Buchanan and other influential friends, for the personal attention, time and labour which the Hon. Mr. Campbell devoted to my case.

I beg to take advantage of this communication to suggest most respectfully to your Board, that considering the fact that so many important branches of manufacture, namely, brewing, distilling, malting, tobacco and vinegar manufacturing, pork packing, coal oil refining, &c., have within the past few years been brought under the operation of the Excise laws, it might not be out of place for the Board of Trade to suggest to the Legislature certain changes in those laws tending more to the safety of the manufacturers as against unjust seizures by Revenue officers. If the present law remains unaltered, I apprehend that many manufacturers will hesitate to risk both their capital and reputation in the above lines of business in this country so soon as they discover the dangers to which they may be exposed. It would be difficult to conceive of an instrument which could be made at once so powerful in the hands of Excise officers, and affording at the same time so little chance of justice to the unfortunate manufacturer seized upon, as the present Excise law. I hold that it is perfectly possible for unscrupulous excise officials, by trumping up charges against *any manufacturer* in the above classes, to place his manufactory under seizure, to prevent him from taking advantage of the usual course of replevy, and if he cannot reach the ear of the Minister or Commissioner of Inland Revenue, to sell the property seized upon, under the plea of preventing deterioration in value—to keep the matter from the courts for years and the manufacturer all the while under the brand of a defrauder of the revenue; and finally, when it suits their convenience, they may lay an information in some court, and (no personal service being required) it the manufacturer fails to discover a notice of such information filed in the Inland Revenue office *for one week*, the proceeds of the sale of his goods would be forfeited and *divided among* the rapacious officials. I therefore most respectfully suggest that the Board of Trade might with propriety ask the Government to make among others, the following changes in the Excise Law, namely:

1st. To deprive Excise officers of any share in the proceeds of forfeitures.

2nd. To afford the defendants the same right of replevy in an Excise seizure as in an ordinary Sheriff's seizure.

3rd. To give assurance that the Government would be responsible for a Collector's instructions and decisions.

Again thanking your Board for their kindly interest in my behalf,

I have the honour to remain,
Yours, with much respect,
B. E. CHARLTON.

To John Stuart, Esq., President Hamilton Board of Trade.

TO PRINTERS.—A good JOB PRINTER, accustomed to general job work, can find steady employment by applying at the Times office.

Ottawa, January 12.

Watches, Jewellery, &c.

LAST CHANCE.

LOOK AT THE PRICES:

Solid Gold Watches for	$17.00
Do. Silver Hunting Case Watches for	7.00
Electro-plated Tea Sets for	7.00
Electro-plated Cake Baskets for	3.00
Electro-plated Cruet Stands for	1.40
Electro-plated Pickle Frames for	3.50
Electro-plated Butter Coolers for	2.00

AND A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF

ELECTRO-PLATE, JEWELLERY,

AND

FANCY GOODS,

To be sold without reserve, as the whole stock must be cleared out.

Don't forget the stand, the

SHEFFIELD HOUSE,

SPARKS-ST.

ALL GOODS WARRANTED.

Ottawa, Jan. 11, 1869. 946-3

Auction Sale.

I. B. Tackaberry, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE

OF

$10,000 WORTH OF PROPERTY.

A RARE CHANCE FOR PARTIES WISHING TO RE-FURNISH.

I. B. TACKABERRY, City Auctioneer, has been favoured with instructions from Messrs. Buck & Sanger, proprietors of the Revere House, to sell on the premises, commencing

ON TUESDAY, 19TH JANUARY,

at 10 o'clock, a.m., and continuing each day, the whole of the Household Furniture and Fixtures of that recent and elegantly furnished house, including Parlor, Drawing Room, Bed Room, Kitchen, Office, Bar and Hall Furniture, consisting in part as follows:

Handsome Mahogany Tables—Marble Top,—Sofas, Lounges, and Chairs to match, with Hair Cloth Covers, large and superb Cut Glass Mirrors, with Marble Stands; Wardrobes, two very fine toned Pianos and Music Stools, Pictures, Damask and Muslin Window Curtains, with Cornices, Brussels and Tapestry Hall, Stair and Drawing Room Carpets.

In Bed Room Sets—Spring Mattrasses, Bedsteads, Bureaus, Washstands, Tables and Chairs to match, all of the finest Black Walnut, procured from a Montreal firm, and as good as new, having been only about 1 year in use; also an elegant and richly carved Bridal Chamber Set, with polished Rosewood Bureau.

In the Dining Room will be found Extension Dining Tables, Sideboard, Chairs, Silver Plate, Cutlery, Crockery, Glassware, and all the furnishings usually found in a well kept and extensive house of this description.

In Kitchen Utensils—A large Hotel Cooking Stove, (Patent Pastry Baker) nearly new, three smaller Cooking Stoves, Kettles, Pots, Pans, and a variety of articles too numerous to mention.

In the Bar will be offered a handsome Silver Soda Fountain, Beer Pumps, Water Filterer, Decanters, Tumblers, Wine Glasses, &c.

Among the Sundries may be mentioned twenty Hall and Parlor Stoves, Stove Pipes, Stair and Passage Oil Cloths, Bedroom Carpets, a quantity of Cocoa Matting, Office Desks and Furniture, Hat Racks, Hall Chairs, &c., &c.

ALSO AT THE SAME TIME

The whole of the Stock, Harness, Buggies, Sleighs Robes, &c., of a well furnished Livery Stable, including an Omnibus and Water Cart.

The whole will be sold without reserve, the sale commencing on TUESDAY, 19th INSTANT, and continued from day to day until the whole are disposed of, the proprietors being about to remove from the city.

The terms of sale will be cash in bankable funds.

The whole will be on view the day previous to the sale.

I. B. TACKABERRY,
City Auctioneer.

Ottawa, January 12, 1869. 946d

"LAMPS"

FOR THE MILLION.

D. R. LEAVENS

Is now offering at the OIL DEPOT, 73 Sussex-st., every description of

CHANDELIERS,

PARLOR,

BED ROOM,

KITCHEN,

HALL AND SIDE LAMPS,

At prices which defy competition. Who will want light where a Coal-Oil Lamp, Wick and Chimney can be got for 25 cents.

CANADA ROCK OIL,

PENNSLYVANIA ROCK OIL,

PORTLAND KEROSENE OIL,

☞ Oil Depot, 73 Sussex-st.

Fine Arts.

A COMPLETE

Assortment at the Canada Gazette Office of

PRANG'S CHROMOS;

of which Frederic E. Church, the great American artist, says: "They are certainly most skillfully and artistically executed." And John G. Whittier "I had no idea they were home productions; I am glad to know that such beautiful work is done here." And Bayard Taylor: "Your illuminations of the Beatitudes are really superb." And Wendell Phillips; "I congratulate you on your success, which I consider marvellous," &c.

Among them the following are the most attractive:

Horses in a Storm. (After R. Adams.)
The two Friends. (Child and Dog, after Gerard.)
Sunset in California. (After Bierstadt.)
Sunlight in Winter. (After Morvillier.)
The Barefooted Boy. (After Whittier.)
Early Autumn on Esopus Creek, N. Y. (After A. T. Bricher.)
Late Autumn in the White Mountains. (After A. T. Bricher.)
Six American Landscapes. (After A. T. Bricher.)
Strawberries and Basket. (After Miss V. Granbery.)
Cherries and Basket. (After Miss V. Granbery.)
Flower Bouquet.
Blackberries in Vase. (After Lilly M. Spencer.)
Fringed Gentian. [After H. R. Newman.]
Easter Morning. [After Mrs. James M. Hart.]
The Beatitudes of Our Lord, most magnificently illuminated.
Illuminated School Room Cards, with mottoes taken from Scripture.
Illuminated crosses, Book Marks, Rewards of Merit.
The Language of Flowers, Wood and Sea Mosses, Ferns, Flowers, &c.
"OLD MOTHER HUBBARD," "The most elegant juvenile book of the season," superbly illustrated and illuminated.

Prang's Chromos are offered at 20 per cent. below the publisher's prices at the

CANADA GAZETTE OFFICE,

Sparks-st., Ottawa.

Stationery.

CARTER'S

COMBINED WRITING & COPYING

INK.

This Combination Ink has been awarded the highest premiums over all others in New York, Boston and Baltimore, and pronounced by the most celebrated Chemists the best Ink ever offered to the public.

It is used by many of the largest Commercial Houses, Banks, Railroads, and other Corporations in New York and Boston, and gives perfect satisfaction.

THE ADVANTAGES OF THIS OVER OTHER INKS ARE:

First. It flows freely from the pen, and does not thicken by exposure to the air.
Second. It will give a perfect and instantaneous copy.
Third. It will not mould.
Fourth. Being equally as good for Copying as for Book-keeping, it entirely does away with the use of two kinds of Ink.
Fifth. It is more permanent than common Inks.
Sixth. The color, when first written, is a beautiful dark green, but in a remarkably short time it changes to a BRILLIANT JET BLACK—not a brownish black.
Seventh. It is admirably adapted to the most delicate writing, and always "makes its mark."

This Ink is warranted to flow as freely as Arnold's, or any other Writing Fluid now in use; to give as perfect a copy as any Copying Ink; and not to mould.

Parties using Carter's Ink, and What They Say About it.

"Post Office—"Best ink, by far; have used it for years."
Harnden Express Company—"Tried every kind, and give this the preference."
First National Bank—"Like it very well indeed."
Bank of the Metropolis—"Grand, good ink; use it altogether."
Hamilton Bank—"We use Carter's ink, and think it the best."
Massachusetts—"We have used no other for three years."
Jordon, Marsh & Co.—"Wouldn't take any other as a gift."
"J. R. Palmer & Co.—"It writes splendidly and copies beautifully."
American Bank Note Company—"Never used any ink we liked so well."
Paymaster's Office—"Best ink ever made in this or any other country."
Philadelphia—We give it

Dry Goods.

Shewing This Day.

...ANT & HENDERSON,

No. 20, Rideau-st,

...offering an extensive Stock of

DRESS GOODS,

WINCIES,

SHAWLS and

BLANKETS,

...THE LOWEST CASH PRICES.

...An extensive assortment of gener... GOODS always in stock.

...TEST STYLES AND FASHIONS.

INSPECTION INVITED.

No. 20, Rideau-st.

...THING,

...AP AND FASHIONABLE,

READY-MADE AND TO ORDER.

...MEARA & CO.

ESTABLISHED IN 1844,

...sale an extensive importation of FALL ...INTER GOODS, comprising Ready-made ..., Canadian Tweeds, Etoffes, Satinetts; ...arge stock of Blankets, Flannels, Kerseys, ...tons, Prints, Winceys, Plaids, &c., &c.; ...oths, Beavers, Witneys, Petershams, ..., Bedford Cords, Silk Mixtures, ... and Tweeds, Doeskins, &c., wholesale and ... which will be made up to order on the ... notice in the latest styles of fashion and at ...that

DEFY COMPETITION.

A general assortment of Dry Goods, the stock ever offered for sale in this city.

...25 BLANKETS $6.00. $3.00

TAILORING DEPARTMENT.

...cular attention given to the Tailoring De...nt, which is under the supervision of a first...tter.

... GREY ETOFFE PANTS

...50 GOOD PEA JACKETS

... OVERCOATS

... COMPLETE SUITS

... GOOD VESTS

...CTS., $1 and $1.25 ... UNDERSHIRTS

...CTS., $1 and $1.25 ... DRAWERS

...F. October 27 1868. O'MEARA & CO. 882y

FARMERS & OTHERS.

A. O. A. & Co. MARK.

...ers and others should buy their TEA and ... from

A. O. AUDY & CO.,

...daily receiving by direct importations ... Coffee of the finest quality. Their busi... conducted on the English principle, and ... named articles can be procured in 5 and ... catties and upwards. The purchaser ... the benefit of a neat package, a good ... and at wholesale prices. Perfect satisfac... ensured, and any goods not proving ac... to sample can be returned at our expense. ... pay the carriage on 4 five or 2 ten lb ... the nearest railway station. For the ...tation of farmers and others not having ... the advantage offered them, we have se... trustworthy agents who will make occasion... throughout the surrounding country and ... their orders. Any favors submitted to them ... prompt attention. We do not sell less ... catty, and nothing but Tea and Coffee sold. ...owing is the list of prices:

BLACK TEA.

...Congou, Strong Tea	$0 45 @ 50
...Flavoured New Season do	0 55 @ 60
...t Full Flavoured do	0 75 @ 80
...olong	0 40 @ 45
...avoured, do	0 55 @ 60
...e, do do	0 75 @ 80
...ood	0 50 @ 60
...of	0 65 @ 70
...	0 75 @ 80

GREEN TEA.

...y, Common	0 35 @ 40
...	0 55 @ 60
...yson	0 50 @ 60
do	0 75 @ 85
...e and Very Choice	1 00 @ 00

COFFEE.

...	$0 23, 0 27, 0 29, 0 33
...	0 20, 0 25, 0 29, 0 32
...	0 18, 0 22, 0 26, 0 29

...ber the place,

A. O. AUDY & CO.,

Elgin-st., opposite the Russell House.

Music.

...RS. J. L. ORME & SON

...tfully call the attention of the public to ...nificent stock of

...NO-FORTES, ORGANS,

AND MELODEONS,

...w Show Room, comprising

...FORTES, *from all the leading makers.*

...WARREN'S PIPE ORGANS,

...NS and MELODEONS from the best fac... the United States, excelling in finish and ...thing ever brought into this country.

... the time for intending purchasers.

...CES LOW & TERMS LIBERAL

...k of Concertinas, Violins, Flutes, &c. ... usual, very large.

...eet Music and Books constantly arriv...

J. L. ORME & SON,

Sign of the Golden Lyre,

No. 8, Sparks-st., next Durie & Son's.

Educational.

...ATION--CLASSICAL AND GEN...ERAL.

...REV. GEO. NOEL HIGGINSON, M. A., ... of New Edinburgh, the with especial ... of the Bishop of the Diocese, receives a ...umber of the sons of gentlemen as morn...

...nce--Dalhousie-st., Ottawa. ... made known on application. 940tf

...LBAN'S SCHOOL,

DALY-ST.

PRINCIPAL:

...BICKERTON A. EDWARDS, B. A., ...ex-scholar Jesus Coll., Oxford.) ...s will be resumed on MONDAY, JAN. ...rs of Study--9.30 a.m. to 12.30, and 2 to

FEES.--For Sound Commercial and ...ducation, $8 per term. --Higher Mathe...atin, Greek, French and Music, (each) ...m extra. ...ool year will, as hitherto, be divided in...erms. ...tion made for brothers, and for pay...ie in the first week of term. 938tf

Latest by Telegraph.

Per Montreal Line.

TORONTO.

ONTARIO LEGISLATURE.

2nd Session: 1st Legislative Assembly.

Special to THE TIMES.

TORONTO, January 11.

In the House to-night Mr. Lauder moved the third reading of the Bill to incorporate the Ontario Trust and Investment Company.

Mr. McMurrich moved that it be referred back to a Committee of the Whole, with instructions to limit the amount receivable on deposit to double the amount of the company's cash capital.--Lost.

The Bill was read a third time.

Bills to grant certain powers to the Ontario Farmer's Mutual Insurance Company; to confirm and amend the charter of the Ottawa and Gloucester Road Company; to incorporate the Synod of the Diocese of Toronto, and unite the Church Society to it; passed through Committee of the Whole.

On the Bill to amend the Act to incorporate the Whitby and Port Perry Railroad, a warm opposition was caused, from the fact of this line being in some measure a competitor of the proposed Nipissing line.

SECOND DESPATCH.

TORONTO, January 11.

A letter from the Provincial Secretary in reply to Mr. Blain was published to-day. It says that the Council seen nothing in the proceedings on behalf of the Georgian Bay Canal to alter its policy in refusing the petitions for the grant.

A meeting is called for Wednesday night to consider whether the people will submit to the domination of the Premier, whose interests are eastern and opposed to ours, and whether they will rest satisfied with Cameron's position, or submit to his desertion of their rights without protest. The people are exhorted fearlessly to assert their rights.

The Nipissing Railroad have appointed a committee to make propositions regarding the branch line to Lindsay.

Mr. White writes to the *Globe* regarding his report, and affirms Denison positively stated that he had no bank account.

A brakesman on the Grand Trunk was struck by the edge of a bridge crossing the line yesterday and thrown senseless on the car, where he was found some minutes after. On arrival of the train in the city medical aid was procured. The blood was oozing out of his ears and mouth, and his forehead was cut, but he is expected to recover.

An inquest was held to-day on the body of a new born child, found among the bed clothes, where the servant confessed having placed it some time before. She said it was still born. The inquest was adjourned to allow a *post mortem* examination to settle the point.

The County Assizes open to-morrow. There is only one criminal case on the calendar.

MONTREAL.

Special to THE TIMES.

MONTREAL, January 11.

About eight thousand persons walked in procession at the funeral yesterday of Doody, lately confined in the Ottawa jail. They walked through the principal streets of Griffintown, and thence to the cemetery. The hearse was drawn by four horses with covers gilded with gold, and a green shamrock and harp on each side. Everything passed off quietly. Many wore green ribbons and ties.

The Government intend to build a new jail here next spring.

The Railway Commissioners arrived here to-night. One hundred and sixty miles of the line will be under contract by the middle of March.

Eighteen deaths from small pox occurred last week.

The Wesleyan Anniversary meeting tonight was largely attended. Principal Dawson presided. The Rev. Dr. Wilkes and Punshon gave addresses.

CABLE NEWS.

FRANCE.

Sitting of the Conference in Paris--The Chinese Embassy.

PARIS, January 10.--The Conference for the settlement of the dispute between Greece and Turkey met in this city yesterday. Their first session commenced at four o'clock, p.m., and terminated at 11 p.m. The Greek and Turkish representatives both manifested a very conciliatory disposition, and a peaceful result to the deliberation of the Conference is looked forward to with confidence. The next session will take place on Tuesday, January 12.

An official journal says the ambassadors of China now in this city are receiving every honour and attention, and declares that Burlingame's position on the embassy is entirely satisfactory to the Emperor. The ambassadors will have an audience with the Emperor at an early day.

PARIS, January 11.--The budget of the Minister of Finance has been made public. It shows that the floating debt has been reduced 2,000,000 francs during the past year. The estimates for the fiscal year 1870 promises in excess of 80,000,000 francs in receipts over expenditures, which surplus is to be devoted to reducing the extraordinary budget, and 42,000,000 francs are to be made applicable to redemption of rentes. Mr. Magne congratulates the country on the return of public confidence and general resumption of industrial pursuits, and concludes by declaring that the gratitude of the nation is due to the Emperor for removing the only cases of rupture between the European powers, and of international and domestic distrust.

TURKEY AND GREECE.

CONSTANTINOPLE, January 11.--The Sublime Porte has officially congratulated the people of the Danubian principalities on their loyalty in the recent crisis.

NEWS VIA LONDON.

LONDON, January 11.--The indications of the first day's session of the conference on the Eastern question leaves little, if any doubt, of a success. The Turkish Government through its representative constitutes to maintain its present status until the close of the conference. It is the general impression that but one more session will be held, and that war between Turkey and Greece will be obviated.

ITALY.

FLORENCE, January 11.--The recent disturbances in various parts of the kingdom, caused by the reactionists party, have been suppressed. The unpopular taxes are now being collected with difficulty.

SPAIN.

MADRID, January 11.--Additional troops are to be sent to Cuba, and will sail from Cadiz in a short time.

PORTUGAL.

LISBON, January 11.--The Duke of Saldanham has been summoned to Lisbon to form a Ministry.

CUBA.

The Revolutionists Decree the Abolition of Slavery.

HAVANA, January 10.--News has been received here that Jesurun, the Curacoa banker, who went to Europe to contract a loan for President Baez, of St. Domingo, has returned unsuccessful. It is stated the failure to obtain money will probably cause the downfall of Baez's administration. A proclamation by the Capt.-General abolishing courts martial for the trial of civil cases was to-day promulgated. The revolutionists have decreed the abolition of slavery within their lines. The Spaniards here consider it a desperate measure, and an indication of the growing weakness of the rebel cause. The proclamation of liberty of the press has gone into full effect.

DRESS GOODS.--A large assortment of ball and evening dresses; also, in fancy, black, Japanese, and Foulard silks, poplins, &c., at T. & W. Hunton's, whose stock is constantly supplied by their resident agents in London and Paris. Evening silks, &c., shewn by gas light in a room prepared for the purpose, at any hour of the day.

AMERICAN NEWS.

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES.

Arrival of the "Etna."

NEW YORK, January 11.--The steamship *Etna*, from Liverpool, December 23, which arrived here yesterday, encountered a succession of furious gales during almost the entire passage, and was detained within a thousand miles of New York for several days. The fifth officer, Mr. Molyneux, was lost overboard.

All Quiet at Baxter's Farm.

NEW YORK, January 11.--The *Herald's* Norfolk special says reports received here state that the negroes are quiet at Baxter's Farm, and there is no apprehension of any immediate trouble.

Investigation of Election Frauds.

The *Sun* says the Congressional Committee here investigating the alleged election frauds have a pile of testimony sufficient to hang politically many prominent politicians here, and smaller lights innumerable. They have evidence to prove that not less than 30,000 fraudulent votes were cast in this city by repealers alone.

Arrivals.

NEW YORK, January 10.--The steamers *Etna* and *China*, from Liverpool, have arrived.

Fire and Loss of Life.

CHICAGO, January 10.--The dwelling house of Mr. Hess, at the railroad bridge over Sable river, caught fire this morning, and was entirely destroyed. Mrs. Hess and her son, seven years old, perished in the flames.

Lynching of a White Man and Three Negroes.

AUGUSTA, GA., January 10.--Anderson Upton, and three negroes, were taken from jail at Appling, and hung yesterday, for the murder of a man named Martin and his two sisters.

MORTALITY OF TORONTO IN 1868.

The *Leader* says:

Dr. Tempest, medical health officer, has furnished us with an elaborate tabular statement of the mortality of this city during the past year. From this statement it appears that the total number of deaths which occurred in Toronto during the past year was one thousand one hundred and eighty-six. Of these 74 took place in January, 91 in February, 82 in March, 84 in April, 89 in May, 74 in June, 151 in July, 184 in August, 119 in September, 84 in October, 71 in November, and 81 in December.

It will thus be seen that the largest number of deaths occurred in August,--July and September being next highest respectively. Consumption made sad havoc here during the year, having carried off no less than 136 victims. Ninety-four persons died from debility and exhaustion; and ninety-six from diarrhea. Only sixty-four persons died during the year from old age--a fact which should be seriously considered by the young, who vainly imagine that they have a long life of pleasure before them. It is a noticeable feature in the statement that no less than eighty-four diseases are specified as having been the means of carrying away those who departed this life in Toronto during the year; and thirty-seven persons died from causes which are not specified. Strange to say only four deaths are set down to intemperance, when at the least calculation there must have been over a hundred. Friends, however, are generally ashamed to state the truth when intemperance has caused the death. This deception shows the great necessity of having a medical certificate filed as to the cause of death, or an affidavit of the relatives of the deceased in order to ascertain the truth in this respect. There are, however, a couple of bills before the Legislature at present respecting the registration of births, marriages and deaths, which will doubtless tend to remedy the irregularities complained of, and insure more reliable information respecting the causes of death in future in Ontario.

FIRE IN LONDON ON WEDNESDAY NIGHT.

On Wednesday night a fire broke out in the tailoring shop of Mr. Alexander Finlayson, dry goods merchant, on Dundas-st., in rear of his premises. The alarm was speedily given, and the respective fire engines were soon at the scene, the members of the Phenix company being the first in action. There was a slight difficulty in obtaining water at first, and in this delay the fire got headway, and forced its way into the front store of the establishment up-stairs, also into Mr. Wm. Westlake's hoop-skirt factory adjoining. As soon as the engines began to play, the flames were speedily checked by the rapid streams of the steamer, which did great service. Fortunately the fire was kept almost confined to the store, and but for the careful manner and good judgment of the firemen, the consequences would have been very serious. The whole of Mr. Finlayson's stock, which was valued at $27,000, is destroyed either by fire or water. He is insured in the Hartford and North British Fire Companies for $16,000. The building, which is owned by Mr. J. Stirling, is insured for $2,000. Mr. Westlake's loss will be covered by insurance, which is $4,000 in the London Assurance Corporation. The fire was put out, as it was thought, about midnight, and the men left; they were, however, called out again at three o'clock, the fire having taken a fresh start. The cause of the fire is unknown, but it is presumed that it originated from a defective flue in the back chimney.--*Prototype.*

HANDSOME DONATION.--S. D. Woodruff, Esq., superintendent of the Welland canal, has generously presented to the fire brigade of St. Catharines, through Chief Engineer Junken, the sum of $40, as a mark of his appreciation of the services rendered by the firemen on Sunday morning last, in saving the canal office from destruction. Such acts as these are very grateful to the firemen, not so much for the intrinsic value of the gift, (which, in this instance, is handsome and spontaneous) but as showing that the voluntary services of the brigade are sometimes acknowledged to be useful. The amount has been divided equally among each company.--*St. Catharines Journal.*

DIOCESE OF SANDWICH.--It is with much pleasure we have just learned that Very Rev. Dean Crinnon, P.P., Stratford, has been promoted to the dignity of Vicar-General, for the diocese of Sandwich. His Lordship the Most Rev. Bishop Welsh, having, at the time, been pleased to create the Rev. Father Laurent, Dean of Amherstburg. We have no doubt the announcement of this appreciation of merit, will prove highly satisfactory to the numerous friends, lay and clerical, of both those very reverend gentlemen.--*Freeman.*

--A coloured man in Cleveland has recovered three hundred dollars damages, for having been ejected from a skating rink on account of his colour.

--It is reported that the British ship, *Southern Empire*, from New Orleans for Liverpool, on the 13th November last, had foundered at sea in a heavy gale, on the 3rd inst., and all on board perished.

MESSRS. YOUNG & RADFORD having secured the services of first-class working jewellers in etruscan, filagree, plain, fancy and solid gold work, and having made large additions to their work shop are now better prepared to execute any orders with which they may be entrusted than heretofore. Masonic jewels, gold and silver medals, and every kind of jewellery repaired.

A meritorious article is Hall's Sicilian Hair Renewer; it is rapidly becoming known and widely and deservedly popular. It is apparently nothing in itself but an agreeably perfumed and pleasant hair dressing, but it contains the most wonderful curative properties for loss of hair, and after using it a short time, gray hair is restored to its natural color. If any of our readers doubt it, let them try a single bottle of the "Renewer," and they will add their testimonial to the truth of what we say.--*Sentinel, Burlington, Vt.*

What is the healthy, worldly man's ambition wealth, wealth, wealth. And what the poor invalid's, health, health, health. 'Tis true, gold is dross compared with health. Take care of it, but if you have already lost it from disease of the throat, lungs, liver, kidneys, or digestive organs, &c., remember that there has never been heretofore a medicine that could in any way compete with the Great Shoshonees Remedy for the radical cure of those diseases.

--Corsets at the skirt factory for half-price.

--Leave orders for skirts before Christmas, and get them to fit.

--Last month of the cheap sale at the skirt factory. Skirts at half-price.

COTTON GOODS.

MAGEE & RUSSELL

Have brought forward from the wholesale department

150 PIECES ASSORTED PRINTS,

125 " BLEACHED SHIRTING,

200 " GREY COTTON,

and arranged them on the Centre Tables, where they will be offered at wholesale prices by the piece, during the remainder of this month.

They would also remark that "COTTON GOODS" are slightly higher priced in England, than what they were when the above were purchased.

Customers would be consulting their own interests by taking advantage of the above sale, the reductions being 2, 2½ and 3 cents per yard.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

Groceries.

THE TEA POT LIST.

In Cases, Hhd. and ¼ Casks,

HENNESSEY'S BRANDY,

MARTELL'S do

OTARD, DUPEY & Co., do

JULES, ROBIN & Co., do

CASTILLION & Co., do.

In Bottle or Wood,

GRAHAM'S EXTRA OLD PORT,

GRAHAM'S THREE GRAPE,

SANDEMAN'S CHOICE OLD PORT,

McKENZIE'S Pure Golden SHERRY,

DUNN'S BROWN, do

CHOICE PALE, do.

THE

FINEST BALTIMORE OYSTERS,

Received daily, by Express.

CHIPPAWA pure old RYE WHISKEY

Four years old, equal to any French Brandy.

CHIPPAWA TODDY WHISKEY,

Four years old, equal to Scotch.

CHIPPAWA FAMILY PROOF.

J. G. ROBINSON & CO,

The Tea Pot, Ottawa.

Ottawa, Dec. 16, 1868.

ON SALE,

GOODERHAM & WORTS'

RECTIFIED SPIRITS.

100 BBLS. CELEBRATED OLD RYE,

100 do HIGHWINES, 50 O.P.

100 do ALCOHOL, 65 O.P.

☞ The trade supplied at manufacturers' prices.

REDPATH'S EXTRA GOLDEN SYRUP

REDPATH'S STANDARD do

NEW YORK HOUSE SYRUP,

100 BBLS. WEST INDIA MOLASSES.

500 CHESTS UNCOLORED JAPAN TEA.

100 CADDIES ORANGE [illegible]

150 CHESTS TWANKAY,

200 CADDIES BRIGHT SOL TOBACCO.

100 BOXES TOBACCO, 10s.

500 BARRELS EXTRA SUPERIOR FLOUR.

300 BBLS. MESS PORK, to arrive.

J. G. ROBINSON & Co.

December 16, 1868. 926,3m

Jewellery, &c.

FOR

CHRISTMAS AND NEW YEAR'S

PRESENTS,

IN GOLD & SILVER WATCHES,

Go to YOUNG & RADFORD'S,

30 Sparks-st.

FOR

CHRISTMAS AND NEW YEAR'S

PRESENTS,

GOLD CHAINS & FINE JEWELLERY,

Go to YOUNG & RADFORD'S.

FOR

CHRISTMAS AND NEW YEAR'S

PRESENTS,

IN PLATED WARE,

Go to YOUNG & RADFORD'S.

FOR

CHRISTMAS AND NEW YEAR'S

PRESENTS,

IN FANCY GOODS,

SUITABLE FOR THE SEASON,

Go to YOUNG & RADFORD'S.

PARTIES WANTING WORK

SUITABLE FOR PRESENTATIONS

FOR CHRISTMAS OR NEW YEAR,

Will find it to their advantage to

Go to YOUNG & RADFORD'S,

30 Sparks-st.

Garland, Mutchmor & Co

XMAS DRY GOODS.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.,

IMPORTERS, 20 SPARKS-ST.,

Have received, ex various ocean steamers, large additions to their extensive stock of

STAPLE & FANCY DRY GOODS,

MILLINERY,

Carpetings and House Furnishings,

and are now shewing a large and well assorted stock in every department. They invite special attention to the following:

RICH FANCY SILKS,

RICH FANCY DRESSES,

suitable for street and evening wear,

RICH BALL DRESSES,

GOOD ABERDEEN WINCIES,

at a little over half last year's prices. Good cheap useful dresses for all classes in all the new materials.

CLOTHS,

TWEEDS,

BLANKETS,

FLANNELS,

SHEETINGS,

COTTONS,

PRINTS, ETC.,

all in great variety cheap.

LACES,

RIBBONS,

TRIMMINGS,

GLOVES,

HOSIERY,

Black Silk Mantle Velvets,

Black and Brown Velveteens,

Black and Brown Sealskins,

Black and Brown Astricans,

Coloured Jasper Sealskins,

White and Fancy Mantle Cloths.

MANTLES,

in great variety, in all the new materials and shapes.

SHAWLS,

BONNETS,

HATS,

LADIES' CAPS,

HEAD DRESSES,

FLOWERS,

FEATHERS,

BRIDAL WREATHS.

Great novelty in Skirts--the

NEW PATENT FELT SKIRT,

Plain and embroidered, all in one piece; warm lighter, better fitting and cheaper than any other skirts. Just opened

One Case Plain Glasgow Wincies.

Two cases latest styles in Clouds and other Woollen Goods.

Wholesale and Retail.

Stationery.

NEW GOODS.

Just received, ex steamship *St. David*, a large importation of the best British manufactured

STAPLE STATIONERY,

IN

LETTER PAPERS,

NOTE PAPERS,

ENVELOPES,

FOOLSCAPS,

FOLIO POSTS,

RECORD PAPERS,

TINTED BLOTTING PAPERS,

MUSIC PAPER,

&c., &c., &c.

For sale at

THE OTTAWA CITIZEN

Stationery and Printing House,

Jean-st., Ottawa.

Groceries.

For sale by the undersigned.

300 BBLS. MESS PORK.

200 BBLS. THIN MESS PORK.

500 BBLS. STRONG SUPER FLOUR.

COAL OIL.

Having been appointed by the combination their agents for

COAL OIL,

They are now prepared to sell in quantities to suit the trade, by the

BARREL OR CAR LOAD,

AT THE

LOWEST PRICES

Agents for Hiram Walker's

HIGHWINES

RYE,

PROOF, and

MONONGAHELA WHISKEYS.

Agents for

REESOR BROS. CHEESE.

Agents for John Campbell's celebrated

HAMS,

BACON, &c.

C. T. BATE & CO.,

Canal Basin.

Ottawa, Dec. 12, 1868.

Dry Goods.

FRESH ARRIVALS.

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!

THOS. & W. HUNTON

Have just opened out the contents of 44 packages of NEW GOODS, comprising

1 CASE SILKS, in plain and fancy colors, splendid value.

1 CASE VELVETEENS,

3 BALES WHITE COTTONS,

1 " WHITE COTTON SHEETING,

6 " GRAY COTTONS,

(at greatly reduced prices.)

2 CASES LINENS, assorted,

1 " BLACK CLOTHS,

2 " BLACK & COLORED OVER-COATINGS,

1 BALE WHITE FLANNELS,

1 " GRAY FLANNELS,

1 " SCARLET FLANNELS,

4 " BLANKETS,

2 " HEMP CARPETS

3 " WOOL CARPETS,

10 " TAPESTRY CARPETS, this season's new patterns,

3 " CANADIAN TWEEDS.

All of the above goods being marked off, and ready for inspection. We would specially invite intending purchasers to call and examine them.

THOS. & W. HUNTON

47 and 49 Sparks-st.

LAND FOR SALE.--The subscribers beg leave to inform the public that they have the following lots for sale, viz.:

Lot Number 14, East side of Dalhousie-street,
" " 4, Lang's Block, N. Side Rideau-street, } Ottawa.
" " 20, South Side of Besserer-street,

The west half fifty acres of lot number eleven, in the tenth Concession of the Township of Cumberland, and Lots 174 and 186, in Block 120. Lot 39, of the Township of Nepean, known as the Rochester property.

All applications for further particulars, &c., must be made to the undersigned.

ROSS & PARSONS,
Solicitors, &c.

Ottawa, 11th January, 1869. 946-4

PIANO TUNING.--The subscriber having decided to divide his time equally between Ottawa and Ogdensburgh, would beg to inform his his old patrons and others, that he hopes, in future, to attend to their orders for tuning more promptly than heretofore. Shall visit Ottawa once a month. Orders received at Mr. Bermingham's Auction Rooms, and at E. Miles' Music Store.

GEO. N. BENEDICT.

OTTAWA MARKETS.

[Compiled expressly for the Ottawa Times.]

Times Office, Ottawa, Jan. 11, 1869.

Flour—Extra	6 50	@	6 75
No. 1	5 25	@	5 50
No. 2		none.	
Bags—Fall per 100 lbs.	3 25	@	3 50
" Spring "	2 65	@	2 75
Oatmeal—per 200 lbs.	7 00	@	7 25
Indian Meal "	0 00	@	0 00
Rye—per bushel 56 lbs.	0 85	@	0 90
Barley " 48 lbs.	0 90	@	0 00
Buckwheat Flour	4 00	@	4 50
Wheat—Fall—per bushel, 60 lbs.	1 25	@	1 30
Spring " "	1 20	@	1 25
Corn—Per bushel, 56 lbs.	0 85	@	0 90
Peas " 60 lbs.	0 80	@	0 00
Oats " 34 lbs.	0 00	@	0 67
Beans " 60 lbs.	1 80	@	0 00
Pork—Mess—per barrel	24 50	@	25 00
Prime Mess per do.	00 00	@	17 00
Prime		none.	
Pork (fresh)	7 50	@	8 50
Hams	0 15	@	0 17
Beef per 100 lbs.	6 00	@	7 00
Mutton—per lb.	0 5	@	0 6
Geese—Each	0 30	@	0 60
Ducks	0 50	@	0 60
Turkeys—Each	1 00	@	2 00
Poultry—Per pair	0 50	@	0 60
Butter—Choice Table	0 25	@	0 00
No. 1 Firkin	0 22	@	0 24
No. 2	0 00	@	0 00
Eggs	0 22	@	0 25
Apples—per brl.	0 00	@	4 50
Vegetables, &c.—Potatoes	0 38	@	0 40
Hay—Per ton	18 00	@	22 00
Wood—Per cord (cubic measure)	1 25	@	0 00
Mixed Wood	3 00	@	0 00
Tamarac	2 00	@	0 00
Soft Wood	2 00	@	0 00

A TOUCHING INCIDENT.

Recovery of a Prodigal Son.

(From the Charleston News.)

A few days ago an unfortunate young man, who had seen better days, but had yielded to the ruinous influence of idleness and drink fell into the hands of the police and was carried to the up-town guard-house. As is usually done on such occasions, he was searched, and the articles, knife, pocket-book, watch, &c., found in his possession, were taken in charge by the officers, to be safely kept until he should be released. That night a stranger, an old grey-headed gentleman, well dressed and evidently well to do in the world, had occasion to call at the guard-house to look after some property which he had lost. While he was there one of the police officers was amusing himself rummaging over the miscellaneous articles which had been taken from the prisoners and were huddled together in a drawer. The stranger suddenly interrupted him, and seizing one of the watches in a very excited manner, said: "This watch belongs to my son who ran away from home five years ago, and of whom I have been able to obtain no trace. Will you let me see the man who brought it here?" "How do you recognize the watch?" asked the officer. "I bought it in this very city ten years ago, as a Christmas present for my son, who was then quite a boy. See there is the Jewller's name on it, James E. Spear, King-St., Charleston, S. C." "Yes," replied the officer, "Mr Spear is a well known and reliable jeweller of this city, who always sells a great number of Christmas presents. You shall see the man." The man was brought out, and proved to be the stranger's long-lost son. There was great joy mingled with great sorrow. The father paid his son's fine, and carried him off to take him home, and it is hoped that the prodigal will improve this opportunity to become a wiser and better man.

THE FRIGHTFUL PUNISHMENT OF SILENCE.

Mr. James Greenwood has published in London a frightful account of the silent system, which is in operation at the Holloway Model prison in London:—

It is an offence for a prisoner to speak one word, and he is never addressed except in whispers, so that he may be in the prison for two years without hearing the natural sound of a human voice! The effect of this is so terrible on the mind that prisoners will speak out in desperation, at the risk of any punishment, rather than undergo that horrible silence.

The prisoners never see each other, but remain in perpetual solitude. One poor wretch, driven to desperation by nine months solitude and silence recklessly broke out, in Mr. Greenwood's presence in these words: "For God's sake Governor, put me in another cell! Put me somewhere else! I have counted the bricks in the cell I am in till my eyes ache?"

The request of the tortured wretch was refused!

There is a fine hole in each cell, and as the warders wear shoes of India rubber, the prisoner can never be sure he is alone.

Those condemned to the treadmill have to ascend twelve hundred steps every alternate twenty minutes for six hours. And this in a place so hot and close that prisoners often lose in perspiration three stone in as many months. Every day the prisoners are taken to a chapel so arranged that they can see no one save the chaplain, and him only through an iron grating. And this is the rule of devotion observed:

"Wardens are constantly on the watch lest for a single instant they, through the whole of the service, depart from the rigid rule of 'eyes right.'" They must look steadfastly at the preacher; must raise and lower the prayer book with the elbows squared, and all at once, like soldiers at drill. They may scarcely wink an eye or sigh without danger of rebuke or punishment. God help them, poor wretches!

A RAILWAY TRAIN BURNT OUT.—The Malta *Times* contains the following:—"The passengers by the last overland mail came to grief in Egypt. The train containing their luggage was burnt, and they arrived here with only what they stood in. The Pacha will doubtless have to pay. The most unfortunate part of the accident was the destruction of two fine elephants, a papa and mamma, which, with their infant, were on their way to England. The papa was burnt while trying to save his offspring. The mamma died on board the *Tanjore* from anxiety and injuries received in the same cause. The orphan, only the height of an English sheep, was progressing famously under the care of a cow and the ship's butcher. We understand that the claims alone from this portion of the passengers on board the *Tanjore* is not less than £3,000.

BAD WATER AND DISEASE.—The connection between bad water and disease so clearly established by the investigation of the Health Officers of London, during the outbreak of cholera, receives fresh confirmation by the fact that in Charlottetown, P. E. I., one quarter of the town has been suffering severely from fever, the cause of which is attributed to the water from a pump in the neighbourhood.

Try Gardner's Baking Powder. See advertisement. 387-6m

Commission Merchants.

DOMINION AUCTION MART,

AND

COMMISSION SALE ROOMS,

House, Land and General Agency,

OFFICE AND SALE ROOMS,

Ingles' New Buildings, Sussex-st.,

OTTAWA.

The subscriber respectfully announces to the inhabitants of Ottawa and surrounding country that at the request of many friends he has decided on opening an extensive and well-regulated Auction Mart in this city.

From arrangements made with some of the Furniture Manufactories of Western Ontario, a large and well selected stock of new furniture will be constantly on hand.

Public Sales will be held from time to time, of which due notice will be given, and at which parties requiring to furnish will have an opportunity of purchasing at unusually low rates. The Mart is now open with a large stock of new Furniture, as well as Pianos, Harmoniums, &c., &c., consigned for sale.

The subscriber would also intimate that he is the Sole Agent for Ottawa and territory for the sale of Rappe, Webber & Co's celebrated grand Pianos.

They are successors to the late John C. Fox, of Kingston, and the makers of his excellent Pianos.

From their long experience in Germany, Paris, and New York, they are universally admitted to be the best Piano Manufacturers on this continent.

The high reputation of the instruments made by them for the past fifty years, and the increasing demand for them in the new Dominion, prove their very superior quality, and universally acknowledged merit.

The Pianos, as well as the Furniture in the establishment, will be sold either by private sale or auction.

He would also announce that he is prepared to receive instructions from persons having household furniture, horses, carriages, or real estate, to dispose of, and pledges himself that nothing will be left undone by him to give satisfaction in discharging the trust confided to him. He hopes that by strict attention to the sales entrusted to his care, as well as by prompt settlements immediately after, to merit a share of public patronage.

He will be in his office from 7 in the morning until 7 in the evening, when he can see parties who wish to arrange about their sales. Consignments from a distance will have immediate attention.

Cash advances, when required, will be made on consignments for immediate sale.

All kinds of furniture bought, sold or exchanged.

REFERENCES:

His Lordship the Bishop of Kingston,
Hon. Sir John A. Macdonald,
Hon. H. L. Langevin, C B,
Hon. Alex. Campbell, P M G,
R. W. Scott, Esq. M P P.,
Walter Shanly, Esq. M P
Max. W. Strange, Esq. M P P,
Francis H. Burton, Esq. M P
James O'Reilly, Esq. Q C,
H.V. Noel, Esq. Manager Quebec Bank, Ottawa.
Robert Lyon, Esq. M P P.

A smart young man wanted to act as travelling agent representing several firms.

J. BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer and Commission Merchant,
House, Land and General Agent.
75 y

REMOVAL.

The subscribers beg to inform their customers and the public generally that they have removed to those spacious premises lately occupied by M. K. Dickinson, Canal Basin, and where will be found constantly on hand the following goods:

FLOUR,
PORK,
OATMEAL, &c.
[illegible]
2,000 CORDS OF GOOD FIREWOOD,
and 600,000 sawed SHINGLES.

Wholesale and Commission Agents.

Goods forwarded with despatch between Ottawa, Kingston and Intermediate Ports, by the Steamer *Mary Ann*, and three barges.

Silver Tube [illegible]

WM. H. EASTON & CO.,
Forwarders and Commission Merchants,
Canal Basin

For Sale or to Let.

TO LUMBERERS.—The subscriber is authorized to receive proposals for lease of the best STEAM MILL SITE on the River Ottawa, below the Chaudiere Falls. Very extensive storage for logs and piling ground. Lumber may be shipped direct from the mill.

R. H. HAYCOCK, Solicitor,
Ottawa.
Dec. 19, 1868. 928d

FOR SALE, OR TO LET for a term of years, BELLE GREEN COTTAGE, and GROUNDS, say two and a half acres, situate on the Bank of the Rideau River, (Ottawa-st.) The Cottage is built of brick and tin roofed, with a gallery all round.—The gardens and grounds are in a high state of cultivation. Large storeroom, stables, granary, coach and ice house, woodsheds, &c., all in the best of order. It is one of the most healthy and comfortable residences for a private family in or about the city of Ottawa. For particulars apply to FRANCIS CLEMOW, Esq.—Office, Sparks-st., near the Russell House—or to the proprietor J. WADSWORTH.

Terms moderate. Possession given at any time to suit parties. 927tf

VALUABLE FARMS FOR SALE.—Lot 21 in the 3rd Concession, Gloucester, Ottawa Front, 200 acres, about 50 cleared and under cultivation, with comfortable Dwelling and good Barn. The bush land is principally hardwood, and very valuable from its proximity to Ottawa. Also, Lot 20, in 3rd Concession, Gloucester, Ottawa Front, containing 200 acres, 20 acres cleared. The remainder of this lot is heavily wooded with hard and soft wood. These farms will be sold separately or together as may be desired. The short distance of only 3 miles from Ottawa makes the wood of greater value. These lands are well watered, of excellent soil, and would make a fine dairy farm. Apply to the Proprietor, C. SPARROW, or to D. O'CONNOR, Solicitor, Ottawa.

Ottawa, Nov. 25, 1868. 908tf

MEMBERS OF PARLIAMENT and others visiting the Capital can be accommodated with board and apartments, single or double, at a first-class Boarding House, within five minutes' walk of the Parliament Buildings. References given if required. Apply to MRS. W. PARDY, Wellington-st., Ottawa. 905-2m

ROOMS TO LET.

MRS. SMITH, Corner of Bank and Albert-sts., can rent TWO FURNISHED BEDROOMS and a SITTING ROOM. 86stf

FOR SALE.—The Westerly one-third of Lot No. 27, in First Concession, Ottawa Front, Nepean, and Lots Nos. 26 and 28, in the same concession, at present in the occupation of Wm. T. Aylen, Esq. For further particulars apply to Jons and Wm. Thomson, Nepean, and Lewis & Pinhey, Barristers, Ottawa. Ja2-141-tf

CONCENTRATED LYE.

CAUTION TO THE PUBLIC.

The remarkable success which has attended the introduction of the celebrated Concentrated Lye into Canadian market, by the subscriber, has excited the cupidity of an unprincipled firm in town (which has already been convicted of borrowing other people's brains) by a spurious imitation called Saponifier. To avoid disappointment, purchasers should be careful to ask for Harte's Concentrated Lye, which is sold by all respectable Druggists and Grocers in town and country. 783y

VULCAN IRON WORKS,

WELLINGTON-STREET,

OTTAWA.

ALEXANDER FLECK, Proprietor and Manager of the VULCAN IRON WORKS, MONTREAL, begs to inform the public of Ottawa and the surrounding Counties that he has purchased the extensive works hitherto owned and worked by T. M. Blaisdell, Esquire, as Founder, Machinist, and Worker in all kinds of Iron Work.

Having made full arrangements to meet the wants of the Trade, he respectfully draws the attention of those about to erect Saw and other Mills, Mill Owners generally, Steamboat Owners, and others, to the facilities offered for the manufacture of such articles as they may require. He will be prepared to receive and execute promptly all orders in his line of business in the best manner and at reasonable prices.

ALEXANDER FLECK.
Ottawa, December 11, 1868. 921d

PUBLIC NOTICE.

Is hereby given that the Map or Plan and Book of Reference of the Canada Central Railway Company, from the City of Ottawa to its junction with the Line of the Brockville and Ottawa Railway Company, have been deposited in the office of the Department of Public Works, and a copy of such parts of the Map or Plan and Book of Reference, as relate to the County of Carleton, has been deposited in the office of the Clerk of the Peace for the County of Carleton, and a copy of such parts as relate to the County of Lanark, has been deposited in the office of the Clerk of the Peace for the County of Lanark.

Dated this Tenth day of August, 1868.
W. H. WORSLEY,
C. C. Rly.

FARMERS AND OTHERS.—Remember that the only hand-made Chairs in Ottawa is

AT THE VARIETY HALL.

DOMINION Telegraph Company!

Capital Stock......................$500,000.

IN 10,000 SHARES AT $50 EACH.

President,
HON. WM. CAYLEY.

Treasurer,
HON. J. McMURRICH.

Secretary,
H. B. REEVE.

Counsel.
MESSRS. CAMERON & McMICHAEL.

General Superintendent.
MARTIN RYAN.

DIRECTORS.

HON. J. McMURRICH—Bryce, McMurrich & Co., Toronto.
A. R. McMASTER, Esq.,—A. R. McMaster & Brother, Toronto.
HON. M. C. CAMERON,—Provincial Secretary, Toronto.
JAMES MICHIE, Esq.,—Fulton, Michie & Co., and Geo. Michie & Co., Toronto.
HON. WM. CAYLEY,—Toronto.
A. M. SMITH, Esq.,—A. M. Smith & Co., Toronto.
L. MOFFATT, Esq.,—Moffatt, Murray & Co.
H. B. REEVE, Esq.,—Toronto.
MARTIN RYAN, Esq.,—Toronto.

PROSPECTUS.

THE DOMINION TELEGRAPH COMPANY has been organized under the Act respecting Telegraph Companies, chapter 67 of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada. Its object is to cover the Dominion of Canada with a complete net-work of Telegraph Lines.

THE CAPITAL STOCK

$500,000, divided into 10,000 shares of $50 each, 5 per cent to be paid at the time of subscribing, the balance to be paid by instalments, not exceeding 10 per cent per month—said instalments to be called in as the works progress.

THE BUSINESS AFFAIRS OF THE COMPANY

are under the management of a Board of Directors annually elected by the shareholders in conformity with the Charter and By-laws of the Company.

The Directors are of opinion that it would be to the interest of the Stockholders generally to obtain subscriptions from all quarters of Canada, and with this view they propose to divide the Stock amongst the different towns and cities throughout the Dominion in allotments suited to the population and business occupations of the different localities and the interest which they may be supposed to take in such an enterprise.

CONTRACTS OF CONNECTIONS.

A contract, granting permanent connection and extraordinary advantages, has already been executed, between this Company and the Atlantic and Pacific Company of New York; thus, at the very commencement, as the Lines of this Company are constructed from the Suspension Bridge, at Clifton (the point of connection) to any point in the Dominion, all the chief cities and places in the States, touched by the Lines of the Atlantic and Pacific Telegraph Company, are brought in immediate connection therewith.

A permanent connection has also been secured with the Great Western Telegraph Company of Chicago, whereby this Company will be brought into close connection with all the Lake Ports and other places through the North Western States, and through to California.

All classes of Society are interested in extending the use of the Telegraph, at LOW RATES, and the Directors are satisfied, that the adoption of a scale of charges considerably below the rates now exacted in Canada, will by encouraging a much more extended use of this medium of communication, not only prove a real and substantial benefit to the public generally, but will also ensure a safe and profitable return to the Investor.

On the 25th day of June, A.D., 1868, the DOMINION TELEGRAPH COMPANY was duly CHARTERED according to law.

The admitted importance and value of Telegraphy, would, in the opinion of the Directors, have rendered any introduction of the Dominion Telegraph Company to the Canadian public unnecessary had it not been that previous attempts to establish Telegraph Companies in Canada, to share the business with the Montreal Company, had been allowed to fall through.

The success of a Telegraph Company will mainly depend on its ability to meet the demands of the public, and consequently it should possess, at least, equal facilities with any other Company, of access to all quarters with which its customers may desire to have communication.

This important requisite has not been, until now, within the reach of any Company entering the field as a competitor with the Montreal Company, in consequence of the close and exclusive connection formed between that Company and the Western Union Company, of the United States, the latter by virtue of certain patents, having until within these two years, monopolized nearly the whole of the telegraph business of the neighboring republic.

The business relations between these two Companies continue in full force, but the patents having run out, the monopoly so long enjoyed by the Western Union has ceased to exist.

The Atlantic and Pacific, the Great Western, and other American Companies have invaded the field, and have become successful competitors for the public patronage and support. These Companies, acting on the cheap postage principle, have forced the old monopolist to a reduction of rates, which has resulted in a more widely extended use of this means of communication, and much to the surprise of the Western Union itself, has increased its profits, whilst sharing its field of operations.

With these new Companies the Dominion Telegraph Company of Canada have entered into most satisfactory business relations, and confident of the soundness of the principle which led to the adoption of the penny-postage system in Great Britain, the voluntary reduction from $100 to $16.65 per ten word message by the Ocean Cable Company, and the successful operations of the Companies recently established in the United States, invite the business and mercantile community of Canada to join them in the promotion of an enterprise, based on the principle of moderate rates and extended business which, while injuring no one, they confidently expect will result in securing a large return to the investor, and prove a vast benefit to the community.

Allusion has been made to the voluntary reduction of rates by the Atlantic Cable Company. A Chicago paper, writing on the subject of the growing use of the Telegraph, gives the following return as obtained directly from Cyrus W. Field, showing very conclusively the benefit both to the public and the Company of the reduction of rates.

AVERAGE DAILY RECEIPTS.

From $100 per message of ten words				$2,525
do 50	do	do		2,895
do 25	do	do		3,965

An advertisement has recently appeared announcing to the public that the rates from 1st September, proximo, will be further reduced to $16.65 per ten words.

The following table shows the reduction which has been effected in rates in the neighboring States arising out of the construction of competing lines:—

From New York to	*Former Rate.*	*Present Rate.*
Boston	$ 60	$ 30
Bangor	20	65
Portland	90	50
Philadelphia	40	25
Baltimore	70	35
Washington	75	40
Augusta, Me.	1 20	60
Cincinnati	1 90	1 00
Buffalo	75	50
Cleveland	1 95	1 00
Pittsburgh	1 15	45
Louisville	1 95	1 00

This reduction took place in November, 1867. A comparison of the receipts of the Western Union since that period with the corresponding months of the previous year gives the following results:—

Gross Receipts for

December, 1866	$ 554,971 40;	December, 1867	579,135 19;	Increase	$ 24,163 79
Jany., Feb., March, '67	1,594,644 96;	Jany., Feb., March, '68	1,727,939 55;	Increase	133,294 59
April, May, June, '67	1,559,178 79;	April, May, June, '68,	1,749,031 52;	Increase	189,852.73

While these beneficial results were flowing to the Western Union Company from the reduction of rates, the new Companies had created a business more than sufficient to fill their wires. In proof of this the following extract is taken from the report of the Atlantic and Pacific Company, made July 28th, 1868:

"In April last we reached the maximum capacity of our wires, and have since been compelled to refuse business daily. The Committee, therefore, have reached the conclusion from the actual experience of building and working the present lines—that

"Telegraphic business is growing faster than Telegraphic facilities."

As further proof on this point, the low rates have so pressed the wires of both Companies with business through the day, that posters have been placed in all the main offices proclaiming that double the number of words would be telegraphed at night at the same price as half the number of words by day.

In support of the observation quoted above, that telegraphic business is growing faster than telegraphic facilities, the following statement exhibiting the wonderful increase in the use of the wire, within the last six years, cannot be without interest to our readers. The gross earnings of all telegraph lines in the United States for the following years were:—

1846	$ 4,228 77	1864	$3,792,245 40
1849	63,338 93	1865	4,420,268 88
1853	163,860 81	1866	5,624,501 20
1862	2,734,950 40	1867	7,641,552 47
1863	3,269,442 65		

Showing an average increase of a million a year for the last five years.

A comparison of the number of messages, and persons using the wire in Canada and the States, furnishes a further proof of the advantage to the public and corresponding benefit to the Companies arising out of a reduction of rates.

The published returns for 1867, show that 600,757 messages were sent in Canada, while the messages in the United States for the same period exceeded 20,000,000, the former being less than one message to every six persons, the latter, two to every three. From these returns and results it may be reasonably inferred that a reduction of rates to a tariff at which the wires of both Companies can be filled, will secure a fair field and good prospects to the Dominion Company without in any way prejudicing the interests of the Company now monopolising the ground.

The particulars submitted above are sufficient in the opinion of the Directors to establish the fact that low rates, by encouraging a more general use of the telegraph, are more profitable than high. It is not, however, solely in the light of a safe and good investment that the Directors desire that this enterprise should be viewed. They feel that their object will be but indifferently attained unless they can satisfy the public, the business and commercial men, that are who use the telegraph as a medium of rapid communication, are interested in the establishment of what may be called a competing line. As in the administration of public affairs, a strong, watchful opposition, is the best security for good and careful government: so in commercial matters, an honest rivalry in the various pursuits and branches of trade furnishes the best security that the public shall be well served.

To apply the argument to the purpose in hand, the following table showing the inconsistencies, and, in many instances, the excessive rates now charged on messages passing between the cities and towns of Ontario, Quebec and the United States, will, it is believed, convince the reader that an honest competition is needed, not only for the reduction and adjustment of rates, but also to ensure that attention and care which would of necessity be enforced on the Company's competing for public favor, and thus tend greatly to promote the general interests of the community.

EXAMPLE OF PRESENT TARIFF RATES, WITH DISTANCES.

			Miles.	Canada Money.
From Toronto	to	Suspension Bridge	82	40c
Do	do	Montreal	333	20
Do	do	Mitchell, Seaforth, Bothwell, Ailsa Craig, Caledonia, Chatham, Dunville, Newbury, Port Burwell, Port Colborne and many other places		40
Do	do	Kingston	160	25
Do	do	Quebec	505	50

Example at present tariff rates to Buffalo, and from thence to the following places, in U. S. currency, which reduced to Canada money at 45 per cent premium, makes the actual cost, as in second column:—

Price Collected at Toronto.	Actual Cost, both Tariffs.			
To New York .... 80c.	From Toronto to Buffalo	30c		
	Buffalo to New York.	50c	Reduced to Canada Money.	35c—$0 65
To Philadelphia $1 05	From Toronto to Buffalo	30c		
	Buffalo to Philadelphia.	75c	Reduced to Canada Money.	52c—$0 82
To Washington $1 30	From Toronto to Buffalo	30c		
	Buffalo to Washington.	90c	Reduced to Canada Money.	62c—$0 92
To Baltimore $1 30	From Toronto to Buffalo	30c		
	Buffalo to Baltimore.	85c	Reduced to Canada Money.	59c—$0 89
To Chicago $1 35	From Toronto to Detroit	60c		
	Detroit to Chicago.	75c	Reduced to Canada Money.	52c—$1 12
To New Orleans $3 05	From Toronto to Buffalo	30c		
	Buffalo to New Orleans.	$2 75	Reduced to Canada Money.	$1 90c—$2 20

NOTE.—The same illustration may be applied to all the places in the United States. Canadians are obliged to pay a profit on the published rates.

Subscription Books will be opened at the Office of the Company, 83 King-st. east, on and after September 1st 1868.

H. B. REEVE,
Secretary.

Toronto, September 29, 1868. 860tf

Medical Cards.

EDWARD C. MALLOCH, M.D., M. R. C. S. Duke-st., LeBreton's Flats, "opposite the well." Office hours from 8:30 to 10:30 a.m., and 3 to 5 p.m.

DR. O. C. WOOD, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Ottawa. Day office opposite Magee & Russell's, Sparks-street, Centre Town. Night office at his residence, Maria-street, Centre Town. CANCERS CURED, without the use of the knife, by a new, but certain, speedy, and almost painless process. References given to parties successfully treated, if required. 17w100y-

DR. C. LEGGO, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Office—Hunton's Block, Sparks-street.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street, Central Ottawa. 34utf

DR. C. A. MARTIN, Dentist. Office—Sussex-street, over Messrs. Campbell & Co.'s, Grocers. 34utf

DR. GEORGE HUTCHISON, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street, opposite Magee & Russell's. 576y

DR. W. J. HENRY, Corner of Kent and Wellington-streets, Ottawa. 43utf

Hotels and Saloons.

"GOING DOWN TO MONTREAL?"

Put up at the "CITY HOTEL," one of the most comfortable houses in the city.

This Hotel has just been fitted up in a first-class style, and at an enormous expense; its accommodations are of the best kind, it contains 75 rooms, with good yard and stabling for 60 horses. The table is always supplied with all the delicacies of the season. The Bar is also supplied with the very best of Liquors. Besides all that, this Hotel is situated right in the centre of business, near the R.R. Depot, and within a few minutes walk from the Banks and Post Office.

Terms are exceedingly moderate. Try once and you will be satisfied.

Remember the Place "City Hotel," 78, 80 and 82 St. Joseph-street, Montreal.

CHARLES LAURIN,
853tf Proprietor.

PICKWICK HOUSE,

Corner James and King-sts., Opposite the Court House and Public Offices, ST. CATHARINES, Ont.

E. HOUGHTON, Proprietor,
(Late of Houghton's Dining Saloon.)

A spacious sample-room for commercial travellers. 859y

OTTAWA HOUSE.

Corner of Main and Prince of Wales-streets Pembroke, Ontario.

Stages in connection with the steamers *Jason Gould*, *Pembroke* and *Pontiac*.

Particular attention paid to the comfort of guests. Good rooms for commercial travellers. Horses and vehicles always on hand.

J. COPELAND,
Proprietor.
Pembroke, Aug. 1, 1868. 809y

TORONTO HOUSE, Sparks-st.

MRS. TROTTER begs to announce that she has at present several commodious and handsomely furnished suites of apartments, in every respect eligible for civil or military officers, or private gentlemen remaining in the city. 773tf

REVERE HOUSE, OTTAWA.

G. A. BUCKE.
W. H. SANGER, PROPRIETORS.

This first-class Hotel has been re-furnished and refitted throughout, and now combines all the requisites of a first-class establishment. 582tf

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,

M. KAVANAGH, *Proprietor*,

Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings.

The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands in Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.

Oysters, Game etc., daily

THE METROPOLITAN,

AUMOND'S BLOCK,
Rideau Street Ottawa.
292tf P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.

DOMINION HOUSE,

WELLINGTON-STREET.

The undersigned, formerly head waiter at the Russell House, begs to notify his friends and the public generally that he has leased the above hotel, which is now well furnished, and will be kept as a first class house. The bar is well stocked with the choicest brands of liquors. The table will be furnished with the best the market affords. Good yard and stabling attached to the premises.

658y GEORGE IRVINE.

Miscellaneous.

I. B. TACKABERRY, Auction Rooms No. 36, Rideau-street, below Whyte's Stationery Store. The sale of Real Estate at Auction or private sale promptly attended to. Consignments received and immediate attention will be paid. Sales attended in any of the city or country. 699y

R. SPARKS, Provincial Land Surveyor, Draughtsman, &c., (commissioned for Upper and Lower Canada.) Office and residence, Gloucester, near Ottawa. Surveys of every description executed with accuracy. Communications addressed Ottawa City, (post-paid), or left at the office of N. Sparks, Solicitor, &c., Ottawa, will receive prompt attention. 55 y

K. BILLINGS, Jr., Architect, Elgin street opposite the Post Office. REFERENCES.—H A Sims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany; Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq, Managing Director O. & St. L. R. R. 740t

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole Agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale.

OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

O'CONNOR & WALLER, Exchange Brokers, Fire, Life and Accidental Insurance, Commission and Collecting Agents.

Office, No. 27, Sussex-street, Ottawa.
R. E. O'CONNOR. 378y W. H. WALLER.

OLIVER & ANNABLE, Wholesale Manufacturers of Bedsteads, Chairs, &c., Chaudiere Island, Ottawa, C. W.

JOHN OLIVER,
506y WILLIAM ANNABLE.

R. H. McGREEVY, Contractor and Builder. Office: North side York Street, second door from Sussex Street. 78y

PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS, &c.,

Prepared for buildings of every description, by
SIDNEY B. FRIPP, Architect,
711tf Wellington-st.

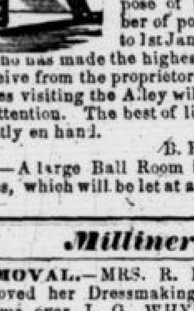
COAL! COAL!

NEWCASTLE GRATE,
(Screened.)
LACKAWANNA,
(Egg and Stove Sizes.)
LEHIGH,
(Lump and Egg Sizes.)
BLACKSMITH'S,
$6 per Chaldron.

For Sale by
D. W. COWARD & CO.,
Commission Merchants,
912-3m Office—17 Sparks-st.

Amusements.

DOMINION BOWLING ALLEY.



The subscriber begs to inform his friends that he opened on MONDAY, the 26th OCTOBER, his

BOWLING ALLEY.

This is one of the best in the Capital, and equal to any in America. It contains four alleys, and with first-class balls. There will be kept a register book for the purpose of marking the number of points made each day to 1st January next, and the party who has made the highest number of points will receive from the proprietor a rich prize.

Parties visiting the Alley will be received with polite attention. The best of liquors will be found constantly on hand.

B. B. LARIVIERE.

N.B.—A large Ball Room is attached to the premises, which will be let at a low figure.

B. B. L.

Millinery.

REMOVAL.—MRS. R. PARSONS has removed her Dressmaking Establishment to the rooms over J. G. WHYTE'S Book Store, Rideau-st.

Entrance from Mosgrove st.

N.B.—All orders promptly attended to. 939a

NOTICE.

MRS. SMITH having received her new styles of FALL HATS & BONNETS, will be happy to see her old friends and the public generally. Gent's Felt Hats cleaned, dyed and done over in the best style.

N.B.—The most fashionable Mantles and Coat made to order, Corner of Bank and Albert-sts.

October 10. 868tf

Legal Cards.

MACPHERSON, KENNEDY & CHRISTIE, Barristers, &c., Lang's Block, Elgin-st., Ottawa.

J. P. MACPHERSON. G. KENNEDY. A. J. CHRISTIE.

J. W. W. WARD, of the late firm of Lewis Pinhey & Ward, has removed his Chancery Office to Bell's Law Chambers, opposite Russell House, Elgin-st.

NICHOLAS SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

E. A. MARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau-st. Ottawa. 202y

MOSGROVE & TAILLON, Barristers, Solicitors, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.

WILLIAM MOSGROVE. 566tf GEORGE TAILLON.

N. TETREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post Office. 390tf

LAPIERRE & HAYCOCK, Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors in-Chancery, Conveyancers and Notaries Public, Corner of Sussex and York streets. 488y

D. O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex-street. Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 55y

R. H. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Post Office Building, Elgin-street Ottawa. 45utf

R. J. BUCKLEY, LL.B., Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, and Notary Public. Office—over Mr. Luke Cozner's Boot and Shoe Store, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 334y

LEES & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. Office—In the Court House, Ottawa.

ROBERT LEES. 43utf JOHN J. GEMMILL.

EDWARD T. DARTNELL, Barrister, Solicitor, Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the Court House, L'Orignal. 34 6m

MUSICAL ACADEMY.

Mr. GUSTAVE SMITH, (Organist of the Cathedral) a Graduate of the Imperial Conservatory of Paris. Lessons on Piano and Singing. Rideau-street, corner of King-street.

Ottawa, June 23, 1868. 775y

PIANO-FORTE TUITION.

W. C. CLARK, Professor of Music and Teacher of Piano, Voice and Harmony. Also, Mrs. Clark, Teacher of Drawing and Painting. Music Rooms and Residence, O'Connor-street, corner of Slater-street, Centre Town.

Orders may be left at his residence or at Orme & Son's Music Store. 452

TUITION.

MONS. H. BERTHELOT, of the Ottawa Grammar School, is now prepared to give private lessons in the French language. Terms moderate.

N. B.—Will also give lessons in the Latin, Greek or English languages if required.

Orders may be left at Messrs. Durie & Son's bookstore.

Ottawa, October 16, 1868. 873tf

THE SISTERS

OF THE

CONGREGATION DE NOTRE DAME,

FROM MONTREAL,

respectfully inform the public that they will open a branch of their

Educational Establishment in Ottawa.

Their classes will begin on the 15th OCTOBER. For particulars and terms apply to the LADY SUPERIORESS,

858tf Corner of O'Connor and Maria-sts.

Druggists.

HOLIDAY PRESENTS

AT

THE MEDICAL HALL,

28 Sparks-st., Ottawa

Toilet Boxes in variety,
Rimmel's New Perfumes,
Cambridge Bouquet,
Oxford Bouquet,
English Lavender Water,
Silver Top Smelling Bottles,
Scotch Plaid Smelling Bottles,
Improved Perfumed Distributors,
&c., &c., &c.

A complete stock just received of Toilet Articles, Patent Medicines,

Genuine Drugs and Chemicals,
Druggists' Sundries of all descriptions.
W. M. MASSEY,
Family and Dispensing Chemist.

Dye Works.

BRANCH OF

ST. LAWRENCE DYE WORKS,

Elgin-st., (*Opposite the Russell House,*) Ottawa, Ont.

MACDONALD & CO.,
SILK AND WOOLLEN DYERS,
Scourers, Hot Pressers, &c.

Gentlemen's Clothes cleaned and dyed, Kid Gloves cleaned. 891-3m

OTTAWA CITY

STEAM DYE WORKS,

Sussex-st.,

SIGN OF THE GOLDEN SHEEP,

Opposite Martineau's Store,

Has not removed to Centre Town, but can be found at the above address.

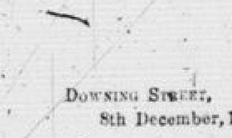
Great reduction in prices for cleaning or dyeing. All kinds of Wool, Cotton, Silk, &c., done at reduced rates.

No use of sending goods to Montreal.

Encourage home manufactures.

LETHAM & BRUNAIS,
876tf Sussex-st.

CANADA.



THE SECRETARY OF STATE FOR THE COLONIES TO THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL.

COPY.

CANADA.
No. 237.

DOWNING STREET,
8th December, 1868.

SIR,—

I have the honour to acknowledge the receipt of Lord Monck's Despatch, No. 203, of the 12th ultimo, accompanied by an address presented to him by the Legislative Assembly of the Province of Ontario, on his retirement from the Government of Canada.

The high testimony borne by the Assembly to the merits and administrative abilities of Lord Monck, has afforded me much satisfaction.

I have, &c.,
(Signed,) GRANVILLE.

Governor
The Right Honble.
Sir John Young, Bt., G.C.B.,
&c., &c., &c.

COPY.
CIRCULAR.

Downing-street,
9th December, 1868.

SIR,

I have the honor to inform you that Her Majesty has been pleased to entrust to my care, as one of the Principal Secretaries of State, the Seals of the Colonial Department.

I have the honor to be,
Sir,
Your most obedient humble servant,
Signed, GRANVILLE.

The Right Honorable
Sir John Young, Bart., G.C.B., G.C.M.G.,
&c., &c., &c. 945-3

BOARD.

Five or six gentlemen boarders can get rooms, with or without board, in the vicinity of Sandy Hill, within ten minutes walk of the Parliament Buildings, by applying at the Office of this paper.

Ottawa, October 10, 1868. 868tf

Railroads.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY COMPANY OF CANADA.

1868. WINTER ARRANGEMENT. 1869.

Trains now leave BONAVENTURE STATION as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburg, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at .... 9:30 a m

Night do do do do .... 8:30 p m

Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at .... 7:00 a m

Trains for Lachine at .... 6:00 a m, 9:30 a m, 3:00 p m, 5:00 p m.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations at .... 7.00 a m

Express for Boston at .... 8.40 a m

Express for New York and Boston at .... 3:30 p m via Vermont Central.

Express for New York via Plattsburgh, Lake Champlain, Burlington & Rutland at 3:00 p m

Express for Island Pond, at .... 2:00 p m

Night Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham and Portland, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St. Hilaire, St. Hyacinthe, Acton, Richmond, Sherbrooke, Waterville and Coaticook only, at .... 10:10 p m

Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains. Baggage checked through.

The steamer *Carlotta* leaves Portland every SATURDAY AFTERNOON (after the arrival of train from Montreal on Friday night), for Halifax, N.S., returning on Tuesday.

She has excellent accommodation for passengers and freight.

The International Company's Steamers, running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway, leave Portland every MONDAY, at 5 p m, for St. John, N.B.

Tickets issued through at the Company's principal stations.

For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure Station.

C. J. BRYDGES, Managing Director.
Montreal, Dec. 7, 1868.

CHANGE OF TIME

ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY,

(formerly the Ottawa & Prescott Railway.)

ON and AFTER MONDAY, the 30th of NOV., 1868, and until further notice, TRAINS will run as follows:

LEAVE OTTAWA.	ARRIVE IN PRESCOTT.
Express, 8 a.m.	10.30 a. m.
Mixed, 1.00 p. m	4.15 p. m
LEAVE PRESCOTT.	ARRIVE IN OTTAWA.
Mixed, 7. 30 a. m.	11.00 a. m.
Express, 2.10 p. m.	4.45 p. m.

The time of these Trains has been so arranged as to ensure connection with night and day trains on Grand Trunk, east and west.

Baggage to and from Ottawa checked through from and to stations on Grand Trunk Railway

Return tickets to Prescott, Kemptville and Ottawa at reduced rates can be had at the principal stations on the line.

T. S. DETLOR, Superintendent. THOMAS REYNOLDS, Managing Director.

N. B.—The above Trains will run by Montreal Time.

Ottawa, Nov. 27, 1868. 1y

BROCKVILLE & OTTAWA RAILWAY.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT

Commencing on the 20th April, 1868.

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

7:15 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Brockville daily at 7.15 a.m., and 3:15 p.m., arriving at Sandpoint at 12:40 p. m. and 9 p.m.

LEAVE SANDPOINT.

5:15 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Sandpoint at 5:15 a.m. and 1:30 p.m., arriving at Brockville at 11:30 a.m. and 7:45 p.m.

All trains on main line connect at Smith's Falls with Trains to and from Perth.

The 7:15 a.m. train from Brockville connects with U. F. Coy's Steamers for Ottawa, Portage-du-Fort, Pembroke, &c., &c., and the 1:15 p.m. train from Sandpoint leaves after those steamers are due from east and west.

H ABBOTT,
Managing Director.
Brockville, April 11. 472y

Sewing Machines.

HOLIDAY PRESENTS.

WHEELER & WILSON'S Silent Feed Sewing Machines are perfectly noiseless. The most valuable present to any Lady or Family is a WHEELER & WILSON'S SEWING MACHINE. A liberal reduction for cash on all machines for holiday presents. Twenty-five per cent reduction on Embroidery attachments applicable to the former style of Wheeler & Wilson Sewing Machine. Button Hole Attachments, new style; Tuckers, Trimmers, Corders, &c.

THE HOWE SEWING MACHINES are best for Carriage Trimmers, Shoemakers and Tailors.

Call and see for yourselves; no trouble to show you how they sew.

Remember 37, Sparks-st., Ottawa; and 105 King-st, West Toronto.

G. A. WALTON, *Agent for Ontario*,
R. W. STEPHEN,
930tf *Manager for Ottawa Office.*

ENLARGED PORTRAITURE

OF

EVERY DESCRIPTION

BOTH

COLOURED AND PLAIN,
COLOURED AND PLAIN,
COLOURED AND PLAIN,

AT

W. NOTMAN'S, METCALFE-STREET.

TO TOURISTS.—The largest collection in the Dominion of Photographs of Canadian Scenery

Ottawa, Sept. 7, 1868. 582y

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds. Frost Bites, &c., &c.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer has now been before the public for a length of time, and whenever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Dealers are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying to the universal satisfaction it gives.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it Physicians order and use it; and no family will without it after once trying it.

Price twenty-five cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, C. W.,
General Agents for C. W.

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, H. F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J. Brown, in Ottawa.

GEO. MAYES,

COPPER PLATE PRINTER,

Bank Street, Centre Town,

Between Sparks & Queen Streets.

Bills of Exchange, Bill Heads, Visiting Cards, &c., Printed on the shortest notice.

Agencies.

PROVINCIAL INSURANCE.

MALCOLM CAMERON,

Agent [illegible]

[illegible]

Ottawa, Dec. 8, 1868.

UNION MUTUAL

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, [illegible]

[illegible]

The following Insurance Company has obtained a license to transact the business of Life Insurance in Canada:—

No. 31. The UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, of Maine.

Deposit in Cash, $50,000.

R. H. CORWIN, General Agent, St. John, N.B. [illegible]

JOHN LANGTON, Auditor.

I have this day deposited with the Receiver General, Twenty Thousand dollars in addition to the above Fifty Thousand, making Seventy Thousand Dollars [illegible] The Hon. Col. [illegible], M.P., has been appointed Counsel to the Company for the Dominion. All legal matters will be [illegible]

R. H. CORWIN, Manager.

Ottawa, November 7, 1868.

ROYAL CANADIAN BANK.

OTTAWA AGENCY,

OFFICE—DESBARATS' BUILDING,

77 Sparks-st.

M. P. HAYES, Agent.

WATCHES.

J. SEWILL, LIVERPOOL.

Manufacturer by special appointment to HER MAJESTY THE QUEEN, ROYAL FAMILY AND COURT OF SPAIN, THE RIGHT HONORABLE THE LORDS COMMISSIONERS OF THE ADMIRALTY, AND HER MAJESTY QUEEN VICTORIA'S ROYAL NAVY.

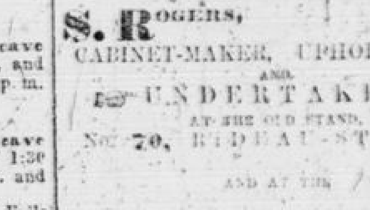
Prize Medalist of the Great International Exhibition of London, 1862, and of the Universal Exhibition of Paris, 1867.

WE HEREBY APPOINT

MR. JOHN LESLIE,
Sparks-street,
Agent for Ottawa and Vicinity, for the sale of these celebrated Timekeepers.

H. & A. SAUNDERS,
Montreal,
Sole Wholesale Agents in the Dominion for the sale of *J. Sewill's* Watches.

Ottawa, May 29. 1y



S. ROGERS,

CABINET-MAKER, UPHOLSTERER

AND

UNDERTAKER,

AT THE OLD STAND,

No. 70, RIDEAU-STREET

AND AT THE

WEST END WELLINGTON-STREET,

Where the usual assortment of Cabinet and Upholstering Goods can be obtained at moderate prices.

UNDERTAKING.

The Undertaking branch is under S. R.'s immediate superintendence, who attends all Funerals without Extra Charge, and has constantly on hand a large assortment of Ready-made Coffins, of all sizes and qualities;

METALLIC, BLACK CLOTH, COBOURG, &c.

Parties ordering Mahogany, Walnut, Oak, or other Hardwood Coffins, may rely on getting a genuine article, (no stained Butternut sold for Walnut.)

Persons desirous of keeping their deceased relatives for a few days, or even a week, can do so without the least possible inconvenience by applying to S. Rogers, who has had over 20 years' experience in the above branches, and feels confident of giving satisfaction.

N.B.—The Undertaking Branch will be found second to none in Ottawa.

Express Waggons always ready for the removal of Furniture.

RESIDENCE—At the West End Establishment, Wellington-st.

Ottawa, September 4, 1868. 836y

Hardware.

HARDWARE!

AT

THOS. ISAAC'S, CENTRE TOWN,

PLOUGHS, CULTIVATORS,

IRON, COAL,

SHELF & HEAVY HARDWARE,

NAILS, ROPE, CHAINS,

and a general assortment of House-furnishing, Cornices, &c., at the lowest cash prices to be found in the Ottawa market.

ALSO,

STOVES, all patterns and sizes, for coal and wood from the Prescott, Kingston, Toronto, Hamilton and Montreal Foundries, with drums, pipes, furniture, &c., the cheapest to be had in town.

PARODEE'S EPILEPTIC CURE,

For the relief and cure of Epilepsy, St. Vitus' Dance, Puerperal Hysteria, &c., &c. This preparation is from the recipe of a celebrated French Physician, and the very great success which has attended its use in every case, and where the highest medical skill was of no avail, has induced the subscriber to give it every possible publicity. The genuine has the subscriber's name and address on each bottle. Price one dollar. Sole Proprietor, J. A. HARTE, Chemist, 3/6, Notre Dame-street Montreal.

Harte's Florida Water, equal to anything imported. Price 37½ cents per bottle. 781y

RANDALL & MONTGOMERY,

PLAIN, ORNAMENTAL AND DECORATIVE

PAINTERS,

AND PAPER HANGERS,

Chaudiere and Hull. (Shop next to R. R. Booth's Store, Chaudiere) House, Sign, Villa and general painting executed on the most reasonable terms. Ceilings and walls distempered in colors to suit. Fresco work of all kinds to order.

References permitted to the following gentlemen: A. H. Baldwin & Co., J. R. Booth, Esq., R. R. Booth, Esq., Rev. Mr. Johnson, Hull; Rev Mr. Picket, Ottawa; Mr. Haycock, Architect.

August 26. 829-6m

SATCHELL BROS.,

By appointment

BUTCHERS TO HIS EXCELLENCY SIR JOHN YOUNG.

Superior Stall Fed Beef, Lamb, Mutton and Veal in season.

N.B.—Also spiced, rolled and rounds of Beef, and sugar cured Hams and Bacon, cured in the English style.

930-3m No. 7, Lower Town Market, Ottawa.

NOTICE.

Application will be made at the next Session of the Legislature of Ontario for an act to incorporate the CALEDONIA PEAT MANUFACTURING & SMELTING COMPANY, with powers to construct a Canal or Railway from some point in the Township of Caledonia to the navigable waters of the Ottawa or South Nation Rivers, and to authorize the Municipality of Caledonia to grant to the said Company so much of the road allowances between the first and fifth concessions as may be required for the manufacture of Peat fuel. 883tf

THE TIMES is printed and published by THE OTTAWA TIMES PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY, at the Office, 38, Sparks-st Centre Town, Ottawa. JAMES COTTON Managing Director. ALEX. ROBERTSON Editor.

VOL. IV

Stoves & [illegible]

BLYTH & KERR, [illegible]
No. [illegible]
Plumbers, Gas and S[illegible] and Copper S[illegible]

A large stock of materials [illegible] of business constantly on h[illegible] importers of
HOUSE FURNISHI[illegible]

STOVES! STOVES [illegible]

Hall, Fancy, Parlour and [illegible] variety.

Agents for Eaton's Patent [illegible] Wood and Coal St[illegible] Co.'s celebrated

HOT AIR F[illegible]

[illegible] Public and Private [illegible], Vineries, Manufact[illegible] Steam, Hot Water, or Warm [illegible] most approved principles.

SKATES, SKATES [illegible]

SIGN OF THE ANVIL, [illegible] where you can get a [illegible] SKATES of all sizes, and [illegible] chasers, from 25 cents to [illegible] assortment will be found.

The celebrated [illegible]

and all other English [illegible] Skate Straps, all p[illegible]

Also, a general assortment of SHELF & HEAVY [illegible] consisting in GENERAL HOUSE [illegible] Butcher Knives, Knives and [illegible] Pocket Knives, Ta[illegible] Tea Spoons, T[illegible] Screws, Locks, Bolts, Catches, Latches, Axes, Saws, Planes, Hammers, Spo[illegible] Chisels, Steel Bits, Bevels, Levels, Boring Mac[illegible] Draw [illegible]

Together with PAINT OF AL[illegible] Rose Pink, Burnt Umber, Terra de Seinna, Chrom[illegible] Yellow Ochre, Cele[illegible] Paris Green, [illegible] Magnesia Red Lead, White Lead, in [illegible] Drop Black, Ivory Bla[illegible] Lamp Black, Boile[illegible] Raw Oil, Tur[illegible] Benzole,

THOS. [illegible]

N.S.—All goods delivered [illegible]

WARDELL'S PA[illegible] PIPE.

No more difficulty in putti[illegible] They will fit like a glove, [illegible] by this new invention [illegible] fitted into each other with [illegible] here will be NO NEED OF W[illegible] as they cannot fall apart of t[illegible] invention (patented) is simp[illegible] opening at the joint at each [illegible] two of them to be locked tog[illegible] effectually prevents their sep[illegible] Any person can put them [illegible] position of a practised tinsm[illegible] They will be sold at the lo[illegible] FIFTEEN CENTS [illegible]

The undersigned having [illegible] right for the City of Ottawa [illegible] ton, from Mr. L. K. REID, [illegible] public to call and examine [illegible] ruaded that all who see [illegible] any other kind.

Oppo[illegible]

Ottawa, October 14.

SAFE, SURE [illegible]

Such is the character gi[illegible] during the past year at [illegible] "CAPITAL" S[illegible] 35 Sussex-stre[illegible] H. M[illegible]

We beg to notify the pu[illegible] the season is now complete [illegible]

STOV[illegible]

are of the latest and most [illegible] the most extensive assortm[illegible] COOKING STOVES, of [illegible] kind, COOKING STOVES, fo[illegible] desig[illegible] PARLOR STOVES, for [illegible] BOX & HALL STOVES [illegible] DOUBLE STOVES, the be[illegible] HOTEL STOVES, large [illegible] expressly for Hotels and Boa[illegible] with large Copper Water [illegible] Warmers. We call speci[illegible] Keepers to these stoves, th[illegible] an extraordinary stoves. [illegible] yourselves. Price lists sen[illegible]

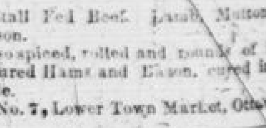
COOKING STOVES, BOX STOVES, PARLOR STOVES, BEDROOM STOVES, STOVEPIPES! ELBOW[illegible] *Common, Bright a[illegible]* and everything in the Tin, [illegible] ware Line, on hand or made [illegible] Hot Air Furnaces, Eave[illegible] Work and Repairs attend[illegible] keep none but the best and [illegible] hanics.

HOUSE FURNISH[illegible] of every description in s[illegible] smallest family, or the larg[illegible] ARE YOU GOING T[illegible] If so, call and see our large [illegible] House-keeping Goods, suita[illegible] Room, or any room in your [illegible] YOUNG MAN, see that you [illegible] with useful articles before [illegible] in mere showy ornamental [illegible]

IRON BEDSTE[illegible]

COAL OIL, [illegible]

Brass and Enamelled K[illegible] Setts, Baths, Flour Sieves, [illegible] Table Mats, Sad Irons, [illegible] Table Spoons, Preserve [illegible] Wash Tubs and Boards, [illegible] ers, Cruet Stands, Ash [illegible] Trays, Tea and Coffee Po[illegible] and Pudding Moulds, &c. [illegible]



COUNTRY M[illegible]

Supplied with STOVEPIPES A[illegible]

At reduce[illegible]

CAMP KETTLES, [illegible]

AND B[illegible]

BIRD CAGES! BIRD [illegible]

All of the [illegible]

"CAPITAL" S[illegible]

[illegible] H. M[illegible]

RAILWAY PRA[illegible]

Now ready, the Cubi[illegible] work of those sections [illegible] way, to be first placed [illegible] detail the quantities in [illegible] bankment.

Rates—1 mile per [illegible] filling, or 1,000 cubic [illegible] 100,000 yards, and to [illegible] yards one dollar.

Ottawa, Dec. 30, 1868.

TIGHT BINDING

The Times

VOL. IV. NO. 965. OTTAWA, WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 13, 1869. PRICE—3 CENTS.

Agencies.

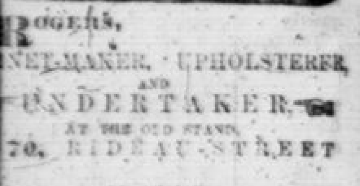
PROVINCIAL INSURANCE.
MALCOLM CAMERON,
...Office at Queen's Printer...
...inspection—perfect security... immediate payment of claims.
918tf

...INSURANCE COMPANY...
...Ottawa, 13th October, 1868.
...COMPANY, of Maine...
...JOHN LANGTON, Auditor.
...B. E. CORWIN, Manager.

...CANADIAN BANK.

OTTAWA AGENCY,
...DESBARATS' BUILDING,
...Sparks-st.
M. P. HAYES, Agent.

WATCHES.
...EWILL, LIVERPOOL.
...by special appointment to... THE QUEEN, ROYAL FAMILY, ...COURT OF SPAIN, ...RIGHT HONORABLE THE LORDS COMMISSIONERS OF THE ADMIRALTY, AND ...QUEEN VICTORIA'S ROYAL NAVY.
...Great International Ex... of London, 1862, and of the Universal Exhibition of Paris, 1867.
MR. JOHN LESLIE, Sparks-street, Agent for Ottawa and Vicinity, ...of these celebrated Timekeepers.
H. & A. SAUNDERS, Montreal.
Wholesale Agents in the Dominion for ... Watches.
...May 29. 748y



ROGERS,
CABINET-MAKER, UPHOLSTERER, AND UNDERTAKER, AT THE OLD STAND, 70, RIDEAU-STREET, AND AT THE ...END WELLINGTON-STREET.
...assortment of Cabinet and Upholstery goods can be obtained at moderate prices.
UNDERTAKING.
...undertaking branch is under S. R.'s immediate superintendence, who attends all Funerals ...extra Charge, and has constantly on hand ...assortment of Ready-made Coffins, of all ...qualities.
...LIC, BLACK CLOTH, COBOURG, &c.
...ordering Mahogany, Walnut, Oak, or ...wood Coffins, may rely on getting a genuine ...stained Butternut sold for Walnut.
...desirous of keeping their deceased relatives a few days, or even a week, can do so ...least possible inconvenience by applying ...Rogers, who has had over 20 years' experience in the above branches, and feels confident ...satisfaction.
...The Undertaking Branch will be found ...done in Ottawa.
...Waggons always ready for the removal ...
...DENCE—At the West End Establishment, ...September 4, 1868. 838y

Hardware.

...DWARE!
AT
...ISAAC'S, CENTRE TOWN,
...PLOUGHS, CULTIVATORS,
IRON, COAL,
...& HEAVY HARDWARE,
NAILS, ROPE, CHAINS,
...general assortment of House-furnishings, &c., at the lowest cash prices to be found ...Ottawa market.
ALSO,
...all patterns and sizes, for coal and wood ...Prescott, Kingston, Toronto, Hamilton ...real Foundries, with drums, pipes, &c., ...the cheapest to be had in town.

...DEE'S EPILEPTIC CURE,
...relief and cure of Epilepsy, St. Vitus' ...corporal Hysteria, &c., &c. This preparation from the recipe of a celebrated French ...and the very great success which has ...its use in every case, and where the highest skill ...of no avail, has induced the ...to give it every possible publicity. The ...the subscriber's name and address ...Price one dollar. Sole Proprietor ...RTE, Chemist, 316, Notre Dame-street.
...Florida Water, equal to anything ...Price 37½ cents per bottle. 781y

...ALL & MONTGOMERY,
ORNAMENTAL AND DECORATIVE PAINTERS,
AND PAPER HANGERS,
...and Hull. (Shop next to R. R. Booth's ...) House, Sign, Villa and general ...executed on the most reasonable terms. ...walls distempered in colors to suit. ...of all kinds to order.
...permitted to the following gentlemen: ...& Co., J. R. Booth, Esq., R. R. Booth, ...Mr. Johnson, Hull; Rev. Mr. Picket, ...Haycock, Architect.
829-6m

...ELL BROS.,
By appointment
...HIS EXCELLENCY SIR ...JOHN YOUNG...
...Fed Beef, Lamb, Mutton and ...
...spiced, ...and rounds of Beef, ...cured Hams and Bacon, cured in the ...
...No. 7, Lower Town Market, Ottawa.

...CE.
...will be made at the next Session ...of Ontario for an act to incorporate ...CALEDONIA PEAT MANUFACTURING ...COMPANY, with powers to ...Canal or Railway from some point in ...of Caledonia to the navigable waters ...or South Nation Rivers, and to ...Municipality of Caledonia to grant to ...company so much of the road allowances ...first and 10th concessions as may be ...the manufacture of Peat fuel. 883tf

...MES is printed and published by ...OTTAWA TIMES PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY, at the Office, 38, Sparks-st., ...Town, Ottawa. JAMES COTTON ...ing Director. ALEX. ROBERTSON ...

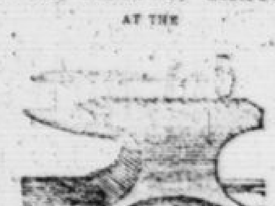
Stoves & Hardware.

BLYTH & KERR,
No. 25 RIDEAU-ST.,
Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters, Tin and Copper Smiths, Bell Hangers, &c., &c.

A large stock of materials for the above branches of business constantly on hand.
Importers of
HOUSE FURNISHING HARDWARE.

STOVES! STOVES!
STOVES!
Hall, Fancy, Parlour and Cook Stoves, in great variety.
Agents for Eaton's Patent Automatic, Self-Ventilating, Wood and Coal Stoves. Also Beecher & Co.'s celebrated
HOT AIR FURNACES.
Public and Private Buildings, Conservatories, Vineries, Manufactories, &c., warmed by Steam, Hot Water, or Warm Air, on the latest and most approved principles.

SKATES, SKATES, SKATES,
AT THE



SIGN OF THE ANVIL, No. 24, RIDEAU-ST., where you can get a complete assortment of SKATES of all sizes, and at any price to suit purchasers, from 25 cents to $5.50 per pair. In the assortment will be found
The celebrated Sheffield Club,
" " Canadian Favorite,
" " Central Park do
and all other English and German Patterns.
Skate Straps, all patterns, &c., &c.
Also, a general assortment of
SHELF & HEAVY HARDWARE,
consisting in part of
GENERAL HOUSE FURNISHING,
Table Knives, Knives and Forks,
Pocket Knives, Table Spoons,
Tea Spoons, Tea Trays, Table Mats,
...s, Screws, Locks,
Bolts, Catches, Latches,
Axes, Saws, Planes, Squares,
Hammers, Spokeshaves, Gouges,
Chisels, Augers, Auger Bits,
Steel Bits, Bevels,
Levels, Boring Machines,
Draw Knives, &c., &c., &c.
Together with
PAINT OF ALL COLORS,
Rose Pink, Burnt Umber,
Terra de Sienna, Chrome Yellow,
Yellow Ochre, Celestial Blue,
Paris Green, Brunswick Green,
Magnesia Green, Venetian Red,
Red Lead, White Lead, in oil or dry,
Drop Black, Ivory Black,
Lamp Black, Boiled Oil,
Raw Oil, Turpentine,
Benzole, Coal Oil,
Paint Brushes,
Varnishes, &c.
THOS. BIRKETT,
Sign of the Anvil,
No. 24, Rideau-st.
P. S.—All goods delivered free to any part of the city. 408y

WARDELL'S PATENT STOVE-PIPE.
No more difficulty in putting stovepipes together. They will fit like a glove, and can't fall apart by this new invention STOVEPIPES may be fitted into each other with the greatest ease, and here will be
NO NEED OF WIRING UP,
as they cannot fall apart of their own accord. The invention (patented) is simple and effective, a short opening at the joint at each end of the pipe enables two of them to be locked together, and the "bead" effectually prevents their separation.
Any person can put them together with the expedition of a practised tinsmith.
They will be sold at the low price of
FIFTEEN CENTS PER LENGTH.
The undersigned having bought the exclusive right for the City of Ottawa and County of Carleton, from Mr. Y. K. REID, respectfully invites the public to call and examine them, being fully persuaded that all who see them will refuse to buy any other kind.
C. P. DORION,
58 Sparks-st.,
Opposite British Lion Hotel.
Ottawa, October 14. 871-3m

S.AFE; S.URE; S.UCCESSFUL.
Such is the character given of every stove sold during the past year at the
"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,
35 Sussex-street, Ottawa.
H. MEADOWS & CO.
We beg to notify the public that our stock for the season is now complete; our
STOVES
are of the latest and most improved patterns, and the most extensive assortment shown in Ottawa.
COOKING STOVES, of the good old-fashioned kind,
COOKING STOVES, of the latest and most modern designs,
PARLOR STOVES, for elegance of design cannot be surpassed,
BOX & HALL STOVES, that are unrivalled for heating purposes,
DOUBLE STOVES, the best in use,
HOTEL STOVES, large and extra strong made, expressly for Hotel and Boarding Houses, complete with large Copper Water Reservoirs and Plate Warmers. We call special attention of Hotel Keepers to these stoves, they will last as long as an ...ix ordinary stoves. See them and judge for yourselves. Price lists sent free on application.
COOKING STOVES, DOUBLE STOVES,
BOX STOVES, HOTEL STOVES,
PARLOR STOVES, COAL STOVES,
BEDROOM STOVES, DUMB STOVES,
STOVEPIPES! ELBOWS! STOVEPIPES
Common, Bright and Russia Iron,
and everything in the Tin, Sheet Iron and Copperware Line, on hand or made to order.
Hot Air Furnaces, Eave Troughs, Building Job Work and Repairs attended to punctually. We keep none but the best and most experienced mechanics.
HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS,
of every description in stock, suitable for the smallest family, or the largest hotel.
ARE YOU GOING TO BE MARRIED?
If so, call and see our large assortment of necessary House-keeping Goods, suitable for Kitchen, Dining Room, or any room in your house.
YOUNG MAN, see that your house is well furnished with useful articles before you spend your money in mere showy ornamental things.
IRON BEDSTEADS, LAMPS,
COAL OIL, SAUCEPANS,
Brass and Enamelled Kettles, Tinware, Toilet Setts, Baths, Flour Sieves, Brushes, Dish Covers, Table Mats, Sad Irons, Table Cutlery, Tea and Table Spoons, Preserve Jars, Mincing Knives, Wash Tubs and Boards, Refrigerators, Egg Beaters, Cruet Stands, Ash Pails, Table Bells, Tea Trays, Tea and Coffee Pots, Soup Tureens, Jelly and Pudding Moulds, &c., &c., &c., &c.
COUNTRY MERCHANTS
Supplied with
STOVEPIPES AND TINWARE,
At reduced figures,
CAMP KETTLES, SHANTY PLATES,
AND BASINS,
BIRD CAGES! BIRD CAGES! BIRD CAGES
All of the above at the
"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,
...street, Ottawa.
H. MEADOWS & CO.

RAILWAY PRACTICE OFFICE.
Now ready, the Cubic Contents of the Earth-work of those sections of the Intercolonial Railway, to be first placed under contract, giving in detail the quantities in each excavation and embankment.
RATES—1 mile per cubic yard of cutting and filling, or 1,000 cubic yards for a dollar, up to 100,000 yards, and for every additional 10,000 yards one dollar.
J. O'HANLY,
Civil Engineer.
Ottawa, Dec. 30, 1868. 936b

Boots & Shoes.

ANNOUNCEMENT!
W. A. LAMB,
KEEPER OF THE RED BOOT, &c., &c.
To all the loyal inhabitants of the Metropolitan and surrounding Counties, sends greeting:
And while thus publicly wishing to all
"A Merry Christmas and Happy New Year,"
takes pleasure also in announcing that he will hold
PUBLIC RECEPTIONS DAILY,
at from 7:30 a.m., until 7 p.m., when he will be pleased to meet with those who desire to call upon him.
N.B.—As all will probably wish to retain a *Souvenir* of their visit, it will be satisfactory to know that there is a magnificent assortment of Boots and Shoes on hand to choose from, and any of which will be GIVEN AWAY for a small consideration.
Don't forget the place, No. 28, Sussex-st., opposite the Barracks.

W. ANGUS & CO
BOOTS,
SHOES,
MOCCASINS,
TOBOGGANS,
SNOW-SHOES,
&c., &c., &c.
Since the great clearing Sale
W. ANGUS & CO.
have received a
VERY LARGE AND WELL SELECTED STOCK
OF
BOOTS AND SHOES
AND OTHER FEET-WARE,
suitable to the Winter season.

JUST RECEIVED.
A FRESH LOT OF LADIES' & GENTS'
FELT EMBROIDERED CONGRESS
Of the Latest Style. Also, a New Supply
TOBOGGANS,
SNOW-SHOES,
MOCCASINS,
OVER-SHOES,
&c., &c., &c.
Very appropriate
XMAS AND NEW YEAR'S PRESENTS.
INSPECTION INVITED.
PRICES LOW.
W. ANGUS & CO.,
Golden Boot,
223 Wellington-st.

GENUINE CLEARING SALE
OF
BOOTS AND SHOES,
AT THE OLD
CROSBY STAND, NO. 51, SPARKS-ST.
The whole of
THE BANKRUPT STOCK,
comprising the latest styles and best qualities of
LADIES', GENTS', MISSES' & CHILDREN'S
DRESS & WALKING BOOTS,
suitable for FALL & WINTER WEAR! Also, a large stock of Men's and Women's Coarse Boots, Moose Mocassins, Buck Moose and Sheep Mitts, Beef Mocassins, Felt Over-shoes, Rubbers, &c., all of which will be sold at great reductions from former prices. Lumber and country merchants are requested to bear in mind that there is a large stock of handmade boots to be disposed of at the aforesaid reduction in prices.
The public generally are invited to call and examine the stock and prices, which we know cannot fail to give satisfaction to all.
Remember the place, the old Crosby Stand, opposite O'Meara's, No. 51, Sparks-st.
A. J. STEPHENS & CO.
Ottawa, Oct. 20 1868. 876y

CHEAP BOOTS & SHOES
AT THE
CAPITAL
BOOT & SHOE STORE,
YORK-ST.
I have now received my fall and winter stock of
BOOTS AND SHOES,
which will be found complete; being selected with care, it will not fail to give general satisfaction.
In Ladies', Misses' and Children's ware I have everything that can possibly be required for the season, and at much lower figures than ever before offered.
Men's ware in Calf, Kipp, Cowhide Boots; Men's Strong Working Boots as low as $2 per pair. Boy's and Youth's equally low.
A large supply of New English Kipp Boots, hand made, the most suitable ware for Lumbermen, constantly on hand and made by the very best workmen. Orders taken for all kinds of work.
429y GEORGE MURPHY

Groceries.

THE undersigned takes this opportunity to thank her friends and the public in general for their liberal patronage, and solicits a call to examine her fine stock of GROCERIES, POULTRY, FISH, salt and fresh, VEGETABLES, FRUITS, PORK, &c., all to be disposed of cheap. Also, a very fine lot of PARTRIDGES.
MRS. L. E. GOULIN,
Wellington-st., opposite Hall's Confectionery

GARDENER'S
BAKING POWDER.
In 1 lb. Packets for 25 cents. And 6 Packets for $1.25.
TEN REASONS
Why it Should be Used in Preference to all Others:
1st. Bread or Cakes made with it are more wholesome than if made with Yeast or any other process.
2nd. Its purity is such that it will stand the test of the most perfect analysis.
3rd. After having been extensively used for the last 14 years in not one instance has it failed to give entire satisfaction.
4th. Families that have used it pronounce it the best, and will use no other.
5th. It contains no Saleratus, nor does it impair the digestive organs like those powders where Soda or an excess of Alkali predominates.
6th. It never gives to Bread or Cakes an unpleasant Alkaline or mawkish taste.
7th. The ingredients that form its composition are more beneficial than otherwise.
8th. Dyspeptic subjects can eat hot Bread or Rolls made with it and derive benefit by its use.
9th. Every Packet contains its full weight; one pound packets weigh 16 ounces.
10. It is all that it is represented to be, namely:
Unrivalled for Purity and Cheapness.
Sole Agents for Ottawa,
J. G. ROBINSON & Co.,
The Tea Pot
The Trade supplied at the Manufacturer's prices.
Ottawa, December 10, 1868. 886-6m

MONTREAL WAREHOUSE,
SUSSEX-STREET
The undersigned have now COMPLETED their
FALL IMPORTATIONS,
COMPRISING A
GENERAL AND SELECT STOCK
OF
FAMILY GROCERIES,
WINES, LIQUORS,
AND PROVISIONS, &c., &c.
JAS. MARTIN & CO.
Ottawa, November 27, 1868. 657y

Educational.

EDUCATION—CLASSICAL AND GENERAL.
THE REV. GEO. NOEL HIGGINSON, M. A., Incumbent of New Edinburgh, the with especial sanction of the Bishop of the Diocese, receives a limited number of the sons of gentlemen as morning pupils.
Residence—Dalhousie-st., Ottawa.
Terms made known on application. 940tf

ST. ALBAN'S SCHOOL.
DALY-ST.
PRINCIPAL:
REV. BICKERTON A. EDWARDS, B. A.,
(ex-scholar Jesus Coll., Oxford.)
Business will be resumed on MONDAY, JAN. 4th. Hours of Study—9:30 a.m. to 12:30, and 2 to 4 p.m.
SCHOOL FEES.—For Sound Commercial and English Education, $8 per term. Higher Mathematics, Latin, Greek, French and Music, (each) $2 per term EXTRA.
The school year will, as hitherto, be divided into three terms.
A reduction made for brothers, and for payments made in the first week of term. 938tf

Publications.

JONES & HOLLAND
Have for sale
Carpenter's Penny Readings, in Cloth and Muslin;
Hillgrove's Illustrated Ball Room Guides.
Photograph Albums, *Very Cheap.*
The Modern Pocket Hoyle.
And take subscribers for Mrs. Beecher's New Monthly Magazine; the Manufacturer and Builder; the American Builder, &c., &c.

NEW PUBLICATION.
CHRONICLES OF CANADA.
BY
H. BEAUMONT SMALL, S.C.L.
Price, 50 cents. For sale by the publisher,
936tf GEORGE E. DESBARATS.

Dry Goods.

HICK & CO.
Have removed to their NEW STORE, in Stewart's Block, Corner of Rideau and Sussex-sts., where they will offer, in connection with their goods,
$30,000 WORTH OF DRY GOODS
Purchased at Public Auction lately, from the immense Bankrupt Stock of the late firm of DESMARTERY, JORDAINE & CO., of Montreal, and sold on account of T. JAMES CLAXTON. The goods are all new and of very superior quality, being imported expressly for a fashionable Montreal trade; and, as they have succeeded in purchasing the goods far below the sterling cost, they are prepared to offer bargains never before offered in this city. The following are some of the lines of goods offered, viz.:

		s. d.		s. d.
100 pieces	different qualities Black Silks			
80 do	Single width plain Wincey	5	worth	0 8
100 do	Fancy, single width Wincey	7½	"	1 0
62 do	Double width plain Wincey	7½	"	1 0
80 do	Double Delaines	7½	"	1 3
70 do	do Poplin	7½	"	1 0
150 do	do Cobourg	7½	"	1 3
150 do	Assort'd Dress Goods	9	"	1 6
33 do	Empress Reps	1 6	"	3 0
60 do	Bl'k French Merino	1 6	"	3 0
75 do	Fancy Colors—your choice for	2		
200 do	Black Empress Rep only	10	"	2 0

Also, a splendid assortment of
Hannibal Cloths, Oriental Lustres
Livini Poplins, Alberteena Cloths
Princess Alexandra Embossed Poplins
Mandarin Lustres, Eugenia Reps, &c.

1,000 doz. FRINGED TOWELS, all Linen, 6d each.

SHAWLS.
35 Filled Shawls.
83 Shepherd Long Shawls
101 Fancy, all wool Longs
167 Assorted Square Shawls.

COTTONS.
120 pieces Grey Cotton 1¼ yards wide, for......6 d
160 do Bleached Horrocks and Millars......6½d
165 do Good Prints......4 d
303 do Best English Prints, Hoyle's and Ashton's......6½d
159 do French Calicos, in choice patterns...8 d

CLOTHS.

		s. d.		s. d.
20 pieces	Waterproof	3 9		
80 do	Double Width Overcoating	2 9	worth	7 6
35 do	Scotch Tweed	2 6	do	5 0
100 do	Canadian Tweed	1 3	do	2 6
100 do	Full Cloth, very heavy	2 9	do	3 6

Also, a splendid lot of
BROAD CLOTHS, BEAVERS,
Witneys, Mantle Cloths,
BLACK DOES, &c., &c., &c.,
at correspondingly low prices.
85 PIECES DOMINION TWEED,
Something New—one of the heaviest cloths made—*at a great sacrifice.*
1,000 doz. TABLE NAPKINS, all Linen, only 6s 3d per dozen.

SHIRTS! SHIRTS! SHIRTS!
1,000 Flannel Shirts, only......2 6
200 White Cotton Shirts, only......3 9
500 Under Shirts, only......3 3
300 Hespler's heaviest make, Ribbed......5 0 worth 8 9
Paper Collars—100 collars for 3s 9d.
500 pieces 2½-yards wide Linen Sheeting......3 3 worth 5
5 do 2-yards wide, Union Sheeting......1 7 do 3
81 do Table Damask and 300 Damask Table Cloths, at a frightful sacrifice......

Also, Red and White Flannels, Canadian Shirting Flannels, Hoop Skirts, Crash Towellings, Irish Linen, Clouds, Breakfast Shawls, Hemp Carpets, &c., &c.
CORSETS, 2s 6d.
Blankets—A large lot of slightly damaged Blankets for about half price.
1,000 Linen Bags, 1s, worth 1s 6d; 40 cases Men's Heavy Boots, very low; 3 cases Men's Heavy French Calf, 12s 6d. Also, a heavy stock of Gentlemen's Clothing.
$3.50......OVERCOATS.
4.00......heavy OVERCOATS.
90 cts. up......PANTS.
50 cts. to $1.25......VESTS.
$8.00......Black Broadcloth......FALL SUITS.
A large staff of polite and attentive salesmen will be in readiness to wait on customers.
H. HICK & CO.
Customers will please report any inattention on the part of salesmen.

AT CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S
The greatest novelty of the season is the
BOULEVARD FELT UNDERSKIRT,
Unsurpassed for
BEAUTY, ECONOMY & DURABILITY
AT
CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S
No. 14, RIDEAU-ST.

REMOVAL
TO
NO. 34, SPARKS-ST.
T. RAJOTTE
having removed to more commodious premises, takes pleasure in announcing to his numerous customers and the public generally that he has now a large and well selected stock of
STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS,
consisting of
Flannels, Black Cloths
Winceys, Beaver Cloths
Cottons, Meltons
Prints, Tweeds
&c., &c.
We have also on hand a large assortment of
READY-MADE CLOTHING,
which, being manufactured on the premises, we can recommend, and sell cheaper than any shop in this city.
THE TAILORING DEPARTMENT.
This department is under the superintendence of a well-known first-class cutter and workman. All orders punctually attended to.
Don't forget the place, No. 34, Sparks-st. Store lately occupied by G. Fetherston & Co., next door to Magee & Russell's old store.
88 y T. RAJOTTE.

FLOWER BULBS.
Shipped per *Hibernian*, and to arrive in a few days, a very superior assortment of
HYACINTH, TULIP AND OTHER FALL BULBS.
These Bulbs will be found superior to anything yet imported.
WILLIAM HEARN,
Market Drug Store,
York-st.
Ottawa, October 17, 1868. 874tf

Groceries.

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS
—FROM—
OPORTO, SPAIN, COGNAC
AND LONDON,
Consisting of
PORT, SHERRY, BRANDY, GIN
AND SCOTCH WHISKEY, &c.
PICKLES, SAUCES, JAMS & JELLIES
&c., &c., &c.,
FROM CROSSE & BLACKWELL.
—LIKEWISE,—
A FULL assortment of FRESH FRUIT, the BEST in market.
TABLE and Cooking RAISINS, CURRANTS, &c.
FLAVOURING EXTRACTS and SPICES—Genuine.
PRESERVED and CAN FRUITS, assorted to suit the holiday season.
ALMERIA GRAPES, FRESH FIGS and PORTUGUESE ONIONS.
50 TINS NEW HONEY, in 5 lb. and 8 lb. tins.
200 STILTON CHEESE, 6 lbs. to 8 lbs. size, from Reesor Brothers' celebrated Factory.
SHERRY WINE—Good Table Wine—$1.25 to $3.00.
PORT WINE—Good Table Wine $1.50 to $4.50.
ALL KINDS of GENUINE LIQUORS. Price according to age and quality.
100 BOXES DIGBY HERRINGS—large boxes at 75 cts. each.
LABRADOR HERRINGS, the very best, in barrels and half barrels.
10 CASES SCOTCH LING—Good.
TEAS—Black, Green and Japans—Warranted Good, and selected for family use.
SUGARS and SYRUPS of all grades.
COFFEES—Always Fresh—Best Brands—Try them.
TOBACCOS—The Finest Qualities—Virginia make in cut, tin foil and plug.
A GENERAL assortment of the different kinds of *GROCERIES AND LIQUORS* on hand, Wholesale and Retail, at the *LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICES* for Warranted Goods. A trial of the articles will recommend them.
For sale at
THOS. PATTERSON'S,
No. 26, Rideau-street.
Ottawa, November 27, 1868. 878

JUST RECEIVED,
AT THE
INDIA WAREHOUSE,
No. 16, RIDEAU-ST.,
And for sale cheap, by
D. T. BROWNE & CO.,
Wholesale and Retail
Grocers, Wine and Spirit Merchants,
FRESH OYSTERS,— in Tins,
PRESERVED OYSTERS do
FRESH HALIBUT do
FRESH SALMON do
FRESH MACKEREL do
FRESH LOBSTERS do
GREEN PEAS do
LEMON, GINGER, ORANGE,
Banana, Peach, Blackberry, Raspberry and Strawberry Syrups.
RASPBERRY VINEGAR,
FRY'S Chocolate and Cocoa,
MOTT'S Cocoa Paste,
MORTON'S Bloater Paste,
TOMATO and other Catsups
ANCHOVY Paste,
STRASBURGH Meats,
POTTED Beef and Tongues
PRESERVES and Jellies in great variety,
ORANGE Marmalade,
MORRISON, TAYLOR & Co.'s
Celebrated Sugar Cured Hams and Breakfast Roll Bacon.
PICKLED Salmon,
PICKLED Mackerel,
PICKLED HERRINGS,
In Half Barrels, Barrels and Tierces,
DRY Codfish,
DRY Haddock,
FINNAN Haddies, &c., &c.,
And a full stock of Choice Family Groceries.
Ottawa, Nov. 3, 1868.

BOTTLED ALE,
BOTTLED ALE,
BOTTLED ALE.
The subscriber would called the attention of Families and others to his
FINE BOTTLED ALE
Which is in splendid condition. Also,
SCOTCH, IRISH, OLD RYE,
And other Malt Whiskies,
PORTS, SHERRIES, BRANDIES, GIN, &c.,
To other with a General Assortment of
FIRST-CLASS GROCERIES.
A call ...dly solicited.
D. WHELAN,
44, Rideau-street,
Opposite Allan's Crockery Store
Ottawa, Jan. 20, 1868.

PIANO TUNING.—The subscriber having decided to divide his time equally between Ottawa and Ogdensburgh, would beg to inform his his old patrons and others, that he hopes, in future, to attend to their orders for tuning more promptly than heretofore. Shall visit Ottawa once a month. Orders received at Mr. Bermingham's Auction Rooms, and at E. Miles' Music Store.
GEO. N. BENEDICT.

HORSE INFIRMARY,
AND
VETERINARY ESTABLISHMENT
YORK-STREET, OTTAWA,
Next to Salmon's Hotel.
A. J. F. COLEMAN, V. S
(Member of the College of Veterinary Surgeons Toronto; by appointment, V.S., to the Co. of Carleton Agricultural Society.)
Orders or communications promptly attended to and medicines sent to any part of the Dominion. Charges moderate. 812y

Dry Goods.

Shewing This Day.
GRANT & HENDERSON,
No. 20, Rideau-st,
Are offering an extensive Stock of
DRESS GOODS.
WINCIES,
SHAWLS and
BLANKETS,
AT THE LOWEST CASH PRICES.
N. B.—An extensive assortment of general DRY GOODS always in stock.
LATEST STYLES AND FASHIONS.
INSPECTION INVITED.
No. 20, Rideau-st.

CLOTHING,
CHEAP AND FASHIONABLE,
READY-MADE AND TO ORDER.
O'MEARA & CO.,
ESTABLISHED IN 1844,
Offer for sale an extensive importation of FALL AND WINTER GOODS, comprising Ready-made Clothing, Canadian Tweeds, Etoffes, Satinetts; also a large stock of Blankets, Flannels, Kerseys, Gray Cottons, Prints, Winceys, Plaids, &c., &c.; Broadcloths, Beavers, Witneys, Petershams, Devons, &c.; Bedford Cords, Silk Mixtures, West of England Tweeds, Doeskins, &c., wholesale and retail, which will be made up to order on the shortest notice in the latest styles of fashion and at prices that
DEFY COMPETITION.
A general assortment of Dry Goods, the largest stock ever offered for sale in this city.
$1.25 BLANKETS $6.00. $3.00
TAILORING DEPARTMENT.
Particular attention given to the Tailoring Department, which is under the supervision of a first-class cutter.
$2 ......GREY ETOFFE PANTS,
$4.50 ......GOOD PEA JACKETS,
$4 ......OVERCOATS,
$9 ......COMPLETE SUITS,
$1 ......GOOD VESTS,
75 CTS., $1 and $1.25 ......UNDERSHIRTS,
75 CTS., $1 and $1.25 ......DRAWERS
A. DUFF. O'MEARA & CO.
Ottawa, October 27 1868. 882y

TO FARMERS & OTHERS.
TRADE O. A. A. & Co. MARK.
Farmers and others should buy their TEA and COFFEE from
A. G. AUDY & CO.,
who are daily receiving by direct importations Tea and Coffee of the finest quality. Their business is conducted on the English principle, and the above named articles can be procured in 5 and 10 pound catties and upwards. The purchaser receives the benefit of a neat package, a good article, and at wholesale prices. Perfect satisfaction is ensured, and any goods not proving according to sample can be returned at our expense. We will pay the carriage on 4 five or 2 ten lb catties to the nearest railway station. For the accommodation of farmers and others not having heard of the advantage offered them, we have engaged trustworthy agents who will make occasional trips throughout the surrounding country and solicit their orders. Any favors submitted to them will receive prompt attention. We do not sell less than a cattie, and nothing but Tea and Coffee sold. The following is the list of prices:

BLACK TEA.	
Common Congou, Strong Tea	$0 45 @ 50
Fine Flavoured New Season do	0 55 @ 60
Excellent Full Flavoured do	0 75 @ 80
Sound Oolong	0 40 @ 45
Rich Flavoured, do	0 55 @ 60
Very Fine, do do	0 75 @ 80
Japan Good	0 50 @ 60
Very Good	0 65 @ 70
Finest	0 75 @ 80
GREEN TEA.	
Twankay, Common	0 35 @ 40
Fine do	0 55 @ 60
Young Hyson	0 50 @ 60
Fine do	0 75 @ 85
Superfine and Very Choice	1 00 @ 09
COFFEE.	
Mocha	$0 22, 0 27, 0 22, 0 33
Java	0 20, 0 25, 0 29, 0 32
Ceylon	0 18, 0 22, 0 28, 0 29

Remember the place,
A. G. AUDY & CO.,
Elgin-st., opposite the Russell House.

Music.

MESSRS. J. L. ORME & SON
Respectfully call the attention of the public to their magnificent stock of
PIANO-FORTES, ORGANS,
AND MELODEONS,
In their new Show Room, comprising
PIANO-FORTES, *from all the leading makers.*
WARREN'S PIPE ORGANS,
ORGANS and MELODEONS from the best factories in the United States, excelling in finish and tone anything ever brought into this country.
Now is the time for intending purchasers.
PRICES LOW & TERMS LIBERAL.
Our stock of Concertinas, Violins, Flutes, &c., &c., is, as usual, very large.
New Sheet Music and Books constantly arriving.
J. L. ORME & SON,
Sign of the Golden Lyre,
944tf No. 8, Sparks-st., next Durie & Son's.

LAND FOR SALE.—The subscribers beg leave to inform the public that they have the following lots for sale, viz.:
Lot Number 14, East side of Dalhousie-street,
" " 4, Lang's Block, N. Side Rideau-street, } Ottawa.
" " 20, South Side of Besserer-street, }
The west half fifty acres of lot number eleven, in the tenth Concession of the Township of Cumberland, and Lots 174 and 186, in Block 120. Lot 39, of the Township of Nepean, known as the Rochester property.
All applications for further particulars, &c., must be made to the undersigned.
ROSS & PARSONS,
Solicitors, &c.
Ottawa, 11th January, 1869. 946

THE AGRICULTURAL ACCOUNTS.

Letter from Mr. White to the President of the Board.

To the Honourable David Christie, President of the Board of Agriculture.

TORONTO, Jan. 9, 1869.

SIR,—Your statement before the Board of Agriculture on Thursday last, published in the *Globe*, in which I am honoured with some share of attention, would have been noticed by me sooner, had other duties not interfered. I propose to-day, late as it is, with your permission, to call your attention to certain circumstances which appear to have escaped your notice, but which, in the public interest, it is important should not be lost sight of.

Near the close of your statement, growing eloquent under the sense of injury under which you laboured, you are reported to have said of my report and myself: "There "could not be more damning falsity of the "report than that which he had presented, "and he felt he did not speak too strongly "when he used that language. It was difficult "to see how a man could deliberately make "a report so easily capable of confutation, "and now so triumphantly confuted."

This is tolerable strong language, Mr. David Christie. Let me enquire, for a moment, how far you were justified in using it. You are not singular in the blunder of confounding these matters in my report which I have ventured to state of my own knowledge, and upon my own responsibility, and those portions which I have stated on the responsibility of others. But the distinction is one which must be made, and it may as well be made at this point as elsewhere. My statement, in reference to a bank account, was given on the authority of your Treasurer; with his denial, I will deal further on. I nowhere, in the report, have made the statement on my own responsibility, and of my own personal knowledge, that there was no bank account. What I did state of my own personal knowledge, was—

1st. That on the 30th November last, there was a balance in the Treasurer's hands amounting to $12,047.76.

2nd. That down to the date of my report, or rather to the 17th December, which was the day upon which I obtained the statement of those payments from Mr. Dennison, there has been paid a sum of $1,168.76, for which vouchers to the amount of $141.66 had been produced.

3rd. That having ascertained the balance which the Board should have at its credit, I wrote to Mr. Dennison asking to be permitted to examine his bank book, and to be informed of the manner in which the Bank accounts of the Board had been kept; and that I was not furnished with the bank book, nor was any information afforded to me of the manner in which the account has been kept.

4th. That the large balance which, by the accounts, appeared to the credit of the Board, is not available in cash, but that Mr. Dennison is willing to give any security that may be required from him.

5th. That the Board, while a large balance appeared by the books to their credit, were borrowing money from the bank, paying large sums by way of interest on renewals, and I ventured, on this point, the suggestion that, inasmuch as the necessity for borrowing money arose out of the default of the Treasurer, the Agricultural Societies ought not to be charged the interest, but that it should be made a charge upon the Treasurer personally. I have looked in vain through your statement, sir, for any expression of opinion from you on this point.

6. That the audits which the accounts have undergone in the past have been practically valueless.

Now, sir, these are the substantial allegations of my report. They are allegations in which the farmers of Ontario feel an interest, for to them it must be a matter of supreme indifference whether there was a bank account or not, seeing that the money of the Association was not in the Bank. They are allegations which you have passed over almost without remark, your indignation—that is such indignation as one so dignified can muster—being expended on the minister who ordered the investigation, and the unfortunate individual who made it, and whose report has "surprised"—that's your word—you into the knowledge of the fact that the Board had no funds, when it should have had thousands of dollars lying with its banker. Think you, that with every single fact of my report, stated upon my own responsibility, thus sustained, you were justified in using such naughty language as "damning evidence of the falsity of the report?"

Four-fifths of your statement is devoted to proving that there has been a bank account. With that fact permit me to say I have nothing to do. The only question which concerns me is, whether Mr. Dennison made the statement to me that there was no bank account, and with that I now propose to deal.

As stated by me, having examined the accounts of the Board, and checked them with the vouchers, I proceeded to what I considered the next step in the enquiry. It never occurred to me, while checking those vouchers, that there was no Board account with the Bank. But I did suspect that when the account came to be examined, it would be found that the large balance which ought to be at the credit of the Board would be found wanting; and I based that suspicion upon the fact that the Treasurer, when statements of accounts came to be demanded, had put in a claim for $6,338 for back services extending over fifteen years. You, sir, did your best to get that amount allowed, knowing—as I venture to affirm that you did know, or you are more stupid than your bitterest enemy would give you credit for being—that there was a large deficiency, which this sum would do something towards reducing. You were willing to rob the farmers of Ontario of this large amount of money, in order that your own gross carelessness, and your treasurer's mismanagement—to use a mild expression—might be concealed from the public view. I wrote Mr. Dennison on the 15th, asking information upon a number of matters which had occurred to me in the examination of the books and accounts, and in the seventh paragraph of that letter, which I quote in full, I said:

"I should be glad to receive from you a "statement in detail of the receipts of the "present year; and I beg also to be permitted to examine your bank book, and to have "from you such explanations as may be "necessary in relation to the manner in which "the Bank account of the Association is kept, "and whether any interest is received on deposits, which, especially in the past, must "have, at times, amounted to a considerable "sum."

I agreed to meet Mr. Dennison at Mr. Thomson's office on the 17th December, and I did meet him there. I did not receive the Bank book, as requested, nor did I get any information as to how the account was kept; but on the contrary, Mr. Dennison made a statement to me which appeared so extraordinary, that I at once reduced my impression of it to writing, and sent it to him, with the intention, as your friend of the *Globe* shrewdly remarked this morning, of getting his answer in black and white. My letter was in these words:

"Referring to our conversation this morning, I would be glad to learn from you "whether I rightly understood you to say that "you kept no separate Bank account for the "Board of Agriculture and Agricultural Association; and that at this moment, when you "hold yourself personally responsible for any "balance which might appear from the accounts to the credit of the Association, such "balance was not deposited in any Bank, nor "available in cash at any moment."

That letter was written on the 17th, and Mr. Dennison was requested in it to address his reply to me at the Queen's Hotel. In it I also asked for certain vouchers for moneys paid since the 30th November. These vouchers were left for me at the Queen's on the morning of the 19th, but no letter accompanied them: and on the 21st I met Mr. Dennison, when, as I stated in my report, he said I had rightly understood him. He denies this now, and upon the strength of his denial, you, sir, have ventured to use the strong language which I have quoted at the commencement of this letter towards myself. Had you been more anxious to condemn the defaulter, and less anxious to attack the person whose duty it became to expose the default, you would have at least have looked at the collateral evidence. You would have seen that Mr. Dennison was asked for his Bank book, and that it was not produced: you would have seen that he was four days in possession of my impression, reduced to writing, of his reasons for refusing to show his Bank book, and that he never took the trouble to correct that impression; and you would at least have asked him why, if he did not state that he kept no Bank account, he did not, when required to do so, produce the Bank book, and afford explanations of the manner in which the Bank account was kept.

But Mr. Dennison has written another letter. On the 31st December he addressed this letter to the *Globe*,—

"To the Editor of the Globe.

"SIR,—I have been astonished at the appearance of a paragraph in the *Globe* of this morning, to the effect that there is a deficiency "of ten thousand dollars in the Treasury of "the Board of Agriculture, which scan in no "way be accounted for.

"I have the honour to be Treasurer of the "Board of Agriculture and Agricultural Association, *and I most distinctly deny that there is a* "*deficiency of ten thousand dollars, or any other* "*arrears*, or that any sum or sums of money "have come into my hands unaccounted for.

"Yours, &c.,

"R. L. DENNISON.

"TORONTO, Dec. 31, 1868."

Why, sir, did you not use that letter too, as "damning evidence of the falsity of the report?" It is written by the same hand, signed with the same signature, as that to which you attach so much importance. It ought to be equally good evidence of the falsity of the report. Again I ask why did you not use it? You have chosen, upon the evidence of Mr. Dennison, evidence utterly irreconcileable with the collateral circumstances, to hold me up as unworthy of credit, and thus break the effect of the exposures which it has been my duty to make; and that when you knew that the same Mr. Dennison whose letter you held in your hand, dated the 7th January, offering security for the payment of the proved and admitted deficiency in his accounts, had, over his own signature only eight days before, in a public newspaper, denied that there was any deficiency whatever?

But you say there were cheques among the vouchers, and you expressed your surprise that I should, after seeing those cheques, have had "the assurance to state that there had been no bank account kept for the Board of Agriculture." Let me here repeat that I made no such statement; that I simply reported the statement made to me by your treasurer. But these cheques have been made to multiply far beyond their deserts. I have heard of one of your colleagues in the Board, who has been running around the city ever since the appearance of the report, with the stumps of an old cheque book, triumphantly exhibiting them as evidence of the falsity of my report. You know that these cheques are not entitled to the weight you have attached to them. Among the vouchers of 1867, there were not, if my memory serves me, a dozen such cheques altogether; in those of 1868, and in reference to them I have consulted the gentleman who checked the accounts with me, and his recollection accords with my own, there was not, if I remember rightly, a single one, certainly not half a dozen. The vouchers were in the nature of receipts. But supposing it had been otherwise, and that there had been a large number of cheques, would you have had me infer from these cheques the existence of a Bank account, against the positive statement of the Treasurer, who drew them, that there was no such account. This is on a par with the suggestion of the *Globe* that, having been told by the Treasurer that he had given no sureties to the Board, I should have gone to the Secretary and asked for the bond.

And now, sir, having got rid of this mere personal matter, which is only important because of the importance you have yourself attached to it, let me say a word or two in reference to the position you occupy in relation to these transactions. Speaking for yourself and your colleagues you are reported to have said: "They regretted, in common "with others, that there should be this deficiency, the knowledge of which had come "upon them by surprise through this report." I propose to afford "damning evidence of the falsity" of this statement, so far as you yourself concerned, and I think the public will say that I do not write so strongly as I use such language. I trust you will excuse my plagiarism of your own elegant expressions.

Let me go back to the time of the failure of the Bank of Upper Canada, and to the evidence concerning your proceedings in relation to that event, which you publish. When the bank failed there was in it, according to Mr. Dennison's statement in reply to Mr. Johnson, upwards of $16,000. Did it occur to you that there should have been more than that sum? You had, at the commencement of the year, $15,457.82 on hand, of which, it is to be presumed, you were aware. You had received, in the meantime, the Government grants, amounting to upwards of $50,000, and you had not paid out all the sums to county societies, they having received their money, after the failure of the bank, in the proceeds of Upper Canada Bank Bills. As you went to the Bank to transfer the account, it is fairly to be presumed that you ascertained the state of it. Why did it not occur to you then that there was something wrong? You had the accounts of the Board before you; you were specially deputed to transfer the account, and presumably therefore to examine it, and yet, although this deficiency notoriously existed at that time, you failed to discover it. Then when the accounts of the year came to be balanced, and it was found there was a balance on the 31st December to the credit of the Board of $20,708.22, did it not occur to you that no balance could in the nature of things be available from the position of the account when you transferred it? For, mark, although the account was transferred to the Bank of British North America, the funds were not transferred: and as there was no large sum received between the exhibition and the end of the year, this amount could not have been available.

If you failed to discover these things, although taking the most active part, according to the testimony produced by you, in the proceedings connected with the removal of the account from one Bank to another, surely you ought to have discovered them in July following, when you became the maker of a note on which money was borrowed for the use of the Board. There were $20,708.22 to the credit of the Board on the first January, 1867; in July of the same year, you became the maker of a note of $4,800 for Board purposes; later in the year you were a party to the renewal of that note. In January, 1868, the accounts showed a balance to the credit of the Board of $12,493.67; in February you again became a party to the renewal of that note, and again in May, paying all the while large sums for interest, which were charged to the Board, and the note remains to this day unpaid, in spite of the large apparent balance that the Board has in hand. And yet, you tell us that the knowledge of the deficiency came upon you by surprise through my report! That statement, sir, is simply incredible. You are aware, in the very nature of things you must have been aware, for years past, that this deficiency existed, and you criminally kept the knowledge of that fact from your colleagues in the Board, and from the public whose trustee you were.

I do not wonder, sir, that this exposure has somewhat excited you, and that, dignified as you are, you should have lost your temper over it. The Agricultural Societies of Ontario, who for years have been baulked by you in their efforts to promote such a change in the law as would infuse new life in the Board, will form a shrewd suspicion now of the causes of your determined opposition. You have been connected with the Board and Association, as you say, from its commencement; you, sir, have been for years President, and its most active member. You leave it now on the inauguration of a new system, with its funds in a disgraceful state of confusion, with its Treasurer a defaulter to a large amount, with prizes remaining unpaid.

for months and years, and the public becoming so dissatisfied that many refuse to exhibit at all, with your own by-laws, requiring the publication of statements, for five years past systematically violated, and with a strong conviction in the public mind that the whole concern has been, and is, rotten to the core. With such a record as the result of seventeen years' labour to promote the interests of agriculture, it is not to be wondered at that you feel aggrieved, and that those who have been instrumental in bringing these facts to light should receive your condemnation. You say the Board of Agriculture court the fullest publicity, and yet your statement is largely taken up with abuse of the Commissioner of Agriculture, for affording you that publicity. While from the beginning to the end of your speech, reported, I presume, by yourself, seeing that reporters were refused admittance to your meeting, you have not one word of condemnation for the real offender, nor one suggestion that officers, who have been using Board moneys without interest, at a time when the Board was, with your knowledge, paying large sums on funds borrowed from the bank, should be required, at least, to make good these disbursements for interest.

I might refer to other matters connected with your statement, but my letter is already long enough. I felt it due to myself to point out how unjust your attack upon me was, and to the community, to warn them against being diverted from the main point of the large deficiency which has accumulated through your carelessness, by the side issues which you have attempted to raise. And this done, I leave the matter in the hands of the public.

Your obedient servant,
THOS. WHITE, Jr.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Hearth and Home, a Weekly Journal—Pettengil, Bates & Co.
Novelties at the Variety Hall.

The Ottawa Times

Office: 38, Sparks Street.

WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 13, 1869.

☞ *For Ottawa Markets and interesting reading see Fourth Page.*

The Hon. Mr. Rose leaves town this morning, and will return in the early part of next week.

The Hon. Mr. Mitchell is expected here to-day.

Messrs. Walsh and Coffin, Commissioners, and Mr. Sandford Fleming, Chief Engineer, Intercolonial Railway, arrived here yesterday afternoon.

Mr. Chandler remained over at St. John, and Mr. Brydges at Montreal. They will be here in the course of a few days.

The Commissioners left St. John on the 29th ult., for Halifax, and returned thence, passing over the whole route, and examining all important points. Everywhere they were most hospitably received, and at several points addresses of congratulation were presented by the inhabitants.

A change in the mode of letting the contracts—from schedule prices to so much per mile—has been determined on. Specifications, &c., in accordance with this determination, are on view at the office here, and at the other established offices along the line.

Tenders for the construction of an additional section in each Province will be advertised for at an early day.

To-day we insert a report of the principal proceedings at the dinner in honour of His Worship the Mayor, given by the members of the Corporation at the Metropolitan saloon on Monday night. Mr. Friel has much reason to feel proud of the very great compliment which was paid him, not only by the members of the Corporation over which he has so successfully presided during the past four years, but also by the Privy Councillors, and other distinguished citizens, who graced the feast with their presence. We presume the dinner is but a prelude to Mr. Friel's re-instalment in the civic chair for the present year; and seeing the success which has attended his administration during 1868 it may fairly be concluded that the Council cannot do better than confer upon him another term of office for 1869.

We have reason to know that neither Mr. G. W. Brega, nor anybody else, has been employed by the Canadian Government to lobby at Washington for a renewal of the Reciprocity Treaty, or for any other purpose. The only representative of the Canadian Government at Washington is the British Ambassador; and even he has not been solicited to make any representation to the Washington Cabinet, on behalf of this Government, for a renewal of the Treaty. The initiatory steps for a new Treaty must come from the Americans themselves, after they have considered the matters involved in the light of American interests. Mr. Brega made, last spring, a valuable report on the trade between the British American Provinces and the United States; and from the American standpoint arrived at conclusions favourable to the renewal of the Treaty. But this report was drawn up at the instance of the Treasury Department at Washington, and was printed and distributed by order of Congress, a proceeding with which it is hardly necessary to say that our Government had nothing at all to do. Having no agent at Washington (save the British Minister) we need scarcely add that our Government has not expended a cent, either for "lobbying" or other purposes, in that quarter.

We have made the above statement, "fully and unequivocally," chiefly for the consolation of the editor of the *Globe*, who was, apparently, not satisfied with the contradiction of the report concerning Mr. Brega, which appeared in some of the Western journals. The *Globe regrets* "that no denial of the statement has come from Ottawa." We beg of him to read the above, and console himself. Had we imagined he was in such dire distress about the matter, we should certainly have come sooner to his relief.

To-day we give up a considerable portion of our space to Mr. White's letter to the Hon. David Christie, in reply to the latter's so-called "confutation" of Mr. White's report. We have already shewn that the Hon. David Christie's reply to that report was a damaging *expose* of the conduct of the Board, and especially of his own as its President, and not a vindication from any of the material charges preferred against it. What avails a "Bank account" with little or nothing to one's credit? Those, and there ought to be many among our readers, who feel an interest in the management of the Board of Agriculture, will do well to peruse Mr. White's letter, as they will there find convincing proof that Mr. Christie, if re-elected to the Board, is totally unfit for any position of responsibility on it, other than that with which his own constituents may invest him.

It is amusing to notice the wriggling of the *Globe* on this subject. It affects to believe that Mr. Christie, innocent man, was totally ignorant of anything being wrong with the finances until the 23rd of last month, though his name had been a kite-flying for the past six months. It believes Mr. White "made two mistakes," because he reported statements made to him, one of which has since been acknowledged, and the other of which certainly wears every probability of having been made to Mr. White as he reported it; otherwise, why was not the bank book produced? It thinks it very "remarkable," too, that Mr. Carling, after months of waiting on the officers of the association, should have resorted to the only method left him for obtaining the information. All these shiftings and carpings can have but one object—to divert attention from the part which the Board has played in the transaction. On all hands it appears to be agreed that a fuller investigation ought to be ordered, extending over a period of years.

The *Globe* mourns over the defection of a number of members of the Local Legislature "elected by Reform votes." Their crime consists in having voted with the Government, instead of with Messrs. Blake and McKellar. This looks as if the Ontario Government were growing stronger, and contrasts strangely with some predictions of its early and utter discomfiture which we remember having read, not yet a very great while ago.

From a despatch published elsewhere it will be seen that the Intercolonial Railway Commissioners left Riviere du Loup on Monday for home. They have had a warm reception from the people along the line of road over which they passed.

THE DINNER TO HIS WORSHIP MAYOR FRIEL.

On Monday evening the Aldermen of the city gave a dinner to His Worship the Mayor, and if Mayor Friel's popularity is to be judged by the manner in which the entertainment in his honour was attended, that gentleman has no reason to complain of his *status* in the metropolis.

The following is a list of the invitations:

Sir John A. Macdonald, K.C.B.
Hon. S. L. Tilly, C. B.
Hon. John Rose.
Hon. Mr. Campbell.
Hon. Mr. Kenny.
Hon. Mr. Langevin, C. B.
Hon. Mr. Mitchell.
Hon. Mr. Chapais.
Col. Lord Alexander Russell.
Hon. Col. Gray, M. P.
Col. Wily.
Hon. Mr. J. Skead.
J. M. Currier, Esq., M.P.
Dr. J. A. Grant, M.P.
Mr. Alonzo Wright, M.P.
Mr. John Owens.
Mr. R. W. Scott, M.P.P.
Mr. Robert Lyon, M.P.P.
Judge Armstrong.
Mr. J. B. Lewis, Recorder.
Sheriff Powell.
Mr. M. O'Gara, Police Magistrate.
Dr. Swetland, President of St. George's Society.
Mr. James Fraser, President of St. Andrew's Society.
Mr. W. F. Powell, President I. P. B. S.
Mr. Thos. Guerin, President St. Patrick Society.
Mr. Geo. E. Desbarats, President St. Jean Baptiste Society.
Mr. J. W. Peachy, President French Canadian Institute.
Ald. Rochester.
Ald. Cunningham.
Ald. Robinson.
Ald. Bangs.
Ald. Featherston.
Ald. Pratt.
Ald. Martineau.
Ald. Mosgrove.
Ald. Bate.
Ald. Guerard.
Ald. Heney.
Ald. Abbott.
Ald. Goulden.
W. P. Lett, City Clerk.
Ed. Routh, Assistant City Clerk.
W. H. Thompson, Chamberlain.
Thos. Langrell, Chief of Police.
George H. Preston, City Collector.
G. H. Perry, City Engineer.
John Langford, Fire Superintendent.
D. M. Grant, License Inspector.
Roderick Ross, High Bailiff.
The Editor of the Times.
The Editor of the *Citizen*.
The Editor of *Le Canada*.
The Editor of the *Daily News*.
Correspondent of the Montreal *Gazette*.
Correspondent of the *Globe*.
Joseph Aumond, Esq.
R. H. McGreevy, Esq.
R. Cruice, Esq.
Mr. Skelton, New York Post Office.
T. Hunton, Esq.
R. Ryan, Esq.
W. Young, Esq.
G. M. Rose, Esq.
Thos. Gallagher, Esq.
William Graham, Esq.
Andrew Campbell, Esq.
George Mortimer, Esq.
C. McCarron, Esq.
M. Kehoe, Esq.

The dinner was got up in O'Meara's best style, and nothing was wanting in any respect to make the occasion thoroughly enjoyable.

The room was decorated in a very tasteful manner, the royal arms adorning the head of the room, and the sides being festooned with the colours of our country, and ornamented with evergreens, giving it an appearance of the spring time, very grateful to those present.

Ald. Rochester occupied the chair with the Hon. S. L. Tilley on his right, supported by Judge Armstrong, Lieut.-Col. Wily, M. O'Gara, and on the left Sir John A. Macdonald, Col. Gray, of New Brunswick, Sheriff Powell, Dr. Sweetland, &c.

After justice had been done to the viands spread before the company in the very best style of the culinary art, the Chairman, in introducing the first toast, said that the lot fell not upon Jonas, but upon John, and although they had not the right man in the right place, he hoped that the few remarks he would make would be taken in the kindly spirit in which they were meant, and he was sure that the talent around him would amply compensate for the few minutes he should detain them. He would give them a toast which required no prefacing to make it be received with three times three by the gentlemen around him. He gave

"The Queen," three times three.

"The Prince of Wales and the Royal Family."

In introducing the next toast, the chairman said that although he did not wish to take up time, he could not avoid remarking how fortunate we were in having so distinguished a gentleman to rule over us, and in this respect at least we could not complain that the Imperial Government had not been unmindful of our interests. He had great pleasure in giving the health of "His Excellency the Governor-General," song and loud cheers.

There was another toast placed before him, which he had great pleasure in giving, although he knew he could not do it justice; but he was glad that our Sovereign had not been unmindful of the distinguished services which some of our countrymen had rendered to the Empire. He had spoken of the past and its honours, but he would like to say something of the future. We had a right to be proud of the gentlemen who had launched, and so successfully steered, the good ship Confederation till there was every prospect of its including the whole of British North America. With Confederation there were certain things that we must have, and among these was the Ottawa Ship Canal, and as soon as possible a railway through the metropolitan counties. He did not desire to draw forth Government secrets, but he would like to hear an expression of opinion by those in power with regard to constituting a federal district of the neighbourhood of the capital. The interests of the Government and the city went hand in hand, and he hoped the national and local authorities would work together for the common good. One distinguished gentleman present had given evidence of the interest he had taken in maintaining our gracious Sovereign's decision; and although rival cities complained of what they were pleased to call our suburban character, he felt that it was better for a Seat of Government than a great and thronged city. The Sappers' bridge and Pooley's bridge were the property of the Government, and he hoped that they would be widened and improved. Without further remark he would give

"Her Majesty's Ministers." Loud applause and song—"For they are right good fellows."

Sir John A. Macdonald, on rising to respond to the toast, was received with rounds of applause, which continued for some time. He said, Mr. Chairman and gentlemen, in replying, on behalf of Her Majesty's Canadian Ministers, to the toast so cordially put, it afforded him great satisfaction to know that it was by means of an administration of which he was a member, that Her Majesty's decision, with respect to the Capital of Canada, had become *un fait accompli*. (Cheers.) It is within the recollection of most of the present company, that when the enemy had effected an adverse vote in the House of Assembly, the Administration of the day had placed their resignations in the hands of the Governor-General, sooner than evade the responsibilities imposed on them by Her Majesty's decision, and when they afterwards returned to office the country endorsed their conduct. (Cheers.) Since then they had become residents (because it is in effect the same administration) amongst you, and it afforded him sincere pleasure and gratification to be present at this dinner to-night, to do honour to your worthy Chief Magistrate. During the three years he (Sir John A.) had been resident here it had been his lot to be several times in communication with Mr. Friel. He had watched his career narrowly, and on a recent trying occasion, in which we had to struggle with difficulties of no ordinary character, the zeal, intelligence, and perseverance which he displayed had done honour to his character, credit to his judgment, and evidenced the energy and ability with which his duties as a Magistrate were performed. (Cheers.) He had been in many cities, but a more peaceable, orderly, and law-abiding community he had never seen, than the citizens of Ottawa, and it reflected high honour on the Chief Magistrate and Corporation, that such a state of affairs should prevail, as it evidences a vigour and impartial administration of the law and police. (cheers.) From every evidence about him (Sir J. A.) and all he had been able to hear, it appeared to be their intention of giving Mr. Friel another lease of power. He (Sir John A.) could only say that they could not have made a better choice, of which their unanimity is sufficient evidence. (Cheers.) Happy as he was to be the guest of the Corporation, yet neither himself nor colleagues consider themselves strangers amongst you. Why, sir, we are householders, and if not pleased with the council, will exercise our privilege and vote against them. (Laughter.) Our worthy chairman refers to the services of the Administration in reference to the Act of Confederation. Some difficulty on this subject has occurred in Nova Scotia—the smaller community were jealous because their individuality was merged in the larger. It has always been the same, in every similar instance; it was the case with his own countrymen, although the wider field of the Empire was thrown open to them, instead of their own circumscribed area, and so successfully have they availed themselves of it that a Scot and a Newcastle grindstone are to be had in every part of the world. (Cheers.) In Nova Scotia he was happy to say there is great probability that a short time will quiet down the whole agitation, and this great country will be able to start forward on the race of progress united. (Cheers.) British Columbia and the Western Colonies are anxious to come also into the Union. A friend of his (Sir John A.) from Western Canada, who has settled there, has been elected to the representation of the second largest county in population in the colony, on the distinct grounds that he should advocate Union with Canada, and if Vancouver's Island is not unanimous, it is because the officials who compose nearly half the Legislature have coalesced with the officers of the Hudson Bay Company to prevent it. Sir John continued, and said he was sure the exertions of Sir George E. Cartier, and Mr. Macdougall, would be effectual in removing all obstructions towards the acquisition of the Red River country; and Newfoundland, it is expected, will signify her intention of also uniting, through her Legislature, which is to meet in a few days. To consolidate and bind those great colonies together, the link referred to by the Chairman, the Ottawa canal, had almost become a necessity, and the day when they must be constructed is much nearer than their friends believe. (Cheers.) As soon as the resources of the country, now rapidly developing, became adequate to the undertaking, both the Canal and Pacific Railway must be constructed, and no voice would be raised against the Great National Work, which would open the Western States and Colonies to the seaboard. (Cheers.) Coming back to the object for which the company had met here this evening, that of doing honour to the Chief Magistrate of this city, he (Sir John A.) would say that Mr. Friel had shewn a most admirable example in public, private and social life. Thanking the assembly for the hearty manner in which they had responded to the toast, the hon. gentleman resumed his seat amidst applause.

Hon. Mr. Tilley said he thought he ought to be excused. His chief in the Government had already given them his views as to the policy of the Government, to every word of which he could emphatically say "ditto." As a comparative stranger, but still a ratepayer, in the city, he desired to bear testimony to the orderly character of the city under the administration of the honoured guest of the evening. The brief remarks of the hon. gentleman were received with great applause.

The chairman said that in giving the next toast he felt that he was on familiar ground. He and the gentleman to whom they had met to do honour was one of themselves, and he had great pleasure in proposing his health. He gave "Henry J. Friel, Esq., Mayor of the City of Ottawa." [Enthusiastic cheers.]

The Mayor, on rising to respond to this toast, was received with hearty applause. He said his *confreres*, the Aldermen of the city, had placed him under obligations of an extraordinary character, for he felt that the splendid demonstration of this evening was extravagantly above his merits. That his associates in the city government should, at their own expense, entertain him, and so many distinguished guests, in so sumptuous a style, must be accepted not only as a proof of their kind and generous disposition, but also of their public spirit and high-toned liberality. Anxiously enquiring within his own mind for the reasons which had given rise to the festival of this evening, he had placed but a small share to the credit of his official career as Chief Magistrate of the city. On taking office he had determined on establishing an *esprit du corps*, elevating and purifying the municipal atmosphere, establishing warm personal feelings amongst its members, towards each other, giving opportunities of enjoying social intercourse, seeking for, and obtaining on all proper public occasions, the respect of the community which had selected them for its government, and from the higher authorities of the land, those privileges and concessions to which the Municipal Corporation of the Capital had just and reasonable claims. (Cheers.) It was a source of pride to him, which he would carry with him long after his term of office shall have expired, that in these efforts he had met with a large share of success. He trusted he might, with propriety, say that the distinguished predecessor of the present Governor-General, albeit we find it difficult to account for his eccentric preference of other localities, was, nevertheless, when present, as mindful of municipal privileges as he was remarkable for strict adherence to constitutional usage in the government of the country. His Excellency the present Governor-General, (cheers) in his reply to the addresses presented to him on his arrival, placed on record his appreciation of municipal institutions, stating that he rejoiced to think that the first addresses he received emanated from municipal bodies, similar to those of the Mother Country, and calculated, like them, to afford a practical introduction to, and acquaintance with public affairs, to foster sentiments of independence, and generally to diffuse comfort and satisfaction amongst the community. (Cheers.) The Premier of the Dominion, who he rejoiced to say was their guest this evening, doubly welcome as a distinguished citizen, but still more as a distinguished statesman, (cheers) has always evinced a warm interest in according and obtaining such privileges and advantages as of right appertain to the Corporation of the Capital. (Cheers.) Not the least pleasant, he felt assured, of the transactions of the past year, have been the social gatherings of the Corporation, confined, it is true, for the most part as a matter of custom, chiefly to the members of the Corporation. The little asperities incidental to discussion—the rough edges sometimes obtruding—the mistakes "which occur in the best regulated families," have been periodically rubbed off the tablets of recollection, and kind and generous feelings substituted therefor. These gatherings have been characterized by an absence of excess, but remarkable also for hearty enjoyment, and relaxation, which have left many a pleasant *souvenir*. (Loud cheers.) In endeavouring to account for the demonstration of this evening, he placed it to the account of the reasons and circumstances he had just detailed, with, perhaps, some thought that the operations of the year afforded additional reason for congratulation. His brother members of the City Corporation desired to give what is known as a return of hospitality. (Cheers.) Whatever may be the motive, he was happy to see so many distinguished citizens present. He hoped that the present dinner might prove to be the inauguration of an annual dinner by the City Corporation, at which may be present, as to-night, the statesmen entrusted with the conduct of affairs, disclosing, of course, all they intend to do in the next session of Parliament, (cheers and laughter,) this further copying, as we are proud to do, the long standing example of the Capital of the Empire. We must in this, as in all more essential matters, aim at being worthy of our position. Distinguished strangers, and strangers by no means distinguished—the latter more numerous by many degrees than the former—men from the outer borders of the Dominion, as well as some of the painfully jealous nearer home, find fault with Ottawa, as the Capital, in a thousand ways. Well, as a rule, grumbling is a privilege of the traveller or transient visitor, and due allowance must be made in consequence. But we are willing to admit that Ottawa has had, in some measure, "greatness thrust upon it." The exact central position of Ottawa, between the one extreme of British North America and the other, and the wisdom of the Sovereign who decided, upon grounds of national policy, placed the capital where it is. A great city is not built in a day, and, therefore, Ottawa, which has only just entered upon its fifth decade of years, has not the population—the wealth—the social attractions, of cities like Montreal, Halifax, or Quebec, the youngest of which counts at least its hundred years. We might be disposed to moralize upon the advantages to legislators and others of that economy and absence of the extravagant dissipations of a large city, which characterize such a community as Ottawa now is, but that would be presuming too far, and can only be delicately hinted at. Whether, as regards material improvements, such as water works, new bridges on the route from the vice-Regal residence to the public buildings, drainage and other matters of that kind, or social improvement involving the entertainment of members of the Legislature in their hours of leisure, or transient visitors of distinction, there is, he confessed, a necessity for exertion and enterprise. Their worthy chairman had in an able manner spoken of the material question, and had very properly indicated that the Federal Government should be *en rapport* with the municipality in the furtherance of plans of improvement necessary for the Capital of the Dominion, but which might reasonably be dispensed with in a city of like size, upon which such responsibilities did not rest. Washington, London, Paris, Vienna, St. Petersburg, and other capital cities, have been assisted by reason of their selection as capitals. There is not a city in the old Province of Canada, except Ottawa, which has not had custom houses, post offices and other public buildings erected at the expense of the country. The railroads of the country, except ours, had been chiefly constructed or aided by Government. Ottawa had received no favour, nor even justice. The Parliament and Department buildings may be spoken of as a charge against Ottawa, but much as we value the possession of them we claim that they were a necessity of the circumstance, as they would be had Her Majesty selected any other city in the Province. Even the bridging of the Rideau canal, passing through the very heart of the city, has been hesitated about by the Government, although at every other point on the line of public canals, the duty of affording roadway is admitted by Government, and the Act transferring these works to the Provincial Government assigns that duty to the Government. These few facts, he trusted, would to some extent account for the alleged want of enterprise on the part of the municipality. (Cheers.) It has been more than hinted at, as their chairman had stated, that a federal district should be established in this neighbourhood, on the plan of the federal district of Columbia, and thus give the Federal Government an opportunity of really owning what it assisted to improve, and of governing by its own laws the Federal Capital. He felt persuaded that any well considered proposition of that kind would meet with favour. (Cheers.) He feared that the observations he was addressing to them were too dry and practical for a festive meeting of this kind, but he might say before quitting this subject that a social movement had been proposed last spring, and some steps have been taken, as the Senator for the Division, and the member for the city, might remember, but the project was of sad necessity abandoned; he hoped it would be taken up again within the second month of the new year. (Cheers.) Again he urged that this city should have due allowance made for its youth and inexperience. Incidentally he might say, as indicative of the brief time Ottawa has had to emerge from the gloomy forest into the position of the capital of the country, that the first born on the city's site, since the axe of the white man hewed down the huge maples that cumbered the soil, and whose life, happily for him, had been interwoven with his own, is still as young and gay hearted as the merriest of the city belles. (Cheers.) It must be apparent, therefore, that our city is little more than of age, and our cousins in the older cities of the Province should treat us generously during our youth, for they were once, a very long time ago, it is true, young themselves. Ottawa will give a good account of itself. In time it must become the seat of Government. Providence never gave it its illimitable water power without some wise purpose. The noble river passing by its door is the natural highway from the Atlantic Ocean to our inland seas. Ottawa is the true heart of the country. (Cheers.) Its destiny is apparent. It will become at least the second city in the Province, as regards trade and population. He felt warned that it was time to draw to a conclusion. Of the past year he would say that in all matters of national importance the city had performed its part in such a manner as to exhort praise from all quarters of the Dominion. One dreadful crime—one such is horror for a century—has been perpetrated within our limits, for which expiation is not yet made. Ottawa has mourned over the tomb of the murdered statesman, and ere the sun went down over the ensanguined spot whereon the blood of genius flowed, his murderer and all suspected of complicity in the crime stood within the prison bars. Our duty was done promptly, and for subsequent events the responsibility rests not with us. Alas! that such a gloomy feature should appear in our retrospect of the year. He had touched plainly and simply upon matters and things which appeared to him suitable to the occasion. He might have been prosy, but he felt he had been practical. The respect and confidence exhibited towards him that evening by his brother members of the city government, was far above his deserts. He feared he had become the *enfant gate*—the spoiled child of the community. (Loud cheers.) Again expressing his profound acknowledgments, he resumed his seat amid applause again and again resumed.

The next toast was "The Legislature of Canada."

Dr. Grant, M.P. for Russell, being called upon, said it afforded him very great pleasure to be present in response to the generous invitation of the City Corporation, and to unite with those who were honouring the guest of the evening, Mayor Friel. At this advanced hour, and after the exhaustive speeches of those who had preceded him, he would not inflict upon those present any lengthy remarks. As to the future of our country, and the bright prospect in store for us, that subject has been dilated upon by our worthy Premier, to the entire satisfaction, he felt assured, of every person present. The subject of the Ottawa Ship Canal has received that prominence, as a great public project, which it so well deserved. In fact every public man, either east or west, who had the good of the country at heart, must confess that no undertaking, either in a commercial or military point of view, is so likely to enable us to realize the bright future that our statesmen describe, as the Ottawa Ship Canal. It is to our country what the aorta is to the capillary circulation. Down the valley of the Ottawa must flow the products of the far west,—and he felt satisfied that a work of so important a character, would not be lost sight of by those now moulding the destiny of this great Dominion, and he hoped to see it Confederated, from the Atlantic to the Pacific, under their fostering care. As to the direct object of our meeting at the festive board, he could speak with some degree of confidence, having observed closely the untiring zeal, the constancy and perseverance, with which Mayor Friel, in both his public and private capacity, had worked for the good of this city. Certainly the present banquet is an evidence of the confidence and esteem in which he is held by our City Fathers. We have every evidence that matters and things in general move on more harmoniously than formerly at the council board; in fact they are quite a happy family, and so convinced are our citizens of the fact, that they have all been returned to office without a dissenting voice. Long may Mayor Friel enjoy the position he has worked out for himself—and in conjunction with our City Fathers forward, in every respect, whatever will tend to advance the Metropolitan City of our Dominion.

Hon. Col. Gray said it would ill become him to show the virtues of the Legislature, and their vices were only too well known. He had been a New Brunswicker, and was still so, but the moment the British North America Act was passed he felt that he was a citizen of a new empire, and that he belonged to a great country. The hon. and eloquent gentleman was frequently interrupted with loud cheers during his remarks.

Then came "The Army and Navy, and Volunteers," which was received, as it always is in Central Canada, with three times three.

Lieut.-Col. Wily responded in a brief and eloquent speech; and also Mr. W. P. Lett, Clerk of the Corporation, whose speech was really *the* speech of the evening.

"The Bench and the Bar."

Judge Armstrong responded. The learned gentleman reviewed the history of this part of the country for years past, showing the great progress that had been made. He had years ago pointed to this city as the Seat of Government, and he was glad to know that his predictions had been fulfilled, and that Barrack Hill was now the Seat of Government for a new Empire.

Mr. Mosgrove said he would have been better pleased had it fallen to the lot of an older member of the Bar than he was, for the Barrister's gown had not yet sat upon his shoulders one year, to respond on their behalf. He would, however, make a few observations in regard to the words spoken by the worthy Judge, on the length of time he has presided in our midst, and as he has spoken of the length of time and the changes he saw, he (Mr. M.) would speak of how he has performed his duty. It is now seven years since he first entered a law office, and to enumerate the number of occasions that he had appeared before him in that space, would require the use of the word "thousands," therefore, he could speak with some knowledge, and he must say that all this time, although he [Mr. M.] might differ with him on law sometimes, yet he never knew, on one solitary occasion, justice to suffer at his hands. In respect to the bar, to be a worthy member of that profession is by no means a small honour, for the gown dishonours no man, if he does not dishonour the gown. As to its use, next to the press, it is the great safe-guard to a people's liberties. The bold, able, and fearless advocate has often made tyrants tremble, and forced them to know there is a retributive justice. And as to the prospects of the barrister there is no position that he may not aspire to, and he [Mr. M.] noticed the position it occupies at this festive board. There to the right of the chairman, is our respected Judge, and next on the left is that able statesman, the Premier of this Dominion, and next to him again is that gifted child of eloquence, Col. Gray. All those gentlemen are united as barristers; and not even the sword offers a wider field for ambition than the gown; for the sword may rule in the field, but the gown almost invariably rules in the Senate.

"The National and Benevolent Societies."

Dr. Sweetland responded on behalf of St. George's Society.

Mr. Desbarats on behalf of the Canadian Society.

Sheriff Powell on behalf of the Irish Protestant Benevolent Society.

The next toast, "The officers of the Corporation," was responded to by George H. Perry, Esq., City Engineer, and by William P. Lett, Esq., City Clerk. Mr. Lett, as one of those included in the toast, begged to offer his hearty thanks for the honour. He thanked them for the manner in which the toast had been received. It was a matter of pride and satisfaction to him. He had already had the pleasure, on two or three occasions, in that very room, of making his grateful acknowledgments to the several mayors of the city and members of the Corporation with whom he had the honour of being officially connected for the last fourteen years, for the unvarying kindness and courtesy they had one and all extended to him in his position as a public officer, and he could that night but reiterate his thanks with double intensity. He felt that he should be wanting in his duty to himself, were he to resume his seat without expressing the pleasure, the delight, he experienced in being permitted to have the honour of uniting with them all in paying a justly deserved tribute of respect to his old friend, the Mayor of the City of Ottawa. He believed it was the Chairman who so feelingly alluded to his old school boy days with His Worship, and he thought that he (Mr. Lett) must claim a priority in that particular. The honoured guest of this evening and himself in the days of yore went to the same school, they both had sat upon the same bench—quailed beneath the awful and severe form of the same village pedagogue, and stronger tie still, both had often been flogged with the same rod. He felt that he was doing honour to himself in endeavouring to do honour to one who, by the force of his character, his energy and his talents, had earned for himself so enviable a position in the eyes of this community, and trusted that he might long live to enjoy his well won reputation; and in conclusion the speaker hoped that they might all have the pleasure of witnessing many happy scenes like the present. (Continued cheering.)

Then came "The Press."

Responded to by the members present.

"The Ladies" was given and handsomely responded to, and then the chairman in a neat and complimentary speech introduced

"Our Host and Hostess."

Which being duly honored, and responded to by "Mine Host," O'Meara, the company retired.

—For a choice selection of New Tapestry, Brussells, Kidderminster and Imperial 3 ply Carpets, Cocoa Matting, Floor Oil Cloths, Hearth Rugs, Crumb Cloths and Door Mats; Damasks, Repps, Curtain Trimmings, Lace and Muslin Curtains, go to Magee & Russell's new Store, next door to Mr. John Leslie's, Sparks-st.

Messrs. Young & Radford having secured the services of first-class working jewellers in etruscan, filagree, plain, fancy and solid gold work, and having made large additions to their work shop are now better prepared to execute any orders with which they may be entrusted than heretofore. Masonic jewels, gold and silver medals, and every kind of jewellery repaired.

Dress Goods.—A large assortment of ball and evening dresses; also, in fancy, black, Japanese, silk Foulard silks, poplins, &c., at T. & W. Hunton's, whose stock is constantly supplied by their resident agents in London and Paris. Evening silks, &c., shewn by gas light in a room prepared for the purpose, at any hour of the day.

—Last month of the cheap sale at the skirt factory. Skirts at half-price.

—Corsets at the skirt factory for half-price.

MUNICIPAL ELECTIONS.

Gloucester.

Robert Cummings, Reeve; Angus Tremblay, Deputy Reeve; James Brown, Robert Whillans, John Paget, Councillors.

LOCAL NEWS

The Sappers Fire Company.—At a meeting of this company, held last night, the following officers were elected for the ensuing year: Captain, D. Roy, Lieutenant, T. Groulx; Secretary, J. B. Doucet; Treasurer, X. Groulx; Bugler, W. Lyonais; Committee of Finance, J. Smith, J. Mareau, and V. Charboneau; Engineer, E. Marineau.

The Rifle Range.—We understand that some person has recently broken the lock of one of the doors of the wooden building, erected last summer for the use of the Metropolitan Rifle Association, and destroyed the bolts of one or two doors. Steps are being taken to bring the delinquent to justice, and in future care will be taken that the building suffers no damage.

A Surprise.—We understand that about sixty members of the Baptist Church and Congregation, laden with the wherewithal to make a feast, went to the residence of the Rev. Mr. McPhail, on Monday evening, and then and there presented him, as a token of their esteem, with a purse of eighty dollars, and at the same time, presented Mrs. McPhail with a handsome set of furs. The refreshments which they had brought were then spread out, and the party had a very pleasant time of it.

Election of Common School Trustees.—The annual election for Common School Trustees commences in the several wards this morning, at nine o'clock. The retiring trustees are: Victoria Ward, A. Pratt; Wellington Ward, J. D. Slater; St. George's Ward, A. C. Wilson; By Ward, Geo. May; Ottawa Ward, —— Robinson. We have not heard of any opposition being offered to the re-election of the retiring candidates, except in St. George's Ward, where Mr. Wilson will be opposed by Mr. Thomas Birkett.

Social Entertainment.—Mr. Young, foreman of the bindery in the Queen's Printer's establishment, entertained the *employes* under his charge at a supper last evening at Mrs. Froderick's. Over forty were present, including sixteen young women employed in the bindery. This is the second annual entertainment Mr. Young has given, and judging from the cordiality and enjoyment of all around the table its yearly repetition will be hailed with much pleasure. Mr. Desbarats was present, and expressed himself much pleased with Mr. Young's management and the harmony and good will which prevailed amongst those in his department. After speeches, sentiments, and songs had gone round and round, the party broke up at half-past eleven.

Philharmonic Society.—The choral society of the above name is in constant weekly practice, and are upon the whole doing very well, and if not making the rapid progress they could desire are doing the best they can under the circumstances. It is much to be regretted that *all* the members do not attend with that regularity which is necessary to ensure a full measure of success. The absence of a few on one evening, and the absence of a few others on another, must necessarily retard the progress of the whole. Let us hope that there will be sufficient interest felt by all the members in the success of the Philharmonic Society to prevent this in future. From the above remarks it will not appear surprising that the society are not prepared for their first concert at the time formerly proposed. It is now believed, however, that the concert will be given some time in Lent. It is intended that the programme shall include:

"Inflamatis," Stabat Mater, Rossini.
"Lift Thine Eyes," Elijah, Mendelssohn.
"The Heavens are Telling," Creation, Hayden.
"Dal tuo Stellato," Mose in Egytto, Rossini.
"A te o Cara," Puritani, (Trio.)
"Hail Lovely Venice," Lucrezia Borgia.

After the concert an oratorio is to be given for which they are now practising.

A Sacrilegious Joke.—Some mischievous scamps played a prank on Saturday night, which may bring them into more trouble than they bargained for. The new bell of St. Alban's Church had just been hung, but out of consideration for the afflicted lady whose room is directly opposite the bell-cote, the tongue had not been put in, so that the invalid might not be disturbed by the ringing. As some difficulty and expense are involved in getting up to the belfry, the ladders and platform were, of course, not to be removed until the final fixings had been arranged. On Sunday morning the sexton missed the bell, the removal of which must have been effected with much labour and ingenuity, the use of a good wrench and two or three pairs of hands; but on going to open the porch door he found the two large nuts, by which the bell is secured to the yoke, laid on the door step, and on looking closely it was seen that the bell itself had been laid on the platform behind the belfry. It was evidently a practical joke, and nothing was said about it. It was discovered yesterday, however, by the workmen, that some essential parts of the bell-belongings were missing, either wilfully taken away, or dropped by the young miscreants while playing their trick, or in their flight. Steps have, therefore, been taken to discover who these jokers are, and it may be to their advantage if they put back the bolt and springs without delay. There is a strong suspicion of their personality. *Verb sap.*

Police Court.—Ellen Johnson was charged with being drunk and disorderly. The Police Magistrate told her she had been there before. She said she had, but she would never be there again; she was a servant and would thank his Worship to let her go this time; but this could not be done. She was ordered to pay a fine of $2 and costs or be imprisoned for ten days.

John Simpson, charged with the same offence, presented a woeful appearance, and said he was very sick and wanted to go home to bed. Sergeant Davis and others of the police confirmed the statement as to prisoner's sickness, and he was fined $2 and costs, being allowed four or five days to pay, and he was allowed to go home to bed.

John Palen was charged with being disorderly, and was fined like the others. John was not drunk, but he was worse, and it will be better for him to remain at home evenings.

The adjourned heifer case was then called up, and about a dozen witnesses were examined, most of whom swore that they had known the heifer to be in Dewan's possession ever since she was a calf; that they all knew her by her marks, and generally had her under their eyes nearly the whole time.

Samuel Rogers, when re-called, stated that Mr. Cluff's dog was so attached to the beast that he had to be removed from her by force.

Mr. Mosgrove appeared with Mr. Ross for the defence, and under his cross-examination one of the witnesses for the defence said the spot on the heifer's forehead was two inches longer than when he saw her in August last, from which the counsel argued that as it was impossible the spot could have so increased in size, it could not be the same beast. He claimed the discharge of his client, first, because, even if the heifer was Mr. Cluff's property, Dewan's possession of her did not amount to larceny; and, in the second place, he claimed a discharge on the ground that it had been clearly proven that the heifer was Dewan's property.

The Police Magistrate dismissed the case. The heifer is thus decided in the Police Court to belong to Dewan. There was afterwards some talk of replevin, but we believe this is dropped.

St. Alban's Readings.—We are glad to hear that the special entertainment on last Monday evening was a complete success. Although the room was so crowded that many could not find seats and had to stand, yet we have heard that there was universal satisfaction given, and all went away delighted. Mr. Meredith's reading of Macaulay's grand lay of Horatius was particularly fine—given with a spirit and feeling that kept the whole audience interested, from beginning to end. Mrs. Caudle's lectures to her poor spouse, and Charles Lamb's Banquet of the Days on the coming of age of the New Year, were in themselves so attractive as to secure attention. The music of the evening, however, was the principal feature. The glees "Home, sweet Home," and the very difficult old English "O, Happy Fair," of Shield, were carefully rendered and received with much applause. Balfe's trying song, "Daybreak,"—worthy music for the words of Longfellow—was sung with great spirit by Dr. Jones, in capital voice. The gems of the evening came last—a duet and songs by two young ladies—of whom one had been taken suddenly ill in the afternoon, deserve the hearty thanks of all present for an appearance that might well be excused. The audience certainly seemed to appreciate her kind effort, and warmly applauded Tennyson's song, "Tears, idle Tears," to Blumenthal's music, as they did very rapturously the well-known sacred song, "Consider the Lilies," most exquisitely sung by Miss O'Brien, who kindly treated the audience to a lively ballad as an *encore*. We must not forget to thank the lady who accompanied glees and songs on the piano with so great taste and judgment. We think the proceeds, which are always voluntary at these readings—everything at St. Alban's is voluntary—might, for such an audience and such an entertainment, have been somewhat more than $23. Perhaps the public were looking forward to many repetitions of these special evenings; and then there are, we are happy to record, many persons who are habitual visitors at these pleasant Monday evening readings. Still, be it remembered, an appreciation of the vigorous efforts made by those concerned in the paying off the heavy debt on the building is best shown by a little *liberality*. It should be an agreeable duty to aid in encouraging those who, week after week, come forward and contribute so successfully to the moral education of the public.

Latest by Telegraph.

Via Montreal Line.

L'ISLET.

Return of the Intercolonial Railway Commissioners—160 Miles of the Road to be Under Contract by the Middle of March—Every Possible Kindness Extended to the Commissioners.

Special to THE TIMES.

L'Islet, January 11, 1869.

The Intercolonial Railway Commissioners, accompanied by Sandford Fleming, chief engineer, left Riviere du Loup by special train at 12, noon, to-day, having travelled over the entire line of the Intercolonial Railway from Halifax, which place they left early on Monday morning last. They have personally examined the places where the large structures will have to be erected, and have had an excellent opportunity of seeing the condition of the country during the worst season of the year. About 160 miles of the line will be under contract by the middle of March, and surveys for the remainder are being pushed forward as rapidly as possible. The Commissioners were presented with addresses by the inhabitants of Rimouski and Riviere du Loup, and at the latter place were entertained at a public luncheon. At every place they have visited between Halifax and Riviere du Loup they have been treated with the greatest possible kindness.

Carpets and House Furnishings.—Parties about to furnish will find a large and choice assortment of carpetings and house furnishings, cheap, at Garland, Mutchmor & Co's. Carpets made and laid with despatch.

For fine bog oak brooches and ear rings in sets, see Young & Radford's new lot, just received, and selling at the very low price of only 90 cts. per set.

—Leave orders for skirts before Christmas, and get them to fit.

Try Gardner's Baking Powder. See advertisement. 887.6m

A meritorious article is Hall's Sicilian Hair Renewer; it is rapidly becoming known and widely and deservedly popular. It is apparently nothing in itself but an agreeably perfumed and pleasant hair dressing, but it contains the most wonderful curative properties for loss of hair, and after using it a short time, gray hair is restored to its natural color. If any of our readers doubt it, let them try a single bottle of the "Renewer," and they will add their testimonial to the truth of what we say.—*Sentinel, Burlington, Vt.*

What is the healthy, worldly man's ambition wealth, wealth, wealth. And what the poor invalid's, health, health, health. 'Tis true, gold is dross compared with health. Take care of it, but if you have already lost it from disease of the throat, lungs, liver, kidneys, or digestive organs, &c., remember that there has never been heretofore a medicine that could in any way compete with the Great Shoshonees Remedy for the radical cure of those diseases.

MARRIED.

At St. Andrew's Church, Ottawa, on Tuesday, the 12th day of January, instant, by His Lordship the Bishop of Ottawa, assisted by the Rev'd. William Quinn, uncle to the Bride, Pastor of St. Peter's Church, New York; and the Rev'd. John L. O'Connor, P.D., brother to the Bridegroom, Daniel O'Connor, of Ottawa, Esquire, to Kate Charlsetta, eldest daughter of William K. Willis, of New York, Esq.

After the ceremony a sumptuous breakfast was given at the residence of Mrs. O'Connor, the mother of the bridegroom, and one of the oldest and most respected of our citizens, at which were present the numerous personal friends and relatives of the newly married pair; the Right Rev. Bishop and his assistants, as also the Rev. Mr. Collins, P.P., St. Andrew's Church, and the Rev. Mr. Pallier, P.P., St. Joseph's Church. The happy couple left by the noon train for Montreal.

Auction Sale.

I. B. Tackaberry, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE

OF

$10,000 WORTH OF PROPERTY;

A RARE CHANCE FOR PARTIES WISHING TO RE-FURNISH.

I. B. TACKABERRY, City Auctioneer, has been favoured with instructions from Messrs. Buck & Sanger, proprietors of the Revere House, to sell on the premises, commencing

ON TUESDAY, 19TH JANUARY,

at 10 o'clock, a.m., and continuing each day, the whole of the Household Furniture and Fixtures of that recent and elegantly furnished house, including Parlor, Drawing Room, Bed Room, Kitchen, Office, Bar and Hall Furniture, consisting in part as follows:

Handsome Mahogany Tables—Marble Top,—Sofas, Lounges, and Chairs to match, with Hair Cloth Covers, large and superb Cut Glass Mirrors, with Marble Stands; Wardrobes, two very fine toned Pianos and Music Stools, Pictures, Damask and Muslin Window Curtains, with Cornices, Brussels and Tapestry Hall, Stair and Drawing Room Carpets.

In Bed Room Sets—Spring Mattrasses, Bedsteads, Bureaus, Washstands, Tables and Chairs to match, all of the finest Black Walnut, procured from a Montreal firm, and as good as new, having been only about 1 year in use; also an elegant and richly carved Bridal Chamber Set, with polished Rosewood Bureau.

In the Dining Room will be found Extension Dining Tables, Sideboard, Chairs, Silver Plate, Cutlery, Crockery, Glassware, and all the furnishings usually found in a well kept and extensive house of this description.

In Kitchen Utensils—A large Hotel Cooking Stove, (Patent Pastry Baker) nearly new; three smaller Cooking Stoves, Kettles, Pots, Pans, and a variety of articles too numerous to mention.

In the Bar will be offered a handsome Silver Soda Fountain, Beer Pumps, Water Filterer, Decanters, Tumblers, Wine Glasses, &c.

Among the Sundries may be mentioned twenty Hall and Parlor Stoves, Stove Pipes, Stair and Passage Oil Cloths, Bedroom Carpets, a quantity of Cocoa Matting, Office Desks and Furniture, Hat Racks, Hall Chairs, &c., &c.

ALSO AT THE SAME TIME

The whole of the Stock, Harness, Buggies, Sleighs Robes, &c., of a well furnished Livery Stable, including an Omnibus and Water Cart.

The whole will be sold without reserve, the sale commencing on TUESDAY, 19th INSTANT, and continued from day to day until the whole are disposed of, the proprietors being about to remove from the city.

The terms of sale will be cash in bankable funds.

The whole will be on view the day previous to the sale.

I. B. TACKABERRY,
City Auctioneer.

Ottawa, January 12, 1869. 946td

Watches, Jewellery, &c.

LAST CHANCE.

LOOK AT THE PRICES:

Solid Gold Watches for	$17.00
Do. Silver Hunting Case Watches for	7.00
Electro-plated Tea Sets for	7.00
Electro-plated Cake Baskets for	3.00
Electro-plated Cruet Stands for	1.40
Electro-plated Pickle Frames for	3.50
Electro-plated Butter Coolers for	2.00

AND A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF ELECTRO-PLATE, JEWELLERY, AND FANCY GOODS,

To be sold without reserve, as the whole stock must be cleared out.

Don't forget the stand, the

SHEFFIELD HOUSE,
SPARKS-ST.
ALL GOODS WARRANTED.

Ottawa, Jan. 11, 1869. 946-3

HEARTH AND HOME,

A WEEKLY JOURNAL

FOR THE

FARM, GARDEN AND FIRESIDE,

EDITED BY

DONALD G. MITCHELL

AND

HARRIET BEECHER STOWE.

NO. 1 NOW READY.

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FOR SALE BY ALL NEWS DEALERS.

SINGLE NUMBERS TEN CENTS.

Single copies $4, invariably in advance. Three copies $10. Five copies $15.

Canada subscribers must send twenty cents additional to pay the American postage.

N.B.—We shall begin in our next number a powerful story, written expressly for Hearth and Home, by Mrs. Rebecca Harding Davis, author of "Life in the Iron Mills." It will be illustrated by the admirable pencil of Stephens, and will be found to possess the highest interest.

PETTENGILL, BATES & CO.,
Publishers,
37 Park Row, N.Y.

946-1

Fine Arts.

A COMPLETE

Assortment at the CANADA GAZETTE Office of

PRANG'S CHROMOS;

of which Frederic E. Church, the great American artist, says: "They are certainly most skilfully and artistically executed." And John G. Whittier "I had no idea they were home productions; I am glad to know that such beautiful work is done here." And Bayard Taylor: "Your illuminations of the Beatitudes are really superb." And Wendell Phillips: "I congratulate you on your success, which I consider marvellous," &c.

Among them the following are the most attractive:

Horses in a Storm. (After R. Adams.)
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Sunlight in Winter. (After Morvillier.)
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Early Autumn on Esopus Creek, N. Y. (After A. T. Bricher.)
Late Autumn in the White Mountains. (After A. T. Bricher.)
Six American Landscapes. (After A. T. Bricher.)
Strawberries and Basket. (After Miss V. Granbery.)
Cherries and Basket. (After Miss V. Granbery.)
Flower Bouquet.
Blackberries in Vase. (After Lilly M. Spencer.)
Fringed Gentian. [After H. R. Newman.]
Easter Morning. [After Mrs. James M. Hart.]

The Beatitudes of Our Lord, most magnificently illuminated.

Illuminated School Room Cards, with mottoes taken from Scripture.

Illuminated crosses, Book Marks, Rewards of Merit,

The Language of Flowers, Wood and Sea Mosses, Ferns, Flowers, &c.

"OLD MOTHER HUBBARD," "The most elegant juvenile book of the season," superbly illustrated and illuminated.

Prang's Chromos are offered at 20 per cent. below the publisher's prices at the

CANADA GAZETTE OFFICE,

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CARTER'S

COMBINED WRITING & COPYING INK.

This Combination Ink has been awarded the highest premiums over all others in New York, Boston and Baltimore, and pronounced by the most celebrated Chemists the best Ink ever offered to the public.

It is used by many of the largest Commercial Houses, Banks, Railroads, and other Corporations in New York and Boston, and gives perfect satisfaction.

THE ADVANTAGES OF THIS OVER OTHER INKS ARE:

First. It flows freely from the pen, and does not thicken by exposure to the air.

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This Ink is warranted to flow as freely as Arnold's, or any other Writing Fluid now in use; to give as perfect a copy as any Copying Ink; and not to mould.

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Post Office—"Best ink; by far; have used it for years."

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W. M. INGLAND, Chief Clerk.

MERCANTILE AGENCY, PHILADELPHIA.—After a fair trial we pronounce it to be the *ne plus ultra* of all inks we have ever used.

J. M. BRADSTREET & SON, 400 Chestnut-st.

Wholesale and Retail at the

CANADA GAZETTE OFFICE.

Amusements.

OTTAWA

SKATING AND CURLING CLUB.

The Directors having determined to

OPEN THEIR RINK TO THE PUBLIC,

Beg to announce that it

WILL BE OPEN DAILY,

FROM AND AFTER

MONDAY NEXT, 11TH JANUARY, INST.,

between the hours of 8 a.m. and 10 p.m., Sundays excepted, TO ALL SKATERS, on payment of TEN CENTS for each time of admission.

For the Directors,

G. W. LESTER,
Manager.

Ottawa, January 11, 1869. 916a

DOMINION BOWLING ALLEY.

The subscriber begs to inform his friends that he opened on MONDAY, the 26th OCTOBER, his BOWLING ALLEY. This is one of the best in the Capital, and equal to any in America. It contains four alleys, and with first-class balls. There will be kept a register book for the purpose of marking the number of points made each day to 1st January next, and the party who has made the highest number of points will receive from the proprietor a rich prize.

Parties visiting the Alley will be received with polite attention. The best of liquors will be found constantly on hand.

B. B. LARIVIERE.

N.B.—A large Ball Room is attached to the premises, which will be let at a low figure.

B. B. L.

SHRIMPS! SHRIMPS!

Received this day,

THE FIRST OF THE SEASON,

FRESH SHRIMPS.

ALSO,

WILD DUCKS, MALLARD,

PRAIRIE HENS AND HARES,

AT THE

TORONTO FRUIT & VEGETABLE DEPOT,

By Ward Market,

46 York-st.

Medical.

PAIN KILLER!

A PURELY VEGETABLE MEDICINE

TAKEN INTERNALLY, CURES

Sudden Colds, Catarrh, Coughs, Bronchitis, Asthma, Fever and Ague, Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, Acid Stomach, Headache, Heartburn, Indigestion, Canker in the Mouth, Throat or Stomach, Sick Headache, Sea Sickness, Piles, Kidney Complaints, Canker Rash, Cramp and Pain in the Stomach, Painter's Colic, Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Summer Complaint, Cholera Morbus, Cholera Infantum and Cholera.

APPLIED EXTERNALLY, CURES

Scalds, Burns, Frostbites, Chilblains, Erysipelas, Ringworms, Whitlows, Boils, Old Sores, Sprains, Bruises, Toothache, Headache, Neuralgia in the Face or Head, Pains in the Side, Pains in the Back and Loins, Rheumatism, Rheumatic Gout, Neuralgic or Rheumatic Pains in the Joints and Limbs, Stings of Insects, Scorpions, Centipedes, and the Bites of Poisonous Insects and Venomous Reptiles.

At this season, when coughs and colds are so prevalent, an effectual remedy, and one easily obtained, is *Perry Davis' Vegetable Pain Killer.* It is no new nostrum, vended by unknown agents, but has stood the test of over 20 years; and those who use the article, internally or externally, will connect with it grateful recollections of its worthy inventor.—*Hastings' Chronicle, C. W.*

PAIN KILLER.—The testimonials borne to the efficacy of this valuable medicine are sufficient to warrant its introduction into every house. Our own opinion is that no family should be without a bottle of it for a single hour. In flesh wounds, aches, pains, sores, &c., it is the most effectual remedy we know of. A bottle will last for a very long time, and its low price places it within the reach of all. Our readers will remember that the Messrs. Perry Davis & Son have opened out a house in Montreal, whence Canadian orders are supplied.—*News, St. Johns, C. E.*

☞ We are glad to learn that the "Pain Killer" is having so large a sale in our city. We have every reason to believe it to be an almost never failing cure for pain, and is a medicine that no family should be without.—*Montreal Pilot.*

It an attack of Diarrhœa, Dysentery or Cramp Colic, don't delay the use of the Pain Killer.

Rev. H. L. Van Meter, Burmah, writes, "The Pain Killer has become an almost indispensable article in my family."

Hundreds of missionaries give similar testimony of its virtues.

Rev. J. G. Stearns writes, "I consider it the best remedy for Dyspepsia I ever knew."

Rev. Jabez S. Swan says, "I have used it for years in my family, and consider it an invaluable remedy."

We cheerfully add our testimony in favor of this medicine.—*Roman Citizen.*

We have tasted this medicine and assure our readers that it not only possesses all the virtues claimed for it, but in many instances surpasses any other remedy which we have ever known.—*Herald of Gospel Liberty.*

It is really a valuable medicine. It is used by many physicians.—*Boston Traveller.*

I have used Davis' Pain Killer, and consider it an indispensable article in the medicine box. It has effected cures in Diarrhœa, and for cuts and bruises it is invaluable.—*New York Extminer.*

Spoken of in terms of high commendation by both druggist and physician.—*Philadelphia Eagle.*

The Pain Killer is sold at wholesale by druggists and medicine dealers, and commission merchants, in the principal cities, and retailed by Apothecaries, Grocers and at Variety Shops generally, throughout the world. Price, 15 cents, 25 cents and 50 cents per bottle.

PERRY DAVIS & SON,
Manufacturers and Proprietors, 380 St. Paul-st., Montreal, P. of Q.
78 High-st., Providence, R. I.; 71 Southampton Row, Holborn, London, England.

DAVIDSON & DANIEL, GENERAL AGENTS.

MORTIMER'S

INFALLIBLE REMEDY

FOR

CHOLERA,
DIARRHŒA, and
BOWEL COMPLAINTS.

The following extract, which Mr. Mortimer is kindly permitted to publish, is from the letter of a relative of Dr. Wolfe, of this city, now residing in the United States:

"Find out if the Express charges are too high, and if not, arrange with Mortimer to let you have a box of the bottles of CHOLERA MIXTURE. I could make a good little fortune with them. The bottle I brought with me here brought two ladies round from decided cholera; one on board the boat, and the other in Berlin, United States. Both commenced with diarrhœa, then with dysentery, and then vomiting. The one at Berlin was very bad. I gave her three doses of the Cholera Mixture, the third of which stopped the vomiting. The next day she was all right, or nearly so. She was very grateful. I have now only a little left."

☞ This excellent mixture, which should be in every family, is only

TWENTY-FIVE CENTS A BOTTLE.

NONE OTHER GENUINE.

TRADE MARK REGISTERED

CANADIAN COUGH EMULSION.

This valuable medicine has the extraordinary property of immediately relieving Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Difficulty of Breathing, Tightness in Chest, &c., &c. It operates by dissolving the congealed phlegm, causing free expectoration, and an agreeable moistness to the skin.

Sold in Bottles at 1s. 3d. and 2s. 6d. Each.

MORTIMER'S COMPOUND ANTIBILIOUS AND FAMILY APERIENT PILLS,

A grand specific for derangement of the Digestive Organs, and for obstructions and torpid action of the Liver and Bowels.

Mortimer's Vegetable Worm Destroyer, The only sure remedy that exists, combining delicious taste and amazing power.

MORTIMER'S

Colonges, Pomades, Toilet Vinegar, Rose Dentifrice, for the Teeth and Gums. Also constantly on hand Perfumes of all kinds, and Toilet Requisites usually kept in a first-class establishment.

No. 41 Sussex-st., Ottawa City.

"LAMPS"

FOR THE MILLION.

D. R. LEAVENS

Is now offering at the OIL DEPOT, 73 Sussex-st., every description of

CHANDELIERS,

PARLOR,

BED ROOM,

KITCHEN,

HALL AND SIDE LAMPS,

At prices which defy competition. Who will want light where a Coal Oil Lamp, Wick and Chimney can be got for 25 cents.

CANADA ROCK OIL,

PENNSLYVANIA ROCK OIL,

PORTLAND KEROSENE OIL,

☞ Oil Depot, 73 Sussex-st.

Everybody is getting them.

A NOVELTY,

THE MAGIC WINDOW CURTAIN ROLLER,

The best ever invented, 1 Roller and Bottom Slat, and 5 pieces of lasting, all for 25 cents, to fit every window,

AT THE VARIETY HALL.

ALSO, A

NEW PATENT CLOTHES DRYER,

AT THE VARIETY HALL.

And what every house requires where there is a grate is the

BLOWER STAND,

to be had only

AT THE VARIETY HALL.

HOTEL & SALOON KEEPERS

Remember the best assortment of Tumblers, Decanters and Labeled Bottles in the Dominion is at the Variety Hall.

JOSEPH BOYDEN.

Groceries.

NEW

THE TEA POT LIST.

In Cases, Hhd. and ¼ Casks,

HENNESSEY'S BRANDY,

MARTELL'S do

OTARD, DUPEY & Co., do

JULES, ROBIN & Co., do

CASTILLION & Co., do.

In Bottle or Wood,

GRAHAM'S EXTRA OLD PORT,

GRAHAM'S THREE GRAPE,

SANDEMAN'S CHOICE OLD PORT,

McKENZIE'S Pure Golden SHERRY,

DUNN'S BROWN, do

CHOICE PALE, do.

THE

FINEST BALTIMORE OYSTERS,

Received daily, by Express.

CHIPPAWA pure old RYE WHISKEY
Four years old, equal to any French Brandy.

CHIPPAWA TODDY WHISKEY,
Four years old, equal to Scotch.

CHIPPAWA FAMILY PROOF.

J. G. ROBINSON & CO.,
The Tea Pot, Ottawa.

Ottawa, Dec. 16, 1868.

COTTON GOODS.

MAGEE & RUSSELL

Have brought forward from the wholesale department

150 PIECES ASSORTED PRINTS,

125 " BLEACHED SHIRTING,

200 " GREY COTTON,

and arranged them on the Centre Tables, where they will be offered at wholesale prices by the piece, during the remainder of this month.

They would also remark that "COTTON GOODS" are slightly higher priced in England, than what they were when the above were purchased.

Customers would be consulting their own interests by taking advantage of the above sale, the reductions being 2, 2½ and 3 cents per yard.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

ON SALE,

GOODERHAM & WORTS'

RECTIFIED SPIRITS.

100 BBLS. CELEBRATED OLD RYE,

100 do HIGHWINES, 50 O.P.

100 do ALCOHOL, 65 O.P.

☞ The trade supplied at manufacturers' prices.

REDPATH'S EXTRA GOLDEN SYRUP

REDPATH'S STANDARD do

NEW YORK HOUSE SYRUP,

100 BBLS. WEST INDIA MOLASSES.

500 CHESTS UNCOLORED JAPAN TEA.

100 CADDIES ORANGE PEKOE

150 CHESTS TWANKAY.

200 CADDIES BRIGHT SOL TOBACCO.

100 BOXES TOBACCO, 10s.

500 BARRELS EXTRA SUPERIOR FLOUR.

300 BBLS. MESS PORK, to arrive.

J. G. ROBINSON & Co.
December 16, 1868. 926.3m

Jewellery, &c.

FOR

CHRISTMAS AND NEW YEAR'S

PRESENTS,

IN GOLD & SILVER WATCHES,

Go to YOUNG & RADFORD'S,

30 Sparks-st.

FOR

CHRISTMAS AND NEW YEAR'S

PRESENTS,

GOLD CHAINS & FINE JEWELLERY,

Go to YOUNG & RADFORD'S.

FOR

CHRISTMAS AND NEW YEAR'S

PRESENTS,

IN PLATED WARE,

Go to YOUNG & RADFORD'S.

FOR

CHRISTMAS AND NEW YEAR'S

PRESENTS,

IN FANCY GOODS,

SUITABLE FOR THE SEASON,

Go to YOUNG & RADFORD'S.

PARTIES WANTING WORK

SUITABLE FOR PRESENTATIONS

FOR CHRISTMAS OR NEW YEAR,

Will find it to their advantage to

Go to YOUNG & RADFORD'S,

30 Sparks-st.

Garland, Mutchmor & Co

X MAS DRY GOODS.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.,

IMPORTERS, 20 SPARKS-ST.,

Have received, ex various ocean steamers, large additions to their extensive stock of

STAPLE & FANCY DRY GOODS,

MILLINERY,

Carpetings and House Furnishings,

and are now showing a large and well assorted stock in every department. They invite special attention to the following:

RICH FANCY SILKS,

RICH FANCY DRESSES,

suitable for street and evening wear,

RICH BALL DRESSES,

GOOD ABERDEEN WINCIES,

at a little over half last year's prices. Good cheap useful dresses for all classes in all the new materials.

CLOTHS,

TWEEDS,

BLANKETS,

FLANNELS,

SHEETINGS,

COTTONS,

PRINTS, ETC.,

all in great variety cheap.

LACES,
RIBBONS,
TRIMMINGS,
GLOVES,
HOSIERY,

Black Silk Manile Velvets,
Black and Brown Velveteens,
Black and Brown Sealskins,
Black and Brown Astricans,
Coloured Jasper Sealskins,
White and Fancy Mantle Cloths.

MANTLES,

in great variety, in all the new materials an shapes.

SHAWLS,
BONNETS,
HATS,
LADIES' CAPS,
HEAD DRESSES,
FLOWERS,
FEATHERS,
BRIDAL WREATHS.

Great novelty in Skirts—the

NEW PATENT FELT SKIRT,

Plain and embroidered, all in one piece; warm lighter, better fitting and cheaper than any other skirts. Just opened

One Case Plain Glasgow Wincies.

Two cases latest styles in Clouds and other Woollen Goods.

Wholesale and Retail.

Stationery.

NEW GOODS.

Just received, ex steamship *St. David,* a large importation of the best British manufactured

STAPLE STATIONERY,

IN

LETTER PAPERS,
NOTE PAPERS,
ENVELOPES,
FOOLSCAPS,
FOLIO POSTS,
RECORD PAPERS,
TINTED BLOTTING PAPERS,
MUSIC PAPER,
&c., &c., &c.

For sale at

THE OTTAWA CITIZEN
Stationery and Printing House,
Sussex-st., Ottawa.

Groceries.

For sale by the undersigned.

300 BBLS. MESS PORK,

200 BBLS. THIN MESS PORK.

500 BBLS. STRONG SUPER FLOUR.

COAL OIL

Having been appointed by the combination their agents for

COAL OIL,

They are now prepared to sell in quantities to suit the trade, by the

BARREL OR CAR LOAD,

AT THE

LOWEST PRICES

Agents for Hiram Walker's

HIGHWINES

RYE,

PROOF, and

MONONGAHELA WHISKEYS.

Agents for

REESOR BROS. CHEESE.

Agents for John Campbell's celebrated

HAMS,

BACON, &c.

C. T. BATE & CO.,
Canal Basin.

Ottawa, Dec. 12, 1868.

Dry Goods.

FRESH ARRIVALS.

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!

THOS. & W. HUNTON

Have just opened out the contents of 22 packages of NEW GOODS, comprising

1 CASE SILKS, in plain and fancy colors, splendid value.

1 CASE VELVETEENS,

3 BALES WHITE COTTONS,
1 " WHITE COTTON SHEETING,
6 " GRAY COTTONS,
all greatly reduced prices.

2 CASES LINENS, assorted,

1 " BLACK CLOTHS,

2 " BLACK & COLORED OVERCOATINGS,

1 BALE WHITE FLANNELS,

1 " GRAY FLANNELS,

1 " SCARLET FLANNELS,

4 " BLANKETS,

2 " HEMP CARPETS

3 " WOOL CARPETS,

10 " TAPESTRY CARPETS, this season's new patterns,

3 " CANADIAN TWEEDS.

All of the above goods being marked off, and ready for inspection. We would specially invite intending purchasers to call and examine them.

THOS. & W. HUNTON,

47 and 49 Sparks-st.

DARLEY'S ARABIAN HEAVE REMEDY and CONDITION MEDICINE is positively superior to any, or all other preparations for the cure of Heaves, Coughs, Thick and Broken Wind, and all diseases which affect the wind of horses; also, as a Condition Medicine, surpassing everything of the kind, is easy to give, sure to cure and safe in all cases and at all times, and does not prevent the horse from being worked while using it.

It cleanses the breathing apparatus, by removing from the air-cells the coagulable lymph, or that secretion which in heaves clogs them, causing a difficulty in breathing, and by its action on the diseased part, causing the mucous membrane to resume its natural dimensions, thus equalizing the circulation of the blood, and restoring the distended vessels to their natural size; by its use the horse's appetite is improved, all derangements of the digestive organs corrected, softening the skin, and giving to the coat a sleek and shining appearance.

D. W. HURD, successor to HURD & Co., Maiden Lane, New York, Sole Proprietor for the United States.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, Ont., Proprietors for Canada.

Price 25 cents. Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, Henry F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J. Brown, in Ottawa. 889-45-6m

TIGHT BINDING

OTTAWA MARKETS.

[Compiled expressly for the OTTAWA TIMES.]

Times Office, Ottawa,
Jan. 12, 1869.

The markets were better attended yesterday than on Monday, but there was no great show. Buyers were complaining that there was not enough to satisfy their requirements. We see no reason at present for changing our figures.

FLOUR—Extra	6 50	@	6 75
No. 1	5 25	@	5 50
No. 2	none.		
Bags—Fall per 100 lbs	3 25	@	3 37½
" Spring "	2 62½	@	2 75
Oatmeal—per 200 lbs	7 00	@	7 25
Indian Meal "	4 00	@	0 00
Rye—per bushel 56 lbs.	0 85	@	0 90
Barley " 48 lbs.	0 90	@	0 00
Buckwheat Flour	4 00	@	4 50
WHEAT—Fall—per bushel, 60 lbs.	1 25	@	1 30
Spring " "	1 20	@	1 25
CORN—Per bushel, 56 lbs	0 85	@	0 90
Peas " 60 lbs	0 90	@	0 00
Oats " 34 lbs	0 60	@	0 67
Beans " 60 lbs	1 80	@	0 00
PORK—Mess—per barrel	24 50	@	25 00
Prime Mess per do	00 00	@	17 00
Prime	none.		
Pork (fresh)	7 50	@	8 50
Hams	0 15	@	0 16
Beef per 100 lbs	6 00	@	7 00
Mutton—per lb	0 5	@	0 6
Geese—Each	0 50	@	0 60
Ducks	0 50	@	0 60
Turkeys—Each	1 00	@	2 00
Poultry—Per pair	0 50	@	0 60
BUTTER—Choice Table	0 25	@	0 00
No. 1 Firkin	0 23	@	0 24
No. 2	0 00	@	0 00
Eggs	0 22	@	0 00
Apples—per brl	0 00	@	4 50
VEGETABLES, &c.—Potatoes	0 38	@	0 40
HAY—Per ton	18 00	@	22 00
WOOD—Per cord (cubic measure)	3 25	@	0 00
Mixed Wood	3 00	@	0 00
Tamarac	2 00	@	0 00
Soft Wood	2 00	@	0 00

PUSHING PEOPLE.

Imperial Review.

We have said that society has no real wish to exclude "Pushing People" from its benefits. All that it wishes to do is to make their entry a little difficult, and at first a trifle disagreeable to them. But we must add one all-important proviso: they must have plenty of money, and by plenty we mean a very large quantity, without it, pushing people will push in vain. With it, the fashionable world is their oyster. It is not opened all at once, but it opens almost of itself at last. Even a little vulgarity, supposing them to have it, will not long bar the way, if they have an inverse amount of riches. When they have forced an entrance, they will probably be surprised that vulgarity should have been supposed to be a bar even for a moment, for they will find abundance of it inside the charmed circle, and among those who never were outside of it. Nor had vulgarity, probably, anything really to do with the resistance they at first experienced. The main, if not the sole, reason why they were kept waiting we have already explained. But we have still to note what it was which saved them from being kept waiting any longer. It is nothing very occult. The same methods which recommend an adventurous traveller to the favour and kindly offices of a savage tribe, recommend the adventurer, who stays at home, to the tribes who, we suppose, would be very much offended if we applied the same epithet to them, and who certainly do inhabit something infinitely more splendid than a mud hut or a wigwam. Ashantee chiefs are usually made placable by glass beads, the full dress of a beadle, and some Highland whiskey. The chiefs of society must likewise be approached with presents, though of course they are not to be put off with such trumpery as melts the heart of a coffee-coloured barbarian. *Recherche* dinners, superb apartments, spacious rooms for dancing in, suppers regardless of expense, princely water-parties, almost imperial banquets at Greenwich—these are the small bribes by which pushing people gradually overcome the affected resistance to their advance on the part of those who regard such things with unsophisticated admiration. To persist in a hostile attitude towards the bringers of such gifts into the general circle would be to violate natural instincts. Such pushing people, accordingly, soon obtain complete ingress. If they can only manage to keep up the lavish expenditure with which they commenced, in due course they will cease to be styled or considered pushing people at all. They will establish their claims to a permanent footing in the fashionable world: and if they have only the effrontery—or, shall we call it, the absence of self-consciousness?—to ape the airs of which they were themselves for a period the victims, the time comes when they can surely join in the affected opposition to some more recent pushing people, who are now pounding at the gates they long since passed. The criticism they once had to endure, they now are at full liberty to inflict; and it would be asking too much to expect them not to inflict it.

Perhaps the ordeal through which such heavy-weighted pushers as we have been describing have to pass is so hollow and flimsy, that they can scarcely be regarded as the most interesting, or even the truest, specimens of the genus under examination. Pushing people, who are pushing people only for a time, are of course not fixed types, and therefore not so useful to the serious student of social laws as those that are. Your real pushing people are the people who go on pushing all their lives, and make very little way with all their efforts. These are they who utterly mistake the nature and condition of the struggle. As often as not they are well-born people, but they have to be very careful as to the rent of their house, very scrupulous as to the amount of the milliner's and tailor's bills, and very sparing of their champagne suppers. They are gentlemen and ladies, as the phrase is; but they have more blood than bone. Their purse is a shallow one. They feel that personally, they are entitled, by descent, education, and manners, to mix in the best society; yet, do what they will, they cannot get properly into it. They push and push, and get barely a step further for pushing; and they chafe and rage under the resistance they encounter. For from whom does the resistance proceed? Some of it, no doubt, from the people just as good as themselves in every respect, save money, and in that respect infinitely better; but some of it likewise come from the people whom, save in that particular, they regard as immeasurably their inferiors—the very people, in fact, who once were pushing people themselves, but whom the great talisman of wealth has transformed into calm celestials. The wonder is, that these poor persistent pushers do not grow weary of the assault. Probably, they suppose that society will at last be opened to them because of their importunity. They are mistaken. They die pushing—but outside of it. They are ridiculed by those who keep them out, and half scorned, half commiserated by those who would push at no unwilling portals. Now and then it so happens that the latter are urgently invited in by the society that would have stoutly barricaded the passage if they had craved an invitation. But the quiet folks who are not given to pushing have for the most part but little inherent taste for what is to be had by that operation. If, under pressure, they sometimes enter just for courtesy's sake, they look and act like aliens, and are rather detested in consequence. Pushing people, on the contrary, are liked even by those who try to withstand them; for their efforts are a sort of flattery and homage.

Commission Merchants.

DOMINION AUCTION MART,

AND

COMMISSION SALE ROOMS,

HOUSE, LAND AND GENERAL AGENCY,

OFFICE AND SALE ROOMS,

INGLIS' NEW BUILDINGS, SUSSEX-ST.,

OTTAWA.

The subscriber respectfully announces to the inhabitants of Ottawa and surrounding country that at the request of many friends he has decided on opening an extensive and well regulated Auction Mart in this city.

From arrangements made with some of the Furniture Manufactories of Western Ontario, a large and well selected stock of new furniture will be constantly on hand.

Public Sales will be held from time to time, of which due notice will be given, and at which parties requiring to furnish will have an opportunity of purchasing at unusually low rates. The Mart is now open with a large stock of new Furniture, as well as Pianos, Harmoniums, &c., &c., consigned for sale.

The subscriber would also intimate that he is the Sole Agent for Ottawa and territory for the sale of Rappe, Webber & Co.'s celebrated grand Pianos.

They are successors to the late John C. Fox, of Kingston, and the makers of his excellent Pianos.

From their long experience in Germany, Paris, and New York, they are universally admitted to be the best Piano Manufacturers on this continent.

The high reputation of the instruments made by them for the past ten years, and the increasing demand for them in the new Dominion, prove their very superior quality, and universally acknowledged merit.

The Pianos, as well as the Furniture in the establishment, will be sold either by private sale or auction.

He would also announce that he is prepared to receive instructions from persons having household furniture, horses, carriages, or real estate, to dispose of, and pledges himself that nothing will be left undone by him to give satisfaction in discharging the trust confided to him. He hopes that by strict attention to the sales entrusted to his care, as well as by prompt settlements immediately after, to merit a share of public patronage.

He will be in his office from 7 in the morning until 7 in the evening, when he can see parties who wish to arrange about their sales. Consignments from a distance will have immediate attention.

Cash advances, when required, will be made on consignments for immediate sale.

All kinds of furniture bought, sold or exchanged.

REFERENCES.

His Lordship the Bishop of Kingston,
Hon. Sir John A. Macdonald,
Hon. H. L. Langevin, C B,
Hon. Alex. Campbell, P M G,
R. W. Scott, Esq., M P P,
Walter Shanly, Esq, M P
Max. W. Strange, Esq, M P P,
Francis H. Burton, Esq, M P
James O'Rielly, Esq, Q C,
H. V. Noel, Esq, Manager Quebec Bank, Ottawa.
Robert Lyon, Esq, M P P.

A smart young man wanted to act as travelling agent representing several firms.

J. BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer and Commission Merchant,
House, Land and General Agent.

75-y

REMOVAL.

The subscribers beg to inform their customers and the public generally that they have removed to those spacious premises lately occupied by M. K. Dickinson, Canal Basin, and where will be found constantly on hand the following goods:

FLOUR,
PORK,
OATMEAL, &c.

ALSO ON HAND,

2,000 CORDS OF GOOD FIREWOOD,
and 600,000 sawed SHINGLES.

Wholesale and Commission Agents.

Goods forwarded with despatch between Ottawa, Kingston and Intermediate Ports, by the Steamer *Mary Ann*, and three barges.

Silver Taken at Par.

WM. H. EASTON & Co.,
Forwarders and Commission Merchants,
Canal Basin

For Sale or to Let.

TO LUMBERERS.—The subscriber is authorized to receive proposals for lease of the best STEAM MILLSITE on the River Ottawa, below the Chaudiere Falls. Very extensive storage for logs and piling ground. Lumber may be shipped direct from the mill.

R. H. HAYCOCK, Solicitor,
Ottawa.

Dec. 19, 1868. 928d

FOR SALE, OR TO LET for a term of years, BELLEGREEN COTTAGE and GROUNDS, say two and a half acres, situate on the Bank of the Rideau River, (Ottawa-st.) The Cottage is built of brick and tin roofed, with a gallery all round. The gardens and grounds are in a high state of cultivation. Large storeroom, stables, granary, coach and ice-house, woodsheds, &c., all in the best of order. It is one of the most healthy and comfortable residences for a private family in or about the city of Ottawa. For particulars apply to FRANCIS CLEMOW, Esq.—Office, Sparks-st., near the Russell House—or to the proprietor J. WADSWORTH.

Terms moderate. Possession given at any time to suit parties 927tf

VALUABLE FARMS FOR SALE.—Lot 21 in the 3rd Concession, Gloucester, Ottawa Front, 200 acres, about 80 cleared and under cultivation, with comfortable Dwelling and good Barn. The bushland is principally hardwood, and very valuable from its proximity to Ottawa. Also, Lot 29, in 3rd Concession, Gloucester, Ottawa Front, containing 200 acres, 20 acres cleared. The remainder of this lot is heavily wooded with hard and soft wood. These farms will be sold separately or together as may be desired. The short distance of only 3 miles from Ottawa makes the wood of greater value. These lands are well watered, of excellent soil, and would make a fine dairy farm. Apply to the Proprietor, C. SPARROW, or to D. O'CONNOR, Solicitor, Ottawa.

Ottawa, Nov. 25, 1868. 908tf

MEMBERS OF PARLIAMENT and others visiting the Capital can be accommodated with board and apartments, single or double, at a first-class Boarding House, within five minutes' walk of the Parliament Buildings. References given if required. Apply to MRS. W. PARDY, Wellington-st., Ottawa. 905-2m

ROOMS TO LET.

MRS. SMITH, Corner of Bank and Albert-sts., can rent TWO FURNISHED BEDROOMS and a SITTING ROOM. 868tf

FOR SALE.—The Westerly one-third of Lot No. 27, in First Concession, Ottawa Front, Nepean, and Lots Nos. 26 and 28, in the same concession, at present in the occupation of Wm. T. Aylen, Esq. For further particulars apply to JOHN and WM. THOMSON, Nepean, and LEWIS & PINHEY, Barristers, Ottawa. —Je2-141-tf

CONCENTRATED LYE.

CAUTION TO THE PUBLIC.

The remarkable success which has attended the introduction of the celebrated Concentrated Lye into Canadian market, by the subscriber, has excited the cupidity of an unprincipled firm in town (which has already been convicted of borrowing other people's brains) by a spurious imitation called Saponifier. To avoid disappointment, purchasers should be careful to ask for Harte's Concentrated Lye, which is sold by all respectable Druggists and Grocers in town and country. 783y

VULCAN IRON WORKS,

WELLINGTON-STREET,
OTTAWA.

ALEXANDER FLECK, Proprietor and Manager of the VULCAN IRON WORKS, MONTREAL, begs to inform the public of Ottawa and the surrounding Counties that he has purchased the extensive works hitherto owned and worked by T. M. Blaisdell, Esquire, as Founder, Machinist, and Worker in all kinds of Iron Work.

Having made full arrangements to meet the wants of the Trade, he respectfully draws the attention of those about to erect Saw and other Mills, Mill Owners generally, Steamboat Owners, and others, to the facilities offered for the manufacture of such articles as they may require. He will be prepared to receive and execute promptly all orders in his line of business in the best manner and at reasonable prices.

ALEXANDER FLECK.

Ottawa, December 11, 1868. 922d

PUBLIC NOTICE

Is hereby given that the Map or Plan and Book of Reference of the Canada Central Railway Company, from the City of Ottawa to its junction with the Line of the Brockville and Ottawa Railway Company, have been deposited in the office of the Department of Public Works, and a copy of such parts of the Map or Plan and Book of Reference, as relate to the County of Carleton, has been deposited in the office of the Clerk of the Peace for the County of Carleton, and a copy of such parts as relate to the County of Lanark, has been deposited in the office of the Clerk of the Peace for the County of Lanark.

Dated this Tenth day of August, 1868.

W. R. WORSLEY,
C. C. Rly.

DOMINION Telegraph Company!

Capital Stock..........................$500,000,

IN 10,000 SHARES AT $50 EACH.

President, HON. WM. CAYLEY.

Treasurer, HON. J. McMURRICH.

Secretary, H. B. REEVE.

Counsel, MESSRS. CAMERON & McMICHAEL.

General Superintendent, MARTIN RYAN.

DIRECTORS.

HON. J. McMURRICH—Bryce, McMurrich & Co., Toronto.
A. R. McMASTER, Esq.,—A. R. McMaster & Brother, Toronto.
HON. M. C. CAMERON,—Provincial Secretary, Toronto.
JAMES MICHIE, Esq.,—Fulton, Michie & Co., and Geo. Michie & Co., Toronto.
HON. WM. CAYLEY,—Toronto.
A. M. SMITH, Esq.,—A. M. Smith & Co., Toronto.
L. MOFFATT, Esq.,—Moffatt, Murray & Co., Toronto.
H. B. REEVE, Esq.,—Toronto.
MARTIN RYAN, Esq.,—Toronto.

PROSPECTUS

THE DOMINION TELEGRAPH COMPANY has been organized under the Act respecting Telegraph Companies, chapter 67 of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada. Its object is to cover the Dominion of Canada with a complete net-work of Telegraph Lines.

THE CAPITAL STOCK

Is $500,000, divided into 10,000 shares of $50 each, 5 per cent to be paid at the time of subscribing, the balance to be paid by instalments, not exceeding 10 per cent per month—said instalments to be called in as the works progress.

THE BUSINESS AFFAIRS OF THE COMPANY

are under the management of a Board of Directors annually elected by the shareholders in conformity with the Charter and By-laws of the Company.

The Directors are of opinion that it would be to the interest of the Stockholders generally to obtain subscriptions from all quarters of Canada, and with this view they propose to divide the Stock amongst the different towns and cities throughout the Dominion in allotments suited to the population and business occupations of the different localities and the interest which they may be supposed to take in such an enterprise.

CONTRACTS OF CONNECTIONS.

A contract, granting permanent connection and extraordinary advantages, has already been executed, between this Company and the Atlantic and Pacific Company of New York; thus, at the very commencement, as the Lines of this Company are constructed from the Suspension Bridge, at Clifton (the point of connection) to any point in the Dominion, all the chief cities and places in the States, touched by the Lines of the Atlantic and Pacific Telegraph Company, are brought in immediate connection therewith.

A permanent connection has also been secured with the Great Western Telegraph Company of Chicago, whereby this Company will be brought into close connection with all the Lake Ports and other places through the North Western States, and through to California.

All classes of Society are interested in extending the use of the Telegraph, at LOW RATES, and the Directors are satisfied, that the adoption of a scale of charges considerably below the rates now exacted in Canada, will by encouraging a much more extended use of this medium of communication, not only prove a real and substantial benefit to the public generally, but will also ensure a safe and profitable return to the Investor.

On the 25th day of June, A.D., 1868, the DOMINION TELEGRAPH COMPANY was duly CHARTERED according to law.

The admitted importance and value of Telegraphy, would, in the opinion of the Directors, have rendered any introduction of the Dominion Telegraph Company to the Canadian public unnecessary had it not been that previous attempts to establish Telegraph Companies in Canada, to share the business with the Montreal Company, had been allowed to fall through.

The success of a Telegraph Company will mainly depend on its ability to meet the demands of the public, and consequently it should possess, at least, equal facilities with any other Company, of access to all quarters with which its customers may desire to have communication.

This important requisite has not been, until now, within the reach of any Company entering the field as a competitor with the Montreal Company, in consequence of the close and exclusive connection formed between that Company and the Western Union Company, of the United States, the latter by virtue of certain patents, having until within these two years, monopolized nearly the whole of the telegraph business of the neighboring republic.

The business relations between these two Companies continue in full force, but the patents having run out, the monopoly so long enjoyed by the Western Union has ceased to exist.

The Atlantic and Pacific, the Great Western, and other American Companies have invaded the field, and have become successful competitors for the public patronage and support. These Companies, acting on the cheap postage principle, have forced the old monopolist to a reduction of rates, which has resulted in a more widely extended use of this means of communication, and much to the surprise of the Western Union itself, has increased its profits, whilst sharing its field of operations.

With these new Companies the Dominion Telegraph Company of Canada have entered into most satisfactory business relations, and confident of the soundness of the principle which led to the adoption of the penny-postage system in Great Britain, the voluntary reduction from $100 to $16.65 per ten word message by the Ocean Cable Company, and the successful operations of the Companies recently established in the United States, invite the business and mercantile community of Canada to join them in the promotion of an enterprise, based on the principle of moderate rates and extended business which, while injuring no one, they confidently expect will result in securing a large return to the investor, and prove a vast benefit to the community.

Allusion has been made to the voluntary reduction of rates by the Atlantic Cable Company. A Chicago paper, writing on the subject of the growing use of the Telegraph, gives the following return as obtained directly from Cyrus W. Field, showing very conclusively the benefit both to the public and the Company of the reduction of rates.

AVERAGE DAILY RECEIPTS.

From $100 per message of ten words	$2,525
do 50 do do	2,895
do 25 do do	3,965

An advertisement has recently appeared announcing to the public that the rates from 1st September, proximo, will be further reduced to $16.65 per ten words.

The following table shows the reduction which has been effected in rates in the neighboring States arising out of the construction of competing lines:—

From New York to	*Former Rate.*	*Present Rate.*
Boston	$ 60	$ 30
Bangor	1 20	65
Portland	90	50
Philadelphia	40	25
Baltimore	70	35
Washington	75	40
Augusta, Me.	1 20	70
Cincinnati	1 90	1 00
Buffalo	75	50
Cleveland	1 95	1 00
Pittsburgh	1 15	45
Louisville	1 95	1 00

This reduction took place in November, 1867. A comparison of the receipts of the Western Union since that period with the corresponding months of the previous year gives the following results:—

Gross Receipts for

December, 1866	$ 551,971 40	December, 1867	$576,135 19	Increase	$ 24,163 79
Jany., Feb., March,'67	1,594,644 96	Jany., Feb., March,'68	1,727,939 55	Increase	133,294 59
April, May, June, '67	1,559,778 79	April, May, June, '68	1,749,631 52	Increase	189,852 73

While these beneficial results were flowing to the Western Union Company from the reduction of rates, the new Companies had created a business more than sufficient to fill their wires. In proof of this the following extract is taken from the report of the Atlantic and Pacific Company, made July 28th, 1868:

"In April last we reached the maximum capacity of our wires, and have since been compelled to refuse business daily. The Committee, therefore, have reached the conclusion from the actual experience of building and working the present lines—that

"Telegraphic business is growing faster than Telegraphic facilities."

As further proof on this point the low rates, have so pressed the wires of both Companies with business through the day, that posters have been placed in all the main offices proclaiming that double the number of words would be telegraphed at night at the same price as half the number of words by day.

In support of the observation quoted above, that telegraphic business is growing faster than telegraphic facilities, the following statement exhibiting the wonderful increase in the use of the wire, within the last six years, cannot be without interest to our readers. The gross earnings of all telegraph lines in the United States for the following years were:—

1846	$ 4,228 77	1864	$3,792,245 40
1849	63,338 93	1865	4,420,268 88
1853	103,860 84	1866	5,624,501 20
1862	2,734,960 40	1867	7,641,552 47
1863	3,269,442 66		

Showing an average increase of a million a year for the last five years.

A comparison of the number of messages, and persons using the wire in Canada and the States, furnishes a further proof of the advantage to the public and corresponding benefit to the Companies arising out of a reduction of rates.

The published returns for 1867, show that 609,757 messages were sent in Canada, while the messages in the United States for the same period exceeded 20,000,000, the former being less than one message to every six persons, the latter, two to every three. From these returns and results it may be reasonably inferred that a reduction of rates to a tariff at which the wires of both Companies can be filled, will secure a fair field and good prospects to the Dominion Company without in any way prejudicing the interests of the Company now monopolizing the ground.

The particulars submitted above are sufficient in the opinion of the Directors to establish the fact that low rates, by encouraging a more general use of the telegraph, are more profitable than high. It is not, however, solely in the light of a safe and good investment that the Directors desire that this enterprise should be viewed. They feel that their object will be but indifferently attained unless they can satisfy the public, the business and commercial men, that ALL who use the telegraph as a medium of rapid communication, are interested in the establishment of what may be called a competing line. As in the administration of public affairs, a strong, watchful opposition, is the best security for good and careful government: so in commercial matters, an honest rivalry in the various pursuits and branches of trade furnishes the best security that the public shall be well served.

To apply the argument to the purpose in hand, the following table showing the inconsistencies, and, in many instances, the excessive rates now charged on messages passing between the cities and towns of Ontario, Quebec and the United States, will, it is believed, convince the reader that an honest competition is needed, not only for the reduction and adjustment of rates, but also to ensure that attention and care which would of necessity be enforced on the Companies competing for public favor, and thus tend greatly to promote the general interests of the community.

EXAMPLE OF PRESENT TARIFF RATES, WITH DISTANCES.

			MILES.	CANADA MONEY.
From Toronto	to	Suspension Bridge	82	40c
Do	do	Montreal	333	30
Do	do	Mitchell, Seaforth, Bothwell, Ailsa Craig, Caledonia, Chatham, Dunville, Newbury, Port Burwell, Port Colborne and many other places		40
Do	do	Kingston	160	25
Do	do	Quebec	505	50

Example at present tariff rates to Buffalo, and from thence to the following places, in U. S. currency, which reduced to Canada money at 45 per cent premium, makes the actual cost, as in second column:—

Price Collected at Toronto.		Actual Cost, Both Tariffs.			
To New York	80c	From Toronto to Buffalo			30c
		Buffalo to New York.	50c	Reduced to Canada Money.	35c—$0 65
To Philadelphia	$1 05	From Toronto to Buffalo			30c
		Buffalo to Philadelphia.	75c	Reduced to Canada Money.	52c—$0 82
To Washington	$1 30	From Toronto to Buffalo			30c
		Buffalo to Washington.	90c	Reduced to Canada Money.	62c—$0 92
To Baltimore	$1 30	From Toronto to Buffalo			30c
		Buffalo to Baltimore.	85c	Reduced to Canada Money.	59c—$0 89
To Chicago	$1 35	From Toronto to Detroit			60c
		Detroit to Chicago.	75c	Reduced to Canada Money.	52c—$1 12
To New Orleans	$3 05	From Toronto to Buffalo			30c
		Buffalo to New Orleans.	$1.75c	Reduced to Canada Money.	$1 90c—$2 20

NOTE.—The same illustration may be applied to all the places in the United States. Canadians are obliged to pay a profit on the published rates.

Subscription Books will be opened at the Office of the Company, 83 King-st. east, on and after September 1st 1868.

H. B. REEVE,
Secretary.

Toronto, September 29, 1868. 860tf

Medical Cards.

EDWARD C. MALLOCH, M.D., M.R.C.S. Duke-st., LeBreton's Flats, "opposite the well." Office hours from 8.30 to 10.30 a.m., and 3 to 5 p.m.

DR. O. C. WOOD, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Ottawa. Day office opposite Magee & Russell's, Sparks-street, Centre Town. Night office at his residence, Maria-street, Centre Town. CANCERS CURED, without the use of the knife, by a new, but certain, speedy, and almost painless process. References given to parties successfully treated, it required. 17w100y

DR. C. LEGGO, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Office—Hunton's Block, Sparks-street.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street, Central Ottawa. 34utf

DR. C. A. MARTIN, Dentist. Office—Sussex-street, over Messrs. Campbell & Co.'s, Grocers. 34utf

DR. GEORGE HUTCHISON, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street, opposite Magee & Russell's. 576y

DR. W. J. HENRY, Corner of Kent and Wellington-streets, Ottawa. 43utf

Hotels and Saloons.

"GOING DOWN TO MONTREAL?"

Put up at the "CITY HOTEL," one of the most comfortable houses in the city.

This Hotel has just been fitted up in a first-class style, and at an enormous expense; its accommodations are of the best kind, it contains 75 rooms, with good yard and stabling for 60 horses. The table is always supplied with all the delicacies of the season. The Bar is also supplied with the very best of Liquors. Besides all that, this Hotel is situated right in the centre of business, near the R.R. Depot, and within a few minutes walk from the Banks and Post Office.

Terms are exceedingly moderate. Try once and you will be satisfied.

Remember the Place "City Hotel," 78, 80 and 82, St. Joseph-street, Montreal.

CHARLES LAURIN,
Proprietor.

853tf

PICKWICK HOUSE,

Corner James and King-sts.,

Opposite the Court House and Public Offices, ST. CATHARINES, Ont.

E. HOUGHTON, Proprietor,
(Late of Houghton's Dining Saloon.)

A spacious sample-room for commercial travellers. 859y

OTTAWA HOUSE.

Corner of Main and Prince of Wales-streets Pembroke, Ontario.

Stages in connection with the steamers *Jason Gould, Pembroke* and *Pontiac*.

Particular attention paid to the comfort of guests. Good rooms for commercial travellers. Horses and vehicles always on hand.

J. COPELAND,
Proprietor.

Pembroke, Aug. 1, 1868. 809y

TORONTO HOUSE, Sparks-st.

MRS. TROTTER begs to announce that she has at present several commodious and handsomely furnished suites of apartments, in every respect eligible for civil or military officers, or private gentlemen remaining in the city. 773tf

REVERE HOUSE, OTTAWA.

G. A. BUCKE,
W. H. SANGER, } ....PROPRIETORS.

This first-class Hotel has been re-furnished and refitted throughout, and now combines all the requisites of a first-class establishment. 582tf

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,

M. KAVANAGH, *Proprietor,*

Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings.

The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands in Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.

Oysters, Game &c., daily

THE METROPOLITAN,

AUMOND'S BLOCK,
Rideau Street Ottawa.

292tf P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.

DOMINION HOUSE,

WELLINGTON-STREET,

The undersigned, formerly head waiter at the Russell House, begs to notify his friends and the public generally that he has leased the above hotel, which is now well furnished, and will be kept as a first class house. The bar is well stocked with the choicest brands of liquors. The table will be furnished with the best the market affords. Good yard and stabling attached to the premises.

658y GEORGE IRVINE.

Miscellaneous.

I. B. TACKABERRY, Auction Rooms No. 36, Rideau-street, below Whyte's Stationery Store. The sale of Real Estate at Auction or private sale promptly attended to. Consignments received and immediate attention will be paid. Sales attended in any of the city or country. 699y

R. SPARKS, Provincial Land Surveyor, Draughtsman, &c., (commissioned for Upper and Lower Canada.) Office and residence, Gloucester, near Ottawa. Surveys of every description executed with accuracy. Communications addressed Ottawa City, (post-paid), or left at the office of N. Sparks, Solicitor, &c., Ottawa, will receive prompt attention. 55 y

S. BILLINGS, Jr., Architect, Elgin street opposite the Post Office.

REFERENCES.—H A Sims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany; Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq Managing Director O. & St. L. R. R. 740t

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale.

OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

O'CONNOR & WALLER, Exchange Brokers, Fire, Life and Accidental Insurance, Commission and Collecting Agents.

Office, No. 27, Sussex-street, Ottawa.

R. E. O'CONNOR. 378y W. H. WALLER.

OLIVER & ANNABLE, Wholesale Manufacturers of Bedsteads, Chairs, &c., Chaudiere Island, Ottawa, C. W.

JOHN OLIVER,
506y WILLIAM ANNABLE.

R. H. McGREEVY, Contractor and Builder. Office; North side York Street, second door from Sussex Street. 78y

PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS, &c.,

Prepared for buildings of every description, by SIDNEY B. FRIPP, Architect,
711tf Wellington-st.

COAL! COAL!

NEWCASTLE GRATE,
(Screened.)
LACKAWANNA,
(Egg and Stove Sizes.)
LEHIGH,
(Lump and Egg Sizes.)
BLACKSMITH'S,
$6 per Chaldron.

For Sale by
D. W. COWARD & CO.,
Commission Merchants,
912-3m Office—17 Sparks-st.

GENERAL NOTICE!

TO FARMERS & OTHERS INTERESTED.

We beg to announce that our large sale of

BANKRUPT GOODS

will close in 20 days, having nearly cleared out our stock, and we take this opportunity of thanking our patrons.

Our stock consists of

Stoves of every Size, Pattern or Style,

and we guarantee to suit in price; also,
Tinware,
Lamps,
Oils,
Lamp Trimmings,
Brushes,
Wire Goods,
Japanned Ware,
and General House Furnishings.

Farmers, we have *the* Stoves for you at astounding prices.

ESMONDE BROS.,
Centre Town, opp. Ontario Bank.

Millinery.

NOTICE.

MRS. SMITH having received her new styles of FALL HATS & BONNETS, will be happy to see her old friends and the public generally. Gent' Felt Hats cleaned, dyed and done over in the best style.

N.B.—The most fashionable Mantles and Coats made to order, Corner of Bank and Albert-sts.

October 10 868tf

Legal Cards.

MACPHERSON, KENNEDY & CHRISTIE, Barristers, &c., Lang's Block, Elgin-st., Ottawa.

J. P. MACPHERSON, G. KENNEDY, A. J. CHRISTIE.

J. W. W. WARD, of the late firm of Lewis Pinhey & Ward, has removed his Chancery Office to Bell's Law Chambers, opposite Russell House, Elgin-st. dw

NICHOLAS SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

F. A. MARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 902y

MOSGROVE & TAILLON, Barristers, Solicitors, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.

WILLIAM MOSGROVE. 566tf GEORGE TAILLON.

N. TETREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post Office. 390tf

LAPIERRE & HAYCOCK, Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers and Notaries Public, Corner of Sussex and York-streets, Ottawa. 368y

D. O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex-street. Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 55y

R. H. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Post Office Building, Elgin-street, Ottawa. 43utf

R. J. BUCKLEY, L.L.B., Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, and Notary Public. Office—over Mr. Luke Cuzner's Boot and Shoe Store, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 334y

LEES & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. Office—In the Court House, Ottawa.

ROBERT LEES. 43utf JOHN J. GEMMELL.

EDWARD T. DARTNELL, Barrister, Solicitor, Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the Court House, L'Orignal. 31 6m

MUSICAL ACADEMY,

Mr. GUSTAVE SMITH, (Organist of the Cathedral) a Graduate of the Imperial Conservatory of Paris. Lessons on Piano and Singing. Rideau-street, corner of King-street.

Ottawa, June 23, 1868. 775y

PIANO-FORTE TUITION.

W. C. CLARK, Professor of Music and Teacher of Piano, Voice and Harmony. Also, Mrs. Clark, Teacher of Drawing and Painting. Music Rooms and Residence, O'Connor-street, corner of Slater-street, Centre Town.

Orders may be left at his residence or at Orme & Son's Music Store 452

TUITION.

MONS. H. BERTHELOT, of the Ottawa Grammar School, is now prepared to give private lessons in the French language. Terms moderate.

N. B.—Will also give lessons in the Latin, Greek or English languages if required.

Orders may be left at Messrs. Durie & Son's bookstore.

Ottawa, October 16, 1868. 873tf

THE SISTERS

OF THE

CONGREGATION DE NOTRE DAME,

FROM MONTREAL,

respectfully inform the public that they will open a branch of their

Educational Establishment in Ottawa.

Their classes will begin on the 15th OCTOBER. For particulars and terms apply to the
LADY SUPERIORESS,
863tf Corner of O'Connor and Maria-sts.

Druggists.

HOLIDAY PRESENTS

AT

THE MEDICAL HALL,

26 Sparks-st., Centre

Toilet Boxes in variety,
Rimmel's New Perfumes,
Cambridge Bouquet,
Oxford Bouquet,
English Lavender Water,
Silver Top Smelling Bottles,
Scotch Plaid Smelling Bottles,
Improved Perfumed Distributors,
&c., &c., &c.

A complete stock just received of Toilet Articles,
Patent Medicines,
Genuine Drugs and Chemicals,
Druggists' Sundries of all descriptions.
W. M. MASSEY,
Family and Dispensing Chemist.

Dye Works.

BRANCH OF

ST. LAWRENCE DYE WORKS,

Elgin-st., (*Opposite the Russell House,*) Ottawa, Ont.

MACDONALD & CO.,
SILK AND WOOLLEN DYERS,
Scourers, Hot Pressers, &c.

Gentlemen's Clothes cleaned and dyed. Kid Gloves cleaned. 894-3m

OTTAWA CITY

STEAM DYE WORKS,

Sussex-st.,

SIGN OF THE GOLDEN SHEEP,

Opposite Martineau's Store,

Has not removed to Centre Town, but can be found at the above address.

Great reduction in prices for cleaning or dyeing. All kinds of Wool, Cotton, Silk, &c., done at reduced rates.

No use of sending goods to Montreal.

Encourage home manufactures.

LETHAM & BRUNAIS,
876tf Sussex-st.

CANADA.

THE SECRETARY OF STATE FOR THE COLONIES TO THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL.

COPY.
CANADA.
No. 237.

DOWNING STREET,
8th December, 1868.

SIR,—

I have the honour to acknowledge the receipt of Lord Monck's Despatch, No. 203, of the 12th ultimo, accompanied by an address presented to him by the Legislative Assembly of the Province of Ontario, on his retirement from the Government of Canada.

The high testimony borne by the Assembly to the merits and administrative abilities of Lord Monck, has afforded me much satisfaction.

I have, &c.,
(Signed,) GRANVILLE.

Governor
The Right Honble.
Sir John Young, Bt., G.C.B.,
&c., &c., &c.

COPY.
CIRCULAR.

Downing street,
9th December, 1868.

SIR,

I have the honor to inform you that Her Majesty has been pleased to entrust to my care, as one of the Principal Secretaries of State, the Seals of the Colonial Department.

I have the honor to be,
Sir,
Your most obedient humble servant,
Signed, GRANVILLE.

The Right Honorable
Sir John Young, Bart., G.C.B., G.C.M.G.,
&c., &c., &c. 945-3

BOARD.

Five or six gentlemen boarders can get rooms, with or without board, in the vicinity of Sandy Hill, within ten minutes walk of the Parliament Buildings, by applying at the Office of this paper.

Ottawa, October 10, 1868. 868tf

Railroads.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY COMPANY OF CANADA.

1868.] WINTER ARRANGEMENTS. [1869.

Trains now leave BONAVENTURE STATION as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburg, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at........ 9:10 a m
Night do do do do 8:30 p m
Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at........ 7:00 a m
Trains for Lachine at........ 8:00 a m, 9:30 a m, 3:00 p m, 5:00 p.m.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations at........ 7.00 a m
Express for Boston at........ 8:40 a m
Express for New York and Boston at........ 3:30 p m via Vermont Central.
Express for New York via Plattsburgh, Lake Champlain, Burlington & Rutland at 3:00 p m
Express for Island Pond, at........ 2:00 p m
Night Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham and Portland, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St. Hilaire, St. Hyacinthe, Acton, Richmond, Sherbrooke, Waterville and Coaticook only, at........ 10:10 p m

Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains. Baggage checked through.

The steamer *Carlotta* leaves Portland every SATURDAY AFTERNOON (after the arrival of train from Montreal on Friday night), for Halifax, N.S., returning on Tuesday.

She has excellent accommodation for passengers and freight.

The International Company's Steamers, running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway, leave Portland every MONDAY, at 5 p.m, for St. John, N.B.

Tickets issued through at the Company's principal stations.

For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure Station.

C. J. BRYDGES, Managing Director.

Montreal, Dec. 7, 1868.

CHANGE OF TIME

ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY,

(formerly the Ottawa & Prescott Railway.)

ON and AFTER MONDAY, the 30TH of NOV., 1868, and until further notice, TRAINS will run as follows:

LEAVE OTTAWA.	ARRIVE IN PRESCOTT.
Express, 8.a. m.	10.30 a. m.
Mixed, 1.00 p. m.	4.15 p. m.
LEAVE PRESCOTT.	ARRIVE IN OTTAWA.
Mixed, 7. 30 a. m.	11.00 a. m.
Express, 2.10 p. m.	4.45 p. m.

The time of these Trains has been so arranged as to ensure connection with night and day trains on Grand Trunk, east and west.

Baggage to and from Ottawa checked through from and to stations on Grand Trunk Railway.

Return tickets to Prescott, Kemptville and Ottawa at reduced rates can be had at the principal stations on the line.

T. S. DETLOR, Superintendent. THOMAS REYNOLDS, Managing Director.

N. B.—The above trains all run by Montreal Time.

Ottawa, Nov. 27, 1868. 1y

BROCKVILLE & OTTAWA RAILWAY.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT,

Commencing on the 20th April, 1868.

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

7:15 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Brockville daily at 7.15 a.m., and 3:15 p.m., arriving at Sandpoint at 12:40 p. m. and 9 p.m.

LEAVE SANDPOINT.

5:15 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Sandpoint at 5:15 a.m. and 1:30 p.m., arriving at Brockville at 11:30 a.m. and 7:45 p.m.

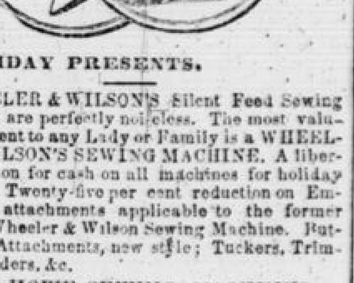
All trains on main line connect at Smith's Falls with Trains to and from Perth.

The 7:15 a.m. train from Brockville connects with U. F. Coy's Steamers for Ottawa, Portage-du-Fort, Pembroke, &c., &c., and the 1:15 p.m. train from Sandpoint leaves after those steamers are due from east and west.

H. ABBOTT,
Managing Director.

Brockville, April 11. 472y

Sewing Machines.



HOLIDAY PRESENTS.

WHEELER & WILSON'S Silent Feed Sewing Machines are perfectly noiseless. The most valuable present to any Lady or Family is a WHEELER & WILSON'S SEWING MACHINE. A liberal reduction for cash on all machines for holiday presents. Twenty-five per cent reduction on Embroidery attachments applicable to the former style of Wheeler & Wilson Sewing Machine. Button Hole Attachments, new style; Tuckers, Trimmers, Corders, &c.

THE HOWE SEWING MACHINES are best for Carriage Trimmers, Shoemakers and Tailors.

Call and see for yourselves; no trouble to show you how they sew.

Remember 37, Sparks-st., Ottawa; and 105 King-st., West Toronto.

G. A. WALTON, *Agent for Ontario,*
R. W. STEPHEN,
930tf *Manager for Ottawa Office.*

ENLARGED PORTRAITURE

OF

EVERY DESCRIPTION

BOTH

COLOURED AND PLAIN,
COLOURED AND PLAIN,
COLOURED AND PLAIN,

AT

W. NOTMAN'S, METCALFE STREET.

TO TOURISTS.—The largest collection in the Dominion of Photographs of Canadian Scenery.

Ottawa, Sept. 7, 1868. 582y

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer has now been before the public for a length of time, and whenever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Dealers are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying to the universal satisfaction it gives.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it. Physicians order and use it; and no family will without it after once trying it.

Price twenty-five cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, C. W.,
General Agents for C. W.

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, H. F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J. Brown, in Ottawa.

GEO. MAYES,

COPPER PLATE PRINTER,

Bank Street, Centre Town,

Between Sparks & Queen Streets.

Bills of Exchange, Bill Heads, Visiting Cards, &c., Printed on the shortest notice.

Agencies.

PROVINCIAL INSURANCE.

MALCOLM CAMERON,

.... Desbarats' Block,

Office of Queen's Printer.

An entirely Canadian institution ... to the insurers, and immediate payment of claims.

Ottawa, Dec. 8, 1868.

UNION MUTUAL

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, 12th October, 1868.

No. 10.

The following Insurance Company has received a license to transact the business of Life Insurance in Canada:

No. 33. The UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, of Maine.

Deposit in U. S. 6s of '81—$50,000.

B. R. CORWIN, General Agent, St. John, N. B.

For the Minister of Finance,
JOHN LANGTON,
Auditor.

I have this day, deposited with the Receiver General, Twenty Thousand Dollars in addition to the above Fifty Thousand, making Seventy Thousand Dollars ($70,000). U. S. Gold Bonds, 6s of '81.

The Hon. Col. John H. Gray, M.P., has been appointed Counsel to the Company for the Dominion. All legal matters will be referred to him.

B. R. CORWIN,
Manager.

Ottawa, November 7, 1868.

ROYAL CANADIAN BANK.

OTTAWA AGENCY,

OFFICE—DESBARATS' BUILDING,

77 Sparks-st.

M. P. HAYES, Agent.

WATCHES.

J. SEWILL, LIVERPOOL.

Manufacturer by special appointment to HER MAJESTY THE QUEEN, ROYAL FAMILY,

AND

COURT OF SPAIN,

THE RIGHT HONORABLE THE LORDS COMMISSIONERS OF THE ADMIRALTY

AND

HER MAJESTY QUEEN VICTORIA'S ROYAL NAVY:

Prize Medalist of the Great International Exhibition of London, 1862, and of the Universal Exhibition of Paris, 1867.

WE HEREBY APPOINT

MR. JOHN LESLIE,

Sparks-street,

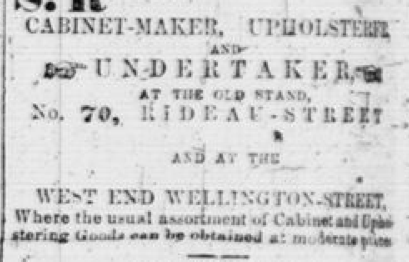
Agent for Ottawa and Vicinity

For the sale of these *celebrated Timekeepers*

H. & A. SAUNDERS,
Montreal.

Sole Wholesale Agents in the Dominion for sale of *J. Sewill's* Watches.

Ottawa May 20.



S. ROGERS,

CABINET-MAKER, UPHOLSTERER

AND

UNDERTAKER,

AT THE OLD STAND,

No. 70, RIDEAU-STREET

AND AT THE

WEST END WELLINGTON-STREET,

Where the usual assortment of Cabinet and Upholstering Goods can be obtained at moderate prices.

UNDERTAKING.

The Undertaking branch is under S. R.'s immediate superintendence, who attends all Funerals without Extra Charge, and has constantly on hand a large assortment of Ready-made Coffins, of all sizes and qualities:

METALLIC, BLACK CLOTH, COBOURG,

Parties ordering Mahogany, Walnut, Oak or other Hardwood Coffins, may rely on getting a genuine article, (no stained Butternut sold for Walnut.)

Persons desirous of keeping their deceased relatives for a few days, or even a week, can do so without the least possible inconvenience by applying to S. Rogers, who has had over 20 years' experience in the above branches, and feels confident of giving satisfaction.

N.B.—The Undertaking Branch will be found second to none in Ottawa.

Express Waggons always ready for the removal of Furniture.

RESIDENCE—At the West End Establishment, Wellington-st.

Ottawa, September 4, 1868. 838y

Hardware.

HARDWARE:

AT

THOS. ISAAC'S, CENTRE TOWN

PLOUGHS, CULTIVATORS,

IRON, COAL,

SHELF & HEAVY HARDWARE

NAILS, ROPE, CHAINS,

and a general assortment of House-furnishing, Cornices, &c., at the lowest cash prices to be found in the Ottawa market.

ALSO,

STOVES, all patterns and sizes, for coal and wood from the Prescott, Kingston, Toronto, Hamilton and Montreal Foundries, with drums, pipes, furniture, &c., the cheapest to be had in town.

PARODEE'S EPILEPTIC CURE.

For the relief and cure of Epilepsy, St. Vitus' Dance, Puerperal Hysteria, &c., &c. This preparation is from the recipe of a celebrated French Physician, and the very great success which has attended its use in every case, and where the highest medical skill was of no avail, has induced the subscriber to give it every possible publicity. Be genuine has the subscriber's name and address on each bottle. Price one dollar. Sole Proprietor J. A. HARTE, Chemist, 326, Notre Dame-st. Montreal.

Harte's Florida Water, equal to anything imported. Price 37½ cents per bottle. 40j

RANDALL & MONTGOMERY,

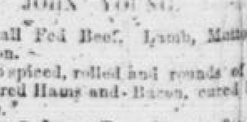
PLAIN, ORNAMENTAL AND DECORATIVE PAINTERS,

AND PAPER HANGERS,

Chaudiere and Hull. (Shop next to R. R. Booth's Store, Chaudiere) House, Sign, Villa and general painting executed on the most reasonable terms. Ceilings and walls distempered in colors. Fresco work of all kinds to order.

References permitted to the following gentlemen: A. H. Baldwin & Co., J. R. Booth, Esq., R. R. Booth, Esq., Rev. Mr. Johnson, Hull; Rev Mr. Pinet, Ottawa; Mr. Haycock, Architect.

August 26. 829-6m



SATCHELL BROS.,

By appointment

BUTCHERS TO HIS EXCELLENCY SIR JOHN YOUNG.

Superior Stall Fed Beef, Lamb, Mutton and Veal in season.

N.B.—Also spiced, rolled and rounds of Beef, and sugar-cured Hams and Bacon, cured in the English style.

930-3m No. 7, Lower Town Market, Ottawa.

NOTICE.

Application will be made at the next Session of the Legislature of Ontario for an act to incorporate the CALEDONIA PEAT MANUFACTURING & SMELTING COMPANY, with power to construct a Canal or Railway from some point in the Township of Caledonia to the navigable waters of the Ottawa or South Nation Rivers, and to authorize the Municipality of Caledonia to grant to the said Company so much of the road allowance between the first and fifth concessions as may be required for the manufacture of Peat fuel. 883d

THE TIMES is printed and published by THE OTTAWA TIMES PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY, at the Office, 28, Sparks-st., Centre Town, Ottawa. JAMES COTTON, Managing Director. ALEX. ROBERTSON, Editor.

VOL.

Boots &

ANNOUNCEMENT

W. A

KEEPER OF THE

To all the loyal inhab... and surrounding Countr...

And while thus public...

A Merry Christmas

takes pleasure also in a...

PUBLIC RECE...

at from 7:30 a.m., unti... pleased to meet with tho... him.

N.B.—A small will prob... sense of their visit, it w... that there is a magnifi... and Shoes on hand to cho... will be GIVEN AWAY t...

Don't forget the place... opposite the Barracks.

W. ANGUS & CO

BOOTS,
SHO...
TOBOGGANS,
SNOW...

Since the great clearing S...
W. ANGU...
have received a
VERY LARGE AND W...
BOOTS AN...
AND OTHER F...
suitable to the Winter sea...

JUST RECEIVED.

A FRESH LOT OF LA...
FELT EMBROIDERE...
Of the Latest Style. Als...
TOBOGGAN...
SNOW-SHO...
MOCCASINS...
OVER-SHO...
&c., &c.,
Very appropriate
XMAS AND NEW YE...
INSPECTION
PRICES LOW.
W. A...

GENUINE CLEARI...

OF

BOOTS AN...

AT THE O...

CROSBY STAND, NO.

The whole...

THE BANKRU...

comprising the latest styles...

LADIES', GENTS', MISS...

DRESS & WALK...

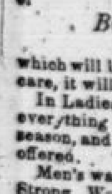
suitable for FALL & WINT... large stock of Men's and W... Moose Mocassins, Buck Mo... Beef Mocassins, Felt Overs... of which will be sold at gre... mer prices. Lumber and cou... quested to bear in mind tha... of handmade boots to be dis... said reduction in prices.

The public generally ar... examine the stock and price... not fail to give satisfaction...

Remember the place, the... posite O'Meara's, No. 51, S...

A. ...

Ottawa, Oct. 20 868.



CHEAP BO...

CA...
BOOT & S...
YORK-...

I have now received my... of

BOOTS AN...

which will be found complet... care, it will not fail to give...

In Ladies', Misses' and ... everything that can possib... season, and at much lower f... offered.

Men's ware in Calf, Kipp... Strong Working Boots as... Boy's and Youth's equally...

A large supply of New... hand made, the most suita... men, constantly on hand a... best workmen. Orders take...

429y

TIGHT BINDING.

The Times

VOL. IV. NO. 947. OTTAWA, THURSDAY JANUARY 14, 1869. PRICE—3 CENTS.

Agencies.

PROVINCIAL INSURANCE.

MALCOLM CAMERON,

...... DESBARAT'S Block, Office of Queen's Printer,

...ly Canadian institution—perfect security ... and immediate payment of claims. ...ws, Dec. 8, 1868. 918tf

...ON MUTUAL

...INSURANCE COMPANY, ...OF MAINE.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, Ottawa, 12th October, 1868.

...following Insurance Company has received ...se to transact the business of Life Insurance ...

...The UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, of Maine. ...all in U. S. 6s of '81—$50,000. ...CORWIN, General Agent, St. John, N.B. For the Minister of Finance, JOHN LANGTON, Auditor.

...this day, deposited with the Receiver ...Twenty Thousand Dollars in addition to ...Fifty Thousand, making Seventy Thousand Dollars ($70,000) U. S. Gold Bonds ... Hon. Col. John H. Gray, M.P., has been ...ed Counsel to the Company for the Dominion ... all legal matters will be referred to him. B. R. CORWIN, Manager. ...November 7, 1868. 894tf

...AL CANADIAN BANK.

OTTAWA AGENCY,

...CE—DESBARATS BUILDING, 77 Sparks-st.

M. P. HAYES, Agent.

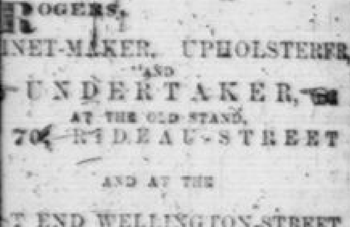
WATCHES.

...SEWILL, LIVERPOOL.

...Manufacturer by special appointment to ...MAJESTY THE QUEEN, ROYAL FAMILY, AND COURT OF SPAIN, RIGHT HONORABLE THE LORDS COMMISSIONERS OF THE ADMIRALTY, AND ...MAJESTY QUEEN VICTORIA'S ROYAL NAVY:

...Medalist of the Great International Exhibition of London, 1862, and of the Universal Exhibition of Paris, 1867.

...MR. JOHN LESLIE, Sparks-street, Agent for Ottawa and Vicinity, ...sale of these celebrated Timekeepers. H. & A. SAUNDERS, Montreal, Wholesale Agents in the Dominion for J. Sewill's Watches. ...wa May 29. 749y



ROGERS, ...NET-MAKER, UPHOLSTERER, AND UNDERTAKER, AT THE OLD STAND, 70 RIDEAU-STREET AND AT THE ...T END WELLINGTON-STREET,

...the usual assortment of Cabinet and Upholstery ...can be obtained at moderate prices.

UNDERTAKING.

...Undertaking branch is under S. R.'s immediate superintendence, who attends all Funerals ...Extra Charge, and has constantly on hand ...assortment of Ready-made Coffins, of all ...d qualities: ...LLIC, BLACK CLOTH, COBOURG, ...es enclosing Mahogany, Walnut, Oak, ...ardwood Goods, may rely on getting a ...icle, ...

...as desirous of keeping their deceased relatives ...a few days, or even a week, can do so ...the least possible inconvenience by applying ...Rogers, who has had over 20 years' experience in the above branches, and feels confident ...satisfaction.

...The Undertaking Branch will be found ...node in Ottawa. ...Waggons always ready for the removal ...

...DENCE—At the West End Establishment, ...September 3, 1868. 838y

Hardware.

...RDWARE! AT ...ISAAC'S CENTRE TOWN, ...LOUGHS, CULTIVATORS, IRON, COAL, ...F & HEAVY HARDWARE, NAILS, ROPE, CHAINS,

...general assortment of House-furnishings ...&c. at the lowest cash prices to be found ...Ottawa market.

ALSO, ...all patterns and sizes, for coal and wood ...Prescott, Kingston, Toronto, Hamilton ...real Foundries, with drums, pipes, ... the cheapest to be had in town.

...ODEE'S EPILEPTIC CURE,

...relief and cure of Epilepsy, St. Vitus' ...Puerperal Hysteria, &c., &c. This preparation ...from the recipe of a celebrated French ...and the very great success which has ...its use in every case, and where the highest ...skill was of no avail, has induced ...to give it every possible publicity. ...the subscriber's name and address ...Price one dollar. Sole Proprietor ...Chemist, ..., Notre Dame-street.

...Florida Water, equal to anything ...Price 37½ cents per bottle.

...DALL & MONTGOMERY, ORNAMENTAL AND DECORATIVE PAINTERS AND PAPER HANGERS.

...and Hall. (Shop next to R. R. Booth's ...) House, Sign, Villa and general ...executed on the most reasonable terms. ...walls distempered in colors to suit. ...all kinds to order.

...permitted to the following gentlemen: ...& Co., J. R. Booth, Esq., R. R. Booth, ...Mr. Johnson, Hull; Rev. Mr. Picket, ...Mr. Haycock, Architect. 829-6m

...ELL BROS., By appointment ...TO HIS EXCELLENCY SIR JOHN YOUNG.

...Fat Beef, Lamb, Mutton and ... spiced, rolled and rounds of Beef, ...cured Hams and Bacon, cured in the ...style. No. 7, Lower Town Market, Ottawa.

...CE.

...cation will be made at the next Session ...Legislature of Ontario for an act to incorporate ...CALEDONIA PEAT MANUFACTURING AND SMELTING COMPANY, with powers to ...Canal or Railway from some point in ...of Caledonia to the navigable waters ...or South Nation Rivers, and to authorize the Municipality of Caledonia to grant to ...Company so much of the road allowances ...first and fifth concessions as may be ...the manufacture of Peat fuel. 883tf

...TIMES is printed and published by ...OTTAWA TIMES PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY, at the Office, 33, Sparks-st., ...Town, Ottawa. JAMES COTTON ...Managing Director. ALEX. ROBERTSON

Boots & Shoes.

ANNOUNCEMENT!

W. A. LAMB,

KEEPER OF THE RED BOOT, &c., &c.

To all the loyal inhabitants of the Metropolitan and surrounding Counties, sends greeting;

And while thus publicly wishing to all

"A Merry Christmas and Happy New Year,"

takes pleasure also in announcing that he will hold

PUBLIC RECEPTIONS DAILY,

at from 7:30 a.m., until 7 p.m., when he will be pleased to meet with those who desire to call upon him.

N.B.—As all will probably wish to retain a *Souvenir* of their visit, it will be satisfactory to know that there is a magnificent assortment of Boots and Shoes on hand to choose from, and any of which will be GIVEN AWAY for a small consideration.

Don't forget the place, No. 28, Sussex-st., opposite the Barracks.

W. ANGUS & CO

BOOTS,

SHOES,

MOCCASINS,

TOBOGGANS,

SNOW-SHOES,

&c., &c., &c.

Since the great clearing Sale

W. ANGUS & CO.

have received a

VERY LARGE AND WELL SELECTED STOCK

OF

BOOTS AND SHOES

AND OTHER FEET-WARE,

suitable to the Winter season.

JUST RECEIVED.

A FRESH LOT OF LADIES' & GENTS'

FELT EMBROIDERED CONGRESS,

Of the Latest Style. Also, a New Supply

TOBOGGANS,

SNOW-SHOES,

MOCCASINS,

OVER-SHOES,

&c., &c., &c.

Very appropriate

XMAS AND NEW YEAR'S PRESENTS.

INSPECTION INVITED.

PRICES LOW.

W. ANGUS & CO., Golden Boot, 226 Wellington-st.

GENUINE CLEARING SALE

OF

BOOTS AND SHOES,

AT THE OLD

CROSBY STAND, NO. 51, SPARKS-ST.

The whole of

THE BANKRUPT STOCK,

comprising the latest styles and best qualities of

LADIES', GENT'S, MISSES' & CHILDREN'S

DRESS & WALKING BOOTS,

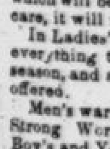
suitable for FALL & WINTER WEAR. Also, a large stock of Men's and Women's Coarse Boots, Moose Mocassins, Buck Moose and Sheep Mitts, Beef Mocassins, Felt Over-shoes, Rubbers, &c., all of which will be sold at great reductions from former prices. Lumber and country merchants are requested to bear in mind that there is a large stock of handmade boots to be disposed of at the aforesaid reduction in prices.

The public generally are invited to call and examine the stock and prices, which we know cannot fail to give satisfaction to all.

Remember the place, the old Crosby Stand, opposite O'Meara's, No. 51, Sparks-st.

A. J. STEPHENS & CO.

Ottawa, Oct. 20, 1868. 876y



CHEAP BOOTS & SHOES AT THE

CAPITAL BOOT & SHOE STORE, YORK-ST.

I have now received my fall and winter stock of

BOOTS AND SHOES,

which will be found complete; being selected with care, it will not fail to give general satisfaction.

In Ladies', Misses' and Children's ware I have everything that can possibly be required for the season, and at much lower figures than ever before offered.

Men's ware in Calf, Kipp, Cowhide Boots; Men's Strong Working Boots as low as $2 per pair. Boy's and Youth's equally low.

A large supply of New English Kipp Boots, hand made, the most suitable ware for Lumbermen, constantly on hand and made by the very best workmen. Orders taken for all kinds of work.

GEORGE MURPHY. 4297

Groceries.

THE undersigned takes this opportunity to thank her friends and the public in general for their liberal patronage, and solicits a call to examine her fine stock of GROCERIES, POULTRY, FISH, salt and fresh, VEGETABLES, FRUITS, PORK, &c., all to be disposed of cheap. Also, a very fine lot of PARTRIDGES.

MRS. L. E. GOULIN, Wellington-st., opposite Hall's Confectionery

GARDENER'S

BAKING POWDER.

In 1 lb. Packets for 25 cents. | And 6 Packets for $1.25.

TEN REASONS

Why it Should be Used in Preference to all Others:

1st. Bread or Cakes made with it are more wholesome than if made with Yeast or any other process.

2nd. Its purity is such that it will stand the test of the most perfect analysis.

3rd. After having been extensively used for the last 14 years in not one instance has it failed to give entire satisfaction.

4th. Families that have used it pronounce it the best, and will use no other.

5th. It contains no Saleratus, nor does it impair the digestive organs like those powders where Soda or an excess of Alkali predominates.

6th. It never gives to Bread or Cakes an unpleasant Alkaline or mawkish taste.

7th. The ingredients that form its composition are more beneficial than otherwise.

8th. Dyspeptic subjects can eat hot Bread or Rolls made with it and derive benefit by its use.

9th. Every Packet contains its full weight; one pound packets weigh 16 ounces.

10. It is all that it is represented to be, namely:

Unrivalled for Purity and Cheapness.

Sole Agents for Ottawa,

J. G. ROBINSON & Co., The Tea Pot.

The Trade supplied at the Manufacturer's prices.

Ottawa, December 10, 1868. 886-6m

MONTREAL WAREHOUSE,

SUSSEX-STREET

The undersigned have now COMPLETED their

FALL IMPORTATIONS,

COMPRISING A

GENERAL AND SELECT STOCK

OF

FAMILY GROCERIES,

WINES, LIQUORS,

AND PROVISIONS, &c., &c.

JAS. MARTIN & CO.

Ottawa, November 27, 1868. 657y

Educational.

EDUCATION—CLASSICAL AND GENERAL.

THE REV. GEO. NOEL HIGGINSON, M. A., Incumbent of New Edinburgh, the with especial sanction of the Bishop of the Diocese, receives a limited number of the sons of gentlemen as morning pupils.

Residence—Dalhousie-st., Ottawa.

Terms made known on application. 940tf

ST. ALBAN'S SCHOOL,

DALY-ST.

PRINCIPAL:

REV. BICKERSTON A. EDWARDS, B. A., (ex-scholar Jesus Coll., Oxford.)

Business will be resumed on MONDAY, JAN. 4th. Hours of Study—9:30 a.m. to 12:30, and 2 to 4 p.m.

SCHOOL FEES.—For Sound Commercial and English Education, $8 per term. Higher Mathematics, Latin, Greek, French and Music, (each) $2 per term EXTRA.

The school year will, as hitherto, be divided into three terms.

A reduction made for brothers, and for payments made in the first week of term. 938tf

Publications.

JONES & HOLLAND

Have for sale

Carpenter's Penny Readings, in Cloth and Muslin; Hillgrove's Illustrated Ball Room Guides. Photograph Albums, *Very Cheap.* The Modern Pocket Hoyle.

And take subscribers for Mrs. Beecher's New Monthly Magazine; the Manufacturer and Builder; the American Builder, &c., &c.

NEW PUBLICATION.

CHRONICLES OF CANADA.

BY

H. BEAUMONT SMALL, S.C.L.

Price, 50 cents. For sale by the publisher,

936tf GEORGE E. DESBARATS.

Dry Goods.

HICK & CO.

Have removed to their NEW STORE, in Stewart's Block, Corner of Rideau and Sussex-sts., where they will offer, in connection with their goods,

$30,000 WORTH OF DRY GOODS

Purchased at Public Auction lately, from the immense Bankrupt Stock of the late firm of DESMARTERY, JORDAINE & Co., of Montreal, and sold on account of T. JAMES CLAXTON. The goods are all new and of very superior quality, being imported expressly for a fashionable Montreal trade; and, as they have succeeded in purchasing the goods far below the sterling cost, they are prepared to offer bargains never before offered in this city. The following are some of the lines of goods offered, viz.:

			s. d.		s. d.
100	pieces	different qualities Black Silks			
80	do	Single width plain Wincey	5	worth	0 8
100	do	Fancy, single width Wincey	7½	"	1 0
62	do	Double width plain Wincey	7½	"	1 0
80	do	Double Delaines	7½	"	1 3
75	do	do Poplin	7½	"	1 0
150	do	do Cobourg	7½	"	1 3
150	do	Assort'd Dress Goods	9	"	1 6
33	do	Empress Reps	1 6	"	3 0
60	do	Blk French Merino	1 6	"	3 0
75	do	Fancy Colors—your choice for	2		
200	do	Black Empress Rep only	10	"	2 0

Also, a splendid assortment of Hannibal Cloths, Oriental Lustres, Livini Poplins, Alberteena Cloths, Princess Alexandra Embossed Poplins, Mandarin Lustres, Eugenia Reps, &c.

1,000 doz. FRINGED TOWELS, all Linen ......6d each.

SHAWLS.

35 Filled Shawls.
83 Shepherd Long Shawls
101 Fancy, all wool Longs
167 Assorted Square Shawls.

COTTONS.

120 pieces Grey Cotton, 1¼ yards wide, for......6 d
160 do Bleached Horrocks and Millars......6¼d
165 do Good Prints......4 d
303 do Best English Prints, Hoyle's and Ashton's......6¼d
159 do French Calicoes, in choice patterns...8 d

CLOTHS.

			s. d.		s. d.
20	pieces	Waterproof	3 9		
80	do	Double Width Overcoating	2 9	worth	7 6
35	do	Scotch Tweed	2 6	do	5 0
100	do	Canadian Tweed	1 3	do	2 6
100	do	Full Cloth, very heavy	2 9	do	3 6

Also, a splendid lot o

BROAD CLOTHS, BEAVERS,

Witneys, Mantle Cloths,

BLACK DOES, &c., &c., &c.

at correspondingly low prices.

85 PIECES DOMINION TWEED.

Something New—one of the heaviest cloths made—*at a great sacrifice.*

1,000 doz. TABLE NAPKINS! all Linen, only 6s 3d per dozen.

SHIRTS! SHIRTS! SHIRTS!

1,000 Flannel Shirts, only......2 6
200 White Cotton Shirts, only......3 9
500 Under Shirts, only......3 3
300 Hespler's heaviest make, Ribbed......5 0 worth 8 9

Paper Collars—100 collars for 3s 9d.

500 pieces 2¼-yards wide Linen Sheeting......3 3 worth 5
5 do 2-yards wide, Union Sheeting......1 7 do 3
81 do Table Damask and 300 Damask Table Cloths, at a frightful sacrifice.

Also, Red and White Flannels, Canadian Shirting Flannels, Hoop Skirts, Crash Towellings, Irish Linen, Cloths, Breakfast Shawls, Hemp Carpets, &c., &c.

CORSETS, 2s 6d.

Blankets—A large lot of slightly damaged Blankets for about half price.

1,000 Linen Bags, 1s, worth 1s 6d; 40 cases Men's Heavy Boots, very low; 3 cases Men's Heavy French Calf, 12s 6d. Also, a heavy stock of Gentlemen's Clothing.

$3.50......OVERCOATS.
4.00......heavy OVERCOATS.
90 cts. up......PANTS.
50 cts. to $1.25......VESTS.
$8.00......Black Broadcloth......FALL SUITS.

A large staff of polite and attentive salesmen will be in readiness to wait on customers.

H. HICK & CO.

Customers will please report any inattention on the part of salesmen.

AT CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S

The greatest novelty of the season is the

BOULEVARD FELT UNDERSKIRT,

Unsurpassed for

BEAUTY, ECONOMY & DURABILITY

AT

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S

No. 14, RIDEAU-ST.

REMOVAL TO

NO. 34, SPARKS-ST.

T. RAJOTTE

having removed to more commodious premises, takes pleasure in announcing to his numerous customers and the public generally that he has now a large and well selected stock of

STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS,

consisting of

Flannels, Winceys, Cottons, Prints, &c., &c. | Black Cloths, Beaver Cloths, Meltons, Tweeds, &c.

We have also on hand a large assortment of

READY-MADE CLOTHING,

which, being manufactured on the premises, we can recommend, and sell cheaper than any shop in this city.

THE TAILORING DEPARTMENT.

This department is under the superintendence of a well-known first-class cutter and workman. All orders punctually attended to.

Don't forget the place, No. 34, Sparks-st. Store lately occupied by G. Fetherston & Co., next door to Magee & Russell's old store.

88 y T. RAJOTTE.

FLOWER BULBS.

Shipped per *Hibernian*, and to arrive in a few days, a very superior assortment of

HYACINTH, TULIP AND OTHER FALL BULBS,

These Bulbs will be found superior to anything yet imported.

WILLIAM HEARN, Market Drug Store, York-st.

Ottawa, October 17, 1868. 874tf

Groceries.

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS

—FROM—

OPORTO, SPAIN, COGNAC

AND LONDON,

Consisting of

PORT, SHERRY, BRANDY, GIN AND SCOTCH WHISKEY, &c.

PICKLES, SAUCES, JAMS & JELLIES &c., &c., &c.,

FROM CROSSE & BLACKWELL.

—LIKEWISE,—

A FULL assortment of FRESH FRUIT, the BEST in market.

TABLE and Cooking RAISINS, CURRANTS, &c.

FLAVOURING EXTRACTS and SPICES—Genuine.

PRESERVED and CAN FRUITS, assorted to suit the holiday season.

ALMERIA GRAPES, FRESH FIGS and PORTUGUESE ONIONS.

50 TINS NEW HONEY, in 5 lb. and 8 lb. tins.

200 STILTON CHEESE, 6 lbs. to 8 lbs. size, from Reesor Brothers' celebrated factory.

SHERRY WINE—Good Table Wine—$1.25 to $3.00.

PORT WINE—Good Table Wine $1.50 to $4.50.

ALL KINDS of GENUINE LIQUORS. Price according to age and quality.

100 BOXES DIGBY HERRINGS—large boxes at 75 cts. each.

LABRADOR HERRINGS, the very best, in barrels and half barrels.

10 CASES SCOTCH LING—Good.

TEAS—Black, Green and Japans—Warranted Good, and selected for family use.

SUGARS and SYRUPS of all grades.

COFFEES—Always Fresh—Best Brands—Try them.

TOBACCOS—The Finest Qualities—Virginia make in cut, tin foil and plug.

A GENERAL assortment of the different kinds of *GROCERIES AND LIQUORS* on hand, Wholesale and Retail, at the *LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICES* for Warranted Goods. A trial of the articles will recommend them.

For sale at

THOS. PATTERSON'S, No. 26, Rideau-street.

Ottawa, November 27, 1868. 878

JUST RECEIVED,

AT THE

INDIA WAREHOUSE,

No. 16, Rideau-st.,

And for sale cheap, by

D. T. BROWNE & CO.,

Wholesale and Retail

Grocers, Wine and Spirit Merchants,

FRESH OYSTERS, in Tins,
PRESERVED OYSTERS do
FRESH HALIBUT do
FRESH SALMON do
FRESH MACKEREL do
FRESH LOBSTERS do
GREEN PEAS do
LEMON, GINGER, ORANGE, Banana, Peach, Blackberry, Raspberry and Strawberry Syrups.
RASPBERRY VINEGAR,
FRY'S Chocolate and Cocoa,
MOTT'S Cocoa Paste,
MORTON'S Bloater Paste,
TOMATO and other Catsups
ANCHOVY Paste,
STRASBURGH Meats,
POTTED Beef and Tongues
PRESERVES and Jellies in great variety,
ORANGE Marmalade,
MORRISON, TAYLOR & Co.'s Celebrated Sugar Cured Hams and Breakfast Roll Bacon.
PICKLED Salmon,
PICKLED Mackerel,
PICKLED HERRINGS, In Half Barrels, Barrels and Tierces,
DRY Codfish,
DRY Haddock,
FINNAN Haddies, &c., &c.,

And a full stock of Choice Family Groceries.

Ottawa, Nov. 3, 1868.

BOTTLED ALE,

BOTTLED ALE,

BOTTLED ALE.

The subscriber would called the attention of Families and others to his

FINE BOTTLED ALE

Which is in splendid condition. Also,

SCOTCH, IRISH, OLD RYE,

And other Malt Whiskies,

PORTS, SHERRIES, BRANDIES, GIN, &c.

To ether with a General Assortment of FIRST-CLASS GROCERICS.

A call ...dly solicited.

D. WHELAN, 44, Rideau-street, Opposite Allan's Crockery Store

Ottawa, Jan. 20, 1868.

PIANO TUNING.—The subscriber having decided to divide his time equally between Ottawa and Ogdensburgh, would beg to inform his old patrons and others, that he hopes, in future, to attend to their orders for tuning more promptly than heretofore. Shall visit Ottawa once a month. Orders received at Mr. Bermingham's Auction Rooms, and at E. Miles' Music Store.

GEO. N. BENEDICT.

HORSE INFIRMARY,

AND

VETERINARY ESTABLISHMENT

YORK-STREET, OTTAWA, Next to Salmon's Hotel.

A. J. F. COLEMAN, V. S. (Member of the College of Veterinary Surgeons Toronto; by appointment, V.S., to the Co. of Carleton Agricultural Society.)

Orders or communications promptly attended to and medicines sent to any part of the Dominion. Charges moderate. 812y

Dry Goods.

Shewing This Day.

GRANT & HENDERSON,

No. 20, Rideau-st,

Are offering an extensive Stock of

DRESS GOODS,

WINCIES,

SHAWLS and

BLANKETS,

AT THE LOWEST CASH PRICES.

N. B.—An extensive assortment of general DRY GOODS always in stock.

LATEST STYLES AND FASHIONS.

INSPECTION INVITED.

No. 20, Rideau-st.

CLOTHING,

CHEAP AND FASHIONABLE,

READY-MADE AND TO ORDER.

O'MEARA & CO.,

(ESTABLISHED IN 1841,)

Offer for sale an extensive importation of FALL AND WINTER GOODS, comprising Ready-made Clothing, Canadian Tweeds, Etoffes, Satinetts; also a large stock of Blankets, Flannels, Kerseys, Gray Cottons, Prints, Winceys, Plaids, &c., &c.; Broadcloths, Beavers, Witneys, Petershams, Devons, &c.; Bedford Cords, Silk Mixtures, West of England Tweeds, Doeskins, &c., wholesale and retail, which will be made up to order on the shortest notice in the latest styles of fashion and at prices that

DEFY COMPETITION.

A general assortment of Dry Goods, the largest stock ever offered for sale in this city.

$1.25 BLANKETS $5.00. **$3.00**

TAILORING DEPARTMENT.

Particular attention given to the Tailoring Department, which is under the supervision of a first-class cutter.

$2......GREY ETOFFE PANTS.
$4.50......GOOD PEA JACKETS.
$4......OVERC...
$9......COMPLETE SUITS,
$1......GOOD VESTS,
75 CTS., $1 and $1.25......UNDERSHIRTS,
75 CTS., $1 and $1.25......DRAWERS

A. DUFF. O'MEARA & CO.

Ottawa, October 27 1868. 882y

TO FARMERS & OTHERS.

TRADE O. A. A. & Co. MARK.

Farmers and others should buy their TEA and COFFEE from

A. G. AUDY & CO.,

who are daily receiving by direct importations Tea and Coffee of the finest quality. Their business is conducted on the English principle, and the above named articles can be procured in 5 and 10 pound catties, and upwards. The purchaser receives the benefit of a neat package, a good article, and at wholesale prices. Perfect satisfaction is ensured, and any goods not proving according to sample can be returned at our expense. We will pay the carriage on 4 five or 2 ten lb catties to the nearest railway station. For the accommodation of farmers and others not having heard of the advantage offered them, we have engaged trustworthy agents who will make occasional trips throughout the surrounding country and solicit their orders. Any favors submitted to them will receive prompt attention. We do not sell less than a cattie, and nothing but Tea and Coffee sold. The following is the list of prices:

BLACK TEA.

Common Congou, Strong Tea	$0 45 @ 50
Fine Flavoured New Season do	0 55 @ 60
Excellent Full Flavoured do	0 75 @ 80
Sound Oolong	0 40 @ 45
Rich Flavoured, do	0 55 @ 60
Very Fine, do do	0 75 @ 80
Japan Good	0 50 @ 60
Very Good	0 65 @ 70
Finest	0 75 @ 80

GREEN TEA.

Twankay, Common	0 35 @ 40
Fine do	0 55 @ 60
Young Hyson	0 50 @ 60
Fine do	0 75 @ 85
Superfine and Very Choice	1 00 @ 00

COFFEE.

Mocha	$0 22, 0 27, 0 29, 0 33
Java	0 20, 0 25, 0 29, 0 32
Ceylon	0 18, 0 22, 0 26, 0 29

Remember the place,

A. G. AUDY & CO., Elgin-st., opposite the Russell House.

Music.

MESSRS. J. L. ORME & SON

Respectfully call the attention of the public to their magnificent stock of

PIANO-FORTES, ORGANS,

AND MELODEONS,

In their new Show Room, comprising

PIANO-FORTES, *from all the leading makers.*

WARREN'S PIPE ORGANS,

ORGANS and MELODEONS from the best factories in the United States, excelling in finish and tone anything ever brought into this country.

Now is the time for intending purchasers.

PRICES LOW & TERMS LIBERAL.

Our stock of Concertinas, Violins, Flutes, &c., &c., is, as usual, very large.

New Sheet Music and Books constantly arriving.

J. L. ORME & SON, Sign of the Golden Lyre,

944tf No. 8, Sparks-st., next Durie & Son's.

LAND FOR SALE.—The subscribers leave to inform the public that they have following lots for sale, viz.:

Lot Number 14, East side of Dalhousie-street,
" " 4, Lang's Block, N. Side Rideau street,
" " 20, South Side of Besserer-street, } Ottawa.

The west half fifty acres of lot number eleven, in the tenth Concession of the Township of Cumberland, and Lots 174 and 186, in Block 120. Lot 39, of the Township of Nepean, known as the Rochester property.

All applications for further particulars, &c., must be made to the undersigned.

ROSS & PARSONS, Solicitors, &c.

Ottawa, 11th January, 1869. 946-4

Medical.

PAIN KILLER!

A PURELY VEGETABLE MEDICINE

TAKEN INTERNALLY, CURES

Sudden Colds, Catarrh, Coughs, Bronchitis, Asthma, Fever and Ague, Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, Acid Stomach, Headache, Heartburn, Indigestion, Canker in the Mouth, Throat or Stomach, Sick Headache, Sea Sickness, Piles, Kidney Complaints, Canker Rash, Cramp and Pain in the Stomach, Painter's Colic, Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Summer Complaint, Cholera Morbus, Cholera Infantum and Cholera.

APPLIED EXTERNALLY, CURES

Scalds, Burns, Frostbites, Chilblains, Erysipelas, Ringworms, Whitlows, Boils, Old Sores, Sprains, Bruises, Toothache, Headache, Neuralgia in the Face or Head, Pains in the Side, Pains in the Back and Loins, Rheumatism, Rheumatic Gout, Neuralgic or Rheumatic Pains in the Joints and Limbs, Stings of Insects, Scorpions, Centipedes, and the Bites of Poisonous Insects and Venomous Reptiles.

At this season, when coughs and colds are so prevalent, an effectual remedy, and one easily obtained, is *Perry Davis' Vegetable Pain Killer.* It is no new nostrum, vended by unknown agents, but has stood the test of over 20 years; and those who use the article, internally or externally, will connect with it grateful recollections of its worthy inventor.—*Hastings' Chronicle, C.W.*

PAIN KILLER.—The testimonials borne to the efficacy of this valuable medicine are sufficient to warrant its introduction into every house. Our own opinion is that no family should be without a bottle of it for a single hour. In flesh wounds, aches, pains, sores, &c., it is the most effectual remedy we know of. A bottle will last for a very long time, and its low price places it within the reach of all. Our readers will remember that the Messrs. Perry Davis & Son have opened out a house in Montreal, whence Canadian orders are supplied.—*News, St. Johns, C E.*

We are glad to learn that the "Pain Killer" is having so large a sale in our city. We have every reason to believe it to be an almost never failing cure for pain, and is a medicine that no family should be without.—*Montreal Pilot.*

In an attack of Diarrhœa, Dysentery or Cramp Colic, don't delay the use of the Pain Killer.

Rev. H. L. Van Meter, Burmah, writes, "The Pain Killer has become an almost indispensable article in my family."

Hundreds of missionaries give similar testimony of its virtues.

Rev. J. G. Stearns, writes, "I consider it the best remedy for Dyspepsia I ever knew."

Rev. Jabez S. Swan says, "I have used it for years in my family, and consider it an invaluable remedy."

We cheerfully add our testimony in favor of this medicine.—*Romra Citizen.*

We have tasted this medicine and assure our readers that it not only possesses all the virtues claimed for it, but in many instances surpasses any other remedy which we have ever known.—*Herald of Gospel Liberty.*

It is really a valuable medicine. It is used by many physicians.—*Boston Traveller.*

I have used Davis' Pain Killer, and consider it an indispensable article in the medicine box. It has effected cures in Diarrhœa, and for cuts and bruises it is invaluable.—*New York Examiner.*

Spoken of in terms of high commendation by both druggist and physician.—*Philadelphia Eagle.*

The Pain Killer is sold at wholesale by druggists and medicine dealers, and commission merchants, in the principal cities, and retailed by Apothecaries, Grocers and at Variety Shops generally, throughout the world. Prices, 15 cents, 25 cents and 50 cents per bottle.

PERRY DAVIS & SON, Manufacturers and Proprietors, 380 St. Paul-st., Montreal, P. of Q.; 78 High st., Providence, R. I.; 71 Southampton Row, Holborn, London, England.

DAVIDSON & DANIEL, GENERAL AGENTS

MORTIMER'S

INFALLIBLE REMEDY

FOR

CHOLERA,

DIARRHŒA, and

BOWEL COMPLAINTS.

The following extract, which Mr. Mortimer is kindly permitted to publish, is from the letter of a relative of Dr. Wolfe, of this city, now residing in the United States:

"Find out if the Express charges are too high, and if not, arrange with Mortimer to let you have a box of the bottles of CHOLERA MIXTURE. I could make a good little fortune with them. The Bottle I brought with me here brought two ladies round from decided cholera; one on board the boat, and the other in Berlin, United States. Both commenced with diarrhœa, then with dysentery, and then vomiting. The one at Berlin was very bad. I gave her three doses of the 'Cholera Mixture, the third of which stopped the vomiting. The next day she was all right, or nearly so. She was very grateful. I have now only a little left."

This excellent mixture, which should be in every family, is only

TWENTY-FIVE CENTS A BOTTLE.

NONE OTHER GENUINE.

TRADE MARK REGISTERED

CANADIAN COUGH EMULSION.

This valuable medicine has the extraordinary property of immediately relieving Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Difficulty of Breathing, Tightness in Chest, &c., &c. It operates by dissolving the congealed phlegm, causing free expectoration, and an agreeable moistness to the skin.

Sold in Bottles at 1s. 3d. and 2s. 6d. Each.

MORTIMER'S COMPOUND ANTIBILIOUS AND FAMILY APERIENT PILLS,

A grand specific for derangement of the Digestive Organs, and for obstructions and torpid action of the Liver and Bowels.

Mortimer's Vegetable Worm Destroyer,

The only sure remedy that exists, combining delicious taste and amazing power.

MORTIMER'S

Colonges, Pomades, Toilet Vinegar, Rose Dentifrice, for the Teeth and Gums. Also constantly on hand Perfumes of all kinds, and Toilet Requisites usually kept in a first-class establishment.

No. 41 Sussex-st., Ottawa City.

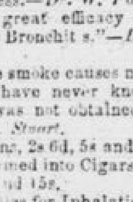
DARLEY'S ARABIAN HEAVE REMEDY and CONDITION MEDICINE is positively superior to any, or all other preparations for the cure of Heaves, Coughs, Thick and Broken Wind, and all diseases which affect the wind of horses; also, as a Condition Medicine, surpassing everything of the kind, is easy to give, sure to cure and safe in all cases and at all times, and does not prevent the horse from being worked while using it.

It cleanses the breathing apparatus, by removing from the air-cells the coagulable lymph, or that secretion which in heaves clogs them, causing a difficulty in breathing, and by its action on the diseased part, causing the mucous membrane to resume its natural dimensions, thus equalizing the circulation of the blood, and restoring the distended vessels to their natural size; by its use the horse's appetite is improved, all derangements of the digestive organs corrected, softening the skin, and giving to the coat a sleek and shining appearance.

D. W. HURD, successor to HURD & Co., Maiden Lane, New York, Sole Proprietor for the United States.

NORTHROP & LYMAN, Newcastle, Ont., Proprietors for Canada.

Price 25 cents. Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, Henry F. McCarthy; J. Skinner, and J. Brown, in Ottawa. 889-45-6m



FOR ASTHMA,

and Chronic Bronchitis

DATURA TATULA,

Affords Immediate Relief.

"A remedy of great power and usefulness."—*Dr. W. Parker.*

"Of great efficacy in cases of Asthma and Chronic Bronchitis."—*Dublin Journal Medical Science.*

"The smoke causes no nausea. When the right kind, I have never known an instance in which relief was not obtained."—*General Alexander to Hon. B. Stuart.*

In Tins, 2s 6d, 5s and 10s.

...formed into Cigars and Cigarettes, Boxes, 3s, ...d 15s.

...tilles for Inhalation. Boxes, 2s 6d, 5s and 10s.

SAVORY & MOORE, 143, New Bond-st., London.

AGENTS—Messrs. F. Cundill & Co., Montreal.

FOR INDIGESTION—PANCREATINE completely effects the DIGESTION and ASSIMILATION of COD LIVER OIL, the fat eaten at meals, &c. In digestive activity, superior to Pepsine.

Pancreatine Powder, bottles, 2s, 3s 6d, 6s 6d and 12s6d. Pancreatine Wine, bottles, 3s, 5s and 10s.

SAVORY & MOORE, 143, New Bond-st., London.

N.B.—Pancreatine Wine is the best vehicle for taking Cod Liver Oil.

AGENTS—Messrs. F. Cundill & Co., Montreal.

CONFEDERATE RECORDS.

In his article on the flight of Jefferson Davis, in the current number of *Packard's Monthly*, Mr. Edward A. Pollard makes the remarkable statement that the bulk of the valuable documents of the Confederate Government, including the correspondence of Jefferson Davis, exists to-day in concealment; that many days before the fall of Richmond there was a careful selection of important papers, especially those in the office of the President, and letters which involved confidences in the North and in Europe, and that these were secretly conveyed out of Richmond, and deposited in a place where they remain concealed to this time, and will probably not be unearthed in this generation. Where is this repository of the secrets of the Confederate Government Mr. Pollard is not prepared to say.

He has repeatedly sought access to these papers out of historical curiosity, but he has been invariably met with the explanation that, while this indulgence might be allowed him for such legitimate purpose, it would be unsafe for private reasons, and the information, if published, might be productive of serious consequences to persons of importance yet living, and within the jurisdiction of the Government. It has been impossible to surmount this objection, and there is no doubt that many of these papers do really involve discoveries of some curious negotiations in the war, the parties to which might astound the public. During the war it was well known, in some circles of confidence in Richmond, that Mr. Davis maintained a large secret correspondence in the North; that he had sources of comfort, information, and advice there; and indeed it would have been strange, considering the volume of disaffection in the North—a remarkable peculiarity of the late war—if it had not found some expression in secret negotiations, or some sort of surreptitious communication with the Confederate authorities. Mr. Pollard mentions the case of a single secret document which he was once permitted to see in Richmond, wherein certain parties offered to assist the Confederacy by supplying its Western armies for a whole year from the granaries and magazines of the North. Such important letters and other secret papers (says Mr. Pollard) still exist, were preserved from the wreck and fire of Richmond, and at this moment are kept in a manner and place which render them secure against discovery, loss, or mutilation.

The mysterious information which Mr. Pollard thus communicates is much more agreeable than the belief which we had before entertained that the papers in question had perished. We can testify that on the capture of Richmond the offices of the Confederate Government were found to have been carefully stripped of every document which was thought important, and that the Rebel Archives now preserved at Washington are of very little historical value indeed.—*N. Y. Sun.*

CUSTAR'S INDIAN CAPTIVES.

A correspondent in the field says:

During the first few days of the captivity of the squaws of Black Kettle's band of Cheyennes there was considerable anxiety felt by them. They all expected they were to be killed in retaliation of the atrocities committed by their band. At first the wounded ones refused to go to the hospital, fearing they were the first singled out for vengeance. The soldiers talking to each other not in tones the most gentle and euphonious and in a language they did not understand, they construed it into a controversy as to when and how they were to be disposed of. In constant dread of what disposition was to be made of them, several of the squaws visited Gen. Sheridan's interpreter, Mr. Curtis, and asked him whether they were all to be killed. When assured that the white man did not kill women and children for what the warriors did, they felt materially relieved. Since then the wounded squaws have appeared more lively, and exhibit an unusual feeling of gratitude for the kind treatment they have been receiving. This feeling they manifest by shaking hands with the surgeon whenever he visits them. The most remarkable instances of fortitude are exhibited in the cases of the wounded Indian children. The desperation of the fighting at the battle of Washita on the part of the savages may be judged from the fact that no male prisoners were taken over eight years old, the rest taking up arms and joining in the fight. There are now in the hospital several very young boys and girls, badly wounded, but from not a single one of them has come the slightest audible indication of their suffering; yet the expression of their faces, the wild glance of their eyes, betray that they do suffer. During such painful operations as probing and cleansing out their wounds, placing the thumb on one temple and stretching the hand across the forehead, fixing the second finger on the temple opposite, they close their eyes and patiently submit to such operations as the teachings of surgery require. One little girl, about six years of age, has a bullet hole through her body on the left side, and yet she sits up and makes no complaints. All the wounded squaws and children rode in on their ponies, refusing to have anything to do with ambulances. Another singular feature in the wounded is the peculiarly offensive odor of the sloughing wounds.

The well squaws are still encamped with the cavalry, and seem to be contented with their lot. The male children amuse themselves throwing reeds, as if they were spears, at different objects, thus displaying the cultivation of their expanding merit as future warriors.

Among the trophies brought in was a handsome lodge, which belongs to General Custar. To-day this was unloaded from the wagon, and having sent for several squaws, the General had the lodge put up in true Indian style. This is a part of the duties of the squaws, and in a very few minutes they displayed their proficiency to an extent which surprised every one. The lodge is of skins, and perfectly white. It is not at all surprising that the loss of their lodges is looked upon by the savages as so great a calamity. The number of skins, the proper tanning of them, fitting and stitching them together, constitute evidently a labour and expense of considerable magnitude. In setting up a lodge, the squaws get around with the lodge-poles in their hands; these they lock at the upper extremities and set them in position, forming the skeleton of the lodge. The lodge-skin, one end attached to a pole, is laid in an upright position against the lodge-poles already up; the skin is then unrolled and wrapped around the outside over the lodge-poles. The ends are then fastened with thongs, leaving an aperture about three feet high for an entrance, and at the top for the egress of smoke.

The captives, sick and well, have not lost appetite or flesh since in our hands. Their capacities for stowing away food are truly amazing. Hard tack to them is a great luxury, and old and young, sick and well, devour it with all the relish of the choicest and richest cake.

VOLUNTEER FIELD BATTERY.—We are pleased to learn that all the old members of the Battery have re-enlisted, and under Captain Smith, the organization is in a flourishing state. The ranks are now filled, and last evening the Battery paraded at the Gun Sheds, and afterwards had a march out, which was much enjoyed by the men, and appeared to give great satisfaction to the large crowd of spectators.—*Hamilton Spectator.*

THIRTEENTH BATTALION.—The monthly drill of this capital Battalion came off last evening, in expectation of which we visited the Drill Shed, and having in England, Nova Scotia, New Brunswick, Lower Canada and Toronto visited various Drill Sheds; can truthfully give to Hamilton the preference in the matter. Although it may seem a work of supererogation to describe the building, yet even in this city itself, there are numbers who never had the pleasure of seeing the place, therefore losing a pleasing and agreeable sight. The Drill Shed is a well built structure, prettily adorned with mottoes. Each of the Provinces proudly displaying its name aloft; New Brunswick we were glad to see, surrounded with a blaze of light, and as we gazed upon the emblem, with the beautiful strains of the Band floating through the air, we thought of her Volunteer Battalion, better than which never wore the proud red uniform. The Toronto Drill Shed is as a drill shed perhaps the better of the two, but the one in Hamilton, is fitted up with a gallery, wherein the ladies may enjoy the music and the review, adding by their presence an additional inducement to devote only to one's country's service; and we were pleased to see the crowd of fair faces which on this occasion graced the meeting. Having fallen in on the right of the covering, the officers proceeded to prove their companies; the appearance of the men was excellent, and the most careful proving was faultless; there were, however, exceptions to the rule. As soon as the companies were proved, the battalion told off, then formed in fours, and headed by their splendid Band they marched out, somewhat disappointing the fair audience in the gallery, but delighting the general public who everywhere crowded the sidewalk, to give them greeting. In conclusion, we can only say that the Thirteenth can compare favourably with any corps in Canada, and is a credit to Hamilton.—*Spectator.*

VOLUNTEER FUNERAL.—On Saturday afternoon the remains of the late Mr. Joseph McAfee were consigned to their last resting place in the Rural Cemetery. As a mark of respect to the memory of the deceased, the Volunteer Battalion and the members of the various Orange Lodges attended the funeral cortege. The scene was an impressive one, and its solemnity was increased by the dilapidated appearance which the uniforms of our Volunteers presented. Surely a Dominion so extensive can afford to do something more than has hitherto been done for the benefit of these gallant fellows, who, of themselves, have sacrificed so much for the benefit and defence of the public generally.—*St. John (N. B.) Telegraph.*

—The oyster boundary question between Maryland and Virginia is at length settled, the "Commander of the State Oyster Police force of the State of Maryland," and "Chief Inspector of Oysters for the State of Virginia" have mutually agreed on a line, and the extent of their power under the oyster laws of their respective States.

—An intoxicated man recently laid down on the railroad track near the Covington, Kentucky, depot, and fell asleep. A little dog belonging to a house close by, seeing a train approach, ran and jumped upon his face, and barked and scratched him until he awoke, just in time to get out of the way of the cars. The man, believing this to be a divine warning to abstain from drinking, took the pledge forthwith.

—"Ladies of the Old School" are not all dead yet. Another old lady near Rochester, Mrs. Cloe Budd, 81 years of age, continues to spin and weave as in the olden time. She has woven 305 yards of rag carpeting, and 242 yards of flannel during the past 15 months. She has spun 200 pounds of wool in the same time, and knit two dozen pairs of socks for her grandchildren.

—Mr. Sothern, the English actor who became so celebrated through his performance of Lord Dundreary, first at the Olympic Theatre, New York, and then at the Haymarket, in London, is engaged by Mr. Booth for a season at the new theatre owned by the latter; to begin in October next, at a salary of $100 a night.

—The Norfolk *Reformer* complains that, while Port Rowan has a population of nearly one-fifth of the whole township of Walsingham, for the last three years not one dollar has been paid for the poor in the village by the Council, while in the same time the other four-fifths of the people have received nearly two thousand dollars in charity.

EFFECT OF THE COLE-HISCOCK MURDER.—At the trial of a burglar named Wilson, in Hartford last week, the prisoner defended his own case. The crime was proven as plainly as could be, and then the prisoner made his argument to the jury, the unblushing rascal putting the Cole-Hiscock verdict at them in this way:

"Gentlemen of the jury, I desire to call your attention to the fact that no man can commit crime of any magnitude and be a perfectly sane man. I may cite the Cole-Hiscock trial in this connection, when the court held that, though the accused was admitted to be sane the minute before the homicide, and sane the minute following it, yet at the moment of the killing he was *insane*—the court held, I say, that the accused should have the benefit of the doubt. My point is—and I do not urge it as a strong point—that that was a merciful act on the part of the court—a liberal act—and that it should hold good in all criminal cases of magnitude. A man who commits crime, is not sane. In the first place when he does it, he sins against himself; in the second place, he sins against his fellow man; and, in the third place, he sins against his Creator—and, gentlemen of the jury, no man can do those three things and be a perfectly sane man!" (Laughter.)

SERIOUS RAILROAD ACCIDENT.—Tuesday night's eastern bound train on the Sioux City road, having a baggage car, two passenger and five freight cars, met with an accident about half-past three o'clock a. m., resulting from a broken rail. The locomotive passed over it, and a moment after the rear passenger car was rolling over an embankment forty feet high. Fortunately the growth of young timber checked the violence of the fall. So great was the force with which the car was thrown, that it carried away the rear platform of the car which preceded. Both ends of the car through off were a perfect wreck. There were some thirty passengers in it at the time. ...stove was hurled from its place and one man thrown upon it, burning him severely and another had the misfortune to have it thrown on top of him, bruising, but not burning his person. The passengers and men expected to find the dead and dying on every hand, and were ...

find not one even dangerously injured. The car was fired by the stove, and totally consumed after the leaving of the train.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Auction Sale of Sleighs, &c.—J. Bermingham.
County of Carleton Agricultural Society—A. S. Woodburn.
Board and Lodging.
New Patterns in Carpets—Magee & Russell.
French Pattern Jackets do.
Tenders Wanted—James D. Slater.
Land for Sale—Sergeant Davis.
Annual Meeting of the General Protestant Hospital.
New Grocery Store—John Cook.

The Ottawa Times

Office: 38, Sparks Street.

THURSDAY, JANUARY 14, 1869.

For Ottawa Markets and interesting reading see Fourth Page.

THE HON. MR. MITCHELL returned to this city yesterday.

The Hon. Mr. ROSE left town yesterday, after having attended a meeting of the Privy Council, held in the morning.

SANDFORD FLEMING, Esq., Chief Engineer of the Intercolonial Railway, leaves to-day for Halifax.

The next meeting of the Railway Commissioners here will probably be held about the end of the present month.

It is understood that the report of the Civil Service Commission, relating to the re-organization of the several departments, was sent in to the Government yesterday.

MR. WALSH, Chairman of the Railway Commission, goes West to-day. He is invited by his constituents to attend a complimentary dinner, to be given in his honour at the town of Simcoe, on Monday next, the 18th instant. This mark of respect is intended as an assurance to Mr. WALSH that his public career has given satisfaction to his constituents; and also, it may be presumed, as an answer to the attacks which have recently been made upon him, because of his appointment as Railway Commissioner. Such a response to the assaults of disappointed political opponents will be alike gratifying to Mr. WALSH, and creditable to the electors of Norfolk, whose confidence he has so long enjoyed; and who, no doubt, feel proud to see their representative worthily filling the position of high responsibility he now holds.

MONTREAL is becoming enthusiastic on the wooden railway question. An influential meeting was held there on Tuesday last, to hear a report from a committee on the propriety of constructing a wooden railway northward from the city, to connect with the forests and cheapen the carriage of firewood. This report, after setting forth, at great length, the benefits which such a railway would confer, concludes by recommending an application for a charter for the "Northern Colonization Railway;" for a grant of 500,000 acres of land to aid its construction; for further aid to bridge the two branches of the Ottawa; for assistance from the Montreal Corporation, &c., &c. Steps were immediately taken for the opening of stock books, and the meeting, which was a very influential one, appeared to push forward the enterprise to a successful issue.

We are glad to see this spirit of enterprise in the construction of railways, whether wooden, iron, broad or narrow guage, throughout the country: at Quebec, at Montreal, at Toronto, and various other points in the West. And what shall we say for the Ottawa country? Must it ever fold its hands and talk big of its great canal, that is to be? A neighbouring county to Montreal offers $20,000, and free right of way through to aid the "Northern Colonization" road. Are there no counties around Ottawa which can afford to lend a helping hand to the Canada Central? If Argenteuil can do so much for the Montreal project, might not Carleton do a little towards a road that would confer so much substantial benefit on it? We have already referred to the example of the Western municipalities, some thirty or forty of which within the past eighteen months have made grants or subscribed stock in aid of local railway enterprises, and when we see Quebec and Montreal waking up to the importance of railway connection with the country around them, it ought to satisfy us that the construction of the Central between this city and Carleton Place is worthy a large degree of local support, and this cannot be better, nor more effectively, extended than through the municipalities.

THE complaint is becoming general with our Western exchanges that the Ontario Legislature threatens to drag out the Session to an unnecessary length. The Government business is, we believe, all in a forward state; but the large number of private bills in the hands of members, supplemented by the gushing eloquence of Messrs. BLAKE, BOYD and other brilliant luminaries, consumes the time of the House, without adding much, it is supposed, to the progress of the real business of the Legislature.

For our own part, we should be sorry to see a feeling of indifference to private legislation encouraged either in the Legislature or by the press. Every private bill is of direct interest to somebody. These bills are never sought, except with a specific object of advantage to their promoters; and since many of them affect the industry and material progress of the country, it is of the first importance that every attention should be given them. It may seem a somewhat small kind of business for members of the Assembly, big with ideas on the general government of the whole country, to have to come down to the consideration of the question of confirming the will of JOHN GRIMES, deceased, or rendering valid a by-law of the Middleton Township Council. It is, no doubt, a trifling thing for them, whether the aspiring SMIRKUM is, or is not, to be admitted as a barrister at law, or whether the speculative SHARPLEY, and his associates, shall, or shall not, obtain a charter for their projected Mining and Smelting Company. But the public interest is involved in the scope of all these private bills. The refusal to give them that share of consideration, without which it would be improper to permit them to become law, is just as much a neglect of a Legislator's public duty as it would be to refuse consideration to a measure affecting the whole public. In the old Province of Canada, during several stormy Sessions, when party politics ran high, private legislation was to a great extent neglected, and many interests suffered accordingly. In Nova Scotia, by the stubbornness of the Local Cabinet, many mining and other enterprises, calculated to advance the material prosperity of the Province, were retarded for a year, for the want of due attention to private legislation; and if our Legislative Assembly should get the notion into its head that private bills are beneath its notice, the same evil consequences would follow in Ontario.

We have nothing to say in apology for the delay caused by the long-winded orations of certain gentlemen who make set speeches upon almost every question that comes before the House. This is one of the evils of the system which must be endured, since it can not very well be cured. The local press of Toronto might, however, do a good deal towards abating the nuisance by not repeating these inflictions in the House upon their readers.

THE able "budget speech" of the Ontario TREASURER is attracting attention, and exciting admiration, if not envy, in the sister Province. The Montreal *News* thus speaks of it:

"The speech delivered on the 15th December last, by the Hon. E. B. Wood, Treasurer of the Province of Ontario, on moving the House into Committee of Supply, impresses one with the idea that our sister Province has been singularly fortunate in securing the services of so intelligent a financier. It is quite impossible for any one to criticise his fitness for his office, without carefully following his train of argument—his reasonings, facts, and inferences; but those who do so will pay him the compliment of saying that he is frank to a fault. He lays bare the mystery of the accounts, dissects them, and exposes their weak points, and makes the fullest allowance for adverse contingencies. The majority of readers care little for dry statistics, they ask impatiently for results. What they want to know is, whether the income exceeds the expenditure? whether any, and what, balance to the right side can be produced? where it is deposited? whether any old scores remain unpaid, and what are the prospects for the future? Mr. Wood conclusively and satisfactorily answers these queries, but of necessity he was driven into preliminary explanations. Many of the members were new to parliamentary life, and even the veterans needed refreshing to recall the memory of Union Legislation, and explain the origin and fate of some of the Trust Funds. Let us take the instance of the Common School Fund: Under the Baldwin Ministry, the late Mr. Merritt got 1,000,000 acres of Crown Lands set apart for Common Schools. These lands, which were situated in Upper Canada, realized $1,733,224.47, but as an Act of the United Parliament declared these funds were set apart for the schools of the united Canadas, Ontario now recovers back but $981,340, while Quebec may claim $741,884.47. The curious feature in this account is that the Quebec Turnpike Trust obtained, nearly a quarter of a century back, the sum of $58,000 to construct turnpike roads around Quebec, and now owes not only the capital, but $29,580 accumulated arrears of interest to the Common School Fund. The history of the Upper Canada Building Fund is equally curious and as interesting to us. In 1854, in order to free the *counties* from their legal debts, our Lower Canada local revenues, such as tavern licenses, and marriage licenses, were declared to belong to Canada, and capitalized at $600,000, and to appease Upper Canada, which had no *constituents*, another $600,000 was taken out of the general fund to compensate that Province, a mode of financing which swept away from our counties a local income which ought to have been held sacred for their benefit. When Mr. Wood speculates on the amount of debt which Ontario must assume, as her share of any excess beyond the $62,500,000, he assumes, *but does not admit*, that it will amount to $9,500,000, of which Ontario must bear $5,288,940, and Quebec $4,211,060, but *per contra* he makes a claim for $3,900,000 on the Dominion for trust funds, and furthermore contends that when the Dominion holds assets they should go in abatement of the $9,500,000. Thus he objects to the Great Western Railway Company debt with arrears $4,119,372. Then there is the case of the Northern Railway which ought not to count against Quebec—it owed $2,311,666 which was commuted for $250,000, and there are other items similar in character which would sensibly diminish the $9,500,000. He makes provision nevertheless for the interest on Ontario's presumed debt of $5,288,940 as if the claim was valid, so on that score no exception can be taken to his financial statement. The result he reaches is most satisfactory. Every branch of the service is amply provided for—a rigid economy pervades all the departments, and compensation is awarded public servants whose services were not needed. The cost of the entire machinery looks large remembering how much is extracted from the country by Dominion duties; but roughly estimated Ontario's expenses do not exceed a dollar and a half per head for the entire population of that Province. The income exceeds the expenditure, and a second year's experience has enabled Mr. Wood to effect further economies. His Crown lands yield a net revenue of $250,000, which he will be reluctant to see swallowed up in the Huron and Ontario canal. He makes generous provision for agricultural societies, and a noble grant to aid a system of drainage, and render swamps profitable to farmers. Mr. Wood is entitled to be proud of his financial success when he can assure the House of $500,000 surplus revenue after discharging all current debts and liabilities. His language is worth reproducing, and in justice to him we give it—he says "*money is money—with cash in hand my statements cannot be doubted*—I have paid all the liabilities of the Government, satisfied every appropriation, and have this large surplus on hand—*I do not assume that we will have such a surplus, but we have it*: I can point to an investment of $500,000 in Dominion debentures, and another of $350,000 in Dominion stock, both yielding 6 per cent interest." Such is the brilliant summing up of the Ontario Finance Minister."

THE Kingston *Whig* urges the Corporation of that city to follow the example of Ottawa, by giving the Mayor a public dinner.

THE agency of the Bank of Montreal at St. Catharines, was entered on Tuesday night, the safe blown open, and $50,000 in Provincial notes stolen.

THE Toronto City Council has adopted a by-law for the introduction of the McBeth (or NICHOLSON) pavement on King-st.

—Mr. Lount, M.P.P., has been for some time dangerously ill with the small pox. He is recovering.

—The Ferrie property on York-st., Hamilton, has been purchased from the Gore Bank, by the Hon. S. Mills, who intends to convert it into a private residence for himself, at a cost of $10,000.

—The St. Catharine's Police Magistrate, on Wednesday morning, ordered the police to arrest every person who kept an animal or fowl tied by the legs for a longer period than half an hour on the market grounds or streets.

POISONOUS CANDY.—We learn from the Barrie *Advance*, that Mr. W. M. Nicholson, publisher of the *Examiner*, in that town, and formerly of Ottawa, lost a fine boy, seventeen months old, on New Year's Day, from eating coloured candies. The body of the child was interred, but afterwards exhumed, and a *post mortem* examination having been made, the mother of the child testified that he had eaten red and blue coloured candy, and that the worst effects immediately followed, which undoubtedly caused its death. The stomach has been sent to Professor Croft for analysis, and the result of his examination will be important.

BYTOWN IN ITS INFANCY.

To the Editor of THE TIMES.

DEAR SIR,—If you will find the following remarks concerning Bytown and its locality, worthy a small space of your journal, you would oblige me very much in doing so.

When Bytown first commenced I was one among the number that settled in it in the year 27, when it was then, I may say, quite a wilderness, and all covered with wild forest, &c. At that time little did I expect that it would become the great metropolis of British North America; however, nature and the statesmen of both England and Canada have had provided materials for it, and pronounced it to be so. I beg leave to state also that I had the honour of being one of the first that advocated for the Government coming to Ottawa, and wrote several letters in the public press to that effect. My reasons for that were because I saw plain enough that it was the most central spot of all the Canadas to select of the great territories of British North America. And now I thank God that I have been spared to have the pleasure to see my wish come to pass, and my labours accomplished; although I am but a poor man now I have always had a great interest in the welfare and prosperity of Ottawa. The late Sir John By, the founder of Bytown, now called Ottawa, said in my own hearing, "Whoever would see the day, Bytown will become a great place yet." The Ottawa country and its inhabitants, and especially the lumber merchants on the Ottawa river, owe a debt of gratitude towards his memory, for it was he who was the great pioneer that opened the country for them. After Colonel By went home to England Bytown was translated to that of Ottawa city, which I strongly opposed, as not to do away with the founder's name to that of Ottawa, and at the same time I published a letter to the citizens of Ottawa, and said in place of neglecting the justice he had done to the Ottawa country they should put up a monument to his memory on the Barrack Hill, or any other conspicuous site to suit the purpose; and I trust that the lumber merchants in the valley of the Ottawa will bear in mind to lose no sight of doing so. I have the pleasure to know the most of them myself, and I am sure that they have that high spirit of mind in them, that they would at once co-operate with what I proposed to them to perform to the memory of the late and gallant Colonel By.

A BACKWOODSMAN.

OTTAWA, December 28, 1868.

LOCAL NEWS.

THE WEATHER.—Winter has again resumed his sway around Ottawa. Yesterday and the day before were clear and cold, and last night snow fell right merrily, bidding fair to make up for the quantity melted during the thaw.

ACCIDENT.—We learn that Mr. Bins Cawthra had the misfortune to fall down on Rideau-st. last night, and it was feared that his leg was broken. The accident happened near Dr. Grant's residence, and he was, therefore, taken into his office.

NATURAL HISTORY SOCIETY.—The regular meeting of the Natural History Society will be held to-morrow (Friday) evening, in their lecture room, Albert-st., when Dr. VanCortlandt will read a paper on the natural history of *Cephalopods*.

ST. PATRICK'S HALL.—Another interesting programme has been prepared for this evening, at the St. Patrick's Hall. New and old faces will appear on the platform. Readings, music and song, as usual, will be the order of the evening. We have no doubt the hall will be well filled.

SOIREE.—The members of the Congregational Church will hold their annual soiree in the church this evening. Preparations have been made, we understand, to accommodate a large number, and to make it a happy re-union for its participants. Their last soiree was very successful, as we hope the present will be.

ELECTION OF SEPARATE SCHOOL TRUSTEES.—The election for Separate School Trustees for the city was held yesterday, with the following result:—

By Ward—J. W. Peachy, re-elected.
Ottawa Ward—Seraphin Champagne.
St. George's Ward—P. Dufour, re-elected.
Victoria Ward—Leon David.
Wellington Ward—Dennis Egan.

POLICE COURT.—There was but one case at the court yesterday; that of a boy about eleven years old, named Nicholas Ryan. He was at the court some time ago for stealing raisins, &c., from a grocery store, and is now charged with stealing hand sleighs from the premises of several people. His parents are unfortunately unable to manage him. He does not attend school even when sent. He will now in all probability be taken off their hands for a few years. He was remanded till this morning.

THE LAST SLEIGH SALE OF THE SEASON.—Mr. Bermingham, auctioneer, will offer for sale at the Russell House, to-morrow, at noon, a number of valuable sleighs, cutters, and robes. This will probably be the last sale this season of sleighing goods, and as the stock to be disposed of is a valuable one, the sale will doubtless prove very attractive. The nightly sales are again resumed at the Dominion Auction Mart, 72 Sussex-st., where over $15,000 worth of goods must be sold before the first of February.

THE TROTTING MATCH.—This match came off on the river yesterday at two o'clock; there was a large number of people present, and betting was freely indulged in. The first mile heat was won by Riopelle's mare, the second and third by Burrows' mare, the fourth by Riopelle's mare, and the fifth by Burrows' mare, which made him the winner. It seemed to be the general opinion that Burrows would have won the first three heats easily. The match, we understand, was for $50 aside. There is to be another match to-morrow from Hull to Aylmer.

EXCELSIOR MOUTH-WASH AND TOOTH POWDER.—We have received from Messrs. Leggo & Mondelet, surgeon-dentists, a bottle of the "Excelsior mouth-wash," and also a box of tooth powder prepared by them, both of which well merit the patronage of the public. The "mouth-wash" has an exceedingly pleasant aroma, and is just astringent enough to keep the gums and mouth in a healthy condition if regularly used, while the tooth powder is still more delicately flavoured, and equally effective. Both these articles will doubtless find their way to the general favour of the public, as their merits become known.

COMMON SCHOOL TRUSTEE ELECTION.—The election of School Trustees was held yesterday. In St. George's Ward, Mr. Thomas Birkett was the new candidate, opposed to Mr. A. C. Wilson, the retiring trustee. For several years past the people of this ward have evinced considerable interest in elections for trustees, and yesterday a still greater degree of interest seems to have been manifested than heretofore. The polling place was crowded from the beginning till the end, and each party struggled hard for its candidate. The result of the election was the return of Mr. Birkett by a majority of seventeen votes over Mr. Wilson; there having been polled in the whole about 250 votes. In the other wards the old trustees were returned by acclamation.

JUVENILE TEMPERANCE SOIREE.—The juvenile branch of the Temperance Society, of which Father Molloy is president, held a soiree last night in the St. Patrick's Hall. About one hundred and fifty children were present, for whom refreshments were laid out on four tables in the body of the hall. They were neat, clean and orderly, and made a very creditable appearance. Eleven of the men of the Rifle Brigade band had volunteered to play for them gratuitously. The entertainment was commenced with their music, and continued at intervals during the evening. The boys, and the growing up people also applauded the band at every piece. Father Dandurand, and several other clergymen were present, as also the Mayor, Alderman Heney, Mr. R. H. McGreevey, and Mr. Carron. Mr. Battle appeared to have the laborious part of the management on his hand, and he discharged the duty zealously. While the boys were at the refreshment tables, the bishop entered, accompanied by the Rev. Mr. O'Connor, Father Molloy, Father Royer, and a number of other clergymen, all of whom took seats on the platform. The refreshments having been despatched, the tables were removed, the occupants of the platform took seats on the floor, to make room for a number of the boys who recited poetry and speeches, and sang songs, appropriate to the occasion, the singing being accompanied by one of the Christian Brothers on the melodeon. This part of the programme was greatly applauded. When the long programme was ended, the temperance boys were arranged on the platform, and the Bishop delivered a short but impressive address on the evils of intemperance, and pointed out to them the advantages of a sober life. His Worship the Mayor followed on the same subject in some happy remarks. The band played "God save the Queen," the people all standing. After this, on motion of Mr. Battle, Father Molloy was appointed chairman, in order to pass a vote of thanks to the band, and the rev. chairman made a feeling and energetic speech, in which he declared he was now rewarded for his labours in the temperance cause. The meeting broke up at eleven o'clock.

MR. J. S. MILL ON CRIMINALS AND THE POLICE.

[From the Pall Mall Gazette, December 22.]

In a letter to a friend, written a few days ago, Mr. J. S. Mill thus sketches the general conclusions at which he has arrived on the treatment of professional criminals and functions of the police:

1. I observe with satisfaction that one point has been judiciously insisted on by Mr. Edwin Hill at a recent meeting. It is that there should be a great increase of efforts to root out the receivers of stolen goods. The receivers are the solid support and foundation of all professional theft, and without them a criminal class, as a class, could not exist. If there were no receivers there could be no professional or habitual thieves, but only casual acts of theft from necessity or temptation, with which it is comparatively easy to deal. Receivers being persons of some pecuniary means and permanent habitation, it is impossible to make them accountable. I am not in a condition to say what means should be adopted for making receivers of stolen goods more amenable to justice. It requires some one more familiar than I am with the criminal law, and with the practice of the criminal courts, to say at what point the failure now takes place; but I am satisfied that this is a direction in which the law requires either to be strengthened, or to be more vigorously enforced.

2. A great effect in checking crime would be produced by simply abrogating the rule of our criminal procedure, which forbids putting questions to the prisoner. I doubt if public opinion is yet prepared for abolishing this rule; yet it might be done without any danger of introducing the evils of French criminal procedure, which mainly arise from making the judge instead of the counsel the interrogator of the prisoner and witnesses.

3. I am clearly of opinion that the attempt to place criminals who have worked out their sentences under the permanent surveillance of the police is wrong in principle, and would not work well in practice, necessarily carrying along with it a number of abuses which it would be impossible effectually to control, besides involving the decision of some other large questions for the decision of which the time is not yet ripe. The difficulty of dealing with those who pick up a livelihood by odd jobs, and with those whose employers know their antecedents, but whose fellow-workmen do not, would be in its own nature very great, while it would give great scope either for connivance or for oppression by the police. It would be necessary to decide what are lawful means of livelihood, and the law would either have to recognize prostitution as a legitimate profession, or to put it down by force. I believe many of those who wish for the permanent surveillance of criminals are desirous also of establishing prostitution on a legitimate basis. I think them completely wrong in principle, and mistaken as to the practical benefits which seem to arise from such a plan; but whether or no, the one change cannot be made without the other, and I believe that a more efficient police force, greater rigour against receivers, greater certainty of conviction, and greater steadiness and uniformity in the treatment of convicts, would be much more efficient in reducing crime than any surveillance that it is humanely possible to practice over criminals.

4. The first, the most obvious, and the most important condition of an efficient police is an exceedingly simple one, which, while it recommends itself at first sight to every impartial person, has been of late years totally neglected among ourselves, although the insisting upon it alone, without any other reform, would, I believe, do more to improve the character of the force than all other measures put together. This condition is that no person in the police force be permitted to receive money or gifts of any sort whatever from any private individual. This rule should be absolute and inflexibly applied. No services of any sort, whether within or without the routine of regular duty, should be permitted to receive any reward, either honorary or pecuniary, openly or privately, from individuals or from public bodies, except from the superior authorities of the force itself, and then in the way only of avowed promotion and increase of pay; also the mere acceptance of food or drink or shelter while on duty from any person whatever, should be *ipso facto* sufficient to insure expulsion from the force.

It is obvious that employing policemen for private purposes must draw off their time, their attention, and their interest from their public duty. It is a mere sophism to say, for instance, that if you gave a man whose duty it is to watch over the safety of a whole street a few pounds a year to watch more peculiarly over the safety of a few houses in it, it only quickens his zeal for them without diminishing his zeal for the rest. The work for which he receives no extra pay is certain to be considered of minor importance, and to be neglected in favour of that for which he expects special remuneration.

The insidious working of the system of perquisites is even more mischievous than its direct and obvious effects. It may be laid down as a rule of political economy that what people get by way of gifts connected with their profession or mode of earning their living, comes in the end to be counted as part of their earnings. Hence, however little they themselves may desire such a result, perquisites invariably have the effect of lowering men's legitimate and proper pay. This has been found both in higher and lower examples than that of the police force. The working of this rule is well known to all political economists with regard to the agricultural labourers under the old poor-law system; it is well known to all reforming politicians with regard to the perquisites of public servants of the higher ranks. I believe it to have acted injuriously upon the moral character of the police force. The fall in the value of money, which should be met by increase of pay, is apt to be, I believe has actually been, chiefly met by the increased urgency and ingenuity of the men in eking out their pay by perquisites. This is a natural tendency, which can only be combated by liberality in pay on the part of employers, accompanied by inflexible severity in putting down the perquisite system. This combined liberality and severity is essential, precisely in proportion to the responsibility of any employment and the importance of honesty in it. When the perquisite system is allowed to prevail, the best men get the fewest gifts, for they neither are so impudent in putting themselves in the way of gifts, nor so willing to neglect their proper duty for the sake of them. Hence the best men get the worst pay, are disgusted with the force, gladly take other places when they can get them, and leave only the worst men behind. The same reasons apply, of course, to the enlistment of new men, and step by step the men get worse and worse; carry on the system of favour more openly and impudently year by year, until the disgraceful state of things of the Haymarket is arrived at, while the increasing difficulty of the superiors in finding trustworthy men to replace the untrustworthy causes them to go on tolerating abuses, the toleration of which in its turn makes the men more encroaching, and creates a vicious circle which nothing but a complete change of system can break through.

Try Gardner's Baking Powder. See advertisement. 887.6m

THE ALASKA SEAL FISHERIES.

New London claims the honour of having sent the first vessel from the Atlantic coast to the waters of Alaska to engage in the fur seal business. This vessel was the bark *Peru*, E. Morgan, master, owned by Williams & Haven, of that city. The Hartford *Courant* says:—Captain Morgan has recently returned home, overland, from San Francisco, and gives an interesting account of his operations, and a description of the locality where the fur seals are found. He joined his ship at the Sandwich Islands in February last, proceeded by way of Sitka to the islands, where the seals resort, and arrived there on the 13th of April. Soon after he landed his men, with building material, provisions, salt, and utensils, and hoisted for the first time the American flag on the island. The master hired some natives to assist, and made preparations for the summer's work.

Needing more supplies, the ship was sent back to Honolulu for additional provisions and lumber, and arrived later in the season. Some twelve or fourteen buildings or dwellings, stores and salt-houses, were erected along the shore, and in due time the taking of skins commenced. The men employed in this work followed the old Russian rules of killing only the males, and removing these back from the beach before despatching them, lest those coming in from the water should be alarmed and driven off by blood or carcasses on the shores. The young seals or pups were never molested. The men report the antics of these little fellows, gathered in vast numbers, learning to swim or fish, as very amusing.

The *Peru* party met with strong rivalry and opposition in their work from the *employes* of a San Francisco concern, who, having bought out the stock of goods and vessels belonging to the old Russian American Fur Company, claimed to be their successors in the fur business of the territory. They tried almost every means of annoyance, but soon found that our New England seamen were not to be coaxed or driven away.

The islands known for many years as the home of the fur seal are two in number, and are situated inside or north of the Fox or Aleutian Islands, about forty miles apart, and two or three hundred miles from any other land. They are triangular in shape, the largest about twenty miles long, east and west; the other about two-thirds the size. The soil is sandy, with underlying clay and rocks; some prominent hills, with low places and ponds between. Along the shore are sand beaches, with cliffs and projecting ledges of rocks, on which the ocean surf constantly breaks. No harbour affording good security is found at either island. Strong winds from almost every quarter are prevalent, and during the summer fog and rain are very common, induced by vast quantities of ice that come floating down from the northern seas. In winter the cold northern winds make the climate extremely cold and inhospitable. No trees or shrubs of any kind are found; a rank grass, some vines producing berries, and a profusion of flowers are the sole vegetable products. Of animals, sea lions, walruses, foxes, ducks, and fish, comprise the list.

About one hundred families of the native Aluts live upon these islands, and derive their subsistence from the products of the land and sea. They are an active and hardy race, peaceably disposed, resembling somewhat the Esquimaux, but more intelligent. They live in huts and caves, speak the Aleutian and Russian language, and have been employed for many years in the taking and curing of fur seal skins. The seals are found here only in the summer season; they begin to arrive in April or May, and continue to come and go during the summer, occupying the shores, often coming up the bluffs to a considerable height. Their number is legion. The young are brought forth during the months of June and July, the mothers suckling them for two months, when they can provide for themselves. Later in the season all the old seals shed their coats of hair; as soon as this is renewed they begin to migrate, and before winter sets in the whole herd have departed on their annual voyage to the sea, not to return until the next spring.

The bark *Peru* is believed to be the only vessel on this side of the continent that has been sent to engage in the fur business in our new possessions. There were, in fact, but few vessels at the seal islands this year, all of them, except the *Peru* and one other, combining to work together, thus obtaining a large number of skins. The merchants and masters of New London engaged in the whaling business have always been found foremost in every sea to discover and fish on new grounds for the pursuit of their game, and the adventure of the bark *Peru* in a new trade shows that the past reputation of that port for marine enterprise is not likely to die out.

The last of September the *Peru* took off her catch of skins, left a part of her crew to remain through the winter, carried some of the natives employed during the summer to their homes in Kodiac, and proceeded thence to Honolulu, where she arrived November 2nd, with a valuable cargo.

A REMARKABLE NARRATIVE.

The London *Telegraph* says: "Fiction and fact are equally outdone by the almost incredible narrative related in the log of the Dutch vessel *Finnechina*, which has just arrived in Cork Harbour from South America. It seems that a London sailor, Rogers by name, shipped on board the *Finnechina* at Buenos Ayres as a foremast hand upon her voyage to Cork. Captain Hotze, the Hollander in command, had in his cabin a large sum of money; the fact was well known; and Rogers appeared to have determined to obtain the coin at the price, if necessary, of wholesale murder. The ship's company was short, consisting only—besides the solitary pirate—of captain, first and second mate, cook and three seamen. On the fourth day out from Buenos Ayres, when five of these seven men were upon deck, Rogers put his astonishing villainy into execution. The first mate was standing in the open gangway when Rogers, with a sudden thrust, pushed the poor fellow into the sea. The cook, hearing the cries of the drowning man, and most likely thinking that he had got into the water by accident, ran to the taffrail with a rope to throw to the mate, and, while he was leaning over, Rogers took him by the legs and pitched him also into the water.

"The second mate, who came running aft in order to help, was encountered by the miscreant, who had meantime got hold of an axe, and brandished it furiously. The unarmed Dutchman retreated before the murderous wretch, and jumped down the companion just as the commander, alarmed by the outcry, was hurrying upon deck. The two men came into collision and fell; and while Captain Hotze and his second mate were rolling upon the cabin floor together, Rogers clapped down the hatch over the ladder and put the pin into the staple. Thus there were three of the ship's company imprisoned below, and two men only remained on deck, an American and an Irishman. The assassin stood amidships between the two, and swore that he would kill them with his axe if either disobeyed him in the least particular. He ordered the one to keep forward, and the other aft, and made them steer the vessel by turns; directing her course, as he supposed, back to a desert part of the Brazilian coast.

"His idea seems to have been to run the ship ashore and find some way of killing the survivors. But the compasses were wrong; and thus, instead of making the land, the captured ship, in the possession of the homicidal maniac, was all the while steering parallel to the coast line. Twice during this time, the captain got a shot at Rogers through the gratings, but without wounding him seriously. Four days and nights the desperate creature stood, axe in hand, overawing the two sailors on deck, himself master of the vessel; and he is said never to have closed his eyes, keeping a wild beast's watch of fear, rage and avarice. It appears rather strange that nothing could be done by the two men together. Did they dare to sleep? Had they any food and water, or was the lonely pirate thus provided? Perhaps it was his plan to starve them to death at the helm, or to weaken them till they could be easily killed. For him, at any rate, there was no relief—no respite from his desperate sentinelship; and at the end of the fourth day nature gave him over into the hands of his intended victims. The villain fell suddenly asleep as he crouched, watching the Yankee and the Irishman, beyond the range of the captain's pistols. The long-awaited opportunity was eagerly embraced; the Irishman sprang silently forward, and, seizing the axe, with one blow all but severed the head of Rogers from his body. The hatches were opened, and the three prisoners were set free. The head of the vessel was then turned towards Rio Janeiro, where a full statement was made of the deplorable adventure; and after due investigation, the *Finnechina* shipped a fresh crew, and came quietly across to Cork Harbour, where the survivors of the tragedy have told their extraordinary narrative.'

THE HORSE THIEVES.

We regret to say that several of the most respectable journals in the country have been egregiously misinformed by their correspondents, respecting the capture of horse thieves, in the County of Leeds. It is true that a rascally organization exists near Westport, to put down and discover which, the Government and the County Council have liberally subscribed—but there is no truth in the late rumour, that two of the robbers have been captured, or that two of the constables had been fatally injured. One of the latter was struck on the head by a sister of one of the thieves, the other got frightened and the robbers escaped. Our active Deputy Sheriff, Mr. Stitt, however, is on their track, and will no doubt give a good account of them. The woman who assaulted the two constables is in jail, and to form an opinion from what has transpired, it was a bungled piece of work altogether on the part of the authorities.

They have now, however, adopted a new system, and two of the gang, namely, Chase and Chapman, are now in jail.—*Brockville Canadian.*

MARRIED.

In Christ Church, in this city, on the 13th inst., by the Rev. Mr. Lauder, Donald Robertson, of Detroit, Michigan, to Elizabeth, second daughter of Alexander Sparks, Contractor and Builder, of this city.

Watches, Jewellery, &c.

LAST CHANCE.

LOOK AT THE PRICES:

Solid Gold Watches for	$17.00
Do. Silver Hunting Case Watches for	7.00
Electro-plated Tea Sets for	7.00
Electro-plated Cake Baskets for	3.00
Electro-plated Cruet Stands for	1.40
Electro-plated Pickle Frames for	3.50
Electro-plated Butter Coolers for	2.00

AND A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF ELECTRO-PLATE, JEWELLERY AND FANCY GOODS,

To be sold without reserve, as the whole stock must be cleared out.

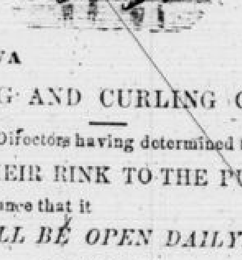
Don't forget the stand, the

SHEFFIELD HOUSE, SPARKS-ST.

ALL GOODS WARRANTED.

Ottawa, Jan. 11, 1869. 946-3

Amusements.



OTTAWA SKATING AND CURLING CLUB.

The Directors having determined to OPEN THEIR RINK TO THE PUBLIC, Beg to announce that it

WILL BE OPEN DAILY.

FROM AND AFTER

MONDAY NEXT, 11TH JANUARY, INST.,

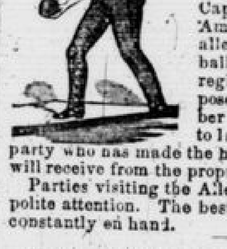
between the hours of 8 a.m. and 10 p.m., Sundays excepted, TO ALL SKATERS, on payment of TEN CENTS for each time of admission.

For the Directors,

G. W. LESTER, Manager.

Ottawa, January 11, 1869. 946a

DOMINION BOWLING ALLEY.



The subscriber begs to inform his friends that he opened on MONDAY, the 26th OCTOBER, his BOWLING ALLEY.

This is one of the best in the Capital, and equal to any in America. It contains four alleys, and with first class balls. There will be kept a register book for the purpose of marking the number of points made each day to 1st January next, and the party who has made the highest number of points will receive from the proprietor a rich prize.

Parties visiting the Alley will be received with polite attention. The best of liquors will be found constantly on hand.

B. B. LARIVIERE.

N.B.—A large Ball Room is attached to the premises, which will be let at a low figure.

B. B. L.

TENDERS

Will be received by the

BOARD OF SCHOOL TRUSTEES,

UNTIL

WEDNESDAY, THE 20TH INSTANT,

FOR

EIGHT THOUSAND DOLLARS,

IN

SUMS NOT LESS THAN $100,

Payment to be secured by

Bonds of the above Corporation,

Bearing interest at the rate of 7 per cent.

The said Bonds are payable in one to four years.

JAMES D. SLATER, Chairman, B.S.T.

Ottawa, 13th January, 1869. 947td

ANNUAL MEETING.

GENERAL PROTESTANT HOSPITAL.

The Annual Meeting of the subscribers and friends of this Institution will be held in the DIRECTOR'S HALL, in the Hospital, on TUESDAY, the SECOND day of FEBRUARY next, at the hour of 2 o'clock, in the afternoon, to receive the Annual Report, and elect Directors. The public are respectfully invited to attend.

Signed, W. H. THOMPSON, GEORGE HAY, JAMES PEACOCK, ALEX. WORKMAN, RODERICK ROSS, Trustees.

Ottawa, 14th January, 1869. 947td

NEW GROCERY STORE.

Esther-street, (continuation of Bank-street), opposite the first public well.

JOHN COOK announces to his neighbours, farmers and others that he always keeps on hand a general assortment of GROCERIES, of the best description, which he will sell at as low rates as they can be bought in any of the large city stores.

Also, on hand, LIQUORS of the finest brands.

JOHN COOK, Proprietor.

947-1-2-3m

FOR SALE.—The north half of Lot Number Fourteen, in the tenth Range of the Township of Hull, within two miles of Chelsea, containing one hundred acres, seventy of which are wooded with good hardwood, chiefly rock maple. For further particulars apply to SERGEANT DAVIS, of the Ottawa Police.

Hull, Jany. 14, 1869. 947-1-2d

BOARD AND LODGING.—Comfortable Rooms, with Board and Lodging, can be obtained on Maria-st. Apply at the TIMES Office.

Ottawa, January 14, 1869. 947d

Auction Sale.

By J. Bermingham, Auctioneer.

AUCTION.

THE LAST SALE OF THE SEASON, FOR SLEIGHS, CUTTERS, ROBES, &c., &c.

The subscriber has received instructions to sell by PUBLIC AUCTION, opposite the Russell House, on FRIDAY, the 15th INSTANT, at 12 o'clock, noon, one large Open Sleigh, carriage style, silver mounted, and beautifully finished valued at $150; two very handsome Dog Cart Cutters, valued each, $95; several Sleighs, jumper style, new; some second hand Cutters and Sleighs, one Hunting Case English Gold Watch, some Drop Chains, and other Plated Ware. This is an excellent opportunity for persons wanting to purchase, as all MUST BE SOLD WITHOUT RESERVE, this being the last Sleigh Sale of the season.

The Nightly Sales are again resumed at the Subscriber's Rooms, The Dominion Auction Mart, 72 Sussex-st., where about $15,000 of Stock in Dry Goods, Plated Ware, Furniture, Pictures, &c., &c., must be disposed of before 1st of February.

J. BERMINGHAM, Auctioneer.

Ottawa, January 14. 947-2

I. B. Tackaberry, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE OF $10,000 WORTH OF PROPERTY.

A RARE CHANCE FOR PARTIES WISHING TO RE-FURNISH.

I. B. TACKABERRY, City Auctioneer, has been favoured with instructions from Messrs. Buck & Sanger, proprietors of the Revere House, to sell on the premises, commencing

ON TUESDAY, 19TH JANUARY,

at 10 o'clock, a.m., and continuing each day, the whole of the Household Furniture and Fixtures of that recent and elegantly furnished house, including Parlor, Drawing Room, Bed Room, Kitchen, Office, Bar and Hall Furniture, consisting in part as follows:

Handsome Mahogany Tables—Marble Top,—Sofas, Lounges, and Chairs to match, with Hair Cloth Covers, large and superb Cut Glass Mirrors, with Marble Stands; Wardrobes, two very fine toned Pianos and Music Stools, Pictures, Damask and Muslin Window Curtains, with Cornices, Brussels and Tapestry Hall, Stair and Drawing Room Carpets.

In Bed Room Sets—Spring Mattrasses, Bedsteads, Bureaus, Washstands, Tables and Chairs to match, all of the finest Black Walnut, procured from a Montreal firm, and as good as new, having been only about 1 year in use; also an elegant and richly carved Bridal Chamber Set, with polished Rosewood Bureau.

In the Dining Room will be found Extension Dining Tables, Sideboard, Chairs, Silver Plate, Cutlery, Crockery, Glassware, and all the furnishings usually found in a well kept and extensive house of this description.

In Kitchen Utensils—A large Hotel Cooking Stove, (Patent Pastry Baker) nearly new, three smaller Cooking Stoves, Kettles, Pots, Pans, and a variety of articles too numerous to mention.

In the Bar will be offered a handsome Silver Soda Fountain, Beer Pumps, Water Filterer, Decanters, Tumblers, Wine Glasses, &c.

Among the Sundries may be mentioned twenty Hall and Parlor Stoves, Stove Pipes, Stair and Passage Oil Cloths, Bedroom Carpets, a quantity of Cocoa Matting, Office Desks and Furniture, Hat Racks, Hall Chairs, &c., &c.

ALSO AT THE SAME TIME

The whole of the Stock, Harness, Buggies, Sleighs Robes, &c., of a well furnished Livery Stable, including an Omnibus and Water Cart.

The whole will be sold without reserve, the sale commencing on TUESDAY, 19th INSTANT, and continued from day to day until the whole are disposed of, the proprietors being about to remove from the city.

The terms of sale will be cash in bankable funds.

The whole will be on view the day previous to the sale.

I. B. TACKABERRY, City Auctioneer.

Ottawa, January 12, 1869. 946td

Fine Arts.

A COMPLETE Assortment at the CANADA GAZETTE Office of

PRANG'S CHROMOS;

of which Frederic E. Church, the great American artist, says: "They are certainly most skilfully and artistically executed." And John G. Whittier: "I had no idea they were home productions; I am glad to know that such beautiful work is done here." And Bayard Taylor: "Your illuminations of the Beatitudes are really superb." And Wendell Phillips: "I congratulate you on your success, which I consider marvellous," &c.

Among them the following are the most attractive:

Horses in a Storm. (After R. Adams.)
The two Friends. (Child and Dog, after Geraud.)
Sunset in California. (After Bierstadt.)
Sunlight in Winter. (After Morvillier.)
The Barefooted Boy. (After Whittier.)
Early Autumn on Esopus Creek, N. Y. (After A. T. Bricher.)
Late Autumn in the White Mountains. (After A. T. Bricher.)
Six American Landscapes. (After A. T. Bricher.)
Strawberries and Basket. (After Miss V. Granbery.)
Cherries and Basket. (After Miss V. Granbery.)
Flower Bouquet.
Blackberries in Vase. (After Lilly M. Spencer.)
Fringed Gentian. [After H. R. Newman.]
Easter Morning. [After Mrs. James M. Hart.]
The Beatitudes of Our Lord, most magnificently illuminated.
Illuminated School Room Cards, with mottoes taken from Scripture.
Illuminated crosses, Book Marks, Rewards of Merit.
The Language of Flowers, Wood and Sea Mosses, Ferns, Flowers, &c.
"OLD MOTHER HUBBARD," "The most elegant juvenile book of the season," superbly illustrated and illuminated.

Prang's Chromos are offered at 20 per cent. below the publisher's prices at the

CANADA GAZETTE OFFICE, Sparks-st., Ottawa.

Stationery.

CARTER'S COMBINED WRITING & COPYING INK.

THE ADVANTAGES OF THIS OVER OTHER INKS ARE:

First. It flows freely from the pen, and does not thicken by exposure to the air.
Second. It will give a perfect and instantaneous copy.
Third. It will not mould.
Fourth. Being equally as good for Copying as for Book-keeping, it entirely does away with the use of two kinds of Ink.
Fifth. It is more permanent than common Inks.
Sixth. The color, when first written, is a beautiful dark green, but in a remarkably short time it changes to a BRILLIANT JET BLACK—not a brownish black.
Seventh. It is admirably adapted to the most delicate writing, and ALWAYS "makes its mark."

This Ink is warranted to flow as freely as Arnold's, or any other Writing Fluid now in use; to give as perfect a copy as any Copying Ink; and not to mould.

Parties using Carter's Ink, and What They Say About it.

Post Office—"Best ink, by far; have used it for years."
Harnden Express Company—"Tried every kind, and give this the preference."
First National Bank—"Like it very well indeed."
Bank of the Metropolis—"Grand, good ink; use it altogether."
Hamilton Bank—"We use Carter's ink, and think it the best."
Massachusetts—"We have used no other for three years."
Jordon, Marsh & Co.—"Would'nt take any other as a gift."
J. R. Palmer & Co.—"It writes splendidly and copies beautifully."
American Bank Note Company—"Never used any ink we liked so well."
Paymaster's Office—"Best ink ever made in this or any other country."
PHILADELPHIA—We give it the preference over all inks we have used.
SOUTHWORTH MANUFACTURING CO.
POST OFFICE, PHILADELPHIA—I give it a preference over any other ink I have ever used. It flows freely, and does not gum with exposure.
W. M. IRELAND, Chief Clerk.
MERCANTILE AGENCY, PHILADELPHIA.—After a fair trial we pronounce it to be the *ne plus ultra* of all inks we have ever used.
J. M. BRADSTREET & SON, 409 Chestnut-st.

Wholesale and Retail at the CANADA GAZETTE OFFICE.

Stoves & Hardware.

BLYTH & KERR,

No. 25 RIDEAU-ST.,

Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters, Tin and Copper Smiths, Bell Hangers, &c., &c.

A large stock of materials for the above branches of business constantly on hand.

Importers of HOUSE FURNISHING HARDWARE.

STOVES! STOVES! STOVES!

Hall, Fancy, Parlour and Cook Stoves, in great variety.

Agents for Eaton's Patent Automatic, Self-Ventilating, Wood and Coal Stoves. Also Beecher & Co.'s celebrated

HOT AIR FURNACES,

for Public and Private Buildings, Conservatories, Vineries, Manufactories, &c., warmed by Steam, Hot Water, or Warm Air, on the latest and most approved principles.

SKATES, SKATES, SKATES,

AT THE

SIGN OF THE ANVIL, No. 24, RIDEAU-ST., where you can get a complete assortment of SKATES of all sizes, and at any price to suit purchasers, from 25 cents to $5.50 per pair. In the assortment will be found

The celebrated Sheffield Club,
" " Canadian Favorite,
" " Central Park do
and all other English and German Patterns.
Skate Straps, all patterns, &c., &c.

Also, a general assortment of

SHELF & HEAVY HARDWARE,

consisting in part of

GENERAL HOUSE FURNISHING,

Butcher Knives, Knives and Forks, Pocket Knives, Table Spoons, Tea Spoons, Tea Trays, Table Mats, Buts, Screws, Locks, Bolts, Catches, Latches, Axes, Saws, Planes, Squares, Hammers, Spokeshaves, Gouges, Chisels, Augers, Auger Bits, Steel Bits, Bevels, Levels, Boring Machines, Draw Knives, &c., &c., &c.

Together with

PAINT OF ALL COLORS,

Rose Pink, Burnt Umber, Terra de Sienna, Chrome Yellow, Yellow Ochre, Celestial Blue, Paris Green, Brunswick Green, Magnesia Green, Venetian Red, Red Lead, White Lead, in oil or dry; Drop Black, Ivory Black, Lamp Black, Boiled Oil, Raw Oil, Turpentine, Benzole, Coal Oil, Paint Brushes, Varnishes, &c.

THOS. BIRKETT, *Sign of the Anvil,* No. 24, Rideau-st.

P.S.—All goods delivered free to any part of the city. 408y

S. SAFE : S. SURE : S. SUCCESSFUL.

Such is the character given of every stove sold during the past year at the

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,

35 Sussex-street, Ottawa.

H. MEADOWS & CO.

We beg to notify the public that our stock for the season is now complete; our

STOVES

are of the latest and most improved patterns, and the most extensive assortment shown in Ottawa.

COOKING STOVES, of the good old-fashioned kind,
COOKING STOVES, of the latest and most modern designs,
PARLOR STOVES, for elegance of design cannot be surpassed.
BOX & HALL STOVES, that are unrivalled for heating purposes,
DOUBLE STOVES, the best in use,
HOTEL STOVES, large and extra strong made, expressly for Hotel and Boarding Houses, complete with large Copper Water Reservoirs and Plate Warmers. We call special attention of Hotel Keepers to these stoves, they will last as long as any six ordinary stoves. See them and judge for yourselves. Price lists sent free on application.

COOKING STOVES, DOUBLE STOVES,
BOX STOVES, HOTEL STOVES,
PARLOR STOVES, COAL STOVES,
BEDROOM STOVES, DUMB STOVES,
STOVEPIPES! ELBOWS! STOVEPIPES!
Common, Bright and Russia Iron,

and everything in the Tin, Sheet Iron and Copperware Line, on hand or made to order.

Hot Air Furnaces, Eave Troughs, Building Job Work and Repairs attended to punctually. We keep none but the best and most experienced mechanics.

HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS, of every description in stock, suitable for the smallest family, or the largest hotel.

ARE YOU GOING TO BE MARRIED? If so, call and see our large assortment of necessary House-keeping Goods, suitable for Kitchen, Dining Room, or any room in your house.

YOUNG MAN, see that your house is well furnished with useful articles before you spend your money in mere showy ornamental things.

IRON BEDSTEADS, LAMPS, COAL OIL, SAUCEPANS,

Brass and Enamelled Kettles, Tinware, Toilet Setts, Baths, Flour Sieves, Brushes, Dish Covers, Table Mats, Sad Irons, Table Cutlery, Tea and Table Spoons, Preserve Jars, Mincing Knives, Wash Tubs and Boards, Refrigerators, Egg Beaters, Cruet Stands, Ash Pails, Table Bells, Tea Trays, Tea and Coffee Pots, Soup Tureens, Jelly and Pudding Moulds, &c., &c., &c., &c.

COUNTRY MERCHANTS

Supplied with STOVEPIPES AND TINWARE, At reduced figures,

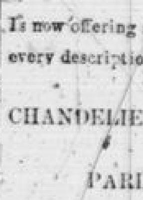
CAMP KETTLES, SHANTY PLATES, AND BASINS,

BIRD CAGES! BIRD CAGES! BIRD CAGES

All of the above at the

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT, street, Ottawa.

62y H. MEADOWS & CO.



"LAMPS" FOR THE MILLION.

D. R. LEAVENS

Is now offering at the OIL DEPOT, 73 Sussex-st., every description of

CHANDELIERS, PARLOR, BED ROOM, KITCHEN, HALL AND SIDE LAMPS,

At prices which defy competition. Who will want light where a Coal Oil Lamp, Wick and Chimney can be got for 25 cents.

CANADA ROCK OIL,

PENNSLYVANIA ROCK OIL,

PORTLAND KEROSENE OIL,

Oil Depot, 73 Sussex-st.

Latest by [Telegraph] …

TORONTO …

ONTARIO LEGISLATURE …

2nd Session: 1st …

Hon. M. Cam… reference to the… troduced a Bill to… ment of real estate…

The Bill to… Grant Acts…

Hon. … ing of the Bill… Session, in which… were thought to… carried.

The Bill to… … in London… … who recently… ignorance of the… last out, after… second time.

The Bills to… and Hellmuth Ladies… … without amendment.

The Bill to… Mutual Fire Insurance… through committee… Division Court.

SECOND …

The Board of Trade… … to the effect that… is not needed, … Cameron.

The Mayor has… A… Church, … River sufferers.

The election of… … scarcely any… rence Ward, where… eighteen minutes… … successful candidate… majority.

The statement that… Hon. Mr. Rose… Halifax last night… … financial concerns… Nova Scotians… has frequently told… accept no offers… … Repeal is hopeless.

The Inverness election… Purcell, one of… charged on nomination… to bribe Rev. Mr. … build a church. … sworn statement… McKenzie now … ness.

A despatch from… has been received… … address to the… Duke's former despatch… is short and pithy… ment that they were… their allegiance, and… will be prepared to…

At a mass meeting… to night resolutions… the Government, and… eron to resign his seat.

MONTREAL …

Special to THE TIMES.

At a meeting of… $4,356 was subscribed… dowment of Victoria… *La Minerve* of this… will be no great change… session, only a few… just demands of the…

Rev. Mr. Sullivan of… treal, arrived here to-day.

—The *Witness* says… Bishop of Montreal, who… Rome will be permanent… and that the Seminary… sume the management… in the city.

Notice is given in the… that the Quebec *Official*… at Quebec on Saturday…

The Roman Catholic… upon to-day by about… French schools, and… address and $500… Alexander D. Blackader… University, took … valued at $100 a year…

CABLE …

GREAT BRITAIN.

GLASGOW, January 13.— … *Kingdom* has arrived…

AUSTRIA.

VIENNA, January 13.— … official journal, said… … the Austrian Minister… … the … of Von … provoke serious action…

SPAIN.

MADRID, January 13.— … in receipt of officers… all quarters of Spain, to… hands of the insurgents.

ITALY.

FLORENCE, January 13.— … that the Government… Senor … the Spanish… and at least one member… Government of Spain, … of Prince Amadeus, … throne of Spain.

All disturbances attending… the mill tax have ceased.

TURKEY AND GREECE.

NEWS VIA PARIS.

PARIS, January 13.—It… gabe, the present Ambassador… Greece has been recalled… as President of the Military…

PARIS, January 13.—The… ports that the Conference… question held a brief… and adjourned until… Mr. Rangabe, the Grecian… present. The conduct of… ment in taking exception… its representative from the… demned, for it is argued… propriety of a similar exclusion… in 1856, though the … then represented in that… as a precedent for the … Conference.

NEWS VIA VIENNA.

VIENNA, January 13.—A… Sublime Porte to the European… ying its recent action… lished here. It says the… does not expect that the… will arrive at any settlement… sum sent to Greece was… nternal officers of the Ottoman… not be interfered with.

NEWS VIA LONDON.

LONDON, January 13.— … ure by Turkish forces of… an Insurrectionary Government… d. Four of the Cretan… and the rest were taken… nd documents of the Government… he hands of the Turks.

INDIA.

NEWS VIA LIVERPOOL.

LIVERPOOL, January 13.— … Bombay report the shipments… that port from the 2nd to… 000 bales.

JAPAN.

NEWS VIA SAN FRANCISCO.

SAN FRANCISCO, January… *ing Philip* has arrived… he brings advices to December… ported that the surrender… confirmed. The war in… an end. The capitulation… the 6th of November, on… Mikado. Yeddo has become… sidence of the Mikado. … ed to his private … people who wished to… to were willing to take…

Stores & Hardware.

BLYTH & KERR,

No. 25 RIDEAU-ST,

...mbers, Gas and Steam Fitters, Tin and Copper Smiths, Bell Hang...

...ge stock of materials for the above branches ... constantly on hand.

...porters of...

HOUSE FURNISHING HARDWARE,

STOVES! STOVES!

STOVES!

...all, Fancy, Parlour and Cook Stoves, in great ...

...genshor Eaton's Patent-Automatic, Self-Fe... ...ing, Tool and Coal Stoves. Also Beecher's ... celebrated

HOT AIR FURNACES,

...r Public and Private Buildings, Conservat... Vineries, Manufactories, &c., warmed by ... Hot Water, or Warm Air, on the latest and approved principles.

SKATES, SKATES, SKATES,

AT THE

...THE ANVIL, No. 24, RIDEAU-ST, ...you can get a complete assortment of ... of all sizes, and at any price to suit purc... from 25 cents to $3.50 per pair. In the ... will be found.

The celebrated Sheffield Club,

Canadian Favorite,

Central Park do

... English and German Patterns, ... &c.

...general assortment of

... & HEAVY HARDWARE,

consisting in part of

...ENERAL HOUSE FURNISHING,

...nives, Knives and Forks,

Pocket Knives, Table Spoons,

Tea Spoons, Tea Trays, Table Mats,

...ews, Locks,

...Catches, Latches,

Axes, Saws, Planes, Squares,

Hammers, Spokeshaves, Gouges,

Chisels, Augers, Auger Bits,

... Bevels,

Levels, Boring Machines,

Draw Knives, &c., &c., &c.

PAINT OF ALL COLORS,

..., Burnt Umber,

... de Sienna, Chrome Yellow,

Yellow Ochre, Celestial Blue,

Paris Green, Brunswick Green,

Magnesia Green, Venetian Red,

White Lead, in oil or dry,

Black, Ivory Black,

Lamp Black, Boiled Oil,

Raw Oil, Turpentine,

Benzole, Coal Oil,

Paint Brushes,

Varnishes, &c.

THOS. BIRKETT,

Sign of the Anvil,

No. 24, Rideau-st.

...goods delivered free to any part of the ... 408y

S. SURE! S. SUCCESSFUL.

...he character given of every stove sold ...ast year at the

...AL STOVE DEPOT,

...33 Sussex-street, Ottawa,

H. MEADOWS & CO.

...notify the public that our stock for ... now complete; our

STOVES

...est and most improved patterns, and ...sive assortment shown in Ottawa.

...TOVES, of the good old-fashioned kind,

...TOVES, of the latest and most modern designs,

...OVES, for elegance of design cannot be surpassed,

...STOVES, that are unrivalled for heating purposes,

...OVES, the best in use,

...VES, large and extra strong made, ...otel and Boarding Houses, complete ...pper Water Reservoirs and Plate ...e call special attention of Hotel ...es stoves, they will last as long as ...y stoves. See them and judge for ... lists sent free on application.

...TOVES, DOUBLE STOVES,

...VES, HOTEL STOVES,

...VES, COAL STOVES,

...TOVES, DUMB STOVES,

ELBOWS! STOVEPIPES

... Bright and Russia Iron,

...n the Tin, Sheet Iron and Copper-... made to order.

...es, Eave Troughs, Building Job ... attended to punctually. We ... best and most experienced me-...

...URNISHING GOODS,

...in stock, suitable for the ...r the largest hotel.

...ING TO BE MARRIED?

...our large assortment of necessary ...oods, suitable for Kitchen, Dining ... in your house.

... that your house is well furnished ... before you spend your money ...amental things.

...STEADS, LAMPS,

...IL SAUCEPANS,

...iled Kettles, Tinware, Toilet ... Stoves, Brushes, Dish Covers, ...ays, Table Cutlery, Tea and ...rve Jars, Mincing Knives, ...ard Refrigerators, Egg Beat-... Ash Pails, Table Bells, Tea ...ee Pots, Soup Tureens, Jelly ..., &c., &c., &c., &c.

...Y MERCHANTS

...S AND TINWARE,

...ced figures,

... SHANTY PLATES,

... BASINS,

...DCAGES! BIRD CAGES

... above at the

... STOVE DEPOT,

...street, Ottawa,

...MEADOWS & CO.

...MPS

... MILLION,

...EAVENS

... OIL

... DEPOT, ... Sussex-st.,

... KITCHEN,

...ND SIDE LAMPS,

...on. Who will want ... Wick and Chimney

...ROCK OIL,

...KEROSENE OIL,

Latest by Telegraph.

Per Montreal Line.

TORONTO.

ONTARIO LEGISLATURE.

2nd Session: 1st Legislative Assembly.

TORONTO, January 13.

Hon. M. Cameron presented a return with reference to the Board of Agriculture; and introduced a Bill to amend the Law of Assessment of real estate property.

The Bill to amend the Homestead and Free Grant Acts passed the committee.

Hon. J.S. Macdonald moved the second reading of the Bill to repeal certain Acts of the last Session, in which the Legislative Assembly were thought to have exceeded their powers.—Carried.

The Bill to stop the running of certain streets in London through the property of Mr. Lent, who received the Crown patent in ignorance of the fact that the streets were so laid out; after much discussion was read a second time.

The Bills to incorporate the Huron College, and Hellmuth Ladies' College passed Committee without amendment.

The Bill to incorporate the Hamilton Mutual Fire Insurance Company passed through committee, as did that respecting the Division Court.

SECOND DESPATCH.

TORONTO, January 13.

The Board of Trade have adopted a resolution to the effect that the Georgian Bay Canal is not needed, thus sustaining Hon. M. C. Cameron.

The Mayor has received $45 from the St. Andrew's Church, Thorold, in aid of the Red River sufferers.

The election of school trustees to-day excited scarcely any contest, save in St. Lawrence Ward, where the result is uncertain. Eighteen minutes before the close of the poll the successful candidate had only four majority.

The statement that Howe is going to meet Hon. Mr. Rose proves correct. He was to leave Halifax last night. He is expected to gain large financial concessions, and is expected by Nova Scotians to enter the Ministry, but he has frequently told his friends that he would accept no offers until convinced, as he is that Repeal is hopeless.

The Inverness election has come into notice. Purcell, one of Blanchet's supporters, is charged on nomination day with attempting to bribe Rev. Mr. McKenzie, by offering to build a church. Purcell has published his sworn statement, denying the charge. Mr. McKenzie now writes affirming its correctness.

A despatch from the Duke of Buckingham has been received with reference to the Council's address to the Lieut.-Governor on the Duke's former despatch. The Duke's despatch is short and pithy. He refers to the announcement that they were disposed to withdraw their allegiance, and the means to which they will be prepared to resort for the purpose.

At a mass meeting in the St. Lawrence Hall to-night resolutions were passed condemning the Government, and calling on M. C. Cameron to resign his seat for East Toronto.

MONTREAL.

Special to THE TIMES.

MONTREAL, January 13.

At a meeting of Wesleyans yesterday $4,356 was subscribed to the fund for the endowment of Victoria College.

La Minerve of this morning says there will be no great changes in the tariff next session, only a few modifications to meet the just demands of the Lower Provinces.

Rev. Mr. Sullivan, of Chicago, late of Montreal, arrived here to-day.

The *Witness* says the Roman Catholic Bishop of Montreal, who is about to leave for Rome, will be permanently stationed there, and that the Seminary of Montreal will resume the management of all Catholic churches in the city.

Notice is given in the Government papers that the Quebec *Official Gazette* will be issued at Quebec on Saturday next.

The Roman Catholic Bishop was waited upon to-day by about 3,500 children of the French schools, and presented him with an address and $300, as an offering to the Pope.

Alexander D. Blackader, late of Toronto University, took Jane Redpath Exhibition, valued at $100 a year, at McGill College.

CABLE NEWS.

GREAT BRITAIN.

GLASGOW, January 13.—The steamer *United Kingdom* has arrived from New York.

AUSTRIA.

VIENNA, January 13.—The *Evening Post*, an official journal, said yesterday that Bismarck had told the Austrian Minister at Berlin that the extension of Von Beust in office would provoke serious action on the part of Prussia.

SPAIN.

MADRID, January 13.—The authorities are in receipt of officers, of men, and money, from all quarters of Spain, to recover Cuba from the hands of the insurgents.

ITALY.

FLORENCE, January 13.—The *Epoche* asserts that the Governments of France and Italy, Senorcolsaga, the Spanish minister to Paris, and at least one member of the Provisional Government of Spain, advocates the claims of Prince Amandens, Duke of Aosta, to the throne of Spain.

All disturbances attending the collection of the mill tax have ceased.

TURKEY AND GREECE.

NEWS VIA PARIS.

PARIS, January 13.—It is stated that Rangabe, the present Ambassador at Paris from Greece has been recalled to replace Bulgares as President of the Military.

PARIS, January 13.—The official journal reports that the Conference on the Eastern question held a brief session yesterday, and adjourned until Thursday next. Mr. Rangabe, the Grecian Minister, was not present. The conduct of the Greek Government in taking exception to the exclusion of its representative from the Conference is condemned, for it is argued Greece assented to the propriety of a similar exclusion from Congress in 1856, though the the Sublime Porte was then represented in that body, and this is held as a precedent for the action of the present Conference.

NEWS VIA VIENNA.

VIENNA, January 13.—A circular from the Sublime Porte to the European powers, justifying its recent action against Greece, is published here. It says the Turkish Government does not expect that the Conference of Paris will arrive at any settlement. The ultimatum sent to Greece was a declaration that the internal officers of the Ottoman Empire must not be interfered with.

NEWS VIA LONDON.

LONDON, January 13.—Reports of the capture by Turkish forces of members of the Cretan Insurrectionary Government are confirmed. Four of the Cretan officials were killed, and the rest were taken prisoners. The books and documents of the Government fell into the hands of the Turks.

INDIA.

NEWS VIA LIVERPOOL.

LIVERPOOL, January 13.—Despatches from Bombay report the shipment of cotton from that port from the 2nd to the 8th of January, 2,000 bales.

JAPAN.

NEWS VIA SAN FRANCISCO.

SAN FRANCISCO, January 13.—The ship *King Philip* has arrived from Yokahama. She brings advices to December 15th. It is reported that the surrender of Prince Aidsen is confirmed. The war in Japan is considered at an end. The capitulation was concluded on the 6th of November, on the birthday of the Mikado. Yeddo has become the permanent residence of the Mikado. The Tycoon has retired to his private possessions with all of his people who wished to follow him. Those who were willing to take employment under the new Government were retained. The removal of the people of the Tycoon from Yeddo commenced on the 15th of December; some 13,000 were to be sent to the Tycoon's new Province of Sheraidizan. The ship *King Philip* was chartered to make one trip to the Province, carrying 1,350 passengers. The United States gun boat *Monroe* and *Monocacy* were at Yokahama.

SOUTH AMERICA.

NEW YORK, January 13.—The steamer *Henry Chauncy* brings $214,180 in Treasure. The state of affairs at Begota are gloomy. The city presents the appearance of a battle field, with soldiers running through the streets night and day. The Liberal parties have nominated Mosquerea and Salgar for the Presidency. The Government of Cuaderiamera and his associates are still State prisoners. Affairs throughout the interior are still very discouraging. The Legislature of Santander has disapproved of the contract for a railroad across the Isthmus. The Government continues preparations for war. The new President Corresoso was inaugurated on the first. Earthquakes continue along the coast. The navigation of the Peruvian rivers has been declared free to all flags.

AMERICAN NEWS.

THIS MORNING'S DESPATCHES.

Arrival.

NEW YORK, January 13.—The steamship *Denmark*, from Liverpool, has arrived.

IS FLORIDA A PARADISE.

Florida having been represented as a Paradise, and the place of all others for profitable farming, an Iowa man flatly disputes it, and the Springfield (Mass.) *Republican* avers, of its own knowledge, that of scores of men who have gone thither from the North since the war, to raise cotton or fruit or vegetables for the New York market, to manufacture lumber, or to trade, not one has succeeded. We give the Iowa man, and all who take an interest in the subject, the benefit of some of his reasons, as follows:

"Florida is nothing but a sand bank, or rather a vast sandy plain, interspersed with creeks, which empty into the St. John. The land being so level that the waters of these creeks lie almost stagnant, were it not for the ebb and flow of the tide, nothing could live near them, except what now do,—that is, alligators and moccasin snakes; these abound in these localities. There is said to be some good land in Florida, but I have never seen it; and if there is, I will guarantee that it is in some locality where the climate is such that no Northern man can live. I know we hear much about the even temperature of the climate; now this is not true. I experienced last February in Florida as sudden changes in the weather as I ever did in New England, when an overcoat felt as comfortable in Jacksonville as it ever did in Boston; and from the latter part of January to the latter part of June the changes in the temperature were as sudden and as great as in Massachusetts. It is all folly for any white man to think that he can work day after day (in the summer season) in the sun in Florida. It cannot be done, at least it never has been; and suppose you could, what are you going to raise? Five bushels of corn to the acre is a good yield for this State; forty bushels of potatoes are considered a good yield, and sweet potatoes anywhere from ten to fifty bushels. The question may be asked, why not manure the land? The answer is short, a sand bank, with the sun 120 to 145, tells the whole story. Talk as much as you may about Florida, about its orange groves, its jessamine, and mocking birds, they are all well enough, but are expensive luxuries, which will not afford a living for a labouring man.

—For a choice selection of New Tapestry, Brussells, Kidderminster and Imperial 3-ply Carpets, Cocoa Matting, Floor Oil Cloths, Hearth Rugs, Crumb Cloths and Door Mats; Damasks, Repps, Curtain Trimmings, Lace and Muslin Curtains, go to Magee & Russell's new Store, next door to Mr. John Leslie's, Sparks-st.

MESSRS. YOUNG & RADFORD having secured the services of first-class working jewellers in etruscan, filagree, plain, fancy and solid gold work, and having made large additions to their work shop are now better prepared to execute any orders with which they may be entrusted than heretofore. Masonic jewels, gold and silver medals, and every kind of jewellery repaired.

DRESS GOODS.—A large assortment of ball and evening dresses; also, in fancy, black, Japanese, and Foulard silks, poplins, &c., at T. & W. Hunton's, whose stock is constantly supplied by their resident agents in London and Paris. Evening silks, &c., shewn by gas light in a room prepared for the purpose, at any hour of the day.

CARPETS AND HOUSE FURNISHINGS.—Parties about to furnish will find a large and choice assortment of carpetings and house furnishings, cheap, at Garland, Mutchmor & Co's. Carpets made and laid with despatch.

For fine bog oak brooches and ear rings in sets, see Young & Radford's new lot, just received, and selling at the very low price of only 90 cts. per set.

A meritorious article is Hall's Sicilian Hair Renewer; it is rapidly becoming known and widely and deservedly popular. It is apparently nothing in itself but an agreeably perfumed and pleasant hair dressing, but it contains the most wonderful curative properties for loss of hair, and after using it a short time, gray hair is restored to its natural color. If any of our readers doubt it, let them try a single bottle of the "Renewer," and they will add their testimonial to the truth of what we say.—*Sentinel, Burlington, Vt.*

What is the healthy, worldly man's ambition wealth, wealth, wealth. And what the poor invalid's, health, health, health. 'Tis true, gold is dross compared with health. Take care of it, but if you have already lost it from disease of the throat, lungs, liver, kidneys, or digestive organs, &c., remember that there has never been heretofore a medicine that could in any way compete with the Great Shoshonees Remedy for the radical cure of those diseases.

COUNTY OF CARLETON

AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY.

THE ANNUAL MEETING

Will take place at the

TOWN HALL, BELL'S CORNERS,

ON

Wednesday, 20th January, Instant,

At TWO o'clock p.m., for the

ELECTION OF DIRECTORS,

And for the transaction of general business.

By order,

A. S. WOODBURN,

Secretary.

January 14, 1869. 947-1-2-1

RAILWAY PRACTICE OFFICE.

Now ready, the Cubic Contents of the Earthwork of those sections of the Intercolonial Railway, to be first placed under contract, giving in detail the quantities in each excavation and embankment.

RATES—1 mile per cubic yard of cutting and filling, or 1,000 cubic yards for a dollar, up to 100,000 yards, and for every additional 10,000 yards one dollar.

J. O'HANLY,

Civil Engineer.

Ottawa, Dec. 30, 1868. 936b

SHRIMPS! SHRIMPS!

Received this day,

THE FIRST OF THE SEASON,

FRESH SHRIMPS.

ALSO,

WILD DUCKS, MALLARD,

PRAIRIE HENS AND HARES,

AT THE

TORONTO FRUIT & VEGETABLE DEPOT,

By Ward Market,

946.. York-st.

Wholesale & Retail.

JUST RECEIVED,

NEW PATTERNS IN CROSLEY'S

TAPESTRY CARPETS.

Remnants of CARPETS of all kinds, the accumulation of four years, will be sold cheap previous to Stock-taking.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

COTTON GOODS.

MAGEE & RUSSELL

Have brought forward from the wholesale department

150 PIECES ASSORTED PRINTS,

125 " BLEACHED SHIRTING,

200 " GREY COTTON,

and arranged them on the Centre Tables, where they will be offered at wholesale prices by the piece, during the remainder of this month.

They would also remark that "COTTON GOODS" are slightly higher priced in England, than what they were when the above were purchased.

Customers would be consulting their own interests by taking advantage of the above sale, the reductions being 2, 2½ and 3 cents per yard.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

PATTERN JACKETS.

The balance of our

FRENCH PATTERN JACKETS,

have been still further reduced in price. A few very rich ones yet to dispose of.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

Groceries.

THE TEA POT LIST.

In Cases, Hhd. and ¼ Casks,

HENNESSEY'S BRANDY,

MARTELL'S do

OTARD, DUPEY & Co., do

JULES, ROBIN & Co., do

CASTILLION & Co., do.

In Bottle or Wood,

GRAHAM'S EXTRA OLD PORT,

GRAHAM'S THREE GRAPE,

SANDEMAN'S CHOICE OLD PORT,

McKENZIE'S Pure Golden SHERRY,

DUNN'S BROWN, do

CHOICE PALE, do.

THE

FINEST BALTIMORE OYSTERS,

Received daily, by Express.

CHIPPAWA pure old RYE WHISKEY

Four years old, equal to any French Brandy.

CHIPPAWA TODDY WHISKEY,

Four years old, equal to Scotch.

CHIPPAWA FAMILY PROOF.

J. G. ROBINSON & CO.,

Ottawa, Dec. 16, 1868. The Tea Pot, Ottawa.

ON SALE,

GOODERHAM & WORTS'

RECTIFIED SPIRITS.

100 BBLS. RYE, CELEBRATED OLD

100 do HIGHWINES, 50 O.P.

100 do ALCOHOL, 65 O.P.

The trade supplied at manufacturers' prices.

REDPATH'S EXTRA GOLDEN SYRUP

REDPATH'S STANDARD do

NEW YORK HOUSE SYRUP,

100 BBLS. WEST INDIA MOLASSES.

500 CHESTS UNCOLORED JAPAN TEA.

100 CADDIES ORAN[illegible]

150 CHESTS TWANKAY.

200 CADDIES BRIGHT SOL TOBACCO.

100 BOXES TOBACCO, 10s.

500 BARRELS EXTRA SUPERIOR FLOUR.

300 BBLS. MESS PORK, to arrive.

J. G. ROBINSON & Co.

December 16, 1868. 926.3m

Jewellery, &c.

FOR

CHRISTMAS AND NEW YEAR'S

PRESENTS,

IN GOLD & SILVER WATCHES,

Go to YOUNG & RADFORD'S,

30 Sparks-st.

FOR

CHRISTMAS AND NEW YEAR'S

PRESENTS,

GOLD CHAINS & FINE JEWELLERY,

Go to YOUNG & RADFORD'S.

FOR

CHRISTMAS AND NEW YEAR'S

PRESENTS,

IN PLATED WARE,

Go to YOUNG & RADFORD'S.

FOR

CHRISTMAS AND NEW YEAR'S

PRESENTS,

IN FANCY GOODS,

SUITABLE FOR THE SEASON,

Go to YOUNG & RADFORD'S.

PARTIES WANTING WORK

SUITABLE FOR PRESENTATIONS

FOR CHRISTMAS OR NEW YEAR,

Will find it to their advantage to

Go to YOUNG & RADFORD'S,

30 Sparks-st.

Garland, Mutchmor & Co

XMAS DRY GOODS.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.,

IMPORTERS, 20 SPARKS-ST.,

Have received, ex various ocean steamers, large additions to their extensive stock of

STAPLE & FANCY DRY GOODS,

MILLINERY,

Carpetings and House Furnishings,

and are now showing a large and well assorted stock in every department. They invite special attention to the following:

RICH FANCY SILKS,

RICH FANCY DRESSES,

suitable for street and evening wear,

RICH BALL DRESSES,

GOOD ABERDEEN WINCIES,

at a little over half last year's prices. Good cheap useful dresses for all classes in all the new materials.

CLOTHS,

TWEEDS,

BLANKETS,

FLANNELS,

SHEETINGS,

COTTONS,

PRINTS, ETC.,

all in great variety cheap.

LACES,

RIBBONS,

TRIMMINGS,

GLOVES,

HOSIERY,

Black Silk Mantle Velvets,

Black and Brown Velveteens,

Black and Brown Sealskins,

Black and Brown Astricans,

Coloured Jasper Sealskins,

White and Fancy Mantle Cloths.

MANTLES,

in great variety, in all the new materials an shapes.

SHAWLS,

BONNETS,

HATS,

LADIES' CAPS,

HEAD DRESSES,

FLOWERS,

FEATHERS,

BRIDAL WREATHS.

Great novelty in Skirts—the

NEW PATENT FELT SKIRT,

Plain and embroidered, all in one piece; warm lighter, better fitting and cheaper than any other skirts. Just opened

One Case Plain Glasgow Wincies.

Two cases latest styles in Clouds and othe Woollen Goods.

Wholesale and Retail.

Stationery.

NEW GOODS.

Just received, ex steamship *St. David*, a large importation of the best British manufactured

STAPLE STATIONERY,

IN

LETTER PAPERS,

NOTE PAPERS,

ENVELOPES,

FOOLSCAPS,

FOLIO POSTS,

RECORD PAPERS,

TINTED BLOTTING PAPERS,

MUSIC PAPER,

&c., &c., &c.

For sale at

THE OTTAWA CITIZEN

Stationery and [illegible]nting House,

[illegible]deau-st., Ottawa.

Groceries.

For sale by the [illegible]ersigne

300 BBLS. MESS PORK.

200 BBLS. THIN MESS PORK.

500 BBLS. FLOUR. STRONG SUPER

COAL OIL.

Having been appointed by the combination their agents for

COAL OIL,

They are now prepared to sell in quantities to suit the trade, by the

BARREL OR CAR LOAD,

AT THE

LOWEST PRICES

Agents for Hiram & Walker's

HIGHWINES

RYE,

PROOF, and

MONONGAHELA WHISKEYS.

Agents for

REESOR BROS. CHEESE.

Agents for John Campbell's celebrated

HAMS,

BACON, &c.

C. T. BATE & CO.,

Canal Basin.

Ottawa, Dec. 12, 1868.

Dry Goods.

FRESH ARRIVALS.

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!

THOS. & W. HUNTON

Have just opened out the contents of 42 packages of NEW GOODS, comprising

1 CASE SILKS, in plain and fancy colors, splendid value.

1 CASE VELVETEENS,

3 BALES WHITE COTTONS,

1 " WHITE COTTON SHEETING,

6 " GRAY COTTONS,

(at greatly reduced prices.)

2 CASES LINENS, assorted,

1 " BLACK CLOTHS,

2 " BLACK & COLORED OVERCOATINGS,

1 BALE WHITE FLANNELS,

1 " GRAY FLANNELS,

1 " SCARLET FLANNE[L]

4 " BLANKETS,

2 " HEMP CARPETS

3 " WOOL CARPETS,

10 " TAPESTRY CARPETS, this season's new patterns,

3 " CANADIAN TWEEDS.

All of the above goods being marked off, and ready for inspection. We would specially invite intending purchasers to call and examine them.

THOS. & W. HUNTON

47 and 49 Sparks st.

Everybody is getting them.

A NOVELTY,

THE MAGIC WINDOW CURTAIN ROLLER,

The best ever invented, 1 Roller and Bottom Slat, and 5 pieces of casting, all for 25 cents, to fit every window,

AT THE VARIETY HALL.

ALSO, A

NEW PATENT CLOTHES DRYER,

AT THE VARIETY HALL.

And what every house requires where there is a grate is the

BLOWER STAND,

to be had only

AT THE VARIETY HALL.

HOTEL & SALOON KEEPERS

Remember the best assortment of Tumblers, Decanters and Labeled Bottles in the Dominion is at the Variety Hall,

JOSEPH BOYDEN.

OTTAWA MARKETS.

[Compiled expressly for the OTTAWA TIMES.]

Times Office, Ottawa, Jan. 13, 1869.

Wednesday's market was much better than any we have had for some time.

Pork and Beef were in plentiful supply at former prices, and there were very considerable quantities of **Hay and Oats.** The former having advanced to $19 to $23, and the latter having slightly declined, viz., to 60 and 65 cents, little being done at 60 cents.

Of **Butter and Poultry** there was almost literally none, though greatly enquired after.

The Wood market was pretty well supplied. Prices unaltered.

FLOUR—Extra	6 50	@	6 75
No. 1	5 25	@	5 50
No. 2		none.	
Bags—Fall per 100 lbs.	3 25	@	3 37½
" Spring "	2 62½	@	2 75
Oatmeal—per 200 lbs.	7 00	@	7 25
Indian Meal	4 00	@	0 00
Rye—per bushel 56 lbs.	0 85	@	0 90
Barley " 48 lbs.	0 90	@	0 00
Buckwheat Flour	4 00	@	4 50
WHEAT—Fall—per bushel, 60 lbs.	1 25	@	1 30
Spring "	1 20	@	1 25
CORN—Per bushel, 56 lbs.	0 85	@	0 90
Peas " 60 lbs.	0 90	@	0 00
Oats " 34 lbs.	0 60	@	0 65
Beans " 60 lbs.	1 80	@	0 00
PORK—Mess—per barrel	24 50	@	25 00
Prime Mess per do.	00 00	@	17 00
Prime		none.	
Pork (fresh)	7 50	@	8 50
Hams	0 15	@	0 17
Beef per 100 lbs.	6 00	@	7 00
Mutton—per lb	0 5	@	0 6
Geese—Each	0 50	@	0 60
Ducks	0 50	@	0 60
Turkeys—Each	1 00	@	2 00
Poultry—Per pair	0 50	@	0 60
BUTTER—Choice Table	0 25	@	0 00
No. 1 Firkin	0 22	@	0 24
No. 2	0 00	@	0 00
Eggs	0 22	@	0 25
Apples—per brl	0 00	@	4 50
VEGETABLES, &c.—Potatoes	0 38	@	0 40
HAY—Per ton	18 00	@	22 00
WOOD—Per cord (cubic measure)	3 25	@	0 00
Mixed Wood	3 00	@	0 00
Tamarac	2 00	@	0 00
Soft Wood	2 00	@	0 00

Count Bismark at Home.

A letter from Stettin gives some account of Count de Bismark's estate in Pomerania:

No one ever thought anything about that country until the Chancellor in 1867 bought his property there. At present the melancholy steppes which border the Baltic are well frequented, and Vertzin is now spoken as Sans Souci was formerly. The railways from this town to Kœslin ought certainly to burn tapers in honour of the Count de Bismark. His residence is simply a grand seignorial mansion, large and comfortable, but without any architectural style, the ideal of the dwelling of one who is half countryman and half townsman. In front is a garden laid out with great regularity, and further on is a large park which is well stocked with game. The Count frequently invites the neighbours to hunting parties, at one of which he had that fall last autumn which might have proved fatal to Prussia. The sea is about 15 miles off, and during the winter the north wind must be particularly keen there. The proprietor of this domain is engaged in numerous commercial pursuits. The Minister of his Prussian Majesty sells wool, manufactures bricks, and distils brandy. His sheepwalks are renowned, and the proceeds of the shearing are sought after far and near. One of these days you will hear that he is making paper as he has entered into partnership with one of the principal men of Keslin, M. Behrend, to establish a factory where this article will be produced by a new process. I believe that the firm Bismark and Behrend is going to make their produce from bark. The vast woods of Vertain, Wussow, Chomitz and that of Charlotten will furnish the raw material in abundance. Formerly the first-named place had a manufacturing reputation, as large glass works were established there, but they are now abandoned. The Count is, without doubt, a country squire, but he is one who possesses genius. In him there is something of the peasant, with his rude cunning but also his indomitable energy. There is in him something of the Norseman, which is the antipodes of the German, whom we have hitherto known, almost a contradiction. M. de Bismark has simply transfered to politics the proceedings, manners, and principles which he and his colleagues, the land-owners of Bradenburg and Pomerani, apply in matters of rural and domestic economy. He treats the Prussians and Germans as he treats his peasants, if we may so describe the colonists of these countries.

—The mode of catching fish in New Brunswick in winter is a little different from that followed on the shores of our lakes. On the Kenebacasis river in King's county, New Brunswick, immense quantities of codfish, hake, and a large species of flat fish (some weighing seventy pounds) are taken during the winter season. As on Lake Ontario, some kind of protection against the cold, piercing air is raised, the fisherman there bores several holes through the ice and through these lets down rong cords, each having two or more oks attached, these lines var in length, some being sixty feet long. He then attaches the end of each to a pliable stick, fixed in the ice by the side of each hole. Nothing now remains for him to do but to sit and watch them. On the lakes they catch the trout by sniggling them, that is they watch by a hole until one comes along, when they dexterously whip a wire noose round the body and jerk it out. If you are lucky enough to hit upon a trout bed, you may catch the whole of its occupants in a short time, as they lazily winnow the sand around the vicinity with their tails, seldom going far from it. There are no pike in New Brunswick, and the bass is a very different fish to ours here, in the winter it becomes torpid and buries itself in the sand; in the spring, numbers are caught as in a semi-torpid state, they float about on the water.

—The Montreal Telegraph Co. have decided upon erecting a line connecting Colborne, Castleton, Warkworth, Hasting, Norwood, &c., to be completed early next spring. This will be glad news for the villages named, as their wealth and enterprising business men will thus be enabled to communicate with the mercantile world as speedily as those on the frontier.

—There were 84 prisoners in Stratford gaol last year, 17 being females. Of the occupations, labourers had 36, and farmers 14 representatives. The religions embraced, of Roman Catholic, 18; Church of England 30; Church of Scotland 9; Methodists, 11; other denominations, 5. Under the head of "moral habits," 59 were classed temperate, and 25 intemperate.

—On Wednesday, Mr. James Bird, employed by Mr. C. W. Hellems, St. Catharines, received a strange and severe injury. He was standing near a circular saw, when a splinter from the saw, entered by the side of his right nostril, penetrating some two inches. The splinter was quickly removed by Dr. Clark, and Mr. Bird will probably be able to return to his work in a week.

Commission Merchants.

DOMINION AUCTION MART,

AND

COMMISSION SALE ROOMS,

HOUSE, LAND AND GENERAL AGENCY,

OFFICE AND SALE ROOMS,

INGLIS' NEW BUILDINGS, SUSSEX-ST.,

OTTAWA.

The subscriber respectfully announces to the inhabitants of Ottawa and surrounding country that at the request of many friends he has decided on opening an extensive and well regulated Auction Mart in this city.

From arrangements made with some of the Furniture Manufacteries of Western Ontario, a lar e and well selected stock of new furniture will be constantly on hand.

Public Sales will be held from time to time, of which due notice will be given, and at which parties requiring to furnish will have an opportunity of purchasing at unusually low rates. The Mart is now open with a large stock of new Furniture, as well as Pianos, Harmoniums, &c., &c., consigned for sale.

The subscriber would also intimate that he is the Sole Agent for Ottawa and territory for the sale of Rappe, Webber & Co.'s celebrated grand Pianos.

They are successors to the late John C. Fox, of Kingston, and the makers of his excellent Pianos. From their long experience in Germany, Paris, and New York, they are universally admitted to be the best Piano Manufacturers on this continent. The high reputation of the instruments made by them for the past ten years, and the increasing demand for them in the new Dominion, prove their very superior quality, and universally acknowledged merit.

The Pianos, as well as the Furniture in the establishment, will be sold either by private sale or auction.

He would also announce that he is prepared to receive instructions from persons having household furniture, houses, carriages, or real estate, to dispose of, and pledges himself that nothing will be left undone by him to give satisfaction in discharging the trust confided to him. He hopes that by strict attention to the sales entrusted to his care, as well as by prompt settlements immediately after, to merit a share of public patronage.

He will be in his office from 7 in the morning until 7 in the evening, when he can see parties who wish to arrange about their sales. Consignments from a distance will have immediate attention.

Cash advances, when required, will be made on consignments for immediate sale.

All kinds of furniture bought, sold or exchanged.

REFERENCES.

His Lordship the Bishop of Kingston,
Hon. Sir John A. Macdonald,
Hon. H. L. Langevin, C B,
Hon. Alex. Campbell, P M G,
R. W. Scott, Esq., M P P,
Walter Shanly, Esq., M P,
Max. W. Strange, Esq., M P P,
Francis H. Burton, Esq., M P
James O'Rielly, Esq., Q C,
H. V. Noel, Esq., Manager Quebec Bank, Ottawa.
Robert Lyon, Esq., M P P.

A smart young man wanted to act as travelling agent representing several firms.

J. BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer and Commission Merchant,
House, Land and General Agent.
75.y

REMOVAL.

The subscribers beg to inform their customers and the public generally that they have removed to those spacious premises lately occupied by M. K. Dickinson, Canal Basin, and where will be found constantly on hand the following goods:

FLOUR,
PORK,
OATMEAL, &c.

ALSO ON HAND,

2,000 CORDS OF GOOD FIREWOOD, and 600,000 sawed SHINGLES.

Wholesale and Commission Agents.

Goods forwarded with despatch between Ottawa, Kingston and Intermediate Ports, by the Steamer *Mary Ann*, and three barges.

Silver Taken at Par.

WM. H. EASTON & CO.,
Forwarders and Commission Merchants,
Canal Basin

For Sale or to Let.

TO LUMBERERS.—The subscriber is authorized to receive proposals for lease of the best STEAM MILL SITE on the River Ottawa, below the Chaudiere Falls. Very extensive storage for logs and piling ground. Lumber may be shipped direct from the mill.

R. H. HAYCOCK, Solicitor, Ottawa.
Dec. 19, 1868. 928d

FOR SALE, OR TO LET for a term of years, BELLEGREEN COTTAGE and GROUNDS, say two and a half acres, situate on the Bank of the Rideau River, (Ottawa-st.) The Cottage is built of brick and tin roofed, with a gallery all round. The gardens and grounds are in a high state of cultivation. Large storeroom, stables, granary, coach and ice house, woodsheds, &c., all in the best of order. It is one of the most healthy and comfortable residences for a private family in or about the city of Ottawa. For particulars apply to FRANCIS CLEMOW, Esq.—Office, Sparks-st., near the Russell House—or to the proprietor J. WADSWORTH.

Terms moderate. Possession given at any time to suit parties 927tf

VALUABLE FARMS FOR SALE.—Lot 21 in the 3rd Concession, Gloucester, Ottawa Front, 200 acres, about 80 cleared and under cultivation, with comfortable Dwelling and good Barn. The bush land is principally hardwood, and very valuable from its proximity to Ottawa. Also, Lot 20, in 3rd Concession, Gloucester, Ottawa Front, containing 200 acres, 20 acres cleared. The remainder of this lot is heavily wooded with hard and soft wood. These farms will be sold separately or together as may be desired. The short distance of only 3 miles from Ottawa makes the wood of greater value. These lands are well watered, of excellent soil, and would make a fine dairy farm. Apply to the Proprietor, C. SPARROW, or to D. O'CONNOR, Solicitor, Ottawa.

Ottawa, Nov. 25, 1868. 908tf

MEMBERS OF PARLIAMENT and others visiting the Capital can be accommodated with board and apartments, single or double, at a first-class Boarding House, within five minutes' walk of the Parliament Buildings. References given if required. Apply to MRS. W. PARDY, Wellington-st., Ottawa. 205-2m

ROOMS TO LET.

MRS. SMITH, Corner of Bank and Albert-sts., can rent TWO FURNISHED BEDROOMS and a SITTING ROOM. 868tf

FOR SALE.—The Westerly one-third of Lot No. 27, in First Concession, Ottawa Front, Nepean, and Lots Nos. 26 and 28, in the same concession, at present in the occupation of Wm. T. Aylen, Esq. For further particulars apply to JOHN and WM. THOMSON, Nepean, and LEWIS & PINHEY, Barristers, Ottawa. Je2-141-tf

CONCENTRATED LYE.

CAUTION TO THE PUBLIC.

The remarkable success which has attended the introduction of the celebrated Concentrated Lye into Canadian market, by the subscriber, has excited the cupidity of an unprincipled firm in town (which has already been convicted of borrowing other people's brains) by a spurious imitation called Saponifier. To avoid disappointment, purchasers should be careful to ask for Harte's Concentrated Lye, which is sold by all respectable Druggists and Grocers in town and country. 783y

VULCAN IRON WORKS,

WELLINGTON-STREET,
OTTAWA.

ALEXANDER FLECK, Proprietor and Manager of the VULCAN IRON WORKS, MONTREAL, begs to inform the public of Ottawa and the surrounding Counties that he has purchased the extensive works hitherto owned and worked by T. M. Blaisdell, Esquire, as Founder, Machinist, and Worker in all kinds of Iron Work.

Having made full arrangements to meet the wants of the Trade, he respectfully draws the attention of those about to erect Saw and other Mills, Mill Owners generally, Steamboat Owners, and others, to the facilities offered for the manufacture of such articles as they may require. He will be prepared to receive and execute promptly all orders in his line of business in the best manner and at reasonable prices.

ALEXANDER FLECK.
Ottawa, December 11, 1868. 922d

PUBLIC NOTICE

Is hereby given that the Map or Plan and Book of Reference of the Canada Central Railway Company, from the City of Ottawa to its junction with the Line of the Brockville and Ottawa Railway Company, have been deposited in the office of the Department of Public Works, and a copy of such parts of the Map or Plan and Book of Reference, as relate to the County of Carleton, has been deposited in the office of the Clerk of the Peace for the County of Carleton, and a copy of such parts as relate to the County of Lanark, has been deposited in the office of the Clerk of the Peace for the County of Lanark.

Dated this Tenth day of August, 1868.

W. R. WORSLEY,
C. C. Rly.

DOMINION Telegraph Company!

Capital Stock,...................$500,000,

IN 10,000 SHARES AT $50 EACH.

President, HON. WM. CAYLEY.

Treasurer, HON. J. McMURRICH.

Secretary, H. B. REEVE.

Counsel. MESSRS. CAMERON & McMICHAEL.

General Superintendent. MARTIN RYAN.

DIRECTORS.

HON. J. McMURRICH—Bryce, McMurrich & Co., Toronto.
A. R. McMASTER, Esq.,—A. R. McMaster & Brother, Toronto.
HON. M. C. CAMERON,—Provincial Secretary, Toronto.
JAMES MICHIE, Esq.,—Fulton, Michie & Co., and Geo. Michie & Co., Toronto.
HON. WM. CAYLEY,—Toronto.
A. M. SMITH, Esq.,—A. M. Smith & Co., Toronto.
L. MOFFATT, Esq.,—Moffatt, Murray & Co., Toronto.
H. B. REEVE, Esq.,—Toronto.
MARTIN RYAN, Esq.,—Toronto.

PROSPECTUS.

THE DOMINION TELEGRAPH COMPANY has been organized under the Act respecting Telegraph Companies, chapter 67 of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada. Its object is to cover the Dominion of Canada with a complete net-work of Telegraph lines.

THE CAPITAL STOCK

Is $500,000, divided into 10,000 shares of $50 each, 5 per cent to be paid at the time of subscribing, the balance to be paid by instalments, not exceeding 10 per cent per month—said instalments to be called in as the works progress.

THE BUSINESS AFFAIRS OF THE COMPANY

are under the management of a Board of Directors annually elected by the shareholders in conformity with the Charter and By-laws of the Company.

The Directors are of opinion that it would be to the interest of the Stockholders generally to obtain subscriptions from all quarters of Canada, and with this view they propose to divide the Stock amongst the different towns and cities throughout the Dominion in allotments suited to the population and business occupations of the different localities and the interest which they may be supposed to take in such an enterprize.

CONTRACTS OF CONNECTIONS.

A contract, granting permanent connection and extraordinary advantages, has already been executed, between this Company and the Atlantic and Pacific Company of New York; thus, at the very commencement, as the Lines of this Company are constructed from the Suspension Bridge, at Clifton (the point of connection) to any point in the Dominion, all the chief cities and places in the States, touched by the Lines of the Atlantic and Pacific Telegraph Company, are brought in immediate connection therewith.

A permanent connection has also been secured with the Great Western Telegraph Company of Chicago, whereby this Company will be brought into close connection with all the Lake Ports and other places through the North Western States, and through to California.

All classes of Society are interested in extending the use of the Telegraph, at LOW RATES, and the Directors are satisfied, that the adoption of a scale of charges considerably below the rates now exacted in Canada, will by encouraging a much more extended use of this medium of communication, not only prove a real and substantial benefit to the public generally, but will also ensure a safe and profitable return to the Investor.

On the 25th day of June, A.D., 1868, the DOMINION TELEGRAPH COMPANY was duly CHARTERED according to law.

The admitted importance and value of Telegraphy, would, in the opinion of the Directors, have rendered any introduction of the Dominion Telegraph Company to the Canadian public unnecessary had it not been that previous attempts to establish Telegraph Companies in Canada, to share the business with the Montreal Company, had been allowed to fall through.

The success of a Telegraph Company will mainly depend on its ability to meet the demands of the public, and consequently it should possess, at least, equal facilities with any other Company, of access to all quarters with which its customers may desire to have communication.

This important requisite has not been, until now, within the reach of any Company entering the field as a competitor with the Montreal Company, in consequence of the close and exclusive connection formed between that Company and the Western Union Company, of the United States, the latter by virtue of certain patents, having until within these two years, monopolized nearly the whole of the telegraph business of the neighboring republic.

The business relations between these two Companies continue in full force, but the patents having run out, the monopoly so long enjoyed by the Western Union has ceased to exist.

The Atlantic and Pacific, the Great Western, and other American Companies have invaded the field, and have become successful competitors for the public patronage and support. These Companies, acting on the cheap postage principle, have forced the old monopolist to a reduction of rates, which has resulted in a more widely extended use of this means of communication, and much to the surprise of the Western Union itself, has increased its profits, whilst sharing its field of operations.

With these new Companies the Dominion Telegraph Company of Canada have entered into most satisfactory business relations, and confident of the soundness of the principle which led to the adoption of the penny-postage system in Great Britain, the voluntary reduction from $100 to $16.65 per ten word message by the Ocean Cable Company, and the successful operations of the Companies recently established in the United States, invite the business and mercantile community of Canada to join them in the promotion of an enterprise, based on the principle of moderate rates and extended business which, while injuring no one, they confidently expect will result in securing a large return to the investor, and prove a vast benefit to the community.

Allusion has been made to the voluntary reduction of rates by the Atlantic Cable Company. A Chicago paper, writing on the subject of the growing use of the Telegraph, gives the following return as obtained directly from Cyrus W. Field, showing very conclusively the benefit both to the public and the Company of the reduction of rates.

AVERAGE DAILY RECEIPTS.

From $100 per message of ten words	$2,525
do 50 do do	2,895
do 25 do do	3,965

An advertisement has recently appeared announcing to the public that the rates from 1st September, proximo, will be further reduced to $16.65 per ten words.

The following table shows the reduction which has been effected in rates in the neighboring States arising out of the construction of competing lines:—

From New York to	Former Rate.	Present Rate.
Boston	$ 60	$ 30
Banger	1 20	65
Portland	90	50
Philadelphia	40	25
Baltimore	70	35
Washington	75	40
Augusta, Me.	1 20	60
Cincinnati	1 90	1 00
Buffalo	75	50
Cleveland	1 95	1 00
Pittsburgh	1 15	45
Louisville	1 96	1 00

This reduction took place in November, 1867. A comparison of the receipts of the Western Union since that period with the corresponding months of the previous year gives the following results:—

Gross Receipts for

December, 1866	$ 551,971 40;	December, 1867	$576,135 19;	Increase	$ 24,163 79
Jany., Feb., March, '67	1,594,644 96;	Jany., Feb., March, '68	1,727,939 55;	Increase	133,294 59
April, May, June, '67	1,559,178 79;	April, May, June, '68	1,749,631 52;	Increase	189,852 73

While these beneficial results were flowing to the Western Union Company from the reduction of rates, the new Companies had created a business more than sufficient to fill their wires. In proof of this the following extract is taken from the report of the Atlantic and Pacific Company, made July 28th, 1868:

"In April last we reached the maximum capacity of our wires, and have since been compelled to refuse business daily. The Committee, therefore, have reached the conclusion from the actual experience of building and working the present lines—that

"Telegraphic business is growing faster than Telegraphic facilities."

As further proof on this point, the low rates have so pressed the wires of both Companies with business through the day, that posters have been placed in all the main offices proclaiming that double the number of words would be telegraphed at night at the same price as half the number of words by day.

In support of the observation quoted above, that telegraphic business is growing faster than telegraphic facilities, the following statement exhibiting the wonderful increase in the use of the wire, within the last six years, cannot be without interest to our readers. The gross earnings of all telegraph lines in the United States for the following years were:—

1846	$ 4,228 77	1864	$3,792,245 40
1849	63,338 98	1865	4,420,268 88
1853	103,860 84	1866	5,624,501 20
1862	2,734,960 40	1867	7,641,552 47
1863	3,269,442 66		

Showing an average increase of a million a year for the last five years.

A comparison of the number of messages, and persons using the wire in Canada and the States, furnishes a further proof of the advantage to the public and corresponding benefit to the Companies arising out of a reduction of rates.

The published returns for 1867, show that 609,757 messages were sent in Canada, while the messages in the United States for the same period exceeded 20,000,000, the former being less than one message to every six persons, the latter, two to every three. From these returns and results it may be reasonably inferred that a reduction of rates to a tariff at which the wires of both Companies can be filled, will secure a fair field and good prospects to the Dominion Company without in any way prejudicing the interests of the Company now monopolizing the ground.

The particulars submitted above are sufficient in the opinion of the Directors to establish the fact that low rates, by encouraging a more general use of the telegraph, are more profitable than high. It is not, however, solely in the light of a safe and good investment that the Directors desire that this enterprise should be viewed. They feel that their object will be but indifferently attained unless they can satisfy the public, the business and commercial men, that ALL who use the telegraph as a medium of rapid communication, are interested in the establishment of what may be called a competing line. As in the administration of public affairs, a strong, watchful opposition, is the best security for good and careful government: so in commercial matters, an honest rivalry in the various pursuits and branches of trade furnishes the best security that the public shall be well served.

To apply the argument to the purpose in hand, the following table showing the inconsistencies, and, in many instances, the excessive rates now charged on messages passing between the cities and towns of Ontario, Quebec and the United States, will, it is believed, convince the reader that an honest competition is needed, not only for the reduction and adjustment of rates, but also to ensure that attention and care which would of necessity be enforced on the Companies competing for public favor, and thus tend greatly to promote the general interests of the community.

EXAMPLE OF PRESENT TARIFF RATES, WITH DISTANCES.

			MILES.	CANADA MONEY.
From Toronto	to	Suspension Bridge	82	40c
Do	do	Montreal	333	30
Do	do	Mitchell, Seaforth, Bothwell, Ailsa Craig, Caledonia, Chatham, Dunville, Newbury, Port Burwell, Port Colborne and many other places		40
Do	do	Kingston	160	25
Do	do	Quebec	505	50

Example at present tarin rates to Buffalo, and from thence to the following places, in U. S. currency, which reduced to Canada money at 45 per cent premium, makes the actual cost, as in second column:—

Price Collected at Toronto.		Actual Cost, Both Tariffs.			
To New York	80c.	From Toronto to Buffalo			30c
		Buffalo to New York.	50c	Reduced to Canada Money.	35c—$0 65
To Philadelphia	$1 05	From Toronto to Buffalo			30c
		Buffalo to Philadelphia.	75c	Reduced to Canada Money.	52c—$0 82
To Washington	$1 30	From Toronto to Buffalo			30c
		Buffalo to Washington.	90c	Reduced to Canada Money.	62c—$0 92
To Baltimore	$1 30	From Toronto to Buffalo			30c
		Buffalo to Baltimore.	85c	Reduced to Canada Money.	59c—$0 89
To Chicago	$1 35	From Toronto to Detroit			60c
		Detroit to Chicago.	75c	Reduced to Canada Money.	52c—$1 12
To New-Orleans	$3 05	From Toronto to Buffalo			30c
		Buffalo to New Orleans.	$2 75c	Reduced to Canada Money.	$1 90c—$2 20

NOTE.—The same illustration may be applied to all the places in the United States. Canadians are obliged to pay a profit on the published rates.

Subscription Books will be opened at the Office of the Company, 83 King-st. east, on and after September 1st 1868.

H. B. REEVE,
Secretary.

Toronto, September 29, 1868. 860tf

Medical Cards.

EDWARD C. MALLOCH, M.D., M.R.C.S. Duke-st., LeBreton's Flats, "opposite the well." Office hours from 8:30 to 10:30 a.m., and 3 to 5 p.m.

DR. O. C. WOOD, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Ottawa. Day office opposite Magee & Russell's, Sparks-street, Centre Town. Night office at his residence, Maria-street, Centre Town. CANCERS CURED, without the use of the knife, by a new, but certain, speedy, and almost painless process. References given to parties successfully treated, if required. 17w160y

DR. C. LEGGO, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Office—Hunton's Block, Sparks-street.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street, Central Ottawa. 34utf

DR. C. A. MARTIN, Dentist. Office—Sussex-street, over Messrs. Campbell & Co.'s, Grocers. 31utf

DR. GEORGE HUTCHISON, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street, opposite Magee & Russell's. 576y

DR. W. J. HENRY, Corner of Kent and Wellington-streets, Ottawa. 43utf

Hotels and Saloons.

"GOING DOWN TO MONTREAL?"

Put up at the "CITY HOTEL," one of the most comfortable houses in the city.

This Hotel has just been fitted up in a first-class style, and at an enormous expense; its accommodations are of the best kind, it contains 75 rooms, with good yard and stabling for 60 horses. The table is always supplied with all the delicacies of the season. The Bar is also supplied with the very best of Liquors. Besides all that, this Hotel is situated right in the centre of business, near the R.R. Depot, and within a few minutes walk from the Banks and Post Office.

Terms are exceedingly moderate. Try once and you will be satisfied.

Remember the Place "City Hotel," 78, 80 and 82, St. Joseph-street, Montreal.

CHARLES LAURIN,
853tf Proprietor.

PICKWICK HOUSE,
Corner James and King-sts.,
Opposite the Court House and Public Offices, ST. CATHARINES, Ont.

E. HOUGHTON, Proprietor,
(Late of Houghton's Dining Saloon.)

A spacious sample-room for commercial travellers. 859y

OTTAWA HOUSE.

Corner of Main and Prince of Wales-streets Pembroke, Ontario.

Stages in connection with the steamers *Jason Gould, Pembroke*, and *Pontiac*.

Particular attention paid to the comfort of guests. Good rooms for commercial travellers. Horses and vehicles always on hand.

J. COPELAND,
Proprietor.
Pembroke, Aug. 1, 1868. 809y

TORONTO HOUSE, Sparks-st.

MRS. TROTTER begs to announce that she has at present several commodious and handsomely furnished suites of apartments, in every respect eligible for civil or military officers, or private gentlemen remaining in the city. 773tf

REVERE HOUSE, OTTAWA.

G. A. BUCKE,
W. H. SANGER, } PROPRIETORS.

This first-class Hotel has been re-furnished and refitted throughout, and now combines all the requisites of a first-class establishment. 582tf

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,
M. KAVANAGH, *Proprietor*,
Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings.

The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands in Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.

Oysters, Game etc., daily

THE METROPOLITAN,
AUMOND'S BLOCK,
Rideau Street Ottawa.
292tf P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.

DOMINION HOUSE,
WELLINGTON-STREET.

The undersigned, formerly head waiter at the Russell House, begs to notify his friends and the public generally that he has leased the above hotel, which is now well furnished, and will be kept as a first class house. The bar is well stocked with the choicest brands of liquors. The table will be furnished with the best the market affords. Good yard and stabling attached to the premises.

658y GEORGE IRVINE.

Miscellaneous.

I. B. TACKABERRY, Auction Rooms No. 36, Rideau-street, below Whyte's Stationery Store. The sale of Real Estate at Auction or private sale promptly attended to. Consignments received and immediate attention will be paid. Sales attended in any of the city or country. 699y

R. SPARKS, Provincial Land Surveyor, Draughtsman, &c., (commissioned for Upper and Lower Canada.) Office and residence, Gloucester, near Ottawa. Surveys of every description executed with accuracy. Communications addressed Ottawa City, (post-paid,) or left at the office of N. Sparks, Solicitor, &c., Ottawa, will receive prompt attention. 55 y

B. BILLINGS, Jr., Architect, Elgin street opposite the Post Office.

REFERENCES.—H A Sims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany; Dr A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq Managing Director O. & St. L. R. R. 740t

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale.

OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

O'CONNOR & WALLER, Exchange Brokers, Fire, Life and Accidental Insurance, Commission and Collecting Agents.

Office, No. 27, Sussex-street, Ottawa.

R. E. O'CONNOR. 378y W. H. WALLER.

OLIVER & ANNABLE, Wholesale Manufacturers of Bedsteads, Chairs, &c., Chaudiere Island, Ottawa, C. W.

JOHN OLIVER,
506y WILLIAM ANNABLE.

R. H. McGREEVY, Contractor and Builder. Office: North side York Street, second door from Sussex Street. 78y

PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS, &c.,

Prepared for buildings of every description, by
SIDNEY B. FRIPP, Architect,
711tf Wellington-st.

COAL! COAL!

NEWCASTLE GRATE,
(Screened.)
LACKAWANNA,
(Egg and Stove Sizes.)
LEHIGH,
(Lump and Egg Sizes.)
BLACKSMITH'S,
$6 per Chaldron.

For Sale by
D. W. GOWARD & CO.,
Commission Merchants,
912.3m Office—17 Sparks-st.

GENERAL NOTICE!

TO FARMERS & OTHERS INTERESTED.

We beg to announce that our large sale of

BANKRUPT GOODS

will close in 20 days, having nearly cleared out our stock, and we take this opportunity of thanking our patrons.

Our stock consists of

Stoves of every Size, Pattern or Style,

and we guarantee to suit in price; also,

Tinware,
Lamps,
Oils,
Lamp Trimmings,
Brushes,
Wire Goods,
Japanned Ware,
and General House Furnishings.

Farmers, we have the Stoves for you at astounding prices.

ESMONDE BROS.,
Centre Town, opp. Ontario Bank.

Millinery.

NOTICE.

MRS. SMITH having received her new styles of FALL HATS & BONNETS, will be happy to see her old friends and the public generally. Gent' Felt Hats cleaned, dyed and done over in the best style.

N.B.—The most fashionable Mantles and Coats made to order, Corner of Bank and Albert-sts.

October 10 868tf

Legal Cards.

MACPHERSON, KENNEDY & CHRISTIE, Barristers, &c., Lang's Block, Elgin-st., Ottawa.

J. P. MACPHERSON, G. KENNEDY, A. J. CHRISTIE.

J. W. W. WARD, of the late firm of Lewis Pinhey & Ward, has removed his Chancery Office to Bell's Law Chambers, opposite Russell House, Elgin-st. dw

NICHOLAS SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

E. A. MARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 902y

MOSGROVE & TAILLON, Barristers, Solicitors, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.

WILLIAM MOSGROVE. 366tf GEORGE TAILLON.

N. TETREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post Office. 390tf

LAPIERRE & HAYCOCK, Attornies-at-Law, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers and Notaries Public, Corner of Sussex and York-streets, Ottawa. 368y

D. O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex-street. Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 55y

R. H. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Post Office Building, Elgin-street, Ottawa. 43utf

P. J. BUCKLEY, L.L.B., Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, and Notary Public. Office—over Mr. Luke Cuzner's Boot and Shoe Store, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 334y

LEES & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. Office—In the Court House, Ottawa.

ROBERT LEES. 43utf JOHN J. GEMMELL.

EDWARD T. DARTNELL, Barrister, Solicitor, Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the Court House, L'Orignal. 34-6m

MUSICAL ACADEMY.

Mr. GUSTAVE SMITH, (Organist of the Cathedral) a Graduate of the Imperial Conservatory of Paris. Lessons on Piano and Singing. Rideau-street, corner of King-street

Ottawa, June 23, 1868. 775y

PIANO-FORTE TUITION.

W. C. CLARK, Professor of Music and Teacher of Piano, Voice and Harmony. Also, Mrs. Clark, Teacher of Drawing and Painting. Music Rooms and Residence, O'Connor-street, corner of Slater-street, Centre Town.

Orders may be left at his residence or at Orme & Son's Music Store. 452

TUITION.

MONS. H. BERTHELOT, of the Ottawa Grammar School, is now prepared to give private lessons in the French language. Terms moderate.

N. B.—Will also give lessons in the Latin, Greek or English languages if required.

Orders may be left at Messrs. Durie & Son's bookstore.

Ottawa, October 16, 1868. 873tf

THE SISTERS

OF THE

CONGREGATION DE NOTRE DAME,

FROM MONTREAL,

respectfully inform the public that they will open a branch of their

Educational Establishment in Ottawa.

Their classes will begin on the 15th OCTOBER. For particulars and terms apply to the

LADY SUPERIORESS,
863tf Corner of O'Connor and Maria-sts.

Druggists.

HOLIDAY PRESENTS

AT

THE MEDICAL HALL,

28 Sparks-st., Ottawa.

Toilet Boxes in variety,
Rimmel's New Perfumes,
Cambridge Bouquet,
Oxford Bouquet,
English Lavender Water,
Silver Top Smelling Bottles,
Scotch Plaid Smelling Bottles,
Improved Perfumed Distributors,
&c., &c., &c.

A complete stock just received of Toilet Articles, Patent Medicines,

Genuine Drugs and Chemicals,
Druggists' Sundries of all descriptions.

W. M. MASSEY,
Family and Dispensing Chemist.

Dye Works.

BRANCH OF
ST. LAWRENCE DYE WORKS,
Elgin-st., (*Opposite the Russell House*,) Ottawa, Ont.

MACDONALD & CO.,
SILK AND WOOLLEN DYERS,
Scourers, Hot Pressers, &c.

Gentlemen's Clothes cleaned and dyed. Kid Gloves cleaned. 894-3m

OTTAWA CITY

STEAM DYE WORKS,
Sussex-st.,
SIGN OF THE GOLDEN SHEEP,
Opposite Martineau's Store,

Has not removed to Centre Town, but can be found at the above address.

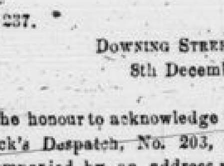
Great reduction in prices for cleaning or dyeing. All kinds of Wool, Cotton, Silk, &c., done at reduced rates.

No use of sending goods to Montreal.

Encourage home manufactures.

LETHAM & BRUNAIS,
876tf Sussex-st.

CANADA.



THE SECRETARY OF STATE FOR THE COLONIES TO THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL.

COPY.

CANADA.

No. 237.

DOWNING STREET,
8th December, 1868.

SIR,—

I have the honour to acknowledge the receipt of Lord Monck's Despatch, No. 203, of the 12th ultimo, accompanied by an address presented to him by the Legislative Assembly of the Province of Ontario, on his retirement from the Government of Canada.

The high testimony borne by the Assembly to the merits and administrative abilities of Lord Monck, has afforded me much satisfaction.

I have, &c.,
(Signed,) GRANVILLE.

Governor
The Right Honble.
Sir John Young, Bt., G.C.B.,
&c., &c., &c.

COPY.

CIRCULAR.

Downing-street,
9th December, 1868.

SIR,

I have the honor to inform you that Her Majesty has been pleased to entrust to my care, as one of the Principal Secretaries of State, the Seals of the Colonial Department.

I have the honor to be,
Sir,
Your most obedient humble servant,
Signed, GRANVILLE.

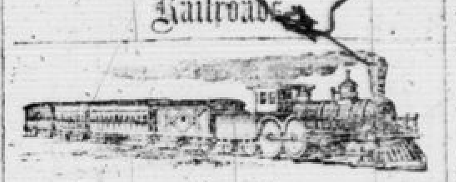
The Right Honorable
Sir John Young, Bart., G.C.B., G.C.M.G.,
&c., &c., &c. 945-3

BOARD.

Five or six gentlemen boarders can get rooms, with or without board, in the vicinity of Sandy Hill, within ten minutes walk of the Parliament Buildings, by applying at the Office of this paper.

Ottawa, October 10, 1868. 868tf

Railroads.



GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY COMPANY OF CANADA.

1868.] WINTER ARRANGEMENTS. [1868.

Trains now leave BONAVENTURE STATION as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburg, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at....... 9:10 a m
Night do do do do 8:30 p m
Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at....... 7:00 a m
Trains for Lachine at.......8:00 a m, 9:30 a m 3:00 p m, 5:00 p m.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations at....... 7.00 a m
Express for Boston at....... 8:40 a m
Express for New York and Boston at....... 3:30 p m via Vermont Central.
Express for New York via Plattsburgh, Lake Champlain, Burlington & Rutland at 3:00 p m
Express for Island Pond, at....... 2:00 p m
Night Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham and Portland, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St. Hilaire, St. Hyacinthe, Acton, Richmond, Sherbrooke, Waterville and Coaticook only, at....... 10:10 p m

Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains. Baggage checked through.

The steamer *Carlotta* leaves Portland every SATURDAY AFTERNOON (after the arrival of train from Montreal on Friday night), for Halifax, N.S., returning on Tuesday.

She has excellent accommodation for passengers and freight.

The International Company's Steamers, running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway, leave Portland every MONDAY, at 5 p m, for St. John, N.B.

Tickets issued through at the Company's principal stations.

For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure Station:

C. J. BRYDGES, Managing Director.
Montreal, Dec. 7, 1868.

CHANGE OF TIME

ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY,

(formerly the Ottawa & Prescott Railway.)

ON and AFTER MONDAY, the 30TH of NOV., 1868, and until further notice, TRAINS will run as follows:

LEAVE OTTAWA.	ARRIVE IN PRESCOTT.
Express, 8 a. m.	10.30 a. m.
Mixed, 1.00 p. m.	4.35 p. m.
LEAVE PRESCOTT.	**ARRIVE IN OTTAWA.**
Mixed, 7.30 a. m.	11.00 a. m.
Express, 2.10 p. m.	4.45 p. m.

The time of these Trains has been so arranged as to ensure connection with night and day trains on Grand Trunk, east and west.

Baggage to and from Ottawa checked through from and to stations on Grand Trunk Railway

Return tickets to Prescott, Kemptville and Ottawa at reduced rates can be had at the principal stations on the line.

T. S. DETLOR, Superintendent. THOMAS REYNOLDS, Managing Director.

N. B.—The above trains all run by Montreal Time.

Ottawa, Nov. 27, 1868. 1y

BROCKVILLE & OTTAWA RAILWAY.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT,
Commencing on the 20th April, 1868.

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

7:15 A. M.--TRAINS will leave Brockville daily at 7.15 a.m., and 3:15 p.m., arriving at Sandpoint at 12:40 p. m. and 9 p.m.

LEAVE SANDPOINT.

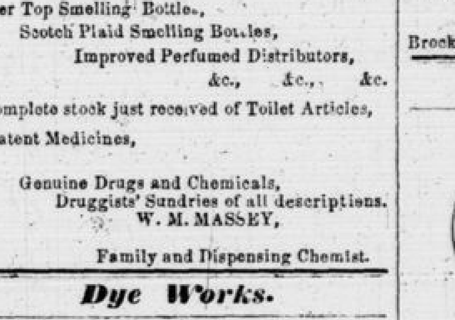
5:15 A. M.--TRAINS will leave Sandpoint at 5:15 a.m. and 1:30 p.m., arriving at Brockville at 11:30 a.m. and 7:45 p.m.

All trains on main line connect at Smith's Falls with Trains to and from Perth.

The 7:15 a.m. train from Brockville connects with U. F. Coy's Steamers for Ottawa, Portage-du-Fort, Pembroke, &c., &c., and the 1:15 p.m. train from Sandpoint leaves after those steamers are due from east and west.

H. ABBOTT,
Managing Director.
Brockville, April 11. 472y

Sewing Machines.



HOLIDAY PRESENTS.

WHEELER & WILSON'S Silent Feed Sewing Machines are perfectly noiseless. The most valuable present to any Lady or Family is a WHEELER & WILSON'S SEWING MACHINE. A liberal reduction for cash on all machines for holiday presents. Twenty five per cent reduction on Embroidery attachments applicable to the former style of Wheeler & Wilson Sewing Machine. Button Hole Attachments, new style; Tuckers, Trimmers, Corders, &c.

THE HOWE SEWING MACHINES are best for Carriage Trimmers, Shoemakers and Tailors.

Call and see for yourselves; no trouble to show you how they sew.

Remember 37, Sparks-st., Ottawa; and 105 King-st., West Toronto.

G. A. WALTON, *Agent for Ontario,*
R. W. STEPHEN,
930tf *Manager for Ottawa Office.*

ENLARGED PORTRAITURE

OF

EVERY DESCRIPTION

BOTH

COLOURED AND PLAIN,
COLOURED AND PLAIN,
COLOURED AND PLAIN,

AT

W. NOTMAN'S, METCALFE-STREET.

To TOURISTS.—The largest collection in the Dominion of Photographs of Canadian Scenery

Ottawa, Sept. 7, 1868. 582y

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer has now been before the public for a length of time, and whenever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Dealers are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying to the universal satisfaction it gives

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it Physicians order and use it; and no family will without it after once trying it.

Price twenty-five cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, C. W.,
General Agents for C. W

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, H. F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J. Brown, in Ottawa.

GEO. MAYES,
COPPER PLATE PRINTER,
Bank Street, Centre Town,
Between Sparks & Queen Streets.

Bills of Exchange, Bill Heads, Visiting Cards, &c., Printed on the shortest notice.

Agencies.

PROVINCIAL INSURANCE.

MALCOLM CAMERON,
Agent.............DESBARAT'S Buildings,
Office of Queen's Printer.

An entirely Canadian institution—perfect security to insurers, and immediate payment of claims.

Ottawa, Dec. 8, 1868.

UNION MUTUAL

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY
OF MAINE.

Finance Department,
Ottawa, 12th October, 1868.

No. 161.

The following Insurance Company has received a license to transact the business of Life Insurance in Canada:

No. 31. The UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, of Maine.

Deposit in U. S. 6 of '81—$50,000.

B. R. CORWIN, General Agent, St. John, N.B. For the Minister of Finance,

JOHN LANGTON, Auditor

I have this day deposited with the Receiver General, Twenty Thousand Dollars in addition to the above Fifty Thousand, making Seventy Thousand Dollars ($70,000) U. S. Gold Bonds.

The Hon. Col. John H. Gray, M.P., has been appointed Counsel to the Company for the Dominion. All legal matters will be referred to him.

B. R. CORWIN, Manager.

Ottawa, November 7, 1868.

ROYAL CANADIAN BANK.

OTTAWA AGENCY,
OFFICE—DESBARATS' BUILDING,
77 Sparks-st.

M. P. HAYES, Agent.

WATCHES.

J. SEWILL, LIVERPOOL,

Manufacturer by special appointment to HER MAJESTY THE QUEEN, ROYAL FAMILY, AND COURT OF SPAIN, THE RIGHT HONORABLE THE LORDS MISSIONERS OF THE ADMIRALTY, AND HER MAJESTY QUEEN VICTORIA'S ROYAL NAVY:

Prize Medalist of the Great International Exhibition of London, 1862, and of the Universal Exhibition of Paris, 1867.

WE HEREBY APPOINT

MR. JOHN LESLIE,
Sparks-street,
Agent for Ottawa and Vicinity,

For the sale of these *celebrated Timekeepers.*

H. & A. SAUNDERS,
Montreal,

Sole Wholesale Agents in the Dominion for sale of *J. Sewill's* Watches.

Ottawa May 20.

S. ROGERS,

CABINET-MAKER, UPHOLSTERER,

AND

UNDERTAKER,
AT THE OLD STAND,
No. 70, RIDEAU-STREET

AND AT THE

WEST END WELLINGTON-STREET,

Where the usual assortment of Cabinet and Upholstering Goods can be obtained at moderate prices.

UNDERTAKING.

The Undertaking branch is under S. R.'s immediate superintendence, who attends all Funerals without Extra Charge, and has constantly on hand a large assortment of Ready-made Coffins, of all sizes and qualities:

METALLIC, BLACK CLOTH, COBOURG, &c.

Parties ordering Mahogany, Walnut, Oak, or other Hardwood Coffins, may rely on getting a genuine article, (no stained Butternut sold for Walnut.)

Persons desirous of keeping their deceased relatives for a few days, or even a week, can do so without the least possible inconvenience by applying to S. Rogers, who has had over 20 years' experience in the above branches, and feels confident of giving satisfaction.

N.B.—The Undertaking Branch will be found second to none in Ottawa.

Express Waggons always ready for the removal of Furniture.

RESIDENCE—At the West End Establishment, Wellington-st.

Ottawa, September 4, 1868. 85y

Hardware.

HARDWARE:

AT

THOS. ISAAC'S, CENTRE TOWN,

PLOUGHS, CULTIVATORS,
IRON, COAL,
SHELF & HEAVY HARDWARE,
NAILS, ROPE, CHAINS,

and a general assortment of House-furnishing, Cornices, &c., at the lowest cash prices to be found in the Ottawa market.

ALSO,

STOVES, all patterns and sizes, for coal and wood from the Prescott, Kingston, Toronto, Hamilton and Montreal Foundries, with drums, pipes, furniture, &c., the cheapest to be had in town.

BARODEE'S EPILEPTIC CURE,

For the relief and cure of Epilepsy, St. Vitus Dance, Puerperal Hysteria, &c., &c. This preparation is from the recipe of a celebrated French Physician, and the very great success which has attended its use in every case, and where the highest medical skill was of no avail, has induced the subscriber to give it every possible publicity. The genuine has the subscriber's name and address on each bottle. Price one dollar. Sole Proprietor, J. A. HARTE, Chemist, 396, Notre Dame-street, Montreal.

Harte's Florida Water, equal to anything imported, Price 37½ cents per bottle. 78y

RANDALL & MONTGOMERY,

PLAIN, ORNAMENTAL AND DECORATIVE
PAINTERS,
AND PAPER HANGERS,

Chaudiere and Bull. (Shop next to R. R. Booth's Store, Chaudiere.) House, Sign, Villa and general painting executed on the most reasonable terms. Ceilings and walls distempered in colors to suit. Fresco work of all kinds to order.

References permitted to the following gentlemen: A. H. Baldwin & Co., J. R. Booth, Esq., R. R. Booth, Esq., Rev. Mr. Johnson, Hull; Rev. Mr. Pickel, Ottawa; Mr. Haycock, Architect.

August 26. 829-6m

SATCHELL BROS.,

By appointment

BUTCHERS TO HIS EXCELLENCY SIR JOHN YOUNG.

Superior Stall Fed Beef, Lamb, Mutton and Veal in season.

N.B.—Also spiced, rolled and rounds of Beef, and sugar cured Hams and Bacon, cured in the English style.

930-3m No. 7, Lower Town Market, Ottawa.

NOTICE.

Application will be made at the next Session of the Legislature of Ontario for an act to incorporate the CALEDONIA PEAT MANUFACTURING & SMELTING COMPANY, with powers to construct a Canal or Railway from some point in the Township of Caledonia to the navigable waters of the Ottawa or South Nation Rivers, and to authorize the Municipality of Caledonia to grant to the said Company so much of the road allowances between the first and fifth concessions as may be required for the manufacture of Peat fuel. 888tf

THE TIMES is printed and published by THE OTTAWA TIMES PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY, at the Office, 38, Sparks-st Centre Town, Ottawa. JAMES COTTON Managing Director. ALEX. ROBERTSON Editor.

VOL. IV

Groc

THE undersigned ta... thank her friends an... for their liberal patronage... examine her fine stock o... TRY, FISH, salt and ... FRUITS, PORK, &c., all ... Also, a very fine lot of PA...

Mas...
Wellington-st., oppos...

GARDENER'S

BAKING P...

In
1 lb. Packets for 25 cents.

TEN RE...
Why it Should be Used
Other...

1st. Bread or Cakes m... wholesome, than if made w... process.

2nd. Its purity is such... test of the most perfect ana...

3rd. After having bee... the last 14 years in no one... to give entire satisfaction.

4th. Families that have... the best, and will use no oth...

5th. It contains no Saler... pair the digestive organs... Soda or an excess of Alkali...

6th. It never gives to B... pleasant Alkaline or mawki...

7th. The ingredients th... are more beneficial than ot...

8th. Dyspeptic subjects... Rolls made with it and der...

9th. Every Packet con... one pound packets weigh 1...

10. It is all that it is rep... ly:

Unrivalled for Purity

Sole Agents for Ottawa,

J. G. RO...

The Trade supplied at... prices.

Ottawa, December 10, 186...

MONTREAL WARE...

The undersigned have now... their

FALL IMPOR...

COMPRISI...

GENERAL AND S...

OF

FAMILY GRO...

WINES, LIQ...

AND PROVISIONS, &...

JAS. M...

Ottawa, November 27, 1868.

Musi...

MESSRS. J. L. ORM... Respectfully call the atte... their magnificent stock of

PIANO-FORT...

AND MELOD...

In their new Show Room, co...

PIANO-FORTES, from ...

WARREN'S PIPE...

ORGANS and MELODE... tories in the United States, ... tone anything ever brought...

Now is the time for intend...

PRICES LOW & TE...

Our stock of Concertinas... &c., is, as usual, very large...

New Sheet Music and B... ing.

J. L. OR...
Sign ...
944tf No. 8, Sparks-...

LAND FOR SALE.—... leave to inform the pu... following lots for sale, viz. ...

Lot Number 14, East side ...
" " 4, Lang's B...
R...
" " 20, South Side...

The west half fifty acre... in the tenth Concession of ... berland, and Lots 174 and ... 39, of the Township of ... Rochester property.

All applications for fu... must be made to the under...
R...

Ottawa, 11th January, ...

TIGHT BINDING

The Times

VOL. IV. NO. 948. | OTTAWA, FRIDAY, JANUARY 15, 1869. | PRICE—3 CENTS.

Groceries.

THE undersigned takes this opportunity to thank her friends and the public in general for their liberal patronage, and solicits a call to examine her fine stock of GROCERIES, POULTRY, FISH, salt and fresh, VEGETABLES, FRUITS, PORK, &c., all to be disposed of cheap. Also, a very fine lot of PARTRIDGES.

MRS. L. E. GOULIN,
Wellington-st., opposite Hall's Confectionery

GARDENER'S
BAKING POWDER.

In 1 lb. Packets for 25 cents. | And 6 Packets for $1.25.

TEN REASONS
Why it Should be Used in Preference to all Others:

1st. Bread or Cakes made with it are more wholesome than if made with Yeast or any other process.

2nd. Its purity is such that it will stand the test of the most perfect analysis.

3rd. After having been extensively used for the last 14 years in not one instance has it failed to give entire satisfaction.

4th. Families that have used it pronounce it the best, and will use no other.

5th. It contains no Saleratus, nor does it impair the digestive organs like those powders where Soda or an excess of Alkali predominates.

6th. It never gives to Bread or Cakes an unpleasant Alkaline or mawkish taste.

7th. The ingredients that form its composition are more beneficial than otherwise.

8th. Dyspeptic subjects can eat hot Bread or Rolls made with it and derive benefit by its use.

9th. Every Packet contains its full weight; one pound packets weigh 16 ounces.

10. It is all that it is represented to be, namely:

Unrivalled for Purity and Cheapness.

Sole Agents for Ottawa,
J. G. ROBINSON & Co.,
The Tea Pot.

The Trade supplied at the Manufacturer's prices.

Ottawa, December 10, 1868. 886-6m

MONTREAL WAREHOUSE,
SUSSEX-STREET

The undersigned have now COMPLETED their

FALL IMPORTATIONS,
COMPRISING A
GENERAL AND SELECT STOCK
OF
FAMILY GROCERIES,
WINES, LIQUORS,
AND PROVISIONS, &c., &c.

JAS. MARTIN & CO.

Ottawa, November 27, 1868. 657y

Music.

MESSRS. J. L. ORME & SON
Respectfully call the attention of the public to their magnificent stock of
PIANO-FORTES, ORGANS,
AND MELODEONS,
In their new Show Room, comprising
PIANO-FORTES, *from all the leading makers*.
WARREN'S PIPE ORGANS,
ORGANS and MELODEONS from the best factories in the United States, excelling in finish and tone anything ever brought into this country.

Now is the time for intending purchasers.

PRICES LOW & TERMS LIBERAL

Our stock of Concertinas, Violins, Flutes, &c., &c., is, as usual, very large.

New Sheet Music and Books constantly arriving.

J. L. ORME & SON,
Sign of the Golden Lyre,
944tf No. 8, Sparks-st., next Durie & Son's.

LAND FOR SALE.—The subscribers beg leave to inform the public that they have the following lots for sale, viz.:

Lot Number 14, East side of Dalhousie-street,
" " 4, Lang's Block, N. Side Rideau street,
" " 20, South Side of Besserer-street, } Ottawa.

The west half fifty acres of lot number eleven, in the tenth Concession of the Township of Cumberland, and Lots 174 and 186, in Block 120. Lot 39, of the Township of Nepean, known as the Rochester property.

All applications for further particulars, &c., must be made to the undersigned.

ROSS & PARSONS,
Solicitors, &c.

Ottawa, 11th January, 1869. 946-4

Dry Goods.

HICK & CO.

Have removed to their NEW STORE, in Stewart's Block, Corner of Rideau and Sussex-sts., where they will offer, in connection with their goods,

$30,000 WORTH OF DRY GOODS

Purchased at Public Auction lately, from the immense Bankrupt Stock of the late firm of DESMARTERY, JORDAINE & Co., of Montreal, and sold on account of T. JAMES CLAXTON. The goods are all new and of very superior quality, being imported expressly for a fashionable Montreal trade; and, as they have succeeded in purchasing the goods far below the sterling cost, they are prepared to offer bargains never before offered in this city. The following are some of the lines of goods offered, viz.:

		s. d.		s. d.
100 pieces	different qualities Black Silks......			
80 do	Single width plain Wincey	5	worth	0 8
100 do	Fancy, single width Wincey..........	7½	"	1 0
62 do	Double width plain Wincey..........	7½	"	1 0
80 do	Double Delaines.....	7½	"	1 3
70 do	do Poplin......	7½	"	1 0
150 do	do Cobourg.....	7½	"	1 3
150 do	Assort'd Dress Goods	9	"	1 6
33 do	Empress Reps........	1 6	"	3 0
60 do	Bl'k French Merino	1 6	"	3 0
75 do	Fancy Colors—your choice for......	2		
200 do	Black Empress Rep only...........	10	"	2 0

Also, a splendid assortment of
Hannibal Cloths — Oriental Lustres
Livini Poplins — Alberteena Cloths
Princess Alexandra Embossed Poplins
Mandarin Lustres — Eugenia Reps, &c.

1,000 doz. FRINGED TOWELS, all Linen.................6d each.

SHAWLS.
35 Filled Shawls.
83 Shepherd Long Shawls
101 Fancy, all wool Longs
167 Assorted Square Shawls.

COTTONS.
120 pieces Grey Cotton, 1¼ yards wide, for......5 d
160 do Bleached Horrocks and Millars.......6½d
165 do Good Prints..........................4 d
303 do Best English Prints, Hoyle's and Ashton's..........................6½d
159 do French Calicos, in choice patterns...8 d

CLOTHS.

		s. d.		s. d.
20 pieces	Waterproof..............	3 9		
80 do	Double Width Overcoating................	2 9	worth	7 6
35 do	Scotch Tweed..........	2 6	do	5 0
100 do	Canadian Tweed.........	1 3	do	2 6
100 do	Full Cloth, very heavy	2 9	do	3 6

Also, a splendid lot of
BROAD CLOTHS, BEAVERS,
Witneys, Mantle Cloths,
BLACK DOES, &c., &c., &c.,
at correspondingly low prices.

85 PIECES DOMINION TWEED,
Something New—one of the heaviest cloths made—*at a great sacrifice*.

1,000 doz. TABLE NAPKINS, all Linen, only 6s 3d per dozen.

SHIRTS! SHIRTS! SHIRTS!
1,000 Flannel Shirts, only..............2 6
200 White Cotton Shirts, only......3 9
500 Under Shirts, only...............3 3
300 Hespler's heaviest make, Ribbed.......5 0 worth 8 9

Paper Collars—100 collars for 3s 9d.
500 pieces 2¼-yards wide Linen Sheeting.......3 3 worth 5
5 do 2-yards wide, Union Sheeting...........1 do 3
81 do Table Damask and 300 Damask Table Cloths, at a frightful sacrifice.

Also, Red and White Flannels, Canadian Shirting Flannels, Hoop Skirts, Crash Towellings, Irish Linen, Clouds, Breakfast Shawls, Hemp Carpets, &c., &c.

CORSETS, 2s 6d.

Blankets—A large lot of slightly damaged Blankets for about half price.

1,000 Linen Bags, 1s, worth 1s 6d; 40 cases Men's Heavy Boots, very low; 3 cases Men's Heavy French Calf, 12s 6d. Also, a heavy stock of Gentlemen's Clothing.

$3.50......................OVERCOATS.
4.00......................heavy OVERCOATS.
90 cts. up......................PANTS.
50 cts. to $1.25......................VESTS.
$8.00......Black Broadcloth........FALL SUITS.

A large staff of polite and attentive salesmen will be in readiness to wait on customers.

H. HICK & CO.

Customers will please report any inattention on the part of salesmen.

AT CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S

The greatest novelty of the season is the

BOULEVARD FELT UNDERSKIRT,

Unsurpassed for

BEAUTY, ECONOMY & DURABILITY

AT

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S

No. 14, RIDEAU-ST.

REMOVAL
TO
NO. 34, SPARKS-ST.

T. RAJOTTE
having removed to more commodious premises, takes pleasure in announcing to his numerous customers and the public generally that he has now a large and well selected stock of
STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS,
consisting of
Flannels — Black Cloths
Winceys — Beaver Cloths
Cottons — Meltons
Prints — Tweeds
&c., — &c.

We have also on hand a large assortment of
READY-MADE CLOTHING,
which, being manufactured on the premises, we can recommend, and sell cheaper than any shop in this city.

THE TAILORING DEPARTMENT.
This department is under the superintendence of a well-known first-class cutter and workman. All orders punctually attended to.

Don't forget the place, No. 34, Sparks-st. Store lately occupied by G. Fetherston & Co., next door to Magee & Russell's old store.

88y T. RAJOTTE.

FLOWER BULBS.

Shipped per *Hibernian*, and to arrive in a few days, a very superior assortment of

HYACINTH, TULIP AND OTHER FALL BULBS.

These Bulbs will be found superior to anything yet imported.

WILLIAM HEARN,
Market Drug Store,
York-st.

Ottawa, October 17, 1868. 874tf

Groceries.

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS
—FROM—
OPORTO, SPAIN, COGNAC
AND LONDON.

Consisting of
PORT, SHERRY, BRANDY, GIN AND SCOTCH WHISKEY, &c.
PICKLES, SAUCES, JAMS & JELLIES &c., &c., &c.,
FROM CROSSE & BLACKWELL.
—LIKEWISE.—

A FULL assortment of FRESH FRUIT, the BEST in market.

TABLE and Cooking RAISINS, CURRANTS, &c.

FLAVOURING EXTRACTS and SPICES—Genuine.

PRESERVED and CAN FRUITS, assorted to suit the holiday season.

ALMERIA GRAPES, FRESH FIGS, and PORTUGUESE ONIONS.

50 TINS NEW HONEY, in 5 lb. and 8 lb. tins.

200 STILTON CHEESE, 6 lbs. to 8 lbs. size, from Reesor Brothers' celebrated factory.

SHERRY WINE—Good Table Wine—$1.25 to $3.00.

PORT WINE—Good Table Wine $1.50 to $4.50.

ALL KINDS of GENUINE LIQUORS. Price according to age and quality.

100 BOXES DIGBY HERRINGS—large boxes at 75 cts. each.

LABRADOR HERRINGS, the very best, in barrels and half barrels.

10 CASES SCOTCH LING—Good.

TEAS—Black, Green and Japans—Warranted Good, and selected for family use.

SUGARS and SYRUPS of all grades.

COFFEES—Always Fresh—Best Brands—Try them.

TOBACCOS—The Finest Qualities—Virginia make in cut, tin foil and plug.

A GENERAL assortment of the different kinds of *GROCERIES AND LIQUORS* on hand, Wholesale and Retail, at the *LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICES* for Warranted Goods. A trial of the articles will recommend them.

For sale at
THOS. PATTERSON'S,
No. 26, Rideau-street.

Ottawa, November 27, 1868. 878

JUST RECEIVED,
AT THE
INDIA WAREHOUSE,
No. 46, Rideau-st.,
And for sale cheap, by
D. T. BROWNE & CO.
Wholesale and Retail
Grocers, Wine and Spirit Merchants,

FRESH OYSTERS, in Tins
PRESERVED OYSTERS do
FRESH HALIBUT do
FRESH SALMON do
FRESH MACKEREL do
FRESH LOBSTERS do
GREEN PEAS do
LEMON, GINGER, ORANGE,
Banana, Peach, Blackberry, Raspberry and Strawberry Syrups.
RASPBERRY VINEGAR,
FRY'S Chocolate and Cocoa,
MOTT'S Cocoa Paste,
MORTON'S Bloater Paste,
TOMATO and other Catsups
ANCHOVY Paste,
STRASBURGH Meats,
POTTED Beef and Tongues
PRESERVES and Jellies in great variety,
ORANGE Marmalade,
MORRISON, TAYLOR & Co.'s
Celebrated Sugar Cured Hams and Breakfast Roll Bacon.
PICKLED Salmon,
PICKLED Mackerel,
PICKLED HERRINGS,
In Half Barrels, Barrels and Tierces,
DRY Codfish,
DRY Haddock,
FINNAN Haddies, &c., &c.,

And a full stock of Choice Family Groceries.

Ottawa, Nov. 3, 1868.

BOTTLED ALE,
BOTTLED ALE,
BOTTLED ALE.

The subscriber would call the attention of Families and others to his

FINE BOTTLED ALE
Which is in splendid condition. Also,
SCOTCH, IRISH, OLD RYE,
And other Malt Whiskies,
PORTS, SHERRIES, BRANDIES, GIN, &c.,
Together with a General Assortment of
FIRST-CLASS GROCERIES.

A call [illegible]dly solicited.

D. WHELAN,
44, Rideau-street,
Opposite Allan's Crockery Store

Ottawa, Jan. 20, 1868.

Publications.

JONES & HOLLAND
Have for sale
Carpenter's Penny Readings, in Cloth and Muslin.
Hillgrove's Illustrated Ball Room Guides.
Photograph Albums, *Very Cheap.*
The Modern Pocket Hoyle.

And take subscribers for Mrs. Beecher's New Monthly Magazine; the Manufacturer and Builder; the American Builder, &c., &c.

HORSE INFIRMARY,
AND
VETERINARY ESTABLISHMENT
YORK-STREET, OTTAWA,
Next to Salmon's Hotel.

A. J. F. COLEMAN, V. S.
(Member of the College of Veterinary Surgeons Toronto; by appointment, V.S., to the Co. of Carleton Agricultural Society.)

Orders or communications promptly attended to and medicines sent to any part of the Dominion. Charges moderate. 812y

Dry Goods.

Shewing This Day.

GRANT & HENDERSON,
No. 20, Rideau-st,
Are offering an extensive Stock of
DRESS GOODS.
WINCIES,
SHAWLS and
BLANKETS,
AT THE LOWEST CASH PRICES.

N. B.—An extensive assortment of general DRY GOODS always in stock.

LATEST STYLES AND FASHIONS.
INSPECTION INVITED.
No. 20, Rideau-st.

CLOTHING,
CHEAP AND FASHIONABLE,
READY-MADE AND TO ORDER.

O'MEARA & CO.,
ESTABLISHED IN 1844.

Offer for sale an extensive importation of FALL AND WINTER GOODS, comprising Ready-made Clothing, Canadian Tweeds, Etoffes, Satinetts; also a large Stock of Blankets, Flannels, Kerseys, Gray Cottons, Prints, Winceys, Plaids, &c., &c.; Broadcloths, Beavers, Witneys, Petershams, Devons, &c.; Bedford Cords, Silk Mixtures, West of England Tweeds, Doeskins, &c., wholesale and retail, which will be made up to order on the shortest notice in the latest styles of fashion and at prices that

DEFY COMPETITION.

A general assortment of Dry Goods, the largest stock ever offered for sale in this city.

$1.25 BLANKETS $6.00. $3.00

TAILORING DEPARTMENT.

Particular attention given to the Tailoring Department, which is under the supervision of a first-class cutter.

$2..................GREY ETOFFE PANTS,
$4.50..................GOOD PEA JACKETS,
$4..................OVERCOATS,
$9..................COMPLETE SUITS,
$1..................GOOD VESTS,
75 CTS., $1 and $1.25 .....UNDERSHIRTS,
75 CTS., $1 and $1.25 ....DRAWERS

A. DUFF. O'MEARA & CO.
Ottawa, October 27 1868. 882y

TO FARMERS & OTHERS.

TRADE [A. O. A. & Co.] MARK.

Farmers and others should buy their TEA and COFFEE from

A. O. AUDY & CO.,

who are daily receiving by direct importations Tea and Coffee of the finest quality. Their business is conducted on the English principle, and the above named articles can be procured in 5 and 10 pound catties and upwards. The purchaser receives the benefit of a neat package, a good article, and at wholesale prices. Perfect satisfaction is ensured, and any goods not proving according to sample can be returned at our expense. We will pay the carriage on 4 five or 2 ten lb catties to the nearest railway station. For the accommodation of farmers and others not having heard of the advantage offered them, we have engaged trustworthy agents who will make occasional trips throughout the surrounding country and solicit their orders. Any favors submitted to them will receive prompt attention. We do not sell less than a cattie, and nothing but Tea and Coffee sold. The following is the list of prices:

BLACK TEA.

Common Congou, Strong Tea........	$0 45 @ 50
Fine Flavoured New Season do........	0 55 @ 60
Excellent Full Flavoured do........	0 75 @ 80
Sound Oolong........	0 40 @ 45
Rich Flavoured, do........	0 55 @ 60
Very Fine, do do........	0 75 @ 80
Japan Good........	0 50 @ 60
Very Good........	0 65 @ 70
Finest........	0 75 @ 80

GREEN TEA.

Twankay, Common........	0 35 @ 40
Fine do........	0 55 @ 60
Young Hyson........	0 50 @ 60
Fine do........	0 75 @ 85
Superfine and Very Choice........	1 00 @ 60

COFFEE.

Mocha........	$0 22, 0 27, 0 29, 0 33
Java........	0 20, 0 25, 0 29, 0 32
Ceylon........	0 18, 0 22, 0 26, 0 29

Remember the place,
A. O. AUDY & CO.,
Elgin-st., opposite the Russell House.

TENDERS
Will be received by the
BOARD OF SCHOOL TRUSTEES,
UNTIL
WEDNESDAY, THE 20TH INSTANT,
FOR
EIGHT THOUSAND DOLLARS,
IN
SUMS NOT LESS THAN $100,
Payment to be secured by
Bonds of the above Corporation,
Bearing interest at the rate of 7 per cent.
The said Bonds are payable in one to four years.

JAMES D. SLATER,
Chairman,
B.S.T.

Ottawa, 13th January, 1869. 947td

ANNUAL MEETING.
GENERAL PROTESTANT HOSPITAL.

The Annual Meeting of the subscribers and friends of this Institution will be held in the DIRECTOR'S HALL, in the Hospital, on TUESDAY, the SECOND day of FEBRUARY next, at the hour of 2 o'clock, in the afternoon, to receive the Annual Report, and elect Directors. The public are respectfully invited to attend.

Signed, W. H. THOMPSON,
GEORGE HAY,
JAMES PEACOCK,
ALEX. WORKMAN,
RODERICK ROSS,
Trustees.

Ottawa, 14th January, 1869. 947td

Medical.

PAIN KILLER
A PURELY VEGETABLE MEDICINE

TAKEN INTERNALLY, CURES
Sudden Colds, Catarrh, Coughs, Bronchitis, Asthma, Fever and Ague, Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, Acid Stomach, Headache, Heartburn, Indigestion, Canker in the Mouth, Throat or Stomach, Sick Headache, Sea Sickness, Piles, Kidney Complaints, Canker Rash, Cramp and Pain in the Stomach, Painter's Colic, Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Summer Complaint, Cholera Morbus, Cholera Infantum and Cholera.

APPLIED EXTERNALLY, CURES
Scalds, Burns, Frostbites, Chilblains, Erysipelas, Ringworms, Whitlows, Boils, Old Sores, Sprains, Bruises, Toothache, Headache, Neuralgia in the Face or Head, Pains in the Side, Pains in the Back and Loins, Rheumatism, Rheumatic Gout, Neuralgic or Rheumatic Pains in the Joints and Limbs, Stings of Insects, Scorpions, Centipedes, and the Bites of Poisonous Insects and Venomous Reptiles.

At this season, when coughs and colds are so prevalent, an effectual remedy, and one easily obtained, is *Perry Davis' Vegetable Pain Killer*. It is no new nostrum, vended by unknown agents, but has stood the test of over 20 years; and those who use the article, internally or externally, will connect with it grateful recollections of its worthy inventor.—*Hastings' Chronicle, C.W.*

PAIN KILLER.—The testimonials borne to the efficacy of this valuable medicine are sufficient to warrant its introduction into every house. Our own opinion is that no family should be without a bottle of it for a single hour. In flesh wounds, aches, pains, sores, &c., it is the most effectual remedy we know of. A bottle will last for a very long time, and its low price places it within the reach of all. Our readers will remember that the Messrs. Perry Davis & Son have opened out a house in Montreal, whence Canadian orders are supplied.—*News, St. Johns, C.E.*

We are glad to learn that the "Pain Killer" is having so large a sale in our city. We have every reason to believe it to be an almost never failing cure for pain, and is a medicine that no family should be without.—*Montreal Pilot.*

In an attack of Diarrhœa, Dysentery or Cramp Colic, don't delay the use of the Pain Killer.

Rev. H. L. Van Meter, Burmah, writes, "The Pain Killer has become an almost indispensable article in my family."

Hundreds of missionaries give similar testimony of its virtues.

Rev. J. G. Stearns writes, "I consider it the best remedy for Dyspepsia I ever knew."

Rev. Jabez S. Swan says, "I have used it for years in my family, and consider it an invaluable remedy."

We cheerfully add our testimony in favor of this medicine.—*Roman Citizen.*

We have tasted this medicine and assure our readers that it not only possesses all the virtues claimed for it, but in many instances surpasses any other remedy which we have ever known.—*Herald of Gospel Liberty.*

It is really a valuable medicine. It is used by many physicians.—*Boston Traveller.*

I have used Davis' Pain Killer, and consider it an indispensable article in the medicine box. It has effected cures in Diarrhœa, and for cuts and bruises it is invaluable.—*New York Examiner.*

Spoken of in terms of high commendation by both druggist and physician.—*Philadelphia Eagle.*

The Pain Killer is sold at wholesale by druggists and medicine dealers; and commission merchants, in the principal cities, and retailed by Apothecaries, Grocers and at Variety Shops generally, throughout the world. Price, 15 cents, 25 cents and 50 cents per bottle.

PERRY DAVIS & SON,
Manufacturers and Proprietors, 380 St. Paul-st., Montreal, P. of Q.
78 High-st., Providence, R. I.; 71 Southampton Row, Holborn, London, England
DAVIDSON & DANIEL, GENERAL AGENTS

MORTIMER'S
INFALLIBLE REMEDY
FOR
CHOLERA,
DIARRHŒA, and
BOWEL COMPLAINTS.

The following extract, which Mr. Mortimer is kindly permitted to publish, is from the letter of a relative of Dr. Wolfe, of this city, now residing in the United States:

"Find out the Express charges are too high, and if not, arrange with Mortimer to let you have a box of the bottles of CHOLERA MIXTURE. I could make a good little fortune with them. The bottle I brought with me here brought two ladies round from decided cholera; one on board the boat, and the other in Berlin, United States. Both commenced with diarrhœa, then with dysentery, and then vomiting. The one at Berlin was very bad. I gave her three doses of the Cholera Mixture, the third of which stopped the vomiting. The next day she was all right, or nearly so. She was very grateful. I have now only a little left."

This excellent mixture, which should be in every family, is only

TWENTY-FIVE CENTS A BOTTLE.

NONE OTHER GENUINE.

TRADE MARK — REGISTERED

CANADIAN COUGH EMULSION.

This valuable medicine has the extraordinary property of immediately relieving Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Difficulty of Breathing, Tightness in Chest, &c., &c. It operates by dissolving the congealed phlegm, causing free expectoration, and an agreeable moistness to the skin.

Sold in Bottles at 1s. 3d. and 2s. 6d. Each.

MORTIMER'S COMPOUND ANTIBILIOUS
AND
FAMILY APERIENT PILLS,
A grand specific for derangement of the Digestive Organs, and for obstructions and torpid action of the Liver and Bowels.

Mortimer's Vegetable Worm Destroyer,
The only sure remedy that exists, combining delicious taste and amazing power.

MORTIMER'S
Colognes, Pomades, Toilet Vinegar, Rose Dentifrice, for the Teeth and Gums. Also constantly on hand Perfumes of all kinds, and Toilet Requisites usually kept in a first-class establishment.

No. 41 Sussex-st., Ottawa City.

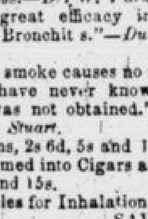
DARLEY'S ARABIAN HEAVE REMEDY and CONDITION MEDICINE is positively superior to any, or all other preparations for the cure of Heaves, Coughs, Thick and Broken Wind, and all diseases which affect the wind of horses; also, as a Condition Medicine, surpassing everything of the kind, is easy to give, sure to cure and safe in all cases and at all times, and does not prevent the horse from being worked while using it.

It cleanses the breathing apparatus, by removing from the air-cells the coagulable lymph, or that secretion which in heaves clogs them, causing a difficulty in breathing, and by its action on the diseased part, causing the mucous membrane to resume its natural dimensions, thus equalizing the circulation of the blood, and restoring the distended vessels to their natural size; by its use the horse's appetite is improved, all derangements of the digestive organs corrected, softening the skin, and giving to the coat a sleek and shining appearance.

D. W. HURD, successor to HURD & Co., Maiden Lane, New York, Sole Proprietor for the United States.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, Ont., Proprietors for Canada.

Price 25 cents. Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, Henry F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J. Brown, in Ottawa. 8-9-45-6m



FOR ASTHMA,
and Chronic Bronchitis
DATURA TATULA.
Affords Immediate Relief.

"A remedy of great power and usefulness."—*Dr. W. Parker.*

"Of great efficacy in cases of Asthma and Chronic Bronchitis."—*Dublin Journal Medical Science.*

"The smoke causes no nausea. When the right kind, I have never known an instance in which relief was not obtained."—*General Alexander to Hon. B. Stuart.*

In Tins, 2s 6d, 5s and 10s.

Or formed into Cigars and Cigarettes, Boxes, 3s, 6s, 8s and 15s.

Pastilles for Inhalation, Boxes, 2s 6d, 5s and 10s.

SAVORY & MOORE,
143, New Bond-st., London.

AGENTS—Messrs. F. Cundill & Co., Montreal.

FOR INDIGESTION—PANCREATINE completely effects the DIGESTION and ASSIMILATION of COD LIVER OIL, the fat eaten at meals, &c. In digestive activity, superior to Pepsine.

Pancreatine Powder, bottles, 2s, 3s 6d, 6s 6d and 12s 6d. Pancreatine Wine, bottles, 3s 5s and 10s.

SAVORY & MOORE,
143, New Bond-st., London.

N.B.—Pancreatine Wine is the best vehicle for taking Cod Liver Oil.

AGENTS—Messrs. F. Cundill & Co., Montreal.

Stoves & Hardware.

BLYTH & KERR,
No. 25 RIDEAU-ST.,
Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters, Tin and Copper Smiths, Bell Hangers, &c., &c.

A large stock of materials for the above branches of business constantly on hand.

Importers of
HOUSE FURNISHING HARDWARE.

STOVES! STOVES!
STOVES!

Hall, Fancy, Parlour and Cook Stoves, in great variety.

Agents for Eaton's Patent Automatic, Self-Ventilating, Wood and Coal Stoves. Also Beecher & Co.'s celebrated

HOT AIR FURNACES.

Public and Private Buildings, Conservatories, Vineries, Manufactories, &c., warmed by Steam, Hot Water, or Warm Air, on the latest and most approved principles.

SKATES, SKATES, SKATES,
AT THE
SIGN OF THE ANVIL, No. 24, RIDEAU-ST.,
where you can get a complete assortment of SKATES of all sizes, and at any price to suit purchasers, from 25 cents to $5.50 per pair. In the assortment will be found
The celebrated Sheffield Club,
" " Canadian Favorite,
" " Central Park do
and all other English and German Patterns.
Skate Straps, all patterns, &c., &c.

Also, a general assortment of
SHELF & HEAVY HARDWARE,
consisting in part of
GENERAL HOUSE FURNISHING,
Butcher Knives, Knives and Forks,
Pocket Knives, Table Spoons,
Tea Spoons, Tea Trays, Table Mats,
Butts, Screws, Locks,
Bolts, Catches, Latches,
Axes, Saws, Planes, Squares,
Hammers, Spokeshaves, Gouges,
Chisels, Augers, Auger Bits,
Steel Bits, Bevels,
Levels, Boring Machines,
Draw Knives, &c., &c., &c.
Together with
PAINT OF ALL COLORS,
Rose Pink, Burnt Umber,
Terra de Seinna, Chrome Yellow,
Yellow Ochre, Celestial Blue,
Paris Green, Brunswick Green,
Magnesia Green, Venetian Red,
Red Lead, White Lead, in oil or dry,
Drop Black, Ivory Black,
Lamp Black, Boiled Oil,
Raw Oil, Turpentine,
Benzole, Coal Oil,
Paint Brushes,
Varnishes, &c.

THOS. BIRKETT,
Sign of the Anvil,
No. 24, Rideau-st.

N. B.—All goods delivered free to any part of the city. 408y

S. SAFE! S. SURE! S. SUCCESSFUL.

Such is the character given of every stove sold during the past year at the
"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,
35 Sussex-street, Ottawa.
H. MEADOWS & CO.

We beg to notify the public that our stock for the season is now complete; our

STOVES

are of the latest and most improved patterns, and the most extensive assortment shown in Ottawa.

COOKING STOVES, of the good old-fashioned kind,

COOKING STOVES, of the latest and most modern designs,

PARLOR STOVES, for elegance of design cannot be surpassed.

BOX & HALL STOVES, that are unrivalled for heating purposes,

DOUBLE STOVES, the best in use,

HOTEL STOVES, large and extra strong made, expressly for Hotel and Boarding Houses, complete with large Copper Water Reservoirs and Plate Warmers. We call special attention of Hotel Keepers to these stoves, they will last as long as any six ordinary stoves. See them and judge for yourselves. Price lists sent free on application.

COOKING STOVES, DOUBLE STOVES,
BOX STOVES, HOTEL STOVES,
PARLOR STOVES, COAL STOVES,
BEDROOM STOVES, DUMB STOVES,
STOVEPIPES! ELBOWS! STOVEPIPES
Common, Bright and Russia Iron,
and everything in the Tin, Sheet Iron and Copperware Line, on hand or made to order.

Hot Air Furnaces, Eave Troughs, Building Job Work and Repairs attended to punctually. We keep none but the best and most experienced mechanics.

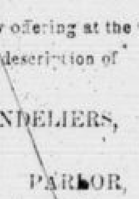
HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS,
of every description in stock, suitable for the smallest family, or the largest hotel.

ARE YOU GOING TO BE MARRIED?
If so, call and see our large assortment of necessary House-keeping Goods, suitable for Kitchen, Dining Room, or any room in your house.

YOUNG MAN, see that your house is well furnished with useful articles before you spend your money in mere showy ornamental things.

IRON BEDSTEADS, LAMPS,
COAL OIL, SAUCEPANS,
Brass and Enamelled Kettles, Tinware, Toilet Setts, Baths, Flour Sieves, Brushes, Dish Covers, Table Mats, Sad Irons, Table Cutlery, Tea and Table Spoons, Preserve Jars, Mincing Knives, Wash Tubs and Boards, Refrigerators, Egg Beaters, Cruet Stands, Ash Pails, Table Bells, Tea Trays, Tea and Coffee Pots, Soup Tureens, Jelly and Pudding Moulds, &c., &c., &c., &c.

COUNTRY MERCHANTS
Supplied with
STOVEPIPES AND TINWARE,
At reduced figures,
CAMP KETTLES, SHANTY PLATES,
AND BASINS,
BIRD CAGES! BIRD CAGES! BIRD CAGES
All of the above at the
"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,
street, Ottawa.
62y H. MEADOWS & CO.



"LAMPS"
FOR THE MILLION.
D. R. LEAVENS

Is now offering at the OIL DEPOT, 73 Sussex-st., every description of

CHANDELIERS,
PARLOR,
BED ROOM,
KITCHEN,
HALL AND SIDE LAMPS,

At prices which defy competition. Who will want light where a Coal Oil Lamp, Wick and Chimney can be got for 25 cents.

CANADA ROCK OIL,
PENNSLYVANIA ROCK OIL,
PORTLAND KEROSENE OIL,

Oil Depot, 73 Sussex-st.

GRIM FEMALES.

Saturday Review.

The grim female is not necessarily a strong-minded woman, or a learned woman, like those who wear spectacles, go to the scientific meetings, and are great in the classics and the 'ologies. She may be of the emancipated class; it all depends on chance; and a grim female, when of the emancipated, is a very formidable person indeed. But she is not necessarily one of these. On the contrary, part of her very griminess comes from her intense conservatism and uncompromising conventionality. Nothing is so abhorrent to her as innovation or novelty in any shape. She does not hold with any one out of the narrowest groove of respectable beliefs, in what direction soever the diverging line may go. A Romanist or a Baptist, a Jew or an infidel, it is all one to her; each is equally dreadful to her, and eternally foredoomed. She is of the orthodox Church, without fal-lals; as far removed from Ritualism as she is from ranting, and demanding for herself that infallibility of judgment and absolute possession of the truth which she denies to the Pope and all his cardinals. Beware how you broach new doctrines in her presence! She has been known before now to abjure her nearest relatives for no greater moral lapse than a weak belief in globules; while as for anything like graver aberrations, say on the ape theory or on the plurality of races, on historical religion or on a republican form of government, she has no toleration whatever. If the Smithfield fires existed at the present day the grim female would be the first to light the faggots. It is all the same, if she belongs to any Dissenting persuasion; part of her griminess coming from her intolerance, and her own beliefs being simply the springboard on which she stands.

Many causes produce the grim female. It may be that she is grim from social pride as well as from natural hardness. If she has been used to live with people whom, rightly or wrongly, she considers her inferiors, she will probably queen it over them in a very unmistakable manner. The prelatic blood is renowned for this sort of thing, and a bishop's daughter, or an archbishop's grand-daughter, or Mrs. Proudie, prelatic by marriage only, if of the grim class, is one of the grimmest of her class. The halo of sanctity round the mitre and crozier will be greater in her eyes than the glitter of the strawberry leaves, and she holds herself consecrated by her birth to the understanding of every moral question, and specially to the final settlement of every tough theological position. Or she may be grim because of her isolation and meagre intercourse with the world at large; such as she is found in the remoter districts. This kind comes into the exceptional or novelist class; and is often more masculine than grim. These are the women who hunt and fish and shoot like men, and who may be found in all weathers wandering alone about the mountains in short petticoats and spatterdashes—women who affect to be essentially mannish in person, habits, and attire, and who may be quite jolly, easy-going fellows in their own way, or else grim and trenchant, as nature or the fit takes them. This is a kind not at all uncommon in country places among the higher class of resident ladies—ladies who are so highly placed locally that they can afford to disregard public opinion, and who are so independent by disposition that they naturally go off to the manly side, and make themselves bad imitations, as the best they can do.

The grim female tries her strength with all new comers. She is like one of the giants or black knights of old romance, who lived in castles and caves, whence they pounced like tigers on all passers-by, and either wrung their necks if they conquered, or retreated howling if discomfited. This is what the grim female does in her degree. She dashes on all who are presented to her, and has a passage of arms as the first act of the new drama. If her opponents yield out of timidity or good breeding, or perhaps from not understanding the warlike nature of the encounter, she puts her foot on them forthwith, and ignominiously crushes them; if they defy her, and give her blow for blow, ten to one she cuts them, and becomes their enemy for ever after. For she has not breadth enough to be magnanimous, and the one thing she never forgives is successful opposition. Very grim is she in the presence of human weakness, moral and physical. Woe to that unhappy maid of hers who has slipped on the narrow path of prudence! She will be turned out to perish with no more compunction than if she were a black-beetle to be swept out of the way. As a nurse, the grim female is precise, punctual, but inexorable. She would give the patient a fit of nervous hysterics that would throw him back for a week rather than allow him five minutes' grace in the matter of a painful operation or a nauseous draught. Without variableness or weakness herself, she cannot endure it in others, and whosoever comes under her hand must be content to remain in shape, and to keep well braced up to the utmost rigidity of duty. If she had to lose an arm or a leg, she would go to her trouble like a Trojan; and why not others? She would merely tighten her lips and hold her breath, and then would sit down to let herself be hacked and mangled without a groan or a word. To judge of her by the notice given of her in her sister's life, Emily Bronte was of the grim class, and about the grimmest for her age and state that could well be found. Had she lived, and lived unsoftened, she would have been one unbroken mass of iron and granite, without a soft spot anywhere. Her very love was fiercer than other women's hate; her strength was more terrible than a man's anger, and her passions were as fiery as furnace flame. Of all the examples we could cite, she seems about the fittest for our model.

A grim female has no mercy. She may be just, but if she is so, it is in a hard, uncompromising way that makes her justice worse than others' partiality. For justice can be sad, even if unwavering; and the grim female is never sad, how painful soever the work on hand and the sentence to be executed. Neither is she gay; for she is not plastic enough to be either one or the other. She is run into an iron mould, where her nature is compressed as in a vice, and she allows of no expansion, no lipping over, no bursting of bounds anyhow. What would become of us if all our women were like her? Without any of the little feminine weaknesses at which we have our laugh, and yet which we do not wholly dislike—without any of the pretty coaxing ways which we know warp our better judgment and take us out of the strict course; and yet how pleasant that warping process is!—without any even of the transient petulances which give so much light and shade to a woman's character, the grim female stands like an old-world Gorgon, turning living flesh and blood to stone. When we look at her, we are inclined to forgive all the smallness and silliness which sometimes vex us in the ordinary woman, and to think that there are worse things than the love of dress for which we so often reproach our wives and daughters; that flirting, which is reprehensible, no doubt, might be exchanged for something even more reprehensible, and that vanity, of the giggling, coquettish kind, though to be steadily discouraged and sternly reproved, is not quite the worst feminine thing after all. Surely not; a grim female who cannot flirt nor giggle, nor cry and kiss, and make up when scolded, is far away a worse kind of thing than a feather-headed little puss who is always doing wrong by reason of her foolish brain, but who manages somehow to pull herself right because of her loving heart.

—A curious will case has just been decided in the London Court of Probate. The testator, Mr. William Anderson, a retired merchant, died at Torquay, in November, 1867. He was upwards of ninety years of age and very infirm. For a year or two before he died his articulation was so indistinct that even those constantly with him could hardly understand what he meant except by signs. In 1863 he gave £200,000 by deed of gift to his only surviving son, William, to whom he also bequeathed the bulk of this property by a will made in the following year. Mr. Hunt, the testator's former partner, and Mr. Gotbed, a gentleman of independent means at Torquay, were named executors, along with the son, with a legacy of £100 each, another of £150 being left to Miss Clarke, the testator's nurse. Toward the end of 1865 the testator became very weak in his mind, proposing marriage not only to his nurse, but to several other ladies, notwithstanding his infirm and almost imbecile condition. A consultation was held, at which Mr. Gotbed, esteemed a very pious man, "laid the matter before the Lord." The son suggested that he should have a power of attorney to manage his father's affairs, and left one with Mr. Gotbed to be filled up, but this was never done. In the beginning of 1867 the son was induced to deposit all his father's papers and securities with the family collector. Mr. Gotbed continued prayerfully attentive to the testator and his affairs; Mr. Hunt made repeated visits to Torquay, and Miss Clarke remained as nurse. When the old man died the son was astonished by the production of a will dated March 1867, of which he had never before heard. This left him only £10,000, the property being mainly divided between Hunt and Gotbed, Miss Clarke's share having grown since the former will from £150 to an annuity of £100 a year. Mr. Hunt and Mr. Gotbed declared in court that they did all they could to persuade the testator to make the will in his son's favour. The jury seemed to have thought that they would therefore not be sorry to see their own wishes fulfilled and cancelled the will of 1867.

ORIGIN OF THE INDIANS.—In that entertaining work, "Greater Britain," by Mr. C. W. Dilke, the author quite confidently hazards the statement that the North American Indians, with the exception of the tribes inhabiting the south-western plains, belong to the Malay family. The Utes and Diggers of the southwest he regards as a Tartar race. Not only does he thus group nearly all the American tribes together as the descendants of Malayan emigrants, but he ascribes a like origin to the Polynesian aborigines from Hawaii to New Zealand, and to the Indians of the South American Pacific coast. The only apparent ground for his theory is the real or fancied resemblance which he finds in certain Indian and Polynesian words, to words in the Malay language. His data, so far as he gives them, are manifestly insufficient to establish the truth of his theory, which is, in all probability, of little value. His statement, however, serves to recall the attention of our ethnologists to the unsolved problem of the origin of the American aborigines. Notwithstanding the great progress made of late years in the science of comparative philology, it has taught us nothing whatever of the origin of the red man. By its aid we have traced the relationship of the Englishman and the German of the Indo-Germanic race, and have found the common ancestors of each in the pre-historic races that originally peopled India; but we know no more of the American Indian than we did fifty years ago. In the Indian dialects will be found the key to the origin of the red races. Why will not some competent scientific men take up the subject and discover the truth? Before the red man has completely vanished we ought to discover whether he is a Tartar, a Malay, an East Indian, or a totally distinct creation.

"PLAY HIS HAND."—At a far western court, the case of Smith *vs.* Jones was called up. "Who's for the plaintiff?" inquired the judge, impatiently. "May it please the court," said a rising member of the legal fraternity, "Pilkins is for the plaintiff, but I left him just now over in the tavern playing a game of poker. He's got a sucker there and he is sure to skin him right smart, if he only has time. He's got everything set to ring a 'cold deck,' in which case he'll deal for himself four aces and his opponent four queens, so that your honor will perceive that he must 'rake the persimmons.'" "Dear me!" said the judge with a sigh, "that's too bad! It happens at a very unfortunate time! I am very anxious to get on with this case." A brown study followed, and at last a happy idea struck the judge. "Bill," said he, addressing the friend of the absent Pilkins, who had just spoken, "you understand poker about as well as Pilkins; suppose you go over and play his hand." And Bill did it.

—During the recent election in England a voter in Wiltshire was applied to several times for his vote. This, however, he resolutely refused to give, "For," said he, "directly after I voted last time, the price of bread rose, and I made up my mind from that time that I'd never vote any more."

MESSRS. YOUNG & RADFORD having secured the services of first-class working jewellers in etruscan, filagree, plain, fancy and solid gold work, and having made large additions to their work shop are now better prepared to execute any orders with which they may be entrusted than heretofore. Masonic jewels, gold and silver medals, and every kind of jewellery repaired.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

House Wanted.
Board for a Few Gentlemen—Mrs. Duignan.
Lecture—Rev. Dr. Butler.
Skates—Sheffield House.
Meeting Ottawa Snow-Shoe Club.

The Ottawa Times
Office: 38, Sparks Street.
FRIDAY, JANUARY 15, 1869.

For Ottawa Markets and interesting reading see Fourth Page.

THERE was a meeting of the Privy Council yesterday afternoon.

Mr. C. S. Ross, Secretary of the Board of Railway Commissioners, returned to town yesterday.

F. BURTON, Esq., M. P. for East Durham, arrived in town yesterday and is stopping at the Russell House.

THE opponents of the Denominational Colleges are delighted with the zeal manifested by the religious communities in supporting their respective educational institutions. Victoria College is to be endowed by the spontaneous offerings of the Methodist body; Queen's will be amply supported by the liberality of the Presbyterians; no doubt the other colleges heretofore receiving an annual pittance from the public Treasury will find in the generosity of their supporters full compensation for the loss of the Government dole.

This is a pleasant prospect truly. The colleges need not despair. The denominationalists are neither cast down nor dispirited. The liberality of the people will atone for the niggardliness of the Government, and—of course—everybody will be pleased. Oh, yes! especially the advocates of "non-sectarian" collegiate education. They see in the efforts made to endow the colleges by voluntary contributions, a certain sign of the complete success of their principles. Are they sure of this success? The *Leader* very generously says:

"Now that the denominations are thrown upon their own resources, they are manifesting the proper spirit. Let them support their own colleges out of their own moneys, and they will be deserving of all encouragement."

Yes! "Let them support their own colleges out of their own moneys." It that is sound doctrine for the denominationalists, is it not equally sound for their opponents? What is sauce for the goose ought to be sauce for the gander. Assuredly if the denominations provide their own superior education at their own sole cost, it is most unfair that public money in which they have an equal interest with their opponents, should be applied exclusively for the benefit of the latter. It is no answer to say that the non-sectarian college is open to the members of all denominations, because so are the sectarian colleges. Those who would divorce religion from secular education, have no more right to claim aid from the State than those who believe in combining the two. The mere fact of entertaining a certain opinion ought to give no money privileges in this country; yet that is precisely what the advocates of the Toronto institution pretend to claim.

We are only yet reaching "the beginning of the end" of this question. Should the colleges heretofore receiving Government aid be able to stand alone by the liberality of their supporters, is it reasonable to suppose that the non-sectarian party will be allowed a monopoly of Provincial support? Is it not far more likely that an agitation will begin for the abolition of all State aid to superior education, and for the application of the funds hitherto set apart for that purpose to the support of the Common Schools of the country? This is the direction in which the public sentiment is being educated by the policy of the Ontario Legislature.

MR. WALTER SHANLY, M. P., and his brother FRANCIS, have undertaken an important contract with the State of Massachusetts, being nothing less than the completion of the great Hoosac Tunnel. It is not a little remarkable that so many Canadians become successful competitors for the construction of railways and other public works in the United States. But our neighbours have returned the compliment with interest by the large number of Americans engaged in lumbering, mining and manufacturing enterprises in Canada, so that we do not pretend to have anything to boast of over them, though we are somewhat proud to know that our people can sometimes come in a head of them over their own course. The Boston *Post* says of the Messrs. SHANLY's contract:

"The contract between the Commonwealth and Messrs. Walter and Francis Shanly, for the completion of the Hoosac Tunnel, was signed yesterday. By the terms of this instrument the contractors agree to complete the tunnel and lay down 4½ miles of substantial railway track through it, for $4,592,000. They agree to begin operations at once, with energy, and by the 1st day of May next to deepen the central shaft 14 inches per day, and to advance from the east and west faces 250 feet per month. They engage to carry down the central shaft to the base of the tunnel by May 1, 1870, and thereafter to advance from four faces the full-sized tunnel at the rate of 4,900 feet per year. At this rate of progress they would complete the enterprise in less than four years; but, as a safeguard against all casualties they are allowed a year more for the completion. They expect, however, to finish the undertaking two years within the time prescribed by statute. The contractors give security in $500,000 for the completion of the work on the terms prescribed, by stipulating that they will call for no money until the State Engineer has certified that the work done at less than average rates shall exceed $500,000. They also agree that 20 per cent. of the remuneration for the work done, shall be reserved and paid on completion of the undertaking."

THE DUKE OF BUCKINGHAM left no legacy to his successor in the shape of unanswered representations on the Nova Scotia difficulty. Among his last official acts was the signing of the following answer to the "Minute of Council" of the WILKINS' Cabinet. This despatch is just what might have been expected; the conditional loyalty of the Local Cabinet is frankly pointed out, and submitted to the consideration of the people of Nova Scotia:

"DOWNING-ST., December 8, 1868.

"SIR,—I have received Lord Monck's despatch, number 169, of the 8th September, enclosing a copy of a minute addressed by the Executive Council to the Lieutenant-Governor of Nova Scotia, on the 22nd February, 1868. The Assembly of Nova Scotia adopted an address to the Crown adverse to the measure of Union; but expressed, as was to be expected, with calmness and dignity. On the 4th June, 1868, I conveyed to you, on behalf of Her Majesty's Government, the answer to that address, in terms, I believe, not wanting in appreciation of the ancient loyalty and well-known merits of the people of Nova Scotia; and this reply has for the present closed the communications between the representatives of the people and the Crown. The Executive Councillors of Nova Scotia have, however, addressed the Lieutenant-Governor, commenting on the despatch, which it was my duty to write for the information of the House of Assembly. They dispute certain facts alleged in my despatch. They protest against the Union of that Province with Canada, and, while professing to speak in the name of the people of Nova Scotia, they declare that though they are not at present willing or prepared to resort to force they will, when the time shall arrive, avail themselves of every practicable means of setting themselves free. They further state that they will not attempt to withdraw their allegiance until they find that the Queen intends permanently to deprive them of her protection, and, after a reference to the United States, they declare that there is no change in their political relations which they would not prefer to their present place in the Confederation. As I do not find any inaccuracy in the statements of fact contained in my despatch, I am surprised that the Executive Councillors should question the correctness of those statements. As, however, that correctness can be easily ascertained by those who choose to refer to the proceedings of the Provincial Legislature, I consider it unnecessary to enter further upon the point. I leave it to the inhabitants of Nova Scotia who have long deserved, and, I hope and believe, still deserve, the character of loyal and faithful subjects of Her Majesty, to judge of the announcement so confidently made on their behalf, as to the circumstances under which they will be disposed to withdraw their allegiance from the British Crown; and the means to which they will be prepared to resort for effecting that withdrawal. You will request the Lieut.-Governor to communicate a copy of this despatch to the gentlemen who have signed the minute to which it refers.

"I have, &c., &c.,
(Signed.) "BUCKINGHAM & CHANDOS.
"To the Officer Administering the Government of Canada."

THE Montreal *Gazette* publishes an article from *La Minerve* on the subject of education, the reflections of which are not inapplicable to our own Province. With all the efforts made for the promotion of education in the Province of Ontario, and they have neither been few nor weak, it must be confessed that education in the practical business of life can hardly yet be said to be acquired at any of our public schools. We have many private institutions yclept "Mercantile Colleges," which, no doubt, do a considerable amount of good. But if common school education and grammar school education, and collegiate and university education are to be fostered by the State, why not institute some better, more extended, and systematic plan for imparting a thorough commercial education, or giving practical instruction in agriculture and mining and manufactures? And while insisting that girls shall share with boys in the advantages of a grammar school education, would it not be well to have some care for those of a less ambitious turn of mind, by providing schools for their instruction in the many household arts, for the want of a proper knowledge of which the poor man's home is made desolate, when it might be happy and comfortable. We require schools of industry, as well as schools of learning. The following are the remarks of *La Minerve*, as reproduced by the *Gazette*:

"The interests of education in the Province of Quebec have been left to the Local Government. Its duty is not only to protect the right of religious minorities, but to direct the whole teaching body. This privilege is highly honourable, but it carries with it a great responsibility. There is nothing in a country of greater importance than public instruction; and in our Province the direction taken in this wide and valuable domain of intellectual and social life, is more important, and, perhaps, involves more difficulty than anywhere else. We are not of those who find nothing good at home, and seek among foreigners alone for progress worthy of admiration. We think our Province has cause to congratulate itself upon the results of past efforts; but that is no reason for folding one's arms. The time has not yet come (it lacks much of that) when we can afford to rest on our laurels. We have gone the length of proving that government may rely here upon a very intelligent population, quite able to understand the necessity for instruction, and willingly submitting to the necessary sacrifices. That is a great step gained, a valuable success achieved. It remains now to profit by these advantages, to obtain all the benefit possible from so favourable a position. It is not to be concealed that our public instruction has not received the best possible bent, more especially if we have regard to the geographical and social position of the country. We have commenced, indeed, by teaching that which is most needful; and so far it is well. The religious instruction of a people should have precedence of all other. Besides, it was incumbent on the clergy, who have borne the first trouble and expense of the work, to see, before all things else, to the maintenance of those religious interests which have been specially confided to them. But next after the necessary comes the useful. After religious and professional instruction should come industrial, commercial and agricultural education. We have given to moral and intellectual life a sufficiently large share; we must look to the interests of practical life. We have as many universities and colleges as we need, but we lack primary and special schools, or at least these need considerable reforms to put them on a proper footing. It is true that the annual reports of the Superintendent set forth a steady and marked advance in all the branches of instruction, but one would be wrong to give these figures all the value they seem to have. Supposing them all to be correct, it would remain not the less certain that in reality, in definite, practical results, our instruction has not the value assigned to it in these reports. Facts are more striking than figures, and, pile up all the additions possible, we shall not prove that our system of public instruction has attained the furthest limit of progress and perfection. We repeat once more, we are ready to recognise all the success obtained, and to concede all possible merit to those who have achieved it, but we also contend that the time is come for Lower Canada to have a clearly defined policy on this subject. The new tendency should be in the direction, more and more, of an eminently practical education. We are a young people in a new country; we have at our disposal many resources to develope, a rich soil to cultivate, all our national wealth to create. We must prepare our population for this work which we cannot shrink, and which will give us real strength if we frankly accept the situation with all its duties and obligations. Liberal education is an excellent thing—so good that, *per se*, we cannot have too much of it; but when it can only be obtained at the cost, by the neglect of special instruction, it becomes a danger, and may destroy the equilibrium of society. That is one of those trite truths repeated thousands of times, yet which it were wrong not to repeat again, because it will always be of use so long as it has not been fully acted upon. We have been wrong in giving too much attention to striking theories, to grand schemes, to sensation systems, to plans which make a noise. Unfortunately, gilded copper shines even more than pure gold, and we prefer appearance to reality. Let us not be careful now to achieve a great popular success, but to obtain lasting results. We know that a system of education is slow to produce positive and assured results; but we have time to wait. We are not ambitious to do everything at once. Let us begin well, and the public will wait with confidence and satisfaction the result of the measures suggested. We should like to see the Quebec Legislature give a due share of attention to a matter so deserving of it. It is not a question of spending large sums, of creating expensive establishments, of seeking to rival in superior education the old society of Europe. That would not suit us. Leave to Europe what properly belongs to European society, and never forget that we live in America, and have need of an American education. That word should frighten no one. We must have enough prudence and firmness to look our difficulties and the nature of our position full in the face. To be Americans we need not be republicans. Let us adhere to the staple principles of old Europe, but learn to adapt them to our geographical and historical position. That is the way to profit by all the political, social and religious forces which nature, civilization and history have placed at our disposal. It will be a means of consolidating our society, of giving it the necessary strength and the kind of progress which it needs to secure it a strong, independent life, winning respect."

WE had the pleasure yesterday of inspecting an admirable specimen of fancy bookbinding, executed at the establishment of Mr. G. E. DESBARATS, of this city. The volume was a copy of DEBELLEFEUILLE's *Zouaves Pontificaux*, from the press of *Le Nouveau Monde*, and is intended for presentation to His Holiness the Pope. The binding is in rich blue velvet, with heavy silver corner pieces and other ornaments, and the "arms" and motto of the Zouaves, in the centre, executed in the same metal, with a neat silver edging around the boards to protect the velvet from injury. The corner design—a beaver on a spray of maple—is beautifully executed in chased silver, the workmanship of Messrs. SAVAGE & LYMAN, of Montreal, from a design furnished by Mr. DESBARATS, and the edging was made by Messrs. YOUNG & RADFORD, of this city. The execution of the work is such as to give His HOLINESS a high idea of Canadian skill in these branches of workmanship. His Lordship, Bishop BOURGET, who leaves Montreal for Rome on the 20th, will be the bearer of this memorial to the Pope.

THE Halifax *Citizen* alludes to the honours recently conferred on Lieut.-Governor DOYLE in the following handsome manner:

"In our last we noticed a report that the Queen had conferred on our respected Lieut.-Governor the title of 'Knight Commander of the order of St. Michael and St. George;' and also that the honour of Knighthood had been conferred upon the Chief-Justice of this Province. Official confirmation of this announcement was received from Ottawa by the *Carlotta's* mail on Tuesday. The news that this honour has been conferred upon Major-General Doyle will be received with pleasure by men of all classes, without distinction, in Nova Scotia. Everybody will feel that in his case, the distinction has been worthily bestowed; for while in the discharge of his duties as commander of the forces, Administrator of the Government, and as Lieut.-Governor, he has faithfully upheld the interests of the empire, and guarded the dignity of the Sovereign he represents; in the administration of the internal affairs of the Province he has also displayed a soundness of judgment, and a wise discretion, that has won the confidence of all parties, and secured for him a popularity more universal than often falls to the lot of men in his position."

ADDRESS TO THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL.

On Tuesday evening last the committee of the Ottawa Auxiliary Bible Society met in their rooms at the Mechanics' Institute and appointed the following gentlemen a deputation to present an address to His Excellency the Governor-General, viz.: George Hay, Esq., President; Hon. S. L. Tilley, 1st vice-President; W. A. McAgy, Esq., 2nd vice-President; Rev. Thomas Wardrope, Corresponding Secretary; Rev. Daniel Gordon, Recording Secretary; Rev. Mr. Stone, Rev. Mr. Pickett, and H. Alexander, Esq. The deputation proceeded on Wednesday afternoon to the Governor-General's office, and being introduced Col. Irvine presented the following address:

To His Excellency Sir John Young, Baronet, &c., &c., &c., Governor-General of the Dominion of Canada.

MAY IT PLEASE YOUR EXCELLENCY,—We come appointed by the Committee of the Ottawa Auxiliary Bible Society, desiring to express the heartfelt satisfaction with which we hail your arrival amongst us, to assume the Government of this Dominion, as the representative of our beloved Sovereign.

The sole object of the Ottawa Auxiliary is to aid the British and Foreign Bible Society in its great work of circulating the word of God, without note or comment, throughout the world. That society has now, by the blessing of God, translated the Sacred Scriptures, in whole or in part, into one hundred and eighty-two languages or dialects, and issued upwards of sixty-five millions of copies.

Her Majesty the Queen is a steadfast friend to the Society, and more than this, we know that she has, again and again, found time to read the Bible in lowly cottages, to the sick and the dying.

The foundation stone of the new Bible House in London was laid by His Royal Highness, the Prince of Wales. In his address on that occasion, referring to the great success which had attended the operations of the Society, and especially to the building, about the foundation of which so many lovers of the Bible were gathered, he said

"Such a reward of perseverance is always a gratifying spectacle; much more so, when the work which it commemorates is one in which all Christians can take part, and when the object is enabling every man to read in his own tongue the wonderful word of God."

We rejoice to know that your Excellency is familiar with the history of the society, and that in presiding at the jubilee of the New South Wales Auxiliary, as well as in many other suitable ways, both in Britain and the colonies, you have shown an active interest in its operations.

We have, therefore, the more confidence that you will be pleased to comply with our request, when we ask you, as we now do, to become patron of the Ottawa Auxiliary Bible Society.

We feel assured that you will be gratified to hear of the success with which our work has been prosecuted in the region of the Ottawa, the centre of the great and growing Dominion now under your Excellency's government, and that you will regard an intelligent appreciation of the sacred scriptures by our people as the surest guarantee of the stability of our country's cherished institutions.

It is our prayer that the Divine blessing may rest upon your Excellency and Lady Young; that you may find in the word of God true wisdom and unfailing consolation; and that when the honours and the occupations of this world shall have come to an end, you may, through the grace of our Lord Jesus Christ, enter upon the life eternal in the better world to come.

Signed in behalf of the Ottawa Auxiliary Bible Society.

GEORGE HAY, President:
THOS. WARDROPE, Cor Sec
DANL. M. GORDON, Rec Sec.

The following was His Excellency's reply:

To the President and Members of the Ottawa Auxiliary Bible Society.

GENTLEMEN,—I feel much gratified by the terms of your welcome on my arrival in the Dominion of Canada as the representative of our beloved Sovereign.

I have long been an humble and willing subscriber to the funds of the Bible society.

I have watched its operations with interest, and regard it as a powerful and appointed means of spreading the light of civilization and the consolations of true wisdom throughout the nations of the earth.

I beg you will accept my sincere thanks for the earnestness with which you implore the resting of inestimable blessings upon Lady Young and myself.

JOHN YOUNG.

OTTAWA, January 13, 1869.

His Excellency stated verbally that it would give him much pleasure to accede to the request of the committee to become patron of the society.

—All the fools are not dead yet. The Belfast *Journal* says on Monday night last, two men from Islesboro, Maine, who were stopping at the American House, were nearly suffocated by gas. On going to bed, one of them blew out the gas, instead of turning it off. The strong smell in the adjoining passage-ways led to investigation, and the condition of things was discovered. One of the men was crazy from the effects of the gas inhaled, and the other very ill. They soon recovered, but a little longer breathing in the room would have been fatal.

RECIPROCAL TRADE WITH CANADA—MR. HATCH'S REPORT.

From the N. Y. World.

The report of Mr. Hatch contains a large amount of information and statistics relating to our intercourse with the British Provinces on our northern frontier. It deserves the careful study of all who wish to understand a subject which is of much immediate interest in connection with the efforts now making to revive the Reciprocity Treaty. Mr. Hatch is strongly opposed to the renewal of that or any similar arrangement, and his facts have been collected and marshalled to favour that side. One of his main arguments is founded on the loss of seven millions of revenue, which would result from the free admission of Canadian products. But this loss would be balanced, at least in part, by a cheapening of the articles imported. We need the lumber, the oats, the barley, the animals of Canada, and the coal of Nova Scotia, and it is for the interest of our consumers to buy them as cheaply as we can. Lumber, in particular, of which our supply is scanty and the prices enormous, is a want of our whole people, who are denuding the country of its forests to procure, at great expense an article with which Canada abounds, and which she can furnish at comparatively small charges for transportation. The duty raises the price of lumber, not only on that imported, but on every foot of lumber sold in the country; the duty on the Canada lumber going into the treasury, and the equivalent rise of price in domestic lumber (a much larger quantity) going to enrich the owners of our disappearing forests, who are sure of high prices in any event, and ought not to be stimulated to strip the country of all its timber.

It seems to us that reciprocity ought to be argued down, or argued up, as a simple abstract proposition. It is a question of equivalents; and if, by the former treaty, we gave more than we received, that seems no bar to a more equitable arrangement. Canada wants our market, and can afford to give us some equivalent advantages either in hers or in some other respects. We see no reasons for discouraging negotiation. Let Canada say what she wants, and tell us what she is willing to give in exchange. The subject will then be in such a shape that it can be discussed with intelligence and precision. If we do not like the proffered terms, we can then state what we object to, and tell what we would substitute. When we have a definite proposition, before us, the information contained in Mr. Hatch's report will be of great service in enabling us to form an intelligent judgment. At present, it must be regarded simply as a body of interesting information and statistics to put us on our guard against being over-reached when the subject assumes a more business-like shape.

The state of things is very different to what it was fourteen or fifteen years ago, when the other treaty was negotiated. We were then, like Canada, a country lightly taxed; and it would have been an advantage to have had native manufactures as well as raw products included in such an arrangement. Whether it would be an advantage now is doubtful. We are so enormously taxed that we could probably sell few of our manufactures in the Canada market. On the other hand, our market for agricultural products is, to some extent, an artificial one; the capital which we have forced into manufactures by our exorbitant tariff diminishing our supply of agricultural products, and increasing the demand for them. It may not be wise to give away, gratuitously, a market which we have improved at a great and ruinous cost.

LOCAL NEWS.

THE SLEIGH SALE TO-DAY.—Remember the auction sale at noon to-day, opposite the Russell House, by Mr. Bermingham; and in the evening a sale of assorted goods at his Dominion Auction Mart, 72 Sussex-st.

A SAD AND PAINFUL ACCIDENT.—Mrs. Chilton, wife of one of the waiters at the Russell House, while in the yard hanging out washed clothes, yesterday, had the misfortune to slip and fall, and to break the thigh bone.

TROTTING MATCH.—The trotting match between the two mares that trotted on the ice of the Ottawa on Wednesday, comes off this afternoon; they will leave Hull for Aylmer about two o'clock, p.m. We understand the match to be for $100 a side.

OTTAWA SNOW-SHOE CLUB.—The members of this club hold a meeting at Kavanagh's "Queen" restaurant this evening, at 8 o'clock sharp, for the election of officers for the ensuing year, and other business. After the meeting the members will have their usual weekly "tramp out."

MEETING TO-DAY.—The first annual meeting of the Electoral Division Agricultural Society of the City of Ottawa, takes place to-day in the City Hall, at 3 o'clock, p. m. Subscribers and others interested should note the fact, as the election of a board of managers for the current year is amongst the business to come before the meeting.

OTTAWA FIRE COMPANY.—At the regular monthly meeting of the above company, held Wednesday evening, the following officers were elected for the ensuing year:—William Walsh, Captain; Patrick Slattery, 1st Lieut.; William J. Baskerville, 2nd Lieut., Denis Beahan, Secretary; Thos. Kehoe, Treasurer; Robert Riordan, Engineer; Jas. Kelly, 1st Branchman; Richard Burns, 2nd do.; Dan. J. O'Donoghue, Foreman of Hose; William Goodwin, Foreman of Suctions.

CARD OF THANKS.—The committee of arrangements for the Juvenile Temperance Society soiree held at the St. Patrick's Hall, on the 13th inst., return their sincere thanks to the Committee of Management of the St. Patrick's Literary Association for the free use of their Hall, to the young men of the P. C. O. Rifle Band for their services gratis, and to Mr. Boyden, of the Variety Hall, for the free use of delf for the occasion.

SLEIGHING PARTY.—A large number of our citizens joined in a sleighing party last night, and proceeded to Aylmer, where they enjoyed themselves till a late hour. The weather was not unpleasant, and if there was no accident there is no reason to suppose that they failed in their pleasure-seeking expedition. Not having been one of the party we cannot speak from experience, but hope it was all right.

"PERSONAL REMINISCENCES OF THE GREAT SEPOY REBELLION."—On reference to our advertising columns it will be seen that Rev. Wm. Butler, D.D., of Boston, Mass., will lecture on the above subject in the Wesleyan Church, Metcalfe-st., on Tuesday next, the 19th inst., at half-past seven, p.m. At the time of the great Sepoy rebellion the rev. gentleman was serving as a missionary in India, and was present during some of the fearful scenes of that trying period. In the hands of a lecturer with Dr. Butler's reputation for eloquence the subject cannot fail to interest and instruct an audience.

A FIGHTING WOMAN.—While the policemen were escorting the four prisoners from the Police Court to the jail yesterday morning, Mademoiselle Yadeau, who was sent up for three weeks for vagrancy of an *aggravated character* took occasion to speak in very unfeminine terms of the policeman who arrested her, and she expressed a desire to meet him with a pistol. One of the policemen who knows her, represents her as being equal to most men at pugilism, and of great strength and dexterity. It appears that she has been known to come off best in several encounters at fisticuffs with able men, and threatens to do so again when she comes out. She reminds one of Geo. Barrow's heroine of the Flaming Tinman's establishment.

ST. PATRICK'S HALL.—Each successive entertainment at the St. Patrick's Hall, seems to surpass its predecessor in interest and attraction. Last evening was decidedly a grand success in every particular. The hall was crowded with a large, respectable and most appreciative audience, who by frequent plaudits testified their great satisfaction of how they were entertained. The leaders were Mr. O'Hanly, Mr. W. Mills, Mr. Moore Higgins and Mr. Tubman. Mr. C. Higgins sang a song, accompanied by Miss Bermingham, and was encored. Miss Barrett sang a song, accompanied by Miss Rowan, and was deservedly encored. Mr. Sinclair sang the "Irish Oak," and was called out twice, the last time being accompanied by Miss Bermingham. Miss Rowan played a solo on the piano in fine style. The entertainment was closed by a duet by Miss Barrett and Miss Rowan. On the whole the entertainment was excellent.

CONGREGATIONAL SOIREE.—The soiree at the Congregational Church last evening was a very happy affair. There was no attempt at aping the grand feast, or anything bordering on display, but everything was neat, clean, and comfortable, and the principal object of its promoters seemed to be, to make everybody feel at home and among friends. The basement was simply decked out with evergreens and two or three mottoes of a religious character. The tables contained all that was necessary, and more. Many visitors from other congregations were present, and numbers who seldom met exchanged greetings, surrounded by pleasure-giving circumstances. An hour or so was spent in social conversation of the most agreeable character. Here a small group with a cup of tea or coffee in one hand, and a piece of cake or a sandwich in the other, discussing the relative merits of tea, coffee, and cold water, one gentleman insisting that coffee had destroyed more nerves than whiskey, and quoting authorities. Another discoursing on the impropriety of drinking tea otherwise than cold, and citing Russian practice as an argument to prove the correctness of his theory. Others, amongst whom were several ladies, wondering why the Centre Town Penny Readings were not continued. And so in a variety of pleasant ways the time was spent until it was time to go up stairs into the church to hear the speaking. There the pastor, the Rev. Mr. Ebbs, the Rev. Mr. Pickett, of the M. E. Church, and the Rev. Mr. Moore delivered religious addresses and the choir executed some good music. Altogether the reunion was a most pleasant one, and gave great satisfaction to all concerned.

POLICE COURT.—Sarah Sullivan was charged as a drunken disorderly. Sarah is well known for her bad conduct. She was fined $5, or in default to go to jail for the space of three weeks. Having no money, she went to jail.

Emilie Yadeau was brought up for vagrancy. Emilie has been attracting the attention of the police for some days, or rather nights past, though her intentions were to attract the attention of other men, and in fact has succeeded in doing so, on a rather large scale. Latterly she had been observed to ply her vocation in Upper Town, but for several nights past she had been hanging about the Sapper's Bridge, and whenever she saw a fair opportunity would make improper overtures to men, and walk up the lane towards the Eastern wing of the Parliament buildings, or from the east side of the Bridge towards the Canal. The authorities being determined to suppress this vile conduct, her movements have been carefully watched by the police, and on Wednesday night she was arrested as a profligate vagrant. She was sent to jail for three weeks, in default of a fine of $5 and costs.

Daniel Molloney was charged with using abusive language to Francis Best. It appears that the prisoner was in debt to the complainant; and, because the latter asked him for it, he paid him in the language of abuse, and made other hostile demonstrations. He was fined $2 and costs, and in default went to jail for one week.

Nicholas Ryan, the boy who was brought to the lock-up, on Tuesday night, charged with stealing two hand sleighs, was again remanded.

MADAME RACHEL ADMITTED TO BAIL—CONVICTION DECLARED ILLEGAL.

Madame Rachel has been liberated on bail, and for the present is once more free to make her clients beautiful for ever. And why? Not because the evidence cited at the trial is alleged to have been incomplete; that is not pretended. Not because she has already suffered sufficient punishment to deter other artists in cosmetics from entering into relations with Mrs. Borrodailes; that plea, also, is not put forward. Madame Rachel is at liberty because, in the opinion of the late Attorney-General Sir John Karslake, there are grounds for impugning the jurisdiction of the Court by which she was tried and condemned. On the part of the prisoner, it was argued before the Attorney-General, first, that the Act of Parliament which appointed Mr. Commissioner Kerr judge of the Sheriffs' Court gave him power to preside only in the court which was concerned only with small debts, and that, after the passing of the Act, he had no right to sit as Commissioner at the Old Bailey for the trial of prisoners. The second plea is furnished by the terms in which the Central Criminal Court Act defines the commission for trying prisoners before the tribunal. The statute names as Commissioners the Common Law Judges, the Recorder, the Common Sergeant, the City Commissioners, and the Aldermen. Now it appears that on the several days of the trial different Aldermen sat with Mr. Kerr, and according to the argument of Madame Rachel's counsel, such a practice is contrary to law. It is contended that, not only must an Alderman always sit with the presiding judge, but that no trial can be valid unless the same Alderman shall be present on the bench throughout the proceedings. In that case, of course, the condemnation of Madame Rachel must be null and avoid. Should the plea turn out to be sound in law, the consequences may be extraordinary. That in hundreds of trials at the Central Criminal Court one Alderman has not remained on the bench throughout the proceedings, but has made room for another, or has left the judicial seat ungraced by a vestige of aldermanic wisdom, we may safely assume. We may also take for granted that, in many of these cases, the prisoner at the bar has been condemned, perhaps to penal servitude, perhaps to death. And it is not improbable that some of the convicts sentenced under those circumstances are still undergoing punishment. Were all such sentences, then illegal? If, for example, the same Alderman or Aldermen did not preside throughout the trial of Muller, was the German murderer, illegally put to death? If any convicts who have been condemned by a like informality, and now suffering illegal punishment at Portland, can they not claim to be liberated on bail like Madame Rachel? and, when free, can they not bring an action for damages against the officials who are responsible for the informality? Or is anybody responsible? In a word, has the chief criminal court of the kingdom been for years passing sentences which are illegal as they would have been had a mock prisoner been tried by a mock jury, and sentenced by a mock judge? Those questions will speedily be argued under the writ of error. For the present Madame Rachel is at liberty, and to a technicality she owes the privilege of spending Christmas in the bosom of her family instead of in jail. That the proceedings at the Central Criminal Court should even be called in question on such grounds is scandalous to the administration of English justice.—*Daily Telegraph.*

RITUALISM DISALLOWED.

The highest law court in England has decided against Ritualism, and the main point made in the decision is one that it would seem impossible to controvert. It is this. By the Act of Uniformity (*temp. Eliz.*), the supreme law of the Church of England "prohibits any rite, ceremony, order, or form which is not *mentioned* in the prayerbook, and declares void all prior usages and ordinances." This, it will be seen, utterly does away with the ritualistic plea, the things not prohibited are permissive. The London *Times* rejoices at the decision, on the ground of its making the Book of Prayer the sole standard of form; whereas on the other ground, the whole body of Anglican divinity would be available to justify any number of peculiar practices it might suit individual clergymen to hunt out and apply.

THE SILVER NUISANCE.—The Canadians are horribly put to it by an excess of that wherein we suffer alone by and absolute and total defect, namely, specie payments. Bills being scarce and silver plenty, all heavy transactions are heinously impeded by the necessity of transporting large metallic bulks. It is worse than the iron coinage of Lacademon, and the business men of the Dominion do not as yet appear to see their way clear to an amelioration of the evil. Could we loan them some of our tax gatherers, with a ring or two to lick up the crumbs—or loaves either, for that matter—they would not long have reason to complain—at least, not on *that* score.—*New York World.*

—For a choice selection of New Tapestry, Brussels, Kidderminster and Imperial 3 ply Carpets, Cocoa Matting, Floor Oil Cloths, Hearth Rugs, Crumb Cloths and Door Mats; Damasks, Repps, Curtain Trimmings, Lace and Muslin Curtains, go to Magee & Russell's new Store, next door to Mr. John Leslie's, Sparks-st.

Try Gardner's Baking Powder. See advertisement. 887.6m

A BRIDEGROOM ARRESTED AT THE ALTAR ON A BREACH OF PROMISE SUIT.

From the Rochester Chronicle, January 7.

When the twenty-first New York cavalry regiment was disbanded at Cheyenne city, Colorado, in June, 1866, one of the officers, a young gentleman of enterprising disposition, determined to remain there and seek his fortune. He found it—or at least a comfortable competency—and has resided at that place ever since, enjoying the fruits of his labour, and adding continually to his store of this world's goods. Previous to entering the army he had betrothed himself to a young lady who, like himself at that time, lived in one of the northern towns of Livingston county, but during his absence a sort of coolness grew up between them, and some time since, while he was on a visit to this part of the country, a further disagreement arose, and since that time they have not corresponded. The gentleman, deeming himself free to choose again, wooed and won a charming young lady, the daughter of a prominent citizen of Rush, in this county, and a few days ago came east to fulfill an engagement of marriage with her. Everything went on harmoniously, and yesterday forenoon, in the presence of many mutual friends, they were united in the bonds of wedlock. But, instead of taking the next train for New York, as they had intended, they were destined to make a visit to Rochester on an exceedingly disagreeable errand. Scarcely had the parson's benediction been pronounced upon the happy pair, when the hum of congratulation was suddenly checked by the appearance in the room of Deputy Sheriff Burlingame, armed with a writ for the arrest of the bridegroom, at the suit of his discarded sweetheart, for breach of promise. His consternation can well be imagined, but there was no help for him. He found, after a brief conversation with the officer, that it was necessary to visit this city immediately, and be locked up, or enter bail for his appearance to answer the complaint. It was a disagreeable alternative in itself, but the worst feature of the case lay in the fact that he must tell his bride of the predicament in which he was involved. Cold chills ran down his back and struck to his heart, and in short permeated his whole system when he thought of it. There was no use in delay, however, and summoning all the courage he could command, he called the lady aside and honestly acquainted her with the story of his first love and estrangement, and what had come of it. To his great relief, she took a decidedly philosophical view of the subject, and proved herself imbued with a wifely spirit by declaring that she would accompany him to Rochester and face the terrors of the law by his side. Of course, she received a partial reward for her devotion on the spot, and without explaining the nature of their business the couple prepared for the trip, and accompanied the Deputy Sheriff to Rochester. Leaving the lady at the Clinton Hotel, the harrassed husband sought out his old companion-in-arms, E. Burke Collins, Esq., formerly a Captain in the Twenty-first, of whom he solicited aid. Always ready to heed the voice of distress, the squire put on his hat, and after running about a little while, secured the necessary bondsmen, with whom he repaired to the sheriff's office, and then and there security was given for the presence of the defendant to answer the summons of the court. The plaintiff having alleged in her complaint that her heart and prospects in life had suffered to the amount of $5,000, the bail was fixed at $3,000. The newly-married ones returned to Rush by the next train, and ere this meets the eyes of our readers, will have started on their honeymoon tour.

ELEVEN AND TWELVE.

It is a rather remarkable peculiarity of our system of numeration that from ten to thirteen we make a break in the regular rule of analogy, for which there seems no explanation: Thus we say one, two, three, four, five, six, seven, eight, nine, ten, *eleven*, *twelve*, thirteen, fourteen, &c. Now the peculiarity is that, though we say thirteen, or *three-ten*, that being the force of it, fourteen, or *four-ten*, and so on, we do *not* say *one-teen* and *two-teen*; but "eleven" and "twelve." Why is this? The Latin system when it gets to *decem*, ten, goes on *undecim*, eleven, or *one-ten*; *duodecim*, twelve; *tredecim*, thirteen, and so on. The Greek has *deka*, ten; *hendeka*, eleven, or *hen*, one, and *deka*: *dodeka*, twelve, and so on; and the Spanish *diez*, ten, *once*, eleven; *doce*, twelve; *trece*, thirteen, &c., so that in each of these systems, when passing beyond ten, the numeration gives in its etymology the fact that the number is a compound of ten and some other prior number. After passing twelve, even our own language conforms to this rule; but why should it skip it in eleven and twelve? Webster thinks eleven is *a-lefem*, or one (*a* being identical of old with one) left after ten, and twelve *twa-lefem*, two left after. Another version is that ten being even, eleven is *a-even*, and twelve *twa-even*, the *e* being inserted for euphony. This gives etymology, but not the reason of the etymology. What is it?

PERIQUE TOBACCO.

Perique, as they call it in New Orleans, or, to be more definite, *perique* tobacco, is, we would have you to know, a species of the weed which, growing on the deep, deep soil of the rich Louisiana bottoms, bears about the same proportion in strength and savour to Havana tobacco, as Havana does to Connecticut seed. The leaves, when green, are dense and dank with the succulent juices sucked up out of the fat earth, and are cured in a very primitive manner by being closely rolled up into cylinders some fourteen inches long by from three to four inches in diameter. Around this is placed a tough linen cloth and then over that is wound a rope about the size of a clothes line in as regular order as a layer of thread upon a spool. When six years old the *perique* is at its prime, though few *carats*, as the rolls are called, are ever allowed to reach their ripe perfection. The way to use it is to slice off in excessively thin layers across the cylinder. The tobacco will then be found soft, moist, and of a pleasantly pungent odour. It is used in Louisiana almost exclusively for cigarettes, but is elsewhere employed by tobacconists to give strength and flavour to inferior grades. By a late decision of the Commissioner of Internal Revenue, requiring this to be manufactured in boxes, as are all other kinds of tobacco, it is feared that the *perique*, which depends for its excellency on the way it is now prepared in *carats*, may cease to be cultivated; but let us hope not, for the sake of those who love the toothsome thing.

READ AND REFLECT.—Every mechanic and artisan, every manufacturer and operative, has, in his respective calling, a field of knowledge which requires constant tilling to bring its hidden treasures to light. "It is absurd," says Mr. Fairbairn, "to talk against theory, as if a knowledge of the exact sciences was a dangerous and a useless attainment. Nothing can be more erroneous than this impression, as on close inspection there is no practice without theory, any more than there is no effect without a cause. In the mechanical arts, how difficult, how precarious, and unsatisfactory are the reasonings of men unacquainted with first principles, and how very often that deficiency leads them into mal-construction and those errors which a knowledge of science would teach them to avoid!"

AN IMPORTANT INVENTION.—For many years past, the ingenuity of engineers and artisans has been exhausted in endeavouring to discover a way of boring a large number of holes in the closest possible proximity to each other, such a mode of boring holes being required in the manufacture of brushes, cane-bottoms, doors and blinds, boiler plates, and many other kinds of work. The present system used, is the boring of each hole separately, and the consumption of a vast deal of time and labour in every brush, block, etc., made. This difficulty in manufacture, it may be stated, has at length been overcome by the invention of an apparatus, by Charles F. Ritchel, Newark, New Jersey, which bores any number of holes, either as close together as pins heads can be placed, or as far apart as necessity may require.

DRESS GOODS.—A large assortment of ball and evening dresses; also, in fancy, black, Japanese, and Foulard silks, poplins, &c., at T. & W. Hunton's, whose stock is constantly supplied by their resident agents in London and Paris. Evening silks, &c., shewn by gas light in a room prepared for the purpose, at any hour of the day.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

Reported by Telegraph.

[For daily report of Ottawa Markets, see Fourth Page.]

New York Money Market.

NEW YORK, January 14.—Gold 136¼. 3 p.m.—Gold closed at 136¼.

New York Markets.

NEW YORK, January 14.—Cotton market firmer at 29¼c. for middling Uplands.—Flour dull and heavy to-day; receipts are 350 barrels; sales of 5,700 barrels at $5.75 @ 6.25 for Superfine State and Western; $6.75 @ 7.25 for common to choice Extra State; $6.60 @ 7.75 for common to choice Extra Western; $6.90 @ 7.00 for Round Hoop Ohio.—Rye flour quiet and lower to-day; sales of 150 barrels at $5.50 @ 7.85.—Wheat dull and drooping; receipts 42,046 bushels; sales 15,000 bushels of No. 2 Spring at $1.58 @ 1.70 in store and afloat.—Rye quiet and steady; receipts none; sales none.—Corn market is easier; receipts 8,467 bushels; sales 51,000 bushels at 70c. @ 94¼c. for new mixed Western; $1.07 for old do., in store; 98c. @ $1.00 for new White Southern; and $1.01 for Yellow Southern.—Barley in fair request; receipts none; sales 14,000 bushels of Canada Western at 23c. @ 25.—Oats in fair request; receipts 249 bushels; sales of small lots at 76½c. @ 77c. for Western in store; and 78½c. @ 79c. for do. afloat.—Pork heavy and lower; sales 600 barrels at $29.00 @ 29.75 for new Mess; $26.00 @ 27.25 for old Mess.—Beef steady.—Lard heavy and lower at 18c. @ 19¼c. for steam; and 19½c. @ 19¾c. for kettle rendered.

London Money Market.

LONDON, January 14—p. m.—Consols 92¾ for both; Bonds quiet and steady at 75; Stocks dull; Erie 26; Illinois Central 93.

Liverpool Markets.

LIVERPOOL, January 14.—Cotton active; Uplands 11d. @ 11¼d.; Orleans 11½d. @ 11¾d. Pease 41s. 6d. Bacon 55s. Lard 70s. 6d. Tallow 47s.

For fine bog oak brooches and ear rings in sets, see Young & Radford's new lot, just received, and selling at the very low price of only 90 cts. per set.

Auction Sale.

By J. Bermingham, Auctioneer.

AUCTION.

THE LAST SALE OF THE SEASON,
FOR
SLEIGHS, CUTTERS, ROBES, &c., &c.

The subscriber has received instructions to sell by PUBLIC AUCTION, opposite the Russell House, on FRIDAY, the 15th INSTANT, at 12 o'clock, noon, one large Open Sleigh, carriage style, silver mounted, and beautifully finished valued at $150; two very handsome Dog Cart Cutters, valued each, $90; several Sleighs, jumper style, new; some second hand Cutters and Sleighs, one Hunting Case English Gold Watch, some Drop Chains, and other Plated Ware. This is an excellent opportunity for persons wanting to purchase, as all MUST BE SOLD WITHOUT RESERVE, this being the last Sleigh Sale of the season.

The Nightly Sales are again resumed at the Subscriber's Rooms, The Dominion Auction Mart, 72 Sussex-st., where about $15,000 of Stock in Dry Goods, Plated Ware, Furniture, Pictures, &c., &c., must be disposed of before 1st of February.

J. BERMINGHAM, Auctioneer.
Ottawa, January 14. 947-2

I. B. Tackaberry, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE
OF
$10,000 WORTH OF PROPERTY.
A RARE CHANCE FOR PARTIES WISHING TO RE-FURNISH.

I. B. TACKABERRY, City Auctioneer, has been favoured with instructions from Messrs. Buck & Sanger, proprietors of the Revere House, to sell on the premises, commencing

ON TUESDAY, 19TH JANUARY,

at 10 o'clock, a.m., and continuing each day, the whole of the Household Furniture and Fixtures of that recent and elegantly furnished house, including Parlor, Drawing Room, Bed Room, Kitchen, Office, Bar and Hall Furniture, consisting in part as follows:

Handsome Mahogany Tables—Marble Top,—Sofas, Lounges, and Chairs to match, with Hair Cloth Covers, large and superb Cut Glass Mirrors, with Marble Stands; Wardrobes, two very fine toned Pianos and Music Stools, Pictures, Damask and Muslin Window Curtains, with Cornices, Brussels and Tapestry Hall, Stair and Drawing Room Carpets.

In Bed Room Sets—Spring Mattrasses, Bedsteads, Bureaus, Washstands, Tables and Chairs to match, all of the finest Black Walnut, procured from a Montreal firm, and as good as new, having been only about 1 year in use; also an elegant and richly carved Bridal Chamber Set, with polished Rosewood Bureau.

In the Dining Room will be found Extension Dining Tables, Sideboard, Chairs, Silver Plate, Cutlery, Crockery, Glassware, and all the furnishings usually found in a well kept and extensive house of this description.

In Kitchen Utensils—A large Hotel Cooking Stove, (Patent Pastry Baker) nearly new, three smaller Cooking Stoves, Kettles, Pots, Pans, and a variety of articles too numerous to mention.

In the Bar will be offered a handsome Silver Soda Fountain, Beer Pumps, Water Filterer, Decanters, Tumblers, Wine Glasses, &c.

Among the Sundries may be mentioned twenty Hall and Parlor Stoves, Stove Pipes, Stair and Passage Oil Cloths, Bedroom Carpets, a quantity of Cocoa Matting, Office Desks and Furniture, Hat Racks, Hall Chairs, &c., &c.

ALSO AT THE SAME TIME

The whole of the Stock, Harness, Buggies, Sleighs, Robes, &c., of a well furnished Livery Stable, containing 20 Horses, and an Omnibus and Water Cart.

The whole will be sold without reserve, the sale commencing on TUESDAY, 19th INSTANT, and continued from day to day until the whole are disposed of, the proprietors being about to remove from the city.

The terms of sale will be cash in bankable funds.

The whole will be on view the day previous to the sale.

I. B. TACKABERRY, City Auctioneer.
Ottawa, January 12, 1869. 946td

Amusements.

LECTURE by REV. DR. BUTLER, of Boston, Mass.,—"Personal Reminiscences of the Great Sepoy Rebellion,"—will be given in the WESLEYAN CHURCH, Metcalfe-st., on TUESDAY NEXT, the 19th instant, at 7:30 p.m.

Tickets—Single, 50 cents; Double, 75 cents; Family, admitting four, $1.00. 948-4

OTTAWA SNOW-SHOE CLUB.

A meeting of the Club for the Election of Officers for the ensuing year, will be held THIS EVENING at KAVANAGH'S "Queen" Restaurant, at EIGHT o'clock, sharp.

After the election of officers the Club will enjoy a march out.

Ottawa, January 15. 948-1

SKATES! SKATES! SKATES!

THE WHOLE STOCK MUST BE CLEARED OUT
WITHOUT RESERVE,
AT HALF-PRICE,
AT THE
SHEFFIELD HOUSE,
SPARKS-ST.
Ottawa, Jan. 15, 1869. 948-2

HOUSE WANTED.

The owner of several Fine Building Lots would like to exchange them for a well built STONE or BRICK HOUSE in this city. Apply at the TIMES Office. 948d

A FEW GENTLEMEN can be accommodated with BOARD by applying at MRS. DUIGNAN'S, Sparks-st. 948a

BOARD AND LODGING.—Comfortable Rooms, with Board and Lodging, can be obtained on Maria-st. Apply at the TIMES Office.
Ottawa, January 14, 1869. 947d

Boots & Shoes.

ANNOUNCEMENT!

W. A. LAMB,
KEEPER OF THE RED BOOT, &c., &c.

To all the loyal inhabitants of the Metropolis and surrounding Counties, sends greeting;

And while thus publicly wishing to all
"A Merry Christmas and Happy New Year,"
takes pleasure also in announcing that he will hold
PUBLIC RECEPTIONS DAILY,
at from 7:30 a.m., until 7 p.m., when he will be pleased to meet with those who desire to call upon him.

N.B.—As all will probably wish to retain a souvenir of their visit, it will be satisfactory to know that there is a magnificent assortment of Boots and Shoes on hand to choose from, and any of which will be GIVEN AWAY for a small consideration.

Don't forget the place, No. 28, Sussex-st., opposite the Barracks.

W. ANGUS & CO

BOOTS, SHOES, MOCCASINS, TOBOGGANS, SNOW-SHOES, &c., &c., &c.

Since the great clearing Sale
W. ANGUS & CO.
have received a
VERY LARGE AND WELL SELECTED STOCK
OF
BOOTS AND SHOES
AND OTHER FEET-WARE,
suitable to the Winter season.

JUST RECEIVED.

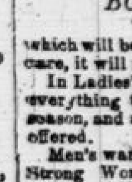
A FRESH LOT OF LADIES' & GENTS'
FELT EMBROIDERED CONGRESS
Of the Latest Style. Also, a New Supply
TOBOGGANS,
SNOW-SHOES,
MOCCASINS,
OVER-SHOES,
&c., &c., &c.
Very appropriate
XMAS AND NEW YEAR'S PRESENTS
INSPECTION INVITED.
PRICES LOW.
W. ANGUS & CO.,
Golden Boot,
226 Wellington-st.

GENUINE CLEARING SALE
OF
BOOTS AND SHOES,
AT THE OLD
CROSBY STAND, NO. 51, SPARKS-ST.
The whole of
THE BANKRUPT STOCK,
comprising the latest styles and best qualities of
LADIES', GENTS', MISSES' & CHILDREN'S
DRESS & WALKING BOOTS,
suitable for FALL & WINTER WEAR. Also a large stock of Men's and Women's Coarse Boots, Moose Mocassins, Buck Moose and Sheep Skin, Beef Mocassins, Felt Over-shoes, Rubbers, &c., all of which will be sold at great reductions from former prices. Lumber and country merchants are requested to bear in mind that there is a large stock of hand made boots to be disposed of at the above said reduction in prices.

The public generally are invited to call and examine the stock and prices, which we know cannot fail to give satisfaction to all.

Remember the place, the old Crosby Stand, opposite O'Meara's, No. 51, Sparks-st.

A. J. STEPHENS & CO.
Ottawa, Oct. 20 1868. 876y



CHEAP BOOTS & SHOES
AT THE
CAPITAL
BOOT & SHOE STORE,
YORK-ST.

I have now received my fall and winter stock of
BOOTS AND SHOES,
which will be found complete; being selected with care, it will not fail to give general satisfaction.

In Ladies', Misses' and Children's ware I have everything that can possibly be required for the season, and at much lower figures than ever before offered.

Men's ware in Calf, Kipp, Cowhide Boots; Men's Strong Working Boots as low as $2 per pair. Boy's and Youth's equally low.

A large supply of New English Kipp Boots, hand made, the most suitable ware for Lumbermen, constantly on hand and made by the very best workmen. Orders taken for all kinds of work.

429y GEORGE MURPHY

SHRIMPS! SHRIMPS!

Received this day,
THE FIRST OF THE SEASON,
FRESH SHRIMPS.
ALSO,
WILD DUCKS, MALLARD,
PRAIRIE HENS AND HARES,
AT THE
TORONTO FRUIT & VEGETABLE DEPOT,
By Ward Market, York-st.
948-3

Boots & Shoes.

OUNCEMENT!

W. A. LAMB,

PER OF THE RED BOOT, &c., &c.

the loyal inhabitants of the Metropolitan rounding Counties, sends greeting;

while thus publicly wishing to all

erry Christmas and Happy New Year,"

easure also in announcing that he will hold

UBLIC RECEPTIONS DAILY,

7:30 a.m., until 7 p.m., when he will be to meet with those who desire to call upon

-As all will probably wish to retain a Sou their visit, it will be satisfactory to know e is a magnificent assortment of Boots eson hand to choose from, and any of which GIVEN AWAY for a small consideration.

forget the place. No. 28, Sussex-st. the Barracks.

ANGUS & CO

TS,

SHOES,

MOCCASINS,

GGANS,

SNOW-SHOES,

&c., &c., &c.

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Latest Style. Also, a New Supply

TOBOGGANS,

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MOCCASINS,

OVER-SHOES,

&c., &c., &c.

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INSPECTION INVITED.

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The whole of

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the latest styles and best qualities of

GENTS, MISSES' & CHILDREN'S

RESS & WALKING BOOTS,

r FALL & WINTER WEAR. Also of Men's and Women's Coarse Boots, cassins, Buck Moose and Sheep Mitts, assins, Felt Over-shoes, Rubbers, &c., all ill be sold at great reductions from for- Lumber and country merchants are re- bear in mind that there is a large stock le boots to be disposed of at the afore- rion in prices. lic generally are invited to call and e stock and prices, which we know can- give satisfaction to all. er the place, the old Crosby Stand, op- eara's, No. 51, Sparks-st.

A. J. STEPHENS & CO.

Oct. 20 868. 876y

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GEORGE MURPHY

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ALSO,

CKS, MALLARD,

PRAIRIE HENS AND HARES,

AT THE

FRUIT & VEGETABLE DEPOT,

By Ward Market,

York-st.

Latest by Telegraph.

Via Montreal Line.

TORONTO.

ONTARIO LEGISLATURE.

2nd Session! 1st Legislative Assembly.

TORONTO, January 14.

In the House to-night Mr. Currie inquired the Ministry would recognise the squatters' claims at Fort William, and if they would treat the Hudson's Bay Company as other squatters.

Hon. J. S. Macdonald said he was not prepared to answer.

Certain returns were asked for by Mr. Lauder relative to the Court of Chancery, which were ordered after Mr. Blake administered a correction for the criticisms on the court.

The Attorney-General deprecated the expense.

Mr. Pardee moved for a return of timber dues in Essex, Kent, and Lambton, for 1868. He alleged that hardships were endured by settlers by being hindered from cutting timber, and also by small mill owners against large speculators.

Mr. Richards said he thought the best way to protect the timber was to give the licenses for longer periods, as the licentiates would then be more careful to preserve it. He did not believe retarding settlement for the sake of lumberers, and admitted that the large dealers were swallowing up the small ones, but it was impossible that it should be otherwise.—The motion was carried.

Mr. Currie moved that the House on Monday go into committee to consider the resolution dividing each township into four wards, each electing councillors.—Carried.

Mr. McKellar moved an address advising the convening of the Legislature about the 1st of December.

Mr. Fergusson spoke against time until recess, so there was no decision.

The House went into Committee of Supply, and granted $1,000 from the Consolidated Fund to each judge of the Superior Courts.

Several private Bills were read a third time.

Mr. Blake moved the second reading of the Bill to remove doubts as to the right of the bondholders of the Cobourg and Peterboro' Railroad to the funds in the Court of Chancery.

Mr. Fraser moved a six months hoist, contending that the company was entitled to the balance, because its existence resulted from their good management.

Mr. Cameron said the Chancellor's opinion was that all belonged to the bondholders, and warmly opposed the amendment.

The amendment was then carried by 42 to 25.

The Bills which passed in committee last night were read a third time.

SECOND DESPATCH.

TORONTO, January 14.

In the case of Hodder vs. Robertson & Co. of the *Telegraph*, the Grand Jury found a True Bill for slander.

The sale of lands in York for unpaid taxes ended yesterday, $2,500 being realized.

The officers of the Garrison purpose giving an amateur performance at the Royal Lyceum in aid of the Boys and Girls Home.

The Volunteer Relief Fund Company held a meeting this evening, and voted $5,000 to complete the monument to the heroes of Ridgeway.

At the School Trustee Elections yesterday several of the weaker sex were advised of the right of franchise.

A meeting of the Georgian Bay Canal took place last night. It is thought generally to be its dying kick. The scene was so disorderly as to deprive it of any influence.

The weather is beautifully mild. The lowest temperature last night was 25° above zero. The bay is almost clear of ice, and the ice packers are beginning to fear that they cannot obtain a supply here this winter. The like is not remembered by the oldest inhabitants.

MONTREAL.

Special to THE TIMES.

MONTREAL, January 14.

Several fast clerks have decamped with from $2,000 to $4,000 each of their employer's money. In one case a clerk was sent with $2,000 to deposit in the bank, but instead of doing so, he took a train for the States.

The printer's festival, last night, in the St. Patrick's Hall, was a successful affair. Speeches were made by Rollo Campbell and J. J. Curran. Dancing was kept up till five o'clock.

The hardware store of W. & B. Francis was broken into last night by their storeman, and robbed of $100. The storeman has been arrested.

The St. Patrick's Benevolent Society gave a concert to-night in the St. Patrick's Hall. About two thousand persons were present. On the platform were John O'Farrell, E. Cartes, M. P. P., representatives of other societies, and a number of Roman Catholic clergy. Dr. O'Brennan, editor of the *Connaught Patriot*, lately released from imprisonment on a charge of Fenianism, delivered an address on Ireland, which savored of anything but loyalty.

The City and District Saving Banks have distributed over $6,000 to local charities.

A soldier of the 69th regiment is under arrest for walking in procession at Doody's funeral, on the ground that it was a Fenian demonstration.

Market dull.

CABLE NEWS.

GREAT BRITAIN.

LONDON, January 14.—The steamship *Smidt*, from Bremen, bound for New York, got aground in Great Yarmouth harbour, and damaged her propeller.

GLASGOW, January 14.—The steamship *Europe*, from New York, has arrived.

The Prince of Wales Theatre, in this city, was totally destroyed by fire last night. No lives were lost.

LONDON, January 14.—The press of London and Paris almost unanimously condemn the attitude of Greece in insisting on representation in the Conference.

The *Great Eastern* has commenced to take on board the submarine cable of the Franco-American Atlantic Telegraph Company. It is expected that she will sail in June next, to lay the cable from Brest to the American coast.

FRANCE.

The Conference Threatens to Break Up.

PARIS, January 13.—The exclusion of the Grecian ambassador threatens to break up the Conference. It is not considered probable that the Greek Government will acquiesce, and its reply to the demand of its representative for instructions is not likely to prove favourable, in which case the Conference will in all probability adjourn indefinitely. In the meantime the plenipotentiaries have applied to their respective Governments for further instructions. It is understood that Russia condemns the attitude which Greece has assumed towards the Conference.

SPAIN.

MADRID, January 14.—The Government authorities received a despatch yesterday from Capt.-General Dulce, of Cuba, asking for reinforcements. The General thinks he can suppress the insurrection there with four thousand additional troops.

A tumult occurred at Tortunas yesterday, growing out of a quarrel between the Liberal and Carlist parties. It was suppressed by the authorities, and the city is now quite. The journals here urge the Government to use all means possible to strenghten the hands of Gen. Dulce in Havana, and demand that 10,000 additional troops be sent to Cuba.

NEWS VIA LONDON.

A Movement on Foot to place Count Girgenti on the Mexican Throne.

NEW YORK, January 14.—The *Herald's* London special says despatches received from Madrid state that one of the late Emperor Maximilian's Mexican generals is secretly engaged in that city making arrangements with a number of Spanish scientific and military officers with the view of placing Count Girgenti, brother of the ex-King of Naples, on the throne of Mexico. Two hundred officers of high rank are wanted to carry the movement into execution. Their pay will be secured them from the time they enter upon their duties. Several of the European Governments assist secretly this enterprise. General Prim grants a number of officers, desirous of joining, unlimited leave of absence, for the purpose of taking part in the expedition. The Emperor Napoleon, it is said, secretly favours the project.

TURKEY AND GREECE.

NEWS VIA LONDON.

LONDON, January 14.—It has been agreed that the powers represented in the Conference on the Eastern question shall not, by reason of their participation in the Conference, be held bound to enforce its conclusions.

MEXICO.

NEWS VIA HAVANA.

HAVANA, January 13.—The following intelligence has just been received from Mexico: Governor Burtanienta, of San Luis Potosi, has been tried by the Legislature and found guilty of all the charges against him.

Great misery prevails among the labourers in some parts of the country on account of the scarcity of money.

The Indian war continues in Sonora.

Much excitement has been caused among the Mexicans by the artful reports that treaties with the United States are intended to entrap the Republic into an acknowledgement of debts heavier than she can pay, whereupon in default of payment the United States will seize her territory, and dismember the country.

NEWS VIA NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, January 14.—The *Herald's* Havana special says advices have been received from the city of Mexico to the 2nd inst. At a Cabinet breakfast recently given by President Juarez, Gen. Rosecrans assured Secretary Lerdo de Tejada that the present and incoming administrations at Washington entertain the most cordial feeling towards Mexico.

CUBA.

Contradictory Reports of the Progress of the Insurrection.

HAVANA, January 14.—News from Santiago says according to despatches received by the Government Villa Cottre has been retaken by the Spanish troops. Official accounts also represent that Count Valmazada defeated the rebels at Sibancion, Casciorio, and Guamoro. He then marched into Tamas, and effected a junction with Col. Loro. The united forces had commenced to advance on Bayamo. A report declares that Valmazada had actually captured Bayamo. The official reports are flatly contradicted by the friends of the insurgents.

NEWS VIA NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, January 14.—The *Herald's* Havana special says we have news from Nuevitas to the 18th. Gen. Valmazada had been unable to reach Sibancion on his march towards Tamas and Bayamo, and is reported to be surrounded, and hard pressed by the insurgents. A portion of Mantaneze's volunteers had gone over to the insurgents. The troops are reported to be returning from Nuevitas, destroying plantations as they come. More arms are said to be arriving for the insurgents.

HAYTI.

NEWS VIA HAVANA.

HAVANA, January 14.—The following news has been received from Hayti: Gen. Alexis has captured Fort St. Michael, and it was reported that he had carried Fort Libefte, near Ononamithe. All the positions captured by the forces of Salnave in the vicinity of Jacmel have been taken by the revolutionists. Several of the latter were killed during the recent engagement by the bursting of a cannon. The revolutionary armies had been greatly strenghtened, and were prepared to attack Port-au-Prince and Gonevia; and President Salnave at last accounts was at Petit Riviere, near Menagove, with all the members of his Cabinet. On account of the absence of the President from Port-au-Prince the French Admiral had been unable to effect any arrangement with the Haytien Government.

AMERICAN NEWS.

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES.

Steamboat Boiler Explosion—Loss of Life.

NEW ORLEANS, January 13.—The steamer *Glide*, hence for Red River, ran aground and exploded her boiler last night. She burned to the water's edge, and is a total loss. Five or six passengers were killed and twenty-five injured.

Election of Episcopal Bishop for Syracuse.

SYRACUSE, N.Y., January 13.—At the afternoon session the Episcopal Convention went into ballot for Bishop, and on the third ballot elected Rev. F. D. Huntington, of Boston.

THIS MORNING'S DESPATCHES.

Meeting of the Dairymen's Association.

UTICA, N.Y., January 14.—There was a large attendance yesterday at the "Dairymen's Association" from many States, and Canada; and also one or two from the Old World. Cooling milk and cheese-making were the subjects discussed. Prof. Gammage, veterinary surgeon, lectured in the evening.

Fire in Philadelphia.

PHILADELPHIA, January 14.—The marble block on the corner of Ninth and Chestnut-sts. was nearly destroyed by fire early this morning. Among the losers are Geo. Howell, dealer in paperhangings; whose loss is a quarter of a million collars, nearly half insured. Caldwell, jeweller, loss heavy; Mr. Orne, carpet dealer, also heavy. Seven clerks were sleeping in the building and escaped through second story windows, nearly all of whom were badly burned.

The United States Senate.

WASHINGTON, January 14.—In the United States Senate Doolittle offered the following joint resolution: "Whereas the Cable Companies, organized under the authority of the United States, propose to land cables on the shores of foreign powers, and whereas also the cable companies organized under the laws of foreign powers propose to land cables on the shores of the United States, and the consent of those powers and the United States is necessary, therefore be it resolved that the President be authorized to consent to the laying of one or more telegraph cables from the shores of any foreign power to the shores of the United States, by any company authorized under the authority of any foreign power, provided said power will also consent to laying a cable from the United States to the shores of such powers on reciprocal terms; and provided further, till such powers give such consent, the consent of the United States is withheld, and laying such cables by authority of any foreign power is declared to be unlawful."—Referred to Committee on Foreign Relations.

The S. S. "Gulf City" Dashed to Pieces—Twenty-Two Lives Lost.

WILMINGTON, N. C., January 14.—The steamship *Gulf City*, Captain Stewart, bound from Galveston to New York, went aground off Point Lookout at 10 o'clock on Monday night, and in a few hours was dashed to pieces. Three of the crew, named Patrick McCable, of Jersey City; Anthony Thomas and Henry McArdle, of New York, were picked up by the steamer *W. P. Clyde* on Wednesday, a 2 o'clock in the afternoon, and brought to the city. There were 25 persons on board the ill-fated steamer, and only three are known to be saved.

Completion of the Lebanon Railroad Track.

LEBANON, N. Y., January 14.—The track of the Lebanon Springs Railroad is completed to Chatham, the four corners connecting with the Harlem Railroad. Trains will run through to Montreal by this line.

A meritorious article is Hall's Sicilian Hair Renewer; it is rapidly becoming known and widely and deservedly popular. It is apparently nothing in itself but an agreeably perfumed and pleasant hair dressing, but it contains the most wonderful curative properties for loss of hair, and after using it a short time, gray hair is restored to its natural color. If any of our readers doubt it, let them try a single bottle of the "Renewer," and they will add their testimonial to the truth of what we say.—*Sentinel, Burlington, Vt.*

What is the healthy, worldly man's ambition wealth, wealth, wealth. And what the poor invalid's, health, health, health. 'Tis true, gold is dross compared with health. Take care of it, but if you have already lost it from disease of the throat, lungs, liver, kidneys, or digestive organs, &c., remember that there has never been heretofore a medicine that could in any way compete with the Great Shoshonees Remedy for the radical cure of those diseases.

Wholesale & Retail.

JUST RECEIVED,

NEW PATTERNS IN CROSLEY'S

TAPESTRY CARPETS.

Remnants of CARPETS of all kinds, the accumulation of four years, will be sold cheap previous to Stock-taking.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

COTTON GOODS.

MAGEE & RUSSELL

Have brought forward from the wholesale department

150 PIECES ASSORTED PRINTS.

125 " BLEACHED SHIRTING,

200 " GREY COTTON,

and arranged them on the Centre Tables, where they will be offered at wholesale prices by the piece, during the remainder of this month.

They would also remark that "COTTON GOODS" are slightly higher priced in England, than what they were when the above were purchased.

Customers would be consulting their own interests by taking advantage of the above sale, the reductions being 2, 2½ and 3 cents per yard.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

PATTERN JACKETS.

The balance of our

FRENCH PATTERN JACKETS,

have been still further reduced in price. A few very rich ones yet to dispose of.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

Groceries.

THE TEA POT LIST.

In Cases, Hhd. and ¼ Casks,

HENNESSEY'S BRANDY,

MARTELL'S do

OTARD, DUPEY & Co., do

JULES, ROBIN & Co., do

CASTILLION & Co., do.

In Bottle or Wood,

GRAHAM'S EXTRA OLD PORT,

GRAHAM'S THREE GRAPE,

SANDEMAN'S CHOICE OLD PORT,

McKENZIE'S Pure Golden SHERRY,

DUNN'S BROWN, do

CHOICE PALE, do.

THE

FINEST BALTIMORE OYSTERS,

Received daily, by Express.

CHIPPAWA pure old RYE WHISKEY

Four years old, equal to any French Brandy.

CHIPPAWA TODDY WHISKEY,

Four years old, equal to Scotch.

CHIPPAWA FAMILY PROOF.

J. G. ROBINSON & CO.,

The Tea Pot, Ottawa.

Ottawa, Dec. 16, 1868.

ON SALE,

GOODERHAM & WORTS'

RECTIFIED SPIRITS.

100 BBLS. CELEBRATED OLD RYE,

100 do HIGHWINES, 50 O.P.

100 do ALCOHOL, 65 O.P.

The trade supplied at manufacturers' prices.

REDPATH'S EXTRA GOLDEN SYRUP

REDPATH'S STANDARD do

NEW YORK HOUSE SYRUP,

100 BBLS. WEST INDIA MOLASSES.

500 CHESTS UNCOLORED JAPAN TEA.

100 CADDIES ORANGE PEKOE

150 CHESTS TWANKAY.

200 CADDIES BRIGHT SOL TOBACCO.

100 BOXES TOBACCO, 10s.

500 BARRELS EXTRA SUPERIOR FLOUR.

300 BBLS. MESS PORK, to arrive.

J. G. ROBINSON & Co.

December 16, 1868. 926.3m

Jewellery, &c.

FOR

CHRISTMAS AND NEW YEAR'S

PRESENTS,

IN GOLD & SILVER WATCHES,

Go to YOUNG & RADFORD'S,

30 Sparks-st.

FOR

CHRISTMAS AND NEW YEAR'S

PRESENTS,

GOLD CHAINS & FINE JEWELLERY,

Go to YOUNG & RADFORD'S.

FOR

CHRISTMAS AND NEW YEAR'S

PRESENTS,

IN PLATED WARE,

Go to YOUNG & RADFORD'S.

FOR

CHRISTMAS AND NEW YEAR'S

PRESENTS,

IN FANCY GOODS,

SUITABLE FOR THE SEASON,

Go to YOUNG & RADFORD'S.

PARTIES WANTING WORK

SUITABLE FOR PRESENTATIONS

FOR CHRISTMAS OR NEW YEAR,

Will find it to their advantage to

Go to YOUNG & RADFORD'S,

30 Sparks-st.

Garland, Mutchmor & Co

XMAS DRY GOODS.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.,

IMPORTERS, 20 SPARKS-ST.,

Have received, ex various ocean steamers, large additions to their extensive stock of

STAPLE & FANCY DRY GOODS,

MILLINERY,

Carpetings and House Furnishings,

and are now shewing a large and well assorted stock in every department. They invite special attention to the following:

RICH FANCY SILKS,

RICH FANCY DRESSES,

suitable for street and evening wear,

RICH BALL DRESSES,

GOOD ABERDEEN WINCIES,

at a little over half last year's prices. Good cheap useful dresses for all classes in all the new materials.

CLOTHS,

TWEEDS,

BLANKETS,

FLANNELS,

SHEETINGS,

COTTONS,

PRINTS, ETC.,

all in great variety cheap.

LACES,

RIBBONS,

TRIMMINGS,

GLOVES,

HOSIERY,

Black Silk Mantle Velvets,

Black and Brown Velveteens,

Black and Brown Sealskins,

Black and Brown Astricans,

Coloured Jasper Sealskins,

White and Fancy Mantle Cloths.

MANTLES,

in great variety, in all the new materials an shapes.

SHAWLS,

BONNETS,

HATS,

LADIES' CAPS,

HEAD DRESSES,

FLOWERS,

FEATHERS,

BRIDAL WREATHS.

Great novelty in Skirts—the

NEW PATENT FELT SKIRT,

Plain and embroidered, all in once piece; warm lighter, better fitting and cheaper than any other skirts. Just opened

One Case Plain Glasgow Wincies.

Two cases latest styles in Clouds and othe Woollen Goods.

Wholesale and Retail.

Stationery.

NEW GOODS.

Just received, ex steamship *St. David*, a large importation of the best British manufactured

STAPLE STATIONERY,

IN

LETTER PAPERS,

NOTE PAPERS,

ENVELOPES,

FOOLSCAPS,

FOLIO POSTS,

RECORD PAPERS,

TINTED BLOTTING PAPERS,

MUSIC PAPER,

&c., &c., &c.

For sale at

THE OTTAWA CITIZEN

Stationery and Printing House,

Rideau-st., Ottawa.

Groceries.

For sale by the undersigned

300 BBLS. MESS PORK,

200 BBLS. THIN MESS PORK.

500 BBLS. STRONG SUPER FLOUR.

COAL OIL.

Having been appointed by the combination their agents for

COAL OIL,

They are now prepared to sell in quantities to suit the trade, by the

BARREL OR CAR LOAD,

AT THE

LOWEST PRICES

Agents for Hiram A. Walker's

HIGHWINES

RYE,

PROOF, and

MONONGAHELA WHISKEYS.

Agents for

REESOR BROS. CHEESE.

Agents for John Campbell's celebrated

HAMS,

BACON, &c.

C. T. BATE & CO.,

Canal Basin.

Ottawa, Dec. 12, 1868.

Dry Goods.

FRESH ARRIVALS.

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!

THOS. & W. HUNTON

Have just opened out the contents of 12 packages of NEW GOODS, comprising

1 CASE SILKS, in plain and fancy colors, splendid value.

1 CASE VELVETEENS,

3 BALES WHITE COTTONS,

1 " WHITE COTTON SHEETING,

6 " GRAY COTTONS,

(at greatly reduced prices.)

2 CASES LINENS, assorted,

1 " BLACK CLOTHS,

2 " BLACK & COLORED OVERCOATINGS,

1 BALE WHITE FLANNELS,

1 " GRAY FLANNELS,

1 " SCARLET FLANNEL

1 " BLANKETS,

2 " HEMP CARPETS

3 " WOOL CARPETS,

10 " TAPESTRY CARPETS, this season's new patterns,

3 " CANADIAN TWEEDS.

All of the above goods being marked off, and ready for inspection. We would specially invite intending purchasers to call and examine them.

THOS. & W. HUNTON,

47 and 49 Sparks-st.

Everybody is getting them.

A NOVELTY,

THE MAGIC WINDOW CURTAIN ROLLER,

The best ever invented, 1 Roller and Bottom Slat, and 5 pieces of casting, all for 25 cents, to fit every window.

AT THE VARIETY HALL.

ALSO, A

NEW PATENT CLOTHES DRYER,

AT THE VARIETY HALL.

And what every house requires where there is a grate is the

BLOWER STAND,

to be had only

AT THE VARIETY HALL.

HOTEL & SALOON KEEPERS

Remember the best assortment of Tumblers, Decanters and Labeled Bottles in the Dominion is at the Variety Hall.

JOSEPH BOYDEN.

OTTAWA MARKETS

[Compiled expressly for the OTTAWA TIMES.]

Times Office Ottawa, Jan. 14, 1869.

Of **Butter** and **Poultry** there was almost literally none, though greatly enquired after.

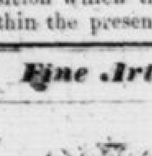
The **Wood** market was pretty well supplied. Prices unaltered.

FLOUR—Extra	6 50	@	6 75
No. 1	5 25	@	5 50
No. 2	none.		
Bags—Fall per 100 lbs.	3 25	@	3 35
" Spring	2 62½	@	2 75
Oatmeal—per 200 lbs.	7 00	@	7 25
Indian Meal "	4 00	@	0 00
Rye—per bushel 56 lbs.	0 85	@	0 90
Barley " 48 lbs.	0 90	@	0 00
Buckwheat Flour	4 00	@	4 50
WHEAT—Fall—per bushel 60 lbs.	1 25	@	1 30
Spring	1 20	@	1 25
CORN—Per bushel 56 lbs	0 85	@	0 90
Peas " 60 lbs	0 90	@	0 00
Oats " 34 lbs	0 60	@	0 65
Beans " 60 lbs	1 80	@	0 00
PORK—Mess—per barrel	24 50	@	25 00
Prime Mess per do.	00 00	@	17 00
Prime	none.		
Pork (fresh)	7 50	@	8 50
Hams	0 15	@	0 17
Beef per 100 lbs	6 00	@	7 00
Mutton—per lb	0 5	@	0 6
Geese—Each	0 50	@	0 60
Ducks	0 50	@	0 60
Turkeys—Each	1 00	@	2 00
Poultry—Per pair	0 50	@	0 60
BUTTER—Choice Table	0 25	@	0 00
No. 1 Firkin	0 22	@	0 24
No. 2	0 00	@	0 00
Eggs	0 22	@	0 25
Apples—per brl	0 00	@	4 50
VEGETABLES, &c.—Potatoes	0 38	@	0 40
HAY—Per ton	18 00	@	22 00
WOOD—Per cord (cubic measure)	1 25	@	0 00
Mixed Wood	3 00	@	0 00
Tamarac	2 00	@	0 00
Soft Wood	2 00	@	0 00

—In a recent issue the London *Telegraph* writes as follows, showing among others how the current sets at present:—

"The indifference of the Canadian Government and people to their own future has been the marvel of every traveller for years past; but the fact undoubtedly is that they were discouraged by the manifest preference shown by our labourers and mechanics for the neighbouring Republic. It is now well understood that the advantages of going to the United States are not so great as they were. The large towns are over-peopled, trades are crowded, house rent and clothing are dear, and the burden of taxation is enormous. In Canada scarcely any of these evils are yet experienced. Magnificent territories lie waiting for the occupation of man. It was high time that the Government made use of the vast riches in their possession. By an Act recently passed, settlers in Ontario are entitled to receive 100-acre lots of land free of charge—subject, it may be presumed, to the usual condition with reference to the proper clearing and cultivation of the soil. Several of the charitable societies are endeavouring to obtain some of this land for the benefit of the industrious poor. Here, then, is new hope for the unemployed. Not every man is able to till the soil; but where tillers of the soil go, labourers and artisans must soon follow. With two immense fields of labour open, only ten days distant from England, it should not be difficult to diminish the stress upon our market. The Canadian Government cannot be too liberal in the temptations held out to English emigrants—since every shipload of working men makes the country richer. The United States Government was sagacious enough to see that from the first, and hence the wonderful position which the country has gained within the present century."

Fine Arts.



A COMPLETE Assortment at the CANADA GAZETTE Office of

PRANG'S CHROMOS;

of which Frederic E. Church, the great American artist, says: "They are certainly most skilfully and artistically executed." And John G. Whittier "I had no idea they were home productions; I am glad to know that such beautiful work is done here." And Bayard Taylor: "Your illuminations of the Beatitudes are really superb." And Wendell Phillips; "I congratulate you on your success, which I consider marvellous," &c.

Among them the following are the most attractive:

Horses in a Storm. (After R. Adams.)
The two Friends. (Child and Dog, after Gerand.)
Sunset in California. (After Bierstadt.)
Sunlight in Winter. (After Morvillier.)
The Barefooted Boy. (After Whittier.)
Early Autumn on Esopus Creek, N. Y. (After A T. Bricher.)
Late Autumn in the White Mountains. (After A. T. Bricher.)
Six American Landscapes. (After A. T. Bricher.)
Easter Morning. [After Mrs. James M. Hart.]
The Beatitudes of Our Lord, most magnificently illuminated.
Illuminated School Room Cards, with mottoes taken from Scripture.
Illuminated crosses, Book Marks, Rewards of Merit.
The Language of Flowers, Wood and Sea Mosses, Ferns, Flowers, &c.
"OLD MOTHER HUBBARD," "The most elegant juvenile book of the season," superbly illustrated and illuminated.

Prang's Chromos are offered at 20 per cent. below the publisher's prices at the

CANADA GAZETTE OFFICE, Sparks-st., Ottawa.

Stationery.

CARTER'S COMBINED WRITING & COPYING INK.

THE ADVANTAGES OF THIS OVER OTHER INKS ARE:

First. It flows freely from the pen, and does not thicken by exposure to the air.
Second. It will give a perfect and instantaneous copy.
Third. It will not mould.
Fourth. Being equally as good for Copying as for Book-keeping, it entirely does away with the use of two kinds of Ink.
Fifth. It is more permanent than common Inks.
Sixth. The color, when first written, is a beautiful dark green, but in a remarkably short time it changes to a BRILLIANT JET BLACK—not a brownish black.
Seventh. It is admirably adapted to the most delicate writing, and ALWAYS "makes its mark."

This Ink is warranted to flow as freely as Arnold's, or any other Writing Fluid now in use; to give as perfect a copy as any Copying Ink; and not to mould.

Parties using Carter's Ink, and What They Say About it.

Post Office—" Best ink, by far; have used it for years."
Harnden Express Company—" Tried every kind, and give this the preference."
Bank of the Metropolis—" Grand, good ink; use it altogether."
Hamilton Bank—" We use Carter's ink, and think it the best."
Jordon, Marsh & Co.—" Would'nt take any other as a gift."
J. R. Palmer & Co.—" It writes splendidly and copies beautifully."
American Bank Note Company—" Never used any ink we liked so well."
Paymaster's Office—" Best ink ever made in this or any other country."
POST OFFICE, PHILADELPHIA—I give it a preference over any other ink I have ever used. It flows freely, and does not gum with exposure.
W. M. IRELAND, Chief Clerk.

Wholesale and Retail at the CANADA GAZETTE OFFICE.

NEW PUBLICATION.

CHRONICLES OF CANADA BY H. BEAUMONT SMALL, S.C.L.

Price, 50 cents. For sale by the publisher, 936tf GEORGE E. DESBARATS.

Commission Merchants.

DOMINION AUCTION MART, AND COMMISSION SALE ROOMS, HOUSE, LAND AND GENERAL AGENCY, OFFICE AND SALE ROOMS, ISLE'S NEW BUILDINGS, SUSSEX-ST., OTTAWA.

The subscriber respectfully announces to the inhabitants of Ottawa and surrounding country that at the request of many friends he has decided on opening an extensive and well regulated Auction Mart in this city.

From arrangements made with some of the Furniture Manufactories of Western Ontario, a large and well selected stock of new furniture will be constantly on hand.

Public Sales will be held from time to time, of which due notice will be given, and at which parties requiring to furnish will have an opportunity of purchasing at unusually low rates. The Mart is now open with a large stock of new Furniture, as well as Pianos, Harmoniums, &c., &c., consigned for sale.

The subscriber would also intimate that he is the sole Agent for Ottawa and territory for the sale of Rappe, Webber & Co.'s celebrated grand Piano.

They are successors to the late John C. Fox, of Kingston, and the makers of his excellent Pianos.

From their long experience in Germany, Paris, and New York, they are universally admitted to be the best Piano Manufacturers on this continent.

The high reputation of the instruments made by them for the past ten years, and the increasing demand for them in the new Dominion, prove their very superior quality, and universally acknowledged merit.

The Pianos, as well as the Furniture in the establishment, will be sold either by private sale or auction.

He would also announce that he is prepared to receive instructions from persons having household furniture, horses, carriages, or real estate, to dispose of, and pledges himself that nothing will be left undone by him to give satisfaction in discharging the trust committed to him. He hopes that by strict attention to the sales entrusted to his care, as well as by prompt settlements immediately after, to merit a share of public patronage.

He will be in his office from 7 in the morning until 7 in the evening, when he can see parties who wish to arrange about their sales. Consignments from a distance will have immediate attention.

Cash advances, when required, will be made on consignments for immediate sale.

All kinds of furniture bought, sold or exchanged.

REFERENCES.

His Lordship the Bishop of Kingston,
Hon. Sir John A. Macdonald,
Hon. H. L. Langevin, C.B.
Hon. Alex. Campbell, P.M.G.
R. W. Scott, Esq. M P P,
Walter Shanly, Esq. M P
Max. W. Strange, Esq. M P P,
Francis H. Burton, Esq. M P
James O'Rielly, Esq. Q.C.
H.V. Noel, Esq. Manager Quebec Bank, Ottawa.
Robert Lyon, Esq. M P P.

A smart young man wanted to act as travelling agent representing several firms.

J. BERMINGHAM, *Auctioneer and Commission Merchant*, House, Land and General Agent. 73 y

REMOVAL.

The subscribers beg to inform their customers and the public generally that they have removed to those spacious premises lately occupied by M. K. Dickinson, Canal Basin, and where will be found constantly on hand the following goods:

FLOUR, PORK, OATMEAL, &c.

ALSO ON HAND, 2,000 CORDS OF GOOD FIREWOOD, and 600,000 sawed SHINGLES.

Wholesale and Commission Agents.

Goods forwarded with despatch between Ottawa, Kingston and Intermediate Ports, by the Steamer *Mary Ann*, and three barges.

Silver Taken at Par.

WM. H. EASTON & CO., Forwarders and Commission Merchants, Canal Basin

For Sale or to Let.

TO LUMBERERS.—The subscriber is authorized to receive proposals for lease of the best STEAM MILL SITE on the River Ottawa, below the Chaudiere Falls. Very extensive storage for logs and piling ground. Lumber may be shipped direct from the mill.

R. H. HAYCOCK, Solicitor, Ottawa. Dec. 19, 1868. 938

FOR SALE, OR TO LET for a term of years, BELLEGREEN COTTAGE and GROUNDS, say two and a half acres, situate on the Bank of the Rideau River, (Ottawa-st.) The Cottage is built of brick and tin roofed, with a gallery all round. The gardens and grounds are in a high state of cultivation. Large storeroom, stables, granary, coach and ice house, woodsheds, &c., all in the best of order. It is one of the most healthy and comfortable residences for a private family in or about the city of Ottawa. For particulars apply to FRANCIS CLEMOW, Esq.—Office, Sparks-st., near the Russell House—or to the proprietor J. WADSWORTH.

Terms moderate. Possession given at any time to suit parties. 927tf

VALUABLE FARMS FOR SALE.—Lot 21 in the 3rd Concession, Gloucester, Ottawa Front, 200 acres, about 80 cleared and under cultivation, with comfortable Dwelling and good Barn. The bush land is principally hardwood, and very valuable from its proximity to Ottawa. Also, Lot 29, in 3rd Concession, Gloucester, Ottawa Front, containing 200 acres, 20 acres cleared. The remainder of this lot is heavily wooded with hard and soft wood. These farms will be sold separately or together as may be desired. The short distance of only 3 miles from Ottawa makes the wood of greater value. These lands are well watered, of excellent soil, and would make a fine dairy farm. Apply to the Proprietor, C. SPARROW, or to D. O'CONNOR, Solicitor, Ottawa.

Ottawa, Nov. 25, 1868. 908tf

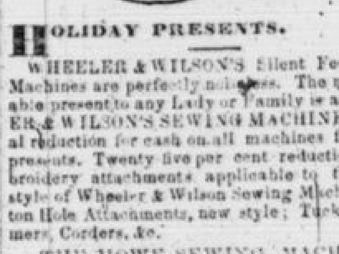
MEMBERS OF PARLIAMENT and others visiting the Capital can be accommodated with board and apartments, single or double, at a first-class Boarding House, within five minutes' walk of the Parliament Buildings. References given if required. Apply to MRS. W. PARDY, Wellington-st., Ottawa. 905-2m

ROOMS TO LET.

MRS. SMITH, Corner of Bank and Albert-sts., can rent TWO FURNISHED BEDROOMS and a SITTING ROOM. 868tf

FOR SALE.—The Westerly one-third of Lot No. 27, in First Concession, Ottawa Front, Nepean, and Lots Nos. 26 and 28, in the same concession, at present in the occupation of Wm. T. Aylen, Esq. For further particulars apply to JOHN AND WM. FRIMSON, Nepean, and LEWIS & PINHEY, Barristers, Ottawa. Je2-141-tf

Sewing Machines.



HOLIDAY PRESENTS.

WHEELER & WILSON'S Silent Feed Sewing Machines are perfectly noiseless. The most valuable present to any Lady or Family is a WHEELER & WILSON'S SEWING MACHINE. A liberal reduction for cash on all machines for holiday presents. Twenty five per cent reduction on Embroidery attachments applicable to the former style of Wheeler & Wilson Sewing Machine. Button Hole Attachments, new style; Tuckers, Trimmers, Corders, &c.

THE HOWE SEWING MACHINES are best for Carriage Trimmers, Shoemakers and Tailors.

Call and see for yourselves; no trouble to show you how they sew.

Remember 37, Sparks-st., Ottawa; and 103 King-st., West Toronto.

G. A. WALTON, *Agent for Ontario*,
R. W. STEPHEN, *Manager for Ottawa Office*.
930tf

PUBLIC NOTICE

Is hereby given that the Map or Plan and Book of Reference of the Canada Central Railway Company, from the City of Ottawa to its junction with the Line of the Brockville and Ottawa Railway Company, have been deposited in the office of the Department of Public Works, and a copy of such parts of the Map or Plan and Book of Reference, as relate to the County of Carleton, has been deposited in the office of the Clerk of the Peace for the County of Carleton, and a copy of such parts as relate to the County of Lanark, has been deposited in the office of the Clerk of the Peace for the County of Lanark.

Dated this Tenth day of August, 1868.

W. R. WORSLEY, C. C. Rly.

GEO. MAYES, COPPER PLATE PRINTER, *Bank Street, Centre Town,* Between Sparks & Queen Streets.

Bills of Exchange, Bill Heads, Visiting Cards, &c., Printed on the shortest notice.

DOMINION Telegraph Company!

Capital Stock......................$500,000.

IN 10,000 SHARES AT $50 EACH.

President, HON. WM. CAYLEY.	**Treasurer,** HON. J. McMURRICH.
Secretary, H. B. REEVE.	
Counsel. MESSRS. CAMERON & McMICHAEL.	**General Superintendent,** MARTIN RYAN.

DIRECTORS.

HON. J. McMURRICH—Bryce, McMurrich & Co., Toronto.
A. R. McMASTER Esq.—A. R. McMaster & Brother, Toronto.
HON. M. C. CAMERON,—Provincial Secretary, Toronto.
JAMES MICHIE, Esq.—Fulton, Michie & Co., and Geo. Michie & Co., Toronto.
HON. WM. CAYLEY,—Toronto.
A. M. SMITH, Esq.—A. M. Smith & Co., Toronto.
L. MOFFATT, Esq.—Moffatt, Murray & Co., Toronto.
H. B. REEVE, Esq.—Toronto.
MARTIN RYAN, Esq.—Toronto.

PROSPECTUS

THE DOMINION TELEGRAPH COMPANY has been organized under the Act respecting Telegraph Companies, chapter 67 of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada. Its object is to cover the Dominion of Canada with a complete net-work of Telegraph Lines.

THE CAPITAL STOCK

Is $500,000, divided into 10,000 shares of $50 each, 5 per cent to be paid at the time of subscribing, the balance to be paid by instalments, not exceeding 10 per cent per month—said instalments to be called in as the works progress.

THE BUSINESS AFFAIRS OF THE COMPANY

are under the management of a Board of Directors annually elected by the shareholders in conformity with the Charter and By-laws of the Company.

The Directors are of opinion that it would be to the interest of the Stockholders generally to obtain subscriptions from all quarters of Canada, and with this view they propose to divide the Stock amongst the different towns and cities throughout the Dominion in allotments suited to the population and business occupations of the different localities and the interest which they may be supposed to take in such an enterprise.

CONTRACTS OF CONNECTIONS.

A contract, granting permanent connection and extraordinary advantages, has already been executed, between this Company and the Atlantic and Pacific Company of New York; thus, at the very commencement, is the Lines of this Company are constructed from the Suspension Bridge, at Clifton (the point of connection) to any point in the Dominion, all the chief cities and places in the States, touched by the Lines of the Atlantic and Pacific Telegraph Company, are brought in immediate connection therewith.

A permanent connection has also been secured with the Great Western Telegraph Company of Chicago, whereby this Company will be brought into close connection with all the Lake Ports and other places through the North Western States, and through to California.

All classes of Society are interested in extending the use of the Telegraph, at LOW RATES, and the Directors are satisfied, that the adoption of a scale of charges considerably below the rates now exacted in Canada, will by encouraging a much more extended use of this medium of communication, not only prove a real and substantial benefit to the public generally, but will also ensure a safe and profitable return to the Investor.

On the 25th day of June, A.D., 1868, the DOMINION TELEGRAPH COMPANY was duly CHARTERED according to law.

The admitted importance and value of Telegraphy, would, in the opinion of the Directors, have rendered any introduction of the Dominion Telegraph Company to the Canadian public unnecessary had it not been that previous attempts to establish Telegraph Companies in Canada, to share the business with the Montreal Company, had been allowed to fall through.

The success of a Telegraph Company will mainly depend on its ability to meet the demands of the public, and consequently it should possess, at least, equal facilities with any other Company, of access to all quarters with which its customers may desire to have communication.

This important requisite has not been, until now, within the reach of any Company entering the field as a competitor with the Montreal Company, in consequence of the close and exclusive connection formed between that Company and the Western Union Company, of the United States, the latter by virtue of certain patents, having until within these two years, monopolized nearly the whole of the telegraph business of the neighboring republic.

The business relations between these two Companies continue in full force, but the patents having run out, the monopoly so long enjoyed by the Western Union has ceased to exist.

The Atlantic and Pacific, the Great Western, and other American Companies have invaded the field, and have become successful competitors for the public patronage and support. These Companies, acting on the cheap postage principle, have forced the old monopolist to a reduction of rates, which has resulted in a more widely extended use of this means of communication, and much to the surprise of the Western Union itself, has increased its profits, whilst sharing its field of operations.

With these new Companies the Dominion Telegraph Company of Canada have entered into most satisfactory business relations, and confident of the soundness of the principle which led to the adoption of the penny-postage system in Great Britain, the voluntary reduction from $100 to $16 65 per ten word message by the Ocean Cable Company, and the successful operations of the Companies recently established in the United States, invite the business and mercantile community of Canada to join them in the promotion of an enterprise, based on the principle of moderate rates and extended business which, while injuring no one, they confidently expect will result in securing a large return to the investor, and prove a vast benefit to the community.

Allusion has been made to the voluntary reduction of rates by the Atlantic Cable Company. A Chicago paper, writing on the subject of the growing use of the Telegraph, gives the following returns as obtained directly from Cyrus W. Field, showing very conclusively the benefit both to the public and the Company of the reduction of rates.

AVERAGE DAILY RECEIPTS.

From $100 per message of ten words	$2,525
do 50 do do	2,895
do 25 do do	3,965

An advertisement has recently appeared announcing to the public that the rates from 1st September, proximo, will be further reduced to $16,65 per ten words.

The following table shows the reduction which has been effected in rates in the neighboring States arising out of the construction of competing lines:—

From New York to	*Former Rate.*	*Present Rate.*
Boston	$ 60	$ 30
Bangor	1 20	65
Portland	90	50
Philadelphia	40	25
Baltimore	70	35
Washington	75	40
Augusta, Me.	1 20	60
Cincinnati	1 90	1 00
Buffalo	75	50
Cleveland	1 95	1 00
Pittsburgh	1 15	45
Louisville	1 95	1 00

This reduction took place in November, 1867. A comparison of the receipts of the Western Union since that period with the corresponding months of the previous year gives the following results:—

Gross Receipts for

December, 1866	$ 551,971 40	December, 1867	$576,135 19	Increase	$ 24,163 79
Jany., Feb., March,'67	1,594,644 96	Jany., Feb., March,'68	1,727,939 55	Increase	133,294 59
April, May, June, '67	1,559,178 79	April, May, June, '68	1,749,031 52	Increase	189,852 73

While these beneficial results were flowing to the Western Union Company from the reduction of rates, the new Companies had created a business more than sufficient to fill their wires. In proof of this the following extract is taken from the report of the Atlantic and Pacific Company, made July 28th, 1868:—

"In April last we reached the maximum capacity of our wires, and have since been compelled to refuse business daily. The Committee, therefore, have reached the conclusion from the actual experience of building and working the present lines—that

"Telegraphic business is growing faster than Telegraphic facilities."

As further proof on this point, the low rates have so pressed the wires of both Companies with business through the day, that posters have been placed in all the main offices proclaiming that double the number of words would be telegraphed at night at the same price as half the number of words by day.

In support of the observation quoted above, that telegraphic business is growing faster than telegraphic facilities, the following statement exhibiting the wonderful increase in the use of the wire, within the last six years, cannot be without interest to our readers. The gross earnings of all telegraph lines in the United States for the following years were:—

1840	$ 4,228 17	1864	$3,792,245 40
1849	63,338 98	1865	4,420,268 88
1853	103,860 84	1866	5,624,801 20
1852	2,731,980 40	1867	7,841,552 47
1863	3,269,412 66		

Showing an average increase of a million a year for the last five years.

A comparison of the number of messages, and persons using the wire in Canada and the States, furnishes a further proof of the advantage to the public and corresponding benefit to the Companies arising out of a reduction of rates.

The published returns for 1867, show that 609 757 messages were sent in Canada, while the messages in the United States for the same period exceeded 20,000,000, the former being less than one message to every six persons, the latter, two to every three. From these returns and results it may be reasonably inferred that a reduction of rates to a tariff at which the wires of both Companies can be filled, will secure a fair field and good prospects to the Dominion Company without in any way prejudicing the interests of the Company now monopolizing the ground.

The particulars submitted above are sufficient in the opinion of the Directors to establish the fact that low rates, by encouraging a more general use of the telegraph, are more profitable than high. It is not, however, solely in the light of a safe and good investment that the Directors desire that this enterprise should be viewed. They feel that their object will be but indifferently attained unless they can satisfy the public, the business and commercial men, that all who use the telegraph as a medium of rapid communication, are interested in the establishment of what may be called a competing line. As in the administration of public affairs, a strong, watchful opposition, is the best security for good and careful government: so in commercial matters, an honest rivalry in the various pursuits and branches of trade furnishes the best security that the public shall be well served.

To apply the argument to the purpose in hand, the following table showing the inconsistencies, and, in many instances, the excessive rates now charged on messages passing between the cities and towns of Ontario, Quebec and the United States, will, it is believed, convince the reader that an honest competition is needed, not only for the reduction and adjustment of rates, but also to ensure that attention and care which would of necessity be enforced on the Companies competing for public favor, and thus tend greatly to promote the general interests of the community.

EXAMPLE OF PRESENT TARIFF RATES, WITH DISTANCES.

			MILES.	CANADA MONEY.
From Toronto	to	Suspension Bridge	82	40c
Do	do	Montreal	333	30
Do	do	Mitchell, Seaforth, Bothwell, Ailsa Craig, Caledonia, Chatham, Dunville, Newbury, Port Burwell, Port Colborne and many other places		40
Do	do	Kingston	160	25
Do	do	Quebec	505	50

Example at present tariff rates to Buffalo, and from thence to the following places, in U. S. currency, which reduced to Canada money at 45 per cent premium, makes the actual cost, as in second column:—

Price Collected at Toronto.		ACTUAL COST, BOTH TARIFFS.		
To New York	80c	From Toronto to Buffalo		30c
		Buffalo to New York. 50c	Reduced to Canada Money.	35c—$0 65
To Philadelphia	$1 05	From Toronto to Buffalo		30c
		Buffalo to Philadelphia. 75c	Reduced to Canada Money.	52c—$0 82
To Washington	$1 30	From Toronto to Buffalo		30c
		Buffalo to Washington. 90c	Reduced to Canada Money.	62c—$0 92
To Baltimore	$1 30	From Toronto to Buffalo		30c
		Buffalo to Baltimore. 85c	Reduced to Canada Money.	59c—$0 89
To Chicago	$1 35	From Toronto to Detroit		60c
		Detroit to Chicago. 75c	Reduced to Canada Money.	52c—$1 12
To New Orleans	$3 05	From Toronto to Buffalo		30c
		Buffalo to New Orleans. $2 75c	Reduced to Canada Money.	$1 90c—$2 20

NOTE.—The same illustration may be applied to all the places in the United States, Canadians are obliged to pay a profit on the published rates.

Subscription Books will be opened at the Office of the Company, 83 King-st. east, on and after September 1st 1868.

H. B. REEVE, Secretary.

Toronto, September 29, 1868. 860tf

Medical Cards.

EDWARD C. MALLOCH, M.D., M.R.C.S. Duke-st., LeBreton's Flats, "opposite the well." Office hours from 8:30 to 10:30 a m, and 3 to 5 p.m.

DR. G. C. WOOD, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Ottawa. Day office opposite Magee & Russell's, Sparks-street, Centre Town. Night office at his residence, Maria-street, Centre Town. CANCERS CURED, without the use of the knife, by a new, but certain, speedy, and almost painless process. References given to parties successfully treated, if required. 17w100y

DR. C. LEGGO, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Office—Hunton's Block, Sparks-street.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street, Central Ottawa. 8tf

DR. C. A. MARTIN, Dentist. Office—Sussex-street, over Messrs. Campbell & Co.'s, Grocers. 3tf

DR. GEORGE HUTCHISON, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street, opposite Magee & Russell's. 576y

DR. W. J. HENRY, Corner of Kent and Wellington streets, Ottawa. 43tf

Hotels and Saloons.

"GOING DOWN TO MONTREAL ?"

Put up at the "CITY HOTEL," one of the most comfortable houses in the city.

This Hotel has just been fitted up in a first-class style, and at an enormous expense; its accommodations are of the best kind, it contains 75 rooms, with good yard and stabling for 60 horses. The table is always supplied with all the delicacies of the season. The Bar is also supplied with the very best of Liquors. Besides all that, this Hotel is situated right in the centre of business, near the R.R. Depot, and within a few minutes walk from the Banks and Post Office.

Terms are exceedingly moderate. Try once and you will be satisfied.

Remember the Place "City Hotel," 78, 80 and 82, St. Joseph-street, Montreal.

CHARLES LAURIN, Proprietor. 8?3tf

PICKWICK HOUSE, Corner James and King-sts., Opposite the Court House and Public Offices, ST. CATHARINES, Ont.

E. HOUGHTON, Proprietor, (Late of Houghton's Dining Saloon.)

A spacious sample-room for commercial travellers. 859y

OTTAWA HOUSE.

Corner of Main and Prince of Wales-streets, Pembroke, Ontario.

Stages in connection with the steamers *Jason Gould, Pembroke* and *Pontiac*.

Particular attention paid to the comfort of guests. Good rooms for commercial travellers. Horses and vehicles always on hand.

J. COPELAND, Proprietor. Pembroke, Aug. 1, 1868. 809y

TORONTO HOUSE, Sparks-st.

MRS. TROTTER begs to announce that she has at present several commodious and handsomely furnished suites of apartments, in every respect eligible for civil or military officers, or private gentlemen remaining in the city. 773tf

REVERE HOUSE, OTTAWA.

G. A. BUCKE, W. H. SANGER, PROPRIETORS.

This first-class Hotel has been re-furnished and refitted throughout, and now combines all the requisites of a first-class establishment. 582tf

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT, M. KAVANAGH, *Proprietor*, Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings.

The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brandies, Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.

Oysters, Game etc., daily

THE METROPOLITAN, AUMOND'S BLOCK, *Rideau Street Ottawa.*

292tf P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.

DOMINION HOUSE, WELLINGTON-STREET.

The undersigned, formerly head waiter at the Russell House, begs to notify his friends and the public generally that he has leased the above hotel, which is now well furnished, and will be kept as a first class house. The bar is well stocked with the choicest brands of liquors. The table will be furnished with the best the market affords. Good yard and stabling attached to the premises.

658y GEORGE IRVINE.

Miscellaneous.

I. B. TACKABERRY, Auction Rooms No. 36, Rideau-street, below Whyte's Stationery Store. The sale of Real Estate at Auction or private sale promptly attended to. Consignments received and immediate attention will be paid. Sales attended in any of the city or country. 693y

R. SPARKS, Provincial Land Surveyor, Draughtsman, &c., (commissioned for Upper and Lower Canada.) Office and residence, Gloucester, near Ottawa. Surveys of every description executed with accuracy. Communications addressed Ottawa City, (post-paid), or left at the office of N. Sparks, Solicitor, &c., Ottawa, will receive prompt attention. 55 y

S. BILLINGS, Jr., Architect, Elgin street opposite the Post Office.

REFERENCES.—H A Sims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany; Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reyrolds, Esq Managing Director O. & St. L. R. R. 740t

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale. OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

O'CONNOR & WALLER, Exchange Brokers, Fire, Life and Accidental Insurance, Commission and Collecting Agents.

Office, No. 27, Sussex-street, Ottawa.

R. E. O'CONNOR. 378y W. H. WALLER.

OLIVER & ANNABLE, Wholesale Manufacturers of Bedsteads, Chairs, &c., Chaudiere Island, Ottawa, C. W.

JOHN OLIVER, WILLIAM ANNABLE. 506y

R. H. McGREEVY, Contractor and Builder. Office: North side York Street, second door from Sussex Street. 78y

PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS, &c.,

Prepared for buildings of every description, by SIDNEY B. FRIPP, Architect, Wellington-st. 711tf

COAL! COAL!

NEWCASTLE GRATE, (Screened.)
LACKAWANNA, (Egg and Stove Sizes.)
LEHIGH, (Lump and Egg Sizes.)
BLACKSMITH'S, $6 per Chaldron.

For Sale by D. W. COWARD & CO., Commission Merchants, Office—17 Sparks-st. 912-3m

GENERAL NOTICE!

TO FARMERS & OTHERS INTERESTED.

We beg to announce that our large sale of BANKRUPT GOODS will close in 20 days, having nearly cleared out our stock, and we take this opportunity of thanking our patrons.

Our stock consists of *Stoves of every Size, Pattern or Style,* and we guarantee to suit in price; also, Tinware, Lamps, Oils, Lamp Trimmings, Brushes, Wire Goods, Japanned Ware, and General House Furnishings.

Farmers, we have the Stoves for you at astounding prices.

ESMONDE BROS., Centre Town, opp. Ontario Bank.

Millinery.

NOTICE.

MRS. SMITH having received her new styles of FALL HATS & BONNETS, will be happy to see her old friends and the public generally. Gent' Felt Hats cleaned, dyed and done over in the best style

N.B.—The most fashionable Mantles and Coats made to order, Corner of Bank and Albert-sts.

October 10 868tf

Legal Cards.

MACPHERSON, KENNEDY & CHRISTIE, Barristers, &c., Lang's Block, Elgin-st., Ottawa.

J. P. MACPHERSON, G. KENNEDY, A. J. CHRISTIE.

J. W. WARD, of the late firm of Lewis Pinhey & Ward, has removed his Chancery Office to Bell's Law Chambers, opposite Russell House, Elgin-st. dw

NICHOLAS SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

F. A. MARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 902y

MOSGROVE & TAILLON, Barristers, Solicitors, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.

WILLIAM MOSGROVE. 36tf GEORGE TAILLON.

N. TETREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post Office. 890tf

LAPIERRE & HAYCOCK, Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers and Notaries Public, Corner of Sussex and York-streets, Ottawa. 388y

D. O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex-street. Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 55y

R. H. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Post Office Building, Elgin-street, Ottawa. 43tf

P. J. BUCKLEY, L.L.B., Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, and Notary Public. Office—over Mr. Lake Cuzner's Boot and Shoe Store, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 331y

LEES & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. Office—In the Court House, Ottawa.

ROBERT LEES. 43tf JOHN J. GEMMILL.

EDWARD T. DARTNELL, Barrister, Solicitor, Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the Court House, L'Orignal. 34 6m

Educational.

EDUCATION—CLASSICAL AND GENERAL.

THE REV. GEO. NOEL HIGGINSON, M. A., Incumbent of New Edinburgh, with the especial sanction of the Bishop of the Diocese, receives a limited number of the sons of gentlemen as morning pupils.

Residence—Dalhousie-st., Ottawa.

Terms made known on application. 940tf

ST. ALBAN'S SCHOOL, DALY-ST.

PRINCIPAL: REV. BICKERTON A. EDWARDS, B. A., (ex-scholar Jesus Coll., Oxford.)

Business will be resumed on MONDAY, JAN. 4th. Hours of Study—9.30 a.m. to 12.30, and 2 to 4 p.m.

SCHOOL FEES.—For Sound Commercial and English Education, $4 per term. Higher Mathematics, Latin, Greek, French and Music, (each) $2 per term EXTRA.

The school year will, as hitherto, be divided into three terms.

A reduction made for brothers, and for payments made in the first week of term. 938tf

MUSICAL ACADEMY.

Mr. GUSTAVE SMITH, (Organist of the Cathedral) a Graduate of the Imperial Conservatory of Paris. Lessons on Piano and Singing. Rideau-street, corner of King-street

Ottawa, June 25, 1868. 775y

PIANO-FORTE TUITION.

W. C. CLARK, Professor of Music and Teacher of Piano, Voice and Harmony. Also, Mrs. Clark, Teacher of Drawing and Painting. Music Rooms and Residence, O'Connor-street, corner of Slater-street, Centre Town.

Orders may be left at his residence or at Orme & Son's Music Store. 452

TUITION.

MONS. H. BERTHELOT, of the Ottawa Grammar School, is now prepared to give private lessons in the French language. Terms moderate.

N. B.—Will also give lessons in the Latin, Greek or English languages if required.

Orders may be left at Messrs. Durie & Son's bookstore.

Ottawa, October 16, 1868. 873tf

THE SISTERS OF THE CONGREGATION DE NOTRE DAME, *FROM MONTREAL*, respectfully inform the public that they will open a branch of their *Educational Establishment in Ottawa.*

Their classes will begin on the 15th OCTOBER. For particulars and terms apply to the LADY SUPERIORESS, Corner of O'Connor and Maria-sts. 863tf

Druggists.

HOLIDAY PRESENTS AT THE MEDICAL HALL, 28 Sparks-st., Ottawa

Toilet Boxes in variety,
Rimmel's New Perfumes,
Cambridge Bouquet,
Oxford Bouquet,
English Lavender Water,
Silver Top Smelling Bottles,
Scotch Plaid Smelling Bottles,
Improved Perfumed Distributors, &c., &c., &c.

A complete stock just received of Toilet Articles, Patent Medicines, Genuine Drugs and Chemicals, Druggists' Sundries of all descriptions.

W. M. MASSEY, Family and Dispensing Chemist.

Dye Works.

BRANCH OF ST. LAWRENCE DYE WORKS, Elgin-st., (*Opposite the Russell House,*) Ottawa, Ont.

MACDONALD & CO., SILK AND WOOLLEN DYERS, *Scourers, Hot Pressers, &c.*

Gentlemen's Clothes cleaned and dyed. Kid Gloves cleaned. 894-3m

OTTAWA CITY STEAM DYE WORKS, Sussex-st., SIGN OF THE GOLDEN SHEEP, *Opposite Martineau's Store,*

Has not removed to Centre Town, but can be found at the above address.

Great reduction in prices for cleaning or dyeing. All kinds of Wool, Cotton, Silk, &c., done at reduced rates.

No use of sending goods to Montreal.

Encourage home manufactures.

LETHAM & BRUNAIS, Sussex-st. 876tf

ENLARGED PORTRAITURE OF EVERY DESCRIPTION BOTH COLOURED AND PLAIN, COLOURED AND PLAIN, COLOURED AND PLAIN, AT W. NOTMAN'S, METCALFE-STREET.

TO TOURISTS.—The largest collection in the Dominion of Photographs of Canadian Scenery

Ottawa, Sept. 7, 1868. 582y

CONCENTRATED LYE.

CAUTION TO THE PUBLIC.

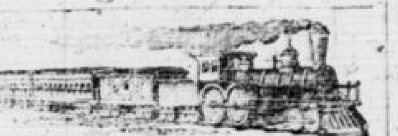
The remarkable success which has attended the introduction of the celebrated Concentrated Lye into Canadian market, by the subscriber, has excited the cupidity of an unprincipled firm in town (which has already been convicted of borrowing other people's brains) by a spurious imitation called Saponifier. To avoid disappointment, purchasers should be careful to ask for Harte's Concentrated Lye, which is sold by all respectable Druggists and Grocers in town and country. 783y

BOARD.

Five or six gentlemen boarders can get rooms, with or without board, in the vicinity of Sandy Hill, within ten minutes walk of the Parliament Buildings, by applying at the Office of this paper.

Ottawa, October 10, 1868. 868tf

Railroads.



GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY COMPANY OF CANADA.

1868. WINTER ARRANGEMENTS. 1869.

Trains now leave BONAVENTURE STATION as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburg, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at	9:10	a m
Night do do do do do	8:30	p m
Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at	7:00	a m
Trains for Lachine at 8:00 a m, 9:30 a m, 3:00 p.m., 5:00 p.m.		

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations at	7.00	a m
Express for Boston at	8:40	a m
Express for New York and Boston at	3:30	p m
via Vermont Central.		
Express for New York via Plattsburgh, Lake Champlain, Burlington & Rutland at	3:00	p m
Express for Island Pond, at	2:00	p m
Night Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham and Portland, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St. Hilaire, St. Hyacinthe, Acton, Richmond, Sherbrooke, Waterville and Coaticook only, at	10:10	p m

Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains. Baggage checked through.

The steamer *Carlotta* leaves Portland every SATURDAY AFTERNOON (after the arrival of train from Montreal on Friday night), for Halifax, N.S., returning on Tuesday.

She has excellent accommodation for passengers and freight.

The International Company's Steamers, running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway, leave Portland every MONDAY, at 5 p m, for St. John, N.B.

Tickets issued through at the Company's principal stations.

For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure Station.

C. J. BRYDGES, Managing Director. Montreal, Dec. 7, 1868.

CHANGE OF TIME

ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY, (formerly the Ottawa & Prescott Railway.)

ON and AFTER MONDAY, the 30th of NOV., 1868, and until further notice, TRAINS will run as follows:

LEAVE OTTAWA.	ARRIVE IN PRESCOTT.
Express, 8 a. m.	10.30 a. m.
Mixed, 1.00 p. m.	4.15 p. m.
LEAVE PRESCOTT.	ARRIVE IN OTTAWA.
Mixed, 7. 30 a. m.	11.00 a. m.
Express, 2.10 p. m.	4.45 p. m.

The time of these Trains has been so arranged as to ensure connection with night and day trains on Grand Trunk, east and west.

Baggage to and from Ottawa checked through from and to stations on Grand Trunk Railway.

Return tickets to Prescott, Kemptville and Ottawa at reduced rates can be had at the principal stations of the line.

T. S. DETLOR, Superintendent. THOMAS REYNOLDS, Managing Director.

N. B.—The above Trains all run by Montreal Time.

Ottawa, Nov. 27, 1868. 1y

BROCKVILLE & OTTAWA RAILWAY.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT, *Commencing on the 20th April, 1868.*

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

7:15 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Brockville daily at 7.15 a.m., and 3:15 p.m., arriving at Sandpoint at 12:40 p. m. and 9 p.m.

LEAVE SANDPOINT.

5:15 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Sandpoint at 5:15 a.m. and 1:30 p.m., arriving at Brockville at 11:30 a.m. and 7:45 p.m.

All trains on main line connect at Smith's Falls with Trains to and from Perth.

The 7:15 a.m. train from Brockville connects with U. F. Coy's Steamers for Ottawa, Portage-du-Fort, Pembroke, &c., &c., and the 1:15 p.m. train from Sandpoint leaves after those steamers are due from east and west.

H. ABBOTT, *Managing Director.*

Brockville, April 11. 472y

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER! Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites. &c., &c.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer has now been before the public for a length of time, and whenever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Dealers are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying to the universal satisfaction it gives.

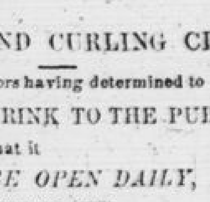
The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it. Physicians order and use it; and no family will without it after once trying it.

Price twenty-five cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN, Newcastle, C. W., General Agents for C. W.

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M Massey, H. F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J. Brown, in Ottawa.

Amusements.



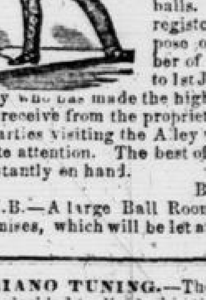
OTTAWA SKATING AND CURLING CLUB.

The Directors having determined to OPEN THEIR RINK TO THE PUBLIC, Beg to announce that it *WILL BE OPEN DAILY,* FROM AND AFTER MONDAY NEXT, 11TH JANUARY, INST., between the hours of 8 a.m. and 10 p.m., Sundays excepted, TO ALL SKATERS, on payment of TEN CENTS for each time of admission.

For the Directors, G. W. LESTER, Manager.

Ottawa, January 11, 1869. 946a

DOMINION BOWLING ALLEY.



The subscriber begs to inform his friends that he opened on MONDAY, the 26th OCTOBER, his BOWLING ALLEY. This is one of the best in the Capital, and equal to any in America. It contains four alleys, and with first class balls. There will be kept a register book for the purpose of marking the number of points made each day to 1st January next, and the party who has made the highest number of points will receive from the proprietor a rich prize.

Parties visiting the Alley will be received with polite attention. The best of liquors will be found constantly on hand.

B. B. LARIVIERE.

N.B.—A large Ball Room is attached to the premises, which will be let at a low figure. B. B. L.

PIANO TUNING.—The subscriber having decided to divide his time equally between Ottawa and Ogdensburgh, would beg to inform his his old patrons and others, that he hopes, in future, to attend to their orders for tuning more promptly than heretofore. Shall visit Ottawa once a month. Orders received at Mr. Bermingham's Auction Rooms, and at E. Miles' Music Store.

GEO. N. BENEDICT.

Agencies.

PROVINCIAL INSURANCE.

MALCOLM CAMERON, Agent. Desbarats' Buildings. Office of Queen's Printer.

An entirely Canadian institution—perfect security to insurers, and immediate payment of claims.

Ottawa, Dec. 8, 1868.

UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY *OF MAINE.*

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, Ottawa, 12th October, 1868.

No. 10.

The following Insurance Company has received a license to transact the business of Life Insurance in Canada:

No. 33. The UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, of Maine.

Deposit in U. S. 6s of '81—$50,000.

E. R. CORWIN, General Agent, St. John, N.B. For the Minister of Finance, JOHN LANGTON, Auditor.

I have this day, deposited with the Receiver General, Twenty Thousand Dollars in addition to the above Fifty Thousand, making Seventy Thousand Dollars ($70 000) U. S. Gold Bonds, 6s of '81.

The Hon. Col. John H. Gray, M P, has been appointed Counsel to the Company for the Dominion. All legal matters will be referred to him.

E. R. CORWIN, Manager.

Ottawa, November 7, 1868.

ROYAL CANADIAN BANK.

OTTAWA AGENCY, OFFICE—DESBARATS' BUILDING, 72 Sparks-st.

M. P. HAYES, Agent.

WATCHES.

J. SEWILL, LIVERPOOL,

Manufacturer by special appointment to HER MAJESTY THE QUEEN, ROYAL FAMILY, AND COURT OF SPAIN, THE RIGHT HONORABLE THE LORDS COMMISSIONERS OF THE ADMIRALTY, AND HER MAJESTY QUEEN VICTORIA'S ROYAL NAVY:

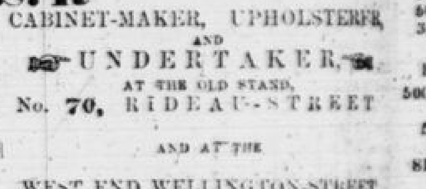
Prize Medalist of the Great International Exhibition of London, 1862, and of the Universal Exhibition of Paris, 1867.

WE HEREBY APPOINT Mr. JOHN LESLIE, Sparks-street, Agent for Ottawa and Vicinity, For the sale of these *celebrated Timekeepers.*

H. & A. SAUNDERS, Montreal.

Sole Wholesale Agents in the Dominion for sale of *J. Sewill's* Watches.

Ottawa May 20.



S. ROGERS, CABINET-MAKER, UPHOLSTERER, AND UNDERTAKER, AT THE OLD STAND, No. 70, RIDEAU-STREET AND AT THE WEST END WELLINGTON-STREET, Where the usual assortment of Cabinet and Upholstering Goods can be obtained at moderate prices.

UNDERTAKING.

The Undertaking branch is under S. R.'s immediate superintendence, who attends all Funerals without Extra Charge, and has constantly on hand a large assortment of Ready-made Coffins, of all sizes and qualities; METALLIC, BLACK CLOTH, COBOURG, &c.

Parties ordering Mahogany, Walnut, Oak, or other Hardwood Coffins, may rely on getting a genuine article, (no stained Butternut sold for Walnut.)

Persons desirous of keeping their deceased relatives for a few days, or even a week, can do so without the least possible inconvenience by applying to S. Rogers, who has had over 20 years' experience in the above branches, and feels confident of giving satisfaction.

N.B.—The Undertaking Branch will be found second to none in Ottawa.

Express Waggons always ready for the removal of Furniture.

RESIDENCE—At the West End Establishment, Wellington-st.

Ottawa, September 4, 1868. 83?y

Hardware.

HARDWARE! AT THOS. ISAAC'S, CENTRE TOWN, PLOUGHS, CULTIVATORS, *IRON, COAL,* SHELF & HEAVY HARDWARE, NAILS, ROPE, CHAINS,

and a general assortment of House-furnishings, Cornices, &c., at the lowest cash prices to be found in the Ottawa market.

ALSO, STOVES, all patterns and sizes, for coal and wood from the Prescott, Kingston, Toronto, Hamilton and Montreal Foundries, with drums, pipes, furniture, &c., the cheapest to be had in town.

PARODEE'S EPILEPTIC CURE.

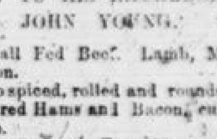
For the relief and cure of Epilepsy, St. Vitus' Dance, Puerperal Hysteria, &c., &c. This preparation is from the recipe of a celebrated French Physician, and the very great success which has attended its use in every case, and where the highest medical skill was of no avail, has induced the subscriber to give it every possible publicity. The genuine has the subscriber's name and address on each bottle. Price one dollar. Sole Proprietor J. A. HARTE, Chemist, 376, Notre Dame-street Montreal.

Harte's Florida Water, equal to anything imported. Price 37½ cents per bottle. 783y

RANDALL & MONTGOMERY, PLAIN, ORNAMENTAL AND DECORATIVE PAINTERS, *AND PAPER HANGERS,* Chaudiere and Hull. (Shop next to R. R. Booth's Store, Chaudiere) House, Sign, Villa and general painting executed on the most reasonable terms. Ceilings and walls distempered in colors to suit. Fresco work of all kinds to order.

References permitted to the following gentlemen: A. H. Baldwin & Co., J. R. Booth, Esq., R. R. Booth, Esq., Rev. Mr. Johnson, Hull; Rev Mr. Pickel, Ottawa; Mr. Haycock, Architect.

August 26. 829-6m



SATCHELL BROS., By appointment BUTCHERS TO HIS EXCELLENCY SIR JOHN YOUNG.

Superior Stall Fed Beef, Lamb, Mutton and Veal in season.

N.B.—Also spiced, rolled and rounds of Beef, and sugar-cured Hams and Bacon, cured in the English style.

930-3m No. 7, Lower Town Market, Ottawa.

NOTICE.

Application will be made at the next Session of the Legislature of Ontario for an act to incorporate the CALEDONIA PEAT MANUFACTURING & SMELTING COMPANY, with powers to construct a Canal or Railway from some point in the Township of Caledonia to the navigable waters of the Ottawa or South Nation Rivers, and to authorize the Municipality of Caledonia to grant to the said Company so much of the road allowances between the first and fifth concessions as may be required for the manufacture of Peat fuel. 88?tf

THE TIMES is printed and published by THE OTTAWA TIMES PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY, at the Office, 38, Sparks-st Centre Town, Ottawa. JAMES COTTON Managing Director. ALEX. ROBERTSON Editor.

VOL. I... | Dry G... | HICK & CO. Have removed to their ...art's Block, Corner of R... where they will offer, ... goods. | $30,000 ... Purchased at Public Auction ... mense Bankrupt Stock ... MARTERY, JORDAINE ... sold on account of T. JA... | BROAD CLOTH ... Witneys, Mant... BLACK DOES ... 85 PIECES DOMI... | 1,000 doz. ... SHIRTS! SHIRTS ... | CORSETS ... | A T CUNNINGHAM & ... | BOULEVARD FELT ... | BEAUTY, ECONOMY ... | REMOVAL. NO. 34, SPA... T. RAJO... | FLOWER BULBS. ... HYACINTH, TULIP A... BUL... Ottawa, October 17, 1868

TIGHT BINDING

Agencies.

[PRO]VINCIAL INSURANCE.
[M]ALCOLM CAMERON,
...Desbarat's Block
Office of Queen's Printer,
...y Canadian institution—perfect security
...and immediate payment of claims.
Dec. 8, 1868. 218f

...N MUTUAL
INSURANCE COMPANY,
OF MAINE.
Finance Department,
Ottawa, 12th October, 1868.
...wing Insurance Company has received
...transact the business of Life Insurance
The UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSUR...
...MPANY, of Maine.
...n U. S. 6s of '81—$50,000;
...RWIN, General Agent, St. John, N.B.
For the Minister of Finance,
JOHN LANGTON,
Auditor.
...his day, deposited with the Receiver
...wenty Thousand Dollars in addition to
...fifty Thousand, making Seventy Thou...
...rs ($70,000) U. S. Gold Bonds. Geo. W.
...Col. John H. Gray, M.P., has been
...counsel to the Company for the Domin...
...gal matters will be referred to him.
B. R. CORWIN,
Manager.
...ovember 7, 1868. 904f

...CANADIAN BANK.

[O]TTAWA AGENCY,
...DESBARATS' BUILDING,
77 Sparks-st.
M. P. HAYES, Agt.

[W]ATCHES.
...ILL, LIVERPOOL,
...cturer by special appointment to
...TY THE QUEEN, ROYAL FAMILY,
AND
COURT OF SPAIN,
...T HONORABLE THE LORDS COM...
...NERS OF THE ADMIRALTY,
AND
...QUEEN VICTORIA'S ROYAL
NAVY:
...ist of the Great International Exhibi...
London, 1862, and of the Uni...
...al Exhibition of Paris, 1867.
APPOINT
MR. JOHN LESLIE,
Sparks-street,
Agent for Ottawa and Vicinity,
of these celebrated Timekeepers.
H. & A. SAUNDERS,
Montreal,
...sale Agents in the Dominion for
...ill's Watches.
May 20. 749y

...ERS,
...MAKER, UPHOLSTERER,
[U]NDERTAKER,
AT THE OLD STAND,
...RIDEAU-STREET
AND AT THE
...D WELLINGTON-STREET,
...al assortment of Cabinet and Uphol...
...an be obtained at moderate prices.
UNDERTAKING.
...aking branch is under S. R.'s imme...
...idence, who attends all Funerals
...Charge, and has constantly on hand
...nent of Ready-made Coffins, of all
...ities;
...BLACK CLOTH, COBOURG, &c.
...ing Mahogany, Walnut, Oak, or
...l Coffins, may rely on getting a gen...
...o stained Butternut sold for Wal...
...rous of keeping their deceased rela...
...w days, or even a week, can do so
...t possible inconvenience by apply...
..., who has had over 20 years' ex...
...above branches, and feels confident
...action.
...ndertaking Branch will be found
...n Ottawa.
...gons always ready for the removal
—At the West End Establishment,
...mber 4, 1868. 858y

Hardware.
...RE!
AT
...AC'S, CENTRE TOWN,
...RS, CULTIVATORS,
IRON, COAL,
HEAVY HARDWARE,
..., Rope, Chains;
...sortment of House-furnishings,
...the lowest cash prices to be found
...ket.
ALSO,
...rns and sizes, for coal and wood
..., Kingston, Toronto, Hamilton
...ndries, with drums, pipes, ur...
...eapest to be had in town.

...EPILEPTIC CURE,
...cure of Epilepsy, St. Vitus'
...Hysteria, &c., &c. This prepar...
...recipe of a celebrated French
...very great success which has
...every case, and where the high...
...as of no avail, has induced the
...every possible publicity. The
...scriber's name and address on
...one dollar. Sole Proprietor,
...emist, 396, Notre Dame-street.
...Water, equal to anything in...
...cents per bottle. 783y

...MONTGOMERY,
...NTAL AND DECORATIVE
[P]AINTERS,
...PER HANGERS.
(Shop next to R. R. Booth's
...House, Sign, Villa and general
...n the most reasonable terms.
...distempered in colors to suit.
...e to order.
...red to the following gentlemen:
...J. R. Booth, Esq., R. R. Booth,
...nson, Hull; Rev. Mr. Picket,
...k, Architect.
829-6m

...ROS.,
...appointment
HIS EXCELLENCY SIR
...N YOUNG.
...Beef, Lamb, Mutton and
...rolled and rounds of Beef,
...s and Bacon, cured in the
...wer Town Market, Ottawa.

...be made at the next Session
...tario for an Act to incorpo...
...A PEAT MANUFACTUR...
...COMPANY, with powers to
...Railway from some point in
...nia to the navigable waters
...Nation Rivers, and to an...
...ity of Caledonia to grant to
...ch of the road allowances
...ith concessions as may be
...acture of Peat fuel. 883tf

...nted and published by
...as Painting and Publish...
...the Office, 38, Sparks-st
...Ottawa. James Cotton
...tor Alex. Robertson

The Times

VOL. IV. NO. 949. OTTAWA, SATURDAY, JANUARY 16, 1869. PRICE—3 CENTS.

Dry Goods.

HICK & CO.

Have removed to their NEW STORE, in Stewart's Block, Corner of Rideau and Sussex-sts., where they will offer, in connection with their goods,

$30,000 WORTH OF DRY GOODS

Purchased at Public Auction lately, from the immense Bankrupt Stock of the late firm of DESMARTERY, JORDAINE & CO., of Montreal, and 8ld on account of T. JAMES CLAXTON. The goods are all new and of very superior quality, being imported expressly for a fashionable Montreal trade; and, as they have succeeded in purchasing the goods far below the sterling cost, they are prepared to offer bargains never before offered in this city. The following are some of the lines of goods offered, viz.:

		s.	d.		s.	d.
100 pieces	different qualities Black Silks					
80 do	Single width plain Wincey		5	worth	0	8
100 do	Fancy, single width Wincey		7½	"	1	0
62 do	Double width plain Wincey		7½	"	1	0
80 do	Double Delaines		7½	"	1	3
70 do	do Poplin		7½	"	1	0
150 do	do Cobourg		7½	"	1	3
150 do	Assort'd Dress Goods		9	"	1	6
33 do	Empress Reps	1	6	"	3	0
60 do	Bl'k French Merino	1	6	"	3	0
75 do	FancyColors—your choice for	2				
200 do	Black Empress Rep only		10	"	2	0

Also, a splendid assortment of
Hannibal Cloths — Oriental Lustres
Livini Poplins — Alberteena Cloths
Princess Alexandra Embossed Poplins
Mandarin Lustres — Eugenia Reps, &c.

1,000 doz. FRINGED TOWELS, all Linen, 6d each.

SHAWLS.

35 Filled Shawls.
83 Shepherd Long Shawls
101 Fancy, all wool Longs
167 Assorted Square Shawls.

COTTONS.

120 pieces Grey Cotton, 1¼ yards wide, for......6 d
160 do Bleached Horrocks and Millars......6½d
165 do Good Prints......4 d
303 do Best English Prints, Heyle's and Ashton's......6½d
159 do French Calicoes, in choice patterns...8 d

CLOTHS.

		s.	d.		s.	d.
20 pieces	Waterproof	3	9			
80 do	DoubleWidth Overcoating	2	9	worth	7	6
35 do	Scotch Tweed	2	6	do	5	6
100 do	Canadian Tweed	1	3	do	2	6
100 do	Full Cloth, very heavy	2	9	do	3	6

Also, a splendid lot o

BROAD CLOTHS, BEAVERS,
Witneys, Mantle Cloths,
BLACK DOES, &c., &c., &c.,
at correspondingly low prices.

85 PIECES DOMINION TWEED,
Something New—one of the heaviest cloths made—*at a great sacrifice.*

1,000 doz. TABLE NAPKINS, all Linen, only 6s 3d per dozen.

SHIRTS! SHIRTS! SHIRTS!

1,000 Flannel Shirts, only......2 6
200 White Cotton Shirts, only......3 9
500 Under Shirts, only......3 3
300 Hespler's heaviest make Ribbed......5 0 worth 8 9
Paper Collars—100 collars for 3s 9d.
500 pieces 2½-yards wide Linen Sheeting......3 3 worth 5
5 do 2-yards wide, Union Sheeting......1 do 3
81 do Table Damask and 300 Damask Table Cloths, at a frightful sacrifice.

☞ Also, Red and White Flannels, Canadian Shirting Flannels, Hoop Skirts, Crash Towellings, Irish Linen, Clouds, Breakfast Shawls, Hemp Carpets, &c., &c.

☞ CORSETS, 2s 6d. ☜

Blankets—A large lot of slightly damaged Blankets for about half price.

1,000 Linen Bags, 1s, worth 1s 6d; 40 cases Men's Heavy Boots, very low; 3 cases Men's Heavy French Calf, 12s 6d. Also, a heavy stock of Gentlemen's Clothing.

$3.50......OVERCOATS.
4.00......heavy OVERCOATS.
90 cts up......PANTS.
50 cts to $1.25......VESTS.
$8.00......Black Broadcloth......FALL SUITS.

A large staff of polite and attentive salesmen will be in readiness to wait on customers.

H. HICK & CO.

☞ Customers will please report any inattention on the part of salesmen.

AT CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S

The greatest novelty of the season is the

BOULEVARD FELT UNDERSKIRT,

Unsurpassed for

BEAUTY, ECONOMY & DURABILITY

AT

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S

No. 14, Rideau-st.

REMOVAL

TO

NO. 34, SPARKS-ST.

T. RAJOTTE

having removed to more commodious premises, takes pleasure in announcing to his numerous customers and the public generally that he has now a large and well selected stock of

STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS,

consisting of

Flannels — Black Cloths
Winceys — Beaver Cloths
Cottons — Meltons
Prints — Tweeds
&c., — &c.

We have also on hand a large assortment of READY-MADE CLOTHING, which, being manufactured on the premises, we can recommend, and sell cheaper than any shop in this city.

THE TAILORING DEPARTMENT.

This department is under the superintendence of a well-known first-class cutter and workman. All orders punctually attended to.

☞ Don't forget the place, No. 34, Sparks-st. Store lately occupied by G. Fetherston & Co., next door to Magee & Russell's old store.

88ly T. RAJOTTE.

FLOWER BULBS.

Shipped per *Hibernian*, and to arrive in a few days, a very superior assortment of

HYACINTH, TULIP AND OTHER FALL BULBS.

These Bulbs will be found superior to anything yet imported.

WILLIAM HEARN,
Market Drug Store,
York-st.

Ottawa, October 17, 1868. 874tf

Groceries.

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS

—FROM—

OPORTO, SPAIN, COGNAC

AND LONDON,

Consisting of

PORT, SHERRY, BRANDY, GIN AND SCOTCH WHISKEY, &c.

PICKLES, SAUCES, JAMS & JELLIES &c., &c., &c.,

FROM CROSSE & BLACKWELL.

—LIKEWISE,—

A FULL assortment of FRESH FRUIT, the BEST in market.

TABLE and Cooking RAISINS, CURRANTS, &c.

FLAVOURING EXTRACTS and SPICES—Genuine.

PRESERVED and CAN FRUITS, assorted to suit the holiday season.

ALMERIA GRAPES, FRESH FIGS and PORTUGUESE ONIONS.

50 TINS NEW HONEY, in 5 lb. and 8 lb. tins.

200 STILTON CHEESE, 6 lbs. to 8 lbs. size, from Reesor Brothers' celebrated factory.

SHERRY WINE—Good Table Wine—$1.25 to $3.00.

PORT WINE—Good Table Wine $1.50 to $4.50.

ALL KINDS of GENUINE LIQUORS. Price according to age and quality.

100 BOXES DIGBY HERRINGS—large boxes at 75 cts. each.

LABRADOR HERRINGS, the very best, in barrels and half barrels.

10 CASES SCOTCH LING—Good.

TEAS—Black, Green and Japans—Warranted Good, and selected for family use.

SUGARS and SYRUPS of all grades.

COFFEES—Always Fresh—Best Brands—Try them.

TOBACCOS—The Finest Qualities—Virginia make in cut, tin foil and plug.

A GENERAL assortment of the different kinds of *GROCERIES AND LIQUORS* on hand, Wholesale and Retail, at the *LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICES* for Warranted Goods. A trial of the articles will recommend them.

For sale at

THOS. PATTERSON'S,
No. 26, Rideau-street.

Ottawa, November 27, 1868. 878

JUST RECEIVED,

AT THE

INDIA WAREHOUSE,

No. 16, Rideau-st.,

And for sale cheap, by

D. T. BROWNE & CO.,

Wholesale and Retail

Grocers, Wine and Spirit Merchants,

FRESH OYSTERS, in Tins,
PRESERVED OYSTERS do
FRESH HALIBUT do
FRESH SALMON do
FRESH MACKEREL d
FRESH LOBSTERS do
GREEN PEAS do
LEMON, GINGER, ORANGE,
Banana, Peach, Blackberry, Raspberry and Strawberry Syrups.
RASPBERRY VINEGAR,
FRY'S Chocolate and Cocoa,
MOTT'S Cocoa Paste,
MORTON'S Bloater Paste,
TOMATO and other Catsups
ANCHOVY Paste,
STRASBURGH Meats,
POTTED Beef and Tongues
PRESERVES and Jelli... in great variety,
ORANGE Marmalade,
MORRISON, TAYLOR & Co.'s
Celebrated Sugar Cured Hams and Breakfast Roll Bacon.
PICKLED Salmon,
PICKLED Mackerel,
PICKLED HERRINGS,
In Half Barrels, Barrels and Tierces,
DRY Codfish,
DRY Haddock,
FINNAN Haddies, &c., &c.,

And a full stock of Choice Family Groceries.

Ottawa, Nov. 3, 1868.

BOTTLED ALE,

BOTTLED ALE,

BOTTLED ALE.

The subscriber would called the attention o Families and others to his

FINE BOTTLED ALE

Which is in splendid condition. Also,

SCOTCH, IRISH, OLD RYE,

And other Malt Whiskies,

PORTS, SHERRIES, BRANDIES, GIN, &c., To other with a General Assortment of FIRST-CLASS GROCERIES.

A call ...dly solicited.

D. WHELAN,
44, Rideau-street,
Opposite Allan's Crockery Store

Ottawa, Jan. 20, 1868.

Publications.

JONES & HOLLAND

Have for sale

Carpenter's Penny Readings, in Cloth and Muslin.
Hillgrove's Illustrated Ball Room Guides.
Photograph Albums, *Very Cheap.*
The Modern Pocket Hoyle.

And take subscribers for Mrs. Beecher's New Monthly Magazine; the Manufacturer and Builder; the American Builder, &c., &c.

HORSE INFIRMARY,

AND

VETERINARY ESTABLISHMENT
YORK-STREET, OTTAWA,
Next to Salmon's Hotel.

A. J. F. COLEMAN, V. S

(Member of the College of Veterinary Surgeons Toronto; by appointment, V.S., to the Co. of Carleton Agricultural Society.)

Orders or communications promptly attended to and medicines sent to any part of the Dominion. Charges moderate. 812y

Stoves & Hardware.

BLYTH & KERR,

No. 25 RIDEAU-ST.,

Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters, Tin and Copper Smiths; Bell Hangers, &c., &c.

A large stock of materials for the above branches of business constantly on hand.

Importers of

HOUSE FURNISHING HARDWARE.

STOVES! STOVES!

STOVES!

Hall, Fancy, Parlour and Cook Stoves, in great variety.

Agents for Eaton's Patent Automatic, Self-Ventilating, Wood and Coal Stoves. Also Beecher & Co.'s celebrated

HOT AIR FURNACES.

☞ Public and Private Buildings, Conservatories, Vineries, Manufactories, &c., warmed by Steam, Hot Water, or Warm Air, on the latest and most approved principles.

SKATES, SKATES, SKATES,

AT THE

SIGN OF THE ANVIL, No. 24, RIDEAU-ST., where you can get a complete assortment of SKATES of all sizes, and at any price to suit purchasers, from 25 cents to $5.50 per pair. In the assortment will be found

The celebrated Sheffield Club,
" " Canadian Favorite,
" " Central Park do
and all other English and German Patterns.
Skate Straps, all patterns, &c., &c.

Also, a general assortment of

SHELF & HEAVY HARDWARE,

consisting in part of

GENERAL HOUSE FURNISHING,
Butcher Knives, Knives and Forks,
Pocket Knives, Table Spoons,
Tea Spoons, Tea Trays, Table Mats,
Butts, Screws, Locks,
Bolts, Catches, Latches,
Axes, Saws, Planes, Squares,
Hammers, Spokeshaves, Gouges,
Chisels, Augers, Auger Bits,
Steel Bits, Bevels,
Levels, Boring Machines,
Draw Knives, &c., &c., &c.

Together with

PAINT OF ALL COLORS,
Rose Pink, Burnt Umber,
Terra de Seinna, Chrome Yellow,
Yellow Ochre, Celestial Blue,
Paris Green, Brunswick Green,
Magnesia Green, Venetian Red,
Red Lead, White Lead, in oil or dry,
Drop Black, Ivory Black,
Lamp Black, Boiled Oil,
Raw Oil, Turpentine,
Benzole, Coal Oil,
Paint Brushes,
Varnishes, &c.

THOS. BIRKETT,
Sign of the Anvil,
No. 24, Rideau-st.

P. S.—All goods delivered free to any part of the city. 408y

S. SAFE! S. SURE! S. SUCCESSFUL.

Such is the character given of every stove sold during the past year at the

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,
35 Sussex-street, Ottawa.
H. MEADOWS & CO.

We beg to notify the public that our stock for the season is now complete; our

STOVES

are of the latest and most improved patterns, and the most extensive assortment shown in Ottawa.

COOKING STOVES, of the good old-fashioned kind,
COOKING STOVES, of the latest and most modern designs,
PARLOR STOVES, for elegance of design cannot be surpassed.
BOX & HALL STOVES, that are unrivalled for heating purposes,
DOUBLE STOVES, the best in use,
HOTEL STOVES, large and extra strong made, expressly for Hotel and Boarding Houses, complete with large Copper Water Reservoirs and Plate Warmers. We call special attention of Hotel Keepers to these stoves, they will last as long as any six ordinary stoves. See them and judge for yourselves. Price lists sent free on application.

COOKING STOVES, DOUBLE STOVES,
BOX STOVES, HOTEL STOVES,
PARLOR STOVES, COAL STOVES,
BEDROOM STOVES, DUMB STOVES,
STOVEPIPES! ELBOWS! STOVEPIPES
Common, Bright and Russia Iron,

and everything in the Tin, Sheet Iron and Copperware Line, on hand or made to order.

Hot Air Furnaces, Eave Troughs, Building Job Work and Repairs attended to punctually. We keep none but the best and most experienced mechanics.

HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS, of every description in stock, suitable for the smallest family, or the largest hotel.

ARE YOU GOING TO BE MARRIED?

If so, call and see our large assortment of necessary House-keeping Goods, suitable for Kitchen, Dining Room, or any room in your house.

Young Man, see that your house is well furnished with useful articles before you spend your money in mere showy ornamental things.

IRON BEDSTEADS, LAMPS,
COAL OIL, SAUCEPANS,

Brass and Enamelled Kettles, Tinware, Toilet Setts, Baths, Flour Sieves, Brushes, Dish Covers, Table Mats, Sad Irons, Table Cutlery, Tea and Table Spoons, Preserve Jars, Mincing Knives, Wash Tubs and Boards, Refrigerators, Egg Beaters, Cruet Stands, Ash Pails, Table Bells, Tea Trays, Tea and Coffee Pots, Soup Tureens, Jelly and Pudding Moulds, &c., &c., &c., &c.

COUNTRY MERCHANTS

Supplied with

STOVEPIPES AND TINWARE,

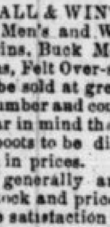
At reduced figures,

CAMP KETTLES, SHANTY PLATES, AND BASINS,

BIRD CAGES! BIRD CAGES! BIRD CAGES

All of the above at the

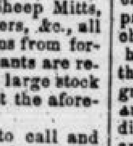
"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,
street, Ottawa.
62y H. MEADOWS & CO.



"LAMPS"

FOR THE MILLION.

D. R. LEAVENS



Is now offering at the OIL DEPOT, 73 Sussex-st., every description of

CHANDELIERS,

PARLOR,

BED ROOM,

KITCHEN,

HALL AND SIDE LAMPS,

At prices which defy competition. Who will want light where a Coal Oil Lamp, Wick and Chimney can be got for 25 cents.

CANADA ROCK OIL,

PENNSYLVANIA ROCK OIL,

PORTLAND KEROSENE OIL,

☞ Oil Depot, 73 Sussex-st.

Boots & Shoes.

ANNOUNCEMENT:

W. A. LAMB,

KEEPER OF THE RED BOOT, &c., &c.

To all the loyal inhabitants of the Metropolitan and surrounding Counties, sends greeting:

And while thus publicly wishing to all

"A Merry Christmas and Happy New Year,"

takes pleasure also in announcing that he will hold

PUBLIC RECEPTIONS DAILY,

at from 7:30 a.m., until 7 p.m., when he will be pleased to meet with those who desire to call upon him.

N.B.—As all will probably wish to retain a *Souvenir* of their visit, it will be satisfactory to know that there is a magnificent assortment of Boots and Shoes on hand to choose from, and any of which will be GIVEN AWAY for a small consideration.

Don't forget the place, ☞ No. 28, Sussex-st., opposite the Barracks. ☜

W. ANGUS & CO

BOOTS,

SHOES,

MOCCASINS,

TOBOGGANS,

SNOW-SHOES,

&c., &c., &c.

Since the great clearing Sale

W. ANGUS & CO.

have received a

VERY LARGE AND WELL SELECTED STOCK

OF

BOOTS AND SHOES

AND OTHER FEET-WARE,

suitable to the Winter season.

JUST RECEIVED.

A FRESH LOT OF LADIES' & GENTS'

FELT EMBROIDERED CONGRESS

Of the Latest Style. Also, a New Supply

TOBOGGANS,

SNOW-SHOES,

MOCCASINS,

OVER-SHOES,

&c., &c., &c.

Very appropriate

XMAS AND NEW YEAR'S PRESENTS.

☞ INSPECTION INVITED. ☜

PRICES LOW.

W. ANGUS & CO.
Golden Boot,
224 Wellington-st.

GENUINE CLEARING SALE

OF

BOOTS AND SHOES,

AT THE OLD

CROSBY STAND, NO. 51, SPARKS-ST.

The whole of

THE BANKRUPT STOCK,

comprising the latest styles and best qualities of

LADIES', GENT'S, MISSES' & CHILDREN'S

DRESS & WALKING BOOTS,

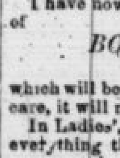
suitable for FALL & WINTER WEAR. Also, a large stock of Men's and Women's Coarse Boots, Moose Mocassins, Buck Moose and Sheep Mitts, Beef Mocassins, Felt Over-shoes, Rubbers, &c., all of which will be sold at great reductions from former prices. Lumber and country merchants are requested to bear in mind that there is a large stock of handmade boots to be disposed of at the aforesaid reduction in prices.

The public generally are invited to call and examine the stock and prices, which we know cannot fail to give satisfaction to all.

Remember the place, the old Crosby Stand, opposite O'Meara's, No. 51, Sparks-st.

A. J. STEPHENS & CO.

Ottawa, Oct. 20 1868. 876y



CHEAP BOOTS & SHOES

AT THE

CAPITAL
BOOT & SHOE STORE,
YORK-ST.

I have now received my fall and winter stock of

BOOTS AND SHOES,

which will be found complete; being selected with care, it will not fail to give general satisfaction.

In Ladies', Misses' and Children's ware I have everything that can possibly be required for the season, and at much lower figures than ever before offered.

Men's ware in Calf, Kipp, Cowhide Boots; Men's Strong Working Boots as low as $2 per pair. Boy's and Youth's equally low.

A large supply of New English Kipp Boots, hand made, the most suitable ware for Lumbermen, constantly on hand and made by the very best workmen. Orders taken for all kinds of work.

429y GEORGE MURPHY

HOUSE WANTED.

The owner of several Fine Building Lots would like to exchange them for a well built STONE or BRICK HOUSE in this city. Apply at the Times Office. 948d

Dry Goods.

Shewing This Day.

GRANT & HENDERSON.

No. 20, Rideau-st,

Are offering an extensive Stock of

DRESS GOODS.

WINCIES,

SHAWLS and

BLANKETS,

☞ AT THE LOWEST CASH PRICES. ☜

N. B.—An extensive assortment of genera DRY GOODS always in stock.

LATEST STYLES AND FASHIONS.

INSPECTION INVITED.

No. 20, Rideau-st.

CLOTHING,

CHEAP AND FASHIONABLE,

READY-MADE AND TO ORDER.

O'MEARA & CO.,

ESTABLISHED IN 1844,

Offer for sale an extensive importation of FALL AND WINTER GOODS, comprising Ready-made Clothing, Canadian Tweeds, Etoffes, Satinetts; also a large stock of Blankets, Flannels, Kerseys, Gray Cottons, Prints, Winceys, Plaids, &c., &c.; Broadcloths, Beavers, Witneys, Petershams, Devons, &c.; Bedford Cords, Silk Mixtures, West of England Tweeds, Doeskins, &c., wholesale and retail, which will be made up to order on the shortest notice in the latest styles of fashion and at prices that

DEFY COMPETITION.

☞ A general assortment of Dry Goods, the largest stock ever offered for sale in this city.

$1.25 BLANKETS...... $6.00. **$3.00**

TAILORING DEPARTMENT.

Particular attention given to the Tailoring Department, which is under the supervision of a first-class cutter.

$2......GREY ETOFFE PANTS,
$4.50......GOOD PEA JACKETS,
$4......OVERCOATS,
$9......COMPLETE SUITS,
$1......GOOD VESTS,
75 CTS., $1 and $1.25......UNDERSHIRTS,
75 CTS., $1 and $1.25......DRAWERS

A. DUFF. O'MEARA & CO.
Ottawa, October 27 1868. 882y

SPECIAL NOTICES.

HALL'S VEGETABLE SICILIAN HAIR RENEWER.

The basis of its remedial properties is a vegetable compound.
It will restore gray hair to its original color.
It will keep the hair from falling out.
It cleanses the scalp and makes the hair soft, lustrous and silken.
It is a splendid hair dressing.

R. P. HALL & CO.,
Nashua, N.H., Proprietors.

For sale by all druggists. 894d

Coughs and Colds.—Sudden changes of climate are sources of Pulmonary Bronchial and Asthmatic affections. Experience having proved that simple remedies often act speedily and certainly when taken in the early stages of the disease, recourse should at once be had to "Brown's Bronchial Troches," or Lozenges. Few are aware of the importance of checking a cough, or "common cold," in its first stage. That which in the beginning would yield to a mild remedy, if neglected soon attacks the lungs. "Brown's Bronchial Troches," or ough Lozenges, allay irritation which induces coughing, having a DIRECT influence on the affected parts. As there are imitations, be sure TO OBTAIN the *genuine.* Sold by all dealers in medicines, at 25 cents a box.

Mothers! Mothers! Mothers!—Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with the excruciating pain of cutting teeth? If so, go at once and get a bottle of MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately—depend upon it: there is no mistake about it. There is not a mother on earth who has ever used it, who will not tell you at once that it will regulate the bowels, and give rest to the mother, and relief and health to the child, operating like magic. It is perfectly safe to use in all cases, and pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Price 25 cents. Sold everywhere. Be sure to call for "MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP." Having the *fac-simile* of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations.

Mothers Read This!—Holloway's Worm Lozenges are a certain and safe remedy for Worms in Children and Adults.—As it is a well-known and melancholy fact that one great cause of death among children is from Worms alone, it cannot be too deeply impressed upon the minds parents the necessity of closely watching their children. By so doing; and understanding he symptoms and true cause of the disease, thousands of children might be saved from early graves. SYMPTOMS OF WORMS.—The following are a few of the very numerous symptoms and diseases which are caused by Worms: deranged appetite, emaciated extremities, offensive breath frequent picking at the nose, grinding of the teeth during sleep, hardness of the belly, with frequent slimy stools, and sometimes convulsive fits; itching of the arms, pain in the head and stomach, unquiet sleep, faintings, tremblings, coughs, indigestion, low spirits, frightful dreams, and a gradual wasting away of flesh.

They are palatable and self-administered to th child—drive out the worms thoroughly without pain and completely cleanse the stomach—thereby doing away with the necessity of administering Castor Oil or other unpleasant cathartics—as in the use of other Worms.

☞ Each box contains the fac-simile signature of NORTHROP & LYMAN, Newcastle, C.W., who are the sole proprietors.

N. B. Ask for *Holloway's Worm Lozenges* ☞ and take no other. ☜ Sold by all the druggists in Ottawa, and medicine deals every where. 578y

---

SATCHELL BROS.,

By appointment

BUTCHERS TO HIS EXCELLENCY SIR JOHN YOUNG.

Superior Stall Fed Beef. Lamb, Mutton and Veal in season.

N.B.—Also spiced, rolled and rounds of Beef, and sugar-cured Hams and Bacon, cured in the English style.

930-3m No. 7, Lower Town Market, Ottawa.

DUTIES FOR THE NEW YEAR.

Go, warm the cold; go, clothe the bare;
Go, feed the starved one at thy door,
And let the empty-handed share
From out thy basket and thy store.

Go, wipe from misery's eye the tear,
Take by the hand affliction's son,
And happy shall be all the year
That is thus happily begun.

Go, give the sick and weary rest,
Gladden the cells where prisoners lie;
Pour oil and balm in wounded breast,
And soothe the soul about to die.

Do thus, and thou shall go to rest
With music round thy midnight bed,
And, blessing, shalt be trebly blest,
For each such soul thus comforted.

Thy soul shall make a golden set
The New Year's day, and be by far
The happiest day that ever yet
Was lettered in thy calendar!

—*American Odd Fellow.*

THE BARONESS AND ROBBERS.

A Bold Woman.

In a pretty village near Paris, but a considerable distance from the high road, was Baron R. accustomed to spend the summer. His mansion, built on an eminence, was a spacious building, both within and without, and exhibited a good style of architecture, and it was about two hundred paces from the village.

Business obliged the baron to take a journey of a few days. His wife, but twenty years of age, and very beautiful, remained at home. He took with him two of his servants, and two others remained with the baroness. No violation of the public security had ever been heard of in that part of the country; and, as the baroness did not belong to the timid portion of her sex, the idea of danger was far from entering her mind. The evening after the baron's departure, as she was stepping into bed, she heard an alarming noise in an apartment near her chamber. She called out, but received no answer. The confusion increased every moment. She was at a loss to conceive what was the matter, and hastily putting on her garments, went to the door to discover the cause. A horrible spectacle presented itself. Her two servants, half naked, were extended lifeless on the floor. The room was full of strange looking men; the baroness's chambermaid was kneeling before one of them, and, instead of the mercy she implored, she received the fatal stroke. No sooner did the door open than two barbarians, with drawn swords, rushed towards it. What woman or even man would not have been struck with the utmost terror and given up life and everything as lost? A loud shriek of despair, a flight of a few paces, would probably have been the resort of many. The baroness, however, conducted herself in a different manner.

"And you have come at last," exclaimed she, in a tone of apparently heartfelt joy; and advancing towards her assailants with a haste that highly astonished them, they lowered their uplifted weapons.

"And you have come at last," repeated she; "such visitors as you I have often wished to see."

"Wished!" muttered one of the assassins, "what do you mean by that? But sta—I'll—"

He had already raised his cutlass, but a comrade averted the stroke. "Stay a moment, brother," said he "and let's hear what she would have."

"Nothing but what is your pleasure, brave comrades. You are men after my own heart, and neither you nor I shall ever have reason to repent it, if you will listen for two minutes to what I have to say."

"Speak! speak!" cried the whole company.

"But be quick," added one of the fiercest, "for we shall not make much ceremony."

"Nevertheless, I hope you will grant me a hearing; for, although I am the wife of the richest gentleman in the country, the wife of the meanest beggar cannot be more happy than I am. My husband is one of the most jealous and niggardly fellows on earth. I hate him, and it has long been the fervent wish of my heart to get clear of his clutches and at the same time pay off old scores. All my servants were spies; and that fellow whose business you have done so completely was the worst of all. I am scarce twenty-one, and, I flatter myself, far from being ugly. If any of you choose to take me along with you, I'll accompany you to the woods or the village alehouse. Nor shall any of you repent having spared my life. You are in a well-stored mansion, but it is impossible that you should be acquainted with all its secret corners. These I will now show you, and if I don't make you richer by six thousand dollars, then serve me as you did my chambermaid."

Robbers of this kind are certainly villains, but nevertheless they are still men. The wholly unexpected tenderness of the baroness, added to the more than ordinary beauty of the female, altogether produced a powerful effect on these men, whose hands were yet reeking with blood. They then all stepped aside, and consulted together in low tones for some minutes. The baroness was left quite alone, but she betrayed not the least wish to escape.

"Let's dispatch her and the game will be all up." She, however, scarcely changed colour, for the opposition of the others did not escape her acute ear.

One who was probably captain of the banditti, now approached her. He asked twice or thrice whether he might rely on what she said—whether she actually wished to be released from the tyranny of her husband, and to go with them—and whether she was willing to resign herself to one of them, to himself for instance, during the peaceful days they could obtain. Having replied in the affirmative to all these questions—having not only suffered the warm embrace of the robber, but returned it—for what will not necessity excuse?—he at length said:

"Come along then, and lead us around. The d——l trust you ladies of rank, but we will venture for once. But let me tell you, if you were twice as handsome as you are, this weapon should cleave your skull the moment I saw the least disposition to betray us."

"Then it will be safe enough; and if this were the only condition of my being put to death, I should outlive you all, and even the Wandering Jew himself."

The baroness smiled when she pronounced these words, and hastily caught the nearest lamp as if she were as eager as any of them to collect the plunder and be gone. She conducted the company through every apartment, opened every door, every drawer, every chest, assisted in packing up the valuables, looking with the utmost indifference at the mangled bodies; speaking with the familiarity of an old acquaintance to each one of the horrid troop, and assisting with her delicate hands in the most laborious occupation.

Plate, money, jewels, were now collected together, and the captain of the banditti was about giving the order for marching, when his destined bride caught him by the arm, "Did I not tell you," said she, "that you should not repent making a friend of me, and sparing my life? You may, indeed, have everything in places that you find open; but it is a pity that you cannot come at places that are concealed. What! do you suppose that among coffers so full there are not secret places? Look here and then you will be convinced to the contrary."

She pointed to a secret spring in the baron's desk. They pressed upon it and out fell five bags of gold coin.

"Zounds!" cried the leaders of the robbers; "now I see you are an incomparable woman, and I will keep you for this as a duchess!"

"And perhaps better still," said she laughing, "when I show you one thing more. I am well aware that you must have spies who informed you of the absence of my tyrant, but they did not tell you of the fifty thousand francs he received yesterday."

"O, safe enough! under a half dozen locks and bolts. You would certainly not have found them and the iron chest had it not been for me. Come along, comrades; we have finished above stairs, now we will see what can be done underneath. Come along with me, I say, into the cellar."

The robbers followed out, not without precaution. At the entrance of the cellar, secured by a strong trap door, a man was posted as sentinel. She conducted the whole troop to a vault at the farther end of the cellar. She unlocked it, and in the corner of this recess stood the chest she had described. "Here," said she, giving the captain a bunch of keys, "unlock it and take out what you want as a wedding gift, if you can obtain the consent of your comrades as speedily as you gained mine."

The robber tried one key after another, but none would fit. He grew impatient, and the baroness seemed still more so.

"Lend me them," said she, "I shall find the way sooner. Indeed, if you do not make haste, the morning may overtake us. Ha! the reason why none of us could unlock it, is because I have the wrong bunch of keys; I will obtain another."

She went up-stairs, and presently they heard her coming down, but she came slowly as if out of breath with the haste she had made.

"I have found them," cried she, at a distance. Then coming up to within about three paces of the man who stood at the entrance of the cellar, she sprang suddenly at the wretch, who was totally unprepared for such a move from such a quarter, and pushing him, with all her might, sent him tumbling to the bottom of the stairs. This accomplished, she closed the trapdoor, bolted it, and thus had the whole company secured in the cellar. This was the work of a single moment. In the next she flew across the court-yard, and with a candle in her hand set fire to a detached pig sty. The watchmen in the neighbouring village, perceiving the flames, instantly gave the alarm. In a few minutes the inhabitants were out of their beds, and a crowd of farmers, with their servants, hastened to the mansion. The baroness waited for them at the gate of the court-yard.

"A few of you," said she, "will be sufficient to put out that fire and to prevent it from spreading; but now provide yourselves with arms, which you will find in abundance in my husband's armory. Post yourselves at the avenues of the cellar, and suffer not one of the robbers and murderers to escape."

Her directions were obeyed, and not one of them escaped the punishment due to his crimes.

REMARKABLE ADVENTURES OF A TICKET-OF-LEAVE MAN.

From the Melbourne Post.

One of the most remarkable criminals who has figured in the annals of Victorian crime, is Owen Suffolk, a London pickpocket, who was transported to this colony in the year 1847. Suffolk was a man of considerable ability, and has appeared as an author of a story published in Melbourne, under the heading of "Days of Crime and Years of Suffering." Suffolk was one of the class of convicts who were not confined on landing in the colony, but were placed under surveillance. This grace, however, did not do much good to Suffolk; for in the year 1850 or 1851 he was arrested for robbing the Fyansford mail, and received a long sentence, which at least extended over four or five years, and during this time he was engaged as clerk in the Melbourne Jail. His acquaintance with the criminals of Victoria at this time was very extensive, and some of them had large sums of money secreted, the proceeds of robberies. Suffolk, by the position he was placed in, aided no doubt, by a lax discipline, was enabled to change their warrants, and alter the years of imprisonment through the books, so that many ruffians escaped with much shorter sentences than they received from the Judges of the Supreme Court; but one of these forgeries, not so clever as others, was discovered, and Suffolk was informed of the circumstances. He said nothing, but with the calm, clear, smile peculiar to him, quietly submitted to the heavy irons that were placed on his arms and legs, and without an effort went to the hulks in Hobson's bay. In 1858 we next hear of him, when he regained his freedom by ticket-of-leave, and went of Ballarat. There he kept about some to the gullies, and, going into a hotel said he was detective Sincox (then in charge of the district), and by his easy and persuasive manners made the landlord believe he was on important duty, and required money and a horse. Both were provided for him, and he got clear away; but he again fell into the society of his old friends the police, and received another long sentence. He was then in Pentinge, and known under the slang term of the "billet man," which means that he was clever enough when in jail to receive some important position. In the year 1866 he made his way to the house of a barber named Mannix (at present serving three years for receiving stolen property), and was received as a species of hero. About this time Suffolk, Mannix, and a few other notorious criminals who were released about the same time (one of these fellows was an engraver) formed a scheme for manufacturing a quantity of forged notes for the Indian market; but when the notes were manufactured the detectives received the "office," and though they prevented the "flimsies" being used, they could not bring the crime home to the principal actors in it, as the "plant" was removed a few hours before the raid was made on the forging houses. Suffolk kept in the background during the investigation of the affair, and with some interest used by his brother, who is in a large way of business near Bristol, he received a conditional pardon, the understanding being that he would leave the colony. His story of "Days of Crime and Years of Suffering" was published, and with the money he received from that work, the cash he got from the criminals whose warrants he had altered, and the proceeds of a few of his other swindles, he managed to take his adieu of Victoria with a considerable amount of money. During his passage home he made a number of friends by his supercilious manner, and landed in England described as a wealthy squatter from Australia. He made his way to his brother's house, and edged his way into several drawing rooms, his hosts thinking that he was slightly *outre* for English society, but it was excusable, at least so they said, as he was from Australia. There he talked largely of his squatting and banking interest, also admitting that he had dabbled in journalism, and that he was part proprietor of the Melbourne *Argus.* In time he was invited to several houses, and at last was introduced to a charming widow of about forty years of age, who was possessed of a house and grounds, well appointed; and some £1500 in the funds. Suffolk immediately made a dead set at this lady, and after a little time wrote a letter—she being present—to Mr. Read, Solicitor, Melbourne, telling him to dispose of his mansion and grounds at Melbourne, his Colonial Bank shares, and also his interest in the *Argus* newspaper which he could do by the power of attorney given to him. Mr. Read was of course, very much astonished at this epistle; but no doubt thinking that Suffolk, whom he had defended many times, was following some of his old practices, and wanted Mr. Read's reply, so that he could make use of the envelope bearing the Melbourne post-mark, and forge a letter to answer his own purposes gave information to Superintendent Nicolson, who forwarded it to Inspector Field, in Scotland Yard. In the meantime, Suffolk married the widow, much against the wishes of her friends, and went with his blooming bride to London. He had two accomplices—one a female, whom he said was his niece—and one day they went on the river in a wherry near Richmond. Suffolk managed to capsize the boat. The female was saved by one of the accomplices, and Suffolk got clear away, the police thinking he was drowned. A paragraph, evidently written by himself, headed "Melancholy Accident to an Australian Gentleman," appeared in the papers. It was ultimately discovered that he escaped to America with his wife's money, and the proceeds of the sale of his wife's furniture, which he sold before he left England. By the latest advices he was enjoying himself in New York.

THE DIGNITY OF LABOUR.—In all times and in all communities persons skilled in all kinds of workmanship have been highly esteemed. We find honourable mention made of Tubal Cain, who was an instructor of artificers in brass and iron. Aaron, although the brother of the first of the prophets, seems, in the construction of the golden calf and the serpent, to have been possessed of a remarkable degree of manual skill, while the highly educated, eloquent and logical St. Paul was trained to the business of a tent-maker. The Greeks placed a worker among their celestial gods, and Vulcan, however much blackened and garment-soiled in his labours, was considered on that account none the less a god. Examples nearer our own time are presented in the case of Franklin, Fulton, Watt, Ritterhouse, Stephenson, Ericsson, and many others who have proved that in labour with the hands there is no degradation; and that, whatever may be the prejudices of some, manual callings may be followed consistently with the possession and use of every high, ennobling gift; and further, that the duties of a mechanic should not exempt him from contributing his share to the worth and literary reputation of his country. In no country does the mechanic hold a better position than in this, and what is more, there is no country which grants him higher and more useful privileges.

DAMP WALLS.—In laying the foundation of any building, the matter of particular consideration should be the thorough drainage of the site, and next to that complete prevention of wall-damp—that is the rising of moisture, by capillary attraction, or otherwise, in the heart of the brick or stone-work. Cement is used in the joints and templars laid to effect this purpose, and it does, to a certain extent; but it is absolutely necessary that it should be a perfect prevention. Now it is not; for wherever brick-work comes in contact with the earth, or even with adjacent walls which may happen to be damp, there the infection is certain to take, and there is no cure for it if once it makes its entrance.

HOURS OF STUDY.—The tendency of civilization is evidently toward lessening the number of hours of study for children. An English paper says: "In Germany an experiment is being made upon lads at schools, with the object of discovering whether mere study cannot be got out of, and more learning driven into them, by keeping them hard at it, as a boy would say, in the morning, and allowing them to devote the whole afternoon to play."

DRESS GOODS.—A large assortment of ball and evening dresses; also, in fancy, black, Japanese, and Foulard silks, poplins, &c., at T. & W. Hunton's, whose stock is constantly supplied by their resident agents in London and Paris. Evening silks, &c., shewn by gas light in a room prepared for the purpose, at any hour of the day.

MESSRS. YOUNG & RADFORD having secured the services of first-class working jewellers in etruscan, filagree, plain, fancy and solid gold work, and having made large additions to their work shop are now better prepared to execute any orders with which they may be entrusted than heretofore. Masonic jewels, gold and silver medals, and every kind of jewellery repaired.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Gowan's New Music Hall.
Tommy Cods—P. Poulin.
Gold and Silver Trimmings for Fancy Dresses —Mr. Lester.

The Ottawa Times

Office: 38, Sparks Street.

SATURDAY, JANUARY 16, 1869.

For Ottawa Markets and interesting reading see Fourth Page.

As our friends at Aylmer doubt the correctness of the statement we made on the 12th instant that the Court would not be held there for this term, because of the burning of the county buildings, we publish a copy of the telegram from the Solicitor-General of the Province of Quebec, on the authority of which we made the statement:

"Quebec, January 11, 1869.

"In consequence of destruction of building "it is not proposed to proceed with cases this "term."

This, we hope, will satisfy the Aylmerites.

There are some cases of "sair backslidin'" at present going on in Toronto, and the heart of the *Globe* is sadly moved thereat. We clip the following melancholy record from our contemporary's leading editorial of the 14th:

"Among those who voted against Mr. McKellar's amendment, and in favour of trusting the Government to do as it pleases with the $20,000, were ten gentlemen elected as Reformers. Nearly every one of them was elected after a hard struggle, by the Reform party, in his constituency. It strikes us that the Reformers who toiled so hard eighteen months since, to put these men into the Legislature, will be inclined to think that they have a poor reward for their trouble. The most extreme Tories who could have been chosen, could have done no worse than these Reform representatives."

If these Reformers will desert the standard of the valiant McKellar by tens, it is evident that his army will soon be less than a Corporal's guard. What is to become of the *Globe's* "Reform" party? The $20,000 alluded to is the appropriation to enable the Government to confer gratuities upon public officers whose services may be dispensed with. None but a hard shell Clear Grit, such as McKellar or the *Globe*, would dream of opposing it.

Unfortunately there are still fresh revelations coming to light as to the mismanagement of the Board of Agriculture. The *Leader* of the 14th instant contains a letter from the member for Russell, which, to say the least, certainly points to the necessity of instituting an inquiry into the affairs of the Board, dating much further back than the time to which Mr. White's investigation was limited. Mr. Craig writes:

"Legislative Assembly,
"Toronto, January 13, 1869.

"Dear Sir,—In the published proceedings of the Board of Agriculture on Thursday last, I find a letter from S. Taylor, Esq., manager of the Bank of British North America, in which he says in reference to the account of the Board with the Bank, that "deposits have been made from time to time by the Treasurer, *and the parliamentary grant of* 1866 was paid by government to our manager at Ottawa, and was placed by me to the credit of the account referred." Now, sir, when the money was paid to the Bank of British North America, how did it occur that some thirteen or fourteen of the county societies were told that their share of the grant for the year 1866 was in the Bank of Upper Canada at the time of its failure, and that they would have to take Bank of Upper Canada bills in payment? Some of those societies accepted those bills without question, while others refused to take them as long as there appeared to be any probability of getting their money in current funds. Perhaps Mr. Denison can explain why those counties had to submit to such a shave, while their money was safe in the Bank of British North America. *Who profitted by the operation?* The difference on those payments would amount to over $3,000, and there may be many more such speculations brought to light if the government will only go on and investigate the affairs of the Board thoroughly, which I hope will be done without delay.

"Yours truly,
"M. CRAIG."

The whole bank account matter is still in confusion, for while Mr. Christie insists that there is such account at the Bank of British North America, it appears that the Treasurer has but recently paid some ten or twelve hundred dollars by cheque on the Royal Canadian Bank. This muddle of accounts must be cleared up, and it can only be done by extending the investigation over a period of years.

The article on the "Canadian Railway system," copied elsewhere, from the Detroit *Free Press*, is worthy a careful perusal. Contrasting the broad liberal international spirit which breathes through it, with the narrow carpings of some Ontario journals on the Intercolonial Railway, one cannot help but feel that many of our would-be instructors of the popular mind, are not themselves yet educated up to the point of taking a national view of this great national undertaking. The Americans have certainly set an example to the world in the matter of railway enterprise. At an immense sacrifice of money they send the iron horse snorting through the wilderness, and population, civilization and national growth follow in his wake. So, when the American considers our Intercolonial project, instead of bewailing the project that twenty millions of dollars are to be thrown away; that the traffic on the road when completed will not pay for grease to the car wheels, and that the country has fastened a millstone round its neck that will ever after drag it to the dust; instead of these puling forebodings of evil, he views it as a conception of "the "master minds of the new nation," as "wise statesmanship," and as actually changing the destiny of the country, which but for this railway connection would have seen its "central power at "Washington." This is a full recognition of the *dictum* of the late Sir E. P. Tache, that Canada was on an inclined plane, and must glide into "Annexation or Confederation." The latter, without the railway, would have had no more cohesion than a rope of sand; yet we have Western journalists of both parties denouncing the Intercolonial!

We are glad to notice that the *Free Press* appreciates the benefits to be conferred by the completion, Eastward, of the trunk portion of the Canadian Railway system to the Western States. Should a larger portion of the trade of the West be induced to pass through this country, the advantage will be mutual, and the material guarantees for the continued preservation of international good will correspondingly increased.

The *Citizen* rooster mounteth his own dunghill and thus croweth over the prostrate form of the Times:

"The Times pretends to be an *organ* and puffs its knowledge of events. If it is an organ, why was it ignorant of the facts we stated on the 7th instant, quoted above? And if it be not an organ, how are we to characterise its denial of our statement, on the 9th? It must have been either ignorant or something worse. The *Citizen*, without being the mouthpiece of any individual, gives the Government a hearty and independent support, and it claims to supply its readers with early and correct intelligence of all events of interest."

To which all the roosters in the neighbourhood respond "cock-a-doodle-d-o-o!"

As a matter of fact, the Times does not "pretend to be an *organ*" and the Times really cannot enlighten the *Citizen* as to whether it is an "organ" or not. It is true that many of our contemporaries have, facetiously as we supposed, styled us an "organ;" and one editor had the impertinence to call us the "household" or "kitchen" (we forget which) "organ" of a certain Minister; but a few weeks after, he had to sell out his concern and go to pickling herrings, or keeping a hotel, an example that ought to prove a warning to the *Citizen*. Now whether the Times *is*, or *be not*, an organ, (in the *very choice* language of the *Citizen*) is a matter which ought not to concern our neighbour, seeing that it does not trouble us, so long as the public willingly recognise the Times as a *live newspaper*; and as to our authority for the statement of the 9th instant, in relation to an arrangement for an informal meeting between certain gentlemen, occupying prominent positions before the country, we can only say it was just as good *as one of the parties to it, could at the time make it.* As to the *Citizen's* pretended "facts," they were matters of common rumour with the press of the Maritime Provinces for some time before it undertook to enlighten its readers concerning them; and at the time we wrote, the facts were just precisely as we stated; namely, that the meeting had not then been determined on. Whether our neighbour's magnifying an informal interview between prominent gentlemen, unauthorised to act for anybody but themselves, into the dignity of a solemn "conference," is calculated to prove his "hearty and independent support" of the Government, or his bungling use of information prematurely put in his way, we leave skilled readers to judge.

"On the 2nd instant, James Cotton, Esq., proprietor of the Ottawa Times, entertained all his *employes* at dinner, in commemoration of the third anniversary of the establishment of the Times. All engaged on the paper, from the editor down to the carrier boys, were present. After dinner Mr. Cotton was presented by his *employes* with a handsome gold-headed cane, accompanied with a suitable address. We congratulate our friend Cotton on the good feeling existing between him and his men, and trust that he will be long spared to enjoy his valuable present."—*Halifax Express.*

[The above is only one of the many kindly allusions to the "family event" in the history of the Times, which have appeared in the columns of our leading *confreres* in this and the sister Provinces, and in quoting and acknowledging it, we desire to thank our brethren generally, and of all shades in politics, for the kindly professional spirit everywhere existing between them and us.—Ed. Times.]

We understand that the Bishop of Ontario will not be in town till Tuesday next, being prevented from coming sooner by indisposition, consequently he will not preach on Sunday next, as previously announced.

DEATH OF MRS. MACDOUGALL.

Our readers will share with us in the pain with which we chronicle this morning the death of Mrs. Macdougall, the wife of the Hon. William Macdougall, C. B., Minister of Public Works. Mrs. Macdougall died last night at 12:30, after an illness of several weeks duration, though her complaint, we believe, was one from which she had suffered for some years. The deceased lady was the daughter of the late Joseph Easton, Esq., a gentleman of considerable landed property at Millbank, near Toronto. She married Mr. Macdougall in 1845, and was ever a constant and devoted wife, throwing herself heartily into the political struggles of him with whose fortunes her's were inseparably linked. Young, vivacious and talented, possessed of a disposition of great kindliness and generosity, Mrs. Macdougall will be sincerely mourned by a whole host of warm-hearted friends throughout the country. Of the private grief of her husband, who is now in England on public business, and the other members of the family, we feel that we dare not speak, but we are confident that the entire sympathy of the community is with them in their heavy bereavement.

Something New in Art.—A very curious and interesting illustration of the possibilities of the printing-room, in art-products, has been presented by Wm. C. Hutchings & Co., to the Hartford Printers' Union, in the shape of two handsomely framed pictures, one a portrait of Guttemberg, the father of printing, and the other a flower-scene, where a heap of roses and lillies lean over a sheet of clear water, in which their shadows are reflected, and among them a little bird is fluttering. The remarkable thing about these pictures is the fact that they are both entirely composed, as are the elaborated borders, of nothing but *punctuation points*, and those points, all periods—*dots*—of varying shades and sizes, all "set up" by hand, separately piece by piece, like the types which compose this paragraph! and then printed, like this, ink. And yet the work is thoroughly artistic. The likeness of Guttemberg is said to be a true portrait, with his snug hat, long grey beard and antique ruff; and the lights and shades in the well-executed flower-picture are equally surprising, when the method of their production is considered.

The Most Impudent Man in America.—It is related of a certain Washingtonian, of some thirty years ago, that he once rang at the door of the then British Minister to this country, and telling the servant that he had important business with the Minister, was shown into an ante-room, where he was soon joined by that official, when the following dialogue took place:

Minister—"May I ask, sir, what business it is that you have with me?"

Mr. P.—"Certainly, sir. It is this. In passing your house I learned that you have a whist party here to-night, and, as I am remarkably fond of the game, I thought I would just step in and see what are trumps."

It is related that the sublime impudence of the thing so amused the minister that he invited the intruder into the room where the guests were assembled, and introduced him as "the most impudent man in America."

Iron Welding.—Experiments have recently been tried in the machine shops of the Western Railroad in the new art of welding iron by pressure. It was found that the union of the two masses of iron was effected superficially only by means of the hammer, but that a continued steady pressure had a far greater effect in producing a thorough junction. Among other experiments two iron bars, 1½ inch in diameter, were heated to the welding point and brought under the hydraulic press. The welding was effected with extraordinary quickness, the fibres of the iron being thoroughly intercolated with each other. The joined portion of the bars was quite as strong as anywhere else. A microscopic section of the joint showed a perfectly homogeneous texture.

ANNUAL MEETING OF THE OTTAWA AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY.

The Ottawa Agricultural Society held their annual meeting yesterday afternoon in the Council Chamber, City Hall, J. B. Lewis, Esq., President in the chair; Mr. A. S. Woodburn, Secretary. The following gentlemen, among others, were present: Messrs. Ald. J. Rochester and D. Kennedy, of Nepean; Arch. McKellar, Z. Wilson, Donald Robertson, and James Severight, of Gloucester; Ira Morgan, Metcalfe; R. Kenny, Aylmer; John Ashworth, Hull; John Porter, and N. Robertson, Ottawa.

The President delivered a brief address, setting forth the objects and importance of agricultural associations in general, to the well being and prosperity of the localities in which they exist as well as to the country in general. He then read the first annual report of the Directors as follows:

First Annual Report of the Directors of the City of Ottawa Agricultural Society.

In presenting to the subscribers this their first annual report, your directors beg to state that the society was instituted with the view of supplying the want of an agricultural organization in this part of the country, which would embrace a united display from the different counties in Central Canada, where an annual exhibition of stock and implements on a large scale was required. It was felt that, geographically situated as we are in the Ottawa section of country, the benefits arising from the Provincial exhibitions at either extremity of Quebec or Ontario, were not in any measure attainable by the people of this portion of the Dominion, and that by inviting competition from the adjoining counties, and getting up what might be termed a "Union Exhibition," at the city of Ottawa, an impetus would be given to the agricultural and industrial interests which would be highly beneficial in its character.

Accordingly subscription lists were opened, and the society instituted last year under the "Act for the encouragement of Agriculture, Horticulture, Arts and Manufactures," the necessary papers being forwarded to the Bureau of Agriculture, and the society legally organized.

The early part of last year, however, being unfavourable to agricultural and horticultural pursuits, and your directors finding difficulty in procuring a suitable place for an exhibition ground, it was resolved to forego the holding of any show during 1868, but to put forth efforts for successfully carrying out the objects of the society in 1869. With this view a committee was named to select and purchase a piece of land for the society's use, and we take pleasure in stating that a plot of ground, in every way suitable for exhibition purposes, has been purchased, and the first instalment paid thereon. The place selected is a part of Lot K., Con. C., Nepean, containing nearly 19 acres, situated on the western side of the canal, and adjoining the Mutchmor property. This ground, it is believed, is the most desirable place for the purposes intended that could have been procured near the city. Your Board have already commenced the laying down of fencing materials, and have prepared estimates, and a plan, which are submitted herewith, for the putting up of buildings and sheds suitable for a large exhibition of the products of this part of the country, and we respectfully urge upon our successors in office the continuation of the improvements commenced. This will involve the expenditure of a large amount of money, and as the annual grant from Government is small, efforts will require to be made during the coming year to increase the membership, and otherwise procure subscriptions in aid of the undertaking. The object is landable, and we can not but believe that the result of such displays, as it is intended shall take place during the coming autumn, are in the highest degree beneficial. Farmers and artizans learn much by such exhibitions, as competition stimulates to improvement; and the city merchants, hotel-keepers, and others, must also be largely benefitted by the crowds drawn together on such occasions.

In regard to the present financial condition of the society it may be proper to say that the usual Government grant of $350 was received last season, and subscriptions collected from 63 members. A portion of this money has been expended on purchase account, &c., as appears more fully in the Treasurer's statement, the balance now on hand being $326 65.

In conclusion there is before us during the present year, if the views of this report are carried out, much to be done, requiring a large amount of time and attention; and to insure success the cordial co-operation of both members and the citizens generally.

(Signed,) J. B. LEWIS, President.

On motion of Mr. Donald Robertson, seconded by Mr. N. Robertson, the report was received and adopted.

The Treasurer's report was then presented as follows:

City of Ottawa Agricultural Society in account with A. S. Woodburn, Treasurer, 1868.

To amount received from Ontario Government	$350.00
To amount received from subscribers	149.00
	$499.00
By amount paid Ordnance Department, first instalment on purchase money	$123.50
By amount paid for surveying ground	12.00
By amount paid for clearing off underwood on ground	6.00
By amount paid for advertising and printing	18.38
By amount paid for postage, cab hire, &c.	5.27
By amount paid for collecting subscriptions	7.20
By amount cash on hand	326.65
	$499.00

Moved by Mr. Robertson, seconded by Mr. Ashworth, that the Treasurer's report as audited do pass.—Carried.

On motion of Mr. Morgan, seconded by Mr. Kenny, the Hon. James Skead was appointed to represent this society in the Council of the Agricultural Association of Ontario.

On motion of Mr. Morgan, seconded by Mr. Ashworth, J. B. Lewis, Esq., was re-elected President; Mr. Ashworth was elected 1st vice-President; Mr. Rochester 2nd vice-President; and Mr. A. S. Woodburn, Secretary-Treasurer.

On motion of Mr. Z. Wilson, seconded by Mr. N. Robertson, the following gentlemen were elected Directors, viz.: Hon. James Skead, J. M. Currier, Esq., M.P., R. W. Scott, Esq., M.L.A., A. McKellar, Esq., Ira Morgan, Esq., Alonzo Wright, Esq., M.P., R. Kenny, Esq., W. F. Powell, Esq., Sheriff; and Thomas Graham, Esq.

On motion of Mr. James Severight, seconded by Mr. W. Thomson, Messrs. D. Robertson and N. Robertson were appointed Auditors.

The President said he believed that the business of the meeting was concluded, and he trusted that every officer and every member of the society would use his influence in his locality to promote its interests.

A vote of thanks having been tendered to the President for his services during the past year, the meeting adjourned.

MILES O'RIELLEY.

The N. Y. *Tribune* of Saturday has the following:

"Though the dead are soon forgotten, we trust there are still many friends of the late Gen. Charles G. Halpine who will hear with a melancholy satisfaction that the income of the Registrar's Office, which, through the intervention of Gens. Grant, Sherman, Sheridan, and other friends, was secured to his widow and orphans, has amounted to fully $18,000; all of which has inured directly to their benefit—Gen. Patrick H. Jones, who received the office from Gov. Fenton, declining to accept any fraction of the proceeds. This amount, added to what was left by Gen. Halpine, mainly in the form of a house but partially paid for, secures to the widow and her six minor children (only two of them boys, and they the fourth and sixth in years) the means of keeping the wolf from the door. We are sure that thousands who never met Gen. Halpine, with all who personally knew him, will hear this with pleasure."

—A delicate and almost imperceptible cough is said to be the fashionable affection this season.

—The spirited young lady who married a man with a large purse and a small head must have preferred his dollars to his sense.

—"I don't think, indeed, that you are very smart." "I dare not pretend to be, wife; but everybody knows that I am awfully shrewd."

—The Yamaska Agricultural Society has determined to import one hundred bushels of Black Sea Wheat, and a Percheron stallion valued at $4,000.

BOARD OF SCHOOL TRUSTEES.

Ottawa, January 12, 1869.

The board met at 7 o'clock, p.m., pursuant to notice.

Present:—Mr. J. D. Slater, Chairman; Messrs. Pratt, Abbott, McCloy, Wilson, Preston and Workman.

The minutes were read.

Moved by Mr. McCloy, seconded by Mr. Abbott, that the minutes just read be confirmed.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Preston, seconded by Mr. Workman, that the chairman be and he is hereby authorized to sign cheques for the amounts and to the parties named hereafter, any rule to the contrary to be suspended for that purpose, viz.:—Carried—

TEACHERS' SALARIES—THREE MONTHS.	
William Stuart	$125.00
C. H. Tucker	125.00
Samuel Rathwell	125.00
Miss Murray	50.00
Miss A. Sparks	50.00
Miss S. Humphries	50.00
Miss G. Geddis	50.00
Miss J. Sparks	40.00
Miss A. M. Living	25.00
Miss H. Gilmour	30.00
Duncan Robertson	125.00
J. C. Stewart	125.00
A. Smirl	150.00
Miss M. Stewart	50.00
Miss E. Carson	50.00
Miss J. Murphy	50.00
Miss R. L. Fleming	62.50
Miss J. H. Johnston	50.00
Miss E. Langrell	30.00
Mrs. Bingham	40.00
Miss Wood (two months' salary)	20.00
OFFICERS' SALARY.	
Wm. Cousens, Local Superintendent	$62.50
J. McCarthy, Messenger	17.50
J. Joynt, Secretary	50.00
J. Gavin, House-keeper Central S. East	75.00
RENTS OF SCHOOL HOUSES.	
A. Christie, three months' rent School House, Elgin-st	$50.00
L. Perkins, do., do., Victoria Terrace	40.00

Moved by Mr. Abbott, seconded by Mr. McCloy, that the chairman be, and he is hereby authorized to sign cheques for the following amounts (they being already duly certified,) suspending any rule of this Board to the contrary, namely: J.-Bte. Paquette, No. 1, $6 57; No. 2, do., $3.75; No. 3, $4.38; Pierre Labelle, $4.50; M. Cross, $10.00; A. Pinard, $3.17; Mrs. Currie, $7.50; Vital Boileau, $1.00; J. M. Currier, $34 88; Mrs. E. Gowdie, $10 90; John White, $6.90; James Hope, $3.61; G. P. L. Drummond, $10.00, insurance; D.W. Coward, $3.00, insurance; Mrs. Enright, $18.53; Charles Townsend, $71.17; also a cheque in favour of the Secretary for the sum of three dollars to cover expenses for incidentals connected with his office for the year 1868.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Wilson, seconded by Mr. Pratt, that the chairman is hereby authorized to sign a cheque in favour of J. G. Robinson & Co., for necessaries furnished to Central School East and Albert-st. School, the same being certified by the Furnishing Committee, suspending any rule or rules to the contrary.—Carried.

Mr. Kirby entered.

Moved by Mr. Preston, seconded by Mr. Pratt, that the chairman be, and he is hereby authorized to sign a cheque to Mrs. E. Gowdie for $12 payment of account annexed, due for cleaning school houses in Wellington and Victoria Ward for December, any rule to the contrary to be suspended.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Wilson, seconded by Mr. McCloy, that the account of Mr. C. H. Tucker for sweeping, &c., be referred to the Furnishing and Finance Committees.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Pratt, seconded by Mr. Abbott, that the account of the Ottawa Times, amounting to $47.46, be paid, and the chairman be, and is hereby, authorised to sign a cheque for the amount, suspending rule 41 of this Board.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. McCloy, seconded by Mr. Abbott, that the chairman be, and he is, hereby authorized to sign a cheque in favour of William Howe, for the sum of $40.48 as per account, certified by the Local Superintendent, suspending any rule of this Board to the contrary.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. McCloy, seconded by Mr. Wilson, that the Local Superintendent be requested to notify the several teachers under this Board, to attend at the next regular meeting, in order to sign their engagements with this Board.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Workman, seconded by Mr. Abbott, that for the purpose of carrying out the arrangements and engagements with the contractors for the erection of the Central School West, the chairman shall advertise for tenders for the sale of eight thousand dollars of the debentures unsold, or such part thereof as this Board shall approve of for such purpose.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Abbott, seconded by Mr. Pratt, that in the opinion of this Board, it is desirable to close the Engine House School, and place the teachers, one as assistant to Mr. Stewart, on LeBreton's Flat, and the other to fill the vacancy created by the resignation of Miss Morrison, and that the Local Superintendent be requested to make the changes mentioned in this resolution, Miss Murray to the Ottawa Ward, and Mrs. Bingham to LeBreton's Flat.

Moved by Mr. Preston, seconded by Mr. Workman, in amendment, that all after the word "that" in the motion just read be expunged, and the following inserted: That in order to act with due caution concerning the subject contained in the motion, it is advisable to defer closing the engine house school until the new School Board be organized.—Carried on the following division:

Yeas—Messrs. McCloy, Wilson, Preston and Workman.

Nays—Messrs. Pratt, Abbott and Kirby.

Moved and seconded that Mr. Workman take the chair.

The chairman having retired it was moved by Mr. Preston, seconded by Mr. Pratt, that whereas this meeting will close the business of this Board for the present year, be it therefore resolved that the thanks of this Corporation be, and are hereby tendered to J.D. Slater, Esq., for the valuable services rendered by him to this Board during the past term.—Carried unanimously.

JAMES JOYNT, Secretary.

LOCAL NEWS.

The Weather.—Hitherto we have had an unusually mild winter. There has not been a cold day this week. Yesterday the sun shone out quite warm reminding one of Spring. Heavy winter clothing was in many cases discarded as being uncomfortable, and up to last night there was no appearance of change.

Gold and Silver Trimmings for Fancy Ball Dresses.—By Mr. Lester's advertisement in another column it will be seen that he has just received from New York an assortment of the most beautiful trimmings of gold and silver laces, fringes, cord, stars, &c., at very low prices; to be had at Orme's music store.

The Broken Bone.—Mrs. Chilton, wife of the head waiter of the Russell House, who had the misfortune to fall and break a bone on Thursday while hanging out her washed clothes, is progressing favourably under the care of Dr. Codd, who, assisted by Dr. Grant, has been unremitting in his attentions to the patient from the first.

Anglican Church Missions.—The annual meetings, on behalf of this important object, in the diocese of Ontario, are to be shortly held—that for the parish of Christ Church on the 19th, and that for the parish of St. Alban's on the 26th inst. The Lord Bishop of Ontario has signified his intention of being present at both meetings, and delivering addresses.

Annual Festival of the Mechanics' Institute.—We understand that the managing committee of the Ottawa Mechanics' Institute and Athenæum are at work making preparations for the annual festival, which is to take the shape of a concert, on the 2nd February next, in Gowan's new hall. We hope the efforts of the committee will be successful in adding materially to the funds of this very deserving institution.

Trotting Match.—The trotting match between the mares of Mr. Riopelle and Mr. Burrows come off yesterday according to previous announcement. By the time they arrived at the Elm Tree, about half way, Mr. Burrows was so far distanced that he saw there was no hope of his winning, and he gave up, and Mr. Riopelle was declared the winner. There was considerable betting done; in one or two cases ten to one was bet on Mr. Burrows' mare.

A Boy Run Over.—Yesterday about noon a boy was run down by a horse and cutter on Nicholas-st. The driver could not possibly know but the little fellow was seriously injured, and yet our informant says he drove on as fast as he could go without making any inquiries, his apparent object being to get out of sight, and the reach of the consequences of the mishap. Fortunately, the boy, though hurt, was able to walk away. When is the reckless driving to be put down?

A Horse and Sleigh Lost and Found.—On Thursday night between eleven and twelve o'clock policeman Durocher found a horse and sleigh standing on Dalhousie-st., between Murray and St. Patrick-sts., and was told that the poor beast had been standing there three hours. He took the horse and sleigh to a place of safety, and had the horse fed. Yesterday morning he could find no owner, but in the afternoon a man went to the station—the place he should have gone to at first—and stated that he had left his team in another part of the city, and, he believed some one must have taken it away for mischievous sport.

Rideau Fire Company.—At their last meeting the following officers were elected for the current year: Louis A. Grison, re-elected Captain; Pierre Jobin, re-elected Lieutenant; Alexis Foisy, re-elected Secretary-Treasurer; Medard Bodoin, re-elected Assistant Secretary; Am. Beauchamp, re-elected 1st Engineer; Onesime Barrett, re-elected 2nd Engineer; Paul Hogue, re-elected 1st Branchman; Sylvain St. Jean, re-elected 2nd Branchman; Joseph Choyer, elected Foreman of Hose; George Barbeau, elected 2nd Foreman of Hose; Jean Larese, re-elected Bugler; Managing Committee, Louis A. Grison, Pierre Jobin, Alexis Foisy, Medard Bodoin, and Paul Hogue.

Gowan's New Music Hall.—Mr. Gowan has supplied a want long felt by the pleasure-seeking public of Ottawa. His new music hall is, beyond comparison, the best hall in the city for a ball and supper-room, or concert or lecturing purposes, and is fitted up with great taste. The ball-room is beautifully papered, well lighted with chandeliers, and supplied with sitting accommodation for a large number, and provided with a good orchestra gallery. The supper-room is capable of accommodating 300 guests, and is contiguous to the kitchen, so that the suppers or dinners provided may be furnished warm, without any additional expense. Rooms are also furnished for gentlemen and ladies, where extra clothing may be deposited. These arrangements will materially assist clubs and assemblies in getting up their balls and dancing parties, as the hall, supper-room, and music may be all engaged from the one manager.

Ottawa Snow-Shoe Club.—A meeting was held last evening at the "Queen" in pursuance of notice to elect the officers for the present season. The following gentlemen were unanimously chosen: President, Rev. T. D. Phillips, M.A.; Vice-President, Dr. Chesley; Secretary, J. Walsh, Esq.; Treasurer, M. Kavanagh, jr., Esq. We understand that the club intend having a series of races towards the end of February; several prizes have been offered and some good sport may be expected. It is rather surprising that in so large a city as this, only twenty-five gentlemen have so far come forward to join the club, but we have no doubt of the ultimate success of this effort to get up a club which will be a credit to the city. During the summer months the intention is to organise a pedestrian club in connection with the snow-shoe club. The regular nights of meeting are Monday and Friday. Start to take place from Notman's corner at 8:10 p.m., sharp.

Police Court.—The boy Nicholas Ryan was again brought up on remand, charged with stealing a hand sleigh. His mother appeared and begged that Mr. O'Gara would dispose of the case summarily, and her request was granted. The case was proven and the young culprit was sent for three weeks to jail. His Worship told the boy that the strict lawful course would have been to send him to be tried by the Judge at the Assizes, where a former criminal conviction would have been brought against him, and he would have been sent to the Reformatory at Penetanguishine for a number of years. However, as his mother had expressed an earnest desire to have the case tried by him in order that she might have one more opportunity of trying to reform him, he had consented; but assured him that this was the last time he would do so. He must, therefore, take care to steal no more or he would certainly be sent to the Reformatory.

James Harris was brought up on remand, charged with stealing, on or about the 28th of December, from the premises of Mr. John Stockdale, the following articles, viz.: One gold breast pin, one inlaid snuff box, one walking cane, one ambrotype likeness, one pair of buckskin moccasins, and one pocket book. All the above articles were found in the prisoner's trunk, and were identified by Messrs. John and Richard Stockdale, except the moccasins which were yesterday identified by Mr. Joshua Smith as his property. The prisoner is quite a youth. He was formerly employed at the livery stable, and abstracted the above articles from time to time. He was fully committed to take his trial at the next Assizes.

Ottawa Natural History Society.—The regular meeting of the Natural History Society was held last evening at their rooms in Albert-st., John Langton, Esq., M. A., in the chair. Mr. Donnelly was elected an associate member of the society, and four other gentlemen were proposed for membership. This business concluded, a paper was read by Dr. VanCortlandt on the natural history of *Cephalopods*. A knowledge of these animals has never been popularized, at least, not in this country, and comparatively few out of the circle of natural history students have heard much of them. The lecture was, perhaps, necessarily, couched in language not easily understood by the general reader. The doctor, however, had come prepared with good drawings of the animal, and with preserved and fossil specimens of two or three of the species. The specimens preserved in spirits were the naked species, and the fossil ones the shell species. The latter shewed distinct imbrications, around the bodies, each of which was, when the animal was living, a chamber, and through these passes a tube, or *syphuncle*, at one end of which water is received and forcibly ejected at the other, by which the *cephalopod* propels itself through the water with great velocity. It is a marine animal, and derives its name from the position of its feet, which are on the head. There were present a large number of scientific gentlemen capable of forming a correct judgment as to the merits of the lecture, and all expressed great satisfaction.

Sabbath School Festival.—The Sabbath School children belonging to the Congregational Church, and many of their young friends, met last evening in the basement of the church, to hold their annual festival. They enjoyed themselves right heartily, as children with a well supplied table before them always do. After the "young folks" had eaten to their hearts' content, the "old folks," that is, teachers, &c., came in for their share. The proceedings were interspersed with lively songs, led by Mr. Singleton, and joined in with great glee by the children. Two interesting ceremonies then took place, viz.: the presentation of a gold pencil by Miss Jessie Rose, in the name of the class, to Miss Eliza Smith, their teacher; and the presentation of a handsome writing-desk by the Rev. Mr. Ebbs, in the name of the congregation, to Mr. W. Smillie, who has acted as organist to the congregation for the past two years. Mr. Smillie returned thanks in a suitable manner, remarking that he hoped both the organ and the organist would be able to furnish better music during the time to come. A large Christmas tree which stood in the corner, and looked as if Santa Claus had just left after having paid it a visit, was then stripped of its varied load of fruit and sweetmeats, to the great enjoyment of the young recipients, who each had a share. The last part of the programme was no less acceptable than the first, being a number of select magic lantern views, which greatly delighted the juvenile audience. The management throughout was excellent.

—For a choice selection of New Tapestry Brussells, Kidderminster and Imperial 3-pl Carpets, Cocoa Matting, Floor Oil Cloths, Hearth Rugs, Crumb Cloths and Door Mats; Damasks, Repps, Curtain Trimmings, Lace and Muslin Curtains, go to Magee & Russell's new Store, next door to Mr. John Leslie's, Sparks-st.

CANADIAN RAILWAY SYSTEM.

From the Detroit Free Press, January 10.

But little attention has been given in the United States to the grand system of railways in Canada to connect the ocean ports with the far West. The Great Western and Grand Trunk are well known by those whose duty it is, in a business point of view, to keep posted in all new lines of railway, but few even of these men have measured the importance of the system of railways devised by the master minds of that new nation, and which is now rapidly progressing toward completion.

Railways have come to be a necessity in a political as well as a military point of view, and very essential aids to commerce and civilization. The military greatness of Rome was mainly owing to the splendid "ways" which enabled her to precipitate her whole force upon her foes with the utmost rapidity. A country without roads, without the means of rapid and easy intercommunication, is necessarily weak as a military power, poor commercially, and low in civilization. Russia, with an army powerful enough to have annihilated all the forces which Great Britain, France and Sardinia could send by water to the Crimea, was compelled to submit to those powers, because she could not bring her armaments into the field and maintain them there for the want of a rapid means of transportation. Could she have hurled her legions from all parts of the empire upon the Crimea, at all seasons of the year, her opponents would have been overwhelmed, and Constantinople would to-day have been in the possession of Russia. Had she expended a tithe of the money the war cost, before its commencement, in the construction of railways, she would have been invincible. Profiting by the failure of Russia and from the knowledge gained during the late rebellion, the United States have wisely pushed forward with marvelous rapidity a railway connecting the Atlantic and Pacific States almost to completion. Already, in case of necessity, the United States can send an army to the Pacific States so much quicker and cheaper than any other power, that there is no danger of a serious attack on our country in that quarter.

The wise men of Canada profited by the example of other nations. The Canadian system of railways, when carried out to completion, as it is now about to be by the construction of what is called the Intercolonial Railway, will not only enable the new nation to concentrate at any one point all of its military resources, but make a termini on the ocean always accessible to the vast navy of the mother country.

The link which is known as the Intercolonial, will commence at the eastern terminus of the Grand Trunk Railway, on Riviere du Loup; will run from thence by way of Trois Pistoles and the valley of the Metapedia to a point some distance above the head of the Bay of Chaleurs, where it will cross the River Restigouche by a structure ten hundred and fifty feet long and about seventy feet high. It will then run by Dalhousie to Bathurst, still on the Bay of Chaleurs, and then strike across to Chatham, crossing there the River Miramichi. It will then proceed at a distance of about twenty miles from the shore of the Gulf of St. Lawrence until it strikes the existing line of railway from St. John to Shediac in New Brunswick. From thence through Dorchester to the boundary between New Brunswick and Nova Scotia in the neighbourhood of Amherst, and thence through a passage in the Cobegud Hills in Nova Scotia to Truro, where it will meet the existing railway system of that Province. From Truro there is now a railway in full operation to Halifax. This will be the most easterly Atlantic terminus of the system of Canadian railways. At Shediac, New Brunswick, a communication by water is secured with Prince Edward Island; and St. John, the commercial capital of New Brunswick, will be reached by the junction with the existing railway from St. John to Shediac. St. John will be one of the principal termini of the road. The completion of the Intercolonial Railway will largely increase its extensive trade with the West Indies and Europe. Halifax will be the other large Atlantic terminus, and to and from it no doubt will be conducted the great mail and passenger traffic with Europe. Halifax has for many years had a very large traffic with the West Indies, and in connection with Bermuda is the great naval station of Great Britain on this side of the Atlantic.

It will be seen from this that when the Intercolonial Railway is completed all of the Provinces which now compose the Dominion of Canada will be united by direct railway communication. A passenger starting at any one of four points on the frontier of the Province of Ontario, viz., Detroit, Port Sarnia, Goderich or Collingwood, can proceed by railway to Halifax, where he will be sure to meet fast steamers bound to Europe, and reach his destination quicker than by any other route.

The length of the Intercolonial line is four hundred and twenty miles, and it is expected it will be completed within the next three years. The estimated cost is four millions of pounds, or about twenty millions of dollars in gold. Three millions sterling of the capital has been raised at four per cent. interest per annum, the Imperial Government of Great Britain having guaranteed the interest and principal of the bonds or debentures issued by the Dominion. The other million sterling has been issued on the five per cent. debentures of Canada. The entire issue of four millions has been taken up at a rate which makes the average interest on the whole capital a trifle less than four and a half per cent.

The work is under the charge of four commissioners, one appointed from each Province. The commissioner from Ontario is Mr. A. Walsh, member of Parliament for one of the Ridings of Norfolk; C. J. Brydges, the managing director of the Grand Trunk Railway, from the Province of Quebec; the Hon. Mr. Chandler for the Province of New Brunswick, and Col. Coffin, who acts for Nova Scotia until a permanent selection has been made for that Province. We have no particular knowledge of any of these gentlemen except Mr. Brydges, who for nine years was the managing director of the Great Western of Canada, and for the past seven years has managed with signal ability and success the more extended and complicated affairs of the Grand Trunk. In his capacity of managing director of these roads he has often visited the West, and is well known here, and has not only studied, but thoroughly mastered the vast system of American railways which penetrates every portion of our vast country, and is now rapidly being completed to the Pacific. He has great energy and ability; and it is not too much to say that if his associates are his equals, this great work, so important to the new Dominion, could not be confided to better hands.

The provision for the construction of this Intercolonial Railway was undoubtedly one of the wisest acts of statesmanship in the consolidation of the colonies into a "Dominion." The mere cost of the railway in dollars is not to be mentioned, for without such a road as the Grand Trunk with this continuation, it would only be a question of time when the Provinces would have become States, with the central power at Washington; and even with it, and with all of the vast benefits it has conferred on the various Provinces, and will increase in the future, with the strength it gives to the new nation, there are not a few men, both in the "Dominion" and in the "States," who look confidently forward to the time when the "Union" will extend over all British America, as a measure of necessity to give the people of the Dominion of Canada the greatest degree of prosperity their locality permits. But these speculations are foreign to our purpose. The fundamental principle of our American system, "that governments are instituted among men for the best interests of the governed," is now so generally admitted to be correct that there is no fear but the people of either side of the line will, in the end, do that which will bring them the most prosperity.

The completion of this new line of railway, of the same guage throughout the whole of Canada, connecting directly with the ocean at Montreal and Quebec during the season of navigation, and at all seasons of the year at St. John, Halifax and Portland, will be of vast benefit to the West. It is proposed to alter the guage of the road between Port Huron and this city, so as to conform with the Canadian gauge and there is no doubt that a line of the same gauge, will soon be constructed across Michigan to Chicago; thus when the Intercolonial road is opened cars loaded in Detroit or Chicago can pass without transhipment to the sides of ocean vessels at any of the five great terminal points, viz.: Montreal, Quebec, St. John and Halifax in the Dominion, or Portland in the United States.

We hail with pleasure the opening of every new route through which the vast trade of the west can reach the ocean. They will all be wanted. Every one will be crowded to overflowing long before the vast wilderness of the West, now waiting for the hardy labourers of Europe, is more than dotted with civilization.

For fine bog oak brooches and ear rings in sets, see Young & Radford's new lot, just received, and selling at the very low price of only 90 cts. per set.

Try Gardner's Baking Powder. See advertisement. 887.6m

DIVINE SERVICES IN THE CITY CHURCHES ON SUNDAY.

St. Alban's Church, Daly Street. (All seats free.)
Rev. Dr. Bedford Jones and Rev. Bickerton A. Edwards.
Services To-morrow.—Morning Prayer and Holy Communion, 11 a.m.; Litany (choral) and Public Catechising, 3 p.m.; Evening Prayer and Sermon, 7 p.m.

Christ Church (Church of England)—Sparks Street.
Rev J S Lauder, M A, Rev C F Street, M A, Curate.
Morning Service at 11 o'clock; Evening at 7 Free Seats.

Chapel of Ease—Sussex Street.
Rev J S Lauder, M A, Rev C F Street, M A, Curates.
Morning Service at 11; Evening at 7. Free Seats.
Military Service—Chaplain, Rev. T. D. Phillips, M.A.—in the Sussex-street Chapel at 9 a.m.

New Edinburgh Parish—Church of England.
Rev. George Noel Higginson, M.A., Clerk in charge.
Service in the New School House. Morning Service at 11. Afternoon Service at 4:30. Holy Communion on the first Sunday in the month at 11 a. m., and on the 3rd Sunday in the month at 8 a. m. The services are maintained by the offertory.

St James' Episcopal Church—Hull.
Rev John Johnston.
Divine Service at 11 a m and 7 p m.

Methodist Episcopal Church—Le Breton's Flats.
Rev T W Pickett.
Services commence at 10½ a m; and 6½ p m. Sabbath School at 2 p m.

Congregational Church—Albert Street.
Rev. Edward Ebbs, Minister.
Morning service commences at 11 o'clock, and evening services at 6½ o'clock. Sabbath School at 3 o'clock p m.

Baptist Church—Queen Street.
Rev D McPhail, Pastor.
Services at 11 o'clock, am, and 6½ p.m. Sabbath School at 9½ in the morning.

Free Church (Presbyterian)—Daly Street.
Rev. T. Wardrope.
Morning Service at 11 o'clock; Evening 6½ p.m.
Rev Mr Moore.
Services will be held in the Church, Bank Street. at 11 a.m., and 6½ p.m.

Kirk of Scotland—Wellington Street.
Rev. Daniel M. Gordon.
Morning Service at 11 o'clock; Evening at 6½.

Wesleyan Methodist Church—Metcalfe Street.
Rev Mr. Harper.
Morning Service at 10½ o'clock; Evening at 6½ Sabbath School at 2 p.m.

Meth. Epis. Church—Cor. York and Dalhousie Sts.
Rev. S, G Stone
Morning Service at 10½ o'clock; Evening at 6½. Sabbath School at 2 p.m.

St. Andrew's Church, (Roman Catholic.)
Hours of service—Sundays and Holidays:—Morning, at 8 and 10 a.m. Evening, at 7 p.m.

Cathedral Notre Dame.
Rev. D. Dandurand, Vicar-General.
Hours of Service, 5, 8 and 10 a m, and 7 p. m., from Easter until St. Michael's Day; 6, 8 and 10 a. m., and 6 p.m. from St. Michael's until Easter.

St. Joseph's Church.
Rev. J. F. Guillard, P P
Hours of Service, Sundays and Holidays, Mas. —8 and 10 a.m., from Easter until the Feast of St. Michael; Vespers at 7 p.m.; from St. Michael to Easter, 6p.m. week days, 7½ p.m.

Catholic Apostolic Church—Hull.
Rev E J W Roberts.
Services, Sundays, at 10 a m, and 5 p m. On week days at 5 p m; and on Wednesdays and Fridays at 10 a m.

Auction Sale.

I. B. Tackaberry, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE OF $10,000 WORTH OF PROPERTY.

A RARE CHANCE FOR PARTIES WISHING TO RE-FURNISH.

I. B. TACKABERRY, City Auctioneer, has been favoured with instructions from Messrs. Buck & Sanger, proprietors of the Revere House, to sell on the premises, commencing

ON TUESDAY, 19TH JANUARY,

at 10 o'clock, a.m., and continuing each day, the whole of the Household Furniture and Fixtures of that recent and elegantly furnished house, including Parlor, Drawing Room, Bed Room, Kitchen, Office, Bar and Hall Furniture, consisting in part as follows:

Handsome Mahogany Tables—Marble Top,—Sofas, Lounges, and Chairs to match, with Hair Cloth Covers, large and superb Cut Glass Mirrors, with Marble Stands; Wardrobes, two very fine toned Pianos and Music Stools, Pictures, Damask and Muslin Window Curtains, with Cornices, Brussels and Tapestry Hall, Stair and Drawing Room Carpets.

In Bed Room Sets—Spring Mattrasses, Bedsteads, Bureaus, Washstands, Tables and Chairs to match, all of the finest Black Walnut, procured from a Montreal firm, and as good as new, having been only about 1 year in use; also an elegant and richly carved Bridal Chamber Set, with polished Rosewood Bureau.

In the Dining Room will be found Extension Dining Tables, Sideboard, Chairs, Silver Plate, Cutlery, Crockery, Glassware, and all the furnishings usually found in a well kept and extensive house of this description.

In Kitchen Utensils—A large Hotel Cooking Stove, (Patent Pastry Baker) nearly new, three smaller Cooking Stoves, Kettles, Pots, Pans, and a variety of articles too numerous to mention.

In the Bar will be offered a handsome Silver Soda Fountain, Beer Pumps, Water Filterer, Decanters, Tumblers, Wine Glasses, &c.

Among the Sundries may be mentioned twenty Hall and Parlor Stoves, Stove Pipes, Stair and Passage Oil Cloths, Bedroom Carpets, a quantity of Cocoa Matting, Office Desks and Furniture, Hat Racks, Hall Chairs, &c., &c.

ALSO AT THE SAME TIME

The whole of the Stock, Harness, Buggies, Sleighs, Robes, &c., of a well furnished Livery Stable, containing 20 Horses, and an Omnibus and Water Cart.

The whole will be sold without reserve, the sale commencing on TUESDAY, 19th INSTANT, and continued from day to day until the whole are disposed of, the proprietors being about to remove from the city.

The terms of sale will be cash in bankable funds.

The whole will be on view the day previous to the sale.

I. B. TACKABERRY, City Auctioneer.

Ottawa, January 12, 1869. 946td

TOMMY CODS!

TOMMY CODS!!

TOMMY CODS!!!

AT P. POULIN'S, Lower Town Market.

949-2

GOWAN'S NEW MUSIC HALL.

The subscriber respectfully informs the public of Ottawa and vicinity that his NEW MUSIC HALL,

CUNNINGHAM'S BUILDING, SPARKS-ST.,

Next Door to Bate & Co.'s Grocery,

is now complete and ready for engagement, as a Ball Room, Supper Room, Concert or Lecture Hall, and will be let at moderate rates.

Parties desiring to engage a hall for any of the above purposes, are requested to call and examine the hall, which will be found the best adapted for the purpose in the city.

Gowan's Brass and Quadrille Bands open for engagement as heretofore.

Ottawa, January 16. 949a

GOLD AND SILVER TRIMMINGS FOR FANCY DRESSES.

Mr. LESTER has just received from New York an assortment of the most beautiful TRIMMINGS, consisting of Gold and Silver Laces, Fringes, Cords, Stars, &c., at very low prices. They are to be had at MESSRS. ORME & SON'S, who have kindly consented to take them on sale. As the surplus stock is to be returned in a few days, intending purchasers are requested to call without delay.

Ottawa, January 16, 1869. 949-2

Groceries.

THE undersigned takes this opportunity to thank her friends and the public in general for their liberal patronage, and solicits a call to examine her fine stock of GROCERIES, POULTRY, FISH, salt and fresh, VEGETABLES, FRUITS, PORK, &c., all to be disposed of cheap. Also, a very fine lot of PARTRIDGES.

Mrs. L. E. GOULIN, Wellington-st., opposite Hall's Confectionery.

GARDENER'S BAKING POWDER.

In 1 lb. Packets for 25 cents. And 6 Packets for $1.25.

TEN REASONS

Why it Should be Used in Preference to all Others:

1st. Bread or Cakes made with it are more wholesome than if made with Yeast or any other process.

2nd. Its purity is such that it will stand the test of the most perfect analysis.

3rd. After having been extensively used for the last 14 years in not one instance has it failed to give entire satisfaction.

4th. Families that have used it pronounce it the best, and will use no other.

5th. It contains no Saleratus, nor does it impair the digestive organs like those powders where Soda or an excess of Alkali predominates.

6th. It never gives to Bread or Cakes an unpleasant Alkaline or mawkish taste.

7th. The ingredients that form its composition are more beneficial than otherwise.

8th. Dyspeptic subjects can eat hot Bread or Rolls made with it and derive benefit by its use.

9th. Every Packet contains its full weight, one pound packets weigh 16 ounces.

10. It is all that it is represented to be, namely:

Unrivalled for Purity and Cheapness.

Sole Agents for Ottawa,

J. G. ROBINSON & Co., The Tea Pot.

The Trade supplied at the Manufacturer's prices.

Ottawa, December 10, 1868. 886-6m

MONTREAL WAREHOUSE, SUSSEX-STREET.

The undersigned have now COMPLETED their

FALL IMPORTATIONS,

COMPRISING A

GENERAL AND SELECT STOCK

OF

FAMILY GROCERIES, WINES, LIQUORS, AND PROVISIONS, &c., &c.

JAS. MARTIN & CO.

Ottawa, November 27, 1868. 657y

Music.

MESSRS. J. L. ORME & SON

Respectfully call the attention of the public to their magnificent stock of

PIANO-FORTES, ORGANS, AND MELODEONS,

In their new Show Room, comprising

PIANO-FORTES, *from all the leading makers*,

WARREN'S PIPE ORGANS,

ORGANS and MELODEONS from the best factories in the United States, excelling in finish and tone anything ever brought into this country.

Now is the time for intending purchasers.

PRICES LOW & TERMS LIBERAL.

Our stock of Concertinas, Violins, Flutes, &c., &c., is, as usual, very large.

New Sheet Music and Books constantly arriving.

J. L. ORME & SON, Sign of the Golden Lyre, No. 8, Sparks-st., next Durie & Son's.

944tf

Amusements.

LECTURE by REV. DR. BUTLER, of Boston, Mass.,—"Personal Reminiscences of the Great Sepoy Rebellion,"—will be given in the WESLEYAN CHURCH, Metcalfe-st., on TUESDAY NEXT, the 19th instant, at 7:30 p.m. Tickets—Single, 50 cents; Double, 75 cents; Family, admitting four, $1.00. 948-4

SKATES! SKATES! SKATES!

THE WHOLE STOCK MUST BE CLEARED OUT

WITHOUT RESERVE,

AT HALF-PRICE,

AT THE

SHEFFIELD HOUSE, SPARKS-ST.

Ottawa, Jan. 15, 1869. 948-2

Groceries.

...e undersigned takes this opportunity to
...ank her friends and the public in general
...r liberal patronage, and solicits a call to
...e her fine stock of GROCERIES, POUL-
...FISH, salt and fresh, VEGETABLES,
...TS, PORK, &c., all to be disposed of cheap.
... very fine lot of PARTRIDGES.
MRS. L. E. GOULIN,
...ellington-st., opposite Hall's Confectionery

...RDENER'S

BAKING POWDER.

In Packets for 25 cents. | And 6 Packets for $1.25.

TEN REASONS
...hy it Should be Used in Preference to all Others:

...Bread or Cakes made with it are more
...ome than if made with Yeast or any other
...Its purity is such that it will stand the
...the most perfect analysis.
...After having been extensively used for
...14 years in not one instance has it failed
...entire satisfaction.
...Families that have used it pronounce it
..., and will use no other.
...It contains no Saleratus, nor does it in-
...digestive organs like those powders where
...an excess of Alkali predominates.
...It never gives to Bread or Cakes an un-
...Alkaline or mawkish taste.
...The ingredients that form its composition
...beneficial than otherwise.
...Dyspeptic subjects can eat hot Bread or
...ade with it and derive benefit by its use.
...Every Packet contains its full weight;
...nd packets weigh 16 ounces.
...It is all that it is represented to be, name-
...Unrivalled for Purity and Cheapness.

Agents for Ottawa,
J. G. ROBINSON & Co.,
The Tea Pot.
Trade supplied at the Manufacturer's
...a, December 10, 1868. 886-6m

...NTREAL WAREHOUSE,
SUSSEX-STREET.
...undersigned have now COMPLETED
...FALL IMPORTATIONS,
COMPRISING A
...NERAL AND SELECT STOCK
OF
...MILY GROCERIES,
WINES, LIQUORS,
PROVISIONS, &c., &c.
JAS. MARTIN & CO.
November 27, 1868. 657y

Music.

...RS. J. L. ORME & SON
...fully call the attention of the public
...nificent stock of
...NO-FORTES, ORGANS,
AND MELODEONS,
...w Show Room, comprising
...FORTES, from all the leading makers.
...WARREN'S PIPE ORGANS,
...S and MELODEONS from the best fac-
...e United States, excelling in finish and
...ing ever brought into this country.
...he time for intending purchasers.
...CES LOW & TERMS LIBERAL
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...—Single, 50 cents; Double, 75 cents;
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...S! SKATES! SKATES!
...OLE STOCK MUST BE CLEARED
OUT
...UT RESERVE,
AT HALF-PRICE,
AT THE
...EFFIELD HOUSE,
SPARKS-ST.
...15, 1869. 948 2

Latest by Telegraph.

Per Montreal Line.

TORONTO.

ONTARIO LEGISLATURE.

2nd Session: 1st Legislative Assembly.

Special to THE TIMES.

TORONTO, January 15.

In the House to-night, Hon. J. S. Macdonald moved for three sittings daily on and after Monday. The morning sitting from ten to one o'clock.

Some objections were made on the ground that the committees had not finished their work.

Hon. Mr. Macdonald replied that he had never seen the session prolonged because of the committees not being ready to report. He said the House must adjourn next week.

The motion was carried.

The report of the committee on the mining resolution was received.

The Bill to repeal certain acts of the Ontario Legislature passed through committee.

Hon. Mr. Wood moved that $1,645,679 be granted Her Majesty from the Consolidated Revenue Fund.—Carried.

Hon. Mr. Wood moved the imposition of Provincial licenses on taverns of $20 in cities, $17 in towns, $12 in townships and villages, $12 on shops anywhere, and $25 on saloons, not being boarding houses.

Mr. Boulton moved in amendment that the $25 on saloons be made $10.

The amendment was lost, and the original motion carried.

The House went into Committee of the Whole on the Bill to carry out resolutions.

The inclination of future opposition was manifested pretty strongly during a much protracted debate.

SECOND DESPATCH.

Special to THE TIMES.

TORONTO, January 15.

The Rev. Maurice Baldwin, of Montreal, delivered a lecture last evening in the Music Hall in aid of the Young Men's Christian Association. The lecture was highly successful.

The School Bills are not to be proceeded with this Session, being likely to prolong it unduly.

Orders have been received from headquarters for the volunteers to proceed with their drill for 1869. Some of the volunteers here commenced last evening.

In the jury committee to-day the clause of the jury bill providing for the abolition of grand juries was struck out.

The *Globe* says the Board of Agriculture affair offers ample material for a searching investigation by a commission or parliamentary committee.

The *Leader* abandons the Georgian Bay Canal, as it considers it is being used as a political lever against the Ministry.

MONTREAL.

Special to THE TIMES.

MONTREAL, January 15.

Dr. O'Brennan's speech last night at the St. Patrick's concert was so treasonable that Mr. Carter, M.L.A., and others who were on the platform, left.

The movement for the establishment of a deaf mute institution is progressing favourably. Several gentlemen has subscribed four hundred dollars each.

The water in the river and reservoirs is rising.

Considerable anxiety is felt with reference to the result of Hon. Mr. Rose's interview with Howe at Portland.

PORTLAND.

Special to THE TIMES.

Arrival of the SS. "Moravian."

PORTLAND, January 15, 1869.

The steamship *Moravian* arrived at Portland at 10:45 last night.

CABLE NEWS.

GREAT BRITAIN.

The Treaty for the Settlement of the "Alabama" Claims Signed.

LONDON, January 15.—The treaty between the United States and Great Britain for the settlement of the *Alabama* claims has been signed by Johnson and Earl Clarendon on the basis of the original protocol.

A vessel which left Madeira on the 8th inst., has arrived here. She brings no tidings of the arrival there of the missing passengers of the steamer *Hibernia*.

The boatmen of Oxford University are expecting a challenge from Harvard Club, for a rowing match to take place next summer.

FRANCE.

Another Sitting of the Conference—Greece not Represented.

PARIS, January 14—Eve.—The Conference on the Eastern question held another session this afternoon. Mr. Rongabe, the minister of Greece, was absent as before. The press of this city generally urge the continuance of the Conference. It is understood that the Greek Government is preparing a diplomatic circular to the foreign powers on the questions at issue.

PARIS, January 15.—The *Constitutionnel* of this city predicts that Greece will submit to the voice of the Conference.

The Conference on the Eastern question will meet again to-day. It is generally believed this Session will be the final one. It is reported on creditable authority that the Grecian Minister has been instructed by his Government to announce that Greece is resolved to reject the decision of the Conference if certain demands on the Turkish ultimatum are supported by that body. All the indications are that Greece is bent on war.

NEWS VIA LONDON.

LONDON, January 15.—The *Patrie*, of Paris, publishes a translation of the letters of Gladstone to C. Edwards Lester, of New York, and proceeds to condemn the acknowledgment made therein as humiliating England in the presence of America, and as likely to produce no little irritation of feeling against the Premier among his own countrymen.

PRUSSIA.

BERLIN, January 15.—The statement made by a Vienna journal that Bismarck had declared that Baron Von Beust must be removed from the head of the Austrian Cabinet is pronounced to be without foundation.

SPAIN.

NEWS VIA LONDON.

LONDON, January 15.—The Madrid journals are hostile to Aosta as a candidate for the throne of Spain. The chances of the Duke of Montpensier seem to be at present improving. The *Gaulois*, of Paris, however, thinks the former is the most available candidate and most likely to succeed if Spain declares in favour of monarchy.

MADRID, January 15—Eve.—The elections for members of the constituent Cortes have commenced. The reactionists made some attempts to create disturbances at the polling places, but they proved abortive. With these exceptions good order has been maintained. The Provisional Government has obtained proof of the existence of a conspiracy, in which Gens. Pezula, Colonge, and Manuel Gazette are complicated. The persons named are under arrest and if the charges against them are proved, they will be severely punished.

TURKEY AND GREECE.

NEWS VIA LONDON.

LONDON, January 15.—All the great powers except Russia have united in a demand upon Greece that for the preservation of peace she will withdraw her formal objections to the Conference as at present constituted. The powers have reason to hope that Russia will also concur in this demand.

NEWS VIA PARIS.

PARIS, January 15.—A despatch from Athens states that King George is preparing to retire to Nauplea.

JAPAN.

NEWS VIA LONDON.

LONDON, January 15.—A despatch from Hong Kong, just received, states that a strong rebel force captured the city of Hakaki, in Japan. The persons and property of foreigners were respected.

SOUTH AMERICA.

NEWS VIA LISBON.

LISBON January 15.—News from Rio Janeiro to December 24th has been received here. The allied army made a vigorous assault on the Paraguayan stronghold at Viletta, and after a desperate battle succeeded in carrying it. President Lopez's army was utterly routed and destroyed. The allies captured over 3,000 prisoners of war. Lopez himself, with twenty followers, barely made his escape. This important victory has opened the way to Asuncion, the Paraguayan capital, to which place the Brazillian iron-clads had gone.

RIO JANEIRO, December 24.—At last accounts from the seat of war the allies held Viletta and Augustora. Many cannon and large stores of ammunition and provision fell into their hands. The losses of the Paraguayans in killed and wounded in the recent battles were very heavy. A report from Paraguayan sources claim that the allied forces lost 6,000 men in killed and wounded in a battle which took place on the 5th of December. General Argolla was mortally wounded in this fight.

General McMahon, the American minister, was in the Paraguayan camp. A good understanding existed between him and President Lopez.

AMERICAN NEWS.

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES.

Congressional Sentiment Favourable to the Repeal of the Civil Tenure Law.

WASHINGTON January 15.—A partial canvass of the Senate shows that the sentiment is generally favourable to the repeal of the civil tenure law. It is thought, however, that it will not be decided upon until the close of the session.

American Sympathy with the Cuban Revolutionists.

NEW YORK, January 15.—The *Tribune's* special says advices have been received here from trustworthy parties residing in Cuba that the revolutionary party is hourly becoming stronger, and little doubt is entertained by those competent to judge that the revolutionists will be successful. These facts have been made known to prominent senators and representatives, and it is not improbable that some action will be taken by Congress, showing the sympathies of the United States with the struggle now going on in that country.

Republican Congressmen Criticise the Action of the Paris Conference.

WASHINGTON, January 15.—Republican Congressmen here severely criticise the action of the Paris conference, inasmuch as it reveals; especially on the part of quondam abettors of the slave confederacy, a foregone conclusion to uphold the Mussulman despotism against the progress of Christian liberty and civilization in the east.

Progress of the "Alabama" Negotiations.

The *Times* special says the State Department is in receipt of further advices from Reverdy Johnson respecting the *Alabama* negotiations which, though not yet entirely complete, still further satisfactory progress has been made, and the present state of the matter is such as to warrant the belief that a favourable treaty will shortly be submitted to the Senate.

Progress of the Central Pacific Railroad.

SAN FRANCISCO, January 14.—Trains on the Central Pacific Railroad are now running to Elko, four hundred and eighty miles from Sacramento.

THIS MORNING'S DESPATCHES.

Boiler Explosion.

NEWARK, January 15.—The boiler in George Wood's brush handle shop, at Elizabeth port, exploded at half-past nine o'clock this morning. The boiler was thrown into Winans & Bros. tinshop, 200 feet distant, killing Benj. H. Winans, the proprietor, and Jno. Regan, of Bergen. A boatman was seriously wounded named Stanley Miller, and four others.

The Hampshire Woollen Mills Burned.

HUNTINGTON, MASS., January 15.—The Hampshire woollen mills here, owned by Little & Stanton, were totally destroyed by fire last night, together with a large lot of manufactured goods. Several adjoining buildings were also destroyed. Loss $75,000.

The Niagara Ship Canal Bill was Defeated.

WASHINGTON, January 15.—The Niagara Ship Canal Bill has been defeated by its reference to Committee of the Whole. Yeas, 81; Nays, 60.

A Freight Train Precipitated into the Delaware River.

About 12 o'clock last night a freight train on the Erie Railroad, consisting of 14 cars, was thrown from the track near Hancock, and precipitated into the Delaware river. The Western mail due here at eight this morning was detained fully seven hours in consequence of the accident.

A STARTLING EXPOSE.

A Boston journal, the *Commonwealth*, makes the rather exaggerated statement that every afternoon after three o'clock some twelve to fifteen United States Senators are so drunk that they are unable to attend to business. The Washington correspondent of the Missouri *Democrat* also says that the coming session of Congress will see the certain death and entombment of three men now in the United States Senate, all from drink. Take away the pay and good clothes of these three men, and they are already tavern suckers and parasites of the most abject sort. I saw one of them at a friend's house, only yesterday, ask for a glass of whiskey as soon as he entered. He took it with both hands, which shook and rocked rather as in some theatrical exaggeration of drunkenness than in the real light of common life, and to see his greedy lips slip by the glass's edge, cheated like Tantalus by his own nerves, was dreadful. He is no worse than two others, but happily his term expires on the 4th of March."

AN ANACONDA ON A HOUSETOP.

[From the Cincinnati Chronicle, January 7.]

Yesterday afternoon, as the children were leaving the school house on Third-st., near Plum, they discovered a large snake crawling over the roofs of the opposite houses. Of course such a strange visitant as this, in such a locality and at such a time of the year, created an intense excitement. After much trouble his snakship was killed, and proved to be a young anaconda, measuring five feet eight inches in length. At first there was much doubt as to the species, but Officer Crippen, an old showman and authority on such matters, pronounced it a genuine "andy, condy." Where it came from is a perfect mystery—whether it had escaped from some private collection, or a gift of some travelling showman to some of the ladies (?) living in that delectable quarter. The dead snake can be seen at Hartwell's marble-dust factory on Plum-st., above Columbia.

FRENCH STUDENTS.—Every now and then the Emperor of the French is painfully reminded of the dangers which beset his dynasty. The law and medical students have nearly unanimously refused the invitations which were sent to them to partake of the hospitalities of Compiegne. Two young men from every school were invited, and whilst there was no difficulty in getting cadets from St. Cyr, or engineers from the Polytechnic; one guest only was recruited from the Ecole Normale, and twenty invitations were vainly sent to the future M. D.'s. The young medicals pleaded the absorbing calls of study as a reason for not accepting the unprecedented honour of Imperial hospitality, and it is a curious fact that not one of the poor students of the Quartier Latin could be tempted by the prospect of a week's luxury to forsake his garret and his principles.

A meritorious article is Hall's Sicilian Hair Renewer; it is rapidly becoming known and widely and deservedly popular. It is apparently nothing in itself but an agreeably perfumed and pleasant hair dressing, but it contains the most wonderful curative properties for loss of hair, and after using it a short time, gray hair is restored to its natural color. If any of our readers doubt it, let them try a single bottle of the "Renewer," and they will add their testimonial to the truth of what we say.—*Sentinel, Burlington, Vt.*

What is the healthy, worldly man's ambition wealth, wealth, wealth. And what the poor invalid's, health, health, health. 'Tis true, gold is dross compared with health. Take care of it, but if you have already lost it from disease of the throat, lungs, liver, kidneys, or digestive organs, &c., remember that there has never been heretofore a medicine that could in any way compete with the Great Shoshonees Remedy for the radical cure of those diseases.

Wholesale & Retail.

JUST RECEIVED,
NEW PATTERNS IN CROSLEY'S
TAPESTRY CARPETS.

Remnants of CARPETS of all kinds, the accumulation of four years, will be sold cheap previous to Stock-taking.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

COTTON GOODS.

MAGEE & RUSSELL

Have brought forward from the wholesale department

150 PIECES ASSORTED PRINTS,
125 " BLEACHED SHIRTING,
200 " GREY COTTON,

and arranged them on the Centre Tables, where they will be offered at wholesale prices by the piece, during the remainder of this month.

They would also remark that "COTTON GOODS" are slightly higher priced in England, than what they were when the above were purchased.

Customers would be consulting their own interests by taking advantage of the above sale, the reductions being 2, 2½ and 3 cents per yard.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

PATTERN JACKETS.
The balance of our
FRENCH PATTERN JACKETS,
have been still further reduced in price. A few very rich ones yet to dispose of.
MAGEE & RUSSELL.

Groceries.

THE TEA POT LIST.

In Cases, Hhd. and ¼ Casks,
HENNESSEY'S BRANDY,
MARTELL'S do
OTARD, DUPEY & Co., do
JULES, ROBIN & Co., do
CASTILLION & Co., do.

In Bottle or Wood,
GRAHAM'S EXTRA OLD PORT,
GRAHAM'S THREE GRAPE,
SANDEMAN'S CHOICE OLD PORT,
McKENZIE'S Pure Golden SHERRY,
DUNN'S BROWN, do
CHOICE PALE, do.

THE
FINEST BALTIMORE OYSTERS,
Received daily, by Express.

CHIPPAWA pure old RYE WHISKEY
Four years old, equal to any French Brandy.
CHIPPAWA TODDY WHISKEY,
Four years old, equal to Scotch.
CHIPPAWA FAMILY PROOF.
J. G. ROBINSON & CO,
The Tea Pot, Ottawa.
Ottawa, Dec. 16, 1868.

ON SALE,
GOODERHAM & WORTS'
RECTIFIED SPIRLTS.

100 BBLS. CELEBRATED OLD RYE,
100 do HIGHWINES, 50 O.P.
100 do ALCOHOL, 65 O.P.

The trade supplied at manufacturers' prices.

REDPATH'S EXTRA GOLDEN SYRUP
REDPATH'S STANDARD do
NEW YORK HOUSE SYRUP,
100 BBLS. WEST INDIA MOLASSES.

500 CHESTS UNCOLORED JAPAN TEA.
100 CADDIES ORANGE PEKOE
150 CHESTS TWANKAY.
200 CADDIES BRIGHT SOL TOBACCO.
100 BOXES TOBACCO, 10s.
500 BARRELS EXTRA SUPERIOR FLOUR.
300 BBLS. MESS PORK, to arrive.

J. G. ROBINSON & Co.
December 16, 1868. 926.3m

Jewellery, &c.

FOR
CHRISTMAS AND NEW YEAR'S
PRESENTS,
IN GOLD & SILVER WATCHES,
Go to YOUNG & RADFORD'S,
30 Sparks-st.

FOR
CHRISTMAS AND NEW YEAR'S
PRESENTS,
GOLD CHAINS & FINE JEWELLERY,
Go to YOUNG & RADFORD'S.

FOR
CHRISTMAS AND NEW YEAR'S
PRESENTS,
IN PLATED WARE,
Go to YOUNG & RADFORD'S.

FOR
CHRISTMAS AND NEW YEAR'S
PRESENTS,
IN FANCY GOODS,
SUITABLE FOR THE SEASON,
Go to YOUNG & RADFORD'S.

PARTIES WANTING WORK
SUITABLE FOR PRESENTATIONS
FOR CHRISTMAS OR NEW YEAR,
Will find it to their advantage to
Go to YOUNG & RADFORD'S,
30 Sparks-st.

Garland, Mutchmor & Co

XMAS DRY GOODS.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.,
IMPORTERS, 20 SPARKS-ST.,

Have received, ex various ocean steamers, large additions to their extensive stock of

STAPLE & FANCY DRY GOODS,
MILLINERY,
Carpetings and House Furnishings,

and are now shewing a large and well assorted stock in every department. They invite special attention to the following:

RICH FANCY SILKS,
RICH FANCY DRESSES,
suitable for street and evening wear,
RICH BALL DRESSES,
GOOD ABERDEEN WINCIES,
at a little over half last year's prices. Good cheap useful dresses for all classes in all the new materials.

CLOTHS,
TWEEDS,
BLANKETS,
FLANNELS,
SHEETINGS,
COTTONS,
PRINTS, ETC.,
all in great variety cheap.

LACES,
RIBBONS,
TRIMMINGS,
GLOVES,
HOSIERY,
Black Silk Mantle Velvets,
Black and Brown Velveteens,
Black and Brown Sealskins,
Black and Brown Astricans,
Coloured Jasper Sealskins,
White and Fancy Mantle Cloths.

MANTLES,
in great variety, in all the new materials an shapes.

SHAWLS,
BONNETS,
HATS,
LADIES' CAPS,
HEAD DRESSES,
FLOWERS,
FEATHERS,
BRIDAL WREATHS.

Great novelty in Skirts—the
NEW PATENT FELT SKIRT,
Plain and embroidered, all in one piece; warm lighter, better fitting and cheaper than any other skirts. Just opened
One Case Plain Glasgow Wincies.
Two cases latest styles in Clouds and othe Woollen Goods.
Wholesale and Retail.

Stationery.

NEW GOODS.

Just received, ex steamship *St. David*, a large importation of the best British manufactured
STAPLE STATIONERY,
IN
LETTER PAPERS,
NOTE PAPERS,
ENVELOPES,
FOOLSCAPS,
FOLIO POSTS,
RECORD PAPERS,
TINTED BLOTTING PAPERS,
MUSIC PAPER,
&c., &c., &c.
For sale at
THE OTTAWA CITIZEN
Stationery and ...nting House,
...deau-st., Ottawa.

Groceries.

For sale by the ...ersigned
300 BBLS. MESS PORK,
200 BBLS. THIN MESS PORK.
500 BBLS. STRONG SUPER FLOUR.

COAL OIL.
Having been appointed by the combination their agents for
COAL OIL,
They are now prepared to sell in quantities to suit the trade, by the
BARREL OR CAR LOAD,
AT THE
LOWEST PRICES

Agents for Hiram & Walker's
HIGHWINES
RYE,
PROOF, and
MONONGAHELA WHISKEYS.

Agents for
REESOR BROS. CHEESE.

Agents for John Campbell's celebrated
HAMS,
BACON, &c.
C. T. BATE & CO.,
Canal Basin.
Ottawa, Dec. 12, 1868.

Dry Goods.

FRESH ARRIVALS.

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!

THOS. & W. HUNTON

Have just opened out the contents of 48 packages of NEW GOODS, comprising

1 CASE SILKS, in plain and fancy colors, splendid value.
1 CASE VELVETEENS,
3 BALES WHITE COTTONS,
1 " WHITE COTTON SHEETING,
6 " GRAY COTTONS,
(at greatly reduced prices.)
2 CASES LINENS, assorted,
1 " BLACK CLOTHS,
2 " BLACK & COLORED OVERCOATINGS,
1 BALE WHITE FLANNELS,
1 " GRAY FLANNELS,
1 " SCARLET FLANNEL
4 " BLANKETS,
2 " HEMP CARPETS,
3 " WOOL CARPETS,
10 " TAPESTRY CARPETS, this season's new patterns,
3 " CANADIAN TWEEDS.

All of the above goods being marked off, and ready for inspection. We would specially invite intending purchasers to call and examine them.

THOS. & W. HUNTON
47 and 49 Sparks-st.

RANDALL & MONTGOMERY,
PLAIN, ORNAMENTAL AND DECORATIVE
PAINTERS,
AND PAPER HANGERS,
Chaudiere and Hull. (Shop next to R. R. Booth's Store, Chaudiere.) House, Sign, Villa and general painting executed on the most reasonable terms. Ceilings and walls distempered in colors to suit. Fresco work of all kinds to order.
References permitted to the following gentlemen: A. H. Baldwin & Co., J. R. Booth, Esq., R.R. Booth, Esq., Rev. Mr. Johnson, Hull; Rev Mr. Picket, Ottawa; Mr. Haycock, Architect.
August 26. 829-6m

A FEW GENTLEMEN can be accommodated with BOARD by applying at
MRS. DUIGNAN'S,
Sparks-st.
918a

OTTAWA MARKETS.

[Compiled expressly for the OTTAWA TIMES.]

Times Office, Ottawa, Jan. 15, 1869.

Friday's market was not very good, though some commodities were in tolerable plenty.

Oats were well represented, and have declined about two cents.

Pork was in good supply at an advance of 50 cents.

Beef was in good quantity at last quotations, and the same may be said of **Mutton.**

Butter was in larger supply than usual at last quoted prices at which it has stood with very slight variations for several months.

Poultry is far from being abundant, but of **Turkeys** there was a middling supply, all at last quotations.

Potatoes in moderately good supply and unchanged in price.

Hay is unchanged in price. Supply good.

Wood is falling off in quantity, but prices remain the same.

FLOUR—Extra	6 50	@	6 75
No. 1	5 25	@	5 50
No. 2	none.		
Bags—Fall per 100 lbs.	3 25	@	3 37½
" Spring "	2 62½	@	2 75
Oatmeal—per 200 lbs.	7 00	@	7 25
Indian Meal "	4 00	@	0 00
Rye—per bushel 56 lbs.	0 85	@	0 90
Barley " 48 lbs.	0 90	@	0 00
Buckwheat Flour	4 00	@	4 50
WHEAT—Fall—per bushel, 60 lbs.	1 25	@	1 30
Spring "	1 20	@	1 25
CORN—Per bushel, 56 lbs.	0 85	@	0 90
Peas " 60 lbs.	0 90	@	0 00
Oats " 34 lbs.	0 61	@	0 63
Beans " 60 lbs.	1 80	@	0 00
PORK—Mess—per barrel	24 50	@	25 00
Prime Mess per do.	00 00	@	17 00
Prime	none.		
Pork (fresh)	8 00	@	9 00
Hams	0 15	@	0 17
Beef per 100 lbs	6 00	@	7 00
Mutton—per lb	0 5	@	0 6
Geese—Each	0 50	@	0 60
Ducks	0 50	@	0 60
Turkeys—Each	1 00	@	2 00
Poultry—Per pair	0 50	@	0 60
BUTTER—Choice Table	0 25	@	0 00
No. 1 Firkin	0 22	@	0 24
No. 2	0 00	@	0 00
Eggs	0 22	@	0 25
Apples—per brl	0 00	@	4 50
VEGETABLES, &c.—Potatoes	0 38	@	0 40
HAY—Per ton	18 00	@	0 00
WOOD—Per cord (cubic measure)	3 25	@	0 00
Mixed Wood	3 00	@	0 00
Tamarac	2 00	@	0 00
Soft Wood	2 00	@	0 00

A CHILD CARRIED OFF BY AN EAGLE.

A Nashville paper publishes an account of an extraordinary occurrence which took place on Christmas day, near a place called Meigsville, Tenn. A boy, just learning to walk, was in charge of a servant girl, while its parents were absent from home, and the girl left it alone in its cradle asleep. On its awaking, it got out of its cradle and into the yard, where it was sprawling about on the ground. A grey eagle looking for its prey, pounced upon the child, and flew away with it in its talons. The girl, who was at the barn, saw the eagle swoop down into the yard, and had a presentment that it was after the child, when she saw the bird rise with it in its claws, she was so overcome with fright that she swooned and fell. The cold air revived her, and she gave chase to the eagle, which was flying slowly over the tops of the trees of a wood near by. She ran with all her might through the forest, a mile and a half, and came out into a clearing about as soon as the eagle. The Cumberland river was just beyond, and the eagle alighted near the stream.

It luckily happened at that time that there was a man hunting in the neighbouring marshes, and just at that particular moment, when the eagle reached the ground with his burden, a shot went off so dangerously and alarmingly near him, (for the hunter was behind a clump of bushes about twenty yards off, and had his back toward the spot where the eagle and the child were,) that he mounted into the air again, but this time without his burden. The pursuing girl was filed with joy when she beheld the bird rise without the child. But fearing he would return, as he seemed inclined to do she set up a vigorous shouting as she ran which attracted the hunter's attention in that direction, who, seeing the eagle quite near him, and a lady rushing down the slope with streaming hair and garments, and wildly shouting, concluded at once that there was something strange, and perhaps dreadfull in his immediate vicinity, and he also set up a vigorous hallooing, and proceeded to reload his gun with great precipitation, forgetting to go after the game which he had just shot. The eagle soon became aware of the formidable opposition he would meet if he attempted to recapture his prey, and thinking better of it he wheeled around and swang himself in one grand swoop across the river and disappeared behind the shelving rock which forms the opposite bank at that point, before a shot from the hunter's gun was ready to speed its flight into his bold heart. When the girl came down to the hunter, she fell stiff, and was not able even to indicate what was the matter. While the rough hunter was endeavouring to restore her to consciousness, he heard the scream of a child, and, leaving the slowly recovering girl he went toward the spot where the screaming came from, and beheld a fine, healthy, rosy, boy, with torn clothes, but otherwise uninjured, endeavouring to rise upon his little feet. The tears streamed down his innocent cheeks, and his face wore a most ludicrous expression. He took the baby in his arms and carried it to the girl, who was sufficiently recovered to know that her beloved charge was safe. She clasped it to her bosom, covered it with kisses and wept for joy. In the meantime the mother and father of the child had returned home, and finding it empty, with no sign to indicate where the inmates were gone, save a bucket of spilled milk out near the barn, where the girl had dropped it in her flight, they became exceedingly anxious and uneasy; but the return of the servant, the hunter, and the wonderful little *voyageur*, who had the most thrilling adventure that was ever heard of, restored them to tranquility. There was a truly merry and joyous Christmas in that household.

Everybody is getting them.

A NOVELTY,

THE MAGIC WINDOW CURTAIN ROLLER,

The best ever invented, 1 Roller and Bottom Slat, and 5 pieces of casting, all for 25 cents, to fit every window.

AT THE VARIETY HALL.

ALSO, A

NEW PATENT CLOTHES DRYER,

AT THE VARIETY HALL.

And what every house requires where there is a grate is the

BLOWER STAND,

to be had only

AT THE VARIETY HALL.

HOTEL & SALOON KEEPERS

Remember the best assortment of Tumblers, Decanters and Labeled Bottles in the Dominion is at the Variety Hall.

JOSEPH BOYDEN.

Fine Arts.

A COMPLETE

Assortment at the CANADA GAZETTE Office of

PRANG'S CHROMOS;

of which Frederic E. Church, the great American artist, says: "They are certainly most skiltully and artistically executed." And John G. Whittier "I had no idea they were home productions; I am glad to know that such beautiful work is done here." And Bayard Taylor: "Your illuminations of the Beatitudes are really superb." And Wendell Phillips; "I congratulate you on your success, which I consider marvellous," &c.

Among them the following are the most attractive:

Horses in a Storm. (After R. Adams.)
The two Friends. (Child and Dog, after Geraud.)
Sunset in California. (After Bierstadt.)
Sunlight in Winter. (After Morvillier.)
The Barefooted Boy. (After Whittier.)
Early Autumn on Esopus Creek, N. Y. (After A T. Bricher.)
Late Autumn in the White Mountains. (After A. T. Bricher.)
Six American Landscapes. (After A. T. Bricher.)
Easter Morning. [After Mrs. James M. Hart.]

The Beatitudes of Our Lord, most magnificently illuminated.

Illuminated School Room Cards, with mottoes taken from Scripture.

Illuminated crosses, Book Marks, Rewards of Merit.

The Language of Flowers, Wood and Sea Mosses, Ferns, Flowers, &c.

"OLD MOTHER HUBBARD," "The most elegant juvenile book of the season," superbly illustrated and illuminated.

Prang's Chromos are offered at 20 per cent. below the publisher's prices at the

CANADA GAZETTE OFFICE,
Sparks-st., Ottawa.

Stationery.

CARTER'S

COMBINED WRITING & COPYING INK.

THE ADVANTAGES OF THIS OVER OTHER INKS ARE:

First. It flows freely from the pen, and does not thicken by exposure to the air.

Second. It will give a perfect and instantaneous copy.

Third. It will not mould.

Fourth. Being equally as good for Copying as for Book-keeping, it entirely does away with the use of two kinds of Ink.

Fifth. It is more permanent than common Inks.

Sixth. The color, when first written, is a beautiful dark green, but in a remarkably short time it changes to a BRILLIANT JET BLACK—not a brownish black.

Seventh. It is admirably adapted to the most delicate writing, and ALWAYS "makes its mark."

This Ink is warranted to flow as freely as Arnold's, or any other Writing Fluid now in use; to give as perfect a copy as any Copying Ink; and not to mould.

Parties using Carter's Ink, and What They Say About it.

Post Office—"Best ink, by far; have used it for years."

Harnden Express Company—"Tried every kind, and give this the preference."

Bank of the Metropolis—"Grand, good ink; use it altogether."

Hamilton Bank—"We use Carter's ink, and think it the best."

Jordon, Marsh & Co.—"Would'nt take any other as a gift."

J. R. Palmer & Co.—"It writes splendidly and copies beautifully."

American Bank Note Company—"Never used any ink we liked so well."

Paymaster's Office—"Best ink ever made in this or any other country."

POST OFFICE, PHILADELPHIA—I give it a preference over any other ink I have ever used. It flows freely, and does not gum with exposure.
W. M. IRELAND, Chief Clerk.

Wholesale and Retail at the
CANADA GAZETTE OFFICE.

NEW PUBLICATION.

CHRONICLES OF CANADA.

BY

H. BEAUMONT SMALL, S.C.L.

Price, 50 cents. For sale by the publisher,
936tf GEORGE E. DESBARATS.

ORDNANCE LANDS.

Public notice is hereby given that Sales of ORDNANCE LANDS will take place at the following places in the Province of Ontario, at the dates hereinafter mentioned:

At Kingston, 29 Lots, on Wednesday, Feb. 3rd, 1869.
Toronto, 147 Lots, on Monday, Feb. 8th.
Burlington Heights, Hamilton, 33 Lots, Feb. 10th.
Amherstburgh, 4 Lots, Saturday, Feb. 13th.
London, 1 tract of land, Tuesday, Feb. 16th.
Fort Erie, 104 Lots, Friday, Feb. 19th.
Pelham Farm, Short Hills, Saturday, Feb. 20th.
Penetanguishene, 60 lots, Wednesday, Feb. 24th.

Purchasers will be allowed to pay in ten annual instalments. One to be paid at the place and time of sale, and the rest in nine equal annual payments with interest at six per cent.

Particulars as to lots, dimensions, site, &c., will be given in the local papers.

By order,
E. PARENT,
Under Secretary of State.

WILLIAM F. COFFIN,
Ordnance Lands Agent.
Department of Secretary of State,
Ottawa, 12th December, 1868. 925-2td

TO FARMERS & OTHERS.

TRADE O. A. A. & Co. MARK.

Farmers and others should buy their TEA and COFFEE from

A. G. AUDY & CO.,

who are daily receiving by direct importations Tea and Coffee of the finest quality. Their business is conducted on the English principle, and the above named articles can be procured in 5 and 10 pound catties and upwards. The purchaser receives the benefit of a neat package, a good article, and at wholesale prices. Perfect satisfaction is ensured, and any goods not proving according to sample can be returned at our expense. We will pay the carriage on 4 five or 2 ten lb catties to the nearest railway station. For the accommodation of farmers and others not having heard of the advantage offered them, we have engaged trustworthy agents who will make occasional trips throughout the surrounding country and solicit their orders. Any favors submitted to them will receive prompt attention. We do not sell less than a cattie, and nothing but Tea and Coffee sold. The following is the list of prices:

BLACK TEA.	
Common Congou, Strong Tea	$0 45 @ 50
Fine Flavoured New Season do.	0 55 @ 60
Excellent Full Flavoured do.	0 75 @ 80
Sound Oolong	0 40 @ 45
Rich Flavoured, do	0 55 @ 60
Very Fine, do do	0 75 @ 80
Japan Good	0 50 @ 60
Very Good	0 65 @ 70
Finest	0 75 @ 80
GREEN TEA.	
Twankay, Common	0 35 @ 40
Fine do	0 55 @ 60
Young Hyson	0 50 @ 60
Fine do	0 75 @ 85
Superfine and Very Choice	1 00 @ 00
COFFEE.	
Mocha	$0 22, 0 27, 0 29, 0 33
Java	0 20, 0 25, 0 29, 0 32
Ceylon	0 18, 0 22, 0 26, 0 29

Remember the place,
A. G. AUDY & CO.,
Elgin-st., opposite the Russell House.

ANNUAL MEETING.

GENERAL PROTESTANT HOSPITAL.

The Annual Meeting of the subscribers and friends of this Institution will be held in the DIRECTOR'S HALL, in the Hospital, on TUESDAY, the SECOND day of FEBRUARY next, at the hour of 2 o'clock, in the afternoon, to receive the Annual Report, and elect Directors. The public are respectfully invited to attend.

Signed, W. H. THOMPSON,
GEORGE HAY,
JAMES PEACOCK,
ALEX. WORKMAN,
RODERICK ROSS,
Trustees.

Ottawa, 14th January, 1869. 947td

Medical.

PAIN KILLER

A PURELY VEGETABLE MEDICINE

TAKEN INTERNALLY, CURES

Sudden Colds, Catarrh, Coughs, Bronchitis, Asthma, Fever and Ague, Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, Acid Stomach, Headache, Heartburn, Indigestion, Canker in the Mouth, Throat or Stomach, Sick Headache, Sea Sickness, Piles, Kidney Complaints, Canker Rash, Cramp and Pains in the Stomach, Painter's Colic, Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Summer Complaint, Cholera Morbus, Cholera Infantum and Cholera.

APPLIED EXTERNALLY, CURES

Scalds, Burns, Frostbites, Chillblains, Erysipelas, Ringworms, Whitlows, Boils, Old Sores, Sprains, Bruises, Toothache, Headache, Neuralgia in the Face or Head, Pains in the Side, Pains in the Back and Loins, Rheumatism, Rheumatic Gout, Neuralgic or Rheumatic Pains in the Joints and Limbs, Stings of Insects, Scorpions, Centipedes, and the Bites of Poisonous Insects and Venomous Reptiles.

At this season, when coughs and colds are so prevalent, an effectual remedy, and one easily obtained, is *Perry Davis' Vegetable Pain Killer.* It is no new nostrum, vended by unknown agents, but has stood the test of over 20 years; and those who use the article, internally or externally, will connect with it grateful recollections of its worthy inventor.—*Hastings' Chronicle, C. W.*

PAIN KILLER.—The testimonials borne to the efficacy of this valuable medicine are sufficient to warrant its introduction into every house. Our own opinion is that no family should be without a bottle of it for a single hour. In flesh wounds, aches, pains, sores, &c., it is the most effectual remedy we know of. A bottle will last for a very long time, and its low price places it within the reach of all. Our readers will remember that the Messrs. Perry Davis & Son have opened out a house in Montreal, whence Canadian orders are supplied.—*News, St. Johns, C. E.*

We are glad to learn that the "Pain Killer" is having so large a sale in our city. We have every reason to believe it to be an almost never failing cure for pain, and is a medicine that no family should be without.—*Montreal Pilot.*

In an attack of Diarrhœa, Dysentery or Cramp Colic, don't delay the use of the Pain Killer.

Rev. H. L. Van Meter, Burmah, writes, "The Pain Killer has become an almost indispensable article in my family."

Hundreds of missionaries give similar testimony of its virtues.

Rev. J. G. Stearns writes, "I consider it the best remedy for Dyspepsia I ever knew."

Rev. Jabez S. Swan says, "I have used it for years in my family, and consider it an invaluable remedy."

We cheerfully add our testimony in favor of this medicine.—*Roman Citizen.*

We have tasted this medicine and assure our readers that it not only possesses all the virtues claimed for it, but in many instances surpasses any other remedy which we have ever known.—*Herald of Gospel Liberty.*

It is really a valuable medicine. It is used by many physicians.—*Boston Traveller.*

I have used Davis' Pain Killer, and consider it an indispensable article in the medicine box. It has effected cures in Diarrhœa, and for cuts and bruises it is invaluable.—*New York Examiner.*

Spoken of in terms of high commendation by both druggist and physician.—*Philadelphia Eagle.*

The Pain Killer is sold at wholesale by druggists and medicine dealers, and commission merchants, in the principal cities, and retailed by Apothecaries, Grocers and at Variety Shops generally, throughout the world. Price, 15 cents, 25 cents and 50 cents per bottle.

PERRY DAVIS & SON,
Manufacturers and Proprietors, 380 St. Paul-st., Montreal, P. of Q.
78 High-st., Providence, R. I.; 71 Southampton Row, Holborn, London, England.
DAVIDSON & DANIEL, GENERAL AGENTS

MORTIMER'S

INFALLIBLE REMEDY

FOR

CHOLERA,
DIARRHŒA, and
BOWEL COMPLAINTS.

The following extract, which Mr. Mortimer is kindly permitted to publish, is from the letter of a relative of Dr. Wolfe, of this city, now residing in the United States:

"Find out if the Express charges are too high; and if not, arrange with Mortimer to let you have a box of the bottles of CHOLERA MIXTURE, I could make a good little fortune with them. The bottle I brought with me here brought two ladies round from decided cholera; one on board the boat, and the other in Berlin, United States. Both commenced with diarrhœa, then with dysentery, and then vomiting. The one at Berlin was very bad. I gave her three doses of the Cholera Mixture, the third of which stopped the vomiting. The next day she was all right, or nearly so. She was very grateful. I have now only a little left."

This excellent mixture, which should be in every family, is only

TWENTY-FIVE CENTS A BOTTLE.

NONE OTHER GENUINE.

TRADE MARK REGISTERED

CANADIAN COUGH EMULSION.

This valuable medicine has the extraordinary property of immediately relieving Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Difficulty of Breathing, Tightness in Chest, &c., &c. It operates by dissolving the congealed phlegm, causing free expectoration, and an agreeable moistness to the skin.

Sold in Bottles at 1s. 3d. and 2s. 6d. Each.

MORTIMER'S COMPOUND ANTIBILIOUS AND FAMILY APERIENT PILLS,

A grand specific for derangement of the Digestive Organs, and for obstructions and torpid action of the Liver and Bowels.

Mortimer's Vegetable Worm Destroyer,

The only sure remedy that exists, combining delicious taste and amazing power.

MORTIMER'S

Colonges, Pomades, Toilet Vinegar, Rose Dentifrice, for the Teeth and Gums. Also constantly on hand Perfumes of all kinds, and Toilet Requisites usually kept in a first-class establishment.

No. 41 Sussex-st., Ottawa City.

DARLEY'S ARABIAN HEAVE REMEDY and CONDITION MEDICINE is positively superior to any, or all other preparations for the cure of Heaves, Coughs, Thick and Broken Wind, and all diseases which affect the wind of horses; also, as a Condition Medicine, surpassing everything of the kind, is easy to give, sure to cure and safe in all cases and at all times, and does not prevent the horse from being worked while using it.

It cleanses the breathing apparatus, by removing from the air-cells the coagulable lymph, or that secretion which in heaves clogs them, causing a difficulty in breathing, and by its action on the diseased part, causing the mucous membrane to resume its natural dimensions, thus equalizing the circulation of the blood, and restoring the distended vessels to their natural size; by its use the horse's appetite is improved, all derangements of the digestive organs corrected, softening the skin, and giving to the coat a sleek and shining appearance.

D. W. HURD, successor to HURD & Co., Maiden Lane, New York, Sole Proprietor for the United States.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, Ont., Proprietors for Canada.

Price 25 cents. Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, Henry F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J. Brown, in Ottawa. 889-45-6m

FOR ASTHMA,

and Chronic Bronchitis

DATURA TATULA,

Affords Immediate Relief.

"A remedy of great power and usefulness.—*Dr. W. Parker.*

"Of great efficacy in cases of Asthma and Chronic Bronchitis."—*Dublin Journal Medical Science.*

"The smoke causes no nausea. When the right kind, I have never known an instance in which relief was not obtained."—*General Alexander to Hon. B. Stuart.*

In Tins, 2s 6d, 5s and 10s.

Or formed into Cigars and Cigarettes, Boxes, 3s, 6s, 8s and 15s.

Pastilles for Inhalation, Boxes, 2s 6d, 5s and 10s.

SAVORY & MOORE,
143, New Bond-st., London.
AGENTS—Messrs. F. Cundill & Co., Montreal.

FOR INDIGESTION—PANCREATINE completely effects the DIGESTION and ASSIMILATION of COD LIVER OIL, the fat eaten at meals, &c. In digestive activity, superior to Pepsine.

Pancreatine Powder, bottles, 2s, 3s 6d, 6s 6d and 12s 6d. Pancreatine Wine, bottles, 3s, 5s and 10s.

SAVORY & MOORE,
143, New Bond-st., London.

N.B.—Pancreatine Wine is the best vehicle for taking Cod Liver Oil.

AGENTS—Messrs. F. Cundill & Co., Montreal.

Millinery.

NOTICE.

MRS. SMITH having received her new styles of FALL HATS & BONNETS, will be happy to see her old friends and the public generally. Gent' Felt Hats cleaned, dyed and done over in the best style.

N.B.—The most fashionable Mantles and Coats made to order, Corner of Bank and Albert-sts.

October 10. 868tf

Commission Merchants.

DOMINION AUCTION MART,

AND

COMMISSION SALE ROOMS,

HORSE, LAND AND GENERAL AGENCY,

OFFICE AND SALE ROOMS,

INGLIS' NEW BUILDINGS, SUSSEX-ST.,

OTTAWA.

The subscriber respectfully announces to the inhabitants of Ottawa and surrounding country that at the request of many friends he has decided on opening an extensive and well regulated Auction Mart in this city:

From arrangements made with some of the Furniture Manufactories of Western Ontario, a large and well selected stock of new furniture will be constantly on hand.

Public Sales will be held from time to time, of which due notice will be given, and at which parties requiring to furnish will have an opportunity of purchasing at unusually low rates. The Mart is now open with a large stock of new Furniture, as well as Pianos, Harmoniums, &c., &c., consigned for sale.

The subscriber would also intimate that he is the Sole Agent for Ottawa and territory for the sale of Rappe, Webber & Co.'s celebrated grand Pianos.

They are successors to the late John C. Fox, of Kingston, and the makers of his excellent Pianos.

From their long experience in Germany, Paris, and New York, they are universally admitted to be the best Piano Manufacturers on this continent.

The high reputation of the instruments made by them for the past ten years, and the increasing demand for them in the new Dominion, prove their very superior quality, and universally acknowledged merit.

The Pianos, as well as the Furniture in the establishment, will be sold either by private sale or auction.

He would also announce that he is prepared to receive instructions from persons having household furniture, horses, carriages, or real estate, to dispose of, and pledges himself that nothing will be left undone by him to give satisfaction in discharging the trust confided to him. He hopes that by strict attention to the sales entrusted to his care, as well as by prompt settlements immediately after, to merit a share of public patronage.

He will be in his office from 7 in the morning until 7 in the evening, when he can see parties who wish to arrange about their sales. Consignments from a distance will have immediate attention.

Cash advances, when required, will be made on consignments for immediate sale.

All kinds of furniture bought, sold or exchanged.

REFERENCES.

His Lordship the Bishop of Kingston,
Hon. Sir John A. Macdonald,
Hon. H. L. Langevin, C B,
Hon. Alex. Campbell, P M G,
R. W. Scott, Esq. M P P,
Walter Shanly, Esq. M P
Max. W. Strange, Esq. M P P,
Francis H. Burton, Esq. M P
James O'Rielly, Esq. Q C,
H. V. Noel, Esq. Manager Quebec Bank Ottawa.
Robert Lyon, Esq. M P P.

A smart young man wanted to act as travelling agent representing several firms.

J. BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer and Commission Merchant,
75.y House, Land and General Agent.

REMOVAL.

The subscribers beg to inform their customers and the public generally that they have removed to those spacious premises lately occupied by M. K. Dickinson, Canal Basin, and where will be found constantly on hand the following goods:

FLOUR,
PORK,
OATMEAL, &c.

ALSO ON HAND,

2,000 CORDS OF GOOD FIREWOOD,
and 600,000 sawed SHINGLES.

Wholesale and Commission Agents.

Goods forwarded with despatch between Ottawa, Kingston and Intermediate Ports, by the Steamer *Mary Ann*, and three barges.

Silver Taken at Par.

WM. H. EASTON & CO.,
Forwarders and Commission Merchants,
Canal Basin

For Sale or to Let.

TO LUMBERERS.—The subscriber is authorized to receive proposals for lease of the best STEAM-MILL SITE on the River Ottawa, below the Chaudiere Falls. Very extensive storage for logs and piling ground. Lumber may be shipped direct from the mill.

R. H. HAYCOCK, Solicitor,
Ottawa.
Dec. 19, 1868. 918d

FOR SALE, OR TO LET for a term of years, BELLEGREEN COTTAGE and GROUNDS, say two and a half acres, situate on the Bank of the Rideau River, (Ottawa-st.) The Cottage is built of brick and tin roofed, with a gallery all round. The gardens and grounds are in a high state of cultivation. Large storeroom, stables, granary, coach and ice-house, woodsheds, &c., all in the best of order. It is one of the most healthy and comfortable residences for a private family in or about the city of Ottawa. For particulars apply to FRANCIS CLEMOW, Esq.—Office, Sparks-st., near the Russell House—or to the proprietor J. WADSWORTH.

Terms moderate. Possession given at any time to suit parties. 927tf

VALUABLE FARMS FOR SALE.—Lot 21 in the 3rd Concession, Gloucester, Ottawa Front, 200 acres, about 80 cleared and under cultivation, with comfortable Dwelling and good Barn. The bush land is principally hardwood, and very valuable from its proximity to Ottawa. Also, Lot 20, in 3rd Concession, Gloucester, Ottawa Front, containing 200 acres, 20 acres cleared. The remainder of this lot is heavily wooded with hard and soft wood. These farms will be sold separately or together as may be desired. The short distance of only 3 miles from Ottawa makes the wood of greater value. These lands are well watered, of excellent soil, and would make a fine dairy farm. Apply to the Proprietor, C. SPARROW, or to D. O'CONNOR, Solicitor, Ottawa.

Ottawa, Nov. 25, 1868. 908tf

MEMBERS OF PARLIAMENT and others visiting the Capital can be accommodated with board and apartments, single or double, at a first-class Boarding House, within five minutes' walk of the Parliament Buildings. References given if required. Apply to MRS. W. PARDY, Wellington-st., Ottawa. 905-2m

ROOMS TO LET.

MRS. SMITH, Corner of Bank and Albert-sts., can rent TWO FURNISHED BEDROOMS and a SITTING ROOM. 868tf

FOR SALE.—The Westerly one-third of Lot No. 27, in First Concession, Ottawa Front, Nepean, and Lots Nos. 26 and 28, in the same concession, at present in the occupation of Wm. T. Aylen, Esq. For further particulars apply to JOHN and WM. THOMSON, Nepean, and LEWIS & PINHEY, Barristers, Ottawa. Je2-141-tf

TENDERS

Will be received by the

BOARD OF SCHOOL TRUSTEES,

UNTIL

WEDNESDAY, THE 20TH INSTANT,

FOR

EIGHT THOUSAND DOLLARS,

IN

SUMS NOT LESS THAN $100,

Payment to be secured by

Bonds of the above Corporation,

Bearing interest at the rate of 7 per cent.

The said Bonds are payable in one to four years.

JAMES D. SLATER,
Chairman,
B.S.T.

Ottawa, 13th January, 1869. 947td

GENERAL NOTICE!

TO FARMERS & OTHERS INTERESTED.

We beg to announce that our large sale of

BANKRUPT GOODS

will close in 20 days, having nearly cleared out our stock, and we take this opportunity of thanking our patrons.

Our stock consists of

Stoves of every Size, Pattern or Style,

and we guarantee to suit in price; also,

Tinware,
Lamps,
Oils,
Lamp Trimmings,
Brushes,
Wire Goods,
Japanned Ware,
and General House Furnishings.

Farmers, we have *the* Stoves for you at astounding prices.

ESMONDE BROS.,
Centre Town, opp. Ontario Bank.

Medical Cards.

EDWARD C. MALLOCH, M.D., M.R.C.S. Duke-st., LeBreton's Flats, "opposite the well." Office hours from 8:30 to 10:30 a.m., and 3 to 5 p.m.

DR. O. C. WOOD, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Ottawa. Day office opposite Magee & Russell's, Sparks-street, Centre Town Night office at his residence, Maria-street, Centre Town. CANCERS CURED, without the use of the knife, by a new, but certain, speedy, and almost painless process. References given to parties successfully treated, if required. 17y180y

DR. C. LEGGO, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Office—Hunton's Block, Sparks-street.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street, Central Ottawa. 34utf

DR. C. A. MARTIN, Dentist. Office—Sussex-street, over Messrs. Campbell & Co.'s, Grocers. 34utf

DR. GEORGE HUTCHISON, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street, opposite Magee & Russell's. 576y

DR. W. J. HENRY, Corner of Kent and Wellington-streets, Ottawa. 43utf

Hotels and Saloons.

"GOING DOWN TO MONTREAL?"

Put up at the "CITY HOTEL," one of the most comfortable houses in the city.

This Hotel has just been fitted up in a first-class style, and at an enormous expense; its accommodations are of the best kind, it contains 75 rooms, with good yard and stabling for 60 horses. The table is always supplied with all the delicacies of the season. The Bar is also supplied with the very best of Liquors. Besides all that, this Hotel is situated right in the centre of business, near the R.R. Depot, and within a few minutes walk from the Banks and Post Office.

Terms are exceedingly moderate. Try once and you will be satisfied.

Remember the Place "City Hotel," 78, 80 and 82, St. Joseph-street, Montreal.

CHARLES LAURIN,
853tf Proprietor.

PICKWICK HOUSE,

Corner James and King-sts.,
Opposite the Court House and Public Offices, ST. CATHARINES, Ont.

E. HOUGHTON, Proprietor,
(Late of Houghton's Dining Saloon.)

A spacious sample-room for commercial travellers. 859y

OTTAWA HOUSE.

Corner of Main and Prince of Wales-streets Pembroke, Ontario,

Stages in connection with the steamers *Jason Gould, Pembroke* and *Pontiac.*

Particular attention paid to the comfort of guests. Good rooms for commercial travellers. Horses and vehicles always on hand.

J. COPELAND,
Proprietor.
Pembroke, Aug. 1, 1868. 809y

TORONTO HOUSE, Sparks-st.

MRS. TROTTER begs to announce that she has at present several commodious and handsomely furnished suites of apartments, in every respect eligible for civil or military officers, or private gentlemen remaining in the city. 773tf

REVERE HOUSE, OTTAWA.

G. A. BUCKE,
W. H. SANGER, } PROPRIETORS.

This first-class Hotel has been re-furnished and refitted throughout, and now combines all the requisites of a first-class establishment. 582tf

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,

M. KAVANAGH, *Proprietor,*

Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings.

The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands in Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.

Oysters, Game etc., daily

THE METROPOLITAN,

AUMOND'S BLOCK,
Rideau Street Ottawa.
292tf P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.

DOMINION HOUSE,

WELLINGTON-STREET.

The undersigned, formerly head waiter at the Russell House, begs to notify his friends and the public generally that he has leased the above hotel, which is now well furnished, and will be kept as a first class house. The bar is well stocked with the choicest brands of liquors. The table will be furnished with the best the market affords. Good yard and stabling attached to the premises.

658y GEORGE IRVINE.

Miscellaneous.

I. B. TACKABERRY, Auction Rooms No. 36, Rideau-street, below Whyte's Stationery Store. The sale of Real Estate at Auction or private sale promptly attended to. Consignments received and immediate attention will be paid. Sales attended in any of the city or country. 699y

R. SPARKS, Provincial Land Surveyor, Draughtsman, &c., (commissioned for Upper and Lower Canada.) Office and residence, Gloucester, near Ottawa. Surveys of every description executed with accuracy. Communications addressed Ottawa City, (post-paid), or left at the office of N. Sparks, Solicitor, &c., Ottawa, will receive prompt attention. 55 y

B. BILLINGS, Jr., Architect, Elgin street opposite the Post Office.

REFERENCES.—H A Sims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany; Dr J A Grant, M P, Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq Managing Director O. & St. La R.R. 740t

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale.

OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

O'CONNOR & WALLER, Exchange Brokers, Fire, Life and Accidental Insurance, Commission and Collecting Agents.

Office, No. 27, Sussex-street, Ottawa.
R. E. O'CONNOR. 378y W. H. WALLER.

OLIVER & ANNABLE, Wholesale Manufacturers of Bedsteads, Chairs, &c., Chaudiere Island, Ottawa, C. W.

JOHN OLIVER,
506y WILLIAM ANNABLE.

R. H. McGREEVY, Contractor and Builder. Office: North side York Street, second door from Sussex Street. 78y

PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS, &c.,

Prepared for buildings of every description, by
SIDNEY B. FRIPP, Architect,
711tf Wellington-st.

COAL! COAL!

NEWCASTLE GRATE,
(Screened,)
LACKAWANNA,
(Egg and Stove Sizes.)
LEHIGH,
(Lump and Egg Sizes.)
BLACKSMITH'S,
$6 per Chaldron.

For Sale by
D. W. COWARD & CO.,
Commission Merchants,
912.3m Office—17 Sparks-st.

PUBLIC NOTICE

Is hereby given that the Map or Plan and Book of Reference of the Canada Central Railway Company, from the City of Ottawa to its junction with the Line of the Brockville and Ottawa Railway Company, have been deposited in the office of the Department of Public Works, and a copy of such parts of the Map or Plan and Book of Reference, as relate to the County of Carleton, has been deposited in the office of the Clerk of the Peace for the County of Carleton, and a copy of such parts as relate to the County of Lanark, has been deposited in the office of the Clerk of the Peace for the County of Lanark.

Dated this Tenth day of August, 1868.

W. R. WORSLEY,
C. C. Rly.

LAND FOR SALE.—The subscribers beg leave to inform the public that they have the following lots for sale, viz.:

Lot Number 14, East side of Dalhousie-street,
" " 4, Lang's Block, N. Side Rideau street,
" " 20, South Side of Besserer-street, } Ottawa.

The west half fifty acres of lot number eleven, in the tenth Concession of the Township of Cumberland, and Lots 174 and 186, in Block 120. Lot 39, of the Township of Nepean, known as the Rochester property.

All applications for further particulars, &c., must be made to the undersigned.

ROSS & PARSONS,
Solicitors, &c.
Ottawa, 11th January, 1869. 946-4

BOARD AND LODGING.—Comfortable Rooms, with Board and Lodging, can be obtained on Maria-st. Apply at the TIMES Office.

Ottawa, January 14, 1869. 947d

Legal Cards.

MACPHERSON, KENNEDY & CHRISTIE, Barristers, &c., Lang's Block, Elgin-st., Ottawa.

J. P. MACPHERSON, G. KENNEDY, A. J. CHRISTIE.

J. W. W. WARD, of the late firm of Lewis Pinhey & Ward, has removed his Chancery Office to Bell's Law Chambers, opposite Russell House, Elgin-st. dw

NICHOLAS SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

E. A. MARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 902y

MOSGROVE & TAILLON, Barristers, Solicitors, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.

WILLIAM MOSGROVE. 366tf GEORGE TAILLON.

N. TETREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post Office. 390tf

LAPIERRE & HAYCOCK, Attornies-at-Law, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers and Notaries Public, Corner of Sussex and York-streets, Ottawa. 368y

D. O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c, Sussex-street. Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 55y

R. H. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Post Office Building, Elgin-street, Ottawa. 43utf

P. J. BUCKLEY, L.L.B., Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, and Notary Public. Office—over Mr. Luke Cuzner's Boot and Shoe Store, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 334y

LEES & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. Office—In the Court House, Ottawa.

ROBERT LEES. 43utf JOHN J. GEMMELL.

EDWARD T. DARTNELL, Barrister, Solicitor, Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the Court House, L'Orignal. 34 6m

Educational.

EDUCATION—CLASSICAL AND GENERAL.

THE REV. GEO. NOEL HIGGINSON, M. A., Incumbent of New Edinburgh, with the especial sanction of the Bishop of the Diocese, receives a limited number of the sons of gentlemen as morning pupils.

Residence—Dalhousie-st., Ottawa.

Terms made known on application. 940tf

ST. ALBAN'S SCHOOL,

DALY-ST.

PRINCIPAL:
REV. BICKERTON A. EDWARDS, B. A.,
(ex-scholar Jesus Coll., Oxford.)

Business will be resumed on MONDAY, JAN. 4th. Hours of Study—9:30 a.m. to 12:30, and 2 to 4 p.m.

SCHOOL FEES.—For Sound Commercial and English Education, $5 per term. Higher Mathematics, Latin, Greek, French and Music, (each) $2 per term EXTRA.

The school year will, as hitherto, be divided into three terms.

A reduction made for brothers, and for payments made in the first week of term. 938tf

MUSICAL ACADEMY.

Mr. GUSTAVE SMITH, (Organist of the Cathedral) a Graduate of the Imperial Conservatory of Paris. Lessons on Piano and Singing. Rideau-street, corner of King-street

Ottawa, June 23, 1868. 775y

PIANO-FORTE TUITION.

W. C. CLARK, Professor of Music and Teacher of Piano, Voice and Harmony. Also, Mrs. Clark, Teacher of Drawing and Painting. Music Rooms and Residence, O'Connor-street, corner of Slater-street, Centre Town.

Orders may be left at his residence or at Orme & Son's Music Store. 452

TUITION.

MONS. H. BERTHELOT, of the Ottawa Grammar School, is now prepared to give private lessons in the French language. Terms moderate.

N. B.—Will also give lessons in the Latin, Greek or English languages if required.

Orders may be left at Messrs. Durie & Son's bookstore.

Ottawa, October 16, 1868. 873tf

THE SISTERS

OF THE

CONGREGATION DE NOTRE DAME,

FROM MONTREAL,

respectfully inform the public that they will open a branch of their

Educational Establishment in Ottawa.

Their classes will begin on the 15th OCTOBER. For particulars and terms apply to the

LADY SUPERIORESS,
863tf Corner of O'Connor and Maria-sts.

Druggists.

HOLIDAY PRESENTS

AT

THE MEDICAL HALL,

28 Sparks-st., Ottawa.

Toilet Boxes in variety,
Rimmel's New Perfumes,
Cambridge Bouquet,
Oxford Bouquet,
English Lavender Water,
Silver Top Smelling Bottles,
Scotch Plaid Smelling Bottles,
Improved Perfumed Distributors,
&c., &c., &c.

A complete stock just received of Toilet Articles, Patent Medicines,

Genuine Drugs and Chemicals,
Druggists' Sundries of all descriptions.

W. M. MASSEY,
Family and Dispensing Chemist.

Dye Works.

BRANCH OF

ST. LAWRENCE DYE WORKS,

Elgin-st., (*Opposite the Russell House,*) Ottawa, Ont.

MACDONALD & CO.,
SILK AND WOOLLEN DYERS,
Scourers, Hot Pressers, &c.

Gentlemen's Clothes cleaned and dyed. Kid Gloves cleaned. 894-3m

OTTAWA CITY

STEAM DYE WORKS,

Sussex-st.,

SIGN OF THE GOLDEN SHEEP,

Opposite Martineau's Store,

Has not removed to Centre Town, but can be found at the above address.

Great reduction in prices for cleaning or dyeing. All kinds of Wool, Cotton, Silk, &c., done at reduced rates.

No use of sending goods to Montreal.

Encourage home manufactures.

LETHAM & BRUNAIS,
876tf Sussex-st.

ENLARGED PORTRAITURE

OF

EVERY DESCRIPTION

BOTH

COLOURED AND PLAIN,
COLOURED AND PLAIN,
COLOURED AND PLAIN,

AT

W. NOTMAN'S, METCALFE-STREET.

To TOURISTS.—The largest collection in the Dominion of Photographs of Canadian Scenery

Ottawa, Sept. 7, 1868. 582y

CONCENTRATED LYE.

CAUTION TO THE PUBLIC.

The remarkable success which has attended the introduction of the celebrated Concentrated Lye into Canadian market, by the subscriber, has excited the cupidity of an unprincipled firm in town (which has already been convicted of borrowing other people's brains) by a spurious imitation called Saponifier. To avoid disappointment, purchasers should be careful to ask for Harte's Concentrated Lye, which is sold by all respectable Druggists and Grocers in town and country. 783y

BOARD.

Five or six gentlemen boarders can get rooms, with or without board, in the vicinity of Sandy Hill, within ten minutes walk of the Parliament Buildings, by applying at the Office of this paper.

Ottawa, October 10, 1868. 868tf

Railroads.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY COMPANY OF CANADA.

1868.] WINTER ARRANGEMENTS. [1869.

Trains now leave BONAVENTURE STATION as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburg, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at 9:10 a m
Night do do do do do 8:30 p m
Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at 7:00 a m
Trains for Lachine at 8:00 a m, 9:30 a m 3:30 p m, 5:00 p m.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations at 7:00 a m
Express for Boston at 8:40 a m
Express for New York and Boston at 3:30 p m via Vermont Central.
Express for New York via Plattsburgh, Lake Champlain, Burlington & Rutland at 3:00 p m
Express for Island Pond, at 2:00 p m
Night Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham and Portland, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St. Hilaire, St. Hyacinthe, Acton, Richmond, Sherbrooke, Waterville and Coaticook only, at 10:10 p m

Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains. Baggage checked through.

The steamer *Carlotta* leaves Portland every SATURDAY AFTERNOON (after the arrival of train from Montreal on Friday night), for Halifax, N.S., returning on Tuesday.

She has excellent accommodation for passengers and freight.

The International Company's Steamers, running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway, leave Portland every MONDAY, at 5 p m, for St. John, N.B.

Tickets issued through at the Company's principal stations.

For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure Station;

C. J. BRYDGES, Managing Director.
Montreal, Dec. 7, 1868.

CHANGE OF TIME

ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY,

(formerly the Ottawa & Prescott Railway.)

ON and AFTER MONDAY, the 30TH of NOV., 1868, and until further notice, TRAINS will run as follows:

LEAVE OTTAWA.	ARRIVE IN PRESCOTT.
Express, 8 a. m.	10.30 a. m.
Mixed, 1.00 p. m.	4.15 p. m.
LEAVE PRESCOTT.	ARRIVE IN OTTAWA.
Mixed, 7. 30 a. m.	11.00 a. m.
Express, 2.10 p. m.	4.45 p. m.

The time of these Trains has been so arranged as to ensure connection with night and day trains on Grand Trunk, east and west.

Baggage to and from Ottawa checked through from and to stations on Grand Trunk Railway

Return tickets to Prescott, Kemptville and Ottawa at reduced rates can be had at the principal stations on the line.

T. S. DETLOR, Superintendent. THOMAS REYNOLDS, Managing Director.

N. B.—The above trains all run by Montreal Time.

Ottawa, Nov. 27, 1868. 1y

BROCKVILLE & OTTAWA RAILWAY.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT,

Commencing on the 20th April, 1868.

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

7:15 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Brockville daily at 7.15 a.m., and 3:15 p.m., arriving at Sandpoint at 12:40 p. m. and 9 p.m.

LEAVE SANDPOINT.

5:15 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Sandpoint at 5:15 a.m. and 1:30 p.m., arriving at Brockville at 11:30 a.m. and 7:45 p.m.

All trains on main line connect at Smith's Falls with Trains to and from Perth.

The 7:15 a.m. train from Brockville connects with U. F. Coy's Steamers for Ottawa, Portage-du-Fort, Pembroke, &c., and the 1:15 p.m. train from Sandpoint leaves after those steamers are due from east and west.

H. ABBOTT,
Managing Director.
Brockville, April 11. 472y

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites. &c., &c.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer has now been before the public for a length of time, and whenever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

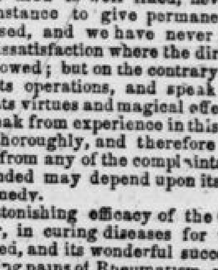
The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Dealers are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying to the universal satisfaction it gives

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it Physicians order and use it; and no family will without it after once trying it.

Price twenty-five cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, C. W.,
General Agents for C. W

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W M Massey, H. F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J. Brown, in Ottawa.



OTTAWA

SKATING AND CURLING CLUB.

The Directors having determined to

OPEN THEIR RINK TO THE PUBLIC,

Beg to announce that it

WILL BE OPEN DAILY,

FROM AND AFTER

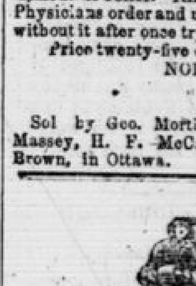
MONDAY NEXT, 11TH JANUARY, INST.,

between the hours of 8 a.m. and 10 p.m., Sundays excepted, TO ALL SKATERS, on payment of TEN CENTS for each time of admission.

For the Directors,

G. W. LESTER,
Manager.
Ottawa, January 11, 1869. 946a

DOMINION BOWLING ALLEY.



The subscriber begs to inform his friends that he opened on MONDAY, the 26th OCTOBER, his

BOWLING ALLEY.

This is one of the best in the Capital, and equal to any in America. It contains four alleys, and with first class balls. There will be kept a register book for the purpose of marking the number of points made each day to 1st January next, and the party who has made the highest number of points will receive from the proprietor a rich prize.

Parties visiting the Alley will be received with polite attention. The best of liquors will be found constantly on hand.

B. B. LARIVIERE.

N.B.—A large Ball Room is attached to the premises, which will be let at a low figure.

B. B. L.

PIANO TUNING.—The subscriber having decided to divide his time equally between Ottawa and Ogdensburgh, would beg to inform his his old patrons and others, that he hopes, in future, to attend to their orders for tuning more promptly than heretofore. Shall visit Ottawa once a month. Orders received at Mr. Bermingham's Auction Rooms, and at E. Miles' Music Store.

GEO. N. BENEDICT.

Agencies.

PROVINCIAL INSURANCE.

MALCOLM CAMERON,

AGENT, DESBARAT'S BLOCK

Office of Queen's Printer,

An entirely Canadian institution—perfect security to insurers, and immediate payment of claims.

Ottawa, Dec. 8, 1868. 918tf

UNION MUTUAL

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY

OF MAINE.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, 12th October, 1868.

No. 104.

The following Insurance Company has received a license to transact the business of Life Insurance in Canada:

No. 34. The UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, of Maine.

Deposit in U. S. 6s of '81—$50,000.

B. R. CORWIN, General Agent, St. John, N.B.

For the Minister of Finance
JOHN LANGTON,
Auditor.

I have this day, deposited with the Receiver General, Twenty Thousand Dollars in addition to the above Fifty Thousand, making Seventy Thousand Dollars ($70,000) U. S. Gold Bonds, 6s of '81.

The Hon. Col. John H. Gray, M P, has been appointed Counsel to the Company for the Dominion. All legal matters will be referred to him.

B. R. CORWIN,
Manager.
Ottawa, November 7, 1868. 894tf

WATCHES.

J. SEWILL, LIVERPOOL,

Manufacturer by special appointment to HER MAJESTY THE QUEEN, ROYAL FAMILY,

AND

COURT OF SPAIN,

THE RIGHT HONORABLE THE LORDS COMMISSIONERS OF THE ADMIRALTY,

AND

HER MAJESTY QUEEN VICTORIA'S ROYAL NAVY:

Prize Medalist of the Great International Exhibition of London, 1862, and of the Universal Exhibition of Paris, 1867.

WE HEREBY APPOINT

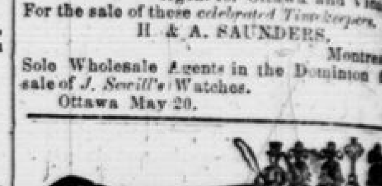
MR. JOHN LESLIE,
Sparks-street,

Agent for Ottawa and Vicinity, For the sale of these *celebrated Timekeepers.*

H. & A. SAUNDERS,
Montreal,

Sole Wholesale Agents in the Dominion for sale of *J. Sewill's* Watches.

Ottawa May 20.



S. ROGERS,

CABINET-MAKER, UPHOLSTERER

AND

UNDERTAKER

AT THE OLD STAND,

No. 70, RIDEAU-STREET,

AND AT THE

WEST END WELLINGTON-STREET,

Where the usual assortment of Cabinet and Upholstering Goods can be obtained at moderate prices.

UNDERTAKING.

The Undertaking branch is under S. R.'s immediate superintendence, who attends all Funerals without Extra Charge, and has constantly on hand a large assortment of Ready-made Coffins, of all sizes and qualities:

METALLIC, BLACK CLOTH, COBOURG, &c

Parties ordering Mahogany, Walnut, Oak, or other Hardwood Coffins, may rely on getting a genuine article, (no stained Butternut sold for Walnut.)

Persons desirous of keeping their deceased relatives for a few days, or even a week, can do so without the least possible inconvenience by applying to S. Rogers, who has had over 20 years' experience in the above branches, and feels confident of giving satisfaction.

N.B.—The Undertaking Branch will be found second to none in Ottawa.

Express Waggons always ready for the removal of Furniture.

RESIDENCE—At the West End Establishment, Wellington-st.

Ottawa, September 4, 1868. 838y

Hardware.

HARDWARE!

AT

THOS. ISAAC'S, CENTRE TOWN,

PLOUGHS, CULTIVATORS,

IRON, COAL,

SHELF & HEAVY HARDWARE,

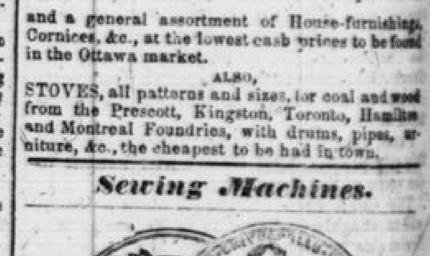
NAILS, ROPE, CHAINS,

and a general assortment of House-furnishings, Cornices, &c., at the lowest cash prices to be found in the Ottawa market.

ALSO,

STOVES, all patterns and sizes, for coal and wood from the Prescott, Kingston, Toronto, Hamilton and Montreal Foundries, with drums, pipes, furniture, &c., the cheapest to be had in town.

Sewing Machines.



HOLIDAY PRESENTS.

WHEELER & WILSON'S Silent Feed Sewing Machines are perfectly noiseless. The most valuable present to any Lady or Family is a WHEELER & WILSON'S SEWING MACHINE. A liberal reduction for cash on all machines for holiday presents. Twenty-five per cent reduction on Embroidery attachments applicable to the former style of Wheeler & Wilson Sewing Machine. Button Hole Attachments, new style; Tuckers, Trimmers, Corders, &c.

THE HOWE SEWING MACHINES are best for Carriage Trimmers, Shoemakers and Tailors.

Call and see for yourselves; no trouble to show you how they sew.

Remember 37, Sparks-st., Ottawa; and 105 King-st., West Toronto.

G. A. WALTON, *Agent for Ontario,*
R. W. STEPHEN,
930tf *Manager for Ottawa Office.*

PARODEE'S EPILEPTIC CURE,

For the relief and cure of Epilepsy, St. Vitus' Dance, Puerperal Hysteria, &c., &c. This preparation is from the recipe of a celebrated French Physician, and the very great success which has attended its use in every case, and where the highest medical skill was of no avail, has induced the subscriber to give it every possible publicity. The genuine has the subscriber's name and address on each bottle. Price one dollar. Sole Proprietor, J. A. HARTE, Chemist, 3?6, Notre Dame-street, Montreal.

Harte's Florida Water, equal to anything imported. Price 37½ cents per bottle. 783y

GEO. MAYES,

COPPER PLATE PRINTER,

Bank Street, Centre Town,

Between Sparks & Queen Streets.

Bills of Exchange, Bill Heads, Visiting Cards, &c., Printed on the shortest notice.

NOTICE.

Application will be made at the next Session of the Legislature of Ontario for an act to incorporate the CALEDONIA PEAT MANUFACTURING & SMELTING COMPANY, with powers to construct a Canal or Railway from some point in the Township of Caledonia to the navigable waters of the Ottawa or South Nation Rivers, and to authorize the Municipality of Caledonia to grant to the said Company so much of the road allowances between the first and fifth concessions as may be required for the manufacture of Peat fuel. 883tf

THE TIMES is printed and published by THE OTTAWA TIMES PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY, at the Office, 38, Sparks-st Centre Town, Ottawa. JAMES COTTON Managing Director; ALEX. ROBERTSON Editor.

TIGHT BINDING

The Times

VOL. IV. NO. 950. OTTAWA, MONDAY, JANUARY 18, 1869. PRICE—3 CENTS.

Agencies.

...VINCIAL INSURANCE.
...ALCOLM CAMERON,
......DESBARAT'S BLOCK
Office of Queen's Printer,
...ly Canadian institution—perfect security ...s, and immediate payment of claims.
... Dec. 8, 1868. 918tf

...N MUTUAL
INSURANCE COMPANY, OF MAINE.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, Ottawa, 12th October, 1868.
...owing Insurance Company has received ...to transact the business of Life Insurance ...: The UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSUR... ...MPANY, of Maine. ...in U. S. 6s of '81—$50,000. ...RWIN, General Agent, St. John, N.B. For the Minister of Finance JOHN LANGTON, Auditor.
...this day, deposited with the Receiver... Twenty Thousand Dollars in addition to ... Fifty Thousand, making Seventy Thou... ...ars ($70,000) U. S. Gold Bonds, 6s of '81. ...n. Col. John H. Gray, M P., has been ... Counsel to the Company for the Domin... ...egal matters will be referred to him.
B. R. CORWIN, Manager.
...November 7, 1868. 89tf

...WATCHES.
...WILL, LIVERPOOL,
...facturer by special appointment to ...ESTY THE QUEEN, ROYAL FAMILY, AND COURT OF SPAIN, ...HT HONORABLE THE LORDS COM... ...IONERS OF THE ADMIRALTY, AND ...ESTY QUEEN VICTORIA'S ROYAL NAVY:
...alist of the Great International Exhibi... ...of London, 1862, and of the Uni... ...ersal Exhibition of Paris, 1867.
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...e May 20. 78y

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...ET-MAKER, UPHOLSTERER, AND UNDERTAKER, AT THE OLD STAND, ...O, RIDEAU-STREET, AND AT THE ...END WELLINGTON-STREET.
...usual assortment of Cabinet and Uphol... ...ods can be obtained at moderate prices.

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...e Undertaking Branch will be found ...ne in Ottawa.
...Waggons always ready for the removal ...
...NCE—At the West End Es ablishment, ...st.
...September 4, 1868. 838y

Hardware.

...WARE! AT ...ISAAC'S, CENTRE TOWN,
...UGHS, CULTIVATORS, IRON, COAL, ...& HEAVY HARDWARE, NAILS, ROPE, CHAINS, ...
...al assortment of House-furnishings ..., at the lowest cash prices to be found ...market.
ALSO, ...patterns and sizes, for coal and wood ...rescott, Kingston, Toronto, Hamilton ...Foundries, with drums, pipes, &c., ...the cheapest to be had in town.

...wing Machines.

...AY PRESENTS.
...R & WILSON'S Silent Feed Sewing ...perfectly noiseless. The most valu... ...to any Lady or Family is a WHEEL... ...ON'S SEWING MACHINE. A liber... ...for cash on all machines for holiday ...enty-five per cent reduction on Em... ...achments applicable to the former ...eler & Wilson Sewing Machine. Rul... ...chments, new style; Tuckers, Trim... ...s, &c.
...OWE SEWING MACHINES ...Carriage Trimmers, Shoemakers and ...
...e for yourselves; no trouble to show ...
... 37, Sparks-st., Ottawa; and 105 ...t Toronto.
...G. A. WALTON, Agent for Ontario, ...E. W. STEPHEN, Manager for Ottawa Office.

...EE'S EPILEPTIC CURE.
...f and cure of Epilepsy, St. Vitus' ...eral Hysteria, &c., &c. This prepar... ...the recipe of a celebrated French ...d the very great success which has ...e in every case, and where the high... ...ill was of no avail, has induced the ...give it every possible publicity. The ...e subscriber's name and address on ... Price one dollar. Sole Proprietor, ...Chemist, 3?6, Notre Dame-street, ...
...rida Water, equal to anything in... ...e 37½ cents per bottle. 783y

...EO. MAYES,
...R PLATE PRINTER,
...k Street, Centre Town, ...n Sparks & Queen Streets.
...Exchange, Bill Heads, Visiting ..., Printed on the shortest notice.

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...S is printed and published by ...AWA TIMES PRINTING AND PUBLISH... ...ANY, at the Office, 38, Sparks-st ...Town, Ottawa. JAMES COTTON ...g Director ALEX. ROBERTSON ...

Groceries.

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS

—FROM—

OPORTO, SPAIN, COGNAC AND LONDON,

Consisting of

PORT, SHERRY, BRANDY, GIN AND SCOTCH WHISKEY, &c.

PICKLES, SAUCES, JAMS & JELLIES &c., &c., &c.,

FROM CROSSE & BLACKWELL.

—LIKEWISE,—

A FULL assortment of FRESH FRUIT, the BEST in market.

TABLE and Cooking RAISINS, CURRANTS, &c.

FLAVOURING EXTRACTS and SPICES—Genuine.

PRESERVED and CAN FRUITS, assorted to suit the holiday season.

ALMERIA GRAPES, FRESH FIGS and PORTUGUESE ONIONS.

50 TINS NEW HONEY, in 5 lb. and 8 lb. tins.

200 STILTON CHEESE, 6 lbs. to 8 lbs. size, from Reesor Brothers' celebrated factory.

SHERRY WINE—Good Table Wine—$1.25 to $3.00.

PORT WINE—Good Table Wine $1.50 to $4.50.

ALL KINDS of GENUINE LIQUORS. Price according to age and quality.

100 BOXES DIGBY HERRINGS—large boxes at 75 cts. each.

LABRADOR HERRINGS, the very best, in barrels and half barrels.

10 CASES SCOTCH LING—Good.

TEAS—Black, Green and Japans—Warranted Good, and selected for family use.

SUGARS and SYRUPS of all grades.

COFFEES—Always Fresh—Best Brands—Try them.

TOBACCOS—The Finest Qualities—Virginia make in cut, tin foil and plug.

A GENERAL assortment of the different kinds of *GROCERIES AND LIQUORS* on hand, Wholesale and Retail, at the *LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICES* for Warranted Goods. A trial of the articles will recommend them.

For sale at

THOS. PATTERSON'S,
No. 26, Rideau-street.

Ottawa, November 27, 1868. 878

JUST RECEIVED,

AT THE

INDIA WAREHOUSE,

No. 16, RIDEAU-ST.,

And for sale cheap, by

D. T. BROWNE & CO.,

Wholesale and Retail

Grocers, Wine and Spirit Merchants,

FRESH OYSTERS, in Tins,
PRESERVED OYSTERS do
FRESH HALIBUT do
FRESH SALMON do
FRESH MACKEREL do
FRESH LOBSTERS do
GREEN PEAS do
LEMON, GINGER, ORANGE, Banana, Peach, Blackberry, Raspberry and Strawberry Syrups.
RASPBERRY VINEGAR,
FRY'S Chocolate and Cocoa,
MOTT'S Cocoa Paste,
MORTON'S Bloater Paste,
TOMATO and other Catsups,
ANCHOVY Paste,
STRASBURGH Meats,
POTTED Beef and Tongues
PRESERVES and Jellies in great variety,
ORANGE Marmalade,
MORRISON, TAYLOR & Co.'s Celebrated Sugar Cured Hams and Breakfast Roll Bacon.
PICKLED Salmon,
PICKLED Mackerel,
PICKLED HERRINGS, In Half Barrels, Barrels and Tierces,
DRY Codfish,
DRY Haddock,
FINNAN Haddies, &c., &c.,

And a full stock of Choice Family Groceries.
Ottawa, Nov. 3, 1868.

BOTTLED ALE,
BOTTLED ALE,
BOTTLED ALE.

The subscriber would called the attention of Families and others to his

FINE BOTTLED ALE

Which is in splendid condition. Also,

SCOTCH, IRISH, OLD RYE,

And other Malt Whiskies,

PORTS, SHERRIES, BRANDIES, GIN, &c.,

To other with a General Assortment of FIRST-CLASS GROCERICS.

A call ...dly solicited.

D. WHELAN,
44, Rideau-street,
Opposite Allan's Crockery Store

Ottawa, Jan. 20, 1868.

Publications.

JONES & HOLLAND
Have for sale

Carpenter's Penny Readings, in Cloth and Muslin;
Hillgrove's Illustrated Ball Room Guides.
Photograph Albums, *Very Cheap.*
The Modern Pocket Hoyle.

And take subscribers for Mrs. Beecher's New Monthly Magazine; the Manufacturer and Builder; the American Builder, &c., &c.

HORSE INFIRMARY,

AND

VETERINARY ESTABLISHMENT
YORK-STREET, OTTAWA,
Next to Salmon's Hotel.

A. J. F. COLEMAN, V. S

(Member of the College of Veterinary Surgeons Toronto; by appointment, V.S., to the Co. of Carleton Agricultural Society.)

Orders or communications promptly attended to and medicines sent to any part of the Dominion. Charges moderate. 812y

Stoves & Hardware.

BLYTH & KERR,

No. 25 RIDEAU-ST.,

Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters, Tin and Copper Smiths, Bell Hangers, &c., &c.

A large stock of materials for the above branches of business constantly on hand.
Importers of

HOUSE FURNISHING HARDWARE.

STOVES! STOVES!

STOVES!

Hall, Fancy, Parlour and Cook Stoves, in great variety.

Agents for Eaton's Patent Automatic, Self-Ventilating, Wood and Coal Stoves. Also Beecher & Co.'s celebrated

HOT AIR FURNACES.

Public and Private Buildings, Conservatories, Vineries, Manufactories, &c., warmed by Steam, Hot Water, or Warm Air, on the latest and most approved principles.

SKATES, SKATES, SKATES,

AT THE

SIGN OF THE ANVIL, No. 24, RIDEAU-ST., where you can get a complete assortment of SKATES of all sizes, and at any price to suit purchasers, from 25 cents to $5.50 per pair. In the assortment will be found

The celebrated Sheffield Club,
" " Canadian Favorite,
" " Central Park do

and all other English and German Patterns.
Skate Straps, all patterns, &c., &c.

Also, a general assortment of

SHELF & HEAVY HARDWARE,

consisting in part of

GENERAL HOUSE FURNISHING,
Butcher Knives, Knives and Forks,
Pocket Knives, Table Spoons,
Tea Spoons, Tea Trays, Table Mats,
Buts, Screws, Locks,
Bolts, Catches, Latches,
Axes, Saws, Planes, Squares,
Hammers, Spokeshaves, Gouges,
Chisels, Augers, Auger Bits,
Steel Bits, Bevels,
Levels, Boring Machines,
Draw Knives, &c., &c., &c.

Together with

PAINT OF ALL COLORS,
Rose Pink, Burnt Umber,
Terra de Seinna, Chrome Yellow,
Yellow Ochre, Celestial Blue,
Paris Green, Brunswick Green,
Magnesia Green, Venetian Red,
Red Lead, White Lead, in oil or dry,
Drop Black, Ivory Black,
Lamp Black, Boiled Oil,
Raw Oil, Turpentine,
Benzole, Coal Oil,
Paint Brushes,
Varnishes, &c.

THOS. BIRKETT,
Sign of the Anvil,
No. 24, Rideau-st.

P. S.—All goods delivered free to any part of the city. 408y

S. SAFE! S. SURE! S. SUCCESSFUL.

Such is the character given of every stove sold during the past year at the

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,
35 Sussex-street, Ottawa.
H. MEADOWS & CO.

We beg to notify the public that our stock for the season is now complete; our

STOVES

are of the latest and most improved patterns, and the most extensive assortment shown in Ottawa.
COOKING STOVES, of the good old-fashioned kind,
COOKING STOVES, of the latest and most modern designs,
PARLOR STOVES, for elegance of design cannot be surpassed.
BOX & HALL STOVES, that are unrivalled for heating purposes,
DOUBLE STOVES, the best in use,
HOTEL STOVES, large and extra strong made, expressly for Hotel and Boarding Houses, complete with large Copper Water Reservoirs and Plate Warmers. We call special attention of Hotel Keepers to these stoves, they will last as long as any six ordinary stoves. See them and judge for yourselves. Price lists sent free on application.

COOKING STOVES, DOUBLE STOVES,
BOX STOVES, HOTEL STOVES,
PARLOR STOVES, COAL STOVES,
BEDROOM STOVES, DUMB STOVES,
STOVEPIPES! ELBOWS! STOVEPIPES
Common, Bright and Russia Iron,

and everything in the Tin, Sheet Iron and Copperware Line, on hand or made to order.

Hot Air Furnaces, Eave Troughs, Building Job Work and Repairs attended to punctually. We keep none but the best and most experienced mechanics.

HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS,
of every description in stock, suitable for the smallest family, or the largest hotel.

ARE YOU GOING TO BE MARRIED?
If so, call and see our large assortment of necessary House-keeping Goods, suitable for Kitchen, Dining Room, or any room in your house.

YOUNG MAN, see that your house is well furnished with useful articles before you spend your money in more showy ornamental things.

IRON BEDSTEADS, LAMPS,
COAL OIL, SAUCEPANS,

Brass and Enamelled Kettles, Tinware, Toilet Setts, Baths, Flour Sieves, Brushes, Dish Covers, Table Mats, Sad Irons, Table Cutlery, Tea and Table Spoons, Preserve Jars, Mincing Knives, Wash Tubs and Boards, Refrigerators, Egg Beaters, Cruet Stands, Ash Pails, Table Bells, Tea Trays, Tea and Coffee Pots, Soup Tureens, Jelly and Pudding Moulds, &c., &c., &c., &c.

COUNTRY MERCHANTS
Supplied with
STOVEPIPES AND TINWARE,

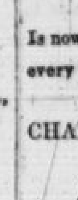
At reduced figures,

CAMP KETTLES, SHANTY PLATES, AND BASINS,

BIRD CAGES! BIRD CAGES! BIRD CAGES

All of the above at the

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,
street, Ottawa.
62y H. MEADOWS & CO.



"LAMPS"
FOR THE MILLION.
D. R. LEAVENS

Is now offering at the OIL DEPOT, 73 Sussex-st., every description of

CHANDELIERS,

PARLOR,

BED ROOM,

KITCHEN,

HALL AND SIDE LAMPS,

At prices which defy competition. Who will want light where a Coal Oil Lamp, Wick and Chimney can be got for 25 cents.

CANADA ROCK OIL,

PENNSLYVANIA ROCK OIL,

PORTLAND KEROSENE OIL,

Oil Depot, 73 Sussex-st.

Boots & Shoes.

ANNOUNCEMENT!

W. A. LAMB,

KEEPER OF THE RED BOOT, &c., &c.

To all the loyal inhabitants of the Metropolitan and surrounding Counties, sends greeting:

And while thus publicly wishing to all

"A Merry Christmas and Happy New Year,"

takes pleasure also in announcing that he will hold

PUBLIC RECEPTIONS DAILY,

at from 7:30 a.m., until 7 p.m., when he will be pleased to meet with those who desire to call upon him.

N.B.—As all will probably wish to retain a Souvenir of their visit, it will be satisfactory to know that there is a magnificent assortment of Boots and Shoes on hand to choose from, and any of which will be GIVEN AWAY for a small consideration.

Don't forget the place, No. 28, Sussex-st., opposite the Barracks.

W. ANGUS & CO.

BOOTS,
SHOES,
MOCCASINS,
TOBOGGANS,
SNOW-SHOES,
&c., &c., &c.

Since the great clearing Sale

W. ANGUS & CO.

have received a

VERY LARGE AND WELL SELECTED STOCK

OF

BOOTS AND SHOES

AND OTHER FEET-WARE,

suitable to the Winter season.

JUST RECEIVED.

A FRESH LOT OF LADIES' & GENTS'

FELT EMBROIDERED CONGRESS

Of the Latest Style. Also, a New Supply

TOBOGGANS,
SNOW-SHOES,
MOCCASINS,
OVER-SHOES,
&c., &c., &c.

Very appropriate

XMAS AND NEW YEAR'S PRESENTS.

INSPECTION INVITED.

PRICES LOW.

W. ANGUS & CO.
Golden Boot,
223 Wellington st.

GENUINE CLEARING SALE

OF

BOOTS AND SHOES,

AT THE OLD

CROSBY STAND, NO. 51, SPARKS-ST.

The whole of

THE BANKRUPT STOCK,

comprising the latest styles and best qualities of

LADIES', GENT'S, MISSES' & CHILDREN'S

DRESS & WALKING BOOTS,

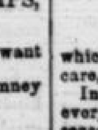
suitable for FALL & WINTER WEAR. Also, a large stock of Men's and Women's Coarse Boots, Moose Moccassins, Buck Moose and Sheep Mitts, Beef Moccassins, Felt Over-shoes, Rubbers, &c., all of which will be sold at great reductions from former prices. Lumber and country merchants are requested to bear in mind that there is a large stock of handmade boots to be disposed of at the aforesaid reduction in prices.

The public generally are invited to call and examine the stock and prices, which we know cannot fail to give satisfaction to all.

Remember the place, the old Crosby Stand, opposite O'Meara's, No. 51, Sparks-st.

A. J. STEPHENS & CO.

Ottawa, Oct. 20 1868. 876y



CHEAP BOOTS & SHOES
AT THE
CAPITAL
BOOT & SHOE STORE,
YORK-ST.

I have now received my fall and winter stock of

BOOTS AND SHOES,

which will be found complete; being selected with care, it will not fail to give general satisfaction.

In Ladies', Misses' and Children's ware I have everything that can possibly be required for the season, and at much lower figures than ever before offered.

Men's ware in Calf, Kipp, Cowhide Boots; Men's Strong Working Boots as low as $2 per pair. Boy's and Youth's equally low.

A large supply of New English Kipp Boots, hand made, the most suitable ware for Lumbermen, constantly on hand and made by the very best workmen. Orders taken for all kinds of work.

429y GEORGE MURPHY

HOUSE WANTED.

The owner of several Fine Building Lots would like to exchange them for a well built STONE or BRICK HOUSE in this city. Apply at the Times Office. 948d

Dry Goods.

Shewing This Day.

GRANT & HENDERSON,

No. 20, Rideau-st,

Are offering an extensive Stock of

DRESS GOODS.

WINCIES,

SHAWLS and

BLANKETS,

AT THE LOWEST CASH PRICES

N. B.—An extensive assortment of genera DRY GOODS always in stock.

LATEST STYLES AND FASHIONS.

INSPECTION INVITED.

No. 20, Rideau-st.

CLOTHING,

CHEAP AND FASHIONABLE,

READY-MADE AND TO ORDER.

O'MEARA & CO.,

ESTABLISHED IN 1844,

Offer for sale an extensive importation of FALL AND WINTER GOODS, comprising Ready-made Clothing, Canadian Tweeds, Etoffes, Satinetts; also a large stock of Blankets, Flannels, Kerseys, Gray Cottons, Prints, Winceys, Plaids, &c., &c.; Broadcloths, Beavers, Witneys, Petershams, Devons, &c.; Bedford Cords, Silk Mixtures, West of England Tweeds, Doeskins, &c., wholesale and retail, which will be made up to order on the shortest notice in the latest styles of fashion and at prices that

DEFY COMPETITION.

A general assortment of Dry Goods, the largest stock ever offered for sale in this city.

$1.25 BLANKETS $6.00. $3.00

TAILORING DEPARTMENT.

Particular attention given to the Tailoring Department, which is under the supervision of a first-class cutter.

$2 ....GREY ETOFFE PANTS,
$4.50 ....GOOD PEA JACKETS,
$4 ....OVERCOATS,
$9 ....COMPLETE SUITS,
$1 ....GOOD VESTS,
75 CTS., $1 and $1.25 ......UNDERSHIRTS,
75 CTS., $1 and $1.25 ....DRAWERS

A. DUFF. O'MEARA & CO.
Ottawa, October 27 1868. 882y

FRESH ARRIVALS.

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!

THOS. & W. HUNTON

Have just opened out the contents of 42 packages of NEW GOODS, comprising

1 CASE SILKS, in plain and fancy colors, splendid value.

1 CASE VELVETEENS,

3 BALES WHITE COTTONS,
1 " WHITE COTTON SHEETING,
6 " GRAY COTTONS,
(at greatly reduced prices.)

2 CASES LINENS, assorted,

1 " BLACK CLOTHS,

2 " BLACK & COLORED OVERCOATINGS,

1 BALE WHITE FLANNELS,

1 " GRAY FLANNELS,

1 " SCARLET FLANNE.

4 " BLANKETS,

2 " HEMP CARPETS,

3 " WOOL CARPETS,

10 " TAPESTRY CARPETS, this season's new patterns,

3 " CANADIAN TWEEDS.

All of the above goods being marked off, and ready for inspection. We would specially invite intending purchasers to call and examine them.

THOS. & W. HUNTON.
47 and 49 Sparks-st.

Fine Arts.

A COMPLETE

Assortment at the CANADA GAZETTE Office of

PRANG'S CHROMOS;

of which Frederic E. Church, the great American artist, says: "They are certainly most skilfully and artistically executed." And John G. Whittier: "I had no idea they were home productions; I am glad to know that such beautiful work is done here." And Bayard Taylor: "Your illuminations of the Beatitudes are really superb." And Wendell Phillips; "I congratulate you on your success, which I consider marvellous," &c.

Among them the following are the most attractive:

Horses in a Storm. (After R. Adams.)
The two Friends. (Child and Dog, after Geraud.)
Sunset in California. (After Bierstadt.)
Sunlight in Winter. (After Morvillier.)
The Barefooted Boy. (After Whittier.)
Early Autumn on Esopus Creek, N. Y. (After A. T. Bricher.)
Late Autumn in the White Mountains. (After A. T. Bricher.)
Six American Landscapes. (After A. T. Bricher.)
Easter Morning. (After Mrs. James M. Hart.)
The Beatitudes of Our Lord, most magnificently illuminated.
Illuminated School Room Cards, with mottoes taken from Scripture.
Illuminated crosses, Book Marks, Rewards of Merit.
The Language of Flowers, Wood and Sea Mosses, Ferns, Flowers, &c.

"OLD MOTHER HUBBARD," The most elegant juvenile book of the season," superbly illustrated and illuminated.

Prang's Chromos are offered at 20 per cent. below the publisher's prices at the

CANADA GAZETTE OFFICE,
Sparks-st., Ottawa.

Stationery.

CARTER'S

COMBINED WRITING & COPYING INK.

THE ADVANTAGES OF THIS OVER OTHER INKS ARE:

First. It flows freely from the pen, and does not thicken by exposure to the air.
Second. It will give a perfect and instantaneous copy.
Third. It will not mould.
Fourth. Being equally as good for Copying as for Book-keeping, it entirely does away with the use of two kinds of Ink.
Fifth. It is more permanent than common Inks.
Sixth. The color, when first written, is a beautiful dark green, but in a remarkably short time it changes to a BRILLIANT JET BLACK—not a brownish black.
Seventh. It is admirably adapted to the most delicate writing, and ALWAYS "makes its mark."
This Ink is warranted to flow as freely as Arnold's, or any other Writing Fluid now in use; to give as perfect a copy as any Copying Ink; and not to mould.

Parties using Carter's Ink, and What They Say About it.

Post Office—" Best ink, by far; have used it for years."
Harnden Express Company—" Tried every kind, and give this the preference."
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Jordon, Marsh & Co.—" Would'nt take any other as a gift."
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Paymaster's Office—" Best ink ever made in this or any other country."
POST OFFICE, PHILADELPHIA—I give it a preference over any other ink I have ever used. It flows freely, and does not gum with exposure.
W. M. IRELAND, Chief Clerk.

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CANADA GAZETTE OFFICE.

NEW PUBLICATION.

CHRONICLES OF CANADA.
BY
H. BEAUMONT SMALL, S.C.L.

Price, 50 cents. For sale by the publisher,
936tf GEORGE E. DESBARATS.

ORDNANCE LANDS.

Public notice is hereby given that Sales of ORDNANCE LANDS will take place at the following places in the Province of Ontario, at the dates hereinafter mentioned:

At Kingston, 29 Lots, on Wednesday, Feb. 3rd, 1869.
Toronto, 147 Lots, on Monday, Feb. 8th.
Burlington Heights, Hamilton, 33 Lots, Feb. 10th.
Amherstburgh, 4 Lots, Saturday, Feb. 13th.
London, 1 tract of land, Tuesday, Feb. 16th.
Fort Erie, 104 Lots, Friday, Feb. 19th.
Pelham Farm, Short Hills, Saturday, Feb. 20th.
Penetanguishene, 60 lots, Wednesday, Feb. 24th.

Purchasers will be allowed to pay in ten annual instalments. One to be paid at the place and time of sale, and the rest in nine equal annual payments with interest at six per cent.

Particulars as to lots, dimensions, site, &c., will be given in the local papers.

By order,

E. PARENT,
Under Secretary of State.

WILLIAM F. COFFIN,
Ordnance Lands Agent.
Department of Secretary of State,
Ottawa, 12th December, 1868. 925-2td

TO FARMERS & OTHERS.

TRADE O. A. & Co. MARK.

Farmers and others should buy their TEA and COFFEE from

A. O. AUDY & CO.,

who are daily receiving by direct importations Tea and Coffee of the finest quality. Their business is conducted on the English principle, and the above named articles can be procured in 5 and 10 pound catties and upwards. The purchaser receives the benefit of a neat package, a good article, and at wholesale prices. Perfect satisfaction is ensured, and any goods not proving according to sample can be returned at our expense. We will pay the carriage on 4 five or 2 ten lb catties to the nearest railway station. For the accommodation of farmers and others not having heard of the advantage offered them, we have engaged trustworthy agents who will make occasional trips throughout the surrounding country and solicit their orders. Any favors submitted to them will receive prompt attention. We do not sell less than a cattie, and nothing but Tea and Coffee sold. The following is the list of prices:

BLACK TEA.	
Common Congou, Strong Tea	$0 45 @ 50
Fine Flavoured New Season do	0 55 @ 60
Excellent Full Flavoured do	0 75 @ 80
Sound Oolong	0 40 @ 45
Rich Flavoured, do	0 55 @ 60
Very Fine, do do	0 75 @ 80
Japan Good	0 50 @ 60
Very Good	0 65 @ 70
Finest	0 75 @ 80
GREEN TEA.	
Twankay, Common	0 35 @ 40
Fine do	0 55 @ 60
Young Hyson	0 50 @ 60
Fine do	0 75 @ 85
Superfine and Very Choice	1 00 @ 60
COFFEE.	
Mocha	$0 22, 0 27, 0 29, 0 33
Java	0 20, 0 25, 0 29, 0 32
Ceylon	0 18, 0 22, 0 26, 0 29

Remember the place,
A. O. AUDY & CO.,
Elgin-st., opposite the Russell House.

Millinery.

NOTICE.

MRS. SMITH having received her new styles of FALL HATS & BONNETS, will be happy to see her old friends and the public generally. Gent' Felt Hats cleaned, dyed and done over in the best style.

N.B.—The most fashionable Mantles and Coats made to order, Corner of Bank and Albert-sts.

October 10. 868tf

Medical.

PAIN KILLER

A PURELY VEGETABLE MEDICINE

TAKEN INTERNALY, CURES
Sudden Colds, Catarrh, Coughs, Bronchitis, Asthma, Fever and Ague, Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, Acid Stomach, Headache, Heartburn, Indigestion, Canker in the Mouth, Throat or Stomach, Sick Headache, Sea Sickness, Piles, Kidney Complaints Canker Rash, Cramp and Pain in the Stomach, Painter's Colic, Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Summer Complaint, Cholera Morbus, Cholera Infantum and Cholera.

APPLIED EXTERNALLY, CURES
Scalds, Burns, Frostbites, Chillblains, Erysipelas, Ringworms, Whitlows, Boils, Old Sores, Sprains, Bruises, Toothache, Headache, Neuralgia in the Face or Head, Pains in the Side, Pains in the Back and Loins, Rheumatism, Rheumatic Gout, Neuralgic or Rheumatic Pains in the Joints and Limbs, Stings of Insects, Scorpions, Centipedes, and the Bites of Poisonous Insects and Venomous Reptiles.

At this season, when coughs and colds are so prevalent, an effectual remedy, and one easily obtained, is *Perry Davis' Vegetable Pain Killer.* It is no new nostrum, vended by unknown agents, but has stood the test of over 20 years; and those who use the article, internally or externally, will connect with it grateful recollections of its worthy inventor.—*Hastings' Chronicle, C. W.*

PAIN KILLER.—The testimonials borne to the efficacy of this valuable medicine are sufficient to warrant its introduction into every house. Our own opinion is that no family should be without a bottle of it for a single hour. In flesh wounds, aches, pains, sores, &c., it is the most effectual remedy we know of. A bottle will last for a very long time, and its low price places it within the reach of all. Our readers will remember that the Messrs. Perry Davis & Son have opened out a house in Montreal, whence Canadian orders are supplied.—*News, St. Johns, C.E.*

We are glad to learn that the "Pain Killer" is having so large a sale in our city. We have every reason to believe it to be an almost never failing cure for pain, and is a medicine that no family should be without.—*Montreal Pilot.*

It an attack of Diarrhœa, Dysentery or Cramp Colic, don't delay the use of the Pain Killer.

Rev. H. L. Van Meter, Burmah, writes, "The Pain Killer has become an almost indispensable article in my family."

Hundreds of missionaries give similar testimony of its virtues.

Rev. J. G. Stearns writes, "I consider it the best remedy for Dyspepsia I ever knew."

Rev. Jabez S. Swan says, "I have used it for years in my family, and consider it an invaluable remedy."

We cheerfully add our testimony in favor of this medicine.—*Roman Citizen.*

We have tasted this medicine and assure our readers that it not only possesses all the virtues claimed for it, but in many instances surpasses any other remedy which we have ever known.—*Herald of Gospel Liberty.*

It is really a valuable medicine. It is used by many physicians.—*Boston Traveller.*

I have used Davis' Pain Killer, and consider it an indispensable article in the medicine box. It has effected cures in Diarrhœa, and for cuts and bruises it is invaluable.—*New York Examiner.*

Spoken of in terms of high commendation by both druggist and physician.—*Philadelphia Eagle.*

The Pain Killer is sold at wholesale by druggists and medicine dealers, and commission merchants, in the principal cities, and retailed by Apothecaries, Grocers and at Variety Shops generally, throughout the world. Price, 15 cents, 25 cents and 50 cents per bottle.

PERRY DAVIS & SON,
Manufacturers and Proprietors, 380 St. Paul-st., Montreal, P. of Q.
78 High-st., Providence, R. I.; 71 Southampton Row, Holborn, London, England.
DAVIDSON & DANIEL, GENERAL AGENTS

MORTIMER'S

INFALLIBLE REMEDY
FOR
CHOLERA,
DIARRHŒA, and
BOWEL COMPLAINTS.

The following extract, which Mr. Mortimer is kindly permitted to publish, is from the letter of a relative of Dr. Wolfe, of this city, now residing in the United States:

"Find out if the Express charges are too high, and if not, arrange with Mortimer to let you have a box of the bottles of CHOLERA MIXTURE, I could make a good little fortune with them. The bottle I brought with me here brought two ladies round from decided cholera; one on board the boat, and the other in Berlin, United States. Both commenced with diarrhœa, then with dysentery, and then vomiting. The one at Berlin was very bad. I gave her three doses of the Cholera Mixture, the third of which stopped the vomiting. The next day she was all right, or nearly so. She was very grateful. I have now only a little left."

This excellent mixture, which should be in every family, is only

TWENTY-FIVE CENTS A BOTTLE.

NONE OTHER GENUINE.

TRADE MARK REGISTERED

CANADIAN COUGH EMULSION.

This valuable medicine has the extraordinary property of immediately relieving Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Difficulty of Breathing, Tightness in Chest, &c., &c. It operates by dissolving the congealed phlegm, causing free expectoration, and an agreeable moistness to the skin.

Sold in Bottles at 1s. 3d. and 2s. 6d. Each.

MORTIMER'S COMPOUND ANTIBILIOUS
AND
FAMILY APERIENT PILLS,

A grand specific for derangement of the Digestive Organs, and for obstructions and torpid action of the Liver and Bowels.

Mortimer's Vegetable Worm Destroyer,
The only sure remedy that exists, combining delicious taste and amazing power.

MORTIMER'S

Colonges, Pomades, Toilet Vinegar, Rose Dentifrice, for the Teeth and Gums. Also constantly on hand Perfumes of all kinds, and Toilet Requisites usually kept in a first-class establishment.

No. 41 Sussex-st., Ottawa City.

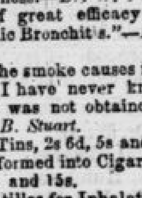
DARLEY'S ARABIAN HEAVE REMEDY and CONDITION MEDICINE is positively superior to any, or all other preparations for the cure of Heaves, Coughs, Thick and Broken Wind, and all diseases which affect the wind of horses; also, as a Condition Medicine, surpassing everything of the kind, is easy to give, sure to cure and safe in all cases and at all times, and does not prevent the horse from being worked while using it.

It cleanses the breathing apparatus, by removing from the air-cells the coagulable lymph, or that secretion which in heaves clogs them, causing a difficulty in breathing, and by its action on the diseased part, causing the mucous membrane to resume its natural dimensions, thus equalizing the circulation of the blood, and restoring the distended vessels to their natural size; by its use the horse's appetite is improved, all derangements of the digestive organs corrected, softening the skin, and giving to the coat a sleek and shining appearance.

D. W. HURD, successor to HURD & Co., Maiden Lane, New York, Sole Proprietor for the United States.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, Ont., Proprietors for Canada.

Price 25 cents. Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, Henry F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J. Brown, in Ottawa. 889-45-6m



FOR ASTHMA,

and Chronic Bronchitis

DATURA TATULA,

Affords Immediate Relief.

"A remedy of great power and usefulness.—*Dr. W. Parker.*

"Of great efficacy in cases of Asthma and Chronic Bronchitis."—*Dublin Journal Medical Science.*

"The smoke causes no nausea. When the right kind, I have never known an instance in which relief was not obtained."—*General Alexander to Hon. B. Stuart.*

In Tins, 2s 6d, 5s and 10s.
Or formed into Cigars and Cigarettes, Boxes, 3s, 6s, 8s and 15s.
Pastilles for Inhalation, Boxes, 2s 6d, 5s and 10s.

SAVORY & MOORE,
143, New Bond-st., London.
AGENTS—Messrs. F. Cundill & Co., Montreal.

FOR INDIGESTION—PANCREATINE completely effects the DIGESTION and ASSIMILATION of COD LIVER OIL, the fat eaten at meals, &c. In digestive activity, superior to Pepsine.

Pancreatine Powder, bottles, 2s, 3s 6d, 6s 6d and 12s6d. Pancreatine Wine, bottles, 3s, 5s and 10s.

SAVORY & MOORE,
143, New Bond-st., London.

N.B.—Pancreatine Wine is the best vehicle for taking Cod Liver Oil.

AGENTS—Messrs. F. Cundill & Co., Montreal.

Groceries.

GARDENER'S

BAKING POWDER.

In 1 lb. Packets for 25 cents. | And 6 Packets for $1.25.

TEN REASONS
Why it Should be Used in Preference to all Others:

1st. Bread or Cakes made with it are more wholesome than if made with Yeast or any other process.
2nd. Its purity is such that it will stand the test of the most perfect analysis.
3rd. After having been extensively used for the last 14 years in not one instance has it failed to give entire satisfaction.
4th. Families that have used it pronounce it the best, and will use no other.
5th. It contains no Saleratus, nor does it impair the digestive organs like those powders where Soda or an excess of Alkali predominates.
6th. It never gives to Bread or Cakes an unpleasant Alkaline or mawkish taste.
7th. The ingredients that form its composition are more beneficial than otherwise.
8th. Dyspeptic subjects can eat hot Bread or Rolls made with it and derive benefit by its use.
9th. Every Packet contains its full weight; one pound packets weigh 16 ounces.
10. It is all that it is represented to be, namely:

Unrivalled for Purity and Cheapness.

Sole Agents for Ottawa,

J. G. ROBINSON & Co.,
The Tea Pot.

The Trade supplied at the Manufacturer's prices.
Ottawa, December 10, 1868. 886-6m

MONTREAL WAREHOUSE,

SUSSEX-STREET.

The undersigned have now COMPLETED their

FALL IMPORTATIONS,

COMPRISING A

GENERAL AND SELECT STOCK

OF

FAMILY GROCERIES,

WINES, LIQUORS,

AND PROVISIONS, &c., &c.

JAS. MARTIN & CO.

Ottawa, November 27, 1868. 657y

Music.

MESSRS. J. L. ORME & SON

Respectfully call the attention of the public to their magnificent stock of

PIANO-FORTES, ORGANS,

AND MELODEONS,

In their new Show Room, comprising

PIANO-FORTES, *from all the leading makers.*

WARREN'S PIPE ORGANS,

ORGANS and MELODEONS from the best factories in the United States, excelling in finish and tone anything ever brought into this country.

Now is the time for intending purchasers.

PRICES LOW & TERMS LIBERAL

Our stock of Concertinas, Violins, Flutes, &c., &c., is, as usual, very large.

New Sheet Music and Books constantly arriving.

J. L. ORME & SON,
Sign of the Golden Lyre,
944tf No. 8, Sparks-st., next Durie & Son's

Amusements.

LECTURE by REV. DR. BUTLER, of Boston, Mass.,—"Personal Reminiscences of the Great Sepoy Rebellion,"—will be given in the WESLEYAN CHURCH, Metcalfe-st., on TUESDAY NEXT, the 19th instant, at 7:30 p.m.

Tickets—Single, 50 cents; Double, 75 cents; Family, admitting four, $1 00. 948-4

SKATES! SKATES! SKATES!

THE WHOLE STOCK MUST BE CLEARED OUT

WITHOUT RESERVE,

AT HALF-PRICE,

AT THE

SHEFFIELD HOUSE,

SPARKS-ST.

Ottawa, Jan. 15, 1869. 948-2

PRINCE EDWARD'S ISLAND BANKRUPT LAW.

The Bankruptcy Act that was passed last Session, for the relief of the unfortunate debtors, came into operation on the first day of this month. This Act is the first step in a right direction, and should have been the law of the land years ago. However, although it is not all that we would wish, yet we accept it gratefully, as a prelude to future progressive legislation.

By this Act a person owing debts to the amount of £100 and upwards, and unable to pay the same may apply by petition to the Court for relief. A meeting of the creditors is then to be held, after giving three months notice in the *Gazette.* The debtor, in the meantime, is to execute an assignment of all his estates and effects, to an assignee, appointed by the Judge, and a certificate is then granted, protecting the debtor from arrest for four months.

Upon the examination of the affairs of the debtor, if it be found that his proceedings have been honest and satisfactory, then the Judge will grant an order, discharging him from all his debts.

Such is a mere outline of this useful Act, whereby an honest debtor may effectually be relieved, and be aided again to start in life; and, who will, in all probability, succeed better in the future, from the experience of the past.

Under this Act, it appears by the *Royal Gazette,* and as surmised by us in our last issue, the Government have appointed the Hon. Charles Young, L.L.D; to be judge or Commissioner, a gentleman well calculated to carry out its provisions with justice and mercy. We congratulate Judge Young on his elevation, and hope he may be spared many years to enjoy all the honours that his long services to the public have fairly and justly entitled him to.

Mr. Hughes, the Clerk of the Court, has, for many years, been connected with this paper, and from what we know of his industry and ability, we believe him to be the right man in the right place.—*Charlottetown (P. E. I.) Examiner.*

BETTER TERMS.

The Halifax *Express,* a leading Union paper, in an article on "Better Terms," after alluding to the violent denunciation of Mr. Howe, by the Anti press, because he is seeking to obtain better terms for his Province, and to the fact, that the existence of the repeal party depends upon the keeping up of a system of agitation, thus explains what it means by "Better Terms":

The interests of the people of Nova Scotia lie in just the opposite direction. Let us have the best terms that can be got, but not by agitation for Repeal, not by nursing a spirit of disaffection, but by labouring earnestly and constitutionally for the public benefit. What, then, are "the better terms" which we reasonably hope to obtain? A larger subsidy? We say no, for in that case the other Provinces would naturally insist upon the same favour. Our idea of better terms, would be a bounty to our fishermen, and if the Americans continue to refuse Reciprocity that our coal trade should receive some protection. We think also, that it would be only fair, that as the Union Act imposes upon the Dominion Government the duty of paying the interest of our debt to $8,000,000, that whenever our railways earn a larger sum than covers their working expenses, the surplus or an equivalent for it should be given to the Local Government.

Immigration is a Dominion as well as a Provincial matter, by the Act, and it would be only just, in our opinion, that the General Parliament should, for a number of years, at any rate, vote a liberal sum annually for opening new roads, for colonization purposes, throughout Nova Scotia.

DURHAM WEST INFANTRY.—The Port Hope *British Canadian* says the whole of this splendid troop have re-enlisted under the new Militia Act, with the exception of one man. We are glad of this, for the well-known ability of the men (many of them hold first-class certificates from the Cavalry School) make the Durham West Cavalry one of the best troops in the Dominion. We are also pleased to learn that the instruments are about to be procured for the band of the troop now forming at Millbrook.

—A niggard kept a surly dog in his yard, so that when the needy called for a bite they could get it outside the door.

THE LONGEVITY OF WOMAN.—It is a curious fact, says a New York paper, that while there is but one Revolutionary soldier now living (he lives in this State) drawing a pension, there are on the rolls the names of 888 widows of Revolutionary soldiers. The mothers of the Revolution were evidently younger than the fathers, or else they live longer.

—The naval scientific idea in Europe is that of Dr. Poggioli, recently presented before the British Academy of Medicine. He thinks that by the use of electricity children may be improved, in mind as well as in body. He instanced a child, which was a phenomenon of deformity and stupidity, which, under the influence of electricity, grew three centimetres in a single month, and has since been always first, instead of last, in his class. Vegetation is much richer and more rapid in its growth when electrified than otherwise. Dr. Poggioli proposes, by way of experiment, that the six last pupils of each class in a lyceum or college be subjected to this electrical treatment.

—Recent discoveries in Calcutta develop the fact that in 1837 the number of Hindoo bodies burned on the river side of that city was upward of 10,000, and the number of carcasses of animals skinned was 2,312. There are two great localities to which the cremation is confined—Nimtallah for the rich, and Casey Mitters for the poor. Within a few years a great improvement has been made in the burning of bodies. Formerly the smell was intolerable from the half-charred remains of poor Hindoos, left to be gnawed by dogs and pecked at by birds. The river was polluted by the refuse. Now the places are walled in, and there is nothing repulsive to be seen.

ODIUM THEOLOGICUM.—A religious "discussion" culminating in a fight over a dead body, occurred in Cleveland, Ohio, last week. A German Lutheran Clergyman declined to perform the regular funeral rites over a deceased member of the church, who died accused of a misdemeanour, for which he would have been suspended. He had become the proprietor of a saloon, violating a rule of the church in doing so. The clergyman hesitated, while performing the funeral rites, about including sanctification in the service. The wife of the deceased was willing that her husband should be buried without sanctification, and so were many of his friends the members of his church. Others, however, insisted that sanctification should be included. The house of mourning was soon turned into a pugilistic den. Women pursued the clergyman as he sought refuge in fight, belabouring him with sticks, and the men hurled paving-stones at his head. A neighbouring house was not a sufficient shield to the man of God against the furious mob, but he finally escaped without serious injury.

DRESS GOODS.—A large assortment of ball and evening dresses; also, in fancy, black, Japanese, and Foulard silks, poplins, &c., at T. & W. Hunton's, whose stock is constantly supplied by their resident agents in London and Paris. Evening silks, &c., shewn by gas light in a room prepared for the purpose, at any hour of the day.

MESSRS. YOUNG & RADFORD having secured the services of first-class working jewellers in etruscan, filagree, plain, fancy and solid gold work, and having made large additions to their work shop are now better prepared to execute any orders with which they may be entrusted than heretofore. Masonic jewels, gold and silver medals, and every kind of jewellery repaired.

Try Gardner's Baking Powder. See advertisement. 887.6m

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Lost—A Silk Dress and Black Lace Shawl.
Head Master Wanted for the Richmond Union County Grammar School—J. McLaren.
Bankrupt Sale of Watches and Jewellery—Sheffield House.
New Publications—Jones & Holland.
Government Notice—Wm. H. Lee.
American Invoices—R. S. M. Bouchette.

The Ottawa Times

Office: 38, Sparks Street.

MONDAY, JANUARY 18, 1869.

☞ *For Ottawa Markets and interesting reading see Fourth Page.*

Our readers will perceive from the monthly returns of the Post Office Savings Bank, published elsewhere, that the average rate of accumulation is still maintained. As usual nearly fifty thousand dollars have been added to the trust the Government holds on behalf of the people. With three months yet to go, the savings bank has made about all for the Government we predicted it would.

We insert to-day a letter from Mr. A. P. Macdonald, on the Huron and Ontario canal, not because of what the writer advances in favour of that undertaking, but because of the indubitable facts he quotes as to the progress of emigration to Canada, in comparison with what is done for the United States of America. It is not yet a great many years ago since the foremost journal in Western Canada was doing its "dead best" to promote emigration to the State of Illinois. We ought to be able to understand the reason why the late Richard Cobden who, if we mistake not, had a big stake in Illinois Central bonds, was; from the inspiration of his pocket, an enemy of Canada; and truth to tell, no man can say that he ever betrayed his pocket for the sake of our country. On the contrary, it is a matter of public notoriety that the *Globe*, at *that* time the obedient organ of Cobden, was loud in its praises of Illinois and the Western States, and correspondingly chary of any word that could be tortured into the opinion that there was in Canada a place for anybody who wanted to better his condition.

Mr. Macdonald has, we think, hit the true secret of our failure, and the United States success in the matter of emigration. So long as the States can successfully interest capitalists in their various undertakings, they have a guarantee that they have secured a number of active emigrant agents, whose conduct can be determined by their prospect of individual gain. But so long as there are in England a number of gentlemen interested in the progress of emigration to the United States, so long will there be corresponding interest opposed to emigration to Canada, and unless it can be made reasonably understood that both Provinces would be glad to receive immigrants for settlement on their wild lands on favourable terms, it will be very hard, indeed, to break up the "Yankee" interest opposed to our claims.

In the face of the facts cited by Mr. A. P. Macdonald, it is vain to suppose that our country can compete with the United States for European emigration. It rests, therefore, with the Local Governments whether they shall determine to give English capitalists such an interest in our wild lands as would make them active agents for our country in the labour market of Europe.

"The Times of yesterday gave the Duke of Buckingham's despatch in reply to the Nova Scotian Council minute, without acknowledgment. We only remind our contemporary of the fact to let him see that we occasionally glance over his columns."

The omission alluded to could only have occurred through "inadvertence," just as, some time ago, an article from the Times was reproduced in the *Citizen* without the "usual, or any acknowledgment." It is very consoling to the Times to know that the *Citizen* glances over our columns; we hope that the exercise is productive of no small share of benefit to our *confrere*.

The following extract from the speech of the Right Hon. W. E. Gladstone, at Greenwich, on the 22nd ult., is worthy the consideration of the public men of Canada:

"When you put three millions on to the public expenditure, you create a number of new relations—(laughter)—a number of new offices, a number of new claims, a number of new expectations. (Renewed laughter, and "Hear, hear.") And you cannot, gentlemen, and, what is more, you ought not to, destroy all these in a moment. The reason why public retrenchment in this country has been so satisfactory to the nation is this—that no country, no Parliament, ever has been so studiously observant of the *claims of justice to every individual*. And, therefore, the work of retrenchment must be a well-considered and a gradual work."

In the Provinces, as well as in the Dominion, our altered constitution has entailed the necessity of economising the expenses of Government; but the "claims "of justice to every individual," of which Mr. Gladstone boasts as having been so scrupulously respected in England, ought to receive equal consideration here, and we hope will be, in whatever further economic reforms either of our Governments may be able to introduce.

The following from the Montreal *Gazette*, is about equally remarkable for its disregard of grammar and its contempt for common sense. We prize a gem of the kind, if only for its curiosity. But he who cannot appreciate the Emperor Napoleon the Third as one of the grand moving spirits of these later days, has, we think, signally failed to interpret the lessons of the times. However, let the *Gazette* speak its own philosophy in its own manner:

"Napoleon is, however, not dead, and with all who pray for peace in France, that is to say, peace in the world, we trust that his life may be long spared. For the man himself we can feel no love—dark, silent and selfish, his is a character which may, and does, inspire respect for great talents and admiration for the strange mixture of audacity and wisdom which has carried him to such an elevation; but love is nowhere felt for such men; none for that cold man, and unless he had gained the very hearts of the French, unless he had been able to bequeath a rich legacy of affectionate personal love, there is nothing to build upon for the Prince Imperial. France had glories before Austerlitz—great men before the Casiran. The memory of Henri le Grand failed to preserve his dynasty. What is there now to preserve the succession of a crown, seized by an adventurer, to a delicate boy, who, in the eyes of millions of Frenchmen, is but a *parvenu*? But we trust that the Emperor may reign for many years, for, however doubtful we may feel as to the sincerity of much that he has said, we believe that peace is to him the object next his heart. He has always said *L'Empire c'est la paix*, and we believe he says so in good faith now, at all events."

The Hon. Thomas McGreevy and A. P. Macdonald, Esq., M. P., arrived in town on Saturday last. Mr. D. McLaughlan, M. P., is also in town.

THE GREAT WEST.

Down Among the Dutchmen—Sorrow of the Brewers—Revenue Pastimes, and German Perplexities.

From Our Special Correspondent.

Preston, Thursday night.

I remember reading some time ago, in that very excellent journal the Ottawa *United Service Gazette*, an amusing anecdote of the editor of the New Orleans *Picayune*. It appears that this gentleman had once the misfortune to be taken captive by a guerilla force of Mexicans, under whose gentle control he was handcuffed to an enormous Irishman, and, with the rest of his luckless party, marched miles into the mountains. Word having been passed savagely along the line that all the prisoners were to be shot, the Hibernian enquired of the press man if he believed the threat would be executed. The latter gravely replying that he thought it very likely, his companion stopped short in blank astonishment, and remonstrated "But, I say misther, isn't this an exthraordinary state of society?" Now, when your correspondent dates his letter from Preston, I say, misther, isn't this an exthraordinary state of society? You very likely don't know where Preston is, nor for what it is celebrated, and for the matter of that I don't either, nor do I suppose that our ignorance costs us very dearly. It's about the funniest little town I ever saw, populated mainly by cabinet makers, tailors, and tavern-keepers. The latter keep huge houses in which no one stays, and which must be maintained for pleasure, for assuredly they involve no profit. It is the most decorous and grave of little places. I was in it many hours before I detected a smile on the face of an inhabitant, and I am satisfied that he who should wink would be forthwith summarily executed. There is nobody in the streets, nor has there been all day, except a child or two, who almost fainted with horror at the face of a stranger. There are lots of dumpy churches, and everything glares with whitewash, and is as clean as a new pin is assumed to be. The people are almost all German, and number but one young woman amongst them. She laughs occasionally in a subdued manner. The others don't like it, but it would be odd if she were not privileged. Communication with the great world is effected by the cars, two trains of which roll out daily. The Prestonian does not admire these conveyances. Their frivolity shocks him, and, when he has made connection with the main line, he succumbs utterly under the accumulation of vanities there converging. But at home he is courteous and dignified and kindly, and he smoketh clouds of fragrant tobacco, and drinketh tuns of sound ale.

His troubles, with regard to this ale of his, are pathetic. The Excise annoy him to that pitch that he believes in a departmental conspiracy to suppress him altogether, and, in the person of a sturdy representative Teuton, told me only this morning that, if he be any further exasperated, he will fly Canadian soil. I think that it is this perpetual warfare with the authorities that has reduced him to so passive a condition. Naturally the most law-abiding of the world's citizens he daily finds the burthen that's laid upon him to be greater than he can bear. He is, for example, horribly perplexed at the complicated system of book-keeping by which the Inland Revenue insists upon his keeping record of his transactions. I suppose that if there is one aversion more than another whereat his simple soul revolts, it is the worry of such matters of account. And, knowing this, the observer cannot see him arduously toiling through tabulated figures of pounds and dates and gallons without a sentiment of respectful admiration almost akin to awe, nor without a pang of supreme compassion when it is obvious that his best efforts will be powerless to save him, and that he will be to-morrow, or next day, where he was yesterday or last week—in the clutches of his natural enemy the Inspector.

It is the special mission of that officer to render the German brewer's existence miserable, and he carries out such design of Providence with a beautiful regularity. Last summer, for instance, he swooped upon two honest manufacturers here, and caused them both pain ineffable. It appears that the "mash book" forms, which they are compelled to keep filled up, not only present a statement of the quantity of malt which they consume, and upon which they have to pay duty, but also exhibit a record of the number of gallons which they make from it; with which, beyond the gratification of an unreasonable curiosity Government has in reality no concern whatever. Such at least was the opinion of Mr. J. Roos, of Preston, an honest man paying his dues regularly and complying with the regulations of his industry. In all, that is, except the mathematical accuracy by which his supervisors consider it imperative that he should register the amount of his produce, a matter which their local representative had previously instructed him to take no great trouble about. Accepting which advice the unhappy Roos was so misguided as to write down what he thought should have been turned out at each brewing, in place of measuring accurately his actual yield. In satisfying the Collector he rashly supposed that he was satisfying the Department, judge then of his disgust when he found himself one June morning delivered over to the tormentors, his brewery seized before his eyes, and his business peremptorily suspended. The Inspector had made such elaborate enquiry, and succeeded so admirably in confusing him on cross-examination as to discover that the Collector had been too literally obeyed, and that there was indeed but a rough and ready detail of the amount of production. There was no suspicion whatever of the slightest fraud—each malt entry being perfectly regular, and every cent of duty having been faithfully paid. Notwithstanding which, Mr. Roos was for three weeks locked out of his brewery, and compelled to fill his customers' orders by purchase from luckier brethren of the trade. Nor was he single in misfortune. At the same time, a near relative of the same name was similarly dealt with, to the loss of $400 of his legitimate earnings. These proceedings were taken by virtue of the system which concentrates supreme power in a single hand, and makes the Inspector of Excise informer, magistrate, sheriff, judge, Court of Appeal, and pocketer of penalties. At the end of three weeks, during which the higher powers in your city were being urgently pressed in his behalf, orders came down that Roos might be relieved upon giving bonds. The law provides that such shall be taken with proper responsible security, but the law being decently ashamed of itself here, insisted upon nothing more than its victim's own undertaking, who was accordingly permitted to return to his vats a sadder and a wiser man, and to ruminate over the grand lesson: Put not your faith in Collectors. As well as to wait cheerfully for a visit which Mr. Brunel had magnificently announced his purpose of making, with implied intent of further inquisition, but which somehow that very vigilant and resolute public officer has never found time to carry out in the seven or eight months which have elapsed in the meanwhile.

Is it any great wonder that the faith of the Roos family should have been considerably shaken in the British Constitution? What is Magna Charta or the Bill of Rights, to say nothing of the Grand Remonstrance, to a man whom the Government has thus obliquely persecuted for carrying out the instructions of its agent, while acquitting him of even the attempt at fraud, and confessing his exoneration from any charge which should make him directly punishable?

It seems a most extraordinary method of encouraging industry, to beset the paths of simple, unlearned men with so many pitfalls. But, when it is remembered that the Excise officials may divide among themselves all Excise penalties, one naturally admires the ingenuity by which one of them sets the pigeon in the trap, and the other comes deftly in to the consequent plucking.

This district in which I write seems to have been a happy hunting-ground of such Civil servants. It is very probable that I may find sundry other of their traces on the war-path. The scalps that hang in the Ottawa wigwam must have left many a bleeding trunk upon the Waterloo plain. Should these present themselves vividly I will let you know, and endeavour in any case to tell whether every German of the district is as him of Preston, or if I have struck an exceptional vein in my ramble to this primmest of little towns.

The weather up here, for some days past, has been most unnaturally mild, and there has been no sleighing this year. To-day and yesterday the sunshine was quite warm. It is not easy to realize that so close as Ottawa there should be thick snow, and the customary old-fashioned winter.

BOARD OF SCHOOL TRUSTEES.

The Board met on Friday the 15th inst., at 7:30 p.m., pursuant to notice.

Present—Messrs. Slater, Pratt, Abbott, McCloy, Preston, Birkett, May, and Workman.

The Secretary read the returns of members elected as follows:—

Wellington Ward—James D. Slater, Esq.
Victoria Ward—Abraham Pratt, Esq.
St. George's Ward—Thomas Birkett, Esq.
By Ward—George May, Esq.
Ottawa Ward—Hiram Robinson, Esq.

Moved by Mr. Workman, seconded by Mr. May, that James D. Slater, Esq., be the Chairman of this Board for the present year.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Workman, seconded by Mr. McCloy, that James Joynt be Secretary of this Board for the present year, 1869, same salary as 1868.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Workman, seconded by Mr. Abbott, that William Cousens be Superintendent of Common Schools under this Board for the present year, 1869, salary same as the year 1868.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Workman, seconded by Mr. McCloy, that John McCarthy be messenger for this Board for the present year, 1869; salary same as last year, 1868.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Abbott, seconded by Mr. McCloy, that Messrs. Workman, May, and Robinson be the Committee on Finance for the current year.

Moved by Mr. Preston, seconded by Mr. May, in amendment, that all after the word "that" be expunged from the motion, and the following be inserted:

Finance—Messrs. Workman, May, Robinson.
Building—Messrs. Abbott, Kirby, Birkett.
Furnishing—Messrs. Pratt, Birkett, McCloy.
School Management—Messrs. Preston, May, McCloy.
Printing—Messrs. Pratt, Workman, Kirby.
By-Laws—Messrs. Robertson, Abbott, Preston.

And that the standing committees be composed as stated. Carried on the following division:

Yeas—Messrs. Pratt, Preston, Birkett, May and Workman.

Nays—Messrs. Abbott and McCloy.

Moved by Mr. Pratt, seconded by Mr. Abbott, that the Local Superintendent be, and is hereby, requested to remove Miss Jane Sparks from the school on the Richmond Road to the school on LeBreton's Flat, as assistant to Mr. William Stewart.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. McCloy, seconded by Mr. Preston, that Miss Fleming be removed from the Central School East to the Ottawa Ward School, as principal thereof, and that J. P. Robertson be appointed to fill the vacancy caused by such removal, at a salary of $500 per annum, the Local Superintendent to carry out such arrangement.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Preston, seconded by Mr. May, that whereas, by some means, the amount due Miss Rathwell for services rendered in the preparatory department of the Central School East, had been overlooked, when the salaries were ordered to be paid at the last meeting; be it therefore resolved that the amount due her (say $20) be paid by cheque, signed in the usual way, all rules to the contrary to be suspended for this purpose.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Pratt, seconded by Mr. Abbott, that the account of Mr. A. Grant, for repairing two clocks, be referred to the Finance Committee.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Preston, seconded by Mr. Pratt, that the cheque returned to this Board by Mrs. Ellen Gowdie for the sum of ten dollars and ninety cents be cancelled, the same having been twice granted.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. McCloy, seconded by Mr. Preston, that the Finance Committee be instructed to purchase a suitable journal and ledger for the use of the Board, in order that the accounts may be kept in proper form.—Carried.

Mr. Abbott gave notice that he will at the next general meeting of this Board move for a reconsideration of the resolution appointing committees for the present year.

JAMES JOYNT,
Secretary.

LOCAL NEWS.

Postponed.—The stewards of the Bachelors' Assembly Club beg to announce that in consequence of the death of Mrs. Macdougall, the assembly which was to have taken place at the "Russell House" this evening is postponed to Tuesday, the 26th inst.

Godey's Lady's Book for February.—Jones & Holland have received the February number of this popular lady's magazine. It contains two fashion plates of lady's costumes for February; a handsome frontispiece, "Hush, he Sleeps!" and the usual amount of entertaining literary matter.

Election of Mayor.—The City Council will meet at 12 o'clock noon to-day, for the purpose of electing the Mayor for the current year. We believe there is no intention to oppose the re-election of Mr. Friel, but that he will be chosen by the unanimous voice of the council. A meeting will be held in the evening for the appointment of tax collector, according to the requirements of the statute, and it is probable that very little else will be done.

Police Court.—Three boys named William Curran, Peter McDonald and James Manson, were charged with having, on the 14th inst., set upon and assaulted some of the children of the Protestant Orphan Asylum. Each boy was fined $2 and $1 costs, or in default to go to jail for one day.

David Bastien, a cab driver, was charged with furious driving, and circumstances of a mitigating character being pleaded, his fine was placed at the lowest, viz., $1 and one shilling costs.

St. Alban Schoolhouse Readings.—Readings this evening by Lieut.-Col. Coffin, Mr. Fennings Taylor, Mr. Meredith and Mr. Carrier. Songs and music. We are requested to state that the chair will be taken, and the readings commenced, at eight o'clock precisely. We also repeat a wish that has frequently been expressed that children under twelve years should be accompanied by some adult person, who will advise them not to occupy the best places in the room, and not to talk and laugh, when they are expected to listen and be silent.

Another Trotting Match on the River.—These trotting matches seem to be now the rage, and every man seems to desire that the mettle of his Rosinante should be put to the test against some rival. On Saturday a match which had been previously made up came off between a horse owned by Mr. Leon Roy, and one owned by Mr. Felix Cardinal, for $20 a side. Large numbers of spectators attended to see the race. The distance was one mile, which was won by Mr. Roy by a distance of nearly three hundred yards. Who comes next?

Curling.—The challenge from the *Upper Town* curlers to play the winner of the match between *Centre Town* and *Sandy Hill*, came off on Saturday afternoon. Play commenced at 1:45 p.m., and closed at 4:45 p.m.

Upper Town.	*Centre Town.*
R. Cassels,	Dr. Wood,
T. McKay,	T. Gallagher,
T. Russell,	G. Hutchison,
A. Gilmour, Skip.	W. Hutchison, Skip.

Centre Town .... 21.
Upper Town .... 16.
—
5.

Important Auction Sale.—The auction sale of the furniture and fixtures of the Revere House will be commenced by Mr. Tackaberry to-morrow morning at ten o'clock. The furniture of this first-class hotel is almost entirely new and comprises all the requisites of such an establishment. In the catalogue we find two very fine toned pianos, and all the handsome and useful furniture of the drawing-room, parlour, bedrooms, kitchen, office and bar, besides fixtures. Also, the whole stock of harness, buggies, sleighs, robes, &c., of the livery stable, containing twenty horses. The articles are on view to-day, and the sale commencing to-morrow will be continued from day to day until the whole shall be disposed of.

The Way to Church Made Easy.—Many of those who find the snow removed from the sidewalks in the vicinity of their churches, do not appear to know that this is done by the instruction of the Municipal Board of Works, but we believe it is. Mr. Kinsella has been instructed to do this after every fall of snow; and, not content merely to perform his duties according to the strict letter, he goes with a squad of men armed with picks and shovels, in the latter part of the week, to the neighbourhood of the churches for this purpose. If any has been overlooked it has surely been by mistake. St. Alban's certainly has not. The exemplary piety evinced by the Board of Works in this particular should secure their continuance in office, for their conduct throws a glory around the whole municipal body, and the latter deserved to be re-elected by acclamation, as they have been. What may we not hope for from such men! Surely we shall have no more night soil thrown in the river.

Poison.—We learned on Saturday that a number of geese and hogs have mysteriously died within the last couple of days on Ashburnham Hill, in this city. It is strongly suspected that the cause of this destruction amongst the pigs and poultry has been the reprehensible and dangerous practice of placing strychnine and other poisons in the fields for the purpose of destroying foxes and other wild animals. The Legislative restrictions upon the sale of poisons are not at all sufficiently stringent; and it is to be hoped that the Parliament of Ontario will ere long pass an Act to meet more fully and completely the requirements of the case. We understand that R. W. Scott, Esq., the member for the city in the Local Legislature, is about to bring in a Bill to prevent the improper and indiscriminate use of poisons, the chief object of which, we have been informed, will be to prohibit entirely the laying of poisons in the fields or woods for the destruction of wild animals. The destruction of many valuable dogs, and even horses, from this dangerous practice has come to our knowledge within the past year. The member for the city will deserve the thanks of the country generally, should he succeed in obtaining the passage of an Act to remedy, as far as legislation can do so, the evil so very loudly and generally complained of.

Another Case of Religious Madness.—We understand that on Saturday last a respectable man, and the owner of some property, residing in the vicinity of this city, was committed to jail as a dangerous lunatic. It appears that he has been attending the preaching of Lord Cecil and his coadjutors at the theatre, and hence his madness. The poor maniac seemed to be labouring under the impression that Lord Cecil had given orders for Christ to shoot some one, and cried out vehemently, "Christ shoot him. Lord Cecil said, you must shoot him, and you must." These, and other insane cries were uttered before, and whilst he was being taken to jail. It is surely time that those who have been attending the preaching at the theatre should begin to exercise the reasoning faculties which God has given them for their guidance in all things, and reflect on the consequences of thus yielding themselves up to the mesmeric influences which, unknown, perhaps, to the operators, are brought to bear upon their pious victims. If they do not so reflect, or at least withdraw themselves from such baneful influences, they must not expect that the laws which God has ordained for the government of their mental organizations will be suspended in their favour, or that they can violate them with impunity. Lord Cecil and his co-operators are, no doubt, doing what they conceive to be right, but one of two things is quite certain; either they are, for educated men, culpably ignorant of the first principles of philosophy of mind, or they are insane. We say this, because we cannot believe them to be bad men, diabolically intent upon filling the country with insanity, which, nevertheless, must inevitably result from a continuance of their present course.

THE ST. CATHARINES' BANK ROBBERY.

Further Particulars.

(From the St. Catharines' Journal.)

The agency of the Bank of Montreal in this town is situate on Queen-st., a substantial brick building, fitted up especially for a monetary institution. The agency is under the charge of Mr. Buchanan, a man of very careful and correct business habits. The only person on the premises after bank hours is the office boy or messenger who sleeps on the premises. He had charge of the keys of the outer doors, through which he could enter at any time.

In the evening, about 7 o'clock, the office boy went to Mr. Buchanan, and did not return until 10. During his absence, the parties who perpetrated the robbery, entered the front door with duplicate keys, locking the door after them. They proceeded to the vault, the outer doors of which readily yielded to the keys prepared for the purpose. The inner doors were next tried, but the key broke in the lock, which compelled them to use glycerine. What the explosion failed to accomplish a strong crowbar or "jimmy" completed. The rascals helped themselves to $46,000 in Provincial Bank notes, which are as good as gold; also a bag containing $2,000 in gold, but for some reason left it behind, also a package of $5,000. They opened a small drawer, but it contained an inner door which baffled their skill. In this receptacle was $18,000 in gold.

As soon as the boy returned and found something wrong, he instantly ran to Mr. Buchanan's and notified him. Mr. Buchanan at once came down, and after ascertaining his loss, telegraphed to headquarters. Two local detectives were put on the scent.

It is surmised that the affair has been "put up" some two or three months ago, and that a certain fast damsel, who lives as a domestic in a private family, succeeded in luring the keys of the bank door from the unsuspecting boy not long ago, and handed it to her confederates, who took impressions. All agree that it was very cleverly executed by professional burglars. The robbers left behind a quantity of burglar implements as a memento of their visit.

A Rare Fish.—A sword fish was speared near Carroll's Point, Burlington Bay, yesterday, by Mr. James Farr. It measures two feet nine inches in length, including a sword of eight inches. Sword fish were at one time very plentiful in Lake Ontario, but with the extinction of salmon became rare.—*Hamilton Times, Jan.* 14.

—The subscription in Sheffield for presenting a testimonial to Mr. Roebuck already exceeds £2,500.

—In the "Nautical Almanac" 105 new planets are entered. There is now difficulty in finding names for them.

—The death is announced of William Carleton, the celebrated Irish novelist. He was upwards of 63 years of age.

—Swimming and other public baths are to be erected in Sheffield, at a cost of £2,000. When Hull had less than 90,000 inhabitants it spent £13,000 on public baths. Birmingham has laid out on its three several bathing establishments £43,000. The baths at Bristol cost £8,000, those at Nottingham, a town of 80,000 inhabitants, cost £6,700.

—Prince Felix Salm-Salm, who began his military career as a cavalry officer in the Austrian army, afterwards served in Algeria and Spain, then went through the American civil war as a Union officer, and became a Brigadier-General, U. S. Volunteers, and who finally offered his sword to the Emperor Maximilian, and witnessed his lamentable end, has just entered the Prussian army as Major of the Fourth or "Queen's" Regiment of Grenadier Guards, stationed at Berlin.

HURON AND ONTARIO CANAL.

Western View of the Subject.

Mr. A. P. Macdonald, M.P., has written the following letter to the London *Free Press* on the subject of the Huron and Ontario Ship Canal:—

"Hearing so much about the Georgian Bay Canal, and the land grant of ten millions of acres; also noticing the Hon. M. C. Cameron's answer to the secretary of the committee appointed by a public meeting in support of the Huron and Ontario Ship Canal, I would say that I cannot agree with the hon. gentleman that his colleagues are acting from a sense of duty to the Province in general. I fully believe it would be to the interest of the people of the Dominion to give the grant of land asked for, with a restriction on the Company that they must spend ten millions of dollars first on the work before they can claim any title to the land. Let ten millions of dollars be spent in that work, and the people of Ontario and the Dominion may rely on the completion of the work. I have never heard of work being abandoned after the expenditure of two or three millions, let alone ten millions. Some may say that it is not practical. All the difficulty I have heard is that a sufficient supply of water could not be procured, but that could be easily ascertained by a practical engineer before the work is commenced, and if the supply of water is insufficient, we know where there is a sufficient supply and a practical route, which is the Ottawa River; but we would much prefer the Huron and Ontario route. A grant of ten million acres from Ontario would, in our opinion, guarantee the completion of one or the other. Quebec could well afford to give a grant of ten million acres for the Ottawa route. With twenty millions of acres there is not a doubt but sufficient means could be raised to complete the work in a reasonable time, and when completed I have no hesitation in saying it would be the best paying piece of work on this continent, according to its cost. Some say it is too large an undertaking; but it is not any greater an undertaking at the present time than the Welland and Erie Canals were when they were built, and the trade and commerce of the Dominion and that of the United States demand it now to a greater extent than any other improvement made on this continent.

"We understand the Attorney-General of Ontario says, by the Government granting this land it would give confidence abroad, and the work might prove a failure, and would affect our credit; but he need not have any fear. The parties who invest their means in an undertaking of this nature will look well after their own interests, and will not hold his Government responsible for any loss they may sustain, nor the people of Ontario will not find fault with him or his Government for the grant of land; to the contrary, we believe that two-thirds of the people of Ontario are in favour of the grant, and that every member who votes for the grant will be sustained by the people at the polls at the next election, and those who vote against will find it difficult to explain their votes. Can it be denied but what it will be a great benefit to Ontario and the Dominion at large. The work will cost, we are told, thirty millions of dollars, and it will take at least six years to complete it, and would furnish employment to at least six thousand labourers per annum, and one thousand mechanics, and would be the cause of bringing thousands of emigrants to our country, who, in a few years would be able from their earnings on the work, to buy land and become good citizens. Such has been the case, to my certain knowledge, during the building of the Great Western and Grand Trunk railways, and, in fact, of all our public works.

"There are no inducements for the labouring class of people to come to this country unless we have some employment to give them; and that we have not, unless we commence public improvements of this nature. By this means we can be of greater service to our country than any other way we could adopt. Without a small surplus of labour we cannot expect to progress in all branches of industry. Let us look at our American neighbours. What do they do when building railways. They gave the Illinois Central Railroad Company every alternate section of land on each side of the line, amounting to about twelve millions of acres, equal, if not better, than any land we have for sale. They also payed the Pacific R. R. Company a donation of twelve thousand eight hundred acres of land per mile, but the company is entitled to a subsidy in United States bonds on their line as completed and accepted at the average rate of about $29,000 per mile, according to the difficulties encountered, for which the Government take a second line as security. The company have already received in bonds $22,158,000. Besides these, the Government of the United States have been very liberal with their land grants for public improvements, which has worked so well with them as to bring foreign capitalists into the country, and an immense tide of emigrants to their shores.

"We find that two-thirds of the land grants made by the United States are in the hands of foreign capitalists, and a large amount of it in the hands of members of the House of Commons in England, and they become emigrant agents for the American people. I am told by good, reliable men, that they have spent large sums of money in getting up maps and pamphlets describing the lands, and having agents to distribute the same through England, Ireland and Scotland, and they have paid the passage of numbers of influential families to the United States to settle on these lands, so as to induce their friends and acquaintances to follow them. With this influence working against us in the mother country, we cannot expect to succeed in inducing emigrants to come to our country; but give the Huron and Ontario Ship Canal Company the ten millions of acres of land, and let us have some of the surplus of funds they have in the mother country, and I am sure they would much rather be our emigrant agents than those of the American people. If the inducements were the same, ten millions of acres of land, put in the hands of foreign capitalists, would be of greater service to the Dominion than its value spent among emigrant agents.

"Land is of no value unless it can be made productive, and we can well afford to give the above grant, and, if need be, double it for so great a national work. Some may say it would be too much of a monopoly to give such large grants of land to a company, but I will venture to say that if any person would go to the Crown Land Commissioner with ten millions of dollars to purchase ten millions of acres, he would cheerfully have the deed made out for him; but in this case we are promised the expenditure of thirty millions amongst us for a national piece of work, and a full guarantee that the company will do all in their power to settle the lands and encourage emigration to our New Dominion, as it will be to their interests. I consider it the bounden duty of the Government to recommend the grant of land, believing as I do that every member who has the interest of Ontario and the Dominion at heart, and will act from a sense of duty to the people who sent them there, will cast their vote in favour of the grant."

—A correspondent of the *Opinion Nationale* of Paris, who claims to be intimately acquainted with the heads of the Provisional Government of Spain, classifies them as follows: Gen. Serrano, having been all his life a favourite at the Court of Isabella, is said to be in favour of a regency until the Prince of Asturias, her son, shall have attained his majority; Admiral Topete, being a personal friend of the Duke de Montpensier, is a supporter of the latter's claims; while Gen. Prim is said to have been recently converted to the Republican party. Rivero is said to be the only independent and at the same time the most capable member of the Government. He supports Espartero.

—For a choice selection of New Tapestry Brussells, Kidderminster and Imperial 3-pl Carpets, Cocoa Matting, Floor Oil Cloths, Hearth Rugs, Crumb Cloths and Door Mats; Damasks, Repps, Curtain Trimmings, Lace and Muslin Curtains, go to Magee & Russell's new Store, next door to Mr. John Leslie's, Sparks-st.

A meritorious article is Hall's Sicilian Hair Renewer; it is rapidly becoming known and widely and deservedly popular. It is apparently nothing in itself but an agreeably perfumed and pleasant hair dressing, but it contains the most wonderful curative properties for loss of hair, and after using it a short time, gray hair is restored to its natural color. If any of our readers doubt it, let them try a single bottle of the "Renewer," and they will add their testimonial to the truth of what we say.—*Sentinel, Burlington, Vt.*

MAIL DATES TO JANUARY 1.

The French mail steamer *Ville de Paris*, from Brest on the 2nd inst., arrived at New York, January 14. The Inman steamer *City of New York*, from Queenstown December 31, has also arrived.

After the business proper of the deputation from the Mutual Land, Emigration, and Colonization Company, London, to the American Minister, Mr. Johnson, had been concluded, a question was asked respecting the naturalization of British subjects in America, the answer to which is important at this time, as bearing upon the naturalization question. Mr. Reverdy Johnson, in reply to this question, said:

You will have no difficulty whatever if you do become citizens of America and return to your own country, in being called upon to do any act here on the ground that you owe allegiance to the Government of England. The treaty entered into between the two Governments, and sure to be ratified by the Senate, provides that whoever is naturalized in the United States who was formerly a native of Great Britain, will be, when he comes to the United Kingdom, entitled to all the rights of a native born American citizen. Whenever you return here you will be clothed with the protection of America as much as if you had been born in America. We consider you in point of law a citizen born with us, entitled to all our rights, and that we are under obligations to protect you the same as we would those born on our soil.

Notwithstanding the decision against Ritualism, lighted candles were used at the "high celebration" at St. Alban's, Holborn. The Rev. Arthur H. Stanton preached a short sermon from the Epistle of the day (St. John the Evangelist's day), "Truly our fellowship is with the Father, and with His son Jesus Christ." The preacher said a grievous wrong had been done them—whether by the Judicial Committee or by the promoters of the late suit the preacher did not say—but it had not marred their sacred joy, and, perhaps, this was the happiest Christmas they had ever spent or should spend. Their aim, he said, was not to obtain power, nor to master the intelligence of England, but to win the hearts of the people, and this they were doing. Since the wrong they had sustained had become known they had received the warmest demonstrations of sympathy, and in hundreds of Christian homes St. Albans, Holborn, had been remembered this Christmas with love and prayer. After observing that patient endurance of wrong was one of the means by which the world was to be won for Christ, the preacher, without any formal conclusion, descended the pulpit stairs and resumed his place in the chancel. The service then proceeded, Mr. Mackonochie himself being the celebrant.

The following is taken from the *Paris*: "Two huissers, accompanied by a Commissary of Police, presented themselves on Tuesday morning at the printing office of the official journal, belonging to M. Wittersheim, and, exhibiting the judgment of the Tribunal of Commerce, took down the inscription, '*Moniteur Officiel*.' At the same time all the posters bearing the like words which were affixed to the walls of the capital were removed. *Delenda est Carthago!*"

The Spanish Revolution—Henri de Bourbon vs. the Duke de Montpensier.

The following manifesto has been addressed to the Spanish Provisional Government by Don Henri de Bourbon, Duke of Seville, brother to the King Consort of Spain. The writer, after a violent diatribe against the Duke de Montpensier, whom he declares to be mean, avaricious, ungrateful, ambitious, and devoid of talent or elevation of character, goes on to say:

I, who suffered for more than 22 years political persecutions instigated by Louis Philippe; who, without being guilty of any crime, am banished from my native country, am indignant as a Spaniard and member of the Liberal party, at the privileges, as unfair as it is anti-patriotic, enjoyed by Montpensier. In the name of justice, I, who have never desired the throne coveted by the intriguer to whom I refer, who would not demean myself by bearing his title of pretender, for my aspirations are those of an honest citizen who knows the great value of self-denial; I, who look upon the glory of Washington as greater and more worthy than that of Cæsar, apply to the Provisional Government of Spain for permission to return to my native land, and to again occupy, humbly, as I have always been accustomed to live, my apartment at Madrid, which contains the little I possess. The ashes of my parents, those of one of my children, and of my wife, are in Spain; and those mortal remains, so dear to me, call me near them. I do not, consequently, require a crown, like Montpensier, who, in the enjoyment of his numerous millions, might live at his ease and be silent. I ask for a ray of the sunshine of my beloved country, and that native air which every citizen who has committed no crime has a right to breathe. I also claim from the equity of the Provisional Government to be restored to my rank in the navy, to which I belong.

HENRI DE BOURBON.

The Conference at Paris—The Accredited Members.

The seat of the Conference being fixed at Paris, the Marquis de La Valette, Minister of Foreign Affairs, presides over it. The representatives of the guaranteeing Powers and of Turkey and Greece who take part in it are the following: Austria, Prince de Metternich; Great Britain, Lord Lyons; Italy, Commander Nigra; Prussia, Count de Solms (Charge d'Affaires, in the absence of Count de Goltz); Russia, Count de Stakelberg; Turkey, Djemil Pacha; and Greece, M. Rizo Rangabe.

Statement of the Post Office Savings Bank Account, for the month of December, 1868, published in accordance with the Act 31 Vic. Cap. 10, Sec. 72:

In hands of the Rec.-Gen. as per last statement, Nov. 30			$474,511.66
Amount received from depositors during December,	$68,388 00		
Interest allowed on closed accounts	107 93		68,495.93
Withdrawal cheques paid during December		20,132.72	48,363.21
In hands of Rec.-General, December 31			$522,874.87
Bearing interest at 4 p. c.	$295,430 79		
" " 5 "	233,200 00		
Bearing no interest, being the amount in the hands of the Receiver General, to meet outstanding cheques,	4,244 08		
			$522,874 87

JOHN LANGTON,
Auditor.

Audit Office, Ottawa, Jan. 14, 1869.

Statement of the Provincial notes in circulation Wednesday, the 6th day of January, 1869, and of the Specie held against them at Montreal, Toronto and Halifax, according to the Returns of the Commissioners under the Provincial Note Act:

Provincial Notes in circulation—		
Payable at Montreal	$3,008,957 00	
Payable at Toronto*	1,012,043 00	
Payable at Halifax†	297,000 00	
		$4,318,000 00
Specie held—		
At Montreal	$450,000 00	
At Toronto	450,000 00	
At Halifax	59,400 00	
		959,400 00
Debentures held by the Receiver General under the Provincial Note Act		$3,000,000 00

* Including $188,000 00 marked St. John.

† The Nova Scotia dollar not being equal in value to that of the other Provinces, the notes issued at Halifax are worth their face value in Nova Scotia only. They are stamped 'Payable at Halifax,' and are numbered in black ink. None but $5 notes are yet in circulation.

JOHN LANGTON,
Auditor.

Audit Office, Ottawa, Jan. 15, 1869.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Coughs and Colds.—Sudden changes of climate are sources of Pulmonary Bronchial and Asthmatic affections. Experience having proved that simple remedies often act speedily and certainly when taken in the early stages of the disease, recourse should at once be had to "Brown's Bronchial Troches," or Lozenges. Few are aware of the importance of checking a cough, or "common cold," in its first stage. That which in the beginning would yield to a mild remedy, if neglected soon attacks the lungs. "Brown's Bronchial Troches," or ough Lozenges, allay irritation which induces coughing, having a direct influence on the affected parts. As there are imitations, be sure to obtain the *genuine*. Sold by all dealers in medicines, at 25 cents a box.

HALL'S VEGETABLE SICILIAN HAIR RENEWER.

The basis of its remedial properties is a vegetable compound.
It will restore gray hair to its original color.
It will keep the hair from falling out.
It cleanses the scalp and makes the hair soft, lustrous and silken.
It is a splendid hair dressing.

R. P. HALL & CO.,
Nashua, N.H., Proprietors.

For sale by all druggists. 894d

Mothers! Mothers! Mothers!—Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with the excruciating pain of cutting teeth? If so, go at once and get a bottle of Mrs. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately—depend upon it: there is no mistake about it. There is not a mother on earth who has ever used it, who will not tell you at once that it will regulate the bowels, and give rest to the mother, and relief and health to the child, operating like magic. It is perfectly safe to use in all cases, and pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Price 25 cents. Sold everywhere. Be sure to call for "MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP." Having the *fac-simile* of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations.

Mothers Read This!—Holloway's Worm Lozenges are a certain and safe remedy for Worms in Children and Adults.—As it is a well-known and melancholy fact that one great cause of death among children is from Worms alone, it cannot be too deeply impressed upon the minds parents the necessity of closely watching their children. By so doing; and understanding he symptoms and true cause of the disease, thousands of children might be saved from early graves. Symptoms of Worms.—The following are a few of the very numerous symptoms and diseases which are caused by Worms: deranged appetite, emaciated extremities, offensive breath frequent picking at the nose, grinding of the teeth during sleep, hardness of the belly, with frequent slimy stools, and sometimes convulsive fits; itching of the arms, pain in the head and stomach, unquiet sleep, faintings, tremblings, coughs, indigestion, low spirits, frightful dreams, and a gradual wasting away of flesh.

They are palatable and self-administered to the child—drive out the worms thoroughly without pain and completely cleanse the stomach—thereby doing away with the necessity of administering Castor Oil or other unpleasant cathartics—as in the use of other Worms.

☞Each box contains the fac-simile signature of Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, C.W., who are the sole proprietors.

N. B. Ask for *Holloway's Worm Lozenges* ☞ and take no other. ☜ Sold by all the druggists in Ottawa, and medicine deale every where. 578v

DIED.

At Besserer House, Daly-st., on Saturday, Jan. 16th, instant, Amelia Caroline, beloved wife of the Honourable William Macdougall, C. B., Minister of Public Works, Ottawa, in the forty-second year of her age.

The funeral will leave the residence, Daly-st., for the Railway Station, to-morrow, at 12 o'clock. Friends are invited to attend without further notice.

Publications.

JONES & HOLLAND
Have Just Received
Godey's Lady's Book for February,
Mad. Demorest's for February.
All the Illustrated Papers.
A further lot of the Xmas Number of the London Illustrated News, with Double Supplement and Illuminated Plate.
Also,—"The Bar-Tender's Guide," Ball-room Guides, Hoyle's Games, &c., &c.
Post Office Block, January 18, 1869.

Watches, Jewellery, &c.

DON'T FORGET THE SALE
AT THE
SHEFFIELD HOUSE.
CALL AND EXAMINE THE PRICES
OF
GOLD AND SILVER WATCHES,
FANCY GOODS, &c., &c.,
As the Whole Stock must be sold without reserve.
All Goods Warranted.
Ottawa, January 18, 1869. 950-3

Auction Sale.

I. B. Tackaberry, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE
OF
$10,000 WORTH OF PROPERTY.
A RARE CHANCE FOR PARTIES WISHING TO RE-FURNISH.

I. B. TACKABERRY, City Auctioneer, has been favoured with instructions from Messrs. Buck & Sanger, proprietors of the Revere House, to sell on the premises, commencing

ON TUESDAY, 19TH JANUARY,

at 10 o'clock, a.m., and continuing each day, the whole of the Household Furniture and Fixtures of that recent and elegantly furnished house, including Parlor, Drawing Room, Bed Room, Kitchen, Office, Bar and Hall Furniture, consisting in part as follows:

Handsome Mahogany Tables—Marble Top,—Sofas, Lounges, and Chairs to match, with Hair Cloth Covers, large and superb Cut Glass Mirrors, with Marble Stands; Wardrobes; two very fine toned Pianos and Music Stools, Pictures, Damask and Muslin Window Curtains, with Cornices, Brussels and Tapestry Hall, Stair and Drawing Room Carpets.

In Bed Room Sets—Spring Mattrasses, Bedsteads, Bureaus, Washstands, Tables and Chairs to match, all of the finest Black Walnut, procured from a Montreal firm, and as good as new, having been only about 1 year in use; also an elegant and richly carved Bridal Chamber Set, with polished Rosewood Bureau.

In the Dining Room will be found Extension Dining Tables, Sideboard, Chairs, Silver Plate, Cutlery, Crockery, Glassware, and all the furnishings usually found in a well kept and extensive house of this description.

In Kitchen Utensils—A large Hotel Cooking Stove, (Patent Pastry Baker) nearly new, three smaller Cooking Stoves, Kettles, Pots, Pans, and a variety of articles too numerous to mention.

In the Bar will be offered a handsome Silver Soda Fountain, Beer Pumps, Water Filterer, Decanters, Tumblers, Wine Glasses, &c.

Among the Sundries may be mentioned twenty Hall and Parlor Stoves, Stove Pipes, Stair and Passage Oil Cloths, Bedroom Carpets, a quantity of Cocoa Matting, Office Desks and Furniture, Hat Racks, Hall Chairs, &c., &c.

ALSO AT THE SAME TIME

The whole of the Stock, Harness, Buggies, Sleighs, Robes, &c., of a well furnished Livery Stable, containing 20 Horses, and an Omnibus and Water Cart.

The whole will be sold without reserve, the sale commencing on TUESDAY, 19th INSTANT, and continued from day to day until the whole are disposed of, the proprietors being about to remove from the city.

The terms of sale will be cash in bankable funds.

The whole will be on view the day previous to the ale.

I. B. TACKABERRY,
City Auctioneer.

Ottawa, January 12, 1869. 946td

TOMMY CODS!
TOMMY CODS!!
TOMMY CODS!!!
AT P. POULIN'S,
949-2 Lower Town Market.

GOLD AND SILVER TRIMMINGS
FOR FANCY DRESSES.

Mr. LESTER has just received from New York an assortment of the most beautiful TRIMMINGS, consisting of Gold and Silver Laces, Fringes, Cords, Stars, &c., at very low prices. They are to be had at MESSRS. ORME & SON'S, who have kindly consented to take them on sale. As the surplus stock is to be returned in a few days, intending purchasers are requested to call without delay.

Ottawa, January 16, 1869. 949-2

LOST, on the evening of the 7th instant, at the Concert at Aylmer, from the village back to Ottawa, one parcel containing one GREEN SILK DRESS and BLACK LACE SHAWL. Whoever found the parcel will please leave it at the Convent in Aylmer, or in this city at the Convent of the Grey Nuns, where they will be suitably rewarded.

Ottawa, Jany. 18, 1869. 950tf

Dry Goods.

HICK & CO.

Have removed to their NEW STORE, in Stewart's Block, Corner of Rideau and Sussex-sts., where they will offer, in connection with their goods,

$30,000 WORTH OF DRY GOODS

Purchased at Public Auction lately, from the immense Bankrupt Stock of the late firm of DE MARTERY, JORDAINE & CO., of Montreal, sold on account of T. JAMES CLAXTON. The goods are all new and of very superior quality, being imported expressly for a fashionable Montreal trade; and, as they have succeeded in purchasing the goods far below the sterling cost, they are prepared to offer bargains never before offered in this city. The following are some of the lines of goods offered, viz.:

			s. d.
100 pieces		different qualities Black Silks	
80	do	Single width plain Wincey	5 worth
100	do	Fancy, single width Wincey	7½ "
62	do	Double width plain Wincey	7½ "
80	do	Double Delaines	7½ "
70	do	do Poplin	7½ "
150	do	do Cobourg	7½ "
150	do	Assort'd Dress Goods	9 "
33	do	Empress Reps	1 6 "
60	do	Bl'k French Merino	1 6 "
75	do	Fancy Colors—your choice for	2
200	do	Black Empress Rep only	10 "

Also, a splendid assortment of Oriental Lustres
Hannibal Cloths, Albertesna Cloths
Livini Poplins
Princess Alexandra Embossed Poplins
Mandarin Lustres, Eugenia Reps, &c.

1,000 doz. FRINGED TOWELS, all Linen, ...6d each.

SHAWLS.
35 Filled Shawls.
83 Shepherd Long Shawls
101 Fancy, all wool Longs
167 Assorted Square Shawls.

COTTONS.

120 pieces		Grey Cotton, 1½ yards wide, for
160	do	Bleached Horrocks and Millars
165	do	Good Prints
303	do	Best English Prints, Heyle's and Ashton's
159	do	French Calicos, in choice patterns

CLOTHS.

			s. d.
20 pieces		Waterproof	3 9
80	do	Double Width Overcoating	2 9 worth
35	do	Scotch Tweed	2 6
100	do	Canadian Tweed	1 3
100	do	Full Cloth, very heavy	2 9

Also, a splendid lot of
BROAD CLOTHS, BEAVERS,
Witneys, Mantle Cloths,
BLACK DOES, &c., &c., &c.,
at correspondingly low prices.

85 PIECES DOMINION TWEED
Something New—one of the heaviest ... made—*at a great sacrifice.*

1,000 doz. TABLE NAPKINS, all Linen, only 6s 3d per doz.

SHIRTS! SHIRTS! SHIRTS!

1,000 Flannel Shirts, only	2 6
200 White Cotton Shirts, only	3 9
500 Under Shirts, only	3 3
300 Hespler's heaviest make, Ribbed	5 0 worth

Paper Collars—100 collars for 3s 9d.

500 pieces		2¼-yards wide Linen Sheeting	3 3 worth
5	do	2-yards wide, Union Sheeting	1
81	do	Table Damask and 300 Damask Table Cloths, at a frightful sacrifice	

☞Also, Red and White Flannels, Canadian Shirting Flannels, Hoop Skirts, Cotton Towellings, Irish Linen, Clouds, Breakfast Shawls, Hemp Carpets, &c., &c.

☞ CORSETS, 2s 6d. ☜

Blankets—A large lot of slightly damaged Blankets for about half price.

1,000 Linen Bags, 1s, worth 1s 6d; 40 cases Men's Heavy Boots, very low; 3 cases Men's Heavy French Calf, 12s 6d. Also, a heavy stock of Gentlemen's Clothing.

$3.50	OVERCOATS
4.00	heavy OVERCOATS
90 cts. up	PANTS
50 cts. to $1.25	VESTS
$8.00 Black Broadcloth	FALL SUITS

A large staff of polite and attentive salesmen will be in readiness to wait on customers.

H. HICK & CO.

☞Customers will please report any inattention on the part of salesmen.

AT CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S

The greatest novelty of the season is the

BOULEVARD FELT UNDERSKIRT,

Unsurpassed for

BEAUTY, ECONOMY & DURABILITY

AT

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S

No. 14, Rideau-st.

REMOVAL TO
NO. 34, SPARKS-ST.

T. RAJOTTE

having removed to more commodious premises takes pleasure in announcing to his numerous customers and the public generally that he has now a large and well selected stock of

STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS,
consisting of

Flannels	Black Cloths
Winceys	Beaver Cloths
Cottons	Meltons
Prints	Tweeds
&c.,	&c.

We have also on hand a large assortment of READY-MADE CLOTHING, which, being manufactured on the premises, we can recommend, and sell cheaper than any shop in this city.

THE TAILORING DEPARTMENT.
This department is under the superintendence of a well-known first-class cutter and workman. All orders punctually attended to.

☞Don't forget the place, No. 34, Sparks-st. Store lately occupied by G. Fetherston & Co., next door to Magee & Russell's old store.

883y T. RAJOTTE.

GOWAN'S NEW MUSIC HALL.

The subscriber respectfully informs the public of Ottawa and vicinity that his NEW MUSIC HALL,

CUNNINGHAM'S BUILDING,
SPARKS-ST.,

Next Door to Bate & Co.'s Grocery,

is now complete and ready for engagement, as a Ball Room, Supper Room, Concert or Lecture Hall, and will be let at moderate rates.

☞Parties desiring to engage a hall for any of the above purposes, are requested to call and examine the hall, which will be found the best adapted for the purpose in the city.

☞Gowan's Brass and Quadrille Bands open for engagement as heretofore.

Ottawa, January 16. 949a

Latest by Telegraph.

For Montreal Line.

TORONTO.

ONTARIO LEGISLATURE.

2nd Session: 1st Legislative Assembly.

Special to THE TIMES.

TORONTO, January 16.

In the House to-day on the Bill granting $1,000 to the Judges of the Superior Courts, Mr. Boyd asked why the grant was not made by the Dominion Government.

Mr. Sandfield Macdonald replied if the salaries of the Ontario Judges were increased the same would have to be done in the other Provinces. Ontario would have to pay five months' expenditure, therefore, it was cheaper to pay the Judges from the Local Revenue.

The Bill was read a third time.

Several Bills were read a third time without debate.

Hon. Mr. Richard's Mining Bill passed through committee, as did Boyd's on protection of sheep from dogs; and Mr. Pardee's Bill to provide for the registration of births, deaths, and marriages.

On the Bill to incorporate the new townships of Monck, Watt, Humphrey, Christie, Medora, and Wood, Hon. Mr. Cockburn said it was requisite to enable this part of the country to aid the Nipissing Railroad.

Mr. Beatty remarked that some of the townships were not even surveyed, and deprecated giving the few inhabitants there the power of taxing those to come after them.

The Bill was read a second time and passed through committee.

The Bill to amend the Assessment Act was read a second time.

The Bill for the relief of the Toronto Street Railroad Company passed through committee.

SECOND DESPATCH.

Special to THE TIMES.

TORONTO, January 16.

At a special meeting of the Council last night a resolution was passed complimenting the Mayor on his able and impartial administration of the duties of his office during the past two years. After the sitting the Mayor entertained the Council and officers of the Corporation at a farewell supper, he being about to enter on the duties of Collector of Customs.

The excise officers have made a seizure of four cases of new raw leaf tobacco, snuff, mill presses, and four or five hundred cigars, on which no duty was paid.

At the Education Committee yesterday Dr. McCaul said he could not find terms strong enough to express his opinion of the injury which would be done to higher education by its abolition.

At a meeting in the Girls' Home last night, it was stated that the new building, costing $14,000, was finished and clear of debt.

A Halifax despatch says there is much interest felt about Howe's visit to Portland. The impression prevails that the Dominion Government will pay for the Nova Scotia Railroad from Halifax to Truro, on the ground that it is part of the Intercolonial.

In the appointment of Sheriffs Unionists are said to be appointed in Inverness and Lunenburg counties.

MONTREAL.

Special to THE TIMES.

MONTREAL, January 16.

The soldier who was arrested for walking in the procession at Doody's funeral has been released, having disclaimed all sympathy with the funeral as a Fenian demonstration.

A car inspector, named Quintal, was killed at Victoria bridge to-day, by being run over and cut in two by the wheel of a moving car.

The *Evening Star* appeared to-day.

A man named McDonald was arrested to-day for a heavy forgery on the Hartford, (Connecticut,) Bank, committed last November. His examination under the Extradition Treaty takes place on Monday.

Only 1,500 volunteers, of all ranks, have enrolled in Montreal under the Militia Act.

Flour quiet and lower. Ordinary to choice superior $4.85 @ $5.10.

CABLE NEWS.

GREAT BRITAIN.

LONDON, January 16.—Charles Dickens publishes a card in the London papers this morning denying the story of the recent death of his brother's widow in Chicago. Mr. Dickens says that lady is still alive and well, resides in England, and never was in Chicago. He is himself the trustee of her estate under settlement.

The final signing of the treaty on the settlement of the *Alabama* claims has elicited favourable comments from nearly all the London papers to-day.

A meeting of those favouring the ballot in parliamentary elections was held in this city last evening. Able speeches were made by Milner Gibson, Charles Buseton, Edward Beales, and others. The assemblage was large, and much enthusiasm was manifested.

FRANCE.

Passage of Harmonious Resolutions at the Conference—Greece still Unrepresented.

PARIS, January 15.—The public newspapers report that the Conference on the Eastern difficulty held a harmonious session to-day, and adopted unanimously conciliatory resolutions. Mr. Rongabe was not in attendance; his continued absence is regarded as a refusal by Greece to recognize the Conference.

ITALY.

The Military Called out to Put Down Rioters.

FLORENCE, January 16.—The riots occasioned by attempts to collect the mill tax have been renewed recently in various parts of the kingdom. The country, to-day, however, is tranquil. Military force has been used freely for the suppression of these disorders. Twenty-six of the rioters have been killed and wounded.

GERMANY.

BREMEN, January 16.—On the 1st of February prox., the money order system between the large towns of North Germany and the United States will be inaugurated. The plan is to receive payments at the post offices in the North German Union, and the United States issue orders for the same on the agents of the North German Lloyd's, the amounts to be limited to about $50, and to be calculated at a fixed rate of exchange for both countries. The arrangements will be similar to those already made by the American Post Office Department with the Government of Switzerland, except that on the American side the business will be done by the agents of the North German Lloyd's instead of the post offices, the Post Office Department having declined to enter into the arrangements.

INDIA.

NEWS VIA LONDON.

Progress of the Interneiene Wars.

LONDON, January 15.—Despatches from India confirm the previous reports of the complete victory obtained by Sheere; also the Khan of Cabool over his rebellious nephew, Abdool Rahmar Gusnee.

AMERICAN NEWS.

SATURDAY'S DESPATCHES.

Great Frauds at the Recent Elections in New York.

WASHINGTON, January 15.—The committee appointed to examine into the election frauds in New York returned this morning. The evidence taken is very voluminous, and shows that great frauds were perpetrated.

A New Bill Authorizing the Admission of Virginia.

A bill will soon be prepared, authorizing the admission of Virginia, upon the adoption of the proposed constitution, with the obnoxious clause in regard to disfranchisement, the test oath, and probably some other objectionable features, stricken out. When this bill shall be passed it is believed it will be followed by an amnesty bill, either universal or with some few exceptions, to take effect on the ratification of the constitution. It is said that this adjustment meets the approbation of General Grant, and a large number of the most prominent members of both Houses of Congress.

The Senate will Refuse to Ratify the Purchase of St. Thomas.

WASHINGTON, January 15.—There is no doubt whatever that the Senate will reject the treaty by which Mr. Seward agreed to pay seven millions and a half for St. Thomas. There is a disposition, however, to soften this decision toward the Danish Government, as all Senators conversant with the subject sympathise with that Government for the unpleasant position in which it has been placed.

MIDNIGHT DESPATCHES.

An Emigration Treaty with Prussia.

NEW YORK, January 16.—The *Herald's* special says that Baron Gerolt, Prussian minister, and Secretary Seward, are at present engaged in framing a treaty between this country and Prussia, for the benefit of emigrants coming here from that part of Europe. It is intended to have a Prussian official located in New York, who, in conjunction with a designated officer of this Government, and in correspondence with the Board of Commissioners, shall see after the interests of Prussian subjects, and save them from many dangers to which they might otherwise be exposed.

Four Negroes Condemned to Death.

BALTIMORE, January 16.—George Bailey, the fourth negro charged with murdering Captain Johnson, of the schooner *Brave*, has been convicted. All four will be hung together.

United States Senate.

WASHINGTON, January 16.—The President yesterday sent to the Senate a treaty for the adjustment of the *Alabama* and other claims by commission.

Reuben E. Fenton Nominated for the United States Senate.

ALBANY, January 16.—Reuben E. Fenton was to-night nominated United States Senator by the Republicans on the second ballot, receiving 52 votes to 40 for Morgan—a full vote of the caucus.

Movements of the Indians.

ST. LOUIS, January 16.—An Omaha despatch says it is reported that a number of Indians, recently engaged in the war in Colorado and Kansas, have reached the Powder river country, where a council had been held by a large number of chiefs. The object of the council was unknown. The Indians were quiet at Fort Feterman, and also along the Upper Missouri river.

A Denver despatch says a party had returned from the pursuit of Indians in Cache la Poudre, having succeeded in recapturing a hundred stolen horses and killing an Indian.

DEATH-DEALING INVENTIONS.

A Tennessee mechanic has invented an instrument of warfare which, if it does half that is claimed for it, will prove more destructive than the needle-gun. It consists of a range of guns of 0.76 bore and about forty inches long, mounted on a carriage of very simple structure, to be hauled by one horse. The width of the carriage between the wheels is six feet. The gun barrels—twelve in number—are ranged apparently parallel, but divergent, so that at three hundred yards distant the twelve bullets sweep a line of about thirty feet. They are ranged at equal distances from each other, except in the middle, where there is a space of ten inches, into which is placed a telescope of considerable power, and a nice arrangement for adjusting the guns in taking aim. This contrivance enables the operator to send a bullet through the bull's eye at sixteen hundred yards nine times out of ten. The tubes or barrels are loaded at the breech and are connected by a rod attached to a crank; one turn of which opens and shuts all the breech pieces and loads the gun. They are made ready for firing by another turn of the crank. The whole cartridge is combustible and leaves nothing behind. The bullet can be fired a distance of three miles, two thousand yards, with accuracy. Forty-seven out of sixty shots fired struck a target four feet high, at the distance of fifteen hundred yards. The inventor is confident that at the distance of a mile and a half he could shoot down a whole regiment of men in four minutes time. The invention weighs 500 pounds, and is intended to be hauled by one horse, and worked by two men, one to drive and the other to operate. The loading of the apparatus is so arranged that it can be detached in a moment, when the other part of the engine becomes perfectly useless. One of them can be finished off complete, with horse, &c., for $1,000.

The contrivance is at once to be submitted to the War Department.

The Montreal Tea Company: It is pretty clear that when an individual or a firm makes a speciality of a particular trade—in other words—turn all resources and energies in one direction, then we find profits reduced and excellence secured. This has been the case in respect to the operations of the Company named. The qualities of Tea supplied are the best in the country, and by reference to the advertisement, it will be seen that, in price also, an inducement to patronage is offered the public.—*Woodstock Times.*

A large consignment of the Montreal Tea Company's pure teas have been received by the undersigned. There is no paint, dye, or black lead used in these teas to make them look well. Boxes, 12 lbs. and upwards. See advertisement for list of prices.

JOSEPH MOONEY,
Russell House Block

For fine bog oak brooches and ear rings in sets, see Young & Radford's new lot, just received, and selling at the very low price of only 90 cts. per set.

CARPETS AND HOUSE FURNISHINGS.—Parties about to furnish will find a large and choice assortment of carpetings and house furnishings, cheap, at Garland, Mutchmor & Co's. Carpets made and laid with despatch.

What is the healthy, worldly man's ambition wealth, wealth, wealth. And what the poor invalid's, health, health, health. 'Tis true, gold is dross compared with health. Take care of it, but if you have already lost it from disease of the throat, lungs, liver, kidneys, or digestive organs, &c., remember that there has never been heretofore a medicine that could in any way compete with the Great Shoshonees Remedy for the radical cure of those diseases.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

Reported by Telegraph.

[*For daily report of Ottawa Markets, see Fourth Page.*]

New York Money Market.

NEW YORK, January 16.—American exchange 37¼.
Gold 136¼.
Money easy at 7 per cent.

New York Markets.

NEW YORK, January 16.—Cotton market quiet and firm at 29½c. for middling uplands.—Flour dull. Receipts 8,869 barrels; sales 4,800 barrels at $5.70 @ $6.20 for Superfine State and Western; $6.65 @ 7.65 for Common to Choice Extra State; $6.50 @ 7.00 for Common to Choice Extra Western; $6.80 @ 9.10 for Round Hoop Ohio.—Rye flour quiet; sales 100 barrels at $5.50 @ 7.00.—Wheat dull and drooping; sales 100 bushels white California at $2.15; 1,000 bushels No. 2 Spring at $1.57½ in store.—Rye dull; receipts none; sales none.—Corn firmer, and in fair demand; receipts 4,695 bushels; sales 4,800 bushels at 93c. @ 95c. for Mixed Western; 97c. for Mixed and Yellow Western; and 83c. for Common.—Oats dull; receipts 3,001 bushels; sales 18,000 bushels at 76½c. for Western in store; 78c. for do. afloat.—Pork dull; sales 500 barrels at $29.00 @ 29.11 for New Mess; $28.25 @ 28.50 for Old Mess.—Lard quiet and heavy at 17¾c. @ 17½c. for steam; 18½c. @ 19c. for kettle rendered.

London Money Market.

LONDON, January 16—p. m.—Consols 93 for both; Bonds quiet and steady at 75½; Stocks quiet; Erie 26½; Great Western 45¼.

Liverpool Markets.

LIVERPOOL, January 16.—Cotton quiet; Uplands 11½d.; Orleans 11½d. Lard declined to 72s. Pork quiet and steady.

Dry Goods.

& CO.,
moved to their NEW STORE, in Shaw
t, Corner of Rideau and Sussex-sts.
y will offer, in connection with their
,000 WORTH OF DRY GOODS
at Public Auction lately, from the In-
krupt Stock of the late firm of DE-
Y, JORDAINE & CO., of Montreal, and
ount of T. JAMES CLAXTON.
all new and of very superior quality
ected expressly for a fashionable Mo-
; and, as they have succeeded in pur-
e goods far below the sterling cost,
d to offer bargains never before offered
The following are some of the lines
fered, viz:

	s. d.		s. d.
different qualities Black Silks			
Single width plain Winceys	5	worth	0 0
Fancy, single width Winceys	7½	"	1 0
Double width plain Winceys	7½	"	1 0
Double Delaines	7½	"	1 0
do Poplins	7½	"	1 3
do Coburgs	7½	"	1 0
Assort'd Dress Goods	9	"	1 3
Empress Reps	1 6	"	1 6
Bl'k French Merino	1 6	"	3 0
Fancy Colors—your choice for	2		2 0
Black Empress Rep only	10	"	2 0

Also, a splendid assortment of
Cloths Orientat Lustres
Popplins Alberteena Cloths
Real Alexandra Embossed Poplins
Lustres Eugenia Reps, &c.
00 dos. FRINGED TOWELS, all Linen, 6d each.
SHAWLS.
35 Filled Shawls.
83 Shepherd Long Shawls
61 Fancy, all wool Longs
67 Assorted Square Shawls.
COTTONS.
Grey Cotton, 1½ yards wide, for 4½
Bleached Horrocks and Millars 4½
Good Prints 4½
Best English Prints, Hoyle's and Ashton's 5½
French Callicos, in choice patterns 3½
CLOTHS.

	s. d.		s. d.
Waterproof	3 9		
Double Width Overcoating	2 9	worth	7 6
Scotch Tweed	2 6	do	3 0
Canadian Tweed	1 3	do	1 6
Full Cloth, very heavy	2 9	do	3 9

Also, a splendid lot o
D CLOTHS, BEAVERS,
Witneys, Mantle Cloths,
CK DOES, &c., &c., &c.,
ondingly low prices.
ECES DOMINION TWEED,
ing New—one of the heaviest cloths
a great sacrifice.
00 dos. TABLE NAPKINS, all Linen, only 6s 3d per doz.
IRTS! SHIRTS! SHIRTS!
nsel Shirts, only 3 6
ite Cotton Shirts, only 3 9
er Shirts, only 3 3
mpler's heaviest make, hood 5 0 worth 8 9
Collars—100 collars for 3s 9d.
s 2¼-yards wide Linen sesting 3 3 worth 5
2-yards wide, Union Sheeting 1 do 1
Table Damask and 300 mask Table Cloths, at a ghful sacrifice.
lso, Red and White Flannels, Canting Flannels, Hoop Skirts, Crash ngs, Irish Linen, Clouds, Breakfast Hemp Carpets, &c., &c.
CORSETS, 2s 6d.
—A large lot of slightly damaged for about half price.
linen Bags, 1s, worth 1s 6d; 40 cases avy Boots, very low; 3 cases Men's rench Calf, (2s 6d. Also, a heavy stock men's Clothing.
OVERCOATS.
heavy OVERCOATS.
s up PANTS.
s to $1.25 VEST.
Black Broadcloth FALL SUITS.
staff of polite and attentive salesmen readiness to wait on customers.
H. HICK & CO.
stomers will please report any instance e part of salesmen.

UNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S
greatest novelty of the season is the
Unsurpassed for
EVARD FELT UNDERSKIRT,
Y, ECONOMY, & DURABILITY
AT
UNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S
No. 14, RIDEAU-ST.

OWAL
TO
O. 34, SPARKS-ST.
T. RAJOTTE
moved to more commodious premises, sure in announcing to his numerous cus- d the public generally that he has now a arge and well selected stock of
LE AND FANCY DRY GOODS,
consisting of
Black Cloths
Beaver Cloths
Meltons
Tweeds
&c.
ys
ottons
Prints
&c.,
ve also on hand a large assortment of READY-MADE CLOTHING, ing manufactured on the premises, we ntend, and sell cheaper than any shop in
AILORING DEPARTMENT. partment is under the superintendence of wn first-class cutter and workman. All ctually attended to. n't forget the place, No. 34, Sparks-st. y occupied by G. Fetherston & Co., next ggee & Russell's old store.
T. RAJOTTE.

AN'S NEW MUSIC HALL.
scriber respectfully informs the public and vicinity that his NEW MUSI
INGHAM'S BUILDING,
SPARKS-ST.,
Door to Bate & Co.'s Grocery, mplete and ready for engagement, as a , Supper Room, Concert or Lecture Hall, e let at moderate rates. rties desiring to engage a hall for any of purposes, are requested to call and ex- e hall, which will be found the best r this purpose in the city. WAN'S Brass and Quadrille Bands open ment as heretofore.
January 16. 949a

Groceries.

For sale by the undersigned
300 BBLS. MESS PORK.
200 BBLS. THIN MESS PORK.
500 BBLS. STRONG SUPER FLOUR.

COAL OIL.
Having been appointed by the combination their agents for
COAL OIL,
They are now prepared to sell in quantities to suit the trade, by the
BARREL OR CAR LOAD,
AT THE
LOWEST PRICES

Agents for Hiram Walker's
HIGHWINES
RYE,
PROOF, and
MONONGAHELA WHISKEYS.

Agents for
REESOR BROS. CHEESE.

Agents for John Campbell's celebrated
HAMS,
BACON, &c.
C. T. BATE & CO.,
Canal Basin.
Ottawa, Dec. 12, 1868.

NOTICE.
WANTED A HEAD MASTER
FOR THE
RICHMOND UNION COUNTY GRAMMAR SCHOOL.
Applications to be received to FEB'Y. 1st, and to state salary wanted.
JOHN McLAREN,
Secy. and T. U. B. of S. T.
Richmond, Co. Carleton,
Jan. 15th, 1869. 950a-3-1

ANNUAL MEETING.
GENERAL PROTESTANT HOSPITAL.
The Annual Meeting of the subscribers and friends of this Institution will be held in the DIRECTOR'S HALL, in the Hospital, on TUESDAY, the SECOND day of FEBRUARY next, at the hour of 2 o'clock, in the afternoon, to receive the Annual Report, and elect Directors. The public are respectfully invited to attend.
Signed, W. H. THOMPSON,
GEORGE HAY,
JAMES PEACOCK,
ALEX. WORKMAN,
RODERICK ROSS,
Trustees.
Ottawa, 14th January, 1869. 947td

BOARD AND LODGING.—Comfortable Rooms, with Board and Lodging, can be obtained on Maria-st. Apply at the TIMES Office.
Ottawa, January 14, 1869. 947d

A FEW GENTLEMEN can be accommodated with BOARD by applying at MRS. DUIGNAN'S, Sparks-st.
948a

RANDALL & MONTGOMERY,
PLAIN, ORNAMENTAL AND DECORATIVE PAINTERS,
AND PAPER HANGERS,
Chaudiere and Bull. (Shop next to R. R. Booth's Store, Chaudiere.) House, Sign, Villa and general painting executed on the most reasonable terms. Ceilings and walls distempered in colors to suit. Fresco work of all kinds to order.
References permitted to the following gentlemen: A. H. Baldwin & Co., J. R. Booth, Esq., R. R. Booth, Esq., Rev. Mr. Johnson, Hull; Rev. Mr. Picket, Ottawa; Mr. Haycock, Architect,
August 26. 829-6m

FLOWER BULBS.
Shipped per *Hibernian*, and to arrive in a few days, a very superior assortment of
HYACINTH, TULIP AND OTHER FALL BULBS.
These Bulbs will be found superior to anything yet imported.
WILLIAM HEARN,
Market Drug Store,
York-st.
Ottawa, October 17, 1868. 874tf

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA,
Monday, 11th day of January, 1869.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.

On the recommendation of the Honorable the Acting Minister of Inland Revenue, and under and in pursuance of the provisions of the 6th section of the Act 31st Vic. Cap. 5, His Excellency in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered that the County of Lambton, in the Province of Ontario, be and the same is hereby detached from the Inland Revenue Division of London, and erected into a separate Division for the purposes of "The Inland Revenue Act 1868," under the name of *Inland Revenue Division of Sarnia.*

WM. H. LEE,
Clerk Privy Council.
950-3

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, January 15, 1869.

AUTHORIZED discount on American Invoices until further notice: 28 per cent.
R. S. M. BOUCHETTE,
Commissioner of Customs.

Wholesale & Retail.

JUST RECEIVED,
NEW PATTERNS IN CROSLEY'S
TAPESTRY CARPETS.
Remnants of CARPETS of all kinds, the accumulation of four years, will be sold cheap previous to Stock-taking.
MAGEE & RUSSELL.

COTTON GOODS.
MAGEE & RUSSELL
Have brought forward from the wholesale department
150 PIECES ASSORTED PRINTS,
125 " BLEACHED SHIRTING,
200 " GREY COTTON,
and arranged them on the Centre Tables, where they will be offered at wholesale prices by the piece, during the remainder of this month.
They would also remark that "COTTON GOODS" are slightly higher priced in England, than what they were when the above were purchased.
Customers would be consulting their own interests by taking advantage of the above sale, the reductions being 2, 2½ and 3 cents per yard.
MAGEE & RUSSELL.

PATTERN JACKETS.
The balance of our
FRENCH PATTERN JACKETS,
have been still further reduced in price. A few very rich ones yet to dispose of.
MAGEE & RUSSELL.

Jewellery, &c.

FOR
CHRISTMAS AND NEW YEAR'S
PRESENTS,
IN GOLD & SILVER WATCHES,
Go to YOUNG & RADFORD'S,
30 Sparks-st.

FOR
CHRISTMAS AND NEW YEAR'S
PRESENTS,
GOLD CHAINS & FINE JEWELLERY,
Go to YOUNG & RADFORD'S.

FOR
CHRISTMAS AND NEW YEAR'S
PRESENTS,
IN PLATED WARE,
Go to YOUNG & RADFORD'S.

FOR
CHRISTMAS AND NEW YEAR'S
PRESENTS,
IN FANCY GOODS,
SUITABLE FOR THE SEASON,
Go to YOUNG & RADFORD'S.

PARTIES WANTING WORK
SUITABLE FOR PRESENTATIONS
FOR CHRISTMAS OR NEW YEAR,
Will find it to their advantage to
Go to YOUNG & RADFORD'S,
30 Sparks-st.

Garland, Mutchmor & Co

X'MAS DRY GOODS.
GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.,
IMPORTERS, 20 SPARKS-ST.,
Have received, ex various ocean steamers, large additions to their extensive stock of
STAPLE & FANCY DRY GOODS,
MILLINERY,
Carpetings and House Furnishings,
and are now shewing a large and well assorted stock in every department. They invite special attention to the following:
RICH FANCY SILKS,
RICH FANCY DRESSES,
suitable for street and evening wear,
RICH BALL DRESSES,
GOOD ABERDEEN WINCIES,
at a little over half last year's prices. Good cheap useful dresses for all classes in all the new materials.
CLOTHS,
TWEEDS,
BLANKETS,
FLANNELS,
SHEETINGS,
COTTONS,
PRINTS, Etc.,
all in great variety cheap.
LACES,
RIBBONS,
TRIMMINGS,
GLOVES,
HOSIERY,
Black Silk Mantle Velvets,
Black and Brown Velveteens,
Black and Brown Sealskins,
Black and Brown Astricans,
Coloured Jasper Sealskins,
White and Fancy Mantle Cloths.
MANTLES,
in great variety, in all the new materials an shapes.
SHAWLS,
BONNETS,
HATS,
LADIES' CAPS,
HEAD DRESSES,
FLOWERS,
FEATHERS,
BRIDAL WREATHS.
Great novelty in Skirts—the
NEW PATENT FELT SKIRT,
Plain and embroidered, all in once piece; warm lighter, better fitting and cheaper than any other skirts. Just opened
One Case Plain Glasgow Wincies.
Two cases latest styles in Clouds and the Woollen Goods.
Wholesale and Retail.

Stationery.

NEW GOODS.
Just received, ex steamship *St. David*, a large importation of the best British manufactured
STAPLE STATIONERY,
IN
LETTER PAPERS,
NOTE PAPERS,
ENVELOPES,
FOOLSCAPS,
FOLIO POSTS,
RECORD PAPERS,
TINTED BLOTTING PAPERS,
MUSIC PAPER,
&c., &c., &c.
For sale at
THE OTTAWA CITIZEN
Stationery and Printing House,
Rideau-st., Ottawa.

Groceries.

THE TEA POT LIST.
In Cases, Hhd. and ¼ Casks,
HENNESSEY'S BRANDY,
MARTELL'S do
OTARD, DUPEY & Co., do
JULES, ROBIN & Co., do
CASTILLION & Co., do.
In Bottle or Wood,
GRAHAM'S EXTRA OLD PORT,
GRAHAM'S THREE GRAPE,
SANDEMAN'S CHOICE OLD PORT,
McKENZIE'S Pure Golden SHERRY,
DUNN'S BROWN, do
CHOICE PALE, do.
THE
FINEST BALTIMORE OYSTERS,
Received daily, by Express.
CHIPPAWA pure old RYE WHISKEY
Four years old, equal to any French Brandy.
CHIPPAWA TODDY WHISKEY,
Four years old, equal to Scotch.
CHIPPAWA FAMILY PROOF.
J. G. ROBINSON & CO.,
The Tea Pot, Ottawa.
Ottawa, Dec. 16, 1868.

ON SALE,
GOODERHAM & WORTS'
RECTIFIED SPIRITS.
100 BBLS. CELEBRATED OLD RYE,
100 do HIGHWINES, 50 O.P.
100 do ALCOHOL, 65 O.P.
The trade supplied at manufacturers' prices.
REDPATH'S EXTRA GOLDEN SYRUP
REDPATH'S STANDARD do
NEW YORK HOUSE SYRUP,
100 BBLS. WEST INDIA MOLASSES.
500 CHESTS UNCOLORED JAPAN TEA.
100 CADDIES ORANGE PEKOE
150 CHESTS TWANKAY.
200 CADDIES BRIGHT SOL TOBACCO.
100 BOXES TOBACCO, 10s.
500 BARRELS EXTRA SUPERIOR FLOUR.
300 BBLS. MESS PORK, to arrive.
J. G. ROBINSON & Co.
December 16, 1868. 926,3m

OTTAWA MARKETS.

Flour—Extra	6 50	@	6 75
No. 1	5 25	@	5 50
No. 2	none.		
Bags—Fall per 100 lbs.	3 25	@	3 37½
" Spring "	2 62½	@	2 75
Oatmeal—per 200 lbs.	7 00	@	7 25
Indian Meal	4 00	@	0 00
Rye—per bushel 56 lbs.	0 85	@	0 90
Barley 48 lbs.	0 90	@	0 00
Buckwheat Flour	4 00	@	4 50
Wheat—Fall—per bushel, 60 lbs.	1 25	@	1 30
Spring " "	1 20	@	1 25
Corn—Per bushel, 56 lbs.	0 85	@	0 90
Peas " 60 lbs.	0 90	@	0 00
Oats " 34 lbs.	0 61	@	0 63
Beans " 60 lbs.	1 80	@	0 00
Pork—Mess—per barrel	24 50	@	25 00
Prime Mess per do.	00 00	@	17 00
Prime	none.		
Pork (fresh)	8 00	@	9 00
Hams	0 15	@	0 17
Beef per 100 lbs	6 00	@	7 00
Mutton—per lb	0 5	@	0 6
Geese—Each	0 50	@	0 60
Ducks	0 50	@	0 60
Turkeys—Each	1 00	@	2 00
Poultry—Per pair	0 50	@	0 60
Butter—Choice Table	0 25	@	0 00
No. 1 Firkin	0 22	@	0 24
No. 2	0 00	@	0 00
Eggs	0 22	@	0 25
Apples—per brl	0 00	@	4 50
Vegetables, &c.—Potatoes	0 38	@	0 40
Hay—Per ton	18 00	@	22 00
Wood—Per cord (cubic measure)	3 25	@	0 00
Mixed Wood	3 00	@	0 00
Tamarac	2 00	@	0 00
Soft Wood	2 00	@	0 00

THE RINGS AT WASHINGTON.

From the Correspondence of Buffalo Courier.

In many departments of government these rings are known to be the moving and directing power. They gain adherents by the distribution of money, of patronage, of influence and emolument in every form, and sharpen up each other's intellect by frequent conferences. They include a considerable portion of those who are called "the smartest" men in the whole country. In railroad grants, steamship subsidies, the collection and regulation of the taxes on whiskey and tobacco, in the Indian department, in the principles and *minutiæ* of the tariff, in the most important monetary affairs of the nation, in every public question, the pestiferous influence of this great canker exists and makes itself felt. It is the nature of the beast that it should endeavour to remain secret and, if possible, unsuspected until it has made its sure and fatal spring upon its prey. The formation of these rings is no longer any matter of doubt. It is certain that the Canadian government appropriated a hundred thousand dollars in gold, and at least thirty thousand dollars of that sum have already been expended in furtherance of of the objects for which the appropriation was made—the renewal of a treaty of commerce and navigation with the New Dominion. There is little doubt that this is true as that the passage of the old treaty was abundantly lubricated by means of the same sinister character. Your readers are aware that, although the State of New York has pursued the most liberal commercial policy, as originally intended by the projectors of the Erie canal themselves, various professional writers and orators, who trade upon the credulity of the public, and make their living out of it have not ceased to represent your state as gathering unjust tribute from its sister states in the west, and stirring up public feeling as near as possible to the boiling point. Thus impressed with what they deem to be a virtuous and patriotic indignation, a large number of the western members of the house of representatives are determined to make, if possible, a new treaty with Canada, caring little what other interests they may sacrifice, if only they can make it a part of the bargain with the Dominion that the St. Lawrence canals, beginning at Port Colborne, opposite Buffalo, shall be enlarged to the greatest capacity. Here, you will see, is opportunity for the full play of a couple of strong "rings." There is another of perhaps equal importance in the crowd of cormorants who are clamorous for the appropriation of twelve millions of dollars for the Niagara ship canal, and expect to be remunerated by the unscrupulous distribution of the numerous and profitable contracts for various portions of the enormous work they have projected.

RUSSIAN RAILWAY ENTERPRISE.

Every American tourist in Russia is struck with the magnificent railway system pervading that country. The broad guage, steel rails, firm sleepers, substantial bridges, comfortable cars, gentlemanly officials, speedy time, freedom from accidents, and successful management generally, may, with good reason, be pointed to by the Russian people as proofs of the skill and enterprise of their government. Many travellers pronounce the road between St. Petersburg and Moscow the finest in the world. But the Czar by no means rests satisfied with what has been accomplished. Having emancipated the serfs, and endeavoured to place all his subjects on a common level of civil and religious freedom, he now aims to make them acquainted with one another, to harmonize incongruous elements, and bind together the different countries of his vast domain by means of a net work of railways.

No less than five different new lines are in process of construction which will terminate on the Volga alone. It is estimated that within five years Samara, Saratov, and Kamyschin will be placed in direct communication with Moscow. By means of these and other routes all the great centres of Russian power will be brought in direct and speedy communication with the Volga river. Nor is this all. Plans are now being projected for bringing by rail to the Volga the resources of Siberia and the western part of the Kirghiz Steppe. The scheme is to join the Kama, which is a navigable affluent of the Volga with Tiuman in Siberia from which there is almost unbroken communication by water to the verge of China. The distance is apparently inconsiderable, and as they will be built through a rich manufacturing district of the Urial its immediate execution is all the more probable.

Neither do lookers on appear to have any doubt that the Czar will be able successfully to carry forward his schemes. What the European capitalists think of them is shewn by the f[illegible] that they have contributed in the shape of loans during the past year $60,000,000 to the Russian Government. They seem to regard these Russian railways as presenting the most legitimate and safest opening for their investments. Some Englishmen, however, are becoming alarmed on discovering that the Russian railroads form strategical lines, and tend to bring the country in comparatively close contact with India. With such rapid and abundant means for transit across his empire, the Czar, they argue, presents a standing menace to their East India possessions, and, in the event of war, would find them a most vulnerable point to strike. John Bull is ever on the alert to discover any weak points in the British Empire, and sound the alarm.

DOMINION Telegraph Company!

Capital Stock,........................$500,000,

IN 10,000 SHARES AT $50 EACH.

President, HON. WM. CAYLEY.

Treasurer, HON. J. McMURRICH.

Secretary. H. B. REEVE.

Counsel. MESSRS. CAMERON & McMICHAEL.

General Superintendent. MARTIN RYAN.

DIRECTORS.

HON. J. McMURRICH—Bryce, McMurrich & Co., Toronto.
A. R. McMASTER, Esq.,—A. R. McMaster & Brother, Toronto.
HON. M. C. CAMERON,—Provincial Secretary, Toronto.
JAMES MICHIE, Esq.,—Fulton, Michie & Co., and Geo. Michie & Co., Toronto.
HON. WM. CAYLEY,—Toronto.
A. M. SMITH, Esq.,—A. M. Smith & Co., Toronto.
L. MOFFATT, Esq.,—Moffatt, Murray & Co., Toronto.
H. B. REEVE, Esq.,—Toronto.
MARTIN RYAN, Esq.,—Toronto.

PROSPECTUS.

THE DOMINION TELEGRAPH COMPANY has been organized under the Act respecting Telegraph Companies, chapter 67 of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada. Its object is to cover the Dominion of Canada with a complete net-work of Telegraph lines.

THE CAPITAL STOCK

Is $500,000, divided into 10,000 shares of $50 each, 5 per cent to be paid at the time of subscribing, the balance to be paid by instalments, not exceeding 10 per cent per month—said instalments to be called in as the works progress.

THE BUSINESS AFFAIRS OF THE COMPANY

are under the management of a Board of Directors annually elected by the shareholders in conformity with the Charter and By-laws of the Company.

The Directors are of opinion that it would be to the interest of the Stockholders generally to obtain subscriptions from all quarters of Canada, and with this view they propose to divide the Stock amongst the different towns and cities throughout the Dominion in allotments suited to the population and business occupations of the different localities and the interest which they may be supposed to take in such an enterprise.

CONTRACTS OF CONNECTIONS.

A contract, granting permanent connection and extraordinary advantages, has already been executed, between this Company and the Atlantic and Pacific Company of New York; thus, at the very commencement, as the Lines of this Company are constructed from the Suspension Bridge, at Clifton (the point of connection) to any point in the Dominion, all the chief cities and places in the States, touched by the Lines of the Atlantic and Pacific Telegraph Company, are brought in immediate connection therewith.

A permanent connection has also been secured with the Great Western Telegraph Company of Chicago, whereby this Company will be brought into close connection with all the Lake Ports and other places through the North Western States, and through to California.

All classes of Society are interested in extending the use of the Telegraph, at LOW RATES, and the Directors are satisfied, that the adoption of a scale of charges considerably below the rates now exacted in Canada, will by encouraging a much more extended use of this medium of communication, not only prove a real and substantial benefit to the public generally, but will also ensure a safe and profitable return to the Investor.

On the 25th day of June, A.D., 1868, the DOMINION TELEGRAPH COMPANY was duly CHARTERED according to law.

The admitted importance and value of Telegraphy, would, in the opinion of the Directors, have rendered any introduction of the Dominion Telegraph Company to the Canadian public unnecessary had it not been that previous attempts to establish Telegraph Companies in Canada, to share the business with the Montreal Company, had been allowed to fall through.

The success of a Telegraph Company will mainly depend on its ability to meet the demands of the public, and consequently it should possess, at least, equal facilities with any other Company, of access to all quarters with which its customers may desire to have communication.

This important requisite has not been, until now, within the reach of any Company entering the field as a competitor with the Montreal Company, in consequence of the close and exclusive connection formed between that Company and the Western Union Company, of the United States, the latter by virtue of certain patents, having until within these two years, monopolised nearly the whole of the telegraph business of the neighboring republic.

The business relations between these two Companies continue in full force, but the patents having run out, the monopoly so long enjoyed by the Western Union has ceased to exist.

The Atlantic and Pacific, the Great Western, and other American Companies have invaded the field, and have become successful competitors for the public patronage and support. These Companies, acting on the cheap postage principle, have forced the old monopolist to a reduction of rates, which has resulted in a more widely extended use of this means of communication, and much to the surprise of the Western Union itself, has increased its profits, whilst sharing its field of operations.

With these new Companies the Dominion Telegraph Company of Canada have entered into most satisfactory business relations, and confident of the soundness of the principle which led to the adoption of the penny-postage system in Great Britain, the voluntary reduction from $100 to $16.65 per ten word message by the Ocean Cable Company, and the successful operations of the Companies recently established in the United States, invite the business and mercantile community of Canada to join them in the promotion of an enterprise, based on the principle of moderate rates and extended business which, while injuring no one, they confidently expect will result in securing a large return to the investor, and prove a vast benefit to the community.

Allusion has been made to the voluntary reduction of rates by the Atlantic Cable Company. A Chicago paper, writing on the subject of the growing use of the Telegraph, gives the following return as obtained directly from Cyrus W. Field, showing very conclusively the benefit both to the public and the Company of the reduction of rates.

AVERAGE DAILY RECEIPTS.

From $100 per message of ten words	$2,525
do 50 do do	2,895
do 25 do do	3,965

An advertisement has recently appeared announcing to the public that the rates from 1st September, proximo, will be further reduced to $16.65 per ten words.

The following table shows the reduction which has been effected in rates in the neighboring States arising out of the construction of competing lines:—

From New York to	*Former Rate.*	*Present Rate.*
Boston	$ 60	$ 30
Banger	1 20	65
Portland	90	50
Philadelphia	40	25
Baltimore	70	35
Washington	75	40
Augusta, Me.	1 20	60
Cincinnati	1 90	1 00
Buffalo	75	50
Cleveland	1 95	1 00
Pittsburgh	1 15	45
Louisville	1 96	1 00

This reduction took place in November, 1867. A comparison of the receipts of the Western Union since that period with the corresponding months of the previous year gives the following results:—

Gross Receipts for					
December, 1866	$ 551,971 40;	December, 1867	$576,135 19;	Increase	$ 24,163 79
Jany., Feb., March,'67	1,594,644 96;	Jany., Feb., March,'68	1,727,939 55;	Increase	133,294 59
April, May, June, '67,	1,559,778 79;	April, May, June, '68,	1,749,631 52;	Increase	189,852 73

While these beneficial results were flowing to the Western Union Company from the reduction of rates, the new Companies had created a business more than sufficient to fill their wires. In proof of this the following extract is taken from the report of the Atlantic and Pacific Company, made July 28th, 1868:

"In April last we reached the maximum capacity of our wires, and have since been compelled to refuse business daily. The Committee, therefore, have reached the conclusion from the actual experience of building and working the present lines—that

"Telegraphic business is growing faster than Telegraphic facilities."

As further proof on this point, the low rates have so pressed the wires of both Companies with business through the day, that posters have been placed in all the main offices proclaiming that double the number of words would be telegraphed at night at the same price as half the number of words by day.

In support of the observation quoted above, that telegraphic business is growing faster than telegraphic facilities, the following statement exhibiting the wonderful increase in the use of the wire, within the last six years, cannot be without interest to our readers. The gross earnings of all telegraph lines in the United States for the following years were:—

1848	$ 4,228 77	1864	$3,792,245 40
1849	63,338 98	1865	4,420,268 88
1853	103,860 84	1866	5,624,501 20
1862	2,734,960 40	1867	7,441,552 47
1863	3,269,442 66		

Showing an average increase of a million a year for the last five years.

A comparison of the number of messages, and persons using the wire in Canada and the States, furnishes a further proof of the advantage to the public and corresponding benefit to the Companies arising out of a reduction of rates.

The published returns for 1867, show that 609,757 messages were sent in Canada, while the messages in the United States for the same period exceeded 20,000,000, the former being less than one message to every six persons, the latter, two to every three. From these returns and results it may be reasonably inferred that a reduction of rates to a tariff at which the wires of both Companies can be filled, will secure a fair field and good prospects to the Dominion Company without in any way prejudicing the interests of the Company now monopolizing the ground.

The particulars submitted above are sufficient in the opinion of the Directors to establish the fact that low rates, by encouraging a more general use of the telegraph, are more profitable than high. It is not, however, solely in the light of a safe and good investment that the Directors desire that this enterprise should be viewed. They feel that their object will be but indifferently attained unless they can satisfy the public, the business and commercial men, that ALL who use the telegraph as a medium of rapid communication, are interested in the establishment of what may be called a competing line. As in the administration of public affairs, a strong, watchful opposition, is the best security for good and careful government: so in commercial matters, an honest rivalry in the various pursuits and branches of trade furnishes the best security that the public shall be well served.

To apply the argument to the purpose in hand, the following table showing the inconsistencies, and, in many instances, the excessive rates now charged on messages passing between the cities and towns of Ontario, Quebec and the United States, will, it is believed, convince the reader that an honest competition is needed, not only for the reduction and adjustment of rates, but also to ensure that attention and care which would of necessity be enforced on the Companies competing for public favor, and thus tend greatly to promote the general interests of the community.

EXAMPLE OF PRESENT TARIFF RATES, WITH DISTANCES.

			MILES.	CANADA MONEY.
From	Toronto to	Suspension Bridge	82	40c
Do	do	Montreal	333	30
Do	do	Mitchell, Seaforth, Bothwell, Ailsa Craig, Caledonia, Chatham, Dunville, Newbury, Port Burwell, Port Colborne and many other places		40
Do	do	Kingston	160	25
Do	do	Quebec	505	50

Example at present tariff rates to Buffalo, and from thence to the following places, in U. S. currency, which reduced to Canada money at 45 per cent premium, makes the actual cost, as in second column:—

Price Collected at Toronto.	ACTUAL COST, BOTH TARIFFS.
To New York, ... 80c.	From Toronto to Buffalo .... 30c; Buffalo to New York. 50c; Reduced to Canada Money. .... 35c—$0 65
To Philadelphia $1 05	From Toronto to Buffalo .... 30c; Buffalo to Philadelphia. 75c; Reduced to Canada Money. .... 52c—$0 82
To Washington $1 30	From Toronto to Buffalo .... 30c; Buffalo to Washington. 90c; Reduced to Canada Money. .... 62c—$0 92
To Baltimore $1 30	From Toronto to Buffalo .... 30c; Buffalo to Baltimore. 85c; Reduced to Canada Money. .... 59c—$0 89
To Chicago $1 35	From Toronto to Detroit .... 60c; Detroit to Chicago. 75c; Reduced to Canada Money. .... 52c—$1 12
To New Orleans $3 05	From Toronto to Buffalo .... 30c; Buffalo to New Orleans. $2 75c; Reduced to Canada Money. .... $1 90c—$2 20

NOTE.—The same illustration may be applied to all the places in the United States. Canadians are obliged to pay a profit on the published rates.

Subscription Books will be opened at the Office of the Company, 83 King-st. east, on and after September 1st 1868.

H. B. REEVE,
Secretary.

Toronto, September 30, 1868. 860tf

Commission Merchants.

DOMINION AUCTION MART,
AND
COMMISSION SALE ROOMS,
HOUSE, LAND AND GENERAL AGENCY,
OFFICE AND SALE ROOMS,
INGLIS' NEW BUILDINGS, SUSSEX-ST.,
OTTAWA.

The subscriber respectfully announces to the inhabitants of Ottawa and surrounding country that at the request of many friends he has decided on opening an extensive and well regulated Auction Mart in this city:

From arrangements made with some of the Furniture Manufactories of Western Ontario, a large and well selected stock of new furniture will be constantly on hand.

Public Sales will be held from time to time, of which due notice will be given, and at which parties requiring to furnish will have an opportunity of purchasing at unusually low rates. The Mart is now open with a large stock of new Furniture, as well as Pianos, Harmoniums, &c., &c., consigned for sale.

The subscriber would also intimate that he is the Sole Agent for Ottawa and territory for the sale of Rappe, Webber & Co.'s celebrated grand Pianos.

They are successors to the late John C. Fox, of Kingston, and the makers of his excellent Pianos.

From their long experience in Germany, Paris, and New York, they are universally admitted to be the best Piano Manufacturers on this continent.

The high reputation of the instruments made by them for the past ten years, and the increasing demand for them in the new Dominion, prove their very superior quality, and universally acknowledged merit.

The Pianos, as well as the Furniture in the establishment, will be sold either by private sale or auction.

He would also announce that he is prepared to receive instructions from persons having household furniture, horses, carriages, or real estate, to dispose of, and pledges himself that nothing will be left undone by him to give satisfaction in discharging the trust confided to him. He hopes that by strict attention to the sales entrusted to his care, as well as by prompt settlements immediately after, to merit a share of public patronage.

He will be in his office from 7 in the morning until 7 in the evening, when he can see parties who wish to arrange about their sales. Consignments from a distance will have immediate attention.

Cash advances, when required, will be made on consignments for immediate sale.

All kinds of furniture bought, sold or exchanged.

REFERENCES.

His Lordship the Bishop of Kingston,
Hon. Sir John A. Macdonald,
Hon. H. L. Langevin, C B,
Hon. Alex. Campbell, P M G,
R. W. Scott, Esq, M P P,
Walter Shanly, Esq, M P
Max. W. Strange, Esq, M P P,
Francis H. Burton, Esq, M P
James O'Rielly, Esq, Q C,
H.V. Noel, Esq, Manager Quebec Bank, Ottawa.
Robert Lyon, Esq, M P P.

A smart young man wanted to act as travelling agent representing several firms.

J. BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer and Commission Merchant,
House, Land and General Agent.

75-y

REMOVAL.

The subscribers beg to inform their customers and the public generally that they have removed to those spacious premises lately occupied by M. K. Dickinson, Canal Basin, and where will be found constantly on hand the following goods:

FLOUR,
PORK,
OATMEAL, &c.
ALSO ON HAND,
2,000 CORDS OF GOOD FIREWOOD,
and 600,000 sawed SHINGLES.

Wholesale and Commission Agents.

Goods forwarded with despatch between Ottawa, Kingston and Intermediate Ports, by the Steamer *Mary Ann*, and three barges.

Silver Taken at Par.

WM. H. EASTON & CO.,
Forwarders and Commission Merchants,
Canal Basin

For Sale or to Let.

TO LUMBERERS.—The subscriber is authorized to receive proposals for lease of the best STEAM MILL SITE on the River Ottawa, below the Chaudiere Falls. Very extensive storage for logs and piling ground. Lumber may be shipped direct from the mill.

R. H. HAYCOCK, Solicitor,
Ottawa.

Dec. 19, 1868. 928d

FOR SALE, OR TO LET for a term of years, BELLEGREEN COTTAGE and GROUNDS, say two and a half acres, situate on the Bank of the Rideau River, (Ottawa-st.) The Cottage is built of brick and tin roofed, with a gallery all round. The gardens and grounds are in a high state of cultivation. Large storeroom, stables, granary, coach and ice-house, woodsheds, &c., all in the best of order. It is one of the most healthy and comfortable residences for a private family in or about the city of Ottawa. For particulars apply to FRANCIS CLEMOW, Esq.—Office, Sparks-st., near the Russell House—or to the proprietor J. WADSWORTH.

Terms moderate. Possession given at any time to suit parties. 927tf

VALUABLE FARMS FOR SALE.—Lot 21 in the 3rd Concession, Gloucester, Ottawa Front, 200 acres, about 80 cleared and under cultivation, with comfortable Dwelling and good Barn. The bush land is principally hardwood, and very valuable from its proximity to Ottawa. Also, Lot 20, in 3rd Concession, Gloucester, Ottawa Front, containing 200 acres, 20 acres cleared. The remainder of this lot is heavily wooded with hard and soft wood. These farms will be sold separately or together as may be desired. The short distance of only 3 miles from Ottawa makes the wood of greater value. These lands are well watered, of excellent soil, and would make a fine dairy farm. Apply to the Proprietor, C. SPARROW, or to D. O'CONNOR, Solicitor, Ottawa.

Ottawa, Nov. 25, 1868. 908tf

MEMBERS OF PARLIAMENT and others visiting the Capital can be accommodated with board and apartments, single or double, at a first-class Boarding House, within five minutes' walk of the Parliament Buildings. References given if required. Apply to MRS. W. PARDY, Wellington-st., Ottawa. 905-2m

ROOMS TO LET.

MRS. SMITH, Corner of Bank and Albert-sts., can rent TWO FURNISHED BEDROOMS and a SITTING ROOM. 868tf

FOR SALE.—The Westerly one-third of Lot No. 27, in First Concession, Ottawa Front, Nepean, and Lots Nos. 26 and 28, in the same concession, at present in the occupation of Wm. T. Aylen, Esq. For further particulars apply to JOHN and WM. THOMSON, Nepean, and LEWIS & PINHEY, Barristers, Ottawa. Je2-141-tf

TENDERS

Will be received by the

BOARD OF SCHOOL TRUSTEES,

UNTIL

WEDNESDAY, THE 20TH INSTANT,

FOR

EIGHT THOUSAND DOLLARS,

IN

SUMS NOT LESS THAN $100,

Payment to be secured by

Bonds of the above Corporation,

Bearing interest at the rate of 7 per cent.

The said Bonds are payable in one to four years.

JAMES D. SLATER,
Chairman,
B.S.T.

Ottawa, 13th January, 1869. 947td

GENERAL NOTICE!

TO FARMERS & OTHERS INTERESTED.

We beg to announce that our large sale of

BANKRUPT GOODS

will close in 20 days, having nearly cleared out our stock, and we take this opportunity of thanking our patrons.

Our stock consists of

Stoves of every Size, Pattern or Style,

and we guarantee to suit in price; also,

Tinware,
Lamps,
Oils,
Lamp Trimmings,
Brushes,
Wire Goods,
Japanned Ware,
and General House Furnishings.

Farmers, we have the Stoves for you at astounding prices.

ESMONDE BROS.,
Centre Town, opp. Ontario Bank.

Medical Cards.

EDWARD C. MALLOCH, M.D., M.R.C.S. Duke-st., LeBreton's Flats, "opposite the well." Office hours from 8:30 to 10:30 a.m., and 3 to 5 p.m.

DR. O. C. WOOD, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Ottawa. Day office opposite Magee & Russell's, Sparks-street, Centre Town Night office at his residence, Maria-street, Centre Town. CANCERS CURED, without the use of the knife, by a new, but certain, speedy, and almost painless process. References given to parties successfully treated, if required. 17w160y

DR. C. LEGGO, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Office—Hunton's Block, Sparks-street.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street, Central Ottawa. 34utf

DR. C. A. MARTIN, Dentist. Office—Sussex-street, over Messrs. Campbell & Co.'s, Grocers. 34utf

DR. GEORGE HUTCHISON, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street, opposite Magee & Russell's. 576y

DR. W. J. HENRY, Corner of Kent and Wellington-streets, Ottawa. 43utf

Hotels and Saloons.

PICKWICK HOUSE,
Corner James and King-sts.,
Opposite the Court House and Public Offices, ST. CATHARINES, Ont.
E. HOUGHTON, Proprietor,
(Late of Houghton's Dining Saloon.)

A spacious sample-room for commercial travellers. 859y

OTTAWA HOUSE.

Corner of Main and Prince of Wales-streets Pembroke, Ontario.

Stages in connection with the steamers *Jason Gould, Pembroke* and *Pontiac.*

Particular attention paid to the comfort of guests. Good rooms for commercial travellers. Horses and vehicles always on hand.

J. COPELAND,
Proprietor.

Pembroke, Aug. 1, 1868. 809y

TORONTO HOUSE, Sparks-st.

MRS. TROTTER begs to announce that she has at present several commodious and handsomely furnished suites of apartments, in every respect eligible for civil or military officers, or private gentlemen remaining in the city. 773tf

REVERE HOUSE, OTTAWA.

G. A. BUCKE,
W. H. SANGER, } ....PROPRIETORS.

This first-class Hotel has been re-furnished and refitted throughout, and now combines all the requisites of a first-class establishment. 582tt

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,
M. KAVANAGH, *Proprietor,*

Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings.

The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands of Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.

Oysters, Game etc., daily

THE METROPOLITAN,
AUMOND'S BLOCK,
Rideau Street Ottawa.
292tf P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.

DOMINION HOUSE,
WELLINGTON-STREET.

The undersigned, formerly head waiter at the Russell House, begs to notify his friends and the public generally that he has leased the above hotel, which is now well furnished, and will be kept as a first class house. The bar is well stocked with the choicest brands of liquors. The table will be furnished with the best the market affords. Good yard and stabling attached to the premises.

658y GEORGE IRVINE.

Miscellaneous.

I. B. TACKABERRY, Auction Rooms No. 36, Rideau-street, below Whyte's Stationery Store. The sale of Real Estate at Auction or private sale promptly attended to. Consignments received and immediate attention will be paid. Sales attended in any of the city or country. 699y

R. SPARKS, Provincial Land Surveyor, Draughtsman, &c., (commissioned for Upper and Lower Canada.) Office and residence, Gloucester, near Ottawa. Surveys of every description executed with accuracy. Communications addressed Ottawa City, (post-paid), or left at the office of N. Sparks, Solicitor, &c., Ottawa, will receive prompt attention. 55 y

B. BILLINGS, Jr., Architect, Elgin street opposite the Post Office.

REFERENCES.—H A Sims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany; Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reyrolds, Esq Managing Director O. & St. L. R. R. 740t

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale. OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

O'CONNOR & WALLER, Exchange Brokers, Fire, Life and Accidental Insurance, Commission and Collecting Agents.

Office, No. 27, Sussex-street, Ottawa.
R. E. O'CONNOR. 378y W. H. WALLER.

OLIVER & ANNABLE, Wholesale Manufacturers of Bedsteads, Chairs, &c., Chaudiere Island, Ottawa, C. W.
JOHN OLIVER,
506y WILLIAM ANNABLE.

R. H. McGREEVY, Contractor and Builder, Office: North side York Street, second door from Sussex Street. 78y

PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS, &c.,

Prepared for buildings of every description, by
SIDNEY B. FRIPP, Architect,
711tf Wellington-st.

COAL! COAL!

NEWCASTLE GRATE,
(Screened.)
LACKAWANNA,
(Egg and Stove Sizes.)
LEHIGH,
(Lump and Egg Sizes.)
BLACKSMITH'S,
$6 per Chaldron.

For Sale by
D. W. COWARD & CO.,
Commission Merchants,
912-3m Office—17 Sparks-st.

PUBLIC NOTICE

Is hereby given that the Map or Plan and Book of Reference of the Canada Central Railway Company, from the City of Ottawa to its junction with the Line of the Brockville and Ottawa Railway Company, have been deposited in the office of the Department of Public Works, and a copy of such parts of the Map or Plan and Book of Reference, as relate to the County of Carleton, has been deposited in the office of the Clerk of the Peace for the County of Carleton, and a copy of such parts as relate to the County of Lanark, has been deposited in the office of the Clerk of the Peace for the County of Lanark.

Dated this Tenth day of August, 1868.

W R. WORSLEY,
C. C. Rly.

Everybody is getting them.

A NOVELTY,

THE MAGIC WINDOW CURTAIN ROLLER,

The best ever invented, 1 Roller and Bottom Slat, and 5 pieces of casting, all for 25 cents, to fit every window,

AT THE VARIETY HALL.

ALSO, A

NEW PATENT CLOTHES DRYER;

AT THE VARIETY HALL.

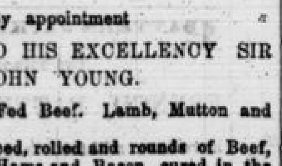
And what every house requires where there is a grate is the

BLOWER STAND,
to be had only
AT THE VARIETY HALL.

HOTEL & SALOON KEEPERS

Remember the best assortment of Tumblers, Decanters and Labeled Bottles in the Dominion is at the Variety Hall.

JOSEPH BOYDEN.



SATCHELL BROS.,

By appointment

BUTCHERS TO HIS EXCELLENCY SIR JOHN YOUNG.

Superior Stall Fed Beef. Lamb, Mutton and Veal in season.

N.B.—Also spiced, rolled and rounds of Beef, and sugar-cured Hams and Bacon, cured in the English style.

930-3m No. 7, Lower Town Market, Ottawa.

Legal Cards.

MACPHERSON, KENNEDY & CHRISTIE, Barristers, &c., Lang's Block, Elgin-st., Ottawa.
J. P. MACPHERSON, G. KENNEDY, A. J. CHRISTIE.

J. W. W. WARD, of the late firm of Lewis Pinhey & Ward, has removed his Chancery Office to Bell's Law Chambers, opposite Russell House, Elgin-st. dw

NICHOLAS SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

E. A. MARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 902y

MOSGROVE & TAILLON, Barristers, Solicitors, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.
WILLIAM MOSGROVE. 366tf GEORGE TAILLON.

N. TETREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post Office. 390tf

LAPIERRE & HAYCOCK, Attornies-at-Law, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers and Notaries Public, Corner of Sussex and York-streets, Ottawa. 368y

D. O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex-street. Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 55y

R. H. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Post Office Building, Elgin-street, Ottawa. 43utf

P. J. BUCKLEY, L.L.B., Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, and Notary Public. Office—over Mr. Luke Cuzner's Boot and Shoe Store, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 334y

LEES & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. Office—In the Court House, Ottawa.
ROBERT LEES. 43utf JOHN J. GEMMELL.

EDWARD T. DARTNELL, Barrister, Solicitor, Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the Court House, L'Orignal. 34-6m

Educational.

EDUCATION—CLASSICAL AND GENERAL.

THE REV. GEO. NOEL HIGGINSON, M. A., Incumbent of New Edinburgh, with the especial sanction of the Bishop of the Diocese, receives a limited number of the sons of gentlemen as morning pupils.

Residence—Dalhousie-st., Ottawa.

Terms made known on application. 940tf

ST. ALBAN'S SCHOOL,

DALY-ST.

PRINCIPAL:
REV. BICKERTON A. EDWARDS, B. A.,
(ex-scholar Jesus Coll., Oxford.)

Business will be resumed on MONDAY, JAN. 4th. Hours of Study—9:30 a.m. to 12:30, and 2 to 4 p.m.

SCHOOL FEES.—For Sound Commercial and English Education, $8 per term. Higher Mathematics, Latin, Greek, French and Music, (each) $2 per term EXTRA.

The school year will, as hitherto, be divided into three terms.

A reduction made for brothers, and for payments made in the first week of term. 938tf

MUSICAL ACADEMY.

Mr. GUSTAVE SMITH, (Organist of the Cathedral) a Graduate of the Imperial Conservatory of Paris. Lessons on Piano and Singing. Rideau-street, corner of King-street

Ottawa, June 23, 1868. 775y

PIANO-FORTE TUITION.

W. C. CLARK, Professor of Music and Teacher of Piano, Voice and Harmony. Also, Mrs. Clark, Teacher of Drawing and Painting. Music Rooms and Residence, O'Connor-street, corner of Slater-street, Centre Town.

Orders may be left at his residence or at Orme & Son's Music Store. 452

TUITION.

MONS. H. BERTHELOT, of the Ottawa Grammar School, is now prepared to give private lessons in the French language. Terms moderate.

N. B.—Will also give lessons in the Latin, Greek or English languages if required.

Orders may be left at Messrs. Durie & Son's bookstore.

Ottawa, October 16, 1868. 873tf

THE SISTERS

OF THE

CONGREGATION DE NOTRE DAME,

FROM MONTREAL,

respectfully inform the public that they will open a branch of their

Educational Establishment in Ottawa.

Their classes will begin on the 15th OCTOBER. For particulars and terms apply to the
LADY SUPERIORESS,
868tf Corner of O'Connor and Maria-sts.

Druggists.

HOLIDAY PRESENTS

AT

THE MEDICAL HALL,

28 Sparks-st., Ottawa

Toilet Boxes in variety,
Rimmel's New Perfumes,
Cambridge Bouquet,
Oxford Bouquet,
English Lavender Water,
Silver Top Smelling Bottles,
Scotch Plaid Smelling Bottles,
Improved Perfumed Distributors,
&c., &c., &c.

A complete stock just received of Toilet Articles, Patent Medicines,

Genuine Drugs and Chemicals,
Druggists' Sundries of all descriptions.
W. M. MASSEY,
Family and Dispensing Chemist.

Dye Works.

BRANCH OF
ST. LAWRENCE DYE WORKS,
Elgin-st., (*Opposite the Russell House,*) Ottawa, Ont.

MACDONALD & CO.,
SILK AND WOOLLEN DYERS,
Scourers, Hot Pressers, &c.

Gentlemen's Clothes cleaned and dyed. Kid Gloves cleaned. 894-3m

OTTAWA CITY
STEAM DYE WORKS,
Sussex-st.,
SIGN OF THE GOLDEN SHEEP,
Opposite Martineau's Store,

Has not removed to Centre Town, but can be found at the above address.

Great reduction in prices for cleaning or dyeing. All kinds of Wool, Cotton, Silk, &c., done at reduced rates.

No use of sending goods to Montreal.

Encourage home manufactures.

LETHAM & BRUNAIS,
876tf Sussex-st.

ENLARGED PORTRAITURE

OF

EVERY DESCRIPTION

BOTH

COLOURED AND PLAIN,
COLOURED AND PLAIN,
COLOURED AND PLAIN,

AT

W. NOTMAN'S, METCALFE-STREET.

TO TOURISTS.—The largest collection in the Dominion of Photographs of Canadian Scenery

Ottawa, Sept. 7, 1868. 582y

CONCENTRATED LYE.

CAUTION TO THE PUBLIC.

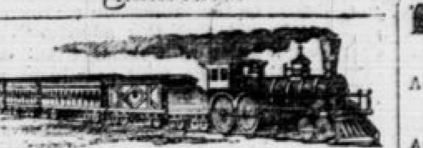
The remarkable success which has attended the introduction of the celebrated Concentrated Lye into Canadian market, by the subscriber, has excited the cupidity of an unprincipled firm in town (which has already been convicted of borrowing other people's brains) by a spurious imitation called Saponifier. To avoid disappointment, purchasers should be careful to ask for Harte's Concentrated Lye, which is sold by all respectable Druggists and Grocers in town and country. 783y

BOARD.

Five or six gentlemen boarders can get rooms, with or without board, in the vicinity of Sandy Hill, within ten minutes walk of the Parliament Buildings, by applying at the Office of this paper.

Ottawa, October 10, 1868. 868tf

Railroads.



GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY COMPANY OF CANADA.

1868.] WINTER ARRANGEMENTS. [1869.

Trains now leave BONAVENTURE STATION as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburg, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at........ 9:10 a m
Night do do do do do 8:30 p m
Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at........ 7:00 a m
Trains for Lachine at........8:00 a m, 9:30 a m 3:00 p m, 5:00 p m.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations at........ 7:00 a m
Express for Boston at........ 8:40 a m
Express for New York and Boston at........ 3:30 p m via Vermont Central.
Express for New York via Plattsburgh, Lake Champlain, Burlington & Rutland at 3:00 p m
Express for Island Pond, at........ 2:00 p m
Night Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham and Portland, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St. Hilaire, St. Hyacinthe, Acton, Richmond, Sherbrooke, Waterville and Coaticook only, at........10:10 p m

Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains. Baggage checked through.

The steamer *Carlotta* leaves Portland every SATURDAY AFTERNOON (after the arrival of train from Montreal on Friday night), for Halifax, N.S., returning on Tuesday.

She has excellent accommodation for passengers and freight.

The International Company's Steamers, running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway, leave Portland every MONDAY, at 5 p m, for St. John, N.B.

Tickets issued through at the Company's principal stations.

For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure Station:

C. J. BRYDGES, Managing Director.
Montreal, Dec. 7, 1868.

CHANGE OF TIME

ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY,
(formerly the Ottawa & Prescott Railway.)

ON and AFTER MONDAY, the 30TH of NOV., 1868, and until further notice, TRAINS will run as follows:

LEAVE OTTAWA.	ARRIVE IN PRESCOTT.
Express, 8 a. m.	10.30 a. m.
Mixed, 1.00 p. m.	4.15 p. m
LEAVE PRESCOTT.	ARRIVE IN OTTAWA.
Mixed, 7. 30 a. m.	11.00 a. m.
Express, 2.10 p. m.	4.45 p. m.

The time of these Trains has been so arranged as to ensure connection with night and day trains on Grand Trunk, east and west.

Baggage to and from Ottawa checked through from and to stations on Grand Trunk Railway

Return tickets to Prescott, Kemptville and Ottawa at reduced rates can be had at the principal stations on the line.

T. S. DETLOR, THOMAS REYNOLDS,
Superintendent. Managing Director.

N. B.—The above trains all run by Montreal Time.

Ottawa, Nov. 27, 1868. 1y

BROCKVILLE & OTTAWA RAILWAY.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT,
Commencing on the 20th April, 1868.

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

7:15 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Brockville daily at 7:15 a.m., and 3:15 p.m., arriving at Sandpoint at 12:40 p. m. and 9 p.m.

LEAVE SANDPOINT.

5:15 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Sandpoint at 5:15 a.m. and 1:30 p.m., arriving at Brockville at 11:30 a.m. and 7:45 p.m.

All trains on main line connect at Smith's Falls with Trains to and from Perth.

The 7:15 a.m. train from Brockville connects with U. F. Co'y's Steamers for Ottawa, Portage-du-Fort, Pembroke, &c., &c., and the 1:15 p.m. train from Sandpoint leaves after those steamers are due from east and west.

H ABBOTT,
Managing Director.

Brockville, April 11. 472y

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer has now been before the public for a length of time, and whenever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

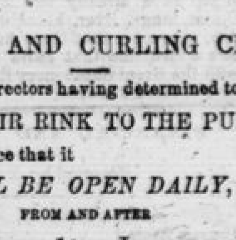
The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Dealers are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying to the universal satisfaction it gives

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it; Physicians order and use it; and no family will without it after once trying it.

Price twenty-five cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, C. W.,
General Agents for C. W

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, H. F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J. Brown, in Ottawa.



OTTAWA
SKATING AND CURLING CLUB.

The Directors having determined to

OPEN THEIR RINK TO THE PUBLIC,

Beg to announce that it

WILL BE OPEN DAILY,

FROM AND AFTER

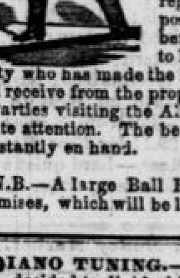
MONDAY NEXT, 11TH JANUARY, INST.,

between the hours of 8 a.m. and 10 p.m., Sundays excepted, TO ALL SKATERS, on payment of TEN CENTS for each time of admission.

For the Directors,
G. W. LESTER,
Manager.

Ottawa, January 11, 1869. 946a

DOMINION BOWLING ALLEY.



The subscriber begs to inform his friends that he opened on MONDAY, the 26th OCTOBER, his BOWLING ALLEY. This is one of the best in the Capital, and equal to any in America. It contains four alleys, and with first-class balls. There will be kept a register book for the purpose of marking the number of points made each day to 1st January next, and the party who has made the highest number of points will receive from the proprietor a rich prize.

Parties visiting the Alley will be received with polite attention. The best of liquors will be found constantly on hand.

B. B. LARIVIERE.

N.B.—A large Ball Room is attached to the premises, which will be let at a low figure.

B. B. L.

PIANO TUNING.—The subscriber having decided to divide his time equally between Ottawa and Ogdensburgh, would beg to inform his his old patrons and others, that he hopes, in future, to attend to their orders for tuning more promptly than heretofore. Shall visit Ottawa once a month. Orders received at Mr. Bermingham's Auction Rooms, and at E. Miles' Music Store.

GEO. N. BENEDICT.

Agencies.

PROVINCIAL INSURANCE.

MALCOLM CAMERON,
Agent,........................Desbarat's Bu[illegible]
Office of Queen's Printer,

An entirely Canadian institution—perfect [illegible] to insurers, and immediate payment of claims.

Ottawa, Dec. 8, 1868.

UNION MUTUAL
LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY
OF MAINE.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, 12th October, 186[illegible]

No. 101.

The following Insurance Company has received a license to transact the business of Life Insurance in Canada:

No. 33. The UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, of Maine.

Deposit in U. S. 6s of '81—$50,000.

B. R. CORWIN, General Agent, St. John, N.B.
For the Minister of Finance
JOHN LANGTON.

I have this day, deposited with the Receiver General, Twenty Thousand Dollars in addition to the above Fifty Thousand, making Seventy Thousand Dollars ($70,000) U. S. Gold Bonds, 6s of '81.

The Hon. Col. John H. Gray, M.P., has been appointed Counsel to the Company for the Dominion. All legal matters will be referred to him.

B. R. CORWIN,
Manager.

Ottawa, November 7, 1868.

WATCHES.

J. SEWILL, LIVERPOOL,

Manufacturer by special appointment to
HER MAJESTY THE QUEEN, ROYAL FAMILY
AND
COURT OF SPAIN,
THE RIGHT HONORABLE THE LORDS COMMISSIONERS OF THE ADMIRALTY,
AND
HER MAJESTY QUEEN VICTORIA'S ROYAL NAVY:

Prize Medalist of the Great International Exhibition of London, 1862, and of the Universal Exhibition of Paris, 1867.

WE HEREBY APPOINT
MR. JOHN LESLIE,
Sparks-street,
Agent for Ottawa and Vicinity,
For the sale of these celebrated Timekeepers.
H. & A. SAUNDERS,
Montreal,

Sole Wholesale Agents in the Dominion for sale of *J. Sewill's* Watches.

Ottawa May 20.

S. ROGERS,
CABINET-MAKER, UPHOLSTERER
AND
UNDERTAKER,
AT THE OLD STAND,
No. 70, RIDEAU-STREET
AND AT THE
WEST END WELLINGTON-STREET,

Where the usual assortment of Cabinet and Upholstering Goods can be obtained at moderate prices.

UNDERTAKING.

The Undertaking branch is under S. R's immediate superintendence, who attends all Funerals without Extra Charge, and has constantly on hand a large assortment of Ready-made Coffins, of all sizes and qualities:

METALLIC, BLACK CLOTH, COBOURG, &

Parties ordering Mahogany, Walnut, Oak, or other Hardwood Coffins, may rely on getting a genuine article, (no stained Butternut sold for Walnut.)

Persons desirous of keeping their deceased relatives for a few days, or even a week, can do so without the least possible inconvenience by applying to S. Rogers, who has had over 20 years experience in the above branches, and feels confident of giving satisfaction.

N.B.—The Undertaking Branch will be found second to none in Ottawa.

Express Waggons always ready for the removal of Furniture.

RESIDENCE—At the West End Establishment, Wellington-st.

Ottawa, September 4, 1868.

Hardware.

HARDWARE!

AT

THOS. ISAAC'S, CENTRE TOWN

PLOUGHS, CULTIVATORS,

IRON, COAL,

SHELF & HEAVY HARDWARE

NAILS, ROPE, CHAINS,

and a general assortment of House-furnishing, Cornices, &c., at the lowest cash prices to be had in the Ottawa market.

ALSO,

STOVES, all patterns and sizes, for coal and wood from the Prescott, Kingston, Toronto, Hamilton and Montreal Foundries, with drums, pipes, furniture, &c., the cheapest to be had in town.

Sewing Machines.

HOLIDAY PRESENTS.

WHEELER & WILSON'S Silent Feed Sewing Machines are perfectly noiseless. The most suitable present to any Lady or Family is a WHEELER & WILSON'S SEWING MACHINE. A liberal reduction for cash on all machines for holiday presents. Twenty-five per cent reduction on embroidery attachments applicable to the new style of Wheeler & Wilson Sewing Machine. Button Hole Attachments, new style; Tuckers, Hemmers, Corders, &c.

THE HOWE SEWING MACHINES are best for Carriage Trimmers, Shoemakers and Tailors.

Call and see for yourselves; no trouble to show you how they sew.

Remember 37, Sparks-st., Ottawa; and King-st., West Toronto.

G. A. WALTON, *Agent for Ottawa*
R. W. STEPHEN,
930tf *Manager for Ottawa Office.*

PARODEE'S EPILEPTIC CURE.

For the relief and cure of Epilepsy, St. Vitus' Dance, Puerperal Hysteria, &c., &c. This preparation is from the recipe of a celebrated French Physician, and the very great success which has attended its use in every case, and where the highest medical skill was of no avail, has induced the subscriber to give it every possible publicity. The genuine has the subscriber's name and address on each bottle. Price one dollar. Sole Proprietor, J. A. HARTE, Chemist, 396, Notre Dame-street, Montreal.

Harte's Florida Water, equal to anything imported. Price 37½ cents per bottle.

GEO. MAYES,
COPPER PLATE PRINTER,
Bank Street, Centre Town,
Between Sparks & Queen Streets.

Bills of Exchange, Bill Heads, Visiting Cards, &c., Printed on the shortest notice.

NOTICE.

Application will be made at the next Session of the Legislature of Ontario for an act to incorporate the CALEDONIA PEAT MANUFACTURING & SMELTING COMPANY, with power to construct a Canal or Railway from some point in the Township of Caledonia to the navigable waters of the Ottawa or South Nation Rivers, and to authorize the Municipality of Caledonia to grant to the said Company so much of the road allowance between the first and fifth concessions as may be required for the manufacture of Peat fuel.

THE TIMES is printed and published by THE OTTAWA TIMES PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY, at the Office, 38, Sparks-st., Centre Town, Ottawa. JAMES COTTON, Managing Director. ALEX. ROBERTSON, Editor.

VOL. I[illegible]

Stoves & H[illegible]

BLYTH & KERR, No. [illegible]

Plumbers, Gas and [illegible] and Copper S[illegible] ers, &c., &c.

A large stock of materials of business constantly on h[illegible] Importers of HOUSE FURNISH[illegible]

STOVES! STOVES! [illegible]

Hall, Fancy, Parlour a[illegible] variety.

Agents for Eaton's Pate[illegible] tilating, Wood and Coal S[illegible] Co.'s celebrated HOT AIR [illegible]

Public and Private [illegible] ries, Vineries, Manufacto[illegible] Steam, Hot Water, or War[illegible] most approved principles.

SKATES, SKATES [illegible]

SIGN OF THE ANVIL, where you can get a [illegible] SKATES of all sizes, and [illegible] chasers, from 25 cents to [illegible] assortment will be found [illegible] The celebra[illegible] and all other English [illegible] Skate Straps, all p[illegible] Also, a general assortme[illegible] SHELF & HEAV[illegible] consisting [illegible] GENERAL HOU[illegible] Butcher Knives, Knives an[illegible] Pocket Knives, [illegible] Tea Spoons, [illegible] Buts, Screws, Locks, Bolts, Catches, Latche[illegible] Axes, Saws, Plane[illegible] Hammers, Sp[illegible] Chisels, [illegible] Steel Bits, Bevels, Levels, Boring M[illegible] Draw[illegible]

Together with PAINT OF A[illegible] Rose Pink, Burnt Umber, [illegible] Terra de Sienna, Chro[illegible] Yellow Ochre, Cel[illegible] Paris Green, [illegible] Red Lead, White Lead, [illegible] Drop Black, Ivory Bl[illegible] Lamp Black, Bo[illegible] Raw Oil, Tu[illegible] Benzole[illegible]

THOS[illegible]

P.S.—All goods delivere[illegible] ity

S. SAFE: S. SURE[illegible]

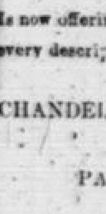
Such is the character g[illegible] during the past year at the "CAPITAL" S[illegible] 35 Sussex-st[illegible] H.[illegible]

We beg to notify the p[illegible] the season is now complete[illegible]

STOV[illegible]

are of the latest and most [illegible] the most extensive assortm[illegible] COOKING STOVES, of [illegible] COOKING STOVES, [illegible] PARLOR STOVES, [illegible] BOX & HALL STOVES, [illegible] DOUBLE STOVES, [illegible] HOTEL STOVES, [illegible] expressly for Hotel and Bo[illegible] with large Copper Wate[illegible] Warmers. [illegible] Keepers to these stoves, [illegible] any six ordinary stoves. [illegible] COOKING STOVES, BOX STOVES, PARLOR STOVES, BEDROOM STOVES, STOVEPIPES! ELBO[illegible] *Common, Bright* [illegible] and everything in the Tin[illegible] ware Line, on hand or [illegible] Hot Air Furnaces, [illegible] Work and Repairs atten[illegible] keep none but the best an[illegible] hanics.

HOUSE FURNIS[illegible] of every description in [illegible] smallest family, or the la[illegible] ARE YOU GOING [illegible] If so, call and see our larg[illegible] House-keeping Goods, [illegible] Room or any room in [illegible] YOUNG MAN, see that yo[illegible] with useful articles befor[illegible] in mere showy ornament[illegible] IRON BEDST[illegible] COAL OIL, [illegible] Brass and Enamelled [illegible] Setts, Baths, Flour Stove[illegible] Table Mats, Sad Irons, [illegible] Table Spoons, Preserve[illegible] Wash Tubs and Boards, [illegible] ers, Cruet Stands, Ash [illegible] Trays, Tea and Coffee P[illegible] and Pudding Moulds, &c. COUNTRY M[illegible] Supplied with STOVEPIPES A[illegible] At reduc[illegible] CAMP KETTLES, [illegible] AND [illegible] BIRD CAGES! BIRD [illegible] All of the [illegible] "CAPITAL" [illegible] 62y H. M[illegible]



"LAM[illegible] FOR THE [illegible] D. R. L[illegible]

Is now offering at the O[illegible] every description of CHANDELIERS, PARLOR, BED [illegible] HAL[illegible] At prices which defy co[illegible] light where a Coal Oil [illegible] can be got for 25 cents [illegible] CANADA ROCK [illegible] PENNSLYVA[illegible] PORTLA[illegible] Oil Depot, 7[illegible]

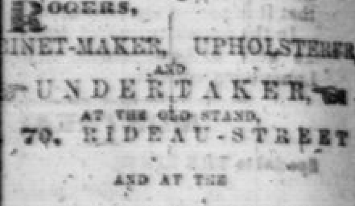
TIGHT BINDING

Agencies.

...OVINCIAL INSURANCE.
MALCOLM CAMERON,
...DESBARAT'S Block
Office of Queen's Printer,
...ely Canadian institution—perfect security ...ers, and immediate payment of claims.
...wa, Dec. 8, 1868. 918tf

...ION MUTUAL
...INSURANCE COMPANY
OF MAINE.
FINANCE DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, 12th October, 1868.
...following Insurance Company has received ...e to transact the business of Life Insurance ...ada:
...4. The UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, of Maine.
...it in U. S. 6s of '81—$50,000.
... CORWIN, General Agent, St. John, N.B.
For the Minister of Finance
JOHN LANGTON,
Auditor.
...e, this day, deposited with the Receiver ..., Twenty Thousand Dollars in addition to ...e Fifty Thousand, making Seventy Thousand ...ollars ($70,000) U.S. Gold Bonds, to the ...Hon. Col. John H. Gray, M.P., has been ...al Counsel to the Company for the Dominion ...ll legal matters will be referred to him.
B. R. CORWIN,
Manager.
...., November 7, 1868. 898

WATCHES.
...EWILL, LIVERPOOL,
...anufacturer by special appointment to ...AJESTY THE QUEEN, ROYAL FAMILY,
COURT OF SPAIN,
...RIGHT HONORABLE THE LORDS COMMISSIONERS OF THE ADMIRALTY,
AND
...AJESTY QUEEN VICTORIA'S ROYAL NAVY:
...Medalist of the Great International Exhibition of London, 1862, and of the Universal Exhibition of Paris, 1867.
...HEREBY APPOINT
MR. JOHN LESLIE,
Sparks-street,
Agent for Ottawa and Vicinity,
...e sale of these celebrated Timekeepers.
H. & A. SAUNDERS,
Montreal,
Wholesale Agents in the Dominion for J. Sewill's Watches.
...awa May 20. 16y



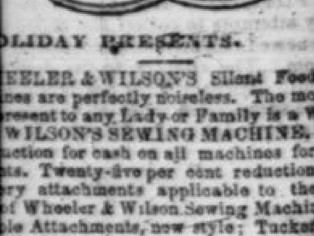
ROGERS,
...INET-MAKER, UPHOLSTERER,
AND
UNDERTAKER,
AT THE OLD STAND,
70, RIDEAU-STREET
AND AT THE
...ST END WELLINGTON-STREET,
...e the usual assortment of Cabinet and Upholstery Goods can be obtained at moderate prices.

UNDERTAKING.
...Undertaking branch is under S. R.'s immediate superintendence, who attends all Funerals ...t Extra Charge, and has constantly on hand ...assortment of Ready-made Coffins, of all ...nd qualities:
...ALLIC, BLACK CLOTH, COBOURG, &c.
...ties ordering Mahogany, Walnut, Oak, or Hardwood Coffins, may rely on getting a good article, (no stained Butternut sold for Walnut.)
...ons desirous of keeping their deceased relatives for a few days, or even a week, can do ...t the least possible inconvenience by applying ...S. Rogers, who has had over 20 years' experience in the above branches, and feels confident ...ing satisfaction.
...—The Undertaking Branch will be second to none in Ottawa.
...ess Waggons always ready for the removal ...niture.
...SIDENCE—At the West End Establishment, ...gton-st.
...wa, September 4, 1868. 823y

Hardware.

...ARDWARE!
AT
...S. ISAAC'S, CENTRE TOWN,
...PLOUGHS, CULTIVATORS,
IRON, COAL,
...LF & HEAVY HARDWARE,
NAILS, ROPE, CHAINS,
...general assortment of House-furnishing ...es, &c., at the lowest cash prices to be found ...Ottawa market.
ALSO,
...ES, all patterns and sizes, for coal and wood ...the Prescott, Kingston, Toronto, Hamilton ...ontreal Foundries, with drums, pipes, ...&c., the cheapest to be had in town.

Sewing Machines.



...OLIDAY PRESENTS.
...EELER & WILSON'S Silent Feed Sewing ...nes are perfectly noiseless. The most valuable ...resent to any Lady or Family is a WHEELER & WILSON'S SEWING MACHINE. A liberal ...uction for cash on all machines for holiday ...ts. Twenty-five per cent reduction on ...ry attachments applicable to the former ...f Wheeler & Wilson Sewing Machine. ...ble Attachments, new style; Tuckers, ... Corders, &c.
...HE HOWE SEWING MACHINES ...t for Carriage Trimmers, Shoemakers and ...
... and see for yourselves; no trouble to show ...w they sew.
...ember 37, Sparks-st., Ottawa; and ...t., West Toronto.
G. A. WALTON, Agent for Ontario.
R. W. STEPHEN,
...30tf Manager for Ottawa Office.

...RODEE'S EPILEPTIC CURE,
...the relief and cure of Epilepsy, St. Vitus' ..., Puerperal Hysteria, &c. &c. This preparation ...is from the recipe of a celebrated French ...sian, and the very great success which has ...ed its use in every case, and where the highest ...dical skill was of no avail, has induced the ...riber to give it every possible publicity. The ...o has the subscriber's name and address on ...bottle. Price one dollar. Sole Proprietor ...HARTE, Chemist, 396, Notre Dame-street, ...eal.
...e's Florida Water, equal to anything in ... Price 37½ cents per bottle. 783y

GEO. MAYES,
...PPER PLATE PRINTER,
Bank Street, Centre Town,
...etween Sparks & Queen Streets.
...ills of Exchange, Bill Heads, Visiting ...rds, &c., Printed on the shortest notice.

...OTICE.
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...TIMES is printed and published by ...THE OTTAWA TIMES PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY, at the Office, 38, Sparks-st., ...entre Town, Ottawa. JAMES COTTON ...Managing Director ALEX. ROBERTSON ...Editor.

The Times

VOL. IV. NO. 951. OTTAWA, TUESDAY, JANUARY 19, 1869. PRICE—3 CENTS.

Stoves & Hardware.

BLYTH & KERR,

No. 25 RIDEAU-ST.,

Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters, Tin and Copper Smiths, Bell Hangers, &c., &c.

A large stock of materials for the above branches of business constantly on hand.

Importers of

HOUSE FURNISHING HARDWARE.

STOVES! STOVES!

STOVES!

Hall, Fancy, Parlour and Cook Stoves, in great variety.

Agents for Eaton's Patent Automatic, Self-Ventilating, Wood and Coal Stoves. Also Beecher & Co.'s celebrated

HOT AIR FURNACES.

☞ Public and Private Buildings, Conservatories, Vineries, Manufactories, &c., warmed by Steam, Hot Water, or Warm Air, on the latest and most approved principles.

SKATES, SKATES, SKATES,

AT THE

SIGN OF THE ANVIL, No. 24, RIDEAU-ST., where you can get a complete assortment of SKATES of all sizes, and at any price to suit purchasers, from 25 cents to $5.50 per pair. In the assortment will be found

The celebrated Sheffield Club,
" " Canadian Favorite,
" " Central Park do
and all other English and German Patterns.
Skate Straps, all patterns, &c., &c.

Also, a general assortment of

SHELF & HEAVY HARDWARE,

consisting in part of

GENERAL HOUSE FURNISHING,

Butcher Knives, Knives and Forks,
Pocket Knives, Table Spoons,
Tea Spoons, Tea Trays, Table Mats,
Buts, Screws, Locks,
Bolts, Catches, Latches,
Axes, Saws, Planes, Squares,
Hammers, Spokeshaves, Gouges,
Chisels, Augers, Auger Bits,
Steel Bits, Bevels,
Levels, Boring Machines,
Draw Knives, &c., &c., &c.

Together with

PAINT OF ALL COLORS,

Rose Pink, Burnt Umber,
Terra de Seinna, Chrome Yellow,
Yellow Ochre, Celestial Blue,
Paris Green, Brunswick Green,
Magnesia Green, Venetian Red,
Red Lead, White Lead, in oil or dry,
Drop Black, Ivory Black,
Lamp Black, Boiled Oil,
Raw Oil, Turpentine,
Benzole, Coal Oil,
Paint Brushes,
Varnishes, &c.

THOS. BIRKETT,
Sign of the Anvil,
No. 24, Rideau-st.

P. S.—All goods delivered free to any part of the city. 408y

S.SAFE! S.SURE! S.SUCCESSFUL.

Such is the character given of every stove sold during the past year at the

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,

35 Sussex-street, Ottawa,
H. MEADOWS & CO.

We beg to notify the public that our stock for the season is now complete; our

STOVES

are of the latest and most improved patterns, and the most extensive assortment shown in Ottawa.

COOKING STOVES, of the good old-fashioned kind,
COOKING STOVES, of the latest and most modern designs,
PARLOR STOVES, for elegance of design cannot be surpassed,
BOX & HALL STOVES, that are unrivalled for heating purposes,
DOUBLE STOVES, the best in use,
HOTEL STOVES, large and extra strong made, expressly for Hotel and Boarding Houses, complete with large Copper Water Reservoirs and Plate Warmers. We call special attention of Hotel Keepers to these stoves, they will last as long as any six ordinary stoves. See them and judge for yourselves. Price lists sent free on application.

COOKING STOVES, DOUBLE STOVES,
BOX STOVES, HOTEL STOVES,
PARLOR STOVES, COAL STOVES,
BEDROOM STOVES, DUMB STOVES,
STOVEPIPES! ELBOWS! STOVEPIPES
Common, Bright and Russia Iron,
and everything in the Tin, Sheet Iron and Copperware Line, on hand or made to order.

Hot Air Furnaces, Eave Troughs. Building Job Work and Repairs attended to punctually. We keep none but the best and most experienced mechanics.

HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS,

of every description in stock, suitable for the smallest family, or the largest hotel.

ARE YOU GOING TO BE MARRIED? If so, call and see our large assortment of necessary House-keeping Goods, suitable for Kitchen, Dining Room, or any room in your house.

YOUNG MAN, see that your house is well furnished with useful articles before you spend your money in mere showy ornamental things.

IRON BEDSTEADS, LAMPS,

COAL OIL, SAUCEPANS,

Brass and Enamelled Kettles, Tinware, Toilet Setts, Baths, Flour Sieves, Brushes, Dish Covers, Table Mats, Sad Irons, Table Cutlery, Tea and Table Spoons, Preserve Jars, Mincing Knives, Wash Tubs and Boards, Refrigerators, Egg Beaters, Cruet Stands, Ash Pails, Table Bells, Tea Trays, Tea and Coffee Pots, Soup Tureens, Jelly and Pudding Moulds, &c., &c., &c., &c.

COUNTRY MERCHANTS

Supplied with

STOVEPIPES AND TINWARE,

At reduced figures,

CAMP KETTLES, SHANTY PLATES,

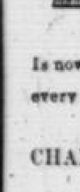
AND BASINS,

BIRD CAGES! BIRD CAGES! BIRD CAGES

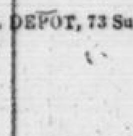
All of the above at the

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,

street, Ottawa.
62y H. MEADOWS & CO.



"LAMPS"
FOR THE MILLION.
D. R. LEAVENS



Is now offering at the OIL DEPOT, 73 Sussex-st., every description of

CHANDELIERS,

PARLOR,

BED ROOM,

KITCHEN,

HALL AND SIDE LAMPS,

At prices which defy competition. Who will want light where a Coal Oil Lamp, Wick and Chimney can be got for 25 cents.

CANADA ROCK OIL,

PENNSLYVANIA ROCK OIL,

PORTLAND KEROSENE OIL,

☞ Oil Depot, 73 Sussex-st.

Boots & Shoes.

ANNOUNCEMENT!

W. A. LAMB,

KEEPER OF THE RED BOOT, &c., &c.

To all the loyal inhabitants of the Metropolitan and surrounding Counties, sends greeting;

And while thus publicly wishing to all

"A Merry Christmas and Happy New Year,"

takes pleasure also in announcing that he will hold

PUBLIC RECEPTIONS DAILY,

at from 7:30 a.m., until 7 p.m., when he will be pleased to meet with those who desire to call upon him.

N. B.—As all will probably wish to retain a *Souvenir* of their visit, it will be satisfactory to know that there is a magnificent assortment of Boots and Shoes on hand to choose from, and any of which will be GIVEN AWAY for a small consideration.

Don't forget the place, ☞ No. 28, Sussex-st., opposite the Barracks. ☜

W. ANGUS & CO.;

BOOTS,

SHOES,

MOCCASINS,

TOBOGGANS,

SNOW-SHOES,

&c., &c., &c.

Since the great clearing Sale

W. ANGUS & CO.

have received a

VERY LARGE AND WELL SELECTED STOCK

OF

BOOTS AND SHOES

AND OTHER FEET-WARE,

suitable to the Winter season.

JUST RECEIVED.

A FRESH LOT OF LADIES' & GENTS'

FELT EMBROIDERED CONGRESS

Of the Latest Style. Also, a New Supply

TOBOGGANS,

SNOW-SHOES,

MOCCASINS,

OVER-SHOES,

&c., &c., &c.

Very appropriate

XMAS AND NEW YEAR'S PRESENTS.

☞ INSPECTION INVITED. ☜

PRICES LOW.

W. ANGUS & CO.
Golden Boot,
226 Wellington-st.

GENUINE CLEARING SALE

OF

BOOTS AND SHOES,

AT THE OLD

CROSBY STAND, NO. 51, SPARKS-ST.

The whole of

THE BANKRUPT STOCK,

comprising the latest styles and best qualities of

LADIES', GENT'S, MISSES' & CHILDREN'S

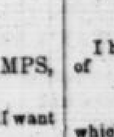
DRESS & WALKING BOOTS,

suitable for FALL & WINTER WEAR. Also, a large stock of Men's and Women's Coarse Boots, Moose Mocassins, Buck Moose and Sheep Mitts, Beef Mocassins, Felt Over-shoes, Rubbers, &c., all of which will be sold at great reductions from former prices. Lumber and country merchants are requested to bear in mind that there is a large stock of handmade boots to be disposed of at the aforesaid reduction in prices.

The public generally are invited to call and examine the stock and prices, which we know cannot fail to give satisfaction to all.

Remember the place, the old Crosby Stand, opposite O'Meara's, No. 51, Sparks-st.

A. J. STEPHENS & CO.
Ottawa, Oct. 20 868. 876y



CHEAP BOOTS & SHOES

AT THE

CAPITAL

BOOT & SHOE STORE,

YORK-ST.

I have now received my fall and winter stock of

BOOTS AND SHOES,

which will be found complete; being selected with care, it will not fail to give general satisfaction.

In Ladies', Misses' and Children's ware I have everything that can possibly be required for the season, and at much lower figures than ever before offered.

Men's ware in Calf, Kipp, Cowhide Boots; Men's Strong Working Boots as low as $2 per pair. Boy's and Youth's equally low.

A large supply of New English Kipp Boots, hand made, the most suitable ware for Lumbermen, constantly on hand and made by the very best workmen. Orders taken for all kinds of work.

429y GEORGE MURPHY

HOUSE WANTED.

The owner of several Fine Building Lots would like to exchange them for a well built STONE or BRICK HOUSE in this city. Apply at the TIMES Office. 945d

Dry Goods.

Shewing This Day.

GRANT & HENDERSON,

No. 20, Rideau-st.

Are offering an extensive Stock of

DRESS GOODS.

WINCIES,

SHAWLS and

BLANKETS,

☞ AT THE LOWEST CASH PRICES. ☜

N. B.—An extensive assortment of general DRY GOODS always in stock.

LATEST STYLES AND FASHIONS.

INSPECTION INVITED.

No. 20, Rideau-st.

CLOTHING,

CHEAP AND FASHIONABLE,

READY-MADE AND TO ORDER.

O'MEARA & CO.,

ESTABLISHED IN 1844,

Offer for sale an extensive importation of FALL AND WINTER GOODS, comprising Ready-made Clothing, Canadian Tweeds, Etoffes, Satinetts; also a large stock of Blankets, Flannels, Kerseys, Gray Cottons, Prints, Winceys, Plaids, &c., &c.; Broadcloths, Beavers, Witneys, Petershams, Devons, &c.; Bedford Cords, Silk Mixtures, West of England Tweeds, Doeskins, &c., wholesale and retail, which will be made up to order on the shortest notice in the latest styles of fashion and at prices that

DEFY COMPETITION:

☞ A general assortment of Dry Goods, the largest stock ever offered for sale in this city.

$1.25 BLANKETS $6.00. $3.00

TAILORING DEPARTMENT.

Particular attention given to the Tailoring Department, which is under the supervision of a first-class cutter.

$2 .... GREY ETOFFE PANTS.
$4.50 .... GOOD PEA JACKETS.
$4 .... OVERCOATS.
$9 .... COMPLETE SUITS.
$1 .... GOOD VESTS.
75 CTS., $1 and $1.25 .... UNDERSHIRTS.
75 CTS., $1 and $1.25 .... DRAWERS

A. DUFF. O'MEARA & CO.
Ottawa, October 27 1868. 852y

FRESH ARRIVALS.

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!

THOS. & W. HUNTON

Have just opened out the contents of 48 packages of NEW GOODS, comprising

1 CASE SILKS, in plain and fancy colors, splendid value.

1 CASE VELVETEENS,

3 BALES WHITE COTTONS,
1 " WHITE COTTON SHEETING,
6 " GRAY COTTONS, } at greatly reduced prices.

2 CASES LINENS, assorted,

1 " BLACK CLOTHS,

2 " BLACK & COLORED OVER-COATINGS,

1 BALE WHITE FLANNELS,

1 " GRAY FLANNELS,

1 " SCARLET FLANNE,

4 " BLANKETS,

2 " HEMP CARPETS,

3 " WOOL CARPETS,

10 " TAPESTRY CARPETS, this season's new patterns,

3 " CANADIAN TWEEDS.

All of the above goods being marked off, and ready for inspection. We would specially invite intending purchasers to call and examine them.

THOS. & W. HUNTON.
47 and 49 Sparks-st.

Fine Arts.

A COMPLETE Assortment at the CANADA GAZETTE Office of

PRANG'S CHROMOS;

of which Frederic E. Church, the great American artist, says: "They are certainly most skilfully and artistically executed." And John G. Whittier says "I had no idea they were home productions; I am glad to know that such beautiful work is done here." And Bayard Taylor: "Your illuminations of the Beatitudes are really superb." And Wendell Phillips; "I congratulate you on your success, which I consider marvellous," &c.

Among them the following are the most attractive:

Horses in a Storm. (After R. Adams.)
The two Friends. (Child and Dog, after Geraud.)
Sunset in California. (After Bierstadt.)
Sunlight in Winter. (After Morvillier.)
The Barefooted Boy. (After Whittier.)
Early Autumn on Esopus Creek, N. Y. (After A. T. Bricher.)
Late Autumn in the White Mountains. (After A. T. Bricher.)
Six American Landscapes. (After A. T. Bricher.)
Easter Morning. [After Mrs. James M. Hart.]
The Beatitudes of our Lord, most magnificently illuminated.
Illuminated School Room Cards, with mottoes taken from Scripture.
Illuminated crosses, Book Marks, Rewards of Merit.
The Language of Flowers, Wood and Sea Mosses, Ferns, Flowers, &c.
"OLD MOTHER HUBBARD," "The most elegant juvenile book of the season," superbly illustrated and illuminated.

Prang's Chromos are offered at 20 per cent. below the publisher's prices at the

CANADA GAZETTE OFFICE,
Sparks-st., Ottawa.

Stationery.

CARTER'S

COMBINED WRITING & COPYING INK.

THE ADVANTAGES OF THIS OVER OTHER INKS ARE:

First. It flows freely from the pen, and does not thicken by exposure to the air.
Second. It will give a perfect and instantaneous copy.
Third. It will not mould.
Fourth. Being equally as good for Copying as for Book-keeping, it entirely does away with the use of two kinds of Ink.
Fifth. It is more permanent than common Inks.
Sixth. The color, when first written, is a beautiful dark green, but in a remarkably short time it changes to a BRILLIANT JET BLACK—not a brownish black.
Seventh. It is admirably adapted to the most delicate writing, and ALWAYS "makes its mark."

This Ink is warranted to flow as freely as Arnold's, or any other Writing Fluid now in use; to give as perfect a copy as any Copying Ink; and not to mould.

Parties using Carter's Ink, and What They Say About it.

Post Office—"Best ink, by far; have used it for years."
Harnden Express Company—"Tried every kind, and give this the preference."
Bank of the Metropolis—"Grand, good ink; use it altogether."
Hamilton Bank—"We use Carter's ink, and think it the best."
Jordon, Marsh & Co.—"Would'nt take any other as a gift."
J. R. Palmer & Co.—"It writes splendidly and copies beautifully."
American Bank Note Company—"Never used any ink we liked so well."
Paymaster's Office—"Best ink ever made in this or any other country."
POST OFFICE, PHILADELPHIA—I give it a preference over any other ink I have ever used. It flows freely, and does not gum with exposure.
W. M. IRELAND, Chief Clerk.

Wholesale and Retail at the
CANADA GAZETTE OFFICE.

NEW PUBLICATION.

CHRONICLES OF CANADA.

BY

H. BEAUMONT SMALL, S.C.L.

Price, 50 cents. For sale by the publisher,
936tf GEORGE E. DESBARATS.

TO FARMERS & OTHERS.

TRADE [A. / O. A. / & Co.] MARK.

Farmers and others should buy their TEA and COFFEE from

A. O. AUDY & CO.,

who are daily receiving by direct importations Tea and Coffee of the finest quality. Their business is conducted on the English principle, and the above named articles can be procured in 5 and 10 pound catties and upwards. The purchaser receives the benefit of a neat package, a good article, and at wholesale prices. Perfect satisfaction is ensured, and any goods not proving according to sample can be returned at our expense. We will pay the carriage on 4 five or 2 ten lb catties to the nearest railway station. For the accommodation of farmers and others not having heard of the advantage offered them, we have engaged trustworthy agents who will make occasional trips throughout the surrounding country and solicit their orders. Any favors submitted to them will receive prompt attention. We do not sell less than a cattie, and nothing but Tea and Coffee sold.

The following is the list of prices:

BLACK TEA.

Common Congou, Strong Tea	$0 45 @ 50
Fine Flavoured New Season do	0 55 @ 60
Excellent Full Flavoured do	0 75 @ 80
Sound Oolong	0 40 @ 45
Rich Flavoured, do	0 55 @ 60
Very Fine, do do	0 75 @ 80
Japan Good	0 50 @ 60
Very Good	0 65 @ 70
Finest	0 75 @ 80

GREEN TEA.

Twankay, Common	0 35 @ 40
Fine do	0 55 @ 60
Young Hyson	0 50 @ 60
Fine do	0 75 @ 85
Superfine and Very Choice	1 00 @ 00

COFFEE.

Mocha	$0 22, 0 27, 0 29, 0 33
Java	0 20, 0 25, 0 29, 0 32
Ceylon	0 18, 0 22, 0 26, 0 29

Remember the place,

A. O. AUDY & CO.,
Elgin-st., opposite the Russell House.

BOTTLED ALE,

BOTTLED ALE,

BOTTLED ALE.

The subscriber would called the attention of Families and others to his

FINE BOTTLED ALE

Which is in splendid condition. Also,

SCOTCH, IRISH, OLD RYE,

And other Malt Whiskies,

PORTS, SHERRIES, BRANDIES, GIN, &c.,

To ether with a General Assortment of

FIRST-CLASS GROCERICS.

A call ... dly solicited.

D. WHELAN,
44, Rideau-street,
Opposite Allan's Crockery Store

Ottawa, Jan. 20, 1868.

NOTICE.

WANTED A HEAD MASTER

FOR THE

RICHMOND UNION COUNTY GRAMMAR SCHOOL.

Applications to be received to FEB'Y. 1st, and to state salary wanted.

JOHN McLAREN,
Secy. and T. U. B. of S. T.

Richmond, Co. Carleton,
Jan. 15th, 1869. 958a-3-1

Medical.

PAIN KILLER

A PURELY VEGETABLE MEDICINE

TAKEN INTERNALY, CURES

Sudden Colds, Catarrh, Coughs, Bronchitis, Asthma, Fever and Ague, Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, Acid Stomach, Headache, Heartburn, Indigestion, Canker in the Mouth, Throat or Stomach, Sick Headache, Sea Sickness, Piles, Kidney Complaints Canker Rash, Cramp and Pain in the Stomach, Painter's Colic, Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Summer Complaint, Cholera Morbus, Cholera Infantum and Cholera.

APPLIED EXTERNALLY, CURES

Scalds, Burns, Frostbites, Chillblains, Erysipelas, Ringworms, Whitlows, Boils, Old Sores, Sprains, Bruises, Toothache, Headache, Neuralgia in the Face or Head, Pains in the Side, Pains in the Back and Loins, Rheumatism, Rheumatic Gout, Neuralgic or Rheumatic Pains in the Joints and Limbs, Stings of Insects, Scorpions, Centipedes, and the Bites of Poisonous Insects and Venomous Reptiles.

At this season, when coughs and colds are so prevalent, an effectual remedy, and one easily obtained, is *Perry Davis' Vegetable Pain Killer.* It is no new nostrum, vended by unknown agents, but has stood the test of over 20 years; and those who use the article, internally or externally, will connect with it grateful recollections of its worthy inventor.—*Hastings' Chronicle, C. W.*

PAIN KILLER.—The testimonials borne to the efficacy of this valuable medicine are sufficient to warrant its introduction into every house. Our own opinion is that no family should be without a bottle of it for a single hour. In flesh wounds, aches, pains, sores, &c., it is the most effectual remedy we know of. A bottle will last for a very long time, and its low price places it within the reach of all. Our readers will remember that the Messrs. Perry Davis & Son have opened out a house in Montreal, whence Canadian orders are supplied.—*News, St. Johns, C. E.*

☞ We are glad to learn that the "Pain Killer" is having so large a sale in our city. We have every reason to believe it to be an almost never failing cure for pain, and is a medicine that no family should be without.—*Montreal Pilot.*

In an attack of Diarrhœa, Dysentery or Cramp Colic, don't delay the use of the Pain Killer.

Rev. H. L. Van Meter, Burmah, writes, "The Pain Killer has become an almost indispensable article in my family."

Hundreds of missionaries give similar testimony of its virtues.

Rev. J. G. Stearns writes, "I consider it the best remedy for Dyspepsia I ever knew."

Rev. Jabez S. Swan says, "I have used it for years in my family, and consider it an invaluable remedy."

We cheerfully add our testimony in favor of this medicine.—*Roman Citizen.*

We have tasted this medicine and assure our readers that it not only possesses all the virtues claimed for it, but in many instances surpasses any other remedy which we have ever known.—*Herald of Gospel Liberty.*

It is really a valuable medicine. It is used by many physicians.—*Boston Traveller.*

I have used Davis' Pain Killer, and consider it an indispensable article in the medicine box. It has effected cures in Diarrhœa, and for cuts and bruises it is invaluable.—*New York Examiner.*

Spoken of in terms of high commendation by both druggist and physician.—*Philadelphia Eagle.*

The Pain Killer is sold at wholesale by druggists and medicine dealers, and commission merchants, in the principal cities, and retailed by Apothecaries, Grocers and at Variety Shops generally, throughout the world. Price, 15 cents, 25 cents and 50 cents per bottle.

PERRY DAVIS & SON,
Manufacturers and Proprietors, 380 St. Paul-st., Montreal, P. of Q.
78 High st., Providence, R. I.; 71 Southampton Row, Holborn, London, England.
DAVIDSON & DANIEL, GENERAL AGENTS

MORTIMER'S

INFALLIBLE REMEDY

FOR

CHOLERA,
DIARRHŒA, and
BOWEL COMPLAINTS.

The following extract, which Mr. Mortimer is kindly permitted to publish, is from the letter of a relative of Dr. Wolfe, of this city, now residing in the United States:

"Find out if the Express charges are too high, and if not, arrange with Mortimer to let you have a box of the bottles of CHOLERA MIXTURE, I could make a good little fortune with them. The bottle I brought with me here brought two ladies round from decided cholera; one on board the boat, and the other in Berlin, United States. Both commenced with diarrhœa, then with dysentery, and then vomiting. The one at Berlin was very bad. I gave her three doses of the Cholera Mixture, the third of which stopped the vomiting. The next day she was all right, or nearly so. She was very grateful. I have now only a little left."

☞ This excellent mixture, which should be in every family, is only

TWENTY-FIVE CENTS A BOTTLE.

NONE OTHER GENUINE.

TRADE MARK REGISTERED

CANADIAN COUGH EMULSION.

This valuable medicine has the extraordinary property of immediately relieving Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Difficulty of Breathing, Tightness in Chest, &c., &c. It operates by dissolving the congealed phlegm, causing free expectoration, and an agreeable moistness to the skin.

Sold in Bottles at 1s. 3d. and 2s. 6d. Each.

MORTIMER'S COMPOUND ANTIBILIOUS

AND

FAMILY APERIENT PILLS,

A grand specific for derangement of the Digestive Organs and for obstructions and torpid action of the Liver and Bowels.

Mortimer's Vegetable Worm Destroyer, The only sure remedy that exists, combining delicious taste and amazing power.

MORTIMER'S

Colognes, Pomades, Toilet Vinegar, Rose Dentifrice, for the Teeth and Gums. Also constantly on hand Perfumes of all kinds, and Toilet Requisites usually kept in a first-class establishment.

No. 41 Sussex-st., Ottawa City.

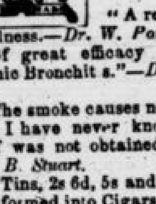
DARLEY'S ARABIAN HEAVE REMEDY and CONDITION MEDICINE is positively superior to any, or all other preparations for the cure of Heaves, Coughs, Thick and Broken Wind, and all diseases which affect the wind of horses; also, as a Condition Medicine, surpassing everything of the kind, is easy to give, sure to cure and safe in all cases and at all times, and does not prevent the horse from being worked while using it.

It cleanses the breathing apparatus, by removing from the air-cells the coagulable lymph, or that secretion which in heaves clogs them, causing a difficulty in breathing, and by its action on the diseased part, causing the mucous membrane to resume its natural dimensions, thus equalizing the circulation of the blood, and restoring the distended vessels to their natural size; by its use the horse's appetite is improved, all derangements of the digestive organs corrected, softening the skin, and giving to the coat a sleek and shining appearance.

D. W. HURD, successor to HURD & Co., Maiden Lane, New York, Sole Proprietor for the United States.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, Ont., Proprietors for Canada.

Price 25 cents. Sold by Geo. Mortimer, Jon. Roberts, W. M. Massey, Henry F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J. Brown, in Ottawa. 889-45-6m



FOR ASTHMA,

and Chronic Bronchitis

DATURA TATULA,

Affords Immediate Relief.

"A remedy of great power and usefulness.—*Dr. W. Parker.*

"Of great efficacy in cases of Asthma and Chronic Bronchitis."—*Dublin Journal Medical Science.*

"The smoke causes no nausea. When the right kind, I have never known an instance in which relief was not obtained."—*General Alexander to Hon. B. Stuart.*

In Tins, 2s 6d, 5s and 10s.

Or formed into Cigars and Cigarettes, Boxes, 3s, 6s, 8s and 15s.

Pastilles for Inhalation, Boxes, 2s 6d, 5s and 10s.

SAVORY & MOORE,
143, New Bond-st., London.
AGENTS—Messrs. F. Cundill & Co., Montreal.

FOR INDIGESTION—PANCREATINE completely effects the DIGESTION and ASSIMILATION of COD LIVER OIL, the fat eaten at meals, &c. In digestive activity, superior to Pepsine.

Pancreatine Powder, bottles, 2s, 3s 6d, 6s 6d and 12s6d. Pancreatine Wine, bottles, 3s, 5s and 10s.

SAVORY & MOORE,
143, New Bond-st., London.

N.B.—Pancreatine Wine is the best vehicle for taking Cod Liver Oil.

AGENTS—Messrs. F. Cundill & Co., Montreal.

Groceries.

GARDENER'S

BAKING POWDER.

In 1 lb. Packets for 25 cents. | And 6 Packets for $1.25.

TEN REASONS

Why it Should be Used in Preference to all Others:

1st. Bread or Cakes made with it are more wholesome than if made with Yeast or any other process.
2nd. Its purity is such that it will stand the test of the most perfect analysis.
3rd. After having been extensively used for the last 14 years in not one instance has it failed to give entire satisfaction.
4th. Families that have used it pronounce it the best, and will use no other.
5th. It contains no Saleratus, nor does it impair the digestive organs like those powders where Soda or an excess of Alkali predominates.
6th. It never gives to Bread or Cakes an unpleasant Alkaline or mawkish taste.
7th. The ingredients that form its composition are more beneficial than otherwise.
8th. Dyspeptic subjects can eat hot Bread or Rolls made with it and derive benefit by its use.
9th. Every Packet contains its full weight; one pound packets weigh 16 ounces.
10. It is all that it is represented to be, namely:

Unrivalled for Purity and Cheapness.

Sole Agents for Ottawa,

J. G. ROBINSON & Co.,
The Tea Pot.

The Trade supplied at the Manufacturer's prices.

Ottawa, December 15, 1868. 886-6m

MONTREAL WAREHOUSE,

SUSSEX-STREET,

The undersigned have now COMPLETED their

FALL IMPORTATIONS,

COMPRISING A

GENERAL AND SELECT STOCK

OF

FAMILY GROCERIES,

WINES, LIQUORS,

AND PROVISIONS, &c., &c.

JAS. MARTIN & CO.

Ottawa, November 27, 1868. 657y

Music.

MESSRS. J. L. ORME & SON

Respectfully call the attention of the public to their magnificent stock of

PIANO-FORTES, ORGANS,

AND MELODEONS,

In their new Show Room, comprising

PIANO-FORTES, *from all the leading makers.*

WARREN'S PIPE ORGANS,

ORGANS and MELODEONS from the best factories in the United States, excelling in finish and tone anything ever brought into this country.

Now is the time for intending purchasers.

☞ PRICES LOW & TERMS LIBERAL ☜

Our stock of Concertinas, Violins, Flutes, &c., &c., is, as usual, very large.

New Sheet Music and Books constantly arriving.

J. L. ORME & SON,
Sign of the Golden Lyre,
944tf No. 8 Sparks-st., next Durie & Son's

HORSE INFIRMARY,

AND

VETERINARY ESTABLISHMENT

YORK-STREET, OTTAWA,

Next to Salmon's Hotel.

A. J. F. COLEMAN, V. S

(Member of the College of Veterinary Surgeons Toronto; by appointment, V.S., to the Co. of Carleton Agricultural Society.)

Orders or communications promptly attended to and medicines sent to any part of the Dominion. Charges moderate. 812y

Millinery.

NOTICE.

MRS. SMITH having received her new styles of FALL HATS & BONNETS, will be happy to see her old friends and the public generally. Gent' Felt Hats cleaned, dyed and done over in the best style.

N.B.—The most fashionable Mantles and Coats made to order, Corner of Bank and Albert-sts.

October 10. 868tf

Dry Goods.

HICK & CO.

Have removed to their NEW STORE, in Stewart's Block, Corner of Rideau and Sussex-sts., where they will offer, in connection with their goods,

$30,000 WORTH OF DRY GOODS

Purchased at Public Auction lately, from the immense Bankrupt Stock of the late firm of DESMARTERY, JORDAINE & Co., of Montreal, and sold on account of T. JAMES CLAXTON. The goods are all new and of very superior quality, being imported expressly for a fashionable Montreal trade; and, as they have succeeded in purchasing the goods far below the sterling cost, they are prepared to offer bargains never before offered in this city. The following are some of the lines of goods offered, viz.:

			s. d.		s. d.
100	pieces	different qualities Black Silks			
80	do	Single width plain Wincey	5	worth	0 8
100	do	Fancy, single width Wincey	7½	"	1 0
62	do	Double width plain Wincey	7½	"	1 0
80	do	Double Delaines	7½	"	1 3
70	do	do Poplin	7½	"	1 0
150	do	do Cobourg	7½	"	1 3
150	do	Assort'd Dress Goods	9	"	1 6
33	do	Empress Reps	1 6	"	3 0
60	do	Bl'k French Merino	1 6	"	3 0
75	do	FancyColors—your choice for	2		
200	do	Black Empress Rep only	10	"	2 0

Also, a splendid assortment of

Hannibal Cloths — Oriental Lustres
Livini Poplins — Alberteena Cloths
Princess Alexandra Embossed Poplins
Mandarin Lustres — Eugenia Reps, &c.

1,000 doz. FRINGED TOWELS, all Linen, ...6d each.

SHAWLS.

35 Filled Shawls.
83 Shepherd Long Shawls
101 Fancy, all wool Longs
167 Assorted Square Shawls.

COTTONS.

120 pieces Grey Cotton, 1¼ yards wide, for......5 d
160 do Bleached Horrocks and Millars......6½d
165 do Good Prints......4 d
303 do Best English Prints, Heyle's and Ashton's......6½d
159 do French Calicos, in choice patterns...8 d

CLOTHS.

			s. d.		s. d.
20	pieces	Waterproof	3 9		
80	do	Double Width Overcoating	2 9	worth	7 6
35	do	Scotch Tweed	2 6	do	5 0
100	do	Canadian Tweed	1 3	do	2 6
100	do	Full Cloth, very heavy	2 9	do	5 0

Also, a splendid lot o

BROAD CLOTHS, BEAVERS,

Witneys, Mantle Cloths,

BLACK DOES, &c., &c., &c.,

at correspondingly low prices.

85 PIECES DOMINION TWEED,

Something New—one of the heaviest cloths made—*at a great sacrifice.*

1,000 doz. TABLE NAPKINS, all Linen, only 6s 3d per dozen.

SHIRTS! SHIRTS! SHIRTS!

1,000 Flannel Shirts, only......2 6
200 White Cotton Shirts, only......3 9
500 Under Shirts, only......3 3
300 Hespler's heaviest make, Ribbed......5 0 worth 8 9

Paper Collars—100 collars for 3s 9d.

500 pieces 2¼-yards wide Linen Sheeting......3 3 worth 5
5 do 2-yards wide, Union Sheeting......1 do 3
81 do Table Damask and 300 Damask Table Cloths, at a frightful sacrifice......

☞ Also, Red and White Flannels, Canadian Shirting Flannels, Hoop Skirts, Crash Towellings, Irish Linen, Clouds, Breakfast Shawls, Hemp Carpets, &c., &c.

☞ CORSETS, 2s 6d. ☜

Blankets—A large lot of slightly damaged Blankets for about half price.

1,000 Linen Bags, 1s, worth 1s 6d; 40 cases Men's Heavy Boots, very low; 3 cases Men's Heavy French Calf, 12s 6d. Also, a heavy stock of Gentlemen's Clothing.

$3.50...... OVERCOATS.
4.00......heavy OVERCOATS.
90 cts. up......PANTS.
50 cts. to $1.25......VESTS.
$8.00......Black Broadcloth......FALL SUITS.

A large staff of polite and attentive salesmen will be in readiness to wait on customers.

H. HICK & CO.

☞ Customers will please report any inattention on the part of salesmen.

AT CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S

The greatest novelty of the season is the

BOULEVARD FELT UNDERSKIRT,

Unsurpassed for

BEAUTY, ECONOMY & DURABILITY

AT

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S

No. 14, RIDEAU-ST.

REMOVAL

TO

NO. 34, SPARKS-ST.

T. RAJOTTE

having removed to more commodious premises, takes pleasure in announcing to his numerous customers and the public generally that he has now a large and well selected stock of

STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS,

consisting of

Flannels — Black Cloths
Winceys — Beaver Cloths
Cottons — Meltons
Prints — Tweeds
&c., — &c.

We have also on hand a large assortment of

READY-MADE CLOTHING,

which, being manufactured on the premises, we can recommend; and sell cheaper than any shop in this city.

THE TAILORING DEPARTMENT.

This department is under the superintendence of a well-known first-class cutter and workman. All orders punctually attended to.

☞ Don't forget the place, No. 34, Sparks-st. Store lately occupied by G. Fetherston & Co., next door to Magee & Russell's old store.

88'y T. RAJOTTE.

LOST, on the evening of the 7th instant, at the Concert at Aylmer, from the village back to Ottawa, one parcel containing one GREEN SILK DRESS and BLACK LACE SHAWL. Whoever found the parcel will please leave it at the Convent in Aylmer, or in this city at the Convent of the Grey Nuns, where they will be suitably rewarded.

Ottawa, Jany. 18, 1869. 950tf

PERILS OF THE ATLANTIC.

The westerly winds, which prevail on the Atlantic in northern middle latitudes and which always increase in fall and winter into gales of more or less severity, have this year burst upon the track of ocean steamers to this country with the fury of tropical huricanes. The reports brought by late steamers at New York are the most thrilling narratives of the kind we have had for many years.

The Inman steamer, *Etna*, which left Liverpool on December 23rd. encountered a succession of the severest gales and heaviest seas ever witnessed by any on board. Early on Christmas morning the vessel left behind the last light visible on the Irish coast, and plunged immediately into the black and threatening front of the broad Atlantic; and for the next ten days, until the banks of Newfoundland were reached, the scenes on board and the fury of the elements around the struggling band of sailors and travellers were gloomy and terrific in the highest degree. Christmas day was very stormy. "Peace on earth and good will to men" went out from the hearts and voices of the 200 on board, but to them the start seemed to bring anticipation of a dreary voyage. Through Saturday and Sunday, the 26th and 27th, the gales of the previous days increased in violence, preventing the carrying of any but light sails, and satisfying the crew and passengers that the voyage would be very tempestuous. Along they went, and heavy volumes of water shot over and upon them, drenching alike all on board, when on Saturday afternoon one great wave dashed over the starboard rail and into the steerage, carrying away the doors and other light work about them. For a moment the wildest confusion prevailed, but the well-drilled crew quieted the alarm of the passengers. The ship still kept on her course, the massive engines moving steadily. The 28th opened fiercer than the previous days. Wave after wave dashed furiously against the iron hull, breaking into a thousand sheets, and as they fell on the decks the water went boiling through saloons and cabins, drenching every soul and saturating every stitch of clothing the trunks and lockers contained. On the morning of Tuesday the 29th, Captain Bridgman and chief officer Bromless were on the saloon deck, giving orders during the frightful scenes. At a quarter past eight o'clock, one of a succession of seas, which seemed to condense the wrath of a hundred storms, struck the vessel amidships on the starboard quarter, and the great mass of water rose over the bulwarks and swept revengefully across the ship, sending consternation to all hearts, and death among the band, as it carried from his post of duty, on the saloon deck, Mr. Molyneaux, the fifth officer, who had been stationed at the standard compass, against the iron bulwarks, with such force that he was almost instantly killed, and the same instant he was swept overboard, out of the reach of assistance. This was the only death, but the cruel waves had carried against the cruel stanchions, several of the officers and crew, among them Alexander Malcolm, second officer, whose collar bone was broken, while the others escaped, with less serious fractures of the limbs; but broken bones were numerous. It is beyond the power of language to depict the class of fragments that this wave left, and words cannot tell the horror that pervaded passengers and crew at this death and the injuries inflicted. Boat No. 4, boat skids, davits, saloon deck rails, engine room, hatch and standard compass had gone, and the great thick bulwarks of one quarter-inch iron plates were dashed in and bent to a frightful degree. This death, the injured men, and the destructiveness of the storm everywhere apparent, cast a gloom over the vessel, shared alike by all. The morning had already its full share of the perils, but there were more to come. In the afternoon another sea broke over the vessel, and this time went crashing along the officers' rooms, tearing them away and leaving their occupants drenched and forlorn. Wednesday the wind, northwest, moderated somewhat, with fresh breezes. It was overcast and no observation could be taken. In the evening fore and aft sails were set, but almost immediately taken in, as the falling barometer told of stormier times, and they came. Thursday, 31st, was ushered in with strong gales and ship labouring heavily: at noon a hurricane from the northwest struck the vessel, and continued for five hours, during which consternation was depicted upon every face. The staunch vessel bore herself through this wild period as if she had a charmed life, and when it subsided never did heart-tried men acknowledge with more gratitude their merciful deliverance from a threatened wretched death. The New Year's to this company was anything but pleasant, as the same weather continued, with sleet, hail and confused seas. Saturday and Sunday, 2nd and 3rd inst., there was but little variation and no moderation of consequence. Monday, 4th, the banks were reached, and pleasanter weather came on.

The log of the Cunard steamer, *China*, which left Liverpool on Dec. 26th, is almost as interesting as that of the *Etna*. Chief officer Moreland says that he has been navigating the Atlantic ocean for the past twenty-seven years, and he never, during the whole course of his service, experienced such severe storms. It seemed for several days as if no vessel, no matter how well built, could withstand the angry seas that were constantly sweeping over the vessel, but with the usual good luck of the Cunarders, she escaped unharmed. The *Allemania*, which left the 25th, experienced very severe weather. Several heavy seas swept her decks, carrying away one of the boats. The *Union*, which left Southampton on the 29th, also arrived with the loss of her boats, having experienced the same severe gales and squalls, accompanied by lightning. The *Java* which left on December 25th, has not yet arrived; and we have no news of the *City of New York*, which left on December 30th, the *Colorado*, which left on the 29th, the *Hansa* and the *Cella*, the *Acadia* and *Iowa* from Glasgow, and many sailing vessels long overdue. Daily, however, for weeks to come perhaps, we expect to hear painful narratives of sufferings and deaths on the Atlantic. Already, from many of the ports of Ireland and England, reports come of the arrivals of damaged vessels; of wrecks; of men washed overboard; of vessels and all on board going to the bottom to a long and deep repose.

All the details of the perilous adventures of those who dare to traverse the inhospitable ocean amidst the storms of winter may be studied with profit, for they are proofs of the general soundness and stoutness of British and American vessels gen-

erally, and proofs especially of the undiminished daring and ever-increasing skill and care of British and American seamen. It is, indeed, one of the greatest wonders of the age, that so few disasters like that of the loss of the *Hibernia* occur, and that there are so many hundreds and thousands of the safe passages at all seasons of the year—so many victories won chiefly by our own countrymen over the terrible hurricanes of the Atlantic.—*Scottish American Journal.*

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Hearth and Home—Pettingill, Bates & Co.
Chancery Sale of Valuable Property—Robert J. Turner

The Ottawa Times

Office: 38, Sparks Street.

TUESDAY, JANUARY 19, 1869.

☞ *For Ottawa Markets and interesting reading see Fourth Page.*

THERE was a meeting of the Privy Council yesterday afternoon, at which the following ministers were present: Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD, K. C. B., Hon. Messrs. TILLEY, C. B., LANGEVIN, C.B., MITCHELL and CHAPAIS.

The Hon. Mr. ROSS returned to the city yesterday afternoon, and rejoined his colleagues before the adjournment of Council.

The Hon. JOSEPH HOWE, and A. W. McLELLAN, Esq., M.P., for Colchester, N.S., accompanied the Hon. Mr. Ross from Portland, and arrived here yesterday.

It is understood that the District Staff appointments under the new Militia Law will be made this week, and that probably they will be gazetted on to-morrow or Thursday.

We understand that Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD, and the other Ministers in town, will assist as pall-bearers at the funeral of the late Mrs. MACDOUGALL to-day.

WE learn that the Hon. RICHARD SUTTON, Surveyor-General, and Member of the Executive Council of the Province of New Brunswick, has tendered his resignation.

WE have to congratulate HENRY J. FRIEL, Esq., on his being unanimously re-elected Mayor of the city for the current year. Though during the past year we have had occasionally to dissent from His Worship's views on civic matters, and, perhaps, may again, we have no doubt his conduct will be such as to give us many opportunities of commending his zeal for the interests of the city, and his attention to public business.

MR. KENNETH MCKENZIE has fared unusually well—for him—in the matter of the Centre Wellington election. The Convention failed to nominate him, and the *Globe* says there is no truth in the report that he intends to contest the Riding! Mr. McKENZIE has "ever been true as steel to his "principles," one of which appears to be to offer his services to every vacant constituency in the Province; and the practice with the constituencies has been to reject them.

AN influential correspondent sends us a printed document containing several letters and articles, which appeared in the Montreal *Gazette* and other newspapers, setting forth the advantages of wooden railways, to which he appends the following note:

"To the Editor of THE TIMES.

"DEAR SIR,—Would it not be a good idea to "build one of these wooden railways from Ottawa to Vaudreuil, running back from the "Ottawa river, so as to open up the back "country? It could be built cheaply through "such a level country, and would be a great "benefit to the city of Ottawa and the counties "of Russell and Prescott.

"Yours truly,

"_____."

Yes. Undoubtedly it would be of very great benefit to the localities designated to have such a railway. But how much are they prepared to contribute towards its construction? Will the city of Ottawa give anything, and how much? Will the United Counties of Russell and Prescott guarantee the right of way? And will the municipalities which would be more directly benefited by its construction, make a liberal subscription of stock, or grant a handsome bonus? These are the questions that have to be met in considering any new railway project.

If the township and county municipalities, and the city of Ottawa, are prepared to extend due encouragement to the carrying out of such an enterprise, it is quite probable that a company might be formed to undertake its construction. But we are quite satisfied that the same amount of municipal aid which would induce a company to undertake the building of a wooden railway over the proposed route, if tendered to the "Canada Central Railway Company," would secure the construction of a first-class iron railway, of uniform gauge with the great railway lines of the country, and therefore of very much greater advantage to the city and the neighbouring counties, than the wooden railway would be. It is, therefore, to the promotion of this great enterprise that we would invite our correspondent to direct his energies. If he can enlist the sympathies of the ratepayers of the counties of Prescott and Russell, so far as to induce them to offer some substantial assistance to this project we have every confidence that the work would be undertaken; and equally satisfied that, when completed, it would be better than a wooden railway, though we do not by any means despise the latter. Indeed, we think for inland branch lines they would be quite sufficient at least for many years to come; and we trust that in Ontario, as in Quebec, they may be pushed into the country. A Montreal contemporary, the *Gazette*, if we mistake not, recently suggested that a share of the colonization road money of the Province might be profitably invested in assisting the construction of these roads through the new settlements, and we think the suggestion one that ought to be favourably entertained. At the same time we think it would be a pity at the present time to start an agitation for a wooden railway over the projected line of the Canada Central, as we believe that with a reasonable amount of local aid the success of this line, at least from Ottawa to Carleton Place on the one side, and from Ottawa to Vaudreuil on the other, would be rendered certain. It is only because of this conviction that we decline for the present to encourage the project of a wooden railway along that route.

THERE is now before the Legislature of Ontario "An Act to amend and consolidate "the law respecting the assessment of property in the Province of Ontario." We have not had time to examine very closely the proposed changes in the assessment law; but one of them strikes us as having a peculiar, and to some parties a very disagreeable, local significance. By an Act of the old Parliament of Canada the salaries of the Civil Service employees residing at the Capital were exempt from municipal assessment. This exemption, we believe it is no secret to say, was made because of a short experience of the impartial distribution of the civic burthens under the administration of our own Corporation, leading to the conviction that unless the employees of the Government were to enjoy this immunity it would be necessary to increase their salaries; and the Legislature, thinking, no doubt, that the incidental advantages to the city of such a largely increased daily expenditure, without the right of taxing the incomes spent in its midst, were quite enough, deprived our Corporation of the power of taxing these incomes.

The Corporation of Ottawa made no remonstrance against this exemption. It was, no doubt, gladly welcomed by the Civil Service, and it was at least uncomplainingly acquiesced in by the city. The arrangement had therefore the mutual sanction of all parties concerned; and we do not see now that the Legislature of Ontario is acting wisely in disturbing it. The interests of no other corporation are concerned in this arrangement, and we doubt very much if the interests of Ottawa will be served by disturbing it. Many of the gentlemen employed in the Civil Service occupy valuable house property within the city limits, upon which a large amount of taxes are paid. But if they should hereafter be called upon to pay an income, as well as a house, tax, it is not difficult to conjecture that the great majority of them would soon find the means to domicile themselves beyond the city limits, so that probably the Corporation would ultimately lose more than it would gain by the restoration to it of the power of taxing these official incomes. We trust, therefore, that the exemption made by the Act of 1866 may be restored in the Bill now before the Legislature.

We notice that annual income "provided it does not exceed four hundred dollars," is exempt. This is a step in the right direction but it is not exactly far enough, nor expressed in the right way. The limit, we think, would be low enough at $600; and then we hold that taxes should only be collected on the excess over that amount.

With respect to statute labour, we notice an absurd and vexatious provision that has been continued from the old assessment law. Sec. 80 provides that "the male inhabitants "of a city ..... of the age of twenty-one "years or upwards ..... whose taxes "do not amount to two dollars, "shall, instead of such labour, be taxed at "two dollars yearly therefor," &c. The actual effect of this provision is that in case a man is assessed for a sum that will bring, say $1.90 in taxes, he may be called upon to pay an additional two dollars, or say $3.90 in all, whereas if he is a little better off, if his property is worth more, or his salary larger, then he may get off with a payment of two dollars, or a few cents over. The attempt to collect the statute labour tax in cities has been a complete failure, and ought not to be persisted in. When the house holder, the property owner, and the man of personal estate or income exceeding the defined limit is taxed, we think it would be wise for the law to allow the others to pass. In a few cases it may be that this money is to be bullied out of the mild young men whose names are got hold of by the Assessors, but as a general rule, we believe, it is not attempted in cities and towns to collect it; or that if it is, it ought to be abandoned. We throw out these hints in the hope that they may attract the attention of Legislators and, perhaps, earn their approval.

WE were sharply taken to task by a respected correspondent lately, for having hinted that the example of Cambridge might be followed with advantage at Toronto, in the matter of requiring closer attention to English orthography, but the following extract from the evidence given on the Upper Canada college question before the Education Committee of the House of Assembly, as reported in the *Globe*, shows that our remark was not out of place:

Dr. McGill wanted to understand distinctly whether Dr. McCaul's opinion was that there were Grammar Schools which could not qualify a boy for matriculation in the University.

Dr. McCaul—I can only judge from the results. Some boys sent up for matriculation must have been sent up by persons knowing nothing of the requirements of matriculation. I have examined boys so sent up, who could not read two lines of Latin without making ridiculous mistakes; and recently one remarkable specimen came up whose spelling of tissue was "tishew." (Laughter.)

Dr. McGill—No doubt of it; and in a short communication from a graduate of Toronto University, recently, I observed two or three misspellings.

Dr. McCaul—No doubt of it. There are some who disregard spelling in English, compared with the results. Only within the last week, in Cambridge, had they come to regard this matter of spelling. I had an opinion lately from one of the highest mathematical authorities there, in one page of which there were no fewer than five misspellings.

THE funeral of the late Mrs. MACDOUGALL takes place to-day. The cortege will leave her late residence, corner Daly and King-sts., at twelve o'clock noon, and proceed thence to the railway station. We understand her remains will be taken to Toronto, and there deposited to await final interment on the return of the Hon. Mr. MACDOUGALL from England. We are sure the suggestion has only to be made, to be acted on that the stores on the leading thoroughfares be closed from twelve to one o'clock, as a mark of respect towards the deceased, and a token of the sympathy of the public with her husband and family in their sad bereavement.

SERIOUSLY INJURED AT THE RACES.—We regret to learn that Mr. Robert Litle was very seriously injured while attending the trotting match on the ice on Saturday last. There are several trotting courses ploughed up, and on one of these Mr. James Connelly was trotting his horse, and, perhaps intent on watching the races, did not observe until it was too late, that Mr. Litle was on the track in the way of his horse. He called to him, however, as soon as he saw him, but the poor fellow who had also his attention absorbed in the general excitement, though he heard Connelly call to him turned in the wrong direction and was knocked down by the horse, and so much injured that there is a grave doubt as to his recovery. And it is feared that even if he should live he would be greatly afflicted for life.

[Since the above was in type we have learned that Mr. Litle is much better.]

LOCAL NEWS

POSTPONED.—The assembly ball which was to have taken place last night at the Russell House was postponed in consequence of the death of Mrs. Macdougall.

POPULAR READINGS.—The readings announced to be held at St. Albans last night, were postponed on account of the death of Mrs. Macdougall.

RUNAWAY.—Two horses with a sleigh attached ran away on Sparks-st. yesterday morning, and in their course knocked over a quiet inoffensive horse, and came very near going through a store window.

THE PHILHARMONIC SOCIETY.—This society met for their weekly practice last evening at their rooms over the Mechanics' Institute. Nearly all the members were present, and their practice showed signs of marked improvement.

ENGLISH CHURCH MISSIONS.—A missionary meeting will be held in the Chapel of Ease, Sussex-st, this evening, at which His Excellency Sir John Young will preside. Several clergymen connected with missionary work will address the meeting.

HEARTH AND HOME.—This is certainly the most attractive of American periodicals, and under the care of those talented authors, Donald G. Mitchell and Harriet Beecher Stowe, will doubtless become the most popular. See contents of No. 5 in another column.

LECTURE.—We understand that the fourth lecture of the St. Patrick's Hall course is to be delivered next Tuesday evening (26th inst.) by Mr. W. H. Waller, subject "The Laws of Life and Health," or Nature *versus* Physic. The subject is a most interesting one, and should draw a good audience.

CHOPPED WITH A TOMAHAWK.—We understand that on Saturday last Robert Irish was riding with some man at the Gatineau, and thinking himself better fit to drive than the other man seized the reins for that purpose when the fellow attacked Irish with a tomahawk, and, it is said, chopped one of his hands off and inflicted a frightful wound in one of his thighs. It is to be hoped that the injuries were not as bad as represented.

INCENDIARISM.—On Sunday night a barn belonging to James O'Hagan, Esq., J.P., of Templeton, was burned. As the barn had been closed for some time, it must have been fired by some incendiary. For some time past there has existed at the Gatineau Point a gang of rowdies who, at several times, have received the full benefit of the law from Mr. O'Hagan, and we presume this is one of the modes in which they act in reprisal. It may be remembered that those worthies scuttled a horse-boat owned by Mr. O'Hagan last fall. Some time before that, a party of them followed his brother some five miles below the Gatineau Point, and made a felonious assault on him, an assault which might have been fatal had it not been for the interference of some gentlemen present. The present case out Gatineau's the Gatineau, as heretofore. It appears the barn was well stored with hay and oats. If a magistrate must incur such atrocities for the due performance of his duties under the shadow of the capital, surely New Zealand might claim to offer a more advanced state of civilization.

POLICE COURT.—Jeremiah Durgan, charged as a vagrant, was sent to jail at hard labour, in default of a fine of $5 and costs.

W. P. Sims, John O'Malley and John Dewan, jr., were charged with making a disorderly noise with tin pans, kettles, &c., near the residence of Mr. Daniel O'Connor, in Upper Town, on Saturday evening last, on the occasion of the return of that gentleman from a wedding tour with his bride. It appears that five dollars had previously been given to some man who it was supposed could control the youthful musicians of that ilk, but this being considered an event of unusual importance the band was correspondingly numerous, and five dollars divided by one hundred, the number of the band, was not considered sufficient remuneration for silence, and such bands are unlike most others, they are paid, not for playing, but for not playing, and so their music was continued until they were dispersed by the police. Three only were brought up to be made examples of, but it is understood that others are to be summoned. His worship was very severe in his remarks, and declared it to be his intention to put this sort of thing down. The three young gentlemen were fined $2 each without costs, and paid the money.

ELECTION OF MAYOR.

The City Council held a meeting yesterday at 12 o'clock, noon, for the purpose of electing a Mayor for the year 1869.

There were present Aldermen Friel, Rochester, Cunningham, Bangs, Bate, Robinson, Featherston, Abbott, Mosgrove, Goulden, Guerard, Traversy, Martineau and Heney.

After reading the election returns from the several wards, the Clerk said the next business to be proceeded with was the election of Mayor for the current year.

Mr. Ald. Rochester then moved, seconded by Mr. Ald. Traversy, that Henry J. Friel, Esq., be Mayor of Ottawa for the year 1869.

Ald. Rochester said it was not necessary for him to speak on the occasion. The acts of Mr. Friel as Mayor for the last year were before them. He had discharged his duties with great ability and courtesy to all. He had won the respect and esteem of the whole council, and of all the officers connected with the Corporation.

The resolution was then put and carried unanimously.

His Worship was then conducted to the chair, where the oath of office was administered by John Bower Lewis, Esq., Recorder.

The Mayor then cordially thanked the Council for the confidence they had again reposed in him, and said that last year when he was chosen Mayor he had felt it to be his duty to enter into a brief resumé of the year's proceedings. He thought it proper to do so on the present occasion, and proceeded as follows: The Corporation had itself obtained the merited approval of the ratepayers, as exemplified by the unopposed return of every member whose term of office had expired with the close of the year 1868, and it was therefore a double compliment they paid him to-day, for the approval of the Corporation in his regard implied the unanimous approval of his fellow-citizens. This approval should operate as a stimulus for energetic action during the year 1869, and he would enter upon the duties of the year, as he had no doubt the members of the Corporation would, with the determination to labour assiduously for the welfare of the city. In the inaugural address of last year a variety of matters had been referred to, principal among which were water works, the Sappers' and Pooley's bridges, parks, the railway from Ottawa to connect with the Brockville and Ottawa railroad, city hall, drainage of low grounds at railway station and Sandy Hill, &c., and exertions had been made during the year to further these important objects. The water works question has been introduced to the ratepayers, has been enquired into, a committee has been engaged in procuring statistics for the information of citizens, and every appearance indicates that during 1869 substantial progress will be made towards securing this absolutely necessary improvement. Negotiations with the Federal Government have been commenced, and urged with every energy for the construction of bridges to supply the places of the present miserably ineffective bridges known as the "Sappers" and "Pooley's," but the matter has not as yet assumed a definite shape. There is a hope that with some aid from the Government these approaches to the public buildings may be improved during the year. As regards railway communication with the Upper Ottawa a line has been surveyed from Ottawa to Almonte, connecting with the Brockville and Ottawa Railroad, being a link of the Canada Central, and there is every probability that the work will be effectively pushed on at the opening of the summer season. It is hardly possible to overrate the importance of this connection, and all reasonable assistance should be given to the company undertaking its construction. Correspondence regarding public parks has so far resulted in no tangible effect, except the setting aside for military purposes of the square known as "Cartier Square," and the permission to use during pleasure of the Ordnance authorities the ground known as Major's Hill. The present City Hall has been refitted and improved at moderate expense, it being deemed advisable to postpone the erection of a new and expensive hall, such as the city should possess, until water works and other more important improvements had been provided for. Correspondence has been opened with the Ottawa and St. Lawrence Railroad Company, regarding the filling up or draining of the low grounds at the Railway Station, and it is expected that in the spring this improvement may be effected. During the year books have been opened in the City Clerk's Office, in the City Engineer's Office, in the Police office, and other departments, which facilitate and improve the business, and enable committees to check expenditure and accounts. Monthly returns of council revenue from all sources are now regularly furnished to the council for its information. By-laws for the measurement of cord wood, the fencing of vacant lots, and establishing health regulations, have been passed during the year, and are considered very effective. The revision and publication of city by-laws has been held over pending the proposed changes in the municipal law. It is to be hoped that during the year the numbering of houses and changing names of certain streets, so that streets of the same name may not puzzle strangers and inconvenience citizens, will be effected. During 1868 a special census of the population was taken, and the number ascertained to be 20,305, being an increase between five and six thousand over the number given in last Provincial census. During the year 1868 the Corporation has paid to the Government of Ontario upwards of $19,000 on account of the loan to the Ottawa and Prescott Railway (now St. Lawrence and Ottawa). The heavy burthen imposed upon Ottawa for the construction of this railway, while all other railways have been aided by the Government as highways of commerce and of general benefit to the whole country, should form a subject of action and enquiry by our parliamentary representatives, with a view to some equitable relief. If loans to railways will not be assumed, as they should be, by the Government, a scheme to satisfy municipalities not participating in the Municipal Loan Fund by expenditure for some tangible public improvement in certain localities, should be devised and the whole amount, including Municipal Loan Fund, be made a charge on the Consolidated Fund. The plethoric condition of the Ontario Treasury at this time affords a good opportunity for such an experiment, which, if successful, would relieve this city from a load which cramps all its energies. The debt of the city, apart from Municipal Loan Fund, is about $96,000, being inclusive of debenture debt and floating debt, deducting amount to credit of sinking funds and interest. Last year the amount was $115,841.

The debentures outstanding are as follows:

The consolidated debentures.....	$ 80,000
Debentures $40,000—due.....	16,000
	$96,000

An opportunity having offered during the year of purchasing our own debentures at broker's quotations, all in the market were bought up, being $15,670, and the debentures of the city at once changed from 90 to 93½ in the stock lists, and cannot be had at that figure.

The receipts of the year have been in round numbers about.....$105,000
The expenditure has been, including interest, sinking fund, &c..... 110,000

The change in the Assessment Laws, going into operation first in 1867, renders it difficult to show the effect upon taxation. The following examples will probably give some idea of the change from "annual value" to "actual value," as also the change from Halifax currency to decimal:

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT—£.

Valuation of Property, &c., 1866—	£1,457,270, at 6 p.c.	Old law £583,036 at 5s. 1½d.	£72,278
" " 1868—	£1,137,660.	New law taxes, at 3s. 7d in £.	16,993
Difference of Valuation.....	£ 319,610.	Difference of taxes.....	£ 55,285

It would take 5s. 7d. in £ on the valuation of 1868, say £1,137,660 to realize the amount of taxes raised in 1866, say £72,278 or.

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT—$.

Valuation of Property, &c., 1866—	$5,869,851, at 6 p.c.	Old law $335,144 at 25 5-10c on $—$89,503.36	
" " 1868—	$4,558,839.	New law, taxes 1 69-100c on $.....	74,770.73
Difference of Valuation.....	$1,318,442.	Difference of taxes.....	$14,732.63

It would take 97c on the $ on the valuation of 1868, say $4,558,839, to realize the amount of taxes raised in 1866, say $89,503.36.

The reduction in value under the operation of the new law more particularly affects leasehold property improved. Taking the following numbers from the roll of 1866, the statement will show the extraordinary change in reduction between 1866 and 1867:

SPARKS-ST.—NORTH.

1866. No. on Roll.	Assest. 1866. Annual rent.	Capitalized.	Assest. 1867. Real value.	Reduction.
298	$80	$1,334		
299	112	1,866		
302	500	8,334	6,000	
Reduction over 47 p.c		11,534	6,000	—5,534
305		10,000	11,000	
303	200	3,334	1,734	
	300	5,000	3,466	
	100	1,667	1,200	
	80	1,333	1,200	
Reduction over 32 p.c		11,334	7,600	—3,734

MURRAY-ST.—NORTH.

250	$180	$3,000	$1,800	
285	100	1,667	800	
287	120	2,000	800	
Reduction 52 p. c.		6,667	3,200	—3,467
293	160	2,667	2,000	
295	140	2,333	1,900	
Reduction 22 p. c.		5,000	3,900	—1,100

SUSSEX-ST.—WEST.

1,245	132	2,200	1,400	
1,246	200	3,333	2,800	
Reduction over 24 p.c.		5,533	4,200	—1,333
1,247	200	3,333	1,400	
1,246	200	3,334	1,400	
			1,400	
Reduction of over 37 p.c.		6,667	4,200	—2,467

Total assessments for the city.

1866.	1867.
$5,877,878.	$5,038,271.

Amount of reduction $839,607, about 14 p. c.

The expenditure upon material improvements during 1868 through the City Engineer's Department, or by contract, amount to $15,176, full details of which will be furnished in the annual report of the Board of Works.

The receipts from casual revenue, including licenses of all kinds, amount to about $19,500, in excess of 1867, $1,000.

During the year one hundred and twenty-three houses have been erected in the city, not inclusive of mills, factories, or public buildings, upon which have been expended $227,000, or upwards of a quarter of a million. Full particulars are on file in the office of the City Engineer.

It is gratifying to state that fires have been less frequent during 1868 than in former years. Forty-two fires have occurred, and the total loss has been about $50,000, one-fourth of which was probably covered by insurance.

The year upon which they were just entering he hoped would be made memorable by the prudent, energetic action of the Corporation.

The Mayor concluded by a warm expression of his gratitude for the renewed confidence reposed in him, and on resuming his seat was loudly applauded.

Ald. Cunningham moved, seconded by Ald. Goulden, that Ald. Rochester, Bangs, Featherston, Heney and Martineau be appointed a committee to report to the Council this evening on the standing committees for the current year.

James Dyke and Christopher Carleton were then appointed auditors for the current year.

The council then adjourned to 7 o'clock p.m.

CITY COUNCIL.

CITY HALL, January 18.

The Council met at 7 o'clock, p.m.

Present—His Worship the Mayor, and Ald. Rochester, Cunningham, Bangs, Robinson, Featherston, Abbott, Goulden, Guerard, Traversy, Heney, Martineau and Mosgrove.

A report from the Mayor of Ogdensburg, and a neat volume from the Mayor of St. John, N. B., were presented by His Worship the Mayor, and the Clerk was instructed to acknowledge receipt of same.

Several petitions for exemption from taxes and reduction of assessment were presented, and referred to the Assessment Committee.

A petition from A. H. Baldwin and others, for improvements to Britannia Terrace, was referred to the Board of Works.

A letter from R. W. Scott, Esq., M. L. A., was received, respecting the payment of Arbitrator in the Court House and Jail matter, and referred to the Finance Committee.

A large number of tenders were opened for the supply of the Corporation with cedars.

The tender of John Burns was accepted: 3½ cents. per lineal foot, and 4 cents. per ditto for the two kinds required.

The following committees were appointed for 1869:

Finance—Aldermen Cunningham, Bate, Robinson, Traversy and Guerard.

Board of Works—Aldermen Rochester, Bangs, Featherston, Heney and Goulden.

By-laws—Aldermen Pratt, Abbott, Mosgrove, Traversy and Guerard.

Fire and Water—Aldermen Rochester, Bangs, Robinson, Heney and Guerard.

Markets—Aldermen Pratt, Abbott, Mosgrove, Traversy and Martineau.

Court of Revision—Aldermen Cunningham, Bate, Mosgrove, Martineau and His Worship the Mayor.

Printing—Aldermen Bate, Pratt, Robinson, Traversy and Guerard.

Board of Health—Aldermen Rochester, Bangs, Featherston, Heney and Martineau.

Messrs. William Cousens, Donald M. Grant and Pierre Marier were appointed assessors for the year 1869.

A communication was presented by His Worship the Mayor from W. F. Powell, Esq., in reference to the Canada Central Railway Company, and referred to the Board of Works.

A committee was appointed to collect information respecting water works, and to report to the Council.

The Council then adjourned.

GREAT ENGINEERING PROJECTS.

The London *Athenæum* says: "For some time past we have been beset by complaints that civil engineers could find nothing to do; that the profession in England was overstocked, and had fallen to a very low ebb. It is hard to reconcile these complaints with the fact that in India there is at present an almost unlimited demand for civil engineers; that there is as much work and as much money as could possibly be desired; but that the men who can execute the one and pocket the other are not to be had. The work is of a kind that any competent man should be proud to undertake—namely, irrigation. We mentioned some time since that Colonel Strachey had returned to India to superintend the irrigation works, which, at last, the Government had decided to undertake, and that his estimate for the scheme was twenty-nine millions sterling. A beginning has actually been made in different places, but the great want is civil engineers who can plan and dig canals, build dams, tanks and reservoirs, construct embankments, and improve river channels.

"Here is a field for enterprise. It almost takes one's breath away to read the details—such is the magnitude of the project. In Central India there are nearly 124,000,000 acres to be irrigated; in Hindostan, 1,500,000 acres still crave water; in the Mysore district the old native structures are being disinterred with a view to their restoration to use; the flood canals in Sindh are to be converted into perennial streams; a tank to cost £90,000 is among the works now going on in the Deccan; two canals leading to Calcutta are to be made—one from the coal mines of Raneegunge, the other from the Ganges at Rejmahel; another from the Jumna, near Delhi, will water the Muttra and Agra districts; and the Suttlej canal, first projected in 1861, is now to be put in hand. In Burman, embankments are to be made, and an engineering officer has been sent to see what can be done with the Irawadi. Everywhere, indeed, the fertilizing and refreshing element is to be made to flow, and there is work for thousands of men for more than a life-time. A few more generations, and India will cease to be desolated by famine."

MR. BRIGHT AND COALITION.

From the London Free Press.

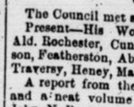
The conduct of Mr. John Bright in joining with Mr. Robt. Lowe in the English Government, is a stronger illustration of the coalition principle than any that presents itself in this country. Mr. Lowe had denounced Mr. Bright in no measured terms, stating that the organic change which the latter was instrumental in bringing about, was fraught with ruin to the constitution and decay to the empire! On the other hand, Mr. Bright had, but a few weeks before, declaimed in his forcible manner against Mr. Lowe as a "calumniator of the working classes and a contemner of the people." Nor had he neglected to lash him for leading that band of deserters, Adullamites as they were called, who, leaving their usual ranks, defeated Mr. Gladstone's government, and threw power into the hands of Mr. Disraeli and the Conservatives. Yet both Mr. Bright and Mr. Lowe, with the entire sanction of Mr. Gladstone, have agreed to lay aside their differences and join hands as members of the same cabinet. Now we all recollect what a senseless row was got up by the *Globe*, and its followers, against the "Coalition Governments," both at Ottawa and Toronto. It was held as infamous that men who had differed should agree to be friends as soon as the matters they differed about had been removed, and to this day many an honest, but mistaken soul will deem himself a "true Reformer" if he does not rail against a "coalition government." We suppose, however, that no one will doubt that Mr. Bright is a Reformer, or call in question the sincerity of Mr. Gladstone, and yet they are partners, as well as Mr. Lowe, to a coalition. It cannot be held as a basis of reform that coalition is of itself objectionable. Because such a step may be often necessary to advance proper measures, and as politics is a system by which principles are put into practice, so each must be left to be the judge of the proper opportunity to push forward those principles, even if it has to be done by means of a coalition. Upon reflection intelligent people will admit this, while those who allow others to think for them, and accept the acts of others as a guide for themselves, will see in the composition of the new English Government that the master-minds among Reformers at home accept political coalition as a necessary expedient rather than denounce it as an immoral practice. Applying their standard to Canadian affairs, what becomes of all the froth and fustian that has been written against existing political combinations with us?

—For a choice selection of New Tapestry Brussells, Kidderminster and Imperial 3-pl Carpets, Cocoa Matting, Floor Oil Cloths, Hearth Rugs, Crumb Cloths and Door Mats; Damasks, Repps, Curtain Trimmings, Lace and Muslin Curtains, go to Magee & Russell's new Store, next door to Mr. John Leslie's, Sparks-st.

MESSRS. YOUNG & RADFORD having secured the services of first-class working jewellers in etruscan, filagree, plain, fancy and solid gold work, and having made large additions to their work shop are now better prepared to execute any orders with which they may be entrusted than heretofore. Masonic jewels, gold and silver medals, and every kind of jewellery repaired.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Coughs and Colds.—Sudden changes of climate are sources of Pulmonary Bronchial and Asthmatic affections. Experience having proved that simple remedies often act speedily and certainly when taken in the early stages of the disease, recourse should at once be had to "Brown's Bronchial Troches," or Lozenges. Few are aware of the importance of checking a cough, or "common cold," in its first stage. That which in the beginning would yield to a mild remedy, if neglected soon attacks the lungs. "Brown's Bronchial Troches," or cough Lozenges, allay irritation which induces coughing, having a DIRECT influence on the affected parts. As there are imitations, be sure to OBTAIN the *genuine*. Sold by all dealers in medicines, at 25 cents a box.



HALL'S VEGETABLE SICILIAN HAIR RENEWER.

The basis of its remedial properties is a vegetable compound.
It will restore gray hair to its original color.
It will keep the hair from falling out.
It cleanses the scalp and makes the hair soft, lustrous and silken.
It is a splendid hair dressing.

R. P. HALL & CO.,
Nashua, N. H., Proprietors.
For sale by all druggists. 894d

Mothers! Mothers! Mothers!—Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with the excruciating pain of cutting teeth? If so, go at once and get a bottle of MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately—depend upon it: there is no mistake about it. There is not a mother on earth who has ever used it, who will not tell you at once that it will regulate the bowels, and give rest to the mother, and relief and health to the child, operating like magic. It is perfectly safe to use in all cases, and pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Price 25 cents. Sold everywhere. Be sure to call for "MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP." Having the *fac simile* of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations.

Mothers Read This!—Holloway's Worm Lozenges are a certain and safe remedy, for Worms in Children and Adults.—As it is a well-known and melancholy fact that one great cause of death among children is from Worms alone, it cannot be too deeply impressed upon the minds parents the necessity of closely watching their children. By so doing; and understanding the symptoms and true cause of the disease, thousands of children might be saved from early graves. SYMPTOMS OF WORMS.—The following are a few of the very numerous symptoms and diseases which are caused by Worms: deranged appetite, emaciated extremities, offensive breath frequent picking at the nose, grinding of the teeth during sleep, hardness of the belly, with frequent slimy stools, and sometimes convulsive fits; itching of the arms, pain in the head and stomach, unquiet sleep, faintings, tremblings, coughs, indigestion, low spirits, frightful dreams, and a gradual waisting away of flesh.

They are palatable and self-administered to the child—drive out the worms thoroughly without pain and completely cleanse the stomach—thereby doing away with the necessity of administering Castor Oil or other unpleasant cathartics—as in the use of other Worms.

☞ Each box contains the fac-simile signature of NORTHROP & LYMAN, Newcastle, C.W., who are the sole proprietors.

N.B. Ask for *Holloway's Worm Lozenges* ☞ and take no other. ☞ Sold by all the druggists in Ottawa, and medicine dealers every where. 578r

Auction Sale.

I. B. Tackaberry, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE OF $10,000 WORTH OF PROPERTY.

A RARE CHANCE FOR PARTIES WISHING TO RE-FURNISH.

I. B. TACKABERRY, City Auctioneer, has been favoured with instructions from Messrs. Buck & Sanger, proprietors of the Revere House, to sell on the premises, commencing

ON TUESDAY, 19TH JANUARY,

at 10 o'clock, a.m., and continuing each day, the whole of the Household Furniture and Fixtures of that recent and elegantly furnished house, including Parlor, Drawing Room, Bed Room, Kitchen, Office, Bar and Hall Furniture, consisting in part as follows:

Handsome Mahogany Tables—Marble Top,—Sofas, Lounges, and Chairs to match, with Hair Cloth Covers, large and superb Cut Glass Mirrors, with Marble Stands; Wardrobes, two very fine toned Pianos and Music Stools, Pictures, Damask and Muslin Window Curtains, with Cornices, Brussels and Tapestry Hall, Stair and Drawing Room Carpets.

In Bed Room Sets—Spring Mattrasses, Bedsteads, Bureaus, Washstands, Tables and Chairs to match, all of the finest Black Walnut, procured from a Montreal firm, and as good as new, having been only about 1 year in use; also an elegant and richly carved Bridal Chamber Set, with polished Rosewood Bureau.

In the Dining Room will be found Extension Dining Tables, Sideboard, Chairs, Silver Plate, Cutlery, Crockery, Glassware, and all the furnishings usually found in a well kept and extensive house of this description.

In Kitchen Utensils—A large Hotel Cooking Stove, (Patent Pastry Baker) nearly new, three smaller Cooking Stoves, Kettles, Pots, Pans, and a variety of articles too numerous to mention.

In the Bar will be offered a handsome Silver Soda Fountain, Beer Pumps, Water Filterer, Decanters, Tumblers, Wine Glasses, &c.

Among the Sundries may be mentioned twenty Hall and Parlor Stoves, Stove Pipes, Stair and Passage Oil Cloths, Bedroom Carpets, a quantity of Cocoa Matting, Office Desks and Furniture, Hat Racks, Hall Chairs, &c., &c.

ALSO AT THE SAME TIME

The whole of the Stock, Harness, Buggies, Sleighs, Robes, &c., of a well furnished Livery Stable, containing 20 Horses, and an Omnibus and Water Cart.

The whole will be sold without reserve, the sale commencing on TUESDAY, 19th INSTANT, and continued from day to day until the whole are disposed of, the proprietors being about to remove from the city.

The terms of sale will be cash in bankable funds.

The whole will be on view the day previous to the sale.

I. B. TACKABERRY,
Ottawa, January 12, 1869. City Auctioneer. 946d

CHANCERY SALE OF VALUABLE PROPERTY

In the City of Ottawa.

In pursuance of the Decree on further directions of the Court of Chancery, made in the cause of YIELDING vs. PELLOWES, there will be sold by PUBLIC AUCTION, with the consent of ROBERT J. TURNER, ESQ., Accountant of the said Court, by MR. HECTOR MCLEAN, at his Auction Rooms on Sparks-street, in the City of Ottawa, on SATURDAY, the 13th day of FEBRUARY, 1869, at 12 o'clock; noon, the following valuable property in two parcels:

PARCEL 1.—Being a portion of Lot No. 7, on the South Side of Rideau-street, in the City of Ottawa, described as follows: being composed of the South East quarter of the said Lot, having a frontage on St. Paul-street of 33 feet, more or less, and running back towards Rideau-street, and carrying equal breadth a distance of 99 feet, more or less, on which is erected a small log house 1½ stories high, 25 feet in length, and also a frame shed or stable, 30 by 24.

PARCEL 2.—That part of the said Lot No. 7, commencing in the centre of the Eastern side line of the said lot at a distance of 99 feet, more or less, from Rideau-street, aforesaid, and running South Westerly, parallel to Rideau-street, 26 feet 10 inches, then North Westerly, parallel to the Eastern boundary of the said Lot, 49 feet 8 inches, then North Easterly, parallel to Rideau-street, 2 feet 3 inches, to the lot formerly deeded by one WATSON LITTLE to one AGAR YIELDING, by Assignment dated April 10th, 1839, then South Easterly parallel to the Easterly limit of the said lot 24 feet 8 inches, to the South West corner of the said last mentioned lot, thence along the Southerly boundary of said lot in a direction parallel to Rideau-street, 24 feet 7 inches, more or less, to the Eastern boundary of Lot 7, thence Southerly along the said Eastern boundary, 25 feet, more or less, to the place of beginning.

If sufficient be realized by the sale of Parcel No. 1 to meet the exigencies of the case the remaining lot will be withdrawn from sale.

The conditions of sale are the standing conditions of sale at the Court of Chancery with the following variations: The purchaser or purchasers will be required to pay down a deposit of $10 for every $100 of the purchase money at the time of sale to the Vendor or his Solicitors, and pay the balance within one month from the day of sale without interest. Upon such payment the purchaser

Latest by Telegraph.

For Montreal Line.

TORONTO.

ONTARIO LEGISLATURE.

2nd Session: 1st Legislative Assembly.

Special to THE TIMES.

TORONTO, January 18.

In the House to-night Mr. McKellar moved an address for the meeting of Parliament about the 1st of December, which he said would greatly facilitate legislation.

Hon. J. S. Macdonald replied that the prerogative of calling the House must be left to the Executive. He remarked that the business of next session would be small, compared with the present, and thought if it met on the 1st of November, it could be finished before the holidays.

Mr. McKellar said he would press the motion to a division, but several members wished the matter to be left to the Government, and the motion was withdrawn.

Mr. McCaul moved that the publication of the *Journal of Education* ought to cease, but the motion was withdrawn on the suggestion of Mr. Blake.

Mr. Blake moved for a return of all monies paid in the Queen's Bench and Common Pleas since their institution.

Mr. Cameron deprecated going so far back, and asked if returns for six years would do him.

Mr. Blake, after some complaints, accepted it.

The Bill incorporating Muskoka passed in committee.

In answer to Mr. Boyd, Mr. Cameron said it was not the intention of the Government to proceed with the Grammar School Bill.

Mr. Boyd pressed for the passage of a short Bill, admitting girls, but finally accepted the Attorney-General's assurance that girls could, and would be admitted.

Mr. Coyne's Bill on the petition of real estate passed in committee.

Mr. Paxton moved the second reading of the Bill to quiet titles. Parties bought land which was sold for taxes, and it was recently ruled that the original owners might recover them, which he held was a grievous wrong.

Mr. Rykert said the Bill was only of interest to a horde of speculators, and moved a six months hoist.

Hon. Mr. Macdonald confessed that the Government promised their attention to the subject, but had not been able to agree. He hoped the House would give the matter their best attention.

Several members having spoken, and made many motions,

Hon. Mr. Macdonald moved for an adjournment of the debate until to-morrow, when he would introduce a measure which he believed would be satisfactory to the House.—Carried.

SECOND DESPATCH.

TORONTO, January 18.

The *Leader* this morning publishes a letter from nine Reform members, addressed to the editor of the *Globe*. It complains of the attempt of the *Globe* to dictate their course, and says such conduct is in keeping with its antecedents, and the result is to be seen in the disruption of Reformers, and the alienation of their best friends. Its misrepresentation has alienated the best friends of the people. They further enquire if this is to continue; and repudiate the *Globe's* right to dictate to them. Their responsibility rests only with their constituents, and state that whilst the Ministry gives pure, cheap, efficient government they will support it.

THIRD DESPATCH.

TORONTO, January 18.

The new council held a special meeting today to organise and elect the mayor. Ald. Harman was chosen by a vote of 13 to 8.

In the Police Court to-day a breach of the license law was punished by a fine of $50.

A party was bound to keep the peace towards his wife.

The by-law of the Scarboro' township granting a bonus to the Nippissing line, to have been voted on to-day, was withdrawn, but re-submitted on the company giving a bond that the line would follow a certain route.

A fire occurred yesterday morning. The damage done was insignificant. The fire was thought to be the work of an incendiary.

A curling match came off on Saturday between the *Toronto* and *Heather* Clubs, resulting in a victory for the former by 34 shots.

The prospectus of the Ontario Peat Company was published to-day. The capital of the company is to be $120,000 in fifty dollar shares. Limited liability. It is designed to purchase and work 1,400 acres in the townships of Humberstone and Wainfleet, Welland County. These townships are estimated to contain three million tons of peat.

CABLE NEWS.

GREAT BRITAIN.

Arrivals.

SOUTHAMPTON, January 17.—The steamer *Weser*, from New York, has arrived.

QUEENSTOWN, January 18.—The steamers *Minnesotta* and *Siberia*, from New York, have arrived.

Trouble Brewing between Turkey and Persia.

LONDON, January 17—Eve.—Despatches from the East report that a difficulty has arisen between Turkey and Persia. Disturbances broke out upon the Eastern frontier of Asiatic Turkey between the Persians and Turks, which have led to the withdrawal of the Ambassador of the Porte from Teheran. Since these occurrences Persia has been massing troops on her Northwestern frontier.

LONDON, January 18.—The safety of the captain and crew of the ship *Southern Empire*, supposed lost, is announced.

FRANCE.

The Conference Recommends Greece to Suppress the Bands of Volunteers for Warlike Purposes—The Turkish Minister Agrees to the Main Points of Settlement.

PARIS, January 16.—A session of the Conference was held to-day for the purpose of affording an opportunity for the members to sign the declaration of its opinions. The *Public Newspaper* of this evening says the declaration asks of Greece, in the interest of European peace, to suppress the bands and vessels intended for incursions into the neighbouring states of the Ottoman Empire, and counsels Turkey to withdraw her ultimatum. It concludes by expressing hopes of a speedy renewal of diplomatic relations between Turkey and Greece.

PARIS, January 17—Sunday.—The Turkish Minister has agreed to the main points of the settlement proposed by the Conference, but awaits instructions from Constantinople, before signing the resolves of that body. M. Rangabe, the representative of Greece, has informed M. Lavalette, the French Minister of Foreign Affairs, that his instructions from his Government at Athens are delayed in consequence of the interruption of the telegraph.

PARIS, January 17—Eve.—The Conference on the Eastern question is on the point of closing its session. It recommends Greece to accept so much of the Turkish ultimatum as relates to Cretan affairs, and to refer the case of the affair at Syra to the decision of the Courts, if promises are made that Turkey will withdraw the last point of her ultimatum touching the observation of International laws. The Conference maintains the policy of strict non-intervention.

SPAIN.

The Elections Favourable to the Government—Reinforcements for the Army in Cuba.

MADRID, January 18.—The elections in this city, and a great majority of the provincial towns, have been carried by the Government candidates.

The additional reinforcements for the army in Cuba will soon sail under General Pelozo. Returns from the Provinces increase the overwhelming majority of the Government candidates.

ITALY.

The Succession to the Italian Throne.

FLORENCE, January 18.—It is reported to-day that Prince Amadeus Duke d'Aosta has renounced the Italian succession in favour of the Princess Clothilde.

GREECE.

Preparations for War—The Government Contracts a Loan of $20,000,000.

ATHENS, January 17.—Preparations for war are actively going on in all points of Greece. The banks of Athens have loaned the Government $20,000,000 for war purposes.

BRITISH COLUMBIA.

Legislature Discussions—Reciprocity with the United States.

The Legislative Council of British Columbia is discussing the question of reciprocity with the United States with closed doors.

CUBA.

HAVANA, January 18.—The neglect of the American and English Ministers at Madrid to arrange a reciprocity treaty concerning the tonnage dues which Spain conceded last June to all nations, and the advantages of which are at present enjoyed by all, excepting American and English vessels, causes the American ships an additional expense of $1 per ton, thus injuring American commerce. Letters have been received here from Gen. Grant and President Johnson are both positively in favour of Cuban independence, and that Gen. Grant promises to aid in securing that end after he is inaugurated. Commerce is languishing, and mistrust and suspicion of stability of certain houses are increasing.

The notes of the Spanish Bank are quoted at 4 per cent. discount. The bank is daily beseiged by the populace, attempting to obtain specie. The president of that institution died yesterday.

NEWS VIA NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, January 18.—The *Herald's* Nuevitas, Cuba, special of the 14 inst., says a force of Spanish infantry, numbering about 1,500 men, arrived here yesterday. It is stated that they will leave shortly for the scene of operations.

News from Puerto Principe reports that heavy rains were falling, rendering the roads so bad as to be almost impassible. Insurgents beseiging the town state that they are actively engaged in concentrating an army of 10,000 men for the purpose of making a vigorous assault upon the place, and are confident of being able to carry it by storm. They are reported as being plentifully supplied with excellent small arms, and have at present eight pieces of artillery. The commander of the beseiged Spaniards in Puerto Principe is aware of the preparations which are being made for the attack on him, and is hard at work placing the town in a thoroughly defensive position. A large number of labourers are engaged in fortifying and numerous barricades have been erected on the streets. The Spanish force numbers about 3,500 men. The Peace Commission from Havana has arrived, and a messenger has been sent to the insurgents with a proposition for a compromise. It is very doubtful, however, if the Commission will succeed in effecting peace.

HAYTI.

The Revolution—An American Consul Badly Beaten.

The *Herald's* advices from Port au Prince to the 25th ultimo, have been received. Laus Veau had been captured by Cacos, who sacked the town, leaving it almost in ruins. The American consul at Aux Cayes had been severely beaten by the local authorities, and Minister Hallister, at Port au Prince, was about investigating the matter. Picquets were threatening. Jacmel and Auxcayes, revolutionists under Nissages Saget were again investing Port-au-Prince.

The *Herald's* advices from Jamaica state that a party was given to some exiled Cubans recently.

The American Consul, Gregg, made a speech strongly favouring the annexation of Cuba to the United States. A proposition which was loudly applauded. It happened that there were three Spanish spies present.

AMERICAN NEWS.

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES.

The "Alabama" Protocol, and other Treaties, Submitted to Congress.

WASHINGTON, January 17.—The President transmitted to the Senate on Friday three treaties and the protocol, concluded between the United States and Great Britain, which were indicated in his annual message, namely:

1st. A protocol fully recognizing the naturalization laws of the United States, and abolishing the legal principle heretofore maintained in Great Britain of the indefeasibility of native allegiance.

2nd. A treaty referring the boundary dispute about the Island of San Juan, on the Pacific Coast, to the Republic of Switzerland.

3rd. A treaty for the adjustment of all claims, including the *Alabama* claims, by commission, to sit at Washington, with stipulations to refer when necessary individual claims to the head of a friendly nation.

Ice Boat Race on the Hudson.

POUGHKEEPSIE, January 17.—The ice boat race yesterday was not very satisfactory. Nine boats entered, and the race was won by *Hass*. Distance run 18 miles.

A Portland Meeting in Favour of Reciprocity.

PORTLAND, January 17.—At a meeting of the Portland Board of Trade yesterday strong resolutions were passed in favour of a reciprocity treaty with Canada, and also favouring an appropriation by the Government for the Niagara Ship Canal.

Arrival of the SS. "New York."

NEW YORK, January 18.—The steamer *New York*, from Europe, has arrived.

THIS MORNING'S DESPATCHES.

Convention of Fenians in San Francisco.

SAN FRANCISCO, January 18.—The State Convention of the Fenian Brotherhood has been in session for the past few days. A committee of conference has been appointed for the purpose of effecting a union of both branches of the brotherhood on this coast. The action of the Philadelphia Congress of the Fenian Brotherhood is approved by the Convention. John Hamill has been chosen head centre for the ensuing year.

Arrival.

The steamship *Constitution*, from Panama, arrived here to-night.

The "Alabama" Treaty—The Articles Submitted to the Senate.

NEW YORK, January 19.—The *Tribune's* special says the articles of the treaty on the *Alabama* claims matter are eight in number, and are substantially as follows:

Article 1. The two governments agree to the settlement of all claims and differences which have arisen since the Convention of 1856.

Article 2 provides for a commission of four persons, each government being entitled to two representatives. This Commission is to agree upon a plan for settlement.

Article 3 provides that a majority of the Commission shall decide the questions involved.

Article 4 provides for cases of disagreement by the Commission, in such an event the two governments shall choose an umpire. The President of the United States shall act for the United States; but the umpire selected shall act be qualified unless confirmed by the Senate.

Article 5 provides that in the event of the refusal of the umpire to decide, the question shall be settled by a lot in presence of the Commission.

Article 6 excludes from the jurisdiction of the Commission all cases arising from claims which have been adjudicated by the courts of admiralty.

Article 7 provides that claimants shall have first proved that they are British subjects; that they preserved strict neutrality during the war, and did not aid the South.

Article 8. The sessions of the Commission are to be held in Washington.

Seward is very anxious to have the matter of the *Alabama* claims settled before his retirement, hence his haste in sending to the Senate merely the draft of the treaty and not the official document, which though executed, has yet to arrive.

The *Herald's* special says of the *Alabama* claims treaty: The protocol as submitted to the Senate is considered to be a very considerable triumph for the United States. It is regarded as a concession of the great point contended for by Mr. Seward that the primary question of the liability of the British Government for escape, and consequent depredations of the *Alabama*, should be referred to some commission as will consider points in dispute in detail, instead of the King of Prussia, or any other monarch.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

Reported by Telegraph.

[For daily report of Ottawa Markets, see Fourth Page.]

New York Money Market.

NEW YORK, January 18.—American exchange 38.

Gold 136¼.

3 p. m.—Gold closed at 136.

Money easy at 7 per cent.

New York Markets.

NEW YORK, January 18.—Cotton market quiet and firm at 29½c. for middling uplands.—Flour dull; receipts 7,342 barrels; sales 4,400 barrels at $5.70 @ 6.20 for superfine State and western; $6.65 @ 7.20 for common to choice extra State; $6.50 @ 7.60 for common to choice extra western; $6.80 @ 9.10 for round hoop Ohio.—Rye flour quiet; sales 100 barrels at $5.50 @ 7.60.—Wheat dull and drooping; sales 12,500 bushels No. 2 spring at $1.58 for inferior.—Rye quiet; sales 2,500 bushels Canada at $1.55.—Corn unchanged; receipts 18,000 bushels; sales 52,000 bushels at 93c. @ 96c. for new mixed western; 91c. @ 92c. for white western; 97c. @ 98c. for white southern; 98 for southern yellow.—Barley quiet; sales none.—Oats quiet; receipts 3,987 bushels; sales 13,000 bushels at 76½c. for western in store, and 78c. for do. afloat.—Pork quiet and steady at $29 @ 29.50 for new mess; $28.25 @ 28.37 for old mess.—Beef steady.—Lard firmer at 18c. @ 19c. for steam; and 19c. @ 19½c. for kettle rendered.

London Money Market.

LONDON, January 18—p. m.—Consols 92¾ @ 93 for both; Bonds quiet at 75¼. Stocks steady; Erie 28¼; Illinois Central 92; Great Western 46¼.

Liverpool Markets.

LIVERPOOL, January 18.—Cotton quiet; Uplands 11¼d.; Orleans 11¼d.; Breadstuffs quiet; California 11s. 8d.; Corn 35s. 6d.; others unchanged.

Antwerp Markets.

ANTWERP, January 18.—Petroleum firm at 56¼f. @ 57f.

Frankfort Money Market.

FRANKFORT, January 16—1:20 p. m.—U. S. bonds quoted at 78¼ @ 79¼ for issue of 1862.

FRANKFORT, January 17—Sunday—U. S. bonds 5-20s are quoted to-day at 79¼.

Havre Cotton Market.

HAVRE, January 17.—The cotton market yesterday closed unchanged.

DRESS GOODS.—A large assortment of ball and evening dresses; also, in fancy, black, Japanese, and Foulard silks, poplins, &c., at T. & W. Hunton's, whose stock is constantly supplied by their resident agents in London and Paris. Evening silks, &c., shewn by gas light in a room prepared for the purpose, at any hour of the day.

For fine bog oak brooches and ear rings in sets, see Young & Radford's new lot, just received, and selling at the very low price of only 90 cts. per set.

CARPETS AND HOUSE FURNISHINGS.—Parties about to furnish will find a large and choice assortment of carpetings and house furnishings, cheap, at Garland, Mutchmor & Co's. Carpets made, and laid with despatch.

Try Gardner's Baking Powder. See advertisement. 887.6m

Groceries.

For sale by the consigne

300 BBLS. MESS PORK.

200 BBLS. THIN MESS PORK.

500 BBLS. STRONG SUPER FLOUR.

COAL OIL.

Having been appointed by the combination their agents for

COAL OIL,

They are now prepared to sell in quantities to suit the trade, by the

BARREL OR CAR LOAD,

AT THE

LOWEST PRICES

Agents for Hiram & Walker's

HIGHWINES

RYE,

PROOF, and

MONONGAHELA WHISKEYS.

Agents for

RESOR BROS. CHEESE.

Agents for John Campbell's celebrated

HAMS,

BACON, &c.

C. T. BATE & CO.,
Canal Basin.

Ottawa, Dec. 12, 1868.

GENERAL NOTICE!

TO FARMERS & OTHERS INTERESTED.

We beg to announce that our large sale of

BANKRUPT GOODS

will close in 20 days, having nearly cleared out our stock, and we take this opportunity of thanking our patrons.

Our stock consists of

Stoves of every Size, Pattern or Style,

and we guarantee to suit in price; also,

Tinware,
Lamps,
Oils,
Lamp Trimmings,
Brushes,
Wire Goods,
Japanned Ware,
and General House Furnishings.

Farmers, we have the Stoves for you at astounding prices.

ESMONDE BROS.,
Centre Town, opp. Ontario Bank.

BOARD AND LODGING.—Comfortable Rooms, with Board and Lodging, can be obtained on Maria-st. Apply at the TIMES Office.

Ottawa, January 14, 1869. 947d

Wholesale & Retail.

JUST RECEIVED,

NEW PATTERNS IN CROSLEY'S

TAPESTRY CARPETS.

Remnants of CARPETS of all kinds, the accumulation of four years, will be sold cheap previous to Stock-taking.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

COTTON GOODS.

MAGEE & RUSSELL

Have brought forward from the wholesale department

150 PIECES ASSORTED PRINTS,

125 " BLEACHED SHIRTING,

200 " GREY COTTON,

and arranged them on the Centre Tables, where they will be offered at wholesale prices by the piece, during the remainder of this month.

They would also remark that "COTTON GOODS" are slightly higher priced in England, than what they were when the above were purchased.

Customers would be consulting their own interests by taking advantage of the above sale, the reductions being 2, 2½ and 3 cents per yard.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

PATTERN JACKETS.

The balance of our

FRENCH PATTERN JACKETS,

have been still further reduced in price. A few very rich ones yet to dispose of.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

Jewellery, &c.

FOR

CHRISTMAS AND NEW YEAR'S

PRESENTS,

IN GOLD & SILVER WATCHES,

GO TO YOUNG & RADFORD'S,

30 Sparks-st.

FOR

CHRISTMAS AND NEW YEAR'S

PRESENTS,

GOLD CHAINS & FINE JEWELLERY,

GO TO YOUNG & RADFORD'S.

FOR

CHRISTMAS AND NEW YEAR'S

PRESENTS,

IN PLATED WARE,

GO TO YOUNG & RADFORD'S.

FOR

CHRISTMAS AND NEW YEAR'S

PRESENTS,

IN FANCY GOODS,

SUITABLE FOR THE SEASON,

GO TO YOUNG & RADFORD'S.

PARTIES WANTING WORK

SUITABLE FOR PRESENTATIONS

FOR CHRISTMAS OR NEW YEAR,

Will find it to their advantage to

GO TO YOUNG & RADFORD'S,

30 Sparks-st.

Garland, Mutchmor & Co

X MAS DRY GOODS.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.,

IMPORTERS, 20 SPARKS-ST.,

Have received, ex various ocean steamers, large additions to their extensive stock of

STAPLE & FANCY DRY GOODS,

MILLINERY,

Carpetings and House Furnishings,

and are now showing a large and well assorted stock in every department. They invite special attention to the following:

RICH FANCY SILKS,

RICH FANCY DRESSES,

suitable for street and evening wear,

RICH BALL DRESSES,

GOOD ABERDEEN WINCIES,

at a little over half last year's prices. Good cheap useful dresses for all classes in all the new materials.

CLOTHS,
TWEEDS,
BLANKETS,
FLANNELS,
SHEETINGS,
COTTONS,
PRINTS, Etc.,

all in great variety cheap.

LACES,
RIBBONS,
TRIMMINGS,
GLOVES,
HOSIERY,

Black Silk Mantle Velvets,
Black and Brown Velveteens,
Black and Brown Sealskins,
Black and Brown Astricans,
Coloured Jasper Sealskins,
White and Fancy Mantle Cloths.

MANTLES,

in great variety, in all the new materials an shapes.

SHAWLS,
BONNETS,
HATS,
LADIES' CAPS,
HEAD DRESSES,
FLOWERS,
FEATHERS,
BRIDAL WREATHS.

Great novelty in Skirts—the

NEW PATENT FELT SKIRT,

Plain and embroidered, all in once piece; warm lighter, better fitting and cheaper than any other skirts. Just opened

One Case Plain Glasgow Wincies.

Two cases latest styles in Clouds and other Woollen Goods.

Wholesale and Retail.

Stationery.

NEW GOODS.

Just received, ex steamship *St. David*, a large importation of the best British manufactured

STAPLE STATIONERY,

IN

LETTER PAPERS,
NOTE PAPERS,
ENVELOPES,
FOOLSCAPS,
FOLIO POSTS,
RECORD PAPERS,
TINTED BLOTTING PAPERS,
MUSIC PAPER,
&c., &c., &c.

For sale at

THE OTTAWA CITIZEN
Stationery and Printing House,
Sparks-st., Ottawa.

Groceries.

THE TEA POT LIST.

In Cases, Hhd. and ¼ Casks,

HENNESSEY'S BRANDY,

MARTELL'S do

OTARD, DUPEY & Co., do

JULES, ROBIN & Co., do

CASTILLION & Co., do.

In Bottle or Wood,

GRAHAM'S EXTRA OLD PORT,

GRAHAM'S THREE GRAPE,

SANDEMAN'S CHOICE OLD PORT,

MCKENZIE'S Pure Golden SHERRY,

DUNN'S BROWN, do

CHOICE PALE, do.

THE

FINEST BALTIMORE OYSTERS,

Received daily, by Express.

CHIPPAWA pure old RYE WHISKEY
Four years old, equal to any French Brandy.

CHIPPAWA TODDY WHISKEY,
Four years old, equal to Scotch.

CHIPPAWA FAMILY PROOF.

J. G. ROBINSON & CO.,
The Tea Pot, Ottawa.

Ottawa, Dec. 16, 1868.

ON SALE,

GOODERHAM & WORTS'

RECTIFIED SPIRITS.

100 BBLS. CELEBRATED OLD RYE,

100 do HIGHWINES, 50 O.P.

100 do ALCOHOL, 65 O.P.

The trade supplied at manufacturers' prices.

REDPATH'S EXTRA GOLDEN SYRUP

REDPATH'S STANDARD do

NEW YORK HOUSE SYRUP,

100 BBLS. WEST INDIA MOLASSES.

500 CHESTS UNCOLORED JAPAN TEA.

100 CADDIES ORANGE PEKOE

150 CHESTS TWANKAY.

200 CADDIES BRIGHT SOL TOBACCO.

100 BOXES TOBACCO, 10s.

500 BARRELS EXTRA SUPERIOR FLOUR.

300 BBLS. MESS PORK, to arrive.

J. G. ROBINSON & Co.

December 16, 1868. 926.3m

OTTAWA MARKETS.

[Compiled expressly for the OTTAWA TIMES.]

Times Office Ottawa, Jan. 19. 1869.

The market yesterday was another of those poor displays from which it would not be fair to quote. In quantity the commodities were insignificant.

FLOUR—Extra	6 50	@	6 75
No. 1	5 25	@	5 50
No. 2		none.	
Bags—Fall per 100 lbs.	3 25	@	3 37½
" Spring "	2 62½	@	2 75
Oatmeal—per 200 lbs.	7 00	@	7 25
Indian Meal "	4 00	@	0 00
Rye—per bushel 56 lbs.	0 85	@	0 90
Barley " 48 lbs.	0 90	@	0 00
Buckwheat Flour	4 00	@	4 50
WHEAT—Fall—per bushel, 60 lbs.	1 25	@	1 30
Spring " "	1 20	@	1 25
CORN—Per bushel, 56 lbs.	0 85	@	0 90
Peas " 60 lbs.	0 90	@	0 00
Oats " 34 lbs.	0 61	@	0 68
Beans " 60 lbs.	1 80	@	0 00
PORK—Mess—per barrel	24 50	@	25 00
Prime Mess per do.	00 00	@	17 00
Prime		none.	
Pork (fresh)	8 00	@	9 00
Hams	0 15	@	0 17
Beef per 100 lbs.	6 00	@	7 00
Mutton—per lb	0 5	@	0 6
Geese—Each	0 50	@	0 60
Ducks	0 50	@	0 60
Turkeys—Each	1 00	@	2 00
Poultry—Per pair	0 50	@	0 60
BUTTER—Choice Table	0 25	@	0 00
No. 1 Firkin	0 22	@	0 24
No. 2	0 00	@	0 00
Eggs	0 22	@	0 25
Apples—per brl.	0 00	@	4 50
VEGETABLES, &c.—Potatoes	0 38	@	0 40
HAY—Per ton	18 00	@	22 00
WOOD—Per cord (cubic measure)	3 25	@	0 00
Mixed Wood	3 00	@	0 00
Tamarac	2 00	@	0 00
Soft Wood	2 00	@	0 00

—An English thief got into a very ridiculous trouble recently, while trying to steal the silver communion service from a Baptist Church—the Stephany-Green Tabernacle. He found wine in the pitcher and drank so freely, before carrying away his booty, that he fell headlong into the Baptistry which had been left open by the sexton. He dragged himself through the water and was found lying on the floor next morning in a pool of water, dead drunk.

—Gen. Grant is 47, and Mr. Colfax 46; Andrew Johnson is 61; Mr. Seward 68; Gen. Schofield but 38; Mr. Welles, 67; Mr McCulloch, 58; Mr. Randall, and Mr. Browning, 59; Mr. Wade, the President of the Senate, is 69; Senator Sumner is 58 and Senator Trumbull 56. The members of the House of Representatives are nearly all young men. James Brooks, and E. B. Washburne are among the oldest, and are respectively 59 and 53 years of age.

—An inveterate tobacco chewer was in the habit of declaring about once a month that he would "never chew another piece," but broke his pledge as often as he made it. On one occasion, shortly after he had "broken off for good," he was seen taking another chew. "Why," said his friend, "you told me you had given up that habit, but I see you are at it again." "Yes," he replied, "I have gone to chewing and *left of lying*."

—The official stamp of the Goldsmith's Company, London, by which English jewellery buyers are supposed to be protected against imposition, has been degraded during the past few years under a new law allowing it to be placed on articles of 9, 12, and 15-carat gold. The stamp was formerly confined to 18 carat, and should be so still. Gold of nine carats is, in reality, copper alloyed with gold. Even 12 carat is only half gold, and half alloy. The "hall mark," as it is called, has become entirely worthless, therefore, as a security against fraud. Gold chain makers have a way of cheating which could hardly be avoided even under a good system. They send a chain to receive the mark on every link. These are then separated, and each is placed on a chain of inferior quality.

—Mazzini is now lying dangerously ill from disease of the heart, at a villa near Lugano, in the Swiss Canton of Tessin, where he is tenderly cared for by his admiring and devoted friend, Mrs. Nathan, the widow of a rich English Jew. The villa is situated on the shores of the beautiful lake of Lugano, overlooking it as well as the opposite Italian shore, and is composed of several houses and farms, connected with each other by subterranean passages and secret galleries, which seem well adapted for the headquarters and hiding place of an agitator. Carl Vogt selected this property for his friend, and Mrs Nathan bought it and had it splendidly fitted up, being assisted in this task by Quadri and other members of young Italy, who have found a shelter there.

—A writer from the *Daily News* gives some details of theatrical management in England. He estimates the expenses of a large West End Theatre at from £420 to £480 sterling a week. As a rule, the receipts are below the expenses; the loss is made up by some lucky hit, when they are largely in excess. Christmas is the best theatrical season in the year; summer is the worst, except when it is wet. Above £500 a year is spent on colours and canvas. The gas bill comes to £30 a week; but at Christmas the moon generally costs the manager £20 a week on its own account. One of the difficulties of a manager is getting actresses to play the parts of women—they all want to be fairy princes and so on. Ballet girls get about 25s a week, and the writer vouches for their morality. The tariff of dramatic authorship varies very much. Three or five act plays, when not paid for by percentage on profits, usually cost from £200 to £300, or from £3 to £5 every night they are acted. The price of a good burlesque varies from £50 to £120. Farces are seldom worth more than £10.

A ROTHSCHILD'S WEALTH.—The wealth left by the late Baron James de Rothschild is something fabulous. It overpowers the imagination. No sultan, or caliph, or emperor, real or fabled, approached him in the extent of his opulence. The "wealth of Ormus or of Ind" pales before it. The late Baron made the following disposition of his fortune:—He left to his wife, Betty, £8,000,000, the Chateau Ferriere, whose art galleries are estimated at above £800,000, and his house at the Rue Laffite, at Paris; to his second son, Gustavus, he gave £8,000,000; to his third son, Edmund, £6,000,000; and to his grandson, the son of the late Solomon Rothschild, £2,000,000. This is pretty well in itself, but it does not exhaust the vast heaps left by the modern Crœsus. The largest plum has fallen to his eldest son, Adolphus, who comes in for a trifle of £20,000,000. This colossal fortune—and perhaps these legacies do not exhaust the amount—reaches the sum total of £44,800,000. It may give some idea of what this means to mention that it would nearly pay the interest on the national debt for two years, and is considerably more than half the income of Great Britain. Verily the deceased Baron must, like Midar, have possessed the faculty of turning everything he touched into gold.

DOMINION Telegraph Company!

Capital Stock,....................$500,000,

IN 10,000 SHARES AT $50 EACH.

President, HON. WM. CAYLEY.

Treasurer, HON. J. McMURRICH.

Secretary, H. B. REEVE.

Counsel. MESSRS. CAMERON & McMICHAEL.

General Superintendent. MARTIN RYAN.

DIRECTORS.

HON. J. McMURRICH—Bryce, McMurrich & Co., Toronto.
A. R. McMASTER Esq.—A. R. McMaster & Brother, Toronto.
HON. M. C. CAMERON,—Provincial Secretary, Toronto.
JAMES MICHIE, Esq.,—Fulton, Michie & Co., and Geo. Michie & Co., Toronto.
HON. WM. CAYLEY,—Toronto.
A. M. SMITH, Esq.,—A. M. Smith & Co., Toronto.
L. MOFFATT, Esq.,—Moffatt, Murray & Co., Toronto.
H. B. REEVE, Esq.,—Toronto.
MARTIN RYAN, Esq.,—Toronto.

PROSPECTUS.

THE DOMINION TELEGRAPH COMPANY has been organized under the Act respecting Telegraph Companies, chapter 67 of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada. Its object is to cover the Dominion of Canada with a complete net-work of Telegraph lines.

THE CAPITAL STOCK

Is $500,000, divided into 10,000 shares of $50 each, 5 per cent to be paid at the time of subscribing, the balance to be paid by instalments, not exceeding 10 per cent per month—said instalments to be called in as the works progress.

THE BUSINESS AFFAIRS OF THE COMPANY

are under the management of a Board of Directors annually elected by the shareholders in conformity with the Charter and By-laws of the Company.

The Directors are of opinion that it would be to the interest of the Stockholders generally to obtain subscriptions from all quarters of Canada, and with this view they propose to divide the Stock amongst the different towns and cities throughout the Dominion in allotments suited to the population and business occupations of the different localities and the interest which they may be supposed to take in such an enterprise.

CONTRACTS OF CONNECTIONS.

A contract, granting permanent connection and extraordinary advantages, has already been executed, between this Company and the Atlantic and Pacific Company of New York; thus, at the very commencement, as the Lines of this Company are constructed from the Suspension Bridge, at Clifton (the point of connection) to any point in the Dominion, all the chief cities and places in the States, touched by the Lines of the Atlantic and Pacific Telegraph Company, are brought in immediate connection therewith.

A permanent connection has also been secured with the Great Western Telegraph Company of Chicago, whereby this Company will be brought into close connection with all the Lake Ports and other places through the North Western States, and through to California.

All classes of Society are interested in extending the use of the Telegraph, at LOW RATES, and the Directors are satisfied, that the adoption of a scale of charges considerably below the rates now exacted in Canada, will by encouraging a much more extended use of this medium of communication, not only prove a real and substantial benefit to the public generally, but will also ensure a safe and profitable return to the Investor.

On the 25th day of June, A.D., 1868, the DOMINION TELEGRAPH COMPANY was duly CHARTERED according to law.

The admitted importance and value of Telegraphy, would, in the opinion of the Directors, have rendered any introduction of the Dominion Telegraph Company to the Canadian public unnecessary had it not been that previous attempts to establish Telegraph Companies in Canada, to share the business with the Montreal Company, had been allowed to fall through.

The success of a Telegraph Company will mainly depend on its ability to meet the demands of the public, and consequently it should possess, at least, equal facilities with any other Company, of access to all quarters with which its customers may desire to have communication.

This important requisite has not been, until now, within the reach of any Company entering the field as a competitor with the Montreal Company, in consequence of the close and exclusive connection formed between that Company and the Western Union Company, of the United States, the latter by virtue of certain patents, having until within these two years, monopolized nearly the whole of the telegraph business of the neighboring republic.

The business relations between these two Companies continue in full force, but the patents having run out, the monopoly so long enjoyed by the Western Union has ceased to exist.

The Atlantic and Pacific, the Great Western, and other American Companies have invaded the field, and have become successful competitors for the public patronage and support. These Companies, acting on the cheap postage principle, have forced the old monopolist to a reduction of rates, which has resulted in a more widely extended use of this means of communication, and much to the surprise of the Western Union itself, has increased its profits, whilst sharing its field of operations.

With these new Companies the Dominion Telegraph Company of Canada have entered into most satisfactory business relations, and confident of the soundness of the principle which led to the adoption of the penny-postage system in Great Britain, the voluntary reduction from $100 to $16 65 per ten word message by the Ocean Cable Company, and the successful operations of the Companies recently established in the United States, invite the business and mercantile community of Canada to join them in the promotion of an enterprise, based on the principle of moderate rates and extended business which, while injuring no one, they confidently expect will result in securing a large return to the investor, and prove a vast benefit to the community.

Allusion has been made to the voluntary reduction of rates by the Atlantic Cable Company. A Chicago paper, writing on the subject of the growing use of the Telegraph, gives the following return as obtained directly from Cyrus W. Field, showing very conclusively the benefit both to the public and the Company of the reduction of rates.

AVERAGE DAILY RECEIPTS.

From $100 per message of ten words	$2,525
do 50 do do	2,895
do 25 do do	3,965

An advertisement has recently appeared announcing to the public that the rates from 1st September, proximo, will be further reduced to $16.65 per ten words.

The following table shows the reduction which has been effected in rates in the neighboring States arising out of the construction of competing lines:—

From New York to	*Former Rate.*	*Present Rate.*
Boston	$ 60	$ 30
Bangor	1 20	65
Portland	90	50
Philadelphia	40	25
Baltimore	70	35
Washington	75	40
Augusta, Me.	1 20	60
Cincinnati	1 90	1 00
Buffalo	75	50
Cleveland	1 95	1 00
Pittsburgh	1 15	45
Louisville	1 96	1 00

This reduction took place in November, 1867. A comparison of the receipts of the Western Union since that period with the corresponding months of the previous year gives the following results:—

Gross Receipts for

December, 1866	$ 551,971 40;	December, 1867	$576,135 19;	Increase	$ 24,163 79
Jany., Feb., March, '67	1,594,644 94;	Jany., Feb., March, '68	1,727,939 55;	Increase	133,294 59
April, May, June, '67	1,559,778 79;	April, May, June, '68	1,749,631 52;	Increase	159,852 73

While these beneficial results were flowing to the Western Union Company from the reduction of rates, the new Companies had created a business more than sufficient to fill their wires. In proof of this the following extract is taken from the report of the Atlantic and Pacific Company, made July 28th, 1868:

"In April last we reached the maximum capacity of our wires, and have since been compelled to refuse business daily. The Committee, therefore, have reached the conclusion from the actual experience of building and working the present lines—that

"Telegraphic business is growing faster than Telegraphic facilities."

As further proof on this point, the low rates have so pressed the wires of both Companies with business through the day, that posters have been placed in all the main offices proclaiming that double the number of words would be telegraphed at night at the same price as half the number of words by day.

In support of the observation quoted above, that telegraphic business is growing faster than telegraphic facilities, the following statement exhibiting the wonderful increase in the use of the wire, within the last six years, cannot be without interest to our readers. The gross earnings of all telegraph lines in the United States for the following years were:—

1846	$ 4,228 77	1864	$3,792,245 40
1849	63,338 98	1865	4,420,268 88
1853	103,860 84	1866	5,624,101 20
1862	2,734,960 40	1867	7,141,552 47
1863	3,269,442 66		

Showing an average increase of a million a year for the last five years.

A comparison of the number of messages, and persons using the wire in Canada and the States, furnishes a further proof of the advantage to the public and corresponding benefit to the Companies arising out of a reduction of rates.

The published returns for 1867, show that 609,757 messages were sent in Canada, while the messages in the United States for the same period exceeded 20,000,000, the former being less than one message to every six persons, the latter, two to every three. From these returns and results it may be reasonably inferred that a reduction of rates to a tariff at which the wires of both Companies can be filled, will secure a fair field and good prospects to the Dominion Company without in any way prejudicing the interests of the Company now monopolising the ground.

The particulars submitted above are sufficient in the opinion of the Directors to establish the fact that low rates, by encouraging a more general use of the telegraph, are more profitable than high. It is not, however, solely in the light of a safe and good investment that the Directors desire that this enterprise should be viewed. They feel that their object will be but indifferently attained unless they can satisfy the public, the business and commercial men, that ALL who use the telegraph as a medium of rapid communication, are interested in the establishment of what may be called a competing line. As in the administration of public affairs, a strong, watchful opposition, is the best security for good and careful government: so in commercial matters, an honest rivalry in the various pursuits and branches of trade furnishes the best security that the public shall be well served.

To apply the argument to the purpose in hand, the following table showing the inconsistencies, and, in many instances, the excessive rates now charged on messages passing between the cities and towns of Ontario, Quebec and the United States, will, it is believed, convince the reader that an honest competition is needed, not only for the reduction and adjustment of rates, but also to ensure that attention and care which would of necessity be enforced on the Companies competing for public favor, and thus tend greatly to promote the general interests of the community.

EXAMPLE OF PRESENT TARIFF RATES, WITH DISTANCES.

			MILES.	CANADA MONEY.
From Toronto to		Suspension Bridge	82	40c
Do	do	Montreal	333	30
Do	do	Mitchell, Seaforth, Bothwell, Ailsa Craig, Caledonia, Chatham, Dunville, Newbury, Port Burwell, Port Colborne and many other places		40
Do	do	Kingston	160	25
Do	do	Quebec	505	50

Example at present tariff rates to Buffalo, and from thence to the following places, in U. S. currency, which reduced to Canada money at 45 per cent premium, makes the actual cost, as in second column:—

Price Collected at Toronto.	ACTUAL COST, BOTH TARIFFS.			
To New York 80c.	From Toronto to Buffalo			30c
	Buffalo to New York.	50c	Reduced to Canada Money.	35c—$0 65
To Philadelphia $1 05	From Toronto to Buffalo			30c
	Buffalo to Philadelphia.	75c	Reduced to Canada Money.	52c—$0 82
To Washington $1 30	From Toronto to Buffalo			30c
	Buffalo to Washington.	90c	Reduced to Canada Money.	62c—$0 92
To Baltimore $1 30	From Toronto to Buffalo			30c
	Buffalo to Baltimore.	85c	Reduced to Canada Money.	59c—$0 89
To Chicago $1 35	From Toronto to Detroit			60c
	Detroit to Chicago.	75c	Reduced to Canada Money.	52c—$1 12
To New Orleans $3 05	From Toronto to Buffalo			30c
	Buffalo to New Orleans.	$2 75c	Reduced to Canada Money.	$1 90c—$2 20

NOTE.—The same illustration may be applied to all the places in the United States. Canadians are obliged to pay a profit on the published rates.

Subscription Books will be opened at the Office of the Company, 83 King-st. east, on and after September 1st 1868.

H. B. REEVE, Secretary.

Toronto, September 30, 1868. 860tf

Commission Merchants.

DOMINION AUCTION MART, AND COMMISSION SALE ROOMS, HOUSE, LAND AND GENERAL AGENCY, OFFICE AND SALE ROOMS, INGLIS' NEW BUILDINGS, SUSSEX-ST., OTTAWA.

The subscriber respectfully announces to the inhabitants of Ottawa and surrounding country that at the request of many friends he has decided on opening an extensive and well regulated Auction Mart in this city:

From arrangements made with some of the Furniture Manufactories of Western Ontario, a large and well selected stock of new furniture will be constantly on hand.

Public Sales will be held from time to time, of which due notice will be given, and at which parties requiring to furnish will have an opportunity of purchasing at unusually low rates. The Mart is now open with a large stock of new Furniture, as well as Pianos, Harmoniums, &c., &c., consigned for sale.

The subscriber would also intimate that he is the Sole Agent for Ottawa and territory for the sale of Rappe, Webber & Co.'s celebrated grand Pianos.

They are successors to the late John C. Fox, of Kingston, and the makers of his excellent Pianos.

From their long experience in Germany, Paris, and New York, they are universally admitted to be the best Piano Manufacturers on this continent.

The high reputation of the instruments made by them for the past ten years, and the increasing demand for them in the new Dominion, prove their very superior quality, and universally acknowledged merit.

The Pianos, as well as the Furniture in the establishment, will be sold either by private sale or auction.

He would also announce that he is prepared to receive instructions from persons having household furniture, horses, carriages, or real estate, to dispose of, and pledges himself that nothing will be left undone by him to give satisfaction in discharging the trust confided to him. He hopes that by strict attention to the sales entrusted to his care, as well as by prompt settlements immediately after, to merit a share of public patronage.

He will be in his office from 7 in the morning until 7 in the evening, when he can see parties who wish to arrange about their sales. Consignments from a distance will have immediate attention.

Cash advances, when required, will be made on consignments for immediate sale.

All kinds of furniture bought, sold or exchanged.

REFERENCES.

His Lordship the Bishop of Kingston,
Hon. Sir John A. Macdonald,
Hon. H. L. Langevin, C B,
Hon. Alex. Campbell, P M G,
R. W. Scott, Esq. M P P,
Walter Shanly, Esq, M P
Max. W. Strange, Esq. M P P,
Francis H. Burton, Esq. M P
James O'Rielly, Esq, Q C,
H.V. Noel, Esq, Manager Quebec Bank Ottawa.
Robert Lyon, Esq, M P P.

A smart young man wanted to act as travelling agent representing several firms.

J. BERMINGHAM, *Auctioneer and Commission Merchant*, House, Land and General Agent.

75 y

REMOVAL.

The subscribers beg to inform their customers and the public generally that they have removed to those spacious premises lately occupied by M. K. Dickinson, Canal Basin, and where will be found constantly on hand the following goods:

FLOUR, PORK, OATMEAL, &c.

ALSO ON HAND,

2,000 CORDS OF GOOD FIREWOOD, and 600,000 sawed SHINGLES.

Wholesale and Commission Agents.

Goods forwarded with despatch between Ottawa, Kingston and Intermediate Ports, by the Steamer *Mary Ann*, and three barges.

Silver Taken at Par.

WM. H. EASTON & CO., Forwarders and Commission Merchants, Canal Basin

For Sale or to Let.

TO LUMBERERS.—The subscriber is authorized to receive proposals for lease of the best STEAM MILL SITE on the River Ottawa, below the Chaudiere Falls. Very extensive storage for logs and piling ground. Lumber may be shipped direct from the mill.

R. H. HAYCOCK, Solicitor, Ottawa.

Dec. 19, 1868. 928d

FOR SALE, OR TO LET for a term of years, BELLEGREEN COTTAGE and GROUNDS, say two and a half acres, situate on the Bank of the Rideau River, (Ottawa-st.) The Cottage is built of brick and tin roofed, with a gallery all round. The gardens and grounds are in a high state of cultivation. Large storeroom, stables, granary, coach and ice-house, woodsheds, &c., all in the best of order. It is one of the most healthy and comfortable residences for a private family in or about the city of Ottawa. For particulars apply to FRANCIS CLEMOW, Esq.—Office, Sparks-st., near the Russell House—or to the proprietor J. WADSWORTH.

Terms moderate. Possession given at any time to suit parties 927tf

VALUABLE FARMS FOR SALE.—Lot 21 in the 3rd Concession, Gloucester, Ottawa Front, 200 acres, about 80 cleared and under cultivation, with comfortable Dwelling and good Barn. The bush land is principally hardwood, and very valuable from its proximity to Ottawa. Also, Lot 20, in 3rd Concession, Gloucester, Ottawa Front, containing 200 acres, 20 acres cleared. The remainder of this lot is heavily wooded with hard and soft wood. These farms will be sold separately or together as may be desired. The short distance of only 3 miles from Ottawa makes the wood of greater value. These lands are well watered, of excellent soil, and would make a fine dairy farm Apply to the Proprietor, C SPARROW, or to D O'CONNOR, Solicitor, Ottawa.

Ottawa, Nov. 25, 1868. 908tf

MEMBERS OF PARLIAMENT and others visiting the Capital can be accommodated with board and apartments, single or double, at a first-class Boarding House, within five minutes' walk of the Parliament Buildings References given if required. Apply to MRS. W. PARDY, Wellington-st., Ottawa. 905-2m

ROOMS TO LET.

MRS. SMITH, Corner of Bank and Albert-sts., can rent TWO FURNISHED BEDROOMS and a SITTING ROOM. 868tf

FOR SALE.—The Westerly one-third of Lot No. 27, in First Concession, Ottawa Front, Nepean, and Lots Nos. 26 and 28, in the same concession, at present in the occupation of Wm. T. Aylen, Esq. For further particulars apply to JOHN and WM. THOMSON, Nepean, and LEWIS & PINHEY, Barristers, Ottawa. Je2-141-tf

TENDERS

Will be received by the

BOARD OF SCHOOL TRUSTEES,

UNTIL

WEDNESDAY, THE 20TH INSTANT,

FOR

EIGHT THOUSAND DOLLARS,

IN

SUMS NOT LESS THAN $100,

Payment to be secured by

Bonds of the above Corporation,

Bearing interest at the rate of 7 per cent.

The said Bonds are payable in one to four years.

JAMES D. SLATER, Chairman, B.S.T.

Ottawa, 13th January, 1869. 947td

ORDNANCE LANDS.

Public notice is hereby given that Sales of ORDNANCE LANDS will take place at the following places in the Province of Ontario, at the dates hereinafter mentioned:

At Kingston, 29 Lots, on Wednesday, Feb. 3rd, 1869.
Toronto, 147 Lots, on Monday, Feb. 8th.
Burlington Heights, Hamilton, 33 Lots, Feb. 10th.
Amherstburgh, 4 Lots, Saturday, Feb. 13th.
London, 1 tract of land. Tuesday, Feb. 16th.
Fort Erie, 104 Lots, Friday, Feb. 19th.
Pelham Farm, Short Hills, Saturday, Feb 20th.
Penetanguishene, 60 lots, Wednesday, Feb. 24th.

Purchasers will be allowed to pay in ten annual instalments. One to be paid at the place and time of sale, and the rest in nine equal annual payments with interest at six per cent.

Particulars as to lots, dimensions, site, &c., will be given in the local papers.

By order,

E. PARENT, Under Secretary of State.

WILLIAM F. COFFIN, Ordnance Lands Agent.

Department of Secretary of State, Ottawa, 12th December, 1868. 921-2td

Medical Cards.

EDWARD C. MALLOCH, M.D., M.R.C.S. Duke-st., LeBreton's Flats, "opposite the well." Office hours from 8:30 to 10:30 a.m., and 3 to 5 p.m.

DR. O. C. WOOD, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Ottawa. Day office opposite Magee & Russell's, Sparks-street, Centre Town; Night office at his residence, Maria-street, Centre Town. CANCERS CURED, without the use of the knife, by a new, but certain, speedy, and almost painless process. References given to parties successfully treated, if required. 17w180y

DR. C. LEGGO, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Office—Hunton's Block, Sparks-street.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street, Central Ottawa. 34utf

DR. C. A. MARTIN, Dentist. Office—Sussex-street, over Messrs. Campbell & Co.'s, Grocers. 34utf

DR. GEORGE HUTCHISON, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street, opposite Magee & Russell's. 576y

DR. W. J. HENRY, Corner of Kent and Wellington-streets, Ottawa. 43utf

Hotels and Saloons.

PICKWICK HOUSE, Corner James and King-sts., Opposite the Court House and Public Offices, ST. CATHARINES, Ont.

E. HOUGHTON, Proprietor, (Late of Houghton's Dining Saloon.)

A spacious sample-room for commercial travellers 859y

OTTAWA HOUSE.

Corner of Main and Prince of Wales-streets Pembroke, Ontario.

Stages in connection with the steamers *Jason Gould, Pembroke* and *Pontiac.*

Particular attention paid to the comfort of guests. Good rooms for commercial travellers. Horses and vehicles always on hand.

J. COPELAND, Proprietor.

Pembroke, Aug. 1, 1868. 809y

TORONTO HOUSE, Sparks-st.

MRS. TROTTER begs to announce that she has at present several commodious and handsomely furnished suites of apartments, in every respect eligible for civil or military officers, or private gentlemen remaining in the city. 773tf

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT, M. KAVANAGH, *Proprietor,* Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings.

The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands in Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.

Oysters, Game etc. daily

THE METROPOLITAN, AUMOND'S BLOCK, *Rideau Street Ottawa.*

292tf P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.

DOMINION HOUSE, WELLINGTON-STREET.

The undersigned, formerly head waiter at the Russell House, begs to notify his friends and the public generally that he has leased the above hotel, which is now well furnished, and will be kept as a first class house. The bar is well stocked with the choicest brands of liquors. The table will be furnished with the best the market affords. Good yard and stabling attached to the premises.

658y GEORGE IRVINE.

Miscellaneous.

I. B. TACKABERRY, Auction Rooms No. 36, Rideau-street, below Wright's Stationery Store. The sale of Real Estate at Auction or private sale promptly attended to. Consignments received and immediate attention will be paid. Sales attended in any of the city or country. 699y

R. SPARKS, Provincial Land Surveyor, Draughtsman, &c., (commissioned for Upper and Lower Canada.) Office and residence, Gloucester, near Ottawa. Surveys of every description executed with accuracy. Communications addressed Ottawa City, (post-paid), or left at the office of N. Sparks, Solicitor, &c., Ottawa, will receive prompt attention. 55 y

E. BILLINGS, Jr., Architect, Elgin street opposite the Post Office.

REFERENCES.—H A Sims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany; Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq Managing Director O. & St L. R.R. 740t

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale.

OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

O'CONNOR & WALLER, Exchange Brokers, Fire, Life and Accidental Insurance, Commission and Collecting Agents.

Office, No. 27, Sussex-street, Ottawa.

R. E. O'CONNOR. 378y W. H. WALLER.

OLIVER & ANNABLE, Wholesale Manufacturers of Bedsteads, Chairs, &c., Chaudiere Island, Ottawa, C. W.

JOHN OLIVER, WILLIAM ANNABLE.

506y

R. H. McGREEVY, Contractor and Builder. Office: North side York Street, second door from Sussex Street. 78y

PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS, &c.,

Prepared for buildings of every description, by SIDNEY B. FRIPP, Architect, Wellington-st.

711tf

COAL! COAL!

NEWCASTLE GRATE, (Screened.)

LACKAWANNA, (Egg and Stove Sizes.)

LEHIGH, (Lump and Egg Sizes.)

BLACKSMITH'S, $6 per Chaldron.

For Sale by D. W. COWARD & CO., Commission Merchants, Office—17 Sparks-st.

912-3m

Everybody is getting them.

A NOVELTY,

THE MAGIC WINDOW CURTAIN ROLLER,

The best ever invented, 1 Roller and Bottom Slat, and 5 pieces of casting, all for 25 cents, to fit every window,

AT THE VARIETY HALL.

ALSO, A

NEW PATENT CLOTHES DRYER,

AT THE VARIETY HALL.

And what every house requires where there is a grate is the

BLOWER STAND, to be had only AT THE VARIETY HALL.

HOTEL & SALOON KEEPERS

Remember the best assortment of Tumblers, Decanters and Labeled Bottles in the Dominion is at the Variety Hall.

JOSEPH BOYDEN.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA,

Monday, 11th day of January, 1869.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.

On the recommendation of the Honorable the Acting Minister of Inland Revenue, and under and in pursuance of the provisions of the 6th section of the Act 31st Vic. Cap. 5, His Excellency in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered that the County of Lambton, in the Province of Ontario, be and the same is hereby detached from the Inland Revenue Division of London, and erected into a separate Division for the purposes of "The Inland Revenue Act 1868," under the name of *Inland Revenue Division of Sarnia.*

WM. H. LEE, Clerk Privy Council.

950-3

FLOWER BULBS.

Shipped per *Hibernian*, and to arrive in a few days, a very superior assortment of

HYACINTH, TULIP AND OTHER FALL BULBS.

These Bulbs will be found superior to anything yet imported.

WILLIAM HEARN, Market Drug Store, York-st.

Ottawa, October 17, 1868. 874tf

Legal Cards.

MACPHERSON, KENNEDY & CHRISTIE, Barristers, &c., Lang's Block, Elgin-st., Ottawa.

J. P. MACPHERSON, G. KENNEDY, A. J. CHRISTIE.

J. W. W. WARD, of the late firm of Lewis Pinhey & Ward, has removed his Chancery Office to Bell's Law Chambers, opposite Russell House, Elgin-st. dw

NICHOLAS SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

E. A. MARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 902y

MOSGROVE & TAILLON, Barristers, Solicitors, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.

WILLIAM MOSGROVE. 366tf GEORGE TAILLON.

N. TETREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post Office. 390tf

LAPIERRE & HAYCOCK, Attornies-at-Law, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers and Notaries Public, Corner of Sussex and York-streets, Ottawa. 368y

D. O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex-street. Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 55y

R. H. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Post Office Building, Elgin-street, Ottawa. 43utf

P. J. BUCKLEY, L.L.B., Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, and Notary Public. Office—over Mr. Luke Cuzner's Boot and Shoe Store, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 334y

LEES & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. Office—In the Court House, Ottawa.

ROBERT LEES. 43utf JOHN J. GEMMELL.

EDWARD T. DARTNELL, Barrister, Solicitor, Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the Court House, L'Orignal. 34 6m

Educational.

EDUCATION—CLASSICAL AND GENERAL.

THE REV. GEO. NOEL HIGGINSON, M. A., Incumbent of New Edinburgh, the with especial sanction of the Bishop of the Diocese, receives a limited number of the sons of gentlemen as morning pupils.

Residence—Dalhousie-st., Ottawa.

Terms made known on application. 940tf

ST. ALBAN'S SCHOOL,

DALY-ST.

PRINCIPAL:

REV. BICKERTON A. EDWARDS, B. A., (ex-scholar Jesus Coll., Oxford.)

Business will be resumed on MONDAY, JAN. 4th. Hours of Study—9:30 a.m. to 12:30, and 2 to 4 p.m.

SCHOOL FEES.—For Sound Commercial and English Education, $3 per term. Higher Mathematics, Latin, Greek, French and Music, (each) $2 per term EXTRA.

The school year will, as hitherto, be divided into three terms.

A reduction made for brothers, and for payments made in the first week of term. 938tf

MUSICAL ACADEMY.

Mr. GUSTAVE SMITH, (Organist of the Cathedral) a Graduate of the Imperial Conservatory of Paris. Lessons on Piano and Singing. Rideau-street, corner of King-street

Ottawa, June 23, 1868. 775y

PIANO-FORTE TUITION.

W. C. CLARK, Professor of Music and Teacher of Piano, Voice and Harmony. Also, Mrs. Clark, Teacher of Drawing and Painting. Music Rooms and Residence, O'Connor-street, corner of Slater-street, Centre Town.

Orders may be left at his residence or at Orme & Son's Music Store. 452

THE SISTERS

OF THE

CONGREGATION DE NOTRE DAME,

FROM MONTREAL,

respectfully inform the public that they will open a branch of their

Educational Establishment in Ottawa.

Their classes will begin on the 15th OCTOBER. For particulars and terms apply to the LADY SUPERIORESS, Corner of O'Connor and Maria-sts.

863tf

Druggists.

HOLIDAY PRESENTS

AT

THE MEDICAL HALL,

28 Sparks-st., Ottawa.

Toilet Boxes in variety,
Rimmel's New Perfumes,
Cambridge Bouquet,
Oxford Bouquet,
English Lavender Water,
Silver Top Smelling Bottles,
Scoten Plaid Smelling Bottles,
Improved Perfumed Distributors,
&c., &c., &c.

A complete stock just received of Toilet Articles, Patent Medicines,

Genuine Drugs and Chemicals, Druggists' Sundries of all descriptions.

W. M. MASSEY, Family and Dispensing Chemist.

Dye Works.

BRANCH OF ST. LAWRENCE DYE WORKS, Elgin-st., (*Opposite the Russell House,*) Ottawa, Ont.

MACDONALD & CO., SILK AND WOOLLEN DYERS, *Scourers, Hot Pressers, &c.*

Gentlemen's Clothes cleaned and dyed. Kid Gloves cleaned. 894-3m

ENLARGED PORTRAITURE

OF

EVERY DESCRIPTION

BOTH

COLOURED AND PLAIN,
COLOURED AND PLAIN,
COLOURED AND PLAIN,

AT

W. NOTMAN'S, METCALFE-STREET.

TO TOURISTS.—The largest collection in the Dominion of Photographs of Canadian Scenery

Ottawa, Sept. 7, 1868. 582y

CONCENTRATED LYE.

CAUTION TO THE PUBLIC.

The remarkable success which has attended the introduction of the celebrated Concentrated Lye into Canadian market, by the subscriber, has excited the cupidity of an unprincipled firm in town (which has already been convicted of borrowing other people's brains) by a spurious imitation called Saponifier. To avoid disappointment, purchasers should be careful to ask for Harte's Concentrated Lye, which is sold by all respectable Druggists and Grocers in town and country. 783y

PUBLIC NOTICE

Is hereby given that the Map or Plan and Book of Reference of the Canada Central Railway Company, from the City of Ottawa to its junction with the Line of the Brockville and Ottawa Railway Company, have been deposited in the office of the Department of Public Works, and a copy of such parts of the Map or Plan and Book of Reference, as relate to the County of Carleton, has been deposited in the office of the Clerk of the Peace for the County of Carleton, and a copy of such parts as relate to the County of Lanark, has been deposited in the office of the Clerk of the Peace for the County of Lanark.

Dated this Tenth day of August, 1868.

W R. WORSLEY, C. C. Rly.

SATCHELL BROS.,

By appointment

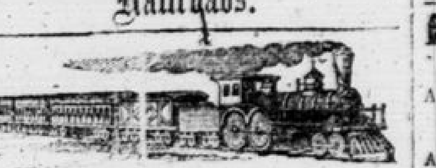
BUTCHERS TO HIS EXCELLENCY SIR JOHN YOUNG.

Superior Stall Fed Beef. Lamb, Mutton and Veal in season.

N.B.—Also spiced, rolled and rounds of Beef, and sugar-cured Hams and Bacon, cured in the English style.

920-3m No. 7, Lower Town Market, Ottawa.

Railroads.



GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY COMPANY OF CANADA.

1868.] WINTER ARRANGEMENTS. [1869.

Trains now leave BONAVENTURE STATION as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburg, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at .... 9:10 a m
Night do do do do do 8:30 p m
Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at .... 7:00 a m
Trains for Lachine at .... 8:00 a m, 9:30 a m, 3:00 p m, 5:00 p m.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations at .... 7:00 a m
Express for Boston at .... 8:40 a m
Express for New York and Boston at .... 3:30 p m via Vermont Central.
Express for New York via Plattsburgh, Lake Champlain, Burlington & Rutland at 3:00 p m
Express for Island Pond, at .... 2:00 p m
Night Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham and Portland, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St. Hilaire, St. Hyacinthe, Acton, Richmond, Sherbrooke, Waterville and Coaticook only, at .... 10:10 p m

Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains. Baggage checked through.

The steamer *Carlotta* leaves Portland every SATURDAY AFTERNOON (after the arrival of train from Montreal on Friday night), for Halifax, N. S., returning on Tuesday.

She has excellent accommodation for passengers and freight.

The International Company's Steamers, running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway, leave Portland every MONDAY, at 5 p m, for St. John, N.B.

Tickets issued through at the Company's principal stations.

For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure Station:

C. J. BRYDGES, Managing Director.

Montreal, Dec. 7, 1868.

CHANGE OF TIME

ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY,

(formerly the Ottawa & Prescott Railway.)

ON and AFTER MONDAY, the 30TH of NOV., 1868, and until further notice, TRAINS will run as follows:

LEAVE OTTAWA.	ARRIVE IN PRESCOTT.
Express, 8 a. m.	10.30 a. m.
Mixed, 1.00 p. m.	4.15 p. m
LEAVE PRESCOTT.	ARRIVE IN OTTAWA.
Mixed, 7. 30 a. m.	11.00 a. m.
Express, 2.10 p. m.	4.45 p. m.

The time of these Trains has been so arranged as to ensure connection with night and day trains on Grand Trunk, east and west.

Baggage to and from Ottawa checked through from and to stations on Grand Trunk Railway

Return tickets to Prescott, Kemptville and Ottawa at reduced rates can be had at the principal stations on the line.

T. S. DETLOR, Superintendent. THOMAS REYNOLDS, Managing Director.

N. B.—The above trains all run by Montreal Time.

Ottawa, Nov. 27, 1868. 1y

BROCKVILLE & OTTAWA RAILWAY.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT, *Commencing on the 20th April, 1868.*

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

7:15 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Brockville daily at 7:15 a.m., and 3:15 p.m., arriving at Sandpoint at 12:40 p. m. and 9 p.m.

LEAVE SANDPOINT.

5:15 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Sandpoint at 5:15 a.m. and 1:30 p.m., arriving at Brockville at 11:30 a.m. and 7:45 p.m.

All trains on main line connect at Smith's Falls with Trains to and from Perth.

The 7:15 a.m. train from Brockville connects with U. F. Coy's Steamers for Ottawa, Portage-du-Fort, Pembroke, &c., &c., and the 1:15 p.m. train from Sandpoint leaves after those steamers are due from east and west.

H ABBOTT, *Managing Director.*

Brockville, April 11. 472y

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites &c., &c.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer has now been before the public for a length of time, and whenever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Dealers are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying to the universal satisfaction it gives

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it; Physicians order and use it; and no family will without it after once trying it.

Price twenty-five cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN. Newcastle, C. W., General Agents for C. W

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W M. Massey, H. F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J. Brown, in Ottawa.

ANNUAL MEETING.

GENERAL PROTESTANT HOSPITAL.

The Annual Meeting of the subscribers and friends of this Institution will be held in the DIRECTOR'S HALL, in the Hospital, on TUESDAY, the SECOND day of FEBRUARY next, at the hour of 2 o'clock, in the afternoon, to receive the Annual Report, and elect Directors. The public are respectfully invited to attend.

Signed, W. H. THOMPSON, GEORGE HAY, JAMES PEACOCK, ALEX. WORKMAN, RODERICK ROSS, Trustees.

Ottawa, 14th January, 1869. 947td

RANDALL & MONTGOMERY,

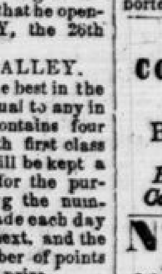
PLAIN, ORNAMENTAL AND DECORATIVE PAINTERS, *AND PAPER HANGERS,*

Chaudiere and Hull. (Shop next to R. R. Booth's Store, Chaudiere.) House, Sign, Villa and general painting executed on the most reasonable terms. Ceilings and walls distempered in colors to suit. Fresco work of all kinds to order.

References permitted to the following gentlemen: A. H. Baldwin & Co., J. R. Booth, Esq., R.R. Booth, Esq., Rev. Mr. Johnson, Hull; Rev Mr. Picket, Ottawa; Mr. Haycock, Architect.

August 26. 829-6m

DOMINION BOWLING ALLEY.



The subscriber begs to inform his friends that he opened on MONDAY, the 26th OCTOBER, his BOWLING ALLEY. This is one of the best in the Capital, and equal to any in America. It contains four alleys, and with first class balls. There will be kept a register book for the purpose of marking the number of points made each day to 1st January next, and the party who has made the highest number of points will receive from the proprietor a rich prize.

Parties visiting the Alley will be received with polite attention. The best of liquors will be found constantly on hand.

B. B. LARIVIERE.

N.B.—A large Ball Room is attached to the premises, which will be let at a low figure.

B. B. L.

PIANO TUNING.—The subscriber having decided to divide his time equally between Ottawa and Ogdensburgh, would beg to inform his his old patrons and others, that he hopes, in future, to attend to their orders for tuning more promptly than heretofore. Shall visit Ottawa once a month. Orders received at Mr. Bermingham's Auction Rooms, and at E. Miles' Music Store.

GEO. N. BENEDICT.

Agencies.

PROVINCIAL INSURANCE.

MALCOLM CAMERON,

AGENT .... Desbarat's Block, Office of Queen's Printer,

An entirely Canadian institution—perfect security to insurers, and immediate payment of claims.

Ottawa, Dec. 8, 1868. 918f

UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY OF MAINE.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, Ottawa, 12th October, 1868.

No. 104.

The following Insurance Company has received a license to transact the business of Life Insurance in Canada:

No. 34. The UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, of Maine.

Deposit in U. S. 6s of '81—$50,000.

B. R. CORWIN, General Agent, St. John, N.B.

For the Minister of Finance JOHN LANGTON, Auditor.

I have this day, deposited with the Receiver General, Twenty Thousand Dollars in addition to the above Fifty Thousand, making Seventy Thousand Dollars ($70 000) U. S. Gold Bonds, 6s of '81.

The Hon. Col. John H Gray, M.P., has been appointed Counsel to the Company for the Dominion. All legal matters will be referred to him.

B. R. CORWIN, Manager.

Ottawa, November 7, 1868. 896tf

WATCHES.

J. SEWILL, LIVERPOOL,

Manufacturer by special appointment to HER MAJESTY THE QUEEN, ROYAL FAMILY, AND COURT OF SPAIN, THE RIGHT HONORABLE THE LORDS COMMISSIONERS OF THE ADMIRALTY, AND HER MAJESTY QUEEN VICTORIA'S ROYAL NAVY;

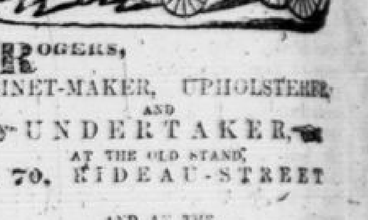
Prize Medalist of the Great International Exhibition of London, 1862, and of the Universal Exhibition of Paris, 1867.

WE HEREBY APPOINT Mr. JOHN LESLIE, Sparks-street, Agent for Ottawa and Vicinity, For the sale of these *celebrated Timekeepers.*

H & A. SAUNDERS, Montreal.

Sole Wholesale Agents in the Dominion for sale of *J. Sewill's* Watches.

Ottawa May 20.



S. ROGERS,

CABINET-MAKER, UPHOLSTERER, AND UNDERTAKER, AT THE OLD STAND, No. 70, RIDEAU-STREET

AND AT THE

WEST END WELLINGTON-STREET,

Where the usual assortment of Cabinet and Upholstering Goods can be obtained at moderate prices.

UNDERTAKING.

The Undertaking branch is under S. R.'s immediate superintendence, who attends all Funerals without Extra Charge, and has constantly on hand a large assortment of Ready-made Coffins, of all sizes and qualities:

METALLIC, BLACK CLOTH, COBOURG, &c.

Parties ordering Mahogany, Walnut, Oak, or other Hardwood Coffins, may rely on getting a genuine article, (no stained Butternut sold for Walnut.)

Persons desirous of keeping their deceased relatives for a few days, or even a week, can do without the least possible inconvenience by applying to S. Rogers, who has had over 20 years experience in the above branches, and feels confident of giving satisfaction.

N.B.—The Undertaking Branch will be found second to none in Ottawa.

Express Waggons always ready for the removal of Furniture.

RESIDENCE—At the West End Establishment, Wellington st.

Ottawa, September 4, 1868. 838y

Hardware.

HARDWARE:

AT

THOS. ISAAC'S, CENTRE TOWN

PLOUGHS, CULTIVATORS,

IRON, COAL,

SHELF & HEAVY HARDWARE,

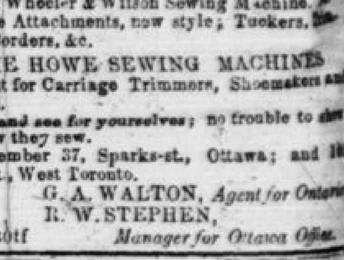
NAILS, ROPE, CHAINS,

and a general assortment of House-furnishings, Cornices, &c., at the lowest cash prices to be found in the Ottawa market.

ALSO,

STOVES, all patterns and sizes, for coal and wood from the Prescott, Kingston, Toronto, Hamilton and Montreal Foundries, with drums, pipes, furniture, &c, the cheapest to be had in town.

Sewing Machines.



HOLIDAY PRESENTS.

WHEELER & WILSON'S Silent Feed Sewing Machines are perfectly noiseless. The most valuable present to any Lady or Family is a WHEELER & WILSON'S SEWING MACHINE. A liberal reduction for cash on all machines for holiday presents. Twenty-five per cent reduction on Embroidery attachments applicable to the former style of Wheeler & Wilson Sewing Machine. Button Hole Attachments, new style; Tuckers, Hemmers, Corders, &c.

THE HOWE SEWING MACHINES are best for Carriage Trimmers, Shoemakers and Tailors.

Call and see for yourselves; no trouble to show you how they sew.

Remember 37, Sparks-st., Ottawa; and 18 King-st., West Toronto.

G. A. WALTON, *Agent for Ontario.* R. W. STEPHEN, *Manager for Ottawa Office.*

930tf

PARODEE'S EPILEPTIC CURE,

For the relief and cure of Epilepsy, St. Vitus' Dance, Puerperal Hysteria, &c., &c. This preparation is from the recipe of a celebrated French Physician, and the very great success which has attended its use in every case, and where the highest medical skill was of no avail, has induced the subscriber to give it every possible publicity. The genuine has the subscriber's name and address on each bottle. Price one dollar. Sole Proprietor, J. A. HARTE, Chemist, 366, Notre Dame-street, Montreal.

Harte's Florida Water, equal to anything imported. Price 37½ cents per bottle. 785y

GEO. MAYES,

COPPER PLATE PRINTER,

Bank Street, Centre Town,

Between Sparks & Queen Streets.

Bills of Exchange, Bill Heads, Visiting Cards, &c., Printed on the shortest notice.

NOTICE.

Application will be made at the next Session of the Legislature of Ontario for an act to incorporate the CALEDONIA PEAT MANUFACTURING & SMELTING COMPANY, with powers to construct a Canal or Railway from some point in the Township of Caledonia to the navigable waters of the Ottawa or South Nation Rivers, and to authorise the Municipality of Caledonia to grant to the said Company so much of the road allowances between the first and fifth concessions as may be required for the manufacture of Peat fuel. 883tf

THE TIMES is printed and published by THE OTTAWA TIMES PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY, at the Office, 38, Sparks-st., Centre Town, Ottawa. JAMES COTTON Managing Director ALEX. ROBERTSON Editor.

VOL.

Dry

Shewing

GRANT & HEN

No. 20,

Are offering an

Dre

Win

Shaw

Blan

AT THE LOWE

N. B.—An extensive DRY GOODS always i

LATEST STYLE

INSPECTI

CLOTHING, CHEAP AND READY-MADE

O'MEAR

ESTABLISH

Offer for sale an extensive AND WINTER GOODS, Clothing, Canadian Tw also a large stock of Bla Gray Cottons, Prints, W Broadcloths, Beavers, Devons, &c.; Bedford C of England Tweeds, Doe retail, which will be m shortest notice in the late prices that DEFY CO

A general assor largest stock ever offered

$1.25 BLANK $6.

TAILORING D

Particular attention giv partment, which is under class cutter.

$2

$4.50

$4

$9

$1

75 CTS., $1 and $1.

75 CTS., $1 and $1.

A. DUFF. Ottawa, October 27 1868.

FRESH ARRIVA

NEW GOODS!

THOS. & W

Have just opened out the of NEW GOODS, compri

1 CASE SILKS, in plain and fancy

1 CASE VELVET

3 BALES WHITE

1 " WHITE SHEETI

6 " GRAY

2 CASES LINENS,

1 " BLACK C

2 " BLACK COATINGS,

1 BALE WHITE

1 " GRAY FL

1 " SCARLE

4 " BLANKE

2 " HEMP C

3 " WOOL C

10 " TAPES thi

3 " CANADI

All of the above good ready for inspection. intending purchasers to c

THO

The Times

VOL. IV. NO. 952. OTTAWA, WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 20, 1869. PRICE—3 CENTS.

Agencies.

VINCIAL INSURANCE.

MALCOLM CAMERON,
... DUFFARIN'S BLOCK
(Office of Queen's Printer,
...y Canadian institution—perfect security
..., and immediate payment of claims.
..., Dec. 8, 1868. 918f

N MUTUAL

INSURANCE COMPANY,
OF MAINE.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT,
OTTAWA, 12th October, 1868.

...owing Insurance Company has received
...to transact the business of Life Insurance
...a:

The UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, of Maine.
...in U. S. do of $1—$336,000.
...BOWIN, General Agent, St. John, N.B.
For the Minister of Finance
JOHN LANGTON,
Auditor.
...this day, deposited with the Receiver-
Twenty Thousand Dollars in addition to
Fifty Thousand, making Seventy Thousand
...ars ($70,000) U. S. Gold Bonds, for the
... Co. John H. Gray, M.P., has been
Counsel to the Company for the Dominion
...egal matters will be referred to him.
H. R. CORWIN,
November 7, 1868. Manager. 994f

WATCHES.
WILL, LIVERPOOL,
...facturer by special appointments to
...JESTY THE QUEEN, ROYAL FAMILY,
AND
COURT OF SPAIN,
...RIGHT HONORABLE THE LORDS COMMISSIONERS OF THE ADMIRALTY,
AND
...JESTY QUEEN VICTORIA'S ROYAL NAVY:
...dallist of the Great International Exhibition of London, 1862, and of the Universal Exhibition of Paris, 1867.
...EST ADDRESS:
MR. JOHN LESLIE,
Sparks-street,
Agent for Ottawa and Vicinity,
...le of these delebrated Timekeepers.
H. & A. SAUNDERS,
Montreal.
...leasale Agents in the Dominion for
...Swiss's Watches.
...w May 20. 749

...OGERS,
...ET-MAKER, UPHOLSTERER,
AND
UNDERTAKER,
AT THE OLD STAND,
...O. RIDEAU-STREET
AND AT THE
...END WELLINGTON-STREET,
...e usual assortment of Cabinet and Upholstery can be obtained at moderate prices.
UNDERTAKING:
...dertaking branch is under S. R.'s immediate ...ersion-lence, who attends all Funerals ...extra Charge, and has constantly on hand ...ortment of Ready-made Coffins, of all ...qualities:
...IC, BLACK CLOTH, COBOURG, &c
...ordering Mahogany, Walnut, Oak, or ...wood Coffins, may rely on getting a gen... article Butternut, sold for Walnut.
...desirous of keeping their deceased relatives ... a few days, or even a week, can do ... least possible inconvenience by applying ...ogers, who has had over 25 years' experience in the above branches, and feels confident of satisfacting.
The Undertaking Branch will be found ...one in Ottawa.
Waggons always ready for the removal ...es.
...ENCE—At the West End Establishment, ...e-st.
September 4, 1868. 833y

Hardware.

...DWARE!
AT
ISAAC'S, CENTRE TOWN,
...OUGHS, CULTIVATORS,
IRON, COAL,
& HEAVY HARDWARE,
NAILS, ROPE, CHAINS,
...eral assortment of House-furnishings, ..., at the lowest cash prices to be found ...w a market.
ALSO,
...ll patterns and sizes, for coal and wood ...Prescott, Kingston, Toronto, Hamilton ...al Foundries, with drums, pipes, &c. ...the cheapest to be had in town.

Sewing Machines.

...EW PRESENTS.
...ER & WILSON'S Silent Feed Sewing ...e perfection of excellence. The most valuable ...t to any Lady or Family is a WHEELER ...ON'S SEWING MACHINE. A liberal ...e for cash on all machines for holiday ...e. Twenty-five per cent. reduction on Attachments applicable to the former ...ecler & Wilson Sewing Machines. Attachments, new style; Tuckers, Binders, &c.
HOWE SEWING MACHINES
...Carriage Trimmers, Shoemakers and ...ers.
...e for yourselves; no trouble to show ...e new.
...r 37, Sparks-st., Ottawa; and 185 ...est Toronto.
G. A. WALTON, Agent for Ontario,
R. W. STEPHEN,
Manager for Ottawa Office.

...RE'S EPILEPTIC CURE,
...ef and cure of Epilepsy, St. Vitus' ...peral Hysteria, 25c. 3v. This preparation ...the receipt of a celebrated French ...d the very great success which has ...use in every case, and where the high... will of no avail, has induced the ...give it every possible publicity. The ...the subscriber's name and address on ... Price one dollar. Sole Proprietor, ...E, Chemist, 396, Notre Dame-street.
...orida Water, equal to anything im... 37½ cents per bottle. 783y.

GEO. MAYES,
...ER PLATE PRINTER,
...k Street, Centre Town,
...n Sparks & Queen Streets.
...Exchange, Bill Heads, Visiting ..., Printed on the shortest notice.

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...S is printed and published by ...AWA TIMES PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY, at the Office, 38, Sparks-st ...Town, Ottawa. JAMES COTTON ...ng Director. ALEX. ROBERTSON

Dry Goods.

Shewing This Day.

GRANT & HENDERSON.

No. 20, Rideau-st,

Are offering an extensive Stock of

DRESS GOODS.

WINCIES,

SHAWLS and

BLANKETS,

AT THE LOWEST CASH PRICES.

N. B.—An extensive assortment of general DRY GOODS always in stock.

LATEST STYLES AND FASHIONS.

INSPECTION INVITED.

No. 20, Rideau-st.

CLOTHING,
CHEAP AND FASHIONABLE,
READY-MADE AND TO ORDER.

O'MEARA & CO.,

ESTABLISHED IN 1844.

Offer for sale an extensive importation of FALL AND WINTER GOODS, comprising Ready-made Clothing, Canadian Tweeds, Stoffes, Satinetts; also a large stock of Blankets, Flannels, Kerseys, Gray Cottons, Prints, Winceys, Plaids, &c., &c.; Broadcloths, Beavers, Witneys, Petershams, Devons, &c.; Bedford Cords, Silk Mixtures, West of England Tweeds, Doeskins, &c., wholesale and retail, which will be made up to order on the shortest notice in the latest styles of fashion and at prices that

DEFY COMPETITION.

A general assortment of Dry Goods, the largest stock ever offered for sale in this city.

$1.25 BLANKETS $6.00. $3.00

TAILORING DEPARTMENT.

Particular attention given to the Tailoring Department, which is under the supervision of a first-class cutter.

$2 ..... GREY STOFFS PANTS,
$4.50 ..... GOOD PEA JACKETS,
$4 ..... OVERCOATS,
$9 ..... COMPLETE SUITS,
$1 ..... GOOD VESTS,
75 CTS., $1 and $1.25 ..... UNDERSHIRTS,
75 CTS., $1 and $1.25 ..... DRAWERS

A. DUFF. O'MEARA & CO.
Ottawa, October 27 1868. 882y

FRESH ARRIVALS.

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!

THOS. & W. HUNTON

Have just opened out the contents of 42 packages of NEW GOODS, comprising

1 CASE SILKS, in plain and fancy colors, splendid value.

1 CASE VELVETEENS,

3 BALES WHITE COTTONS,
1 " WHITE COTTON SHEETING,
6 " GRAY COTTONS,
} at greatly reduced prices.

2 CASES LINENS, assorted,

1 " BLACK CLOTHS,

2 " BLACK & COLORED OVERCOATINGS,

1 BALE WHITE FLANNELS,

1 " GRAY FLANNELS,

1 " SCARLET FLANNEL

4 " BLANKETS,

2 " HEMP CARPETS

3 " WOOL CARPETS,

10 " TAPESTRY CARPETS, this season's new patterns,

3 " CANADIAN TWEEDS.

All of the above goods being marked off, and ready for inspection. We would specially invite intending purchasers to call and examine them.

THOS. & W. HUNTON,
47 and 49 Sparks st.

Fine Arts.

A COMPLETE
Assortment at the CANADA GAZETTE Office of

PRANG'S CHROMOS;

of which Frederic E. Church, the great American artist, says: "They are certainly most skilfully and artistically executed." And John G. Whittier: "I had no idea they were home productions; I am glad to know that such beautiful work is done here." And Bayard Taylor: "Your illuminations of the Beatitudes are really superb." And Wendell Phillips: "I congratulate you on your success, which I consider marvellous," &c.

Among them the following are the most attractive:

Horses in a Storm. (After R. Adams.)
The two Friends. (Child and Dog, after Gerard.)
Sunset in California. (After Bierstadt.)
Sunlight in Winter. (After Morvillier.)
The Barefooted Boy. (After Whittier.)
Early Autumn on Esopus Creek, N. Y. (After A. T. Bricher.)
Late Autumn in the White Mountains. (After A. T. Bricher.)
Six American Landscapes. (After A. T. Bricher.)
Easter Morning. [After Mrs. James M. Hart.]
The Beatitudes of Our Lord, most magnificently illuminated.
Illuminated School Room Cards, with mottoes taken from Scripture.
Illuminated crosses, Book Marks, Rewards of Merit.
The Language of Flowers, Wood and Sea Mosses, Ferns, Flowers, &c.
"OLD MOTHER HUBBARD," "The most elegant juvenile book of the season," "superbly illustrated and illuminated.
Prang's Chromos are offered A 20 per cent. below the publisher's prices at the

CANADA GAZETTE OFFICE,
Sparks-st., Ottawa.

Stationery.

CARTER'S
COMBINED WRITING & COPYING INK.

THE ADVANTAGES OF THIS OVER OTHER INKS ARE:

First. It flows freely from the pen, and does not thicken by exposure to the air.
Second. It will give a perfect and instantaneous copy.
Third. It will not mould.
Fourth. Being equally as good for Copying as for Book-keeping, it entirely does away with the use of two kinds of Ink.
Fifth. It is more permanent than common Inks.
Sixth. The color, when first written, is a beautiful dark green, but in a remarkably short time it changes to a BRILLIANT JET BLACK—not a brownish black.
Seventh. It is admirably adapted to the most delicate writing, and ALWAYS "makes its mark."

This Ink is warranted to flow as freely as Arnold's, or any other Writing Fluid now in use; to give as perfect a copy as any Copying Ink; and not to mould.

Parties using Carter's Ink, and What They Say About it.

Post-Office—"Best ink, by far; have used it for years."
Harnden Express Company—"Tried every kind, and give this the preference."
Bank of the Metropolis—"Grand, good ink; use it altogether."
Hamilton Bank—"We use Carter's ink, and think it the best."
Jordon, Marsh & Co.—"Would'nt take any other as a gift."
J. R. Palmer & Co.—"It writes splendidly and copies beautifully."
American Bank Note Company—"Never used any ink we liked so well"
Paymaster's Office—"Best ink ever made in this or any other country."
POST OFFICE, PHILADELPHIA—I give it a preference over any other ink I have ever used. It flows freely, and does not gum with exposure.
W. M. IRELAND, Chief Clerk.

Wholesale and Retail at the
CANADA GAZETTE OFFICE.

NEW PUBLICATION.

CHRONICLES OF CANADA.
BY
H. BEAUMONT SMALL, S.C.L.

Price, 50 cents. For sale by the publisher,

936tf GEORGE E. DESBARATS.

TO FARMERS & OTHERS.

TRADE O. A. & Co. A. MARK.

Farmers and others should buy their TEA and COFFEE from

A. O. AUDY & CO.,

who are daily receiving by direct importations Tea and Coffee of the finest quality. Their business is conducted on the English principle, and the above named articles can be procured in 5 and 10 pound catties and upwards. The purchaser receives the benefit of a neat package, a good article, and at wholesale prices. Perfect satisfaction is ensured, and any goods not proving according to sample can be returned at our expense. We will pay the carriage on 4 five or 2 ten lb catties to the nearest railway station. For the accommodation of farmers and others not having heard of the advantage offered them, we have engaged trustworthy agents who will make occasional trips throughout the surrounding country and solicit their orders. Any favors submitted to them will receive prompt attention. We do not sell less than a cattie, and nothing but Tea and Coffee sold. The following is the list of prices:

BLACK TEA.

Common Congou, Strong Tea	$0 45 @ 50
Fine Flavoured New Season do	0 55 @ 60
Excellent Full Flavoured do	0 75 @ 80
Sound Oolong	0 40 @ 45
Rich Flavoured, do	0 55 @ 60
Very Fine, do do	0 75 @ 80
Japan Good	0 50 @ 60
Very Good	0 65 @ 70
Finest	0 75 @ 80

GREEN TEA.

Twankay, Common	0 35 @ 40
Fine do	0 55 @ 60
Young Hyson	0 50 @ 60
Fine do	0 75 @ 85
Superfine and Very Choice	1 00 @ 00

COFFEE.

Mocha	$0 22, 0 27, 0 29, 0 33
Java	0 20, 0 25, 0 29, 0 32
Ceylon	0 18, 0 22, 0 26, 0 29

Remember the place,

A. O. AUDY & CO.,
Elgin-st., opposite the Russell House.

BOTTLED ALE,

BOTTLED ALE,

BOTTLED ALE.

The subscriber would called the attention of Families and others to his

FINE BOTTLED ALE

Which is in splendid condition. Also,

SCOTCH, IRISH, OLD RYE,

And other Malt Whiskies,

PORTS, SHERRIES, BRANDIES, GIN, &c.,

To other with a General Assortment of FIRST-CLASS GROCERICS.

A call diy solicited.

D. WHELAN,
44, Rideau-street,
Opposite Allan's Crockery Store
Ottawa, Jan. 20, 1868.

NOTICE.

WANTED A HEAD MASTER
FOR THE
RICHMOND UNION COUNTY GRAMMAR SCHOOL.

Applications to be received to FEB'Y. 1st, and to state salary wanted.

JOHN McLAREN,
Secy. and T. U. B. of S. T.
Richmond, Co. Carleton,
Jan. 16th, 1869. 952a-3-1

Medical.

PAIN KILLER
A PURELY VEGETABLE MEDICINE

TAKEN INTERNALLY, CURES

Sudden Colds, Catarrh, Coughs, Bronchitis, Asthma, Fever and Ague, Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, Acid Stomach, Headache, Heartburn, Indigestion, Canker in the Mouth, Throat or Stomach, Sick Headache, Sea Sickness, Piles, Kidney Complaints Quaker Rash, Cramp and Pain in the Stomach, Painter's Colic, Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Summer Complaint, Cholera Morbus, Cholera Infantum and Cholera.

APPLIED EXTERNALLY, CURES

Scalds, Burns, Frostbites, Chilblains, Erysipelas, Ringworms, Whitlows, Boils, Old Sores, Sprains, Bruises, Toothache, Headache, Neuralgia in the Face or Head, Pains in the Side, Pains in the Back and Loins, Rheumatism, Rheumatic Gout, Neuralgia or Rheumatic Pains in the Joints and Limbs, Stings of Insects, Scorpions, Centipedes, and the Bites of Poisonous Insects and Venomous Reptiles.

At this season, when coughs and colds are so prevalent, an effectual remedy, and one easily obtained, is *Perry Davis' Vegetable Pain Killer*. It is no new nostrum, vended by unknown agents, but has stood the test of over 20 years; and those who use the article, internally or externally, will connect with it grateful recollections of its worthy inventor.—*Hastings' Chronicle, C. W.*

PAIN KILLER.—The testimonials borne to the efficacy of this valuable medicine are sufficient to warrant its introduction into every house. Our own opinion is that no family should be without a bottle of it for a single hour. In flesh wounds, aches, pains, sores, &c., it is the most effectual remedy we know of. A bottle will last for a very long time, and its low price places it within the reach of all. Our readers will remember that the Messrs. Perry Davis & Son have opened out a house in Montreal, whence Canadian orders are supplied.—*News, St. Johns C. E.*

☞ We are glad to learn that the "Pain Killer" is having so large a sale in our city. We have every reason to believe it to be an almost never failing cure for pain, and is a medicine that no family should be without.—*Montreal Pilot.*

It an attack of Diarrhœa, Dysentery or Cramp Colic, don't delay the use of the Pain Killer.

Rev. H. L. Van Meter, Burmah, writes, "The Pain Killer has become an almost indispensable article in my family."

Hundreds of missionaries give similar testimony of its virtues.

Rev. J. G. Stearns writes, "I consider it the best remedy for Dyspepsia I ever knew."

Rev. Jabez S. Swan says, "I have used it for years in my family, and consider it an invaluable remedy."

We cheerfully add our testimony in favor of this medicine.—*Roman Citizen.*

We have tested this medicine and assure our readers that it not only possesses all the virtues claimed for it, but in many instances surpasses any other remedy which we have ever known.—*Herald of Gospel Liberty.*

It is really a valuable medicine. It is used by many physicians.—*Boston Traveller.*

I have used Davis' Pain Killer, and consider it an indispensable article in the medicine box. It has effected cures in Diarrhœa, and for cuts and bruises it is invaluable.—*New York Examiner.*

Spoken of in terms of high commendation by both druggist and physician.—*Philadelphia Eagle.*

The Pain Killer is sold at wholesale by druggists and medicine dealers, and commission merchants, in the principal cities, and retailed by Apothecaries, Grocers and at Variety Shops generally, throughout the world. Price, 15 cents, 25 cents and 50 cents per bottle.

PERRY DAVIS & SON,
Manufacturers and Proprietors, 380 St. Paul-st.,
Montreal, P. of Q.
78 High-st., Providence, R. I.; 71 Southampton Row, Holborn, London, England.
DAVIDSON & DANIEL, GENERAL AGENTS

MORTIMER'S
INFALLIBLE REMEDY
FOR
CHOLERA,
DIARRHŒA, and
BOWEL COMPLAINTS.

The following extract, which Mr. Mortimer is kindly permitted to publish, is from the letter of a relative of Dr. Wolfe, of this city, now residing in the United States:

"Find out if the Express charges are too high, and if not, arrange with Mortimer to let you have a box of the bottles of CHOLERA MIXTURE. I could make a good little fortune with them. The bottle I brought with me here brought two ladies round from decided cholera; one on board the boat, and the other in Berlin, United States. Both commenced with diarrhœa, then with dysentery, and then vomiting. The one at Berlin was very bad. I gave her three doses of the Cholera Mixture, the third of which stopped the vomiting. The next day she was all right, or nearly so. She was very grateful. I have now only a little left."

☞ This excellent mixture, which should be in every family, is only

TWENTY-FIVE CENTS A BOTTLE.

NONE OTHER GENUINE.

TRADE MARK REGISTERED

CANADIAN COUGH EMULSION.

This valuable medicine has the extraordinary property of immediately relieving Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Difficulty of Breathing, Tightness in Chest, &c., &c. It operates by dissolving the congealed phlegm, causing free expectoration, and an agreeable moistness to the skin.

Sold in Bottles at 1s. 3d. and 2s. 6d. Each.

MORTIMER'S COMPOUND ANTIBILIOUS AND FAMILY APERIENT PILLS,

A grand specific for derangement of the Digestive Organs, and for obstructions and torpid action of the Liver and Bowels.

Mortimer's Vegetable Worm Destroyer,

The only sure remedy that exists, combining delicious taste and amazing power.

MORTIMER'S

Colonges, Pomades, Toilet Vinegar, Rose Dentifrice, for the Teeth and Gums. Also constantly on hand Perfumes of all kinds, and Toilet Requisites usually kept in a first-class establishment.

No. 41 Sussex-st., Ottawa City.

DARLEY'S ARABIAN HEAVE REMEDY and CONDITION MEDICINE is positively superior to any, or all other preparations for the cure of Heaves, Coughs, Thick and Broken Wind, and all diseases which affect the wind of horses; also, as a Condition Medicine, surpassing everything of the kind, is easy to give, sure to cure and safe in all cases and at all times, and does not prevent the horse from being worked while using it.

It cleanses the breathing apparatus, by removing from the air-cells the coagulable lymph, or that secretion which in heaves clogs them, causing a difficulty in breathing, and by its action on the diseased part, causing the mucous membrane to resume its natural dimensions, thus equalizing the circulation of the blood, and restoring the distended vessels to their natural size; by its use the horse's appetite is improved, all derangements of the digestive organs corrected, softening the skin, and giving to the coat a sleek and shining appearance.

D. W. HURD, successor to Hunt & Co., Maiden Lane, New York, Sole Proprietor for the United States.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, Ont., Proprietors for Canada.
Price 25 cents. Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, Henry F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J. Brown, in Ottawa. 889-45-6m

FOR ASTHMA,
and Chronic Bronchitis
DATURA TATULA,
Affords Immediate Relief.

"A remedy of great power and usefulness.—*Dr. W. Parker.*

"Of great efficacy in cases of Asthma and Chronic Bronchitis."—*Dublin Journal Medical Science.*

"The smoke causes no nausea. When the right kind, I have never known an instance in which relief was not obtained."—*General Alexander to Hon. B. Stuart.*

In Tins, 2s 6d, 5s and 10s.
Or formed into Cigars and Cigarettes, Boxes, 3s, 6s, 8s and 15s.
Pastilles for Inhalation, Boxes, 2s 6d, 5s and 10s.

SAVORY & MOORE,
143, New Bond-st., London.
AGENTS—Messrs. F. Cundill & Co., Montreal.

FOR INDIGESTION—PANCREATINE completely effects the DIGESTION and ASSIMILATION of COD LIVER OIL, the fat eaten at meals, &c. In digestive activity, superior to Pepsine.

Pancreatine Powder, bottles, 2s, 3s 6d, 6s 6d and 12s 6d. Pancreatine Wine, bottles, 3s, 5s and 10s.

SAVORY & MOORE,
143, New Bond-st., London.

N.B.—Pancreatine Wine is the best vehicle for taking Cod Liver Oil.

AGENTS—Messrs. F. Cundill & Co., Montreal.

Groceries.

GARDENER'S
BAKING POWDER.

In 1 lb. Packets for 25 cents. | And 6 Packets for $1.25.

TEN REASONS
Why it Should be Used in Preference to all Others:

1st. Bread or Cakes made with it are more wholesome than if made with Yeast or any other process.
2nd. Its purity is such that it will stand the test of the most perfect analysis.
3rd. After having been extensively used for the last 14 years in not one instance has it failed to give entire satisfaction.
4th. Families that have used it pronounce it the best, and will use no other.
5th. It contains no Saleratus, nor does it impair the digestive organs like those powders where Soda or an excess of Alkali predominates.
6th. It never gives to Bread or Cakes an unpleasant Alkaline or mawkish taste.
7th. The ingredients that form its composition are more beneficial than otherwise.
8th. Dyspeptic subjects can eat hot Bread or Rolls made with it and derive benefit by its use.
9th. Every Packet contains its full weight; one pound packets weigh 16 ounces.
10. It is all that it is represented to be, namely:

Unrivalled for Purity and Cheapness.

Sole Agents for Ottawa,

J. G. ROBINSON & Co.,
The Tea Pot.

The Trade supplied at the Manufacturer's prices.

Ottawa, December 10, 1868. 886-6m

MONTREAL WAREHOUSE,

SUSSEX-STREET,

The undersigned have now COMPLETED their

FALL IMPORTATIONS,

COMPRISING A

GENERAL AND SELECT STOCK

OF

FAMILY GROCERIES,

WINES, LIQUORS,

AND PROVISIONS, &c., &c.

JAS. MARTIN & CO.

Ottawa, November 27, 1868. 857y

Music.

MESSRS. J. L. ORME & SON

Respectfully call the attention of the public to their magnificent stock of

PIANO-FORTES, ORGANS,

AND MELODEONS,

In their new Show Room, comprising

PIANO-FORTES, *from all the leading makers.*

WARREN'S PIPE ORGANS,

ORGANS and MELODEONS from the best factories in the United States, excelling in finish and tone anything ever brought into this country.

Now is the time for intending purchasers.

☞ PRICES LOW & TERMS LIBERAL ☜

Our stock of Concertinas, Violins, Flutes, &c., &c., is, as usual, very large.

New Sheet Music and Books constantly arriving.

J. L. ORME & SON,
Sign of the Golden Lyre,
944tf No. 8, Sparks-st., next Durie & Son's

HORSE INFIRMARY,
AND
VETERINARY ESTABLISHMENT
YORK-STREET, OTTAWA,
Next to Salmen's Hotel.

A. J. F. COLEMAN, V. S
(Member of the College of Veterinary Surgeons Toronto; by appointment, V.S., to the Co. of Carleton Agricultural Society.)

Orders or communications promptly attended to and medicines sent to any part of the Dominion. Charges moderate. 812y

Millinery.

NOTICE.

MRS. SMITH having received her new styles of FALL HATS & BONNETS, will be happy to see her old friends and the public generally. Gent' Felt Hats cleaned, dyed and done over in the best style.

N.B.—The most fashionable Mantles and Coats made to order, Corner of Bank and Albert-sts.

October 10. 868tf

Dry Goods.

HICK & CO.

Have removed to their NEW STORE, in Stewart's Block, Corner of Rideau and Sussex-sts. where they will offer, in connection with their goods,

$30,000 WORTH OF DRY GOODS

Purchased at Public Auction lately, from the immense Bankrupt Stock of the late firm of DISMARTERY, JORDAINE & CO., of Montreal, and sold on account of T. JAMES CLAXTON. The goods are all new and of very superior quality, being imported expressly for a fashionable Montreal trade; and, as they have succeeded in purchasing the goods far below the sterling cost, they are prepared to offer bargains never before offered in this city. The following are some of the lines of goods offered, viz.:

			s. d.		s. d
100 pieces	different qualities Black Silks				
80 do	Single width plain Wincey	5	worth	0	8
100 do	Fancy, single width Wincey	7½	"	1	0
62 do	Double width plain Wincey	7½	"	1	0
80 do	Double Delaines	7½	"	1	3
70 do	do Poplin	7½	"	1	0
150 do	do Cobourg	7½	"	1	3
150 do	Assort'd Dress Goods	9	"	1	6
33 do	Empress Reps	1	6	"	3 0
60 do	Bl'k French Merino	1	6	"	3 0
75 do	FancyColors—your choice for	2			
200 do	Black Empress Rep only	10	"	3	0

Also, a splendid assortment of
Hannibal Cloths, Oriental Lustres, Livini Poplins, Alberteena Cloths, Princess Alexandra Embossed Poplins, Mandarin Lustres, Eugenia Reps, &c.

1,000 doz. FRINGED TOWELS, all Linen, ... 6d each.

SHAWLS.

35 Filled Shawls.
83 Shepherd Long Shawls
101 Fancywall wool Longs
167 Assorted Square Shawls.

COTTONS.

120 pieces Grey Cotton, 1¼ yards wide, for	6 d	
160 do Bleached Horrocks and Millars	6 d	
165 do Good Prints	4 d	
303 do Best English Prints, Hoyle's and Ashton's	6½ d	
159 do French Calicos, in choice patterns	8 d	

CLOTHS.

	s. d.		s. d.
20 pieces Waterproof	3 9		
80 do Double Width Overcoating	2 9	worth	7 6
35 do Scotch Tweed	2 6	do	5 0
100 do Canadian Tweed	1 3	do	2 6
100 do Full Cloth, very heavy	2 9	do	3 6

Also, a splendid lot o

BROAD CLOTHS, BEAVERS,

Witneys, Mantle Cloths,

BLACK DOES, &c., &c., &c.,

at correspondingly low prices.

85 PIECES DOMINION TWEED,

Something New—one of the heaviest cloths made—*at a great sacrifice.*

1,000 doz. TABLE NAPKINS, all Linen, only 6s 3d per dozen.

SHIRTS! SHIRTS! SHIRTS!

1,000 Flannel Shirts, only 2 6
200 White Cotton Shirts, only 3 9
500 Under Shirts, only 3 3
300 Hespler's heaviest make, Ribbed ..... 5 0 worth 8 9

Paper Collars—100 collars for 3s 9d.

500 pieces 24 yards wide Linen Sheeting ..... 3 3 worth 5
5 do 2-yards wide, Union Sheeting ..... 1 do 3
81 do Table Damask and 300 damask Table Cloths, at a frightful sacrifice.

☞ Also, Red and White Flannels, Canadian Shirting Flannels, Hoop Skirts, Crash Towellings, Irish Linen, Clouds, Breakfast Shawls, Hemp Carpets, &c., &c.

☞ CORSETS, 2s 6d. ☜

Blankets—A large lot of slightly damaged Blankets for about half price.

1,000 Linen Bags, 1s. worth 1s 6d; 40 cases Men's Heavy Boots, very low; 3 cases Men's Heavy French Calf, 12s 6d. Also, a heavy stock of Gentlemen's Clothing.

$3.50 ..... OVERCOATS.
4.00 ..... heavy OVERCOATS.
90 cts. up ..... PANTS.
50 cts. to $1.25 ..... VESTS.
$8.00 ..... Black Broadcloth ..... FALL SUITS.

A large staff of polite and attentive salesmen will be in readiness to wait on customers.

H. HICK & CO.

☞ Customers will please report any inattention on the part of salesmen.

AT CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S

The greatest novelty of the season is the

BOULEVARD FELT UNDERSKIRT,

Unsurpassed for

BEAUTY, ECONOMY & DURABILITY

AT

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S

No. 14, RIDEAU-ST.

REMOVAL
TO
NO. 34, SPARKS-ST.

T. RAJOTTE

having removed to more commodious premises, takes pleasure in announcing to his numerous customers and the public generally that he has now a large and well selected stock of

STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS,

consisting of

Flannels	Black Cloths
Winceys	Beaver Cloths
Cottons	Meltons
Prints	Tweeds
&c.,	&c.

We have also on hand a large assortment of READY-MADE CLOTHING, which, being manufactured on the premises, we can recommend, and sell cheaper than any shop in this city.

THE TAILORING DEPARTMENT.

This department is under the superintendence of a well-known first-class cutter and workman. All orders punctually attended to.

☞ Don't forget the place, No. 34, Sparks-st. Store lately occupied by G. Fetherston & Co., next door to Magee & Russell's old store.

883y T. RAJOTTE.

LOST, on the evening of the 7th instant, at the Concert at Aylmer, from the village back to Ottawa, one parcel containing one GREEN SILK DRESS and BLACK LACE SHAWL. Whoever found the parcel will please leave it at the Convent in Aylmer, or in this city at the Convent of the Grey Nuns, where they will be suitably rewarded.

Ottawa, Jany. 18, 1869. 956f

Groceries.

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS

—FROM—

OPORTO, SPAIN, COGNAC

AND LONDON,

Consisting of

PORT, SHERRY, BRANDY, GIN

AND SCOTCH WHISKEY, &c.

PICKLES, SAUCES, JAMS & JELLIES

&c., &c., &c.,

FROM CROSSE & BLACKWELL.

—LIKEWISE,—

A FULL assortment of FRESH FRUIT, the BEST in market.

TABLE and Cooking RAISINS, CURRANTS, &c.

FLAVOURING EXTRACTS and SPICES—Genuine.

PRESERVED and CAN FRUITS, assorted to suit the holiday season.

ALMERIA GRAPES, FRESH FIGS and PORTUGUESE ONIONS.

50 TINS NEW HONEY, in 5 lb. and 8 lb. tins.

200 STILTON CHEESE, 6 lbs. to 8 lbs. size, from Chas. Brothers' celebrated factory.

SHERRY WINE—Good Table Wine—$1.25 to $3.00.

PORT WINE—Good Table Wine $1.50 to $4.50.

ALL KINDS of GENUINE LIQUORS. Price according to age and quality.

100 BOXES DIGBY HERRINGS—large boxes at 75 cts. each.

LABRADOR HERRINGS, the very best, in barrels and half barrels.

10 CASES SCOTCH LING—Good.

TEAS—Black, Green and Japans—Warranted Good, and selected for family use.

SUGARS and SYRUPS of all grades.

COFFEES—Always Fresh—Best Brands. Try them.

TOBACCOS—The Finest Qualities—Virginia make in cut, tin foil and plug.

A GENERAL assortment of the different kinds of *GROCERIES AND LIQUORS* on hand, Wholesale and Retail, at the *LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICES* for Warranted Goods. A trial of the articles will recommend them.

For sale at

THOS. PATTERSON'S,
No. 26, Rideau-street.

Ottawa, November 27, 1868. 878

JUST RECEIVED,

AT THE

INDIA WAREHOUSE,

No. 16, RIDEAU-ST.,

And for sale cheap, by

D. T. BROWNE & CO.,
Wholesale and Retail

Grocers, Wine and Spirit Merchants,

FRESH OYSTERS, in Tins,
PRESERVED OYSTERS do
FRESH HALIBUT do
FRESH SALMON do
FRESH MACKEREL d
FRESH LOBSTERS do
GREEN PEAS do
LEMON, GINGER, ORANGE,

Banana, Peach, Blackberry, Raspberry and Strawberry Syrups.

RASPBERRY VINEGAR,
FRY'S Chocolate and Cocoa,
COTT'S Cocoa Paste,
MORTON'S Bloater Paste,
TOMATO and other Catsups,
ANCHOVY Paste,
STRASBURGH Meats,
POTTED Beef and Tongues
PRESERVES and Jellies, a great variety,
ORANGE Marmalade,
MORRISON, TAYLOR & Co.'s

Celebrated Sugar Cured Hams and Breakfast Roll Bacon.

PICKLED Salmon,
PICKLED Mackerel,
PICKLED HERRINGS,

In Half Barrels, Barrels and Tierces,

DRY Codfish,
DRY Haddock,
FINNAN Haddies, &c., &c.,

And a full stock of Choice Family Groceries.

Ottawa, Nov. 3, 1868.

TENDERS

Will be received by the

BOARD OF SCHOOL TRUSTEES,

UNTIL

WEDNESDAY, THE 20TH INSTANT

FOR

EIGHT THOUSAND DOLLARS,

IN

SUMS NOT LESS THAN $100,

Payment to be secured by

Bonds of the above Corporation,

Bearing interest at the rate of 7 per cent.

The said Bonds are payable in one to four years.

JAMES D. SLATER,
Chairman,
B.S.T.

Ottawa, 13th January, 1869. 947d

GOWAN'S NEW MUSIC HALL.

The subscriber respectfully informs the public of Ottawa and vicinity that his NEW MUSIC HALL,

CUNNINGHAM'S BUILDING,
SPARKS-ST.,

Next Door to Bate & Co.'s Grocery,

is now complete and ready for engagement, as a Ball Room, Supper Room, Concert or Lecture Hall, and will be let at moderate rates.

☞ Parties desiring to engage a hall for any of the above purposes, are requested to call and examine the hall, which will be found the best adapted for the purpose in the city.

☞ Gowan's Brass and Quadrille Bands open for engagement as heretofore.

Ottawa, January 16. 949a

Boots & Shoes.

ANNOUNCEMENT!

W. A. LAMB,

KEEPER OF THE RED BOOT, &c., &c.

To all the loyal inhabitants of the Metropolitan and surrounding Counties, sends greeting:

And while thus publicly wishing to all—

"A Merry Christmas and Happy New Year,"

takes pleasure also in announcing that he will hold

PUBLIC RECEPTIONS DAILY,

at from 7:30 a.m., until 7 p.m., when he will be pleased to meet with those who desire to call upon Lim.

N.B.—As all will probably wish to retain a souvenir of their visit, it will be satisfactory to know that there is a magnificent assortment of Boots and Shoes on hand to choose from, and any of which will be GIVEN AWAY for a small consideration.

Don't forget the place, ☞ No. 28, Sussex-st., deposite the Barracks. ☜

GENUINE CLEARING SALE
OF
BOOTS AND SHOES,
AT THE OLD
CROSBY

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Clearing Sale of Boots and Shoes—Angus & Huckell.
Meeting of the County Council—E. Bearman.
Removal of Office—A. O. Audy & Co.
Ottawa and Gloucester Road Co.—W. H. Falls.

The Ottawa Times

Office: 38, Sparks Street.

WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 20, 1869.

☞ *For Ottawa Markets and interesting reading see Fourth Page.*

There was a meeting of the Privy Council yesterday afternoon, at which all the Ministers in town were present.

We understand that the Hon. Mr. Howe, and A. W. McLellan had a lengthy interview with the Hon. Minister of Finance yesterday.

Hon. Messrs. Langevin and Chapais left town yesterday by the noon train, to attend the opening of the Quebec Legislature, which meets to-day.

By special telegram we learn that the Criminal Court for the present term, for the district of Ottawa, will open at the British Hotel, Aylmer village, on to-morrow (Thursday).

The *Globe* has received a slap in the face. The dictation of the once powerful organ is no longer to be tolerated. Instead of building up the Reform party, as the *Globe* may have suppose it was doing, it has been told, over the signatures of a number of Reform representatives, that it has been all along pulling it down. Our big brother will, no doubt, affect to treat this letter with contempt; but it cannot be so blind as not to see that the power it once exercised over the party to which it still professes to belong has been terribly shaken, if not utterly destroyed. It can still afford to pat Mr. Kenneth McKenzie on the back for being "true as steel" "to his principles," but where is the constituency in which its influence is now felt as of yore?

The letter, which we reproduce elsewhere, is of historic importance, not as marking any sudden revulsion in popular feeling, but as indicating, beyond dispute, the current of popular sentiment for the last four or five years. The autocrat of the political circle is almost extinct in Canada, and we cannot say that we think his disappearance a loss. The Reformers have had a hard struggle to rid themselves of the *Globe's* dictation. Many of them believed but a short time ago that the effort would prove abortive, and therefore shrank from giving it countenance. But the signs of the times have convinced the most sceptical that the *Globe* has ceased to be a power to be feared, and its reassertion of its old office of dictator to the party, has called forth a protest from the gentlemen assailed which will not soon be forgotten. The first name attached to the letter is that of a newspaper man; and, having pretty closely watched the current of events, we may state our conviction that it was the emancipation of the Reform press of the country from the leadership of the *Globe*, that first gave its political influence a rude shock within the ranks of its own party. When the Reform press became unfettered the representatives of Reform constituencies no longer feared to brave the indignation of the *Globe*, and certain political alliances, which need not here be minutely discussed, served to completely break up and destroy an accumulation of self-assured and arbitrarily-exercised political despotism such as has rarely been witnessed in any constitutionally governed country; and such as is not likely soon to be tolerated again in this.

The public sentiment of the Ancient Capital has been healthfully revolutionized on the subject of municipal government. The Montreal *Gazette* thus notes the change, and summarises the causes thereof:

"The current of public feeling against municipal institutions appears to have turned in the city of Quebec. But one short year ago, the Legislature was beseiged to secure the abolition of the civic charter, and place the affairs in the hands of commissioners. Then there was a large deficit, the annual revenue was insufficient, and the financial prospect was confessedly gloomy. All this is now changed.

"From the Mayor's inaugural address, at the opening of his second term of office, we learn that the deficit the year previous to his assumption of the civic chair was $145,000, of which $64,000 was overdrawn accounts. During the year just closed the latter sum has been paid, $29,000 paid to the sinking fund, and there is still a balance of $13,590 on hand. There will, it is estimated, this year be a surplus of over $62,000.

"This is assuredly a satisfactory statement, and we offer our congratulations to the citizens of the Ancient Capital on their brightening prospects. The result is creditable to the executive ability displayed by Mayor LeMesurier and the City Council. All this has been accomplished without the imposition of fresh taxes. The means adopted were a rigid economy, and a firm determination to enforce payment from delinquents in arrears for taxes. The vigorous efforts made to restore the financial position of the city of Quebec to a healthy condition appears to have been completely successful. The example thus set will not be without its value to other cities.

"The firm and indiscriminate collection of the taxes is a matter of necessity, as well as of justice. If arrears are allowed to accumulate the public finances are certain to become embarrassed."

We quite agree with the *Gazette* as to the propriety, as well as the justice, of a "firm"—and we should add prompt—collection of the taxes; but if by "indiscriminate" our contemporary means that the household effects of the otherwise destitute should be distrained therefor, then we dissent. A community does not gain, but loses, even financially, by distraining the poor for taxes, because even on the low ground of economy it is cheaper to permit a destitute family to eke out an existence at home than to take from them the few necessities without which that home would be absolutely uninhabitable, and drive them upon the streets, or into charitable institutions maintained at the public cost. The power of distraint must of course be vested in the municipality, otherwise, not the poor alone, but the rogues as well, would escape taxation, though we cannot say it is at any time a pleasant sight to see a cooking stove and a few kitchen articles on the market square, in charge of a bailiff, on sale for taxes. This is a spectacle which might nearly always be avoided in a well governed municipality.

But when it happens, as it frequently does, at least in this Province, that men of means and property are allowed to fall away behind in arrears for taxes, and the faces of the poor are held hard to the grindstone by the collectors, then the hardship is still greater, at least by contrast. The law should determine a reasonable time for the collection of taxes, after which the claim of the municipality ought to be outlawed. Much hardship has frequently occurred from taxes accumulating on house property for years, and the incoming tenant, perhaps a "green" emigrant, having his effects pounced upon by the bailiff. We notice that Mr. Cameron's new bill provides that tenants may deduct all payments of house taxes from their rents, except where there is a specific bargain to the contrary. This is so far excellent, but it does not go quite far enough. Except on non-resident lands, or unoccupied house property, there is no excuse for allowing taxes to fall in arrears; and if a negligent corporation does so, the community which suffers its affairs to be managed by such unworthy stewards ought to bear the loss.

The *Leader* speaking of the new Assessment Bill says:

"The Provincial Secretary has introduced into the House a Bill to amend the Assessment Law. It is a long and important measure, and cannot possibly be considered this session. It must go over, with the School Bills, to the next meeting of the Legislature. In the meantime, these Bills being in print, the public will have an opportunity of canvassing their several provisions. The result, there is reason to believe, will be more satisfactory than if the Bills were pressed on now without that full consideration which is necessary to ripe and beneficial legislation."

Our contemporary probably speaks by the book; and if so, the policy of throwing the measure over to next Session is commendable. There is no time to consider it fully this Session, and its discussion during recess will doubtless lead to the discovery of points which will bear revision. We have called attention to some of them already.

The London *Times*, speaking of emigration to the colonies, has the following regarding the condition of the poor laboring classes at home:

"At present we are feeding hundreds of thousands of people for doing nothing at all, and there cannot be the least doubt that commercially London pauperism is a better speculation than agricultural labour. The cost of a pauper is enormous, and it is not too much to say that every industrious workingman in England carries a pauper on his back. But the process is interminable, and always becoming worse. Every week thousands of ratepayers are changed into rate devourers, and taken from the strength of the country to be added to its burden. The evil is greatly aggravated by the precarious and temporary character of much employment in the country. It always is so in a rich and luxurious condition of society. Building, gardening, trenching, brick-making, road-making, and many other occupations depend much on the season and the weather, and still more on the fluctuations of prosperity and credit. At one time many great public and private works are pressing for completion; at another time there is nothing to be done, and the discharged labourers have no regular employment to fall back upon. There is an obvious convenience in the possession of a vast industrial army, ready for any work, and chargeable on the public when its work is no longer wanted. We owe the greatest monuments of ancient Rome to her multitude of captives and slaves. But the interest of the population itself is here somewhat at variance with the interest of the State in its less popular sense. For the people themselves it is better that many of them should be transplanted to some region where they can work more for themselves, and depend for employment more on the regular course of nature than on the caprices of wealth or the vicissitudes of trade.

W. Robinson, Esq., has been elected Mayor of Kingston for the current year.

The chief points of the speech of His Honour Lieut.-Governor Belleau, to be delivered at the opening of the Quebec Legislature to-day, will be found in our telegraph columns.

The first number of the *Ontario Farmer*, edited by the Rev. W. F. Clarke, and issued from the press of Messrs. Hunter, Rose & Co., has just reached us. It is a monthly journal, and as its name implies is devoted to the interests of agriculture, horticulture, and kindred subjects. Price $1.00 per annum.

The Rev. Mr. Clarke has already established his reputation as editor of the *Canada Farmer*; but the proprietor of the last named journal having resolved upon running it too intimately with the *Globe*, the connection has been dissolved, and Mr. Clarke now launches an enterprise of his own with every prospect of success. No farmer should be without at least one good agricultural paper, and the one under review, we can safely recommend as worthy the patronage of the agriculturists of Ontario.

The *Evening Star* is the title of a new daily journal just started in Montreal, on the cheap and "condensed" principle, containing twenty-four columns of reading matter, and sold for a *copper* per copy, or three dollars per annum, by mail; Marshall & Co., proprietors.

Judging the *Star* by the first number, the only one which has yet reached us, we should say that it gives far more than value for the money. The writers for the *Star* are men of ability and experience in journalism, and if a newspaper can be made a success at the price, they are just the men to do it. Montreal ought to offer a fair field for such an enterprise, and we therefore welcome the *Star* to our exchange list, hopeful that it may enjoy a prosperous career.

From Messrs. Dubin & Son we have received several periodicals for the current month, and the second number of Mayne Reid's new magazine *Onward*. Those who are familiar with Mr. Reid's style will have no difficulty in appreciating his magazine.

New Mail Bag Fastener.—The Post Office Department have for a long time been anxious to replace the heavy, cumbrous leather mail bags, now used on the railway, by canvas bags, which are much lighter and more easily handled, but they have heretofore been unable to get a secure bag fastener, notwithstanding that various attempts have been made to invent one. But this difficulty has now been entirely overcome by Mr. J. O. Bennett, mail clerk, who has succeeded admirably in getting up a very simple but very complete fastener, which has met with the hearty approval of the Post Office clerks; and there is no doubt but it will be adopted by the Postmaster-General, to whose consideration it will be submitted in a few days. The fastener consists in a narrow leather strap, resembling a skate strap somewhat. This strap, which is placed around the mouth of the bag, forms the label, and the ends are so simply and ingeniously inserted in an iron loop hole, having a little bolt, that when the lock is put on it is impossible to re-open the bag, without taking the bag off. A bag can be closed effectively by this simple contrivance in three-fourth's less time than the present mode of fastening, and it is quite as secure: Mr Bennett may be congratulated upon his success, and as he has applied for a patent for his fastener, no doubt it will prove remunerative to him, as there is every probability of its being brought into general use.—*Leader.*

For fine bog oak brooches and ear rings in sets, see Young & Radford's new lot, just received, and selling at the very low price of only 90 cts. per set.

FUNERAL OF MRS. MACDOUGALL.

The mortal remains of Mrs. Macdougall, wife of the Hon. William Macdougall, were removed from the family residence yesterday to the Railway Depot, to be taken to Toronto, there to be deposited to await the arrival of Mr. Macdougall from England, when the remains will be finally interred. The obsequies moved from the house between 12 and 1 o'clock, in the following order: Dr. Grant, the physician to the deceased lady; Rev. Dr. Jones and Rev. Mr. Wandrope; the hearse drawn by four black horses with plumes, preceded by Mr. Swalwell, and attended by assistants.

The pall bearers were Sir John A. Macdonald, Hon. Mr. Mitchell, Hon. Mr. Tilley, Hon. Mr. Langevin, Mr. Currier, M.P., Col. Bernard, T. C. Keefer, Esq., and T. Ross, Esq.

The hearse was followed by a carriage, containing the four sons of Mr. and Mrs. Macdougall as chief mourners. A long procession of carriages containing the greater number of our most respectable citizens followed, and after these came a very large number of gentlemen on foot.

The procession moved slowly along Daly-st. to St. Nicholas, and down to Rideau st., and along to Sussex, then down Sussex to the railway depot; the stores being closed along the route.

On arriving at the depot, the coffin, which was a very beautiful one, was placed in the car appointed to receive it.

The mourners, Mr. Joseph Macdougall and his three younger brothers, Masters Frederick, Frank and John, accompanied by Mr. John Howard, proceeded with the remains to Toronto.

DICTATION REPUDIATED.

Nine Reform Members define their Position.

THE "GLOBE'S" ASSUMPTION REJECTED.

The *Leader* has received, with a request for its publication, the following letter addressed to the Toronto *Globe*:

To the Editor of the Globe.

Sir,—The trite aphorism that "forbearance ceases, under certain circumstances, to be a virtue" was never more clearly exemplified than in the course which the *Globe* has taken towards the undersigned during the past few days—a course entirely in keeping with its character as a journal, and which has caused infinite mischief in the past by assuming to be the organ of the Reform party—an assumption never fully recognized by all sections of the party—and a persistency in which led to serious and fatal divisions, now alluded to merely as matters of history.

At the last election we were returned by large majorities in our respective constituencies as open and avowed Reformers, proposing to give the Government, under the new order of things, a fair trial, not recognizing the *Globe* as the exponent of our views, and acknowledging no blind obedience to the leader of a section of the great and powerful party whose achievements are written in the brightest pages of our history; your right to dictate to us, or the Reformers who supported us, is therefore clearly and explicitly denied.

We refrain from discussing the subject of Coalitions. You justify the support of the Coalition of 1864 on the ground of a specific object, that of Confederation. We support the present order of things on the specific ground of giving Ontario a pure and efficient Government—on the ground of giving Confederation a fair trial; and the right of judgment, in the first instance claimed by you and conceded, we as fully claim and demand in the second. We forbear to say a single word upon the manliness, the candour, the fair play with which the *Globe* has always treated political opponents—or members of our own party who have dared to dissent from its teachings on particular subjects—the record is to be found in the disruptions of our party—in the ostracizing of some of our best and truest men—in the holding up to scorn, derision and misrepresentation the honest actions, and the purest motives, of the people's most trusted servants—in the black lettering of names of men who never acknowledged the dictation of the *Globe*, and who never shrank, and who never will shrink, from rendering a full and truthful account to the people. The question is now put to you plainly and pertinently, Is this to continue? If so let it be clearly understood. We do not acknowledge your right to dictate. The people whom we represent alone have the right to call us to account, and we publish this letter to show to the country that we are not being fairly treated by our professed friends.

We do not hesitate to declare our position. When the present administration ceases to give the country pure, cheap, efficient government, such as will commend itself to the affections of the people. When it ceases to give Confederation a fair trial, then we are ready to seek for other men who will carry out these principles. Until then the mistakes and shortcomings in matters of detail which are inseparable from humanity, we will regard as a "breath-blown grain of dust," when compared with their merits.

Very respectfully
Your obedient servants,

A. GREELEY, M.P.P., Prince Edward.
J. EYRE, M.P.P., E. Northumberland.
A. W. LAUDER, M.P.P., South Grey.
JAMES CRAIG, M.P.P., Glengarry.
H. D. SMITH, M.P.P., N. Leeds & Grenville.
W. BARBER, M.P.P., Halton.
THOS. SWINARTON, M.P.P., Cardwell.
WILLIAM McGILL, M.P.P., S. Ontario.
A. P. COCKBURN, M.P.P., N. R. Victoria.

Toronto, January 16, 1869.

SLIPPERY SIDEWALKS.

To the Editor of THE TIMES.

Sir,—Permit me through the columns of your journal to call the attention of the authorities to the disgraceful condition of our sidewalks. In Montreal, Toronto, and other cities of the Dominion, the citizens are compelled by by-law to clear the sidewalks in front of their shops and dwellings from snow and ice during the winter, and should they fail so to do, are made to answer at the bar of the Police Court for their negligence, and fined accordingly. Now, sir, I ask is it not equally reprehensible that in the *Capital of Canada* such nuisances as iced sidewalks in the principal thoroughfares, should be permitted to remain to the injury of citizens and detriment of business? But this evening I assisted a gentleman to arise from a painful fall on Sparks-st.,—not far from the Times office—and was assured by him he had met with a similar accident the week previous, from the effects of which he had fears he would not soon recover! What are our City Fathers doing that they make no move in this matter, or if *there are by-laws bearing upon it* that our Mayor and Chief of Police do not see that they are respected? It is but their duty, and, sir, I think you and the citizens generally will agree with me that leniency or supineness in the premises is a mistaken policy and unwarranted neglect of duty, and which will sooner or later make itself felt on the pockets of the ratepayers in the adjustment of verdicts for damages against the city for broken limbs and other injuries. Trusting, sir, you will use the powerful lever of your paper for the amelioration, if not absolute disposal of, this drawback to business, to comfort, and to personal safety,

I am,
Your obdt. servt.,
CITIZEN.

Ottawa, January 19, 1869.

Dress Goods.—A large assortment of ball and evening dresses; also, in fancy, black, Japanese, and Foulard silks, poplins, &c., at T. & W. Hunton's, whose stock is constantly supplied by their resident agents in London and Paris. Evening silks, &c., shewn by gas light in a room prepared for the purpose, at any hour of the day.

—Two resurrectionists, with two bodies in their possession, were arrested in Washington, on Saturday evening, while driving through the streets in a carriage with their booty. They were each fined $20.

Try Gardner's Baking Powder. See advertisement. 887.6m

MISSION BOARD OF THE DIOCESE OF ONTARIO.

LARGE MEETING IN THE CHAPEL OF EASE.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL IN THE CHAIR.

Interesting Speeches by the Lord Bishop of Ontario, the Archdeacon, Hon. Mr. Tilley, His Excellency, and Others.

Last evening the Chapel of Ease, Sussex-st., was crowded to its utmost capacity, with the beauty, intelligence and wealth of the city, for the purpose of hearing a statement of the affairs of the Mission Board of the Diocese of Ontario, in connection with the United Church of England and Ireland in Canada; the presence of Sir John Young, Bart., K.C.B., Governor-General, &c., &c., and the knowledge that he had consented to occupy the chair, making the interesting proceeding more than usually attractive.

Promptly at the appointed hour, half-past 7 o'clock, His Excellency arrived, accompanied by his staff and proceeded to the platform, where he was received by the Lord Bishop of the Diocese, and taking his seat, requested the Rev. Mr. Lauder, Rector, to open the meeting with prayer.

On the platform, on the right of the chair, sat the Bishop and the Archdeacon, and on the left the Hon. Mr. Tilley, C. B. In rear were Col. Irvine, A. D. C., Col. McNeill, V.C., Military Secretary, and several of the local clergy.

His Excellency was dressed in the plain suit of a private gentleman, in which he presented as fine an appearance as our citizens know so well he does upon State occasions.

After the religious exercises His Excellency taking up the programme introduced,

The Venerable Archdeacon of Ontario, Dr. Eaton, who said he had come here as it was always a pleasure and a duty for him to be engaged in this cause, which was the cause of Christ and his Church. The missionary cause was of vital importance, and being himself fully impressed with this conviction he was always willing to do what he could to impress it upon others, and to urge them to contribute liberally; and while appealing to others, he felt he might appeal with especial confidence to the members of the Church. Those within her pale particularly, should not act as individuals, but for all as members of one family. All societies were advanced by the spirit of mutual liberality displayed by its members, or retarded by the opposite. It had been said that God could cause the light of the Gospel to be diffused over every land in a moment. True, but that was not His way with His creatures, either in spiritual or temporal matters. He could also feed them, as he had done in ancient times, but did not do so. He required the farmer to plough and sow, and men in other walks to labour for their livelihood; and in His service His ministers must earn theirs. In giving a sketch of missionary history the venerable gentleman pointed to the Saviour himself as the first missionary, and after Him the Apostles, to whom He gave the command to go unto all the world and preach the Gospel to every creature. Referring to the history of Christianity he said the mighty ones of classic Greece and Rome had quailed, and their dogmas fallen before a few simple fishermen. The stone had been cast into the waters, and the circling wave had widened in its flow until their representatives occupied the places of the Cæsars. The church sent forth her duly ordained Ministers, to whom their Great Head had promised that He would be with them always, until now the dark and blood-stained altars of paganism had given way before the gentle bryliness of Faith, Hope, and Charity in every land. In the early days the Church of England in this country had lacked system—he might almost say was in a mutilated condition—without bishops or a proper organization; but that had now been changed, and it was the duty of its members in the Diocese of Ontario to make it useful and beloved, and to extend its blessings to the destitute in other places. He gave a sketch of the Diocese as at first established, with $3,000 debt and an empty treasury, but with full hearts. He had believed in its success, and had not been disappointed. He referred to the grant of £550, given by the Society for the Propagation of the Gospel, but that might be withdrawn at any time; and even with it the funds of the Diocese were not sufficient to provide a clergyman for each thousand of the 90,000 members in it. But he hoped the day was not distant when the truth of the Gospel would be proclaimed in every township by the duly authorized ambassadors of Jesus.

His Excellency then introduced

Hon. Mr. Tilley, who said he was under the difficulty of being a comparative stranger, and when called upon by the good Rector had asked what he could do, as he was incompetent to say anything regarding the affairs of the Society, but had been told, that as clergymen did not like to beg for themselves, he could make a begging speech; and his rev. friend in his notice of the Mission in his church had stated it was necessary to contribute, which, after all, he supposed was the principal object. He had belonged to another diocese which was poor, and when he came up here to the wealthy centre of the Dominion he had expected to find clergymen enjoying liberal salaries. But speaking as one of themselves, as he now was, he felt they had not done their duty. It was wrong for us to take the pence from the poor of the old world, when we were so much more able to contribute liberal salaries from our own resources. And while our clergymen were obliged to keep up their standing—and in many of the country places to provide a horse—on the miserable pittance of $600 a year, there were men in the employ of the Government, who, whether they could read and write or not, and who had nothing to do but to wear good clothes, and open and shut a door occasionally during the day, received $200 more. And even at $600 there was not enough to supply clergymen for all places. He believed that $8,000 would do it, and surely that would not be much for the churchmen of Ottawa alone to contribute if they did their duty. It had been too much the way with the people of the church not to contribute themselves, but to look for the support of their ministers to the old country, or to the Government—anywhere but in the right direction, which was to their own members. The hon. gentleman after repeating some sterling lines he had once with pleasure heard repeated by a little boy, sat down amid great applause.

After the singing of a psalm by the excellent choir and the reading of a letter of apology from the Hon. Col. Gray, by the Rector,

His Excellency then introduced

The Lord Bishop of Ontario, who said he had been engaged for 20 years in the missionary work of this Diocese, and nothing could afford him greater pleasure than to be present engaged in the same work, if he could do any good. And he felt it an especial honour that the first time he had met His Excellency was as chairman of this meeting, and by his presence encouraging so good a work. In the name of the people of his Diocese, he would bid him a cordial welcome; and at the same time would take the opportunity of assuring him that Her Gracious Majesty had no more loyal subjects, nor were there any that looked back with greater affection to what they fondly called "home" than Canadians:

"Their clime, but not their minds they change
Who sail across the sea."

However, they had not come there to please or to while away an hour, but to relate facts, and to show that it was the duty of all to contribute to the further success of the cause. The success already attained he would give as a reason for further efforts, and he had no doubt that they had been as successful as they deserved. They had commenced with fifteen missionaries six or seven years ago, and now they had thirty-five, and this year they had raised for all church purposes $100,000, which was a sum they had no reason to be ashamed of, considering it was without endowment or State aid. In towns there were inducements to liberality, which did not exist in country places. In the former there were many who liked fine churches, and to sit in a fashionable pew. But Christians were not prepared to be their brother's keepers until they could cheerfully give to others who were poor the advantages which they enjoyed themselves. It was for this purpose the Mission Board of the Diocese—half clergy and half laity—had been formed. They had given two hundred dollars to remote districts, which would themselves raise four hundred dollars, and the result was that they kept up within the church a standing protest against hard-headed selfishness. Even if they had reaped little, they knew it to be a trial of faith in which to falter would be disloyalty, and to doubt, sin. The problem of a free Church of England was said to be on its trial, and now was the time to aid in her triumph. He referred to the proposed disestablishment of the church in Ireland, and could sympathise with it in its threatened position. The church in Canada had never been established in the same way, but it had been liberally endowed. That endowment had been taken away, and if the struggle were to take place here again he would still hold that what had been given to God no man had a right to despoil; still he would not exchange the present for the past. If we had no State aid, we had also no restraint nor interference which then led to to disagreements and heartburnings. "Better is a little where love is," &c. If disendowed they might bid their Irish brethren to be of good cheer, for there thirteen-fourteenths of the land was in the hands of churchmen. If Canada were in the same position, there would be no fear of the church here. The Hon. Mr. Tilley had said that we had not done our duty. One thing against us was that poor men coming to this country were astounded that they should be asked to contribute to what they considered it the duty of the State to support. And strangely enough the respectability of the church was often a disadvantage. Persons who got up in the world would attach themselves to it because of its respectability, but would make no sacrifices for it. Others were charmed with its glorious liturgy, but thought they had done their whole duty when their pew rent was paid. Such as these reminded him of the conductor whose train was full, and to whom he had suggested that the road was doing a fine business. The conductor was astonished at his simplicity, and stated that the passengers were half "dead heads." There were "dead heads" in the church with hearts of stone—he did not know if there were any in Ottawa—who when they gave a dollar, it was at the importunity of the ladies, and who clung to it affectionately as if they were parting with it for life. It was a rule in all societies for the wealthier to give to their poorer brethren. How much more so should it be in a society where all acknowledged one God, one faith and one baptism. Referring to the offertory, he said all should listen to the sentences read when it was being taken, and feel them as minute guns to their consciences, and God would do the rest. It was a fixed rule, that they who preached the Gospel should live by the Gospel, but they could not preach unless they were sent. He wished the offertory could be dispensed with, and system adopted. We gave a 7th of time, why should not a certain portion of income be given? All other things in heaven and earth had system, and why should not religious offerings? They had now been told the wants of the Diocese, they knew their duty, and would be judged hereafter according to their works. Christ had said—and in saying it there was no question of orthodoxy or heterodoxy, but of conduct—in that last final scene, "inasmuch as ye did it," &c. He considered it a disgrace to take £550 from people poorer than ourselves, and had asked for a $20,000 in the Diocese to form a fund to take its place. Already there were $15,000 invested. One gentleman in Ottawa had given £100, and that was the only subscription received in this city. Would not more of them like to take stock in the fund? Those who had borne, and were bearing the heat and burthen of the day in the poorer district should be supported and encouraged.

On concluding his eloquent and interesting statement of the position of the Board, His Lordship was warmly applauded.

A collection was then taken up, which must have been a liberal one, for besides the contributions of our wealthy citizens, there was many a little soft gloved hand crimpled its Provincial note, and one so near as to make the argent flush on our too modest sixpence!

The chairman then introduced

The Rev. Mr. Johnson, who said he would not make a speech—at least not a long one—for which the audience would thank him. He had, however, one remark to make, and that was that all our meetings should have a religious character. He pictured the great joy there would be among the angels in Heaven if they were permitted to occupy our position, and bear the Gospel to those destitute of its knowledge, as was shown by the joy with which the glad tidings of the birth of Jesus had been announced nearly two thousand years ago. He spoke of the awful responsibility resting upon those who stood in the place of the Apostles whom Christ himself had commissioned to preach the Gospel, and urged fuller recognition of the Holy Spirit in the work. The church was merely the machinery—an inanimate skeleton unless breathed upon from above. The rev. gentleman's eloquent remarks were listened to with deep attention.

Wm. Spragge, Esq., then came forward, and said he had been honoured with a request to propose a resolution of thanks to His Excellency, for his kindness in honouring the audience by presiding that evening, and hoped it would have the effect by the example offered of inducing more of those holding high positions to take an interest in such matters.

The Lord Bishop in a few pointed remarks said he had great pleasure in seconding the motion, which was enthusiastically received.

His Excellency begged to acknowledge the compliment paid him. When asked to be present he had felt it to be his duty to do so. In other Colonies in which it had been his lot to reside, it had been usual. He was glad to see so many present, showing that they were willing to do their duty. The highest forms of charity imbued us with a spirit of toleration, and he was willing to give to others all he claimed for himself. He had come there to endeavour to do what the Bishop had said he had done, some good. He had seen a copy of the Report of the Board, and the results recorded were very encouraging, showing that the people of the Diocese, as they increased in wealth, were willing to extend their aid to the Church. He referred to a part of the report where a sum subscribed was afterwards increased $3, the product of a single apple tree, which had been set apart for the purpose. This illustrated the correct principle that something should be set apart for the cause of religion, and held sacred for that purpose. The Bishop of New South Wales had said that some twelve shillings from each member of the congregations under his charge would be amply sufficient for the support of the Church, and the numbers in the congregations here were much larger. It was much better that the funds of the Church should be made up of a vast number of small sums than that the same amount should be given by two or three out of their surperfluous wealth, as it showed greater and widely extended sympathy. He wished the Church and those who laboured in it every success. Whatever might occur he had confidence in the future of the Church of England and Ireland. When its fortunes were all in the hands of its members they could not be charged with trafficking, as State churches always were. Such accusations cramped their energies, and did them more injury than all the fires of persecution had ever done.

His Excellency's remarks, thus briefly given, were received with great applause.

The benediction was then pronounced by the Bishop, and His Excellency, after a few words with the ladies and gentlemen around him, retired, and one of the pleasantest meetings ever held in the city was brought to a close.

—The coloured soldiers who were in jail in Kansas, charged with murder, were taken out by a vigilance committee a few nights ago and hanged.

The Montreal Tea Company: It is pretty clear that when an individual or a firm makes a speciality of a particular trade—in other words—turn all resources and energies in one direction, then we find profits reduced and excellence secured. This has been the case in respect to the operations of the Company named. The qualities of Tea supplied are the best in the country, and by reference to the advertisement, it will be seen that, in price also, an inducement to patronage is offered the public.—*Woodstock Times.*

A large consignment of the Montreal Tea Company's pure teas have been received by the undersigned. There is no paint, dye, or black lead used in these teas to make them look well. Boxes, 12 lbs. and upwards. See advertisement for list of prices.

Joseph Mooney,
Russell House Block.

LOCAL NEWS.

Personal.—Mr. Hart, of the firm of Devany & Co., Montreal, arrived in town yesterday.

Protestant Orphans' Home.—The annual meeting of the Corporation of the Protestant Orphans' Home takes place to-day at 2 o'clock, p.m. An adjourned preliminary meeting will be held to-day at 12 o'clock noon.

Alarms of Fire.—Two alarms of fire were sounded last evening; the first was said to be the chimney of the officers' quarters, Parliament Hill, and the second a fire on Ashburnham Hill. The fire companies turned out on both occasions without being required to do anything. So much the better.

Removal.—Messrs. A. O. Audy & Co. have removed their office and sample rooms to the east side of Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, where they will still keep on hand the choicest assortments of teas and coffees, which they sell in 15 lb. and 10 lb. boxes at prices far below the rates demanded by general retail grocery establishments. Call and give them a trial.

Correction.—From the fact of the penmark being drawn through the letter c, and over the figure 1 in the last line of the comparative statement in the Mayor's inaugural, published by us yesterday, an error was inadvertently made. The line should have read "It would take 1c. and 97-100ths of a c. on the $ on the valuation of 1868, say $1,550,639, to realize the amount of taxes raised in 1866, say $89,647.58."

Death of Mr. Robert Litle.—Mr. Robert Litle, who was injured by being knocked down by a horse at the trotting match on Saturday afternoon last, lingered on in great agony until yesterday morning when he breathed his last. It was reported in the evening before his death that he appeared to rally, and some of his friends thought there were grounds to hope that he would recover. This is a melancholy event, and deeply mourned by his family and friends. The deceased was fifty years of age.

Ottawa Bible Society Anniversary.—The Ottawa Auxiliary Bible Society will hold their anniversary this evening in the Wesleyan church, Metcalfe-st., when a report of the society's proceedings will be presented. Some account will also be given of the Parent British and Foreign Bible Society's operations throughout the world. The Ottawa Auxiliary Society have taken into the field of their labours nearly the whole extent of the great valley of the Ottawa, of which interesting descriptions will be given. The meeting will be addressed by several eloquent speakers, lay and clerical, of the several religious denominations. This will probably be one of the most important religious meetings of the year, and no doubt will be numerously attended.

Police Court.—Robert Bradley was charged with having been found drunk and disorderly in the public streets. He said it was the first time, and he hoped the magistrate would let him go this time, for he had a large family to support, and he had some work to do immediately. He was fined $2 and costs, or go to jail for one week, but was allowed some time to pay it in. Robert seemed very much surprised to find that $2 and costs in Police Court language, meant $5 75.

John Weathers, same offence, and same fine. He was found on Ottawa-st. demanding admission into some house, and threatening to break the windows if refused.

Mathew Gilmour failed to appear in answer to a summons for creating a disturbance, and a warrant was issued for his apprehension.

The Sepoy Rebellion.—A lecture was delivered on this subject last evening in the Wesleyan Church, Metcalfe-st., by the Rev. Dr. Butler, of Boston. The audience was a very respectable one, though in numbers it fell short of what might have been expected. The Rev. Mr. Harper was in the chair, and on the platform were the Revs. Messrs. Gordon and Gavin, and Messrs. Johnson and LeSueur. The Rev. Mr. Harper in introducing the lecturer said Dr. Butler had been for ten years Superintendent of Missions in India. The doctor's reminiscences of India were given in a fresh and familiar style, without any laboured effort, and his manner of relating the thrilling incidents of treachery and tragedy, much of which had come under his own personal observation, was well received by the audience. He commenced with drawing a very graphic picture of the magnificent palace, and the personal appearance of the great Mogul, the former of which he had in a brief space afterwards seen despoiled of its splendour, converted into a cholera hospital, and its owner in chains, to be tried for his life by a court of British officers. The lecturer said he was surprised to find many people labouring under the impression that India was but one country, and its inhabitants a homogeneous people, and took occasion to disabuse their minds of such an opinion by giving a statement of the various peoples of different religions that inhabited that vast region. He described the manner in which the rebellion commenced, as it is generally understood, but gave many incidents of the secret means by which it was brought about. One, in particular, was the conveying intelligence and spreading disaffection by the wandering saints or fakirs, of whom he gave an inimitable and unsavoury description. The rev. gentleman became quite eloquent in describing the great work which England had undertaken in subduing and bringing back from rebellion to British subjection two hundred millions of people who hated them, not because they were British, but because they were Christians! He showed how the Hindoos had been led into rebellion by the Mohammedans, and how the former had been brought to learn that the latter were their worst enemies. Nanah Sahib's treachery and inhuman barbarity were painted in colours befitting a demon, and all the horrors of Cawnpore were told again with a harrowing minuteness of description, which none but one familiar with the scenes could give. The lecturer said he had found many American editors and others on his side of the line, who condemned the blowing of the rebel Sepoys from the guns; but he had succeeded in convincing them that it was the only means of deterring others who were ready to join the rebels in an indiscriminate massacre of the Christians; but this so worked upon their fears of having their future welfare destroyed by such means that they returned to their allegiance. There are many incidents which we should like to record, but the press of other matter precludes the possibility of giving an extended report of the lecture. This, however, is the less to be regretted as the leading facts are already matter of history. The rev. doctor kept the attention of his audience rivetted to the subject for over two hours, and was frequently applauded.

Carpets and House Furnishings.—Parties about to furnish will find a large and choice assortment of carpetings and house furnishings, cheap, at Garland, Mutchmor & Co's. Carpets made and laid with despatch.

DIED.

In this city, on the 19th January, 1869, Robert Little, aged 50 years.

The funeral will take place from Mr. Robert Elliott's, York-st., on Wednesday, 20th inst., at 3 o'clock, p m., to the place of interment. Friends and acquaintances are requested to attend without further notice.

OTTAWA AND GLOUCESTER ROAD COMPANY.

Notice is hereby given that

THE DIRECTORS

Of the Ottawa and Gloucester Road Company

have this day made a further

CALL OF TEN PER CENT.

on the additional capital stock of the said company, which call they require the holders of such stock to pay to the undersigned at the OFFICE of W. M. MATHESON, Esq., in this city, on

Saturday, the Twentieth day of February Next.

By order,
W. H. FALLS,
Sec.-Treas.

Dated this 19th January, 1869. 952td

Boots & Shoes.

ANGUS & HUCKELL'S

CLEARING SALE

OF

BOOTS, SHOES AND RUBBERS,

No. 15, Sussex-st.

ANGUS & HUCKELL are selling out their entire stock of BOOTS, SHOES, RUBBERS, &c., at a tremendous sacrifice.

GO TO ANGUS & HUCKELL'S Clearing Sale, and get a pair of good PRUNELLA BOOTS, and a pair of RUBBERS for $1.50.

YOU can get a pair of Men's Cloth Rubber OVERSHOES for 75 cents, at ANGUS & HUCKELL'S Clearing Sale.

WOMEN'S RUBBERS, 50 cents; and MEN'S, 65 cents, during the Clearing Sale.

GO EARLY and secure bargains.

NOW is the time to purchase BOOTS and SHOES, as they are being sold under cost at ANGUS & HUCKELL'S Clearing Sale.

NO one need be without BOOTS when they are sold so cheap at ANGUS & HUCKELL'S Clearing Sale.

A CLEAR saving of money by buying Boots during the Clearing Sale at ANGUS & HUCKELL'S.

ENORMOUS reductions on all CLOTH and FELT GOODS as they must all be sold out without reserve.

GO and see for yourselves.

Auction Sale.

I. B. Tackaberry, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE OF

$10,000 WORTH OF PROPERTY.

A RARE CHANCE FOR PARTIES WISHING TO RE-FURNISH.

I. B. TACKABERRY, City Auctioneer, has been favoured with instructions from Messrs. Buck & Sanger, proprietors of the Revere House, to sell on the premises, commencing

ON TUESDAY, 19TH JANUARY,

at 10 o'clock, a.m., and continuing each day, the whole of the Household Furniture and Fixtures of that recent and elegantly furnished house, including Parlor, Drawing Room, Bed Room, Kitchen, Office, Bar and Hall Furniture, consisting in part as follows:

Handsome Mahogany Tables—Marble Top,—Sofas, Lounges, and Chairs to match, with Hair Cloth Covers, large and superb Cut Glass Mirrors, with Marble Stands; Wardrobes, two very fine toned Pianos and Music Stools, Pictures, Damask and Muslin Window Curtains, with Cornices, Brussels and Tapestry Hall, Stair and

ves' & Hardware.

E & KERR,

No. 25 RIDEAU-ST.,
Gas and Steam Fitters, Tin
Copper Smiths, Bell Hang
&c., &c.

ck of materials for the above branches
constantly on hand.
e of-

FURNISHING HARDWARE

S: STOVES:

STOVES!

Gipsy, Parlour and Cook Stoves, in great
r Eaton's Patent Automatic, Self-Ven-
ood and Coal Stoves. Also Beecher &
ates'

T AIR FURNACES.

lic and Private Buildings, Conservato-
ies, Manufactories, &c., warmed by
Water, or Warm Air, on the latest and
ved principles.

S, SKATES, SKATES,

AT THE

THE ANVIL, No. 24, RIDEAU-ST.,
can get a complete assortment of
all sizes, and at any price to suit pur-
m 25 cents to $3.50 per pair. In the
will be found

The celebrated Sheffield Club,
" " Canadian Favorite,
" " Central Park do
l other English and German Patterns.
ee Straps, all patterns, &c., &c.
eneral assortment of

& HEAVY HARDWARE,

consisting in part of
ERAL HOUSE FURNISHING,
ives, Knives and Forks,
ocket Knives, Table Spoons,
Tea Spoons, Tea Trays, Table Mats,
s, Locks,
atches, Latches,
es, Saws, Planes, Squares,
Hammers, Spokeshaves, Gouges,
Chisels, Augers, Auger Bits,
Bevels,
vels, Boring Machines,
Draw Knives, &c., &c., &c.

ith
AINT OF ALL COLORS,
Burnt Umber,
de Sienna, Chrome Yellow,
low Ochre, Celestial Blue,
Paris Green, Brunswick Green,
Magnesia Green, Venetian Red,
White Lead, in oil or dry,
lack, Ivory Black,
amp Black, Boiled Oil,
Raw Oil, Turpentine,
Benzole, Coal Oil,
Paint Brushes,
Varnishes, &c.

THOS. BIRKETT,
Sign of the Anvil,
No. 24, Rideau-st.

ll goods delivered free to any part of the city

E! S. SURE! S. SUCCESSFUL.

he character given of every stove sold
past year at the

PAL " STOVE DEPOT,
35 Sussex-street, Ottawa,
H. MEADOWS & CO.

to notify the public that our stock for
is now complete; our

STOVES,

latest and most improved patterns, and
xtensive assortment shown in Ottawa.
STOVES, of the good old-fashioned
kind,
STOVES, of the latest and most modern
designs,
STOVES, for elegance of design cannot
be surpassed.
ALL STOVES, that are unrivalled for
heating purposes,
STOVES, the best in use,
STOVES, large and extra strong made,
for Hotel and Boarding Houses, complete
Copper Water Reservoirs and Plate
We call special attention of Hotel
to these stoves, they will last as long as
ilinary stoves. See them and judge for
Price lists sent free on application.

G STOVES, DOUBLE STOVES,
OVES, HOTEL STOVES,
STOVES, COAL STOVES,
M STOVES, DUMB STOVES,
PES! ELBOWS! STOVEPIPES
mon, Bright and Russia Iron,
ting in the Tin, Sheet Iron and Copper
on hand or made to order.
Furnaces, Eave Troughs, Building Job
d Repairs attended to punctually. We
but the best and most experienced me

SE FURNISHING GOODS,
description in stock, suitable for the
family, or the largest hotel.
OU GOING TO BE MARRIED!
and see our large assortment of necessary
ping Goods, suitable for Kitchen, Dining
any room in your house.
MAN, see that your house is well furnished
t articles before you spend your money
owy ornamental things.

BEDSTEADS, LAMPS,
COAL OIL SAUCEPANS,
d Enamelled Kettles, Tinware, Toilet
s, Flour Sieves, Brushes, Dish Covers,
s, Sad Irons, Table Cutlery, Tea and
oons, Preserve Jars, Mincing Knives,
s and Boards, Refrigerators, Egg Beat-
r Stands, Ash Pails, Table Bells, Tea
s and Coffee Pots, Soup Tureens, Jelly
ng Moulds, &c., &c., &c., &c.
COUNTRY MERCHANTS
with
OVEPIPES AND TINWARE,
At reduced figures.

KETTLES, SHANTY PLATES,
AND BASINS,

GES! BIRDCAGES! BIRD CAGES
All of the above at the

TAL " STOVE DEPOT,
street, Ottawa.
H. MEADOWS & CO.

OVAL.

S. A. O. AUDY & Co. beg respectfully
their friends and the public generally
have removed their

E AND SAMPLE ROOMS,
st side of Elgin-st., opposite the Post
ce, as formerly, they will keep on hand a
varied assortment of the

EST TEAS AND COFFEES.
10 pound boxes, and upwards. Just
f chests Uncolored Japan,
do Oolong,
ts Congou,
Young Hyson,
Souchong,
ies Gunpowder.
al discount to the trade.
A. O. AUDY & CO.

"LAMPS"
FOR THE MILLION.
D. R. LEAVENS
OIL
ering at the OIL DEPOT, 73 Sussex-st.,
ription of

ELISIS,

PARLOR,

BED ROOM,

KITCHEN,

HALL AND SIDE LAMPS,

which defy competition. Who will want
re a Coal Oil Lamp, Wick and Chimney
6 for 25 cents.

A ROCK OIL,

ENNSYLVANIA ROCK OIL,

PORTLAND KEROSENE OIL,

Oil Depot, 73 Sussex-st.

Latest by Telegraph.

Per Montreal Line.

TORONTO.

ONTARIO LEGISLATURE.

2nd Session: 1st Legislative Assembly.

Special to THE TIMES.

TORONTO, January 19.

In the House to-day Mr. Macdonald introduced the Bill promised last night to grant titles for lands sold for taxes, and said he would move for a second reading to-morrow.

Mr. Blake said this was out of order. The Bill was outrageous, and members ought to have time to look into it. He would press the ruling out of order.

Hon. Mr. Macdonald let the Bill stand over.

Hon. Mr. Macdonald moved that the Tavern License Bill be referred back to a Committee of the Whole to amend it so as to make the license in cities $80; in towns $60; and in townships and villages $50.

Mr. Blake opposed it. The amendment was carried by 52 to 18.

In committee Hon. Mr. Wood moved an amendment extending the hour of closing on Saturday from 7 to 9, and allowing the opening on Monday to be 6 instead of 8 o'clock.

The amendment was vigorously opposed and the part in reference to the hour of closing on Saturday withdrawn, the rest was carried.

Mr. Fergusson moved several amendments, intended to facilitate the appeals from convictions.—All lost.

Mr. Fraser moved that the tavern licenses be limited to one for each 250 souls.

Mr. Macdonald complained of matters already discussed being again brought up.

Mr. Wood said there was an understanding with the Opposition leader that the Bill pass in its present shape.

Mr. Blake said Mr. Wood had implored him to let it pass.

Mr. Boyd said Mr. McKellar was there only to speak his followers' sentiments, and he would not submit to any man's dictation no matter what understandings were arrived at. The bottle should be labelled "poison," and the buyers name registered, so that in case of murder or death resulting from its use the seller might be punished.

Mr. Wood denied that he had canvassed anybody, and explained that his language was exaggerated by Mr. Blake.

The amendment was lost: Yeas 29; Nays 45.

Read a third time and passed.

SECOND DESPATCH.

TORONTO, January 19.

Several members of the Council yesterday presented the retiring Mayor with a handsome epergne of frosted silver, in token of their respect and appreciation of his services in the mayoralty. In the evening Mayor Harman entertained them at supper.

Last night a masquerade ball was given by a German Society. The scene presented was most humourous.

The North Waterloo Agricultural Society has passed a resolution approving of Hon. Mr. Carling's conduct in the Board of Agriculture matter, and calling for a continuance of the enquiry.

Complaints having been made that the adverse decision of the Board of Trade on the Georgian Bay Canal resulted from a packed meeting, another is called for to-morrow. There is likely to be warm work, as several now opposed to the canal signed a memorial in its favour.

In regard to the letter from Reform members, the *Globe* says that a very amusing letter, signed by nine members, appears in the *Leader*, and promises to have something to say to-morrow.

HAMILTON.

BANQUET TO A. WALSH, ESQ., M.P., AT SIMCOE.

A Great Success—Over 300 Guests Present.

Special to THE TIMES.

HAMILTON, January 19.

The banquet to A. Walsh, Esq., M.P., Chairman of the Intercolonial Commission, which was given by his constituents on Monday evening last, in the Music Hall, at Simcoe, was a splendid success, and a most gratifying endorsation of the judgment of the Government in their selection. The room was well filled—over 300 guests present—and Mr. Walsh's reception was of the most enthusiastic nature. The chair was filled by Col. Tisdale, of the 39th Norfolk Rifles, and there was present on the platform J. W. Bown, M.P., J. O'Connor, M.P., Messrs. W. White, jr., Jas. Cotton, J. Moylan, and a number of the leading gentlemen of the county, including a large proportion of Reformers. The toast of the evening was received with every demonstration of empressment, and Mr. Walsh was assured by gentlemen of both parties, and of all creeds, of their hearty satisfaction at his well merited appointment. It was a most gratifying feature of the days proceedings that its whole tone went to deprecate on both sides any factious contest of parties, and may be held to have set an emphatic seal upon the principle of mutual forbearance, which has been able to create the Government, and which can alone consolidate the Union.

MONTREAL.

Special to THE TIMES.

MONTREAL, January 19.

Dr. O'Brennan's lecture on "Irish Grievances' last night was attended by only 150 persons. The lecturer commenced in Gaelic, and finished in English, or, as he termed it the language of the oppressor. He lectures in Quebec to-morrow night.

The sacred concert in the Church of the Gesu to-night in defence of the Holy See was the greatest musical affair ever given in Montreal. Over 300 vocal and instrumental performers took part. Bishops Pinsonneault and Bourget delivered addresses. The latter leaves for Rome to-morrow.

Flour is selling at $4.85 to $5.05. The market is dull.

The Quebec Parliament will open to-morrow. Lieut.-Governor Belleau's speech will first suitably mention the appointment of Sir John Young; the happy selection of the route of the Intercolonial Railway; the action of the Provincial Government in surveying lands for settlement in that direction; and the favourable reports so far made of such surveying work done under the colonization grant of the Session; the changes of system made as to timber licences; the general advance going on as to agriculture and manufactures, with special reference to the Provincial Exhibition at Montreal; and the anticipated good results from the conferences on Immigration of the Quebec, Ontario and New Brunswick Governments, with the Federal Government. The speech will then inform the Assembly that the public accounts for the past 18 months will be promptly brought down; that the expenditure has been kept considerably within the appropriations, and has been economically and efficiently regulated; that from unavoidable circumstances arbitration has not yet taken place; that the existing uncertainty as to our permanent resources must involve delay as to the final settlement of some important matters, but that while prudence and wise economy are necessary, it is trusted that all branches of the public service may be duly provided for, and a vigorous policy adopted for the settlement of the country, and the development of its material resources. The speech will proceed to call the attention of both Houses to the project of a municipal code to the measure relative to the Crown lands, to agriculture, and colonization; to the new wooden railway project; to the general revision of the Railway Act; to the revision of the Jury Law; and of some portions of our School Law, and to other matters connected with the administration of justice and the machinery of the Government of the Province. The speech will conclude with expressions of confidence that both Houses will be animated by that loyalty and devotion to our Sovereign which has ever distinguished them; by sincere attachment to our new institutions; by anxiety to maintain harmony between all classes of our community; and earnest prayer for the blessing of Divine Providence on their labours.

PORTLAND.

Special to THE TIMES.

Arrival of the S.S. "Peruvian."

PORTLAND, ME., January 19, 1869.

The steamship *Peruvian* arrived at 7:00 this morning.

AYLMER.

The Criminal Court to be Opened on the 21st Instant.

Special to THE TIMES.

AYLMER, January 19.

The Criminal Court for the counties of Ottawa and Pontiac will sit in the British Hotel here on Thursday, the 21st instant. The Clerk of the Crown, A. Driscoll, is acting as Crown prosecutor.

CABLE NEWS.

GREAT BRITAIN.

The Anglo-Chinese Treaty.

LONDON, January 18.—The London *Times* alludes in terms of the highest praise to the treaty which has been concluded between Great Britain and China, through Mr. Burlingame, and the Chinese ambassadors.

Despatches from India report that shocks of earthquakes had been felt at Calcutta and Assam.

The *Pall Mall Gazette*, (Conservative) has an editorial this evening on the *Alabama* claims Convention. It is hoped that the English Parliament will not ratify the treaty concluded by Lord Clarendon and Mr. Johnson if the question of the recognition of the Southern Confederacy as belligerents is to be reopened.

The *Times* to-day analyzes the treaty between Great Britain and the United States for the settlement of the *Alabama* claims, and gives the following outlines of its provisions: The commission is to consist of four members, two to be appointed by England and two by the United States. The commission will hold its sessions in Washington, and its first business will be to select an umpire; failing in a choice each side will appoint an umpire, and when the Commissioners are equally divided, they shall select by lot one of the two umpires to render a final decision. One of the Sovereigns of Europe is to be elected by the commission to arbitrate points of International Law, including the question of the recognition of the Southern States as belligerents by Great Britain. Each Government is to formulate and advocate the claims of its citizens. No individual claimant will be heard before the commission. All claims must be presented within six months from the first day of the meeting of the commission, and all indemnities are to be paid within 18 months from the same day. One year is allowed for the ratification of the treaty.

The London journals of this morning concur in praising the speech of Napoleon at the opening of the French Chambers as a frank and transparent expression of his policy, and as the words of a true Frenchman, addressed to Frenchmen. The *Times* is sorry that the fabric of the State which he has raised is based on personal Government, and cannot survive its matter.

FRANCE.

Opening of the Legislative Chambers—Speech of the Emperor.

PARIS, January 18.—The Senate and Corps Legislatif assembled to-day. The session was opened by the Emperor with a speech. He said the task before the Legislature was a serious one, viz.: to conduct a Government strong enough to repress the excesses, while accepting all the benefits, of liberty. The laws making concessions to the press, and granting the right of public meetings, had the effect of preserving public order, and the fact that the recent elections resulted in favour of the Government confirmed the justice and wisdom of those concessions. The laws providing for military reorganization had given the strongest confidence to the nation, which was now ready to meet all events for the future. The armament of the forces was perfect. The arsenals were filled with supplies—the reserves were well drilled, and the reorganization of the national guard approached completion. The fleets had been re-created, and the fortifications at all important points were in good condition. The Imperial wish was realized. France was so placed as to vindicate her status in the destinies of the world. Peace had been heretofore sought, not because of weakness, but to sustain the honour of the State. The revolution in Spain had not altered the good relations of France with that country. The conference which has just terminated its session, and which would extinguish a conflict that had been imminent, was the last grand act, the importance of which all should appreciate. The members of that body had all agreed on a principle calculated to restore friendship between the Turks and the Greeks. If the firm hopes of success which they entertain should be realized, nothing would be left to trouble the general harmony of the nations. The Chambers would attend to the internal development of the country, both through its commercial and agricultural interests, and might possibly seek to bring about a reduction in the public charges. The Emperor referred to the approaching election of the Corps Legislatif, congratulated the members on the harmony which existed between the throne, the Legislature, and the people, and declared he favoured full and free discussion, when it did not touch the Constitution. That instrument was above all debate, and he exalted the benefits which it had conferred upon the country. The Emperor concluded as follows: "All Governments are liable to error. Fortune declines to smile on all enterprises, but the country knows no thought—no act of mine—which has not been given to the glory of France. It knows that I first sought to create a vigorous central administration, and then enlarge the powers of deliberative assemblies, to prove that the true support of the Government is in the independence and patriotism of the great bodies of the State. Soon the nation, in the elections, will mark the paths which all must follow, and will repeat its rejection of revolution, and its desire to found the destinies of France on the ultimate union of power and liberty."

SPAIN.

MADRID, January 19.—Complete returns have been received of the elections just concluded for members of the constituent Cortes. The result shows unmistakably that an overwhelming majority of the people of the nation are in favour of a Government monarchical in form. The cities of Seville, Barcelona, Aldcante, Saragossa, and some others, however, have been carried by the Republicans, and the strength of that party in the Cortes will be about 100 members.

MADRID, January 19.—The election returns—almost complete—have been received from all parts of the country. It can now be stated, within close approximation to the exact figures, that the constituent cortes will be composed of 300 Monarchists, 35 Republicans, and 15 Bourbonists.

TURKEY AND GREECE.

The Porte Agrees to the Resolution Passed by the Conference.

CONSTANTINOPLE, January 18.—The Sublime Porte has sent instructions to its ambassador at Paris, directing him to sign the protocol agreed to by the Conference. It is believed the Greek Government will not refuse the terms of settlement proposed by the Conference.

NEWS VIA LONDON.

LONDON, January 19.—The *Independence Belge* says the protocol adopted by the Conference of Paris begins with a preamble stating that the representatives of powers who signed the treaty of Paris have met to define certain points of International Law more precisely. The document then proceeds to declare that to encourage insurrections within, or privateering and military expeditions against, territories of a friendly State, is a violation of International Law. When the protocol has been signed by all the powers participating in the Conference it will be offered to Greece for signature. If Greece signs it the Sublime Porte will withdraw its ultimatum, if she refuses the great powers will remain neutral and permit events to take their course.

CUBA.

HAVANA, January 18.—A small army of Government officials of all classes have arrived here from Spain. Old and tried public servants, many of them native Cubans, have been discharged to make room for them. These removals have caused much public feeling.

Gen. Sturm arrived in the steamer from Mexico, and sails to-day for New York.

Count Valmazada has officially informed Gen. Dulce that he had taken possession of Bayamo, the headquarters of the insurgents, on the 16th inst. The rebels were retreating, and had set fire to and totally destroyed the town.

AMERICAN NEWS.

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES.

Arrival of the "City of Antwerp."

NEW YORK, January 18.—The steamship *City of Antwerp*, from Liverpool, arrived today.

Arrival of the Steamship "Nebraska."

NEW YORK, January 19.—The steamship *Nebraska*, from Europe, has arrived.

THIS MORNING'S DESPATCHES

Two Men Lynched.

CHICAGO, January 19.—During Saturday night one hundred armed men from Plum Creek, Fremont Co., Iowa, broke into the jail at Sydney, and took out two men, Jackson and Norton, who murdered Halloway at his hotel on Thursday night, and hung them to a tree one mile from town.

—For a choice selection of New Tapestry Brussells, Kidderminster and Imperial 3-pl Carpets, Cocoa Matting, Floor Oil Cloths, Hearth Rugs, Crumb Cloths and Door Mats; Damasks, Repps, Curtain Trimmings, Lace and Muslin Curtains, go to Magee & Russell's new Store, next door to Mr. John Leslie's, Sparks-st.

MESSRS. YOUNG & RADFORD having secured the services of first-class working jewellers in etruscan, filagree, plain, fancy and solid gold work, and having made large additions to their work shop are now better prepared to execute any orders with which they may be entrusted than heretofore. Masonic jewels, gold and silver medals, and every kind of jewellery repaired.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

Reported by Telegraph.

[*For daily report of Ottawa Markets, see Fourth Page.*]

New York Money Market.

NEW YORK, January 19.—American exchange 38⅛. Gold 135⅛.

New York Markets.

NEW YORK, January 19.—Cotton quiet and firm at 29c.—Flour dull. Receipts 6,900 barrels; sales 5,900 at $5.25 @ 6.25 for Superfine State and Western; $6.65 @ 7.20 for Common to Choice Extra Western.—Rye flour dull at $5.40 @ 7.00.—Wheat dull and drooping; sales small; several lots of White Michigan sold at $2.25 @ 2.30.—Rye—Sales of 2,500 bushels of Canada at $1.55.—Corn in fair request. Receipts 16,000 bushels; sales 43,000 bushels at 93c. @ 96c. for New Mixed Western; 96c. @ 97c. for White Western.—Barley dull. Sales 2,000 bushels $1.95.—Oats dull and nominal. Receipts 2,500 bushels; sales at 76½c. for Western in store; 78c. do. afloat.—Pork firmer and quiet at $29.25 @ 29.50 for New Mess; $26.50 @ 28.75 for Old Mess.—Lard firmer at 18c. @ 18½c. for steam; 19¼ @ 19¾ for kettle rendered.

London Money Market.

LONDON, January 19—p.m.—Consols 92¾ for both. Stocks steady. Erie 26¼; Illinois Central 93.

Liverpool Markets.

LIVERPOOL, January 19—p. m.—Cotton easy. Uplands, 11¼d; Orleans 11¼d. Market for yarns and fabrics less favourable, and causes much dullness in the cotton market.—Flour 26s. 6d. Red Wheat 9s. 7d. @ 9s. 8d.; White Wheat 11s. 6d. @ 11s. 8d. Old Corn 35s. @ 36s.; New do. 34s. @ 34s. 6d. Barley 57s. Oats 3s. 6d. Peas 44s. 6d; Pork 97s. 6d. Lard 72s.

Groceries.

For sale by the undersigned.

300 BBLS. MESS PORK.
200 BBLS. THIN MESS PORK.
500 BBLS. STRONG SUPER FLOUR.

COAL OIL.

Having been appointed by the combination their agents for

COAL OIL,

They are now prepared to sell in quantities to suit the trade, by the

BARREL OR CAR LOAD,

AT THE

LOWEST PRICES

Agents for Hiram Walker's

HIGHWINES
RYE,
PROOF, and
MONONGAHELA WHISKEYS.

Agents for

REESOR BROS. CHEESE.

Agents for John Campbell's celebrated

HAMS,
BACON, &c.

C. T. BATE & CO.,
Canal Basin.

Ottawa, Dec. 12, 1868.

GENERAL NOTICE!

TO FARMERS & OTHERS INTERESTED.

We beg to announce that our large sale of

BANKRUPT GOODS

will close in 20 days, having nearly cleared out our stock, and we take this opportunity of thanking our patrons.

Our stock consists of

Stoves of every Size, Pattern or Style,

and we guarantee to suit in price; also,

Tinware,
Lamps,
Oils,
Lamp Trimmings,
Brushes,
Wire Goods,
Japanned Ware,

and General House Furnishings.

Farmers, we have the Stoves for you at astounding prices.

ESMONDE BROS.,
Centre Town, opp. Ontario Bank.

Wholesale & Retail.

JUST RECEIVED,

NEW PATTERNS IN CROSLEY'S

TAPESTRY CARPETS.

Remnants of CARPETS of all kinds, the accumulation four years, will be sold cheap previous taking.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

COTTON GOODS.

MAGEE & RUSSELL

Have brought forward from the wholesale department

150 PIECES ASSORTED PRINTS,
125 " BLEACHED SHIRTING,
200 " GREY COTTON,

and arranged them on the Centre Tables, where they will be offered at wholesale prices by the piece, during the remainder of this month.

They would also remark that "COTTON GOODS" are slightly higher priced in England, than what they were when the above were purchased.

Customers would be consulting their own interests by taking advantage of the above sale, the reductions being 2, 2½ and 3 cents per yard.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

PATTERN JACKETS.

The balance of our

FRENCH PATTERN JACKETS,

have been still further reduced in price. A few very rich ones yet to dispose of.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

Jewellery, &c.

FOR

CHRISTMAS AND NEW YEAR'S

PRESENTS,

IN GOLD & SILVER WATCHES,

GO TO YOUNG & RADFORD'S,

30 Sparks-st.

FOR

CHRISTMAS AND NEW YEAR'S

PRESENTS,

GOLD CHAINS & FINE JEWELLERY,

GO TO YOUNG & RADFORD'S.

FOR

CHRISTMAS AND NEW YEAR'S

PRESENTS,

IN PLATED WARE,

GO TO YOUNG & RADFORD'S.

FOR

CHRISTMAS AND NEW YEAR'S

PRESENTS,

IN FANCY GOODS,

SUITABLE FOR THE SEASON,

GO TO YOUNG & RADFORD'S.

PARTIES WANTING WORK

SUITABLE FOR PRESENTATIONS

FOR CHRISTMAS OR NEW YEAR,

Will find it to their advantage to

GO TO YOUNG & RADFORD'S,

30 Sparks-st.

Garland, Mutchmor & Co

X MAS DRY GOODS.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.,

IMPORTERS, 20 SPARKS-ST.,

Have received, ex various ocean steamers, large additions to their extensive stock of

STAPLE & FANCY DRY GOODS,

MILLINERY,

Carpetings and House Furnishings,

and are now shewing a large and well assorted stock in every department. They invite special attention to the following:

RICH FANCY SILKS,

RICH FANCY DRESSES,

suitable for street and evening wear,

RICH BALL DRESSES,

GOOD ABERDEEN WINCIES,

at a little over half last year's prices. Good cheap useful dresses for all classes in all the new materials.

CLOTHS,
TWEEDS,
BLANKETS,
FLANNELS,
SHEETINGS,
COTTONS,
PRINTS, Etc.,

all in great variety cheap.

LACES,
RIBBONS,
TRIMMINGS,
GLOVES,
HOSIERY,

Black Silk Mantle Velvets,
Black and Brown Velveteens,
Black and Brown Sealskins,
Black and Brown Astricans,
Coloured Jasper Sealskins,
White and Fancy Mantle Cloths.

MANTLES,

in great variety, in all the new materials an shapes.

SHAWLS,
BONNETS,
HATS,
LADIES' CAPS,
HEAD DRESSES,
FLOWERS,
FEATHERS,
BRIDAL WREATHS.

Great novelty in Skirts—the

NEW PATENT FELT SKIRT,

Plain and embroidered, all in once piece; warm lighter, better fitting and cheaper than any other skirts. Just opened

One Case Plain Glasgow Wincies.

Two cases latest styles in Clouds and other Woollen Goods.

Wholesale and Retail.

Stationery.

NEW GOODS.

Just received, ex steamship *St. David*, a large importation of the best British manufactured

STAPLE STATIONERY,

IN

LETTER PAPERS,
NOTE PAPERS,
ENVELOPES,
FOOLSCAPS,
FOLIO POSTS,
RECORD PAPERS,
TINTED BLOTTING PAPERS,
MUSIC PAPER,
&c., &c., &c.

For sale at

THE OTTAWA CITIZEN
Stationery and Printing House,
Rideau-st., Ottawa.

Groceries.

THE TEA POT LIST.

In Cases, Hhd. and ¼ Casks,

HENNESSEY'S BRANDY,
MARTELL'S do
OTARD, DUPEY & Co., do
JULES, ROBIN & Co., do
CASTILLION & Co., do.

In Bottle or Wood,

GRAHAM'S EXTRA OLD PORT,
GRAHAM'S THREE GRAPE,
SANDEMAN'S CHOICE OLD PORT,
McKENZIE'S Pure Golden SHERRY,
DUNN'S BROWN, do
CHOICE PALE, do.

THE

FINEST BALTIMORE OYSTERS,

Received daily, by Express.

CHIPPAWA pure old RYE WHISKEY
Four years old, equal to any French Brandy.

CHIPPAWA TODDY WHISKEY,
Four years old, equal to Scotch.

CHIPPAWA FAMILY PROOF.

J. G. ROBINSON & CO.,
The Tea Pot, Ottawa.

Ottawa, Dec. 16, 1868.

ON SALE,

GOODERHAM & WORTS'

RECTIFIED SPIRITS.

100 BBLS. CELEBRATED OLD RYE,
100 do HIGHWINES, 50 O.P.
100 do ALCOHOL, 65 O.P.

The trade supplied at manufacturers' prices.

REDPATH'S EXTRA GOLDEN SYRUP
REDPATH'S STANDARD do
NEW YORK HOUSE SYRUP,
100 BBLS. WEST INDIA MOLASSES.
500 CHESTS UNCOLORED JAPAN TEA.
100 CADDIES ORANGE PEKOE
150 CHESTS TWANKAY.
200 CADDIES BRIGHT SOL TOBACCO.
100 BOXES TOBACCO, 10s.
500 BARRELS EXTRA SUPERIOR FLOUR.
300 BBLS. MESS PORK, to arrive.

J. G. ROBINSON & Co.

December 16, 1868. 926.3m

OTTAWA MARKETS.

[Compiled expressly for the OTTAWA TIMES.]

Times Office, Ottawa, Jan. 20, 1869.

There was quite a fair market yesterday.

Pork was offered in large quantities, and a middling supply of **Beef**.

Poultry and **Eggs** remain the same in prices with small quantities offering.

Potatoes were rather scarce at former prices.

Hay and **Wood** were brought in in large quantities, and remain at last quotations.

FLOUR—Extra	6 50	@	6 75
No. 1	5 25	@	5 50
No. 2			none.
Bags—Fall per 100 lbs	3 25	@	3 37½
" Spring "	2 62½	@	2 75
Oatmeal—per 200 lbs	7 00	@	7 25
Indian Meal "	4 00	@	0 00
Rye—per bushel 56 lbs	0 85	@	0 90
Barley " 48 lbs	0 90	@	0 00
Buckwheat Flour	4 00	@	4 50
WHEAT—Fall—per bushel, 60 lbs	1 25	@	1 30
Spring " "	1 20	@	1 25
CORN—Per bushel, 56 lbs	0 85	@	0 90
Peas " 60 lbs	0 90	@	0 00
Oats " 34 lbs	0 61	@	0 63
Beans " 60 lbs	1 80	@	0 00
PORK—Mess—per barrel	24 50	@	25 00
Prime Mess per do	23 50	@	24 00
Prime			none.
Pork (fresh)	8 50	@	10 00
Hams	0 15	@	0 17
Beef per 100 lbs	6 50	@	7 00
Mutton—per lb	0 5	@	0 06
Geese—Each	0 50	@	0 60
Ducks	0 50	@	0 60
Turkeys—Each	1 00	@	2 00
Poultry—Per pair	0 50	@	0 60
BUTTER—Choice Table	0 25	@	0 00
No. 1 Firkin	0 22	@	0 24
No. 2	0 00	@	0 00
Eggs	0 22	@	0 25
Apples—per brl	0 00	@	4 50
VEGETABLES, &c.—Potatoes	0 38	@	0 40
HAY—Per ton	18 00	@	22 00
WOOD—Per cord (cubic measure)	3 25	@	0 00
Mixed Wood	3 00	@	0 00
Tamarac	2 00	@	0 00
Soft Wood	2 00	@	0 00

DEATH OF MR. JAMES CHALMERS, C. E., FORMERLY OF MONTREAL.—This gentleman, the well known inventor of "The Chalmers Target," and the projector of several other highly important schemes of an engineering kind, died in London, on the morning of Saturday, at the age of fifty-four. He was a native of Perthshire, and possessed a vigorous and highly inventive mind, with a decided bias towards mechanical contrivances of a very bold and vigorous kind. His system of war-ship defences tried at Shoeburyness in 1863 is now making the tour of maritime Europe as decidedly the best yet devised. It has been with some slight modifications adopted in our navy; and the late Government, in view of further testing its merits, had ordered another specimen target on the Chalmers type to be constructed, doubtless with the intention of its more extensive use should it pass through a second ordeal of artillery trials as successfully as the first. Mr. Chalmers resided a good many years in America, in various parts, and was full of information on all matters connected with the countries or localities in which he had sojourned for periods. His remarks were always weighed with good sense and a penetrating intelligence, arising from the independent use of his singularly close powers of observation. If in early life he had possessed the facilities of a good literary and scientific education, there could have been little doubt of his rising to great eminence in his chosen calling of engineer. Notwithstanding the disadvantages under which he laboured in this respect, he contributed a number of excellent papers to the scientific journals of the country, and wrote several pamphlets on the engineering matters in which he was interested, all in a lucid and vigorous style of exposition. To solve his "Indian Problem" in chess, which has baffled some of the keenest adepts in that scientific game, to acquire for his own use the art of mechanical drawing, so as to be on a par with people who have devoted their lives to that study; or to master for his occasional use a colloquial knowledge of the French language, were matters of easy accomplishment to this remarkable man. He was a person of equable and genial temper, a kind and faithful friend, and in his domestic life a loving husband and father. He has left a widow—who is a native of Glasgow—and two daughters and two sons to mourn his death.—*North British Mail.*

—The Kentish papers report that an extraordinary character has been captured in a lonely shed at Egerton, in the person of Frederick Naasch, a Belgian soldier, who for some months has been wandering about the Weald of Kent, clothed in rags, and living on roots, berries, and offal. His appearance when apprehended was grotesque in the extreme. The article which did the duty of a coat consisted of patches of old rags quilted over and over again, in many places to the thickness of an inch. His nether clothing was of the same description. He was barefooted, and carried a quantity of fowls' legs, some putrid flesh, and pieces of fish in a pair of worn shoes which he had under his arm. One good habit he retained, for a piece of soap was found upon him when apprehended. He was sentenced by the Ashford magistrates to ten days' imprisonment, but was too ill to be removed. The Belgian consul at Dover has been communicated with, and the poor fellow will be received by that gentleman and sent on to Ostend as soon as he can be removed.

—The Kingston (N.Y.) *Argus* says that a post office official, while on a tour of inspection among the post offices in that county, recently came to a settlement, and on inquiring for the postmaster at his house, was informed by his wife that he was at work in the field. He was shortly found, and upon inquiring for the post office, the farmer took from his hat several letters. This office is located at Turnwood, in that county, and was the only portable office the official saw in his travels. The same paper says that at one of the county offices the postmaster, not being able to sell the requisite number of postage stamps to increase his salary by the use of ordinary means, resorted to strategy to accomplish that result. He bought a number of new books and paid for them in postage stamps, thus selling enough of them to raise his salary to the extraordinary sum of $25.

BRIGHAM YOUNG'S TELEGRAPH.—Brigham Young has telegraph wires leading to his office and connecting with every hamlet in Utah, a line 500 miles long. Every settlement of half a dozen houses has a telegraph office, with female Saint operators, and in charge of a bishop of the Mormon Church, who can report at any time all that takes place to Young. From his private office in Salt Lake City, like the watchman in the fire telegraph, Brigham may give an order or ring an alarm from Idaho to New Mexico.

—The Goderich *Signal* says the weather there is quite extraordinary for the time of the year. Ordinarily by the middle of January the lake is frozen over as far as the eye can reach, but at this present moment both it and the river are quite clear. Such a state of things is quite rare indeed.

DOMINION Telegraph Company!

Capital Stock.....$500,000,

IN 10,000 SHARES AT $50 EACH.

President, HON. WM. CAYLEY.

Treasurer, HON. J. McMURRICH.

Secretary, H. B. REEVE.

Counsel, MESSRS. CAMERON & McMICHAEL.

General Superintendent, MARTIN RYAN.

DIRECTORS.

HON. J. McMURRICH—Bryce, McMurrich & Co., Toronto.
A. R. McMASTER Esq.—A. R. McMaster & Brother, Toronto.
HON. M. C. CAMERON,—Provincial Secretary, Toronto.
JAMES MICHIE, Esq.,—Fulton, Michie & Co., and Geo. Michie & Co., Toronto.
HON. WM. CAYLEY,—Toronto.
A. M. SMITH, Esq.,—A. M. Smith & Co., Toronto.
L. MOFFATT, Esq.,—Moffatt, Murray & Co., Toronto.
H. B. REEVE, Esq.,—Toronto.
MARTIN RYAN, Esq.,—Toronto.

PROSPECTUS.

THE DOMINION TELEGRAPH COMPANY has been organized under the Act respecting Telegraph Companies, chapter 67 of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada. Its object is to cover the Dominion of Canada with a complete net-work of Telegraph lines.

THE CAPITAL STOCK

Is $500,000, divided into 10,000 shares of $50 each, 5 per cent to be paid at the time of subscribing, the balance to be paid by instalments, not exceeding 10 per cent per month—said instalments to be called in as the works progress.

THE BUSINESS AFFAIRS OF THE COMPANY

are under the management of a Board of Directors annually elected by the shareholders in conformity with the Charter and By-laws of the Company.

The Directors are of opinion that it would be to the interest of the Stockholders generally to obtain subscriptions from all quarters of Canada, and with this view they propose to divide the Stock amongst the different towns and cities throughout the Dominion in allotments suited to the population and business occupations of the different localities and the interest which they may be supposed to take in such an enterprise.

CONTRACTS OF CONNECTIONS.

A contract, granting permanent connection and extraordinary advantages, has already been executed, between this Company and the Atlantic and Pacific Company of New York; thus, at the very commencement, as the Lines of this Company are constructed from the Suspension Bridge, at Clifton (the point of connection) to any point in the Dominion, all the chief cities and places in the States, touched by the Lines of the Atlantic and Pacific Telegraph Company, are brought in immediate connection therewith.

A permanent connection has also been secured with the Great Western Telegraph Company of Chicago, whereby this Company will be brought into close connection with all the Lake Ports and other places through the North Western States, and through to California.

All classes of Society are interested in extending the use of the Telegraph, at LOW RATES, and the Directors are satisfied, that the adoption of a scale of charges considerably below the rates now exacted in Canada, will by encouraging a much more extended use of this medium of communication, not only prove a real and substantial benefit to the public generally; but will also ensure a safe and profitable return to the Investor.

On the 25th day of June, A.D., 1868, the DOMINION TELEGRAPH COMPANY was duly CHARTERED according to law.

The admitted importance and value of Telegraphy, would, in the opinion of the Directors, have rendered any introduction of the Dominion Telegraph Company to the Canadian public unnecessary had it not been that previous attempts to establish Telegraph Companies in Canada, to share the business with the Montreal Company, had been allowed to fall through.

The success of a Telegraph Company will mainly depend on its ability to meet the demands of the public, and consequently it should possess, at least, equal facilities with any other Company, of access to all quarters with which its customers may desire to have communication.

This important requisite has not been, until now, within the reach of any Company entering the field as a competitor with the Montreal Company, in consequence of the close and exclusive connection formed between that Company and the Western Union Company, of the United States, the latter by virtue of certain patents, having until within these two years, monopolized nearly the whole of the telegraph business of the neighbouring republic.

The business relations between these two Companies continue in full force, but the patents having run out, the monopoly so long enjoyed by the Western Union has ceased to exist.

The Atlantic and Pacific, the Great Western, and other American Companies have invaded the field, and have become successful competitors for the public patronage and support. These Companies, acting on the cheap postage principle, have forced the old monopolist to a reduction of rates, which has resulted in a more widely extended use of this means of communication, and much to the surprise of the Western Union itself, has increased its profits, whilst sharing its field of operations.

With these new Companies the Dominion Telegraph Company of Canada have entered into most satisfactory business relations, and confident of the soundness of the principle which led to the adoption of the penny-postage system in Great Britain, the voluntary reduction from $100 to $16 65 per ten word message by the Ocean Cable Company, and the successful operation of the Companies recently established in the United States, invite the business and mercantile community of Canada to join them in the promotion of an enterprise, based on the principle of moderate rates and extended business which, while injuring no one, they confidently expect will result in securing a large return to the investor, and prove a vast benefit to the community.

Allusion has been made to the voluntary reduction of rates by the Atlantic Cable Company. A Chicago paper, writing on the subject of the growing use of the Telegraph, gives the following return as obtained directly from Cyrus W. Field, showing very conclusively the benefit both to the public and the Company of the reduction of rates.

AVERAGE DAILY RECEIPTS.

From $100 per message of ten words		$2,525
do 50	do do	2,895
do 25	do do	3,965

An advertisement has recently appeared announcing to the public that the rates from 1st September, proximo, will be further reduced to $16.65 per ten words.

The following table shows the reduction which has been effected in rates in the neighboring States arising out of the construction of competing lines:—

From New York to	*Former Rate.*	*Present Rate.*
Boston	$ 60	$ 30
Bangor	1 20	65
Portland	90	50
Philadelphia	40	25
Baltimore	75	35
Washington	75	40
Augusta, Me.	1 20	60
Cincinnati	1 90	1 00
Buffalo	75	50
Cleveland	1 95	1 00
Pittsburgh	1 15	45
Louisville	1 90	1 00

This reduction took place in November, 1867. A comparison of the receipts of the Western Union since that period with the corresponding months of the previous year gives the following results:—

Gross Receipts for

December, 1866	$ 551,921 40;	December, 1867	$576,135 19; Increase $ 24,163 79
Jany., Feb., March, '67	1,394,644 96;	Jany., Feb., March, '68	1,727,939 55; Increase 133,294 59
April, May, June, '67,	1,559,178 79;	April, May, June, '68,	1,749,631 52; Increase 190,452 73

While these beneficial results were flowing to the Western Union Company from the reduction of rates, the new Companies had created a business more than sufficient to fill their wires. In proof of this the following extract is taken from the report of the Atlantic and Pacific Company, made July 28th, 1868:

"In April last we reached the maximum capacity of our wires, and have since been compelled to refuse business daily. The Committee, therefore, have reached the conclusion from the actual experience of building and working the present lines—that

"Telegraphic business is growing faster than Telegraphic facilities."

As further proof on this point, the low rates have so pressed the wires of both Companies with business through the day, that posters have been placed in all the main offices proclaiming that double the number of words would be telegraphed at night at the same price as half the number of words by day.

In support of the observation quoted above, that telegraphic business is growing faster than telegraphic facilities, the following statement exhibiting the wonderful increase in the use of the wire, within the last six years, cannot be without interest to our readers. The gross earnings of all telegraph lines in the United States for the following years were:—

1848	$ 4,228 77	1864	$3,792,245 40
1849	63,338 98	1865	4,420,268 88
1853	163,860 84	1866	5,624,401 20
1862	2,734,960 40	1867	7,641,552 47
1863	3,269,442 66		

Showing an average increase of a million a year for the last five years.

A comparison of the number of messages, and persons using the wire in Canada and the States, furnishes a further proof of the advantage to the public and corresponding benefit to the Companies arising out of a reduction of rates.

The published returns for 1867, show that 609,757 messages were sent in Canada, while the messages in the United States for the same period exceeded 20,000,000, the former being less than one message to every six persons, the latter, two to every three. From these returns and results it may be reasonably inferred that a reduction of rates to a tariff at which the wires of both Companies can be filled, will secure a fair field and good prospects to the Dominion Company without in any way prejudicing the interests of the Company now monopolizing the ground.

The particulars submitted above are sufficient in the opinion of the Directors to establish the fact that low rates, by encouraging a more general use of the telegraph, are more profitable than high. It is not, however, solely in the light of a safe and good investment that the Directors desire that this enterprise should be viewed. They feel that their object will be but indifferently attained unless they can satisfy the public, the business and commercial men, that all, who use the telegraph as a medium of rapid communication, are interested in the establishment of what may be called a competing line. As in the administration of public affairs, a strong, watchful opposition, is the best security for good and careful government: so in commercial matters, an honest rivalry in the various pursuits and branches of trade furnishes the best security that the public shall be well served.

To apply the argument to the purpose in hand, the following table showing the inconsistencies, and, in many instances, the excessive rates now charged on messages passing between the cities and towns of Ontario, Quebec and the United States, will, it is believed, convince the reader that an honest competition is needed, not only for the reduction and adjustment of rates, but also to ensure that attention and care which would of necessity be enforced on the Company's competing for public favor, and thus tend greatly to promote the general interests of the community.

EXAMPLE OF PRESENT TARIFF RATES, WITH DISTANCES.

	MILES.	CANADA MONEY.
From Toronto to Suspension Bridge	82	40c
Do do Montreal	333	30
Do do Mitchell, Seaforth, Bothwell, Alisa Craig, Caledonia, Chatham, Dunville, Newbury, Port Burwell, Port Colborne and many other places		40
Do do Kingston	160	25
Do do Quebec	505	50

Example at present tariff rates to Buffalo, and from thence to the following places, in U. S. currency, which reduced to Canada money at 45 per cent premium, makes the actual cost, as in second column:—

Price Collected at Toronto.	ACTUAL COST, BOTH TARIFFS.		
To New York ..... 80c.	From Toronto to Buffalo		30c
	Buffalo to New York. 50c	Reduced to Canada Money.	35c—$0 65
To Philadelphia $1 05	From Toronto to Buffalo		30c
	Buffalo to Philadelphia. 75c	Reduced to Canada Money.	52c—$0 82
To Washington $1 30	From Toronto to Buffalo		30c
	Buffalo to Washington. 90c	Reduced to Canada Money.	62c—$0 92
To Baltimore $1 20	From Toronto to Buffalo		30c
	Buffalo to Baltimore. 85c	Reduced to Canada Money.	59c—$0 89
To Chicago $1 35	From Toronto to Detroit		60c
	Detroit to Chicago. 75c	Reduced to Canada Money.	52c—$1 12
To New Orleans $3 45	From Toronto to Buffalo		30c
	Buffalo to New Orleans. $2 75c	Reduced to Canada Money.	$1 90c—$2 20

NOTE.—The same illustration may be applied to all the places in the United States. Canadians are obliged to pay a profit on the published rates.

Subscription Books will be opened at the Office of the Company, 83 King-st. east, on and after September 1st 1868.

H. B. REEVE, Secretary.

Toronto, September 29, 1868. 886tf

Commission Merchants.

DOMINION AUCTION MART, AND COMMISSION SALE ROOMS, HOUSE, LAND AND GENERAL AGENCY, OFFICE AND SALE ROOMS, INGLIS' NEW BUILDINGS, SUSSEX-ST., OTTAWA.

The subscriber respectfully announces to the inhabitants of Ottawa and surrounding country that at the request of many friends he has decided on opening an extensive and well regulated Auction Mart in this city.

From arrangements made with some of the Furniture Manufactories of Western Ontario, a large and well selected stock of new furniture will be constantly on hand.

Public Sales will be held from time to time, of which due notice will be given, and at which parties requiring to furnish will have an opportunity of purchasing at unusually low rates. The Mart is now open with a large stock of new Furniture, as well as Pianos, Harmoniums, &c., &c., consigned for sale.

The subscriber would also intimate that he is the Sole Agent for Ottawa and territory for the sale of Rappe, Webber & Co.'s celebrated grand Pianos.

They are successors to the late John C. Fox, of Kingston, and the makers of his excellent Pianos.

From their long experience in Germany, Paris, and New York, they are universally admitted to be the best Piano Manufacturers on this continent.

The high reputation of the instruments made by them for the past ten years, and the increasing demand for them in the new Dominion, prove their very superior quality, and universally acknowledged merit.

The Pianos, as well as the Furniture in the establishment, will be sold either by private sale or auction.

He would also announce that he is prepared to receive instructions from persons having household furniture, horses, carriages, or real estate, to dispose of, and pledges himself that nothing will be left undone by him to give satisfaction in discharging the trust confided to him. He hopes that by strict attention to the sales entrusted to his care, as well as by prompt settlements immediately after, to merit a share of public patronage.

He will be in his office from 7 in the morning until 7 in the evening, when he can see parties who wish to arrange about their sales. Consignments from a distance will have immediate attention.

Cash advances, when required, will be made on consignments for immediate sale.

All kinds of furniture bought, sold or exchanged.

REFERENCES.

His Lordship the Bishop of Kingston,
Hon. Sir John A. Macdonald,
Hon. H. L. Langevin, C B,
Hon. Alex. Campbell, P M G,
R. W. Scott, Esq. M P P,
Walter Shanly, Esq, M P
Max. W. Strange, Esq, M P P,
Francis H. Burton, Esq. M P
James O'Reilly, Esq, Q C,
H. V. Noel, Esq, Manager Quebec Bank, Ottawa.
Robert Lyon, Esq, M P P.

A smart young man wanted to act as travelling agent representing several firms.

J. BERMINGHAM, *Auctioneer and Commission Merchant,* House, Land and General Agent.

75 y

REMOVAL.

The subscribers beg to inform their customers and the public generally that they have removed to those spacious premises lately occupied by M. K. Dickinson, Canal Basin, and where will be found constantly on hand the following goods:

FLOUR, PORK, OATMEAL, &c.

ALSO ON HAND,

2,000 CORDS OF GOOD FIREWOOD, and 600,000 sawed SHINGLES.

Wholesale and Commission Agents.

Goods forwarded with despatch between Ottawa, Kingston and Intermediate Ports, by the Steamer *Mary Ann*, and three barges.

Silver Taken at Par.

WM. H. EASTON & CO., Forwarders and Commission Merchants, Canal Basin

For Sale or to Let.

TO LUMBERERS.—The subscriber is authorized to receive proposals for lease of the best STEAM MILL SITE on the River Ottawa, below the Chaudiere Falls. Very extensive storage for logs and piling ground. Lumber may be shipped direct from the mill.

R. H. HAYCOCK, Solicitor, Ottawa.

Dec. 19, 1868. 925d

FOR SALE, OR TO LET for a term of years, BELLEGREEN COTTAGE and GROUNDS, say two and a half acres, situate on the Bank of the Rideau River; (Ottawa-st.) The Cottage is built of brick and tin roofed, with a gallery all round. The gardens and grounds are in a high state of cultivation. Large storeroom, stables, granary, coach and ice-house, wood-sheds, &c., all in the best of order. It is one of the most healthy and comfortable residences for a private family in or about the city of Ottawa. For particulars apply to FRANCIS CLEMOW, Esq.—Office, Sparks-st., near the Russell House—or to the proprietor J. WADSWORTH.

Terms moderate. Possession given at any time to suit parties. 927tf

VALUABLE FARMS FOR SALE.—Lot 21 in the 3rd Concession, Gloucester, Ottawa Front, 200 acres, about 80 cleared and under cultivation, with comfortable Dwelling and good Barn. The bush land is principally hardwood, and very valuable from its proximity to Ottawa. Also, Lot 29, in 3rd Concession, Gloucester, Ottawa Front, containing 200 acres, 20 acres cleared. The remainder of this lot is heavily wooded with hard and soft wood. These farms will be sold separately or together as may be desired. The short distance of only 3 miles from Ottawa makes the wood of greater value. These farms are well watered, of excellent soil, and would make a fine dairy farm. Apply to the Proprietor, C. SPARROW, or to D. O'CONNOR, Solicitor, Ottawa.

Ottawa, Nov. 25, 1868. 908tf

MEMBERS OF PARLIAMENT and others visiting the Capital can be accommodated with board and apartments, single or double, at a first-class Boarding House, within five minutes' walk of the Parliament Buildings. References given if required. Apply to MRS. W. PARDY, Wellington-st., Ottawa. 905-2m

ROOMS TO LET.

MRS. SMITH, Corner of Bank and Albert-sts., can rent TWO FURNISHED BEDROOMS and a SITTING ROOM. 866tf

FOR SALE.—The Westerly one-third of Lot No. 27, in First Concession, Ottawa Front, Nepean, and Lots Nos. 26 and 28, in the same concession, at present in the occupation of Wm. T. Aylen, Esq. For further particulars apply to JOHN and WM. THOMSON, Nepean, and LEWIS & PINSEY, Barristers, Ottawa. Je2-141-tf

ORDNANCE LANDS.

Public notice is hereby given that Sales of ORDNANCE LANDS will take place at the following places in the Province of Ontario, at the dates hereinafter mentioned:

At Kingston, 29 Lots, on Wednesday, Feb. 3rd, 1869.
Toronto, 147 Lots, on Monday, Feb. 8th.
Burlington Heights, Hamilton, 33 Lots, Feb. 10th.
Amherstburgh, 4 Lots, Saturday, Feb. 13th.
London, 1 tract of land, Tuesday, Feb. 16th.
Fort Erie, 104 Lots, Friday, Feb. 19th.
Pelham Farm, Short Hills, Saturday, Feb. 20th.
Penetanguishene, 60 lots, Wednesday, Feb. 24th.

Purchasers will be allowed to pay in ten annual instalments. One to be paid at the place and time of sale, and the rest in nine equal annual payments with interest at six per cent.

Particulars as to lots, dimensions, site, &c., will be given in the local papers.

By order, E. PARENT, Under Secretary of State.

WILLIAM F. COFFIN, Ordnance Lands Agent.

Department of Secretary of State, Ottawa, 12th December, 1868. 925-2td

FLOWER BULBS.

Shipped per *Hibernian*, and to arrive in a few days, a very superior assortment of

HYACINTH, TULIP AND OTHER FALL BULBS.

These Bulbs will be found superior to anything yet imported.

WILLIAM HEARN, Market Drug Store, York-st.

Ottawa, October 17, 1868. 874tf

BOARD AND LODGING.—Comfortable Rooms, with Board and Lodging, can be obtained on Maria-st. Apply at the TIMES Office.

Ottawa, January 14, 1869. 947d

A FEW GENTLEMEN can be accommodated with BOARD by applying at MRS. DUIGNAN'S, Sparks-st.

918a

Medical Cards.

DR. J. A. BECKETT, Surgeon Dentist. Dental Rooms—Over Messrs. Durie & Son's Bookstore, directly opposite the Russell House No. 10, Sparks-street, Ottawa. 833 3m38y

EDWARD C. MALLOCH, M.D., M. R. C. S. Duke-st., LeBreton's Flats, "opposite the well." Office hours from 8:30 to 10:30 a.m., and 3 to 5 p.m.

DR. O. C. WOOD, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Ottawa. Day office opposite Magee & Russell's, Sparks-street, Centre Town. Night office at his residence, Maria-street, Centre Town. CANCERS CURED, without the use of the knife, by a new, but certain, speedy, and almost painless process. References given to parties successfully treated, if required. 17w160y

DR. C. LEGGO, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Office—Hunton's Block, Sparks-street.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street, Central Ottawa. 34uf

DR. C. A. MARTIN, Dentist. Office—Sussex-street, over Messrs. Campbell & Co.'s, Grocers. 34utf

DR. GEORGE HUTCHISON, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street, opposite Magee & Russell's. 576y

DR. W. J. HENRY, Corner of Kent and Wellington-streets, Ottawa. 43utf

Hotels and Saloons.

PICKWICK HOUSE, Corner James and King-sts., Opposite the Court-House and Public Offices, ST. CATHARINES, Ont.

E. HOUGHTON, Proprietor, (Late of Houghton's Dining Saloon.)

A spacious sample-room for commercial travellers. 859y

OTTAWA HOUSE.

Corner of Main and Prince of Wales-streets Pembroke, Ontario.

Stages in connection with the steamers *Jason Gould, Pembroke* and *Pontiac.*

Particular attention paid to the comfort of guests. Good rooms for commercial travellers. Horses and vehicles always on hand.

J. COPELAND, Proprietor.

Pembroke, Aug. 1, 1868. 809y

TORONTO HOUSE, Sparks-st.

MRS. TROTTER begs to announce that she has at present several commodious and handsomely furnished suites of apartments, in every respect eligible for civil or military officers, or private gentlemen remaining in the city. 773tf

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT, M. KAVANAGH, *Proprietor,* Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings.

The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands in Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.

Oysters, Game etc., daily

THE METROPOLITAN, AUMOND'S BLOCK, *Rideau Street Ottawa.* P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR. 292tf

DOMINION HOUSE, WELLINGTON-STREET.

The undersigned, formerly head waiter at the Russell House, begs to notify his friends and the public generally that he has leased the above hotel, which is now well furnished, and will be kept as a first class house. The bar is well stocked with the choicest brands of liquors. The table will be furnished with the best the market affords. Good yard and stabling attached to the premises.

GEORGE IRVINE. 658y

Miscellaneous.

I. B. TACKABERRY, Auction Rooms No. 36, Rideau-street, below Whyte's Stationery Store. The sale of Real Estate at Auction or private sale promptly attended to. Consignments received and immediate attention will be paid. Sales attended in any of the city or country. 699y

R. SPARKS, Provincial Land Surveyor, Draughtsman, &c., (commissioned for Upper and Lower Canada.) Office and residence, Gloucester, near Ottawa. Surveys of every description executed with accuracy. Communications addressed Ottawa City, (post-paid), or left at the office of N. Sparks, Solicitor, &c., Ottawa, will receive prompt attention. 55 y

B. BILLINGS, Jun. Architect, Elgin street opposite the Post Office.

REFERENCES.—H Atkins, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany; Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq Managing Director O. & St. L. R. R. 740t

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale. OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

O'CONNOR & WALLER, Exchange Brokers, Fire, Life and Accidental Insurance, Commission and Collecting Agents.

Office, No. 27, Sussex-street, Ottawa.

R. E. O'CONNOR. 378y W. H. WALLER.

OLIVER & ANNABLE, Wholesale Manufacturers of Bedsteads, Chairs, &c., Chaudiere Island, Ottawa, C. W.

JOHN OLIVER, 506y WILLIAM ANNABLE.

R. H. McGREEVY, Contractor and Builder. Office: North side York Street, second door from Sussex Street. 78y

PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS, &c.,

Prepared for buildings of every description, by SIDNEY B. FRIPP, Architect, 711tf Wellington-st.

COAL! COAL!

NEWCASTLE GRATE, (Screened.)

LACKAWANNA, (Egg and Stove Sizes.)

LEHIGH, (Lump and Egg Sizes.)

BLACKSMITH'S, $6 per Chaldron.

For Sale by D. W. COWARD & CO., Commission Merchants, Office—17 Sparks-st.

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Everybody is getting them.

A NOVELTY, THE MAGIC WINDOW CURTAIN ROLLER,

The best ever invented, 1 Roller and Bottom Slat, and 5 pieces of casting, all for 25 cents, to fit every window,

AT THE VARIETY HALL.

ALSO, A

NEW PATENT CLOTHES DRYER, AT THE VARIETY HALL.

And what every house requires where there is a grate is the

BLOWER STAND, to be had only AT THE VARIETY HALL.

HOTEL & SALOON KEEPERS

Remember the best assortment of Tumblers, Decanters and Labeled Bottles in the Dominion is at the Variety Hall.

JOSEPH BOYDEN.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA,

Monday, 11th day of January, 1869.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.

On the recommendation of the Honorable the Acting Minister of Inland Revenue, and under and in pursuance of the provisions of the 6th section of the Act 31st Vic. Cap. 5, His Excellency in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered that the County of Lambton, in the Province of Ontario, be and the same is hereby detached from the Inland Revenue Division of London, and erected into a separate Division for the purposes of "The Inland Revenue Act 1868," under the name of *Inland Revenue Division of Sarnia.*

WM. H. LEE, Clerk Privy Council.

950-3

HOUSE WANTED.

The owner of several Fine Building Lots would like to exchange them for a well built STONE or BRICK HOUSE in this city. Apply at the TIMES Office. 948d

Legal Cards.

MACPHERSON, KENNEDY & CURISTIE, Barristers, &c., Lang's Block, Elgin-st., Ottawa.

J. P. MACPHERSON, G. KENNEDY, A. J. CURISTIE.

J. W. W. WARD, of the late firm of Lewis & Pinhey & Ward, has removed his Chancery Office to Bell's Law Chambers, opposite Russell House, Elgin-st. dw

NICHOLAS SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

L. A. MARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 902y

MOSGROVE & TAILLON, Barristers, Solicitors, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.

WILLIAM MOSGROVE. 356tf GEORGE TAILLON.

N. TETREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post Office. 390tf

LAPIERRE & HAYCOCK, Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers and Notaries Public, Corner of Sussex and York-streets, Ottawa. 365y

D. O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c, Sussex-street. Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 55y

R. H. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Post Office Building, Elgin-street, Ottawa. 43utf

P. J. BUCKLEY, LL.B., Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, and Notary Public. Office—over Mr. Loke Corner's Boot and Shoe Store, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 334y

LEES & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. Office—In the Court House, Ottawa.

ROBERT LEES. 43utf JOHN J. GEMMILL.

EDWARD T. DARTNELL, Barrister, Solicitor, Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the Court House, L'Original. 34-6m

Educational.

EDUCATION—CLASSICAL AND GENERAL.

THE REV. GEO. NOEL HIGGINSON, M. A., Incumbent of New Edinburgh, the with especial sanction of the Bishop of the Diocese, receives a limited number of the sons of gentlemen as morning pupils.

Residence—Dalhousie-st., Ottawa.

Terms made known on application. 940tf

ST. ALBAN'S SCHOOL, DALY-ST.

PRINCIPAL:

REV. BICKERTON A. EDWARDS, B. A., (ex-scholar Jesus Coll., Oxford.)

Business will be resumed on MONDAY, JAN. 4th. Hours of Study—9:30 a.m. to 12:30, and 2 to 4 p.m.

SCHOOL FEES.—For Sound Commercial and English Education, $4 per term. Higher Mathematics, Latin, Greek, French and Music, (each) $2 per term EXTRA.

The school year will, as hitherto, be divided into three terms.

A reduction made for brothers, and for payments made in the first week of term. 938tf

MUSICAL ACADEMY.

Mr. GUSTAVE SMITH, (Organist of the Cathedral) a Graduate of the Imperial Conservatory of Paris. Lessons on Piano and Singing. Rideau-street, corner of King-street

Ottawa, June 23, 1868. 775y

PIANO-FORTE TUITION.

W. C. CLARK, Professor of Music and Teacher of Piano, Voice and Harmony. Also, Mrs. Clark, Teacher of Drawing and Painting. Music Rooms and Residence, O'Connor-street, corner of Sliter-street, Centre Town.

Orders may be left at his residence or at Orme & Son's Music Store. 452

THE SISTERS OF THE CONGREGATION DE NOTRE DAME, *FROM MONTREAL,*

respectfully inform the public that they will open a branch of their

Educational Establishment in Ottawa.

Their classes will begin on the 15th OCTOBER. For particulars and terms apply to the LADY SUPERIORESS, 868tf Corner of O'Connor and Maria-sts.

Druggists.

HOLIDAY PRESENTS AT THE MEDICAL HALL, 28 Sparks-st., Ottawa.

Toilet Boxes in variety,
Rimmel's New Perfumes,
Cambridge Bouquet,
Oxford Bouquet,
English Lavender Water,
Silver Top Smelling Bottles,
Scoton Plaid Smelling Bottles,
Improved Perfumed Distributors,
&c., &c., &c., &c.

A complete stock just received of Toilet Articles, Patent Medicines,

Genuine Drugs and Chemicals,
Druggists' Sundries of all descriptions.

W. M. MASSEY, Family and Dispensing Chemist.

Dye Works.

BRANCH OF ST. LAWRENCE DYE WORKS, Elgin-st., (*Opposite the Russell House,*) Ottawa, Ont.

MACDONALD & CO., SILK AND WOOLLEN DYERS, *Scourers, Hot Pressers, &c.*

Gentlemen's Clothes cleaned and dyed. Kid Gloves cleaned. 894-3m

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To TOURISTS.—The argest collection in the Dominion of Photographs of Canadian Scenery

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The Times

VOL. IV. NO. 953. OTTAWA, THURSDAY, JANUARY 21, 1869. PRICE—3 CENTS.

Fine Arts.

A COMPLETE Assortment at the CANADA GAZETTE Office of

PRANG'S CHROMOS;

of which Frederic E. Church, the great American artist, says: "They are certainly most skilfully and artistically executed." And John G. Whittier: "I had no idea they were home productions; I am glad to know that such beautiful work is done here." And Bayard Taylor: "Your illuminations of the Beatitudes are really superb." And Wendell Phillips: "I congratulate you on your success, which I consider marvellous," &c.

Among them the following are the most attractive:

Horses in a Storm. (After R. Adams.)
The two Friends. (Child and Dog, after Gerard.)
Sunset in California. (After Bierstadt.)
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The Barefooted Boy. (After Whittier.)
Early Autumn on Esopus Creek, N. Y. (After A. T. Bricher.)
Late Autumn in the White Mountains. (After A. T. Bricher.)
Six American Landscapes. (After A. T. Bricher.)
Easter Morning. (After Mrs. James M. Hart.)
The Beatitudes of Our Lord, most magnificently illuminated.
Illuminated School Room Cards, with motives taken from Scripture.
Illuminated grasses, Book Marks, Rewards of Merit,
The Language of Flowers, Wood and Sea Mosses, Ferns, Flowers, &c.

"OLD MOTHER HUBBARD." "The most elegant juvenile book of the season," superbly illustrated and illuminated.

Prang's Chromos are offered at 20 per cent. below the publisher's prices at the

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CARTER'S COMBINED WRITING & COPYING INK.

THE ADVANTAGES OF THIS OVER OTHER INKS ARE:

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This Ink is warranted to flow as freely as Arnold's, or any other Writing Fluid now in use; to give as perfect a copy as any Copying Ink; and not to mould.

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NEW PUBLICATION.

CHRONICLES OF CANADA.
BY
H. BEAUMONT SMALL, S.C.L.

Price, 50 cents. For sale by the publisher,
936tf GEORGE E. DESBARATS.

TO FARMERS & OTHERS.

TRADE A. O. A. & Co. MARK.

Farmers and others should buy their TEA and COFFEE from

A. O. AUDY & CO.,

who are daily receiving by direct importations Tea and Coffee of the finest quality. Their business is conducted on the English principle, and the above named articles can be procured in 5 and 10 pound catties and upwards. The purchaser receives the benefit of a neat package, a good article, and at wholesale prices. Perfect satisfaction is ensured, and any goods not proving according to sample can be returned at our expense. We will pay the carriage on 4 five or 2 ten lb catties to the nearest railway station. For the accommodation of farmers and others not having heard of the advantage offered them, we have engaged trustworthy agents who will make occasional trips throughout the surrounding country and solicit their orders. Any favors submitted to them will receive prompt attention. We do not sell less than a catty, and nothing but Tea and Coffee sold.

The following is the list of prices:

BLACK TEA.	
Common Congou, Strong Tea	$0 45 @ 50
Fine Flavored New Season do	0 55 @ 60
Excellent Full Flavored do	0 75 @ 80
Sound Oolong	0 40 @ 45
Rich Flavored, do	0 55 @ 60
Very Fine, do do	0 75 @ 80
Japan Good	0 50 @ 60
Very Good	0 65 @ 70
Finest	0 75 @ 80
GREEN TEA.	
Twankay, Common	0 35 @ 40
Fine do	0 55 @ 60
Young Hyson	0 50 @ 60
Fine do	0 75 @ 85
Superfine and Very Choice	1 00 @ 00
COFFEE.	
Mocha	$0 22, @ 27, @ 29, @ 33
Java	0 20, @ 25, @ 29, @ 32
Ceylon	0 18, @ 22, @ 26, @ 29

Remember the place,
A. O. AUDY & CO.,
Elgin-st., opposite the Russell House.

BOTTLED ALE,

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The subscriber would call the attention of Families and others to his

FINE BOTTLED ALE

Which is in splendid condition. Also,

SCOTCH, IRISH, OLD RYE,
And other Malt Whiskies,
PORTS, SHERRIES, BRANDIES, GIN, &c.,
To either with a General Assortment of
FIRST-CLASS GROCERIES.
A call earnestly solicited.

D. WHELAN,
44, Rideau-street,
Opposite Allan's Crockery Store
Ottawa, Jan. 20, 1868.

NOTICE.

WANTED A HEAD MASTER
FOR THE
RICHMOND UNION COUNTY GRAMMAR SCHOOL.

Applications to be received to FEB'Y. 1st, and to state salary wanted.

JOHN McLAREN,
Secy. and T. U. B. of S. T.
Richmond, Co. Carleton,
Jan. 15th, 1869. 950a-3-1

Medical.

PAIN KILLER

A PURELY VEGETABLE MEDICINE

TAKEN INTERNALLY, CURES

Sudden Colds, Catarrh, Coughs, Bronchitis, Asthma, Fever and Ague, Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, Acid Stomach, Headache, Heartburn, Indigestion, Canker in the Mouth, Throat or Stomach, Sick Headache, Sea Sickness, Piles, Kidney Complaints Umber Rash, Cramp and Pains in the Stomach, Painter's Colic, Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Summer Complaint, Cholera Morbus, Cholera Infantum and Cholera.

APPLIED EXTERNALLY, CURES

Scalds, Burns, Frostbites, Chilblains, Erysipelas, Ringworms, Whitlows, Boils, Old Sores, Sprains, Bruises, Toothache, Headache, Neuralgia in the Face or Head, Pains in the Side, Pains in the Back and Loins, Rheumatism, Rheumatic Gout, Neuralgic or Rheumatic Pains in the Joints and Limbs Stings of Insects, Scorpions, Centipedes, and the Bites of Poisonous Insects and Venomous Reptiles.

At this season, when coughs and colds are so prevalent, an effectual remedy and one easily obtained, is *Perry Davis' Vegetable Pain Killer*. It is no new nostrum, vended by unknown agents, but has stood the test of over 20 years; and those who use the article, internally or externally, will concur in the testimony of its grateful recollections of its worthy inventor.—*Hastings' Chronicle, C. W.*

PAIN KILLER.—The testimonials borne to the efficacy of this valuable medicine are sufficient to warrant its introduction into every house. Our own opinion is that no family should be without a bottle of it for a single hour. In flesh wounds, aches, pains, sores, &c., it is the most effectual remedy we know of. A bottle will last for a very long time, and its low price places it within the reach of all. Our readers will remember that the Messrs. Perry Davis & Son have opened out a house in Montreal, whence Canadian orders are supplied.—*News, St. Johns, C.E.*

"We are glad to learn that the "Pain Killer" is having so large a sale in our city. We have every reason to believe it to be an almost never failing cure for pain, and is a medicine that no family should be without.—*Montreal Pilot.*

It an attack of Diarrhœa, Dysentery or Cramp Colic, don't delay the use of the Pain Killer.

Rev. H. L. Van Meter, Burmah, writes, "The Pain Killer has become an almost indispensable article in my family."

Hundreds of missionaries give similar testimony of its virtues.

Rev. J. G. Stearns writes, "I consider it the best remedy for Dyspepsia I ever knew."

Rev. Jabez S. Swan says, "I have used it for years in my family, and consider it an invaluable remedy."

We cheerfully add our testimony in favor of this medicine.—*Bowens Colicus.*

We have tested this medicine and assure our readers that it not only possesses all the virtues claimed for it, but in many instances surpasses any other remedy which we have ever known.—*Herald of Gospel Liberty.*

It is really a valuable medicine. It is used by many physicians.—*Boston Traveller.*

I have used Davis' Pain Killer, and consider it an indispensable article in the medicine box. It has effected cures in Diarrhœa, and for cuts and bruises it is invaluable.—*New York Examiner.*

Spoken of in terms of high commendation by both druggist and physician.—*Philadelphia Eagle.*

The Pain Killer is sold at wholesale by druggists and medicine dealers, and commission merchants, in the principal cities, and retailed by Apothecaries, Grocers and at Variety Shops generally, throughout the world. Price, 15 cents, 25 cents and 50 cents per bottle.

PERRY DAVIS & SON,
Manufacturers and Proprietors, 380 St. Paul-st., Montreal, P. of Q.
78 High st., Providence, R. I.; 71 Southampton Row, Holborn, London, England.
DAVIDSON & DANIEL, GENERAL AGENTS.

MORTIMER'S

INFALLIBLE REMEDY
FOR
CHOLERA,
DIARRHŒA, and
BOWEL COMPLAINTS.

The following extract, which Mr. Mortimer is kindly permitted to publish, is from the letter of a relative of Dr. Wolfe, of this city, now residing in the United States:

"Find cut if the Express charges are too high, and if not, arrange with Mortimer to let you have a box of the bottles of CHOLERA MIXTURE. I could make a good little fortune with them. The bottle I brought with me here brought two ladies round from decided cholera; one on board the boat, and the other in Berlin, United States. Both commenced with diarrhœa, then with dysentery, and then vomiting. The one at Berlin was very bad. I gave her three doses of the Cholera Mixture, the third of which stopped the vomiting. The next day she was all right, or nearly so. She was very grateful. I have now only a little left."

This excellent mixture, which should be in every family, is only

TWENTY-FIVE CENTS A BOTTLE.

NONE OTHER GENUINE.

TRADE MARK REGISTERED

CANADIAN COUGH EMULSION.

This valuable medicine has the extraordinary property of immediately relieving Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Difficulty of Breathing, Tightness in Chest, &c., &c. It operates by dissolving the congealed phlegm, causing free expectoration, and an agreeable moistness to the skin.

Sold in Bottles at 1s. 3d. and 2s. 6d. Each.

MORTIMER'S COMPOUND ANTIBILIOUS AND FAMILY APERIENT PILLS,

A grand specific for derangement of the Digestive Organs, and for obstructions and torpid action of the Liver and Bowels.

Mortimer's Vegetable Worm Destroyer, The only sure remedy that exists, combining delicious taste and amazing power.

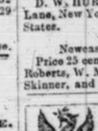
MORTIMER'S
Colonges, Pomades, Toilet Vinegar, Rose Dentifrice, for the Teeth and Gums. Also constantly on hand Perfumes of all kinds, and Toilet Requisites usually kept in a first-class establishment.
No. 41 Sussex-st., Ottawa City.

DARLEY'S ARABIAN HEAVE REMEDY and CONDITION MEDICINE is positively superior to any, or all other preparations for the cure of Heaves, Coughs, Thick and Broken Wind, and all diseases which affect the wind of horses; also, as a Condition Medicine, surpassing everything of the kind, is easy to give, sure to cure and safe in all cases and at all times, and does not prevent the horse from being worked while using it.

It cleanses the breathing apparatus, by removing from the air-cells the coagulable lymph, or that secretion which in heaves clogs them, causing a difficulty in breathing, and by its action on the diseased part, causing the mucous membrane to resume its natural dimensions, thus equalizing the circulation of the blood, and restoring the distended vessels to their natural size; by its use the horse's appetite is improved, all derangements of the digestive organs corrected, softening the skin, and giving to the coat a sleek and shining appearance.

D. W. HURD, successor to Hurd & Co., Malden Lane, New York, Sole Proprietor for the United States.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, Ont., Proprietors for Canada.
Price 25 cents. Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, Henry F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J. Brown, in Ottawa. 889-45-6m



FOR ASTHMA,
and Chronic Bronchitis
DATURA TATULA,
Affords Immediate Relief.

"A remedy of great power and usefulness."—*Dr. W. Parker.*

"Of great efficacy in cases of Asthma and Chronic Bronchit s."—*Dublin Journal Medical Science.*

"The smoke causes no nausea. When the right kind, I have never known an instance in which relief was not obtained."—*General Alexander to Hon. B. Stuart.*

In Tins, 2s 6d, 5s and 10s.
Or formed into Cigars and Cigarettes, Boxes, 3s, 6s, 9s and 18s.
Pastilles for Inhalation, Boxes, 2s 6d, 5s and 10s.
SAVORY & MOORE,
143, New Bond-st., London.
AGENTS—Messrs. F. Cundill & Co., Montreal.

FOR INDIGESTION—PANCREATINE completely effects the DIGESTION and ASSIMILATION of COD LIVER OIL, the fat eaten at meals, &c. In digestive activity, superior to Pepsine.

Pancreatine Powder, bottles, 2s, 3s 6d, 6s 6d and 12s6d. Pancreatine Wine, bottles, 3s. 5s and 10s.

SAVORY & MOORE,
143, New Bond-st., London.

N.B.—Pancreatine Wine is the best vehicle for taking Cod Liver Oil.

AGENTS—Messrs. F. Cundill & Co., Montreal.

Groceries.

GARDENER'S

BAKING POWDER.

In 1 lb. Packets for 25 cents. | And 6 Packets for $1.25.

TEN REASONS

Why it Should be Used in Preference to all Others:

1st. Bread or Cakes made with it are more wholesome than if made with Yeast or any other process.

2nd. Its purity is such that it will stand the test of the most perfect analysis.

3rd. After having been extensively used for the last 14 years in not one instance has it failed to give entire satisfaction.

4th. Families that have used it pronounce it the best, and will use no other.

5th. It contains no Saleratus, nor does it impair the digestive organs like those powders where Soda or an excess of Alkali predominates.

6th. It never gives to Bread or Cakes an unpleasant Alkaline or mawkish taste.

7th. The ingredients that form its composition are more beneficial than otherwise.

8th. Dyspeptic subjects can eat hot Bread or Rolls made with it and derive benefit by its use.

9th. Every Packet contains its full weight; one pound packets weigh 16 ounces.

10. It is all that it is represented to be, namely:

Unrivalled for Purity and Cheapness.

Sole Agents for Ottawa,
J. G. ROBINSON & Co.,
The Tea Pot.
The Trade supplied at the Manufacturer's prices.
Ottawa, December 10, 1868. 886-6m

MONTREAL WAREHOUSE,
SUSSEX-STREET.

The undersigned have now COMPLETED their

FALL IMPORTATIONS,

COMPRISING A

GENERAL AND SELECT STOCK

OF

FAMILY GROCERIES,

WINES, LIQUORS,

AND PROVISIONS, &c., &c.

JAS. MARTIN & CO.

Ottawa, November 27, 1868. 657y

Music.

MESSRS. J. L. ORME & SON

Respectfully call the attention of the public to their magnificent stock of

PIANO-FORTES, ORGANS,
AND MELODEONS,

In their new Show Room, comprising

PIANO-FORTES, *from all the leading makers.*
WARREN'S PIPE ORGANS,
ORGANS and MELODEONS from the best factories in the United States, excelling in finish and tone anything ever brought into this country.

Now is the time for intending purchasers.

PRICES LOW & TERMS LIBERAL.

Our stock of Concertinas, Violins, Flutes, &c., &c., is, as usual, very large.

New Sheet Music and Books constantly arriving.

J. L. ORME & SON,
Sign of the Golden Lyre,
944tf No. 8 Sparks-st., next Durie & Son's

HORSE INFIRMARY,
AND
VETERINARY ESTABLISHMENT
YORK-STREET, OTTAWA,
Next to Salmon's Hotel.

A. O. F. COLEMAN, V. S
(Member of the College of Veterinary Surgeons Toronto; by appointment, V.S., to the Co. of Carleton Agricultural Society.)

Orders or communications promptly attended to and medicines sent to any part of the Dominion. Charges moderate. 812y

Millinery.

NOTICE.

MRS. SMITH having received her new styles of FALL HATS & BONNETS, will be happy to see her old friends and the public generally. Gent' Felt Hats cleaned, dyed and done over in the best style.

N.B.—The most fashionable Mantles and Coats made to order, Corner of Bank and Albert-sts.
October 10. 868tf

Dry Goods.

HICK & CO.

Have removed to their NEW STORE, in Stewart's Block, Corner of Rideau and Sussex-sts, where they will offer, in connection with their goods,

$30,000 WORTH OF DRY GOODS

Purchased at Public Auction lately, from the immense Bankrupt Stock of the late firm of DISMARTERY, JORDAINE & CO., of Montreal, and sold on account of T. JAMES CLAXTON. The goods are all new and of very superior quality, being imported expressly for a fashionable Montreal trade; and, as they have succeeded in purchasing the goods far below the sterling cost, they are prepared to offer bargains never before offered in this city. The following are some of the lines of goods offered, viz.:

		s. d.		s. d
100 pieces	different qualities Black Silks			
80 do	Single width plain Wincey	5	worth	0 8
100 do	Fancy, single width Wincey	7½	"	1 0
62 do	Double width plain Wincey	7½	"	1 0
80 do	Double Delaines	7½	"	1 3
70 do	do Poplin	7½	"	1 0
150 do	do Cobourg	7½	"	1 3
150 do	Assort'd Dress Goods	9	"	1 6
33 do	Empress Reps	1 6	"	3 0
60 do	Br'n French Merino	1 6	"	3 0
75 do	Fancy Colors—your choice for	2		
200 do	Black Empress Rep only	10	"	2 0

Also, a splendid assortment of
Hannibal Cloths, Oriental Lustres
Livinia Poplins, Alberteena Cloths
Princess Alexandra Embossed Poplins
Mandarin Lustres, Eugenia Reps, &c.

1,000 doz. FRINGED TOWELS, all Linen, 6d each.

SHAWLS.

35 Filled Shawls.
83 Shepherd Long Shawls
101 Fancy, all wool Longs
167 Assorted Square Shawls.

COTTONS.

170 pieces	Grey Cotton, 14 yards wide, for		6 d
160 do	Bleached Horrocks and Millars		6½d
165 do	Good Prints		4 d
303 do	Best English Prints, Hoyle's and Ashton's		5½d
159 do	French Calicos, in choice patterns		8 d

CLOTHS.

		s. d.		s. d.
20 pieces	Waterproof	3 9		
80 do	Double Width Overcoating	2 9	worth	7 6
35 do	Scotch Tweed	2 6	do	5 0
100 do	Canadian Tweed	1 3	do	2 6
100 do	Full Cloth, very heavy	2 0	do	3 6

Also, a splendid lot of

BROAD CLOTHS, BEAVERS,

Witneys, Mantle Cloths,
BLACK DOES, &c., &c., &c.,

at correspondingly low prices.

85 PIECES DOMINION TWEED,

Something New—one of the heaviest cloths made—*at a great sacrifice.*

1,000 doz TABLE NAPKINS, all Linen, only 6s 3d per dozen.

SHIRTS! SHIRTS! SHIRTS!

1,000 Flannel Shirts, only	2 6	
200 White Cotton Shirts, only	3 9	
500 Under Shirts, only	3 3	
300 Hespler's heaviest make, Ribbed	5 0	worth 8 9

Paper Collars—100 collars for 3c 9d.

500 pieces 7¼-yards wide Linen Sheeting	3 3	worth 5
5 do 2½-yards wide, Union Sheeting	1	do 3
81 do Table Damask and 300 Damask Table Cloths, at a frightful sacrifice		

Also, Red and White Flannels, Canadian Shirting Flannels, Hoop Skirts, Crash Towellings, Irish Linen, Clouds, Breakfast Shawls, Hemp Carpets, &c., &c.

CORSETS, 2s 6d.

Blankets—A large lot of slightly damaged Blankets for about half price.

1,000 Linen Bags, 1s. worth 1s 6d; 40 cases Men's Heavy Boots, very low; 3 cases Men's Heavy French Calf, 12s 6d. Also, a heavy stock of Gentlemen's Clothing.

$3.50 ..... OVERCOATS.
4.00 ..... heavy OVERCOATS.
90 cts. up ..... PANTS.
50 cts. to $1.25 ..... VESTS.
$8.00 ..... Black Broadcloth ..... FALL SUITS.

A large staff of polite and attentive salesmen will be in readiness to wait on customers.

H. HICK & CO.

Customers will please report any inattention on the part of salesmen.

AT CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S

The greatest novelty of the season is the

BOULEVARD FELT UNDERSKIRT,

Unsurpassed for

BEAUTY, ECONOMY & DURABILITY

AT

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S

No. 14, RIDEAU-ST.

REMOVAL
TO
NO. 34, SPARKS-ST.

T. RAJOTTE

having removed to more commodious premises, takes pleasure in announcing to his numerous customers and the public generally that he has now a large and well selected stock of

STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS,
consisting of

Flannels	Black Cloths
Wineys	Beaver Cloths
Cottons	Moltons
Prints	Tweeds
&c.,	&c.

We have also on hand a large assortment of READY-MADE CLOTHING, which, being manufactured on the premises, we can recommend, and sell cheaper than any shop in this city.

THE TAILORING DEPARTMENT. This department is under the superintendence of a well-known first-class cutter and workman. All orders punctually attended to.

Don't forget the place, No. 34, Sparks-st. Store lately occupied by G. Fetherston & Co., next door to Magee & Russell's old store.

88 y T. RAJOTTE.

LOST, on the evening of the 7th instant, at the Concert at Aylmer, from the village back to Ottawa, one parcel containing one GREEN SILK DRESS and BLACK LACE SHAWL. Whoever found the parcel will please leave it at the Convent in Aylmer, or in this city at the Convent of the Grey Nuns, where they will be suitably rewarded.

Ottawa, Jany. 18, 1869. 950tf

Groceries.

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS

—FROM—

OPORTO, SPAIN, COGNAC

AND LONDON,

Consisting of

PORT, SHERRY, BRANDY, GIN AND SCOTCH WHISKEY, &c.

PICKLES, SAUCES, JAMS & JELLIES &c., &c., &c.,

FROM CROSSE & BLACKWELL.

—LIKEWISE,—

A FULL assortment of FRESH FRUIT, the BEST in market.

TABLE and Cooking RAISINS, CURRANTS, &c.

FLAVOURING EXTRACTS and SPICES—Genuine.

PRESERVED and CAN FRUITS, assorted to suit the holiday season.

ALMERIA GRAPES, FRESH FIGS and PORTUGUESE ONIONS.

50 TINS NEW HONEY, in 5 lb. and 8 lb. tins.

200 STILTON CHEESE, 6 lbs. to 8 lbs. size, from Reuben Brothers' celebrated factory.

SHERRY WINE—Good Table Wine—$1.25 to $3.00.

PORT WINE—Good Table Wine $1.50 to $4.50.

ALL KINDS of GENUINE LIQUORS. Price according to age and quality.

100 BOXES DIGBY HERRINGS—large boxes at 75 cts. each.

LABRADOR HERRINGS, the very best, in barrels and half barrels.

10 CASES SCOTCH LING—Good.

TEAS—Black, Green and Japans—Warranted Good, and selected for family use.

SUGARS and SYRUPS of all grades.

COFFEES—Always Fresh—Best Brands—Try them.

TOBACCOS—The Finest Qualities—Virginia make in cut, tin foil and plug.

A GENERAL assortment of the different kinds of *GROCERIES AND LIQUORS* on hand, Wholesale and Retail, at the *LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICES* for Warranted Goods. A trial of the articles will recommend them.

For sale at
THOS. PATTERSON'S,
No. 26, Rideau-street.
Ottawa, November 27, 1868. 878

JUST RECEIVED,

AT THE

INDIA WAREHOUSE,

No. 16, RIDEAU-ST.

And for sale cheap, by

D. T. BROWNE & CO.,

Wholesale and Retail

Grocers, Wine and Spirit Merchants,

FRESH OYSTERS, in Tins,
PRESERVED OYSTERS do
FRESH HALIBUT do
FRESH SALMON do
FRESH MACKEREL do
FRESH LOBSTERS do
GREEN PEAS do
LEMON, GINGER, ORANGE,

Banana, Peach, Blackberry, Raspberry and Strawberry Syrups.

RASPBERRY VINEGAR,
FRY'S Chocolate and Cocoa,
MOTT'S Cocoa Paste,
MORTON'S Bloater Paste,
TOMATO and other Catsups
ANCHOVY Paste,
STRASBURGH Meats,
POTTED Beef and Tongues
PRESERVES and Jellies, great variety,
ORANGE Marmalade,
MORRISON, TAYLOR & Co.'s Celebrated Sugar Cured Hams and Breakfast Roll Bacon.
PICKLED Salmon,
PICKLED Mackerel,
PICKLED HERRINGS,
In Half Barrels, Barrels and Tierces,
DRY Codfish,
DRY Haddock,
FINNAN Haddies, &c., &c.,

And a full stock of Choice Family Groceries.
Ottawa, Nov. 3, 1868.

TENDERS

Will be received by the

BOARD OF SCHOOL TRUSTEES,

UNTIL

WEDNESDAY, THE 20TH INSTANT

FOR

EIGHT THOUSAND DOLLARS,

IN

SUMS NOT LESS THAN $100,

Payment to be secured by

Bonds of the above Corporation,

Bearing interest at the rate of 7 per cent.

The said Bonds are payable in one to four years.

JAMES D. SLATER,
Chairman,
B.S.T.
Ottawa, 13th January, 1869. 947td

GOWAN'S NEW MUSIC HALL.

The subscriber respectfully informs the public of Ottawa and vicinity that his NEW MUSIC HALL,

CUNNINGHAM'S BUILDING,
SPARKS-ST.,
Next Door to Bate & Co.'s Grocery,

is now complete and ready for engagement, as a Ball Room, Supper Room, Concert or Lecture Hall, and will be let at moderate rates.

Parties desiring to engage a hall for any of the above purposes, are requested to call and examine the hall, which will be found the best adapted for the purpose in the city.

Gowan's Brass and Quadrille Bands open for engagement as heretofore.

Ottawa, January 16. 949a

HOUSE WANTED.

The owner of several Fine Building Lots would like to exchange them for a well built STONE or BRICK HOUSE in this city. Apply at the TIMES Office. 948d

Stoves & Hardware.

BLYTH & KERR,

No. 25 RIDEAU-ST.,

Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters, Tin and Copper Smiths, Bell Hangers, &c., &c.

A large stock of materials for the above branches of business constantly on hand.

Importers of

HOUSE FURNISHING HARDWARE.

STOVES! STOVES!

STOVES!

Hall, Fancy, Parlour and Cook Stoves, in great variety.

Agents for Eaton's Patent Automatic, Self-Ventilating, Wood and Coal Stoves. Also Beecher & Co.'s celebrated

HOT AIR FURNACES.

For Public and Private Buildings, Conservatories, Vineries, Manufactories, &c., warmed by Steam, Hot Water, or Warm Air, on the latest and most approved principles.

SKATES, SKATES, SKATES,
AT THE

SIGN OF THE ANVIL, No. 24, RIDEAU-ST., where you can get a complete assortment of SKATES of all sizes, and at any price to suit purchasers, from 25 cents to $3.50 per pair. In the assortment will be found

The celebrated Sheffield Club,
" " Canadian Favorite,
" " Central Park do
and all other English and German Patterns.
Skate Straps, all patterns, &c., &c.

Also, a general assortment of

SHELF & HEAVY HARDWARE,

consisting in part of

GENERAL HOUSE FURNISHING,
Butcher Knives, Knives and Forks,
Pocket Knives, Table Spoons,
Tea Spoons, Tea Trays, Table Mats,
Buts, Screws, Locks,
Bolts, Catches, Latches,
Axes, Saws, Planes, Squares,
Hammers, Spokeshaves, Gauges,
Chisels, Augers, Auger Bits,
Steel Bits, Bevels,
Levels, Boring Machines,
Draw Knives, &c., &c., &c.

Together with

PAINT OF ALL COLORS,

Rose Pink, Burnt Umber,
Terra de Senna, Chrome Yellow,
Yellow Ochre, Celestial Blue,
Paris Green, Brunswick Green,
Magnesia Green, Venetian Red,
Red Lead, White Lead, in oil or dry,
Drop Black, Ivory Black,
Lamp Black, Boiled Oil,
Raw Oil, Turpentine,
Benzole, Coal Oil,
Paint Brushes,
Varnishes, &c.

THOS. BIRKETT,
Sign of the Anvil,
(No. 24, Rideau-st.

P.S.—All goods delivered free to any part of the city. 403y

S. SAFE! S. SURE! S. SUCCESSFUL.

Such is the character given of every stove sold during the past year at the

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,
35 Sussex-street, Ottawa,
H. MEADOWS & CO.

We beg to notify the public that our stock for the season is now complete; our

STOVES

are of the latest and most improved patterns, and the most extensive assortment shown in Ottawa.

COOKING STOVES, of the good old-fashioned kind,
COOKING STOVES, of the latest and most modern designs,
PARLOR STOVES, for elegance of design cannot be surpassed,
BOX & HALL STOVES, that are unrivalled for heating purposes,
DOUBLE STOVES, the best in use,
HOTEL STOVES, large and extra strong made, expressly for Hotel and Boarding Houses, complete with large Copper Water Reservoirs and Plate Warmers. We call special attention of Hotel Keepers to these stoves, they will last as long as any six ordinary stoves. See them and judge for yourselves. Price lists sent free on application.

COOKING STOVES,	DOUBLE STOVES,
BOX STOVES,	HOTEL STOVES,
PARLOR STOVES,	COAL STOVES,
BEDROOM STOVES,	DUMB STOVES,
STOVEPIPES!	ELBOWS! STOVEPIPES!

Common, Bright and Russia Iron,

and everything in the Tin, Sheet Iron and Copper-ware Line, on hand or made to order.

Hot Air Furnaces, Eave Troughs, Building Job Work and Repairs attended to punctually. We keep none but the best and most experienced mechanics.

HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS, of every description in stock, suitable for the smallest family, or the largest hotel.

ARE YOU GOING TO BE MARRIED? If so, call and see our large assortment of necessary House-keeping Goods, suitable for Kitchen, Dining Room, or any room in your house.

YOUNG MAN, see that your house is well furnished with useful articles before you spend your money in mere showy ornamental things.

IRON BEDSTEADS, LAMPS,
COAL OIL, SAUCEPANS,

Brass and Enamelled Kettles, Tinware, Toilet Setts, Baths, Flour Stoves, Brushes, Dish Covers, Table Mats, Sad Irons, Table Cutlery, Tea and Table Spoons, Preserve Jars, Mincing Knives, Wash Tubs and Boards, Refrigerators, Egg Beaters, Crust Stands, Ash Pails, Table Bells, Tea Trays, Tea and Coffee Pots, Soup Tureens, Jelly and Pudding Moulds, &c., &c., &c., &c.

COUNTRY MERCHANTS
Supplied with
STOVEPIPES AND TINWARE,
At reduced figures,

CAMP KETTLES, SHANTY PLATES, AND BASINS,

BIRD CAGES! BIRD CAGES! BIRD CAGES

All of the above at the

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,
Sussex-street, Ottawa.
62y H. MEADOWS & CO.

"LAMPS"
FOR THE MILLION.
D. R. LEAVENS

Is now offering at the OIL DEPOT, 75 Sussex-st., every description of

CHANDELIERS,
PARLOR,
BED ROOM,
KITCHEN,
HALL AND SIDE LAMPS,

At prices which defy competition. Who will want light when a Coal Oil Lamp, Wick and Chimney can be got for 25 cents.

CANADA ROCK OIL,
PENNSLYVANIA ROCK OIL,
PORTLAND KEROSENE OIL.

Oil Depot, 75 Sussex-st.

Boots & Shoes.

ANGUS & HUCKELL'S

CLEARING SALE

OF

BOOTS, SHOES AND RUBBERS.

No. 15, Sussex-st.

ANGUS & HUCKELL are selling out their entire stock of BOOTS, SHOES, RUBBERS, &c., at a ruinously low sacrifice.

GO TO ANGUS & HUCKELL'S Clearing Sale, and get a pair of good PRUNELLA BOOTS, and a pair of RUBBERS for $3.50.

YOU can get a pair of Men's Cloth Rubber OVERSHOES for 75 cents, at ANGUS & HUCKELL'S Clearing Sale.

WOMEN'S RUBBERS, 50 cents; and MEN'S, 65 cents, during the Clearing Sale.

GO EARLY and secure bargains.

NOW is the time to purchase BOOTS and SHOES, as they are being sold under cost at ANGUS & HUCKELL'S Clearing Sale.

NO one need be without BOOTS when they are sold so cheap at ANGUS & HUCKELL'S Clearing Sale.

A CLEAR saving of money by buying Boots during the Clearing Sale at ANGUS & HUCKELL'S.

ENORMOUS reductions on all CLOTH and FELT GOODS as they must all be sold out without reserve.

GO and see for yourselves.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Coughs and Colds.—Sudden changes of climate are sources of Pulmonary Bronchial and Asthmatic affections. Experience having proved that simple remedies often act speedily and certainly when taken in the early stages of the disease, recourse should at once be had to "Brown's Bronchial Troches," or Lozenges. Few are aware of the importance of checking a cough, or "common cold," in its first stage. That which at the beginning would yield to a mild remedy, if neglected soon attacks the lungs. "Brown's Bronchial Troches," or Cough Lozenges, allay irritation which induces coughing, having a DIRECT influence on the affected parts. As there are imitations, be sure to OBTAIN the *genuine*. Sold by all dealers in medicines, at 25 cents a box.

HALL'S VEGETABLE SICILIAN HAIR RENEWER.

The base of its remedial properties is a vegetable compound.

It will restore gray hair to its original color.
It will keep the hair from falling out.
It cleanses the scalp and makes the hair soft, lustrous and silken.
It is a splendid hair dressing.

R. P. HALL & CO.,
Nashua, N.H., Proprietors.
For sale by all druggists. 895d

Mothers! Mothers! Mothers!—Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with the excruciating pain of cutting teeth? If so, go at once and get a bottle of Mrs. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately—depend upon it; there is no mistake about it. There is not a mother on earth who has ever used it, who will not tell you at once that it will regulate the bowels, and give rest to the mother, and relief and health to the child, operating like magic. It is perfectly safe to use in all cases, and pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Price 25 cents. Sold everywhere. Be sure to call for "MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP." Having the *fac simile* of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations.

Mothers Read This!—Holloway's Worm Lozenges are a certain and safe remedy for Worms in Children and Adults.—As it is a well-known and melancholy fact that one great cause of death among children is from Worms alone, it cannot be too deeply impressed upon the minds of parents the necessity of closely watching their children. By so doing; and understanding the symptoms and true cause of the disease, thousands of children might be saved from early graves. SYMPTOMS OF WORMS.—The following are a few of the very numerous symptoms and diseases which are caused by Worms: deranged appetite, emaciated extremities, offensive breath, frequent picking at the nose, grinding of the teeth during sleep, hardness of the belly, with frequent slimy stools, and sometimes convulsive fits; itching of the arms, pain in the head and stomach, unquiet sleep, faintings, tremblings, coughs, indigestion, low spirits, frightful dreams, and a gradual wasting away of flesh.

They are palatable and self-administered to the child—drive out the worms thoroughly without pain and completely cleanse the stomach—thereby doing away with the necessity of administering Castor Oil or other unpleasant cathartics—as is the use of other Worms.

Each box contains the fac-simile signature of Noyes, Cover & Lyman

King's County, Sligo, Wexford, Wicklow, Waterford, Longford, Ennis, Limerick, Bandon and Portarlington.]

December 14.

If there had been time to apply to every member of the House of Commons, there is the strongest reason for believing that not a single signature would have been withheld.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

An Experienced Salesman Wanted.
Wet Nurse Wanted—D. Ward.
To Lumbermen—Neil McKinnon.
Royal Canadian Bank—C. B. Grassett.

The Ottawa Times

Office: 38, Sparks Street.

THURSDAY, JANUARY 21, 1869.

☞ *For Ottawa Markets and interesting reading see Fourth Page.*

THE Privy Council sat yesterday afternoon. It is understood that matters relating to the Province of Nova Scotia engaged the attention of Ministers.

THE *Globe* considers the letter of the nine Reform members of the Ontario Legislature "very amusing," and takes two days to frame a reply. It has been said by wicked people who do not understand the Scottish character that it is hard to drive a joke into a Scotsman's head. Evidently there is some foundation for the libel, that is, if the editor of the *Globe* is a type of his countrymen.

AS extra of the Official *Gazette*, issued yesterday, contained the "General Orders," in accordance with the new Militia Law, dividing the nine Military Districts into Brigade and Regimental Divisions. Of the former there are to be eight each in Ontario and Quebec, and three each in New Brunswick and Nova Scotia—a total of twenty-two, the Brigade Majors presiding over each of which are also gazetted. There are eighty-two Regimental Divisions in Ontario, seventy in Quebec; nineteen in Nova Scotia, and fifteen in New Brunswick, a total of one hundred and eighty-six, the territorial limits of which mainly conform to those of the existing Parliamentary constituencies. Fuller particulars may be gleaned from the "Orders" elsewhere published.

WE have, on several occasions, alluded to the "Eastern Extension" railway in New Brunswick, a portion of which, as our readers are aware, was recently opened for traffic. It appears that the discussion of the great probability of this line's being adopted as part of the Intercolonial Railway, led to some unfavourable remarks in the Halifax *Citizen*, and these coming under the notice of the Engineer for the Contractors, Mr. CHARLES H. GRANT, elicited the following correction:

HALIFAX, January 6, 1869.

To the Editor of the Citizen.

SIR,—I notice in your leading article of yesterday's impression, that you quote a paragraph from the Toronto *Globe* of the 29th ult, which, alluding to the Eastern Extension Railway in New Brunswick, states that Mr. Fleming says the line is badly built, that one of the Commissioners—whom you designate as Mr. Chandler—is largely interested in it, and you add: "It is very certain that if this Eastern Extension line were not in existence, no one would dream of locating that section of the Intercolonial by the line that it follows."

As these statements might give an incorrect impression of the facts of the case, I trust you will allow me to state that Mr. Fleming has found no fault with the construction of the line, which will certainly compare most favourably in this respect with any on this continent. I can positively assert that not one of the Commissioners has any pecuniary or special interest of any kind or degree in this line.

The contractors had nothing whatever to do with the location of the road, which was adopted by the honble. A. J. Smith and John Allen, for the new Brunswick Government, on the advice of their engineer, who had previously thoroughly examined the whole country between the Bay of Fundy and Straits of Northumberland, and reported on the alternative lines now suggested.

The route was precisely defined in the contract, which was entered into simultaneously with that for the Nova Scotia portion of the Intercolonial; and the location was considered as finally adopted, until the spring of last year, at which time the line had been partly constructed.

I have the honour to be, sir,
Your obedient servant,
CHAS. H. GRANT,
Engineer for the Contractors.

[We publish the above communication from Mr. Grant with pleasure, and must express our gratification that none of the Intercolonial Railway Commissioners are in any way interested in the eastern extension line. The fact that they are entirely independent of the owners of that line, will give the public more confidence that they will come to a right decision respecting it.—ED. CIT.]

It is unfortunate that personal insinuations should ever crop out in the discussion of questions of great practical importance to the country at large; but the editor of the Halifax *Citizen* deserves credit for his prompt acceptance of Mr. GRANT's denial of the imputation. As to the "he said that she said" story of the Toronto *Globe*, in which, for the occasion, Mr. FLEMING is made to do duty, it was, perhaps, hardly worth while for Mr. GRANT to have taken the trouble to contradict it. We have all known hereabouts, for a long time, that in the *Globe's* estimation, it is "a' wrang aboos the Intercolonial;" and that nothing short of a complete change in the *personnel* of the Government could possibly mend the matter. With the *Citizen*, we conclude that the entire independence of the Commissioners in relation to the adoption, or otherwise, of this Eastern Extension, will give the public confidence in their decision regarding it; and we are equally sure that no silly clamour about "jobbery," or the line's being "badly built," will deter them from coming to the conclusion which may seem best for the great interests they have to guard.

THE Montreal *Herald* has charged itself with the duty of playing the part of "Job's comforter" to the *Globe*. It is true that the *Globe* and its manager-in-chief treated the Lower Canada Rouges somewhat shabbily on a certain memorable occasion; but we think that by this time the *Herald's* thirst for vengeance ought to have been satiated. This hardly appears to be the case, however, as the double thrust over the letter of the nine Reformers shows that it has not yet shed its bad tooth against its former ally, notwithstanding the fact that for ten years they have been sharers in a common misery, in which the *Herald* has had the sorry advantage of saying to its Western *confrere*, over every fresh calamity—"I told you so!" Thus the *Herald* discourses of the *Globe's* latest snub:

"If they (the signers of the letter) and other so called Reformers in Upper Canada had adhered firmly to the principles which they and the *Globe* alike have professed, and had made an honest and good fight when the *Globe departed from them*, they might not have been successful at the moment; but in the end they would have done much to destroy the power which they affect to deprecate. The power, continuous because in the departure of the *Globe* from the principles which give soul to the Liberal party these men have gone thoroughly with it, while upon the matters in which they differ the *Globe* is in accord with the liberal sentiment of the country. On that field it will probably beat them. If it does not, however, it will not be because it is not respected by members of Parliament, who have made up their mind always to vote with the Ministry; *but because it has ceased to be respected by the electors of the country.*"

Probably "that's what's the matter."

THE Halifax *Express*, which has ever been a strong champion of the Union cause in Nova Scotia, has in its issue of the 13th, an article on "accepting the situation," in which we rejoice to see that sound views are enunciated as to the course the Union party proper ought to pursue at the present juncture of affairs. As the subject is exciting very general interest here we reproduce the sensible and well-timed remarks of our *confrere*. The *Express* says:

At the present moment there may be said to be three parties in the Province. Those who have always been in favour of the great principles of Union; those who are now disposed to make the best of what they call a bad bargain, and the Repealers who declare that they will accept of no terms of Union whatever. It may not be uninteresting briefly to analyze the composition of these three parties. The first, as we have often stated before, comprehends within its ranks the great bulk of what may be called the educated portion of this Province. It includes, we believe, the whole of the Bench, and nearly the whole of the Bar, it embraces at least three-fifths, probably a good deal more, of the clergy belonging to the Province, nearly all who are engaged in manufacturing industry, and a large proportion of the commercial and industrial community. The numerical strength of the second party will, when the hour of trial comes, be found, or we are much mistaken, to be considerably greater than is generally supposed. We have never questioned the sincerity nor the honour of these men, even while maintaining that they had got upon an entirely wrong path. The third class, if we may believe its organs, includes the great body of the general community, and if noise and clamour are any proof of the assertion, few of us could entertain much doubt that such is the case.

Public attention at present is more particularly directed to the action of what, for the want of a better term, we may call the Howe party, or the party disposed to accept the situation, provided some modification of the terms of the Union can be obtained in favour of Nova Scotia. We stated in a former article that the continued existence of three political parties in Nova Scotia was simply an impossibility. The middle party must eventually make common cause either with the Repealers or the supporters of Union. Looking at the present aspect of affairs, we think there can be little doubt as to the direction in which the amalgamation will take place. Every day is making it more and more evident that the prospect of Repeal is a forgone conclusion. The Local Executive have received an answer to their insolent and insulting minute of council, just such as might have been expected. This answer sets at rest all hope of any countenance being extended to them by the British Government; for though the Duke of Buckingham is no longer Colonial Minister, his successor, Lord Granville, has spoken out not less decisively in favour of Union of these colonies than any member of the former Administration. Indeed the whole of the present Cabinet, with the single exception of Mr. Bright, is as strongly committed to the upholding of the policy of Confederation, as were their predecessors who carried it. The idea of another Delegation, therefore, is simply preposterous. Nor do we think it likely that even the present Local Government will venture to throw away any more money on such a fool's errand.

But the blow which has really struck them down, which has left them without cohesion or fixed policy, is the defection of Mr. Howe. His remarkable ability, indomitable energy and wonderful tact, gave the cause of Repeal, both in this Province and in England, a position and character it would never otherwise have possessed. Mr. Howe fought long and manfully, but was not presumptuous enough to believe that he could, by his unaided efforts, overturn the fixed policy of the British Empire. Accordingly on his return from the last delegation he informed his friends that in his opinion further efforts were hopeless; that there were three courses open to them to assert their independence, to seek annexation to the States, or to endeavour to obtain better terms for the Province if they were to remain in the Union. The first proposal was out of the question, the second he was not prepared to support, so that it may be concluded that Mr. Howe will bend his whole energies to the securing of the best possible terms for the Province, and upon this condition that he accepts the situation. In other words he becomes practically a Union man, prepared to work out the great problem of Union, in such a manner as will likely be most conducive to the interests of the United Colony.

The Repealers boast that they are still a unit, knowing and feeling at the same time how hollow and baseless that boast is.

We are convinced that at this moment four fifths at least of what was the Anti-Union party, are as one with Mr. Howe as to the only policy which ought now to be pursued. There are still many who refuse to avow what they believe, but there can be no question that every day the strength of the party who are prepared to accept the situation is increasing. The friends of Union are just as anxious to secure improved terms if they can be obtained as the most zealous of the Howe party. They did the best they could at the time the original terms of Union were settled, but that is no reason why, with the experience of a year and a half, they should not be as zealous as anybody else to get "better terms."

The interest and the object of these two parties are, therefore, really identical; and in order to command success they must sooner or later, and the sooner the better, work together as one. We trust, therefore, that Mr. Howe's reported mission to Portland, for the purpose of entering into negotiations with the Hon. Mr. Rose, will be a satisfactory and successful one.

The interests of this Province and of the Dominion require the services of Mr. Howe, and it is to be hoped that the issue will be his acceptance of office under the present Government. There is no reason we can see, when we look at the conclusions at which he has arrived, why such men as Sir John A. Macdonald, Sir Geo. E. Cartier, S. L. Tilly, Edward Kenny, Adam G. Archibald, and Dr. Tupper, should not work in harmony with the former champion of Repeal. All have, or ought to have, one common object in view,—what will be most conducive to the best interests of their native country.

THE writ for South Lanark to supply the vacancy in the Ontario Legislature created by the death of the late member, Mr. Shaw, has been issued. The nomination takes place on the 26th inst., and the polling on the 3rd and 4th prox.

MR. JAMES ROSS was on Monday last elected by acclamation to represent Centre Wellington in the House of Commons, in the place of the late Dr. PARKER.

THE LORD BISHOP OF ONTARIO will (D. V.) preach at both morning and evening services in St. Alban's Church next Sunday.

J. E. O'REILLY, Esq., has been elected Mayor of Hamilton for the ensuing year.

JOHN CRAWFIS, Esq., has been elected Mayor of London for the current year.

CARPETS AND HOUSE FURNISHINGS.—Parties about to furnish will find a large and choice assortment of carpetings and house furnishings, cheap, at Garland, Mutchmor & Co's. Carpets made and laid with despatch.

DESTRUCTIVE FIRE.

The Queen's Printer's Block Entirely Destroyed.

IMMENSE DESTRUCTION OF PROPERTY.

ALL THE PRESSES, TYPE, AND BINDING MACHINERY DESTROYED

Two Hotels, a Bank, a Tailor Shop, and a Millinery Establishment Consumed.

LOSS OVER $100,000.

About one o'clock this morning a fire was observed in the rear of the Queen's printing office block. Efforts were made to extinguish it, and the cry of fire was raised in the vicinity, and as soon as possible after the fire engines and apparatus were on the ground, and did the best they could under the circumstances, but enough could not be done to get the fire under. The fire speedily broke out in the main building, and continued in spite of all that, until the whole magnificent block was enveloped in flames, and finally destroyed. Fortunately a slight breeze from the east prevailed, but for which many other buildings, perhaps the whole of the north side of Sparks st., from O'Connor st. to Bishop's buildings would have been burned also. The only building to the west of Desbarats' block, was the Carleton House, which being of wood, and very dry, became ignited and totally destroyed. This building was owned by Mrs. Wright, and was rented by Mr. John Graham.

THE QUEEN'S PRINTING OFFICE.

The building known as the Queen's Printing Office, or Desbarats' block, was the finest and largest building in the city, erected about four years ago, for the express purpose for which it was used. It was a handsome and extensive stone building four stories in height. In the western end of the block was the printing establishment. The basement was used as a press and engine-room, and for wetting paper. There were six large steam presses, three Hoe's, one of them of very large size, and three Adams', an addressing machine, and a lathe used for repairing machinery which might get out of order. The engine and boiler were situated in a room just off the press room, and connected by belts with the entire machinery of the establishment, presses, lathe, hoisting apparatus, and binding machinery, up to the third storey.

On the first floor were the counting-room, clerk's offices, and paper-rooms, in which was stored a large quantity of fancy paper.

The third flat was occupied as the composing-room, in which were employed a large number of compositors. In this flat was an immense quantity of type, and other material—probably the largest amount of material used in any printing office in Canada. Just off this flat, in a new building erected last summer, was the stereotyper's room. This branch of work was used largely in connection with the establishment. In this room was also a Degiaer liberty press, run by a belt leading from the engine-room.

On the fourth flat was situated the bindery, in which some of the finest specimens of bookbinding in Canada were executed. The work turned out here was of a very fine quality, some specimens of which took a gold medal at the Paris Exposition, and others received honourable mention. Here were employed some twenty or thirty hands. On this flat was also stored a large amount of paper.

A portion of the fourth flat was occupied by Mr. Joseph Bureau, foreman of the printing department, as a residence. Mr. Bureau happily succeeded in removing his family in safety; but lost almost the whole of his furniture and effects, on which, we believe, there was no insurance.

The openings in the floors through which material was conveyed up and down to the several flats of the establishment no doubt accelerated the destruction of this part of the building, as the forked tongues of flame played up and down with fearful violence.

The loss to Mr. Desbarats could not be correctly ascertained at the time, but there is no doubt but it is very great; and there is no one who knows that gentleman but will be heartily sorry on his account.

East of the above was the office of the Royal Canadian Bank from which the books, papers and money were removed. Over this was the Ottawa & St. Lawrence Railroad Company's office, and, we believe, the residence of Thos. Guerin, Esq., portions of whose property were saved, more or less damaged. The next portion of the building was occupied by Miss Maguire as a millinery and residence, whose property was also partly saved. The next portion of the building was occupied as a store by Messrs. Craig and McKenzie, merchant tailors. The east end was occupied by Mrs. Trotter, and known as the Toronto House, the upper portion extending over the adjoining store to the west. Mrs. Trotter succeeded in saving part of her effects, but in a damaged condition. On the sidewalk of the opposite side of the street lay large quantities of valuable furniture, pianos, &c.; and some of the persons who had escaped from the fire were but partly clothed. So far as we have heard, there has been no accident causing personal injury.

The Mayor and Chief of Police with the whole force, and a number of the Rifle Brigade, were on the ground, and did good service in preserving order. Notwithstanding the utmost efforts of the firemen and all the assistance which was freely rendered, it became evident in less than an hour from the time the fire was first seen that the building must be destroyed.

One after another, the floors gave way throughout nearly the whole extent, and the bare walls, lighted up by the intense fire within presented a grand but ghastly spectacle. Hundreds of eyes were directed to these, as in some places they were seen to warp, and it was expected from one moment to another that they would fall. Presently there was a cry, "the western wall is going," and in another instant it toppled, then there was a cloud of dust, and that end of the building was a mass of *debris*; the north wall towards the west end was expected to follow, but did not, and will continue to be dangerous until removed.

THE INSURANCE.

The cost of the building was about $18,000. During the hurry and excitement of the fire it was almost impossible to obtain correct information as to the insurance; but we give the following items as we received them: Insurance on the building $16,000; on Mr. Desbarats' stock $24,000, in the Hartford, Ætna, and Home. Craig & McKenzie, $2,000 in the Home. Mrs. Trotter, $3,000. Carleton House furniture, $1,000 in the Imperial of London.

THE ORIGIN OF THE FIRE

is involved in mystery, but sufficient is known to point at least *possibly* to its being the work of an incendiary. Mr. Alfred Brown, the grocer, adjoining the eastern end of the block, retired to rest about eleven o'clock, and shortly afterwards, perhaps an hour's time, he heard a noise as of some one chopping with an axe in the rear of Desbarats' block, and the noise aroused his watch dog which barked loudly, as at some intruder. Mr. Brown did not then think the matter sufficiently serious to arouse him to get up; but about an hour afterwards the glare of the flames aroused him.

Mr. Guerin, who lived with his family in the building, was awoke by the glare of the flames on the gallery, in rear of his rooms, but then the fire had obtained too much headway to be got under.

The watchman employed by Mr. Desbarats first observed the fire on the stairway in rear of Miss Maguire's millinery establishment. He immediately gave the alarm, and set to work to put the engine attached to the printing office in running order. Attached to the engine were two hose pipes to be used in case of fire. These were used, but from the great rapidity with which the flames spread, owing partly to the outbuildings in rear of the whole block being of light wooden structure, and the large stock of paper in the establishment at the time, which ignited through the rear windows, but very little, if any, good was effected at all. A slight idea of the astonishing rapidity with which the flames spread may be obtained, when we state that in about two hours' time from the alarm of fire the whole structure was reduced to one tottering mass of ruins, part of the walls fallen in, and almost the whole stock destroyed.

OTTAWA AUXILIARY BIBLE SOCIETY.

Fourteenth Anniversary.

The annual meeting of this society was held in the Wesleyan Methodist Church, Metcalfe-st., last evening. There was a large attendance, showing the great interest taken in the welfare of the society by our citizens.

Geo. Hay, Esq., President of the Society, occupied the chair, and at the opening there were on the platform the Rev. E. B. Harper, Rev. Richard Gavin, Rev. Thos. Wardrope, and Rev. D. M. Gordon, with others as the meeting progressed.

The opening exercises were conducted by the Rev. Mr. Harper, the choir singing a hymn, and a very fine anthem.

The Rev. Mr. Gavin read the annual report.

After speaking of the nature of Christian societies, the report stated that this society was one of 6,000 which had distributed over 55,000,000 Bibles. The committee during the past year had had under consideration projects for the extension of territory, which they were glad to say had been successful, and the help thus acquired would add greatly to the strength for good of this society. The difficulties of the colporteurs in the remote districts were dwelt upon at considerable length, they being sometimes treated with inhospitality and indignity, but generally with kindness where people were able. The figures showed 4,419 volumes of the Scriptures to have been distributed during the past year. The receipts during the year had been $4,054.92 and the expenditure $1,814.51, leaving a balance of $2,250.01 in the Treasurer's hands.

Rev. Mr. Harper (in the absence of the Rev. Mr. Ebbs, who had been prevented by sickness from being present) briefly moved

RESOLUTION I.—"That the report now "read be adopted and printed by the authority of this Society, and that the following "be the Officer-Bearers and Committee for "the ensuing year:"—

Patron.—His Excellency the Governor-General.

President.—George Hay, Esq.

Vice-Presidents.—William Clegg, Esq., William Hamilton, Esq., Hon. S. L. Tilley, Hon. Malcolm Cameron, James Johnson, Esq., W. A. McAggy, Esq., P. LeSueur, Esq., Wm. Spragge, Esq.

Corresponding Secretary.—Rev. Thomas Wardrope.

Recording Secretary.—Rev. D. M. Gordon.

Treasurer.—George May, Esq.

Depository.—John Durie, Esq.

Committee.—Ministers of the Gospel *ex officio*.—H. Alexander, R. Blackburn, Rev. Charles Biss, H. F. Bronson, Dr. Browne, G. R. Blyth, Geo. Blyth, Wm. Cousens, B. A. Currier, T. Currier, Andrew Drummond, G. E. Elliott, Dr. Grant, J. Henderson, Dr. Hill, H. H. Horsey, S. Howell, W. Hutchison, J. Jamieson, J. Lamb, H. McCormick, J. McMillan, B. A., J. Ogilvy, J. L. Orme, M. Paterson, J. T. Pennock, Jas. Rochester, Wm. Smilie, R. Surtees, Dr. Sweetland, W. Taylor, J. Thorburn, M. A., Thos. Vaux, W. H. Walker, W. J. Wills, Dr. Wood, Thos. Worthington, with power to add to their number.

Mr. LeSueur, said he, had only expected to second the motion, and that the gentleman who had been expected to move it would have exhausted the subject. That gentleman was no here for the reason stated. Under these disadvantages, however, he would briefly maintain that the circulation of the Bible, without note or comment, was of great value, and went on to establish his position by voluminous arguments and illustrations.

The motion was carried unanimously.

The President said another variation from the programme must be made. He called upon the Rev. Mr. Johnson, of Hull, to move the second resolution.

The Rev. Mr. Johnson, in his usual eloquent manner, spoke of the value of the Bible, and of the good which it had done. It had been sent to us by God himself, and it was our solemn duty to place it in the hands of all. It contained a spirit greater and wiser than any teacher or all the teachers of the world. Its simple truths were sufficient for our salvation. He moved:

RESOLUTION II.—"That this meeting de-"sires to express its gratitude to Almighty "God, for the success that has hitherto at-"tended the labours of the British and "Foreign Bible Society, and its continued "determination to assist that Society in the "circulation of the Scriptures, that so the "way of God may be known upon the earth, "and His saving health among all nations."

The Rev. W. Wardrope, in seconding the motion, said God in many wonderful ways had caused the spread of His word, often convicting the means taken to suppress it to the opposite purpose. The case of Tindall in London was one of these many instances. His Bibles were bought up and burned by the Bishop of London; but with the sum which he received from the Bishop for one Bible in order to destroy it, he produced two in its place. Again the printing press with which Voltaire produced his infamous works, was now printing Bibles in Geneva. He also showed the difficulties which had been experienced in procuring copies of the Holy Book in times past, especially in Wales. From these difficulties to individuals had arisen the idea of Bible Societies, which were now doing so much good in the world. Some timid friends of the Bible thought that tracts opposing the doctrines of Colenso, and others of his class, should be bound up with the Bibles sent abroad, but he preferred that the Word should go forth without note or comment.

The resolution was carried, and the choir executed a second anthem.

The Rev. Mr. Gordon had much pleasure in proposing the next resolution, and he did so with all the greater pleasure as it referred to our home society in the Valley of the Ottawa. He rejoiced in the success of the British and Foreign Bible Society, as it gave encouragement to us to add to our own successes in the past. He traced the history of the Bible from ancient times, when it was buried in the cells of the Monks, down to the present time, and in all its vicissitudes it had not lost a jot or a tittle. Apart from its sacred character, it had been a great civilizer. Before the introduction of the Bible there had been no true civilizer. A few lights might have strewed across the pagan world, but the masses were sunk in ignorance and slavery. Its spirit permeated the literature of the world, and science in many remarkable ways bore testimony of its truth. He moved

RESOLUTION III.—"That this meeting re-"cognises the good Providence of God in the "successful and extended labours of the "Ottawa Auxiliary Bible Society, and desires "to express its determination, in humble reli-"ance on God, to increase its labours and "energy in circulating the Sacred Scriptures "throughout the whole Valley of the Otta-"wa, and the adjoining districts."

A letter of apology from the Hon. Mr. Tilley, who was expected to second this resolution, enclosing $5 for the funds of the Society, was read.

Under these circumstances, the President called upon

Rev. Mr. Gavin, who in giving a brief history of the Society, said they had no reason to fear the future. The field before them presented two features. In some of the townships in this district there was often extreme poverty. Surely the least we could do would be to send them the Scriptures free. The other thing was that in some parts there was active infidelity, sown years ago, to encounter. Much could be done if they could secure the active zeal of even a few of the leading workmen in the lumber woods of the Ottawa Valley.

Before putting the resolution the President said the shanty work was much greater than most people supposed. The lumber woods contained 87,000 square miles, with about 15,000 lumbermen to be visited.

The resolution was carried.

The Rev. Mr. Moore, in moving the next resolution, while pointing to some who were backward, paid a high compliment to the lady collectors in connection with this society. He moved

RESOLUTION IV.—"That this meeting de-"sires to express its thankfulness to the "Committee and Collectors connected with "the various Branch Associations, for the "valuable assistance they have rendered in "the work of this Auxiliary."

Mr. Thorburn in seconding the resolution spoke of the difficulties in collecting. From experience he knew it to be a task, the execution of which should be spoken of tenderly.

The motion was carried, and after a vote of thanks to the chair, and singing the doxology, the meeting broke up.

LOCAL NEWS.

THE MARKET.—The provision market was poor on Wednesday, in articles of daily consumption, with the exception of pork, oats and hay. Pork had declined to $9.00 and $9.12½, beef to $5.50 and $6.50, and hay to $18.00 and $20.00.

ANNIVERSARY OF THE YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION.—We understand that the Young Men's Christian Association will hold their anniversary meeting this evening in the Wesleyan Church, Metcalfe-st., on which occasion several gentlemen, clerical and lay, will address the meeting.

FRAGMENTS OF CANADIAN HISTORY—LECTURE.—A lecture in the French language will be delivered on the above subject in the French Canadian Institute to-morrow, Friday, evening, by E. P. Dorion, Esq., French translator to the Legislative Assembly. From the well-known ability of the lecturer we can confidently promise a rich intellectual treat to all who may attend.

THE WEATHER.—The very mild weather with which we have of late been blessed has at length given place to a keen frosty air. Considerable snow was yesterday morning found to have fallen during the night. The sun shone out bright at times during the day, and, though a little cold, the weather was beautifully fine, and continued so up to last night without immediate prospect of change.

AUCTION SALE AT THE REVERE HOUSE.—The auction sale of the effects of the Revere House is continued to-day, when, we believe, the best portions of the goods are to be sold, including parlour and drawing-room furniture, glassware, &c. Many of the articles are said to have been sold at a great sacrifice and consequently good bargains to the purchasers. Those in want of such articles would do well to drop in.

ST. PATRICK'S HALL.—We learn that the programme for this evening at the St. Patrick's Hall is a capital one. The readings will be given by Dr. VanCortlandt, and Messrs. Johnson, Davis and Tubman. Talented lady and gentlemen amateurs will sustain the vocal and instrumental part of the entertainment. Mr. Gustave Smith has kindly consented to preside at the piano.

THE RIOPELLE MARE.—This mare, which has created quite a reputation for herself in this locality as a trotter, is now to be tried a distance of 200 miles. A gentleman in this city has bought her, we understand, for $300, and backs her to travel from this city to the Matawan, a distance of 200 miles, in 48 hours, himself to drive her. A match we believe has been made to that effect for $500. The journey to be commenced to-morrow (Friday) evening.

LECTURE.—On Sunday evening next the Rev. Æ. MacD. Dawson will deliver a lecture on "Errors and opinions of the time," at St. Andrew's R. C. Church, Upper Town. From the rev. gentleman's well-known eloquence and ability a treat of no ordinary character may be expected by the audience. Though we cannot expect to agree as to what are the "errors of the time," we can all profit something by hearing the opinions of a gentleman of education and experience thereon.

POLICE COURT.—Patrick Cleary, for being drunk and disorderly, was fined $2 and costs. J. Baptiste Vane and James Alexander ditto.

Ellen Johnson was charged with the larceny of a coat and a pair of spectacles from Thomas Costello. She was remanded till this morning.

Madame Monsuer, who had been summoned to answer the charge of practising fortune-telling by palmistry, &c., &c., did not appear. A warrant was ordered to issue for her apprehension, but there is reason to believe she has gone to parts unknown.

CHEAP GOODS IN PROSPECT.—We are informed that Mr. J. Bermingham, auctioneer of this city, is in receipt of instructions from a well-known Montreal advocate to sell by public auction at an early date, a large and valuable stock of general dry goods, cloths, &c., seized in Montreal by order of the English creditors, the importer being under arrest for embezzlement. Our citizens may, therefore, expect great bargains in that line, as there is no reserve on the property. The advertisement will appear in to-morrow's issue.

CORONER'S INQUEST.—A coroner's inquest was held before Dr. VanCortlandt yesterday, at Mr. Elliott's Hotel, York-st., on the body of Robert Little, who came to his death on Tuesday morning last from being knocked down by a horse at the trotting match on the ice on Saturday last. Several witnesses were examined, but nothing was elicited beyond the simple fact that the deceased was accidentally knocked down by the horse of Mr. James Connolly, and that he fell on the back of his head with so much violence as to cause death from concussion of the brain. The following is the verdict of the jury: "The jurors on the body of Robert Little have come to the conclusion that the deceased came to his death purely accidentally, being caused by falling on the ice on the Hull side of the river on Saturday the 16th of January, 1869, while attending trotting matches." The jury would urgently recommend the authorities to enforce the by-law prohibiting furious driving within the limits of the city.

ORGANIZATION UNDER THE NEW MILITIA LAW.

[From Canada Gazette Extra, January 20th, 1869.]

HEADQUARTERS,
OTTAWA, January 19, 1869.

GENERAL ORDERS:

No. 1.

Under the authority of the 14th section of "The Act respecting the Militia and defence of the Dominion of Canada," it is ordered that the nine military districts into which the Dominion of Canada was divided by the order in Council under the date of 1st October, 1868, be divided into regimental and brigade divisions, with the limits and designations specified hereunder:—

PROVINCE OF ONTARIO.

That the four military districts into which the Province of Ontario was divided, be divided into eighty-two regimental divisions, to be comprised within eight brigade divisions.

That the boundaries of such regimental divisions be identical with the 82 electoral divisions into which the Province of Ontario is divided by the Imperial Act (30 and 31 Victoria, Cap. 3) known as the British North America Act, 1867.

That the brigade divisions be numbered from west to east, from 1 to 8, and embrace the following regimental divisions for each respectively:

First Military District.

First Brigade Division.

To consist of the Regimental Divisions of Essex, Kent, Bothwell, Lambton, west riding of Middlesex, north riding of Middlesex, east riding of Middlesex, west riding of Elgin, east riding of Elgin, north riding of Oxford, south riding of Oxford and the city of London.

Second Brigade Division.

To consist of the Regimental Divisions of south riding of Huron, north riding of Huron south riding of Bruce, north riding of Bruce, south riding of Perth, north riding of Perth north riding of Waterloo, south riding of Waterloo, north riding of Wellington, centre riding of Wellington, and south riding of Wellington.

Second Military District.

Third Brigade Division.

To consist of the Regimental Divisions of the north riding of Norfolk, south riding of Norfolk, north riding of Brant, south riding of Brant, Haldimand, Monck, Welland, Lincoln, Niagara, north riding of Wentworth, south riding of Wentworth, Halton and the city of Hamilton.

Fourth Brigade Division.

To consist of the Regimental Divisions of Peel, Cardwell, north riding of Grey, south riding of Grey, Algoma, north riding of Simcoe, south riding of Simcoe, north riding of York, west riding of York, east riding of York, north riding of Ontario, south riding of Ontario.

Fifth Brigade Division.

To consist of the Regimental Divisions of the west riding of the city of Toronto, and the east riding of the city of Toronto.

Third Military District.

Sixth Brigade Division.

To consist of the Regimental Divisions of the west riding of Durham, east riding of Durham, south riding of Victoria, north riding of Victoria, west riding of Peterborough, east riding of Peterborough, west riding of Northumberland, east riding of Northumberland.

Seventh Brigade Division.

To consist of the Regimental Divisions of the west riding of Hastings, north riding of Hastings, east riding of Hastings, Prince Edward, Lennox, Addington, Frontenac, and the city of Kingston.

Fourth Military District.

Eighth Brigade Division.

To consist of the Regimental Divisions of the south riding of Leeds, north riding of Leeds and Grenville, Brockville, south riding of Grenville, south riding of Lanark, north riding of Lanark, south riding of Renfrew, north riding of Renfrew, Carleton, the city of Ottawa, Dundas, Russell, Stormont, Cornwall, Prescott and Glengarry.

PROVINCE OF QUEBEC.

That the three Military Districts into which the Province of Quebec is divided, be divided into seventy Regimental Divisions to be comprised within eight Brigade Divisions.

That the boundaries of such Regimental Divisions be identical with the Electoral Divisions into which the Province of Quebec is divided, with the following exceptions, viz.: Montreal centre to form two Regimental Divisions, to be known as first and second Montreal centre; the first division to comprise the east ward, and the second division to comprise the centre and west wards.

Chateauguay to form two Regimental Divisions, to be known as first and second Chateauguay:

The first division to comprise the parishes of St. Philomene, Chateauguay, St. Martine and St. Urban; and

The second division to comprise the portion of the county not included in the first division.

The counties of Richmond, Wolfe, Drummond, Arthabaska, Chicoutimi and Saguenay, each to form a Regimental Division.

That the Brigade Divisions be numbered from west to east, from one to eight, and embrace the following Regimental Divisions, for each respectively:

Fifth Military District.

First Brigade Division.

To consist of the Regimental Divisions of Pontiac, Ottawa, Argenteuil, West Montreal, and Second Montreal Centre.

Second Brigade Division.

To consist of the Regimental Divisions of Huntingdon, Napierville, Second Chateauguay, St. Johns, Iberville, Missisquoi, Brome and Shefford.

Third Brigade Division.

To consist of the Regimental Divisions of Richmond, Drummond, Stanstead, Sherbrooke and Compton.

Sixth Military District.

Fourth Brigade Division.

To consist of the Regimental Divisions of Montreal East, First Montreal Centre, Vaudreuil, Soulanges, Beauharnois, First Chateauguay, Laprairie, Two Mountains, Terrebonne, Hochelaga, Jacques Cartier and Laval.

Fifth Brigade Division.

To consist of the Regimental Divisions of L'Assomption, Montcalm, Joliette, Berthier, Maskinonge, Three Rivers and St. Maurice.

Sixth Brigade Division.

To consist of the Regimental Divisions of Nicolet, Arthabaska, Wolfe, Yamaska, Bagot, Richelieu, St. Hyacinthe, Rouville, Vercheres and Chambly.

Seventh Military District.

Seventh Brigade Division.

To consist of the Regimental Divisions of Lotbiniere, Megantic, Beauce, Dorchester, Levis, Bellechasse, Montmagny, L'Islet, Kamouraska, Temiscouata, Rimouski, Bonaventure and Gaspe.

Eighth Brigade Division.

To consist of the Regimental Divisions of Champlain, Portneuf, Quebec east, Quebec centre, Quebec west, county of Quebec, Montmorency, Charlevoix, Chicoutimi and Saguenay.

PROVINCE OF NEW BRUNSWICK.

That the Province of New Brunswick be divided into 15 Regimental Divisions, to be comprised within three Brigade Divisions, and that the boundaries of such Regimental Divisions be identical with the Electoral Divisions into which the Province is divided, with the following exceptions, viz.: The city and county of St. John to form two Regimental Divisions, to be known as 1st and 2nd St. John, the first division to comprise all that part of the city and county of St. John lying on the western side of the river St. John, and the second division to comprise all that part of the city and county lying on the eastern side of the river St. John.

That the Brigade Divisions be numbered from one to three, and embrace the following Regimental Divisions for each respectively:

Eighth Military District.

First Brigade Division.

To consist of the Regimental Divisions of Victoria, Carleton, Charlotte, York and Sunbury.

Second Brigade Division.

To consist of the Regimental Divisions of Queens, Kings, 1st St. John, 2nd St. John and Albert.

Third Brigade Division.

To consist of the Regimental Divisions of Restigouche, Gloucester, Northumberland, Kent and Westmorland.

PROVINCE OF NOVA SCOTIA.

That the Province of Nova Scotia be divided into nineteen Regimental Divisions, to be comprised within three Brigade Divisions, and that the boundaries of such Regimental Divisions be identical with the Electoral Divisions into which the Province is divided, with the following exceptions, viz.: the city of Halifax and county of Halifax, each to form one Regimental Division.

That the Brigade Divisions be numbered from one to three, and embrace the following Regimental Divisions for each respectively:

Ninth Military District.

First Brigade Division.

To consist of the Regimental Divisions of the city of Halifax and counties of Halifax, Hants, Colchester, Cumberland, Pictou, Antigonish, and Guysboro.

Second Brigade Division.

To consist of the Regimental Divisions of Kings, Annapolis, Digby, Yarmouth, Shelburne, Queens and Lunenburg.

Third Brigade Division.

To consist of the Regimental Divisions of Inverness, Victoria, Richmond and Cape Breton.

That the several Regimental Divisions be divided by the Lieutenant-Colonels of each Division into such number of Company Divisions as the Adjutant-General may direct.

No. 2.

To be Deputy Adjutant-General for Military District number three:

Lt.-Colonel Samuel P. Jarvis.

The following officers are appointed Brigade-Majors for the undermentioned divisions, viz.:

PROVINCE OF ONTARIO.

1st Brigade Division:
Lt.-Colonel James Moffatt.
2nd Brigade Division:
Lt.-Colonel Robert S. Service.
3rd Brigade Division:
Lt.-Colonel Henry V. Villiers.
4th Brigade Division:
Lt.-Colonel J. Stoughton Dennis.
5th Brigade Division:
Lt.-Colonel Robert B. Denison.
6th Brigade Division:
Lt.-Colonel Alex. Patterson.
7th Brigade Division:
Lt.-Colonel David Shaw.
8th Brigade Division:
Lt.-Colonel Wm. H. Jackson.

PROVINCE OF QUEBEC.

1st Brigade Division:
Lt.-Colonel Thomas Bacon.
2nd Brigade Division:
Lt.-Colonel John Fletcher.
3rd Brigade Division:
Lt.-Colonel Charles King.
4th Brigade Division:
Lt.-Colonel Gustave d'O. d'Ors

Latest by Telegraph.

Per Montreal Line.

TORONTO.

ONTARIO LEGISLATURE.

2nd Session: 1st Legislative Assembly.

Special to THE TIMES.

TORONTO, January 20.

In the House to-day Hon. Mr. Macdonald introduced a Bill respecting lands sold for taxes. He said it must be read a second time in the evening, in order to pass it to-morrow.

In a Committee of the Whole on the Assessment Act Mr. Cameron moved an amendment exempting the Government employees at Ottawa.—Carried.

On clause 35, providing that incomes over $400 be added together, and constitute personal property liable to assessment, Mr. Calvin asked if he would be taxed the full value for a steamer and her earnings, as it appeared that both investment and earnings would be liable to taxation.

The clause was laid over.

Mr. Ferguson moved that Government clerks at Toronto be exempted. After some discussion it was carried.

The Bill reported and ordered for a third reading to-morrow.

Mr. Cameron presented returns from the Educational Department.

Hon. Mr. Macdonald said he had ordered the parliamentary papers to be sent to members of the Dominion Legislature.

In Committee on the Bill to amend the Act to incorporate the Toronto, Grey and Bruce Railroad, Mr. Carnegie moved an amendment that no municipality be indebted to the public nor be allowed to issue debentures in aid of this line.

After a long debate the amendment was lost on a division of 41 to 21.

The Bill reported and ordered for a second reading to-morrow.

The Bill amending the Act to incorporate the Nipissing lin was read a second time, and passed in committee in order to have a third reading to-morrow.

The House rose.

SECOND DESPATCH.

TORONTO, January 20.

The *Globe* devotes four columns to its reply to the letter from the nine Reform members. It goes over the names, and admits that some entered the House as Coalitionists, but contends that others were elected as Oppositionists. It endeavours to establish "corruption" as the cause of the alleged change. A reply from some of the members is expected.

The *Telegraph* rejoices over Howe's arrival at Ottawa, and predicts that the mission will be successful, but warns Mr. Howe that if he accepts the situation, his bitterest foes will be Ontario Oppositionists.

The first meeting of the committees of the new Council was held to-day. The committees organized and elected chairmen.

The Grand Trunk has completed a purchase at a large price of some land on the Esplanade, for the site of a new passenger station, and an addition to the freight shed. The present shed was erected five years ago, and with the addition, is expected to be large enough for twenty years to come. With the addition it will be nearly as large as the Montreal shed.

A man was arrested this afternoon on a charge of felonious assault by stabbing a fellow workman.

Another party was arrested in a state of beastly drunkenness. He was found to have £38 in his pockets.

The half-yearly meeting of the Dental Association was held last night.

G. A. Beers, of Montreal, addressed the meeting of the Board of Trade this afternoon to reconsider the Georgian Bay Canal scheme. The meeting was largely attended and great excitement prevailed. After four hours' debate a formal resolution was passed sustaining the former decision that neither the commercial, shipping, nor agricultural interests of Canada or Ontario require its construction.

The body of Mrs. Macdougall arrived to-day. The remains were laid in the family vault.

MONTREAL.

Special to THE TIMES.

MONTREAL, January 20.

Six thousand dollars have already been raised for the Deaf and Dumb Asylum.

The Rouge papers pronounce in favour of Greeley's Zollverein.

John Whyte, official assignee, went to St. Armand's a few days ago and took the assignment of J. C. Franck, who crossed over from St. Alban's for the purpose. The conduct of Whyte causes much comment.

The Citizens' Association intend bringing forward a candidate of their own in each ward at the approaching municipal election.

The Colonel of the 60th Rifles refuses to allow the band of the regiment to play at the St. Patrick's concert next week.

Bishop Bourget left for Rome to-day. It is believed he will not return here again, owing to difficulties with the seminary of St. Sulpice. Villeause is spoken of as likely to be made Bishop.

CABLE NEWS.

GREAT BRITAIN.

Arrival Out.

LONDONDERRY, January 20.—The steamship *Asian* arrived here yesterday.

LONDON, January 20.—The particulars of the earthquake which recently occurred around the shores of the Bay of Bengal was received by telegraph. The loss of life was very great.

NEWS VIA WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, January 20.—The Department of State to-day received a telegram from the United States Minister at London, announcing the revocation of the order prohibiting the importation of hay from this country to Great Britain.

FRANCE.

PARIS, January 20.—The French blue book for the year 1868 has made its appearance. The correspondence with the Government at Washington shows that cordial relations continue to be maintained between France and the United States. In reference to the recent events in the Spanish Peninsula, the blue book says that France will be faithful to the principle of her foreign policy, and to her friendship for Spain, to preserve a strict neutrality, and sincerely wishes her well through the crisis. Statistics are given to show the strength of the French army, which is officially reported to number at the present time 424,000 men, of whom 115,000 are on furlough. The blue book also contains the despatches and communications which were exchanged between the French and Italian Governments in regard to the evacuation of Rome by the French troops. All the attempts to make an arrangement to that end proved fruitless.

PARIS, January 20.—Buringame had an interview to-day with Marquis de La Vallette, Minister of Foreign Affairs.

The *Liberte* asserts that the President of the Cretan Provisional Government has escaped from Candia, and will go to the United States, where he will endeavour to raise a loan and purchase ironclads, with the object of making one more effort to free Candia from the Dominion of the Turks.

PARIS, January 20.—Bourse dull; rentes 66f. 5c.

SPAIN.

MADRID, January 20.—The newly elected Cortez will meet for the transaction of business on the 11th of February.

MADRID, January 20.—The Provisional Government has issued a decree authorizing the Island of Cuba to send 18 delegates, and the Island of Porto Rico 11 delegates to the constituent cortes. Active preparations are being made for the embarkation of additional reinforcements for Cuba. Four generals are to go out for command of the troops.

SOUTH AMERICA.

NEWS VIA PARIS.

PARIS, January 20.—Later advices from Rio Janeiro, received to-day, state that the previous reports of the capture of Villeta and destruction of the Paraguayan army was fully confirmed.

PORTUGAL.

LISBON, January 20.—The ministerial crisis has passed. Saldahna has declined to form a new cabinet, and the old ministry, under Marquis de la Dallauiena, remains in office.

AMERICAN NEWS.

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES.

A Game of Chess Played and Won by Telegraph.

SPRINGFIELD, MASS., January 20.—The fourth and decisive game of chess by telegraph between this city and Boston terminated last night in favour of Springfield.

Presidential Levee at the White House.

WASHINGTON, January 20.—President Johnson held his first general reception of the season last night. It was the most brilliant, crowded, and effective assembly that has met at the White House for many years. The foreign diplomatic corps was largely represented. The entertainment of Hon. John A. Griswold to Gen. Grant and Speaker Colfax, and other distinguished guests, on Monday night, was a grand affair.

Arrival of the SS. "Hammonia."

NEW YORK, January 20.—The steamship *Hammonia* has arrived from Hamburg.

Destructive Fire at the Derby Athenæum, New York.

A fire occurred last evening at the Derby Athenæum, and although extinguished after very little delay destroyed or damaged several valuable works of art, among them Rothermel's fine picture of "Lincoln's last reception." Loss $50,000.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

Reported by Telegraph.

[*For daily report of Ottawa Markets, see Fourth Page.*]

Montreal Markets.

MONTREAL, January 20.—Flour is extremely dull, with an easier feeling. Sales 600 barrels superfine at $4.90 @ 5.00.—Hogs, butter, and ashes unchanged.

New York Money Market.

NEW YORK, January 20.—Gold 135¼.
3 p.m.—Gold closed at 135¼.

New York Markets.

NEW YORK, January 20.—Cotton is quiet and firm at 29c. for Middling Uplands.—Flour steady to-day; receipts 6,392 barrels; sales 5,300 barrels at $5.65 @ 6.20 for Superfine State and Western; $6.75 @ 7.20 for common to choice Extra State; $6.50 @ 7.60 for common to choice Extra Western; $6.80 @ 8.10 for Round Hoop Ohio.—Rye flour quiet; sales 250 barrels at $5.40 @ 7.60.—Wheat unchanged; receipts 3,950 bushels; sales 38,300 bushels.—Rye quiet; receipts 80 bushels.—Corn steady; receipts 22,492 bushels; sales 5,700 bushels at 94c. @ 96c. for new mixed Western.—Barley dull.—Oats lower; receipts 5,270 bushels; sales 6,500 bushels at 74c. for Western in store. Provisions—Pork firmer and quiet; sales 620 barrels at $29.75 @ 30.00 for new Mess; $29.00 @ 29.75 for old Mess.—Lard firmer at 18½c. @ 19½c. for steam.

London Money Market.

LONDON, January 20—p.m.—Consols 93 for both; Bonds 75½; Stocks steady; Erie 26½; Illinois Central 93½.

Liverpool Markets.

LIVERPOOL, January 20.—Cotton firmer, Uplands on the spot 11½d.; afloat 11½d.; Orleans 11½d.; sales are estimated at 15,000 bales. Cheese 72s.

Havre Cotton Market.

HAVRE, January 20.—Cotton unchanged.

Frankfort Money Market.

FRANKFORT, January 20.—U. S. 5-20 bonds quiet at 79½ @ 79½ for issue of '62.

Antwerp Markets.

ANTWERP, January 20.—Petroleum firmer at 58 @ 59f. for standard white.

Boots & Shoes.

ANNOUNCEMENT!

W. A. LAMB,

KEEPER OF THE RED BOOT, &c., &c.

To all the loyal inhabitants of the Metropolitan and surrounding Counties, sends greeting:

And while thus publicly wishing to all

"A Merry Christmas and Happy New Year,"

takes pleasure also in announcing that he will hold

PUBLIC RECEPTIONS DAILY,

at from 7:30 a.m., until 7 p.m., when he will be pleased to meet with those who desire to call upon him.

N.B.—As all will probably wish to retain a *Souvenir* of their visit, it will be satisfactory to know that there is a magnificent assortment of Boots and Shoes on hand to choose from, and any of which will be GIVEN AWAY, for a small consideration.

Don't forget the place, No. 28, Sussex-st., doposite the Barracks.

GENUINE CLEARING SALE

OF

BOOTS AND SHOES,

AT THE OLD

CROSBY STAND, NO. 51, SPARKS-ST.

The whole of

THE BANKRUPT STOCK,

comprising the latest styles and best qualities of

LADIES', GENT'S, MISSES' & CHILDREN'S

DRESS & WALKING BOOTS,

suitable for FALL & WINTER WEAR. Also, a large stock of Men's and Women's Coarse Boots, Moose Moccassins, Buck Moose and Sheep Mitts, Beef Moccassins, Felt Over-shoes, Rubbers, &c., all of which will be sold at great reductions from former prices. Lumber and country merchants are requested to bear in mind that there is a large stock of handmade boots to be disposed of at the aforesaid reduction in prices.

The public generally are invited to call and examine the stock and prices, which we know cannot fail to give satisfaction to all.

Remember the place, the old Crosby Stand, opposite O'Meara's, No. 51, Sparks-st.

A. J. STEPHENS & CO.

Ottawa, Oct. 20 868. 876y

CHEAP BOOTS & SHOES AT THE

CAPITAL BOOT & SHOE STORE, YORK-ST.

I have now received my fall and winter stock of

BOOTS AND SHOES,

which will be found complete; being selected with care, it will not fail to give general satisfaction.

In Ladies', Misses' and Children's ware I have everything that can possibly be required for the season, and at much lower figures than ever before offered.

Men's ware in Calf, Kipp, Cowhide Boots; Men's Strong Working Boots as low as $2 per pair. Boy's and Youth's equally low.

A large supply of New English Kipp Boots, hand made, the most suitable ware for Lumbermen, constantly on hand and made by the very best workmen. Orders taken for all kinds of work.

4297 GEORGE MURPHY

WANTED,

AN EXPERIENCED SALESMAN,

to take charge of a

GROCERY AND DRY GOODS ESTABLISHMENT

in this city. Good references required. Apply at this office.

Ottawa, Jan. 21, 1869. 933a

TO LUMBERMEN.—For sale at the Railway Station, at Ottawa, 10,000 bushels LOWER CANADA OATS. Also, at SANDPOINT, Flour, Pork, Beans, Corn, Oats, and Hay pressed in wire-bound bales.

NEIL McKINNON,
Commission and Exchange Broker.

Ottawa, Jan. 21, 1869. 933a

Auction Sale.

I. B. Tackaberry, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE

OF

$10,000 WORTH OF PROPERTY.

A RARE CHANCE FOR PARTIES WISHING TO RE-FURNISH.

I. B. TACKABERRY, City Auctioneer, has been favoured with instructions from Messrs. Buck & Sanger, proprietors of the Revere House, to sell on the premises, commencing:

ON TUESDAY, 19TH JANUARY,

at 10 o'clock, a.m., and continuing each day, the whole of the Household Furniture and Fixtures of that recent and elegantly furnished house, including Parlor, Drawing Room, Bed Room, Kitchen, Office, Bar and Hall Furniture, consisting in part as follows:

Handsome Mahogany Tables—Marble Top,—Sofas, Lounges, and Chairs to match, with Hair Cloth Covers, large and superb Cut Glass Mirrors, with Marble Stands; Wardrobes, two very fine toned Pianos and Music Stools, Pictures, Damask and Muslin Window Curtains, with Cornices, Brussels and Tapestry Hall, Stair and Drawing Room Carpets.

In Bed Room Sets—Spring Mattrasses, Bedsteads, Bureaus, Washstands, Tables and Chairs to match, all of the finest Black Walnut, procured from a Montreal firm, and as good as new, having been only about 1 year in use; also an elegant and richly carved Bridal Chamber Set, with polished Rosewood Bureau.

In the Dining Room will be found Extension Dining Tables, Sideboard, Chairs, Silver Plate, Cutlery, Crockery, Glassware, and all the furnishings usually found in a well kept and extensive house of this description.

In Kitchen Utensils—A large Hotel Cooking Stove, (Patent Pastry Baker) nearly new, three smaller Cooking Stoves, Kettles, Pots, Pans, and a variety of articles too numerous to mention.

In the Bar will be offered a handsome Silver Soda Fountain, Beer Pumps, Water Filterer, Decanters, Tumblers, Wine Glasses, &c.

Among the Sundries may be mentioned twenty Hall and Parlor Stoves, Stove Pipes, Stair and Passage Oil Cloths, Bedroom Carpets, a quantity of Cocoa Matting, Office Desks and Furniture, Hat Racks, Hall Chairs, &c., &c.

ALSO AT THE SAME TIME

The whole of the Stock, Harness, Buggies, Sleighs, Robes, &c., of a well furnished Livery Stable, containing 20 Horses, and an Omnibus and Water Cart.

The whole will be sold without reserve, the sale commencing on TUESDAY, 19th INSTANT, and continued from day to day until the whole are disposed of, the proprietors being about to remove from the city.

The terms of sale will be cash in bankable funds.

The whole will be on view the day previous to the sale.

I. B. TACKABERRY,
City Auctioneer.

Ottawa, January 12, 1869. 916td

Groceries.

For sale by the consignee.

300 BBLS. MESS PORK.

200 BBLS. THIN MESS PORK.

500 BBLS. STRONG SUPER FLOUR.

COAL OIL.

Having been appointed by the combination their agents for

COAL OIL,

They are now prepared to sell in quantities to suit the trade, by the

BARREL OR CAR LOAD,

AT THE

LOWEST PRICES

Agents for Hiram Walker's

HIGHWINES

RYE,

PROOF, and

MONONGAHELA WHISKEYS.

Agents for

REESOR BROS. CHEESE.

Agents for John Campbell's celebrated

HAMS,

BACON, &c.

C. T. BATE & CO.,
Canal Basin.

Ottawa, Dec. 12, 1868.

GENERAL NOTICE!

TO FARMERS & OTHERS INTERESTED.

We beg to announce that our large sale of

BANKRUPT GOODS

will close in 20 days, having nearly cleared out our stock, and we take this opportunity of thanking our patrons.

Our stock consists of

Stoves of every Size, Pattern or Style,

and we guarantee to suit in price; also,

Tinware,
Lamps,
Oils,
Lamp Trimmings,
Brushes,
Wire Goods,
Japanned Ware,
and General House Furnishings.

Farmers, we have the Stoves for you at astounding prices.

ESMONDE BROS.,
Centre Town, opp. Ontario Bank.

REMOVAL.

MESSRS. A. O. AUDY & Co. beg respectfully to inform their friends and the public generally that they have removed their

OFFICE AND SAMPLE ROOMS,

to the east side of Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, where, as formerly, they will keep on hand a large and varied assortment of the

CHOICEST TEAS AND COFFEES,

In 15 and 10 pound boxes, and upwards. Just received

100 half chests Uncoloured Japan,
250 do Oolong,
50 chests Congou,
75 do Young Hyson,
25 do Souchong,
100 catties Gunpowder.

A liberal discount to the trade.

952-3 A. O. AUDY & CO.

Wholesale & Retail.

JUST RECEIVED,

NEW PATTERNS IN CROSLEY'S

TAPESTRY CARPETS.

Remnants of CARPETS of all kinds, the accumulation four years, will be sold cheap previous -taking.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

COTTON GOODS.

MAGEE & RUSSELL

Have brought forward from the wholesale department

150 PIECES ASSORTED PRINTS,

125 " BLEACHED SHIRTING,

200 " GREY COTTON,

and arranged them on the Centre Tables, where they will be offered at wholesale prices by the piece, during the remainder of this month.

They would also remark that "COTTON GOODS" are slightly higher priced in England, than what they were when the above were purchased.

Customers would be consulting their own interests by taking advantage of the above sale, the reductions being 2, 2½ and 3 cents per yard.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

PATTERN JACKETS.

The balance of our

FRENCH PATTERN JACKETS,

have been still further reduced in price. A few very rich ones yet to dispose of.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

Jewellery, &c.

FOR

CHRISTMAS AND NEW YEAR'S

PRESENTS,

IN GOLD & SILVER WATCHES,

Go to YOUNG & RADFORD'S,

30 Sparks-st.

FOR

CHRISTMAS AND NEW YEAR'S

PRESENTS,

GOLD CHAINS & FINE JEWELLERY,

Go to YOUNG & RADFORD'S.

FOR

CHRISTMAS AND NEW YEAR'S

PRESENTS,

IN PLATED WARE,

Go to YOUNG & RADFORD'S.

FOR

CHRISTMAS AND NEW YEAR'S

PRESENTS,

IN FANCY GOODS,

SUITABLE FOR THE SEASON,

Go to YOUNG & RADFORD'S.

PARTIES WANTING WORK

SUITABLE FOR PRESENTATIONS

FOR CHRISTMAS OR NEW YEAR,

Will find it to their advantage to

Go to YOUNG & RADFORD'S,

30 Sparks-st.

Garland, Mutchmor & Co

X MAS DRY GOODS.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.,

IMPORTERS, 20 SPARKS-ST.,

Have received, ex various ocean steamers, large additions to their extensive stock of

STAPLE & FANCY DRY GOODS,

MILLINERY,

Carpetings and House Furnishings,

and are now shewing a large and well assorted stock in every department. They invite special attention to the following:

RICH FANCY SILKS,

RICH FANCY DRESSES,

suitable for street and evening wear,

RICH BALL DRESSES,

GOOD ABERDEEN WINCIES,

at a little over half last year's prices. Good cheap useful dresses for all classes in all the new materials.

CLOTHS,
TWEEDS,
BLANKETS,
FLANNELS,
SHEETINGS,
COTTONS,
PRINTS, Etc.,

all in great variety cheap.

LACES,
RIBBONS,
TRIMMINGS,
GLOVES,
HOSIERY,

Black Silk Mantle Velvets,
Black and Brown Velveteens,
Black and Brown Sealskins,
Black and Brown Astricans,
Coloured Jasper Sealskins,
White and Fancy Mantle Cloths.

MANTLES,

in great variety, in all the new materials an shapes.

SHAWLS,
BONNETS,
HATS,
LADIES' CAPS,
HEAD DRESSES,
FLOWERS,
FEATHERS,
BRIDAL WREATHS.

Great novelty in Skirts—the

NEW PATENT FELT SKIRT,

Plain and embroidered, all in once piece; warm lighter, better fitting and cheaper than any other skirts. Just opened

One Case Plain Glasgow Wincies.

Two cases latest styles in Clouds and other Woollen Goods.

Wholesale and Retail.

Stationery.

NEW GOODS.

Just received, ex steamship *St. David*, a large importation of the best British manufactured

STAPLE STATIONERY,

IN

LETTER PAPERS,
NOTE PAPERS,
ENVELOPES,
FOOLSCAPS,
FOLIO POSTS,
RECORD PAPERS,
TINTED BLOTTING PAPERS,
MUSIC PAPER,
&c., &c., &c.

For sale at

THE OTTAWA CITIZEN
Stationery and Printing House,
Rideau-st., Ottawa.

Groceries.

THE TEA POT LIST.

In Cases, Hhd. and ¼ Casks,

HENNESSEY'S BRANDY,

MARTELL'S do

OTARD, DUPEY & Co., do

JULES, ROBIN & Co., do

CASTILLION & Co., do.

In Bottle or Wood,

GRAHAM'S EXTRA OLD PORT,

GRAHAM'S THREE GRAPE,

SANDEMAN'S CHOICE OLD PORT,

McKENZIE'S Pure Golden SHERRY

DUNN'S BROWN, do

CHOICE PALE, do.

THE

FINEST BALTIMORE OYSTERS,

Received daily, by Express.

CHIPPAWA pure old RYE WHISKEY
Four years old, equal to any French Brandy.

CHIPPAWA TODDY WHISKEY,
Four years old, equal to Scotch.

CHIPPAWA FAMILY PROOF.

J. G. ROBINSON & Co.
The Tea Pot, Ottawa.

Ottawa, Dec. 16, 1868.

ON SALE,

GOODERHAM & WORTS'

RECTIFIED SPIRITS.

100 BBLS. CELEBRATED OLD RYE,

100 do HIGHWINES, 50 O.P.

100 do ALCOHOL, 65 O.P.

The trade supplied at manufacturers' prices.

REDPATH'S EXTRA GOLDEN SYRUP

REDPATH'S STANDARD do

NEW YORK HOUSE SYRUP,

100 BBLS. WEST INDIA MOLASSES.

500 CHESTS UNCOLORED JAPAN TEA.

100 CADDIES ORANGE PEKOE

150 CHESTS TWANKAY.

200 CADDIES BRIGHT SOL TOBACCO.

100 BOXES TOBACCO, 16s.

500 BARRELS EXTRA SUPERIOR FLOUR.

300 BBLS. MESS PORK, to arrive.

J. G. ROBINSON & Co.

December 16, 1868. 926.3m

OTTAWA MARKETS.

[Compiled expressly for the OTTAWA TIMES.]

Times Office, Ottawa, Jan. 21, 1869.

There was quite a fair market yesterday.

Pork was offered in large quantities, and a middling supply of **Beef**.

Poultry and **Eggs** remain the same in prices with small quantities offering.

Potatoes were rather scarce at former prices.

Hay and **Wood** were brought in in large quantities, and remain at last quotations.

FLOUR—Extra	6 50	@	6.75
No. 1	5 25	@	5 50
No. 2	none.		
Bags—Fall per 100 lbs	3 25	@	3 37½
" Spring "	2 62½	@	2 75
Oatmeal—per 200 lbs	7 00	@	7 25
Indian Meal "	4 00	@	0 00
Rye—per bushel 56 lbs	0 85	@	0 90
Barley " 48 lbs	0 00	@	0 00
Buckwheat Flour	4 00	@	4 50
WHEAT—Fall—per bushel, 60 lbs	1 25	@	1 30
Spring " "	1 20	@	1 25
CORN—Per bushel, 56 lbs	0 85	@	0 90
Peas " 60 lbs	0 90	@	3 00
Oats " 34 lbs	0 61	@	0 65
Beans " 60 lbs	1 80	@	0 00
PORK—Mess—per barrel	24 50	@	25 00
Prime Mess per do	25 50	@	26 00
Prime	none.		
Pork (fresh)	8 50	@	10 00
Hams	0 15	@	0 17
Beef per 100 lbs	6 50	@	7 00
Mutton—per lb	0 5	@	0 6
Cheese—Each	0 50	@	0 60
Ducks	0 50	@	0 60
Turkeys—Each	1 00	@	2 00
Poultry—Per pair	0 50	@	0 60
BUTTER—Choice Table	0 23	@	0 00
No. 1 Firkin	0 22	@	0 24
No. 2	0 00	@	0 00
Eggs	0 22	@	0 25
Apples—per brl	0 00	@	4 50
VEGETABLES, &c.—Potatoes	0 38	@	0 43
HAY—Per ton	18 00	@	22 00
WOOD—Per cord (cubic measure)	3 25	@	0 00
Mixed Wood	3 00	@	0 00
Tamarac	2 00	@	0 00
Soft Wood	2 00	@	0 00

—Another accident happened on Christmas Day, on one of the Welsh lines, presenting nearly all the elements which caused the disastrous catastrophe at Abergele. Thirteen coal-laden trucks appear to have been on a siding without sufficient break power, where there was an incline of one in forty, and the consequence was that the waggons began moving and continued with increased velocity a journey of seven or eight miles. Perceiving that something was wrong, one of the officers at a station the carriages were approaching had the presence of mind to direct the runaways into a goods shed, through which they dashed, destroying considerable property, but, no doubt, saving many lives. Had the progress of the waggons not been thus interrupted, they would probably have run on until they had come into collision with a train due from Cardiff. A shocking accident occurred at the Shrewsbury railway station. A passenger was standing on the edge of the platform watching a passing train, when his foot slipped, and he fell on the rails. Eight carriages passed over him, and he died in a few minutes. The name of the unfortunate man is not mentioned.

CROWN LANDS.—At the sale in Stratford of Crown Lands in Elma, there were 28 lots of pine lands sold, consisting of 2,550 acres. They fetched from $3 to $7.50 per acre, realizing altogether $13,347.15. 800 acres of marsh lands were disposed of, at from $1 to $3 per acre, the sum realized being $1,501.40. Eight swamp lots, of 750 acres, sold from $2 to $4 per acre, realizing $1,951.50. Altogether 44 lots were disposed of for $16,800.05. The pine lands were put up at $3 per acre, the marsh lands at $1, and the swamp lands at $2. The attendance of purchasers was pretty good, and the sale on the whole satisfactory to the department, the lands bringing an average of $3 per acre.

—East India papers publish the confession of a Hindoo, named Ramadheen, not quite 21 years of age, who for the last twenty months has followed the calling of poisoner. He does not pretend to scruples or remorse of any kind. He calls his victims "shikar" (game), and alleges no other excuse for his practices than that it was very dull at home in his village. The persons he poisoned in the year and a half are about twenty-seven, but he is very careless in figures, and talks of a family whom he may murder with a lordly negligence as to the number of its members. Most of his victims were either Brahmins or fakirs, and his favourite hunting-grounds were what he calls "holy places."

—The municipal elections in Spain have been favourable to the Republican party. They lost Madrid, but they have obtained large majorities in the Councils of twenty cities, including Barcelona, Seville, Malaga, Toledo, Valladolid, Valencia, Saragossa, and Cordova; small majorities in twelve other capitals; and had minorities in only nine. Their victory, however, was secured mainly by small numbers of voters, and it is doubtful whether those who stayed away agree with their opinions. The result of the national election is therefore still doubtful.

—The Californians look with contempt upon the new velocipede. "They will do very well," says an editor, "for Paris, where many people cannot afford to keep horses, and could not ride them very well if they did; but they will never do in California, where boys of ten years of age ride full-grown horses at the top of their speed around the streets. How would a man who has felt his blood stirred by a ten-mile dash in a California saddle feel on finding himself trundling himself through the streets like a schoolboy? We would as soon think of riding a broom-handle, or a rocking hobby-horse."

—The *Brownsville Ranchero* of Jan. 1, in summing up the history of the last year in Texas, says cattle raising was unprofitable; the cultivation of the soil was partially a failure from scarcity of labour, excessive rains, and the grasshoppers; the commercial classes made small profits; the people enjoyed better health than usual, and were not visited by epidemics; and murder and crime ran rampant through the State. Not a very favourable report, surely.

—On Sunday before last, one of the Japanese students in attendance upon the Monson academy, Kudo by name, received Christian baptism, and united with the Congregational Church. This young man is about twenty-three years of age, and is characterized by thoughtfulness, earnestness, gracefulness of manner, and unblemished character.

—Anna Dickenson, in reply to the hateful remark that people call her a "man hater," demurely says that "it depends upon the man."

—It is stated that Smith, the newsdealer, spent over $75,000 in the Westminster District, in London, to beat John Stuart Mill.

—Five years ago H. T. Helmbold was a poor man. To-day he is the proprietor of the finest drug store in the world. Moral—advertise your business.

DOMINION Telegraph Company!

Capital Stock.....$500,000.

IN 10,000 SHARES AT $50 EACH.

President, HON. WM. CAYLEY.

Secretary, H. B. REEVE.

Treasurer, HON. J. McMURRICH.

Counsel, MESSRS. CAMERON & McMICHAEL.

General Superintendent, MARTIN RYAN.

DIRECTORS.

HON. J. McMURRICH—Bryce, McMurrich & Co., Toronto.
A. R. McMASTER, Esq.—A. R. McMaster & Brother, Toronto.
HON. M. C. CAMERON.—Provincial Secretary, Toronto.
JAMES MICHIE, Esq.—Fulton, Michie & Co., and Geo. Michie & Co., Toronto.
HON. WM. CAYLEY.—Toronto.
A. M. SMITH, Esq.—A. M. Smith & Co., Toronto.
L. MOFFATT, Esq.—Moffatt, Murray & Co., Toronto.
H. B. REEVE, Esq.—Toronto.
MARTIN RYAN, Esq.—Toronto.

PROSPECTUS.

THE DOMINION TELEGRAPH COMPANY has been organized under the Act respecting Telegraph Companies, chapter 61 of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada. Its object is to cover the Dominion of Canada with a complete network of Telegraph Lines.

THE CAPITAL STOCK

Is $500,000, divided into 10,000 shares of $50 each, 5 per cent to be paid at the time of subscribing, the balance to be paid by instalments, not exceeding 10 per cent per month—said instalments to be called in as the works progress.

THE BUSINESS AFFAIRS OF THE COMPANY

are under the management of a Board of Directors annually elected by the shareholders in conformity with the Charter and By-laws of the Company.

The Directors are of opinion that it would be to the interest of the Stockholders generally to obtain subscriptions from all quarters of Canada, and with this view they propose to divide the Stock amongst the different towns and cities throughout the Dominion in allotments suited to the population and business occupations of the different localities and the interest which they may be supposed to take in such an enterprise.

CONTRACTS OF CONNECTIONS.

A contract, granting permanent connection and extraordinary advantages, has already been executed, between this Company and the Atlantic and Pacific Company of New York; has, at the very commencement, as the lines of this Company are constructed from the Suspension Bridge, at Clifton (the point of connection) to any point in the Dominion, all the chief cities and places in the States, touched by the lines of the Atlantic and Pacific Telegraph Company, are brought in immediate connection therewith.

A permanent connection has also been secured with the Great Western Telegraph Company of Chicago, whereby this Company will be brought into close connection with all the Lake Ports and other places through the North Western States, and through to California.

All classes of Society are interested in extending the use of the Telegraph, at LOW RATES, and the Directors are satisfied, that the adoption of a scale of charges considerably below the rates now exacted in Canada, will by encouraging a much more extended use of this medium of communication, not only prove a real and substantial benefit to the public generally, but will also ensure a safe and profitable return to the Investor.

On the 25th day of June, A.D., 1868, the DOMINION TELEGRAPH COMPANY was duly CHARTERED according to law.

The admitted importance and value of Telegraphy, would, in the opinion of the Directors, have rendered any introduction of this Dominion Telegraph Company to the Canadian public unnecessary had it not been that previous attempts to establish Telegraph Companies in Canada, to share the business with the Montreal Company, had been allowed to fall through.

The success of a Telegraph Company will mainly depend on its ability to meet the demands of the public, and consequently it should possess, at least, equal facilities with any other Company, of access to all quarters with which its customers may desire to have communication.

This important requisite has not been, until now, within the reach of any Company entering the field as a competitor with the Montreal Company, in consequence of the close and exclusive connection formed between that Company and the Western Union Company, of the United States, the latter by virtue of certain patents, having until within these two years, monopolized nearly the whole of the telegraph business of the neighboring republic.

The business relations between these two Companies continue in full force, but the patents having run out, the monopoly so long enjoyed by the Western Union has ceased to exist.

The Atlantic and Pacific, the Great Western, and other American Companies have invaded the field, and have become successful competitors for the public patronage and support. These Companies, acting on the cheap postage principle, have forced the old monopolist to a reduction of rates, which has resulted in a more widely extended use of this means of communication, and much to the surprise of the Western Union itself, has increased its profits, whilst sharing its field of operations.

With these new Companies the Dominion Telegraph Company of Canada have entered into most satisfactory business relations, and confident of the soundness of the principle which led to the adoption of the penny-postage system in Great Britain, the voluntary reduction from $100 to $16.65 per ten word message by the Ocean Cable Company, and the successful operations of the Companies recently established in the United States, invite the business and mercantile community of Canada to join them in the promotion of an enterprise, based on the principle of mutual benefit to the public and the investor, and prove a vast benefit to the community.

Allusion has been made to the voluntary reduction of rates by the Atlantic Cable Company. A Chicago paper, writing on the subject of the growing use of the Telegraph, gives the following return as obtained directly from Cyrus W. Field, showing very conclusively the benefit both to the public and the Company of the reduction of rates.

AVERAGE DAILY RECEIPTS.

From $100 per message of ten words	$2,525
do 50 do do	2,895
do 25 do do	3,964

An advertisement has recently appeared announcing to the public that the rates from 1st September, proximo, will be further reduced to $16.65 per ten words.

The following table shows the reduction which has been effected in rates in the neighboring States arising out of the construction of competing lines:—

From New York to	Former Rate.	Present Rate.
Boston	$ 60	$ 20
Bangor	1 20	65
Portland	90	50
Philadelphia	45	25
Baltimore	70	35
Washington	75	40
Augusta, Me.	1 20	60
Cincinnati	1 00	1 00
Buffalo	75	50
Cleveland	1 25	1 00
Pittsburgh	1 15	45
Louisville	1 25	1 00

This reduction took place in November, 1867. A comparison of the receipts of the Western Union since that period with the corresponding months of the previous year gives the following results:—

Gross Receipts for			
December, 1867	$ 551,971 40	December, 1867	$576,135 19
Jany., Feb., March, '67	1,591,644 96	Jany., Feb., March, '68	1,727,939 55
April, May, June, '67	1,559,178 37	April, May, June, '68	1,749,631 52
		Increase	$ 24,163 79
		Increase	133,294 59
		Increase	159,852 73

While these beneficial results were flowing to the Western Union Company from the reduction of rates, the new Companies had created a business more than sufficient to fill their wires. In proof of this the following extract is taken from the report of the Atlantic and Pacific Company, made July 28th, 1868:

"In April last we reached the maximum capacity of our wires, and have since been compelled to refuse business daily. The Committee, therefore, have reached the conclusion from the actual experience of building and working the present lines—that

"Telegraphic business is growing faster than Telegraphic facilities."

As further proof on this point, the low rates have so pressed the wires of both Companies with business through the day, that posters have been placed in all the main offices proclaiming that double the number of words would be telegraphed at night at the same price as half the number of words by day.

In support of the observation quoted above, that telegraphic business is growing faster than telegraphic facilities, the following statement exhibiting the wonderful increase in the use of the wire, within the last six years, cannot be without interest to our readers. The gross earnings of all telegraph lines in the United States for the following years were:—

1847	$ 4,228 77	1864	$3,792,245 40
1849	63,338 98	1865	4,420,268 88
1853	163,860 84	1866	5,624,401 10
1855	2,734,960 40	1867	7,641,552 37
1863	3,269,442 63		

Showing an average increase of a million a year for the last five years.

A comparison of the number of messages, and persons using the wire in Canada and the States, furnishes a further proof of the advantage to the public and corresponding benefit to the Companies arising out of a reduction of rates.

The published returns for 1867, show that 869,757 messages were sent in Canada, while the messages in the United States for the same period exceeded 20,000,000, the former being less than one message to every six persons, the latter, two to every three. From these returns and results it may be reasonably inferred that a reduction of rates to a tariff at which the wires of both Companies can be filled, will secure a fair field and good prospects to the Dominion Company without in any way prejudicing the interests of the Company now monopolizing the ground.

The particulars submitted above are sufficient in the opinion of the Directors to establish the fact that low rates, by encouraging a more general use of the telegraph, are more profitable than high. It is not, however, solely in the light of wealth and good investment that the Directors desire that this enterprise should be viewed. They feel that their object will be but indifferently attained unless they can satisfy the public, the business and commercial men, that all who use the telegraph as a medium of rapid communication, are interested in the establishment of what may be called a competing line. As in the administration of public affairs, a strong, watchful opposition, is the best security for good and careful government; so in commercial matters, an honest rivalry in the various pursuits and branches of trade furnishes the best security that the public shall be well served.

To apply the argument to the purpose in hand, the following table showing the inconsistencies, and, in many instances, the excessive rates now charged on messages passing between the cities and towns of Ontario, Quebec and the United States, will, it is believed, convince the reader that an honest competition is needed, not only for the reduction and adjustment of rates, but also to ensure that attention and care which would of necessity be enforced on the Company competing for public favor, and thus tend greatly to promote the general interests of the community.

EXAMPLE OF PRESENT TARIFF RATES, WITH DISTANCES.

	MILES.	CANADA MONEY.
From Toronto to Suspension Bridge	82	40c
Do do Montreal	333	30
Do do Mitchell, Seaforth, Bothwell, Ailsa Craig, Caledonia, Chatham, Dunville, Newbury, Port Burwell, Port Colborne and many other places		40
Do do Kingston	160	25
Do do Quebec	505	50

Example at present tariff rates to Buffalo, and from thence to the following places, in U.S. currency, which reduced to Canada money at 45 per cent premium, makes the actual cost, as in second column:—

Price Collected at Toronto.	ACTUAL COST, BOTH TARIFFS.		
To New York ..... 80c.	From Toronto to Buffalo ..... 30c. Buffalo to New York. 50c.	Reduced to Canada Money.	.....31c—$0 65
To Philadelphia $1 05	From Toronto to Buffalo ..... 30c. Buffalo to Philadelphia. 75c.	Reduced to Canada Money.	.....52c—$0 82
To Washington $1 20	From Toronto to Buffalo ..... 30c. Buffalo to Washington. 90c.	Reduced to Canada Money.	.....62c—$0 92
To Baltimore $1 20	From Toronto to Buffalo ..... 30c. Buffalo to Baltimore. 85c.	Reduced to Canada Money.	.....59c—$0 89
To Chicago $1 35	From Toronto to Detroit ..... 60c. Detroit to Chicago. 75c.	Reduced to Canada Money.	.....52c—$1 12
To New Orleans $2 65	From Toronto to Buffalo ..... 30c. Buffalo to New Orleans. $2 75c.	Reduced to Canada Money.	.... $1 90c—$2 20

NOTE.—The same illustration may be applied to all the places in the United States. Canadians are obliged to pay a profit on the published rates.

Subscription Books will be opened at the Office of the Company, 85 King-st. east, on and after September 1st, 1868.

H. B. REEVE, Secretary.

Toronto, September 29, 1868. 869tf

Commission Merchants.

DOMINION AUCTION MART, AND COMMISSION SALE ROOMS, HOUSE, LAND AND GENERAL AGENCY, OFFICE AND SALE ROOMS, INGLIS' NEW BUILDINGS, SUSSEX-ST., OTTAWA.

The subscriber respectfully announces to the inhabitants of Ottawa and surrounding country that at the request of many friends he has decided on opening an extensive and well regulated Auction Mart in this city:

From arrangements made with some of the Furniture Manufactories of Western Ontario, a large and well selected stock of new furniture will be constantly on hand.

Public Sales will be held from time to time, of which due notice will be given, and at which parties requiring to furnish will have an opportunity of purchasing at unusually low rates. The Mart is now open with a large stock of new Furniture, as well as Pianos, Harmoniums, &c., &c., consigned for sale.

The subscriber would also intimate that he is the Sole Agent for Ottawa and territory for the sale of Rappe, Webber & Co.'s celebrated grand Pianos.

They are successors to the late John C. Fox, of Kingston, and the makers of his excellent Pianos.

From their long experience in Germany, Paris, and New York, they are universally admitted to be the best Piano Manufacturers on this continent.

The high reputation of the instruments made by them for the past ten years, and the increasing demand for them in the new Dominion, prove their very superior quality, and universally acknowledged merit.

The Pianos, as well as the Furniture in the establishment, will be sold either by private sale or auction.

He would also announce that he is prepared to receive instructions from persons having household furniture, horses, carriages, or real estate, to dispose of, and pledges himself that nothing will be left undone by him to give satisfaction in discharging the trust confided to him. He hopes that by strict attention to the sales entrusted to his care, as well as by prompt settlements immediately after, to merit a share of public patronage.

He will be in his office from 7 in the morning until 7 in the evening, when he can see parties who wish to arrange about their sales. Consignments from a distance will have immediate attention.

Cash advances, when required, will be made on consignments for immediate sale.

All kinds of furniture bought, sold or exchanged.

REFERENCES.

His Lordship the Bishop of Kingston,
Hon. Sir John A. Macdonald,
Hon. H. L. Langevin, C.B.
Hon. Alex. Campbell, P.M.G.
R. W. Scott, Esq., M.P.P.
Walter Shanly, Esq., M.P.
Max. W. Strange, Esq., M.P.P.
Francis H. Burton, Esq., M.P.
James O'Reilly, Esq., Q.C.
H. V. Noel, Esq., Manager Quebec Bank, Ottawa.
Robert Lyon, Esq., M.P.P.

A smart young man wanted to act as travelling agent to represent sundry firms.

J. BERMINGHAM, *Auctioneer and Commission Merchant, House, Land and General Agent.*

73 y

REMOVAL.

The subscribers beg to inform their customers and the public generally that they have removed to those spacious premises lately occupied by M. K. Dickinson, Canal Basin, and where will be found constantly on hand the following goods:

FLOUR, PORK, OATMEAL, &c.

ALSO ON HAND,

2,000 CORDS OF GOOD FIREWOOD, and 500,000 sawed SHINGLES.

Wholesale and Commission Agents.

Goods forwarded with despatch between Ottawa, Kingston and Intermediate Ports, by the Steamer *Mary Ann*, and three barges.

Silver Taken at Par.

WM. H. EASTON & CO., Forwarders and Commission Merchants, Canal Basin

For Sale or to Let.

TO LUMBERERS.—The subscriber is authorized to receive proposals for lease of the best STEAM MILL SITE on the River Ottawa, below the Chaudiere Falls. Very extensive storage for logs and piling ground. Lumber may be shipped direct from the mill.

R. H. HAYCOCK, Solicitor. Ottawa.

Dec. 19, 1868. 918tf

FOR SALE, OR TO LET for a term of years, BELLGREEN COTTAGE and GROUNDS, say two and a half acres, situate on the Bank of the Rideau River, (Ottawa-st.) The Cottage is built of brick and tin roofed, with a gallery all round. The gardens and grounds are in a high state of cultivation. Large storeroom, stables, granary, coach and ice-house, wood-sheds, &c., all in the best of order. It is one of the most healthy and comfortable residences for a private family in or about the city of Ottawa. For particulars apply to FRANCIS CLEMOW, Esq.—Office, Sparks-st., near the Russell House—or to the proprietor J. WADSWORTH.

Terms moderate. Possession given at any time to suit parties. 927tf

VALUABLE FARMS FOR SALE.—Lot 21 in the 3rd Concession, Gloucester, Ottawa Front, 200 acres, about 80 cleared and under cultivation, with comfortable Dwelling and good Barn. The bush land is principally hardwood, and very valuable from its proximity to Ottawa. Also, Lot 29, in 3rd Concession, Gloucester, Ottawa Front, containing 200 acres, 20 acres cleared. The remainder of this lot is heavily wooded with hard and soft wood. These farms will be sold separately or together as may be desired. The short distance of only 3 miles from Ottawa makes the wood of greater value. These lands are well watered, of excellent soil, and would make a fine dairy farm. Apply to the Proprietor, C. SPARROW, or to D. O'CONNOR, Solicitor, Ottawa.

Ottawa, Nov. 25, 1868. 908tf.

MEMBERS OF PARLIAMENT and others visiting the Capital can be accommodated with board and apartments, single or double, at a first-class Boarding House, within five minutes' walk of the Parliament Buildings. References given if required. Apply to MRS. W. PARDY, Wellington-st., Ottawa. 905-2m

ROOMS TO LET.

MRS. SMITH, Corner of Bank and Albert-sts., can rent TWO FURNISHED BEDROOMS and a SITTING ROOM. 868tf

FOR SALE.—The Westerly one-third of Lot No. 27, in First Concession, Ottawa Front, Nepean, and Lots Nos. 26 and 28, in the same concession, at present in the occupation of Wm. T. Aylen, Esq. For further particulars apply to Jones and Wm. THOMSON, Nepean, and LEWIS & PINHEY, Barristers, Ottawa. Je2-141-tf

OTTAWA AND GLOUCESTER ROAD COMPANY.

Notice is hereby given that THE DIRECTORS Of the Ottawa and Gloucester Road Company have this day made a further CALL OF TEN PER CENT. on the additional capital stock of the said company, which call they require the holders of such stock to pay to the undersigned at the OFFICE of W. M. MATHESON, Esq., in this city, on *Saturday, the Twentieth day of February Next.*

By order, W. H. FALLS, Sec.-Treas.

Dated this 19th January, 1869. 952td

FLOWER BULBS.

Shipped per *Hibernian*, and to arrive in a few days, a very superior assortment of HYACINTH, TULIP AND OTHER FALL BULBS.

These Bulbs will be found superior to anything yet imported.

WILLIAM HEARN, Market Drug Store, York-st.

Ottawa, October 17, 1868 874tf

BOARD AND LODGING—Comfortable Rooms, with Board and Lodging, can be obtained on Maria-st. Apply at the Times Office. Ottawa, January 14, 1869. 947d

A FEW GENTLEMEN can be accommodated with BOARD by applying at MRS. DUIGNAN'S, Sparks-st.

915a

Medical Cards.

DR. J. A. BECKETT, Surgeon Dentist Dental Rooms—Over Messrs. Durie & Son's Bookstore, directly opposite the Russell House No. 10, Sparks-street, Ottawa. 843 3m38y

EDWARD C. MALLOCH, M.D., M.R.C.S. Duke-st., LeBreton's Flats, "opposite the well." Office hours from 8:30 to 10:30 a.m., and 3 to 5 p.m.

DR. O. C. WOOD, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Ottawa. Day office opposite Magee & Russell's, Sparks-street, Centre Town. Night office at his residence, Maria-street, Centre Town. CANCERS CURED, without the use of the knife, by a new, but certain, speedy, and almost painless process. References given to parties successfully treated, if required. 17w160y

DR. C. LEGGO, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Office—Hunton's Block, Sparks-street.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street, Central Ottawa. 34tf

DR. C. A. MARTIN, Dentist. Office—Sussex-street, over Messrs. Campbell & Co.'s, Grocers. 34tf

DR. GEORGE HUTCHISON, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street, opposite Magee & Russell's. 576y

DR. W. J. HENRY, Corner of Kent and Wellington-streets, Ottawa. 43utf

Hotels and Saloons.

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A spacious sample-room for commercial travellers. 859y

OTTAWA HOUSE.

Corner of Main and Prince of Wales-streets Pembroke, Ontario.

Stages in connection with the steamers *Jason Gould, Pembroke* and *Pontiac*.

Particular attention paid to the comfort of guests. Good rooms for commercial travellers. Horses and vehicles always on hand.

J. COPELAND, Proprietor.

Pembroke, Aug. 1, 1868. 809y

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MRS. TROTTER begs to announce that she has at present several commodious and handsomely furnished suites of apartments, in every respect eligible for civil or military officers, or private gentlemen remaining in the city. 773tf

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT, M. KAVANAGH, *Proprietor*, Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings.

The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands of Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season. A will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to be comfort of his guests and patrons.

Oysters, Game etc., daily

THE METROPOLITAN, AUMOND'S BLOCK, *Rideau Street Ottawa.* P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR. 292tf

DOMINION HOUSE, WELLINGTON-STREET, The undersigned, formerly head waiter at the Russell House, begs to notify his friends and the public generally that he has leased the above hotel, which is now well furnished, and will be kept as a first class house. The bar is well stocked with the choicest brands of liquors. The table will be furnished with the best the market affords. Good yard and stabling attached to the premises. 658y GEORGE IRVINE.

Miscellaneous.

I. B. TACKABERRY, Auction Rooms No. 36, Rideau-street, below Whyte's Stationery Store. The sale of Real Estate at Auction or private sale promptly attended to. Consignments received and immediate attention will be paid. Sales attended in any of the city or country. 699y

R. SPARKS, Provincial Land Surveyor, Draughtsman, &c., (commissioned for Upper and Lower Canada.) Office and residence, Gloucester, near Ottawa. Surveys of every description executed with accuracy. Communications addressed Ottawa City, (post-paid), or left at the office of N. Sparks, Solicitor, &c., Ottawa, will receive prompt attention. 55 y

B. BILLINGS, Jr., Architect, Elgin street opposite the Post Office.

REFERENCES.—H Sims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany; Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reyrolds, Esq Managing Director O. & St. L. R.R. 740t

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale. OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

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OLIVER & ANNABLE, Wholesale Manufacturers of Bedsteads, Chairs, &c., Chaudiere Island, Ottawa, C. W.

JOHN OLIVER, 506y WILLIAM ANNABLE.

R. H. McGREEVY, Contractor and Builder. Office: North side York Street, second door from Sussex Street. 78y

PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS, &c., Prepared for buildings of every description, by SIDNEY B. FELPS, Architect, 711tf Wellington-st.

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BLACKSMITH'S, $6 per Chaldron.

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Everybody is getting them.

A NOVELTY, THE MAGIC WINDOW CURTAIN ROLLER,

The best ever invented, 1 Roller and Bottom Slat, and 5 pieces of casting, all for 25 cents, to fit every window,

AT THE VARIETY HALL.

ALSO, A NEW PATENT CLOTHES DRYER, AT THE VARIETY HALL.

And what every house requires where there is a grate is the BLOWER STAND, to be had only AT THE VARIETY HALL.

HOTEL & SALOON KEEPERS

Remember the best assortment of Tumblers, Decanters and Labeled Bottles in the Dominion is at the Variety Hall. JOSEPH BOYDEN.

THE CORPORATION OF THE COUNTY OF CARLETON.

THE FIRST MEETING OF THE NEW COUNCIL OF THE CORPORATION OF THE COUNTY OF CARLETON, will take place ON TUESDAY, 26TH INSTANT.

Parties having accounts against the Corporation will please hand them to the undersigned before the meeting of the Council.

EDW. BEARMAN, C.C.C.

County Council Office, Ottawa, 20th January, 1869. 952-3

Legal Cards.

MACPHERSON, KENNEDY & CHRISTIE, Barristers, &c., Lang's Block, Elgin-st., Ottawa.

J. P. MACPHERSON, G. KENNEDY, A. J. CHRISTIE.

J. W. W. WARD, of the late firm of Lewis Pinhey & Ward, has removed his Chancery Office to Bell's Law Chambers, opposite Russell House, Elgin-st. dw

NICHOLAS SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

E. A. MARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 902y

MOSGROVE & TAILLON, Barristers, Solicitors, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.

WILLIAM MOSGROVE. 356tf GEORGE TAILLON.

N. TETREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post Office. 390tf

LAPIERRE & HAYCOCK, Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers and Notaries Public, Corner of Sussex and York-streets, Ottawa. 368y

D. O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c, Sussex-street. Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 55y

R. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Post Office Building, Elgin-street, Ottawa. 43utf

P. J. BUCKLEY, LL.B., Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, and Notary Public. Office—over Mr. Luke Culner's Boot and Shoe Store, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 334y

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EDUCATION—CLASSICAL AND GENERAL.

THE REV. GEO. NOEL HIGGINSON, M. A., Incumbent of New Edinburgh, the with especial sanction of the Bishop of the Diocese, receives a limited number of the sons of gentlemen as morning pupils.

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REV. BICKERTON A. EDWARDS, B. A., (ex-scholar Jesus Coll., Oxford.)

Business will be resumed on MONDAY, JAN. 4th. Hours of Study—9:30 a.m. to 12:30, and 2 to 4 p.m.

SCHOOL FEES.—For Sound Commercial and English Education, $8 per term. Higher Mathematics, Latin, Greek, French and Music, (each) $2 per term EXTRA.

The school year will, as hitherto, be divided into three terms.

A reduction made for brothers, and for payments made in the first week of term. 938tf

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Mr. GUSTAVE SMITH, (Organist of the Cathedral) a Graduate of the Imperial Conservatory of Paris. Lessons on Piano and Singing. Rideau-street, corner of King-street. Ottawa, June 23, 1868. 775y

PIANO-FORTE TUITION.

W. C. CLARK, Professor of Music and Teacher of Piano, Voice and Harmony. Also, Mrs. Clark, Teacher of Drawing and Painting. Music Rooms and Residence, O'Connor-street, corner of Slater-street, Centre Town.

Orders may be left at his residence or at Orme & Son's Music Store. 452

THE SISTERS OF THE CONGREGATION DE NOTRE DAME, *FROM MONTREAL,* respectfully inform the public that they will open a branch of their *Educational Establishment in Ottawa.*

Their classes will begin on the 15th OCTOBER. For particulars and terms apply to the LADY SUPERIORESS, 868tf Corner of O'Connor and Maria-sts.

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Toilet Boxes in variety,
Rimmel's New Perfumes,
Cambridge Bouquet,
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English Lavender Water,
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A complete stock just received of Toilet Articles, Patent Medicines,

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MACDONALD & CO., SILK AND WOOLLEN DYERS, *Scourers, Hot Pressers, &c.*

Gentlemen's Clothes cleaned and dyed, Kid Gloves cleaned. 894-3m

ENLARGED PORTRAITURE OF EVERY DESCRIPTION BOTH COLOURED AND PLAIN, COLOURED AND PLAIN, COLOURED AND PLAIN, AT W. NOTMAN'S, METCALFE-STREET.

TO TOURISTS.—The largest collection in the Dominion of Photographs of Canadian Scenery Ottawa, Sept. 7, 1868. 682y

CONCENTRATED LYE. CAUTION TO THE PUBLIC.

The remarkable success which has attended the introduction of the celebrated Concentrated Lye into Canadian market, by the subscriber, has excited the cupidity of an unprincipled firm in town (which has already been convicted of borrowing other people's brains) by a spurious imitation called Saponifier. To avoid disappointment, purchasers should be careful to ask for Harte's Concentrated Lye, which is sold by all respectable Druggists and Grocers in town and country. 783y

PUBLIC NOTICE

Is hereby given that the Map or Plan and Book of Reference of the Canada Central Railway Company, from the City of Ottawa to its junction with the Line of the Brockville and Ottawa Railway Company, have been deposited in the office of the Department of Public Works, and a copy of such parts of the Map or Plan and

The Times

VOL. IV. NO. 954. OTTAWA, FRIDAY, JANUARY 22, 1869. PRICE—3 CENTS.

Agencies.

OVINCIAL INSURANCE.

MALCOLM CAMERON,

.....DESBARAT'S BLOCK

Office of Queen's Printer,

rely Canadian institution—perfect security
ers, and immediate payment of claims.
ws, Dec. 8, 1868. 918f

ION MUTUAL

INSURANCE COMPANY,
OF MAINE.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, 12th October, 1868.

following Insurance Company has received
se to transact the business of Life Insurance
ada:

S. The UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE
COMPANY, of Maine.

ITUT, &c. &c. of $1—$50,000.
CORWIN, General Agent, St. John, N.B.
For the Minister of Finance
JOHN LANGTON.

re this day, deposited with the Receiver-
l, Twenty Thousand Dollars in addition to
ove Fifty Thousand, making Seventy Thou-
dollars ($70,000) U. S. Gold Bonds, for the
Hon. Col. John H. Gray, M.P., has been
ed Counsel to the Company for the Dominion
ll legal matters will be referred to him.
B. R. CORWIN,
Manager.

n, November 7, 1868. 891f

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anufacturer by special appointment to
AJESTY THE QUEEN, ROYAL FAMILY,
AND
COURT OF SPAIN,
RGHT HONORABLE THE LORDS COM-
ISSIONERS OF THE ADMIRALTY,
AND
AJESTY QUEEN VICTORIA'S ROYAL
NAVY;

Medallist of the Great International Exhibi-
tion of London, 1862, and of the Uni-
versal Exhibition of Paris, 1867.

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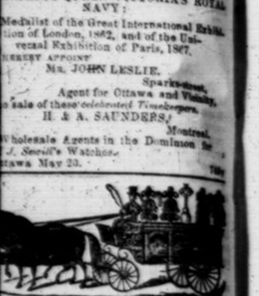
MR. JOHN LESLIE,
Sparks-street,
Agent for Ottawa and Vicinity,
to sale of these celebrated Timekeepers.
H. & A. SAUNDERS,
Montreal.
Wholesale Agents in the Dominion for
J. Sewill's Watches.
Ottawa May 23. 720



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BINET-MAKER, UPHOLSTERER,
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UNDERTAKER,
AT THE OLD STAND,
70, RIDEAU-STREET
AND AT THE
NT END WELLINGTON-STREET
the usual assortment of Cabinet and Upholstery
Goods can be obtained at moderate prices.

UNDERTAKING.

Undertaking branch is under S. R.'s immediate
superintendence, who attends all Funerals
at Extra Charge, and has constantly on hand
e assortment of Ready-made Coffins, of all
nd qualities:
GLIO, BLACK CLOTH, COBOURG, &c.
ties ordering Mahogany, Walnut, Oak, or
Hardwood Coffins, may rely on getting a good
rticle, (no stained Butternut and for Walnut
ome destroys of keeping their deceased relatives
for a few days, or even a week, can do
at the least possible inconvenience by apply-
S. Rogers, who has had over 20 years ex-
ence in the above branches, and feels confident
ing satisfaction.
—The Undertaking Branch will be found
to none in Ottawa.
Hearses Waggons always ready for the removal
mitures.
SIDENCE—At the West End Residence,
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ewa, September 4, 1868. 835y

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ARDWARE!

AT
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PLOUGHS, CULTIVATORS,
IRON, COAL,
EF & HEAVY HARDWARE,
NAILS, ROPE, CHAINS,
general assortment of House-furnishing
re, &c., at the lowest cash prices to be found
Ottawa market.
ALSO,
ES, all patterns and sizes, for coal and wood
the Prescott, Kingston, Toronto, Hamilton
ontreal Foundries, with drums, pipes, &c.
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EELER & WILSON'S Silent Feed Sewing
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Wheeler & Wilson Sewing Machines. Tucker,
le Attachments, new style; Tucksh, Frills,
Borders, &c.
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t for Carriage Trimmers, Shoemakers and
and see for yourselves; no trouble to show
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, West Toronto.
G. A. WALTON, Agent for Ontario,
R. W. STEPHEN,
Manager for Ottawa Office.
20tf

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he relief and cure of Epilepsy, St. Vitus'
Puerperal Hysteria, &c., &c. This prepa-
n from the recipe of a celebrated French
an, and the very great success which has
d its use in every case, and where the high-
ical skill was of no avail, has induced her
ber to give it every possible publicity. The
e has the subscriber's name and address on
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ARTE, Chemist, 326, Notre Dame-street,
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's Florida Water, equal to anything im-
Price 37½ cents per bottle. 785y

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the Municipality of Caledonia to grant to
Company so much of the road allowances
the first and fifth concessions as may be
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A PURELY VEGETABLE MEDICINE

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Sudden Colds, Catarrh, Coughs, Bronchitis, Asthma, Fever and Ague, Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, Acid Stomach, Headache, Heartburn, Indigestion, Canker in the Mouth, Throat or Stomach, Sick Headache, Sea Sickness, Piles, Kidney Complaints Canker Rash, Cramp and Pain in the Stomach, Painter's Colic, Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Summer Complaint, Cholera Morbus, Cholera Infantum and Children.

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Scalds, Burns, Frostbites, Chilblains, Erysipelas, Ringworms, Whitlows, Boils, Old Sores, Sprains, Bruises, Toothache, Headache, Neuralgia in the Face or Head, Pains in the Side, Pains in the Back and Loins, Rheumatism, Rheumatic Gout, Neuralgic or Rheumatic Pains in the Joints and Limbs, Stings of Insects, Scorpions, Centipedes, and the Bites of Poisonous Insects and Venomous Reptiles.

At this season, when coughs and colds are so prevalent, an effectual remedy, and one easily obtained, in *Perry Davis' Vegetable Pain Killer.* It is no new nostrum, vended by unknown agents, but has stood the test of over 20 years; and those who use the article, internally or externally, will connect with it grateful recollections of its worthy inventor.—*Montreal Chronicle, C. W.*

PAIN KILLER.—The testimonials borne to the efficacy of this valuable medicine are sufficient to warrant its introduction into every house. Our own opinion is that no family should be without a bottle of it for a single hour. In flesh wounds, aches, pains, sores, &c., it is the most effectual remedy we know of. A bottle will last for a very long time, and its low price places it within the reach of all. Our readers will remember that the Messrs. Perry Davis & Son have opened out a house in Montreal, where Canadian orders are supplied.—*News, St. Johns C.E.*

☞ We are glad to learn that the "Pain Killer" is having so large a sale in our city. We have every reason to believe it to be an almost never failing cure for pain, and is a medicine that no family should be without.—*Montreal Pilot.*

It an attack of Diarrhœa, Dysentery or Cramp Colic, don't delay the use of the Pain Killer.

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Hundreds of missionaries give similar testimony of its virtues.

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DAVIDSON & DANIEL, General Agents

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INFALLIBLE REMEDY
FOR
CHOLERA,
DIARRHŒA, and
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"Find out if the Express charges are too high, and if not, arrange with Mortimer to let you have a box of the bottles of CHOLERA MIXTURE. I could make a good little fortune with them. The bottle I brought with me here brought two ladies round from decided cholera; one on board the boat, and the other in Berlin, United States. Both commenced with diarrhœa, then with dysentery, and then vomiting. The one at Berlin was very bad. I gave her three doses of the Cholera Mixture, the third of which stopped the vomiting. The next day she was all right, or nearly so. She was very grateful. I have now only a little left."

☞ This excellent mixture, which should be in every family, is only

TWENTY-FIVE CENTS A BOTTLE.

NONE OTHER GENUINE.

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CANADIAN COUGH EMULSION.

This valuable medicine has the extraordinary property of immediately relieving Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Difficulty of Breathing, Tightness in Chest, &c., &c. It operates by dissolving the congealed phlegm, causing free expectoration, and an agreeable moistness to the skin.

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FAMILY APERIENT PILLS,

A grand specific for derangement of the Digestive Organs, and for obstructions and torpid action of the Liver and Bowels.

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Or formed into Cigars and Cigarettes, Boxes, 3s, 6s, 8s and 15s.
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AGENTS—Messrs. F. Cundill & Co., Montreal.

FOR INDIGESTION—PANCREATINE completely effects the DIGESTION and ASSIMILATION of COD LIVER OIL, the fat eaten at meals, &c. In digestive activity, superior to Pepsine.

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TEN REASONS

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1st. Bread or Cakes made with it are more wholesome than if made with Yeast or any other process.

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6th. It never gives to Bread or Cakes an unpleasant Alkaline or mawkish taste.

7th. The ingredients that form its composition are more beneficial than otherwise.

8th. Dyspeptic subjects can eat hot Bread or Roll's made with it and derive benefit by its use.

9th. Every Packet contains its full weight; one pound packets weigh 16 ounces.

10. It is all that it is represented to be, namely:

Unrivalled for Purity and Cheapness.

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The Trade supplied at the Manufacturer's prices.

Ottawa, December 10, 1868. 866-6m

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COMPRISING A

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WINES, LIQUORS,

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In their new Show Room, comprising

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ORGANS and MELODEONS from the best factories in the United States, excelling in finish and tone anything ever brought into this country.

Now is the time for intending purchasers.

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(Member of the College of Veterinary Surgeons Toronto; by appointment, V.S., to the Co. of Carleton Agricultural Society.)

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Millinery.

NOTICE.

MRS. SMITH having received her new styles of FALL HATS & BONNETS, will be happy to see her old friends and the public generally. Gent' Felt Hats cleaned, dyed and done over in the best style.

N.B.—The most fashionable Mantles and Coats made to order, Corner of Bank and Albert-sts.
October 16. 866f

Dry Goods.

HICK & CO.

Have removed to their NEW STORE, in Stewart's Block, Corner of Rideau and Sussex-sts. where they will offer, in connection with their goods,

$30,000 WORTH OF DRY GOODS

Purchased at Public Auction lately, from the immense Bankrupt stock of the late firm of DISMARTERRY, JORDAINE & Co., of Montreal, and sold on account of T. JAMES CLAXTON. The goods are all new and of very superior quality, being imported expressly for a fashionable Montreal trade; and, as they have succeeded in purchasing the goods far below the sterling cost, they are prepared to offer bargains never before offered in this city. The following are some of the lines of goods offered, viz.:

		s. d.	s. d.
100 pieces	different qualities Black Silks.....		
80 do	Single width plain Wincey	5 worth	0 8
100 do	Fancy, single width Wincey	7½ "	1 0
62 do	Double width plain Wincey	7½ "	1 0
80 do	Double Delaines.....	7½ "	1 2
70 do	do Poplin.....	7½ "	1 0
150 do	do Cobourg.....	7½ "	1 2
150 do	Assort'd Dress Goods	9 "	1 6
33 do	Empress Reps.....	1 6 "	2 0
60 do	Bl'k French Merino	1 6 "	2 0
75 do	Fancy Colors—your choice for.....	2	
200 do	Black Empress Rep only.....	10 "	2 0

Also, a splendid assortment of
Hannibal cloths — Oriental Lustres
Livini Poplins — Albeccenas Cloths
Princess Alexandra Embossed Poplins
Mandarin Lustres — Eugenia Reps, &c.

1,000 doz. FRINGED TOWELS, all Linen.....6d each.

SHAWLS.

85 Filled Shawls.
83 Shepherd Long Shawls
101 Fancy, all wool Longs
167 Assorted Square Shawls.

COTTONS.

		s. d.	s. d.
120 pieces	Grey Cotton, 1½ yards wide, for.....		6 d
160 do	Bleached Horrocks and Millars.....		6½d
165 do	Good Prints		4 d
303 do	Best English Prints, Hoyle's and Ashton's.....		6½d
159 do	French Calicos, in choice patterns...		8 d

CLOTHS.

		s. d.	s. d.
20 pieces	Waterproof.....	3 9	
80 do	Double Width Overcoating.....	2 9	worth 7 6
35 do	Scotch Tweed.....	2 6	do 5 0
100 do	Canadian Tweed.....	1 3	do 2 6
100 do	Full Cloth, very heavy..	2 9	do 3 0

Also, a splendid lot o

BROAD CLOTHS, BEAVERS,

Witneys, Mantle Cloths,
BLACK DOES, &c., &c., &c.,
at correspondingly low prices.

85 PIECES DOMINION TWEED

Something New—one of the heaviest cloths made—*at a great sacrifice.*

1,000 doz TABLE NAPKINS, all Linen, only 6s 3d per dozen.

SHIRTS! SHIRTS! SHIRTS!

1,000 Flannel Shirts, only.....	2 6	
260 White Cotton Shirts, only.....	2 9	
500 Under Shirts, only.....	2 3	
300 Hespler's heaviest make, Ribbed	5 0	worth 8 9

Paper Collars—100 collars for 3s 9d.

500 pieces 2¼-yards wide Linen Sheeting.....	3 3	worth 5
8 do 2-yards wide, Union Sheeting	1	do 3
81 do Table Damask and 300 damask Table Cloths, at a frightful sacrifice.....		

☞ Also, Red and White Flannels, Canadian Shirting Flannels, Hoop Skirts, Crash Towellings, Irish Linen, Clouds, Breakfast Shawls, Hemp Carpets, &c., &c.

☞ CORSETS, 2s 6d. ☜

Blankets—A large lot of slightly damaged Blankets for about half price.

1,000 Linen Bags, 1s, worth 1s 6d; 40 cases Men's Heavy Boots, very low; 3 cases Men's Heavy French Calf, 12s 6d. Also, a heavy stock of Gentlemen's Clothing.

$3.50.....	OVERCOATS.
4.00.....	heavy OVERCOATS.
90 cts. up.....	PANTS
50 cts. to $1.25.....	VESTS.
$8.00.....	Black Broadcloth.....FALL SUITS.

A large staff of polite and attentive salesmen will be in readiness to wait on customers.

H. HICK & CO.

☞ Customers will please report any inattention on the part of salesmen.

AT CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S

The greatest novelty of the season is the

BOULEVARD FELT UNDERSKIRT,

Unsurpassed for

BEAUTY, ECONOMY & DURABILITY

AT

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S

No. 14, RIDEAU-ST.

REMOVAL
TO
NO. 34, SPARKS-ST.

T. RAJOTTE

having removed to more commodious premises, takes pleasure in announcing to his numerous customers and the public generally that he has now a large and well selected stock of

STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS,

consisting of

Flannels, Winceys, Cottons, Prints, &c., Black Cloths, Beaver Cloths, Meltons, Tweeds, &c.

We have also on hand a large assortment of READY-MADE CLOTHING, which, being manufactured on the premises, we can recommend, and sell cheaper than any shop in this city.

THE TAILORING DEPARTMENT

This department is under the superintendence of a well-known first-class cutter and workman. All orders punctually attended to.

☞ Don't forget the place, No. 34, Sparks-st. Store lately occupied by G. Fetherston & Co., next door to Magee & Russell's old store.

88 y T. RAJOTTE.

LOST, on the evening of the 7th instant, at the Convent at Aylmer, from the village back to Ottawa, one parcel containing one GREEN SILK DRESS and BLACK LACE SHAWL. Whoever found the parcel will please leave it at the Convent in Aylmer, or in this city at the Convent of the Grey Nuns, where they will be suitably rewarded.

Ottawa, Janv. 18, 1869. 950f

Groceries.

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS

—FROM—

OPORTO, SPAIN, COGNAC

AND LONDON,

Consisting of

PORT, SHERRY, BRANDY, GIN
AND SCOTCH WHISKEY, &c.

PICKLES, SAUCES, JAMS & JELLIES
&c., &c., &c.,

FROM CROSSE & BLACKWELL.

—LIKEWISE,—

A FULL assortment of FRESH FRUIT, the BEST in market.

TABLE and Cooking RAISINS, CURRANTS, &c.

FLAVOURING EXTRACTS and SPICES—Genuine.

PRESERVED and CAN FRUITS, assorted to suit the holiday season.

ALMERIA GRAPES, FRESH FIGS and PORTUGUESE ONIONS.

50 TINS NEW HONEY, in 5 lb. and 8 lb. tins.

200 STILTON CHEESE, 6 lbs. to 8 lbs. size, from Reesor Brothers' celebrated factory.

SHERRY WINE—Good Table Wine—$1.25 to $3.00.

PORT WINE—Good Table Wine $1·50 to $4.50.

ALL KINDS of GENUINE LIQUORS. Price according to age and quality.

100 BOXES DIGBY HERRINGS—large boxes at 75 cts. each.

LABRADOR HERRINGS, the very best, in barrels and half barrels.

10 CASES SCOTCH LING—Good.

TEAS—Black, Green and Japans—Warranted Good, and selected for family use.

SUGARS and SYRUPS of all grades.

COFFEES—Always Fresh—Best Brands—Try them.

TOBACCOS—The Finest Qualities—Virginia make in cut, tin foil and plug.

A GENERAL assortment of the different kinds of *GROCERIES AND LIQUORS* on hand, Wholesale and Retail, at the *LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICES* for Warranted Goods. A trial of the articles will recommend them.

For sale at

THOS. PATTERSON'S,
No. 26, Rideau-street.
Ottawa, November 27, 1868. 878

JUST RECEIVED,

AT THE

INDIA WAREHOUSE,

No. 16, RIDEAU-ST.,

And for sale cheap, by

D. T. BROWNE & CO.,

Wholesale and Retail

Grocers, Wine and Spirit Merchants,

FRESH OYSTERS, in Tins,
PRESERVED OYSTERS do
FRESH HALIBUT do
FRESH SALMON do
FRESH MACKEREL d
FRESH LOBSTERS do
GREEN PEAS do
LEMON, GINGER, ORANGE,
Banana, Peach, Blackberry, Raspberry and Strawberry Syrups,
RASPBERRY VINEGAR,
FRY'S Chocolate and Cocoa,
MOTT'S Cocoa Paste,
MORTON'S Bloater Paste,
TOMATO and other Catsups,
ANCHOVY Paste,
STRASBURGH Meats,
POTTED Beef and Tongues
PRESERVES and Jellies, a great variety,
ORANGE Marmalade,
MORRISON, TAYLOR & Co.'s
Celebrated Sugar Cured Hams and Breakfast Roll Bacon.
PICKLED Salmon,
PICKLED Mackerel,
PICKLED HERRINGS,
In Half Barrels, Barrels and Tierces,
DRY Codfish,
DRY Haddock,
FINNAN Haddies, &c., &c.,

And a full stock of Choice Family Groceries.
Ottawa, Nov. 3, 1868.

GENERAL NOTICE!

To FARMERS & OTHERS INTERESTED.

We beg to announce that our large sale of

☞ BANKRUPT GOODS ☜

will close in 20 days, having nearly cleared out our stock, and we take this opportunity of thanking our patrons.

Our stock consists of

Stoves of every Size, Pattern or Style,

and we guarantee to suit in price; also,

Tinware,
Lamps,
Oils,
Lamp Trimmings,
Brushes,
Wire Goods,
Japanned Ware,
and General House Furnishings.

Farmers, we have the Stoves for you at astounding prices.

ESMONDE BROS.,
Centre Town, opp. Ontario Bank.

GOWAN'S NEW MUSIC HALL.

The subscriber respectfully informs the public of Ottawa and vicinity that his NEW MUSIC HALL,

CUNNINGHAM'S BUILDING,
SPARKS-ST.,

Next Door to Bate & Co.'s Grocery,

is now complete and ready for engagement, as a Ball Room, Supper Room, Concert or Lecture Hall, and will be let at moderate rates.

☞ Parties desiring to engage a hall for any of the above purposes, are requested to call and examine the hall, which will be found the best adapted for the purpose in the city.

☞ Gowan's Brass and Quadrille Bands open for engagement as heretofore.

Ottawa, January 16. 949a

Stoves & Hardware.

BLYTH & KERR,

No. 25 RIDEAU-ST.,

Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters, Tin and Copper Smiths, Bell Hangers, &c., &c.

A large stock of materials for the above branches of business constantly on hand.
Importers of
HOUSE FURNISHING HARDWARE.

STOVES! STOVES!

STOVES!

Hall, Fancy, Parlour and Cook Stoves, in great variety.

Agents for Eaton's Patent Automatic, Self-Ventilating, Wood and Coal Stoves. Also Beecher & Co.'s celebrated

HOT AIR FURNACES.

☞ Public and Private Buildings, Conservatories, Vineries, Manufactories, &c., warmed by Steam, Hot Water, or Warm Air, on the latest and most approved principles.

SKATES, SKATES, SKATES,
AT THE

SIGN OF THE ANVIL, No. 24, RIDEAU-ST., where you can get a complete assortment of SKATES of all sizes, and at any price to suit purchasers, from 25 cents to $5.50 per pair. In the assortment will be found

The celebrated Sheffield Club,
" " " Canadian Favorite,
" " Central Park do
and all other English and German Patterns.
Skate Straps, all patterns, &c., &c.

Also, a general assortment of

SHELF & HEAVY HARDWARE,

consisting in part of

GENERAL HOUSE FURNISHING,
Butcher Knives, Knives and Forks,
Pocket Knives, Table Spoons,
Tea Spoons, Tea Trays, Table Mats,
Butts, Screws, Locks,
Bolts, Catches, Latches,
Axes, Saws, Planes, Squares,
Hammers, Spokeshaves, Gouges,
Chisels, Augers, Auger Bits,
Steel Bits, Bevels,
Levels, Boring Machines,
Draw Knives, &c., &c., &c.

Together with

PAINT OF ALL COLORS,
Rose Pink, Burnt Umber,
Terra de Sienna, Chrome Yellow,
Yellow Ochre, Celestial Blue,
Paris Green, Brunswick Green,
Magnesia Green, Venetian Red,
Red Lead, White Lead, in oil or dry,
Drop Black, Ivory Black,
Lamp Black, Boiled Oil,
Raw Oil, Turpentine,
Benzole, Coal Oil,
Paint Brushes,
Varnishes, &c.

THOS. BIRKETT,
Sign of the Anvil,
No. 24, Rideau-st.

P.S.—All goods delivered free to any part of the city. 408y

S. SAFE! S. SURE! S. SUCCESSFUL.

Such is the character given of every stove sold during the past year at the

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,
35 Sussex-street, Ottawa,
H. MEADOWS & CO.

We beg to notify the public that our stock for the season is now complete; our

STOVES

are of the latest and most improved patterns, and the most extensive assortment shown in Ottawa.

COOKING STOVES, of the good old-fashioned kind,
COOKING STOVES, of the latest and most modern designs,
PARLOR STOVES, for elegance of design cannot be surpassed,
BOX & HALL STOVES, that are unrivalled for heating purposes,
DOUBLE STOVES, the best in use,
HOTEL STOVES, large and extra strong made, expressly for Hotel and Boarding Houses, complete with large Copper Water Reservoirs and Plate Warmers. We call special attention of Hotel Keepers to these stoves, they will last as long as any six ordinary stoves. See them and judge for yourselves. Price lists sent free on application.

COOKING STOVES, DOUBLE STOVES,
BOX STOVES, HOTEL STOVES,
PARLOR STOVES, COAL STOVES,
BEDROOM STOVES, DUMB STOVES,
STOVEPIPES! ELBOWS! STOVEPIPES

Common, Bright and Russia Iron,

and everything in the Tin, Sheet Iron and Copperware Line, on hand or made to order.

Hot Air Furnaces, Eave Troughs, Building Job Work and Repairs attended to punctually. We keep none but the best and most experienced mechanics.

HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS,

of every description in stock, suitable for the smallest family, or the largest hotel.

ARE YOU GOING TO BE MARRIED?

If so, call and see our large assortment of necessary House-keeping Goods, suitable for Kitchen, Dining Room, or any room in your house.

YOUNG MAN, see that your house is well furnished with useful articles before you spend your money in mere showy ornamental things.

IRON BEDSTEADS, LAMPS,
COAL OIL, SAUCEPANS,

Brass and Enamelled Kettles, Tinware, Toilet Setts, Baths, Flour Sieves, Brushes, Dish Covers, Table Mats, Sad Irons, Table Cutlery, Tea and Table Spoons, Preserve Jars, Mincing Knives, Wash Tubs and Boards, Refrigerators, Egg Beaters, Crust Stands, Ash Pails, Table Bells, Tea Trays, Tea and Coffee Pots, Soup Tureens, Jelly and Pudding Moulds, &c., &c., &c., &c.

COUNTRY MERCHANTS

Supplied with

STOVEPIPES AND TINWARE,

At reduced figures,

CAMP KETTLES, SHANTY PLATES,

AND BASINS,

BIRD CAGES! BIRD CAGES! BIRD CAGES

All of the above at the

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,
street, Ottawa.
62y H. MEADOWS & CO.

Is now offering at the OIL DEPOT, 73 Sussex-st., every description of

CHANDELIERS,

PARLOR,

BED ROOM,

KITCHEN,

HALL AND SIDE LAMPS,

At prices which defy competition. Who will want light where a Coal Oil Lamp, Wick and Chimney can be got for 25 cents.

CANADA ROCK OIL,

PENNSLYVANIA ROCK OIL,

PORTLAND KEROSENE OIL,

☞ Oil Depot, 73 Sussex-st.

HOUSE WANTED.

The owner of several Fine Building Lots would like to exchange them for a well built STONE or BRICK HOUSE in this city. Apply at the TIMES Office. 948d

Dry Goods.

Shewing This Day.

GRANT & HENDERSON,

No. 20, Rideau-st.

Are offering an extensive Stock of

DRESS GOODS.

WINCIES,

SHAWLS and

BLANKETS,

☞ AT THE LOWEST CASH PRICES. ☜

N. B.—An extensive assortment of general DRY GOODS always in stock.

LATEST STYLES AND FASHIONS.

INSPECTION INVITED.

No. 20, Rideau-st.

CLOTHING,

CHEAP AND FASHIONABLE,

READY-MADE AND TO ORDER.

O'MEARA & CO.,

ESTABLISHED IN 1844,

Offer for sale an extensive importation of FALL AND WINTER GOODS, comprising Ready-made Clothing, Canadian Tweeds, Etoffes, Safinetts; also a large stock of Blankets, Flannels, Kerseys, Gray Cottons, Prints, Winceys, Plaids, &c., &c.; Broadcloths, Beavers, Witneys, Petershams, Devons, &c.; Bedford Cords, Silk Mixtures, West of England Tweeds, Doeskins, &c., wholesale and retail, which will be made up to order on the shortest notice in the latest styles of fashion and at prices that

DEFY COMPETITION.

☞ A general assortment of Dry Goods, the largest stock ever offered for sale in this city.

$1.25 BLANKETS $6.00. $3.00

TAILORING DEPARTMENT.

Particular attention given to the Tailoring Department, which is under the supervision of a first-class cutter.

$2 .....GREY ETOFFE PANTS.
$4.50 .....GOOD PEA JACKETS.
$4 .....OVERCOATS.
$9 .....COMPLETE SUITS.
$1 .....GOOD VESTS.
75 CTS., $1 and $1.25 .....UNDERSHIRTS.
75 CTS., $1 and $1.25 .....DRAWERS

A DUFF. O'MEARA & CO.
Ottawa, October 27 1868. 882y

FRESH ARRIVALS.

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!

THOS. & W. HUNTON!

Have just opened out the contents of 42 packages of NEW GOODS, comprising

1 CASE SILKS, in plain and fancy colors, splendid value.

1 CASE VELVETEENS,

3 BALES WHITE COTTONS,
1 " WHITE COTTON SHEETING,
6 " GRAY COTTONS,
at greatly reduced prices.

2 CASES LINENS, assorted,

1 " BLACK CLOTHS,

2 " BLACK & COLORED OVERCOATINGS,

1 BALE WHITE FLANNELS,

1 " GRAY FLANNELS,

1 " SCARLET FLANNEL

4 " BLANKETS,

2 " HEMP CARPETS,

3 " WOOL CARPETS,

10 " TAPESTRY CARPETS, this season's new patterns,

3 " CANADIAN TWEEDS.

All of the above goods being marked off, and ready for inspection. We would specially invite intending purchasers to call and examine them.

THOS. & W. HUNTON,
37 and 40 Sparks-st.

EUROPEAN MAIL NEWS.

The German mail steamer *New York*, from Southampton 5th, and the Inman steamer *City of Antwerp*, from Liverpool 6th instant, arrived at New York Monday. Confirmatory intelligence has been received in Liverpool of a terrible collision between two Turkish steamers, and the loss of 220 lives. The news comes from Constantinople by way of Havre, and is dated from the latter port December 31. The following are the main facts, so far as at present can be learned of this catastrophe: About midnight, on the 17th of December, forty-one miles from Smyrna, at a place called Cafaboumon, two steamers belonging to the Azizie Company—viz., the *Gallioup* and *Cherkeich*—came into collision. The force of the contact was dreadful, and the *Gallioup* foundered almost immediately, only thirty passengers out of 250 being saved. The *Cherkeich* was so greatly damaged by the collision that she had to be run ashore at Chesme, ten miles from Smyrna, to prevent her from sinking. The *Gallioup* had a very valuable cargo, and a large quantity of specie on board, when she foundered.

At Leeds, on the 4th inst., three men who had been convicted of garotte robberies, received twenty five lashes each, with the cat-o'-nine tails, in the central hall of the borough jail. A new triangle, much stronger than the one hitherto in use, was employed, and the prisoners were secured to it so firmly

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Bankrupt Stock—Kearns & Ryan.
Business Resumed—Geo. E. Desbarats.
The Union Forwarding and Railway Company—R. S. Cassells.
The Church of St. Bartholomew.
Purple Woollen Shawl Lost.

The Ottawa Times

Office: 38, Sparks Street.

FRIDAY, JANUARY 22, 1869.

☞ *For Ottawa Markets and Interesting reading see Fourth Page.*

"Loss —— dollars. No insurance!" How often do these suggestive words wind up the accounts of fires? They are suggestive, not only of the utter waste of so much property, and perhaps the ruin of its owner; but also of a certain want of ordinary precaution which experience has long ago taught us, ought to be used by every one having property exposed, however remotely, to the risk of destruction by fire. In a city like this, where to permit a fire to begin is almost equivalent to surrendering the whole establishment in which it originates to destruction, it is a serious folly to neglect insurance. What though the rates to be paid will swallow up more money than would pay a respectable tax for water works, and a reasonable fire risk beside? Is it not better than to read in the newspapers the morning after your property is destroyed—"no insurance!"

Our correspondent "Mark" desires that our city member's conduct should be "explained, exculpated, or condemned," in regard to his action on the Assessment Bill. Had "Mark" read the TIMES of a few days ago, he would have seen that in the particular matter to which he alludes, the exemption of the salaries of the Civil Service employees, residing at the capital, from municipal taxation; the course which Mr. SCOTT pursued was exactly in harmony with a pre-existing law which had the sanction of the Legislature of Canada, and the acquiescence of the city of Ottawa. Mr. SCOTT had, therefore, no right to assume that our citizens desired that arrangement to be disturbed, and he would have been derelict in his duty had he allowed it without remonstrance. The Act threatened to disturb a local arrangement affecting only the city of Ottawa, to which neither of the parties had made any objection. Was Mr. SCOTT to sit quietly in his place in the Legislature and allow that arrangement to be disturbed, and then to come back here and claim our thanks? We think not. We may say further, that if we are not entirely misinformed the Corporation of Ottawa is the only one, notwithstanding all the perambulations of the old Canadian Government, which ever attempted the collection of an income tax from the members of the Civil Service employed at the Capital for the time being. It is for Ottawa itself to say whether it offers better and greater advantages than Montreal, Quebec, Kingston, or Toronto, which would entitle it, did the law permit, to be more exacting. But Ottawa has said nothing of the kind. The Corporation made no objection in 1866, when the exemption was first made here under its very nose. We are sure it will make no objection now to the course that Mr. SCOTT so properly pursued; on the contrary we believe, were it necessary, the Corporation would strengthen Mr. SCOTT's hands by an endorsement of his action in this particular. There ought to be no desire on the part of the people or the Corporation of Ottawa to drive the Civil Service employees over to Hull or the Village of New Edinburgh, or to the many suburban retreats in the neighbouring townships, where the weight of the tax gatherer's hand is as a feather to a millstone in comparison with Ottawa. Let "Mark" reflect on these things, and say whether it would not be wise in the premises to "exculpate" Mr. SCOTT.

We may fittingly record the general regret which is felt at the destruction of the DESBARATS' block by fire. The nett loss of Mr. DESBARATS' including stock and building, and deducting the amount covered by insurance, is believed to be about one hundred thousand dollars—a very large amount to be surrendered to the devouring element, and for which the equivalent is a heap of smouldering ruins. Many other parties have suffered by this fire, and some of them according to their means, perhaps, in much greater proportion than Mr. DESBARATS. Mrs. TROTTER, we regret to say, lost nearly all her handsome furnishings of the Toronto House, some five thousand dollars worth. On this she had a policy in the Ætna of Dublin for three thousand dollars; but, unfortunately, that company has gone into liquidation, and it is at present doubtful whether her claim will be met. She had also the misfortune to break her arm in her efforts to save her effects. Mr. REYNOLDS, manager of the railway, is also a very serious loser, but we suppose from the suddenness of the calamity that all were glad they escaped with their lives.

At first it had been supposed that the fire was the work of an incendiary; but when it is remembered that it originated in an upper story occupied as a dwelling house, that idea may safely be dismissed. It is far more probable that it had its origin in the careless handling of wood ashes. Unfortunately there is a very great amount of carelessness displayed by servants in the use of lamps, candles, matches, &c., and in the removal of ashes from stoves; and it is not out of place here to suggest that an extra caution ought at this time to be administered by housekeepers to their domestics in relation to these particulars.

We are glad to understand that Mr. DESBARATS has set himself energetically to work to carry on his business as well as his altered circumstances will permit. He has taken an office in McCormick's block and made the best arrangements in his power for continuing business with as little interruption as possible.

THE *Globe* comes down with a four and a-half column of editorial on the heads of the nine Reformers who refuse to submit to its dictation. This, equally apportioned, would be just half a column to each. The day was when a single line in the *Globe* would have made the stoutest Reformer shake in his shoes; now, however, it labours to prove that it has been mild and courteous "to a fault." There is one statement in this lengthy rigmarole *apropos* of the *Globe's* own past position and future course which is at least curious, if not amusing. It says: "there was a time when the political "position of Mr. BROWN stayed our pen in "speaking of such acts as those men have "perpetrated—but, thank fortune, that "time has passed away." Oh GEORDIE! GEORDIE! is it really true that you, "when in public life" not only winked at political rascality for the sake of your own "position," but actually led the pure and virtuous *Globe* into the same sin? No wonder our virtuous *confrere* should "thank fortune," that Mr. BROWN was driven from the political arena; that incubus off its shoulders, it may now, as it promises "speak of public men and "public things without one responsibility," but our duty to our country. Before, of course the *Globe* was trammelled by considerations "chiefly personal" to Mr. BROWN; its duty to that monumental emblem of defunct political virtue stayed its pen when it would have done its duty to its country, but dared not because that "duty" did not harmonise with the bolstering up of Mr. BROWN's "political position." The confession though late is not without significance.

Of course we need not tell our readers that the *Globe* accuses its accusers of having been "bought by SANDFIELD." No one can dissent from its creed and remain undefiled; and these gentlemen only add a title to a list of political evil doers that, according to the *Globe's* computation already embraces all the men of note that ever entered public life—GEORGE BROWN not excepted; for he poor man is now accused of staying the the pen that would have exposed iniquity. "Thank fortune" that "those acts" need no longer be winked at to benefit Mr. BROWN'S "political position," and that the *Globe* has at length reached that stage of perfection wherein it has no longer a personal end to serve! Formerly it had to bolster up Mr. BROWN'S "political position," now it promises *henceforth* to labour only to fulfill its "duty" to its country; and for this declaration of a change in our contemporary's "being's end "and aim," we have to thank the letter of the NYE.

THE fire which yesterday morning reduced the splendid block on the corner of Sparks and O'Connor-sts. to ruins, and destroyed altogether about two hundred thousand dollars' worth of property is not without its lesson to the City Corporation, property owners, and the citizens at large. Does any one believe that in Montreal, or Toronto, or Hamilton, such a block would have been burned to the ground, even though the fire originated, as here, in the dead hour of night? No. There they have water works. In these cities the fire department is not expected to subdue the destructive element without a liberal supply of water. And had Ottawa been blessed with a moderately efficient supply it is safe to say that the fire in Desbarats' block would have never reached that portion of the building occupied as the Queen's Printer's establishment; would probably never have touched the stores underneath, nor Mrs. TROTTER'S saloon, but would have been confined to the upper dwelling in which it originated. There might have been a loss of ten thousand as against two hundred thousand dollars. Is not the difference a large item, in favour of the wisdom of taking immediate steps to supply our city with water? We think it ought to be so considered.

The occurrence of such a calamity spreads a feeling of insecurity that not only detracts from the enjoyment of property, but deters cautious men from investing their capital in business, so long as they can find employment for it elsewhere. It alarms the Directors of Insurance Companies, who consider that as Ottawa has no adequate contrivances for subduing a fire when it once begins, they should, therefore, impose heavier rates than they would do, were the city supplied with a good system of water works.

We hope that the present year will not be allowed to pass without some definite steps being taken to supply this urgent need. It will not do to allow a matter on which the health of the people, and the safety of their property, so largely depend to be again coughed down at a public meeting by a crowd whose aggregate stake in the city would not count for half as much as the single building, which is to day in ruins, solely for the want of an adequate supply of water. We shall look to the Corporation, which enjoys so largely the public confidence, for energetic action in favour of the early introduction of water works; and we think it would not be beneath the dignity of those gentlemen of professional experience in hydraulic engineering, who are interested in the prosperity of Ottawa, to give the public the benefit of their views as to the best and cheapest mode of supplying the city with water.

To the Editor of THE TIMES.

SIR,—On Monday last while the Legislature of Ontario was taking into consideration the provisions of the new Assessment Act, the member for this city moved a resolution to exempt from assessment the annual official salaries of the officers and servants of the different Departments of the Parliament and Government of the Dominion, resident at the seat of Government at Ottawa. Such action on the part of our member received the assent of the Government, Attorney-General Macdonald remarking that as the motion was made by the member for Ottawa, no objection would be offered. Members of Parliament, I am aware, should be regarded as representing the whole country, and each one of them, although coming from a particular locality yet not properly reflecting the particular opinions of any one place. Further still, I think that even when the general interests of the country require legislation prejudicial to the peculiar interests of any individual constituency, the member for that constituency, careless of a local popularity, should stand up for the general interests of the whole country, and vote for the common good. At the same time, the prejudiced constituency should jealously enquire upon what grounds its special servant has come to the conclusion to sacrifice its individual interests to the advantages of the common good. Our member did not merely acquiesce in a measure injurious to his constituency, but actually, and alone originated and advocated the motion. Why, naturally, the city will demand of its steward, did you attempt to make a law whereby the municipal revenue would be materially injured? Now, at a time when no political capital would be aimed at, in my humble opinion, as a citizen, should this action of our member be explained exculpated or condemned?

Yours, &c., MARK.

—The Siamese twins, Chang and Eng, had an interview with Professor Syme, of Edinburgh, as to the advisability of severing the intercommunicating band which held them together. After a careful examination, Professor Syme gave it as his opinion that the operation would be highly dangerous to their lives, and warmly discountenanced the proposal that an attempt should be made. Sir James Simpson was of the same opinion.

THE BURNING OF DESBARATS' BLOCK.

FURTHER PARTICULARS.

In addition to the necessarily hurried account we gave yesterday morning of the fire which laid Desbarats' block in ashes, we add the following particulars:

INSURANCE.

On the building, valued at forty-eight or fifty thousand dollars, there were insurances effected to the amount of twenty-five thousand dollars, distributed among the following companies: Provincial, Royal, Lancashire, and Queen. The Lancashire will be the largest loser, the risk in it being eight thousand dollars.

On the stock the total amount of insurance was about forty thousand dollars, divided mainly between the Provincial and three Hartford companies, the Ætna, Home and Hartford.

After deducting sixty-five thousand dollars, covered by insurance, Mr. Desbarats net loss will be about $100,000.

Mrs. Trotter, of the Toronto House, had effected an insurance on her furniture and household effects, valued at $5,300, in the Ætna, of Dublin, for $3,000; but it is doubtful if her policy is worth a penny. If this be the case, and we fear it is, her loss will be ruinous.

Craig & McKenzie's stock was nearly all saved, and whatever loss they may have sustained is fully covered by insurance in the Home, of Hartford, for $2,000.

The Montreal Millinery establishment, kept by Miss McGuire, together with the stock and furniture, as well as the furniture and clothing of Mr. Thos. Guerin, whose residence was over the store, were almost entirely destroyed. The estimated value was $1,200, on which there was no insurance.

The Carleton House was insured in the Home, of Hartford, for $1,200, and, we believe, there was also an insurance on the building of $200.

The furniture, effects, and stock, owned by Mr. John Graham, were insured in the Imperial for $1,000 which would, perhaps, have covered his loss so far as the goods insured are concerned, but the improvements made by him, on and about the building, make him, by his calculation, a loser of about $1,200.

We regret to learn that, in the excitement and hurry occasioned by the fire, Mrs. Trotter had the misfortune to fall outside the door by which she sustained a fracture of her left arm, near the wrist. Under the care of Dr. McGillivray, however, she is progressing favourably, and bears her double misfortune with commendable fortitude.

Thomas Reynolds, Esq., Manager of the St. Lawrence and Ottawa Railway, was, we regret to learn, a heavy loser. His valuable furniture and household effects, to the amount of about three thousand dollars' worth, was destroyed.

The Hon. Mr. Rose, Finance Minister, residing with Mr. Reynolds, was disturbed while engaged in writing a letter by the cry of fire; and so suddenly did it approach that he was unable to save some papers, letters, and articles of minor value scattered about his room.

Col. Bernard, who was also temporarily sojourning with Mr. Reynolds, had to make a hurried exit; but we believe his loss is comparatively trifling.

Lord Russell and several of the officers, and the Rifle Brigade, were present at the fire, and exerted themselves to the utmost in preserving order and rendering assistance to the sufferers.

The portion of the wall which we mentioned as being dangerous while it stood, was thrown down yesterday afternoon by means of gunpowder, under the direction of Mr. Perry, City Engineer, who called in the services of Capt. Forsyth, and some of the men of his battery. This was effectively accomplished without accident. All of the front wall now remaining is that of the portion lately occupied by Mrs. Trotter, including the stone containing the inscription commemorative of the assassination of the late Mr. McGee. The ruin of the once splendid building is complete, and seldom, perhaps, has the devouring element made so great a wreck in so short a time.

Yesterday morning Mr. Desbarats commenced arrangements for continuing his business, in which, we understand, he was freely assisted by the other establishments in the city, so that as little public inconvenience as possible, under the circumstances, may be expected to result from the calamity.

To the Editor of THE TIMES.

SIR,—I notice by a paragraph in your morning's issue that the Bishop of the Diocese is to preach, morning and evening, at St. Alban's Church on Sunday next. I believe and hope that this is a mistake. Notice was given at Christ Church that His Lordship would preach last Sunday in that church; unfortunately, however, he was prevented by sickness, but now that he has come to Ottawa, I, in common with other members of the congregation of Christ Church, hope that on Sunday next he will divide his time between the two churches, and in this manner gratify his friends and admirers in both. A different course would certainly cause much disappointment to many.

VIATOR.

OTTAWA, January 21, 1869.

LOCAL NEWS.

LECTURE THIS EVENING.—Mr. E. P. Dorion, Chief French Translator of the House of Commons, will deliver a lecture this evening at the French Canadian Institute, Sussex-st., on "Fragments of the History of Canada," in French. From the well-known ability and literary research of the learned lecturer, the public may expect a rare treat. We, therefore, hope there will be a full house, particularly as the admission is gratis.

THE ROPELLE MARE.—This mare is to start for the Mattawan at six o'clock this evening, and to perform the journey of 200 miles in 48 hours. Since the match was made considerable snow has fallen, and in the belief that many heavy drifts will have to be encountered on the road bets have been against the mare by some, who before, would not venture to do so. One gentlemen we learn has $1,500 staked in favour of her.

FIRE ALARM.—About two o'clock Wednesday morning the Rideau engine house bell sounded two or three strokes of alarm, when the policemen on that beat, being unable to see any sign of fire about, supposed it to have been a false alarm, and seeing a man going from that direction imagined him to be the offender, and gave chase. They lost sight of the person, however, but continued on what they believed to be his track, over Sandy Hill, until they reached the toll-gate, but as they could entertain no reasonable hopes of coming up with the fugitive, they returned to discover that there had in reality been a fire in the shed or yard in the rear of the Rev. Dr. Jones' residence. The doctor and his family had been aroused, and Mr. Thorburn, who lives next door, had been awakened and ran to ring the bell, and it was he who had been seen by the police, and lost sight of on his way home. It was very fortunate that the light of the fire was seen by a member of the family before it had progressed far enough to do much damage. It was extinguished without much trouble, and with little loss.

ANNIVERSARY OF THE YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION.

The anniversary meeting of this Association took place last evening at the Wesleyan Methodist Church, Metcalf-st., before a large and interested audience.

The President, Mr. McMillan, occupied the chair, and on the platform were the vice-President and Secretary, the Rev. Mr. Lochard, Rev. Mr. Moore, Rev. Mr. Harper, Rev. Mr. Gordon, Rev. Mr. Gavin, Rev. Mr. Wardrope, &c., &c. After excellent singing by the choir, the Rev. Mr. Lochard, of North Gower, opened the meeting with prayer.

The President then, after a few introductory remarks, read the following

Report:

Through the manifold goodness of God the Ottawa Young Men's Christian Association has passed through the first, and, I trust, the most trying year of its existence. Disheartened by the fact that a somewhat similar organization had failed to secure a permanent place among the established institutions of the city, the promoters of the Ottawa Young Men's Christian Association entered upon their work with fear and trembling, but impressed deeply with a sense of the necessity of the steps they were about to take. Fully aware of the sacrifices which the successful prosecution of the work demanded, they willingly and heartily gave themselves to the enterprise, and the blessing of the Master has crowned their efforts on behalf of his kingdom with abundant success. Whether we take into account the harmony and Christian forbearance which have characterized the members in all their discussions, or the rapidly increasing number of young men who are beginning to appreciate the advantages conferred by membership, we see encouraging signs of future success. The past year has proved that the Ottawa Young Men's Christian Association is to continue to be one of the permanent religious institutions of the city. On the 19th of December, 1867, a meeting was held in the Wesleyan Methodist Church, for the purpose of adopting the Constitution and By-laws drafted by a committee previously appointed. After the adoption of the Constitution, all who were willing to identify themselves with the movement, were requested to attach their signatures to lists distributed among the audience, and the Ottawa Young Men's Christian Association was organized with a membership of fifty. A few days later the office-bearers were elected at a meeting held in Webster's Hall. During the first quarter of the year part of the time of each evening of meeting was devoted to such business as was urgent and pressing, but by this arrangement business claims began to encroach upon other more important exercises, and the General Committee wisely divided the evenings in each month as follows: The first Tuesday is exclusively devoted to devotional exercises; the second Tuesday is occupied in reading and discussing an essay; the third Tuesday is set apart for readings, recitations or debates; on the fourth Tuesday all the business is transacted; and the fifth Tuesday, when it occurs, is spent in devotional exercises. This division by concentrating thought upon one special subject, and by giving the exercises of each evening a distinctive character, has tended greatly to enhance the value of the weekly meetings.

WORK OF THE ASSOCIATION.

The special work of the Association for the past year may be reviewed under the following divisions: The Prayer Meeting, the Bible Class, Tract Distribution, Reading Room and Library.

THE PRAYER MEETING.

This may be taken as the spiritual barometer by which to measure the Christain life of the Association. It may safely be affirmed of any Y. M. C. A. that it is vigorous or weak, progressive or stationary, living or dead, according as the prayer meeting is well or ill conducted and attended. It lies at the very foundation of Christian usefulness and activity. There the strong in faith increase in strength; the weak man is made strong; the wavering confirmed and the doubting assured. There the Christian takes to himself the whole armour of God, in which to wrestle successfully against principalities and powers, against the rulers of the darkness of this world, against spiritual wickedness in high places. There his loins are girt about with truth; his breast defended by the breastplate of righteousness; and his feet shod with the preparation of the gospel of peace. There he takes to himself the shield of faith, the helmet of salvation and the sword of the spirit which is the word of God. It is when a man comes fresh from the presence chamber of the King of kings, having seen the king in his beauty, his soul, revived and quickened with communications of Divine grace, his mind retaining vivid impressions of the land which is afar off, and his heart burning with the love of Christ, that he is most willing and best fitted to do his Master's work, in whatever corner of the vineyard he may be labouring. See to it then as you value the true prosperity of the Association, as you value the conversion of those who are still far from Christ, as you value your own spiritual nourishment and growth in grace, and as you value God's favour and the choicest blessings of his grace, that at each meeting for prayer you are found thus waiting on the Lord.

Our meeting for prayer during the year has, comparatively speaking, been well attended. Some of us have found it the best meeting in the month. We have found that God's promise to his ancient people to commune with them from above the mercy-seat still holds good:

From every stormy wind that blows,
From every swelling tide of woes,
There is a calm, a sure retreat;
'Tis found beneath the Mercy Seat.

There is a place where Jesus sheds
The oil of gladness on our heads;
A place than all beside more sweet;
It is the blood-stained Mercy Seat.

There is a scene where spirits blend,
Where friend holds intercourse with friend,
Though sundered far—by faith they meet
Around one common Mercy Seat.

There—there on eagles' wings we soar,
And sin and sense are all no more;
And Heaven comes down our souls to greet
And glory crowns the Mercy Seat.

At the convention of the Young Men's Christian Associations of the United States and British Provinces, held in Detroit, in the month of June last, at which we were ably represented by the Rev. Thomas Wardrope, the second Sabbath in November was set apart for special prayer, for the outpouring of God's Holy Spirit upon the work of Young Men's Christian Associations throughout the world. For this purpose it was recommended that all the churches should remember us in their public devotions. As soon as this intimation reached us, a committee was appointed, who communicated with the pastors of the churches in the city, asking them to remember the work of Young Men's Christian Associations in the prayers of their respective congregations. The members of the association met for special prayer on the morning of that second Sabbath in November, at nine o'clock, and the meeting was felt to be so interesting and beneficial, that at our very next meeting it was unanimously resolved to meet on the morning of each Sabbath day for praise and prayer.

THE BIBLE CLASS

was first held on Friday evenings, and conducted by the Rev. R. Gavin, of whose untiring zeal and self-sacrificing labour on behalf of the association, we cannot speak too highly. This most important branch of our work has never been thoroughly sustained by the members. Hopes were entertained from the large numbers, who intimated their intention of attending, that a prosperous and well-sustained Bible class would be one of the most prominent, as it is one of the most necessary, features of our organization. These hopes, perhaps, always too sanguine, have been somewhat disappointed. The numbers regularly attending the class began to diminish, and as a probable means of securing a larger attendance the hour for meeting was changed to 4 p.m. of the Sabbath, a step which deprived the class of the valuable services of Mr. Gavin, whose other engagements on that day occupied all his time. Since that time the class has been conducted by the President. The attendance at the Bible class has never exceeded from twenty to twenty-five, and has often been as low as ten or twelve. We commend this most important subject to the earnest and prayerful attention of next year's General Committee, trusting that means may be devised for placing the Bible class upon a more prosperous basis.

TRACT DISTRIBUTION,

especially during the summer months, was carried on by members of the association. The city is divided into districts, and over each district a superintendent is appointed, whose duty it is to attend to the distribution of tracts in his own district, and report monthly to the Association. In addition to this, two of our members visited the rafts regularly on the Sabbath morning, and put into the hands of many, words which are able to make them wise unto salvation. In these errands of mercy your committee on tract distribution were generally well received; and in many cases the tracts were eagerly desired and carefully perused. Mr. Brethom, whose reports are especially interesting and encouraging, and whose field of labour is the district around the Chaudiere, has received a hearty welcome into the hearts and homes of those who are destitute of all the privileges of the Christian church.

While this part of our work has been diligently attended to during the past year, yet in the future our operations must be more systematically and vigourily carried on. There are hundreds of families in our city, living in practical heathenism, who never say, to one another let us go to the house of the Lord, who never participate in the prayers of the sanctuary, and never listen to the story of redeeming love. Now, without interfering in the least with the charitable or benevolent schemes of any of the Christian churches, here is an ample field waiting for cultivation, and the Lord of the vineyard is calling to each of us saying "Why stand ye here all the day idle, go ye also into the vineyard and whatsoever is right that will ye receive." The strongest possible appeal is made to us by the very destitution of the case. Let us put forth a helping hand to relieve their spiritual wants, and God will bless us in our efforts. The Young Men's Christian Associations of Montreal and Toronto employ city missionaries who visit destitute parts of the city, and carry to them the Word of Life. Whether we can yet employ a missionary is a question for the general committee to decide, but we can visit these houses, read to them the grand truths of the Gospel of our Salvation, pray with and for them, and endeavour to bring them within the reach and influence of the divinely appointed means of grace.

COTTAGE PRAYER MEETINGS.

Beside these Bible readings another mode of reaching this class is by means of cottage prayer meetings. This department of work has in the past received the special approval of our Lord.

I have real pleasure in noticing that at the last meeting of the General Committee, the advisability of establishing cottage prayer meetings, was unanimously declared, a Mission Committee was appointed, consisting of Messrs. Lamb, Whiteside, and Topley to superintend the work. In the judgment, wisdom and piety of this committee, we have all the amplest confidence. Assurances of assistance have already been placed at the disposal of the committee, and several members of the association have witnessed their willingness to share the joys and trials of the work.

LIBRARY AND READING-ROOM.

The library is small, containing only one hundred volumes. Some valuable donations have been received, but no special effort has been put forth by the committee for increasing the number of the volumes.

More attention has been devoted to procure a comfortable reading-room, and to support it liberally with newspapers and magazines. Circulars were sent to the leading publishers in the Dominion asking for a donation of their publications for the reading-room—to which all are made heartily welcome. The cordial, and all but unanimous response given to our request, speaks volumes for the Christian liberality of the conductors of the public press of the Dominion. To the publishers in the Maritime Provinces we owe a special debt of gratitude for their valuable contributions to the reading room. Many of the papers from all parts of the Dominion were immediately sent free, while others were kindly offered at half the ordinary price. Although we have not yet succeeded in obtaining all the papers and magazines which we consider essential to a well-stocked reading-room, nevertheless the following list shows that the supply is by no means deficient:

DAILIES.

Ottawa Citizen, Ottawa Daily News, Montreal Witness, Montreal Gazette, Montreal Daily News, London Free Press, Hamilton Spectator, Quebec Mercury.

WEEKLIES FROM ONTARIO.

Canada Christian Advocate, Evangelical Witness, Christian Guardian, Christian Messenger, Canadian Baptist, The Observer, Almonte Gazette, Cornwall Freeholder, Owen Sound Comet, The New Nation, Woodstock Sentinel, Peterborough Review, Picton Gazette, Chatham Planet, Perth Expositor, British Canadian, Merrickville Chronicle.

FROM QUEBEC.

Church Observer, and Waterloo Chronicle.

FROM NOVA SCOTIA.

The Unionist, Saturday Mail.

FROM NEW BRUNSWICK.

The Church Witness, Christian Visitor, Colonial Presbyterian, Union Advocate, New Dominion, True Humourist.

PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND.

The Islander, Summerside Journal.

SUMMARY.

Eight dailies, one semi-weekly, twenty-eight weeklies; total thirty-seven.

MAGAZINES.

The Edinburgh Quarterly Review, Atlantic Monthly, North British Review, People's Magazine, London Quarterly Review, Dominion Monthly, Blackwood's Magazine, Good Words, Sunday Magazine, Family Treasury, Quiver, Christian Treasury, Church of England Temperance Magazine, Sunday at Home, Eclectic, Leisure Hour, Cassell's Popular Educator, All the Year Round, British Workman.

These magazines are all laid upon the table through the liberality of twelve members. It is hoped that the example thus set will stimulate others to go and do likewise.

The year's work has now been reviewed, and how inadequate the return for all that God has done for us. We have all been unprofitable servants. We have not adorned in all things the doctrine of God Our Saviour; nor spoken faithfully enough to those brought within the reach of our influence. Still let us remember that even the humblest efforts for the extension of the Redeemer's Kingdom—represented in Scripture by a cup of cold water given to a disciple in the name and for the sake of Christ—shall in no wise lose their reward. Let us be more faithful in the future than we have been in the past. Let us all consecrate ourselves afresh, bodies and spirits, to the service of God. Each one can do something—and that something can be done by no one else. Let us not bury our talents in the earth, and refuse to exercise the gifts with which God has endowed us, because we do not possess fine talents, or commanding abilities, or remarkable attainments.

If you cannot on the ocean
Sail among the swiftest fleet,
Rocking on the highest billows
Laughing at the storms you meet,
You can stand among the sailors
Anchored yet within the bay;
You can lend a hand to help them,
As they launch their boat away.

If you have not gold and silver
Ever ready at command;
If you cannot toward the needy
Reach an ever open hand;
You can visit the afflicted,
O'er the erring you can weep;
You can be a true disciple
Sitting at the Saviour's feet.

Do not then stand idly waiting
For some greater work to do;
Fortune is a lazy goddess
She will never come to you.
Go and toil in any vineyard,
Do not fear to do or dare,
If you want a field of labour
You can find it anywhere.

Let us in this spirit enter upon the work of another year, saying to those over whom we have any influence: "Come with us, and we will surely do you good, for the Lord hath spoken good concerning Israel," and the promise is that the response will be, "We will go with you, for we have heard that the Lord is with you."

The Rev. Mr. Wardrope, having been called upon, said that the report just read showed the wisdom of requiring an annual report from the President. After an interesting address in which he pictured the temptations to which young men were exposed, and the duty of all to assist in removing their false glare, he moved the following resolution:

That this meeting desires to express its heartfelt gratitude to Almighty God, the giver of all good, for the many blessings vouchsafed to the Ottawa Young Men's Christian Association during the past year, and for the large measure of success that has attended its efforts on behalf of the young men of this city.

Mr. Wilson seconded the resolution, which was carried unanimously.

The Rev. Mr. Moore, seconded by the Rev. Mr. Gavin, moved the second resolution, as follows:

That as it is one of the chief aims of the Young Men's Christian Association to awaken, preserve and advance the communion of Christian life among young men by the faithful use of the means of grace and diligent study of God's Word, they deserve the sympathy and support of all Christians, by whatever name known among men.—Carried.

At the request of the Rev. Mr. Harper, the choir again favoured the audience with one of its finely executed hymns.

The Rev. D. M. Gordon, B.D., was then called upon to give an address "on the relations which the Church and Young Men's Christian Associations bear to each other," which he did with eloquent earnestness.

Mr. W. A. Lamb also spoke upon the same subject.

The Rev. Mr. Harper, being specially requested, gave some practical observations on the subject, showing the benefit which all Christian associations had upon each other.

The President, in concluding the proceedings, mentioned some facts connected with the association; among others, that there were among its members young men from every Protestant denomination in the city.

The choir then sang a hymn, after which Mr. Alexander, seconded by Mr. Topley, moved a vote of thanks to them for their kindness on this and other occasions, and also to the trustees of the church, and the meeting broke up.

PROTESTANT ORPHAN'S HOME.

Office-Bearers for the Current Year.

Patroness.—Lady Young.
First Directress.—Lady Macdonald.
Second Directress.—Mrs. Bronson.
Third Directress.—Mrs. P. LeSueur.
Recording Secretary.—Mrs. Thornton.
Corresponding Secretary.—Mrs. Eaton.
Treasurer.—Mrs. Smillie.
Attending Physician.—J. A. Grant, Esq., M. D.
Consulting Physician.—Hamnett Hill, Esq., M. D.

ACADEMY OF THE LADIES OF THE CONGREGATION OF NOTRE DAME.

Yesterday evening the young ladies who attend the Academy of the Sisters of *La Congregation de Notre Dame*, on O'Connor-st., of this city, gave a grand *fete*, in presence of his Lordship the Bishop, Rev. Messrs. Dandurand, Collins, Pallier, and many other clergymen of the city, besides his Worship the Mayor and a large number of ladies and gentlemen, who by their frequent applause testified the great satisfaction afforded them, and the deep interest they take in this young but flourishing educational institution, which has lately been introduced in our midst.

We could scarcely believe that in the short period these ladies have been in the city they could have succeeded in training their pupils to such a perfection in elocution, English and French composition, and vocal and instrumental music, of which they gave such convincing proofs on the occasion, which, we believe, was their first attempt in public.

The programme was not too long, but well selected to test the abilities of these young ladies in their different *roles*.

Misses Cousens and Feron played an overture on the piano in good style—giving proof of careful and correct training on the piano forte.

A prologue and tribute of gratitude, in French, followed, by young ladies whose names we could not ascertain.

Then came some vocal music, in which the whole force of the pupils was tested, which for sweetness of harmony could scarcely be excelled.

Miss Cousens then recited a poem as a tribute of respect to the memory of the late venerable Mother Bourgeois, under whose wise counsels and judicious management the houses of the Congregation of Notre Dame in Canada have arrived at their present state of prosperity. This was a master-piece of composition, full of pathos and well delivered, which took the audience by storm.

Next, Misses Kimber, Pellant and Cotton acted and sang their different parts in a piece entitled, "A little scene of the 17th century," and in very fine style. Miss Kimber's singing is remarkably fine, as all those can testify who have ever heard her.

These were followed by several other pieces of elocution and vocal music, among which was admirably sung "*Bonsoir.*"

The proceedings closed with an address from the young ladies to his Lordship the Bishop, thanking him for deigning to assist at their first humble *fete en famille*, and hoping it was only the commencement of such happy reunions.

His Lordship (in French) replied in a very pathetic and forcible address, thanking the children for their kind address, and the good Sisters of the Congregation for the immense good they had operated since their arrival in Ottawa, and for the very pleasant, useful and instructive programme they had prepared for this enlightened auditory. Hoping they would preserve in their mission of usefulness and prepare the youth of this age for the important roles they had to act in the future. That there was a large sphere open here for all their efforts in the way of educating the youth of this country in a solid, religious, useful training, whose good example on society would be of incalculable advantage, as by the examples of so many ladies composing this vast assembly, who received those lessons of virtue and learning under the guidance of these good Sisters in other parts of this country.

His Lordship then called on Father Collins to address a few remarks in English, the Institution being under his immediate direction, as it was to his exertions mainly they owed their presence in the city.

Rev. Mr. Collins then, in a few words, thanked the young ladies for the great treat they had afforded those present on the occasion, and hoped they would repeat such scenes frequently under the sanction of the ladies of their teachers, and persevere to the end of the year, when they would all once more have the pleasure of seeing them receive the crown of reward for their good conduct and progress in their different classes.

BIRTH.

At half-past four yesterday morning, the wife of Mr. T. Patrick, of a son.

THE RIGHT REVEREND

THE LORD BISHOP OF THE DIOCESE,

WILL PREACH IN THE

NEW CHURCH of ST. BARTHOLOMEW,

NEW EDINBURGH,

On Sunday Next, the 24th Instant,

at half-past THREE P. M.

A collection will be made in aid of the Building Fund. 954-2

WANTED IMMEDIATELY.

A WET NURSE.

Apply to

DR. WOOD,

953f Sparks-st.

WANTED,

AN EXPERIENCED SALESMAN,

to take charge of a

GROCERY AND DAY GOODS ESTABLISHMENT

in this city. Good references required. Apply at this office.

Ottawa, Jan. 21, 1869. 953a

LOST.

On Saturday evening last, a PURPLE WOOLLEN SHAWL, supposed to have been left in a sleigh on Paul-st. The finder will please return it to No. 2, Hardy's Block, where he will be briefly rewarded. 954-3

NOTICE.

The undersigned begs to state that he has

OPENED AN OFFICE

OVER A. McCORMICK'S STORE,

SPARKS-STREET,

Where all orders for the

CANADA GAZETTE,

AND FOR

PRINTING, BINDING, OR STATIONERY,

may be sent, and will be punctually attended to as usual, arrangements having been made to prevent any interruption to the business.

Mr. Desbarats feels grateful for the sympathy tendered him on all sides, and hopes to see his patrons and friends in his new office.

GEORGE E. DESBARATS.

Ottawa, January 21, 1869. 954tf

Fine Arts.

A COMPLETE

Assortment at the CANADA GAZETTE Office of

PRANG'S CHROMOS;

of which Frederic E. Church, the great American artist, says: "They are certainly most skilfully and artistically executed." And John G. Whittier: "I had no idea they were home productions; I am glad to know that such beautiful work is done here." And Bayard Taylor: "Your illuminations of the Beatitudes are really superb." And Wendell Phillips: "I congratulate you on your success, which I consider marvellous," &c.

Among them the following are the most attractive:

Horses in a Storm. (After R. Adams.)
The two Friends. (Child and Dog, after Gerauld.)
Sunset in California. (After Bierstadt.)
Sunlight in Winter. (After Morvillier.)
The Barefooted Boy. (After Whittier.)
Early Autumn on Esopus Creek, N. Y. (After A. T. Bricher.)
Late Autumn in the White Mountains. (After A. T. Bricher.)
Six American Landscapes. (After A. T. Bricher.)
Easter Morning. [After Mrs. James M. Hart.]
The Beatitudes of Our Lord, most magnificently illuminated.
Illuminated School Room Cards, with mottoes taken from Scripture.
Illuminated crosses, Book Marks, Rewards of Merit.
The Language of Flowers, Wood and Sea Mosses, Ferns, Flowers, &c.
"OLD MOTHER HUBBARD," "The most elegant juvenile book of the season," "superbly illustrated and illuminated.

Prang's Chromos are offered at 20 per cent. below the publisher's prices at the

CANADA GAZETTE OFFICE,

Sparks-st., Ottawa.

Stationery.

CARTER'S

COMBINED WRITING & COPYING INK.

THE ADVANTAGES OF THIS OVER OTHER INKS ARE:

First. It flows freely from the pen, and does not thicken by exposure to the air.
Second. It will give a perfect and instantaneous copy.
Third. It will not mould.
Fourth. Being equally as good for Copying as for Book-keeping, it entirely does away with the use of two kinds of Ink.
Fifth. It is more permanent than common Inks!
Sixth. The color, when first written, is a beautiful dark green, but in a remarkably short time it changes to a BRILLIANT JET BLACK—not a brownish black.
Seventh. It is admirably adapted to the most delicate writing, and ALWAYS "makes its mark."

This Ink is warranted to flow as freely as Arnold's, or any other Writing Fluid now in use; to give as perfect a copy as any Copying Ink; and not to mould.

Parties using Carter's Ink, and What They Say About it.

Post Office—"Best ink, by far; have used it for years."
Harnden Express Company—"Tried every kind, and give this the preference."
Bank of the Metropolis—"Grand, good ink; use it altogether."
Hamilton Bank—"We use Carter's ink, and think it the best."
Jordon, Marsh & Co.—"Would'nt take any other as a gift."
J. R. Palmer & Co.—"It writes splendidly and copies beautifully."
American Bank Note Company—"Never used any ink we liked so well"
Paymaster's Office—"Best ink ever made in this or any other country."
POST OFFICE, PHILADELPHIA—"I give it a preference over any other ink I have ever used. It flows freely, and does not gum with exposure.

W. M. IRELAND, Chief Clerk.

Wholesale and Retail at the

Latest by Telegraph.

Per Montreal Line.

TORONTO.

ONTARIO LEGISLATURE.

2nd Session 1 1st Legislative Assembly.

Special to THE TIMES.

TORONTO, January 21.

In the House to-day Mr. Greely presented the final report of the Printing Committee, and stated that the total cost of printing and binding for the past year was $5,187. He said the system was such as to give the utmost satisfaction, and compared it with the cost of 1852, when the House consisted of only 82 members, it was found that $89,792 were paid. The Queen's Printer's office was a sink of iniquity, and must now be at an end. The report was concurred in.

Mr. Rykert moved for a return of lands sold for taxes from 1830 to 1868. Some objections being made on the ground of an unnecessary expense,

Hon. Mr. Macdonald said the greatest mistakes had been made between 1830 and 1837, and designed to show how may titles were liable to be disturbed.—Carried.

In answer to Mr. Scott, of Grey,

Mr. Richards said that parties settling on free grant lands, and completing the settlement duties sooner than required by law, must remain five years before receiving the title deeds.

Mr. Scott, of Grey, moved to allow the purchasers of unpatented Crown lands the privilege of selling titles on such lands, but being opposed by the ministry withdrew the motion.

Hon. Mr. Macdonald moved for a second reading of the Bill respecting lands sold for taxes.

The Bill stops all law proceedings against parties holding these titles until next session, when the Government promise to introduce a complete measure.

Mr. Blake, and others opposed the Bill, notwithstanding which, it was read a second time on a division by 51 to 16, and subsequently passed.

Mr. Wilson read a petition from his constituents, praying the passage of a law to hinder smoking in barns or outhouses, under a severe penalty. The first offende being imprisonment for two days. (Loud laughter.)

Mr. Cameron brought down returns showing the amount of fees received by the Registrars, and applicants for mineral lands.

The Assessment Bill was read a third time, and passed with amendments.

SECOND DESPATCH.

Special to THE TIMES.

TORONTO, January 21.

Another fashionable wedding took place here to-day. The daughter of J. Gzowski, Esq., was united to Capt. Northy, 60th Rifles, this morning. It was a most brilliant affair, all the *elite* of Toronto being apparently gathered to witness it. Over 1,000 spectators were waiting at the Cathedral before the doors were open.

Last evening a man was attacked on the street by three robbers, who knocked him down and rifled his pockets, but finding nothing in them allowed him to proceed.

At a row on one of the city purlieus last night a base insinuation was made against a young girl, in consequence of which she attempted to cut her throat, and was only prevented by the razor being wrested from her hand.

The School Trustees held a meeting to-day when Mr. Baxter was re-elected chairman, the opponents of the election declaiming it as a disgrace to the Board.

The nine Reform members published a second letter to day, and declare that their object is gained in the *Globe's* admission that the Reform party are not responsible for its utterances.

Mr. Cockburn writes a separate letter, stating that he is not a lumberer at all, on which assumption the *Globe* brought the charge of corruption against him. This is neither published nor noticed in the *Globe*.

It was expected that the prorogation of the Legislature would take place to-morrow. This is very unlikely, however, and it is even possible that Saturday may not witness it.

AYLMER.

Opening of the Criminal Court.

Special to THE TIMES.

AYLMER, January 21.

The temporary Court House, prepared by order of the Board of Works, in Conroy's buildings, was in full working order this morning at ten o'clock. The Judge; Mr. Driscoll, Crown Prosecutor; the grand and petty jurymen; and the other officers of the court, were in attendance. When the Judge took his seat, Mr. Aylen, advocate, rose, and objected to the holding of the court in the place selected. Mr. W. Wright, barrister, contended that the court was rightly held. Some remarks were made by Mr. Macaulay, who represents a number of prisoners now incarcerated in the jail at Aylmer. He claimed that the trials should take place. The Judge decided that he would hold over all proceedings till to-morrow, so as to afford time to communicate with the Attorney-General of Quebec.

CABLE NEWS.

GREAT BRITAIN.

LONDON, January 21.—Advices from Madeira to the 14th give no mention of the whereabouts of the 39 missing passengers and crew of the *Hibernia*, who was said to have been landed there. The story of their being picked up is now believed to be unfounded.

The amount of bullion in the Bank of England has increased £99,000 sterling, since the last report.

CONSTANTINOPLE, January 21.—There is a rumour here that the Greek ship *Syratte* fired into a French sloop, and that several persons on board the latter were killed.

FRANCE.

PARIS, January 21.—Minister Burlingame and the chief Mandarins of the Chinese Embassy made their first visit to the Minister of Foreign Affairs yesterday, accompanied by the Secretary of the Legation, and Messrs. Brown and Dischereps. Mr. Burlingame and his companions were very cordially received by the Marquis De Lavellette. The interview was highly satisfactory, and promises a successful result for the mission. The Marquis informed the Embassadors that the Emperor would be pleased to accord them an audience on Sunday next at the Palace of the Tuilleries.

It is officially stated that the Conference awaits the reply of the Greek Government to the resolution which has been adopted. When that is received the Conference will dissolve.

TURKEY.

Contradiction of the Rumoured Withdrawal of the American Minister from Constantinople.

CONSTANTINOPLE, January 20.—The truth of the report that Mr. Morris, the American Minister to the Sublime Porte, had been recalled by his Government, is positively denied.

NEW ZEALAND,

NEWS VIA LONDON.

LONDON, January 21.—Late advices from Auckland, New Zealand, report that a frightful massacre of the whites by the natives had occurred at Poverty Bay on that Island.

CUBA.

The Commercial Bank not yet Resumed Payment—Sufferings of Fugitive Citizens.

HAVANA, January 21.—Contrary to general expectation the Banco del Comercio has not resumed payment, and its present condition is doubtful. Merchants who invested in the bank are now embarrassed by the loss of their money, and it is reported that several houses intimately connected in their business relations with the bank may fail, unless that institution manages to make an arrangement with its creditors.

Afflicting details are given of the want and sufferings of the fugitive citizens in the mountainous districts, which are uninhabited and destitute of provisions.

The *Diario* is informed that the rebel General Perez has offered to surrender himself and the forces under him, provided an unconditional pardon is granted. The Spanish General has conceded to these terms.

AMERICAN NEWS.

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES.

From Tennessee.

NEW YORK, January 21.—The *Times'* Knoxville special says Gov. Brownlow will arm about 2,000 white troops, who will be sent to counties where the Ku-Klux have been reported.

A Bill providing for the sale of railroads which have not paid the interest on the State bonds loaned them, passed the House of Representatives on its third reading without a dissenting vote.

RICHMOND, VA., January 21.—A Republican meeting last evening adopted resolutions protesting against Congress granting what is asked for by the Virginia Conference committee now in Washington.

The Cuban Revolution Believed to be a Success.

The *Herald's* special says the impression exists here that the Cuban revolution may be called a success.

THIS MORNING'S DESPATCHES.

The "Alabama" Claims Treaty.

NEW YORK, January 21.—The *World* publishes the full text of the *Alabama* claims treaty, which differs from the summary published a few days since:

Article 1 provides for the settling of all claims since February 8, 1853, by two commissioners on each side, and an arbitrator to be chosen by the commissioners.

Article 2—All disagreements are to be referred to an arbitrator, and a sovereign of a friendly State may be made arbitrator, who shall be reported to and agreed upon by the respective governments. Each government may have an agent to support its claims, and to answer to the claims made upon it. The decision of the commissioners or arbitrator is to be final.

Article 3 requires all claims to be presented within six months from the day of meeting, unless good reasons are given for delay, when three months more will be given. All claims are to be decided within two years. The meeting is to take place in Washington.

Article 4 makes the payment of the claims in coin, within 18 months after the decision.

Article 5 makes the result of the proceedings a final settlement of all claims, and a bar against all others.

Article 6 provides for the keeping of a record of the proceedings, and employment of clerks, the expenses to be equally shared by the Governments.

Article 7 provides for the ratification of the convention by the United States Senate, and Her Brittanic Majesty as soon as possible, and within 12 months from January 14th, 1869.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

Reported by Telegraph.

[*For daily report of Ottawa Markets, see Fourth Page.*]

New York Money Market.

NEW YORK, January 21.—American Exchange 42.
Gold 35¼.

New York Markets.

NEW YORK, January 21.—Cotton quiet and firm at 29¼c.—Flour dull; receipts 10,000 barrels; sales 9,400 barrels at $5.80 @ 6.20 for Superfine State and Western; $6.65 @ 6.75 for common to choice Extra State; $6.40 @ 7.50 for common to choice Extra Western.—Rye flour quiet at $5.40 @ 7.50.—Wheat steady; sales 55,000 bushels at $1.58 @ 1.71 for No. 2 Spring in store and afloat.—Rye quiet; receipts 250 bushels.—Corn less active; receipts 34,000 bushels; sales 47,000 bushels at 94c. @ 86c. for new Mixed Western; 97c. for Western Yellow.—Barley quiet; sales 2,000 bushels of Canada Western at $2.16.—Oats dull; receipts 1,300 bushels; sales 18,000 bushels at 74¼c. for Western in store; and 76c. for do. afloat.—Pork firmer and quiet at $30.00 @ 30.12 for new Mess; $28.75 @ 29.12 for old Mess.—Lard firmer at 19c. @ 19½c. for steam; 19½c. @ 20c. for kettle rendered.

London Money Market.

LONDON, January 21.—p.m.—Consols 93½ @ @ 93½ for both; Bonds easier at 75½; Stocks firmer; Erie 26½; Illinois Central 93½.

Liverpool Markets.

LIVERPOOL, January 21—a.m.—Flour 26s. Red wheat 9s. 10d. @ 10s. White wheat 11s. 6d. @ 11s. 8d. Corn 35s. @ 36s. for old; 34s. @ 34s. 8d. for new. Barley 5s. Oats 3s. 6d. Pease 44s. 6d. Pork 92s. 6d. Lard 72s.

Dry Goods.

KEARNS & RYAN,

KEARNS & RYAN,

KEARNS & RYAN.

THE ABOVE FIRM

having bought out the

BANKRUPT STOCK

AND

LEASE OF PREMISES LATELY OCCUPIED BY

MESSRS. GRANT & HENDERSON,

AT A

LOW COMPOSITION IN THE POUND,

are now prepared, and will sell from this date

THE WHOLE OF THE ABOVE STOCK,

DIVIDED

BETWEEN THEIR TWO HOUSES,

AT AN

IMMENSE REDUCTION

FROM ORIGINAL PRICES,

THE SALE TO CONTINUE

UNTIL THE

WHOLE STOCK IS SOLD OUT.

GREAT BARGAINS

may be expected.

KEARNS & RYAN.

Ottawa, January 22, 1869. 954-3m

THE UNION FORWARDING

AND

RAILWAY COMPANY.

THE ANNUAL MEETING

OF THE

SUBSCRIBERS OF STOCK,

OF THE

Union Forwarding and Railway Company,

will be held at

THEIR OFFICE in the CITY OF OTTAWA,

ON

Wednesday, 10th. day of February, Next,

at TWELVE o'clock, noon, for the

ELECTION OF DIRECTORS,

and the transaction of general business.

By order,

R. S. CASSELS,
President.

Ottawa, January 22, 1869. 954d

Auction Sale.

I. B. Tackaberry, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE

OF

$10,000 WORTH OF PROPERTY.

A RARE CHANCE FOR PARTIES WISHING TO RE-FURNISH.

I. B. TACKABERRY, City Auctioneer, has been favoured with instructions from Messrs. Buck & Sanger, proprietors of the Revere House, to sell on the premises, commencing

ON TUESDAY, 19TH JANUARY,

at 10 o'clock, a.m., and continuing each day, the whole of the Household Furniture and Fixtures of that recent and elegantly furnished house, including Parlor, Drawing Room, Bed Room, Kitchen, Office, Bar and Hall Furniture, consisting in part as follows:

Handsome Mahogany Tables—Marble Top,—Sofas, Lounges, and Chairs to match, with Hair Cloth Covers, large and superb Cut Glass Mirrors, with Marble Stands; Wardrobes, two very fine toned Pianos and Music Stools, Pictures, Damask and Muslin Window Curtains, with Cornices, Brussels and Tapestry Hall, Stair and Drawing Room Carpets.

In Bed Room Sets—Spring Mattrasses, Bedsteads, Bureaus, Washstands, Tables and Chairs to match, all of the finest Black Walnut, procured from a Montreal firm, and as good as new, having been only about 1 year in use; also an elegant and richly carved Bridal Chamber Set, with polished Rosewood Bureau.

In the Dining Room will be found Extension Dining Tables, Sideboard, Chairs, Silver Plate, Cutlery, Crockery, Glassware, and all the furnishings usually found in a well kept and extensive house of this description.

In Kitchen Utensils—A large Hotel Cooking Stove, (Patent Pastry Baker) nearly new, three smaller Cooking Stoves, Kettles, Pots, Pans, and a variety of articles too numerous to mention.

In the Bar will be offered a handsome Silver Soda Fountain, Beer Pumps, Water Filterer, Decanters, Tumblers, Wine Glasses, &c.

Among the Sundries may be mentioned twenty Hall and Parlor Stoves, Stove Pipes, Stair and Passage Oil Cloths, Bedroom Carpets, a quantity of Cocoa Matting, Office Desks and Furniture, Hat Racks, Hall Chairs, &c., &c.

ALSO AT THE SAME TIME

The whole of the Stock, Harness, Buggies, Sleighs, Robes, &c., of a well furnished Livery Stable, containing 20 Horses, and an Omnibus and Water Cart.

The whole will be sold without reserve, the sale commencing on TUESDAY, 19th INSTANT, and continued from day to day until the whole are disposed of, the proprietors being about to remove from the city.

The terms of sale will be cash in bankable funds.

The whole will be on view the day previous to the sale.

I. B. TACKABERRY,
City Auctioneer.

Ottawa, January 12, 1869. 916d

Groceries.

For sale by the undersigned

300 BBLS. MESS PORK.

200 BBLS. THIN MESS PORK.

500 BBLS. STRONG SUPER FLOUR.

COAL OIL.

Having been appointed by the combination their agents for

COAL OIL,

They are now prepared to sell in quantities to suit the trade, by the

BARREL OR CAR LOAD,

AT THE

LOWEST PRICES

Agents for Hiram Walker's

HIGHWINES

RYE,

PROOF, and

MONONGAHELA WHISKEYS.

Agents for

REESOR BROS. CHEESE.

Agents for John Campbell's celebrated

HAMS,

BACON, &c.

C. T. BATE & CO.,
Canal Basin.

Ottawa, Dec. 12, 1868.

Publications.

JONES & HOLLAND

Have Just Received

Godey's Lady's Book for February,
Mad. Demorest's for February.

All the Illustrated Papers.

A further lot of the Xmas Number of the London Illustrated News, with Double Supplement and Illuminated Plate.

Also,—"The Bar-Tender's Guide," Ball-room Guides, Hoyle's Games, &c., &c.

Post Office Block, January 18, 1869.

BOTTLED ALE,

BOTTLED ALE,

BOTTLED ALE.

The subscriber would called the attention of Families and others to his

FINE BOTTLED ALE

Which is in splendid condition. Also,

SCOTCH, IRISH, OLD RYE,

And other Malt Whiskies,

PORTS, SHERRIES, BRANDIES, GIN, &c.,

To other with a General Assortment of

FIRST-CLASS GROCERICS.

A call diligently solicited.

D. WHELAN,
44, Rideau-street,
Opposite Allan's Crockery Store

Ottawa, Jan. 20, 1868.

REMOVAL.

MESSRS. A. O. AUDY & Co. beg respectfully to inform their friends and the public generally that they have removed their

OFFICE AND SAMPLE ROOMS,

to the east side of Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, where, as formerly, they will keep on hand a large and varied assortment of the

CHOICEST TEAS AND COFFEES,

In 15 and 10 pound boxes, and upwards. Just received

100 half chests Uncoloured Japan,
250 do Oolong,
50 chests Congou,
75 do Young Hyson,
25 do Souchong,
100 catties Gunpowder.

A liberal discount to the trade.

952-3 A. O. AUDY & CO.

Wholesale & Retail.

JUST RECEIVED,

NEW PATTERNS IN CROSLEY'S

TAPESTRY CARPETS.

Remnants of CARPETS of all kinds, the accumulation four years, will be sold cheap previous -taking.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

COTTON GOODS.

MAGEE & RUSSELL

Have brought forward from the wholesale department

150 PIECES ASSORTED PRINTS,

125 " BLEACHED SHIRTING,

200 " GREY COTTON,

and arranged them on the Centre Tables, where they will be offered at wholesale prices by the piece, during the remainder of this month.

They would also remark that "COTTON GOODS" are slightly higher priced in England, than what they were when the above were purchased.

Customers would be consulting their own interests by taking advantage of the above sale, the reductions being 2, 2½ and 3 cents per yard.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

PATTERN JACKETS.

The balance of our

FRENCH PATTERN JACKETS,

have been still further reduced in price. A few very rich ones yet to dispose of.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

Jewellery, &c.

FOR

CHRISTMAS AND NEW YEAR'S

PRESENTS,

IN GOLD & SILVER WATCHES,

Go to YOUNG & RADFORD'S,

30 Sparks-st.

FOR

CHRISTMAS AND NEW YEAR'S

PRESENTS,

GOLD CHAINS & FINE JEWELLERY,

Go to YOUNG & RADFORD'S.

FOR

CHRISTMAS AND NEW YEAR'S

PRESENTS,

IN PLATED WARE,

Go to YOUNG & RADFORD'S.

FOR

CHRISTMAS AND NEW YEAR'S

PRESENTS,

IN FANCY GOODS,

SUITABLE FOR THE SEASON,

Go to YOUNG & RADFORD'S.

PARTIES WANTING WORK

SUITABLE FOR PRESENTATIONS

FOR CHRISTMAS OR NEW YEAR,

Will find it to their advantage to

Go to YOUNG & RADFORD'S,

30 Sparks-st.

Garland, Mutchmor & Co

X MAS DRY GOODS.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.,

IMPORTERS, 20 SPARKS-ST.,

Have received, ex various ocean steamers, large additions to their extensive stock of

STAPLE & FANCY DRY GOODS,

MILLINERY,

Carpetings and House Furnishings,

and are now shewing a large and well assorted stock in every department. They invite special attention to the following:

RICH FANCY SILKS,

RICH FANCY DRESSES,

suitable for street and evening wear.

RICH BALL DRESSES,

GOOD ABERDEEN WINCIES,

at a little over half last year's prices. Good cheap useful dresses for all classes in all the new materials.

CLOTHS,

TWEEDS,

BLANKETS,

FLANNELS,

SHEETINGS,

COTTONS,

PRINTS, ETC.,

all in great variety cheap.

LACES,

RIBBONS,

TRIMMINGS,

GLOVES,

HOSIERY,

Black Silk Mantle Velvets,
Black and Brown Velveteens,
Black and Brown Sealskins,
Black and Brown Astricans,
Coloured Jasper Sealskins,
White and Fancy Mantle Cloths.

MANTLES,

in great variety, in all the new materials an shapes.

SHAWLS,

BONNETS,

HATS,

LADIES' CAPS,

HEAD DRESSES,

FLOWERS,

FEATHERS,

BRIDAL WREATHS.

Great novelty in Skirts—the

NEW PATENT FELT SKIRT,

Plain and embroidered, all in once piece; war m lighter, better fitting and cheaper than any other skirts. Just opened

One Case Plain Glasgow Wincies.

Two cases latest styles in Clouds and other Woollen Goods.

Wholesale and Retail.

Stationery.

NEW GOODS.

Just received, ex steamship *St. David*, a large importation of the best British manufactured

STAPLE STATIONERY,

IN

LETTER PAPERS,
NOTE PAPERS,
ENVELOPES,
FOOLSCAPS,
FOLIO POSTS,
RECORD PAPERS,
TINTED BLOTTING PAPERS,
MUSIC PAPER,
&c., &c., &c.

For sale at

THE OTTAWA CITIZEN
Stationery and Printing House,
Rideau-st., Ottawa.

Groceries.

THE TEA POT LIST.

In Cases, Hhd. and ¼ Casks,

HENNESSEY'S BRANDY,

MARTELL'S do

OTARD, DUPEY & Co., do

JULES, ROBIN & Co., do

CASTILLION & Co., do.

In Bottle or Wood,

GRAHAM'S EXTRA OLD PORT,

GRAHAM'S THREE GRAPE,

SANDEMAN'S CHOICE OLD PORT,

MCKENZIE'S Pure Golden SHERRY

DUNN'S BROWN, do

CHOICE PALE, do.

THE

FINEST BALTIMORE OYSTERS,

Received daily, by Express.

CHIPPAWA pure old RYE WHISKEY
Four years old, equal to any French Brandy.

CHIPPAWA TODDY WHISKEY,
Four years old, equal to Scotch.

CHIPPAWA FAMILY PROOF.

J. G. ROBINSON & CO.

The Tea Pot, Ottawa.

Ottawa, Dec. 16, 1868.

ON SALE,

GOODERHAM & WORTS'

RECTIFIED SPIRITS.

100 BBLS. CELEBRATED OLD RYE,

100 do HIGHWINES, 50 O.P.

100 do ALCOHOL, 65 O.P.

The trade supplied at manufacturers' prices.

REDPATH'S EXTRA GOLDEN SYRUP

REDPATH'S STANDARD do

NEW YORK HOUSE SYRUP,

100 BBLS. WEST INDIA MOLASSES.

500 CHESTS UNCOLORED JAPAN TEA.

100 CADDIES ORANGE PEKOE

150 CHESTS TWANKAY.

200 CADDIES BRIGHT SOL. TOBACCO.

100 BOXES TOBACCO, 10s.

500 BARRELS EXTRA SUPERIOR FLOUR.

300 BBLS. MESS PORK, to arrive.

J. G. ROBINSON & Co.

December 16, 1868. 925-3m

OTTAWA MARKETS.

[Compiled expressly for the OTTAWA TIMES.]

	Times Office. Jan. 21, 1869.		
FLOUR—Extra	6 50	@	6 75
No. 1	5 25	@	5 50
No. 2		none.	
Bags—Fall per 100 lbs	3 25	@	3 37½
" Spring "	2 62½	@	2 75
Oatmeal—per 200 lbs	7 00	@	7 25
Indian Meal "	4 00	@	0 00
Rye—per bushel 56 lbs	0 80	@	0 90
Barley " 48 lbs	0 90	@	0 00
Buckwheat Flour	4 00	@	4 50
WHEAT—Fall—per bushel, 60 lbs	1 25	@	1 30
Spring " "	1 20	@	1 25
CORN—Per bushel, 56 lbs	0 85	@	0 90
Peas " 60 lbs	0 90	@	0 00
Oats " 34 lbs	0 61	@	0 63
Beans " 60 lbs	1 80	@	0 00
PORK—Mess—per barrel	24 50	@	25 00
Prime Mess per do	23 50	@	24 00
Prime		none.	
Pork (fresh)	8 50	@	10 00
Hams	0 15	@	0 17
Beef per 100 lbs	6 50	@	7 00
Mutton—per lb	0 5	@	0 6
Veal—Each	0 50	@	0 60
Ducks	0 50	@	0 60
Turkeys—Each	1 00	@	2 00
Poultry—Per pair	0 50	@	0 60
BUTTER—Choice Table	0 25	@	0 00
No. 1 Firkin	0 22	@	0 24
No. 2	0 00	@	0 00
Eggs	0 22	@	0 25
Apples—per brl	0 00	@	4 50
VEGETABLES, &c.—Potatoes	0 38	@	0 40
HAY—Per ton	18 00	@	22 00
WOOD—Per cord (cubic measure)	3 25	@	0 00
Mixed Wood	3 00	@	0 00
Tamarac	2 00	@	0 00
Soft Wood	2 00	@	0 00

—The hundredth anniversary of the introduction of vaccination in Russia by the Empress Catherine II. is to be celebrated in a few days at St. Petersburg. A prize of 3,000 roubles (£400) is offered by the Government on this occasion for the best history of vaccination. The competition is to be open to all Europe, and the history may be written in any modern European language.

—Two English engineers, whose names are as yet unknown, have been arrested in the country of the Don Cossacks on a charge of murder. The details of the affair have not yet reached us, but it would seem that the two Englishmen in question were travelling upon business, and, wishing to hurry on, or get fresh horses, or something of the kind, gave orders to the yemstchik (or driver) which he refused to obey. An altercation ensued. Some Cossacks came up and took their countryman's part, when the travellers, either fearing violence or losing their temper, drew their revolvers, and shot two of the assailants dead.

—An extraordinary outrage has been committed on the London and North-Western Railway, near Birmingham. On Christmas night, immediately after a train had left Edgbaston station (where the tickets of the passengers are collected) for Birmingham, a man jumped into the guard's van, and threw a quantity of creosote or naphtha into the eyes of the guard, who was engaged in making an entry in his book. When the poor fellow had somewhat recovered from the shock, the train had passed through the tunnel, and was entering New-street station, and he then discovered that a box containing money, and on which he had placed his lamp, was missing. A brakesman, named Baggaley, at whose house a large sum of gold has been discovered, has been arrested on suspicion.

The Montreal Tea Company: It is pretty clear that when an individual or a firm makes a speciality of a particular trade—in other words—turn all resources and energies in one direction, then we find profits reduced and excellence secured. This has been the case in respect to the operations of the Company named. The qualities of Tea supplied are the best in the country, and by reference to the advertisement, it will be seen that, in price also, an inducement to patronage is offered the public.—*Woodstock Times.*

A large consignment of the Montreal Tea Company's pure teas have been received by the undersigned. There is no paint, dye, or black lead used in these teas to make them look well. Boxes, 12 lbs. and upwards. See advertisement for list of prices.

JOSEPH MOONEY,
Russell House Block

A meritorious article is Hall's Sicilian Hair Renewer; it is rapidly becoming known and widely and deservedly popular. It is apparently nothing in itself but an agreeably perfumed and pleasant hair dressing, but it contains the most wonderful curative properties for loss of hair, and after using it a short time, gray hairs resume their natural color. If any of our readers doubt it, let them try a single bottle of the "Renewer," and they will add their testimonial to the truth of what we say.—*Sentinel, Burlington Vt.*

Try Gardner's Baking Powder. See advertisement. 887.6m

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Coughs and Colds.—Sudden changes of climate are sources of Pulmonary Bronchial and Asthmatic affections. Experience having proved that simple remedies often act speedily and certainly when taken in the early stages of the disease, recourse should at once be had to "Brown's Bronchial Troches," or Lozenges. Few are aware of the importance of checking a cough or "common cold," in its first stage. That which in the beginning would yield to a mild remedy, if neglected soon attacks the lungs. "Brown's Bronchial Troches," or cough Lozenges, allay irritation which induces coughing, having a direct influence on the affected parts. As there are imitations, be sure to ask for the genuine. Sold by all dealers in medicines, at 25 cents a box.

HALL'S VEGETABLE SICILIAN HAIR RENEWER.

The basis of its remedial properties is a vegetable compound.
It will restore gray hair to its original color.
It will keep the hair from falling out.
It cleanses the scalp and makes the hair soft, lustrous and silken.
It is a splendid hair dressing.

R. P. HALL & CO.,
Nashua, N.H., Proprietors.
For sale by all druggists. 894d

Mothers! Mothers! Mothers!—Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with the excruciating pain of cutting teeth? If so, go at once and get a bottle of MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately—depend upon it; there is no mistake about it. There is not a mother on earth who has ever used it, who will not tell you at once that it will regulate the bowels, and give rest to the mother, and relief and health to the child, operating like magic. It is perfectly safe to use in all cases, and pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Price 25 cents. Sold everywhere. Be sure to call for "MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP." Having the *fac simile* of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations

Mothers Read This!—**Holloway's Worm Lozenges** are a certain and safe remedy for Worms in Children and Adults.—As it is a well-known and melancholy fact that one great cause of death among children is from Worms alone, it cannot be too deeply impressed upon the minds of parents the necessity of closely watching their children. By so doing; and understanding the symptoms and true cause of the disease, thousands of children might be saved from early graves. SYMPTOMS OF WORMS.—The following are a few of the very numerous symptoms and diseases which are caused by Worms: deranged appetite, emaciated extremities, offensive breath frequent picking at the nose, grinding of the teeth during sleep, hardness of the belly, with frequent slimy stools, and sometimes convulsive fits; itching of the arms, pain in the head and stomach, unquiet sleep, faintings, tremblings, coughs, indigestion, low spirits, frightful dreams, and a gradual wasting away of flesh.
They are palatable and self-administered to the child—drive out the worms thoroughly without pain and completely cleanse the stomach—thereby destroying at once the necessity of administering Castor Oil or other unpleasant cathartics—as in the use of other Worms.
Each box contains the fac-simile signature of NORTHROP & LYMAN, Newcastle, C.W., who are the sole proprietors.
N.B. Ask for *Holloway's Worm Lozenges* and take no other. Sold by all the druggists in Ottawa, and medicine dealers everywhere. 578y

DOMINION Telegraph Company!

Capital Stock,.....$500,000,

IN 10,000 SHARES AT $50 EACH.

President,
HON. WM. CAYLEY.

Treasurer,
HON. J. McMURRICH.

Secretary,
H. B. REEVE.

Counsel,
MESSRS. CAMERON & McMICHAEL.

General Superintendent,
MARTIN RYAN.

DIRECTORS.

HON. J. McMURRICH—Bryce, McMurrich & Co., Toronto.
A. R. McMASTER Esq.,—A. R. McMaster & Brother, Toronto.
HON. M. C. CAMERON,—Provincial Secretary, Toronto.
JAMES MICHIE, Esq.,—Fulton, Michie & Co., and Geo. Michie & Co., Toronto.
HON. WM. CAYLEY,—Toronto.
A. M. SMITH, Esq.,—A. M. Smith & Co., Toronto.
L. MOFFATT, Esq.,—Moffatt, Murray & Co., Toronto.
H. B. REEVE, Esq.,—Toronto.
MARTIN RYAN, Esq.,—Toronto.

PROSPECTUS.

THE DOMINION TELEGRAPH COMPANY has been organized under the Act respecting Telegraph Companies, chapter 67 of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada. Its object is to cover the Dominion of Canada with a complete net-work of Telegraph Lines.

THE CAPITAL STOCK

Is $500,000, divided into 10,000 shares of $50 each, 5 per cent to be paid at the time of subscribing, the balance to be paid by instalments, not exceeding 10 per cent per month—said instalments to be called in as the works progress.

THE BUSINESS AFFAIRS OF THE COMPANY

are under the management of a Board of Directors annually elected by the shareholders in conformity with the Charter and By-laws of the Company.

The Directors are of opinion that it would be to the interest of the Stockholders generally to obtain subscriptions from all quarters of Canada, and with this view they propose to divide the Stock amongst the different towns and cities throughout the Dominion in allotments suited to the population and business occupations of the different localities and the interest which they may be supposed to take in such an enterprise.

CONTRACTS OF CONNECTIONS.

A contract, granting permanent connection and extraordinary advantages, has already been executed, between this Company and the Atlantic and Pacific Company of New York; thus, at the very commencement, as the Lines of this Company are constructed from the Suspension Bridge, at Clifton (the point of connection) to any point in the Dominion, all the chief cities and places in the States, touched by the Lines of the Atlantic and Pacific Telegraph Company, are brought in immediate connection therewith.

A permanent connection has also been secured with the Great Western Telegraph Company of Chicago, whereby this Company will be brought into close connection with all the Lake Ports and other places through the North Western States, and through to California.

All classes of Society are interested in extending the use of the Telegraph, at LOW RATES, and the Directors are satisfied, that the adoption of a scale of charges considerably below the rates now exacted in Canada, will by encouraging a much more extended use of this medium of communication, not only prove a real and substantial benefit to the public generally, but will also ensure a safe and profitable return to the Investor.

On the 25th day of June, A.D., 1868, the DOMINION TELEGRAPH COMPANY was duly CHARTERED according to law.

The admitted importance and value of Telegraphy, would, in the opinion of the Directors, have rendered any introduction of the Dominion Telegraph Company to the Canadian public unnecessary had it not been that previous attempts to establish Telegraph Companies in Canada, to share the business with the Montreal Company, had been allowed to fall through.

The success of a Telegraph Company will mainly depend on its ability to meet the demands of the public, and consequently it should possess, at least, equal facilities with any other Company, for access to all quarters with which its customers may desire to have communication.

This important requisite has not been, until now, within the reach of any Company entering the field as a competitor with the Montreal Company, in consequence of the close and exclusive connection formed between that Company and the Western Union Company, of the United States, the latter by virtue of certain patents, having until within these two years, monopolized nearly the whole of the telegraph business of the neighboring republic.

The business relations between these two Companies continue in full force, but the patents having run out, the monopoly so long enjoyed by the Western Union has ceased to exist.

The Atlantic and Pacific, the Great Western, and other American Companies have invaded the field, and have become successful competitors for the public patronage and support. These Companies, acting on the cheap posting principle, have forced the old monopolist to a reduction of rates, which has resulted in a more widely extended use of this means of communication, and much to the surprise of the Western Union itself, has increased its profits, whilst sharing its field of operations.

With these new Companies the Dominion Telegraph Company of Canada have entered into most satisfactory business relations, and confident of the soundness of the principle which led to the adoption of the penny-postage system in Great Britain, the voluntary reduction from $100 to $16 65 per ten word message by the Ocean Cable Company, and the successful operation of the Companies recently established in the United States, invite the business and mercantile community of Canada to join them in the promotion of an enterprise, based on the principle of moderate rates and extended business which, while injuring no one, they confidently expect will result in securing a large return to the investor, and prove a vast benefit to the community.

Allusion has been made to the voluntary reduction of rates by the Atlantic Cable Company. A Chicago paper, writing on the subject of the growing use of the Telegraph, gives the following return as obtained directly from Cyrus W. Field, showing very conclusively the benefit both to the public and the Company of the reduction of rates.

AVERAGE DAILY RECEIPTS.

From $100 per message of ten words		$2,525
do 50 do do		2,895
do 25 do do		3,965

An advertisement has recently appeared announcing to the public that the rates from 1st September, proximo, will be further reduced to $16.65 per ten words.

The following table shows the reduction which has been effected in rates in the neighboring States arising out of the construction of competing lines:—

From New York to	*Former Rate.*	*Present Rate.*
Boston	$ 50	$ 30
Bangor	1 20	65
Portland	90	50
Philadelphia	40	25
Baltimore	70	35
Washington	75	40
Augusta, Me	1 20	60
Cincinnati	1 90	1 00
Buffalo	75	50
Cleveland	1 95	1 00
Pittsburgh	1 15	45
Louisville	1 95	1 00

This reduction took place in November, 1867. A comparison of the receipts of the Western Union since that period with the corresponding months of the previous year gives the following results:—

Gross Receipts for

December, 1865.....$ 551,971 40; December, 1867.....$576,135 19; Increase.....$ 24,163 79
Jany., Feb., March,'67 1,594,644 96; Jany., Feb., March,'68 1,727,939 55; Increase..... 133,294 59
April, May, June, '67, 1,589,478 79; April, May, June, '68, 1,749,831 24; Increase..... 159,852 73

While these beneficial results were flowing to the Western Union Company from the reduction of rates, the new Companies had created a business more than sufficient to fill their wires. In proof of this the following extract is taken from the report of the Atlantic and Pacific Company, made July 28th, 1868:

"In April last we reached the maximum capacity of our wires, and have since been compelled to refuse business daily. The Committee, therefore, have reached the conclusion from the actual experience of building and working the present lines—that

"Telegraphic business is growing faster than Telegraphic facilities."

As further proof on this point, the low rates have so pressed the wires of both Companies with business through the day, that posters have been placed in all the main offices proclaiming that double the number of words would be telegraphed at night at the same price as half the number of words by day.

In support of the observation quoted above, that telegraphic business is growing faster than telegraphic facilities, the following statement exhibiting the wonderful increase in the use of the wire, within the last six years, cannot be without interest to our readers. The gross earnings of all telegraph lines in the United States for the following years were:—

184—	$ 4,228 77	1864	$3,792,245 40
1849	63,338 98	1865	4,420,268 88
1850	163,860 84	1866	5,624,401 20
1862	2,734,960 40	1867	7,641,552 47
1863	3,269,442 66		

Showing an average increase of a million a year for the last five years.

A comparison of the number of messages, and persons using the wire in Canada and the States, furnishes a further proof of the advantage to the public and corresponding benefit to the Companies arising out of a reduction of rates.

The published returns for 1867, show that 609,757 messages were sent in Canada, while the messages in the United States for the same period exceeded 20,000,000, the former being less than one message to every six persons, the latter, two to every three. From these returns and results it may be reasonably inferred that a reduction of rates to a tariff at which the wires of both Companies can be filled, will secure a fair field and good prospects to the Dominion Company without in any way prejudicing the interests of the Company now monopolising the ground.

The particulars submitted above are sufficient in the opinion of the Directors to establish the fact that low rates, by encouraging a more general use of the telegraph, are more profitable than high. It is not, however, solely in the light of a safe and good investment that the Directors desire that this enterprise should be viewed. They feel that their object will be but indifferently attained unless they can satisfy the public, the business and commercial men, that all who use the telegraph as a medium of rapid communication, are interested in the establishment of what may be called a competing line. As in the administration of public affairs, a strong, watchful opposition, is the best security for good and careful government: so in commercial matters, an honest rivalry in the various pursuits and branches of trade furnishes the best security that the public shall be well served.

To apply the argument to the purpose in hand, the following table showing the inconsistencies, and, in many instances, the excessive rates now charged on messages passing between the cities and towns of Ontario, Quebec and the United States, will, it is believed, convince the reader that an honest competition is needed, not only for the reduction and adjustment of rates, but also to ensure that attention and care which would of necessity be enforced on the Company's competing for public favor, and thus tend greatly to promote the general interests of the community.

EXAMPLE OF PRESENT TARIFF RATES, WITH DISTANCES.

		MILES.	CANADA MONEY.
From Toronto	to Suspension Bridge	82	40c
Do do	Montreal	333	30
Do do	Mitchell, Seaforth, Bothwell, Alisa Craig, Caledonia, Chatham, Dunville, Newbury, Port Burwell, Port Colborne and many other places		40
Do do	Kingston	160	25
Do do	Quebec	505	50

Example at present tariff rates to Buffalo, and from thence to the following places, in U.S. currency, which reduced to Canada money at 45 per cent premium, makes the actual cost, as in second column:—

Price Collected at Toronto.		ACTUAL COST, BOTH TARIFFS.		
To New York	80c.	From Toronto to Buffalo	30c	
		Buffalo to New York. 50c	Reduced to Canada Money.	35c—$0 65
To Philadelphia	$1 05	From Toronto to Buffalo	30c	
		Buffalo to Philadelphia. 75c	Reduced to Canada Money.	52c—$0 82
To Washington	$1 30	From Toronto to Buffalo	30c	
		Buffalo to Washington. 90c	Reduced to Canada Money.	62c—$0 92
To Baltimore	$1 30	From Toronto to Buffalo	30c	
		Buffalo to Baltimore. 85c	Reduced to Canada Money.	59c—$0 89
To Chicago	$1 35	From Toronto to Detroit	60c	
		Detroit to Chicago. 75c	Reduced to Canada Money.	52c—$1 12
To New Orleans	$3 45	From Toronto to Buffalo	30c	
		Buffalo to New Orleans. $2 75c	Reduced to Canada Money.	$1 90c—$2 20

NOTE.—The same illustration may be applied to all the places in the United States. Canadians are obliged to pay a profit on the published rates.

Subscription Books will be opened at the Office of the Company, 83 King-st. east, on and after September 1st 1868.

H. B. REEVE,
Secretary.

Toronto, September 29, 1868. 850tf

Commission Merchants.

DOMINION AUCTION MART,
AND
COMMISSION SALE ROOMS,
HOUSE, LAND AND GENERAL AGENCY,
OFFICE AND SALE ROOMS,
INGLIS' NEW BUILDINGS, SUSSEX-ST.,
OTTAWA.

The subscriber respectfully announces to the inhabitants of Ottawa and surrounding country that at the request of many friends he has decided on opening an extensive and well regulated Auction Mart in this city:

From arrangements made with some of the Furniture Manufactories of Western Ontario, a large and well selected stock of new furniture will be constantly on hand.

Public Sales will be held from time to time, of which due notice will be given, and at which parties requiring to furnish will have an opportunity of purchasing at unusually low rates. The Mart is now open with a large stock of new Furniture, as well as Pianos, Harmoniums, &c., &c., consigned for sale.

The subscriber would also intimate that he is the Sole Agent for Ottawa and territory for the sale of Rappe, Webber & Co.'s celebrated grand Pianos.

They are successors to the late John C. Fox, of Kingston, and the makers of his excellent Pianos.

From their long experience in Germany, Paris, and New York, they are universally admitted to be the best Piano Manufacturers on this continent. The high reputation of the instruments made by them for the past ten years, and the increasing demand for them in the new Dominion, prove their very superior quality, and universally acknowledged merit.

The Pianos, as well as the Furniture in the establishment, will be sold either by private sale or auction.

He would also announce that he is prepared to receive instructions from persons having household furniture, horses, carriages, or real estate, to dispose of, and pledges himself that nothing will be left undone by him to give satisfaction in discharging the trust confided to him. He hopes that by strict attention to the sales entrusted to his care, as well as by prompt settlements immediately after, to merit a share of public patronage.

He will be in his office from 7 in the morning until 7 in the evening, when he can see parties who wish to arrange about their sales. Consignments from a distance will have immediate attention.

Cash advances, when required, will be made on consignments for immediate sale.

All kinds of furniture bought, sold or exchanged.

REFERENCES.

His Lordship the Bishop of Kingston,
Hon. Sir John A. Macdonald,
Hon. H. L. Langevin, C B,
Hon. Alex. Campbell, P M G,
R. W. Scott, Esq, M P P,
Walter Shanly, Esq, M P
Max. W. Strange, Esq, M P P,
Francis H. Burton, Esq, M P
James O'Reilly, Esq, Q C,
H. V. Noel, Esq, Manager Quebec Bank, Ottawa.
Robert Lyon, Esq, M P P.

A smart young man wanted to act as travelling agent representing several firms.

J. BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer and Commission Merchant,
75.y House, Land and General Agent.

REMOVAL.

The subscribers beg to inform their customers and the public generally that they have removed to those spacious premises lately occupied by M. K. Dickinson, Canal Basin, and where will be found constantly on hand the following goods:

FLOUR,
PORK,
OATMEAL, &c.
ALSO ON HAND,
2,000 CORDS OF GOOD FIREWOOD,
and 600,000 sawed SHINGLES.

Wholesale and Commission Agents.
Goods forwarded with despatch between Ottawa, Kingston and Intermediate Ports, by the Steamer *Mary Ann*, and three barges.

Silver Taken at Par.

WM. H. EASTON & CO.,
Forwarders and Commission Merchants,
Canal Basin

For Sale or to Let.

TO LUMBERERS.—The subscriber is authorized to receive proposals for lease of the best STEAM MILL SITE on the River Ottawa, below the Chaudiere Falls. Very extensive storage for logs and piling ground. Lumber may be shipped direct from the mill.

R. H. HAYCOCK, Solicitor,
Ottawa.
Dec. 19, 1868. 918d

FOR SALE, OR TO LET for a term of years, BELLEGREEN COTTAGE and GROUNDS, say two and a half acres, situate on the Bank of the Rideau River, (Ottawa-st.) The Cottage is built of brick and tin roofed, with a gallery all round. The gardens and grounds are in a high state of cultivation. Large storeroom, stables, granary, coach and ice-house, woodsheds, &c., all in the best of order. It is one of the most healthy and comfortable residences for a private family in or about the city of Ottawa. For particulars apply to FRANCIS CLEMOW, Esq.—Office, Sparks-st., near the Russell House—or to the proprietor J. WADSWORTH.

Terms moderate. Possession given at any time to suit parties. 927tf

VALUABLE FARMS FOR SALE.—Lot 21 in the 3rd Concession, Gloucester, Ottawa Front, 200 acres, about 80 cleared and under cultivation, with comfortable Dwelling and good Barn. The bush land is principally hardwood, and very valuable from its proximity to Ottawa. Also, lot 20, in 3rd Concession, Gloucester, Ottawa Front, containing 200 acres, 20 acres cleared. The remainder of this lot is heavily wooded with hard and soft wood. These farms will be sold separately or together as may be desired. The short distance of only 3 miles from Ottawa makes the wood of greater value. These lands are well watered, of excellent soil, and would make a fine dairy farm. Apply to the Proprietor, C. SPARROW, or to D. O'CONNOR, Solicitor, Ottawa.

Ottawa, Nov. 25, 1868. 908tf

MEMBERS OF PARLIAMENT and others visiting the Capital can be accommodated with board and apartments, single or double, at a first-class Boarding House, within five minutes' walk of the Parliament Buildings. References given if required. Apply to MRS. W. PARDY, Wellington-st., Ottawa. 905-2m

ROOMS TO LET.

MRS. SMITH, Corner of Bank and Albert-sts., can rent TWO FURNISHED BEDROOMS and a SITTING ROOM. 868tf

FOR SALE.—The Westerly one-third of Lot No. 27, in First Concession, Ottawa Front, Nepean, and Lots Nos. 26 and 28, in the same concession, at present in the occupation of Wm. T. Aylen, Esq. For further particulars apply to JOHN and WM. THOMSON, Nepean, and LEWIS & PINNEY, Barristers, Ottawa. Jo2-141-tf

OTTAWA AND GLOUCESTER ROAD COMPANY.

Notice is hereby given that

THE DIRECTORS

Of the Ottawa and Gloucester Road Company

have this day made a further

CALL OF TEN PER CENT.

on the additional capital stock of the said company, which call they require the holders of such stock to pay to the undersigned at the OFFICE of W. M. MATHESON, Esq., in this city, on

Saturday, the Twentieth day of February Next.

By order,
W. H. FALLS,
Sec.-Treas.

Dated this 19th January, 1869. 952td

FLOWER BULBS.

Shipped per *Hibernian*, and to arrive in a few days, a very superior assortment of

HYACINTH, TULIP AND OTHER FALL

BULBS.

These Bulbs will be found superior to anything yet imported.

WILLIAM HEARN,
Market Drug Store,
York-st.

Ottawa, October 17, 1868. 874tf

BOARD AND LODGING.—Comfortable Rooms, with Board and Lodging, can be obtained on Maria-st. Apply at the TIMES Office. Ottawa, January 14, 1869. 947d

A FEW GENTLEMEN can be accommodated with BOARD by applying at MRS. DUIGNAN'S, 948e Sparks-st.

Medical Cards.

DR. J. A. BECKETT, Surgeon Dentist Dental Rooms—Over Messrs. Durie & Son's Bookstore, directly opposite the Russell House No. 10, Sparks-street, Ottawa. 836 .3m28y

EDWARD C. MALLOCH, M.D., M.R.C.S. Duke-st., LeBreton's Flats, "opposite the well." Office hours from 8:30 to 10:30 a.m., and 3 to 5 p.m. dw

DR. O. C. WOOD, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Ottawa. Day office opposite Magee & Russell's, Sparks-street, Centre Town. Night office at his residence, Maria-street, Centre Town. CANCERS CURED, without the use of the knife, by a new, but certain, speedy, and almost painless process. References given to parties successfully treated, if required. 17w160y

DR. C. LEGGO, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Office—Hunton's Block, Sparks-street.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street, Central Ottawa. 34utf

DR. C. A. MARTIN, Dentist. Office—Sussex-street, over Messrs. Campbell & Co.'s, Grocers. 34utf

DR. GEORGE HUTCHISON, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street, opposite Magee & Russell's. 576y

DR. W. J. HENRY, Corner of Kent and Wellington-streets, Ottawa. 43utf

Hotels and Saloons.

PICKWICK HOUSE,
Corner James and King-sts.,
Opposite the Court House and Public Offices, ST. CATHARINES, Ont.
E. HOUGHTON, Proprietor,
(Late of Houghton's Dining Saloon.)
A spacious sample-room for commercial travellers. 859y

OTTAWA HOUSE.

Corner of Main and Prince of Wales-streets Pembroke, Ontario.

Stages in connection with the steamers *Jason Gould, Pembroke* and *Pontiac*.

Particular attention paid to the comfort of guests. Good rooms for commercial travellers. Horses and vehicles always on hand.

J. COPELAND,
Proprietor.
Pembroke, Aug. 1, 1868. 869y

TORONTO HOUSE, Sparks-st.

MRS. TROTTER begs to announce that she has at present several commodious and handsomely furnished suites of apartments, in every respect eligible for civil or military officers, or private gentlemen remaining in the city. 773tf

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,
M. KAVANAGH, *Proprietor,*
Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings.

The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brandies Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season. A well be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.

Oysters, Game etc., daily.

THE METROPOLITAN,
AUMOND'S BLOCK,
Rideau Street Ottawa.
222tf P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.

DOMINION HOUSE,
WELLINGTON-STREET.

The undersigned, formerly head waiter at the Russell House, begs to notify his friends and the public generally that he has leased the above hotel, which is now well furnished, and will be kept as a first class house. The bar is well stocked with the choicest brands of liquors. The table will be furnished with the best the market affords. Good yard and stabling attached to the premises. 658y GEORGE IRVINE.

Miscellaneous.

I. B. TACKABERRY, Auction Rooms No. 36, Rideau-street, below Whyte's Stationery Store. The sale of Real Estate at Auction or private sale promptly attended to. Consignments received and immediate attention will be paid. Sales attended in any of the city or country. 699y

R. SPARKS, Provincial Land Surveyor, Draughtsman, &c., (commissioned for Upper and Lower Canada.) Office and residence, Gloucester, near Ottawa. Surveys of every description executed with accuracy. Communications addressed Ottawa City, (post-paid), or left at the office of N. Sparks, Solicitor, &c., Ottawa, will receive prompt attention. 55 y

B. BILLINGS, Jr., Architect, Elgin street opposite the Post Office.

REFERENCES.—H Aylmer, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany; Dr J A Grant, M P, Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq Managing Director O. & St. L. R. R. 740t

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale.

OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

O'CONNOR & WALLER, Exchange Brokers, Fire, Life and Accidental Insurance, Commission and Collecting Agents.
Office, No. 27, Sussex-street, Ottawa.
E. R. O'CONNOR. 378y W. N. WALLER.

OLIVER & ANNABLE, Wholesale Manufacturers of Bedsteads, Chairs, &c., Chaudiere Island, Ottawa, C. W.
JOHN OLIVER,
506y WILLIAM ANNABLE.

R. H. McGREEVY, Contractor and Builder. Office: North side York Street, second door from Sussex Street. 78y

PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS, &c.,
Prepared for buildings of every description, by SIDNEY B. FELPS, Architect,
711tf Wellington-st.

COAL! COAL!

NEWCASTLE GRATE,
(Screened.)
LACKAWANNA,
(Egg and Stove Sizes.)
LEHIGH,
(Lump and Egg Sizes.)
BLACKSMITH'S,
$6 per Chaldron.

For Sale by
D. W. COWARD & CO.,
Commission Merchants,
912-3m Office—17 Sparks-st.

Everybody is getting them.

A NOVELTY,
THE MAGIC WINDOW CURTAIN ROLLER,

The best ever invented, 1 Roller and Bottom Slat, and 5 pieces of easting, all for 25 cents, to fit every window,

AT THE VARIETY HALL.
ALSO, A
NEW PATENT CLOTHES DRYER,
AT THE VARIETY HALL.

And what every house requires where there is a grate is the

BLOWER STAND,
to be had only
AT THE VARIETY HALL.

HOTEL & SALOON KEEPERS

Remember the best assortment of Tumblers, Decanters and Labeled Bottles in the Dominion is at the Variety Hall.

JOSEPH BOYDEN.

THE CORPORATION OF THE COUNTY OF CARLETON.

THE FIRST MEETING
OF THE
NEW COUNCIL
OF THE
CORPORATION OF THE COUNTY OF CARLETON,
will take place
ON TUESDAY, 26TH INSTANT.

Parties having accounts against the Corporation will please hand them to the undersigned before the meeting of the Council.

EDW. BEARMAN,
C.C.C.

County Council Office,
Ottawa, 20th January, 1869. 952-3

Legal Cards.

MACPHERSON, KENNEDY & CHRISTIE, Barristers, &c., Lang's Block, Elgin-st., Ottawa.
J. P. MACPHERSON, G. KENNEDY, A. J. CHRISTIE.

J. W. W. WARD, of the late firm of Lewis & Pinhey & Ward, has removed his Chancery Office to Bell's Law Chambers, opposite Russell House, Elgin-st. dw

NICHOLAS SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

E. A. MARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 902y

MOSGROVE & TAILLON, Barristers, Solicitors, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.
WILLIAM MOSGROVE. 356tf GEORGE TAILLON.

N. TETREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post Office. 390tf

LAPIERRE & HAYCOCK, Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers and Notaries Public, Corner of Sussex and York-streets, Ottawa. 368y

D. O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c, Sussex-street. Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 55y

R. H. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Post Office Building, Elgin-street, Ottawa. 43utf

P. J. BUCKLEY, LL.B., Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, and Notary Public. Office—over Mr. Lake Currier's Boot and Shoe Store, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 334y

LEES & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. Office—In the Court House, Ottawa.
ROBERT LEES. 43utf JOHN J. GEMMILL.

EDWARD T. DARTNELL, Barrister, Solicitor, Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the Court House, L'Orignal. 34.6m

Educational.

EDUCATION—CLASSICAL AND GENERAL.

THE REV. GEO. NOEL HIGGINSON, M. A., Incumbent of New Edinburgh, the with especial sanction of the Bishop of the Diocese, receives a limited number of the sons of gentlemen as morning pupils.

Residence—Dalhousie-st., Ottawa.
Terms made known on application. 940tf

ST. ALBAN'S SCHOOL,
DALY-ST.

PRINCIPAL:
REV. BICKERTON A. EDWARDS, B. A., (ex-scholar Jesus Coll., Oxford.)

Business will be resumed on MONDAY, JAN. 4th. Hours of Study—9:30 a.m. to 12:30, and 2 to 4 p.m.

SCHOOL FEES.—For Sound Commercial and English Education, $5 per term. Higher Mathematics, Latin, Greek, French and Music, (each) $2 per term EXTRA.

The school year will, as hitherto, be divided into three terms.

A reduction made for brothers, and for payments made in the first week of term. 938tf

MUSICAL ACADEMY.

Mr. GUSTAVE SMITH, (Organist of the Cathedral) a Graduate of the Imperial Conservatory of Paris. Lessons on Piano and Singing. Rideau-street, corner of King-street.
Ottawa, June 23, 1868. 775y

PIANO-FORTE TUITION.

W. C. CLARK, Professor of Music and Teacher of Piano, Voice and Harmony. Also, Mrs. Clark, Teacher of Drawing and Painting. Music Rooms and Residence, O'Connor-street, corner of Slater-street, Centre Town.

Orders may be left at his residence or at Orme & Son's Music Store. 452

THE SISTERS
OF THE
CONGREGATION DE NOTRE DAME,
FROM MONTREAL,

respectfully inform the public that they will open a branch of their

Educational Establishment in Ottawa.

Their classes will begin on the 15th OCTOBER. For particulars and terms apply to the
LADY SUPERIORESS,
868tf Corner of O'Connor and Maria-sts.

Druggists.

HOLIDAY PRESENTS
AT
THE MEDICAL HALL,
28 Sparks-st., Ottawa

Toilet Boxes in variety,
Rimmel's New Perfumes,
Cambridge Bouquet,
Oxford Bouquet,
English Lavender Water,
Silver Top Smelling Bottles,
Scotch Plaid Smelling Bottles,
Improved Perfumed Distributors,
&c., &c., &c.

A complete stock just received of Toilet Articles, Patent Medicines,

Genuine Drugs and Chemicals,
Druggists' Sundries of all descriptions.
W. M. MASSEY,
Family and Dispensing Chemist.

Dye Works.

BRANCH OF
ST. LAWRENCE DYE WORKS,
Elgin-st., (*Opposite the Russell House,*) Ottawa, Ont.

MACDONALD & CO.,
SILK AND WOOLLEN DYERS,
Scourers, Hot Pressers, &c.

Gentlemen's Clothes cleaned and dyed. Kid Gloves cleaned. 894-3m

ENLARGED PORTRAITURE
OF
EVERY DESCRIPTION
BOTH
COLOURED AND PLAIN,
COLOURED AND PLAIN,
CO

The Ottawa Times

VOL. IV. NO. 955. OTTAWA, SATURDAY, JANUARY 23, 1869. PRICE—3 CENTS.

Groceries.

GARDENER'S

BAKING POWDER.

In 1 lb. Packets for 25 cents. | And 6 Packets for $1.25.

TEN REASONS

Why it Should be Used in Preference to all Others:

1st. Bread or Cakes made with it are more wholesome than if made with Yeast or any other process.

2nd. Its purity is such that it will stand the test of the most perfect analysis.

3rd After having been extensively used for the last 14 years in not one instance has it failed to give entire satisfaction.

4th. Families that have used it pronounce it the best, and will use no other.

5th. It contains no Saleratus, nor does it impair the digestive organs like those powders where Soda or an excess of Alkali predominates.

6th. It never gives to Bread or Cakes an unpleasant Alkaline or mawkish taste.

7th. The ingredients that form its composition are more beneficial than otherwise.

8th. Dyspeptic subjects can eat hot Bread or Rolls made with it and derive benefit by its use.

9th. Every Packet contains its full weight; one pound packets weigh 16 ounces.

10. It is all that it is represented to be, namely:

Unrivalled for Purity and Cheapness.

Sole Agents for Ottawa,

J. G. ROBINSON & Co., The Tea Pot.

The Trade supplied at the Manufacturer's prices.

Ottawa, December 10, 1868. 886-6m

Dry Goods.

HICK & CO.

Have removed to their NEW STORE, in Stewart's Block, Corner of Rideau and Sussex-sts. where they will offer, in connection with their goods,

$30,000 WORTH OF DRY GOODS

Purchased at Public Auction lately, from the immense Bankrupt Stock of the late firm of DISMARTERY, JORDAINE & Co., of Montreal, and sold on account of T. JAMES CLAXTON. The goods are all new and of very superior quality, being imported expressly for a fashionable Montreal trade; and, as they have succeeded in purchasing the goods far below the sterling cost, they are prepared to offer bargains never before offered in this city. The following are some of the lines of goods offered, viz.:

		s. d.	s. d.
100 pieces	different qualities Black Silks.....		
80 do	Single width plain Wincey	5 worth	6 6
100 do	Fancy, single width Wincey	7½ "	1 0
62 do	Double width plain Wincey	7½ "	1 0
80 do	Double Delaines.....	7½ "	1 3
70 do	do Poplin.....	7½ "	1 0
150 do	do Cobourg.....	7½ "	1 3
150 do	Assort'd Dress Goods	9 "	1 6
33 do	Empress Reps.....	1 6 "	2 0
60 do	Bl'k French Merino	1 6 "	2 0
75 do	FancyColors—your choice for.....	2	
200 do	Black Empress Rep only.....	10 "	2 0

Also, a splendid assortment of

Hannibal Cloths, Orientai Lustres, Livini Poplins, Alberteena Cloths, Princess Alexandra Embossed Poplins, Eugenia Reps, &c.

1,000 doz. FRINGED TOWELS, all Linen,.....64 each.

SHAWLS.

35 Filled Shawls.
83 Shepherd Long Shawls
101 Fancy, all wool Longs
167 Assorted Square Shawls.

COTTONS.

		s. d.	s. d.
120 pieces	Gray Cotton, 1¼ yards wide, for.....		6 d
160 do	Bleached Horrocks and Millars.....		6½d
155 do	Good Prints		4 d
303 do	Best English Prints, Hoyle's and Ashton's.....		6½d
159 do	French Calices, in choice patterns...		8 d

CLOTHS.

		s. d.	s. d.
26 pieces	Waterproof.....	3 9	
80 do	Double Width Overcoating.....	3 9	worth 5 6
35 do	Scotch Tweed.....	2 6	do 3 6
100 do	Canadian Tweed.....	1 8	do 2 6
100 do	Full Cloth, very heavy..	2 9	do 3 6

Also, a splendid lot o

BROAD CLOTHS, BEAVERS,

Witneys, Mantle Cloths,

BLACK DOES, &c., &c., &c.,

at correspondingly low prices.

85 PIECES DOMINION TWEED,

Something New—one of the heaviest cloths made—*at a great sacrifice.*

1,000 doz. TABLE NAPKINS, all Linen, only 6s 3d per dozen.

SHIRTS! SHIRTS! SHIRTS!

1,000 Flannel Shirts, only.....	3 6	
200 White Cotton Shirts, only.....	3 9	
400 Under Shirts, only.....	3 3	
300 Hespler's heaviest make, Ribbed	5 0	worth 8 9

Paper Collars—100 collars for 3s 9d.

500 pieces 2¼-yards wide Linen Sheeting.....	3 3	worth 5
5 do 2-yards wide, Union sheeting.....	1	do 2
81 do Table Damask and 300 Damask Table Cloths, at a frightful sacrifice.....		

Also, Red and White Flannels, Canadian Shirting Flannels, Hoop Skirts, Crash Towellings, Irish Linen, Clouds, Breakfast Shawls, Hemp Carpets, &c., &c.

CORSETS, 2s 6d.

Blankets—A large lot of slightly damaged Blankets for about half price.

1,000 Linen Bags, 1s, worth 1s 6d; 40 cases Men's Heavy Boots, very low; 3 cases Men's Heavy French Calf, 12s 6d. Also, a heavy stock of Gentlemen's Clothing.

$3.50..... OVERCOATS.
4.00.....heavy OVERCOATS.
90 cts. up.....PANTS.
50 cts. to $1.25..... .....VESTS.
$8.00,.....Black Broadcloth.....FALL SUITS.

A large staff of polite and attentive salesmen will be in readiness to wait on customers.

H. HICK & CO.

Customers will please report any inattention on the part of salesmen.

AT CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S

The greatest novelty of the season is the

BEAUTY, ECONOMY & DURABILITY

SOULEVARD FELT UNDERSKIRT,

Unsurpassed for

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S

No. 14, RIDEAU-ST.

REMOVAL TO NO. 34, SPARKS-ST.

T. RAJOTTE

having removed to more commodious premises, takes pleasure in announcing to his numerous customers and the public generally that he has now a large and well selected stock of

STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS,

consisting of

Flannels	Black Cloths
Wineceys	Beaver Cloths
Cottons	Meltons
Prints	Tweeds
&c.,	&c.

We have also on hand a large assortment of READY-MADE CLOTHING, which, being manufactured on the premises, we can recommend, and sell cheaper than any shop in this city.

THE TAILORING DEPARTMENT.

This department is under the superintendence of a well-known first-class cutter and workman. All orders punctually attended to.

Don't forget the place, No. 34, Sparks-st. Store lately occupied by G. Fetherston & Co., next door to Magee & Russell's old store.

88 y T. RAJOTT

LOST, on the evening of the 7th instant, at the Concert at Aylmer, from the village back to Ottawa, one parcel containing one GREEN SILK DRESS and BLACK LACE SHAWL. Whoever found the parcel will please leave it at the Convent in Aylmer, or in this city at the Convent of the Grey Nuns, where they will be suitably rewarded.

Ottawa, Janv. 18, 1869. 950ef

Groceries.

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS

—FROM—

OPORTO, SPAIN, COGNAC.

AND LONDON,

Consisting of

PORT, SHERRY, BRANDY, GIN AND SCOTCH WHISKEY, &c.

PICKLES, SAUCES, JAMS & JELLIES &c., &c., &c.,

FROM CROSSE & BLACKWELL.

—LIKEWISE,—

A FULL assortment of FRESH FRUIT, the BEST in market.

TABLE and Cooking RAISINS, CURRANTS, &c.

FLAVOURING EXTRACTS and SPICES—Genuine.

PRESERVED and CAN FRUITS, assorted to suit the holiday season.

ALMERIA GRAPES, FRESH FIGS and PORTUGUESE ONIONS.

50 TINS NEW HONEY, in 5 lb. and 8 lb. tins.

200 STILTON CHEESE, 6 lbs. to 8 lbs. size, from Rensor Brothers' celebrated factory.

SHERRY WINE—Good Table Wine—$1.25 to $2.00.

PORT WINE—Good Table Wine $1.50 to $4.50.

ALL KINDS of GENUINE LIQUORS. Price according to age and quality.

100 BOXES DIGBY HERRINGS—large boxes at 75 cts. each.

LABRADOR HERRINGS, the very best, in barrels and half barrels.

10 CASES SCOTCH LING—Good.

TEAS—Black, Green and Japans—Warranted Good, and selected for family use.

SUGARS and SYRUPS of all grades.

COFFEES—Always Fresh—Best Brands—Try them.

TOBACCOS—The Finest Qualities—Virginia make in cut, tin foil and plug.

A GENERAL assortment of the different kinds of *GROCERIES AND LIQUORS* on hand, Wholesale and Retail, at the *LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICES* for Warranted Goods. A trial of the articles will recommend them.

For sale at

THOS. PATTERSON'S,

No. 26, Rideau-street.

Ottawa, November 27, 1868. 878

JUST RECEIVED,

AT THE

INDIA WAREHOUSE,

No. 16, RIDEAU-ST.,

And for sale cheap, by

D. T. BROWNE & CO.,

Wholesale and Retail

Grocers, Wine and Spirit Merchants,

FRESH OYSTERS, in Tins,
PRESERVED OYSTERS do
FRESH HALIBUT do
FRESH SALMON do
FRESH MACKEREL do
FRESH LOBSTERS do
GREEN PEAS do
LEMON, GINGER, ORANGE,
Banana, Peach, Blackberry, Raspberry and Strawberry Syrups.
RASPBERRY VINEGAR,
FRY'S Chocolate and Cocoa,
MOTT'S Cocoa Paste,
MORTON'S Bloater Paste,
TOMATO and other Catsups.
ANCHOVY Paste,
STRASBURGH Meats,
POTTED Beef and Tongues
PRESERVES and Jellies, in great variety,
ORANGE Marmalade,
MORRISON, TAYLOR & Co.'s Celebrated Sugar Cured Hams and Breakfast Roll Bacon.
PICKLED Salmon,
PICKLED Mackerel,
PICKLED HERRINGS,
In Half Barrels, Barrels and Tierces,
DRY Codfish,
DRY Haddock,
FINNAN Haddies, &c., &c.,

And a full stock of Choice Family Groceries.

Ottawa, Nov. 3, 1868.

BOTTLED ALE,

BOTTLED ALE,

BOTTLED ALE.

The subscriber would called the attention o Families and others to his

FINE BOTTLED ALE

Which is in splendid condition. Also,

SCOTCH, IRISH, OLD RYE,

And other Malt Whiskies,

PORTS, SHERRIES, BRANDIES, GIN, &c.,

To other with a General Assortment of FIRST-CLASS GROCERICS.

A call dly solicited.

D. WHELAN,

44, Rideau-street,

Opposite Allan's Crockery Store

Ottawa, Jan. 20, 1868.

GENERAL NOTICE!

TO FARMERS & OTHERS INTERESTED.

We beg to announce that our large sale of

BANKRUPT GOODS

will close in 20 days having nearly cleared out our stock, and we take this opportunity of thanking our patrons.

Our stock consists of

Stoves of every Size, Pattern or Style,

and we guarantee to suit in price; also,

Tinware,
Lamps,
Oils,
Lamp Trimmings,
Brushes,
Wire Goods,
Japanned Ware,

and General House Furnishings.

Farmers, we have the Stoves for you at astounding prices.

ESMONDE BROS.,

Centre Town, opp. Ontario Bank.

Stoves & Hardware.

BLYTH & KERR,

No. 25 RIDEAU-ST.,

Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters, Tin and Copper Smiths, Bell Hangers, &c., &c.

A large stock of materials for the above branches of business constantly on hand.

Importers of

HOUSE FURNISHING HARDWARE.

STOVES! STOVES!

STOVES!

Hall, Fancy, Parlour and Cook Stoves, in great variety.

Agents for Eaton's Patent Automatic, Self-Ventilating, Wood and Coal stoves. Also Beecher & Co.'s celebrated

HOT AIR FURNACES.

Public and Private Buildings, Conservatories, Vineries, Manufactories, &c., warmed by Steam, Hot Water, or Warm Air, on the latest and most approved principles.

SKATES, SKATES, SKATES, AT THE

SIGN OF THE ANVIL, No. 24, RIDEAU-ST., where you can get a complete assortment of SKATES of all sizes, and at any price to suit purchasers, from 25 cents to $5.50 per pair. In the assortment will be found

The celebrated Sheffield Club,
" " Canadian Favorite,
" " Central Park do
and all other English and German Patterns.

Skate straps, oil pouches, &c., &c.

Also, a general assortment of

SHELF & HEAVY HARDWARE,

consisting in part of

GENERAL HOUSE FURNISHING,

Butcher Knives, Knives and Forks,
Pocket Knives, Table Spoons,
Tea Spoons, Tea Trays, Table Mats,
Buts, Screws, Locks,
Bolts, Catches, Latches,
Axes, saws, Planes, Squares,
Hammers, Spokeshaves, Gouges,
Chisels, Augers, Auger Bits,
Steel Bits, Bevels,
Levels, Boring Machines,
Draw Knives, &c., &c., &c.

Together with

PAINT OF ALL COLORS,

Rose Pink, Burnt Umber,
Terra de Senna, Chrome Yellow,
Yellow Ochre, Celestial Blue,
Paris Green, Brunswick Green,
Magnesia Green, Venetian Red,
Red Lead, White Lead, in oil or dry,
Drop Black, Ivory Black,
Lamp Black, Boiled Oil,
Raw Oil, Turpentine,
Benzole, Coal Oil,
Paint Brushes,
Varnishes, &c.

THOS. BIRKETT,

Sign of the Anvil,

No. 24, Rideau-st.

P. S.—All goods delivered free to any part of the city 408y

S. SAFE! S. SURE! S. SUCCESSFUL.

Such is the character given of every stove sold during the past year at the

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,

35 Sussex-street, Ottawa,

H. MEADOWS & CO.

We beg to notify the public that our stock for the season is now complete; our

STOVES

are of the latest and most improved patterns, and the most extensive assortment shown in Ottawa.

COOKING STOVES, of the good old-fashioned kind,
COOKING STOVES, of the latest and most modern designs,
PARLOR STOVES, for elegance of design cannot be surpassed,
BOX & HALL STOVES, that are unrivalled for heating purposes,
DOUBLE STOVES, the best in use,
HOTEL STOVES, large and extra strong made, expressly for Hotel and Boarding Houses, complete with large Copper Water Reservoirs and Plate Warmers. We call special attention of Hotel Keepers to these stoves, they will last as long as any six ordinary stoves. See them and judge for yourselves. Price lists sent free on application.

COOKING STOVES, DOUBLE STOVES,
BOX STOVES, HOTEL STOVES,
PARLOR STOVES, COAL STOVES,
BEDROOM STOVES, DUMB STOVES,
STOVEPIPES! ELBOWS! STOVEPIPES

Common, Bright and Russia Iron,

and everything in the Tin, Sheet Iron and Copperware Line, on hand or made to order.

Hot Air Furnaces, Eave Troughs Building Job Work and Repairs attended to punctually. We keep none but the best and most experienced mechanics.

HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS,

of every description in stock, suitable for the smallest family, or the largest hotel.

ARE YOU GOING TO BE MARRIED? If so, call and see our large assortment of necessary Housekeeping Goods, suitable for Kitchen, Dining Room, or any room in your house.

YOUNG MAN, see that your house is well furnished with useful articles before you spend your money in mere showy ornamental things.

IRON BEDSTEADS, LAMPS,

COAL OIL SAUCEPANS,

Brass and Enamelled Kettles, Tinware, Toilet Setts, Baths, Four Stoves, Brushes, Dish Covers, Table Mats, Sad Irons, Table Cutlery, Tea and Table Spoons, Preserve Jars, Mincing Knives, Wash Tubs and Boards, Refrigerators, Egg Beaters, Cruet Stands, Ash Pails, Table Bells, Tea Trays, Tea and Coffee Pots, Soup Tureens, Jelly and Pudding Moulds, &c., &c., &c., &c.

COUNTRY MERCHANTS

Supplied with

STOVEPIPES AND TINWARE,

At reduced figures,

CAMP KETTLES, SHANTY PLATES, AND BASINS,

BIRD CAGES! BIRD CAGES! BIRD CAGES

All of the above at the

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,

street, Ottawa.

62y H. MEADOWS & CO.

TO FARMERS & OTHERS.

TRADE O. A. A. MARK. & Co.

Farmers and others should buy their TEA and COFFEE from

A. O. AUDY & CO.,

who are daily receiving by direct importations Tea and Coffee of the finest quality. Their business is conducted on the English principle, and the above named articles can be procured in 5 and 10 pound cattles and upwards. The purchaser receives the benefit of a neat package, a good article, and at wholesale prices. Perfect satisfaction is ensured, and any goods not proving according to sample can be returned at our expense. We will pay the carriage on 4 five or 2 ten lb cattles to the nearest railway station. For the accommodation of farmers and others not having heard of the advantages of our teas, we have engaged trustworthy agents who will make occasional trips throughout the surrounding country and solicit their orders. Any favors submitted to them will receive prompt attention. We do not sell less than a cattle, and nothing but Tea and Coffee sold. The following is the list of prices:

BLACK TEA.

Common Congou, Strong Tea.....	$0 45 @ 50
Fine Flavoured New season do.....	0 55 @ 60
Excellent Full Flavoured do.....	0 75 @ 80
Sound Souloung.....	0 40 @ 45
Rich Flavoured, do	0 55 @ 60
Very Fine, do do.....	0 75 @ 80
Japan Good	0 50 @ 60
Very Good.....	0 65 @ 70
Finest.....	0 75 @ 80

GREEN TEA.

Twankay, Common	0 35 @ 40
Fine do	0 55 @ 60
Young Hyson.....	0 50 @ 60
Fine do	0 75 @ 85
Superfine and Very Choice.....	1 00 @ 00

COFFEE.

Mocha	$0 22, 0 27, 0 29, 0 33
Java.....	0 20, 0 25, 0 29, 0 32
Ceylon.....	0 18, 0 22, 0 26, 0 29

Remember the place,

A. O. AUDY & CO.,

Elgin-st., opposite the Russell House.

Dry Goods.

Shewing This Day.

GRANT & HENDERSON,

No. 20, Rideau-st,

Are offering an extensive Stock of

DRESS GOODS.

WINCIES,

SHAWLS and

BLANKETS,

AT THE LOWEST CASH PRICES.

N. B.—An extensive assortment of genera DRY GOODS always in stock.

LATEST STYLES AND FASHIONS.

INSPECTION INVITED.

No. 20, Rideau-st.

CLOTHING,

CHEAP AND FASHIONABLE,

READY-MADE AND TO ORDER.

O'MEARA & CO.,

ESTABLISHED IN 1844,

Offer for sale an extensive importation of FALL AND WINTER GOODS, comprising Ready-made Clothing, Canadian Tweeds, Etoffes, Satinetts; also a large stock of Blankets, Flannels, Kerseys, Gray Cottons, Prints, Winceys, Plaids, &c., &c.; Broadcloths, Beavers, Witneys, Petershams, Devons, &c.; Bedford Cords, Silk Mixtures, West of England Tweeds, Doeskins, &c., wholesale and retail, which will be made up to order on the shortest notice in the latest styles of fashion and at prices that

DEFY COMPETITION.

A general assortment of Dry Goods, the largest stock ever offered for sale in this city.

$1.25 BLANKETS $6.00.....**$3.00**

TAILORING DEPARTMENT.

Particular attention given to the Tailoring Department, which is under the supervision of a first-class cutter.

$2.....GREY ETOFFE PANTS,
$4.50.....GOOD PEA JACKETS.
$4.....OVERCOATS,
$9.....COMPLETE SUITS,
$1.....GOOD VESTS,
75 CTS., $1 and $1.25.....UNDERSHIRTS,
75 CTS., $1 and $1.25.....DRAWERS

A DUFF. O'MEARA & CO.

Ottawa, October 27 1868. 882y

FRESH ARRIVALS.

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!

THOS. & W. HUNTON

Have just opened out the contents of 42 packages of NEW GOODS, comprising

1 CASE SILKS, in plain and fancy colors, splendid value,
1 CASE VELVETEENS,
3 BALES WHITE COTTONS,
1 " WHITE COTTON SHEETING,
6 " GRAY COTTONS,
2 CASES LINENS, assorted,
1 " BLACK CLOTHS,
2 " BLACK & COLORED OVERCOATINGS,
1 BALE WHITE FLANNELS,
1 " GRAY FLANNELS,
1 " SCARLET FLANNEL
4 " BLANKETS,
2 " HEMP CARPETS
3 " WOOL CARPETS,
10 " TAPESTRY CARPETS, this season's new patterns,
3 " CANADIAN TWEEDS.

at greatly reduced prices.

All of the above goods being marked off, and ready for inspection. We would specially invite intending purchasers to call and examine them.

THOS. & W. HUNTON,

47 and 49 Sparks-st.

Fine Arts.

A COMPLETE

Assortment at the CANADA GAZETTE Office of

PRANG'S CHROMOS;

of which Frederic E. Church, the great American artist, says: "They are certainly most skilfully and artistically executed." And John G. Whittier "I had no idea they were home productions; I am glad to know that such beautiful work is done here." And Bayard Taylor: "Your illuminations of the Beatitudes are really superb." And Wendell Phillips; "I congratulate you on your success, which I consider marvellous," &c.

Among them the following are the most attractive:

Horses in a Storm. (After R. Adams.)
The two Friends. (Child and Dog, after Gerard.)
Sunset in California. (After Bierstadt.)
Sunlight in Winter. (After Morvillier.)
The Barefooted Boy. (After Whittier.)
Early Autumn on Esopus Creek, N. Y. (After A. T. Bricher.)
Late Autumn in the White Mountains. (After A. T. Bricher.)
Six American Landscapes. (After A. T. Bricher.)
Easter Morning. [After Mrs. James M. Hart.]
The Beatitudes of our Lord, most magnificently illuminated.
Illuminated School Room Cards, with mottoes taken from Scripture.
Illuminated crosses, Book Marks, Rewards of Merit.
The Language of Flowers, Wood and Sea Mosses, Ferns, Flowers, &c.
"OLD MOTHER HUBBARD." "The most elegant juvenile book of the season," superbly illustrated and illuminated.

Prang's Chromos are offered at 20 per cent. below the publisher's prices at the

CANADA GAZETTE OFFICE,

Sparks-st., Ottawa.

Stationery.

CARTER'S

COMBINED WRITING & COPYING INK.

THE ADVANTAGES OF THIS OVER OTHER INKS ARE:

First. It flows freely from the pen, and does not thicken by exposure to the air.

Second. It will give a perfect and instantaneous copy.

Third. It will not mould.

Fourth. Being equally as good for Copying as for Book-keeping, it entirely does away with the use of two kinds of Ink.

Fifth. It is more permanent than common Inks.

Sixth. The color, when first written, is a beautiful dark green, but in a remarkably short time it changes to a BRILLIANT JET BLACK—not a brownish black.

Seventh. It is admirably adapted to the most delicate writing, and ALWAYS "makes its mark."

This Ink is warranted to flow as freely as Arnold's, or any other Writing Fluid now in use; to give as perfect a copy as any Copying Ink; and not to mould.

Parties using Carter's Ink, and What They Say About it.

Post Office—"Best ink, by far; have used it for years."

Harnden Express Company—"Tried every kind, and give this the preference."

Bank of the Metropolis—"Grand, good ink; use it altogether."

Hamilton Bank—"We use Carter's Ink, and think it the best."

Gordon, Marsh & Co.—"Wouldn't take any other as a gift."

J. R. Palmer & Co.—"It writes splendidly and copies beautifully."

American Bank Note Company—"Never used any ink we liked so well."

Paymaster's Office—"Best ink ever made in this or any other country."

POST OFFICE, PHILADELPHIA—I give it a preference over any other ink I have ever used. It flows freely, and does not gum with exposure.

W. M. TARGEE, Chief Clerk.

Wholesale and Retail at the

CANADA GAZETTE OFFICE.

NEW PUBLICATION.

CHRONICLES OF CANADA.

BY

H. BEAUMONT SMALL, S.C.L.

Price, 50 cents. For sale by the publisher,

936tf GEORGE E. DESBARATS.

ANNOUNCEMENT!

W. A. LAMB,

KEEPER OF THE RED BOOT, &c., &c.

To all the loyal inhabitants of the Metropolitan and surrounding Counties, sends greeting:

And while thus publicly wishing to all

"A Merry Christmas and Happy New Year,"

takes pleasure also in announcing that he will hold

PUBLIC RECEPTIONS DAILY,

at from 7:30 a.m., until 7 p.m., when he will be pleased to meet with those who desire to call upon him.

N.B.—As all will probably wish to retain a Souvenir of their visit, it will be satisfactory to know that there is a magnificent assortment of Boots and Shoes on hand to choose from, and any of which will be GIVEN AWAY for a small consideration.

Don't forget the place, No. 28, Sussex-st., deposite the Barracks.

GENUINE CLEARING SALE

OF

BOOTS AND SHOES,

AT THE OLD

CROSBY STAND, NO. 51, SPARKS-ST.

The whole of

THE BANKRUPT STOCK,

comprising the latest styles and best qualities of

LADIES', GENT'S, MISSES' & CHILDREN'S

DRESS & WALKING BOOTS,

suitable for FALL & WINTER WEAR. Also, a large stock of Men's and Women's Coarse Boots, Moose Mocassins, Buck Moose and Sheep Mitts, Beef Mocassins, Felt Over-shoes, Rubbers, &c., all of which will be sold at great reductions from former prices. Lumber and country merchants are requested to bear in mind that there is a large stock of handmade boots to be disposed of at the aforesaid reduction in prices.

The public generally are invited to call and examine the stock and prices, which we know cannot fail to give satisfaction to all.

Remember the place, the old Crosby Stand, opposite O'Meara's, No. 51, Sparks-st.

A. J. STEPHENS & CO.

Ottawa, Oct. 20 868. 876y

CHEAP BOOTS & SHOES

AT THE

CAPITAL

BOOT & SHOE STORE,

YORK-ST.

I have now received my fall and winter stock of

BOOTS AND SHOES,

which will be found complete; being selected with care, it will not fail to give general satisfaction.

In Ladies', Misses' and Children's ware I have everything that can possibly be required for the season, and at much lower figures than ever before offered.

Men's ware in Calf, Kipp, Cowhide Boots; Men's Strong Working Boots as low as $2 per pair. Boy's and Youth's equally low.

A large supply of New English Kipp Boots, and made, the most suitable ware for Lumbermen, constantly on hand and made by the very best workmen. Orderstaken for all kinds of work.

439 GEORGE MURPHY

LOST.

On Saturday evening last, a PURPLE WOOLLEN SHAWL supposed to have been left in a sleigh on Paul-st. the finder will please return it to No. 2, Hardy's Block, where he will be liberally rewarded. 954 3

Music.

MESSRS. J. L. ORME & SON

Respectfully call the attention of the public to their magnificent stock of

PIANO-FORTES, ORGANS,

AND MELODEONS,

In their new Show Room, comprising

PIANO-FORTES, *from all the leading makers,*

WARREN'S PIPE ORGANS,

ORGANS and MELODEONS from the best factories in the United States, excelling in finish and tone anything ever brought into this country.

Now is the time for intending purchasers.

PRICES LOW & TERMS LIBERAL.

Our stock of Concertinas, Violins, Flutes, &c., &c., is, as usual, very large.

New Sheet Music and Books constantly arriving.

J. L. ORME & SON,

Sign of the Golden Lyre,

944tf No. 8 Sparks-st., next Durie & Son's

HORSE INFIRMARY,

AND

VETERINARY ESTABLISHMENT

YORK-STREET, OTTAWA,

Next to Salmon's Hotel.

A. O. F. COLEMAN, V. S

(Member of the College of Veterinary Surgeons Toronto; by appointment, V.S., to the Co. of Carleton Agricultural Society.)

Orders or communications promptly attended to and medicines sent to any part of the Dominion. Charges moderate. 812y

Millinery.

NOTICE.

MRS. SMITH having received her new styles of FALL HATS & BONNETS, will be happy to see her old friends and the public generally. Gent' Felt Hats cleaned, dyed and done over in the best style.

N.B.—The most fashionable Mantles and Coats made to order, Corner of Bank and Albert-sts.

October 10 868tf

MONTREAL WAREHOUSE,

SUSSEX-STREET.

The undersigned have now COMPLETED their

FALL IMPORTATIONS,

COMPRISING A

GENERAL AND SELECT STOCK

OF

FAMILY GROCERIES,

WINES, LIQUORS,

AND PROVISIONS, &c., &c.

JAS. MARTIN & CO.

Ottawa, November 27, 1868 877y

Agencies.

FINANCIAL INSURANCE.

MALCOLM CAMERON,

..... DESBARATS Building

Office of Queen's Printer,

Canadian institution—perfect security and immediate payment of claims.

Dec. 8, 1868. 910tf

MUTUAL

INSURANCE COMPANY OF MAINE.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT,

Ottawa, 12th October, 1868.

The Insurance Company has received authority to transact the business of Life Insurance.

THE UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, of Maine.

U. S. 6s of '81—$50,000.

J. H. GWIN, General Agent, St. John, N.B.

For the Minister of Finance,

JOHN LANGTON,

Auditor.

To-day, deposited with the Receiver General, Forty Thousand Dollars in addition to the Twenty Thousand, making Sixty Thousand Dollars ($270,000) U. S. Gold Bonds, held by the Company for the Dominion.

Counsel to the Company for the Dominion, John H. Gray, M.P., has been instructed to see to the proper disposition of the matters will be referred to him.

B. R. CORBIN,

Manager.

September 7, 1868. 894tf

WATCHES.

HILL, LIVERPOOL,

Manufacturer by special appointment to HER MAJESTY THE QUEEN, HIS ROYAL FAMILY AND THE COURT OF SPAIN, THE HONORABLE THE LORDS COMMISSIONERS OF THE ADMIRALTY, AND HER MAJESTY QUEEN VICTORIA'S ROYAL NAVY:

Prize Medal of the Great International Exhibition, London, 1862, and of the Universal Exhibition of Paris, 1867.

MR. JOHN LESLIE, Sparks-street, Agent for Ottawa and Vicinity, of these celebrated Timekeepers.

H. & A. SAUNDERS, Montreal, Wholesale Agents in the Dominion for Hill's Watches.

May 20. 708

Hardware.

HARE!

AT

ISAAC'S, CENTRE TOWN

HOES, CULTIVATORS,

IRON, COAL,

HEAVY HARDWARE,

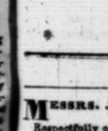
NAILS, ROPE, CHAINS,

An assortment of House-furnishing at the lowest cash prices to be found in market.

ALSO,

Patterns and sizes, for coal and wood stoves, Kingston, Toronto, Hamilton Fonderies, with drums, pipes, &c. Cheapest to be had in town.

Sewing Machines.



PRESENTS.

GROVER & WILSON'S Silent Feed Sewing Machines are perfectly noiseless. The most valuable present any Lady or Family is a WHEELER & WILSON'S SEWING MACHINE. A liberal cash on all machines for holiday presents; five per cent reduction on Machines applicable to the Improved Wheeler & Wilson Sewing Machines. Publishers, new style; Tuckers, Trimmers, &c.

NEW SEWING MACHINES

Stitching Trimmers, Shoemakers and Tailors.

Call for yourselves;—no trouble to show goods.

Ottawa, Sparks-st., Ottawa, and 18 Adelaide-st., Toronto.

A. WALTON, *Agent for Ottawa.*

W. STEPHEN,

Manager for Ottawa Office.

DR. E'S EPILEPTIC CURE,

Cure of Epilepsy, St. Vitus' Dance or Nervous Hysteria, &c., &c. This preparation is the result of a celebrated French Physician's long and the very great success which has attended its use in every case, and where the highest medical skill was of no avail, has induced the proprietor of Ready-made Coffins, of all sizes and qualities:

BLACK CLOTH, COBOURG, adjoining Mahogany, Walnut, Oak, and Cedar Coffins, may rely on getting a genuine Dr. Brown's Epileptic Cure, sold by the undersigned to the Company for the Dominion.

Counsel to the Company for the Dominion, John H. Gray, M.P., has been instructed to see to the proper disposition of the matters will be referred to him.

B. R. CORBIN,

Manager.

September 7, 1868. 894tf

Ottawa Water, equal to anything imported, 37½ cents per bottle. 783y

GEO. MAYES,

PLATE PRINTER,

Street, Centre Town,

Sparks & Queen Streets.

Exchange, Bill Heads, Visiting Cards Printed on the shortest notice.

Orders will be made at the next Session of the Parliament of Canada, for an act to incorporate the ONTARIO-PEAT MANUFACTURING COMPANY, with powers to construct a Railway from some point in the Township of Caledonia to the navigable waters of the South Nation Rivers, and to authorize the municipality of Caledonia to grant to the Company so much of the road allowances between the 4th and 5th concessions as may be required for the manufacture of Peat fuel. 863tf

This paper is printed and published by THE OTTAWA TIMES PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY, at the Office, 359 Sparks-street, Ottawa, Ontario. JAMES CORRIGAN, President of the Board of Directors. ALEX. ROBERTSON, Managing Director.

OPENING OF THE QUEBEC LEGISLATURE.

The Montreal *Gazette* says:

Considerable surprise is expressed that the Mayor of Quebec was not invited to take his seat on the floor of the Council Chamber at its opening. He has invariably been invited hitherto.

There were present, in places of honour, when the speech was delivered—Archbishop Baillargeon and Bishop Williams, Vicar-General Cazeau; the French and Spanish Consuls in full uniform; Judges Duval, Meredith and Caron; Col. Boucher, Commandant of the Garrison; Col. Sewell, Commandant of the Volunteer Force; Col. Lamontagne, Brigade Major; Deputy Adjutant-General Cassaud, Captain Turnbull, and other dignitaries, and a large number of ladies.

The galleries were crowded, and there was a large crowd in front of the Parliament building.

At three o'clock His Honour the Lieutenant-Governor proceeded in state to the Legislative Council Chamber in the Parliament building. He was escorted by the Queen's Volunteer Hussars, under command of Lieut. Macdonald.

A guard of honour was formed of the 53rd Regiment.

The members of the Legislative Council being assembled the Lieutenant Governor was pleased to command the attendance of the Legislative Assembly, and that House being present, the Lieutenant Governor at once opened the second session of the first Parliament of the Province of Quebec with the following

SPEECH FROM THE THRONE.

Hon. Gentlemen of the Legislative Council; Gentlemen of the Legislative Assembly:

I am happy to see you again assembled to consider the interests of this Province, and to render me your advice, and assist me in the conduct of its affairs. Since the first session of our Legislature the Right Hon. Sir John Young has been placed by Her Majesty at the head of the Government of Canada, in succession to the Right Hon. Viscount Monck, who, after having long presided over the Government of the late Province of Canada, had inaugurated our new constitution. Bound, as we are to the Central Government, we must earnestly pray that the work so well begun, under Lord Monck, may receive its happy development under the rule of his successor. Among the important measures which marked the last session of the Federal Parliament, you have doubtless noted with interest that providing for the construction of a railway from Halifax to Riviere du Loup, which will complete the communication, at all seasons of the year, between the great lakes and the Atlantic, across so large a portion of the Dominions of Her Majesty. You will have observed with pleasure that the line chosen for this railway will traverse a wide range of the territory of this Province. My Government, desirous to profit by this opening for the settlement of our wild lands, at once undertook vigorously the works of survey requisite to that end. Explorations thus far, made with that view, indicate that a large area of cultivable land in this direction will soon be brought into value to the material increase of our population and resources. The outlay authorized last session for colonization roads has been promptly effected, and, as I trust, with commensurate advantage to the country. Regulations as to the cutting of timber on lands of the Crown have received the earnest attention of my Government, and I have deemed it my duty to sanction more prudent management of our forest resources and an increase of revenue, without injury to the real interests of this important branch of trade. I am happy to see the great progress made by the agricultural and manufacturing industries of the Province, and when I visited the Provincial Exhibition at Montreal, I could not fail to observe the lively interest taken by all classes of society in the development of these two great sources of our prosperity. The Constitution having assigned matters of immigration to the concurrent action of the Federal and Local Governments, my Government, in concert with those of Ontario and New Brunswick, has conferred, concerning it, with the Federal Government. I have reason to hope that the result of our joint efforts will tend to increase the prosperity of all the Provinces.

Gentlemen of the Legislative Assembly:

The public accounts for 18 months, covered by your votes of last session, will be promptly laid before you. You will find that the expenditure has been kept considerably within the limits so set, and I trust that it has been regulated with due regard as well to economy as to efficiency of the public service. I regret that, from circumstances beyond our control, the arbitration required under the constitutional act for the division and adjustment of the debt and assets between this Province and that of Ontario has not yet taken place. The uncertainty hence resulting as to our permanent resources unhappily involves delay in the definite settlement of some important matters dependent necessarily on the ascertained state of our finances. The position in which the Province thus finds itself requires at our hands the utmost prudence and wise economy, but you will not hesitate, I trust, while providing for the

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Notice—Thomas H. Hodgins.
Card of Thanks—Mrs. M. A. Trotter.
Removal of Millinery Establishment—Miss Maguire.
St. Patrick's Literary Association—John Kelly.
Royal Canadian Bank—C. B. Grassett.
Stoves, Lamps, &c.—Esmonde Bros.
Church Service at St. Alban's.
Halo Lamp Shade—D. Leavens.
Royal Insurance Company—H. L. Routh.
Important Auction Sale—J. Bermingham.

The Ottawa Times

Office: 38, Sparks Street.

SATURDAY, JANUARY 23, 1869.

☞ *For Ottawa Markets and interesting reading see Fourth Page.*

THE *Leader* effectually disposes of the *Globe's* charges against the nine Reformers. It was the old staple which the *Globe* brought into requisition—where it hadn't facts it invented them, and so made up its case. We fancy from this that the Hon. GEORGE BROWN must still have some influence over the "pen" which he formerly withheld from exposing iniquity, notwithstanding the loss of his "political position."

THE Assessment Law, before its adoption by the Legislature, was amended in several particulars. Among others, the salaries of the employees of the Government and Legislature, residing at the Capital, were exempted from taxation, as were also those of the same classes in the employment of the Local Government at Toronto. The exemption in favour of the latter was made at the request of Messrs. CAMERON and WALLIS, the city members; and it was stated in debate that last year the Corporation of Toronto had not taxed these incomes.

WE hope the members of the City Council will not fail to read the advertisement of the Royal Insurance Company, inserted elsewhere. That Company declines taking any new risks in this city, in consequence of the absence of adequate means for extinguishing fires. It is to be hoped that the alarm among the Insurance Companies will not become general. There is a widespread feeling among all the intelligent ratepayers of the city, that water works are an urgent necessity, and we hope that active steps will soon be taken to bring about their construction. The matter is receiving the serious consideration of the Corporation, and we expect before many months are over to have the pleasure of recording the adoption of some plan whereby the city will be well supplied.

IT is pleasing to notice that the Quebec Government is fully alive to the importance of promoting settlement on the wild lands of the Province. Governor BELLEAU's Speech is strongly in favour of an enlightened policy which will open up the country, and give employment to the young men at home who are now attracted elsewhere in search of labour. If the promises in the Speech are fulfilled, as no doubt they will be, the Province of Quebec will make rapid strides in the march of improvement. Their wooden railway schemes are also promised encouragement, and we trust it will be liberal. Let them build their railways through their wild lands, and they will be "wild" no longer. Mr. Treasurer DUNKIN boasts a large surplus, so that the CHAUVEAU Cabinet will be enabled to give effect to its programme of promoting the material advancement of the Province.

WE are very glad to learn that the policy-holders in the Ætna Insurance Company, of Dublin, are not by any means so badly off as we had been led to believe they were. The Company has transferred its business to the "United Ports and General Insurance Company," of London; and gone into voluntary liquidation for the winding up of its affairs. The Manager of the Company in Canada called on us yesterday and shewed a Power of Attorney, duly executed, appointing him the Manager in Canada of the "United Ports" Company, and authorising him on behalf of that Company to pay all claims against the Ætna which have matured since the 30th October last, or which may hereafter mature. Policy-holders in the Ætna have, therefore, the United Ports Company's endorsement of their risks. The claims which accrued against the Company previous to that date are in a different position, the United Ports not being responsible for them, but we have been assured that they will be settled as soon as possible. The case of Mrs. TROTTER, to which we alluded yesterday, is not, for these reasons, so deplorable as we were led to suppose; her policy of $3,000 in the Ætna will be duly met by the United Ports Company, and other holders of policies in the Company have the same security.

YESTERDAY the Court of Error and Appeal delivered judgment in the case of the prisoner PATRICK JAMES WHELAN. President DRAPER, Chief-Justice RICHARDS, Vice-Chancellor MOWAT and Judges ADAM and JOHN WILSON and GWYNNE confirmed the judgment of the Court of Assize; while Chief-Justice HAGARTY, Chancellor VANKOUGHNET, Vice-Chancellor SPRAGGE, and Judge MORRISON gave judgment in favour of a new trial. The Court, therefore, stood six to four against the prisoner. The Hon. Mr. CAMERON moved for leave to carry his appeal before the Judicial Committee of the QUEEN's Privy Council, in England. The President ruled that the grounds urged were insufficient, and refused the appeal. And so we suppose the Courts are at length done with this *cause celebre*. Mr. CAMERON has certainly pushed the case of his client to the utmost limits, and if he has not succeeded in upsetting a judgment which both he and the prisoner admitted was arrived at after a fair and impartial trial, nobody can say that the fault is his. The news, we need hardly remark, excited very general interest in the city yesterday afternoon. It was, in fact, the common topic of conversation, and many anxious enquiries were made at the newspaper offices before the despatch had reached the city.

The prisoner, it may be remembered, was respited until Thursday, the eleventh of next month, in order to give the Courts ample time to dispose of the appeal on his behalf. He will, before that date, be recommitted to the custody of the SHERIFF of the County of Carleton, and removed to this city, where, on the day named, the dread sentence of the law will, no doubt, be fulfilled.

TO-DAY we surrender a large portion of our space to an account of the dinner given on Monday night last at the Town of Simcoe, in honour of A. WALSH, Esq., M. P., Chairman of the Railway Commission. The affair was one of which Mr. WALSH has much reason to be proud. Not only those of his own party, but many prominent Reformers, united to do him honour, and mark their disapproval of the aspersions which have been cast upon him since his appointment as Railway Commissioner. Mr. WALSH's speech is well worthy perusal. The explanations he made concerning the Intercolonial will doubtless do much good in the western part of the Province, where a deep haze of prejudice has been created, around the undertaking by the perversity of some of our contemporaries, who have written against the course of the Government in relation to it, without any correct appreciation of the facts by which that policy was determined. In the course of time this prejudice will no doubt be cleared away; but it is evident that there is a party in Ontario having a large political interest in keeping it afloat, for use in the constituencies when opportunity offers.

Mr. WALSH also, in reply to some remarks from one of the gentlemen present, stated that the Commissioners intended to recommend to the several Provinces the giving of free grants of land to the men employed on the road who can produce a certificate of good character for a reasonable period. This is an admirable suggestion, and we hope will be adopted by all the Provinces. It would not only promote the work by holding out an inducement to the men to conduct themselves with propriety, but be of great service to the men themselves, and redound ultimately to the advantage of the Provinces by giving them good settlers. As we have said before, we firmly believe the Intercolonial Railway will be our best emigration agent. It was so with the Great Western, so with the Grand Trunk, so with the canals; so it has been, and so it ever will be, with all our great public works.

PUBLIC MEETING.

EXPRESSION OF SYMPATHY FOR THE SUFFERERS BY THE LATE FIRE.

Below we give a requisition to His Worship the Mayor, numerously and respectably signed, with His Worship's reply thereto. We have only space to commend the contemplated object as one in every way worthy the earnest support of the citizens. The meeting called by His Worship will be a fitting occasion for publicly expressing the sentiments which all feel because of the calamity.

To His Worship the Mayor, H. J. Friel, Esq.

SIR,—The calamitous fire of last night, resulting in the destruction of the Queen's Printer's establishment—through which a worthy citizen, G. E. Desbarats, Esq., has been a sufferer to a serious extent—has inflicted a loss on this city which cannot help being greatly felt.

But in addition to the individual loss of the proprietor of the magnificent pile of buildings destroyed, and the cause of public regret, there will be that of the many persons of both sexes to whom Mr. Desbarats afforded a means of support for themselves and families. Thrown suddenly out of employment in this inclement season of the year, they must be reduced to extremities, if not to absolute want, if some timely movement in their favour be not entered upon.

In consideration of these facts, we would respectfully request your Worship to call a public meeting of our citizens as early as convenient, for the double purpose of expressing sympathy with Mr. Desbarats in his great loss and affliction, and to consider the best means to be adopted towards the relief of the parties suddenly deprived by the unfortunate fire in question, of the means of earning a subsistence.

J M Currier,	John A Macdonald,
† Jos Eugene, Bishop of Ottawa,	James A Grant,
Joseph Aumond,	S L Tilley,
Dr C Beaubien,	T D Harington,
P Mitchell,	Allan Gilmour,
Horace Merrill,	J E C Tache,
Wm Smith,	Perley & Pattee,
A H Baldwin,	P LeSueur,
W H Griffin,	R E O'Connor,
Mat Stoverson,	John Langton,
W A MacAgy,	Ch Armstrong,
Wm H Lee,	W A Himsworth,
Robert Berry,	George Futvoye,
Herbert O'Meara,	E Gelinas,
J E Irvine, D A D C,	H Bernard,
E A Meredith,	H E Steele,
John Page,	T Trudeau,
R S M Bouchette,	H F Bronson,
Fingland & Draper,	T W Bangs,
E T Parent,	J H Kirby,
Joseph Sleeman,	A Campbell,
A Baker,	W McKay Wright,
I B Taylor,	James Thompson,
Wm B Lindsay,	J LeB Ross,
James Goodwin,	J R Audy,
W F Powell,	J A Gouin,
H O Burritt,	Thomas Hunton,
J T McCually,	J Fraser,
E M Bronson,	Thomas Wily,
R W Cruice,	H Cotton,
C E Brush,	G Powell,
P A Eagleson & Son,	F Braun,
	Isidore Traversy,

And many others.

REPLY.

In accordance with the request contained in the above, I hereby call a meeting for the purpose stated in the requisition, to take place at the City Hall, at the hour of three o'clock in the afternoon on Monday next, the 25th inst.

HENRY J. FRIEL,
Mayor.

January 22, 1869.

FURTHER PARTICULARS OF THE LATE FIRE.

We understand that at the time of the fire Miss Maguire's millinery stock amounted in value to about $2,000, and that one-half was destroyed. No insurance.

Mr. Thomas Guerin lost furniture, clothing and effects, including a pianoforte rendered useless, amounting in value to $1,300, on which there was no insurance.

We further learn that 1,000 copies of Small's "Chronicles of Canada," in the Queen's printing office, were destroyed. Mr. Small also informs us that the manuscript of his new work, "The Birds of Canada, their habits and their nest eggs," on which the author had spent three years, was destroyed. This reminds us of the loss sustained by the celebrated naturalist Audubon, the author of "The Birds of America," whose first manuscript, left in the care of a friend, was destroyed by Norway rats to make nests of. This was the labour of seven years; but nothing daunted, he shouldered his gun, took his port-folio and note-book, went into the forests and reproduced his work in three years. What will Mr. Small do?

To the Editor of THE TIMES.

DEAR SIR,—In reply to the communication in your issue of to-day signed "Visitor," I beg to say that the Bishop of Ontario had promised to give the whole of next Sunday to St. Alban's Church, at the same time that he promised to give Sunday last to Christ Church. But His Lordship having been prevented by indisposition from fulfilling his engagement to Christ Church, has desired me to say that he intends to spend a Sunday in Ottawa very soon again, when he will make good his promise to Christ Church.

I am, your obdt. servt.,
J. S. LAUDER,
Rector.

OTTAWA, January 22, 1869.

LOCAL NEWS

AUCTION SALE TO-DAY.—Read the advertisement in another column of auction sale of dry goods.

AS IT SHOULD BE.—We have much pleasure in recording the fact that a number of printing establishments in this city and elsewhere have been placed by the proprietors at the service of Mr. Desbarats, in order that the least possible hindrance to his extensive business may result from the late disastrous fire.

LECTURE LAST NIGHT.—E. P. Dorion, Esq., delivered a highly interesting lecture in French last night, at the Canadian Institute, before an intelligent audience. The subject was Canadian History, which the lecturer rendered very attractive, and presented in a light which can scarcely fail to be productive of good.

I.P.B.S.—We understand that Gowan's new concert hall will be opened as a concert-room by the Irish Protestant Benevolent Society, in a grand promenade concert, to be given some time next week. The concerts of this society have always been marked by success, and we hope that the coming one, in the interests of charity, will commend the encouragement of our citizens.

THE RIOPELLE MARE NOT GONE.—The conditions of the match for two hundred miles having left it optional with the new owner of the mare, whether he would start on Friday or Saturday night, he preferred not to leave last night, possibly on account of the cold weather, but will leave this evening at six o'clock. Meanwhile the mare has been carefully shod and tended, and the rig for travelling made as perfect and comfortable as possible, and those who have bet in favour of the mare are quite sanguine as to the results. Mr. Josh. Smith has gone on ahead, and will telegraph the time of her arrival at the winning place.

AN EXEMPLARY GRAND JUROR.—Yesterday there appeared at the Police Court a man named Cosgrove, from the county of Ottawa, charged with petty larceny at the late fire. There being no person able to prove property he was discharged with a reprimand. After the Police Court Cosgrove requested the Police Magistrate to give him a certificate to Judge Lafontaine, explaining the cause of his detention in Ottawa, and his consequent inability to attend on the Grand Jury of the Court now being held by Judge Lafontaine in Aylmer. The Police Magistrate said he was not in the habit of giving certificates of bad character, and stated that since he was not able, from want of evidence, to punish him for appropriating the goods of others, it would afford him great pleasure to hear that he was fined for an absence caused, to speak mildly, by his own *folly*. So much for the character of a Grand Juror.

POLICE COURT.—John Pretty was charged with the larceny of a crust stand, the property of Mrs. Trotter. It was found in his possession at the time of the fire, where he took it. The case having been proven, His Worship said he was restrained from punishing him as severely as he deserved, as by doing so, he should inflict punishment on his innocent family, by withdrawing from them the support derived from his daily labour. His Worship spoke in strong terms, condemning the practice of pilfering at fires, when the owners of goods were unable to protect them. Under the circumstances, he would send the prisoner to jail for two days at hard labour.

Robt. Cosgrove was brought up on a charge of having in his possession several articles of small value at the late fire, under suspicious circumstances. There was not sufficient evidence to convict him of larceny, and he was dismissed.

DEPUTATION OF INDIANS TO THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL.—A deputation of Indians from the Seiguiory of the Lake of Two Mountains, consisting of three Iroquois and two Algonquins, chiefs and headmen, arrived in the city from their settlement yesterday morning, and in the afternoon waited on the Governor-General at his office to congratulate him on his assuming the Government of the Dominion. They were received with great courtesy, and placed in His Excellency's hands an ancient wampum belt, which conveys the history of the treaty made by the Iroquois with the British Government, when their nation passed into Canada from the territory which now forms the United States. Decked out in the most approved Indian costumes of painted feather head gear, and various coloured garbs, all donned in compliment to the representative of royalty, these people presented a very picturesque appearance. Each one wore on his breast a large medallion, presented after the war of 1812 to the male relatives of the present wearers. His Excellency conversed with them in a friendly way, and they departed highly gratified at their reception.

ST. ALBAN'S CHURCH.—The Lord Bishop of the Diocese, desiring to aid the congregation of this *only free church of our city* in their efforts to lighten the very heavy burden that rests on their Clergyman and Building Committee, has kindly consented to preach at both the morning and evening services to-morrow. When it is remembered that the site alone of this church cost $2,200, the building, with school-rooms and furniture, over $8,000, and that the wealthy churchmen of Ottawa have given little or no help as yet to encourage this true church extension, we think that the comparatively small and poor congregation deserve some credit for having reduced their debt to its present figure, viz., $6,000. Still, as we have said, this is a very heavy burden, continually exercising a depressing effect on the zeal and efforts of both the congregation and their pastor. To meet the claims of interest and deduction of the principal, the latter has pledged to the Building Committee the weekly offertory (and the other sources of revenue are but trifling) to the amount of $80 per month. As there are neither pew rents nor endowment, and it being a city church, the Mission Board can give no grant, it is virtually the stipend of the clergyman that now meets this charge. We think when these facts are understood, that on such an occasion as is presented to-morrow, many wealthy church members will come forward and contribute liberally to the offertory collections. These, we are informed, (see advertisement) are to be altogether given to the funds of the Building Committee, to aid the reduction of the debt. We hope, therefore, that not only will the eloquence of the Bishop fill the church, but that the excellent cause for which his lordship is to plead will be materially benefitted.

A PUPIL OF PERFANGUISHING.—There is a young gentleman in this city known as Jack Waller, his right name, of course, is John, and he has served out a term in the Reformatory, bearing the above name, without, so the police believe, making such progress in learning to be good as he might have done. He was up not long since, and will be up again this morning at the police court. His present offence is assault and battery, at least that is the charge against him, and these are the circumstances: There was a young lady between whom and John there seemed to be a warm attachment, and it is to be hoped there is still—Kitty, Kate, or Catherine, was her name. This damsel was admired, all the country round, for her dancing talents; but there were some things for which she was not admired, and for one, or some of these, she has before now fallen into the hands of the hard-hearted policemen, who have taken her to the lock-up, whence she has been taken the following morning and placed in the dock to hear from the Police Magistrate how much she had to pay to keep out of jail. A short time ago she had the misfortune to be treated in this way, and went up to Mr. Powell's establishment. There she remained until within a few days of her term, when John became so impatient to enjoy her society or her dancing, that he absolutely went and sold his coat to pay her fine, and soon after led her to the altar, where she became Mrs. Kitty Waller. But long before the expiration of the honeymoon John cooled in his ardour so much as to require his coat, and he went to the man who had lawfully bought it, and without offering the money back fell upon the purchaser and beat him. For this he was arrested yesterday, and by the bride's father bailed out to answer a question or two from the Police Magistrate this morning.

—Sixty-seven female teachers in Cincinnati have petitioned for the same salaries as males, on the ground that they find no reduction in board bills on account of sex.

Try Gardner's Baking Powder. See advertisement. 887.6m

DINNER TO A. WALSH, ESQ., M. P.

SPLENDID DEMONSTRATION.

Marked Tribute of Respect by Men of all Parties.

Mr. Walsh's Appointment to the Intercolonial Railway Board Endorsed.

Condensed from the Spectator.

The people from the county of Norfolk, feeling proud of the honour conferred upon their representative, A. Walsh, Esq., in his appointment to the chairmanship of the Intercolonial Railway Board, resolved to testify their continued confidence in him by a public dinner, which took place in the Music Hall, Simcoe, on Monday last. Early in the day the farmers began to flock in from the surrounding townships, and when the hour arrived for the dinner, upwards of three hundred of the most influential residents of the county had assembled. There were, in addition to the cross table, at the head of the room, which was elevated on the platform of the hall; six tables running down the room, besides one in the side gallery; and a few minutes after the doors were opened all the tables were comfortably filled. The chair was occupied by David Tisdale, Esq., the Warden of the county, Daniel Mathews, Esq., and Messrs. Roger Cryslet, George Snyder and George Jackson, filling the vice-chairs. To the right of the chairman sat the guest of the evening, Mr. A. Walsh; and on the platform were the following reverend gentlemen, who had attended to testify their personal respect for Mr. Walsh, and their sense of his honesty and integrity of purpose, viz.: Rev's Messrs. Grassett and Harris of the Church of England; Rev. Mr. Scott, of the Baptist Church; Rev. Mr. Craigie, of the Presbyterian Church of Canada; Reverend Mr. Livingstone, of the Church of Scotland, and the Rev. Mr. Wilkinson, of the New Connexion Methodist Church. In addition to those gentlemen there were on the platform, Messrs. J. Y. Bown, M. P.; John O'Connor, M. P.; James Cotton, of Ottawa, James G. Moylan, of Toronto; Thomas White, jr., of Hamilton, John Elliott, of Brantford, Peter E. Young, Major Maybee, Captain McLaren, Captain David Walker, Dr. Covernton, and Dr. Pine. In the body of the hall we noticed Messrs. Thomas Waters, Robert Riddel, James Riddel, Oliver Maybee, Adam L. Potts, E. P. Martin, Charles Robinson, deputy reeve of Wyndham; D. A. McCall, reeve, Charlotteville; William Cown, deputy reeve; W. H. Ball, W. Stevenson, Robert H. Clement, Absalom Bartholomew, Peter Cline, William Wilson, Dr. John Wilson, John Carter, L. D. Livingstone, Oliver Maybee, William Rolph, George Peter, Alexander McKay, William Depew, Thomas M. Walsh, James Bell, George Liddel, J. W. Squires, John Pardee, John E. Potts, William Depew, Squire L. Curtis, Major McKerly, C. S. Harris, Ephraim Tisdale, W. Homerford, Robert Davis, A. T. Polley, John Jackson, T. P. Ronson, R. W. Mackay, Richard Stevens, Dr. Hagarman, David Irwin, Alexander McCall, David Parney, O. M. Smith, Dr. Hays, Joseph Stitt, D. Campbell, J. Cowan, &c., &c., &c.

After dinner, and the usual loyal and patriotic toasts had been disposed of, the chairman gave "The Health of Sir John A. Macdonald and of his colleagues," reading the following letter of apology from the Premier:

"OTTAWA, January 11, 1869.

"MY DEAR SIR,—I am much obliged for the kind invitation forwarded through you to me, from the Committee of Management, to a public dinner to be given to Mr. Walsh on the 18th inst.

"I am afraid that my duties here will prevent my having the great pleasure of joining in this fitting compliment to my old and valued friend. It is just possible, however, that about that time, I may be obliged to go to Toronto, and if so, I shall probably be able to extend my journey to Simcoe, and be present on the occasion.

"Believe me, my dear sir,
"Yours faithfully,
"JOHN A. MACDONALD."

"D. Tisdale, Esq., Simcoe."

It had been hinted that Sir John's name had been mentioned merely to attract visitors, but they knew sufficiently that no such attraction was necessary, for that everybody would be there without it (cheers.) The letter which he had just read to them explained perhaps sufficiently the causes of the statesman's absence. But, like those of other illustrious statesmen, Sir John's letters did not always convey literally their full meaning. (Laughter). There had been a certain little matter told him (the chairman) in confidence, and he hoped that if he should relate it gentlemen of the press would not only forbear from putting it in the papers, but would even deny themselves the pleasure of relating it at all. Sir John had told a friend of his confidentially, and this friend had told to him confidentially, and he told to them confidentially, and they could tell to their wives confidentially (laughter), and then everybody could not fail to know it (renewed laughter), that he was just then expecting an important event in his family (cheers and laughter), and had added that, although Premier of the Dominion, his influence or authority was powerless (roars of laughter) to accelerate or postpone the event which was absorbing his attention (prolonged cheers.)

The toast having been duly honoured,

The chairman next gave "The Army, Navy and Volunteers."

Major Maybee responded, explaining that, though politically opposed to Mr. Walsh, he had come there to show his personal regard for Mr. Walsh, and his pride at his preferment. Had it been necessary to appeal to his constituents, Mr. Walsh would have found Reformers uniting with Conservatives to return him by acclamation. (Cheers.)

Several other gentlemen also responded, speaking in very complimentary terms of Mr. Walsh.

The chairman, in proposing the toast of the evening, said that the main object of their meeting there was to contradict the assertion that Mr. Walsh could not be re-elected had he offered himself; and for that purpose there was no need of other attendance than of those whom he saw before him. After complimenting the Premier of Ontario as a moderate supporter of the coalition which had been endorsed by Norfolk, he read the following messages of apology from ministers as well as from the local representative of the North Riding, Mr. James Wilson, the gentleman for whom they had all laboured so hard last election. [Laughter.]

"18th Jan., 1869.

"By telegraph from Toronto,
"To D. Tisdale, Simcoe,

"I thank the committee for their kind invitation, and regret I cannot be with the electors of Norfolk to join in their expression of confidence in their able representative, A. Walsh, Esq.

"M. C. CAMERON."

"18th Jan., 1869.

"By telegraph from Toronto.
"To D. Tisdale, Simcoe,

"I feel highly complimented by the invitation to join in the demonstration this evening, in honour of my friend, Mr. Walsh; say this to the committee. The motive which has prompted this manifestation of the esteem in which he is regarded by his constituents in faithfully expressing their views in the Commons for successive years, is as creditable to them, as the evidence of it must be gratifying to him. The necessity which compels my remaining here to attend to public affairs alone prevents my being present with you on this occasion.

"J. S. McDONALD."

Mr. Walsh had been first brought out in their county—as a moderate man, able to reconcile parties, and as a man who was equally averse to hasty changes as to the obsolete practices of the times, for which the days had gone by. It was such moderation that had returned Mr. Walsh and re-elected him, and that had gained for him his present high honours, just as it was similar moderation that had won their stations for Sir John A. and Hon. J. S. Macdonald, and had brought Reformers there to speak as they had heard, knowing Mr. Walsh to be honest and straightforward and worthy—a consistent supporter of consistent principles which he (the chairman) urged men of all stripes to stand by as calculated best to promote the advancement of the country. Reformers and Conservatives and all would admit that in the whole country there could be found no man more capable to fill such office, and acknowledge, too, that his friends were always ready and willing to re-elect him, and, what was more to the purpose, were able also. (Cheers.) Without any further preface he would then give them the health of their representative, Mr. Aquila Walsh, the chairman of the Intercolonial Railway Commission. (Loud and prolonged cheering.)

Mr. Walsh, who rose amid tumultuous applause, said: Mr. Chairman and gentlemen, it has been my good fortune, during the past eight years, to be entertained on many similar occasions, and it has been my duty to respond to the expression of the kindly sentiments of my friends in such language as I could then find, or the occasion seemed to demand; but to-day the kind and the hearty manner in which you, sir, have been pleased to propose, and you, gentlemen, to receive, this toast of my name, has made me, standing here before so large a gathering of my constituents, quite unable to respond as I should now desire. On all such occasions I have never found anything but the utmost kindness whenever I have mingled with you. Permit me here, on the first opportunity of this nature which has occurred, since then, to return publicly to the electors of Norfolk my cordial thanks for their support through the election of 1867. (Cheers.) Mr. Walsh then went on to express his thanks to the electors of the South Riding for their invitation to him to represent them at the time of the division of their county, but having previously sat for the whole county he had then thought it proper, he might say found it necessary, to go into that portion of it where his friends were weakest. [Cheers.] He thanked them for the double compliment to his past career and to his fitness for his present office, and supposed that in anything he had to say regarding his course in the House he did not need to refer to his actions previous to the last Parliament, but could plead the statute of limitations against any claim for earlier explanation, having been since then endorsed by the approval of the county expressed in his return. The condition of affairs had been gravely altered by Confederation, and, as a public man, he was ready to take his share of the responsibility of having brought such an alteration about, when he believed, and which all who assisted in it believed, would be for the profit of the country. In the present Parliament, they had to deal with the new element introduced from the Maritime Provinces, which had perhaps been accustomed to deal with smaller matters, and it was to be regretted that Nova Scotia had sent an almost unanimous representation, pledged to hostility against the Union. Her representation was, however, it gratified him to bear witness, composed of men of the highest character, and who reflected every honour on their Province. But these new and hostile elements had made it a matter of great difficulty to get through the business of the last session. It was the first duty of Parliament to assimilate the laws of the different Provinces, and in doing this, especially in matters relating to the tariff, great difficulty had occurred arising out of the different local customs duties, and the apparently diverse interests of the various Provinces. These difficulties had, he feared, for the moment somewhat aggravated the feeling of dissatisfaction among the Repealers in the Maritime Provinces. But a better feeling he was glad to say was springing up; and he had the strongest confidence in the future of the Dominion and in the removal of all dissatisfaction in any part of it. [Cheers.] After referring at considerable length to the measures of the last session, and his own course thereon, as well as several local railway enterprises, Mr. Walsh said the next point upon which he desired to address them was with regard to the more immediate object of the gathering which had met to pay him so high a compliment. And he had pride in assuring them that this appointment of which they had been pleased to approve, had been not only unsought, but even wholly unexpected by himself, [hear, hear,] and that the first intimation he had received regarding it was in the official intimation from the head of the Government, proposing it for his acceptance. This fact made in his estimation the distinction of the office far higher than if he had obtained it by outside influence, such as might be used through his friend on the right from Brant, [Dr. Bown,] or on the left from Essex, [Mr. O'Connor.] He would refer to the statement which had been made by a section of his opponents—that it had only been after it was found that he could not be re-elected that a loop-hole had been found for him to get through. [Laughter.] He had himself, at first, been of the opinion that re-election would be necessary, judging from the general parliamentary principle, and without having very closely studied the law. He had consequently consulted his friends from the riding upon his prospects, and, from their cheerful assurances, was able to signify his willingness to accept the office, adding that he had every certainty that there would be no difficulty in securing his re-election, [loud cheers,] for he had yet to learn where there was to be found one man who had voted for him hitherto, who was not prepared to record the same vote again [prolonged cheers.] He took this first opportunity of making this personal statement publicly, and went on to express his approval of the principle which enacted that a Commission holding such extended power should be directly represented in the people's Council. Since their appointment the Commissioners had not been idle, and he thought they might fairly take credit for having, in the month immediately succeeding their having been gazetted, carefully examined 90 mils of the route, and travelled over the whole 500 miles of its distance. It might be said that such a flying visit was of no practical value, but they should know that the line of route ran within sight of the travelled road almost all the way from Riviere du Loup to Truro, and that a journey along the latter gave a very good idea of the nature and difficulties of the former. They had examined all the localities of the heaviest works, which were chiefly on the Restigouche and Metapedia, and had, he thought, exonerated themselves from any imputation of attending only to their own interests, which might be brought against them, had they sat down inactively in their office at Ottawa. He could venture to say for his brother commissioners as for himself that their only object was to build the cheapest and the best road (applause), and he would mention one item in which the determination they had come to would effect a large saving of expense, viz.: by building their bridges of wood in place of iron. It might be said that it was but false economy to construct such works to last only twelve or fifteen years instead of forever, but considering the peculiar nature of the line which was not likely to prove of commercial profit for some time, he thought their determination would generally be accepted as the correct one, especially when they reflected that its end would be to supply the material and the labour, and keep the cost of these in the country in place of paying England for English produce to the loss of the advantages they had thus agreed upon retaining. (Hear, hear.) These bridges would only cost half the price of iron, and could, therefore, be renewed at the same total cost for many years to come. The principle of employing such material was as he held, of sound economy, and had been largely practised in America, as well as very recently upon one of the Grand Trunk lines, in the case of the Paris viaduct. He added that the Commissioners had, as the Chairman though not perhaps the meeting was aware, made an alteration in the system of carrying on the works, which they considered of high practical importance. They had reversed the judgment of the Chief Engineer, who had proposed that their contracts should be let out on a fixed schedule of prices and measurements, while they held it was preferable to let all contracts at a specific fixed sum, whereby they could know all their responsibility at first, and would throw on the contractor the burthen of making all his calculations respecting the character of his cuttings or embankments, while the country would have the satisfaction of learning at once what each 25 or 30 mile section was to cost. This new system they had adopted in the case of the four sections which had already been advertised, and though their course had been said to have been adopted in the interest of contractors, none of them had expressed any satisfaction at it, which he (Mr. Walsh) held as a strong proof of its merit. It was possible that the surveys were not as yet sufficiently complete to enable contractors to send in accurate tenders, but they would know their estimates decisively on the 8th February, and how far their system would result in economical efficiency. He would take that occasion of saying for Mr. Fleming, that the difficulties of the Chief Engineer were very great, of running his lines over a vast extent of country, in making experimental surveys, and being able to concentrate his forces only where the Government had definitely located the route. He would also say most emphatically, whence his words would go out to the country, that from the Commission every contractor should have fair play, that there should be no such thing as favouritism, but that each and every tender should be judged upon its own merits solely. Referring to the subject of the route he said three distinct lines had been at various times proposed. The Central, Frontier, and North Shore. Reviewing their differing recommendations he said that he had never been inclined to view the road as one of great commercial promise, and had been even less so since he had traversed the country. But it was a political and military necessity, and no line which could be chosen was commercially desirable. The frontier route had been advocated on account of its shortness, and because it led directly to the city of St. John, N.B. But it would be utterly useless for military purposes, and the British authorities would never have consented to sanction it, while as a commercial undertaking it would have to compete with the road now being constructed from St. John to Bangor, in Maine, and these joint considerations he could not but regard as sufficient reasons for its rejection. As to the Central route, he had the very best grounds for stating that its cost, per mile or in the aggregate, would considerably exceed that of the line selected, besides which it would cross a country perfectly sterile and uncultivated, in the heart of the Province. The Intercolonial line, as determined upon, would, on the contrary, supply the want of railway communication where New Brunswick most needed it. He believed therefore that, in their selection, the Government had taken the course likely to effect the greatest good to the greatest number. As the Commission had not been long enough in office to work as yet a great deal of either good or evil, he might perhaps be excused from saying anything further upon such a topic, but he still desired to reiterate his sense of the military and political necessity of the line, and of the absolute exigency of its construction for the maintenance of the Union of the Provinces. But upon this point he was glad to be able to say that, from his own observation and enquiries, and from recently obtained information, he was satisfied that the darkest hour of Nova Scotian disaffection had passed away, and that if the great question of Confederation were to be shortly submitted to the people, the Union would be ratified by a decisive majority. He was able to go farther, and to tell them without hesitation that, at the next session of Parliament the Government would be prepared to submit to the House propositions to make the basis of an agreement which should include Newfoundland. [Cheers.] Mr. Walsh then went on to enlarge upon the capacities of the great British Confederation which was to stretch from sea to sea, and to yield its productions of gold, silver, copper, lead, iron, coal, salt, coal oil, fish and forest, to be made available by its splendid climate, soil and water communication in connection with its vast agricultural resources and manufacturing enterprise. To enhance those glorious gifts of nature was the influence of their grand old British institutions pervading every relation of life, and working that happiness among us here which it had never failed to do in the parent land, and which gave the highest promise of the great future of our beloved territory. In conclusion he again sincerely thanked them for their friendship and gracefully acknowledged the presence of so large a number of clergymen of the town in which he had lived so long, and who, of these different denominations which he saw represented around him, came here, as he believed, not as politicians, but as his personal friends, and whose presence he gratefully accepted as having been given to express confidence in and esteem for himself; and he hoped and trusted that whether his commissionership should prove of short or long duration, he should be able to return to them at its close with a faithful account of his stewardship. He would only further detain them to express his deep sense of Major Maybee's kindness, as of a consistent opponent who had so generously expressed such liberal sentiments regarding his re-election, and of his regard of his presence, and that of others whom he similarly saw there as an evidence of the general confidence with which the county honoured him, and the general belief that he would do the best he could for the interests of the country. [Loud and prolonged cheers.]

Mr. Wallace, Accountant of the Railway Commission, was then presented with an address and a valuable watch, which, with the toast of his health he suitably acknowledged.

"The Legislature of Ontario" was then proposed, which was received with cheers.

Dr. Bown, M.P., being called upon to reply, said that he had much pleasure in coming there to witness the enthusiastic reception of their member on his return home. No man could possibly receive higher satisfaction from any expression of regard than it was Mr. Walsh's to experience that evening. This regard was manifestly that of no particular party, but of the whole general community. (Applause.) He (Dr. Bown) had been surprised to find such an important gathering at Simcoe, and heartily congratulated Mr. Walsh on the compliment thus paid him. He confessed to a difficulty in speaking to the toast, arising from nervousness, having but once attempted to address the House, and then broke down. (Laughter.) Still, he could tell them how he remembered having entered Parliament at the same time as Mr. Walsh had been returned for Norfolk. Things were greatly changed since then, and members were able to speak to their opponents, and to regard them as gentlemen without necessarily falling under the ban of their leaders. He had, himself, gone into Parliament as a supporter of party, not faction, and could not consent to be subjected to the orders of Mr. McKellar, Mr. McKenzie, or even Mr. David Christie. (Loud laughter.) And, for his independence, was hounded all over the country, and told that he suffered from all sorts of maladies, such as weak knees, soft brain, &c., &c., as well as prescribed all sorts of remedies. Now, his real and only malady was that of a stiff neck. (Laughter.) He went on to urge the necessity of a modification of opinion in the light of experience, and disclaimed any unwillingness to confess errors of which he had become convinced, asserting that those who knew him best knew that when he wronged anybody he was always ready to make reparation, and to acknowledge his mistakes. Of such a course he could never be ashamed, having shared in scientific discussions in which the ablest men were willing to amend and correct their former opinions in the search of truth. He would, however, be ashamed if it were possible that he could persist that Wrong, which he knew to be wrong, was the Right he had once fancied it. He had been long ago told by a leading statesman that politics were a matter of expediency, but he had lived to see the party which held such a theory dwindle surely to decay. Going on to contrast the British and American forms of Government, he said that the latter placed the sovereignty in the popular, the former in the divine will. Severely censuring the attitude towards Confederation taken by the Hon. George Brown, he stigmatized that gentleman as having attempted as an abortion to destroy the life of his own offspring. This man's failure had sufficiently taught the lesson that men could only truly benefit themselves by honest work for the benefit of the whole community. With his place in public disregard, they might contrast advantageously that of the memory of another politician. There had been a man who had come among them poor and suspected, with nothing but his honesty and his intellect to rely upon, with all the impulses of charity and benevolence working in his soul, but with little to give to those of his brethren whose needs claimed his infinite compassion beyond the treasures of that genius which had made its mark on the country and the age, and which he was ever ready to lavish in the cause of suffering humanity. This man it was who had magnanimously resigned his own claims to office for what he thought to be the general good, and who, in that last sad speech which none among his audience could ever forget, had enjoined the necessity of legislation in each Province for higher aims than purely local ones, and had thus won a grateful meed of popular recognition, declaring that, if ever any one deserved honour of his country, it was the murdered martyr Thomas D'Arcy McGee. [Loud cheers.] This was the man who had, day after day and night after night come down, with the knowledge that murder was on his heels, to do his duty to the country that he loved to serve. There was, it seemed to him, a valuable public lesson to be learned from the contrast of these two lives—of the one, who was now rolling in wealth, and of the one, who was now rolling in wealth, and the other who had died wanting provision for the future of his family, which the gratitude of the country had provided for, although he feared but insufficiently. (Hear, hear.) He had often had to differ with Mr. Walsh, but he could notwithstanding assert that there was no one from whom the public interests could now derive higher service, and was confident that he would come back to them again, and again, to receive renewed assurance of their approval, while he himself, so long as Mr. Walsh went on as now would be always ready to defend him in the House. (Cheers.)

Mr. O'Connor regretted that illness would prevent him from addressing them as he could desire, and would indeed have kept him at home but

Latest by Telegraph.

Per Montreal Line.

TORONTO.

THE TRIAL OF WHELAN.

Six Judges Confirm the Judgment.

Four in Favour of a New Trial.

Special to THE TIMES.

TORONTO, January 22.

The Whelan case was up for judgment today in the Court of Error and Appeal. For a full hour before the time fixed for the opening of the court the doors were thronged by a crowd so great that it was deemed proper to keep the court room locked, and admit by the private entrance as many as the room could accommodate. The prisoner presented the same cool and collected appearance that marked his presence at the courts on previous occasions, but listened with more attention to the judgment. The Judges entered at 11:45. Immediately after taking their seats President Draper delivered a long judgment, deciding the following points: That the prisoner was prevented from challenging Sparks by the court, but this did not injuriously affect the prisoner, and the judgment of the court at Ottawa did not finally deny the right to challenge peremptorily. The sole point raised by demurrer was, could the prisoner then at that particular time selected challenge for cause. The decision was against him on this point; but did not deny his right to other peremptory challenges at a future period. The order of the Chief-Justice in the court below was only a matter of practice for the regulation of the court over which he presided, and of this he was the sole Judge. In effect the President on the first point thought the decision on Sparks' challenge, though wrong, immaterial. He also was plainly of the opinion that the prisoner deliberately elected to consider the challenge of Sparks peremptory challenge. From the printed case only sixteen peremptory challenges appear to have been exercised, and in that case the challenge of Hodgins would have been improperly disallowed; but by reference to the manuscript the printed case seems incorrect in this part, and therefore it would appear that the refusal to allow the challenge of Hodgins is correct. There does not appear to have been any person upon the Jury unfitted to sit there, and the verdict of twelve men, against whom nothing could be alleged, support the judgment. On the indictment, the prisoner had by his own act prevented himself taking advantage of the error of the Court below, on whom the judgment should be affirmed.

Mr. Cameron stated the original record to be correct.

The President said that he and his brother Judges discovered that the President, on finishing judgment, confessed to have been inclined to side with Justice Morrison, who objected to the judgment, but after looking more closely into the case, had come to the conclusion that the judgment should be sustained. He then stated he had been requested to say that his learned brothers, Mowat and J. Wilson, coincided with him on all the points. It was understood that there was a division in the Court on the question, and referred to cases in England, in which judges were similarly divided. It was not uncommon to judges to differ thus on a point of law.

Justice Richards merely considered that no prejudice had arisen against the prisoner from the proceedings at the trial.

Chief-Justice Hagarty thought the matter was properly brought up in the Court of Error, but did not consider the prisoner elected to allow the challenge of Sparks peremptory. He was placed in a very difficult position in his efforts to get rid of Sparks, and His Lordship was under the impression he had improperly been deprived of one of his undoubted rights. The learned Chief Justice thought the prisoner did not cure the error on record by the peremptory challenge of Sparks, and that the substantial wrong done the prisoner was a deprivation of one of his legal rights. In conclusion he said there should be a *venire de novo*.

The Chancellor stated that he agreed with the Chief-Justice of Common Pleas.

V. C. Spragge considered that the prisoner had distinctly challenged Sparks peremptory, and would have been so stated on record, but on the contrary the record set out that the challenge was taken and treated as a peremptory challenge, i. e.: taken and treated as something which it was not. The inference is that there was no peremptory challenge by the prisoner. He doubted the correctness of a refusal to allow the challenge of Hodgins, although on this point the majority of the Court did not agree with him. On the whole there should be a *venire de novo*.

Justice Morrison had seen nothing to cause him to change his opinion. He had erred in his judgment on the first argument that there should be a *venire de novo*.

Justice Adam Wilson thought the judgment of the Queen's Bench should be sustained.

Justice John Wilson said he concurred in the judgment of the President, generally, and agreed if Sparks had gone before the jury there would have been a material difference, but the prisoner having omitted to press the right at the trial, he could not be allowed to obtain that advantage. The prisoner, in reality, received no injury. The challenge of Hodgins was correct under all circumstances.

V. C. Mowat in a few words concurred in the opinion of the President.

Justice Gwynne considered that the Judge of the Assize might postpone the time for deciding whether the challenge was correct or not, whether the jury could not have been otherwise chosen. The learned Judge decided against the prisoner on the first ground of Error, and then, at length, reviewed American cases which had been referred to on the argument, three of which on one side, and four on the other. He could not consider the acts of the prisoner designedly done to cause a point to arise. It could be allowed as a ground of error, but he could see no ground for a *venire de novo*.

This concluding the judgments, the President stated that the decision of the Court was that the judgment of the Court below was affirmed.

J. H. Cameron then appealed on behalf of the prisoner for leave to appeal to the Privy Council of England. He stated that four colonies had the right of appeal to England, but the Privy Council would refuse to hear the appeal unless the Clerk of the Court certified that the appeal had been allowed by the Colonial Court.

Chief-Justice Robinson objected to the application being granted.

The President said there was no question whether or not the Court had power to grant an appeal.

Chief-Justice Robinson questioned the prisoner's right to appeal to the Privy Council.

Mr. Cameron said according to the decision of the Privy Council, leave of this Court must be granted or the appeal would not be heard.

The President asked for cases to sustain this.

Mr. Cameron referred to cases from Bombay and Calcutta.

The President said they were of a different nature, and apprehended that they could not grant leave to appeal.

The court then retired to consider the application. After nearly an hour's absence the Judges returned. The President said they had looked at all the cases referred to by Mr. Cameron, as well as several others supposed to bear upon the case, and after doing this, and considering the question fully, had come to the conclusion they had no power or right to grant leave to appeal to England.

Mr. Cameron referred to a case in which the document granting leave was demanded by the Privy Council.

The President said he could not see that it was necessary.

Mr. Cameron only made application for the purpose of being prepared, and asked if the court would express an opinion on the matter.

The President said no, we express no opinion at all.

The order was then signed remanding the prisoner to the custody of the Sheriff of Carleton, and he was removed from the court, and will be executed on the day to which the time extends, February 11th, unless there should be a respite granted. It is not known whether or not Mr. Cameron will attempt to take the case before the Privy Council even without the consent of the court.

From Another Correspondent.

TORONTO, January 22.

The Court of Error and Appeal—the Queen vs. P. J. Whelan. A full bench of ten Judges present. The ruling of the Court is as follows:

Draper, Mowat, Wilson, J. Wilson, A. Richards, and Gwynne, (6) confirm the judgment. Morrison, Hagarty, Vankoughnet and Spragge in favour of a new trial.

Hon. J. H. Cameron applied for leave of the Court to appeal to the Privy Council.

Judge Draper ruled, that the grounds urged were unsufficient, and that no appeal could be granted.

A rumour led to the belief that the Court was evenly divided by Gwynne; and the judgment upset all the calculations.

Whelan will be sent back to Ottawa.

ONTARIO LEGISLATURE.

2nd Session: 1st Legislative Assembly.

Special to THE TIMES.

TORONTO, January 22.

In the House to-day an unimportant Bill to confer certain powers on trustees and executors was read a second time.

A Bill respecting the survey of lands passed through committee, and then passed.

Hon. J. S. Macdonald stated that His Honour would be in the Chamber at one to-morrow to give the Royal assent to the Bills, and prorogue the House.

The House adjourned before six.

SECOND DESPATCH.

Special to THE TIMES.

TORONTO, January 22.

The Dental Association meeting closed last evening with an interesting lecture and a microscopic examination of teeth.

The Medical Health Officer recommended that the leading thoroughfares be watered to lay the clouds of dust.

Letters from the Bishop of Rupert's Land have been received, acknowledging aid received; he also gives a sad picture of the state of the country, and wonders how many of the people manages to live.

A Halifax despatch says that the House is prorogued till February 22nd, not then for the despatch of business.

MONTREAL.

Special to THE TIMES.

MONTREAL, January 21.

Begait, the absconding paymaster's clerk, has been arrested in the neighbourhood of this city.

The Dominion Lacrosse Club held their annual dinner to-night, and presented a silver cup to their president, J. H. Isaacson.

Known Fenians here appear highly elated over the destruction of Desbarats' building.

MONTREAL, January 22.

The Governor-General is expected here next week, and great preparations are being made for his reception. At a meeting of the citizens it was decided among the festivities to invite His Excellency to a dinner, and Lady Young to a ball. An influential commitee is appointed. The Mayor and Corporation will receive the distinguished guest.

The result of the Whelan case gives intense satisfaction here, and the refusal of the Judges to allow an appeal to England meets with the highest approval of all loyal citizens.

Marchaud's hotel, Riviere du Loup, was burned down this morning. Three of Marchand's children, and Mr. Wallis, Civil Engineer, of Quebec, perished in the flames.

Dr. O'Brennan gives another lecture in Montreal next week. This time the subject will be temperance.

Melvin Foster arrived here to-night. He plays Dion for $2,000, 1,200 points, push shot barred, in the Mechanics' Hall, on Thursday next.

A billiard match is on the tapis between Cerille Dion and J. W. Crom; one game to be played here, the other in Belleville.

The bachelors of Cornwall give a grand ball to-night.

The weather is bitterly cold.

Flour market firm; sales at yesterday's rates.

QUEBEC.

THE QUEBEC LEGISLATURE.

Special to THE TIMES.

QUEBEC, January 21.

In the House to-day the address to the speech was moved by Mr. Dumoulin, seconded by Mr. Ross.

All the paragraphs down to the 17th were passed, when the House rose.

Hon. Mr. Galt occupied a seat on the floor of the House during a portion of the debate.

Hon. Treasurer Dunkin has a surplus of $70,000 over the expenditure for the past 18 months.

QUEBEC, January 22.

In the Quebec Assembly to-day a number of petitions were presented from French Canadians in various parts of the States, and set forth the interest with which they watched the different measures of the Government of the Dominion in favour of colonization and immigration, and expressing their attachment and desire to return to Canada, asking the Quebec Parliament to afford the opportunity to do so by according to them the same advantages as were allowed to European immigrants, and also to adopt measures to develope the agricultural, manufacturing and industrial measures of the Province. (Received amid applause).

Mr. Dunkin gave notice that the House would go into Committee of Supply on Tuesday next.

Adjourned till Monday.

CABLE NEWS.

GREAT BRITAIN.

Alterations in the Rrig of the Yacht "Cambria."

LONDON, January 21.—Considerable alterations are to be made in the lines and rig of the yacht *Cambria* to fit her for an ocean race with the American yachts.

FRANCE.

PARIS, January 22.—The Conference has selected M. Walisko to convey the protocol to Athens. He has been instructed to wait five days for an answer from the Grecian Government.

NEWS VIA LONDON.

LONDON, January 22.—The adhesion of the Greek Government to the protocol, adopted by the Conference of Paris, is now considered certain.

CHINA.

NEWS VIA SAN FRANCISCO.

Proclamation by the Chinese Government

Advices from China state that the Yung Chow affair has been settled satisfactorily. A proclamation has been issued by the Chinese Government setting forth that the treaty with England requires that religious establishments of missionaries shall not be annoyed, nor foreign travellers be treated with disrespect. The mining operations in Chefoo have proved successful, and some valuable mines have been discovered.

HAYTI.

NEWS VIA HAVANA.

The Revolution Gaining Ground.

HAVANA, January 21.—Advices from Hayti state that a battle had taken place in which the revolutionists were victorious. They appear to be gaining ground everywhere in Hayti.

MEXICO.

NEWS VIA SAN FRANCISCO.

A Revolution against the Juarez Government.

SAN FRANCISCO, January 22.—Mexican advices state that in the State of Oaxaca a formidable revolution was brewing against the Government of Juarez.

AMERICAN NEWS.

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES.

Arrival of the SS. "Kangaroo."

NEW YORK, January 22.—The steamer *Kangaroo*, from Liverpool, has arrived.

Auction Sale.

By J. Bermingham, Auctioneer.

IMPORTANT ANNOUNCEMENT

To Jobbers, Dealers, Housekeepers, and all whom it may concern.

VERY EXTENSIVE

AUCTION SALE

OF

DEFAULTERS' STOCK!

Dry Goods, Cloths,

Dress Goods, Blankets,

Fancy Goods, Watches,

Small Wares, &c., &c.,

IN GREAT VARIETY.

The subscriber has been favoured with instructions from the Montreal Atterney of Messrs. Gospiel, Harris & Co., General Merchants, London England, to sell, by Public Auction, at

ORME'S NEW STORE,

Opposite the Russell House, Sparks-st., on

SATURDAY MORNING NEXT,

23rd Instant, and to continue on the following

Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday, Friday and Saturday,

a large and valuable consignment of the undermentioned Goods, being part of an IMMENSE STOCK absconded with from England by Defaulters, who are now under arrest—

The stock comprises Heavy Moscow Beavers, West of England all-Wool Broadcloths, all Wool English Doeskins, Tweeds, Cassimeres, Meltons, Cheviots, Venetians, Sultanas, Sealskins, Cobourgs, Lion Cord Gala Plaids, Balmoral Skirts, Filled Shawls, Scotch Long Shawls, Knitted Shawls Opera Cloaks, Clouds, Silk Dress Goods, Vestings, Scarfs, Neck Ties, Linen Table Cloths and Sheeting [Extra Fine], White Moselle and Coloured Alhambra Quilts, Blankets, Scotch Lamb's Wool Shirts and Drawers, all-wool Flannels, Carriage Rugs, &c., &c., together with a considerable stock of Watches, Fancy Goods, and Small Wares, too numerous to mention.

Sale each day at 10 a. m., 2 p.m., and 7 p.m. sharp.

J. BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer.

LOCHLIN McCORMICK,
Agent for Attorney.

Ottawa, January 23, 1869. 955S

I. B. Tackaberry, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE

OF

$10,000 WORTH OF PROPERTY.

A RARE CHANCE FOR PARTIES WISHING TO RE-FURNISH.

I. B. TACKABERRY, City Auctioneer, has been favoured with instructions from Messrs. Buck & Sanger, proprietors of the Revere House, to sell on the premises, commencing

ON TUESDAY, 19TH JANUARY,

at 10 o'clock, a.m., and continuing each day, the whole of the Household Furniture and Fixtures of that recent and elegantly furnished house, including Parlor, Drawing Room, Bed Room, Kitchen, Office, Bar and Hall Furniture, consisting in part as follows:

Handsome Mahogany Tables—Marble Top—Sofas, Lounges, and Chairs to match, with Hair Cloth Covers, large and superb Cut Glass Mirrors, with Marble Stands; Wardrobes, two very fine toned Pianos and Music Stools, Pictures, Damask and Muslin Window Curtains, with Cornices, Brussels and Tapestry Hall, Stair and Drawing Room Carpets.

In Bed Room Sets—Spring Mattrasses, Bedsteads, Bureaus, Washstands, Tables and Chairs to match, all of the finest Black Walnut, procured from a Montreal firm, and as good as new, having been only about 1 year in use; also an elegant and richly carved Bridal Chamber Set, with polished Rosewood Bureau.

In the Dining Room will be found Extension Dining Tables, Sideboard, Chairs, Silver Plate, Cutlery, Crockery, Glassware, and all the furnishings usually found in a well kept and extensive house of this description.

In Kitchen Utensils—A large Hotel Cooking Stove, (Patent Pastry Baker) nearly new, three smaller Cooking Stoves, Kettles, Pots, Pans, and a variety of articles too numerous to mention.

In the Bar will be offered a handsome Silver Soda Fountain, Beer Pumps, Water Filterer, Decanters, Tumblers, Wine Glasses, &c.

Among the Sundries may be mentioned twenty Hall and Parlor Stoves, Stove Pipes, Stair and Passage Oil Cloths, Bedroom Carpets, a quantity of Cocoa Matting, Office Desks and Furniture, Hat Racks, Hall Chairs, &c., &c.

*ALSO AT THE SAME TIME

The whole of the Stock, Harness, Buggies, Sleighs, Robes, &c., of a well furnished Livery Stable, containing 20 Horses, and an Omnibus and Water Cart.

The whole will be sold without reserve, the sale commencing on TUESDAY, 19th INSTANT, and continued from day to day until the whole are disposed of, the proprietors being about to remove from the city.

The terms of sale will be cash in bankable funds.

The whole will be on view the day previous to the sale.

I. B. TACKABERRY,
City Auctioneer.

Ottawa, January 12, 1869. 946d

Groceries.

For sale by the undersigned:

300 BBLS. MESS PORK.

200 BBLS. THIN MESS PORK.

500 BBLS. STRONG SUPER FLOUR.

COAL OIL.

Having been appointed by the combination their agents for

COAL OIL,

They are now prepared to sell in quantities to suit the trade, by the

BARREL OR CAR LOAD,

AT THE

LOWEST PRICES

Agents for Hiram Walker's

HIGHWINES

RYE,

PROOF, and

MONONGAHELA WHISKEYS.

Agents for

REESOR BROS. CHEESE.

Agents for John Campbell's celebrated

HAMS,

BACON, &c.

C. T. BATE & CO.,
Canal Basin.

Ottawa, Dec. 12, 1868.

Wholesale & Retail.

JUST RECEIVED,

NEW PATTERNS IN CROSLEY'S

TAPESTRY CARPETS.

Remnants of CARPETS of all kinds, the accumulation of four years, will be sold cheap previous to stock-taking.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

COTTON GOODS.

MAGEE & RUSSELL

Have brought forward from the wholesale department

150 PIECES ASSORTED PRINTS,

125 " BLEACHED SHIRTING,

200 " GREY COTTON,

and arranged them on the Centre Tables, where they will be offered at wholesale prices by the piece, during the remainder of this month.

They would also remark that "COTTON GOODS" are slightly higher priced in England, than what they were when the above were purchased.

Customers would be consulting their own interests by taking advantage of the above sale, the reductions being 2, 2½ and 3 cents per yard.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

PATTERN JACKETS.

The balance of our

FRENCH PATTERN JACKETS,

have been still further reduced in price. A few very rich ones yet to dispose of.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

Jewellery, &c.

FOR

CHRISTMAS AND NEW YEAR'S

PRESENTS,

IN GOLD & SILVER WATCHES,

GO TO YOUNG & RADFORD'S,

30 Sparks-st.

FOR

CHRISTMAS AND NEW YEAR'S

PRESENTS,

GOLD CHAINS & FINE JEWELLERY,

GO TO YOUNG & RADFORD'S.

FOR

CHRISTMAS AND NEW YEAR'S

PRESENTS,

IN PLATED WARE,

GO TO YOUNG & RADFORD'S.

Boots & Shoes.

ANGUS & HUCKELL'S

CLEARING SALE

OF

BOOTS, SHOES AND RUBBERS,

No. 15, Sussex-st.

ANGUS & HUCKELL are selling out their entire stock of BOOTS, SHOES, RUBBERS, &c., at a tremendous sacrifice.

GO TO ANGUS & HUCKELL'S Clearing Sale, and get a pair of good PRUNELLA BOOTS, and a pair of RUBBERS for $1.50.

YOU can get a pair of Men's Cloth Rubber OVERSHOES for 75 cents, at ANGUS & HUCKELL'S Clearing Sale.

WOMEN'S RUBBERS, 50 cents; and MEN'S, 65 cents, during the Clearing Sale.

GO EARLY and secure bargains.

NOW is the time to purchase BOOTS and SHOES, as they are being sold under cost at ANGUS & HUCKELL'S Clearing Sale.

NO one need be without BOOTS when they are sold so cheap at ANGUS & HUCKELL'S Clearing Sale.

A CLEAR saving of money by buying Boots during the Clearing Sale at ANGUS & HUCKELL'S.

ENORMOUS reductions on all CLOTH and FELT GOODS as they must all be sold out without reserve.

GO and see for yourselves.

Garland, Mutchmor & Co

XMAS DRY GOODS.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.,

IMPORTERS, 20 SPARKS-ST.,

Have received, ex various ocean steamers, large additions to their extensive stock of

STAPLE & FANCY DRY GOODS,

MILLINERY,

Carpetings and House Furnishings,

and are now shewing a large and well assorted stock in every department. They invite special attention to the following:

RICH FANCY SILKS,

RICH FANCY DRESSES,

SUITABLE FOR THE SEASON,

suitable for street and evening wear.

RICH BALL DRESSES,

GOOD ABERDEEN WINCIES,

at a little over half last year's prices. Good cheap useful dresses for all classes in all the new materials.

CLOTHS,
TWEEDS,
BLANKETS,
FLANNELS,
SHEETINGS,
COTTONS,
PRINTS, Etc.,

all in great variety cheap.

LACES,
RIBBONS,
TRIMMINGS,
GLOVES,
HOSIERY,

Black Silk Mantle Velvets,
Black and Brown Velveteens,
Black and Brown Sealskins,
Black and Brown Astricans,
Coloured Jasper Sealskins,
White and Fancy Mantle Cloths.

MANTLES,

in great variety, in all the new materials an shapes.

SHAWLS,
BONNETS,
HATS,
LADIES' CAPS,
HEAD DRESSES,
FLOWERS,
FEATHERS,
BRIDAL WREATHS.

Great novelty in Skirts—the

NEW PATENT FELT SKIRT,

Plain and embroidered, all in once piece; warm lighter, better fitting and cheaper than any other skirts. Just opened

One Case Plain Glasgow Wincies.

Two cases latest styles in Clouds and other Woollen Goods.

Wholesale and Retail.

STOVES,

LAMPS, &c.,

BELOW COST, at

BEMONDE BROS.,
Sparks-st.,
Opposite Ontario Bank.

TO LUMBERMEN.—For sale at the Railway Station, at Ottawa, 10,000 bushels LOWER CANADA OATS. Also, at SANDPOINT, Flour, Pork, Beans, Corn, Oats, and Hay pressed in wire-bound bales.

NEIL McKINNON,
Commission and Exchange Broker.

Ottawa, Jan. 21, 1869. 953a

Stationery.

NEW GOODS.

Just received, ex steamship *St. David*, a large importation of the best British manufactured

STAPLE STATIONERY,

IN

LETTER PAPERS,
NOTE PAPERS,
ENVELOPES,
FOOLSCAPS,
FOLIO POSTS,
RECORD PAPERS,
TINTED BLOTTING PAPERS,
MUSIC PAPER,
&c., &c., &c.

For sale at

THE OTTAWA CITIZEN
Stationery and Printing House,
Rideau-st., Ottawa.

Groceries.

THE TEA POT LIST.

In Cases, Hhd. and ¼ Casks,

HENNESSEY'S BRANDY,

MARTELL'S do

OTARD, DUPEY & Co., do

JULES, ROBIN & Co., do

CASTILLION & Co., do.

In Bottle or Wood,

GRAHAM'S EXTRA OLD PORT,

GRAHAM'S THREE GRAPE,

SANDEMAN'S CHOICE OLD PORT,

MCKENZIE'S Pure Golden SHERRY

DUNN'S BROWN, do

CHOICE PALE, do.

THE

FINEST BALTIMORE OYSTERS,

Received daily, by Express.

CHIPPAWA pure old RYE WHISKEY

Four years old, equal to any French Brandy,

CHIPPAWA TODDY WHISKEY,

Four years old, equal to Scotch.

CHIPPAWA FAMILY PROOF.

J. G. ROBINSON & C

The Tea Pot, Ottawa.

Ottawa, Dec, 16, 1868.

ON SALE,

GOODERHAM & WORTS'

RECTIFIED SPIRITS.

100 BBLS. CELEBRATED OLD RYE,

100 do HIGHWINES, 50 O.P.

100 do ALCOHOL, 65 O.P.

The trade supplied at manufacturers' prices.

REDPATH'S EXTRA GOLDEN SYRUP

REDPATH'S STANDARD do

NEW YORK HOUSE SYRUP,

100 BBLS. WEST INDIA MOLASSES.

500 CHESTS UNCOLORED JAPAN TEA.

100 CADDIES ORANGE PEKOE

150 CHESTS TWANKAY.

200 CADDIES BRIGHT SOL TOBACCO.

100 BOXES TOBACCO, 10s.

500 BARRELS EXTRA SUPERIOR FLOUR.

300 BBLS. MESS PORK, to arrive.

J. G. ROBINSON & Co.

December 16, 1868. 926.5m

OTTAWA MARKETS.

[Compiled expressly for the OTTAWA TIMES.]

Times Office Ottawa, Jan. 22, 1869.

The market yesterday, though somewhat better than that of the day before, was still undeserving the name of market.

FLOUR—Extra	6 50	@	6 75
No. 1	5 25	@	5 50
No. 2	none.		
Bags—Fall per 100 lbs	3 25	@	3 37½
" Spring "	2 62½	@	2 75
Oatmeal—per 200 lbs	7 00	@	7 25
Indian Meal "	4 00	@	0 00
Rye—per bushel 56 lbs.	0 85	@	0 90
Barley " 48 lbs.	0 90	@	0 00
Buckwheat Flour	4 00	@	4 50
WHEAT—Fall—per bushel, 60 lbs.	1 25	@	1 30
Spring " "	1 20	@	1 25
CORN—Per bushel, 56 lbs	0 85	@	0 90
Peas " 60 lbs	0 00	@	0 00
Oats " 34 lbs	0 61	@	0 63
Beans " 60 lbs	1 80	@	0 00
PORK—Mess—per barrel	25 00	@	26 00
Prime Mess per do	17 00	@	17 50
Prime	none.		
Pork (fresh)	8 00	@	9 00
Hams	0 15	@	0 17
Beef per 100 lbs	6 50	@	7 25
Mutton—per lb	0 5	@	0 6
Lambs—Each	0 50	@	0 60
Ducks	0 50	@	0 60
Turkeys—Each	1 00	@	2 00
Poultry—Per pair	0 50	@	0 60
BUTTER—Choice Table	0 25	@	0 00
No. 1 Firkin	0 22	@	0 24
No. 2 "	0 00	@	0 00
Eggs	0 22	@	0 25
Apples—per brl	0 00	@	4 50
VEGETABLES, &c.—Potatoes	0 38	@	0 40
HAY—Per ton	18 00	@	22 00
WOOD—Per cord (cable measure)	3 25	@	0 00
Mixed Wood	3 00	@	0 00
Tamarac	2 00	@	0 00
Soft Wood	2 00	@	0 00

—An exciting scene occurred the other day at Alcazar. Mdlle. Ross Saqui, a rope-dancer of great reputation, was performing some jugglery feats, balancing daggers, lighted torches, &c., on the tight rope, when suddenly the terrible cry "You are on fire!" arose from the audience. In reality a piece of burning stuff from one of the lighted torches had fallen on her forehead and set her long hair on fire. With one foot on the iron rope and another in the air, the woman did not lose her presence of mind. She passed her hand over her clothes and felt nothing. "*Aux chevaux*," cried the excited people. Mlle. Saqui understood, and carrying her hand to her head, rapidly stifled the fire. She then continued her performance as if nothing had happened.

CAPTURE OF A SLAVER.—Her Majesty's gun-boat *Dryad* sighted a slave dhow on the 4th of September, when off Johanna. The *Dryad* at once gave chase, and kept after the dhow for some four hours. One or two blank charges were fired over the craft, but the captain did not give in till his dhow was run ashore, and then he and about half of the crew took to their boats, and made their escape. The dhow was a craft of about 100 tons, and had 190 slaves on board. These, men, women, and children, had been shut in a square of about 26 feet, and many of the poor creatures, who were mostly young, were so weak and ill that they could not make their way on board the *Dryad* However, assistance was given, and all were cleared out, and eleven of the crew who remained were also taken on board the *Dryad*. These were landed at Madagascar, and the slaves were taken to the Seychelles, which the *Dryad* reached on the 13th of September, the slaves having generally much recovered, and only four deaths having occurred amongst them whilst on board the *Dryad*.

The Montreal Tea Company: It is pretty clear that with an individual or a firm makes a speciality of a particular trade—in other words—turn all resources and energies in one direction, then we find profits reduced and excellence secured. This has been the case in respect to the operations of the Company named. The qualities of Tea supplied are the best in the country, and by reference to the advertisement, it will be seen that, in price also, an inducement to patronage is offered the public.—*Woodstock Times.*

A large consignment of the Montreal Tea Company's pure teas have been received by the undersigned. There is no paint, dye, or black lead used in these teas to make them look well. Boxes, 12 lbs. and upwards. See advertisement for list of prices.

JOSEPH MOORE,
Russell House Block

A meritorious article is Hall's Sicilian Hair Renewer; it is rapidly becoming known and widely and deservedly popular. It is apparently no humbug in itself but an agreeably perfumed and pleasant hair dressing, but it contains the most wonderful curative properties for loss of hair, and after using it a short time, gray hair is restored to its natural color. If any of our readers doubt it, let them try a single bottle of the "Renewer," and they will add their testimonial to the truth of what we say.—*Sentinel, Burlington, Vt.*

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Coughs and Colds.—Sudden changes of climate are sources of Pulmonary Bronchial and Asthmatic affections. Experience having proved that simple remedies often act speedily and certainly when taken in the early stages of the disease, recourse should at once be had to "Brown's Bronchial Troches," or Lozenges. Few are aware of the importance of checking a cough or "common cold," in its first stage. That which in the beginning would yield to a mild remedy, if neglected soon attacks the lungs. "Brown's Bronchial Troches," or cough Lozenges, allay irritation which induces coughing, having a direct influence on the affected parts. As there are imitations, be sure to OBTAIN the *genuine*. Sold by all dealers in medicines, at 25 cents a box.

HALL'S VEGETABLE SICILIAN HAIR RENEWER.

The basis of its remedial properties is a vegetable compound.
It will restore gray hair to its original color.
It will keep the hair from falling out.
It cleanses the scalp and makes the hair soft, lustrous and silken.
It is a splendid hair dressing.

R. P. HALL & CO.,
Nashua, N.H., Proprietors.
For sale by all druggists. 894d

Mothers! Mothers! Mothers!—Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with the excruciating pain of cutting teeth? If so, go at once and get a bottle of Mrs. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately—depend upon it; there is no mistake about it. There is not a mother on earth who has ever used it, who will not tell you at once that it will regulate the bowels, and give rest to the mother, and relief and health to the child, operating like magic. It is perfectly safe to use in all cases, and pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Price 25 cents. Sold everywhere. Be sure to call for "MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP." Having the *fac simile* of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations

Mothers Read This!—Holloway's Worm Lozenges are a certain and safe remedy for Worms in Children and Adults.—As it is a well-known and melancholy fact that one great cause of death among children is from Worms alone, it cannot be too deeply impressed upon the minds parents the necessity of closely watching their children. By so doing; and understanding the symptoms and true cause of the disease, thousands of children might be saved from early graves. SYMPTOMS OF WORMS.—The following are a few of the very numerous symptoms and diseases which are caused by Worms: deranged appetite, emaciated extremities, offensive breath frequent picking at the nose, grinding of the teeth during sleep, hardness of the belly, with frequent slimy stools, and sometimes convulsive fits; itching of the arms, pain in the head and stomach, unquiet sleep, faintings, tremblings, coughs, indigestion, low spirits, frightful dreams, and a gradual wasting away of flesh.
They are palatable and self-administered to the child—drive out the worms thoroughly without pain and completely cleanse the stomach—thereby doing away with the necessity of administering Castor Oil or other unpleasant cathartics—as in the use of other Worms.
Each box contains the fac-simile signature of NORTHROP & LYMAN, Newcastle, C.W., who are the sole proprietors.
N.B. Ask for *Holloway's Worm Lozenges* and take no other. Sold by all the druggists in Ottawa, and medicine dealers everywhere. 578y

DOMINION Telegraph Company!

Capital Stock.....$500,000.

IN 10,000 SHARES AT $50 EACH.

President.
HON. WM. CAYLEY.

Treasurer.
HON. J. McMURRICH.

Secretary.
H. B. REEVE.

Counsel.
MESSRS. CAMERON & McMICHAEL.

General Superintendent.
MARTIN RYAN.

DIRECTORS.

HON. J. McMURRICH—Bryce, McMurrich & Co., Toronto.
A. R. McMASTER Esq.—A. R. McMaster & Brother, Toronto.
HON. M. C. CAMERON,—Provincial Secretary, Toronto.
JAMES MICHIE, Esq.,—Fulton, Michie & Co., and Geo. Michie & Co., Toronto.
HON. WM. CAYLEY,—Toronto.
A. M. SMITH, Esq.,—A. M. Smith & Co., Toronto.
L. MOFFATT, Esq.,—Moffatt, Murray & Co., Toronto.
H. B. REEVE, Esq.,—Toronto.
MARTIN RYAN, Esq.,—Toronto.

PROSPECTUS.

THE DOMINION TELEGRAPH COMPANY has been organized under the Act respecting Telegraph Companies, chapter 67 of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada. Its object is to cover the Dominion of Canada with a complete net-work of Telegraph lines.

THE CAPITAL STOCK

Is $500,000, divided into 10,000 shares of $50 each, 5 per cent to be paid at the time of subscribing, the balance to be paid by instalments, not exceeding 10 per cent per month—said instalments to be called in as the works progress.

THE BUSINESS AFFAIRS OF THE COMPANY

are under the management of a Board of Directors annually elected by the shareholders in conformity with the Charter and By-laws of the Company.

The Directors are of opinion that it would be to the interest of the Stockholders generally to obtain subscriptions from all quarters of Canada, and with this view they propose to divide the Stock amongst the different towns and cities throughout the Dominion in allotments suited to the population and business occupations of the different localities and the interest which they may be supposed to take in such an enterprise.

CONTRACTS OF CONNECTIONS.

A contract, granting permanent connection and extraordinary advantages, has already been executed, between this Company and the Atlantic and Pacific Company of New York; thus, at the very commencement, as the Lines of this Company are constructed from the Suspension Bridge, at Clifton (the point of connection) to any point in the Dominion, all the chief cities and places in the States, touched by the Lines of the Atlantic and Pacific Telegraph Company, are brought in immediate connection therewith.

A permanent connection has also been secured with the Great Western Telegraph Company of Chicago, whereby this Company will be brought into close connection with all the Lake Ports and other places through the North Western States, and through to California.

All classes of Society are interested in extending the use of the Telegraph, at LOW RATES, and the Directors are satisfied, that the adoption of a scale of charges considerably below the rates now exacted in Canada, will by encouraging a much more extended use of this medium of communication, not only prove a real and substantial benefit to the public generally, but will also ensure a safe and profitable return to the Investor.

On the 25th day of June, A.D., 1868, the DOMINION TELEGRAPH COMPANY was duly CHARTERED according to law.

The admitted importance and value of Telegraphy, would, in the opinion of the Directors, have rendered any introduction of the Dominion Telegraph Company to the Canadian public unnecessary had it not been that previous attempts to establish Telegraph Companies in Canada, to share the business with the Montreal Company, had been allowed to fail through.

The success of a Telegraph Company will mainly depend on its ability to meet the demands of the public, and consequently it should possess, at least, equal facilities with any other Company, as access to all quarters with which its customers may desire to have communication.

This important requisite has not been, until now, within the reach of any Company entering the field as a competitor with the Montreal Company, in consequence of the close and exclusive connection formed between that Company and the Western Union Company, of the United States, the latter by virtue of certain patents, having until within these two years, monopolized nearly the whole of the telegraph business of the neighboring republic.

The business relations between these two Companies continue in full force, but the patents having run out, the monopoly so long enjoyed by the Western Union has ceased to exist.

The Atlantic and Pacific, the Great Western, and other American Companies have invaded the field, and have become successful competitors for the public patronage and support. These Companies, acting on the cheap postage principle, have forced the old monopolist to a reduction of rates, which has resulted in a more widely extended use of this means of communication, and much to the surprise of the Western Union itself, has increased its profits, whilst sharing its field of operations.

With these new Companies the Dominion Telegraph Company of Canada have entered into most satisfactory business relations, and confident of the soundness of the principle which led to the adoption of the penny-postage system in Great Britain, the voluntary reduction from $100 to $16 65 per ten word message by the Ocean Cable Company, and the successful operations of the Companies recently established in the United States, invite the business and mercantile community of Canada to join them in the promotion of an enterprise, based on the principle of moderate rates and extended business which, while injuring no one, they confidently expect will result in securing a large return to the investor, and prove a vast benefit to the community.

Allusion has been made to the voluntary reduction of rates by the Atlantic Cable Company. A Chicago paper, writing on the subject of the growing use of the Telegraph, gives the following return as obtained directly from Cyrus W. Field, showing very conclusively the benefit both to the public and the Company of the reduction of rates.

AVERAGE DAILY RECEIPTS.

From $100 per message of ten words	$2,525
do 50 do do	2,895
do 25 do do	3,965

An advertisement has recently appeared announcing to the public that the rates from 1st September, proximo, will be further reduced to $16.65 per ten words.

The following table shows the reduction which has been effected in rates in the neighboring States arising out of the construction of competing lines:—

From New York to	Former Rate.	Present Rate.
Boston	$ 60	$ 30
Bangor	1 20	65
Portland	90	50
Philadelphia	40	25
Baltimore	70	35
Washington	75	40
Augusta, Me	1 20	60
Cincinnati	1 00	1 00
Buffalo	75	50
Cleveland	1 95	1 00
Pittsburgh	1 15	45
Louisville	1 95	1 00

This reduction took place in November, 1867. A comparison of the receipts of the Western Union since that period with the corresponding months of the previous year gives the following results:—

Gross Receipts for

December, 1866.....$ 551,971 40; December, 1867.....$576,135 19; Increase.....$ 24,163 79
Jany., Feb., March, '67 4,594,644 96; Jany., Feb., March, '68 1,727,939 55; Increase..... 133,294 59
April, May, June, '67, 1,559,478 79; April, May, June, '68, 1,749,631 32; Increase..... 190,852 73

While these beneficial results were flowing to the Western Union Company from the reduction of rates, the new Companies had created a business more than sufficient to fill their wires. In proof of this the following extract is taken from the report of the Atlantic and Pacific Company, made July 28th, 1868:

"In April last we reached the maximum capacity of our wires, and have since been compelled to refuse business daily. The Committee, therefore, have reached the conclusion from the actual experience of building and working the present lines—that

"Telegraphic business is growing faster than Telegraphic facilities."

As further proof on this point, the low rates have so pressed the wires of both Companies with business through the day, that posters have been placed in all the main offices proclaiming that double the number of words would be telegraphed at night at the same price as half the number of words by day.

In support of the observation quoted above, that telegraphic business is growing faster than telegraphic facilities, the following statement exhibiting the wonderful increase in the use of the wire, within the last six years, cannot be without interest to our readers. The gross earnings of all telegraph lines in the United States for the following years were:—

1848	$ 4,228 77	1864	$3,792,245 40
1849	63,338 98	1865	4,420,268 88
1853	103,860 84	1866	5,624,101 20
1862	2,734,969 40	1867	7,641,552 47
1863	3,269,442 66		

Showing an average increase of a million a year for the last five years.

A comparison of the number of messages, and persons using the wire in Canada and the States, furnishes a further proof of the advantage to the public and corresponding benefit to the Companies arising out of a reduction of rates.

The published returns for 1867, show that 609,757 messages were sent in Canada, while the messages in the United States for the same period exceeded 20,900,000, the former being less than one message to every six persons, the latter, two to every three. From these returns and results it may be reasonably inferred that a reduction of rates to a tariff at which the wires of both Companies can be filled, will secure a fair field and good prospects to the Dominion Company without in any way prejudicing the interests of the Company now monopolizing the ground.

The particulars submitted above are sufficient in the opinion of the Directors to establish the fact that low rates, by encouraging a more general use of the telegraph, are more profitable than high. It is not, however, solely in the light of a safe and good investment that the Directors desire that this enterprise should be viewed. They feel that their object will be but indifferently attained unless they can satisfy the public, the business and commercial men, that all who use the telegraph as a medium of rapid communication, are interested in the establishment of what may be called a competing line. As in the administration of public affairs, a strong, watchful opposition, is the best security for good and careful government; so in commercial matters, an honest rivalry in the various pursuits and branches of trade furnishes the best security that the public shall be well served.

To apply the argument to the purpose in hand, the following table showing the inconsistencies, and, in many instances, the excessive rates now charged on messages passing between the cities and towns of Ontario, Quebec and the United states, will, it is believed, convince the reader that an honest competition is needed, not only for the reduction and adjustment of rates, but also to ensure that attention and care which would of necessity be enforced on the Company's competing for public favor, and thus tend greatly to promote the general interests of the community.

EXAMPLE OF PRESENT TARIFF RATES, WITH DISTANCES.

	MILES.	CANADA MONEY.
From Toronto to Suspension Bridge	82	40c
Do do Montreal	333	30
Do do Mitchell, Seaforth, Bothwell, Allan Craig, Caledonia, Chatham, Dunville, Newbury, Port Burwell, Port Colborne and many other places		40
Do do Kingston	160	25
Do do Quebec	505	50

Example at present tariff rates to Buffalo, and from thence to the following places, in U. S. currency, which reduced to Canada money at 45 per cent premium, makes the actual cost, as in second column:—

Price Collected at Toronto.	ACTUAL COST, BOTH TARIFFS.		
To New York ..... 80c.	From Toronto to Buffalo		30c
	Buffalo to New York.	50c	Reduced to Canada Money. 35c—$0 65
To Philadelphia $1 05	From Toronto to Buffalo		30c
	Buffalo to Philadelphia.	75c	Reduced to Canada Money. 52c—$0 82
To Washington $1 30	From Toronto to Buffalo		30c
	Buffalo to Washington.	90c	Reduced to Canada Money. 62c—$0 92
To Baltimore $1 30	From Toronto to Buffalo		30c
	Buffalo to Baltimore.	85c	Reduced to Canada Money. 59c—$0 89
To Chicago $1 35	From Toronto to Detroit		60c
	Detroit to Chicago.	75c	Reduced to Canada Money. 52c—$1 12
To New Orleans $3 05	From Toronto to Buffalo		30c
	Buffalo to New Orleans.	$2 75c	Reduced to Canada Money. $1 90c—$2 20

NOTE.—The same illustration may be applied to all the places in the United States. Canadians are obliged to pay a profit on the published rates.

Subscription Books will be opened at the Office of the Company, 83 King-st. east, on and after September 1st 1868.

H. B. REEVE,
Secretary.
Toronto, September 29, 1868. 860tf

Commission Merchants.

DOMINION AUCTION MART,
AND
COMMISSION SALE ROOMS,
HOUSE, LAND AND GENERAL AGENCY,
OFFICE AND SALE ROOMS
INGLIS' NEW BUILDINGS, SUSSEX-ST.,
OTTAWA.

The subscriber respectfully announces to the inhabitants of Ottawa and surrounding country that at the request of many friends he has decided on opening an extensive and well regulated Auction Mart in this city:

From arrangements made with some of the Furniture Manufactories of Western Ontario, a large and well selected stock of new furniture will be constantly on hand.

Public Sales will be held from time to time, of which due notice will be given, and at which parties requiring to furnish will have an opportunity of purchasing at unusually low rates. The Mart is now open with a large stock of new Furniture, as well as Pianos, Harmoniums, &c., &c., consigned for sale.

The subscriber would also intimate that he is the Sole Agent for Ottawa and territory for the sale of Rappe, Webber & Co.'s celebrated grand Pianos.

They are successors to the late John C. Fox, of Kingston, and the makers of his excellent Pianos.

From their long experience in Germany, Paris, and New York, they are universally admitted to be the best Piano Manufacturers on this continent.

The high reputation of the instruments made by them for the past ten years, and the increasing demand for them in the new Dominion, prove their very superior quality, and universally acknowledged merit.

The Pianos, as well as the Furniture in the establishment, will be sold either by private sale or auction.

He would also announce that he is prepared to receive instructions from persons having household furniture, horses, carriages, or real estate, to dispose of, and pledges himself that nothing will be left undone by him to give satisfaction in discharging the trust confided to him. He hopes that by strict attention to the sales entrusted to his care, as well as by prompt settlements immediately after, to merit a share of public patronage.

He will be in his office from 7 in the morning until 7 in the evening, when he can see parties who wish to arrange about their sales. Consignments from a distance will have immediate attention.

Cash advances, when required, will be made on consignments for immediate sale.

All kinds of furniture bought, sold or exchanged.

REFERENCES.

His Lordship the Bishop of Kingston,
Hon. Sir John A. Macdonald,
Hon. H. L. Langevin, C B,
Hon. Alex. Campbell, P M G,
R. W. Scott, Esq. M P P,
Walter Shanly, Esq, M P
Maz. W. Strange, Esq, M P P,
Francis H. Burton, Esq, M P
James O'Reilly, Esq, Q C,
H. V. Noel, Esq, Manager Quebec Bank, Ottawa.
Robert Lyon, Esq, M P P.

A smart young man wanted to act as travelling agent representing several firms.

J. BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer and Commission Merchant,
75 y House, Land and General Agent.

REMOVAL.

The subscribers beg to inform their customers and the public generally that they have removed to those spacious premises lately occupied by M. K. Dickinson, Canal Basin, and where will be found constantly on hand the following goods:

FLOUR,
PORK,
OATMEAL, &c.
ALSO ON HAND,
2,000 CORDS OF GOOD FIREWOOD,
and 500,000 sawed SHINGLES.

Wholesale and Commission Agents.

Goods forwarded with despatch between Ottawa, Kingston and Intermediate Ports, by the Steamer *Mary Ann*, and three barges.

Silver Taken at Par.

WM. H. EASTON & CO.,
Forwarders and Commission Merchants,
Canal Basin

For Sale or to Let.

TO LUMBERERS.—The subscriber is authorized to receive proposals for lease of the best STEAM MILL SITE on the River Ottawa, below the Chaudiere Falls. Very extensive storage for logs and piling ground. Lumber may be shipped direct from the mill.

R. H. HAYCOCK, Solicitor,
Ottawa.
Dec. 19, 1868. 918i

FOR SALE, OR TO LET for a term of years, BELLEGREEN COTTAGE and GROUNDS, say two and a half acres, situate on the Bank of the Rideau River, (Ottawa-st.) The Cottage is built of brick and tin roofed, with a gallery all round. The gardens and grounds are in a high state of cultivation. Large storeroom, stables, granary, coach and ice-house, woodsheds, &c., all in the best of order. It is one of the most healthy and comfortable residences for a private family in or about the city of Ottawa. For particulars apply to FRANCIS CLEMOW, Esq.—Office, Sparks-st., near the Russell House—or to the proprietor J. WADSWORTH.

Terms moderate. Possession given at any time to suit parties 927tf

VALUABLE FARMS FOR SALE.—Lot 21 in the 3rd Concession, Gloucester, Ottawa Front, 200 acres, about 80 cleared and under cultivation, with comfortable Dwelling and good Barn. The bush land is principally hardwood, and very valuable from its proximity to Ottawa. Also, Lot 22, in 3rd Concession, Gloucester, Ottawa Front, containing 200 acres, 20 acres cleared. The remainder of this lot is heavily wooded with hard and soft wood. These farms will be sold separately or together as may be desired. The short distance of only 3 miles from Ottawa makes the wood of greater value. These lands are well watered, of excellent soil, and would make a fine dairy farm. Apply to the Proprietor, C. SPARROW, or to D. O'CONNOR, Solicitor, Ottawa.

Ottawa, Nov. 25, 1868. 908tf

MEMBERS OF PARLIAMENT and others visiting the Capital can be accommodated with board and apartments, single or double, at a first-class Boarding House, within five minutes' walk of the Parliament Buildings. References given if required. Apply to MRS. W. PARDY, Wellington-st., Ottawa. 905-2m

ROOMS TO LET.

MRS. SMITH, Corner of Bank and Albert-sts., can rent TWO FURNISHED BEDROOMS and a SITTING ROOM. 868tf

FOR SALE.—The Westerly one-third of Lot No. 27, in First Concession, Ottawa Front, Nepean, and Lots Nos. 26 and 28, in the same concession, at present in the occupation of Wm. T. Aylen, Esq. For further particulars apply to JOHN and WM. THOMSON, Nepean, and LEWIS & PINSENT, Barristers, Ottawa. Jo2-141-tf

OTTAWA AND GLOUCESTER ROAD COMPANY.

Notice is hereby given that

THE DIRECTORS

Of the Ottawa and Gloucester Road Company

have this day made a further

CALL OF TEN PER CENT.

on the additional capital stock of the said company, which call they require the holders of such stock to pay to the undersigned at the OFFICE of W. M. MATHESON, Esq., in this city, on

Saturday, the Twentieth day of February Next.

By order,
W. H. FALLS,
Sec.-Treas.
Dated this 19th January, 1869. 952td

FLOWER BULBS.

Shipped per *Hibernian*, and to arrive in a few days, a very superior assortment of

HYACINTH, TULIP AND OTHER FALL BULBS.

These Bulbs will be found superior to anything yet imported.

WILLIAM HEARN,
Market Drug Store,
York-st.
Ottawa, October 17, 1868. 874tf

BOARD AND LODGING.—Comfortable Rooms, with Board and Lodging, can be obtained on Maria-st. Apply at the TIMES Office. Ottawa, January 14, 1869. 947d

A FEW GENTLEMEN can be accommodated with BOARD by applying at MRS. DUIGNAN'S, 948a Sparks-st.

Medical Cards.

DR. J. A. BECKETT, Surgeon Dentist Dental Rooms—Over Messrs. Durie & Son's Bookstore, directly opposite the Russell House No. 10, Sparks-street, Ottawa. 835 3m38y

EDWARD C. MALLOCH, M.D., M. R. C. S. Duke-st, LeBreton's Flats, "opposite the well." Office hours from 8.30 to 10.30 a.m., and 3 to 5 p.m. dw

DR. O. C. WOOD, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Ottawa. Day office opposite Magee & Russell's, Sparks-street, Centre Town. Night office at his residence, Maria-street, Centre Town. CANCERS CURED, without the use of the knife, by a new, but certain, speedy, and almost painless process. References given to parties successfully treated, if required. 17w100y

DR. C. LEGGO, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Office—Hunton's Block, Sparks-street.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN, Dentist. Office—Sparks-st. east, Central Ottawa. 34utf

DR. C. A. MARTIN, Dentist. Office—Sussex-street, over Messrs. Campbell & Co.'s, Grocers. 34utf

DR. GEORGE HUTCHISON, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street, opposite Magee & Russell's. 576y

DR. W. J. HENRY, Corner of Kent and Wellington-streets, Ottawa. 43utf

Hotels and Saloons.

PICKWICK HOUSE,
Corner James and King-sts.,
Opposite the Court House and Public Offices, ST. CATHARINES, Ont.
E. HOUGHTON, Proprietor,
(Late of Houghton's Dining Saloon.)
A spacious sample-room for commercial men. 859y

OTTAWA HOUSE.

Corner of Main and Prince of Wales-streets Pembroke, Ontario.

Stages in connection with the steamers *Jason Gould, Pembroke* and *Pontiac*.

Particular attention paid to the comfort of guests. Good rooms for commercial travellers. Horses and vehicles always on hand.

J. COPELAND,
Proprietor.
Pembroke, Aug. 1, 1868. 809y

TORONTO HOUSE, Sparks-st.

MRS. TROTTER begs to announce that she has at present several commodious and handsomely furnished suites of apartments, in every respect eligible for civil or military officers, or private gentlemen remaining in the city. 775tf

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,
M. KAVANAGH, *Proprietor*,
Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings.

The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brandies, Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.

Oysters, Game &c., daily

THE METROPOLITAN,
AUMOND'S BLOCK,
Rideau Street Ottawa.
292tf P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.

DOMINION HOUSE,
WELLINGTON-STREET.

The undersigned, formerly head waiter at the Russell House, begs to notify his friends and the public generally that he has leased the above hotel, which is now well furnished, and will be kept as a first class house. The bar is well stocked with the choicest brands of liquors. The table will be furnished with the best the market affords. Good yard and stabling attached to the premises. 658y GEORGE IRVINE.

Miscellaneous.

I. B. TACKABERRY, Auction Rooms No. 56, Rideau-street, below Whyte's Stationery Store. The sale of Real Estate at Auction or private sale promptly attended to. Consignments received and immediate attention will be paid. Sales attended in any of the city or country. 693y

R. SPARKS, Provincial Land Surveyor, Draughtsman, &c., (commissioned for Upper and Lower Canada.) Office and residence, Gloucester, near Ottawa. Surveys of every description executed with accuracy. Communications addressed Ottawa City, (post-paid), or left at the office of N. Sparks, Solicitor, City Ottawa, will receive prompt attention. 55 y

R. BILLINGS, Jr., Architect, Elgin street opposite the Post Office.
REFERENCES.—H. A. Sims, Esq. Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq. Architect, Albany; Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq Managing Director O. & St L. R. R. 740t

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale. Office: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

O'CONNOR & WALLER, Exchange Brokers, Fire, Life and Accidental Insurance, Commission and Collecting Agents.
Office, No. 27, Sussex-street, Ottawa.
R. E. O'CONNOR. 378y W. N. WALLER.

OLIVER & ANNABLE, Wholesale Manufacturers of Bedsteads, Chairs, &c., Chaudiere Island, Ottawa, C. W.
506y JOHN OLIVER, WILLIAM ANNABLE.

R. H. McGREEVY, Contractor and Builder. Office: North side York Street, second door from Sussex Street. 78y

PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS, &c.,

Prepared for buildings of every description, by SIDNEY B. FRIPP, Architect, 711tf Wellington-st.

COAL! COAL!

NEWCASTLE GRATE,
(Screened.)
SCACKAWANNA,
(Egg and Stove Sizes.)
LEHIGH,
(Lump and Egg Sizes.)
BLACKSMITH'S,
$6 per Chaldron.

For Sale by
D. W. COWARD & CO.,
Commission Merchants,
912.3m Office—17 Sparks-st.

Everybody is getting them.

A NOVELTY,

THE MAGIC WINDOW CURTAIN ROLLER,

The best ever invented, 1 Roller and Bottom Slat, and 5 pieces of casting, all for 25 cents, to fit every window,

AT THE VARIETY HALL.
ALSO, A

NEW PATENT CLOTHES DRYER,

AT THE VARIETY HALL.

And what every house requires where there is a grate is the

BLOWER STAND,
to be had only
AT THE VARIETY HALL.

HOTEL & SALOON KEEPERS

Remember the best assortment of Tumblers, Decanters and Labeled Bottles in the Dominion is at the Variety Hall.

JOSEPH BOYDEN.

THE UNION FORWARDING AND RAILWAY COMPANY.

THE ANNUAL MEETING
OF THE
SUBSCRIBERS OF STOCK,
OF THE
Union Forwarding and Railway Company,
will be held at
THEIR OFFICE in the CITY OF OTTAWA,
ON
Wednesday, 10th day of February, Next,
at TWELVE o'clock, noon, for the
ELECTION OF DIRECTORS,
and the transaction of general business.

By order,
R. S. CASSELS,
President.
Ottawa, January 22, 1869. 954td

Legal Cards.

MACPHERSON, KENNEDY & CHRISTIE, Barristers, &c., Lang's Block, Elgin-st., Ottawa.
J. P. MACPHERSON, C. KENNEDY, A. J. CHRISTIE.

J. W. W. WARD, of the late firm of Lewis Pinhey & Ward, has removed his Chancery Office to Bell's Law Chambers, opposite Russell House, Elgin-st. dw

NICHOLAS SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

E. A. MARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 902y

MOSGROVE & TAILLON, Barristers, Solicitors, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.
WILLIAM MOSGROVE. 366tf GEORGE TAILLON.

N. TETREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post Office. 390tf

LAPIERRE & HAYCOCK, Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers and Notaries Public, Corner of Sussex and York-streets, Ottawa. 368y

D. O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c, Sussex-street. Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 55y

R. H. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Post Office Building, Elgin-street, Ottawa. 43utf

P. J. BUCKLEY, L.L.B., Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, and Notary Public. Office—over Mr. Luke Currier's Boot and Shoe Store, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 334y

LEES & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. Office—In the Court House, Ottawa.
ROBERT LEES. 43utf JOHN J. GEMMELL.

EDWARD T. DARTNELL, Barrister, Solicitor, Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the Court House, L'Orignal. 24-6m

Educational.

EDUCATION—CLASSICAL AND GENERAL.

THE REV. GEO. NOEL HIGGINSON, M. A. Incumbent of New Edinburgh, the with especial sanction of the Bishop of the Diocese, receives a limited number of the sons of gentlemen as morning pupils.

Residence—Dalhousie-st., Ottawa.
Terms made known on application. 940tf

ST. ALBAN'S SCHOOL,
DALY-ST.

PRINCIPAL:
REV. BICKERTON A. EDWARDS, B. A., (ex-scholar Jesus Coll., Oxford.)

Business will be resumed on MONDAY, JAN. 4th. Hours of Study—9:30 a.m. to 12:30, and 2 to 4 p.m.

SCHOOL FEES.—For Sound Commercial and English Education, $5 per term. Higher Mathematics, Latin, Greek, French and Music, (each) $2 per term EXTRA.

The school year will, as hitherto, be divided into three terms.

A reduction made for brothers, and for payments made in the first week of term. 953tf

MUSICAL ACADEMY.

Mr. GUSTAVE SMITH, (Organist of the Cathedral) a Graduate of the Imperial Conservatory of Paris. Lessons on Piano and Singing. Rideau-street, corner of King-street
Ottawa, June 23, 1868. 775y

PIANO-FORTE TUITION.

W. C. CLARK, Professor of Music and Teacher of Piano, Voice and Harmony. Also, Mrs. Clark, Teacher of Drawing and Painting. Music Rooms and Residence, O'Connor-street, corner of Slater-street, Centre Town.

Orders may be left at his residence or at Orme & Son's Music Store. 452

THE SISTERS
OF THE
CONGREGATION DE NOTRE DAME,
FROM MONTREAL,

respectfully inform the public that they will open a branch of their

Educational Establishment in Ottawa.

Their classes will begin on the 15th OCTOBER. For particulars and terms apply to the

LADY SUPERIORESS,
863tf Corner of O'Connor and Maria-sts.

Druggists.

HOLIDAY PRESENTS
AT
THE MEDICAL HALL,
28 Sparks-st., Ottawa.

Toilet Boxes in variety,
Rimmel's New Perfumes,
Cambridge Bouquet,
Oxford Bouquet,
English Lavender Water,
Silver Top Smelling Bottles,
Scotch Plaid Smelling Bottles,
Improved Perfumed Distributors,
&c., &c., &c.

A complete stock just received of Toilet Articles, Patent Medicines,

Genuine Drugs and Chemicals,
Druggists' Sundries of all descriptions.
W. M. HARVEY,
Family and Dispensing Chemist.

Due Works.

BRANCH OF
ST. LAWRENCE DYE WORKS,
Elgin-st., (*Opposite the Russell House,*) Ottawa, Ont.

MACDONALD & CO.,
SILK AND WOOLLEN DYERS,
Scourers, Hot Pressers, &c.

Gentlemen's Clothes cleaned and dyed. Kid

The Times

VOL. IV. NO. 956. OTTAWA, MONDAY, JANUARY 25, 1869. PRICE—3 CENTS.

Groceries.

GARDENER'S

BAKING POWDER.

In 1 lb. Packets for 25 cents. | And 6 Packets for $1.25.

TEN REASONS

Why it Should be Used in Preference to all Others:

1st. Bread or Cakes made with it are more wholesome than if made with Yeast or any other process.

2nd. Its purity is such that it will stand the test of the most perfect analysis.

3rd After having been extensively used for the last 14 years in not one instance has it failed to give entire satisfaction.

4th. Families that have used it pronounce it the best, and will use no other.

5th. It contains no Saleratus, nor does it impair the digestive organs like those powders where Soda or an excess of Alkali predominates.

6th. It never gives to Bread or Cakes an unpleasant Alkaline or mawkish taste.

7th. The ingredients that form its composition are more beneficial than otherwise.

8th. Dyspeptic subjects can eat hot Bread or Rolls made with it and derive benefit by its use.

9th. Every Packet contains its full weight; one pound packets weigh 16 ounces.

10. It is all that it is represented to be, namely:

Unrivalled for Purity and Cheapness.

Sole Agents for Ottawa,

J. G. ROBINSON & Co.,
The Tea Pot.

The Trade supplied at the Manufacturer's prices.

Ottawa, December 16, 1868. 886-6m

Dry Goods.

H. HICK & CO.

Have removed to their NEW STORE, in Stewart's Block, Corner of Rideau and Sussex-sts. where they will offer, in connection with their goods,

$30,000 WORTH OF DRY GOODS

Purchased at Public Auction lately, from the immense Bankrupt Stock of the late firm of DESMARTERY, JORDAINE & Co., of Montreal, and sold on account of T. JAMES CLAXTON. The goods are all new and of very superior quality, being imported expressly for a fashionable Montreal trade; and, as they have succeeded in purchasing the goods far below the sterling cost, they are prepared to offer bargains never before offered in this city. The following are some of the lines of goods offered, viz:

		s. d.		s. d.
100 pieces	different qualities Black Silks			
80 do	Single width plain Wincey	5	worth	6 6
100 do	Fancy, single width Wincey	7½	"	1 0
62 do	Double width plain Wincey	7½	"	1 0
80 do	Double Delaines	7½	"	1 3
70 do	do Poplin	7½	"	1 0
150 do	do Cobourg	7½	"	1 3
150 do	Assort'd Dress Goods	9	"	1 6
33 do	Empress Regs	1 6	"	2 0
60 do	Ill's French Merino	1 6	"	2 0
75 do	Fancy Colors—your choice for	2		
100 do	Black Empress Rep only	10	"	2 0

Also, a splendid assortment of
Hannibal Cloths, Oriental Lustres, Livini Poplins, Albertoona Cloths, Princess Alexandra Embossed Poplins, Mandarin Lustres, Eugenia Reps, &c.

1,000 doz. FRINGED TOWELS, all linen, 6d each.

SHAWLS

35 Filled Shawls.
83 Shepherd Long Shawls
101 Fancy, all wool Longs
167 Assorted Square Shawls.

COTTONS.

120 pieces	Grey Cotton, 14 yards wide, for	6 d	
160 do	Bleached Horrocks and Millars	6½d	
165 do	Good Prints	4 d	
205 do	Best English Prints, Hoyle's and Ashton's	6½d	
159 do	French Calicos, in choice patterns	6 d	

CLOTHS.

		s. d.		s. d.
20 pieces	Waterproof	7		
80 do	Double Width Overcoating	2 9	worth	7 6
35 do	Scotch Tweeds	2 6	do	3 0
100 do	Canadian Tweeds	1 3	do	2 6
160 do	Full Cloth, very heavy	2 9	do	3 6

Also, a splendid lot o

BROAD CLOTHS, BEAVERS,
Witneys, Mantle Cloths,
BLACK DOES, &c., &c., &c.,
at correspondingly low prices.

85 PIECES DOMINION TWEED,
Something New—one of the heaviest cloths made—*a great sacrifice.*

1,000 doz TABLE NAPKINS, all Linen, only 6s 3d per dozen.

SHIRTS! SHIRTS! SHIRTS!

1,000 Flannel Shirts, only	2 6	
260 White Cotton Shirts, only	3 9	
300 Under Shirts, only	3 3	
300 Hoepler's heaviest make, Ribbed	5 0	worth 8 9

Paper Collars—100 collars for 3s 9d.

500 pieces	2¼-yards wide Linen Sheeting	3 3	worth 5
5 do	2-yards wide, Union Sheeting	1	do 3
81 do	Table Damask and 300 Damask Table Cloths, at a frightful sacrifice		

Also, Red and White Flannels, Canadian Shirting Flannels, Hoop Skirts, Crash Towellings, Irish Linen, Clouds, Breakfast Shawls, Hemp Carpets, &c., &c.

CORSETS, 2s 6d.

Blankets—A large lot of slightly damaged Blankets for about half price.
1,000 Linen Bags, 1s, worth 1s 6d; 40 cases Men's Heavy Boots, very low; 3 cases Men's Heavy French Calf, 12s 6d. Also, a heavy stock of Gentlemen's Clothing.

$3.50	OVERCOATS.
4.00	heavy OVERCOATS.
90 cts. up	PANTS.
50 cts. to $1.25	VESTS.
$8.00	Black Broadcloth FALL SUITS.

A large staff of polite and attentive salesmen will be in readiness to wait on customers.

H. HICK & CO.

Customers will please report any inattention on the part of salesmen.

AT CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S

BOULEVARD FELT UNDERSKIRT,

BEAUTY, ECONOMY & DURABILITY.

AT

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S

No. 14, RIDEAU-ST.

REMOVAL TO NO. 34, SPARKS-ST.

T. RAJOTTE

having removed to more commodious premises, takes pleasure in announcing to his numerous customers and the public generally that he has now a large and well selected stock of

STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS,
consisting of

Flannels	Black Cloths
Winceys	Beaver Cloths
Cottons	Meltons
Prints	Tweeds
&c.	&c.

We have also on hand a large assortment of READY-MADE CLOTHING, which, being manufactured on the premises, we can recommend, and sell cheaper than any shop in this city.

THE TAILORING DEPARTMENT.

This department is under the superintendence of a well-known first-class cutter and workman. All orders punctually attended to.

Don't forget the place, No. 34, Sparks-st. Store lately occupied by G. Fetherston & Co., next door to Magee & Russell's old store.

T. RAJOTTE

88 y

LOST, on the evening of the 7th instant, at the Concert at Aylmer, from the village back to Ottawa, one parcel containing one ORGEE SILK DRESS and BLACK LACE SHAWL. Whoever found the parcel will please leave it at the Convent of the Grey Nuns, where they will be suitably rewarded.

OTTAWA, Jany. 18, 1869. 956tf

Groceries.

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS

—FROM—

OPORTO, SPAIN, COGNAC

AND LONDON.

Consisting of

PORT, SHERRY, BRANDY, GIN AND SCOTCH WHISKEY, &c.

PICKLES, SAUCES, JAMS & JELLIES &c., &c., &c.,

FROM CROSSE & BLACKWELL.

—LIKEWISE,—

A FULL assortment of FRESH FRUIT, the BEST in market.

TABLE and Cooking RAISINS, CURRANTS, &c.

FLAVOURING EXTRACTS and SPICES—Genuine.

PRESERVED and CAN FRUITS, assorted to suit the holiday season.

ALMERIA GRAPES, FRESH FIGS and PORTUGUESE ONIONS.

50 TINS NEW HONEY, in 5 lb. and 8 lb. tins.

200 STILTON CHEESE, 6 lbs. to 8 lbs. size, from Reesor Brothers' celebrated factory.

SHERRY-WINE—Good Table Wine—$1.25 to $2.00.

PORT WINE—Good Table Wine $1.50 to $4.50.

ALL KINDS of GENUINE LIQUORS. Price according to age and quality.

100 BOXES DIGBY HERRINGS—large boxes at 75 cts. each.

LABRADOR HERRINGS, the very best, in barrels and half barrels.

10 CASES SCOTCH LING—Good.

TEAS—Black, Green and Japans—Warranted Good, and selected for family use.

SUGARS and STRUPS of all grades.

COFFEES—Always Fresh—Best Brands—Try them.

TOBACCOS—The Finest Qualities—Virginia make in cut, tin foil and plug.

A GENERAL assortment of the different kinds of *GROCERIES AND LIQUORS* on hand. Wholesale and Retail, at the *LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICES* for Warranted Goods. A trial of the articles will recommend them.

For sale at

THOS. PATTERSON'S,
No. 26, Rideau-street.

Ottawa, November 27, 1868. 878

JUST RECEIVED,
AT THE
INDIA WAREHOUSE,
No. 16, RIDEAU-ST.,

And for sale cheap, by

D. T. BROWNE & CO.,
Wholesale and Retail

Grocers, Wine and Spirit Merchants,

FRESH OYSTERS, in Tins.
PRESERVED OYSTERS do
FRESH HALIBUT do
FRESH SALMON do
FRESH MACKEREL do
FRESH LOBSTERS do
GREEN PEAS do
LEMON, GINGER, ORANGE,
Banana, Peach, Blackberry, Raspberry and Strawberry Syrups.
RASPBERRY VINEGAR,
FRY'S Chocolate and Cocoa,
COTT'S Cocoa Paste,
MORTON'S Bloater Paste,
TOMATO and other Catsups,
ANCHOVY Paste,
STRASBURGH Meats,
POTTED Beef and Tongues
PRESERVES and Jellies, a great variety,
ORANGE Marmalade,
MORRISON, TAYLOR & Co.'s
Celebrated Sugar Cured Hams and Breakfast Roll Bacon.
PICKLED Salmon,
PICKLED Mackerel,
PICKLED HERRINGS,
In Half Barrels, Barrels and Tierces,
DRY Codfish,
DRY Haddock,
FINNAN Haddies, &c., &c.,

And a full stock of Choice Family Groceries.

Ottawa, Nov. 3, 1868.

BOTTLED ALE,

BOTTLED ALE.

The subscriber would call the attention of Families and others to his

FINE BOTTLED ALE

Which is in splendid condition. Also,

SCOTCH, IRISH, OLD RYE,
And other Malt Whiskies,
PORTS, SHERRIES, BRANDIES, GIN, &c.,

To other with a General Assortment of FIRST-CLASS GROCERIES.

A call solicited.

D. WHELAN,
44, Rideau-street,
Opposite Allan's Crockery Store

Ottawa, Jan. 20, 18 8.

Everybody is getting them.

A NOVELTY,

THE MAGIC WINDOW CURTAIN ROLLER,

The best ever invented, 1 Roller and Bottom Slat, and 5 pieces of casting, all for 25 cents, to fit every window.

AT THE VARIETY HALL.

ALSO, A

NEW PATENT CLOTHES DRYER,

AT THE VARIETY HALL.

And what every house requires where there is a grate is the

BLOWER STAND,
to be had only
AT THE VARIETY HALL.

HOTEL & SALOON KEEPERS

Remember the best assortment of Tumblers, Decanters and Labeled Bottles in the Dominion is at the Variety Hall.

JOSEPH BOYDEN.

Stoves & Hardware.

BLYTH & KERR,

Not 25 RIDEAU-ST.,

Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters, Tin and Copper Smiths, Bell Hangers, &c., &c.

A large stock of materials for the above branches of business constantly on hand.

Importers of
HOUSE FURNISHING HARDWARE.

STOVES! STOVES!
STOVES!

Hall, Fancy, Parlour and Cook Stoves, in great variety.

Agents for Eaton's Patent Automatic, Self-Ventilating, Wood and Coal stoves. Also Beecher & Co.'s celebrated

HOT AIR FURNACES.

Public and Private Buildings, Conservatories, Vineries, Manufactories, &c., warmed by Steam, Hot Water, or Warm Air, on the latest and most approved principles.

SKATES, SKATES, SKATES,
AT THE
SIGN OF THE ANVIL, No. 24, RIDEAU-ST.,

where you can get a complete assortment of SKATES of all sizes, and at any price to suit purchasers, from 25 cents to $3.50 per pair. In the assortment will be found

The celebrated Sheffield Club,
" " Canadian Favorite,
" " Central Park do
and all other English and German Patterns.

Skate Straps, oil polishes, &c., &c.

Also, a general assortment of
SHELF & HEAVY HARDWARE,
consisting in part of
GENERAL HOUSE FURNISHING,
Butcher Knives, Knives and Forks,
Pocket Knives, Table Spoons,
Tea Spoons, Tea Trays, Table Mats,
Butts, Screws, Locks,
Bolts, Catches, Latches,
Axes, Saws, Planes, Squares,
Hammers, Spokeshaves, Gouges,
Chisels, Augers, Augur Bits,
Steel Bits, Bevels,
Levels, Boring Machines,
Draw Knives, &c., &c., &c.

Together with
PAINT OF ALL COLORS,
Rose Pink, Burnt Umber,
Terra de Senna, Chrome Yellow,
Yellow Ochre, Celestial Blue,
Paris Green, Brunswick Green,
Magnesia Green, Venetian Red,
Red Lead, White Lead, in oil or dry,
Drop Black, Ivory Black,
Lamp Black, Boiled Oil,
Raw Oil, Turpentine,
Benzole, Coal Oil,
Paint Brushes,
Varnishes, &c.

THOS. BIRKETT,
Sign of the Anvil,
No. 24, Rideau-st.

P. S.—All goods delivered free to any part of the city. 408y

Fine Arts.

NOTICE.

The undersigned begs to state that he has OPENED AN OFFICE

OVER A. McCORMICK'S STORE,

SPARKS-STREET,

Where all orders for the

CANADA GAZETTE,

AND FOR

PRINTING, BINDING, OR STATIONERY,

may be sent, and will be promptly attended to as usual, arrangements having been made to prevent any interruption to the business.

Mr. Desbarats feels grateful for the sympathy tendered him on all sides, and hopes to see his patrons and friends in his new office.

GEORGE E. DESBARATS.

Ottawa, January 21, 1869. 954tf

A COMPLETE

Assortment at the CANADA GAZETTE Office of

PRANG'S CHROMOS;

of which Frederic E. Church, the great American artist, says: "They are certainly most skilfully and artistically executed." And John G. Whittier, "I had no idea they were home productions; I am glad to know that such beautiful work is done here." And Bayard Taylor: "Your illuminations of the Beatitudes are really superb." And Wendell Phillips; "I congratulate you on your success, which I consider marvellous," &c.

Among them the following are the most attractive:

Horses in a Storm. (After R. Adams.)
The two Friends. (Child and Dog, after Gerard.)
Sunset in California. (After Bierstadt.)
Sunlight in Winter. (After Morvillier.)
The Barefooted Boy. (After Whittier.)
Early Autumn on Esopus Creek, N. Y. (After A. T. Bricher.)
Late Autumn in the White Mountains. (After A. T. Bricher.)
Six American Landscapes. (After A. T. Bricher.)
Easter Morning. [After Mrs. James M. Hart.]
The Beatitudes of Our Lord, most magnificently illuminated.
Illuminated School Room Cards, with mottoes taken from Scripture.
Illuminated crosses, Book Marks, Rewards of Merit.
The Language of Flowers, Wood and Sea Mosses, Ferns, Flowers, &c.
"OLD MOTHER HUBBARD," The most elegant juvenile book of the season," superbly illustrated and illuminated.

Prang's Chromos are offered at 20 per cent. below the publisher's prices at the

CANADA GAZETTE OFFICE,
Sparks-st., Ottawa.

Stationery.

CARTER'S
COMBINED WRITING & COPYING INK.

THE ADVANTAGES OF THIS OVER OTHER INKS ARE:

First. It flows freely from the pen, and does not thicken by exposure to the air.
Second. It will give a perfect and instantaneous copy.
Third. It will not mould.
Fourth. Being equally as good for Copying as for Book-keeping, it entirely does away with the use of two kinds of Ink.
Fifth. It is more permanent than common Inks.
Sixth. The color, when first written, is a beautiful dark green, but in a remarkably short time it changes to a BRILLIANT JET BLACK—not a brownish black.
Seventh. It is admirably adapted to the most delicate writing, and ALWAYS "makes its mark."

This Ink is warranted to flow as freely as Arnold's, or any other Writing Fluid now in use; to give as perfect a copy as any Copying Ink; and not to mould.

Parties using Carter's Ink, and What They Say About it.

Post Office—"Best ink, by far; have used it for years."
Harnden Express Company—"Tried every kind, and give this the preference."
Bank of the Metropolis—"Grand, good ink; use it altogether."
Hamilton Bank—"We use Carter's ink, and think it the best."
Jordon, Marsh & Co.—"Would not take any other as a gift."
J. R. Palmer & Co.—"It writes splendidly and copies beautifully."
American Bank Note Company—"Never used any ink we liked so well."
Paymaster's Office—"Best ink ever made in this or any other country."
Post Office, Philadelphia—"I give it a preference over any other ink I have ever used. It flows freely, and does not gum with exposure.
W. M. Ireland, Chief Clerk.

Wholesale and Retail at the
CANADA GAZETTE OFFICE.

NEW PUBLICATION.

CHRONICLES OF CANADA.

BY

H. BEAUMONT SMALL, S.C.L.

Price, 50 cents. For sale by the publisher,

GEORGE E. DESBARATS.

Dry Goods.

Shewing This Day.

GRANT & HENDERSON.

No. 20, Rideau-st.

Are offering an extensive Stock of

DRESS GOODS.

WINCIES,

SHAWLS and

BLANKETS,

AT THE LOWEST CASH PRICES.

N. B.—An extensive assortment of general DRY GOODS always in stock.

LATEST STYLES AND FASHIONS.

INSPECTION INVITED.

No. 20, Rideau-st.

CLOTHING,
CHEAP AND FASHIONABLE,
READY-MADE AND TO ORDER.

O'MEARA & CO.,

ESTABLISHED IN 1844,

Offer for sale an extensive importation of FALL AND WINTER GOODS, comprising Ready-made Clothing, Canadian Tweeds, Etoffes, Satinetts; also a large stock of Blankets, Flannels, Kerseys, Gray Cottons, Prints, Winceys, Plaids, &c., &c.; Broadcloths, Beavers, Witneys, Petershams, Doyens, &c.; Bedford Cords, Silk Mixtures, West of England Tweeds, Doeskins, &c., wholesale and retail, which will be made up to order on the shortest notice in the latest styles of fashion and at prices that

DEFY COMPETITION.

A general assortment of Dry Goods, the largest stock ever offered for sale in this city.

$1.25 BLANKETS $6.00. $3.00
TAILORING DEPARTMENT.

Particular attention given to the Tailoring Department, which is under the supervision of a first-class cutter.

$2 ..... GREY ETOFFE PANTS,
$4.50 ..... GOOD PEA JACKETS,
$4 ..... OVERCOATS,
$9 ..... COMPLETE SUITS,
$1 ..... GOOD VESTS,
75 CTS., $1 and $1.25 ..... UNDERSHIRTS,
75 CTS., $1 and $1.25 ..... DRAWERS

A DUFF. O'MEARA & CO.
Ottawa, October 27 1868. 882y

FRESH ARRIVALS.

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!

THOS. & W. HUNTON!

Have just opened out the contents of 44 packages of NEW GOODS, comprising

1 CASE SILKS, in plain and fancy colors, splendid value.
1 CASE VELVETEENS,
3 BALES WHITE COTTONS,
1 " WHITE COTTON SHEETING,
6 " GRAY COTTONS,
2 CASES LINENS, assorted,
1 " BLACK CLOTHS,
2 " BLACK & COLORED OVERCOATINGS,
1 BALE WHITE FLANNELS,
1 " GRAY FLANNELS,
1 " SCARLET FLANNEL
4 " BLANKETS,
2 " HEMP CARPETS
3 " WOOL CARPETS,
10 " TAPESTRY CARPETS, this season's new patterns,
3 " CANADIAN TWEEDS.

as greatly reduced prices.

All of the above goods being marked off, and ready for inspection. We would specially invite intending purchasers to call and examine them.

THOS. & W. HUNTON,
47 and 49 Sparks-st.

Boots & Shoes.

ANGUS & HUCKELL'S

CLEARING SALE

OF

BOOTS, SHOES AND RUBBERS,

No. 15, Sussex-st.

ANGUS & HUCKELL are selling out their entire stock of BOOTS, SHOES, RUBBERS, &c., at a tremendous sacrifice.

GO TO ANGUS & HUCKELL'S Clearing Sale, and get a pair of good PRUNELLA BOOTS, and a pair of RUBBERS for $1.50.

YOU can get a pair of Men's Cloth Rubber OVERSHOES for 75 cents, at ANGUS & HUCKELL'S Clearing Sale.

WOMEN'S RUBBERS, 50 cents; and MEN'S, 65 cents, during the Clearing Sale.

GO EARLY and secure bargains.

NOW is the time to purchase BOOTS and SHOES, as they are being sold under cost at ANGUS & HUCKELL'S Clearing Sale.

NO one need be without BOOTS when they are sold so cheap at ANGUS & HUCKELL'S Clearing Sale.

A CLEAR saving of money by buying Boots during the Clearing Sale at ANGUS & HUCKELL'S.

ENORMOUS reductions on all CLOTH and FELT GOODS as they must all be sold out without reserve.

GO and see for yourselves.

ANNOUNCEMENT!

W. A. LAMB,

KEEPER OF THE RED BOOT, &c., &c.

To all the loyal inhabitants of the Metropolitan and surrounding Counties, sends greeting:

And while thus publicly wishing to all

"A Merry Christmas and Happy New Year,"

takes pleasure also in announcing that he will hold

PUBLIC RECEPTIONS DAILY,

at from 7:30 a.m., until 7 p.m., when he will be pleased to meet with those who desire to call upon him.

N B.—As all will probably wish to retain a Souvenir of their visit, it will be satisfactory to know that there is a magnificent assortment of Boots and Shoes on hand to choose from, and any of which will be GIVEN AWAY for a small consideration.

Don't forget the place, No. 28, Sussex-st., opposite the Barracks.

GENUINE CLEARING SALE

OF

BOOTS AND SHOES,

AT THE OLD

CROSBY STAND, NO. 51, SPARKS-ST.

The whole of

THE BANKRUPT STOCK,

comprising the latest styles and best qualities of

LADIES', GENT'S, MISSES' & CHILDREN'S

DRESS & WALKING BOOTS,

suitable for FALL & WINTER WEAR. Also, a large stock of Men's and Women's Coarse Boots, Moose Mocassins, Buck Moose and Sheep Mitts, Beef Mocassins, Felt Over-shoes, Rubbers, &c., all of which will be sold at great reductions from former prices. Lumberman and country merchants are requested to bear in mind that there is a large stock of handmade boots to be disposed of at the aforesaid reduction in prices.

The public generally are invited to call and examine the stock and prices, which we know cannot fail to give satisfaction to all.

Remember the place, the old Crosby Stand, opposite O'Meara's, No. 51, Sparks-st.

A. J. STEPHENS & CO.

Ottawa, Oct. 20 868. 876y

CHEAP BOOTS & SHOES
AT THE
CAPITAL
BOOT & SHOE STORE,
YORK-ST.

I have now received my fall and winter stock of

BOOTS AND SHOES,

which will be found complete; being selected with care, it will not fail to give general satisfaction.

In Ladies', Misses' and Children's ware I have everything that can possibly be required for the season, and at much lower figures than ever before offered.

Men's ware in Calf, Kipp, Cowhide Boots; Men's Strong Working Boots as low as $2 per pair.

Boy's and Youth's equally low.

A large supply of New English Kipp Boots, made, the most suitable ware for Lumbermen, constantly on hand and made by the very best workmen. Orders taken for all kinds of work.

429 GEORGE MURPHY.

BOARD AND LODGING.—Comfortable Rooms, with Board and Lodging, can be obtained on Maria-st. Apply at the TIMES Office.

Ottawa, January 14, 1869. 947d

THE RESERVE FORCE.

From the United Service Gazette.

Matters have so far progressed in the preparations for enrollment of this branch of the Militia Force of the Dominion, that we believe we are justified in saying that it will be completed by the 28th of February, the time required by law. The appointment of the regimental staff officers of this force will be one of the most important proceedings connected with the carrying out of the new militia act, and particularly of the commanders of regimental districts, inasmuch as on them will depend the prompt filling up of the active force, and the procuring of men in case of invasion, or should the Government require them. Where military, combined with other qualifications, can be found, it will, doubtless, be the desire and the policy of the Government to employ it; but where these elements together do not exist, the law provides a means by which those appointed to responsible positions may acquire a knowledge of their duties, and it should be the determination of all gentlemen who accept command to exert themselves in such a way, that on any occasion where the Reserve force may be called out, whether for inspection or active service, they may be able to acquit themselves in a soldierly manner. The appointment of some six thousand officers to this force is of itself a matter of magnitude; but the establishment of our admirable military school system will greatly facilitate the authorities in making proper selections, as where a sufficient number of Passed Candidates exist, the Government, having an exact knowledge of their qualifications, certified to by regular officers, will have no difficulty in making proper appointments. Where these qualifications are not known to exist, the compliance with a regulation for the acquisition of a certain amount of military knowledge, within a fixed period, ought to be rigidly insisted upon, as a consideration without which no officer should be allowed to retain his position; and wherever it is possible such knowledge should be had before appointments take place. This much is due to those who have already gone to the trouble and expense of attaining a military education, as well as to the efficiency and discipline of the force, and Lieutenant Colonels placed in command should be impressed with the justice and importance in selecting their officers for recommendation to His Excellency, the Commander-in-Chief.

From the United Service Gazette.

"RIFLE SHOOTING."—LA. A. L. RUSSELL, now of Toronto, and Secretary of the Rifle Club there, but well known in the capital, and among riflemen generally, as an enthusiastic devotee of the target and rifle, will shortly issue an illustrated handbook, containing remarks on the theory and practice; directions for target practice; rules of Dominion of Canada and national rifle associations; descriptions of principal rifles and ranges; "general orders" respecting arms, ammunition, &c.; disc-marking; specification for constructing ranges and butts, as at Wimbledon; register and match forms; celebrated battalion, company, and individual scores; curious and useful data, &c.; price 50 cents. From diligent study and practical experience, (being himself a first class marksman,) Mr. RUSSELL is well qualified for the task he has taken in hand; and as the work will be of great benefit to our Rifle Associations, we hope he will meet with the encouragement that the work deserves. Orders for the work, or for advertisements, may be left with the editor of THE UNITED SERVICE GAZETTE.

IMMIGRATION.

To the Editor of the Leader.

SIR,—In reference to the article on this important subject, in your paper of Friday, I have no hesitation in declaring from what I have seen in the English papers, that at no former period was there as strong and earnest a desire in influential circles in that country to encourage and assist emigration to the Dominion as there is at present. What we now require is an earnest and intelligent co-operation in this country, with English action on the subject. A late London *Standard* makes the following interesting suggestions:

"There is indeed, one other way of benefitting the poor of London. What would Mr. Peabody say if, in building abodes for thousands he could at the same time create the means which should pay the rent of those abodes—which should fill them with food and plenty? There is a large amount of building going on in London, which we regret to see. The poor law authorities are about to put more money into bricks and mortar than even Mr. Peabody. They are safe to have tenants, and the tenants will pay no rent at all. If the Peabody fund will save this outlay, or a tolerable proportion of it, the benefit would indeed be great. The way is open. We would suggest it to the trustees. They have £100,000—if not much more—at their command. If the poor of London are to be benefitted what greater benefit could be conferred than placing them where they might build their own houses, and become their own landlords? The earth is the mother of wealth. There is land in Canada which craves the presence of man. All that London can spare of its population Canada can take. There might be a 'Peabody Province' in Canada, where the surplus population of London should take root and flourish in grateful recollection that an American citizen helped them to leave the scene of want and misery at home, and to push their fortunes successfully in a transatlantic clime, but still beneath the old flag. The Canadian Government, now waking up to the true merits of this question, would probably be willing to make a free grant of land sufficient for the purpose. London could well spare a large colony, and though all the emigrants might not at first be thoroughly adapted to their new sphere, experience shows that this is a difficulty which can be surmounted. The movement would benefit those who were left behind, by lessening the crowd of competitors; while those who crossed the ocean would find it no longer a struggle to gain the means of bare existence. The plan has been tried, and it answers. But a large fund is necessary to make it effective in reducing London pauperism, and really benefitting the London poor. A well planned scheme, such as the Peabody trustees might really undertake, would establish in the Canadian wilderness a trophy even nobler and more enduring than a model lodging-house. A thriving community—almost an infant nation—would be a worthy result of a splendid gift—a grander monument than the most palatial pile."

The London *Guardian*, also of the 22nd ult., recommends that a portion of the enormous amounts devoted to charity in London (amounting to the almost fabulous sum of seven millions sterling) should be given in aid of a well concerted scheme of emigration, while the *Telegraph* has a very favourable notice of the new Dominion as a home for emigrants.

What we especially need now is vigorous action on the part of our Canadian authorities. Without that the feeling in England now so favourable to us will die or be changed into disgust at our listless and most unaccountable apathy.

Yours, A SUBSCRIBER.

January 18.

THE LEEDS GANG.

From the Brockville Recorder.

On Thursday morning of last week, the town was thrown into a state of great excitement, by a rumour that a portion of the "Leeds Gang" of plunderers had shot Mr. S. Halladay of Farmersville, and severely wounded another man, in an attempt to capture two of the gang for the crime of horse stealing.

The notoriety which this gang has earned for themselves by numerous high-handed acts of robbery and assault, rendered the rumour of murder of Mr. Halladay a very probable circumstance, but no one could tell exactly what had really taken place, and as the news went from mouth to mouth, each relater lent a somewhat enlarged and more wonderful tale to tell. Meantime it was very generally believed that Mr. Halladay was either killed or wounded in such a manner as to preclude all hope of recovery. As it was known that our worthy Sheriff had been roused from his bed at a very early hour in the morning, and had departed for the scene of murder with a posse of constables, but had left no authentic information in relation to the attack, the public mind was obliged to feed on any wild story which the imagination of narrators was prepared to give to the eager and curious crowds gathered at almost every corner during the whole forenoon, till something authentic could be obtained.

At last a connected story was heralded forth from the lips of one of the men who had formed one of the party, who had gone to arrest the thieves alluded to, and from this gentleman we received the outline of the attack and escape of the rogues, after leaving Mr. Halladay on the snow for dead. His information is to the following effect:

Information was received on Wednesday by the Ontario Mutual Detective League at Farmersville, that proof of horse stealing had been found against Milton Wing and Thomas Chapman. Warrants to arrest these men were at once issued, and a party, consisting of Mr. Stephen Halladay, David F. Booth, Wm. Robinson, T. W. H. Leavitt, and Constable Fife, at once proceeded to Lansdowne to arrest the parties. On arriving there, Halladay was stationed at the front door, and Robinson at the back door, while Fife and Leavitt entered the house. The inmates at that time consisted of Carey Cuss, George Chapman and Miss Chapman. As there has been a bench warrant out for some time against Chase, Fife informed him that he would have to arrest him, and Chase consented to go. At this instant Thomas Chapman entered the house, followed by Halladay. Fife then turned to Chapman and arrested him. Chapman instantly struck Fife, and Fife seized him by the coat collar, when a scuffle ensued, in which Halladay stepped forward to assist Fife. Chapman then drew a revolver, and as it was thought shot Halladay, while George Chapman struck Fife with a stick of wood. Miss Chapman, not to be outdone by her male companions, struck Leavitt, who had Chase covered with a revolver, with a stick of wood, and the shock discharged his revolver, which was pointed to Chase to guard him. The ball missed Chase who immediately sprang out of doors. Thomas Chapman then fired at Leavitt, missing him. Leavitt turned the slot, striking Chapman in the arm. Leavitt was again struck by Miss Chapman across the neck, and fell out of the door, Chapman jumping on him, while Miss Chapman endeavoured to beat his brains out with a billet of wood. Chapman then drew his revolver and fired at Leavitt, missing him again, but supposing that he had killed Leavitt, Chapman entered the house followed by Robinson. Robinson saw Halladay apparently dead upon the floor. Robinson then fired his pistol at the Chapmans, who had wounded Fife, cutting his head open in several places. The robbers then rushed at Robinson, who escaped by breaking down a door, leaving the house. Fife escaped by the back door, and succeeded in reaching the bush just as Robinson also came to it. They then hastily drove off, supposing Halladay and Leavitt dead. In the meantime Leavitt ran down the road and hailed them, when they took him on board, and at once proceeded to Newboro Corners for help. As no guns could be found there they pushed on to Lyndhurst, rallied a party of men, and returned to the house, but could find no trace of Halladay. A little boy (son of Miss Chapman, it is said) informed the party that the boys dragged Halladay out of doors, and then hid themselves in the barn. After procuring a light, Halladay was tracked by the blood to a house near by, where he was found in an insensible state. The little boy having informed the party that the boys were in the barn, the barn was at once surrounded, and the rogues were commanded to come out, but not doing so, the barn was fired. Information was at this juncture received that the guilty parties had fled towards the White Fish, and pursuit was at once made, and they were traced towards Briar Hill, where the clue was lost. Halladay lay for some time in a precarious state. Fife is at Lyndhurst, with his head cut in a terrible manner.

As we have stated, the Sheriff left the town at an early hour of the morning to aid in the arrest of the thieves. On arriving at a proper locality, he had warrants of arrest made out in such a way as would cover all the phases of the case likely to arise. He found, however, that the guilty parties had kept themselves concealed till the crowd of pursuers left, and then made off towards the front. Being satisfied on this point, couriers were sent off, and he returned to town on Friday evening in the belief that had the watchers remained at their post till his arrival, some arrests would have been made, but owing to their leaving too soon, the birds were unscared. Miss Chapman was, however, secured, and after undergoing an examination at Farmersville was sent to Brockville jail to await her trial for her bold and amazonian conduct in the rescue of her male friends from the hands of the constables. In fact, to her in a great degree may be attributed the rescue of the thieves, as, armed with a billet of wood, she flew from one struggling party to another, and whenever she could put in a blow she did so in behalf of her companions.

We are happy to state that Mr. Halladay is again moving round. The most dangerous wound received by him was on the back part of the head. The wound was either made by the edge of a stick of wood, or deeply scored by a pistol ball. Mr. Fife, though fearfully battered about the head and face, is also rapidly recovering.

We are glad to learn that the people are becoming thoroughly aroused, and are determined to scatter the gang, root and branch. As an evidence of this, three constables arrived here on Tuesday morning about four o'clock with the persons of Harman Cuss and George C. Chapman, one of them being charged with aiding in the robbery of the store of Sanders and Roddick in 1866, and the other in aiding and abetting in the rescue of the horse thieves arrested by constable Fife, for whom the Deputy Sheriff is still in search, they having been seen to make for the river near Rockport. It will be seen that the Detectives Leavitt have off red a reward of $200 for their capture.

The people of Leeds appear now to have waked up, and are pushing the gang hard. As one time members of the gang were not afraid to point a revolver at a man's heart and kill him if he did not mind his eye and keep silent, he would get the contents of the revolver. Now all this is changed, the people are up and the magistrates active, and robberies of two years ago are brought against the gang, and parties are arrested. Besides the man mentioned above as being now in jail here, another man belonging to Lansdown, named Sylvanus Palmer, was lodged in jail yesterday morning, on a charge of stealing a buggy from George

Tom, kins, of Bastard, in 1867. The buggy we believe was afterwards returned to the owner on his paying one of the Chase family the sum of $30.

The Deputy Sheriff returned to town on Tuesday evening, after an exciting but unsuccessful hunt after Chase and Chapman. These men had crossed the river opposite the Lansdowne Station about four o'clock in the morning, having driven from the scene of the assault as fast as the horse could carry them. The horse they turned adrift on the road, and the cutter was shoved into an air hole in the ice. The poor horse was so tired out that it was found lying on the snow. It is thought the reward offered will yet cause the arrest of the thieves.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Cheap Cotton Goods—Magee & Russell.
Capital Stove Depot—H. Meadows & Co.
Auction Sale of Household Furniture—Amos Rowe.
Span of Horses for Sale—U. F. & R. Company.
Authorized Discount—R. S. M. Bouchette.
Card of Thanks—Alfred Brown, &c.
Caution—Robert Skead.
New Books and Magazines—Jones & Holland.
Government Notice—Wm. H. Lee.
Public Meeting—Henry J. Friel.

The Ottawa Times

Office: 38, Sparks Street.

MONDAY, JANUARY 25, 1869.

☞ *For Ottawa Markets and interesting reading see Fourth Page.*

We hope there will be a full muster of the citizens at the public meeting this afternoon. The subject to be considered is one which it would show a great want of feeling to overlook, but we trust from the number of signatures attached to the requisition that the gathering will be a large one.

Mr. Walsh, Chairman of the Intercolonial Railway Commission, is expected here on to-morrow or Wednesday.

Everybody was surprised on Saturday morning on hearing that the prisoner Patrick James Whelan had been quietly brought down from Toronto on Friday night, and into Ottawa by the Saturday morning's train. It was an arrival altogether unexpected. Whelan was brought down by Mr. Skinner, Deputy Sheriff of York, assisted by three constables. His removal was managed so quietly that no knowledge of the affair reached the public until after it was over. For this prudent action the authorities at Toronto deserve every credit. The guard on the jail has, as a matter of precaution, been restored.

It will be seen by despatch from Toronto, that the Local Legislature was prorogued on Saturday. The net result of the Session's labours has been sixty-nine Bills; many of them of a private, and others of a mere formal character; but among which nevertheless there are several important measures. The Government has wisely postponed legislation on the educational question till another year. That is matter requiring a good deal of consideration; and though the opinions of the experienced Chief Superintendent are entitled to great respect, we do not think they should be adopted without due examination.

The annual return of railway receipts published in last Saturday's *Gazette*, shows the gratifying increase of about half a million of dollars over the preceding year. It is noticeable, too, that four-fifths of this amount has been on the Grand Trunk Railway, though it only controls a little more than half the railway mileage of the country. Its total receipts for 1867 were $6,506,966; for 1868 $6,906,023, an increase of $400,943. On the Great Western there has been a slight falling off, the figures being $3,710,221 last year, against $3,725,169 in the year previous. The St. Lawrence and Ottawa Railway shows $117,471 last year against $105,410 in 1867, an increase of $12,061. Upon the whole the returns show a steady progress in railway traffic, the total amount for 1868 being $12,391,909 against $11,891,467 for 1867.

It seems that the recent action of the Ontario Legislature on the subject of superior education will not have the effect which was by some anticipated, of exterminating the so-called "denominational" Colleges. Already the endowment of Cobourg College is progressing favourably, and that of Queen's College is advancing with even greater rapidity. On the 7th instant, at a meeting of the Synod of the Presbyterian Church of Canada, in connection with the Church of Scotland, it was resolved to raise at least $100,000 for the purpose of endowing Queen's College. In the city of Kingston alone over $20,000 have been already subscribed for this cause, and the subscription list is not yet closed. Considering the valuable services which this institution has rendered to the educational interests of Eastern Ontario, and the severe losses which it has sustained by the failure of the Commercial Bank, and the withdrawal of the annual grant of $5,000 by the Government, we trust that all the friends of superior education throughout this section of the country will lend their assistance in accomplishing its endowment. We understand that a meeting to consider this matter will be held in St. Andrew's Church, on to-morrow (Tuesday) evening.

A rumour was current on Saturday that other English Insurance Companies were about to follow the example of the "Royal," and withdraw their agencies from Ottawa. We cannot commend the wisdom of this course. It may be true that at present Ottawa is somewhat of an unsafe field for driving a profitable insurance business. But the companies would probably better protect themselves by continuing their agencies and acting with a little extra care until water works are provided. We hope, therefore, the rumour to which we have referred will prove incorrect.

It is a matter of serious consideration for business men and property owners whether the prospect, remote as it is, of the withdrawal of healthy competition in the insurance business will not seriously affect their own interests. If a few leading companies withdraw, it is almost certain the others will "improve the occasion" by raising their rates. It must be confessed that the circumstances would justify them in such a proceeding. The question then comes up whether it would not be better to at once make an emphatic public declaration in favour of the immediate construction of an efficient system of water works. The city must have these if it is going to prosper, and the sooner the ratepayers face the obligation the better it will be for their interests. Delay will only retard the progress of the city, damage its reputation abroad, and continue the discomfort of the citizens at home.

There has of late years been great trouble in Ontario about the titles of land sold for taxes. It is broadly stated that a number of professional gentry resident in Toronto and elsewhere have been stirring up litigation over these titles to their own profit, and the vexation, annoyance and loss of others. Several proposals for legislation to do away with this disagreeable state of affairs have been made; but has yet without exactly meeting the case. The Ontario Premier has, however, a short way of arriving at conclusions. The game of the "sharks and speculators" had to be stopped; and, accordingly, he introduced a Bill to stay all proceedings in these suits for one year; and on Thursday last it was passed by a vote of 51 to 16. The *Leader* maliciously says that the large majority in its favour was due to the *Globe's* having objected to it!

The Premier promised that next Session the Government would bring down a measure on the question of titles to lands sold for taxes which would satisfactorily dispose of the grievances now complained of; but in the meantime he considered it the duty of the Legislature to stop litigation. Mr. Blake could not see the question in the same light. Mr. Lyon also objected to the Bill; nevertheless, as we have said, it was passed by a very large majority. The very general support which the measure received, from the non-professional members, was something like an indication that the interests of the lawyers and those of the public were not precisely identical in the premises; and Mr. Blake, as a matter of course, championed his cloth. It is safe to predict that when the *Globe* attempts to "write down" a measure, Mr. Blake will endeavour to talk it down; but it is about equally evident that their united influence is growing "small by degrees and beautifully less."

There has of late been no little discussion in some of the western papers, in reference to the appointment of Mr. Walsh, as Chairman of the Intercolonial Railway Commission, he still retaining his seat in the House of Commons. We have been favoured with the following extract from the concluding volume of Mr. Alpheus Todd's "Parliamentary Government in England," now in the press of the Messrs. Longmoor & Company, which bears directly upon the point, and shows that in this particular Canadian practice is only following in the wake of English precedent. We need scarcely remind our readers that Mr. Todd's first volume was warmly commended by the leading magazines and literary journals in England, and, in fact, accepted as an authority on the questions of which it treats:

"Since the revival of the Reform question in 1852, the true principles of Parliamentary representation have become better understood, and great and increasing value is now attached to the representation, in both Houses of Parliament, of prominent and important commissions appointed by the Crown, or by statute, whether for instituting enquiries into special subjects, with a view to future legislation thereon, or for the direct fulfilment of certain public trusts. Whenever a commission includes one or more members of either House, satisfactory information can be afforded in reply to questions as to the conduct and progress of a particular investigation, and, in the case of a statutory commission, the Legislature may be able to satisfy themselves that the commissioners are discharging their duty in accordance with the trust which the Legislature has confided to them. Moreover, after the presentation of their report, if the conclusions of the Commissioners are impugned, the actual presence of one of their number in Parliament would be most serviceable, in explaining or justifying their conduct, instead of leaving their defence to be undertaken, at second hand, by a Minister of the Crown.

"With regard to *permanent* commissions, which are charged with administrative functions, peculiar necessity exists for their distinct and efficient representation in Parliament. Being held in direct subordination to some political head, and limited to certain prescribed duties, it has not been usual to consider such Commissioners as holding political appointments. Persons are placed on permanent, as well as on temporary commissions without reference to their political opinions, and if in Parliament are not removed upon a change of Ministry. But so far as members of the House of Commons are concerned, it is submitted that by constitutional analogy this exemption from liability to removal from office, must be restricted to unpaid Commissioners; and that a salaried member of a permanent commission, being in the service of the Crown, should only retain his office, in connection with a seat in the House of Commons, so long as he is a supporter of the existing administration.

"As yet, the first Church Estates' Commissioner, who is appointed under a statute passed in 1850, is the only instance of a statutory paid Commissioner (not being a Minister of the Crown) to whom has been granted the privilege of a seat in the House of Commons. * * * * * But it is probable that, ere long, both the Ecclesiastical and the Charity Commissioners will have their acknowledged representatives in the House of Commons; and should there be, hereafter, any other trusts of sufficient public importance to require a mouth-piece in Parliament, the precedent established in the case of the Church Estates' Commission will doubtless be followed, and liberty given to some officer connected therewith to sit in the House of Commons. For it is most desirable that that chamber should open its doors to receive accredited and competent representatives from every prominent and influential public interest."

Many of our city readers will, no doubt, remember William Hunton, who left Ottawa some ten years ago when but a mere lad. From the following extracts, clipped from American papers, it will be seen that, under another name, he has achieved no little distinction on the stage:

Harry B. Hudson, the popular juvenile man of the Museum, will soon leave us; as he is engaged to open at McVicker's, Chicago, as soon as he finishes a four-weeks' summer season at the Howard Athenæum, for which he has been engaged to support Miss Kate Fisher. The *habitues* of the Museum have great cause to regret his departure from our midst; as he is one of the best juvenile men we have had at the Museum in many years, —a careful and pleasing actor, a magnificent dresser, and a favourite with everybody, the ladies especially. Harry is the very prince of good fellows,—a genial, whole-souled boy, —and during his short stay among us he has made many and warm friends, both privately and professionally, by his gentlemanly conduct on and off the stage. Should he return to Boston,—and we sincerely hope he may,—he will receive as warm a welcome from his Boston admirers as we can safely bespeak for him from his old Chicago friends. We expect to hear brilliant reports of him in his new position. Our best wishes go with you, my boy!

Harry B. Hudson, stage manager of the Howard Athenæum, Boston, Mass., was the recipient of a farewell complimentary benefit at that house of amusement on the evening of the 3rd inst., a very fluent description of which is sent us for publication by a correspondent. We quote his comments:—"A full and fashionable audience assembled to do honour to that promising young actor, who, in the course of a single season in Boston, has won an enviable reputation. Helen Western, Fannie Marsh, Polly Daly, Harry Leslie, Columbus, James Lewis, E. W. Watson and the entire company volunteered for the occasion, which was an ovation of an enthusiastic character, and in every way a success. The bill consisted of a magnificent feat of tightrope walking by the Hero of Niagara, Harry Leslie, 'The French Spy,' and 'Actress of Padua,' and the Leap for Life by Columbus. At the end of the first piece 'Handsome' Harry was called before the curtain, and appeared leading Miss Western, the audience loudly calling for a speech. Harry felt bashful and unequal to the task, but Helen playfully detained him, and the curtain rose discovering Mr. Harry L. Bascomb, who advanced, holding a casket containing a beautiful diamond ring, valued at about $300, which he presented to Mr. Hudson with the following speech, which was gracefully and felicitously delivered:—

'Mr. Hudson.—On behalf of a few of your many friends in this city, I have the honour to present you with this diamond ring. (Applause.) You go from our midst and you carry with you our sincerest friendship, our highest appreciation of your talents as an actor and your qualities as a man. (Applause.) Short as has been your stay in Boston, it has been long enough to bind to you, with hooks stronger than steel, the hearts of all who have come in contact with you. Genial companion! Warm heart! True friend! May your memory be ever green among us. Take this ring, with it the wishes of the donors that your professional success may be as bright as the diamonds whose cluster adorns it, and when fresh triumphs crown your brow with laurels in your western home, do not forget the warm hearts that beat for you here, and the welcoming lips that will gladly greet your return to us." (Loud cheers.)

'To which Mr. Hudson replied feelingly and appropriately as follows:—

'Mr. Bascomb.—The emotions with which I receive this beautiful gift are those of mingled pride, joy and grief. Pride and joy that my efforts to please have not been in vain, and grief that I must so soon part from those who have become so dear to me. Believe me, sir, if I have achieved any professional success in Boston it has been due more to the warm hearts which have encouraged me, and to the generous charity which had so leniently passed over my short-comings, than to any merit of my own. And let me assure you that from my western home I shall look back to my season in Boston as embracing some of the happiest moments of my life. (Loud applause.) And to you, ladies and gentlemen of the audience, Miss Western, and the entire company and the press of the city, I return my hearty and sincere thanks, and pray that you may always be as happy as you have made me to-night. I shall never look upon this ring without thinking of you; and never think of you without the deepest feelings of pride and pleasure. God bless you all.'

'Here followed a shower of boquets and the *beneficiaire* gracefully bowed his way off the stage amid deafening applause. Mr. Hudson is engaged at McVicker's Theatre, Chicago, for the ensuing season, at the close of which his many friends and admirers hope to see him back in Boston.'

WHELAN IN OTTAWA JAIL.

As soon as the decision of the Judges in the Whelan case arrived here on Friday by telegraph, all sorts of speculations were rife as to the time when the condemned prisoner would return to his old quarters in the jail here. But all parties were kept in entire ignorance on the subject, and so they remained till, on Saturday morning, our extra announced his arrival by the morning train. It appears that in anticipation of the decision preparations were made to take him direct from the Court in Toronto to the Don Station of the Grand Trunk Railway. As soon, therefore, as the judgment was pronounced this arrangement was carried out, and the prisoner, under the care of Deputy Sheriff Skinner, and three officers, was put on board. We are informed that he appeared as free and easy as one could be under the circumstances. His old assertions as to his innocence were reiterated at times on the way. He arrived quite unexpectedly, and was put into one of the cutters and quietly driven up to the jail, almost, if not entirely, unobserved. He was well treated on the way, and this he acknowledges. When he got into the jail, he did not seem inclined to say much, and appeared somewhat morose. This may be accounted for by the fatigues of the journey, and the circumstances of the unhappy situation in which he is placed. In the afternoon he took a good sleep, or appeared to do so, and no one disturbed him. He is not in what is called a condemned cell, but in one of the ordinary cells of the jail.

BOARD OF SEPARATE SCHOOLS.

Special Meeting.

OTTAWA, January 19, 1869.

Present—Messrs. Chas. McCarron, Dennis Egan, J. Larose, J. Ahearn, Wm. Kehoe, S. Champagne, Leon David, P. Dufour, and J. W. Peachy.

The Secretary having read the returns of the several elections of school trustees held on the 13th instant, the following gentlemen were declared elected for the terms of two years, viz.:—

For By Ward—J. W. Peachy.
For Ottawa Ward—Seraphin Champagne.
For St. George's Ward—Pierre Dufour.
For Victoria Ward—Leon David.
For Wellington Ward—Dennis Egan.

M. O'Gara, Esq., Police Magistrate, being present, the newly elected trustees were called upon to make the declaration required by law, before taking office, and this having been done and signed in presence of the above named magistrate, it was moved by Joseph Larose, seconded by Wm. Kehoe, that Charles McCarron, Esq., be and is hereby appointed Chairman of this Board for the current year.

On motion of William Finlay, seconded by J. Larose, J. W. Peachy, Esq., was appointed Secretary-Treasurer of the Board for the current year, with an allowance of $100 per annum, to defray expenses of messenger and other incidental expenses.

On motion of J. W. Peachy, seconded by J. Larose, the petitions of Mr. Leon Ethier, Widow Asselin, James Goodie, Nicholas Cooper, Widow Reegan, Mrs. Reegan, Widow Robillard, Francis Duignan, and the accounts of Archibald Graham and James Clarke, were referred to the committee on Finance and Assessment.

On motion of J. W. Peachy, seconded by P. Dufour, Messrs. Finlay, Kehoe, Champagne, Egan and Larose were appointed a committee on Finance and Assessment for the current year.

On motion of William Kehoe, seconded by William Finlay, Dr. O'Connor was appointed Local Superintendent of schools under the Board for the current year.

The Board then adjourned.

J. W. PEACHY, Secretary.

—*Herapath* of the 9th inst. makes extracts from Mr. Brydges' speech at the Montreal banquet, and remarks: "We are glad to learn from the above that the 'worst is past' with the Grand Trunk, and that the Intercolonial railway will be rapidly and well constructed. We think the Intercolonial will be of more importance to the Grand Trunk than most people seem to expect.

—The London *Gazette*, January 5, makes official announcement that the Queen has been pleased to appoint the Right Hon. Sir John Young, Bart., G.C.B., G.C.M.G., to be Governor-General of the Dominion of Canada, and Governor and Commander-in-Chief of the Island of Prince Edward.

—Mr. Brackstone Baker, Secretary of the Great Western Railway Co., of Canada, denies in the *Times*, as promptly as did Mr. Thos. Swinyard, the truth of the rumour that the New York Central offered to lease the Great Western.

Carpets and House Furnishings.—Parties about to furnish will find a large and choice assortment of carpetings and house furnishings, cheap, at Garland, Mutchmor & Co's Carpets made and laid with despatch.

AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY.

County of Carleton.

On the 20th inst., at Bell's Corners, Nepean, the subscribers to the above society held their annual meeting. The attendance was larger than usual, and a warm interest was manifested in the election of the different office-holders and directors to serve for the current year.

The President, Mr. D. Kennedy, read from the chair his annual report on the doings of the past year, which on motion of Mr. Eaton, seconded by Dr. Church, was received and adopted.

The Treasurer's accounts were then read over, (being previously audited by Mr. Eaton and Dr. church,) and on motion received and adopted.

Mr. Kennedy having retired from the chair, Mr. Dawson, Reeve of Nepean, was called thereto, when the following office-bearers and directors were on motion separately elected: Geo. W. Eaton, Esq., President; Thos. Graham, Esq., 1st vice-President; Dr. C. M. Church, 2nd vice-President; Messrs. J. Dawson, W. Graham, J. Hodgins, T. Clark, R. Bayne, J. Nelson, D. Kennedy, T. M. Robertson, and J. Davidson, Directors; A. S. Woodburn, Secretary and Treasurer; Messrs. G. Patterson and F. W. Harmer, Auditors.

The Hon. J. Skead was elected a member of the Council of the Agricultural Association of Ontario.

On motion the Secretary was directed to convey the thanks of this meeting to the gentlemen who had during the past year liberally aided the society by money and other prizes. Their names are as follows: Hon. J. Skead, Allan Gilmour, Esq., Ed. McGillivray, Esq., Robert Skead, Esq., G. W. Eaton, Esq., R. Lyon, Esq., M.L.A., Thomas Clark, Esq., A. Campbell, Esq., D. Kennedy, Esq., J. Evans, Esq., T. Isaacs, Esq., J. C. Smith, Esq., Satchell Bros., Smith & Rodney, W. Champness, Esq., J. Webster, Esq., A. Brown, Esq., Davidson & Daniel, and A. Rowe, Esq.

The President elect having been called to the chair, it was moved by Mr. Corbett, seconded by Mr. Davidson, that the thanks of this society are due to D. Kennedy, Esq., for his faithful and untiring attention to the interests of this society during the past five years, the period during which he has presided over it.—Carried unanimously.

Thanks having then been tendered to Mr. Dawson for his conduct in the chair, the meeting separated.

The following is a condensed statement of the Treasurer's account:

RECEIPTS.

Government grant	$700.00	
Members' subscriptions	180.00	
Special subscriptions	281.00	
Special entries	17.50	
Entrance fees from ploughmen	25.00	
Received at door of exhibition hall	134.69	
Subscriptions from four townships	40.00	
Prizes returned	32.00	1,410.19
Cash from Treasurer to meet deficiency	79.26	
	$1,489.45	

EXPENDITURE.

By cash paid *Canada Farmer*	$ 32.00	
" Prizes	675.50	
" Ploughmen	140.00	
" Township Soci's.	420.00	
" Printing and advertising	37.40	
" Postage and Stationery	3.60	
" Crop viewers	24.00	
" Band expenses	12.25	
" Returned hired men at ploughing match	9.00	
" R. Spittal for work	15.00	
" Horse hire	6.00	
" Diplomas	10.00	
" Miscellaneous expenses at Exhibition	44.70	
" Salary of Secretary and Treasurer	60.00	
	$1,489.45.	

REPORT,

Of the Directors of the County of Carleton Agricultural Society for the year 1868.

The Directors have pleasure in reporting a steady progress in the affairs of the County Agricultural Association from year to year. In the year 1867 the entries were $450, and in 1868 the amount of entries exceeded $500. The amount taken at the door in 1867 was $103, and in 1868 it was $134.69.

The exhibition in the various departments in the hall, could not be excelled in quality in the Dominion, the display of domestic manufactures was exceedingly good, as to quantity and quality, and in fancy work and the fine arts, the ladies of the County did themselves great credit.

The display of carriages and waggons, as also agricultural implements, was much larger and of better quality generally than at any former exhibition.

The show of horned cattle was not large, owing chiefly, as your Directors think, to the fact that the cattle are not classified in the premium list; and as a number of farmers now have thoroughbred and high grade animals, those having but common stock only would not compete; from this it may be advisable to classify the different grades.

The number of sheep exhibited did not come up to last year, although they are classified in the prize list.

The show of horses was good and in advance of former years. There were some noble animals exhibited in the different years.

The gentlemen appointed to view and judge the field crops, Messrs. Patterson and Eadie, performed their work, we believe, in a very satisfactory manner, and made a very judicious report of their proceedings, all of which your Directors transcribe as part of their report.

[Here follows the Crop Viewers' report, as previously published in this paper.]

The county ploughing match was better attended than usual, the competition was divided into three classes, and a number of special prizes were offered. Among the prizes was a gold medal presented by Robert Skead, Esq., valued at $40, for which Mr. Skead is entitled to the thanks of the society. The day was fine and the competition keen, and the whole passed off in a satisfactory manner.

From a return lately made to the Ontario Parliament it will be seen at once the very loose manner in which the affairs of the Board of Agriculture have been conducted. The Treasurer of the Board, although in possession of large sums of public money, had never given security, and kept no account with any of the chartered banks, and yet in 1866, our Treasurer, in common with others, had to take the bills of an insolvent bank, or current money at a discount of 4½ per cent., at the same time that the Treasurer of the Board had a large balance in his hands. It would be well for our successors in office to ascertain whether or not he is liable to the society for the balance of the Government allowance to the county society for the year 1866. Your Directors notice in the return to the Board, a large item as hotel bills. If it has been paid for the members of the Board, as they are salaried officers, it is simply disgraceful. Your Directors anticipate a better state of things under the new Act.

Although the Directors are happy in reporting an encouraging state of things generally in connection with our association, yet they must complain of the want of interest manifested by the farmers of this county, in not supporting an institution established for the furtherance of one of the noblest occupations in which man can be engaged. Every farmer of patriotic feelings ought to lend a helping hand to what is manifestly to his own benefit, as well as the improvement of his county at large. Your Directors would urge upon all agriculturalists to possess themselves of an agricultural periodical, to keep themselves informed in the agricultural improvements going on in the world. In conclusion, we are happy to be able to state that under providence the past year has closed in a more satisfactory manner to the farmer than was anticipated when the crop viewers, in August, made their tour through the county.

D. KENNEDY,
President.

—For a choice selection of New Tapestry Brussells, Kidderminster and Imperial 3-pl Carpets, Coopa Matting, Floor Oil Cloths, Hearth Rugs, Crumb Cloths and Door Mats; Damasks, Repps, Curtain Trimmings, Lace and Muslin Curtains, go to Magee & Russell's new Store, next door to Mr. John Leslie's, Sparks-st.

LOCAL NEWS.

The Rigolle Mare is Gone.—She left, driven by her new owner, Mr. Baxter Cutler, on Saturday evening at 6 o'clock.

Fire Alarm.—On Saturday evening the firemen were again called out for little or nothing. A small fire seems to have been seen in a shed near the By Ward market, which was put out in a few minutes.

Guard for the Jail.—A certificate from the Mayor, of the necessity of a guard for the jail, was forwarded to the proper authorities on Saturday last. A strong guard was therefore placed on the inside of the jail in the evening.

The World of Wonders.—Messrs. Hauser & Fulton have received the third number of "Cassell's World of Wonders." The object of this publication is to set forth all the known wonders in the realms of nature, science, literature and art, and the present number abounds with them.

Ottawa and St. Lawrence Railroad and the Firemen.—We understand that the Directors of the Ottawa and St. Lawrence Railroad, whose office was in the Desbarats' building, have placed at the disposal of the Ottawa Fire Brigade the sum of $50, in recognition of their services at the late fire.

St. Alban School House Readings.—The Monday evening readings will be resumed this evening. The chair will be taken at eight o'clock precisely. Readings will be given by Colonel the Honourable J. Hamilton Gray, M. P., Mr. Carrier, Lieutenant-Colonel Coffin, and Mr. Meredith. Music and songs.

The Ruins of the Fire.—Men were engaged up to Saturday night endeavouring to get out the buried safes, but had not succeeded in any instance. A dangerous portion of the south wall at the west end of the building was pulled down in the afternoon, but instead of falling outward, as was intended, it fell inside the building.

A New Invention.—We have been shown a contrivance to keep water from freezing in fire engines, which is certified to by the Chief of the Fire Brigade of Quebec, who has tried it, as being effective. It is a very simple and cheap arrangement, invented by Mr. Jean Bureau, of this city. We understand that the City Fire Committee are about to test it here

The City Council and the Rifle Brigade.—From what we have heard of conversations between several of the city aldermen in reference to the vigourous efforts of the soldiers of the Rifle Brigade at the late fire, we have reason to believe that the City Council will vote one hundred dollars to the men at their next meeting, and we think they cannot well do less.

Auction Sale of Defaulters' Stock.—We call attention to a very important auction sale commenced by Mr. Bermingham, on Saturday last, and to be continued on every day this week. The sale is held at Orme & Sôn's new store, Sparks-st., each day at 10 a. m., 2 p. m. and 7 p.m. The stock is that of defaulters who absconded with it from England, and who are now arrested. It consists of all kinds of dry goods in great variety, watches, fancy goods, small wares, &c. Housekeepers, jobbers, and others, will find the present an opportunity which they can seldom expect to meet with to save money. The orders from the attorneys of Goupiel Harris & Co., of London, England, are that the goods *must* be sold. See advertisement.

Police Court.—Julia Ring, who has managed to keep out of jail for several weeks, was at the Police Court again on Saturday, charged with disorderly conduct at a house where she had been employed. The persons in the house who were aggrieved sent for the police and had her arrested, but failed to appear against her, and she was discharged.

John Waller, "the pupil of Penetanguishine," was charged with assaulting David White, and was fined $2 and costs, amounting in all to $5.50, and paid it.

Ann Tierney was charged as a dangerous lunatic, and as such was remanded to await the result of a medical commission.

A case of assault was to have been tried at eleven o'clock, but as the complainant did not appear, the hearing was adjourned till Tuesday.

Narrow Escape from a Fire.—On Saturday morning about eight o'clock we came very near having another bad fire on Sparks-st., which might have destroyed the whole row of wooden buildings between the Hoop Skirt Factory and Magee & Russell's new store. In Mr. White's boot and shoe store the boy went to light a fire in the stove, and in some way ignited an apron that was hanging on a nail, and as soon as he saw this he snatched up a bottle containing benzine, and with it in his hand he tried to extinguish the burning apron, and dropped the bottle, when the benzine took fire, and burned the floor. The fire ran up the wall paper, and burned a number of boots and shoes. The alarm was given to the neighbours, who ran in with buckets of water, and succeeded in putting out the fire in a very short time. The damage is comparatively trifling, and covered by insurance.

Curling.—The return curling match between Centre Town and Sandy Hill came off last Saturday afternoon; game commencing at 2 p.m. and closing at 5 p.m. The ice was in splendid condition, the play from first to last was excellent, being the best of the season: the play on Centre Town side was remarkably good.

Centre Town.		*Sandy Hill.*	
Dr. Wood,		J. Thorburn,	
T. Gallagher,		Capt. Glyn, P.C.O.,	
W. Hutchison, Skip,		J. W. Russell,	
G. Hutchison.		H. Inglis, Skip.	
Centre Town 21 points	12 ends.		
Sandy Hill 14 "	9 "		
7		3	

It is expected the return match between Centre Town and Upper Town will come off next Saturday.

THE LATE MR. THOMAS CARY.

[From the Quebec Chronicle.]

This old and respected gentleman, the *doyen* of the Quebec press, died on Saturday. He was born in this city in 1787, and being the son of the founder of the *Mercury*, was connected with that journal from its commencement. For half a century his attention was devoted to the newspaper business, and having, as a practical printer, in 1805, set up the news of the Battle of Trafalgar, when received here more than two months after it was fought, he lived to see the day when European intelligence may be read in Quebec in the *Chronicle* of the following morning. Mr. Cary preserved his faculties to the last, and never seemed to tire of talking of the changes his fourscore winters had enabled him to witness in this, his native city. He remembered being at the fire which destroyed the ancient church and convent of the Recollets, in 1796, and as a boy played on that part of the site on which the English Cathedral now stands. The deceased was a generous and obliging member of the press, and an upright, kind-hearted citizen. His agreeable manners made him popular with all classes, and he was a worthy representative of the good old school. He was a member of the City Council when first created, and sat for St. Lewis Ward when Judge Caron filled office as first Mayor of Quebec. He was for several years a Church Warden of the English Cathedral, was Adjutant of the Incorporated Militia, under Colonel the Hon. W. Smith, during the war of 1812, and was a prominent member of the old St. George's and Historical Societies. He was a long time associated in the printing business with the late Mr. Desbarats, Queen's Printer, and with him published the *Official Gazette* until the Union of Upper and Lower Canada. His death will be much regretted by a large circle of friends in Quebec, and by his numerous employees of former days, many of whom are now well established in business on their own account in various parts of the Dominion. His brother, the late Mr. Joseph Cary, Deputy Inspector General, died about five years ago.

Dress Goods.—A large assortment of ball and evening dresses; also, in fancy, black, Japanese, and Foulard silks, poplins, &c., at T. & W. Hunton's, whose stock is constantly supplied by their resident agents in London and Paris. Evening silks, &c., shewn by gas light in a room prepared for the purpose, at any hour of the day.

Messrs. Young & Radford having secured the services of first-class working jewellers in etruscan, filagree, plain, fancy and solid gold work, and having made large additions to their work shop are now better prepared to execute any orders with which they may be entrusted than heretofore. Masonic jewels, gold and silver medals, and every kind of ewellery repaired.

For fine bog oak brooches and ear rings in sets, see Young & Radford's new lot, just received, and selling at the very low price of only 90 cts. per set.

Try Gardner's Baking Powder. See advertisement. 887.6m

BIRTHS.

On the 20th instant, in this city, the wife of Dr. A. Mackenzie, Bank-st., of a son.

On the 23rd instant, in this city, the wife of Mr. Robert Kerr, printer, of a son.

On the 19th instant, the wife of F. N. Belcourt, Esq., Postmaster, House of Commons, of a daughter.

DIED.

On Saturday, the 23rd instant, Anselme Hector Stanislas, aged six months, son of Elzear Brousseau, of the Secretary of State's Department.

The funeral will leave his father's residence, No. 2, Queen-st., Union Square, to-day [Monday] at 4 o'clock, p.m.

CITY OF OTTAWA — ADVANCE — OTTAWA

PUBLIC MEETING.

To His Worship the Mayor, H. J. Friel, Esq.

Sir,—The calamitous fire of last night, resulting in the destruction of the Queen's Printer's establishment—through which a worthy citizen, G. E. Desbarats, Esq., has been a sufferer to a serious extent—has inflicted a loss on this city which cannot help being greatly felt.

But in addition to the individual loss of the proprietor of the magnificent pile of buildings destroyed, and the cause of public regret, there will be that of the many persons of both sexes to whom Mr. Desbarats afforded a means of support for themselves and families. Thrown suddenly out of employment in this inclement season of the year, they must be reduced to extremities, if not to absolute want, if some timely movement in their favour be not entered upon.

In consideration of these facts, we would respectfully request your Worship to call a public meeting of our citizens as early as convenient, for the double purpose of expressing sympathy with Mr. Desbarats in his great loss and affliction, and to consider the best means to be adopted towards the relief of the parties suddenly deprived by the unfortunate fire in question, of the means of earning a subsistence.

J M Currier,	John A Macdonald,
† Jos Eugene, Bishop of Ottawa,	James A Grant,
	S L Tilley,
Joseph Aumond,	T D Harington,
Dr C Beaubien,	Allan Gilmour,
P Mitchell,	J E C Tache,
Horace Merrill,	Perley & Pattee,
Wm Smith,	P LeSueur,
A H Baldwin,	R E O'Connor,
W H Griffin,	John Langton,
Mat Steverson,	Ch Armstrong,
W A MacAgy,	W A Himsworth,
Wm H Lee,	George Futvoye,
Robert Berry,	E Gelinas,
Herbert O'Meara,	H Bernard,
J E Irvine, D A D C,	H E Steele,
E A Meredith,	T Trudeau,
John Page,	H F Bronson,
R S M Bouchette,	T W Bangs,
Fingland & Draper,	J H Kirby,
E T Parent,	A Campbell,
Joseph Sleeman,	W McKay Wright,
A Baker,	James Thompson,
I B Taylor,	J LeB Ross,
Wm B Lindsay,	J R Audy,
James Goodwin,	J A Gouin,
W F Powell,	Thomas Hunton,
H O Burditt,	J Fraser,
J T McCuaig,	Thomas Wily,
E M Bronson,	H Cotton,
R W Cruice,	G Powell,
C E Brush,	F Braun,
P A Eagleson & Son,	Isidore Traversy,

And many others.

REPLY.

In accordance with the request contained in the above, I hereby call a meeting for the purpose stated in the requisition, to take place at the City Hall, at the hour of three o'clock in the afternoon on Monday next, the 25th inst.

HENRY J. FRIEL,
Mayor.

January 22, 1869.

Publications.

Jones & Holland
Have Just to Hand
New Books and Magazines from England.
New Books and Magazines from New York, Boston and Philadelphia,
Including all the Fashion Reports for the Month.
They supply all the leading Daily Papers, including the *Globe* and the *Gazette*, at 10 cents per week each.
Post Office Block, January 25, 1869.

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,
35 Sussex-st., Ottawa,

SAFE! SURE! SUCCESSFUL!

We are not selling below cost!
We are not selling worthless bankrupt stock!
We are not retiring from business!
We are not having a clearing sale!
But we are selling as good

COOK	STOVES,
BOX	STOVES,
PARLOR	STOVES,
DOUBLE	STOVES,
HOTEL	STOVES,
COAL	STOVES,

as are to be had in

CENTRAL CANADA,

at a reasonable advance on cost. The celebrated

"MORNING LIGHT,"

AND

ORIENTAL COAL STOVES,

House Furnishing Goods.

Pay us a visit, and your account, if you owe one, at the same time, and oblige

H. MEADOWS & CO.

Card of Thanks.

The subscribers desire to express their hearty thanks to the officers and men of the several Fire Companies, and also to many kind friends, who toiled and laboured so long in a successful effort to save their property from destruction on last Wednesday morning.

ALFRED BROWN,
J. BROWNE, Chemist,
H. McCORMICK,
A. McCORMICK,
WELDON CHAMPNESS.

Ottawa, January 25, 1869. 956-1

The Royal Canadian Bank
AGENCY AT OTTAWA
HAS THIS DAY BEEN CLOSED.

Depositors can obtain balances due them upon application to the QUEBEC BANK here, to whom bills and notes for moneys due the Royal Canadian Bank are handed over for collection.

Parties making payments to the Ontario Government can do so at the same place, where the necessary receipts can be had.

C. B. GRASETT,
Agent.

Ottawa, January 22, 1869. 955d

Wholesale & Retail.

Last chance!
ONLY
☞ ONE WEEK MORE ☜
OF THE
GREAT CHEAP SALE
OF
COTTON GOODS,
By the "Piece" at Wholesale Prices.

150	PIECES BLEACHED SHIRTING,
175	" GREY do
200	" PRINTS,
20	" UNBLEACHED SHEETING,
10	" BLEACHED SHEETING

☞ On the arrival of our "NEW COTTON GOODS" next month, we will be compelled to advance prices about two cents per yard.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

Last chance!
ONLY
☞ ONE WEEK MORE ☜
OF THE
GREAT CHEAP SALE
OF
COTTON GOODS,
By the "Piece" at Wholesale Prices.

150	PIECES BLEACHED SHIRTING,
175	" GREY do
200	" PRINTS,
20	" UNBLEACHED SHEETING,
10	" BLEACHED SHEETING

☞ On the arrival of our "NEW COTTON GOODS" next month, we will be compelled to advance prices about two cents per yard.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

Dry Goods.

KEARNS & RYAN,
KEARNS & RYAN,
KEARNS & RYAN,
THE ABOVE FIRM
having bought out the
BANKRUPT STOCK
AND
LEASE OF PREMISES LATELY OCCUPIED BY
MESSRS. GRANT & HENDERSON,
AT A
LOW COMPOSITION IN THE POUND,
are now prepared, and will sell from this date
THE WHOLE OF THE ABOVE STOC

STEAM ENGINE WANTED.

Any person having a GOOD SECOND-HAND STEAM ENGINE—about six horse power—in good running order, can find a ready purchaser by addressing "A.B.," Box C., Post Office, Ottawa.
Ottawa, January 25. 958-3

Latest by Telegraph.

Per Montreal Line.

TORONTO.

ONTARIO LEGISLATURE.

2nd Session 1st Legislative Assembly.

Close of the Session.

The Lieut.-Governor's Speech.

The House Prorogued to the 4th of March.

Special to THE TIMES.

TORONTO, January 23.

In the House to-day Hon. J. S. Macdonald introduced a Bill to establish a general constabulary force in Ontario. Bill read a first time.

This done the Speaker left the chair, and a large number of ladies entered, filling many of the members' seats, vacated to their use. The members, judges, and clergy occupied seats on the floor of the House. The galleries were pretty well filled. At one o'clock the strains of music announced His Honour's arrival, accompanied by his body guard, composed of two companies of the 20th regiment. Gen. Stisted and several military officers stood on the right and left of the *dais*. His Honour then assented to 69 Bills. That done he read the following speech:

Mr. Speaker and Gentlemen of the Legislative Assembly.

In relieving you from your Legislative labours at this time I desire to express my profound sense of the zeal and devotion which have marked the discharge of your duties during the Session, and tender to you my acknowledgment for the prompt attention which you have bestowed on several important measures which I thought proper to suggest for your consideration. To the different Bills which you have passed I have given my assent, and I am persuaded that they will contribute to promote the best interests of the Province. I thank you for the supplies granted for the service of the year, and for appropriations made for carrying on public works of improvement. I take leave of you convinced that your exertions in your several counties will be directed to the task of inspiring in the minds of the people a hopeful confidence in the future of this growing Province, the Government and institutions of which are founded upon wholesome and just laws, and administered impartially to all—a condition of things well calculated to make us a happy and a prosperous people.

The House was then prorogued to the 4th of March.

SECOND DESPATCH.

Special to THE TIMES.

TORONTO, January 23.

The *Globe* notices the statement that the Montreal *Witness* has the largest circulation in the Dominion, and says that it must correct it. The *Globe* has double the circulation claimed by the *Witness*.

One police station was without any prisoners last night—a circumstance unprecedented.

A man was sent to jail for robbing the till of the Northern Railway station at New Market. The sum was small.

At the land sales to-day, a lot of forty acres in Albion brought $1,220.

Nothing definite is known yet as to the course Hon. J. H. Cameron will adopt in the Whelan case.

A Halifax despatch says at a meeting in Yarmouth county Mr. Clements was nominated as the Unionist candidate for the House of Commons. If Repeal is not made an issue he will stand a good chance. Many Repealers are willing to support him. No Repeal candidate as yet.

MONTREAL.

Special to THE TIMES.

MONTREAL, January 23.

His Excellency the Governor-General has telegraphed in gracious terms his acceptance of the invitation of the citizens of Montreal, and will come down by the night train on Monday, February 1st. The public dinner will take place on Tuesday, and the ball to Lady Young on the Wednesday following.

Kane, of the 16th Regiment, attempted to elope with a daughter of Judge Counsel's last night. Judge Counsel caught them as they were about leaving for Quebec by the 10 p.m. train. They were married at the French Cathedral this morning.

Col. Ermatinger died last night.

Flour firm.

CABLE NEWS.

GREAT BRITAIN.

QUEENSTOWN, January 23.—The steamers *Erin* and *China*, from New York, have arrived.

FRANCE.

BREST, January 23.—The steamer *Europa*, from New York, has arrived.

SPAIN.

MADRID, January 22.—A proposition, declaring all vessels engaged in the slave trade as pirates, is under the consideration of the Government, and will probably prevail. Rivero has been elected to preside over the sessions of the new constituent Cortes.

The transports containing the troops to reinforce Gen Dulce and army are now nearly ready to sail. In order to save the time and expense, which the transportation of troops and supplies from Havana to the seat of war would necessarily entail, the Government has given orders for the fleet to land at Santiago de Cuba, in the south eastern part of the island, which is much nearer the insurrectionary district.

SOUTH AMERICA.

NEWS VIA NEW YORK.

Bliss and Masterman Released.

NEW YORK, January 23.—The *Post's* special says that the Navy Department is advised of the release of Bliss and Masterman by Lopez.

The *Times'* Buenos Ayres correspondence says the American fleet had not yet reported its success in obtaining permission to pass the allied squadron, although it was supposed that the required authorization would eventually be obtained.

CUBA.

NEWS VIA NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, January 23.—The *Herald's* Havana special says the revolutionary forces in the central department having determined to move westwards, deceived Count Valmazeda during his march upon Bayamo, by resisting him with a small force, while the main body was moving upon the western department. It is reported that the government has received a telegram stating that Gen. Fuesada, commanding a large force of insurgents, is near Villa Clara.

AMERICAN NEWS.

SATURDAY'S DESPATCHES.

Entertainment to Gen. Grant in Baltimore.

BALTIMORE, January 22.—To-night a private entertainment is being given to Gen. Grant at the residence of Mr. Albert. Many are in attendance who served in the rebel army.

MIDNIGHT DESPATCHES.

An Audacious Thief.

NEW YORK, January 23.—About 10 o'clock this morning an audacious thief walked into the Park Bank, and thrusting his hand through a glass panel in the counter seized a package containing $4,000. He immediately rushed out and transferred the package to a confederate. The thief escaped, but his confederate was arrested and the money recovered.

Edward C. Fenton, who committed the old robbery at the Park Bank this morning was arraigned this evening at the Toombs Police Court, before Justice Dowling, and on the testimony of Mr. Ketchum, President of the Bank, who testified to the robbery, he was committed for trial at the General Sessions. Bail would not be accepted. Fenton stated he was from Albany, and was not guilty.

THE TAVERN LICENSE BILL.

[From the Leader.]

In reviewing the first session of our Local Legislature, we commented upon the many cases in which members of the Government were found taking opposite sides in the House upon their own bills. We are glad to say that there has been a great improvement in this respect this session. Still the unseemly sight has not been altogether wanting. There was an exhibition of the kind in the discussion last week upon the Treasurer's License Bill, which was very unparliamentary, and led to the utter demoralization of the House. It is immaterial now who was responsible for this. But the members of the Government ought to endeavour to avoid the recurrence of events which lead to the expression of different views in the House upon bills regarding which they ought to stand as an unit.

Yesterday the Bill came up again, and we were pleased to see that the improper proceedings of the previous week were not repeated. The Government came down with a resolution fixing the prices of licenses. The members of the Government all agreed upon it, and the result was its adoption by a very large majority. The prices agreed to were these: For tavern licenses—in cities, $80, instead of $100; in towns, $60, instead of $80; in villages and townships, $30, instead of $50; shop licenses in all the municipalities, $50; saloons, that is to say, drinking places solely, in cities, $120; in towns, $100; and in incorporated villages and townships the provincial license is fixed at $10, instead of $12. There was a very general agreement in the reduction proposed, the apprehension being strong, and, no doubt, pretty well founded, that if the prices were fixed too high, there would be a greater inducement held out for illicit traffic in spirituous liquors.

As to the time of closing drinking places the Government proposed to make the hour nine on Saturday nights instead of seven. This proposition raised a strong feeling of opposition, to which the Government finally yielded, allowing the hour of closing on Saturday to remain as at present. Mr. Wood gave a very forcible illustration of the ineffectiveness of the present law by appealing to the habits of many of the members themselves, who continually violate it. Publicly, these men set themselves up as preachers of morality, whilst privately they not only have constant proof that the law is not carried out, but admit that they advocate closing at 7 o'clock on Saturday nights simply because they have not the courage to express in the House what their real opinion is. We certainly see no good reason, so long as taverns exist, why they should be compelled to close at an earlier hour on Saturday night than 9 o'clock, even if the law were enforced. But when the members know that they are simply giving countenance to a sham—that they are playing the hypocrite to please some Pecksniffs in their constituencies, it would be more creditable to them to manifest a little more manliness. Even without this provision the bill would be a very stringent one, and there is no good ground for the accusation which has been made that it is conceived friendliness to the Licensed Victualler's Association. We only hope that the heavy penalties which it imposes will have the good effects anticipated.

DANIEL WEBSTER'S GENEROSITY.—"Dan'l Webster," remarked old Col. Gumpey, as he trimmed a quid of tobacco and fastened it securely between two decayed teeth in the left side of his mouth, "Dan'l Webster was a great man. There warn't nothin' mean about him. I've hearn him talk, but twan't his talk so much as his gineroslty that tuck me. He had a kinder careless way, like, that kep' him from getting rich. He never seemed to think what things cost. I was a-comin up in the Hudson river boat along with him once, and in the mornin' Dan'l Webster and me was washin' our faces and slickin' our hair in the cabin and he took out a tooth-brush and brushed his teeth. I didn't see no other tooth-brush around, so I borrowed his'n. And after I used it I handed it back to him, and what do you think? Why, Dan'l Webster just slung that tooth-brush into the river. And I spose next day he went and bought him a new one. That's all he cared about money! There ain't no such men as Dan'l Webster living now," concluded the Colonel, meditatively, as he squirted a stream of tobacco juice into the fire-place at the other end of the room.

—Martin County, Iowa, makes about $30,000 a year from furs alone. One firm shipped a few weeks since 27,594 rats, 186 mink, 56 fox, 11 otter, 103 skunk, 69 badger, besides some beaver, wild cat and other furs.

—A man was discovered in Washington two days ago committing a theft, whereupon he took some strychnine and was dead in half an hour.

JEWELLERY.—All kinds of jewellery, of the latest designs, and at the cheapest rates, can be bought of Young & Radford, Sparks-st.

The most unhappy person in the world is the dyspeptic. Everything looks dark and gloomy; he feels "out of sorts" with himself and everybody else. Life is a burden to him. This can all be changed by taking Peruvian Syrup (a protoxide of iron.) Cases of 27 years standing have been cured by it.

ST. PATRICK'S LITERARY ASSOCIATION.

The FOURTH LECTURE of the course will be given on TUESDAY EVENING next, 26th inst., at the St. Patrick's Hall, by

MR. W. H. WALLER.

SUBJECT—The Laws of Life and Health.

SYLLABUS—Definition of health and its value. Sickness, accidents and disease, the result of violated laws—not Providential, as are usually imagined by thousands. How health is forfeited explained: How it is to be regained pointed out—Nature vs. Physic; How to be preserved; In which intemperance in eating and in drinking; In mental and physical exertion; In sleeping and in waking; Ill-ventilation; Deficient sun light; The changes of temperature, and the use of the cold bath will be touched upon; And the *only certain* means for the cure of consumption propounded.

Admission 12½ cents.

Tickets can be procured at Jones & Holland's News Depot, Post Office Block, and from the members of the committee.

Doors open at seven, to commence at eight o'clock.

JOHN KELLY,
Secretary.
January 22, 1869. 955-3

GOVERNMENT HOUSE,
OTTAWA.

MONDAY, 18th day of January, 1869.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.

On the recommendation of the Honorable the Minister of Customs, and under and in virtue of the authority conferred by the Act passed during the last Session of the Parliament of Canada, intituled, "An Act respecting the Customs," His Excellency in Council has been pleased to make the following regulation:

In addition to the Warehousing Ports mentioned in the Act passed during the late Session of the Parliament of Canada, and intituled "An Act respecting the Customs," and also in addition to the Ports named in Lists sanctioned by subsequent orders in Council, passed under the authority of the said Act, the following Port shall be, and it is hereby declared to be included in the List of Warehousing Ports in the Dominion of Canada, viz.:

Province of New Brunswick.

The Port of Dorchester.

WM. H. LEE,
Clerk of the Privy Council.
956-3

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, January 22, 1869.

AUTHORIZED discount on American Invoices until further notice: 26 per cent.

R. S. M. BOUCHETTE,
Commissioner of Customs.

Groceries.

For sale by the undersigned.

300 BBLS. MESS PORK.

200 BBLS. THIN MESS PORK.

500 BBLS. STRONG SUPER FLOUR.

COAL OIL.

Having been appointed by the combination their agents for

COAL OIL,

They are now prepared to sell in quantities to suit the trade, by the

BARREL OR CAR LOAD,

AT THE

LOWEST PRICES

Agents for Hiram Walker's,

HIGHWINES

RYE,

PROOF, and

MONONGAHELA WHISKEYS.

Agent for

RESEOR BROS. CHEESE.

Agents for John Campbell's celebrated

HAMS,

BACON, &c.

C. T. BATE & CO.,
Canal Basin.
Ottawa, Dec. 12, 1868.

Wants.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY.

A WET NURSE.

Apply to

DR. WOOD,
953tf Sparks-st.

WANTED,

AN EXPERIENCED SALESMAN,

to take charge of a

GROCERY AND DRY GOODS ESTABLISHMENT in this city. Good references required. Apply at this office.

Ottawa, Jan. 21, 1869. 953a

ROYAL INSURANCE COMPANY.

OF

LIVERPOOL AND LONDON.

NOTICE

is hereby given that owing to the

INEFFICIENCY OF THE MEANS

FOR

EXTINGUISHING FIRES,

AND THE

TOTAL WANT OF WATER

in the City of Ottawa, the

AGENCY OF THIS COMPANY

is from this date

CLOSED.

All policies are held good until the date of expiry.

H. L. ROUTH,
General Agent.
January 23, 1869. 955-3

THE UNION FORWARDING AND RAILWAY COMPANY.

THE ANNUAL MEETING

OF THE

SUBSCRIBERS OF STOCK,

OF THE

Union Forwarding and Railway Company,

will be held at

THEIR OFFICE in the CITY OF OTTAWA,

ON

Wednesday, 10th day of February, Next,

at TWELVE o'clock, noon, for the

ELECTION OF DIRECTORS,

and the transaction of general business.

By order,

R. S. CASSELS,
President.
Ottawa, January 22, 1869. 954d

COAL! COAL!

NEWCASTLE GRATE,
(Screened.)
LACKAWANNA,
(Egg and Stove Sizes.)
LEHIGH,
(Lump and Egg Sizes.)
BLACKSMITH'S,
$6 per Chaldron.

For Sale by
D. W. COWARD & CO.,
Commission Merchants,
Office—17 Sparks-st.
912-3m

Commission Merchants.

DOMINION AUCTION MART,

AND

COMMISSION SALE ROOMS,

HOUSE, LAND AND GENERAL AGENCY,

OFFICE AND SALE ROOMS,

INGLIS' NEW BUILDINGS, SUSSEX-ST.,

OTTAWA.

The subscriber respectfully announces to the inhabitants of Ottawa and surrounding country that at the request of many friends he has decided on opening an extensive and well regulated Auction Mart in this city:

From arrangements made with some of the Furniture Manufactories of Western Ontario, a large and well selected stock of new furniture will be constantly on hand.

Public Sales will be held from time to time, of which due notice will be given, and at which parties requiring to furnish will have an opportunity of purchasing at unusually low rates. The Mart is now open with a large stock of new Furniture, as well as Pianos, Harmoniums, &c., &c., consigned for sale.

The subscriber would also intimate that he is the Sole Agent for Ottawa and territory for the sale of Rappe, Webber & Co.'s celebrated grand Pianos.

They are successors to the late John C. Fox, of Kingston, and the makers of his excellent Pianos.

From their long experience in Germany, Paris, and New York, they are universally admitted to be the best Piano Manufacturers on this continent.

The high reputation of the instruments made by them for the past ten years, and the increasing demand for them in the new Dominion, prove their very superior quality, and universally acknowledged merit.

The Pianos, as well as the Furniture in the establishment, will be sold either by private sale or auction.

He would also announce that he is prepared to receive instructions from persons having household furniture, horses, carriages, or real estate, to dispose of, and pledges himself that nothing will be left undone by him to give satisfaction in discharging the trust confided to him. He hopes that by strict attention to the sales entrusted to his care, as well as by prompt settlements immediately after, to merit a share of public patronage.

He will be in his office from 7 in the morning until 7 in the evening, when he can see parties who wish to arrange about their sales. Consignments from a distance will have immediate attention.

Cash advances, when required, will be made on consignments for immediate sale.

All kinds of furniture bought, sold or exchanged.

REFERENCES.

His Lordship the Bishop of Kingston,
Hon. Sir John A. Macdonald,
Hon. H. L. Langevin, C B,
Hon. Alex. Campbell, P M G,
R. W. Scott, Esq. M P P,
Walter Shanly, Esq. M P
Max. W. Strange, Esq. M P P,
Francis H. Burton, Esq. M P
James O'Reilly, Esq. Q C,
H. V. Noel, Esq. Manager Quebec Bank, Ottawa.
Robert Lyon, Esq. M P P.

A smart young man wanted to act as travelling agent representing several firms.

J. BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer and Commission Merchant,
75-y House, Land and General Agent.

REMOVAL.

The subscribers beg to inform their customers and the public generally that they have removed to those spacious premises lately occupied by M. K. Dickinson, Canal Basin, and where will be found constantly on hand the following goods:

FLOUR,
PORK,
OATMEAL, &c.

ALSO ON HAND,

2,000 CORDS OF GOOD FIREWOOD,
and 600,000 sawed SHINGLES.

Wholesale and Commission Agents.

Goods forwarded with despatch between Ottawa, Kingston and Intermediate Ports, by the Steamer *Mary Ann*, and three barges.

☞ *Silver Taken at Par.* ☜

WM. H. EASTON & CO.,
Forwarders and Commission Merchants,
Canal Basin

For Sale or to Let.

FOR SALE, OR TO LET for a term of years, BELLEGREEN COTTAGE and GROUNDS, say two and a half acres, situate on the Bank of the Rideau River, (Ottawa-st.). The Cottage is built of brick and tin roofed, with a gallery all round. The gardens and grounds are in a high state of cultivation. Large storeroom, stables, granary, coach and ice-house, woodsheds, &c., all in the best of order. It is one of the most healthy and comfortable residences for a private family in or about the city of Ottawa. For particulars apply to FRANCIS CLEMOW, Esq.—Office, Sparks-st., near the Russell House—or to the proprietor J. WADSWORTH.

Terms moderate. Possession given at any time to suit parties. 927tf

VALUABLE FARMS FOR SALE.—Lot 21 in the 3rd Concession, Gloucester, Ottawa Front, 200 acres, about 80 cleared and under cultivation, with comfortable Dwelling and good Barn. The bush land is principally hardwood, and very valuable from its proximity to Ottawa. Also, Lot 20, in 3rd Concession, Gloucester, Ottawa Front, containing 200 acres, 20 acres cleared. The remainder of this lot is heavily wooded with hard and soft wood. These farms will be sold separately or together as may be desired. The short distance of only 3 miles from Ottawa makes the wood of greater value. These lands are well watered, of excellent soil, and would make a fine dairy farm. Apply to the Proprietor, C. SPARROW, or to D. O'CONNOR, Solicitor, Ottawa.

Ottawa, Nov. 25, 1868. 908tf

MEMBERS OF PARLIAMENT and others visiting the Capital can be accommodated with board and apartments, single or double, at a first-class Boarding House, within five minutes' walk of the Parliament Buildings. References given if required. Apply to MRS. W. PARDY, Wellington-st., Ottawa. 905-2m

ROOMS TO LET.

MRS. SMITH, Corner of Bank and Albert-sts., can rent TWO FURNISHED BEDROOMS and a SITTING ROOM. 868tf

FOR SALE.—The Westerly one-third of Lot No. 27, in First Concession, Ottawa Front, Nepean, and Lots Nos. 26 and 28, in the same concession, at present in the occupation of Wm. T. Aylen, Esq. For further particulars apply to JOHN and WM. THOMSON, Nepean, and LEWIS & FINNEY, Barristers, Ottawa. Je2-141-tf

HALO LAMP SHADE,

AT THE

OIL DEPOT, 73 SUSSEX-ST.,

Is made of Brass, Silver Plated.

It will Not Tarnish or Burn Out.

It is Indestructible.

It is a Superior Reflector.

It Saves the Eyes.

It Saves Oil.

It Saves Chimnies.

D. R. LEAVENS,
Red Oil Barrel,
73 Sussex-st.

COAL OIL DEPOT.

ROCK OIL

LAMPS AND CHIMNIES,

AT WHOLESALE,

CHEAP.

NOTICE.

Any person having any of the property saved from the late fire, belonging to Mrs. Trotter, will please notify her son, MR. THOMAS H. HODGINS, at the Office of the Secretary of State.

THOMAS H. HODGINS.
Ottawa, January 23. 955-3

CARD OF THANKS.

Mrs. Trotter gratefully returns her thanks to the Firemen and her numerous friends for their efforts to save her property at the late fire.

MRS. M. A. TROTTER.
Ottawa, January 23. 955-3

Jewellery, &c.

FOR
CHRISTMAS AND NEW YEAR'S
PRESENTS,
GO TO YOUNG & RADFORD'S,
IN GOLD & SILVER WATCHES,
30 Sparks-st.

FOR
CHRISTMAS AND NEW YEAR'S
PRESENTS,
GO TO YOUNG & RADFORD'S.
GOLD CHAINS & FINE JEWELLERY,
GO TO YOUNG & RADFORD'S.

FOR
CHRISTMAS AND NEW YEAR'S
PRESENTS,
IN PLATED WARE,
GO TO YOUNG & RADFORD'S.

FOR
CHRISTMAS AND NEW YEAR'S
PRESENTS,
IN FANCY GOODS,
SUITABLE FOR THE SEASON,
GO TO YOUNG & RADFORD'S.

PARTIES WANTING WORK
SUITABLE FOR PRESENTATIONS
FOR CHRISTMAS OR NEW YEAR,
Will find it to their advantage to
GO TO YOUNG & RADFORD'S,
30 Sparks-st.

Garland, Mutchmor & Co

X MAS DRY GOODS.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.,

IMPORTERS, 20 SPARKS-ST.,

Have received, ex various ocean steamers, large additions to their extensive stock of

STAPLE & FANCY DRY GOODS,

MILLINERY,

Carpetings and House Furnishings,

and are now showing a large and well assorted stock in every department. They invite special attention to the following:

RICH FANCY SILKS,

RICH FANCY DRESSES,

suitable for street and evening wear.

RICH BALL DRESSES,

GOOD ABERDEEN WINCIES,

at a little over half last year's prices. Good cheap useful dresses for all classes in all the new materials.

CLOTHS,
TWEEDS,
BLANKETS,
FLANNELS,
SHEETINGS,
COTTONS,
PRINTS, ETC.,

all in great variety cheap.

LACES,
RIBBONS,
TRIMMINGS,
GLOVES,
HOSIERY,

Black Silk Mantle Velvets,
Black and Brown Velveteens,
Black and Brown Sealskins,
Black and Brown Astricans,
Coloured Jasper Sealskins,
White and Fancy Mantle Cloths.

MANTLES,

in great variety, in all the new materials an shapes.

SHAWLS,
BONNETS,
HATS,
LADIES' CAPS,
HEAD DRESSES,
FLOWERS,
FEATHERS,
BRIDAL WREATHS.

Great novelty in Skirts—the

NEW PATENT FELT SKIRT,

Plain and embroidered, all in once piece; warm lighter, better fitting and cheaper than any other skirts. Just opened

One Case Plain Glasgow Wincies.

Two cases latest styles in Clouds and other Woollen Goods.

Wholesale and Retail.

STOVES,

LAMPS, &c.

BELOW COST, at

ESMONDE BROS.,
Sparks-st.,
Opposite Ontario Bank.

TO LUMBERMEN.—For sale at the Railway Station, at Ottawa, 10,000 bushels LOWER CANADA OATS. Also, at SANDPOINT, Flour, Pork, Beans, Corn, Oats, and Hay pressed in wire-bound bales.

NEIL McKINNON,
Commission and Exchange Broker.
Ottawa, Jan. 21, 1869. 953a

Stationery.

NEW GOODS.

Just received, ex steamship *St. David*, a large importation of the best British manufactured

STAPLE STATIONERY,

IN

LETTER PAPERS,
NOTE PAPERS,
ENVELOPES,
FOOLSCAPS,
FOLIO POSTS,
RECORD PAPERS,
TINTED BLOTTING PAPERS,
MUSIC PAPER,
&c., &c., &c.

For sale at
THE OTTAWA CITIZEN
Stationery and Printing House,
Sussex-st., Ottawa.

Groceries.

THE TEA POT LIST.

In Cases, Hhd. and ¼ Casks,

HENNESSEY'S BRANDY,

MARTELL'S do

OTARD, DUPEY & Co., do

JULES, ROBIN & Co., do

CASTILLION & Co., do.

In Bottle or Wood,

GRAHAM'S EXTRA OLD PORT,

GRAHAM'S THREE GRAPE,

SANDEMAN'S CHOICE OLD PORT,

McKENZIE'S Pure Golden SHERRY

DUNN'S BROWN, do

CHOICE PALE, do.

THE

FINEST BALTIMORE OYSTERS,

Received daily, by Express.

CHIPPAWA pure old RYE WHISKEY
Four years old, equal to any French Brandy.

CHIPPAWA TODDY WHISKEY,
Four years old, equal to Scotch.

CHIPPAWA FAMILY PROOF.

J. G. ROBINSON & CO
The Tea Pot, Ottawa.
Ottawa, Dec. 16 1868.

ON SALE,

GOODERHAM & WORTS'

RECTIFIED SPIRITS.

100 BBLS. CELEBRATED OLD RYE,

100 do HIGHWINES, 50 O.P.

100 do ALCOHOL, 65 O.P.

☞ The trade supplied at manufacturers' prices.

REDPATH'S EXTRA GOLDEN SYRUP

REDPATH'S STANDARD do

NEW YORK HOUSE SYRUP,

100 BBLS. WEST INDIA MOLASSES.

500 CHESTS UNCOLORED JAPAN TEA.

100 CADDIES ORANGE PEKOE TEA

150 CHESTS TWANKAY.

200 CADDIES BRIGHT SOL TOBACCO.

100 BOXES TOBACCO, 10s.

500 BARRELS EXTRA SUPERIOR FLOUR.

300 BBLS. MESS PORK, to arrive.

J. G. ROBINSON & Co.
December 16, 1868. 926-3m

OTTAWA MARKETS.

[Compiled expressly for the OTTAWA TIMES.]

Times Office, Ottawa, Jan. 25, 1869.			
FLOUR—Extra	6 50	@	6 75
No. 1	4 25	@	5 50
No. 2	none.		
Bags—Fall per 100 lbs	3 25	@	3 37½
" Spring "	2 62½	@	2 75
Oatmeal—per 200 lbs	7 00	@	7 25
Indian Meal "	4 00	@	0 00
Rye—per bushel 56 lbs	0 85	@	0 90
Barley " 48 lbs	0 00	@	0 00
Buckwheat Flour	4 00	@	4 50
WHEAT—Fall—per bushel, 60 lbs	1 25	@	1 30
Spring " "	1 20	@	1 25
CORN—Per bushel, 56 lbs	0 85	@	0 90
Peas " 60 lbs	0 00	@	0 00
Oats " 34 lbs	0 61	@	0 62
Beans " 60 lbs	1 80	@	0 00
PORK—Mess—per barrel	25 00	@	26 00
Prime Mess per do	17 00	@	17 50
Prime	boxed.		
Pork (fresh)	8 00	@	9 00
Hams	0 15	@	0 17
Beef per 100 lbs	6 50	@	7 25
Mutton—per lb	0 5	@	0 6
Geese—Each	0 50	@	0 60
Ducks	0 50	@	0 60
Turkeys—Each	1 00	@	2 00
Poultry—Per pair	0 50	@	0 60
BUTTER—Choice Table	0 25	@	0 00
No. 1 Firkin	0 22	@	0 24
No. 2	0 00	@	0 00
Eggs	0 22	@	0 25
Apples—per bbl	0 00	@	4 50
VEGETABLES, &c.—Potatoes	0 38	@	0 40
HAY—Per ton	18 00	@	22 00
WOOD—Per cord (cubic measure)	0 25	@	0 30
Mixed Wood	2 00	@	0 00
Tamarac	2 00	@	0 00
Soft Wood	2 00	@	0 00

Testimonials to the Montreal Tea Company

FELCOME.—Montreal Tea Company: Gentlemen, the Oolong tea which you sent me gives me great satisfaction. I forwarded part of the chest to a friend in Toronto who informs me he considers it as good as he has been paying one dollar per lb. for. Please send me a chest of Young Hyson at same price, viz: at 75c. per lb. Address as before. Your Obedient servant, JNO. T. DAY.

CORNING.—Montreal Tea Company: Gentlemen, I beg to inform you that the two boxes of tea you sent me are of excellent quality, especially the Young Hyson at 60 cents. Please send another box or 20 lbs., at same price, and oblige yours, &c., F. OLIVER.

QUEBEC—Gentlemen, the box of green tea you sent me at 65 c. is far better than the tea we have been paying 90c. for. Yours truly, P. A. BOELET.

—We have pleasure in directing attention to the advertisement of the Montreal Tea Company. We can assure our tea-drinking readers that an incredible saving can be effected and a much better article procured by adopting the suggestions thrown out by this company. From personal knowledge we can say that the Montreal Tea Company is a most satisfactory institution to deal with. Merchants and others by making purchases from this Company will save a very large per centage.—*Cornwall Freeholder.* [Most of our readers are acquainted with the editor of the *Freeholder*, and know that what he states from personal knowledge can be entirely relied on. [Ed. Beacon.] Stratford *Beacon.*

Montreal Tea Company, 6 Hospital-st., Montreal: The Congou Tea you sent me in December last, gives great satisfaction, and is much superior to anything of the kind at that price, which we have been accustomed to get from other houses in your city. Very truly yours, W. E. JONES.

Richmond Guardian Office, Richmond.

QUEBEC.—The Montreal Tea Company: Gentlemen, the sheet of mixed tea at 55 cents I received is excellent in quality, and fully 20 cents cheaper than I have been paying. Your obdt. servant, THOS. TRUDEL.

WINFIELD.—Gentlemen, I received the Tea according to contract. I am very well satisfied with it, and can thoroughly recommend it. Yours truly, JOHN HERITAGE.

To the Montreal Tea Company, Montreal.

The Montreal Tea Company: It is pretty clear that when an individual or a firm makes a speciality of a particular trade—in other words—turns all resources and energies in one direction, then we find profits reduced and excellence secured. This has been the case in respect to the operations of the Company named. The quality of Tea supplied are the best in the country, and by reference to the advertisement, it will be seen that, in price also, an inducement to patronage is offered the public.—*Woodstock Times.*

A large consignment of the Montreal Tea Company's pure teas have been received by the undersigned. There is no paint, dye, or black lead used in these teas to make them look well. Boxes, 12 lbs. and upwards. See advertisement for list of prices.

JOSEPH MOONEY, Russell House Block

A meritorious article is Hall's Sicilian Hair Renewer; it is rapidly becoming known and widely and deservedly popular. It is apparently nothing in itself but an agreeably perfumed and pleasant hair dressing, but it contains the most wonderful curative properties for loss of hair, and after using it a short time, gray hair is restored to its natural color. If any of our readers doubt it, let them try a single bottle of the "Renewer," and they will add their testimonial to the truth of what we say.—*Sentinel, Burlington, Vt.*

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Coughs and Colds—Sudden changes of climate are sources of Pulmonary Bronchial and Asthmatic affections. Experience having proved that simple remedies often act specifily and certainly when taken in the early stages of the disease, recourse should at once be had to "Brown's Bronchial Troches," or Lozenges. Few are aware of the importance of checking a cough, or "common cold," in its first stage. That which in the beginning would yield to a mild remedy if neglected soon attacks the lungs. "Brown's Bronchial Troches," or Cough Lozenges, allay irritation which induces coughing, having a MAGIC influence on the affected parts. As there are imitations, be sure to obtain the genuine. Sold by all dealers in medicines, at 25 cents a box.

HALL'S VEGETABLE SICILIAN HAIR RENEWER.

The chief of its remedial properties is a vegetable compound.

It will restore gray hair to its original color.

It will keep the hair from falling out.

It cleanses the scalp and makes the hair soft, lustrous and silken.

It is a splendid hair dressing.

R. P. HALL & CO., Nashua, N. H., Proprietors.

For sale by all druggists. 884d

Mothers! Mothers! Mothers!—Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with the excruciating pain of cutting teeth? If so, go at once and get a bottle of MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately—depend upon it there is no mistake about it. There is not a mother on earth who has ever used it, who will not tell you at once that it will regulate the bowels, and give rest to the mother, and relief and health to the child, operating like magic. It is perfectly safe to use in all cases, and pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Price 25 cents. Sold everywhere. Be sure to call for "MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP." Having the *fac simile* of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations

Mothers Read This!—Holloway's Worm Lozenges are a certain and safe remedy for Worms in Children an Adults.—As it is a well-known and melancholy fact that one great cause of death among children is from Worms alone, it cannot be too deeply impressed upon the minds parents the necessity of closely watching their children. By so doing, and understanding the symptoms and true cause of the disease, thousands of children might be saved from early graves. SYMPTOMS OF WORMS.—The following are a few of the very numerous symptoms and diseases which are caused by Worms: deranged appetite, emaciated extremities, offensive breath, frequent picking at the nose, grinding of the teeth during sleep, hardness of the belly, with frequent slimy stools, and sometimes convulsive fits; itching of the arms, pain in the head and stomach, unquiet sleep, faintings, tremblings, coughs, indigestion, low spirits, frightful dreams, and a gradual wasting away of flesh.

They are palatable and self-administered to the child—drive out the worms thoroughly without pain and completely cleanse the stomach—thereby doing away with the necessity of administering Castor Oil or other unpleasant cathartics—as in the use of other Worms.

Each box contains the fac-simile signature of NORTHROP & LYMAN, Newcastle, C.W., who are the sole proprietors.

N.B. Ask for *Holloway's Worm Lozenges* and take no other. Sold by all the druggists in Ottawa, and medicine dealers everywhere. 879y

DOMINION Telegraph Company!

Capital Stock.....$500,000,

IN 10,000 SHARES AT $50 EACH.

President, HON. WM. CAYLEY.

Treasurer, HON. J. McMURRICH.

Secretary, H. R. REEVE.

Counsel, MESSRS. CAMERON & McMICHAEL.

General Superintendent, MARTIN RYAN.

DIRECTORS.

HON. J. McMURRICH—Bryce, McMurrich & Co., Toronto.
A. R. McMASTER Esq.—A. R. McMaster & Brother, Toronto.
HON. M. C. CAMERON,—Provincial Secretary, Toronto.
JAMES MICHIE, Esq.,—Fulton, Michie & Co., and Geo. Michie & Co., Toronto.
HON. WM. CAYLEY,—Toronto.
A. M. SMITH, Esq.,—A. M. Smith & Co., Toronto.
L. MOFFATT, Esq.,—Moffatt, Murray & Co., Toronto.
H. B. REEVE, Esq.,—Toronto.
MARTIN RYAN, Esq.,—Toronto.

PROSPECTUS.

THE DOMINION TELEGRAPH COMPANY has been organized under the Act respecting Telegraph Companies, chapter 67 of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada. Its object is to cover the Dominion of Canada with a complete net-work of Telegraph Lines.

THE CAPITAL STOCK

Is $500,000, divided into 10,000 shares of $50 each, 5 per cent to be paid at the time of subscribing, the balance to be paid by instalments, not exceeding 10 per cent per month—said instalments to be called in as the works progress.

THE BUSINESS AFFAIRS OF THE COMPANY

are under the management of a Board of Directors annually elected by the shareholders in conformity with the Charter and By-laws of the Company.

The Directors are of opinion that it would be to the interest of the Stockholders generally to obtain subscriptions from all quarters of Canada, and with this view they propose to divide the Stock amongst the different towns and cities throughout the Dominion in allotments suited to the population and business capabilities of the different localities and the interest which they may be supposed to take in such an enterprise.

CONTRACTS OF CONNECTIONS.

A contract, granting permanent connection and extraordinary advantages, has already been executed, between this Company and the Atlantic and Pacific Company of New York; thus, at the very commencement, all the Lines of this Company are constructed from the Suspension Bridge, at Clifton (the point of connection) to any point in the Dominion, all the chief cities and places in the States, touched by the Lines of the Atlantic and Pacific Telegraph Company, are brought in immediate connection therewith.

A permanent connection has also been secured with the Great Western Telegraph Company of Chicago, whereby this Company will be brought into close connection with all the Lake Ports and other places through the North Western States, and through to California.

All classes of Society are interested in extending the use of the Telegraph, at LOW RATES, and the Directors are satisfied, that the adoption of a scale of charges considerably below the rates now exacted in Canada, will by encouraging a much more extended use of this medium of communication, not only prove a real and substantial benefit to the public generally, but will also ensure a safe and profitable return to the Investor.

On the 25th day of June, A.D., 1868, the DOMINION TELEGRAPH COMPANY was duly CHARTERED according to law.

The admitted importance and value of Telegraphy, would, in the opinion of the Directors, have rendered any introduction of the Dominion Telegraph Company to the Canadian public unnecessary had it not been that previous attempts to establish Telegraph Companies in Canada, to share the business with the Montreal Company, had been found wanting to fall through.

The success of a Telegraph Company will mainly depend on its ability to meet the demands of the public, and consequently it should possess, at least, equal facilities with any other Company, of access to all quarters with which its customers may desire to have communication.

This important requisite has not been, until now, within the reach of any Company entering the field as a competitor with the Montreal Company, in consequence of the close and exclusive connection formed between that Company and the Western Union Company, of the United States, the latter by virtue of certain patents, having until within these two years, monopolized nearly the whole of the telegraph business of the neighboring republic.

The business relations between these two Companies continue in full force, but the patents having run out, the monopoly so long enjoyed by the Western Union has ceased to exist.

The Atlantic and Pacific, the Great Western, and other American Companies have invaded the field, and have become successful competitors for the public patronage and support. These Companies, acting on the cheap postage principle, have forced the old monopolist to a reduction of rates, which has resulted in a more widely extended use of this means of communication, and much to the surprise of the Western Union itself, has increased its profits, whilst sharing its field of operations.

With these new Companies the Dominion Telegraph Company of Canada have entered into most satisfactory business relations, and confident of the soundness of the principle which led to the adoption of the penny-postage system in Great Britain, by the voluntary reduction from $100 to $16 65 per ten word message by the Good Cable Company, and the successful operations of the Companies recently established in the United States, invite the business and mercantile community of Canada to join them in the promotion of an enterprise, based on the principle of moderate rates and extended business, which, while injuring no one, they confidently expect will result in securing a large return to the investor, and prove a vast benefit to the community.

Allusion has been made to the voluntary reduction of rates by the Atlantic Cable Company. A Chicago paper, writing on the subject of the growing use of the Telegraph, gives the following return as obtained directly from Cyrus W. Field, showing very conclusively the benefit both to the public and the Company of the reduction of rates.

AVERAGE DAILY RECEIPTS.

From $100 per message of ten words	$2,525
do 50 do do	2,895
do 25 do do	3,951

An advertisement has recently appeared announcing to the public that the rates from 1st September, proximo, will be further reduced to $16.65 per ten words.

The following table shows the reduction which has been effected in rates in the neighboring States arising out of the construction of competing lines:—

From New York to	Former Rate.	Present Rate.
Boston	$ 60	$ 30
Bangor	1 20	65
Portland	90	50
Philadelphia	40	25
Baltimore	70	35
Washington	75	40
Augusta, Me.	1 20	60
Cincinnati	1 90	1 00
Buffalo	50	75
Cleveland	1 95	1 00
Pittsburgh	1 15	45
Louisville	1 95	1 00

This reduction took place in November, 1867. A comparison of the receipts of the Western Union since that period with the corresponding months of the previous year gives the following results:—

Gross Receipts for			
December, 1866	$ 551,971 40;	December, 1867	$576,135 19; Increase $ 24,163 79
Jany., Feb., March, '67	1,591,644 98;	Jany., Feb., March, '68	1,727,939 55; Increase 133,294 57
April, May, June, '67	1,559,178 79;	April, May, June, '68	1,749,431 34; Increase 190,552 73

While these beneficial results were flowing to the Western Union Company from the reduction of rates, the new Companies had created a business more than sufficient to fill their wires. In proof of this the following extract is taken from the report of the Atlantic and Pacific Company, made July 28th, 1868:

"In April last we reached the maximum capacity of our wires, and have since been compelled to refuse business daily. The Committee, therefore, have reached the conclusion from the actual experience of building and working the present lines—that

"Telegraphic business is growing faster than Telegraphic facilities."

As further proof on this point, the few rates have so pressed the wires of both Companies with business through the day, that posters have been placed in all the main offices proclaiming that double the number of words would be telegraphed at night at the same price as half the number of words by day.

In support of the observation quoted above, that telegraphic business is growing faster than telegraphic facilities, the following statement exhibiting the wonderful increase in the use of the wire, within the last six years, cannot be without interest to our readers. The gross earnings of all telegraph lines in the United States for the following years were:—

1848	$ 4,328 17	1864	$3,792,245 40
1849	63,338 98	1865	4,420,268 88
1852	103,860 84	1866	5,624,901 20
1853	2,734,960 40	1867	7,641,552 47
1862	3,209,442 66		
1863			

Showing an average increase of a million a year for the last five years.

A comparison of the number of messages, and persons using the wire in Canada and the States, furnishes a further proof of the advantage to the public and corresponding benefit to the Companies arising out of a reduction of rates.

The published returns for 1867, show that 604 751 messages were sent in Canada, while the messages in the United States for the same period exceeded 20,000,000, the former being less than one message to every six persons, the latter, two to every three. From these returns and results it may be reasonably inferred that a reduction of rates to a tariff at which the wires of both Companies can be filled, will secure a fair field and good prospects to the Dominion Company without in any way prejudicing the interests of the Company now monopolizing the ground.

The particulars submitted above are sufficient in the opinion of the Directors to establish the fact that low rates, by encouraging a more general use of the telegraph, are more profitable than high. It is not, however, solely in the light of a safe and good investment that the Directors desire that this enterprise should be viewed. They feel that their object will be but indifferently attained unless they can satisfy the public, the business and commercial men, that all who use the telegraph as a medium of rapid communication, are interested in the establishment of what may be called a competing line. As in the administration of public affairs, a strong, watchful opposition, is the best security for good and careful government; so in commercial matters, an honest rivalry in the various pursuits and branches of trade furnishes the best security that the public shall be well served.

To apply the argument to the purpose in hand, the following table showing the inconsistencies, and, in many instances, the excessive rates now charged on messages passing between the cities and towns of Ontario, Quebec and the United States, will, it is believed, convince the reader that an honest competition is needed, not only for the reduction and adjustment of rates, but also to ensure that attention and care which would of necessity be enforced on the Company a competing for public favor, and thus tend greatly to promote the general interests of the community.

EXAMPLE OF ON PRESENT TARIFF RATES, WITH DISTANCES.

		MILES.	CANADA MONEY.
From Toronto to Suspension Bridge		82	40c
Do do	Montreal	333	50
Do do	Mitchell, Seaforth, Bothwell, Alles Craig, Caledonia, Chatham, Dunville, Newbury, Port Burwell, Port Colborne and many other places		40
		160	25
Do do	Kingston	505	50
Do do	Quebec		

Example at present tariff rates to Buffalo, and from thence to the following places, in U.S. currency, which reduced to Canada money at 45 per cent premium, makes the actual cost, as in second column:—

Price Collected at Toronto.		ACTUAL COST, BOTH TARIFFS.		
To New York	80c.	From Toronto to Buffalo	50c	Reduced to Canada Money. 30c—$0 65
		From Toronto to New York.		
To Philadelphia	$1 05	From Toronto to Buffalo	75c	Reduced to Canada Money. 30c—52c—$0 82
		From Toronto to Philadelphia.		
To Washington	$1 30	From Toronto to Buffalo	90c	Reduced to Canada Money. 30c—62c—$0 92
		From Toronto to Washington.		
To Baltimore	$1 30	From Toronto to Buffalo	85c	Reduced to Canada Money. 30c—59c—$0 89
		From Toronto to Baltimore.		
To Chicago	$1 35	From Toronto to Detroit	75c	Reduced to Canada Money. 60c—52c—$1 12
		From Toronto to Detroit or Chicago.		
To New Orleans	$3 05	From Toronto to Buffalo	$2 75c	Reduced to Canada Money 30c—$1 90c—$2 20
		From Toronto to Buffalo or New Orleans.		

NOTE.—The same illustration may be applied to all the places in the United States. Canadians are obliged to pay a profit on the published rates.

Subscription Books will be opened at the Office of the Company, 83 King-st. east, on and after September 1st 1868.

H. R. REEVE, Secretary.

Toronto, September 29, 1868. 860z

Medical.

PAIN KILLER

A PURELY VEGETABLE MEDICINE

TAKEN INTERNALLY, CURES

Sudden Colds, Catarrh, Coughs, Bronchitis, Asthma, Fever and Ague, Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, Acid Stomach, Headache, Heartburn, Indigestion, Canker in the Mouth, Throat or Stomach, Sick Headache, Sea Sickness, Piles, Kidney Complaints Canker Rash, Cramp and Pain in the Stomach, Painter's Colic, Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Summer Complaint, Cholera Morbus, Cholera Infantum and Cholera.

APPLIED EXTERNALLY, CURES

Scalds, Burns, Frostbites, Chilblains, Erysipelas, Ringworms, Whitlows, Boils, Old Sores, Sprains, Bruises, Toothache, Headache, Neuralgia in the Face or Head, Pains in the Side, Pains in the Back and Loins, Rheumatism, Rheumatic Gout, Neuralgic or Rheumatic Pains in the Joints and Limbs, Stings of Insects, Scorpions, Centipedes, and the Bites of Poisonous Insects and Venomous Reptiles.

At this season, when coughs and colds are so prevalent, an effectual remedy, and one easily obtained, is *Perry Davis' Vegetable Pain Killer.* It is no new nostrum, vended by unknown agents, but has stood the test of over 20 years; and those who use the article, internally or externally, will connect with it grateful recollections of its worthy inventor.—*Hastings' Chronicle, C. W.*

PAIN KILLER.—The testimonials borne to the efficacy of this valuable medicine are sufficient to warrant its introduction into every house. Our own opinion is that no family should be without a bottle of it for a single hour. In flesh wounds, aches, pains, sores, &c., it is the most effectual remedy we know of. A bottle will last for a very long time, and its low price places it within the reach of all. Our readers will remember that the Messrs. Perry Davis & Son have opened out a house in Montreal, whence Canadian orders are supplied.—*News, St. Johns, C.E.*

☞ We are glad to learn that the "Pain Killer" is having so large a sale in our city. We have every reason to believe it to be an almost never failing cure for pain, and is a medicine that no family should be without.—*Montreal Pilot.*

It an attack of Diarrhœa, Dysentery or Cramp Colic, don't delay the use of the Pain Killer.

Rev. H. L. Van Meter, Burmah, writes, "The Pain Killer has become an almost indispensable article in my family."

Hundreds of missionaries give similar testimony of its virtues.

Rev. J. G. Stearns writes, "I consider it the best remedy for Dyspepsia I ever knew."

Rev. Jabez S. Swan says, "I have used it for years in my family, and consider it an invaluable remedy."

We cheerfully add our testimony in favor of this medicine.—*Roman Citizen.*

We have tested this medicine and assure our readers that it not only possesses all the virtues claimed for it, but in many instances surpasses any other remedy which we have ever known.—*Herald of Gospel Liberty.*

It is really a valuable medicine. It is used by many physicians.—*Boston Traveller.*

I have used Davis' Pain Killer, and consider it an indispensable article in the Dominion. It has effected cures in Diarrhœa, and for cuts and bruises it is invaluable.—*New York Examiner.*

Spoken of in terms of high commendation by both druggist and physician.—*Philadelphia Ledger.*

The Pain Killer is sold at wholesale by druggists and medicine dealers, and commission merchants, in the principal cities, and retailed by Apothecaries, Grocers and at Variety Shops generally, throughout the world. Price, 15 cents, 25 cents and 50 cents per bottle.

PERRY DAVIS & SON,

Manufacturers and Proprietors, 380 St. Paul-st., Montreal, P. of Q.

78 High st., Providence, R. I.; 71 Southampton Row, Holborn, London, England.

DAVIDSON & DANIEL, GENERAL AGENTS

MORTIMER'S

INFALLIBLE REMEDY FOR CHOLERA, DIARRHŒA, and BOWEL COMPLAINTS.

The following extract, which Mr. Mortimer is kindly permitted to publish, is from the letter of a relative of Dr. Wolfe, of this city, now residing in the United States:

"Find out if the Express charges are too high, and if not, arrange with Mortimer to let you have a box of the bottles of CHOLERA MIXTURE, I could make a good little fortune with them. The bottle I brought with me here brought two ladies round from decided cholera, one on board the boat, and the other in Berlin, United States. Both commenced with diarrhœa, then with dysentery, and then vomiting. The one at Berlin was very bad. I gave her three doses of the Cholera Mixture, the third of which stopped the vomiting. The next day she was all right, or nearly so. She was very grateful. I have now only a little left."

☞ This excellent mixture, which should be in every family, is only

TWENTY-FIVE CENTS A BOTTLE.

NONE OTHER GENUINE.

TRADE MARK REGISTERED

CANADIAN COUGH EMULSION.

This valuable medicine has the extraordinary property of immediately relieving Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Difficulty of Breathing, Tightness in Chest, &c., &c. It operates by dissolving the congealed phlegm, causing free expectoration, and an agreeable moistness to the skin.

Sold in Bottles at 1s 3d. and 2s. 6d. Each.

MORTIMER'S COMPOUND ANTIBILIOUS AND FAMILY APERIENT PILLS,

A grand specific for derangement of the Digestive Organs, and for obstructions and torpid action of the Liver and Bowels.

Mortimer's Vegetable Worm Destroyer. The only pure remedy that exists, combining delicious taste and amazing power.

MORTIMER'S

Colognes, Pomades, Toilet Vinegar, Rose Dentifrice, for the Teeth and Gums. Also constantly on hand Perfumes of all kinds, and Toilet Requisites usually kept in a first-class establishment.

No. 41 Sussex-st., Ottawa City.

DARLEY'S ARABIAN HEAVE REMEDY and CONDITION MEDICINE is positively superior to any, or all other preparations for the cure of Heaves, Coughs, Thick and Broken Wind, and all diseases which affect the wind of horses; also, as a Condition Medicine, surpassing everything of the kind, is easy to give, sure to cure and safe in all cases and at all times, and does not prevent the horse from being worked while using it.

It cleanses the breathing apparatus, by removing from the air-cells the coagulable lymph, or that secretion which in heaves clogs them, causing a difficulty in breathing, and by its action on the diseased part, causing the mucous membrane to resume its natural dimensions, thus equalizing the circulation of the blood, and restoring the distended vessels to their natural size; by its use the horse's appetite is improved, all derangements of the digestive organs corrected, softening the skin, and giving to the coat a sleek and shining appearance.

D. W. HURD, successor to HURD & Co., Malden Lane, New York, Sole Proprietor for the United States.

NORTHROP & LYMAN, Newcastle, Ont., Proprietors for Canada.

Price 25 cents. Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, Henry F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J. Brown, in Ottawa. 859-43-6m

FOR CASES of CONSUMPTION treated with SAVORY & MOORE'S PANCREATIC EMULSION.

See *The Lancet, British Medical Journal, Medical Press, &c.*

On the 14th inst. I commenced the Pancreatic Emulsion (SAVORY & MOORE'S) in two tea spoonful doses, two hours after dinner and supper. I can only describe its effects by saying that it seemed to act like a charm.—Dr. Kinkead's *Paper on Phthisis and its treatment.* Medical Press, &c., Feb 26, 1868.

Caution.—The genuine PANCREATIC EMULSION sold only in bottles, 2s 6d, 4s 6d and 8s, with Savory & Moore's labels and trade mark.

THE BEST FOOD FOR INFANTS, resembling Mother's Milk as closely as possible.—Dr. H. Barker *on right food for children.*

"THE INFANT PRINCE thrives upon it as a Prince should."—*Social Science Review.*

"A REAL IMPROVEMENT (*Lancet*) on the ordinary kinds of LIEBIG'S FOOD," and the only one that keeps good in all climates.

No boiling or straining. Tins, 1s, 2s, 5s and 10s.

SAVORY & MOORE, 143, New Bond-st., London.

FLOWER BULBS.

Shipped per *Hibernian*, and to arrive in a few days, a very superior assortment of

HYACINTH, TULIP AND OTHER FALL BULBS.

These Bulbs will be found superior to anything yet imported.

WILLIAM HEARN, Market Drug Store, York-st

Ottawa, October 17, 1868. 874tf

Medical Cards.

DR. J. A. BECKETT, Surgeon Dentist Dental Rooms—Over Messrs. Durie & Son's Bookstore, directly opposite the Russell House No. 10, Sparks-street, Ottawa. 841 3m38y

EDWARD C. MALLOCH, M.D., M.R.C.S. Duke-st., LeBreton's Flats, "opposite the well." Office hours from 8.30 to 10.30 a.m., and 3 to 5 p.m.

DR. O. G. WOOD, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Ottawa. Day office opposite Magee & Russell's, Sparks-street, Centre Town. Night office at his residence, Maria-street, Centre Town. CANCERS CURED, without the use of the knife, by a new, but certain, speedy, and almost painless process. References given to parties successfully treated, if required. 17w169y

DR. C. LEGGO, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Office—Hunton's Block, Sparks-street.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN, Dentist. Office—Sparks-st. ext, Central Ottawa. 34tf

DR. C. A. MARTIN, Dentist. Office—Sussex-street, over Messrs. Campbell & Co.'s, grocers.

DR. GEORGE HUTCHISON, Dentist Office—Sparks-street, opposite Magee & Russell's. 578y

DR. W. J. HENRY, Corner of Kent and Wellington streets, Ottawa. 43tf

Hotels and Saloons.

PICKWICK HOUSE, Corner James and King-sts., Opposite the Court House and Public Offices, ST. CATHARINES, Ont.

E. HOUGHTON, Proprietor, (Late of Coughton's Dining Saloon.)

☞ A spacious sample-room for commercial travellers. 859y

OTTAWA HOUSE.

Corner of Main and Prince of Wales-streets Pembroke, Ontario.

Stages in connection with the steamers *Joseph Gould, Pembroke* and *Pontiac.*

Particular attention paid to the comfort of guests Good rooms for commercial travellers. Horses and vehicles always on hand.

J. CORELAND, Proprietor.

Pembroke, Aug. 1, 1868. 809y

TORONTO HOUSE, Sparks-st.

MRS. TROTTER begs to announce that she has at present several commodious and handsomely furnished suites of apartments, in every respect eligible for civil or military officers, or private gentlemen remaining in the city. 773tf

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT, M. KAVANAGH, *Proprietor,* Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings.

The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brandies Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.

☞ Oysters, Game etc. daily

THE METROPOLITAN, AUMOND'S BLOCK, *Bideau Street Ottawa,* P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR. 292tf

DOMINION HOUSE, WELLINGTON-STREET.

The undersigned, formerly head waiter at the Russell House, begs to notify his friends and the public generally that he has leased the above hotel, which is now well furnished, and will be kept as a first class house. The bar is well stocked with the choicest brands of liquors. The table will be furnished with the best the market affords. Good yard and stabling attached to the premises. 658y GEORGE IRVINE.

Miscellaneous.

I. B. TACKABERRY, Auction Rooms Rideau street, below Nicholas-st., Ottawa. Sales promptly attended to. Consignments received and immediate attention will be paid. Sales attended in any of the city or country. 609y

R. SPARKS, Provincial Land Surveyor, Draughtsman, &c., (commissioned for Upper and Lower Canada.) Office and residence, Queen-st., near Bank-st., Ottawa. Surveys of every description executed with accuracy. Communications addressed Ottawa City, (post-paid), or left at the office of N. Sparks, Solicitor, &c., Ottawa, will receive prompt attention.— 55 y

W. BILLINGS, Jr., Architect, Elgin street opposite the Post Office. REFERENCES:—H A Sims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany; Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq Managing Director O. & St L. R.R. 740t

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale. OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

O'CONNOR & WALLER, Exchange Brokers. Fire, Life and Accidental Insurance, Commission and Collecting Agents. Office, No. 27, Sussex street, Ottawa.

E. E. O'CONNOR. E. R. WALLER.

OLIVER & ANNABLE. Wholesale Manufacturers of Bedsteads, Chairs, &c., Chaudiere Island, Ottawa, C. W.

JOHN OLIVER, WILLIAM ANNABLE. 506y

R. H. McGREEVY, Contractor and Builder Office: North side York Street, second door from Sussex Street 78y

PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS, &c., Prepared for buildings of every description, by SIDNEY B. FRIPP, Architect, 711tf Wellington-st.

TO FARMERS & OTHERS.

TRADE A. O. A. MARK. & Co.

Farmers and others should buy their TEA and COFFEE from A. O. AUDY & CO., who are daily receiving by direct importations Tea and Coffee of the finest quality. Their business is conducted on the English principle, and the above named articles can be procured in 5 and 10 pound parcels and upwards. The purchaser receives the benefit of a neat package, a good article, and at wholesale prices. Perfect satisfaction is ensured, and any goods not proving according to sample can be returned at our expense. We will pay the carriage on 4 five or 2 ten lb parcels to the nearest railway station. For the accommodation of farmers and others not having heard of the advantage offered them, we have engaged trustworthy agents who will make occasional trips throughout the surrounding country and solicit their orders. Any favors submitted to them will receive prompt attention. We do not sell less than a caddie, and nothing but Tea and Coffee sold. The following is the list of prices:

BLACK TEA.

Common Congou, Strong Tea	$0 45 @ 50
Fine Flavoured New season do	0 55 @ 60
Excellent Full Flavoured do	0 75 @ 80
Sound Oolong	0 40 @ 45
Rich Flavoured, do	0 55 @ 60
Very Fine, do do	0 75 @ 80
Japan Good	0 50 @ 60
Very Good	0 65 @ 70
Finest	0 75 @ 80

GREEN TEA.

Twankay, Common	0 35 @ 40
Fine do	0 55 @ 60
Young Hyson	0 50 @ 60
Fine do	0 75 @ 85
Superfine and Very Choice	1 00 @ 00

COFFEE.

Mocha	$0 22, 0 27, 0 30, 0 33
Java	0 20, 0 25, 0 29, 0 32
Ceylon	0 18, 0 22, 0 26, 0 29

Remember the place, A. O. AUDY & CO., Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office.

OTTAWA AND GLOUCESTER ROAD COMPANY,

Notice is hereby given that

THE DIRECTORS

Of the Ottawa and Gloucester Road Company

have this day made a further

CALL OF TEN PER CENT.

on the additional capital stock of the said company, which call they require the holders of such stock to pay to the undersigned at the OFFICE of W. M. MATHESON, Esq., in this city, on

Saturday, the Twentieth day of February Next.

By order, W. H. FALLS, Sec.-Treas.

Dated this January, 19th 1869. 932td

Legal Cards.

MACPHERSON, KENNEDY & CHRISTIE, Barristers, &c., Lang's Block, Elgin-st., Ottawa.

J. P. MACPHERSON, G. KENNEDY, A. J. CHRISTIE.

J. W. W. WARD, of the late firm of Lewis Pinhey & Ward, has removed his Chancery Office to Bell's Law Chambers, opposite Russell house, Elgin-st. dw

NICHOLAS SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

A. MARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau st., Ottawa. 902y

MOSGROVE & TAILLON, Barristers, Solicitors, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.

WILLIAM MOSGROVE. 566tf GEORGE TAILLON.

N. TETREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post Office. 390tf

LAPIERRE & HAYCOCK, Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers and Notaries Public, Corner of Sussex and York-streets, Ottawa. 368y

D. O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex-street. Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa.

R. H. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Post Office Building, Elgin-street, Ottawa. 43utf

P. J. BUCKLEY, L.L.B., Barrister and Attorney-at-Law. Solicitor-in-Chancery, and Notary Public. Office—over Mr. Luke Cusner's Boot and Shoe Store, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 334y

LEES & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. Office—In the Court House, Ottawa.

ROBERT LEES. 43utf JOHN J. GEMMILL.

EDWARD T. DARTNELL, Barrister, Solicitor, Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the Court House, L'Orignal.

The Times

VOL. IV. NO. 957. OTTAWA, TUESDAY, JANUARY 26, 1869. PRICE—3 CENTS.

Groceries.

GARDENER'S

BAKING POWDER.

In 1 lb. Packets for 25 cents. | And 6 Packets for $1.00.

TEN REASONS

Why it Should be Used in Preference to all Others:

1st. Bread or Cakes made with it are more wholesome than if made with Yeast or any other process.

2nd. Its purity is such that it will stand the test of the most perfect analysis.

3rd. After having been extensively used for the last 14 years in not one instance has it failed to give entire satisfaction.

4th. Families that have used it pronounce it the best and will use no other.

5th. It does not leave the Saleratus, nor does it impart the digestive organs like those powders where Soda or an excess of Alkali predominates.

6th. It never gives to Bread or Cakes an unpleasant Alkaline or mawkish taste.

7th. The ingredients that form its composition are more beneficial than otherwise.

8th. Dyspeptic subjects can eat the Bread or Rolls made with it and derive benefit by its use.

9th. Every Package contains its full weight; one pound packet weighs 16 ounces.

10th. It is all that it is represented to be, namely:

Unrivalled for Purity and Cheapness.

Sole Agents for Ottawa,

J. G. ROBINSON & Co., The Tea Pot.

The Trade supplied at the Manufacturer's prices.

Ottawa, December 10, 1868. 886-6m

Dry Goods.

HICK & CO.

Have removed to their NEW STORE, in Stewart's Block, Corner of Rideau and Sussex-sts. where they will offer, in connection with their goods,

$30,000 WORTH OF DRY GOODS

Purchased at Public Auction lately, from the immense Bankrupt stock of the late firm of DISMARTERY, JORDAINE & CO., of Montreal, and sold on account of T. JAMES CLAXTON. The goods are all new and of very superior quality, being imported expressly for a fashionable Montreal trade; and, as they have succeeded in purchasing the goods far below the sterling cost, they are prepared to offer bargains never before offered in this city. The following are some of the lines of goods offered, viz.:

		s. d.		s. d.
100 pieces	different qualities Black Silks			
80 do	Single width plain Winsey	5	worth	0 8
100 do	Fancy, single width Winsey	7½	"	1 0
62 do	Double width plain Winsey	7½	"	1 0
80 do	Double Delaines	7½	"	1 3
70 do	do Poplins	7½	"	1 0
150 do	do Coburgs	7½	"	1 3
150 do	Assort'd Dress Goods	9	"	1 6
33 do	Empress Reps	1 6	"	3 0
60 do	Silk French Merino	1 6	"	3 0
75 do	Fancy Colors—year choice for	9		
200 do	Black Empress Rep only	10	"	2 0

Also, a splendid assortment of

Hannibal Cloths, Oriental Lustres, Livini Poplins, Alnereena Cloths, Princess Alexandra Embossed Poplins, Mandarin Lustres, Eugenia Reps, &c.

1,000 doz. FRINGED TOWELS, all Linen.....6d each.

SHAWLS.

35 Filled Shawls.
82 Shepherd Long Shawls
101 Fancy, all wool Longs
167 Assorted square Shawls.

COTTONS.

100 pieces Grey Cotton, 1¼ yards wide, for.....6 d
100 do Bleaches Horrocks and Millars.....6½
85 do Good Prints .....4 d
303 do Best English Prints, Hoyle's and Ashton's.....6½
159 do French Calicos, in choice patterns...8 d

CLOTHS.

		s. d.		s. d.
20 pieces	Waterproof	3 9		
80 do	Double Width Overcoating	2 9	worth	7 6
35 do	Scotch Tweed	2 6	do	5 0
100 do	Canadian Tweed	1 3	do	2 6
100 do	Full Cloth, very heavy	2 9	do	3 6

Also, a splendid lot o

BROAD CLOTHS, BEAVERS,

Witneys, Mantle Cloths,

BLACK DOES, &c., &c., &c.,

at correspondingly low prices.

85 PIECES DOMINION TWEED,

Something New—one of the heaviest cloths made—*at a great sacrifice.*

1,000 doz. TABLE NAPKINS, all Linen, only 6s 3d per dozen.

SHIRTS! SHIRTS! SHIRTS!

1,000 Flannel Shirts, only	2 6	
260 White Cotton Shirts, only	3 9	
500 Under Shirts, only	3 3	
300 Hespler's heaviest make, Ribbed	5 0	worth 8 9

Paper Collars—100 collars for 3s 9d.

500 pieces 2½ yards wide Linen Sheeting	3 3	worth 5
5 do 2½ yards wide, Union Sheeting	1	do 3
81 do Table Damask and 300 Damask Table Cloths, at a frightful sacrifice		

Also, Red and White Flannels, Canadian Shirting Flannels, Hoop Skirts, Crash Towellings, Irish Linen, Clouds, Breakfast Shawls, Hemp Carpets, &c., &c.

CORSETS, 2s 6d.

Blankets—A large lot of slightly damaged Blankets for about half price.

1,000 Linen Bags, 1s, worth 1s 6d; 40 cases Men's Heavy Boots, very low; 3 cases Men's Heavy French Calf, 12s 6d. Also, a heavy stock of Gentlemen's Clothing.

$3.50.....OVERCOATS.
4.00.....heavy OVERCOATS.
90 cts. up.....PANTS.
5 cts. to $1.25.....VESTS.
$8.00.....Black Broadcloth.....FALL SUITS.

A large staff of polite and attentive salesmen will be in readiness to wait on customers.

H. HICK & CO.

Customers will please report any inattention on the part of salesmen.

AT CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S

The greatest novelty of the season is the

BOULEVARD FELT UNDERSKIRT,

Unsurpassed for

BEAUTY, ECONOMY & DURABILITY

AT

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S

No. 14, Rideau-st.

REMOVAL TO NO. 34, SPARKS-ST.

T. RAJOTTE

having removed to more commodious premises, takes pleasure in announcing to his numerous customers and the public generally that he has now a large and well selected stock of

STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS,

consisting of

Flannels, Black Cloths, Winceys, Beaver Cloths, Cottons, Mottons, Prints, Tweeds, &c., &c.

We have also on hand a large assortment of

READY-MADE CLOTHING,

which, being manufactured on the premises, we can recommend, and sell cheaper than any shop in this city.

THE TAILORING DEPARTMENT

This department is under the superintendence of a well-known first-class cutter and workman. All orders punctually attended to.

Don't forget the place, No. , Sparks-st. Store lately occupied by G. Fetherston & Co., next door to Magee & Russell's old store.

82 y T. RAJOTTE

LOST, on the evening of the 7th instant, at the Concert at Aylmer, from the village back to Ottawa, one parcel containing one GREEN SILK DRESS and BLACK LACE SHAWL. Whoever found the parcel will please leave it at the Convent in Aylmer, or in this city at the Convent of the Grey Nuns, where they will be suitably rewarded.

Ottawa, Jany. 19, 1869. 936f

Grocories.

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS

—FROM—

OPORTO, SPAIN, COGNAC AND LONDON,

Consisting of

PORT, SHERRY, BRANDY, GIN AND SCOTCH WHISKEY, &c.

PICKLES, SAUCES, JAMS & JELLIES &c., &c., &c.,

FROM CROSSE & BLACKWELL.

—LIKEWISE,—

A FULL assortment of FRESH FRUIT, the BEST in market.

TABLE and Cooking RAISINS, CURRANTS, &c.

FLAVOURING EXTRACTS and SPICES—Genuine.

PRESERVED and CAN FRUITS, assorted to suit the holiday season.

ALMERIA GRAPES, FRESH FIGS and PORTUGUESE ONIONS.

50 TINS NEW HONEY, in 5 lb. and 8 lb. tins.

200 STILTON CHEESE, 6 lbs. to 8 lbs. size, from Reeser Brothers' celebrated factory.

SHERRY WINE—Good Table Wine—$1.25 to $3.00.

PORT WINE—Good Table Wine $1.50 to $4.50.

ALL KINDS of GENUINE LIQUORS. Prices according to age and quality.

100 BOXES DIGBY HERRINGS—large boxes at 75 cts. each.

LABRADOR HERRINGS, the very best, in barrels and half barrels.

10 CASES SCOTCH LING—Good.

TEAS—Black, Green and Japans—Warranted Good, and selected for family use.

SUGARS and SYRUPS of all grades.

COFFEES—Always Fresh—Best Brands—Try them.

TOBACCOS—The Finest Qualities—Virginia make in cut, tin foil and plug.

A GENERAL assortment of the different kinds of *GROCERIES AND LIQUORS* on hand. Wholesale and Retail at the *LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICES* for Warranted Goods. A trial of the articles will recommend them.

For sale at

THOS. PATTERSON'S, No. 26, Rideau-street.

Ottawa, November 27 1868. 878

JUST RECEIVED, AT THE INDIA WAREHOUSE, No. 16, Rideau st.,

And for sale cheap, by

D. T. BROWNE & CO., Wholesale and Retail

Grocers, Wine and Spirit Merchants,

FRESH OYSTERS, in Tins,
RESERVED OYSTERS do
FRESH HALIBUT do
FRESH SALMON do
FRESH MACKEREL do
FRESH LOBSTERS do
GREEN PEAS do
LEMON, GINGER, ORANGE,

Banana, Peach, Blackberry, Raspberry and Strawberry Syrups.

RASPBERRY VINEGAR,
FRY'S Chocolate and Cocoa,
MOTT'S Cocoa Paste,
MORTON'S Bloater Paste,
TOMATO and other Catsups,
ANCHOVY Paste,
STRASBURGH Meats,
POTTED Beef and Tongues
PRESERVES and Jellies in great variety,
ORANGE Marmalade,
MORRISON, TAYLOR & Co.'s

Celebrated Sugar Cured Hams and Breakfast Roll Bacon.

PICKLED Salmon,
PICKLED Mackerel,
PICKLED HERRINGS,

In Half Barrels, Barrels and Tierces,

DRY Codfish,
DRY Haddock,
FINNAN Haddies, &c., &c.,

And a full stock of Choice Family Groceries.

Ottawa, Nov. 3, 1868.

BOTTLED ALE,

BOTTLED ALE,

BOTTLED ALE.

The subscriber would called the attention of Families and others to his

FINE BOTTLED ALE

Which is in splendid condition. Also,

SCOTCH, IRISH, OLD RYE,

And other Malt Whiskies,

PORTS, SHERRIES, BRANDIES, GIN, &c.,

To other with a General Assortment of FIRST-CLASS GROCERIES.

A call solicited.

D. WHELAN, 44, Rideau-street, Opposite Allan's Crockery Store

Ottawa, Jan. 20, 1868.

Everybody is getting them.

A NOVELTY,

THE MAGIC WINDOW CURTAIN ROLLER.

The best ever invented, 1 Roller and Bottom Slat, and 5 pieces of casting, all for 25 cents, to fit every window.

AT THE VARIETY HALL.

ALSO, A

NEW PATENT CLOTHES DRYER,

AT THE VARIETY HALL.

And what every house requires where there is a grate is the

BLOWER STAND, to be had only AT THE VARIETY HALL.

HOTEL & SALOON KEEPERS.

Remember the best assortment of Tumblers, Decanters and Labeled Bottles in the Dominion is at the Variety Hall.

JOSEPH BOYDEN.

Stoves & Hardware.

BLYTH & KERR,

No. 25 RIDEAU-ST.,

Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters, Tin and Copper Smiths, Bell Hangers, &c., &c.

A large stock of materials for the above branches of business constantly on hand. Importers of

HOUSE FURNISHING HARDWARE.

STOVES! STOVES!

STOVES!

Hall, Fancy, Parlour and Cook Stoves, in great variety.

Agents for Eaton's Patent Automatic, Self-Ventilating, Wood and Coal Stoves. Also Beecher & Co.'s celebrated

HOT AIR FURNACES.

Public and Private Buildings, Conservatories, Vineries, Manufactories, &c., warmed by Steam, Hot Water, or Warm Air, on the latest and most approved principles.

SKATES, SKATES, SKATES, AT THE

SIGN OF THE ANVIL, No. 24, RIDEAU-ST., where you can get a complete assortment of SKATES of all sizes, and at any price to suit purchasers, from 25 cents to $5.50 per pair. In the assortment will be found

The celebrated Sheffield Club,
" " Canadian Favorite,
" " Central Park do

and all other English and German Patterns.

Skate Straps, all patterns, &c., &c.

Also, a general assortment of

SHELF & HEAVY HARDWARE,

consisting in part of

GENERAL HOUSE FURNISHING,

Butcher Knives, Knives and Forks, Pocket Knives, Table Spoons, Tea Spoons, Tea Trays, Table Mats, Nuts, Screws, Locks, Bolts, Catches, Latches, Axes, saws, Planes, Squares, Hammers, Spokeshaves, Gouges, Chisels, Augers, Auger Bits, Steel Bits, Bevels, Levels, Boring Machines, Draw Knives, &c., &c., &c.

Together with

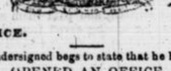
PAINT OF ALL COLORS,

Rose Pink, Burnt Umber, Terra de Sienna, Chrome Yellow, Yellow Ochre, Celestial Blue, Paris Green, Brunswick Green, Magnesia Green, Venetian Red, Red Lead, White Lead, in oil or dry, Drop Black, Ivory Black, Lamp Black, Boiled Oil, Raw Oil, Turpentine, Benzole, Coal Oil, Paint Brushes, Varnishes, &c.

THOS. BIRKETT, *Sign of the Anvil,* No. 24, Rideau-st.

P. S.—All goods delivered free to any part of the city 408y

Fine Arts.



NOTICE.

The undersigned begs to state that he has OPENED AN OFFICE *OVER A. McCORMICK'S STORE,* SPARKS-STREET,

Where all orders for the

CANADA GAZETTE,

AND FOR

PRINTING, BINDING, OR STATIONERY,

may be sent, and will be punctually attended to as usual, arrangements having been made to prevent any interruption to the business.

Mr. Desbarats feels grateful for the sympathy tendered him on all sides, and hopes to see his patrons and friends in his new office.

GEORGE E. DESBARATS.

Ottawa, January 21, 1869. 954tf

A COMPLETE Assortment at the CANADA GAZETTE Office of

PRANG'S CHROMOS;

of which Frederic E. Church, the great American artist, says: "They are certainly most skilfully and artistically executed." And John G. Whittier, "I had no idea they were home productions; I am glad to know that such beautiful work is done here." And Bayard Taylor: "Your illuminations of the Beatitudes are really superb." And Wendell Phillips; "I congratulate you on your success, which I consider marvellous," &c.

Among them the following are the most attractive:

Horses in a Storm. (After R. Adams.)
The two Friends. (Child and Dog, after Geraud.)
Sunset in California. (After Bierstadt.)
Sunlight in Winter. (After Merviller.)
The Barefooted Boy. (After Whittier.)
Early Autumn on Esopus Creek, N. Y. (After A. T. Bricher.)
Late Autumn in the White Mountains. (After A. T. Bricher.)
Six American Landscapes. (After A. T. Bricher.)
Easter Morning. [After Mrs. James M. Hart.]
The Beatitudes of Our Lord, most magnificently illuminated.
Illuminated School Room Cards, with mottoes taken from Scripture.
Illuminated crosses, Book Marks, Rewards of Merit.
The Language of Flowers, Wood and Sea Mosses, Ferns, Flowers, &c.
"OLD MOTHER HUBBARD," "The most elegant juvenile book of the season," "superbly illustrated and illuminated.

Prang's Chromos are offered at 20 per cent. below the publisher's prices at the

CANADA GAZETTE OFFICE, Sparks-st., Ottawa.

Stationery.

CARTER'S COMBINED WRITING & COPYING INK.

THE ADVANTAGES OF THIS OVER OTHER INKS ARE:

First. It flows freely from the pen, and does not thicken by exposure to the air.

Second. It will give a perfect and instantaneous copy.

Third. It will not mould.

Fourth. Being equally as good for Copying as for Book-keeping, it entirely does away with the use of two kinds of Ink.

Fifth. It is more permanent than common Inks.

Sixth. The color, when first written, is a beautiful dark green, but in a remarkably short time it changes to a BRILLIANT JET BLACK—not a brownish black.

Seventh. It is admirably adapted to the most delicate writing, and always "makes its mark."

This Ink is warranted to flow as freely as Arnold's, or any other Writing Fluid now in use; to give as perfect a copy as any Copying Ink; and not to mould.

Parties using Carter's Ink, and What They Say About it.

Post Office—"Best ink, by far; have used it for years."

Harnden Express Company—"Tried every kind, and give this the preference."

Bank of the Metropolis—"Grand, good ink; use it altogether."

Hamilton Bank—"We use Carter's ink, and think it the best"

Jordan, Marsh & Co.—"Would'nt take any other as a gift"

J. R. Palmer & Co.—"It writes splendidly and copies beautifully."

American Bank Note Company—"Never used any ink we liked so well"

Paymaster's Office—"Best ink ever made in this or any other country"

POST OFFICE, PHILADELPHIA—I give it a preference over any other ink I have ever used. It flows freely, and does not gum with exposure.

W. M. IRELAND, Chief Clerk.

Wholesale and Retail at the CANADA GAZETTE OFFICE.

NEW PUBLICATION.

CHRONICLES OF CANADA.

BY

H. BEAUMONT SMALL, S.C.L.

Price, 50 cents. For sale by the publisher,

936f GEORGE E. DESBARATS.

Dry Goods.

Shewing This Day.

GRANT & HENDERSON,

No. 20, Rideau-st,

Are offering an extensive Stock of

DRESS GOODS.

WINCIES,

SHAWLS and

BLANKETS,

AT THE LOWEST CASH PRICES.

N. B.—An extensive assortment of general DRY GOODS always in stock.

LATEST STYLES AND FASHIONS.

INSPECTION INVITED.

No. 20, Rideau-st.

CLOTHING,

CHEAP AND FASHIONABLE,

READY-MADE AND TO ORDER.

O'MEARA & CO.,

ESTABLISHED IN 1844,

Offer for sale an extensive importation of FALL AND WINTER GOODS, comprising Ready-made Clothing, Canadian Tweeds, Etoffes, Satinetts; also a large stock of Blankets, Flannels, Kerseys, Gray Cottons, Prints, Winceys, Plaids, &c., &c.; Broadcloths, Beavers, Witneys, Petershams, Devons, &c.; Bedford Cords, Silk Mixtures, West of England Tweeds, Doeskins, &c., wholesale and retail, which will be made up to order on the shortest notice in the latest styles of fashion and at prices that

DEFY COMPETITION.

A general assortment of Dry Goods, the largest stock ever offered for sale in this city.

$1.25 BLANKETS $6.00. **$3.00**

TAILORING DEPARTMENT.

Particular attention given to the Tailoring Department, which is under the supervision of a first-class cutter.

$2.....GREY ETOFFE PANTS.
$4.50.....GOOD PEA JACKETS.
$4.....OVERCOATS.
$9.....COMPLETE SUITS.
$1.....GOOD VESTS.
75 CTS., $1 and $1.25.....UNDERSHIRTS.
75 CTS., $1 and $1.25.....DRAWERS

A. DUFF. O'MEARA & CO.

Ottawa, October 27 1868. 802y

FRESH ARRIVALS.

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!

THOS. & W. HUNTON

Have just opened out the contents of 42 packages of NEW GOODS, comprising

1 CASE SILKS, in plain and fancy colors, splendid value.
1 CASE VELVETEENS,
3 BALES WHITE COTTONS,
1 " WHITE COTTON SHEETING,
6 " GRAY COTTONS,
2 CASES LINENS, assorted,
1 " BLACK CLOTHS,
2 " BLACK & COLORED OVERCOATINGS,
1 BALE WHITE FLANNELS,
1 " GRAY FLANNELS,
1 " SCARLET FLANNEL
4 " BLANKETS,
2 " HEMP CARPETS
3 " WOOL CARPETS,
10 " TAPESTRY CARPETS, this season's new patterns.
3 " CANADIAN TWEEDS.

All of the above goods being marked off, and ready for inspection. We would specially invite intending purchasers to call and examine them.

THOS. & W. HUNTON,

47 and 49 Sparks-st.

Boots & Shoes.

ANGUS & HUCKELL'S

CLEARING SALE

OF

BOOTS, SHOES AND RUBBERS,

No. 15, Sussex-st.

ANGUS & HUCKELL are selling out their entire stock of BOOTS, SHOES, RUBBERS &c., at a tremendous sacrifice.

GO TO ANGUS & HUCKELL'S Clearing Sale, and get a pair of good PROVELLA BOOTS, and a pair of RUBBERS for $1.50.

YOU can get a pair of Men's Cloth Rubber OVERSHOES for 75 cents, at ANGUS & HUCKELL'S Clearing Sale.

WOMENS RUBBERS 50 cents; and MEN'S, 65 cents, during the Clearing Sale

GO EARLY and secure bargains.

NOW is the time to purchase BOOTS and SHOES, as they are being sold under cost at ANGUS & HUCKELL'S Clearing Sale.

NO one need be without BOOTS when they are sold so cheap at ANGUS & HUCKELL'S Clearing Sale.

A CLEAR saving of money by buying Boots during the Clearing Sale at ANGUS & HUCKELL'S.

ENORMOUS reductions on all CLOTH and FELT GOODS as they must all be sold out without reserve.

GO and see for yourselves.

ANNOUNCEMENT!

W. A. LAMB,

KEEPER OF THE RED BOOT, &c., &c.

To all the loyal inhabitants of the Metropolitan and surrounding Counties, sends greeting;

And while thus publicly wishing to all

"A Merry Christmas and Happy New Year,"

takes pleasure also in announcing that he will hold

PUBLIC RECEPTIONS DAILY,

at from 7:30 a.m., until 7 p.m., when he will be pleased to meet with those who desire to call upon him.

N.B.—As all will probably wish to retain a Souvenir of their visit, it will be satisfactory to know that there is a magnificent assortment of Boots and Shoes on hand to choose from, and any of which will be GIVEN AWAY for a small consideration

Don't forget the place, No. 28, Sussex-st. opposite the Barracks.

GENUINE CLEARING SALE

OF

BOOTS AND SHOES,

AT THE OLD

CROSBY STAND, NO. 51, SPARKS-ST.

The whole of

THE BANKRUPT STOCK,

comprising the latest styles and best qualities of

LADIES', GENT'S, MISSES' & CHILDREN'S

DRESS & WALKING BOOTS,

suitable for FALL & WINTER WEAR. Also, a large stock of Men's and Women's Coarse Boots, Moose Moccassins, Bark Moose and Sheep Mitt, Beef Moccassins, Felt Over-shoes, Rubbers, &c., all of which will be sold at great reductions from former prices. Lumber and country merchants are requested to bear in mind that there is a large stock of handmade boots to be disposed of at the above said reduction in prices.

The public generally are invited to call and examine the stock and prices, which we know can not fail to give satisfaction to all.

Remember the place, the old Crosby Stand, opposite O'Meara's, No. 51, Sparks-st.

A. J. STEPHENS & CO.

Ottawa, Oct. 20 868 876y

CHEAP BOOTS & SHOES AT THE CAPITAL BOOT & SHOE STORE, YORK-ST.

I have now received my fall and winter stock of

BOOTS AND SHOES,

which will be found complete; being selected with care, it will not fail to give general satisfaction.

In Ladies', Misses' and Children's ware I have everything that can possibly be required for the season, and at much lower figures than ever before offered.

Men's ware in Calf, Kipp, Cowhide Boots; Men's Strong Working Boots as low as $2 per pair. Boy's and Youth's equally low.

A large supply of New English Kipp Boots and made, the most suitable ware for Lumbermen, constantly on hand and made by the very best workmen. Orders taken for all kinds of work.

419- JOHN BOR E. MURPHY

BOARD AND LODGING.—Comfortable Rooms, with Board and Lodging can be obtained on Maria-st. Apply at the TIMES Office.

Ottawa, January 14, 1869. 917d

Commission Merchants.

DOMINION AUCTION MART, AND

COMMISSION SALE ROOMS,

HOUSE, LAND AND GENERAL AGENCY,

OFFICE AND SALE ROOMS,

INGLIS' NEW BUILDINGS, SUSSEX-ST.,

OTTAWA.

The subscriber respectfully announces to the inhabitants of Ottawa and surrounding country that at the request of many friends he has decided on opening an extensive and well regulated Auction Mart in this city.

From arrangements made with some of the Furniture Manufactories of Western Ontario, a large and well selected stock of new furniture will be constantly on hand.

Public Sales will be held from time to time, of which due notice will be given, and at which parties requiring to furnish will have an opportunity of purchasing at unusually low rates. The Mart is now open with a large stock of new Furniture, as well as Pianos, Harmoniums, &c., &c., consigned for sale.

The subscriber would also intimate that he is the Sole Agent for Ottawa and territory for the sale of Rapine, Webber & Co.'s celebrated grand Pianos.

They are successors to the late John C. Fox, of Kingston, and the makers of his excellent Pianos.

From their long experience in Germany, Paris and New York, they are universally admitted to be the best Piano Manufacturers on this continent.

The high reputation of the instruments made by them for the past ten years, and the increasing demand for them in the new Dominion, prove their very superior quality, and universally acknowledged merit.

The Pianos, as well as the Furniture in the establishment, will be sold either by private sale or auction.

He would also announce that he is prepared to receive instructions from persons having household furniture, horses, carriages, or real estate, to dispose of, and pledges himself that nothing will be left undone by him to give satisfaction in discharging the trust confided to him. He hopes that by strict attention to the sales entrusted to his care, as well as by prompt settlements immediately after, to merit a share of public patronage.

He will be in his office from 7 in the morning until 7 in the evening, when he can see parties who wish to arrange about their sales. Consignments from a distance will have immediate attention.

Cash advances when required, will be made on consignments for immediate sale.

All kinds of furniture bought, sold or exchanged.

REFERENCES.

His Lordship the Bishop of Kingston,
Hon. Sir John A. Macdonald,
Hon. H. L. Langevin, C.B.
Hon. Alex. Campbell, P.M.G.
R. W. Scott, Esq., M.P.P.
Walter Shanly, Esq., M.P.
Max. M. Strange, Esq., M.P.P.
Francis H. Burton, Esq., M.P.
James O'Reilly, Esq., Q.C.
H. V. Noel, Esq., Manager Quebec Bank, Ottawa.
Robert Lyon, Esq., M.P.P.

A smart young man wanted to act as travelling agent representing several firms.

J. BERMINGHAM, *Auctioneer and Commission Merchant,* 75.y House, Land and General Agent

REMOVAL.

The subscribers beg to inform their customers and the public generally that they have removed to those spacious premises lately occupied by M. K. Dickinson, Canal Basin, and where will be found constantly on hand the following goods:

FLOUR, PORK, OATMEAL, &c.

ALSO ON HAND,

2,000 CORDS OF GOOD FIREWOOD, and 600,000 sawed SHINGLES.

Wholesale and Commission Agents.

Goods forwarded with despatch between Ottawa, Kingston and Intermediate Ports, by the Steamer Mary Ann, and three barges.

Silver Token at Par.

WM. H. EASTON & CO., Forwarders and Commission Merchants, Canal Basin

For Sale or to Let.

FOR SALE, OR TO LET for a term of years, BELLE-GREEN COTTAGE and GROUNDS, say two and a half acres, situate on the Bank of the Ideau River, (Ottawa-east.) The cottage is built of brick and tin roofed, with gallery all round. The gardens and grounds are in a high state of cultivation. Large drawing-room, stables, granary, coach and ice house, woodsheds, &c., all in the best of order. It is one of the most healthy and comfortable residences for a private family in or about the city of Ottawa. For particulars apply to RAVEN CLOW, Esq., Office, Sparks st., near the Russell House—or to the proprietor, J. WADSWORTH.

Terms moderate. Possession given at any time to suit parties 927tf

VALUABLE FARMS FOR SALE.—Lot 21 in the 3rd Concession, Nepean, Ottawa Front, 200 acres, about 80 cleared and under cultivation, with comfortable Dwelling and good Barn. The bush land is principally hardwood and very valuable from its proximity to Ottawa. Also Lot 29, in 3rd Concession, Gloucester, Ottawa Front, containing 200 acres, 30 acres cleared. The remainder of the land is heavily wooded with hard and soft wood. These farms will be sold separately or together as may be desired. The short distance of only 3 miles from Ottawa makes the wood of greater value. These lands are well watered, of excellent soil, and would make a fine dairy farm. Apply to the Proprietor, O'SPARROW, or to D. O'CONNOR, Solicitor, Ottawa.

Ottawa, Nov. 25, 1868. 904tf

MEMBERS OF PARLIAMENT and others visiting the Capital can be accommodated with board and apartments, single or double, at the Rideau Boarding House, within five minutes walk of the Parliament Buildings. References given if required. Apply to MRS. V. PARDY, Wellington st., Ottawa. 905 3m

ROOMS TO LET.

MRS. SMITH, Corner of Bank and Albert-sts., can rent TWO FURNISHED BEDROOMS and a SITTING ROOM. 868tf

FOR SALE.—The Westerly one-third of Lot No. 27, in First Concession, Ottawa Front, Nepean, and Lots Nos. 26 and 28, in the same concession, at present in the occupation of Wm. T. Aylen, Esq. For further particulars apply to John and Wm. Thomson, Nepean, and Lewis & Pinney, Barristers, Ottawa. Jy2-141-tf

HALO LAMP SHADE,

AT THE

OIL DEPOT, 73 SUSSEX-ST.,

Is made of Brass, Silver Plated.

It will Not Tarnish or Burn Out.

It is Indestructible.

It is a Superior Reflector.

It Saves the Eyes.

It Saves Oil.

It Saves Chimnies

D. R. LEAVENS,

Red Oil Barrel,

73 Sussex st.

COAL OIL DEPOT.

ROCK OIL

LAMPS AND CHIMNIES,

AT WHOLESALE,

CHEAP.

TO LUMBERMEN.—For sale at the Station, at Ottawa, 10,000 bushels LOWER CANADA OATS. Also, at SAND POINT, Four, Pork, Beans, Corn, Oats, and Hay pressed in wire-bound bales.

NEIL McKINNON, Commission and Exchange Broker.

Ottawa, Jan. 21, 1869. 952z

INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY OFFICIALS.

From the United Service Gazette.

Now that the construction of the great military and national necessity has become a fixed fact, it is pleasant to notice that among those who have been charged with the superintendence of its construction are gentlemen who have never hesitated to lend their aid to further sterling British principles in this country, even if at all times those principles were not as popular as they are now, and only too often involved hardship and loss; and it is still more pleasant to know that the reward which has at last followed the faithful services of at least two of them has met with the cordial support of their neighbors of all classes. "Glorious Old Norfolk," a name which recalls many pleasant associations, on Monday last did honor to herself by endorsing the appointment of her representative, A. WALSH, Esq., M. P., as chairman of the Intercolonial Commission, at a public dinner to that gentleman, at which Lieutenant Colonel TISDALE worthily presided, and at which were all the most prominent gentlemen of the County, as well as members of Parliament and other distinguished visitors from a distance. After the toast of the evening had been enthusiastically honored, and responded to, the chairman proposed the health of "WILLIAM WALLACE, Esq., Accountant of the Intercolonial Commission." After this toast had been warmly received, a pleasing incident occurred, Mr. R. T. LIVINGSTONE, on behalf of his friends presented Mr. WALLACE with a beautiful and valuable gold watch on his approaching departure for Ottawa. The present was accompanied by an address couched in feeling terms, which concluded with these words: "We have every confidence that the same qualities that have gained for you such general respect and esteem in Simcoe will enable you to fulfil, with every satisfaction, the important duties of the new position to which you have been called, and will continue to gain for you the respect and esteem of all with whom you may be brought in contact. That you may, during your absence from among us, be blessed with the enjoyment of health and prosperity, is the earnest wish of your numerous friends who unite in presenting you with this token of their regard." We have all the more pleasure in recording this testimony to the worth of a loyal and able gentleman, from the fact that Mr. WALLACE has, for many years, been editor of the Simcoe *British Canadian*, in which he did more than yeoman service for the cause of British Constitutional Government in his county; and indeed before he became connected with the Press, wherever a blow was to be struck for Queen or Country, the lance of our old and valued friend was foremost. He has won his position bravely and well, and the appointment does honor alike to the heads and hearts of those who made it.

—The 28th Regiment, which forms part of the Garrison of Gibraltar, was lately presented with a new set of colours by Lady Airey. In the course of her ladyship's address to the regiment, she alluded to the circumstance which gave rise to the "28th" being called the "Slashers." She said, "It was in America your regiment acquired the name of "Slashers." The corps in those days wore small short swords which they were famous for making good use of. On one occasion there was a certain magistrate in Canada, of the name of Walker, who had given great offence to the regiment from not having provided sufficient shelter for their wives, several of whom had in consequence perished during the severity of a Canadian winter. This exasperated the officers, and some of them disguised themselves as Indians, attacked the tent of the magistrate, danced a war dance round his table, and finally caught hold of his head with their swords and slashed off his ears. After this circumstance the regiment became known by the name of 'Slashers,' of which they have been very proud ever since."

PICKINGS FROM PUNCH'S ALMANACK.

There are two periods in the life of man, at which he is too wise to tell woman the exact truth; when he is in love—and when he isn't.

"A Question to be Asked."—If Secret Voting be adopted, and Spinsters get votes, how will they like to be called Ballot Girls?

Proverbial Philosophy.—Do not kill the Golden Calf for its veal.

Chit-Chat.—Girl's talk.

A Just Tribute.—Women are nobly honest. We firmly believe that the only female in this country who likes to be in debt is Britannia.

STRONG MOTIVE POWER.—There is perhaps no mechanism equal to that of the Beer-Engine in its power of elevating the masses.

A NEW SAW.—Industry is the parent of Idleness.

If fish can judge of spice, it is supposed they do so by the rod, pole or perch? or if musically inclined, do they sing "I'd hooked to be a dacey?"

Musical Slang.—"That's terribly bald," said a critic, after hearing a new overture. "Bald, eh?" remarked his friend. "I suppose you mean to say that good airs are rather scarce in it."

Local Examination Paper.—Geography.—Name a bigger isle of Dogs than our own, Newfoundland.

"Sweet-cheek" was a pretty term of endearment a couple of hundred years ago. It might be revived with appropriateness; for not only are the cheeks of our young ladies quite as sweet as their

ancestors, but to do some of them justice, their characteristic is—of course the nicest, but still—cheek.

By a Compositor.—Novelists have no hesitation in saying that Augustus imprinted a kiss on Anastasia's fair cheek. By way of a change, how would it sound, if they were to say stereotyped instead of imprinted?

Toast and Sentiment.—The bank that no cheque will stop.

The Effects of Education.—Our housemaid (Amelia) is fond of fine words. The other day she gave warning. When asked the reason, instead of the usual answer that she wanted to better herself, she said she wished to ameliorate herself.

Why would you expect most gardners to be proud? Because they are taught *Haughty Culture.*

Proverbially So.—A young lady's taste in poetry is not always unexceptionable. When you see a pile of books on her table, you know pretty well what will be UPPER-most.

Charade.—My first is part of a firm, my second is a sister, my third is a musical instrument, and my whole is nonsense. Conundrum.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Church of England Missions—St. Alban's Parish.

Meeting of Committee—Jas. Cunningham.

The Ottawa Times

Office: 38, Sparks Street.

TUESDAY, JANUARY 26, 1869.

☞ *For Ottawa Markets and interesting reading see Fourth Page.*

THERE was a meeting of the Privy Council yesterday afternoon.

The affairs of Nova Scotia are still under consideration, and though we are glad to understand that the interviews between Messrs. HOWE and MCLELLAN and the Government are progressing favourably, matters have not yet been brought to any definite conclusion between them.

THE Hon. Mr. CHANDLER and C. J. BAYDGES, Esq., Railway Commissioners, arrived in town yesterday afternoon.

WE understand that there has not yet been any formal application made to the Government for a further respite for the prisoner WHELAN. The *Leader* says in case Mr. CAMERON "should ascertain by cable "that he will get the case before the Privy "Council under the circumstances, he will "doubtless lose no time in doing so." As the Court in Toronto would not give Mr. CAMERON leave to appeal, without which he then argued that he could not carry the case to England, we presume that he has not entered on further proceedings with much hope of success. Should, however, an application be made to the Privy Council of Canada for a further respite, the law and circumstances of the case will be taken into consideration, and a decision in accordance therewith arrived at. We may state that according to the Canadian Statute it is provided that the judgment of the Court of Error and Appeal shall be final, so that the probability does not seem to be in favour of the institution of fresh proceedings either here or in England.

IT seems the South Huron election case is about entering on a new and interesting phase. At some former and remote period of his life, Mr. ISAAC CARLING, the sitting member, had become bondsman for a certain Division Court Clerk; and the friends of Mr. GIBBONS, the *ejected* member, fearing for the purity of legislation while this obligation rests upon Mr. CARLING, have taken steps to purge the Legislature—or fill their own pockets. Accordingly one Mr. LOOMIS looms up and claims from Mr. CARLING the modest sum of £500 for every day that he has sat and voted, or shall sit and vote in the Assembly, said £500 being to indemnify LOOMIS aforesaid for the great injury he has sustained or may hereafter sustain because of the said sitting and voting.

These proceedings are all taken in the interest of the pure patriotic Clear Grit GIBBONS who, in virtue of a hundred or so of illegal votes, managed to elbow his way into the Assembly to the great delight of the *Globe* and at corresponding confusion of the "Coalitionists." But now it has been discovered that Mr. GIBBONS is himself bondsman for the County Attorney of Huron! Accordingly the ill-used GIBBONS is threatened with the prosecution of a similar claim, for a trifle of £500 aday for all the days that he sat and voted in the Legislature. This is turning the tables with a vengeance, for while there is a doubt about Mr. CARLING's liability, the Division Court Clerk being appointed by the Judge who holds under the Dominion Government, there is, unfortunately for Mr. GIBBONS, no doubt about his liability or, at all events, about his having daily violated the law and exposed himself to the penalty, because the County Attorney holds office under the Attorney-General, from the Local Government. It is probable that in view of these facts the upright and virtuous Mr. GIBBONS, whose political honesty has shone so conspicuously throughout the whole contest, will abandon the attempt to further annoy Mr. CARLING, seeing that he is himself unquestionably in a worse position.

NEARLY all public men who have passed from the front bench of the Parliamentary Opposition to that on the Ministerial side, have had to endure, sometimes from former friends, and frequently from opponents, many jibes and jeers because of actual change of policy, or imputed change in principle. The more active, successful, and, we may add, reckless, the Minister may have been when he and his party were out of power, the more is he exposed to this sort of galling fire when he accepts office. Now, it should be remembered that while one party governs, all parties rule. Minorities in the Legislature, however small, are never totally destitute of influence; and outside public opinion seldom acts upon the Government as the expression of the sentiment of a single party; it is rather felt and acted upon according to the Government's best light in harmonising and blending all the various shades of which it is composed. Thus a Conservative Government, in obedience to the advancing tide of popular sentiment, passed a Reform Bill, of a more advanced character than that which the Liberals in office dared even to propose. Yet the Liberals, in Opposition, denounced the Tory Reform Bill as a sham and a deceit, while now that they are again in power we are sure they will meekly accept it as deserving of a fair, and—should they remain in office—a long trial..

The Right Hon. JOHN BRIGHT, one of HER MAJESTY'S Ministers of State, was early brought to the contemplation of this difference of responsibility in and out of office, and the consequences to which it would expose him. While addressing his constituents on the occasion of his re-election, he said:

"I shall have to ask your patience, and to ask your lenient judgment of my conduct in regard, it may be, to the questions which I am now not able to specify, but which must come on for consideration and discussion. (Hear, hear). An administration, as you know—a cabinet, as you know—is composed of some fourteen or fifteen members of the two houses of Parliament. The question which the Government itself may propose, and the questions which may be submitted to Parliament by others, will require to be discussed and consulted upon by members of the cabinet; and you know that unless there be harmony among the members of any administration, there must necessarily be failure and disaster. (Hear.) It is, therefore, possible that in seeking the maintenance of this harmony the members of the administration may appear at times to take a different line to that which they have taken when unconnected with the Government. (Hear, hear.) If there should be any such occasions—if any one of my constituents should find that I have on any occasion to come been in a lobby different from that in which at some former period I have been found, let him have such patience as he can; let him understand this, until I say I have changed my views, *that my views remain unchanged, and that the different course which I am compelled to take is one which does not affect principle to much as time and opportunity*, or that it is a temporary and inevitable concession to the necessity of continuing harmony of discussion amongst the members of the Government."

Perhaps an ill-natured opponent might say that the words we have italicised, mean simply that JOHN BRIGHT will pocke his principles for the sake of office; that he will not abandon them, but keep them in abeyance, say, until the fortunes of the political fight shall again leave him out in the cold shades of opposition. But though they may be liable to such a construction—and we do not say they are—and though such had really been Mr. BRIGHT's intended meaning—which we do not, for a moment insinuate—yet Mr. BRIGHT would find himself after a few years of tutilage in office, incapable of being the fierce agitator and reckless denunciator he was once. This very confession of the vast difference between the responsibility of the Minister and that of the independent member, will ever after stand before him as a warning that the Minister's conduct must be tried by a very different standard, and it will temper his judgment accordingly.

There is not a shade of difference in the sentiment uttered by Mr. BRIGHT before the electors of Bermingham the other month, and that enunciated by the Hon. WM. MACDOUGALL, before the electors of Oxford, in the summer of 1862, when suddenly transformed from a very earnest and energetic opposionist into the more thoughtful position of Minister of the Crown. Mr. MACDOUGALL was assailed with great ferocity at that time by some of his former friends, and endured no little amount of "chaffing" from his political opponents. But, however much party writers may banter or berate opponents for recognising the distinction between the two positions the country at large is benefited, progress placed on a surer footing, and even changes, in themselves undesirable, effected in a manner far less injurious than were every new set of men, regardless of expediency, ignoring "time and opportunity," to push their party platforms down the throats of their opponents. It is the very safety-valve of our constitutional system that men like Mr. BRIGHT, whose claims to the confidence of a portion of his countrymen, are such as to entitle him to a seat in the Councils of his Sovereign, should so frankly and unreservedly give practical effect to EARL DERBY's theory that "the British Constitution is a system of "compromises."

WE hope that those of our readers, and we believe there are many, who are interested in the success of the effort to promote Superior Education by the endowment of Queen's University, will not forget the meeting to be held this evening in St. Andrew's Church. The Principal of the University, and Professor MACKERRAS, will explain the position of the institution, and the nature of the movement in its behalf. It is expected that several influential friends of the University will also address the meeting, among whom we may mention the Rev. THOMAS WARDROPE, of this city, Dr. GRANT, M. P., ALEX. MORRIS, Esq., M. P., &c. The hour of meeting is half-past seven.

We make the following extract from a circular issued by the committee, to show intending contributors the course intended to be pursued with the endowment fund:

"For each and every amount of $500 subscribed—provided the payment thereof be made at once, or in not more than four annual instalments—it is proposed to found a scholarship which shall bear in perpetuity the name of the subscriber, and which shall have the following privileges connected with it: (1). That the subscriber may, during his lifetime, nominate annually one student who shall be entitled to attend the classes for one year, free of tuition fees (at present amounting to $20 per session); and (2) that his lineal representatives shall, in the order of seniority, have the fore-mentioned right of free tuition, one at a time—it being understood that the subscriber or his representatives may at any time increase the value of the scholarship, by connecting with it a permanent provision for the benefit of students who may enjoy it."

"The Chatham *Banner* expresses some indignation in consequence of the disgrace improperly attached to its town, by its being falsely stated that there have been many business failures there. It says that whenever any resident of the county gets into the insolvent court, the Eastern papers set him down as 'Mr. ——, of Chatham.' As the Eastern papers copy from the official *Gazette*, the fault can hardly be with them".—*Hamilton Spectator.*

If the Chatham Attorneys would be careful to state the place of business of their "many" insolvent clients, instead of simply dating their notices from their own town, they would avert the *Banner's* indignation from the "Eastern papers."

TWENTY-FIVE SERMONS. A MEMORIAL OF TWENTY-FIVE YEARS' MINISTRY. BY JOHN CORDNER, MINISTER OF THE CHURCH OF THE MESSIAH, MONTREAL. Montreal: JOHN LOVELL. Ottawa: JAMES HOPE.

The Rev. Mr. CORDNER is a noted preacher in the sister city, and we presume we owe the volume before us to the favour with which his ministrations have been received by his own congregation. He inscribes it to them "as a "memorial of twenty-five years' ministry." From one of our Montreal exchanges we extract the following notice of the work:

"As an exponent of the intellect and enterprise of Montreal, as well as from its own intrinsic merits, Mr. Cordner's volume of sermons is deserving of a somewhat fuller notice than we might be inclined to concede to a foreign book of similar character and design. It is stated in the introduction, and may be discovered in the reading, that some of the sermons are presented in a less ample body than that in which they were delivered. In no case, however, are the words too meagre to convey the sense. The sermons are all morally sound and practical, and tend to profit the reader. Some of them exhibit traces of deep thought, which is always clearly and logically expressed. There is little dogma, but abundance of good precept; not much theology but plenty of Christianity. In the whole of them we see the product of a mind that observes and reflects, and combines, and works out its problems, religious, social and political, with a single aim towards truth—with what success it is not in our province to say. We might make this obvious to our readers by a few well-chosen quotations, but we have not space for long extracts and short ones would only mutilate and, perhaps, misrepresent; as most of the sermons from which we would be glad to select passages are too orderly in their sequence to admit of disintegration. In the sermons on Sacrifice (XIII) on the Unity of the Father and the Son (XV.) and on Faith towards Christ, (III.) some of the points in which the Unitarians differ from Christians of other churches are enunciated and reasoned on. The compass of a sermon is, however, too short for any telling controversial effort, and it must be borne in mind that these were addressed to an acquiescent audience."

Time has not permitted us to take such a general view of Mr. CORDNER's "memorial," as the contemporary above quoted; but on glancing over it, we hit upon the following passage in the tenth sermon on "The foundations of Nationality," which is full of food for meditation:

"Now it is evident that the material achievements of our present civilization—the steamships, the railroads, the telegraphs, the factories, the new-found mines of gold—it is evident that these, as they are increased, are calculated to increase the existing activity of men by the wider area which they give to their enterprise. In this way may they augment the tendency to put the bulk of men under bondage to excessive labour, and thus stunt their manly and their divine growth. Herein lies the peril. And if it be not guarded against, and set aside, the fate of Babylon and Egypt will also be the fate of Britain and America. If the manhood of the man be neglected, if his just value in the divine scale be depreciated, if he be regarded merely as a means to an end, if his worth be estimated simply in proportion to his use in accumulating wealth, or in building roads, bridges, factories, or palaces, then must our civilization share the fate of the civilizations of the past. God will vindicate his law, though the term of the trial given be reckoned by thousands of years, instead of by hundreds. God will vindicate his law, and the nations shall fall, if they fail to recognize that a man is of more value than a territory or structure, than the nuggets of Australia, or the wedges of Ophir. Yea, they shall crumble into decay where the foundations are Babylonian, and not divine."

The volume contains 395 pages, is neatly though unpretendingly got up, and may be obtained, as we have said, at Mr. HOPE's bookstore.

MEETING TO EXPRESS SYMPATHY WITH THE SUFFERERS BY THE LATE FIRE.

Committee to Provide Relief to those who may be in Want.

Yesterday about half-past three o'clock a meeting took place at the City Hall, according to announcement, for the purpose of expressing public sympathy with G. E. Desbarats, Esq., in his loss by the late calamitous fire, and to provide means for the relief of such of the employees of the Queen's Printer's establishment as had been thrown out of work, and should be found to be in want of assistance.

Among those present were J. M. Currier, M.P., R. S. M. Bouchette, Mr. Worthington, Mr. Parent, Mr. Kimber, Grant Powell, Mr. Trudeau, Mr. Wickstead, A. Todd, Major Thos. Ross, M. O'Gara, Rev. Dr. O'Connor, Dr. Beaubien, Ed. McGillivray, Jas. Goodwin, Jas. Cotton, P. A. Eagleson, Mr. Cunningham, Mr. Featherston, Mr. Kennedy, &c., &c.

At the beginning the meeting was not large, but before the close the hall was pretty well filled.

On motion of E. McGillivray, Esq., the Mayor took the chair, and Ald. Cunningham was requested to act as Secretary.

The Mayor said in order to make the object of the meeting better understood he would read the requisition in obedience to which he had called it. After reading the requisition he said he supposed the order of proceedings would be to give a public expression of sympathy with Mr. Desbarats, and to take some steps to relieve the necessities of those thrown out of employment and left destitute by the late fire. He paid a high tribute to the qualities of Mr. Desbarats as an energetic, liberal and enterprising citizen, and as an employer While fully sympathising with the object of the meeting, he thought it would have been better if it had been confined to an expression of sympathy, and a public subscription taken for the relief of the employees.

Mr. C. Higgins said he had been requested by Mr. Desbarats to state that there were about 100 employees thrown out of employment by the fire, of whom not more than 24 could obtain employment. Mr. Desbarats, in his present position, could not support them with money, but he had wiped off the various amounts to which any of them had been indebted to him, amounting to some $1,500.

Dr. Beaubien, in rising to propose a resolution, said he had thought the meeting would have been much larger, and he was exceedingly sorry that it was not. The burning of the block in question was a public loss, and of Mr. Desbarats should not go on with his business many of those who had lately been in his employ would be reduced to beggary. He did not speak of the loss because the loser was a French Canadian, but because if he were lost to the city, a quarter of the enterprise of the city would be lost with him.

He moved, seconded by E. McGillivray, Esq., that it was with the deepest concern and dismay that the citizens of Ottawa beheld the conflagration which occurred in this city on the morning of the 21st inst., of the magnificent buildings known as Desbarats' buildings, erected through the enterprise of the late George Desbarats, Esq., in his lifetime Queen's Printer, and completed and adorned by his son George E. Desbarats, one of our most worthy and enterprising fellow citizens.

Mr. McGillivray, in rising to second the resolution, said he was pleased to see that the meeting, if not large, was respectable, and he and the meeting could well sympathise with so heavy a loss to one individual, and he thought the best sympathy that could be shown was to put their hands in their pockets and assist in rebuilding the extensive block, so lately destroyed. With regard to those who had been thrown out of employment, he thought those who knew their circumstances should make their wants known, and he was sure they would not be permitted to suffer. It would be a disgrace to the city if it were otherwise, and for his own part he was prepared to give to the extent of his means. He thought the city was to blame for the calamity in not providing suitable water works. At a public meeting some time ago the Corporation had been authorized to employ an engineer, to ascertain the best way in which they could be built. There was no locality where they could be built easier, and he showed that water would be procured cheaper in that way than a puncheon per week in each family could be supplied by the present inefficient mode. He had been told that in Oglensburg water works without reservoirs had been erected at a cost of $100,000. He hoped steps would be taken so that the matter could be proceeded with at once, before half the city was burnt out, as had been the case in Quebec.

The motion was put and carried.

Alexander Workman, Esq., in moving the next resolution, said that there was a deep feeling of sympathy with Mr. Desbarats throughout the whole city and country. They felt that his was a business that had been spreading information throughout the country, and he was sure that the citizens of Ottawa would come forward and assist those who were sufferers by its loss. He hoped there were not many, but he would do all in his power to aid in carrying out anything that the meeting would propose.

He moved, seconded by R. S. M. Bouchette, Esq., that the citizens of Ottawa here assembled are but conveying, by this meeting, the expression of the opinion and sentiments of the community at large to the deep sympathy which is felt at the calamity which has so recently befallen Mr. Desbarats, in the loss of a large investment which stood as a monument to his enterprise, and one of the greatest ornaments to the city.

In seconding the motion, Mr. Bouchette said that the contrast between affluence and its opposite always struck us with great force. He had known the family, to sympathize with a member of whom this meeting was convened, for three generations, and while they had been energetic business men, they had always been men of enterprising public spirit. The history of the country was their history, and at every point where the Government had been they had left monuments of value as citizens, in the finest public buildings. They had invested their capital for the benefit of the public at large as well as for themselves. He was glad to see the sympathy manifested on this occasion, and hoped substantial reasons would be given to prevent Mr. Desbarats from carrying out any lurking idea he might have to depart from among them. Every possible inducement should be offered to induce him to reinvest his capital in the city, and thus maintain the link he had formed with the capital.

The motion was put and carried unanimously.

P. A. Eagleson, Esq., took the opportunity of expressing his own and the sympathy which he knew existed. Capital invested in the city increased its wealth, and aided its finances, and handsome edifices like that destroyed greatly enhanced the value of adjoining property. For these reasons every means should be employed to bring it amongst us, and to retain it.

Jas. Cotton, Esq., said that some steps should be taken, such as the formation of a committee, for the purpose of ascertaining the best means for the erection of water works. The object of this meeting, however, being to adopt a plan for the relief of the sufferers,

He moved, seconded by J.M. Currier, Esq., M. P., that this meeting, in order to show their sympathy with the indigent sufferers by the late fire, think it desirable to appoint a committee to get up subscriptions to relieve the sufferers, and that the following gentlemen do compose the committee: His Worship the Mayor, Ald. Rochester, Bangs, Mosgrove, Traversy, Martineau, and Messrs. A. Workman, E. McGillivray, I. B. Taylor, G. M. Rose, R. W. Scott, Dr. Grant, J. G. Bell, J. M. Currier, Robert Lyon, R. S. M. Bouchette, J. W. Peachy, H. V. Noel.

W. McKay Wright said that the wealth of the city would not be accepted by Mr. Desbarats, but he thought a small testimonial of sympathy, collectively given by the citizens, that might be handed down as an heir loom in Mr. Desbarats' family, would be the most effective way of showing their appreciation of his worth.

He moved, seconded by R. S. M. Bouchette, Esq., that a committee be appointed to collect and solicit subscriptions for a proper testimonial to be presented to Geo. E. Desbarats, Esq., expressive on the part of the citizens of Ottawa of their appreciation of his energy and enterprise, and their sympathy in the great loss he has sustained. Such committee to be composed of H. V. Noel, Esq., J. M. Currier, Esq., M.P., Dr. Beaubien, C. Higgins, R. E. O'Connor, Esq., and Reno Kimber.

Mr. C. Higgins thought that effective water works would be taken by Mr. Desbarats as a mark of public sympathy.

He moved, seconded by Grant Powell, Esq., that a copy of the resolutions of this meeting be forwarded to Mr. Desbarats.—Carried.

At the suggestion of the Mayor instructions were given that the resolutions be handsomely engrossed on parchment for the above purpose.

A vote of thanks to His Worship for his courteous conduct in the chair was then passed, and the meeting adjourned.

ST. JEAN BAPTISTE SOCIETY.

At a meeting of the St. Jean Baptiste Society, held on the 24th instant,

Upon motion of Dr. P. St. Jean, seconded by E. P. Dorion, Esq., Chief of the French translators, House of Commons,

Resolved, That the St. Jean Baptiste Society have learnt with profound regret the misfortune befallen George E. Desbarats, Esq., its worthy and respected President, in the destruction by fire of his printing establishment, the most considerable in this country; and this society avails itself of this opportunity to express its most cordial sympathy towards him, and begs that he will accept the heartfelt assurance of the feelings which pervade them.

Upon motion of E. Gelinas, Esq., seconded by P. Marier, Esq.,

Resolved, That this Society, whilst deploring the immense loss sustained by Mr. Desbarats, regrets that his misfortune should have affected a great number of families, towards whom he may justly be considered as having been a benefactor, and desires to express the sympathy towards them, which their misfortune has awakened in every heart.

Upon motion of A. A. Boucher, Esq., seconded by Cyprien Triolle, Esq.,

Resolved, That the chairman of this meeting do transmit copies of these resolutions to Mr. Desbarats, and request him at the same time to make his *employes* acquainted with the terms of the second resolution.

Upon motion of Eugene Tetu, Esq., seconded by L. O. Grison, Esq.,

Resolved, That the newspapers of this city be requested to publish the preceding resolutions.

H. LAPIERRE, Secretary.

—The *Echo* understands that, as the result of inquiries made by the ministers in each department, Mr. Gladstone will be able to announce reductions in the public expenditure amounting to £3,000,000.

MESSRS. YOUNG & RADFORD having secured the services of first-class working jewellers in etruscan, filagree, plain, fancy and solid gold work, and having made large additions to their work shop are now better prepared to execute any orders with which they may be entrusted than heretofore. Masonic jewels, gold and silver medals, and every kind of jewellery repaired.

—For a choice selection of New Tapestry Brussells, Kidderminster and Imperial 3-pl Carpets, Cocoa Matting, Floor Oil Cloths, Hearth Rugs, Crumb Cloths and Door Mats; Damasks, Repps, Curtain Trimmings, Lace and Muslin Curtains, go to Magee & Russell's new Store, next door to Mr. John Leslie's, Sparks-st.

DRESS GOODS.—A large assortment of ball and evening dresses; also, in fancy, black, Japanese, and Foulard silks, poplins, &c., at T. & W. Hunton's, whose stock is constantly supplied by their resident agents in London and Paris. Evening silks, &c., shewn by gas light in a room prepared for the purpose, at any hour of the day.

For fine bog oak brooches and ear rings in sets, see Young & Radford's new lot, just received, and selling at the very low price of only 90 cts. per set.

What is the healthy, worldly man's ambition wealth, wealth, wealth. And what the poor invalid's, health, health, health. 'Tis true, gold is dross compared with health. Take care of it, but if you have already lost it from disease of the throat, lungs, liver, kidneys, or digestive organs, &c., remember that there has never been heretofore a medicine that could in any way compete with the Great Shoshonees Remedy for the radical cure of those diseases.

"FRAGMENTS OF CANADIAN HISTORY."

The following is a brief synopsis of the lecture delivered by E. P. Dorion, chief French translator of the House of Commons, on the above subject, before a large and enlightened audience in the hall of the "Canadian Institute," on Friday evening last. His Lordship the Bishop of Ottawa was in the chair and on the platform, were the very Rev. Messrs. Dandurand, O'Connor, Pallier, Tabarett, and Messrs. Wickstead, Badgley, Hayes, &c., &c., &c.:

The lecturer began by insisting on the importance and necessity of studying our own history, so full of heroic acts, the temple of our glories, our celebrities and our holy martyrs, and said: "Young men study our history; you will before long have your share of responsibility in the affairs of this world; it is at that source you will find models for your future guidance; young girls, fear not, open the sacred book containing the past lives of our ancestors; there you will see how your predecessors heroically suffered, how they have even taken in their tender hands the murderous weapons with which they helped to repulse the invasion of barbarism against civilization. Clergymen, in the midst of your troubles, your long journeys, think of those brave missionaries of old, who, leaving France, to which they bade a last adieu, plunged themselves into the dark forests to civilize the Indian, and bring faith, religion, and happiness to the uncultivated mind of the barbarous tribes. Statesmen, legislators, who hold in your hands the destiny of Canada, go and refresh yourselves at those pure sources of the history of our country; there you will find how virtues have been rewarded and tyranny or cowardice disgraced and despised as they deserved to be."

The lecturer then gave a description of Quebec—the city of historic souvenirs, the museum of our traditions—the custodian of our national institutions which carry life, by poetry, speech and press, through this immense humane frame representing in Canada the French race fastened to the soil as firmly as the tree of the forest which no wind nor tempests can ever overthrow. He next gave a relation of the arrival of Jacques Cartier and Champlain; the attack on Quebec by Admiral Phipps, and its defence by Frontenac; the death of Wolfe and Montcalm; the monument erected to the braves of 1670; the repulse of Montgomery through the courage of a French Canadian artilleryman; the defeat of the traitor Arnold and his soldiers. He quoted the noble answer of Montcalm, on the eve of the battle of Abraham, to M. de Vaudreuil, who feared that the English troops would escalade the town: "God alone is able to accomplish impossible things," the highest compliment ever paid to Gen. Wolfe. The lecturer then spoke of the old Chateau St. Lewis, the Jesuit barracks, still preserving the arms and motto of the sons of St. Ignatius Loyola; the "Chien D'Or" with its strange legend, a protest against the cupidity of certain French intendants who used to prey upon the people; the house where was first published the *Canadien*, which our illustrious compatriot, Etienne Parent, edited afterwards with so much energy and skill; the old Parliament in which were voted the 92 resolutions, and which still seems to resound with the eloquent addresses of Papineau; the Ursuline Convent, where are deposited the mortal remains of Montcalm.

Then the lecturer transferred his audience to Indian Lorette, where are settled the now rare descendants of the Hurons, who in the 16th century were 50,000 strong. He maintained that it is impossible to study the history of Canada without having recourse to the Father Jesuits whose relations are so important and well written, and paid them a high compliment for having saved from destruction the documents upon which rest all our traditions. The lecturer then went into the details of the history of the Huron tribe, from 1649 to the present time, speaking of the *Seigneurie* granted to them by the King of France by letters patent in 1651; he gives the complete history of the foundation of Ste. Foye, L'ancienne Lorette and Indian Lorette, by these very Indians, the first in 1668, the second in 1674, and the third in 1730. The lecturer then exhibited to the audience three parchments sent from France to the Hurons, dating 200, 188 and 151 years back. Those relics, he said, are the complete traditions of those Indians, and they tend to shew that religion and faith have saved them from shipwreck, as they have saved French Canadians who were abandoned by France, then governed by a libertine king and a Pompadour, to sustain alone their national existence on American soil. In 1797, (he continued,) at the death of the last Jesuit in Canada, the Hurons lost that high protection, and their seigniory, for which they subsequently applied to the Government of Lower Canada, who refused to accede to their claims, although they were admitted and affirmed by reports of the Legislative Assembly in 1819, 1823, 1830, 1834 and 1835, and although they had as much right to their concession of 1651 as any of the Lower Canadian Seignlors.

After having given the audience graphic descriptions of the village the Hurons founded in Lower Canada, he spoke of the destruction by fire of their chapel in 1862, which was crowded with souvenirs from France and fortunately escaped from fire, and the reconstruction of it in 1865, which gave so much joy to those poor Indians, who, in the loss of their church, had seen the total dispersion of their race. Then the lecturer gave an insight of the actual village of Indian Lorette, the habits of the people, speaking of two of their chiefs, Paul and Philippe, well known in the fur trade of Quebec, whose hospitality and proverbial kindness have been so well noted in books written in France and England on the history of Canada. Then he spoke of a talented artist, Zacharie Hariholin, who, not being able to read or write, had nevertheless such a powerful native talent as to have made certain paintings which, at their debut, Hamel and Bourassa would not disavowed. To prove it he exhibited to the audience the likeness, *en grand*, of this native artist, painted by himself, a work admirably executed, and belonging to Mr. Lindsay, Clerk of the Commons. Zacharie Hariholin, in his younger days, was a great favourite of the Hon. John Neilson, who, discovering his genius, had decided to send him to Rome to study under the great masters, but the child of nature preferred to go back to his solitude and forests than to leave his tribe, perhaps forever.

Speaking of the courage and heroic acts of the Hurons, under the French Government, the lecturer quoted the Hon. Mr. Chauveau to prove that they had shed their share of blood, and won their share of laurels, on all the battlefields of America.

The lecturer concluded by telling his countrymen that the wreck of the Indians as a nation, but their preservation as a race, must be for them an example; that like those Indians the Canadians have been hardly tried, but that they have resisted all the winds unchained against them; that there are now one million of hearts devoted to the religion of their forefathers; that, without forgetting France, they are proud, justly proud, to be the sons of noble Albion, for which they would be ready to shed the last drop of their blood, and, if necessary, to be the bulwark against which foreign invasion would come and break down; that in the episcopate, in the government, on the bench, at the bar, in commerce, everywhere, they were represented by men who were second to none, and ready to do their duty towards their nationality; that the Imperial Government, seeing their influence in the State Councils, their loyalty and attachment to the Crown, had nationally rewarded them by conferring on their great compatriot, Sir George Etienne Cartier, the highest decoration which could be conferred upon a colonist. We must feel this, and have reason to be proud. In conclusion the lecturer said, our race have conquered in Canada. With us it rests, gentlemen, to preserve inviolate this rich inheritance; with us it rests not to desert the flag which our forefathers have nobly and gallantly held in their hands, and on which, after many toils and many hard fights, they have succeeded in inscribing heroically the words, "Our Institutions, our Language and our Laws."

JEWELLERY.—All kinds of jewellery, of the latest designs, and at the cheapest rates, can be bought of Young & Radford, Sparks-st.

Try Gardner's Baking Powder. See advertisement. 887.6m

The most unhappy person in the world is the dyspeptic. Everything looks dark and gloomy he feels "out of sorts" with himself and everybody else. Life is a burden to him. This can alone be changed by taking Peruvian Syrup (a protoxide of iron.) Cases of 27 years standing have been cured by it.

LOCAL NEWS.

BRITISH AMERICA FIRE ASSURANCE COMPANY.—This well-known and long-established Company continue to take risks in this city at the usual rates. Herrick, Brush & Co., agents. 957a

WATER WORKS.—A document in favour of water works for Ottawa was circulated at the public meeting yesterday, and was signed by a large number of wealthy and influential gentlemen.

CHURCH OF ENGLAND MISSIONS.—The annual meeting for the St. Alban's Parish will be held this evening in the church, the chair to be taken by Sir John A. Macdonald at 7:30 o'clock. His Lord Bishop, the Venerable Archdeacon of Ontario, and other clerical and lay gentlemen will address the meeting.

NO MARKET.—There was almost literally no market yesterday. A boggarly account of some three or four waggon loads was all that appeared in the provision market, and a few loads of hay, was all that was offered for the day's consumption of the whole city. It is true the preceding night was intensely cold, and no doubt that had something to do with the poor market.

THE RIOPELLE MARE.—We are informed that Mr. Cutler arrived in Pembroke with the Riopelle mare on his way to the Mattawan, on Sunday morning at eleven o'clock, and took a rest till four o'clock in the afternoon. It is said that two or three double teams preceded him the rest of the way to make a road through the snow. We understand that, though he left the starting place on Saturday evening at six o'clock, he was detained in the city till nine o'clock.

LECTURE THIS EVENING.—It should be remembered by all interested that Mr. Waller gives a lecture this evening in the St. Patrick's Hall on the laws of life and health. We have no doubt but much valuable information may be gained on the subject of the lecture. Very little popular information within the easy reach of the million is abroad in reference to the laws of health, and all who would gain such knowledge should take advantage of every opportunity of doing so.

GOLD WATCH AND CHAIN LOST.—Mr. Proulx, who resides at the Chaudiere, appeared yesterday morning at the police station to lodge information of his having lost his gold watch and chain some time on Sunday, but could not tell precisely how, what time, or where. He had, like an inexperienced man in such matters, gone about telling of his loss, and making all sorts of conjectures in such a manner (if stolen) as to put the thief on his guard, and perhaps spoil the prospects of the police for recovering it. This is often done by losers of property, instead of going at once and procuring experienced aid.

CONCERT.—The Mechanics' Institute Concert in aid of their funds is to take place on the 2nd of February without fail. It is to be held in Gowan's hall, and from the efforts of the concert committee, and the promise of talent to appear on the occasion, it may be safely inferred that it will be as it was last year, a grand successful affair. All who desire to see so useful and indispensable an institution flourish in this city should do all in their power to further its interests, and the subscriptions being inadequate for its proper maintenance an undertaking like the present for augmenting its funds should be encouraged, and all interested, which is the entire public, should work for its advancement.

A DRUNKEN COUPLE.—Yesterday a man and woman, supposed to be man and wife, were found helplessly drunk in a sleigh without any apparent destination. They were taken to the police station where it was found that one side of the woman's nose was unmistakably frozen. Fortunately it was observed by the police in time to be remedied. They were detained for sometime when Mr. O'Gara being at the station heard the case, fined the man $2 and costs, and discharged both. An hour or two after they were let out they were again found in a very questionable state riding in the sleigh, and struggling for the possession of the lines. If they got out into the country it is not impossible that they may be frozen to death.

ST. ALBAN'S READINGS.—A large and highly respectable audience attended the readings at St. Alban's last evening. The readers on the occasion were Hon. Col. Grey, Col. Coffin, and Mr. Carrier. Mr. Sinclair sang several songs, and was encored each time he appeared. The audience often expressed their appreciation of the readings by loud applause. Col. Grey was very fine in "Talfourd's Son," of which he read several scenes. He also read, with good effect, "Alone in the Brave," and the "Fair Imogene," and a humourous composition on pie. Col. Coffin read a fine selection from "Lord Derby's Homer," and rendered it with excellent effect. Mr. Carrier read, by request, the formation of the "Pickwick Club," and part of the first day's journey. This reading was very well received.

POLICE COURT.—MRS. Duignan preferred a complaint against James McCulloch for keeping dangerous dogs. Complainant said she was passing by defendant's place on Friday when a dog attacked her in a violent manner, and tore her cloak, which she exhibited with several large rents, which she said were torn by a dog. Defendant produced his dog in court, but complainant could not identify it as the one which set upon her; she thought it was a larger one. The case was dismissed without costs.

John Hunter was charged by Anthony Reed with using abusive language towards him. Both complainant and defendant live in the same house with only a slight partition, and complainant was alleged to have knocked down one of the doors with an axe, and to have used abusive and threatening language towards him, and threatened to kill him. Complainant had threatened to bring Hunter up before His Worship, and the latter said he wished he would, for he himself was a lawyer, and he would get Reed into jail. James Kennedy was called for the defence and gave defendant a good character, and he often came to hear him read as he (witness) was no scholar. He thought ignorance did a great deal of harm, and Reed was an ignorant man. Case dismissed without costs.

Pierre Periot was charged with assaulting Paul Loyer. Defendant was a young man and complainant a very old man. The latter said Periot attacked him, and would have struck him in the face, but he had a tin pan in his hand which he used as a shield, with which he covered his face and head (something after the fashion of Mambrino's helmet.) He was not much hurt, and proposed to settle the difficulty for a dollar and a quarter. He had received the quarter but not the dollar. The case was disposed of by fining defendant $1 and costs.

CARPETS AND HOUSE FURNISHINGS.—Parties about to furnish will find a large and choice assortment of carpetings and house furnishings, cheap, at Garland, Mutchmor & Co's. Carpets made and laid with despatch.

BIRTHS.

On the 25th instant, in this city, the wife of D. R. Leavens, Albert-st., of a son.

In this city, on the 24th instant, the wife of Mr. Henry F. Sim s, of a daughter.

DIED.

Yesterday, at New Edinburgh, Helen, infant daughter of Mr. R. Blackburn.

The funeral will take place this afternoon at half-past three o'clock.

At his residence, in the Township of Moore, on the 20th instant, Captain William Elliot Wright, of the Royal Navy, in the 85th year of his age, after a long period of failing health.

STEAM ENGINE WANTED.

Any person having a GOOD SECOND-HAND STEAM ENGINE—about six-horse power—in good running order, can find a ready purchaser by addressing "A.B.," Box C., Post Office, Ottawa.

Ottawa, January 25. 956-3

CHURCH OF ENGLAND MISSIONS.

THE ANNUAL MEETING

FOR

ST. ALBAN'S PARISH,

will be held THIS EVENING, in the CHURCH. The chair is to be taken by the HON. SIR J. A. MACDONALD at 7:30 p.m. The Lord Bishop, the Ven. the Archdeacon of Ontario, and other clerical and lay gentlemen will address the meeting. 957-1

FIRE! FIRE!

The members of the Committee appointed at the public meeting yesterday in aid of the indigent sufferers by the late fire, are requested to meet at the

CITY HALL,

THIS, TUESDAY, 26TH INSTANT,

at FOUR o'clock, p.m., for the purpose of organizing.

The names of the Committee are as follows:

His Worship the Mayor,	R. S. M. Bouchette,
Ald. Rochester,	J. W. Peachy,
" Mosgrove,	H. V. Noel,
" Bangs,	A. Workman,
" Traversy,	E. McGillivray,
" Martineau,	I. B. Taylor,
J. G. Bell,	G. M. Rose,
J. M. Currier, M. P.,	R. W. Scott, M.L.A.,
Robt. Lyon, M.L.A.,	Dr. Grant, M.P.

By order,

JAMES CUNNINGHAM,
Secretary.

Ottawa, January 26, 1869. 957-1

Publications.

JONES & HOLLAND
Have Just to Hand
New Books and Magazines from England.
New Books and Magazines from New York, Boston and Philadelphia,
Including all the Fashion Reports for the Month.
They supply all the leading Daily Papers, including the *Globe* and the *Gazette*, at 10 cents per week each.
Post Office

Latest by Telegraph.

Per Montreal Line.

TORONTO.

Special to THE TIMES.

TORONTO, January 25.

The Court of Appeal has given judgment in the case of Boulton *vs.* the Church Society, confirming the decision of the Court below. The effect of the decision will be that the society must exhibit its accounts to Mr. Boulton, or any other subscriber. There is talk of the society appealing to the Privy Council.

Whiskey Mason's bail in the Giddings' assault case was extended to-day, owing to his non-appearance in court. It consists of his own bond for $1,000, and the security of one of his assistants. It is considered certain that nothing can be recovered.

The law directing the closing of taverns at 7 o'clock on Saturday evening is now rigidly enforced. Eight tavernkeepers were summoned to-day for violation of the law.

Yesterday afternoon the remains of Ensign Otter received the honours of a military funeral—his regiment, the "Queen's Own," accompanying them to the grave. The deceased served at Ridgeway, and was much respected by all his friends.

The *Globe* publishes figures to prove that since October 17th, its circulation has increased from 7,752 to 16,330.

Temperature last night zero.

SECOND DESPATCH.

The Halifax "Chronicle" Explaining the Policy of the Local Government.

Special to THE TIMES.

TORONTO, January 25.

The *Globe's* Halifax despatch gives an important article from Saturday's Halifax *Chronicle*, explaining the policy of the Local Government. The *Chronicle* says whilst the Legislature had control of the revenue it was requisite that it should meet in January or February. Now there is no such necessity. Besides there are pretty conclusive reasons for the postponement of the session as far as possible. The Duke of Buckingham in June threw the redress of grievances on the Dominion Government. The delegates returned with the assurance that all would be made right. Nothing has been done. When Sir John visited Halifax he brought no definite proposals. It may be fairly said he could not without the consent of the Dominion Parliament. The *Chronicle* attaches no lasting value to anything short of restoration of the Constitution; but thinks it would be well to wait to see what Sir John and the Dominion Parliament will offer Nova Scotia in exchange for her liberty, before renewing their appeal to London. Were appeal made before the Dominion Parliament had spoken the Imperial Government would reply that it was premature to interfere before ample time had been allowed the Canadians to try the policy of conciliation. A very different answer might be expected some months hence, when the Dominion Government made it clear to the world how it was willing or able to satisfy the reasonable demands of Nova Scotia. Besides the Imperial Government would not be ready to attend to repeal for some time. The true policy, therefore, would be to postpone the session far beyond the usual period. No interest here can suffer by delay. On the other side of the water emancipation would be materially advanced by waiting until the conciliation policy had proved as unreal as sounding brass, or tinkling cymbal.

MONTREAL.

Special to THE TIMES.

MONTREAL, January 25.

The national and other societies intend presenting Sir John Young with addresses on his visiting Montreal.

The English press strongly protest against the Quebec Legislature giving free grants of land to those French Canadians who want to return to Canada, but their protest, it is believed, will avail nothing, as there appears to be a foregone conclusion among the French members to grant the prayer of the petition.

Col. Ermatinger's funeral this afternoon was largely attended. Both regular and volunteer officers took part.

Over 100 deaths from small-pox have occurred during the past five weeks.

The Bishop of Toronto confirmed 158 persons here yesterday.

The Caledonian Society celebrates the anniversary of Burns' birthday by a dinner at the Terrapin to-night.

The Bank of Montreal is said to have lost between one hundred thousand and five hundred thousand dollars from lending money to New York speculators, who became bankrupt at the recent corner in Erie shares. The report causes considerable uneasiness in financial circles.

Yesterday morning at Rouse's Point, in a fit of *delirium tremens*, a young man purposely choked himself by kneeling down and forcing his head between the spokes of a waggon wheel in such a way as to press the wind pipe against the lower spoke, and cause death by suffocation.

No change in the price of flour.

CABLE NEWS.

GREAT BRITAIN.

Arrival Out.

SOUTHAMPTON, January 24.—The steamship *Allemania* has arrived.

LONDON, January 25.—Reverdy Johnson has received and accepted an invitation to dine with the corporate authorities of Manchester some time in February.

FRANCE.

The Chinese Embassy has an Audience with the Emperor.

PARIS, January 24.—The Chinese Embassy to-day had an audience with the Emperor Napoleon.

The *Gaulois* says the Greek Government has rejected the declaration of the Conference of Paris.

SPAIN.

The Provisional Government Opposed to the Cession of Cuba.

MADRID, January 24.—It is announced on official authority that the Provisional Government, believing it truthfully anticipates the feelings of the nation, cannot accept any proposition for the cession of the Island of Cuba.

NEWS VIA PARIS.

PARIS, January 25.—It is rumoured that the cities of Seville and Cadiz have proclaimed in favour of the Duke of Montpensier for king of Spain.

TURKEY.

The "Eyosis" Affair—The Viceroy of Egypt Proffers Assistance to the Sultan.

CONSTANTINOPLE, January 24.—Admiral Hobart Pasha has sailed with his fleet from the harbour of Syra. The Governor of the island has promised that the steamer *Eyosis* shall not be permitted to leave the port.

The Viceroy of Egypt has offered the Sultan an army of 50,000 men and a fleet, in the event of war.

ITALY.

Violent Debates in Parliament on the Mill Tax.

FLORENCE, January 24.—Violent debates took place in the House of Parliament last week on the question of the mill tax. The action of the Government was severely denounced by the Opposition.

CUBA.

HAVANA, January 23.—Most of the recent troubles between the citizens and soldiers in this city have taken place in Jesus Maria ward. Yesterday afternoon these disturbances broke out again in the same quarter. Some people on the house tops fired upon the volunteers in the streets, and the latter returned the fire. It is not known whether anyone was killed.

At a late hour in the evening the house of Senor Alduma, a rich planter, who is suspected of giving aid and comfort to the revolutionists, was entered by the police officers, supported by a guard of volunteers, and searched for arms supposed to be hid there. The building was badly damaged by the troops. The Spaniards assert that this house was one of those from which the volunteers were fired upon. At nine o'clock on the same night, in the vicinity of the Louvre Coffee House, and the Tacon Theatre opposite, shots were fired at some volunteers who were passing through the street. The lower hall of the Louvre was crowded with people, who were utterly ignorant of what was going on outside or on the upper floors of the building. A detachment of volunteers halted before the Louvre, and fired upon the guests indiscriminately with fatal effect. Several Spaniards, gentlemen of the Government, *employes* and officers of the army, were killed; two German merchants, Rochling and Luppenberg, and many other persons, were dangerously wounded. Sam Cothre, a well-known photographer from the United Sates, was attacked and killed near the Louvre about the same time by some armed men, who are supposed to have belonged to the volunteer force. While the audience was leaving the Billoveol theatre shots were fired by which two ladies and several children were killed.

The American schooner *Arrieta*, formerly a Key West wrecker, has been brought to this port as a prize by the Spanish gunboat *Delta*, on suspicion of carrying supplies to the rebels. When discovered they pretended to be engaged in wrecking a ship lost on Colorado Reef. The *Arrieta* cleared from Key West on the 8th for Sisal.

A meeting of the commanders of the volunteer force in this city was held to-day. Captain-General Dulce was present, and said he deplored the recent occurence. It was resolved that all volunteers, excepting those on guard, shall hereafter not be allowed at their homes, and only come out when a signal of 12 guns is fired, or at the command of the chief officer. In the meantime, until the arrival of additional regular troops from Spain, sailors from the Spanish men-of-war in the harbour are to perform patrol duty, and they are now patrolling the streets outside the walls.

Business has been suspended since the commencement of the disturbance with the volunteers, but the people are now greatly releaved. The feeling of security is growing stronger, as the sailors are all disciplined, sober and faithful, and perform their duties to the satisfaction of all. The city is now perfectly quite.

NEWS VIA NEW YORK.

Fatal Riot in a Havana Theatre.

NEW YORK, January 24.—Despatches from Havana state that a riot occurred on Friday night in the theatre. Four persons were killed and many wounded.

AMERICAN NEWS.

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES.

The Text of the New Naturalization Treaty.

NEW YORK, January 24.—The *Herald* publishes the full text of the Naturalization Treaty between the United States and England. It provides that citizens of either country who become naturalized as subjects of the other, shall be treated as such in all respects and for all purposes. They shall, however, be at liberty to renounce their naturalization, and resume their respective nationalities within two years after this protocol is carried into effect. The manner of renunciation to be hereafter agreed upon by the said governments, and such persons shall not thereafter be liable to be claimed as subjects by either Government, on account of their former naturalization. These principles not to be carried into effect by Great Britain until after the necessary provision made by parliament for the revision of the existing laws.

Arrival of the "Deutchland."

NEW YORK, January 24.—The steamship *Deutchland*, from Bremen, has arrived.

The Detroit Olympic Theatre Burned.

DETROIT, January 24.—The Olympic Theatre was burnt last night. Loss, $20,000.

A $145,000 Fire.

ELMIRA, N.Y., January 24.—Half of the business portion of Troy, Bradford Co., Pa., was destroyed by fire this morning. Loss $145,000.

105 Days in Crossing the Atlantic—Suffering of the Crew—Starvation.

PHILADELPHIA, January 24.—The British bark *Cadet* arrived here yesterday after a passage of 105 days from Liverpool. She started with only thirty-five days' provisions. The crew had been in a starving condition for a long time. On New Year's Day and afterwards they had only for fourteen men a half pound of rice and a pint of water every twenty-four hours. On January 14th they were within 80 miles of Cape Hatteras, but were blown far to the southeast by a tremendous gale. At one time when provisions were entirely gone except ten pounds of flour, they providentially spoke a vessel and received a small supply, or all would have starved.

President Johnson's Nominations.

NEW YORK, January 25.—The *Herald's* special says the petition to the Senate to confirm no more of President Johnson's nominations does not meet with much favour from the Senators.

THIS MORNING'S DESPATCHES.

The "Alabama" Claims.

WASHINGTON, January 25.—One of the first cases of the *Alabama* treaty, as now proposed, was brought to the attention of the State Department yesterday. In August, 1866, Owen Thorn, of this city, then owner of several steamers in New York, sold one of his vessels to Congress, the agreement stating that the boat was to be used in the grain trade between Chicago and Buffalo. Thorn's agreement compelled the delivery of the boat at Buffalo, but while passing by Montreal the steam pipe bursted, causing the vessel to put into that port while engaged in repairs, and the Canadian authorities seized the vessel under suspicion as a Fenian privateer. Evidence was brought to show that the charge was unjust, and after a long detention and an expenditure of about $8,000 in gold, the steamer was released, the Canadian authorities acknowledging their mistake in a measure. The owner then filed with the State Department a claim, giving evidence of forcible seizure and the loss occasioned thereby. The State Department acknowledged the receipt of the claim, and informed the claimant that the case could not be considered until the *Alabama* cases were brought up. A few days ago the claimant visited the Department and asked if the case would be now brought up, but he was gruffly informed that Seward did not wish to see him, as the clerk that had charge of the claim reports the papers lost. The real trouble is supposed to be that Secretary Seward was connected with the Fenians in the early part of their operation in such a way that he does not now require any investigation of any Fenian movements.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

Reported by Telegraph.

{For daily report of Ottawa Markets, see Fourth Page.}

New York Money Market.

NEW YORK, January 25.—Gold 36¾.

New York Markets.

NEW YORK, January 25.—Cotton nominal at 28½c.—Flour, common grades shade firmer; others dull; receipts 5,800 barrels; sales 7,600 barrels at $5 85 @ 6.25 for superfine State and Western; $7 35 for common to choice extra State; $6 80 @ 7.75 for common to choice extra Western.—Rye flour quiet at $5 25 @ 7.50.—Wheat, spring improved; others dull and heavy; sales 5,500 bushels at $1.60 @ 1.65.—Rye quiet; sales 2,500 bushels Canada at $1 55—Corn unchanged; receipts 12,000 bushels; sales 36,000 bushels at 93c @ 96c. for new mixed Western; $1.06½ for old do. in store.—Barley dull.—Oats quiet; receipts 1,000 bushels; sales 15,000 bushels at 74½c. for Western in store; 76½c. for afloat.—Pork firmer and quiet at $30.25 @ 30.37 for new mess; $29 @ 29 25 for old do.—Lard firmer at 19c. @ 20½c. for steam; 20½c. @ 20¾ for kettle rendered.

London Money Market.

LONDON, January 25—3 p.m.—Consols 93¼ for both; Bonds 75¼; Erie 26; Illinois Central 92 @ 92½.

Liverpool Markets.

LIVERPOOL, January 25—a.m.—Cotton flat. Flour 26s. Red wheat 9s. 9d. @ 9s. 11d. White wheat 11s. @ 11s. 9d. Corn 35s. for old; 34s. for new. Barley 5s. Oats 3s. 6d. Peas 44s. Lard 72s.

Dry Goods.

...S & RYAN,

...EARNS & RYAN,

KEARNS & RYAN

THE ABOVE FIRM

...out the

...KRUPT STOCK

AND

PREMISES LATELY OCCU-

...PIED BY

GRANT & HENDERSON

AT A

...POSITION IN THE POUND

...pared, and will sell from this date

...LE OF THE ABOVE STOCK,

DIVIDED

...EN THEIR TWO HOUSES,

AT AN

...E REDUCTION

...OM ORIGINAL PRICES.

...SALE TO CONTINUE

UNTIL THE

STOCK IS SOLD OUT.

...REAT BARGAINS

...ted.

KEARNS & RYAN.

...ary 23, 1869. 954-3m

Auction Sale.

...A. Rowe, Auctioneer.

...N SALE

OF

...EHOLD FURNITURE.

...WE have received instructions from ...MILLAR, who is leaving the city, ...DAY, the 29th INSTANT, at his ...sserer-st., third door off Cumberland ...of his Household Furniture, consisting ...follows:

...fa—hair cloth, 1 Rocking Chair to ...B. Chairs—all new. 1 Black Walnut ...Desk, 1 Mahogany Centre Table, 1 ...ge, glass slides, 1 Velvet Pile Table ...1 Picture in Gilt Frame, Saturday ...do., do., Departure of Highland ...6 Pictures in Rosewood Frame, ...ontmorency, Several other Pictures ...Oak Dining-room Cane Bottom ..., 1 Walnut Dining Table, 1 Ex- ...(large), 1 Lounge, Damask cov- ...ing Chair, with Cane Bottom ...k, Kitchen Chairs, Walnut Bed- ...teads and Deil, Mahogany Bureau, ...mer and Tea Seat, Parlour and Bed- ...d Kitchen Utensils, a large Kitchen ...ting Leaf Table, 33 yards Spice-cloth ...t [new], 24 yards 2 ply all-wool ...rs 3 ply Bed-room Carpet, Ball Clock ...-day Clock [new], and numerous ...

...mence at ELEVEN o'clock, a.m. ...in bankable funds.

...A. ROWE, Auctioneer.

...Birmingham, Auctioneer.

...NT ANNOUNCEMENT

...s, Dealers, Housekeepers, ...whom it may concern.

...VERY EXTENSIVE

...CTION SALE

OF

...ULTERS' STOCK!

...Cloths,

...s Goods, Blankets,

...Fancy Goods, Watches,

Small Wares, &c., &c.,

...GREAT VARIETY.

...er has been favoured with instructions ...Montreal Attorney of Messrs. Gen ...Co., General Merchants, London ...d, by Public Auction, at

...E'S NEW STORE,

...ussell House, Sparks-st., on

...AY MORNING NEXT,

...nd to continue on the following

...sday, Wednesday, Thursday, ...day and Saturday,

...luable consignment of the valuable ...ks, being part of an IMMENSE ...ded with from England by Detail- ...ow under arrest—

...mprises Heavy Moscow Beavers, ...d all Wool Broadcloths, all Wool ...ns, Tweeds, Cassimeres, Melton ...ans, Sultanas, Sealskins, Coburgs ...a Plaids, Balmoral Skirts, Fillet ...Long Shawls, Knitted Shawls ...Clouds, Silk Dress Goods, Vestings, ...es, Linen Table Cloths and Sheetings ...e], White Moselle and Coloured ...s, Blankets, Scotch Lamb's Wool ...ers, all-wool Flannels, Carriage ...together with a considerable stock ...ery Goods, and Small Wares, too ...ntion.

...y at 10 a.m., 2 p.m., and 7 p.m.

J. BERMINGHAM,

Auctioneer.

...ORMICK,

...ent for Attorney.

...y 23, 1869. 955b

...IRE'S MILLINERY ESTAB- ...now REMOVED to the Store next ...& Russell, Sparks-st. ...ry 23. 954d

...ERRE BALARD

...EFT MY EMPLOY

...rms of his engagement with me, ...ny person or persons from hiring ...m, as any one found doing so after ...prosecuted.

ROBERT SKEAD.

...23, 1869. 956-3

...N OF HORSES.

...e of the

...ION FORWARDING AND

RAILWAY COMPANY.

956-3

Wholesale & Retail.

LAST CHANCE!

ONLY

ONE WEEK MORE

OF THE

GREAT CHEAP SALE

OF

COTTON GOODS,

By the "Piece" at Wholesale Prices.

150 PIECES BLEACHED SHIRTING,
175 " GREY do
200 " PRINTS,
20 " UNBLEACHED SHEETING,
10 " BLEACHED SHEETING

On the arrival of our "NEW COTTON GOODS" next month, we will be compelled to advance prices about two cents per yard.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

LAST CHANCE!

ONLY

ONE WEEK MORE

OF THE

GREAT CHEAP SALE

OF

COTTON GOODS,

By the "Piece" at Wholesale Prices.

150 PIECES BLEACHED SHIRTING,
175 " GREY do
200 " PRINTS,
20 " UNBLEACHED SHEETING,
10 " BLEACHED SHEETING

On the arrival of our "NEW COTTON GOODS" next month, we will be compelled to advance prices about two cents per yard.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

Groceries.

For sale by the undersigned.

300 BBLS. MESS PORK.
200 BBLS. THIN MESS PORK.
500 BBLS. STRONG SUPER FLOUR.

COAL OIL.

Having been appointed by the combination their agents for

COAL OIL,

They are now prepared to sell in quantities to suit the trade, by the

BARREL OR CAR LOAD,

AT THE

LOWEST PRICES

Agents for Hiram Walker's

HIGHWINES

RYE,

PROOF, and

MONONGAHELA WHISKEYS.

Agent for

RESOR BROS. CHEESE.

Agents for John Campbell's celebrated

HAMS,

BACON, &c.

C. T. BATE & CO.,
Canal Basin.

Ottawa, Dec. 12, 1868.

Wants.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY.

A WET NURSE.

Apply to

DR. WOOD,
Sparks-st.

953tf

WANTED,

AN EXPERIENCED SALESMAN,

to take charge of a GROCERY AND DRY GOODS ESTABLISHMENT in this city. Good references required. Apply at this office.

Ottawa, Jan. 21, 1869. 953a

ROYAL INSURANCE COMPANY

OF

LIVERPOOL AND LONDON.

NOTICE

is hereby given that owing to the INEFFICIENCY OF THE MEANS FOR EXTINGUISHING FIRES, AND THE TOTAL WANT OF WATER in the City of Ottawa, the AGENCY OF THIS COMPANY is from this date

CLOSED.

All policies are held good until the date of expiry.

H. L. ROUTH,
General Agent.

January 23, 1869. 955-3

THE UNION FORWARDING AND RAILWAY COMPANY.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE *SUBSCRIBERS OF STOCK*, OF THE Union Forwarding and Railway Company, will be held at THEIR OFFICE in the CITY OF OTTAWA, ON *Wednesday, 10th day of February, Next,* at TWELVE o'clock, noon, for the ELECTION OF DIRECTORS, and the transaction of general business.

By order,

R. S. CASSELS,
President.

Ottawa, January 22, 1869. 954d

COAL! COAL!

NEWCASTLE GRATE, (Screened.)
LACKAWANNA, (Egg and Stove Sizes.)
LEHIGH, (Lump and Egg Sizes.)
BLACKSMITH'S,
$6 per Chaldron.

For Sale by

D. W. COWARD & CO.,
Commission Merchants,
Office—17 Sparks-st.

912.3m

Jewellery, &c.

FOR CHRISTMAS AND NEW YEAR'S PRESENTS,

IN GOLD & SILVER WATCHES,

Go to YOUNG & RADFORD'S,

30 Sparks-st.

FOR CHRISTMAS AND NEW YEAR'S PRESENTS,

IN PLATED WARE,

Go to YOUNG & RADFORD'S.

FOR CHRISTMAS AND NEW YEAR'S PRESENTS,

IN FANCY GOODS,

SUITABLE FOR THE SEASON,

Go to YOUNG & RADFORD'S.

PARTIES WANTING WORK

SUITABLE FOR PRESENTATIONS

FOR CHRISTMAS OR NEW YEAR,

Will find it to their advantage to

GO TO YOUNG & RADFORD'S,

30 Sparks-st.

Garland, Mutchmor & Co

XMAS DRY GOODS.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.,

IMPORTERS, 20 SPARKS-ST.,

Have received, ex various ocean steamers, large additions to their extensive stock of

STAPLE & FANCY DRY GOODS,

MILLINERY,

Carpetings and House Furnishings,

and are now shewing a large and well assorted stock in every department. They invite special attention to the following:

RICH FANCY SILKS,

RICH FANCY DRESSES,

suitable for street and evening wear.

RICH BALL DRESSES,

GOOD ABERDEEN WINCIES,

at a little over half last year's prices. Good cheap useful dresses for all classes in all the new materials.

CLOTHS,
TWEEDS,
BLANKETS,
FLANNELS,
SHEETINGS,
COTTONS,
PRINTS, Etc.,

all in great variety cheap.

LACES,
RIBBONS,
TRIMMINGS,
GLOVES,
HOSIERY,

Black Silk Mantle Velvets,
Black and Brown Velveteens,
Black and Brown Sealskins,
Black and Brown Astricans,
Coloured Jasper Sealskins,
White and Fancy Mantle Cloths.

MANTLES,

in great variety, in all the new materials an shapes.

SHAWLS,
BONNETS,
HATS,
LADIES' CAPS,
HEAD DRESSES,
FEATHERS, FLOWERS, BRIDAL WREATHS.

Great novelty in Skirts—the

NEW PATENT FELT SKIRT,

Plain and embroidered, all in once piece; warm lighter, better fitting and cheaper than any other skirts. Just opened

One Case Plain Glasgow Wincies.

Two cases latest styles in Clouds and other Woollen Goods.

Wholesale and Retail.

Stationery.

NEW GOODS.

Just received, ex steamship *St. David*, a large importation of the best British manufactured

STAPLE STATIONERY,

IN

LETTER PAPERS,
NOTE PAPERS,
ENVELOPES,
FOOLSCAPS,
FOLIO POSTS,
RECORD PAPERS,
TINTED BLOTTING PAPERS,
MUSIC PAPER,
&c., &c., &c.

For sale at

THE OTTAWA CITIZEN Stationery and Printing House, Queen-st., Ottawa.

Groceries.

THE TEA POT LIST.

In Cases, Hhd. and ¼ Casks,

HENNESSEY'S BRANDY,
MARTELL'S do
OTARD, DUPEY & Co., do
JULES, ROBIN & Co., do
CASTILLION & Co., do.

In Bottle or Wood,

GRAHAM'S EXTRA OLD PORT,
GRAHAM'S THREE GRAPE,
SANDEMAN'S CHOICE OLD PORT,
McKENZIE'S Pure Golden SHERRY
DUNN'S BROWN, do
CHOICE PALE, do.

THE

FINEST BALTIMORE OYSTERS,

Received daily, by Express.

CHIPPAWA pure old RYE WHISKEY
Four years old, equal to any French Brandy.

CHIPPAWA TODDY WHISKEY,
Four years old, equal to Scotch.

CHIPPAWA FAMILY PROOF.

J. G. ROBINSON & Co

Ottawa, Dec. 16 1868. The Tea Pot, Ottawa.

ON SALE,

GOODERHAM & WORTS'

RECTIFIED SPIRITS.

100 BBLS. CELEBRATED OLD RYE,
100 do HIGHWINES, 50 O.P.
100 do ALCOHOL, 65 O.P.

The trade supplied at manufacturers' prices.

REDPATH'S EXTRA GOLDEN SYRUP
REDPATH'S STANDARD do
NEW YORK HOUSE SYRUP,
100 BBLS. WEST INDIA MOLASSES.
500 CHESTS UNCOLORED JAPAN TEA.
100 CADDIES ORANGE PEKOE TEA
150 CHESTS TWANKAY.
200 CADDIES BRIGHT SOL TOBACCO.
100 BOXES TOBACCO, 40s.
500 BARRELS EXTRA SUPERIOR FLOUR.
300 BBLS. MESS PORK, to arrive.

J. G. ROBINSON & Co.

December 16, 1868. 926.3m

OTTAWA MARKETS.

[Compiled expressly for the OTTAWA TIMES.]

Times Office, Ottawa, Jan. 25, 1869.

FLOUR—Extra	4 50	@	6 75
No. 1	3 25	@	3 50
No. 2	none.		
Bags—Fall per 100 lbs	2 25	@	3 37½
" Spring "	2 12½	@	2 25
Oatmeal—per 200 lbs	7 00	@	7 25
Indian Meal "	4 00	@	0 00
Rye—per bushel 56 lbs	0 85	@	0 90
Barley " 48 lbs	0 90	@	0 00
Buckwheat Flour	4 00	@	4 50
WHEAT—Fall—per bushel, 60 lbs	1 25	@	1 30
Spring " "	1 20	@	1 25
CORN—Per bushel, 56 lbs	0 85	@	0 90
Peas " 60 lbs	0 90	@	0 00
Oats " 34 lbs	0 61	@	0 63
Beans " 60 lbs	1 50	@	0 00
PORK—Mess—per barrel	25 00	@	26 00
Prime Mess per do	17 00	@	17 50
Prime	none.		
Pork (fresh)	8 00	@	9 00
Hams	0 15	@	0 17
Beef per 100 lbs	5 50	@	7 25
Mutton—per lb	0 5	@	0 6
Geese—Each	0 50	@	0 60
Ducks	0 50	@	0 60
Turkeys—Each	1 00	@	2 00
Poultry—Per pair	0 50	@	0 60
BUTTER—Choice Table	0 25	@	0 00
No. 1 Firkin	0 22	@	0 24
No. 2	0 00	@	0 00
EGGS	0 22	@	0 25
Apples—per brl	0 00	@	4 00
VEGETABLES, &c.—Potatoes	0 33	@	0 40
HAY—Per ton	18 00	@	23 00
WOOD—Per cord (cible measure)	3 25	@	0 00
Mixed Wood	3 00	@	0 00
Tamarac	2 00	@	0 00
Soft Wood	2 00	@	0 00

Testimonials to the Montreal Tea Company.

FELCOME.—Montreal Tea Company: Gentlemen, the Oolong tea which you sent me gives me great satisfaction. I forwarded part of the chest to a friend in Toronto who informs me he considers it as good as he has been paying one dollar per lb. for. Please send me a chest of Young Hyson at same price, viz.: at 75c. per lb. Address as before. Your obedient servant, JNO. T. DAY.

COBOURG.—Montreal Tea Company: Gentlemen, I beg to inform you that the two boxes of tea you sent me are of excellent quality, especially the Young Hyson at 60 cents. Please send another box or 20 lbs., at same price, and oblige yours, &c., F. OLIVER.

QUEBEC—Gentlemen, the box of green tea you sent me a 65 c. is far better than the tea we have been paying 90c. for. Yours truly, P. A. SHOLET.

—We have pleasure in directing attention to the advertisement of the Montreal Tea Company. We can assure our tea-drinking readers that an incredible saving can be effected and a much better article procured by adopting the suggestions thrown out by this company. From personal knowledge we can say that the Montreal Tea Company is a most satisfactory institution to deal with. Merchants and others by making purchases from this Company will save a very large per centage.—*Cornwall Freeholder.* [Most of our readers are acquainted with the editor of the *Freeholder*, and know that what he states from personal knowledge can be entirely relied on. [Ed. Beacon.] Stratford *Beacon.*

Montreal Tea Company, 6 Hospital-st., Montreal: The Congou Tea you sent me in December last, gives great satisfaction, and is much superior to anything of the kind at that price, which we have been accustomed to get from other houses in your city. Very truly yours, W. E. JONES.

Richmond *Guardian* Office, Richmond.

QUEBEC.—The Montreal Tea Company: Gentlemen the chest of mixed tea at 55 cents I received is excellent in quality, and fully 20 cents cheaper than I have been paying. Your obdt. servant, THOS. TRUDEL.

WINDSOR.—Gentlemen, I received the Tea according to contract. I am very well satisfied with it, and can thoroughly recommend it. Yours truly, JOHN HERITAGE.

To the Montreal Tea Company, Montreal.

The Montreal Tea Company: It is pretty clear that when an individual or a firm makes a specialty of a particular trade—in other words—turns all resources and energies in one direction, then we find profits reduced and excellence secured. This has been the case in respect to the operations of the Company named. The quality of Tea supplied are the best in the country, and by reference to the advertisement, it will be seen that, in price also, an inducement to patronage is offered the public.—*Woodstock Times.*

A large consignment of the Montreal Tea Company's pure teas have been received by the undersigned. There is no paint, dye, or black lead used in these teas to make them look well. Boxes, 12 lbs. and upwards. See advertisement for list of prices.

JOSEPH MOONEY,
Rideau House Block

A meritorious article is Hall's Sicilian Hair Renewer; it is rapidly becoming known and widely and deservedly popular. It is apparently no humbug itself but an agreeably perfumed and pleasant hair dressing, but it contains the most wonderful curative properties for loss of hair, and after using it a short time, gray hair is restored to its natural color. If any of our readers doubt it, let them try a single bottle of the "Renewer," and they will add their testimonial to the truth of what we say.—*Sentinel, Burlington, Vt.*

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Coughs and Colds—sudden changes of climate are sources of Pulmonary Bronchial and Asthmatic affections. Experience having proved that simple remedies often act speedily and certainly when taken in the early stages of the disease, recourse should at once be had to "Brown's Bronchial Troches," or Lozenges. Few are aware of the importance of checking a cough or "common cold," in its first stage. That which in the beginning would yield to a mild remedy if neglected soon attacks the lungs. "Brown's Bronchial Troches," or cough Lozenges, allay irritation which induces coughing, having a direct influence on the affected parts. As there are imitations, be sure to obtain the genuine. Sold by all dealers in medicines, at 25 cents a box.

HALL'S VEGETABLE SICILIAN HAIR RENEWER.

The base of its remedial properties is a vegetable compound.

It will restore gray hair to its original color.

It will keep the hair from falling out.

It cleanses the scalp and makes the hair soft, lustrous and silken.

It is a splendid hair dressing.

R. P. HALL & Co.,
Nashua, N.H., Proprietors.

For sale by all druggists. 894d

Mothers! Mothers! Mothers!—Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with the excruciating pain of cutting teeth? If so, go at once and get a bottle of Mrs. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately—depend upon it; there is no mistake about it. There is not a mother on earth who has ever used it, who will not tell you at once that it will regulate the bowels, and give rest to the mother, and relief and health to the child, operating like magic. It is perfectly safe to use in all cases, and pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Price 25 cents. Sold everywhere. Be sure to call for "MRS WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP." Having the *fac simile* of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations.

Mothers Read This!—Holloway's Worm Lozenges are a certain and safe remedy for Worms in Children as Adults.—As it is a well-known and melancholy fact that one great cause of death among children is from Worms alone, it cannot be too deeply impressed upon the minds of parents the necessity of closely watching their children. By so doing; and understanding the symptoms and true cause of the disease, thousands of children might be saved from early graves. SYMPTOMS OF WORMS.—The following are a few of the very numerous symptoms and diseases which are caused by Worms: deranged appetite, emaciated extremities, offensive breath, frequent picking at the nose, grinding of the teeth during sleep, hardness of the belly, with frequent slimy stools, and sometimes convulsive fits; itching of the arms, pain in the head and stomach, unquiet sleep, faintings, tremblings, coughs, indigestion, low spirits, frightful dreams, and a gradual wasting away of flesh.

They are palatable and self-administered to the child—drive out the worms thoroughly without pain and completely cleanse the stomach—thereby doing away with the necessity of administering Castor Oil or other unpleasant cathartics—as is the use of other Worms.

Each box contains the fac-simile signature of NORTHROP & LYMAN, Newcastle, C.W., who are the sole proprietors.

N. B. Ask for *Holloway's Worm Lozenges* and take no other. Sold by all the druggists in Ottawa, and medicine dealers everywhere. 870y

DOMINION Telegraph Company!

Capital Stock.....$500,000.

IN 10,000 SHARES AT $50 EACH.

President,
HON. WM. CAYLEY.

Secretary,
H. B. REEVE.

Treasurer,
HON. J. McMURRICH.

Counsel,
MESSRS. CAMERON & McMICHAEL.

General Superintendent,
MARTIN RYAN.

DIRECTORS.

HON. J. McMURRICH—Bryce, McMurrich & Co., Toronto.
A. R. McMASTER, Esq.—A. R. McMaster & Brother, Toronto.
HON. M. C. CAMERON,—Provincial Secretary, Toronto.
JAMES MICHIE, Esq.,—Fulton, Michie & Co., and Geo. Michie & Co., Toronto.
HON. WM. CAYLEY,—Toronto.
A. M. SMITH, Esq.,—A. M. Smith & Co., Toronto.
L. MOFFATT, Esq.,—Moffatt, Murray & Co., Toronto.
H. B. REEVE, Esq.,—Toronto.
MARTIN RYAN, Esq.,—Toronto.

PROSPECTUS.

THE DOMINION TELEGRAPH COMPANY has been organized under the Act respecting Telegraph Companies, chapter 67 of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada. Its object is to cover the Dominion of Canada with a complete network of Telegraph Lines.

THE CAPITAL STOCK

Is $500,000, divided into 10,000 shares of $50 each, 5 per cent to be paid at the time of subscribing, the balance to be paid by instalments, not exceeding 10 per cent per month—said instalments to be called in as the works progress.

THE BUSINESS AFFAIRS OF THE COMPANY

are under the management of a Board of Directors annually elected by the shareholders in conformity with the Charter and By-laws of the Company.

The Directors are of opinion that it would be to the interest of the Stockholders generally to obtain subscriptions from all quarters of Canada, and with this view they propose to divide the Stock amongst the different towns and cities throughout the Dominion in allotments suited to the population and business capabilities of the different localities and the interest which they may be supposed to take in such an enterprise.

CONTRACTS OF CONNECTIONS.

A contract, granting permanent connection and extraordinary advantages, has already been executed, between this Company and the Atlantic and Pacific Company of New York; thus, at the very commencement, the Lines of this Company are constructed from the Suspension Bridge, at Clifton (the point of connection) to any point in the Dominion, all the chief cities and places in the States, and touched by the Lines of the Atlantic and Pacific Telegraph Company, are brought in immediate communication therewith.

A permanent connection has also been secured with the Great Western Telegraph Company at Chicago, whereby this Company will be brought into close connection with all the Lake Ports and other places through the North Western States, and through to California.

All classes of Society are interested in extending the use of the Telegraph, at low rates, and the Directors are satisfied, that the adoption of a scale of charges considerably below the rates now exacted in Canada, will by encouraging a much more extended use of this medium of communication, not only prove a real and substantial benefit to the public generally, but will also ensure, a safe and profitable return to the Investor.

On the 5th day of June, A.D., 1855, the DOMINION TELEGRAPH COMPANY was duly CHARTERED according to law.

The admitted importance and value of Telegraphy, would, in the opinion of the Directors, have rendered any introduction of the Dominion Telegraph Company to the Canadian public unnecessary had it not been that previous attempts to establish Telegraph Companies in Canada, to share the business with the Montreal Company, had been allowed to fail through.

The success of a Telegraph Company will mainly depend on its ability to meet the demands of the public, and consequently it should possess, at least, equal facilities with any other Company, of access to all quarters with which its customers may desire to have communication.

This important requisite has not been, until now, within the reach of any Company entering the field as a competitor with the Montreal Company, in consequence of the close and exclusive connection formed between that Company and the Western Union Company, of the United States, the latter by virtue of certain patents, having until within three two years, monopolized nearly the whole of the telegraph business of the neighboring republic.

The business relations between these two Companies continue in full force, but the patents having run out, the monopoly so long enjoyed by the Western Union has ceased to exist.

The Atlantic and Pacific, the Great Western, and other American Companies have invaded the field, and have become successful competitors for the public patronage and support. These Companies, acting on the cheap postage principle, have forced the old monopolist to a reduction of rates, which has resulted in a more widely extended use of this means of communication, and much to the surprise of the Western Union itself, has increased its profits, whilst sharing its field of operations.

With these new Companies the Dominion Telegraph Company of Canada have entered into most satisfactory business relations, and confident of the soundness of the principle which led to the adoption of the penny-postage system in Great Britain, the voluntary reduction from $100 to $16 60 per 20 word message by the Ocean Cable Company, and the successful operations of the Companies recently established in the United States, invite the business and mercantile community of Canada to join them in the promotion of an enterprise, based on the principle of moderate rates and extended business which, while injuring no one, they confidently expect will result in securing a large return to the investor, and prove a vast benefit to the community.

Allusion has been made to the voluntary reduction of rates by the Atlantic Cable Company. A Chicago paper, writing on the subject of the growing use of the Telegraph, gives the following return as obtained directly from Cyrus W. Field, showing very conclusively the benefit both to the public and the Company of the reduction of rates.

AVERAGE DAILY RECEIPTS.

From $100 per message of ten words	$3,525
do 50 do do	2,895
do 25 do do	3,965

An advertisement has recently appeared announcing to the public that the rates from 1st September, proximo, will be further reduced to $16.95 per ten words.

The following table shows the reduction which has been effected in rates in the neighboring States arising out of the construction of competing lines:—

From New York to	*Former Rate.*	*Present Rate.*
Boston	$ 60	$ 30
Bangor	r 20	65
Portland	90	50
Philadelphia	40	25
Baltimore	70	35
Washington	73	40
Augusta, Me.	1 20	60
Cincinnati	1 00	1 00
Buffalo	73	50
Cleveland	1 95	1 00
Pittsburgh	1 15	45
Louisville	1 90	1 00

This reduction took place in November, 1867. A comparison of the receipts of the Western Union since that period with the corresponding months of the previous year gives the following result:—

Gross Receipts for

December, 1866	$ 551,971 40;	December, 1867 ..... $676,135 19; Increase ..... $ 24,163 79
Jany., Feb., March, '67	1,590,044 94;	Jany., Feb., March, '68 1,727,939 55; Increase 133,294 69
April, May, June, '67	1,559,178 79;	April, May, June, '68 1,749,031 52; Increase 189,853 73

While these beneficial results were flowing to the Western Union Company from the reduction of rates, the new Companies had created a business more than sufficient to fill their wires. In proof of this the following extract is taken from the report of the Atlantic and Pacific Company, made July 28th, 1868:

"In April last we reached the maximum capacity of our wires, and have since been compelled to refuse business daily. The Committee, therefore, have reached the conclusion from the actual experience of building and working the present lines—that

"Telegraphic business is growing faster than Telegraphic facilities."

As further proof on this point, the low rates have so pressed the wires of both Companies with business through the day, that posters have been placed in all the main offices proclaiming that double the number of words would be telegraphed at night at the same price as half the number of words by day.

In support of the observation quoted above, that telegraphic business is growing faster than telegraphic facilities, the following statement exhibiting the wonderful increase in the use of the wire, within the last six years, cannot be without interest to our readers. The gross earnings of all telegraph lines in the United States for the following years were:—

1848	$ 4,328 17	1864	$3,792,345 46
1849	63,338 98	1865	4,420,268 88
1853	103,860 84	1866	5,824,01 20
1863	2,732,950 48	1867	7,641,052 47
1863	3,209,442 56		

Showing an average increase of a million a year for the last five years.

A comparison of the number of messages, and persons using the wire in Canada and the States, furnishes a further proof of the advantage to the public and corresponding benefit to the Companies arising out of a reduction of rates.

The published returns for 1867, show that 409 757 messages were sent in Canada, while the messages in the United States for the same period exceeded 20,000,000, the former being less than one message to every six persons, the latter, two to every three. From these returns and results it may be reasonably inferred that a reduction of rates to a tariff at which the wires of both Companies can be filled, will secure a fair field and good prospects to the Dominion Company without in any way prejudicing the interests of the Company now monopolizing the ground.

The particulars submitted above are sufficient in the opinion of the Directors to establish the fact that low rates, by encouraging a more general use of the telegraph, are more profitable than high. It is not, however, solely in the light of a safe and good investment that the Directors desire that this enterprise should be viewed. They feel that their project will be but indifferently attained unless they can satisfy the public, the business and commercial men, that all who use the telegraph as a medium of rapid communication are interested in the establishment of what may be called a competing line. As in the administration of public affairs, a strong, watchful opposition, is the best security for good and careful government; so in commercial matters, an honest rivalry in the various pursuits and branches of trade furnishes the best security that the public shall be well served.

To apply the argument to the purpose in hand, the following abstract shewing the intercommunications, and, in many instances, the excessive rates now charged on messages passing between the cities and towns of Ontario, Quebec and the United States, will, it is believed, convince the reader that an honest competition is needed, not only for the reduction and adjustment of rates, but also to ensure that attention and care which would of necessity be enforced on the Company competing for public favor, and thus tend greatly to promote the general interests of the community.

EXAMPLE OFF PRESENT TARIFF RATES, WITH DISTANCES.

	Miles.	CANADA MONEY.
From Toronto to Suspension Bridge	82	40c
Do do Montreal	333	50
Do do Mitchell, Seaforth, Bothwell, Ailsa Craig, Caledonia, Chatham, Dunville, Newbury, Port Burwell, Port Colborne and many other places	160	40
Do do Kingston	205	50
Do do Quebec		

Example at present gold rates to Buffalo, and from thence to the following places, in U.S. currency, which reduced to Canada money at 45 per cent premium, makes the actual cost, as in second column:—

Price Collected at Toronto.	ACTUAL COST, BOTH TARIFFS.		
To New York ..... 80c.	From Toronto to Buffalo ..... 30c Buffalo to New York 90c	Reduced to Canada Money.	..... 31c—$0 61
To Philadelphia $1 05	From Toronto to Buffalo ..... 30c Buffalo to Philadelphia 75c	Reduced to Canada Money.	..... 52c—$0 82
To Washington $1 30	From Toronto to Buffalo ..... 30c Buffalo to Washington 90c	Reduced to Canada Money.	..... 62c—$0 92
To Baltimore $1 30	From Toronto to Buffalo ..... 0c Buffalo to Baltimore 85c	Reduced to Canada Money.	..... 59c—$0 89
To Chicago $1 25	From Toronto to Detroit ..... 60c Detroit to Chicago 75c	Reduced to Canada Money.	..... 52c—$1 12
To New Orleans $3 05	From Toronto to Buffalo ..... 30c Buffalo to New Orleans $2 75c	Reduced to Canada Money	..... $1 90c—$2 20

NOTE.—The same illustration may be applied to all the places in the United States. Canadians are obliged to pay a profit on the published rates.

Subscription Books will be opened at the Office of the Company, 83 King-st. east, on and after September 1st 1868.

H. B. REEVE,
Secretary.

Toronto, September 29, 1868. 800

Medical.

PAIN KILLER
A PURELY VEGETABLE MEDICINE

TAKEN INTERNALLY, CURES
Sudden Colds, Catarrh, Coughs, Bronchitis, Asthma, Fever and Ague, Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, Acid Stomach, Headache, Heartburn, Indigestion, Canker in the Mouth, Throat or Stomach, Sick Headache, Cholera Morbus, Kidney Complaints, Cholera Infantum and Cholera.

APPLIED EXTERNALLY, CURES
Scalds, Burns, Frostbites, Chilblains, Erysipelas, Ringworms, Whitlows, Boils, Old Sores, Sprains, Bruises, Toothache, Headache, Neuralgia in the Face or Head, Pains in the Side, Pains in the Back and Loins, Rheumatism, Rheumatic Gout, Neuralgia or Rheumatic Pains in the Joints and Limbs, Stings of Insects, Scorpions, Centipedes, and the Bites of Poisonous Insects and Venomous Reptiles.

At this season, when coughs and colds are so prevalent, an effectual remedy, and one easily obtained, is *Perry Davis' Vegetable Pain Killer.* It is no new nostrum, vended by unknown agents, but has stood the test of over 20 years; and those who use the article, internally or externally, will connect with it grateful recollections of its worthy inventor.—*Hastings' Chronicle, C. W.*

PAIN KILLER.—The testimonials borne to the efficacy of this valuable medicine are sufficient to warrant its introduction into every house. Our own opinion is that no family should be without a bottle of it for a single hour. In flesh wounds, aches, pains, sores, &c., it is the most effectual remedy we know of. A bottle will last for a very long time, and its low price places it within the reach of all. Our readers will remember that the Messrs. Perry Davis & Son have opened out a house in Montreal, whence Canadian orders are supplied.—*Nova St. Johns C E.*

We are glad to learn that the "Pain Killer" is having so large a sale in our city. We have every reason to believe it to be an almost never failing cure for pain, and is a medicine that no family should be without.—*Montreal Pilot.*

If an attack of Diarrhœa, Dysentery or Cramp Colic, don't delay the use of the Pain Killer.

Rev. H. L. Van Meter, Barnesh, writes, "The Pain Killer has become an almost indispensable article in my family."

Hundreds of missionaries give similar testimony of its virtues.

Rev. J. G. Stearns writes, "I consider it the best remedy for Dyspepsia I ever knew."

Rev Cohen's own says, "I have used it for years in my family, and consider it an invaluable remedy."

We cheerfully add our testimony in favor of this medicine.—*Roman Citizen.*

We have tested this medicine and assure our readers that it not only possesses all the virtues claimed for it, but in many instances surpasses any other remedy which we have ever known.—*Herald of Gospel Liberty.*

It is really a valuable medicine. It is used by many physicians.—*Boston Traveller.*

I have used Davis' Pain Killer, and consider it an indispensable article in the medicine box. It has effected cures in diarrhœa, and for cuts and bruises it is invaluable.—*New York Examiner.*

Spoken of in terms of high commendation to both druggist and physician.—*Philadelphia Bugle.*

The Pain Killer is sold at wholesale by druggists and medicine dealers, and commission merchants in the principal cities, and retailed by druggists, grocers and at Variety Shops generally, throughout the world. Price, 15 cents, 25 cents and 50 cents per bottle.

PERRY DAVIS & SON,
Manufacturers and Proprietors, 380 St Paul-st., Montreal, P. Q.
78 High st., Providence, R. I.; 71 Southampton Row, Holborn, London, England.
DAVIDSON & DANIEL, GENERAL AGENTS

MORTIMER'S
INFALLIBLE REMEDY
FOR
CHOLERA,
DIARRHŒA, and
BOWEL COMPLAINTS.

The following extract, which Mr. Mortimer is kindly permitted to publish, is from the letter of a relative of Dr. Wolfe, of this city, now residing in the United States:

"Find out if the Express charges are too high, and if not, arrange with Mortimer to let you have a box of the bottles of CHOLERA MIXTURE, I could make a good little fortune with them. The bottle I brought with me here brought two ladies round from decided cholera; one on board the boat, and the other in Berlin, United States. Both commenced with diarrhœa, then with dysentery, and then vomiting. The one at Berlin was very bad. I gave her three doses of the Cholera Mixture, the third of which stopped the vomiting. The next day she was all right, or nearly so. She was very grateful. I have now only a little left."

This one last mixture, which should be in every family, is only
TWENTY-FIVE CENTS A BOTTLE.

NONE OTHER GENUINE.

TRADE MARK REGISTERED
CANADIAN COUGH EMULSION.

This valuable medicine has the extraordinary property of immediately relieving Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Difficulty of Breathing, Tightness in Chest, &c., &c. It operates by dissolving the congealed phlegm, causing free expectoration, and an agreeable moistness to the skin.

Sold in Bottles at 1s 3d. and 2s. 6d. Each.

MORTIMER'S COMPOUND ANTIBILIOUS AND FAMILY APERIENT PILLS,
A grand specific for derangement of the Digestive Organs, and for obstructions and torpid action of the Liver and Bowels.

Mortimer's Vegetable Worm Destroyer.
The only sure remedy that exists, combining delicious taste and amazing power.

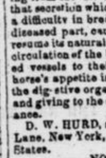
MORTIMER'S
Colonges, Pomades, Toilet Vinegar, Rose Dentifrice, for the Teeth and Gums. Also constantly on hand Perfumes of all kinds and Toilet Requisites usually kept in a first class establishment.
No. 41 Sussex st., Ottawa City.

DARLEY'S ARABIAN HEAVE REMEDY AND CONDITION MEDICINE is positively superior to any, or all other preparations for the cure of Heaves, Coughs, Thick and Broken Wind and all diseases which affect the wind of horses; also, as a Condition Medicine, surpassing everything of the kind, is easy to give, sure to cure and safe in all cases and at all times, and does not prevent the horse from being worked while using it.

It cleanses the breathing apparatus, by removing from the air-cells the coagulable lymph, or that secretion which in heaves clogs them, causing a difficulty in breathing, and by its action on the diseased part, causing the mucous membrane to resume its natural dimensions, thus equalizing the circulation of the blood, and restoring the distended vessels to their natural size; by its use the horse's appetite is improved, all derangements of the digestive organs corrected, softening the skin, and giving to the coat a sleek and shining appearance.

D. W. HURD, successor to Hurd & Co., Maiden Lane, New York, Sole Proprietor for the United States.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, Ont., Proprietors for Canada.
Price 25 cents. Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, Henry F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J. Brown, in Ottawa. 869-49-6m



FOR CASES of CONSUMPTION
treated with SAVORY & MOORE'S
PANCREATIC EMULSION.
See *The Lancet, British Medical Journal, Medical Press &c.*

In the 14th of I commenced the Pancreatic Emulsion (SAVORY & MOORE'S) in two tea spoonful doses, two hours after dinner and supper. I can only describe its effects by saying that it seemed to *work like a charm*."—Dr. Kloke's *Paper on Phthisis and its treatment.*

Medical Press, &c., Feb 26, 1868.

Caution.—The genuine PANCREATIC EMULSION sold only in bottles, 2s 6d, 4s 6d and 8s, with Savory & Moore's label and trade mark.

THE BEST FOOD FOR INFANTS, resembling Mother's Milk as closely as possible.—Dr. H. Barker *on right food for children.*

"THE INFANT PRINCE thrives upon it as a Prince should."—*Social Science Review.*

"A REAL IMPROVEMENT (*Lancet*) on the ordinary kinds of LIEBIG'S FOOD," and the only one that keeps good in all climates.

No boiling or straining. Tins. 1s, 2s, 5s and 10s.
SAVORY & MOORE,
143, New Bond-st., London.

FLOWER BULBS.
Shipped per *Hibernian* and to arrive in a few days, a very superior assortment of

HYACINTH, TULIP AND OTHER FALL BULBS.

These Bulbs will be found superior to anything yet imported.

WILLIAM HEARN,
Market Drug Store,
York st.
Ottawa, October 17, 1868. West

Medical Cards.

DR. J. A. BECKETT, Surgeon Dentist Dental Rooms—Over Messrs. Durie & Son's Bookstore, directly opposite the Russell House No. 10, Sparks street, Ottawa. 841 3m387

EDWARD C. MALLOCH, M.D., M.R.C.S. Duke-st., Lebreton's Flats, opposite the well." Office hours from 8.30 to 10;30 a.m., and 3 to 5 p.m.

DR. O. C. WOOD, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Ottawa. Day office opposite Magee & Russell's, Sparks-street, Centre Town. Night office at his residence, Maria-street, Centre Town Canada Centre, without the use of the knife, by a new, but certain, speedy, and almost painless process. References given to parties successfully treated, if required. 17w169y

DR. C. LEGGO, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Office—Hunton's Block, Sparks-street.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN, Dentist. Office—Sparks st oct, Central Ottawa. 34utf

DR. C. A. MARTIN, Dentist. Office—Sussex-street, over Messrs. Campbell & Co's. Grocers. 34utf

DR. GEORGE HUTCHISON, Dentist Office—Sparks-street, opposite Magee & Russell's. 576y

DR. W. J. HENRY, Corner of Kent and Wellington streets, Ottawa. 43utf

Hotels and Saloons.

PICKWICK HOUSE,
Corner James and King-sts.,
Opposite the Court House and Public Offices, ST. CATHARINES, Ont.
E HOUGHTON, Proprietor,
(Late of Houghton's Dining Saloon.)
A spacious sample room for commercial travellers. 859y

OTTAWA HOUSE.
Corner of Main and Prince of Wales-streets Pembroke, Ontario.
Stages in connection with the steamers *Jason Gould Pembroke* and *Pontiac*
Particular attention paid to the comfort of guests
Good rooms for commercial travellers. Horses and vehicles always on hand.
J. COPELAND,
Proprietor.
Pembroke, Aug. 1, 1868. 809y

TORONTO HOUSE, Sparks-st.
MRS TROTTER begs to announce that she has at present several commodious and handsomely furnished suites of apartments, in every respect eligible for civil or military officers, or private gentlemen requiring the family 775tf

THE QUEEN'S RESTAURANT,
M. KAVANAGH, *Proprietor,*
Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Building.
"THE QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brandies, Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.
Oysters, Game &c. in season. 29tf

THE METROPOLITAN,
AUMOND'S BLOCK,
Rideau Street Ottawa.
P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.

DOMINION HOUSE,
WELLINGTON-STREET
The unexpired formerly head waiter at the Russell House, begs to notify his friends and the public generally that he has leased the above hotel, which is now well furnished, and will be kept as a first class house. The bar is well stocked with the choicest brands of liquors. The table will be furnished with the best the market affords. Good yard and stabling attached to the premises.
GEORGE IRVINE.

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B. TACKABERRY, Auction Rooms No. 36, Rideau street, below Whyte's Stationery store. The sale of Real Estate at Auction or private sale promptly attended to. Consignments received and immediate attention will be paid. Sales attended in any of the city or country. 699y

R. SPARKS, Provincial Land Surveyor, Draughtsman, &c., (commissioned for Upper and Lower Canada.) Office and residence, Gloucester, near Ottawa. Surveys of every description executed with accuracy. Communications addressed Ottawa City Post Office, or left at the office of R. Sparks, Solicitor, &c., Ottawa, will receive prompt attention. 55 y

HILLIARD, Jun. Architect, Elgin street opposite the Post Office.
REFERENCES.—H Adams, Esq. Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq. Architect, Albany; Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq Managing Director O. & St L. R.R. 74ut

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale. OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

O'CONOR & WALLER, Exchange Brokers, Fire, Life and Accidental Insurance, Commission and Collecting Agents.
Office, No. 27, Sussex street, Ottawa.
E. K. O'CONOR 378y W. B. WALLER.

OLIVER & ANNABLE. Wholesale Manufacturers of Bedsteads, Chairs, &c., Chaudiere Island, Ottawa, C. W.
JOHN OLIVER,
WILLIAM ANNABLE.
506y

R. H. McGREEVY, Contractor and Builder Office North side York Street, second door from Sussex Street 78y

PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS, &c.,
Prepared for buildings of every description, by SIDNEY B. FRIPP, Architect,
711tf Wellington-st

TO FARMERS & OTHERS.

TRADE A. O. A. MARK. & Co

Farmers and others should buy their TEA and COFFEE from
A. O. AUDY & CO.,
who are daily receiving by direct importations Tea and Coffee of the finest quality. Their business is conducted on the English principle, and the only named articles can be procured in 5 and 10 pound entries and upwards. The purchaser receives the benefit of a whole package, a good article, and at wholesale prices. Perfect satisfaction is ensured, and any goods not proving according to sample can be returned at our expense. We will pay the carriage on 4 five or 2 ten lb cadties to the nearest railway station. For the accommodation of farmers and others not having heard of the advantage offered them, we have engaged trustworthy agents who will make occasional trips throughout the surrounding country and solicit their orders. Any favors limited to them will receive prompt attention. We do not sell less than a cadtie, and nothing but Tea and Coffee sold. The following is the list of prices:

BLACK TEA.

Common Congou, Strong Tea	50 45 @ 50
Fine Flavoured New season do	0 55 @ 60
Excellent Full Flavoured do	0 75 @ 80
Souchong	0 40 @ 45
Rich Flavoured, do	0 65 @ 60
Very Fine, do do	0 75 @ 80
Japan Good	0 50 @ 60
Very Good	0 65 @ 70
Finest	0 75 @ 80

GREEN TEA.

Twankay, Common	0 35 @ 40
Fine do	0 55 @ 60
Young Hyson	0 50 @ 60
Fine do	0 75 @ 85
Superfine and Very Choice	1 00 @ 00

COFFEE.

Mocha	50 22, 0 27, 0 29, 0 33
Java	0 20, 0 25, 0 29, 0 32
Ceylon	0 18, 0 22, 0 26, 0 29

Remember the place,
A. O. AUDY & CO.,
Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office.

OTTAWA AND GLOUCESTER ROAD COMPANY.

Notice is hereby given that

THE DIRECTORS

Of the Ottawa and Gloucester Road Company

have this day made a further

CALL OF TEN PER CENT.

on the additional capital stock of the said company, which call they require the holders of such stock to pay to the undersigned at the OFFICE of W. M. MATHESON, Esq., in this city, on

Saturday, the Twentieth day of February Next.

By order, W. H. FALLS,
Sec.-Treas.
Dated this January, 19th 1869. 935d

Legal Cards.

MACPHERSON, KENNEDY & CHRISTIE, Barristers, &c., Lang's Block, Elgin-st., Ottawa.
J. P. MACPHERSON, C. KENNEDY, A. J. CHRISTIE.

J. W. W. WARD, of the late firm of Lewis Pinhey & Ward, has removed his Chancery Office to Bell's Law Chambers, opposite Russell house, Elgin-st. 4w

NICHOLAS SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

A. MARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau st., Ottawa. 902y

MOSGROVE & TAILLON, Barristers, Solicitors, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.
WILLIAM MOSGROVE. 386tf GEORGE TAILLON.

N. TETREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post Office. 390tf

LAPIERRE & HAYCOCK, Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers and Notaries Public, Corner of Sussex and York-streets, Ottawa. 43utf

D. O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex-street, Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 85y

R. H. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Post Office Building, Elgin-street, Ottawa. 43utf

P. J. BUCKLEY, LL.B., Barrister and Attorney at Law, Solicitor in Chancery, and Notary Public. Office—over Mr. Luke Cosgrove's Boot and Shoe Store, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 344y

LEES & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. Office—In the Court House, Ottawa.
ROBERT LEES. 43utf JOHN J. GEM

The Times

VOL. IV. NO. 958. OTTAWA, WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 27, 1869. PRICE—3 CENTS.

Groceries.

GARDENER'S

BAKING POWDER.

In 1 lb. Packets for 25 cents. | And 6 Packets for $1.25.

TEN REASONS

Why it Should be Used in Preference to all Others:

1st. Bread or Cakes made with it are more wholesome than if made with Yeast or any other process.

2nd. Its purity is such that it will stand the test of the most perfect analysis.

3rd. After having been extensively used for the last 14 years in not one instance has it failed to give entire satisfaction.

4th. Families that have used it pronounce it the best, and will use no other.

5th. It contains no Saleratus, nor does it impair the digestive organs like those powders where Soda or an excess of Alkali predominates.

6th. It never gives to Bread or Cakes an unpleasant Alkaline or mawkish taste.

7th. The ingredients that form its composition are more beneficial than otherwise.

8th. Dyspeptic subjects can eat hot Bread or Rolls made with it and derive benefit by its use.

9th. Every Packet contains its full weight; one pound packets weigh 16 ounces.

10. It is all that it is represented to be, namely:

Unrivalled for Purity and Cheapness.

Sole Agents for Ottawa,

J. G. ROBINSON & Co., The Tea Pot.

The Trade supplied at the Manufacturer's prices.

Ottawa, December 10, 1868. 886-6m

Dry Goods.

HICK & CO.

Have removed to their NEW STORE, in Stewart's Block, Corner of Rideau and Sussex-sts. where they will offer, in connection with their goods,

$30,000 WORTH OF DRY GOODS

Purchased at Public Auction lately, from the immense Bankrupt Stock or the late firm of DESMARTERY, JORDAINE & CO., of Montreal, and sold on account of T. JAMES CLAXTON. The goods are all new and of very superior quality, being imported expressly for a fashionable Montreal trade; and, as they have succeeded in purchasing the goods far below the sterling cost, they are prepared to offer bargains never before offered in this city. The following are some of the lines of goods offered, viz.:

			s. d.		s. d.
100 pieces	different qualities Black Silks.....				
80 do	Single width plain Wincey	5	worth	0	8
100 do	Fancy, single width Wincey	7½	"	1	0
62 do	Double width plain Wincey	7½	"	1	0
80 do	Double Delaines.....	7½	"	1	3
70 do	do Poplin.....	7½	"	1	0
150 do	do Cobourg.....	7½	"	1	3
150 do	Assort'd Dress Goods	9	"	1	6
23 do	Empress Reps.....	1 6	"	3	0
60 do	Bl'k French Merino	1 6	"	3	0
75 do	FancyColors—your choice for.....	2			
200 do	Black Empress Rep only.....	10	"	2	0

Also, a splendid assortment of

Hannibal Cloths, Oriental Lustres, Livini Poplins, Albertsena Cloths, Princess Alexandra Embossed Poplins, Mandarin Lustres, Eugenia Reps, &c.

1,000 dos. FRINGED TOWELS, all Linen,.....6d each.

SHAWLS.

25 Filled Shawls.
23 Shepherd Long Shawls
101 Fancy, all wool Longs
167 Assorted Square Shawls.

COTTONS.

120 pieces	Grey Cotton, 14 yards wide, for.....			6 d
168 do	Bleached Horrocks and Millars.....			6½d
164 do	Good Printz			4 d
303 do	Best English Prints, Hoyle's and Ashton's.....			6½d
159 do	French Calicos, in choice patterns...			8 d

CLOTHS.

		s. d.		s. d.
20 pieces	Waterproof.....	3 9		
80 do	Double Width Overcoating.....	2 9	worth	7 6
35 do	Scotch Tweed.....	3 6	do	5 0
100 do	Canadian Tweed.....	1 3	do	2 6
100 do	Full Cloth, very heavy..	2 9	do	3 6

Also, a splendid lot o

BROAD CLOTHS, BEAVERS,

Witneys, Mantle Cloths,

BLACK DOES, &c., &c., &c.,

at correspondingly low prices.

85 PIECES DOMINION TWEED,

Something New—one of the heaviest cloths made—*at a gross sacrifice.*

1,000 dos. TABLE NAPKINS, all Linen, only 6s 3d per dozen.

SHIRTS! SHIRTS! SHIRTS!

1,000 Flannel Shirts, only.....2 6
200 White Cotton Shirts, only.....2 9
500 Under Shirts, only.....2 3
300 Hespler's heaviest make, Ribbed .....5 0 worth 8 9

Paper Collars—100 collars for 3s 9d.

500 pieces	2¼-yards wide Linen Sheeting.....	3 3	worth 5
5 do	2-yards wide, Union Sheeting.....	1	do 3
81 do	Table Damask and 300 Damask Table Cloths, at a frightful sacrifice.....		

Also, Red and White Flannels, Canadian Shirting Flannels, Hoop Skirts, Crash Towellings, Irish Linen, Clouds, Breakfast Shawls, Hemp Carpets, &c., &c.

CORSETS, 2s 6d.

Blankets—A large lot of slightly damaged Blankets for about half price.

1,000 Linen Bags, 1s, worth 1s 6d; 40 cases Men's Heavy Boots, very low; 3 cases Men's Heavy French Calf, 12s 6d. Also, a heavy stock of Gentlemen's Clothing.

$3.50.....OVERCOATS.
4.00.....heavy OVERCOATS.
90 cts. to $2.....PANTS.
50 cts. to $1.25.....VESTS.
$8.00.....Black Broadcloth.....FALL SUITS.

A large staff of polite and attentive salesmen will be in readiness to wait on customers.

H. HICK & CO.

Customers will please report any inattention on the part of salesmen.

REMOVAL TO NO. 34, SPARKS-ST.

T. RAJOTTE

having removed to more commodious premises, takes pleasure in announcing to his numerous customers and the public generally that he has now a large and well selected stock of

STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS,

consisting of

Flannels	Black Cloths
Winceys	Beaver Cloths
Cottons	Meltons
Prints	Tweeds
&c.,	&c.

We have also on han a large assortment of READY-MADE CLOTHING, which, being manufactured on the premises, we can recommend, and sell cheaper than any shop in this city.

THE TAILORING DEPARTMENT.

This department is under the superintendence of a well-known first-class cutter and workman. All orders punctually attended to.

Don't forget the place, No. Sparks-st. Store lately occupied by G. Fetherston & Co., next door to Magee & Russell's old store.

883y T. RAJOTT

LOST, on the evening of the 7th Instant, at the Concert at Aylmer, from the village back to Ottawa, one parcel containing one GREEN SILK DRESS and BLACK LACE SHAWL. Whoever found the parcel will please leave it at the Convent in Aylmer, or in this city at the Convent of he Grey Nuns, where they will be suitably rewarded.

Ottawa, Aug. 15, 1868. 876tf

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA.

MONDAY, 18th day of January, 1869.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.

On the recommendation of the Honorable the Minister of Customs, and under and in virtue of the authority conferred by the Act passed during the last Session of the Parliament of Canada, intituled, "An Act respecting the Customs," His Excellency in Council has been pleased to make the following regulation:

In addition to the Warehousing Ports mentioned in the Act passed during the late Session of the Parliament of Canada, and intituled "An Act respecting the Customs," and also in addition to the Ports named in Lists sanctioned by subsequent orders in Council, passed under the authority of the said Act, the following Port shall be, and it is hereby declared to be included in the List of Warehousing Ports in the Dominion of Canada, viz.:

Province of New Brunswick.

The Port of Dorchester.

WM. H. LEE, Clerk of the Privy Council.

965-3

FOR SALE.

A SPAN OF HORSES.

Apply at the office of the UNION FORWARDING AND RAILWAY COMPANY.

January 25, 1869. 956-3

Groceries.

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS

—FROM—

OPORTO, SPAIN, COGNAC AND LONDON,

Consisting of

PORT, SHERRY, BRANDY, GIN AND SCOTCH WHISKEY, &c.

PICKLES, SAUCES, JAMS & JELLIES &c., &c., &c.,

FROM CROSSE & BLACKWELL.

—LIKEWISE,—

A FULL assortment of FRESH FRUIT, the BEST in market.

TABLE and Cooking RAISINS, CURRANTS, &c.

FLAVOURING EXTRACTS and SPICES—Genuine.

PRESERVED and CAN FRUITS, assorted to suit the holiday season.

ALMERIA GRAPES, FRESH FIGS and PORTUGUESE ONIONS.

50 TINS NEW HONEY, in 5 lb. and 8 lb. tins.

200 STILTON CHEESE, 6 lbs. to 8 lbs. size, from Recsor Brothers' celebrated factory.

SHERRY WINE—Good Table Wine—$1.25 to $3.00.

PORT WINE—Good Table Wine $1.50 to $4.50.

ALL KINDS of GENUINE LIQUORS. Price according to age and quality.

100 BOXES DIGBY HERRINGS—large boxes at 75 cts. each.

LABRADOR HERRINGS, the very best, in barrels and half barrels.

10 CASES SCOTCH LING—Good.

TEAS—Black, Green and Japans—Warranted Good, and selected for family use.

SUGARS and SYRUPS of all grades.

COFFEES—Always Fresh—Best Brands—Try them.

TOBACCOS—The Finest Qualities—Virginia make in cut, tin foil and plug.

A GENERAL assortment of the different kinds of *GROCERIES AND LIQUORS* on hand, Wholesale and Retail, at the *LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICES* for Warranted Goods. A trial of the articles will recommend them.

For sale at

THOS. PATTERSON'S, No. 26, Rideau-street.

Ottawa, November 27, 1868. 878

JUST RECEIVED, AT THE

INDIA WAREHOUSE, No. 16, RIDEAU-ST.,

And for sale cheap, by

D. T. BROWNE & CO., Wholesale and Retail

Grocers, Wine and Spirit Merchants,

FRESH OYSTERS, in Tins,
PRESERVED OYSTERS do
FRESH HALIBUT do
FRESH SALMON do
FRESH MACKEREL do
FRESH LOBSTERS do
GREEN PEAS do
LEMON, GINGER, ORANGE,
Banana, Peach, Blackberry, Raspberry and Strawberry Syrups,
RASPBERRY VINEGAR,
FRY'S Chocolate and Cocoa,
MOTT'S Cocoa Paste,
MORTON'S Bloater Paste,
TOMATO and other Catsups,
ANCHOVY Paste,
STRASBURGH Meats,
POTTED Beef and Tongues
PRESERVES and Jelli. in great variety,
ORANGE Marmalade,
MORRISON, TAYLOR & Co.'s Celebrated Sugar Cured Hams and Breakfast Roll Bacon.
PICKLED Salmon,
PICKLED Mackerel,
PICKLED HERRINGS,
In Half Barrels, Barrels and Tierces,
DRY Codfish,
DRY Haddock,
FINNAN Haddies, &c., &c.,

And a full stock of Choice Family Groceries.

Ottawa, Nov. 3, 1868.

BOTTLED ALE,

BOTTLED ALE,

BOTTLED ALE.

The subscriber would called the attention of Families and others to his

FINE BOTTLED ALE

Which is in splendid condition. Also,

SCOTCH, IRISH, OLD RYE, And other Malt Whiskies,

PORTS, SHERRIES, BRANDIES, GIN, &c.,

To other with a General Assortment of FIRST-CLASS GROCERICS.

A call dly solicited.

D. WHELAN, 44, Rideau-street, Opposite Allan's Crockery Store

Ottawa, Jan. 20, 1868.

Everybody is getting them.

A NOVELTY,

THE MAGIC WINDOW CURTAIN ROLLER,

The best ever invented, 1 Roller and Bottom Slat, and 5 pieces of casting, all for 25 cents, to fit every window.

AT THE VARIETY HALL.

ALSO, A

NEW PATENT CLOTHES DRYER,

AT THE VARIETY HALL.

And what every house requires where there is a grate is the

BLOWER STAND, to be had only AT THE VARIETY HALL.

HOTEL & SALOON KEEPERS

Remember the best assortment of Tumblers, Decanters and Labeled Bottles in the Dominion is at the Variety Hall.

JOSEPH BOYDEN.

Stoves & Hardware.

BLYTH & KERR,

No. 25 RIDEAU-ST.,

Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters, Tin and Copper Smiths, Bell Hangers, &c., &c.

A large stock of materials for the above branches of business constantly on hand.

Importers of

HOUSE FURNISHING HARDWARE.

STOVES! STOVES!

STOVES!

Hall, Fancy, Parlour and Cook Stoves, in great variety.

Agents for Eaton's Patent Automatic, Self-Ventilating, Wood and Coal Stoves. Also Beecher & Co.'s celebrated

HOT AIR FURNACES.

Public and Private Buildings, Conservatories, Vineries, Manufactories, &c., warmed by Steam, Hot Water, or Warm Air, on the latest and most approved principles.

SKATES, SKATES, SKATES, AT THE

SIGN OF THE ANVIL, No. 24, RIDEAU-ST., where you can get a complete assortment of SKATES of all sizes, and at any price to suit purchasers, from 25 cents to $5.50 per pair. In the assortment will be found

The celebrated Sheffield Club,
" " Canadian Favorite,
" " Central Park do
and all other English and German Patterns.
Skate Straps, all patterns, &c., &c.

Also, a general assortment of

SHELF & HEAVY HARDWARE,

consisting in part of

GENERAL HOUSE FURNISHING,
Butcher Knives, Knives and Forks,
Pocket Knives, Table Spoons,
Tea Spoons, Tea Trays, Table Mats,
Butts, Screws, Locks,
Bolts, Catches, Latches,
Axes, Saws, Planes, Squares,
Hammers, Spokeshaves, Gouges,
Chisels, Augers, Auger Bits,
Steel Bits, Bevels,
Levels, Boring Machines,
Draw Knives, &c., &c., &c.

Together with

PAINT OF ALL COLORS,
Rose Pink, Burnt Umber,
Terra de Seinna, Chrome Yellow,
Yellow Ochre, Celestial Blue,
Paris Green, Brunswick Green,
Magnesia Green, Venetian Red,
Red Lead, White Lead, in oil or dry,
Drop Black, Ivory Black,
Lamp Black, Boiled Oil,
Raw Oil, Turpentine,
Benzole, Coal Oil,
Paint Brushes,
Varnishes, &c.

THOS. BIRKETT, *Sign of the Anvil,* No. 24, Rideau-st.

P. S.—All goods delivered free to any part of the city 408y

Fine Arts.

NOTICE.

The undersigned begs to state that he has OPENED AN OFFICE

OVER A. McCORMICK'S STORE,

SPARKS-STREET,

Where all orders for the

CANADA GAZETTE,

AND FOR

PRINTING, BINDING, OR STATIONERY,

may be sent, and will be punctually attended to as usual, arrangements having been made to prevent any interruption to the business.

Mr. Desbarats feels grateful for the sympathy tendered him on all sides, and hopes to see his patrons and friends in his new office.

GEORGE E. DESBARATS.

Ottawa, January 21, 1869. 954tf

A COMPLETE Assortment at the CANADA GAZETTE Office of

PRANG'S CHROMOS;

of which Frederic E. Church, the great American artist, says: "They are certainly most skilfully and artistically executed." And John G. Whittier s "I had no idea they were home productions; I am glad to know that such beautiful work is done here." And Bayard Taylor: "Your illuminations of the Beatitudes are really superb." And Wendell Phillips; "I congratulate you on your success, which I consider marvellous," &c.

Among them the following are the most attractive:

Horses in a Storm. (After R. Adams.)
The two Friends. (Child and Dog, after Gerand.)
Sunset in California. (After Bierstadt.)
Sunlight in Winter. (After Morvillier.)
The Barefooted Boy. (After Whittier.)
Early Autumn on Scopus Creek, N. Y. (After A. T. Bricher.)
Late Autumn in the White Mountains. (After A. T. Bricher.)
Six American Landscapes. (After A. T. Bricher.)
Easter Morning. [After Mrs. James M. Hart.]
The Beatitudes of Our Lord, most magnificently illuminated.
Illuminated School Room Cards, with mottoes taken from Scripture.
Illuminated crosses, Book Marks, Rewards of Merit.
The Language of Flowers, Wood and Sea Mosses, Ferns, Flowers, &c.

"OLD MOTHER HUBBARD," "The most elegant juvenile book of the season," "superbly illustrated and illuminated.

Prang's Chromos are offered at 20 per cent. below the publisher's prices at the

CANADA GAZETTE OFFICE, Sparks-st., Ottawa.

Stationery.

CARTER'S COMBINED WRITING & COPYING INK.

THE ADVANTAGES OF THIS OVER OTHER INKS ARE:

First. It flows freely from the pen, and does not thicken by exposure to the air.

Second. It will give a perfect and instantaneous copy.

Third. It will not mould.

Fourth. Being equally as good for Copying as for Book-keeping, it entirely does away with the use of two kinds of Ink.

Fifth. It is more permanent than common Inks.

Sixth. The color, when first written, is a beautiful dark green, but in a remarkably short time it changes to a BRILLIANT JET BLACK—not a brownish black.

Seventh. It is admirably adapted to the most delicate writing, and ALWAYS "makes its mark."

This Ink is warranted to flow as freely as Arnold's, or any other Writing Fluid now in use; to give as perfect a copy as any Copying Ink; and not to mould.

Parties using Carter's Ink, and What They Say About it.

Post Office—"Best ink, by far; have used it for years."

Harnden Express Company—"Tried every kind, and give this the preference."

Bank of the Metropolis—"Grand, good ink; use it altogether."

Hamilton Bank—"We use Carter's ink, and think it the best."

Jordon, Marsh & Co.—"Would'nt take any other as a gift."

J. R. Palmer & Co.—"It writes splendidly and copies beautifully."

American Bank Note Company—"Never used any ink we liked so well"

Paymaster's Office—"Best ink ever made in this or any other country."

POST OFFICE, PHILADELPHIA—I give it a preference over any other ink I have ever used. It flows freely, and does not gum with exposure.

W. M. IRELAND, Chief Clerk.

Wholesale and Retail at the CANADA GAZETTE OFFICE.

NEW PUBLICATION.

CHRONICLES OF CANADA.

BY

H. BEAUMONT SMALL, S.C.L.

Price, 50 cents. For sale by the publisher,

936tf GEORGE E. DESBARATS.

Dry Goods.

Shewing This Day.

GRANT & HENDERSON,

No. 20, Rideau-st,

Are offering an extensive Stock of

DRESS GOODS.

WINCIES,

SHAWLS and

BLANKETS,

AT THE LOWEST CASH PRICES.

N. B.—An extensive assortment of genera DRY GOODS always in stock.

LATEST STYLES AND FASHIONS.

INSPECTION INVITED.

No. 20, Rideau-st.

CLOTHING,

CHEAP AND FASHIONABLE,

READY-MADE AND TO ORDER.

O'MEARA & CO.,

ESTABLISHED IN 1854,

Offer for sale an extensive importation of FALL AND WINTER GOODS, comprising Ready-made Clothing, Canadian Tweeds, Etoffes, Satinetts; also a large stock of Blankets, Flannels, Kerseys, Gray Cottons, Prints, Wineys, Plaids, &c., &c.; Broadcloths, Beavers, Witneys, Petersham, Devons, &c.; Bedford Cords, Silk Mixtures, West of England Tweeds, Doeskins, &c., wholesale and retail, which will be made up to order on the shortest notice in the latest styles of fashion and at prices that

DEFY COMPETITION.

A general assortment of Dry Goods, the largest stock ever offered for sale in this city.

$1.25 BLANKETS.....**$3.00**
$6.00.

TAILORING DEPARTMENT.

Particular attention given to the Tailoring Department, which is under the supervision of a first-class cutter.

$2.....GREY ETOFFE PANTS,
$4.50.....GOOD PEA JACKETS,
$4.....OVERCOATS,
$9.....COMPLETE SUITS,
$1.....GOOD VESTS,
75 CTS., $1 and $1.25.....UNDERSHIRTS,
75 CTS., $1 and $1.25.....DRAWERS

A DUFF. O'MEARA & CO.

Ottawa, October 27 1868. 882y

FRESH ARRIVALS.

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!

THOS. & W. HUNTON!

Have just opened out the contents of 42 packages of NEW GOODS, comprising

1 CASE SILKS, in plain and fancy colors, splendid value,
1 CASE VELVETEENS,
3 BALES WHITE COTTONS,
1 " WHITE COTTON SHEETING,
6 " GRAY COTTONS, } at greatly reduced prices,
2 CASES LINENS, assorted,
1 " BLACK CLOTHS,
2 " BLACK & COLORED OVERCOATINGS,
1 BALE WHITE FLANNELS,
1 " GRAY FLANNELS,
1 " SCARLET FLANNEL
4 " BLANKETS,
2 " HEMP CARPETS,
3 " WOOL CARPETS,
10 " TAPESTRY CARPETS, this season's new patterns,
3 " CANADIAN TWEEDS.

All of the above goods being marked off, and ready for inspection. We would specially invite intending purchasers to call and examine it cost.

THOS. & W. HUNTON,

47 and 49 Sparks-st.

Boots & Shoes.

ANGUS & HUCKELL'S

CLEARING SALE

OF

BOOTS, SHOES AND RUBBERS,

No. 15, Sussex-st.

ANGUS & HUCKELL are selling out their entire stock of BOOTS, SHOES, RUBBERS, &c., at a tremendous sacrifice.

GO TO ANGUS & HUCKELL'S Clearing Sale, and get a pair of good PRUNELLA BOOTS, and a pair of RUBBERS for $1.50.

YOU can get a pair of Men's Cloth Rubber OVERSHOES for 75 cents, at ANGUS & HUCKELL'S Clearing Sale.

WOMEN'S RUBBERS, 50 cents; and MEN'S, 65 cents, during the Clearing Sale.

GO EARLY and secure bargains.

NOW is the time to purchase BOOTS and SHOES, as they are being sold under cost at ANGUS & HUCKELL'S Clearing Sale.

NO one need be without BOOTS when they are sold so cheap at ANGUS & HUCKELL'S Clearing Sale.

A CLEAR saving of money by buying Boots during the Clearing Sale at ANGUS & HUCKELL'S.

ENORMOUS reductions on all CLOTH and FELT GOODS as they must all be sold out without reserve.

GO and see for yourselves.

ANNOUNCEMENT!

W. A. LAMB,

KEEPER OF THE RED BOOT, &c., &c.

To all the loyal inhabitants of the Metropolitan and surrounding Counties, sends greeting:

And while thus publicly wishing to all

"A Merry Christmas and Happy New Year,"

takes pleasure also in announcing that he will hold

PUBLIC RECEPTIONS DAILY,

at from 7:30 a.m., until 7 p.m., when he will be pleased to meet with those who desire to call upon him.

N.B.—As all will probably wish to retain a *Souvenir* of their visit, it will be satisfactory to know that there is a magnificent assortment of Boots and Shoes on hand to choose from, and any of which will be GIVEN AWAY for a small consideration.

Don't forget the place, No. 28, Sussex-st., opposite the Barracks.

GENUINE CLEARING SALE OF

BOOTS AND SHOES,

AT THE OLD

CROSBY STAND, NO. 51, SPARKS-ST.

The whole of

THE BANKRUPT STOCK,

comprising the latest styles and best qualities of

LADIES', GENT'S, MISSES' & CHILDREN'S

DRESS & WALKING BOOTS,

suitable for FALL & WINTER WEAR. Also, a large stock of Men's and Women's Coarse Boots, Moose Moccasins, Buck, Moose and Sheep Mitts, Beef Moccasins, Felt Over-shoes, Rubbers, &c., all of which will be sold at great reductions from former prices. Lumber and country merchants are requested to bear in mind that there is a large stock of handmade boots to be disposed of at the aforesaid reduction in prices.

The public generally are invited to call and examine the stock and prices, which we know cannot fail to give satisfaction to all.

Remember the place, the old Crosby Stand, opposite O'Meara's, No. 51, Sparks-st.

A. J. STEPHENS & CO.

Ottawa, Oct. 20 868. 876y

CHEAP BOOTS & SHOES AT THE

CAPITAL BOOT & SHOE STORE, YORK-ST.

I have now received my fall and winter stock of

BOOTS AND SHOES,

which will be found complete; being selected with care, it will not fail to give general satisfaction.

In Ladies', Misses' and Children's ware I have everything that can possibly be required for the season, and at much lower figures than ever before offered.

Men's ware in Calf, Kipp, Cowhide Boots; Men's Strong Working Boots as low as $2 per pair. Boy's and Youth's equally low.

A large supply of New English Kipp Boots, hand made, the most suitable ware for Lumbermen, constantly on hand and made by the very best workmen. Orders taken for all kinds of work.

GEORGE MURPHY 423y

BOARD AND LODGING.—Comfortable Rooms, with Board and Lodging, can be obtained on Maria-st. Apply at the TIMES Office.

Ottawa, January 14, 1869. 947d

Commission Merchants.

DOMINION AUCTION MART, AND

COMMISSION SALE ROOMS,

HOUSE, LAND AND GENERAL AGENCY,

OFFICE AND SALE ROOMS,

INGLIS' NEW BUILDINGS, SUSSEX-ST.,

OTTAWA.

The subscriber respectfully announces to the inhabitants of Ottawa and surrounding country that at the request of many friends he has decided on opening an extensive and well regulated Auction Mart in this city!

From arrangements made with some of the Furniture Manufactories of Western Ontario, a large and well selected stock of new furniture will be constantly on hand.

Public Sales will be held from time to time, of which due notice will be given, and at which parties requiring to furnish will have an opportunity of purchasing at unusually low rates. The Mart is now open with a large stock of new Furniture, as well as Pianos, Harmoniums, &c., &c., consigned for sale.

The subscriber would also intimate that he is the Sole Agent for Ottawa and territory for the sale of Rappe, Webber & Co.'s celebrated grand Pianos.

They are successors to the late John C. Fox, of Kingston, and the makers of his excellent Pianos.

From their long experience in Germany, Paris, and New York, they are universally admitted to be the best Piano Manufacturers on this continent.

The high reputation of the instruments made by them for the past ten years, and the increasing demand for them in the new Dominion, prove their very superior quality, and universally acknowledged merit.

The Pianos, as well as the Furniture in the establishment, will be sold either by private sale or auction.

He would also announce that he is prepared to receive instructions from persons having household furniture, horses, carriages, or real estate, to dispose of, and pledges himself that nothing will be left undone by him to give satisfaction in discharging the trust confided to him. He hopes that by strict attention to the sales entrusted to his care, as well as by prompt settlements immediately after, to merit a share of public patronage.

He will be in his office from 7 in the morning until 7 in the evening, when he can see parties who wish to arrange about their sales. Consignments from a distance will have immediate attention.

Cash advances, when required, will be made on consignments for immediate sale.

All kinds of furniture bought, sold or exchanged.

REFERENCES.

His Lordship the Bishop of Kingston,
Hon. Sir John A. Macdonald,
Hon. H. L. Langevin, C B,
Hon. Alex. Campbell, P M G,
R. W. Scott, Esq. M P P,
Walter Shanly, Esq, M P
Max. W. Strange, Esq, M P P,
Francis H. Burton, Esq, M P
James O'Reilly, Esq, Q C,
H. V. Noel, Esq, Manager Quebec Bank, Ottawa.
Robert Lyon, Esq, M P P.

A smart young man wanted to act as travelling agent representing several firms.

J. BERMINGHAM, *Auctioneer and Commission Merchant,* House, Land and General Agent.

75 y

REMOVAL.

The subscribers beg to inform their customers and the public generally that they have removed to those spacious premises lately occupied by M. K. Dickinson, Canal Basin, and where will be ound constantly on hand the following goods:

FLOUR, PORK, OATMEAL, &c.

ALSO ON HAND,

2,000 CORDS OF GOOD FIREWOOD, and 600,000 sawed SHINGLES.

Wholesale and Commission Agents.

Goods forwarded with despatch between Ottawa, Kingston and Intermediate Ports, by the Steamer *Mary Ann,* and three barges.

Silver Taken at Par.

WM. H. EASTON & CO., Forwarders and Commission Merchants, Canal Basin

For Sale or to Let.

FOR SALE, OR TO LET for a term of years, BELLEGREEN COTTAGE and GROUNDS, say two and a half acres, situate on the Bank of the Rideau River, (Ottawa-st.) The Cottage is built of brick and tin roofed, with a gallery all round. The gardens and grounds are in a high state of cultivation. Large storeroom, stables, granary, coach and ice-house, woodsheds, &c., all in the best of order. It is one of the most healthy and comfortable residences for a private family in or about the city of Ottawa. For particulars apply to FRANCIS CLEMOW, Esq.—Office, Sparks-st., near the Russell House—or to the proprietor J. WADSWORTH.

Terms moderate. Possession given at any time to suit parties. 921tf

VALUABLE FARMS FOR SALE.—Lot 21 in the 3rd Concession, Gloucester, Ottawa Front, 200 acres, about 80 cleared and under cultivation, with comfortable Dwelling and good Barn. The bush land is principally hardwood, and very valuable from its proximity to Ottawa. Also, Lot 20, in 3rd Concession, Gloucester, Ottawa Front, containing 200 acres, 20 acres cleared. The remainder of this lot is heavily wooded with hard and soft wood. These farms will be sold separately or together as may be desired. The short distance of only 3 miles from Ottawa makes the wood of greater value. These lands are well watered, of excellent soil, and would make a fine dairy farm. Apply to the Proprietor, C. SPARROW, or to D. O'DONNOE, Solicitor, Ottawa.

Ottawa, Nov. 25, 1868. 908tf

MEMBERS OF PARLIAMENT and others visiting the Capital can be accommodated with board and apartments, single or double, at a first-class Boarding House, within five minutes' walk of the Parliament Buildings. References given if required. Apply to MRS. W. PARDY, Wellington-st., Ottawa. 905-2m

ROOMS TO LET.

MRS. SMITH, Corner of Bank and Albert-sts., can rent TWO FURNISHED BEDROOMS and a SITTING ROOM. 868tf

FOR SALE.—The Westerly one-third of Lot No. 27, in First Concession, Ottawa Front, Nepean, and Lots Nos. 26 and 28, in the same concession, at present in the occupation of Wm. T. Aylen, Esq. For further particulars apply to JOHN and WM. THOMSON, Nepean, and LEWIS & PURDEY, Barristers, Ottawa. Je2-141-tf

HALO LAMP SHADE,

AT THE

OIL DEPOT, 73 SUSSEX-ST.,

Is made of Brass, Silver Plated.

It will Not Tarnish or Burn Out.

It is Indestructible.

It is a Superior Reflector.

It Saves the Eyes.

It Saves Oil.

It Saves Chimnies.

D. R. LEAVENS,

Red Oil Barrel,

73 Sussex-st.

COAL OIL DEPOT.

ROCK OIL

LAMPS AND CHIMNIES,

AT WHOLESALE,

CHEAP.

TWO LUMBERMEN.—For sale at the Railway Station, at Ottawa, 10,000 bushels LOWER CANADA OATS. Also, at SANDPOINT, Flour, Pork, Beans, Corn, Oats, and Hay pressed in wire-bound bales.

NEIL McKINNON, Commission and Exchange Broker.

Ottawa, Jan. 21, 1869. 955a

Agencies.

SOCIAL INSURANCE.

MALCOLM CAMERON, ... DESBARAT'S Block, Office of Queen's Printer, Canadian Institution—perfect security and immediate payment of claims. Dec. 8, 1868.

MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANY OF MAINE.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, Ottawa, 12th October, 1868.

Insurance Company has received authority to transact the business of Life Insurance.

The UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, of Maine.

In U. S. dec of $1—$30,000.

IRWIN, General Agent, St. John, N.B.

For the Minister of Finance, JOHN LANGTON.

This day, deposited with the Receiver General, Twenty Thousand Dollars in addition to Thirty Thousand making Seventy Thousand (70,000) U. S. Gold Bonds for the Dominion of Canada.

Col. John H. Gray, M.P., has been appointed Counsel to the Company for the Dominion, and all legal matters will be referred to him.

B. R. CORWIN, Manager.

November 7, 1868. 879tf

WATCHES.

TRAVELLING, LIVERPOOL.

Manufactures by special appointment to HER MAJESTY THE QUEEN, HER ROYAL FAMILY AND COURT OF SPAIN, THE RIGHT HONOURABLE THE LORDS COMMISSIONERS OF HER MAJESTY'S ADMIRALTY, AND HER MAJESTY QUEEN VICTORIA'S ROYAL NAVY:

Medallist of the Great International Exhibition of London, 1862, and of the Universal Exhibition of Paris, 1867.

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Mr. JOHN LESLIE, Sparks-street, Agent for Ottawa and Vicinity, sale of these celebrated Timekeepers.

H. & A. SAUNDERS, Montreal, General Agents in the Dominion for Geroff's Watches.

Ottawa, May 29.

ROGERS, CABINET-MAKER, UPHOLSTERER AND UNDERTAKER, AT THE OLD STAND, NO. 70, RIDEAU-STREET, AND AT THE WELLINGTON-STREET END.

The usual assortment of Cabinet and Upholstery Goods can be obtained at moderate prices.

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The Undertaking branch is under Mr. S.'s immediate superintendence, who attends all Funerals free of charge, and has constantly on hand a large assortment of Ready-made Coffins, of all qualities: METALLIC, BLACK CLOTH, COBOURG, &c. In ordering Mahogany, Walnut, Oak or Rosewood Coffins, may rely on getting the article, the stained Butternut sold for Rosewood.

Persons desirous of keeping their deceased friends for a few days or even a week, can do so at the least possible inconvenience by application to Mr. Rogers, who has had over 20 years experience in the above branches, and feels confident of giving satisfaction.

The Undertaking Branch will be found at home in Ottawa.

Hearses and Waggons always ready for the country.

WAREROOMS—At the West End Residence, Wellington-st.

Ottawa, September 4, 1868.

Hardware.

HARDWARE! AT

S. ISAAC'S, CENTRE TOWN.

PLOUGHS, CULTIVATORS, IRON, COAL,

SHELF & HEAVY HARDWARE,

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A general assortment of House-furnishing Goods, &c., at the lowest cash prices to be found in Ottawa market.

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Stoves, all patterns and sizes, for coal and wood, such as the Pearsonia, Kingston, Toronto, Huron, Montreal Foundries, with drums, pipes, &c., the cheapest to be had in town.

Sewing Machines.

HOLIDAY PRESENTS.

GROVER & WILSON'S Silent Feed Sewing Machines are perfectly noiseless. The only machine in use by Ladies or Families is the GROVER & WILSON'S SEWING MACHINE AND HEMMER. Twenty-five per cent. reduction on the price of each on all machines ordered before the 25th December. Twenty-five per cent. reduction on the price of Wheeler & Wilson Sewing Machines. Attachments, new styles, Tuckers, Quilters, Corders, &c.

THE HOWE SEWING MACHINE. Best for Carriage Trimmers, Shoemakers, &c.

Call and see for yourselves; no trouble to show the new.

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G. A. WALTON, *Agent for Ottawa.*

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Instant relief and cure of Epilepsy, Spasms, Hysteria, Fits, &c. This preparation is free from the use of a celebrated drug, and the very great success which has attended its use in every case, and where the medical skill was of no avail, has induced the proprietor to give it every possible publicity. It has the subscriber's name and signature on each bottle. Price one dollar. Sole Proprietor, CHARLES BARTE, Chemist, 256, Notre Dame-st., Montreal.

Barte's Florida Water, equal to any Lavender. Price 37½ cents per bottle.

GEO. MAYES, UPPER PLATE PRINTER,

Bank Street, Centre Town, Between Sparks & Queen Streets.

Bills of Exchange, Bill Heads, Visiting Cards, &c., Printed on the shortest notice.

NOTICE.

Application will be made at the next Session of the Legislature of Ontario for an act of incorporation of the "CALEDONIA PEAT MANURE AND SMELTING COMPANY," with power to construct a Canal or Railway from some point on the Ottawa River, through the Township of Caledonia to the navigable water of the Ottawa or South Nation Rivers, and to authorize the Municipality of Caledonia to grant aid to the company to much of the road allowance on the first and fifth concessions as may be required for the purpose of Post Roads.

THE TIMES is printed and published for the OTTAWA TIMES PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY, at the Office, 39 Sparks-street, Centre Town, Ottawa. JAMES MOSS, Managing Director. ALEXR. MOSS, Editor.

Music.

MESSRS. J. L. ORME & SON

Respectfully call the attention of the public to their magnificent stock of

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In their new Show Room, comprising

PIANO-FORTES, *from all the leading makers.*

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Our stock of Concertinas, Violins, Flutes, &c., &c., is, as usual, very large.

New Sheet Music and Books constantly arriving.

J. L. ORME & SON, Sign of the Golden Lyre,

944tf No.

creation of the church, and has the sanction of the state. An attempt on the part of the latter to substitute a creation of its own for this double product would at once drive high churchmen to make their choice between the two authorities, and in that case the majority would decide, with little or no hesitation, to obey the church rather than the state. A free church movement could not possibly be started with more favourable chances. The question to be determined would no no longer relate to the dress of the clergy, it would involve the far wider issue, shall a purely ecclesiastical matter be settled by the Legislature of a mixed state? Unless one greatly overrates the consistency of the high church party, for Parliament to say yes to the inquiry would be tantamount to a disruption of the Church of England.

OUR RELATIONS WITH CHINA.

The *Standard* observes that any formal engagement not to undertake hostile measures in China, till the difficulty, whatever it might be, had been referred to the Home Government in England, would have a very disastrous effect. According to that arrangement the Chinese Government would be certain of three or four months' impunity, no matter what outrages it might commit. If half the members of the British legation at Pekin even were seized by the native authorities and thrown into prison or put to the torture, the British Minister would have to refer the "difficulty" to London, and wait from Christmas to May before he could lift a finger to compel the liberation of his colleagues. Such a mad promise as that which is talked of would be tantamount to the withdrawal of every British man-of-war from Chinese waters. What would be the use of an admiral and fleet on the coast of China if they were never, under any circumstances, to act on their own responsibility, but in all cases were to remain torpid till news of any outrage could be sent home to this country, and orders on the subject received from the Home Government?

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Clearing Out Sale—Garland, Mutchmor & Co.
Great Inducements—Cunningham & Lindsay.
The Red Boot—W. A. Lamb.
Book List—J. Durie & Son.
Pianoforte Tuition—W. C. Clark.
Assignee's Sale—Amos Rowe.

The Ottawa Times
Office: 38, Sparks Street.

WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 27, 1869.

☞ *For Ottawa Markets and interesting reading see Fourth Page.*

Mr. Walsh, Chairman of the Board of Railway Commissioners, arrived yesterday morning.

The Commissioners met in the afternoon, all the members of the Board being present.

We are glad to be able to state that the rumour circulated in Montreal, of which our special despatch from that city advised our readers yesterday morning, regarding the alleged heavy losses of the Bank of Montreal through lending money to certain New York speculators, rendered bankrupt by the recent "corner" in Erie stock, if not totally unfounded, is at least most grossly exaggerated.

In our city contemporary's Toronto despatch, published yesterday morning, it was affirmed that "there is truth in the rumour "that Sandford Fleming resigns the Chief "Engineership of the Intercolonial Rail-"way." We fancy the word "no"—a very material word—must have been accidentally omitted, before the word "truth," thus making the despatch affirm what it was meant to deny. At all events, we are in a position to state that if the "rumour" is "true" the Railway Commissioners have not had the slightest intimation of it. Unless we are mistaken this report about Mr. Fleming's intended resignation first saw the light through that repertory of fact, fancy and fiction—in which the two latter largely predominate—the *Globe's* Ottawa despatches.

We are happy to understand that there is now a requisition in circulation requesting His Worship the Mayor to call a public meeting of the ratepayers to consider the propriety of introducing a system of water works into the city. Already we learn that many influential signatures have been attached to the requisition, and we trust that the list will be swelled until it shall be proved beyond a doubt that the ratepayers are resolved upon obtaining such an indispensable essential to the comfort of the citizens, and the safety of their property. The following letter from Thomas Reynolds, Esq., Managing Director of the St. Lawrence & Ottawa Railway, fully bears out what we have so frequently argued of late regarding the urgent necessity of taking immediate steps to secure an abundant water supply. It is vain to expect that a Fire Brigade, however well organized and fully equipped, can contend successfully against the progress of fire without a full supply of the one element essential to its extinction; and so it has ever been in Ottawa, when a fire has once spread beyond the most paltry limits that it must be allowed to exhaust itself; and the greatest possible achievement that our excellent Fire Brigade can be expected to accomplish is to confine it to the building or the block in which it originates. Here is what Mr. Reynolds says:

The St. Lawrence and Ottawa Railway Co.,
Ottawa, January 25, 1869.

My Dear Sir,—Will you do me the favour to convey to the fire companies who attended at the calamitous fire in Sparks-st., on the morning of the 21st inst., the expression of my thanks for the noble efforts they all made to save life and property; and, as a small testimony of my appreciation of the good will and energy they displayed on the occasion, I hope I may be permitted to contribute the enclosed cheque for fifty dollars towards their funds.

The exertions made, and the risks fearlessly run by the men, amidst the blazing pile and tottering walls, deserved a far greater measure of success; but no efforts could compensate for the want of water, and the loss of Desbarats' handsome range of buildings has now to be added to the already long catalogue of disasters to which the community has been subjected in consequence of the absence of water works in this city.

I feel confident that if a good supply of water had been at hand, the fire would have been subdued, and the larger portion of the buildings and their contents saved; and it is to be hoped this consideration will induce immediate steps to be taken for the supply of water works of a character corresponding with the growth and importance of the capital.

I am, my dear sir,
Faithfully yours,
THOS. REYNOLDS,
Managing Director.

H. J. FRIEL, Esq., &c., &c.,
Mayor of Ottawa.

As we have said already, our own conception of the fire in Desbarats' block is a loss of two hundred thousand dollars' worth of property, without water works, against a loss of ten thousand with them, and the difference probably represents all that it would cost to give Ottawa a serviceable supply for many years to come. So far about fires and the risk and danger to property, resulting in personal insecurity and high rates of insurance.

But there is another aspect to the water works question. The great consideration in almost every city, that has swayed the judgment of the most enlightened and intelligent citizens in favour of the introduction of water works, has been the immense sanitary benefits conferred by them. Our city is planted upon as healthy a site as can be found on the continent, and surrounded with many natural advantages, to a degree possessed by but few of its sister cities. It has water on two sides of it and water in the middle; and scarcely anywhere, within its limits, is it difficult or expensive to sink a well. But the private and public wells are nearly all rendered more or less impure because of the filtrations through the soil from the refuse of the city; and the rivers, within easy reach of the water carters, are not protected with much scrupulosity from equally disagreeable admixtures. In addition to this, we have defective drainage—defective, that is from the want of water to flush the drains, especially those leading from public and private residences, where "modern conveniences" are attempted to be indulged in. Hence the lurking fevers, the sickness of one kind or another, partly from impure water, partly from a vitiated atmosphere circling about from house to house, especially in the fall and spring seasons, in localities which, to the ordinary observer, would appear like paradises of health and comfort. How much of the sickness which prevails among women and children, especially from the causes indicated, coupled with the occasional miasma from a few undrained swamps, and here and there sluggish pools of water, we do not pretend to say, yet the per centage can hardly be inconsiderable. And these causes require that the city should be possessed of a good supply of water, as a prime requisite to their effective removal.

As to the system to be adopted, and the manner of carrying it out, these are matters of detail, in which we never can hope for unanimity of feeling; but we do hope for a pretty unanimous declaration on the part of the ratepayers that water works must be constructed.

The following "political review," from the Halifax *Colonist*, is worthy of perusal at the present time.

"The opponents of the Union asserted that a representation of nineteen members for Nova Scotia, and fifteen for New Brunswick, in the House of Commons, and twelve members for each of those Provinces, in the Senate, would leave the Maritime interests entirely unprotected in a Parliament where the Commons numbered 181 members, and the Senate 72.

"It was in vain that we showed that Scotland, with a smaller proportionate representation, had found no cause of complaint, that a smaller number of members had decided the Government of England for years, in a House of 650 members, where parties were not so sharply or equally divided as had long been the case in Canada proper. It was useless to urge the impossibility of disregarding the interests of the Maritime section of the Dominion, guarded, as it was, by one third of the entire Senate. We can now, however, triumphantly point to the results established by 18 months' experience, which, short as it is, has been long enough to silence all their cavils and dissipate all fear that the interests of the smaller Provinces are endangered by the act of Union.

"The legislation of the first Parliament of the Dominion has shown that that body is not only able but willing to do more to foster the leading interests of these Maritime Provinces than any Legislature that ever sat in Nova Scotia. Although ship-building is one of the great industries of this Province, we were compelled, by our necessities, to tax almost all the materials imported for the construction or outfit of ships. The iron, cordage, canvas and other articles, hitherto taxed by our own Legislature, have by the Dominion Parliament been made free. Nova Scotia owns and sails a much larger tonnage than any of the other Provinces of the Dominion, yet the tax our necessities obliged us to levy for the support of our lighthouses, amounting to $50,000 a year, has been swept away by this first Parliament, in which the inland interest, that was to ruin us so largely, predominated.

"The Anti-Unionists alarmed the people by predicting that one of the first acts of the United Legislature would be to raise the duty on flour to a dollar a barrel, which must be paid by us to foster the bread-producing interests of the Province of Ontario. The United Parliament first reduced the duty on flour from fifty cents to twenty-five, the tax our own Legislature had imposed; and finding we were not satisfied, swept it away altogether. The duties on sugar were altered from specific to *advalorem*, so as to bring that trade of the Dominion largely to Halifax.

"The Anti-Unionists excited the fears of the country by declaring that we would be ruinously taxed for the purpose of defence. Nova Scotia before the Union expended in one year one hundred and thirty thousand dollars from her treasury, and compelled over fifty thousand men to drill for five days in the year, at a tax to themselves of at least £50,000 sterling, or $250,000 more per annum. Under Confederation we have been relieved from this enormous drain upon our people, and we are only required to furnish five thousand men for drill, and they are paid for their services.

"Before Confederation, when our hardy seamen returned from their perils on the deep, they were dragged from their homes to perform their five days' drill, and the tax was levied upon them, however unsuccessful they might have returned. Under Confederation the careworn mariners of the Maritime Provinces are told that the Dominion Government considers they have been drilled enough in the performance of their arduous labours at sea, and that they are free from the duty their own Province formerly imposed.

"The opponents of Union asserted, all over the country and on the floor of Parliament, that the present tariff would take from the pockets of the people of this Province $400,000 annually, to be spent in Canada. The public accounts of the first year has placed, beyond controversy, the fact that, in addition to a million of capital which the Dominion has been required to furnish to meet our liabilities, the Central Government has paid in and for Nova Scotia several hundred thousand dollars more than they have received from us from all sources of taxation put together.

"It is now apparent to all who have taken the trouble to investigate the facts, that had the repeal delegates succeeded in their mission, our Legislature would, instead of spending their time and the public money in treasonable speeches, have been engaged during the last session in trying to discover how they could levy about $40,000 of additional taxation upon the people of this Province more than we are required to pay under Confederation. Nor does this statement of the account charge us with a dollar for the support of the central Government or Legislature, or for the location of the Intercolonial Railway, on which was expended during the year $36,000 within our own borders. But for Confederation we would not have been able to construct another mile of railway during the present generation. But for Confederation we would at this moment have no mail communication between this Province and Great Britain, except through the United States.

"This is the manner in which this great inland and agricultural country, with resources so unlike our own, has ruined and depressed the rival interests of Nova Scotia. It is not easy to understand how any man can venture to insult the intelligence of the people by talking of repeal after the deceptive character of all the assertions in opposition to Union has been so fully demonstrated by the stern logic of facts."

CHURCH OF ENGLAND MISSIONS.

MEETING AT ST. ALBAN'S CHURCH.

Sir John A. Macdonald, K. C. B., in the Chair.

Last evening, a large and influential meeting of the parishioners of St. Alban's Church and their friends was held in behalf of the Mission Fund of the Diocese, a fund that is administered by the Mission Board.

On the platform were the Lord Bishop of the Diocese of Ontario, the Venerable Archdeacon the Rev. Dr. Jones, Rector of St. Albans, Rev. W. Lauder, Rector of Christ Church, Rev. Mr. Johnson, Rector of Hull, Revds. Messrs. Higginson, Street and Phillips.

On motion of His Lordship, seconded by Rev. Dr. Jones, Sir John A. Macdonald took the chair.

After devotional exercises, conducted by the Rev. Dr. Jones, the honourable and gallant knight said that he supposed the meeting were anxious to proceed with the work that had brought them together. He therefore called upon the Rector to address the meeting.

Rev. Dr. Jones said he was glad to point to considerable progress in the contributions made by his church. In 1866 they had amounted to $57, in 1867 to $107, and in 1868 to $147. And it was gratifying to know that greater zeal on behalf of missions was being infused into members of the church, and that such distinguished gentlemen as His Excellency Sir John Young, and Sir John A. Macdonald, did not consider it out of place to lend their assistance in the work. Many of his parishioners, having but recently come from Quebec, where the mode was different, were unacquainted with the means adopted in the diocese to procure funds for church purposes, but when they became thoroughly aware of our system, he anticipated the most cheering results. After giving a statistical account of the position of St. Alban's, in which he stated that $1000 of the debt had been paid off last year, he took his seat.

The Chairman then called upon

The Venerable Archdeacon, who said that a resolution had been placed in his hands to the effect that the missions of the church were worthy of the persistent efforts of all her loyal and loving children. This he said was a self evident proposition. The Missionary work was closely identified with all the better feelings of those who loved the Saviour and had His cause at heart. The object of the mission board was to extend throughout the diocese, and especially to those sections now destitute a knowledge of the means of salvation, and in the work every member of the church in the diocese had a personal interest. It was the duty of Christ's church to continue its efforts till the whole world should rejoice in the knowledge of a crucified Saviour. When in London some time since—three thousand miles from his home—he had met a minister from far off India, and it had brought forcibly to his mind the fact that the world was the field in which it was the lot of Christ's ministers to labour. Eighteen hundred years had passed since the Saviour had given the command to occupy it, and still the command had not been fulfilled. Go ye into all the world and preach the gospel to every creature, had been given to the Apostles, not individually, but as representatives of the Church, and her representatives were equally bound to obey the injunction to-day. All were not commissioned by the bishop to take their lives in their hands and go forth to preach, but all could do something; some with contributions, and others, who were too poor, with their prayers, to hasten the time when the whole world should become subject to the Cross. That this would be the case promises like orient pearls were scattered through the sacred writings. As generation after generation passed away and there was still so much remained to be done, even the heart of the believer might at times feel faint, when it asked itself when would all these things be; but faith assured us that all would come to pass in God's good time. England's Church was everywhere proclaiming the truth with an energy worthy of the palmiest days of missionary work. In England many Bishops had consecrated a hundred churches each; and within a generation one hundred had been added in London alone. He referred to the magnificent gifts of Miss Burdett Coutts and others, and stated that although doing so much at home, England had never done so much abroad as she was now doing. Referring to matters more nearly connected with the object of the meeting, he said that his own parish, although it had given $10,000 for the erection of a memorial church to the late lamented Bishop Strauchan, had this year given more liberally to the fund than before, and his experience was that the more a parish gave and thus became interested in the work the more it felt prepared to give. After giving a brief history of the church in this country and eloquently urging that the children of churchmen in the backwoods should not be compelled to grow up without hearing the sound of the church going bell, he said there was work within the diocese for all that could be hoped for from the present disposition of the people of the church. Still the experience of the deputation this winter had been encouraging. He had addressed large audiences, and found that generally the contributions had been doubled as compared with last year. He concluded by recommending to the thoughtful and prayerful consideration of his audience the words of Our Lord, "It is more blessed to give than to receive."

The Chairman then called upon Judge Armstrong, who said it was very gratifying to those who belonged to the church to hear of the progress stated by the venerable Archdeacon to have taken place. Time was when the State took charge of religion, and compelled the attendance of the people at church under severe penalties; but that had passed, and every man was now as free as to religion as to politics. How far that was wise it was not for him to say, but he feared there were too many fancies indulged in in consequence of this extreme liberality. The progress of the Church in this country had been great, and he was glad of it, for the art of man could not form a better programme than the liturgy of the Church of England to prevent him from running into wild extravagances. He also was glad that the representative of our Queen had not thought it beneath him to take a part in the mission work, followed by the most distinguished gentleman our country could boast of, a gentleman of strong influence and exalted talent. When such gentlemen as these could shake off their other duties and burthens to aid in the cause of religion, it afforded great hope of increased progress. A visit to the back country and a knowledge of the society—if he might so call it—there, without that education which made men better and more loyal, would convince any ons that much was still wanting. Merely, as a matter of policy, the Mission fund was the best investment for the prevention of crime, and the best police was an educated clergy. He had much pleasure in seconding the motion.

Having been called upon by the Chairman,

His Lorship the Bishop said he was surprised at the statement that many of the parishioners of that Church were in the dark as to the working of the Board of Missions. Its object was to maintain its present staff of clergymen, and add to them if possible; and he went on at considerable length to detail the manner of its constitution, and the mode in which it dispensed the funds entrusted to it, which, he thought, had only to be examined to be approved. A missionary speech was the most trying of all speeches to make to those educated in the Church. Little that was new could be said that they did not already, as a part of their religious education, know, and if they believed in the principles which they professed, they would desire to propagate them. Men holding political principles which they thought would benefit their country, endeavoured to promulgate them because they were sincere; why should not the same desire exist in the Church with regard to that which was their solace in life and comfort in death. In this respect all should be missionaries. Dr. Jones had said that they had a work of their own to perform; but the parishioners of St. Alban's had not unaided erected their Church and although he knew from looking over the accounts that their Rector was making great sacrifices, and did not receive even $600 a year as salary, the congregation had many external advantages. Strangers visiting the capital contributed to its funds, and liberal donations were made because it was a free church. Speaking of those who devoted their lives to the ministry of the church, he said that when men of education and intelligence, many of them graduates of Universities, accepted the wages of ordinary mechanics, it proved that they did so from no mercenary motives, but that their hearts were in the work. Above all things he urged the necessity of system in almsgiving. He was satisfied that the friends were dissipated by the careless manner in which they were given. If half that was contributed were given through the mission board, it could give $200 each to 100 clergymen, instead of to 55 as at present—this sum to be supplemented by the locality to which missionaries should be sent. There were educated men ready to take the field, and he urged liberal contributions, so that that class of men might be engaged. If there was anything to be dreaded it was an uneducated clergy. If they preached to educated congregations it would tend to bring religion into ridicule, and if to uneducated audiences, it was the blind leading the blind. He concluded by an eloquent appeal to all to contribute with a good heart, "for God loveth a cheerful giver."

After a collection had been taken up His Lordship said he had great pleasure in moving a vote of thanks to the Chairman for his kindness in presiding during the evening, and in the feeling he was sure all would heartily join.

The Venerable Archdeacon said he had seen Sir John in many distinguished positions, but had never seen him in one which gave him so much gratification as the one which he then occupied. He had much pleasure in seconding the motion.

Sir John A. Macdonald, in briefly returning thanks, said it had given him pleasure to accede to the request of Dr. Jones that he should preside at the meeting, and he was glad to see under the Rev. Dr.'s auspices such encouraging indications of progress. He was gratified for the kindness that had been expressed towards himself; and hoped that the work his reverend friends were engaged in would continue to prosper, because it was a good work.

After singing the evening hymn, the audience was dismissed with a benediction.

The *Spectator* very justly says:

"It is of the utmost importance that the school law which has to be administered by laymen, should be embodied in a code, of simple arrangement, and so that any part of it would be of easy access. And if the Provincial Secretary, with the assistance of his excellent deputy, Mr. Patterson, could, during the recess, prepare such a code embodying the amendments, or some of them, adopted by the Educational Committee, and submit it to the Legislature on its re-assembling; he would deserve and, we are sure, would receive the thanks of the public."

—The Woodstock *Sentinel* has the following, in relation to the meeting of the Agricultural Society of South Oxford:

"A very large number of farmers, from all parts of the Riding, attended, and the meeting was extremely harmonious, except that Michael Stover moved that David Christie be nominated as a member of the Council of the Association, when a storm of indignation was hurled at the head of the mover for his audacity. He failed to get a seconder, and E. V. Bodwell, M.P., was nominated by an unanimous vote.

"A resolution censuring the late Board, and tendering the thanks of the meeting to the Hon. Commissioner for his timely investigation of their affairs, was passed and ordered to be forwarded to the Bureau of Agriculture."

COUNTY COUNCIL.

The corporation of the County of Carleton met pursuant to 29 and 30 Vic. cap. 51 and 52, sec. 133 of the Statutes of Upper Canada (as amended by cap. 30 of 31 Vic., of the Statutes of the Province of Ontario) at the court house in the city of Ottawa, on Tuesday, the twenty-sixth day of January, 1869, at 2 o'clock, p.m.

The Clerk presiding.

The certificates from the several Township clerks, and the clerks of the villages of Richmond and New Edinburgh, of the election of the undermentioned gentlemen as Reeves and Deputy Reeves for the respective municipalities were read and filed, and also affidavits relative to the number of names on the last revised Assessment Rolls for those municipalities claiming to send Deputy Reeves, viz.:

John Dawson, Esq., Reeve, Nepean.
Thomas Graham, Esq., Deputy Reeve, Nepean.
John Dow, Esq., Reeve, Osgoode.
Ira Morgan, Esq., Deputy, Osgoode.
Robinson Lyon, Esq., Reeve, Goulbourne.
Thomas McCaffery, Esq., Deputy, Goulbourne.
Robert Cummings, Esq., Reeve, Gloucester.
Angus Tremblay, Esq., Deputy, Gloucester.
R. Y. Green, Esq., Reeve, March.
Allan Fraser, Esq., Reeve, Fitzroy.
Charles Mohr, Esq., Deputy, Fitzroy.
John Smith, Esq., Reeve, Torbolton.
Joseph Hinton, Esq., Reeve, Richmond.
John Caldwell, Esq., Reeve, Huntly.
Edward Armstrong, Esq., Deputy, Huntly.
William Cowan, Esq., Reeve, North Gower.
William Kidd, Esq., Reeve, Marlboro'.
Robert Blackburn, Esq., Reeve, New Edinburgh.

The Clerk read over the names of the above mentioned gentlemen, who with the exception of Mr. Caldwell took their seats at the Council Board.

Mr. Hinton moved, seconded by Mr. Graham, that R. Y. Green, Esq., be and is hereby elected Warden for the current year.—Lost.

Moved by Mr. Lyon, seconded by Mr. Mohr, that Ira Morgan, Esq., be Warden for the current year.—Carried.

The yeas and nays were called for.

Yeas—Messrs. Blackburn, Cummings, Dow, Lyon, Morgan, Mohr, McCaffery, Smith and Tremblay.—9.

Nays—Messrs. Armstrong, Cowan, Dawson, Fraser, Greene, Graham, Hinton and Kidd.—8.

The motion was then declared carried.

The Clerk then administered the oath of office to the Warden elect, who took the chair.

On motion of Mr. Hinton, seconded by Mr. Caldwell, the Council then adjourned till 10 o'clock, to-morrow, (Wednesday).

CORPORATION OF THE TOWNSHIP OF FITZROY.

The first meeting of the Corporation of the Township of Fitzroy, for the year 1869, was held in the Hall of the said Township, at noon, on Monday, the 18th day of January, pursuant to 29, 30 Vic. cap. 51, sec. 133. Present:—The Reeve, Allan Fraser, Esq.; Deputy Reeve, Charles Mohr; and Councillors Messrs. John Elliott, William Dean and David Maclaren.

Moved by Mr. Dean and seconded by Mr. Mohr, that the Treasurer pay the Clerk the sum of seven dollars for expenses incurred by him in obtaining legal advice relative to the last Township election, and that a copy of this motion be the Treasurer's authority for paying the same.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Elliott and seconded by Mr. Maclaren, that the Treasurer pay Thomas G. Somerville, one dollar for services as Poll Clerk at last Township election, and that a copy of this motion be the Treasurer's authority for so doing.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Elliott and seconded by Mr. Mohr, that whereas the Collector has failed to collect some portion of the taxes, resolved, that he is hereby authorized to continue the levy and collection of the unpaid taxes, in the manner and with the powers provided by law for the general levy and collection of taxes, until the first day of February next.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Maclaren and seconded by Mr. Mohr, that Thomas Elliott be appointed auditor for the current year.—Carried.

The Reeve nominated Mr. James Shaw as auditor.

Moved by Mr. Dean and seconded by Mr. Mohr, that the Council do now adjourn until Saturday, the twentieth of February next.—Carried.

Try Gardner's Baking Powder. See advertisement 887.6m

ENDOWMENT OF QUEEN'S COLLEGE.

A meeting was held last evening in the Scotch Kirk, Wellington-st., in furtherance of a movement for raising funds for the endowment of Queen's College, Kingston.

The Rev. Mr. Gordon, Pastor, presided, and after opening the meeting with prayer introduced the Rev. Principal Snodgrass, who after some preliminary remarks on the necessity of superior education for intellectual development, reviewed the history of Queen's College from its foundation, and described its present condition. This institution commenced its existence in the year 1841 under its present constitution, established by a Royal Charter granted by Her Majesty the Queen. Some time afterwards the Government of the day did not object to afford aid for the promotion of superior education, and made a grant of $2,000 a year to the college. This was continued for some time, and then it was increased to $3,000 a year. Later the annual grant was further increased to $4,000, and some time later another thousand was added, and the yearly grant from Government became $5,000, and so continued until a few months ago when, without previous warning, with the institution in full operation, they received notice from the Legislature of Ontario that they need not in future look to them for aid. They thought this was not becoming in a Government that had just come into existence for the common good. Queen's College, it appears, is not in favour with the present Government of Ontario. This was a serious circumstance, and whether the withdrawal of the aid, on which they had before relied, was intended as a blow aimed at the existence of the institution or not, it had the appearance of being intended to destroy it and its whole history. The college had already suffered very greatly by the failure of the Commercial Bank, and the withdrawal of the grant placed the institution in a situation of the most serious embarrassment. Under these trying circumstances, it had been proposed to disband the faculty of arts, but this was a matter of the gravest importance, and in view of the great benefits which had been derived from it, it was resolved, if possible, to continue the institution in its integrity. For a quarter of a century it had afforded the inestimable benefits of a sound education to a large number of young men, who were to be found in Canada, Australia, and other parts of the world, to take high professional standing, not as Ministers of the Gospel only, but in other professions as well. The speaker contended for the necessity of the religious element in education, without which it was comparatively valueless. Religious training, he insisted, should be commenced, and continued throughout the entire course. In speaking of the difficulties in which they found themselves, he said they must not give up, and he believed their people were made of sterner stuff than to allow an institution which had done so much good to be destroyed. They heard of merchants who, when they failed, took off their coats, and went to work to repair their fortunes. Government did not allow the failure of a particular scheme to break them up, and the friends of Queen's College would not permit the withdrawal of the Government grant to discourage them, but wisely use this adversity in furtherance of its interests. It was now proposed to place the college on a foundation which would make it independent of all governments. This was the crisis, and it was resolved to make the best use of it. In allusion to sectarian education, the speaker said he believed that it was by denominational agencies that the greatest amount of good might be done; for, after all, education would be in the hands of religious teachers. The rev. gentleman concluded a long and eloquent speech, saying he should have another opportunity in the course of the evening of making some statements in reference to the future prospects of the institution.

The chairman then introduced the Rev. Professor Mackerras, who spoke with great warmth and eloquence of the usefulness of Queen's College, and the large number of faithful and zealous Ministers of the Gospel owed their ability to do good to the education received there. He then spoke of the enthusiasm which prevailed at the Synod lately held in Kingston on the present position and prospects of the college. He thought that if it were possible for him to describe the feeling of earnest unanimity to sustain the institution in its integrity, its friends would have no doubt as to the results. He spoke as a true son of the church, and for his *alma mater*, for which he felt the strongest love and attachment, and when he considered what she had done for himself and for the country, he felt the strongest desire to see her flourish. When asked where did you graduate? Should her sons be compelled to say in a defunct institution? No! Queen's College must not go down. (Cheers.) He then enumerated a number of those ministers who had received their education at the college, and whose works were known in all parts of the country. To allow it to be destroyed would be a shame and an insult to the dead, who would almost arise from their graves and cry, "Ye degenerate sons of noble sires" should such things be. Then speaking of the prospects of a suitable endowment for the institution, he said he seemed to see in its future history one of the grandest seats of learning in the country. The rev. professor concluded a very eloquent speech in a powerful appeal for the generous sympathy and aid of the friends of superior education in enabling them to raise a fund for the endowment of the college.

The Rev. Principal Snodgrass again rose and made some further statements, to show the amount of good done by the college, and gave an interesting account of the way in which funds had come in for its endowment, and amongst others stated that sixty-one gentlemen in Kingston had subscribed $22,000, and it was quite probable that the sum had by this time reached $25,000, and this was in a city not rich, and with a population of about 15,000. This, he said, ought to have a good influence in other parts of the country. He also told of a gentleman who, on the morning after the withdrawal of the grant, promised $1,000. A number of ministers had also agreed to give out of their income $100 a year for five years. One Minister preached a sermon on the subject, and what was the result? Why a gentleman who had previously made up his mind to subscribe $500 doubled the amount. Several other subscriptions were given, which our reporter did not catch. Such examples as these the speaker had no doubt would have their effect on Ottawa which, besides the proud position of being capital of the Dominion, had extensive prospects of future greatness, and what Ottawa did in this matter would have its effect on other parts of the Dominion.

Moved by Ed. McGillivray, Esq., seconded by H. F. Bronson, Esq., that this meeting having heard with deep interest the statements made by Principal Snodgrass and Professor Mackerras, of Queen's University, thoroughly approve of the action of the Synod in its determination to raise the endowment of the University, and resolve to give all possible assistance to complete the endowment.

Mr. McGillivray spoke in favour of subscribing liberally, and following the noble example of Kingston. He thought that it would take no more than about 80 cents each if all the members in their church in the country would subscribe to it to make up the $100,000 required.

Mr. Bronson spoke in favour of the resolution, and the Rev. Mr. Wardrope spoke at length in its support. The rev. gentleman said:

Mr. Chairman: It is likely that you have already been reminded, in the course of the evening, that Queen's College was opened in the beginning of the year 1842. But if this were the time, and this the place for doing so, I would probably furnish you with reminiscences of that event such as no one else here present could supply. In referring to the "opening of the College, I could tell of 'all that I saw, and part of which I was.'" I should like our friend, Mr. Mackerras, the classical professor, to observe that I do not appropriate the language of the original, and say *magna pars fin.* I could tell you about my journey in those days from the West to Kingston. I travelled along with two others of the first year's students. Instead of taking the stage at Toronto, we hired a waggon for our own conveyance—studying both comfort and economy—the former a little, the latter much. Four days' laborious travelling—the days including a large portion of the nights—brought us from Toronto to Kingston. *Now*, by the Grand Trunk railroad, the journey is easily accomplished within seven hours. *Then*, the larger places by the way, such as Cobourg and Belleville, were insignificant towns; and the smaller places, such as Whitby Port Hope, and Bowmanville, were mere hamlets. *Now*, all these are large and important towns; and, in the intermediate spaces along the line, are many beautiful and flourishing villages which then had literally no existence. Arrived in Kingston, we put up for the night at a cheap-looking hotel. There we met Mr. H. A. Ross, of this city, who, from another part of the country, had likewise been attracted by the prospect of the college opening. The next morning—all strangers—we did not know whither to turn for information, or to whom to apply. Sauntering along King-st, we saw a name over a shop door, "David Christie," "The man that bears that name," said one of our number, ought to know something about the Presbyterian College." In we went, and the owner of the name at once directed us to one whom he affirmed to be the very source and fountain of such information as that which we sought. Mr. Drummond will know that we were referred to the right man, when I state that his name was Alexander Pringle. At his office in the Court House, we were soon set all right about a boarding house, about the opening of the classes, and about everything, in short, that it behoved us at once to know. But, Mr. Chairman, I have set off on a track, which, unless I get shunted, I may pursue till midnight. I could tell much about the days in which Dr. Sampson, John Cartright, David Cartright, Dr. Machar, Francis Archibald Harper, and David John Smith, were in their several ways, powers in Kingston. Those are all gone now, and have been succeeded by a new generation. About these days, I could tell you also that John A. Macdonald was a young lawyer, spoken of as likely to rise in his profession, and Oliver Mowat, if I am not mistaken, his first student. These are still among us in the prime of strength; and it is our hope that many days of honour and usefulness are still before them. I must forbear, however; and coming to the subject in hand, I must go on to say that earnest men are becoming year by year more interested in the welfare of collegiate institutions. And they are becoming more thoroughly convinced of the necessity of making more adequate provision for their maintenance. It would be easy to refer to by-gone generations, and to remind you of the earnestness with which men like Calvin and Knox pleaded for a thorough education for aspirants to the ministry of the Gospel. Coming nearer our own times and our own land, we might refer to the history of the Puritans, and their first settlement in this Western World. Without endorsing all their sentiments, or approving of all their measures, we cannot hesitate in affirming that much of what they said, and much of what they did, commands our highest admiration. And we rejoice in thinking of the liberty which they achieved, when, seeking "a faith's pure shrine," they set up in the name of God, their banners on the wild New England shore. It would be well for the neighbouring States—it would be well for the Western Continent—if the descendants of these Pilgrim fathers, while they speak, as they may justly do, with admiration and gratitude, of the long continued privations endured, and the worthy deeds performed, would at the same time more cordially cherish the sacred truths maintained by their noble ancestors. Their first settlement was truly a "day of small things." But in studying their early history, we find the evidences of their far-seeing wisdom and their self-denying zeal, in the fact that they "did not suffer a quarter of a century to elapse, from the time of their poor beginnings at Plymouth, before they laid the foundations of a College for Christ and His Church." They say, in their chronicles: "After God had brought us safe to New England, and we had builded our houses, provided necessaries for our livelihood, erected convenient places for God's worship, and settled the civil government, one of the next things we longed for, and looked after, was to advance learning, and perpetuate it to posterity; dreading to have an ignorant ministry in the churches, when our present ministers shall be in the dust." Now, let us emulate an example so worthy of imitation. This land in which our lot is cast is, in fact, a great mission field. And, from this stand point the vital importance of a thoroughly equipped theological college may be clearly seen. True, this does not at once appear to superficial observers. Operating, as it does, beneath the surface of life's ordinary business, and even of the ordinary ecclesiastical and missionary procedure, the college does not attract the notice of the masses of men, nor constrain them to say concerning its progress, "Lo, here, or lo, there!" It may fail to occupy that place which it ought to occupy—which it is well entitled to occupy—in the affections and prayers, even of some good men. But, is the foundation essential to a building? Is the root essential to a tree? Even so must we hold that the college, in its unobtrusive, but effective and most beneficent operation, is essential to the extension of the church, and to the publishing of the glad tidings of salvation to as many as her voice can reach throughout the land.

The resolution was then put and carried.

Moved by Dr. Grant, seconded by Mr. Drummond, that a subscription list be now opened on behalf of the endowment of Queen's University, and that the following committee be appointed to solicit and receive subscriptions from the citizens of Ottawa, viz: Hon. Sir John A. Macdonald, Hon. James Skead, Dr. Grant, M.P., J. M. Currier, Esq., M.P., Allan Gilmour, Esq., Edward McGillivray, Esq., H. F. Bronson, Esq., Andrew Drummond, Esq., Richard Cassells, Esq., J. R. Booth, Esq., Wm. Hamilton, Esq., G. E. Elliott, Esq., G. P. Drummond, Esq., George Malloch, Esq., and Rev. D. M. Gordon, with power to add to their number.

Dr. Grant thought the hour was too far advanced for any lengthened remarks, besides he had come under circumstances similar to those Mr. Wardrope had described. He had not had the advantage of hearing the former speeches. Twenty years had now passed away since he entered Queen's College, but he could not forget his *alma mater*, and he attributed the success which had attended him through life to the training and the education he had received there. He had great pleasure in hearing of the liberality which seemed to prevail in reference to the endowment of the college, and he took it as an instalment of what would yet come in from all parts of Ontario, and he trusted that a brighter dawn was opening for the college, and that the career of usefulness which had characterised her progress for the last quarter of a century would be continued with increasing power for good.

The resolution was then put and carried.

The hour being late, the chairman concluded with a few brief, but appropriate remarks.

LOCAL NEWS.

Star Club.—This is the last evening of the *Star* club for the present season. Having invited T.H.E. Club, the *Stars* request a full attendance of their members to give their guests a hearty welcome.

Sufferers by the Late Fire.—The committee appointed at the public meeting to devise means for relieving the indigent sufferers by the fire met yesterday afternoon, for the purpose for which they were appointed, and made some progress in their work.

Police Court.—Cassimir Dsoust was charged with breaking a window in the house of Joseph Dessault.

The Mayor heard a case at the police court at eleven o'clock. J. Brown was charged with assault and fined $4 and costs.

Recovered from the Debris of the Late Fire.—After a great deal of labour in the removal of the *debris* one of Mr. Desbarats' safes was recovered about dark last evening, but was not opened; that will probably be done to-day. We understand that this safe contained some very valuable papers and some money. It is greatly to be hoped that they may be found in a safe condition.

Personal.—Hon. W. McMaster, of Toronto, Mr. Joseph Price, Secretary and Treasurer of the Great Western Railway, of Hamilton, and Mr. Speaker Cockburn, arrived here by special train late on Monday night. Mr. Brunel, Aquila Walsh, M.P., S. B. Foote, of Quebec, H. Lemmon, of Brantford, and J. Ross Robertson, of Toronto, were among the arrivals last evening.

Auction Sale Still Going On.—Mr. Bermingham's great sale of defaulters' goods is still going on at Orme's store, opposite the Russell House. Positive instructions have been given that all must be sold, and the sale closed before Monday next. Great bargains may, therefore, be expected during the remainder of the week. See advertisement in another column.

Jewellery.—All kinds of jewellery, of the latest designs, and at the cheapest rates, can be bought of Young & Radford, Sparks-st.

Dry Goods.

Previous to Stock-taking

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY,

No. 14, Rideau-st.,

Offer great inducements to purchasers

IN DRESS GOODS, WINCEYS, &c.

They have made a great reduction in price

IN FANCY WOOLLENS, SCARFS, CLOUDS, &c.

They have resolved to clean out the whole of these goods at cost price

IN PRINTS, GREY and WHITE COTTONS,

and all other Cotton Goods.

They have splendid value

IN CANADIAN CLOTHS.

Their prices commence at 2s 6d per yard.

REMEMBER THE PLACE,

14 Rideau st.,

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY.

Ottawa, January 27, 1869.

*

Latest by Telegraph.

Per Montreal Line.

TORONTO.

Increase of Criminals--Burns' Anniversary Celebration -- Ex - Recorder Duggan to be County Court Judge of York--Lumbering Suspended on the Georgian Bay--Railway Agitation in Halifax, &c., &c.

Special to THE TIMES.

TORONTO, January 26.

The criminal returns of 1868, just issued, show the total number of offenders to be 4,872, being an increase of 561 over 1867, and larger than any previous year. On the record was one criminal who had been up twenty-four times.

Several tavern-keepers were before the Police Court to-day for infringement of the liquor law. The cases were postponed to Saturday.

Yesterday evening the Highland company, 10th Royals, celebrated Burns' birthday by a dinner at the American Hotel. About one hundred gentlemen were present.

A donation of $200 in aid of the Red River Relief Fund has been received from the County Council of Grey.

It is stated positively that ex-Recorder Duggan is to be Judge of the York County Court.

Lumbering is nearly suspended on Georgian Bay for want of snow, rendering it impossible to get out timber.

A Halifax despatch says a meeting of the Repeal League was called for last night. The railway agitation has roused the people in the eastern counties. The general impression is that the Dominion will furnish money for these railways. It is certain the Local Government cannot.

BARRIE.

W. D. Ardagh, Esq., Elected Warden of Simcoe.

Special to THE TIMES.

BARRIE, January 26.

W. D. Ardagh, Esq., Reeve of Barrie, has been elected Warden of the County of Simcoe, by a majority of two.

MONTREAL.

Special to THE TIMES.

MONTREAL, January 26.

The Congregation of Christ Church Cathedral, this afternoon, presented an address to Dr. Balch, in recognition of his valuable services rendered in the cause of Missions, and of his worth as one of Christ's ministers.

The ball to the Governor-General comes off at the St. Lawrence Hall.

A man named Lafleur died suddenly this afternoon of congestion of the brain.

The Montreal Typographical Union resolved to-night to present an address to Sir John Young on his approaching visit to Montreal. The following deputation was named to present it: Pierre Grifford, President; Rollo Campbell, William Watson, Stephen C. Kyte, Jno. Watkins, and Peter A. Crossby.

The market is quite, and the prices of flour and grain are unchanged. Pork and other provisions are tending upward.

QUEBEC.

THE QUEBEC LEGISLATURE.

Special to THE TIMES.

QUEBEC, January 26.

In the Quebec Assembly to-day Mr. Carter presented a petition from the Synod of Montreal, asking for a bill giving the Dean all the powers of a Bishop until a Bishop is appointed.

A congratulatory address to the Governor-General was passed, and a deputation appointed to present it.

CABLE NEWS.

GREAT BRITAIN.

QUEENSTOWN, January 26.—The steamships *England* and *Alpha*, from New York, have arrived.

LONDON, January 26.—The steamship *Perriere*, from Havre, 15th January, for New York, returned to port to-day badly damaged. The precise nature of the accident has not transpired. Six persons were killed, and many injured.

[NEW YORK, January 26.—The agent of the line here thinks the accident occurred in the engine-room, in which casualties are probably confined to *employes*.]

LONDON, January 26.—The *Times* has an article on the financial statements from Secretary McCulloch, Wells, and Washburne. It says if their ideas are accepted by the Government, the people will place the United States bonds on a footing with those of Massachusetts.

SPAIN.

MADRID, January 26.—Governor of Burges was assassinated yesterday when about to take an inventory of the goods in the cathedral in that city. The excitement is intense. The people generally sustain the Government. Many arrests of suspected parties have been made.

TURKEY.

CONSTANTINOPLE, January 26.—The Sublime Porte has issued a circular denying the reports that have been extensively circulated to the effect that Turkey is heavily arming. The Sultan confidently expects peace as the result of the Paris Conference.

CUBA.

HAVANA, January 26.—The United States Consul here yesterday formally demanded of Gen. Dulce, the body of Samuel Cohener, an American photographer, who was killed by some armed men belonging to the volunteer force; he also wished to be informed whether the Government was able to protect American citizens, and told the Captain-General that if it was not the United States would be compelled to protect them. Gen. Dulce answered politely, saying that he regretted the recent bloodshed, and expressed a hope that no further trouble would occur. He also requested the Consul to send a list of Americans to the Government authorities. The body of Mr. Cohener was at once delivered up. The night passed quietly.

On Sunday last a man was discovered attempting to enter the apartments of Gen. Dulce. His extraordinary conduct excited the suspicion of the authorities, and he was arrested. On search being made a concealed dagger was found on his person. He was sent to prison.

HAYTI.

NEWS VIA NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, January 26.—The *Herald's* Havana special says advices from St. Thomas state that Baez is entrenched in the capital, and has invited ex-President Cabreal, and his followers, who are now pushing the revolution, to return. The revolutionists have replied that they will do so, if Baez will abdicate, permit a new President to be elected, and release the prisoners now held.

AMERICAN NEWS.

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES.

Decision in the Supreme Court on the Steamship "China" Case.

WASHINGTON, January 25.—The decision of the Supreme Court to-day, in the case of the steamship *China*, affirmed constitutionally the New York Pilot Laws, holding that in-bound and out-bound vessels must have a pilot, and that colliding vessels in the above case were responsible according as they had or had not pilots on board.

Pork Packing Establishment Burnt.

BOSTON, January 25:—Boynton, Swallow & Company's pork packing establishment at Brighton was burnt last evening: Loss $50,000.

Sailors on a "Strike" in New York.

NEW YORK, January 24.—Sailors of every nationality, to the number of 1,200 or 1,500, have struck for $30 per month. They marched in procession to Franklin Square, where speeches were made by several parties in denunciation of the action of the shipmasters in reducing the wages to $16, and it was resolved that no sailor should leave port under less pay than $30 per month, and any doing so were threatened with rough treatment. The men then marched down South-st., cheering one firm who expressed a willingness to give the advance, and groaning for others who refused, and finally dispersed.

A Baltimore Bank Robbed.

NEW YORK, January 25.—A despatch from Baltimore says a bank in that city was robbed on Saturday night of $120,000.

The Union Pacific Railroad.

OMAHA, January 25.—One thousand miles of the Union Pacific railroad is now finished and in operation. The Central Pacific Railroad Company having built 500 miles, but 200 miles remain to be built. There is now no doubt that the entire line to the Pacific will be opened early this spring.

The United States Senate.

WASHINGTON, January 25.—In the Senate to-day Mr. Robinson declared that the people of the United States will not approve of the ratification of the treaty for the settlement of the *Alabama* claims, nor of any other treaty with England, while American citizens are held as prisoners in Great Britain for acts done under the American flag, and the people think the settlement of the *Alabama* claims of very little importance.—Referred to Committee on Foreign Affairs.

Two New Brigadier-Generals Nominated.

WASHINGTON, January 21.—The President yesterday nominated Robert C. Buchanan and A. C. Gillem to be Brigadier-Generals in the place of Rousseau and Hooker.

Grant Opposed to the "Alabama" Treaty.

NEW YORK, January 26.—The *Tribune's* special says Gen. Grant is strongly opposed to the pending *Alabama* claims treaty. The following is his position in his own words: "The treaty is unjust to the United States, because it assumes to measure injury inflicted upon this country by money value of ships actually destroyed; whereas the chief damage to our commerce was in our ships being driven from the seas by Anglo-Rebel pirates. In addition to this the sympathy extended by the English Government to the South prolonged the war at least a year, and for all lives lost and money expended during this time England is directly responsible. The treaty proposes to settle all these things by the payment of the paltry value of a few ships.

Congress.

The House Postal Committee at their meeting to-day, heard an argument by Mr. Hubbard on behalf of his cheap telegraphic system, but without arriving at any conclusion. The subject was postponed until Wednesday next. To-morrow the committee will have under consideration the bill of Mr. Conness to establish a line of steamers between New York and Europe.

Vigilance Committees in New York City.

The *Sun* says in view of the late murders and highway robberies here Vigilance Committees have been organized in the fifth and fifteenth wards.

BRITISH AMERICA FIRE ASSURANCE COMPANY—This well-known and long-established Company continue to take risks in this city at the usual rates. Herrick, Brush & Co., agents. 957a

MESSRS. YOUNG & RADFORD having secured the services of first-class working jewellers in etruscan, filagree, plain, fancy and solid gold work, and having made large additions to their work shop are now better prepared to execute any orders with which they may be entrusted than heretofore. Masonic jewels, gold and silver medals, and every kind of ewellery repaired.

—For a choice selection of New Tapestry Brussells, Kidderminster and Imperial 3-pl Carpets, Cocoa Matting, Floor Oil Cloths, Hearth Rugs, Crumb Cloths and Door Mats; Damasks, Repps, Curtain Trimmings, Lace and Muslin Curtains, go to Magee & Russell's new Store, next door to Mr. John Leslie's, Sparks-st.

DRESS GOODS.—A large assortment of ball and evening dresses; also, in fancy, black, Japanese, and Foulard silks, poplins, &c., at T. & W. Hunton's, whose stock is constantly supplied by their resident agents in London and Paris. Evening silks, &c., shewn by gas light in a room prepared for the purpose, at any hour of the day.

For fine bog oak brooches and ear rings in sets, see Young & Radford's new lot, just received, and selling at the very low price of only 90 cts. per set.

What is the healthy, worldly man's ambition wealth, wealth, wealth. And what the poor invalid's, health, health, health. 'Tis true, gold is dross compared with health. Take care of it, but if you have already lost it from disease of the throat, lungs, liver, kidneys, or digestive organs, &c., remember that there has never been heretofore a medicine that could in any way compete with the Great Shoshonese Remedy for the radical cure of those diseases.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

Reported by Telegraph.

[*For daily report of Ottawa Markets, see Fourth Page.*]

New York Money Market.

NEW YORK, January 26.—Gold 36¾.

New York Markets.

NEW YORK, January 26.—Cotton firm at 28¼c. Flour—receipts 8,000 barrels; sales 7,100 barrels, at $6.35 for superfine State and western; $7 @ 7.35 for common to choice extra State; $6.80 @ 7.75 for common to choice extra western.—Rye flour quiet at $5.25 @ 7.50.—Wheat dull.—Rye quiet; sales (Canada) at $1.55.—Corn dull; receipts 15,000 bushels; sales 38,000 bushels at 94c. @ 95c. for new mixed western; $1.06 for old do.—Barley quiet.—Oats dull; receipts 3,600 bushels; sales 17,000 bushels at 74½c. @ 76c. for western in store; 76c. @ 77c. for do. afloat.—Pork firmer and quiet at $30 @ 31 for new mess; $29 @ 29.28 for old mess.—Lard firm at 19c. @ 20½c. for steam; 20½c. @ 20¾c. for kettle rendered.

London Money Market.

LONDON, January 26—3 p.m.—Consols 93½; Bonds, 75¾; Illinois Central, 92½; Erie, 96½.

Liverpool Markets.

LIVERPOOL, January 26—3 P.M.—Cotton dull; Middling Uplands, 11¼d. @ 11½d.; Flour 26s. @ 28s. 6d.; Red wheat 9s. @ 11s.; white wheat 11s. 8d.; old corn 28s. @ 35s; new do. 34s.; barley 5s.; oats 3s. 6d.; peas 44s.; pork 74s. 6d. @ 92s. 6d.

MARRIED.

At Ottawa, on the 26th instant, at the residence of the bride's brother, by the Rev. Thomas Wardrope, Andrew Forbes, Esq., Merchant, Pembroke, to Isabella, second daughter of the late Thomas Russell, Esq., Fauldhouse, Scotland.

STEAM ENGINE WANTED.

Any person having a GOOD SECOND-HAND STEAM ENGINE—about six horse power—in good running order, can find a ready purchaser by addressing "A.B.," Box C., Post Office, Ottawa.
Ottawa, January 25. 956-3

STOVES,

LAMPS, &c.,

BELOW COST, at

ESMONDE BROS.,
Sparks-st.,
Opposite Ontario Bank.

Dye Works.

BRANCH OF ST. LAWRENCE DYE WORKS, Elgin-st., (*Opposite the Russell House,*) Ottawa, Ont.

MACDONALD & CO.,
SILK AND WOOLLEN DYERS,
Scourers, Hot Pressers, &c.

Gentlemen's Clothes cleaned and dyed. Kid Gloves cleaned. 894-3m

Dry Goods.

KEARNS & RYAN,

KEARNS & RYAN,

KEARNS & RYAN.

THE ABOVE FIRM

having bought out the

BANKRUPT STOCK

AND

LEASE OF PREMISES LATELY OCCUPIED BY

MESSRS. GRANT & HENDERSON,

AT A

LOW COMPOSITION IN THE POUND,

are now prepared, and will sell from this date

THE WHOLE OF THE ABOVE STOCK,

DIVIDED

BETWEEN THEIR TWO HOUSES,

AT AN

IMMENSE REDUCTION

FROM ORIGINAL PRICES,

THE SALE TO CONTINUE

UNTIL THE

WHOLE STOCK IS SOLD OUT.

GREAT BARGAINS

may be expected.

KEARNS & RYAN.

Ottawa, January 22, 1869. 954-3m

Auction Sale.

By A. Rowe, Auctioneer.

ASSIGNEE'S SALE.

WILL BE SOLD BY PUBLIC AUCTION, WITHOUT RESERVE,

ON MONDAY, AND FOLLOWING DAYS,

At A. Rowe's Sale Rooms, Ottawa,

the whole of the STOCK IN TRADE belonging to the

ESTATE OF G. J. MARSTON Jr.,

COMPRISING

SHELF HARDWARE, GROCERIES, &c.

Sale at 3 o'clock, and 7 p.m.

T. S. BROWN, Official Assignee.
A. ROWE, Auctioneer.

Ottawa, January 26, 1869. 957-7i

By A. Rowe, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE OF HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.

MR. A. ROWE has received instructions from Mr. DAVID MILLAR, who is leaving the city, to sell on FRIDAY, the 29th INSTANT, at his residence, Besserer-st., third door off Cumberland-st., the whole of his Household Furniture, consisting in part as follows:

1 Walnut Sofa—hair cloth, 1 Rocking Chair do., 4 Walnut H. B. Chairs—all new. 1 Black Walnut Writing Desk, 1 Mahogany Centre Table, 1 Large Bookcase, glass slides, 1 Velvet Pile Table Cover (new), 1 Picture in Gilt Frame, Saturday Night, 1 do., do., do., Departure of Highland Bride, 1 set of 6 Pictures in Rosewood Frames, Pic-Nic to Montmorency, Several other Pictures in Frames, 6 Oak Dining-room Cane Bottom Chairs [new], 1 Walnut Dining Table, 1 Mahogany Sofa, [large], 1 Lounge, Damask covered, 1 Rocking Chair, with Cane Bottom and Cane Back, Kitchen Chairs, Walnut Bedsteads, Washstands and Delf, Mahogany Bureaus, Breakfast, Dinner and Tea Sets, Parlour and Kitchen Stoves, and Kitchen Utensils, a large Kitchen Table and Falling Leaf Table, 33 yards Splendid Brussels Carpet [new], 24 yards 2 ply all-wool Carpet, 25 yards 3 ply Bed-room Carpet, Hall Oil Cloth, 1 Eight-day Clock [new], and numerous other articles.

Sale to commence at ELEVEN o'clock, a.m. Terms Cash in bankable funds.

958td A. ROWE, Auctioneer.

By J. Bermingham, Auctioneer.

IMPORTANT ANNOUNCEMENT

To Jobbers, Dealers, Housekeepers, and all whom it may concern.

VERY EXTENSIVE

AUCTION SALE

OF

DEFAULTERS' STOCK!

Dry Goods, Cloths,

Dress Goods, Blankets,

Fancy Goods, Watches,

Small Wares, &c., &c.,

IN GREAT VARIETY.

The subscriber has been favoured with instructions from the Montreal Attorney of Messrs. Gonpiel, Harris & Co., General Merchants, London England, to sell, by Public Auction, at

ORME'S NEW STORE,

Opposite the Russell House, Sparks-st., on

SATURDAY MORNING NEXT,

23rd Instant, and to continue on the following

Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday, Friday and Saturday,

a large and valuable consignment of the undermentioned Goods, being part of an IMMENSE STOCK absconded with from England by Defaulters, who are now under arrest—

The stock comprises Heavy Moscow Beavers, West of England all Wool Broadcloths, all Wool English Doeskins, Tweeds, Cassimeres, Meltons, Cheviots, Venetians, Sultanas, Sealskins, Cobourgs, Lion Cord Gala Plaids, Balmoral Skirts, Filled Shawls, Scotch Long Shawls, Knitted Shawls Opera Cloaks, Clouds, Silk Dress Goods, Vestings, Scarfs, Neck Ties, Linen Table Cloths and Sheeting [Extra Fine], White Moselle and Coloured Alhambra Quilts, Blankets, Scotch Lamb's Wool Shirts and Drawers, all-wool Flannels, Carriage Rugs, &c., &c., together with a considerable stock of Watches, Fancy Goods, and Small Wares, too numerous to mention.

Sale each day at 10 a. m., 2 p.m., and 7 p.m. sharp.

J. BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer.

LOCHLIN McCORMICK,
Agent for Attorney.

Ottawa, January 23, 1869. 955i

REMOVAL.

MISS MAGUIRE'S MILLINERY ESTABLISHMENT is now REMOVED to the Store next to Messrs. Magee & Russell, Sparks-st.

Ottawa, January 23. 955d

Wholesale & Retail.

LAST CHANCE!

ONLY

ONE WEEK MORE

OF THE

GREAT CHEAP SALE

OF

COTTON GOODS,

By the "Piece" at Wholesale Prices.

150 PIECES BLEACHED SHIRTING,
175 " GREY do
200 " PRINTS,
20 " UNBLEACHED SHEETING,
10 " BLEACHED SHEETING

On the arrival of our "NEW COTTON GOODS" next month, we will be compelled to advance prices about two cents per yard.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

LAST CHANCE!

ONLY

ONE WEEK MORE

OF THE

GREAT CHEAP SALE

OF

COTTON GOODS,

By the "Piece" at Wholesale Prices.

150 PIECES BLEACHED SHIRTING,
175 " GREY do
200 " PRINTS,
20 " UNBLEACHED SHEETING,
10 " BLEACHED SHEETING

On the arrival of our "NEW COTTON GOODS" next month, we will be compelled to advance prices about two cents per yard.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

Groceries.

For sale by the undersigned

300 BBLS. MESS PORK.
200 BBLS. THIN MESS PORK.
500 BBLS. STRONG SUPER FLOUR.

COAL OIL.

Having been appointed by the combination their agents for

COAL OIL,

They are now prepared to sell in quantities to suit the trade, by the

BARREL OR CAR LOAD,

AT THE

LOWEST PRICES

Agents for Hiram Walker's

HIGHWINES

RYE,

PROOF, and

MONONGAHELA WHISKEYS.

Agent for

REESOR BROS. CHEESE.

Agents for John Campbell's celebrated

HAMS,

BACON, &c.

C. T. BATE & CO.,
Canal Basin.

Ottawa, Dec. 12, 1868.

Wants.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY.

A WET NURSE.

Apply to

DR. WOOD,
953f Sparks-st.

WANTED,

AN EXPERIENCED SALESMAN,

to take charge of a GROCERY AND DRY GOODS ESTABLISHMENT in this city. Good references required. Apply at this office.

Ottawa, Jan. 21, 1869. 953a

ROYAL INSURANCE COMPANY OF *LIVERPOOL AND LONDON.*

NOTICE

is hereby given that owing to the INEFFICIENCY OF THE MEANS FOR EXTINGUISHING FIRES, AND THE TOTAL WANT OF WATER in the City of Ottawa, the AGENCY OF THIS COMPANY is from this date

CLOSED.

All policies are held good until the date of expiry.

H. L. ROUTH,
General Agent.

January 23, 1869. 955-3

THE UNION FORWARDING AND RAILWAY COMPANY.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE *SUBSCRIBERS OF STOCK,* OF THE Union Forwarding and Railway Company, will be held at THEIR OFFICE in the CITY OF OTTAWA, ON *Wednesday, 10th day of February, Next,* at TWELVE o'clock, noon, for the ELECTION OF DIRECTORS, and the transaction of general business.

By order,

R. S. CASSELS,
President.

Ottawa, January 22, 1869. 954d

COAL! COAL!

NEWCASTLE GRATE, (Screened.)

LACKAWANNA, (Egg and Stove Sizes.)

LEHIGH, (Lump and Egg Sizes.)

BLACKSMITH'S, $6 per Chaldron.

For Sale by

D. W. COWARD & CO.,
Commission Merchants,
912-3m Office—17 Sparks-st.

Jewellery, &c.

FOR CHRISTMAS AND NEW YEAR'S

PRESENTS,

IN GOLD & SILVER WATCHES,

Go to YOUNG & RADFORD'S,

30 Sparks-st.

FOR CHRISTMAS AND NEW YEAR'S

PRESENTS,

GOLD CHAINS & FINE JEWELLERY,

Go to YOUNG & RADFORD'S.

FOR CHRISTMAS AND NEW YEAR'S

PRESENTS,

IN PLATED WARE,

Go to YOUNG & RADFORD'S.

FOR CHRISTMAS AND NEW YEAR'S

PRESENTS,

IN FANCY GOODS,

SUITABLE FOR THE SEASON,

Go to YOUNG & RADFORD'S.

PARTIES WANTING WORK

SUITABLE FOR PRESENTATIONS

FOR CHRISTMAS OR NEW YEAR,

Will find it to their advantage to

Go to YOUNG & RADFORD'S,

30 Sparks-st.

Stationery.

NEW GOODS.

Just received, ex steamship *St. David*, a large importation of the best British manufactured

STAPLE STATIONERY,

IN

LETTER PAPERS,
NOTE PAPERS,
ENVELOPES,
FOOLSCAPS,
FOLIO POSTS,
RECORD PAPERS,
TINTED BLOTTING PAPERS,
MUSIC PAPER,
&c., &c., &c.

For sale at

THE OTTAWA CITIZEN Stationery and Printing House, Queen-st., Ottawa.

Groceries.

THE TEA POT LIST.

In Cases, Hhd. and ¼ Casks,

HENNESSEY'S BRANDY,

&

MARTELL'S do

OTARD, DUPEY & Co., do

JULES, ROBIN & Co., do

CASTILLION & Co., do.

In Bottle or Wood,

GRAHAM'S EXTRA OLD PORT,

GRAHAM'S THREE GRAPE,

SANDEMAN'S CHOICE OLD PORT

McKENZIE'S Pure Golden SHERRY

DUNN'S BROWN, do

CHOICE PALE, do.

THE

FINEST BALTIMORE OYSTERS,

Received daily, by Express.

CHIPPAWA pure old RYE WHISKEY
Four years old, equal to any French Brandy.

CHIPPAWA TODDY WHISKEY,
Four years old, equal to Scotch.

CHIPPAWA FAMILY PROOF.

J. G. ROBINSON & Co.
The Tea Pot, Ottawa

Ottawa, Dec. 16 1868.

ON SALE,

GOODERHAM & WORTS'

RECTIFIED SPIRITS.

100 BBLS. CELEBRATED OLD RYE,
100 do HIGHWINES, 50 O.P.
100 do ALCOHOL, 65 O.P.

The trade supplied at manufacturers' prices.

REDPATH'S EXTRA GOLDEN SYRUP
REDPATH'S STANDARD do
NEW YORK HOUSE SYRUP,
100 BBLS. WEST INDIA MOLASSES.
500 CHESTS UNCOLORED JAPAN TEA.
100 CADDIES ORANGE PEKOE TEA
150 CHESTS TWANKAY.
200 CADDIES BRIGHT SOL TOBACCO.
100 BOXES TOBACCO, 10s.
500 BARRELS EXTRA SUPERIOR FLOUR.
300 BBLS. MESS PORK, to arrive.

J. G. ROBINSON & Co.
December 16, 1868. 926-3m

OTTAWA MARKETS.

[Compiled expressly for the OTTAWA TIMES.]

Times Office, Ottawa, Jan. 27, 1869.

There was some improvement in the market yesday, though it was by no means a full one.

Oats were offering in large quantities at 38 to 40 cents.

Pork was in tolerable supply, and sold at $9.

Beef was plentiful, and sold at $5 to $6.50.

Mutton was plentiful at 5½ to 6 cents.

Butter, Poultry and **Potatoes** were scarce at former prices.

Hay was in good quantity, selling readily at $18 to $20.

Wood well supplied at last quotations.

FLOUR—Extra	6 50 @	6 75
No. 1	5 25 @	5 50
No. 2	none.	
Bags—Fall per 100 lbs	3 25 @	3 37½
" Spring "	2 62½ @	2 75
Oatmeal—per 200 lbs	7 00 @	7 25
Indian Meal "	4 00 @	0 00
Rye—per bushel 56 lbs	0 85 @	0 90
Barley " 48 lbs	0 90 @	0 00
Buckwheat Flour	4 00 @	4 50
WHEAT—Fall—per bushel, 60 lbs	1 25 @	1 30
Spring "	1 20 @	1 25
CORN—Per bushel, 56 lbs	0 85 @	0 90
Peas " 60 lbs	0 00 @	0 00
Oats " 34 lbs	0 38 @	0 60
Beans " 60 lbs	1 80 @	0 00
PORK—Mess—per barrel	25 00 @	26 00
Prime Mess per do	17 00 @	17 50
Prime	none.	
Pork (fresh)	0 00 @	9 00
Hams	0 15 @	0 17
Beef per 100 lbs	5 50 @	7 25
Mutton—per lb	0 5½ @	0 6
Geese—Each	0 50 @	0 60
Ducks	0 50 @	0 60
Turkeys—Each	1 00 @	2 00
Poultry—Per pair	0 50 @	0 60
BUTTER—Choice Table	0 25 @	0 00
No. 1 Firkin	0 22 @	0 24
No. 3	0 00 @	0 00
Eggs	0 22 @	0 25
Apples—per bri	0 00 @	4 50
VEGETABLES, &c.—Potatoes	0 38 @	0 40
HAY—Per ton	18 00 @	20 00
WOOD—Tarcord (cubic measure)	3 25 @	0 00
Mixed Wood	3 00 @	0 00
Tamarac	2 00 @	0 00
Soft Wood	2 00 @	0 00

Testimonials to the Montreal Tea Company.

FILCOMB.—Montreal Tea Company: Gentlemen, the Oolong tea which you sent me gives me great satisfaction. I forwarded part of the chest to a friend in Toronto who informs me he considers it as good as he has been paying one dollar per lb. for. Please send me a chest of Young Hyson at same price, viz: at 75c. per lb. Address as before. Your obedient servant, JNO. T. DAY.

CONGOU.—Montreal Tea Company: Gentlemen, I beg to inform you that the two boxes of tea you sent me are of excellent quality, especially the Young Hyson at 60 cents. Please send another box or 20 lbs., at same price, and oblige yours, &c, F. OLIVER.

QUEBEC—Gentlemen, the box of green tea you sent me a 65c. is far better than the tea we have been paying 90c. for. Yours truly, P. A. BROLET.

—We have pleasure in directing attention to the advertisement of the Montreal Tea Company. We can assure our tea-drinking readers that an incredible saving can be effected and a much better article procured by adopting the suggestions thrown out by this company. From personal knowledge we can say that the Montreal Tea Company is a most satisfactory institution to deal with. Merchants and others by making purchases from this Company will save a very large per centage.—*Cornwall Freeholder.* [Most of our readers are acquainted with the editor of the *Freeholder*, and know that what he states from personal knowledge can be entirely relied on. [Ed. Beacon.] Stratford *Beacon.*

Montreal Tea Company, 6 Hospital-st., Montreal: The Congou Tea you sent me in December last, gives great satisfaction, and is much superior to anything of the kind at that price, which we have been accustomed to get from other houses in your city. Very truly yours, W. E. JONES.

Richmond *Guardian* Office, Richmond.

QUEBEC.—The Montreal Tea Company: Gentlemen, the chest of mixed tea at 55 cents I received is excellent in quality, and fully 20 cents cheaper than I have been paying. Your obdt. servant, THOS. TRUDEL.

WINDSOR.—Gentlemen, I received the Tea according to contract. I am very well satisfied with it, and can thoroughly recommend it. Yours truly, JOHN HERITAGE.

To the Montreal Tea Company, Montreal.

The Montreal Tea Company: It is pretty clear that when an individual or a firm makes a speciality of a particular trade—in other words—turns all resources and energies in one direction, then we find profits reduced and excellence secured. This has been the case in respect to the operations of the Company named. The qualities of Tea supplied are the best in the country, and by reference to the advertisement, it will be seen that, in price also, an inducement to patronage is offered the public.—*Woodstock Times.*

A large consignment of the Montreal Tea Company's pure teas have been received by the undersigned. There is no paint, dye, or black lead used in these teas to make them look well. Boxes, 12 lbs. and upwards. See advertisement for list of prices.

JOSEPH MOONEY,
Russell House Block

A meritorious article is Hall's Sicilian Hair Renewer; it is rapidly becoming known and widely and deservedly popular. It is apparently nothing in itself but an agreeably perfumed and pleasant hair dressing, but it contains the most wonderful curative properties for loss of hair, and after using it a short time, gray hair is restored to its natural color. If any of our readers doubt it, let them try a single bottle of the "Renewer," and they will add their testimonial to the truth of what we say.—*Sentinel, Burlington, Vt.*

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Coughs and Colds—Sudden changes of climate are sources of Pulmonary Bronchial and Asthmatic affections. Experience having proved that simple remedies often act speedily and certainly when taken in the early stages of the disease, recourse should at once be had to "Brown's Bronchial Troches," or Lozenges. Few are aware of the importance of checking a cough, or what is "common cold," in its first stage. That which in the beginning would yield to a mild remedy, if neglected soon attacks the lungs. "Brown's Bronchial Troches," or Cough Lozenges, allay irritation which induces coughing, having a DIRECT influence on the affected parts. As there are imitations, be sure to ASK FOR BROWN'S *genuine.* Sold by all dealers in medicines, at 25 cents a box.

Mothers! Mothers! Mothers!—Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with the excruciating pain of cutting teeth? If so, go at once and get a bottle of MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately—depend upon it: there is no mistake about it. There is not a mother on earth who has ever used it, who will not tell you at once that it will regulate the bowels, and give rest to the mother, and relief and health to the child, operating like magic. It is perfectly safe to use in all cases, and pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Price 25 cents. Sold everywhere. Be sure to call for "MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP." Having the *fac-simile* of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations

Mothers Read This!—Holloway's Worm Lozenges are a certain and safe remedy for Worms in Children and Adults.—As it is a well-known and melancholy fact that one great cause of death among children is from Worms alone, it cannot be too deeply impressed upon the minds parents the necessity of closely watching their children. By so doing; and understanding the symptoms and true cause of the disease, thousands of children might be saved from early graves. SYMPTOMS OF WORMS.—The following are a few of the very numerous symptoms and diseases which are caused by Worms: deranged appetite, emaciated extremities, offensive breath frequent picking at the nose, grinding of the teeth during sleep, hardness of the belly, with frequent slimy stools, and sometimes convulsive fits; itching of the arms, pain in the head and stomach, unquiet sleep, faintings, tremblings, coughs, indigestion, low spirits, frightful dreams, and a gradual wasting away of flesh.

They are palatable and self-administered to the child—drive out the worms thoroughly without pain and completely cleanse the stomach—thereby doing away with the necessity of administering Castor Oil or other unpleasant cathartics—as in the use of other Worms.

Each box contains the fac-simile signature of NORTHROP & LYMAN, Newcastle, C.W., who are the sole proprietors.

N.B. Ask for *Holloway's Worm Lozenges* and take no other. Sold by all the druggists in Ottawa, and medicine dealer every where. 578y

DOMINION Telegraph Company!

Capital Stock.....$500,000,

IN 10,000 SHARES AT $50 EACH.

President, HON. WM. CAYLEY.

Secretary. H. B. REEVE.

Treasurer, HON. J. McMURRICH.

Counsel. MESSRS. CAMERON & McMICHAEL.

General Superintendent. MARTIN RYAN.

DIRECTORS.

HON. J. McMURRICH—Bryce, McMurrich & Co.; Toronto.
A. R. McMASTER, Esq.,—A. R. McMaster & Brother, Toronto.
HON. M. C. CAMERON,—Provincial Secretary, Toronto.
JAMES MICHIE, Esq.,—Fulton, Michie & Co., and Geo. Michie & Co., Toronto.
HON. WM. CAYLEY,—Toronto.
A. M. SMITH, Esq.,—A. M. Smith & Co., Toronto.
L. MOFFATT, Esq.,—Moffatt, Murray & Co., Toronto.
H. B. REEVE, Esq.,—Toronto.
MARTIN RYAN, Esq.,—Toronto.

PROSPECTUS.

THE DOMINION TELEGRAPH COMPANY has been organized under the Act respecting Telegraph Companies, chapter 51 of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada. Its object is to cover the Dominion of Canada with a complete net-work of Telegraph lines.

THE CAPITAL STOCK

Is $500,000, divided into 10,000 shares of $50 each, 5 per cent to be paid at the time of subscribing, the balance to be paid by instalments, not exceeding 10 per cent per month—said instalments to be called in as the works progress.

THE BUSINESS AFFAIRS OF THE COMPANY

are under the management of a Board of Directors annually elected by the shareholders in conformity with the Charter and By-laws of the Company.

The Directors are of opinion that it would be to the interest of the Stockholders generally to obtain subscriptions from all quarters of Canada, and with this view they propose to divide the Stock amongst the different towns and cities throughout the Dominion in allotments suited to the population and business occupations of the different localities and the interest which they may be supposed to take in such an enterprise.

CONTRACTS OF CONNECTIONS.

A contract, granting permanent connection and extraordinary advantages, has already been executed, between this Company and the Atlantic and Pacific Company of New York; thus, at the very commencement, as the Lines of this Company are constructed from the Suspension Bridge, at Clifton (the point of connection) to any point in the Dominion, all the chief cities and places in the States, touched by the Lines of the Atlantic and Pacific Telegraph Company, are brought in immediate connection therewith.

A permanent connection has also been secured with the Great Western Telegraph Company of Chicago, whereby this Company will be brought into close connection with all the Lake Ports and other places through the North Western States, and through to California.

All classes of Society are interested in extending the use of the Telegraph, at LOW RATES, and the Directors are satisfied, that the adoption of a scale of charges considerably below the rates now exacted in Canada, will by encouraging a much more extended use of this medium of communication, not only prove a real and substantial benefit to the public generally, but will also ensure a safe and profitable return to the Investor.

On the 25th day of June, A.D., 1868, the DOMINION TELEGRAPH COMPANY was duly CHARTERED according to law.

The admitted importance and value of Telegraphy would, in the opinion of the Directors, have rendered any introduction of the Dominion Telegraph Company to the Canadian public unnecessary had it not been that previous attempts to establish Telegraph Companies in Canada, to share the business with the Montreal Company, had been allowed to fall through.

The success of a Telegraph Company will mainly depend on its ability to meet the demands of the public, and consequently it should possess, at least, equal facilities with any other Company, of access to all quarters with which its customers may desire to have communication.

This important requisite has not been, until now, within the reach of any Company entering the field as a competitor with the Montreal Company, in consequence of the close and exclusive connection formed between that Company and the Western Union Company, of the United States, the latter by virtue of certain patents, having until within these two years, monopolized nearly the whole of the telegraph business of the neighboring republic.

The business relations between these two Companies continue in full force, but the patents having run out, the monopoly so long enjoyed by the Western Union has ceased to exist.

The Atlantic and Pacific, the Great Western, and other American Companies have invaded the field, and have become successful competitors for the public patronage and support. These Companies, acting on the cheap postage principle, have forced the old monopolist to a reduction of rates, which has resulted in a more widely extended use of this means of communication, and much to the surprise of the Western Union itself, has increased its profits, whilst sharing its field of operations.

With these new Companies the Dominion Telegraph Company of Canada have entered into most satisfactory business relations, and confident of the soundness of the principle which led to the adoption of the penny-postage system in Great Britain, the voluntary reduction from $100 to $16.65 per ten words of the Ocean Cable Company, and the successful operations of the Companies recently established in the United States, invite the business and mercantile community of Canada to join them in the promotion of an enterprise, based on the principle of moderate rates and extended business which, while injuring no one, they confidently expect will result in securing a large return to the investor, and prove a vast benefit to the community.

Allusion has been made to the voluntary reduction of rates by the Atlantic Cable Company. A Chicago paper, writing on the subject of the growing use of the Telegraph, gives the following return as obtained directly from Cyrus W. Field, showing very conclusively the benefit both to the public and the Company of the reduction of rates.

AVERAGE DAILY RECEIPTS.

From $100 per message of ten words	$2,525
do 50 do do	2,895
do 25 do do	3,965

An advertisement has recently appeared announcing to the public that the rates from 1st September, proximo, will be further reduced to $16.65 per ten words.

The following table shows the reduction which has been effected in rates in the neighboring States arising out of the construction of competing lines:—

From New York to	*Former Rate.*	*Present Rate.*
Boston	$ 60	$ 30
Bangor	1 20	65
Portland	90	50
Philadelphia	40	25
Baltimore	70	35
Washington	75	40
Augusta, Me	1 20	60
Cincinnati	1 90	1 00
Buffalo	75	50
Cleveland	1 95	1 00
Pittsburgh	1 15	45
Louisville	1 95	1 00

This reduction took place in November, 1867. A comparison of the receipts of the Western Union since that period with the corresponding months of the previous year gives the following results:—

Gross Receipts for

December, 1866	$ 551,971 40;	December, 1867	$576,135 19; Increase $ 24,163 79
Jany., Feb., March, '67	1,594,644 96;	Jany., Feb., March, '68	1,727,939 55; Increase 133,294 59
April, May, June, '67	1,589,778 79;	April, May, June, '68	1,749,631 52; Increase 159,852 73

While these beneficial results were flowing to the Western Union Company from the reduction of rates, the new Companies had created a business more than sufficient to fill their wires. In proof of this the following extract is taken from the report of the Atlantic and Pacific Company, made July 28th, 1868:

"In April last we reached the maximum capacity of our wires, and have since been compelled to refuse business daily. The Committee, therefore, have reached the conclusion from the actual experience of building and working the present lines—that

"Telegraphic business is growing faster than Telegraphic facilities."

As further proof on this point, the low rates have so pressed the wires of both Companies with business through the day, that posters have been placed in all the main offices proclaiming that double the number of words would be telegraphed at night at the same price as half the number of words by day.

In support of the observation quoted above, that telegraphic business is growing faster than telegraphic facilities, the following statement exhibiting the wonderful increase in the use of the wire, within the last six years, cannot be without interest to our readers. The gross earnings of all telegraph lines in the United States for the following years were:—

1848	$ 4,228 77	1864	$3,792,245 40
1849	63,338 98	1865	4,420,268 88
1853	163,860 84	1866	5,624,501 20
1862	2,734,960 40	1867	7,641,552 47
1863	3,269,442 66		

Showing an average increase of a million a year for the last five years.

A comparison of the number of messages, and persons using the wire in Canada and the States, furnishes a further proof of the advantage to the public and corresponding benefit to the Companies arising out of a reduction of rates.

The published returns for 1867, show that 509.757 messages were sent in Canada, while the messages in the United States for the same period exceeded 20,000,000, the former being less than one message to every six persons, the latter, two to every three. From these returns and results it may be reasonably inferred that a reduction of rates to a tariff at which the wires of both Companies can be filled, will secure a fair field and good prospects to the Dominion Company without in any way prejudicing the interests of the Company now monopolizing the ground.

The particulars submitted above are sufficient in the opinion of the Directors to establish the fact that low rates, by encouraging a more general use of the telegraph, are more profitable than high. It is not, however, solely in the light of a safe and good investment that the Directors desire that this enterprise should be viewed. They feel that their object will be but indifferently attained unless they can satisfy the public, the business and commercial men, that ALL who use the telegraph as a medium of rapid communication, are interested in the establishment of what may be called a competing line. As in the administration of public affairs, a strong, watchful opposition, is the best security for good and careful government: so in commercial matters, an honest rivalry in the various pursuits and branches of trade furnishes the best security that the public shall be well served.

To apply the argument to the purpose in hand, the following table showing the inconsistencies, and, in many instances, the excessive rates now charged on messages passing between the cities and towns of Ontario, Quebec and the United States, will, it is believed, convince the reader that an honest competition is needed, not only for the reduction and adjustment of rates, but also to ensure that attention and care which would of necessity be enforced on the Companies competing for public favor, and thus tend greatly to promote the general interests of the community.

EXAMPLE OF THE PRESENT TARIFF RATES, WITH DISTANCES.

		MILES.	CANADA MONEY.
From Toronto	to Suspension Bridge	82	40c
Do do	Montreal	333	50
Do do	Mitchell, Seaforth, Bothwell, Ailsa Craig, Caledonia, Chatham, Dunville, Newbury, Port Burwell, Port Colborne and many other places		40
Do do	Kingston	160	25
Do do	Quebec	505	50

Example at present tariff rates to Buffalo, and from thence to the following places, in U.S. currency, which reduced to Canada money at 45 per cent premium, makes the actual cost, as in second column:—

Price Collected at Toronto.		ACTUAL COST, BOTH TARIFFS.		
To New York	80c.	From Toronto to Buffalo		30c
		Buffalo to New York.	50c	Reduced to Canada Money. 35c—$0 65
To Philadelphia	$1 05	From Toronto to Buffalo		30c
		Buffalo to Philadelphia.	75c	Reduced to Canada Money. 52c—$0 82
To Washington	$1 30	From Toronto to Buffalo		30c
		Buffalo to Washington.	90c	Reduced to Canada Money. 62c—$0 92
To Baltimore	$1 30	From Toronto to Buffalo		30c
		Buffalo to Baltimore.	85c	Reduced to Canada Money. 59c—$0 89
To Chicago	$1 35	From Toronto to Detroit		60c
		Detroit to Chicago.	75c	Reduced to Canada Money. 52c—$1 12
To New Orleans	$3 65	From Toronto to Buffalo		30c
		Buffalo to New Orleans.	$2 75c	Reduced to Canada Money. ....$1 90c—$2 20

NOTE.—The same illustration may be applied to all the places in the United States. Canadians are obliged to pay a profit on the published rates.

Subscription Books will be opened at the Office of the Company, 83 King-st. east, on and after September 1st 1868.

H. B. REEVE, Secretary.

Toronto, September 29, 1868. 558y

Medical.

PAIN KILLER
A PURELY VEGETABLE MEDICINE

TAKEN INTERNALLY, CURES

Sudden Colds, Catarrh, Coughs, Bronchitis, Asthma, Fever and Ague, Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, Acid Stomach, Headache, Heartburn, Indigestion, Canker in the Mouth, Throat or Stomach, Sick Headache, Sea Sickness, Piles, Kidney Complaints, Canker Rash, Cramp and Pain in the Stomach, Painter's Colic, Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Summer Complaint, Cholera Morbus, Cholera Infantum and Cholera.

APPLIED EXTERNALLY, CURES

Scalds, Burns, Frostbites, Chilblains, Erysipelas, Ringworms, Whitlows, Boils, Old Sores, Sprains, Bruises, Toothache, Headache, Neuralgia in the Face or Head, Pains in the Side, Pains in the Back and Loins, Rheumatism, Rheumatic Gout, Neuralgic or Rheumatic Pains in the Joints and Limbs, Stings of Insects, Scorpions, Centipedes, and the Bites of Poisonous Insects and Venomous Reptiles.

At this season, when coughs and colds are so prevalent, an effectual remedy, and one easily obtained, is *Perry Davis' Vegetable Pain Killer.* It is no new nostrum, vended by unknown agents, but has stood the test of over 20 years; and those who use the article, internally or externally, will connect with it grateful recollections of its worthy inventor.—*Hastings' Chronicle, C.W.*

PAIN KILLER.—The testimonials borne to the efficacy of this valuable medicine are sufficient to warrant its introduction into every house. Our own opinion is that no family should be without a bottle of it for a single hour. In flesh wounds, aches, pains, sores, &c., it is the most effectual remedy we know of. A bottle will last for a very long time, and its low price places it within the reach of all. Our readers will remember that the Messrs. Perry Davis & Son have opened out a house in Montreal, whence Canadian orders are supplied.—*News, St. Johns, C.E.*

We are glad to learn that the "Pain Killer" is having so large a sale in our city. We have every reason to believe it to be an almost never failing cure for pain, and is a medicine that no family should be without.—*Montreal Pilot.*

It an attack of Diarrhœa, Dysentery or Cramp Colic, don't delay the use of the Pain Killer.

Rev. H. L. Van Meter, Burnah, writes, "The Pain Killer has become an almost indispensable article in my family."

Hundreds of missionaries give similar testimony of its virtues.

Rev. J. G. Stearns writes, "I consider it the best remedy for Dyspepsia I ever knew."

Rev. Jabez S. Swan says, "I have used it for years in my family, and consider it an invaluable remedy."

We cheerfully add our testimony in favor of this medicine.—*Roman Citizen.*

We have tested this medicine and assure our readers that it not only possesses all the virtues claimed for it, but in many instances surpasses any other remedy which we have ever known.—*Herald of Gospel Liberty.*

It is really a valuable medicine. It is used by many physicians.—*Boston Traveller.*

I have used Davis' Pain Killer, and consider it an indispensable article in the medicine box. It has effected cures in Diarrhœa, and for cuts and bruises it is invaluable.—*New York Examiner.*

Spoken of in terms of high commendation by both druggist and physician.—*Philadelphia Ledger.*

The Pain Killer is sold at wholesale by druggists and medicine dealers, and country merchants, in the principal cities, and retailed by Apothecaries, Grocers and at Variety Shops generally, throughout the world. Price, 25 cents, 25 cents and 50 cents per bottle.

PERRY DAVIS & SON,
Manufacturers and Proprietors, 380 St. Paul-st., Montreal, P. of Q.
78 High-st., Providence, R. I.; 71 Southampton Row, Holborn, London, England.
DAVIDSON & DANIEL, GENERAL AGENTS

DARLEY'S ARABIAN HEAVE REMEDY and CONDITION MEDICINE is positively superior to any, or all other preparations for the cure of Heaves, Coughs, Thick and Broken Wind, and all diseases which affect the wind of horses; also, as a Condition Medicine, surpassing everything of the kind, is easy to give, sure to cure and safe in all cases and at all times, and does not prevent the horse from being worked while using it.

It cleanses the breathing apparatus, by removing from the air-cells the coagulate lymph, or that secretion which in heaves clogs them, causing a difficulty in breathing, and by its action on the diseased part, causing the mucous membrane to resume its natural dimensions, thus equalizing the circulation of the blood, and restoring the distended vessels to their natural size; by its use the horse's appetite is improved, all derangements of the digestive organs corrected, softening the skin, and giving to the coat a sleek and shining appearance.

D. W. HURD, successor to HURD & CO., Malden Lane, New York, Sole Proprietor for the United States.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, Ont., Proprietors for Canada.
Price 25 cents. Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, Henry F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J. Brown, in Ottawa. 889-43-6m

MORTIMER'S
INFALLIBLE REMEDY
FOR
CHOLERA,
DIARRHŒA, and
BOWEL COMPLAINTS.

The following extract, which Mr. Mortimer is kindly permitted to publish, is from the letter of a relative of Dr. Wolfe, of this city, now residing in the United States:

"Find out if the Express charges are too high, and if not, arrange with Mortimer to let you have a box of the bottles of CHOLERA MIXTURE. I could make a good little fortune with them. The bottle I brought with me here brought two ladies round from decided cholera; one on board the boat, and the other in Berlin, United States. Both commenced with diarrhœa, then with dysentery, and then vomiting. The one at Berlin was very bad. I gave her three doses of the Cholera Mixture, the third of which stopped the vomiting. The next day she was all right, or nearly so. She was very grateful. I have now only a little left."

This excellent mixture, which should be in every family, is only

TWENTY-FIVE CENTS A BOTTLE.

NONE OTHER GENUINE.

TRADE MARK REGISTERED

CANADIAN COUGH EMULSION.

This valuable medicine has the extraordinary property of immediately relieving Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Difficulty of Breathing, Tightness in Chest, &c., &c. It operates by dissolving the congealed phlegm, causing free expectoration, and an agreeable moistness to the skin.

Sold in Bottles at 1s. 3d. and 2s. 6d. Each.

MORTIMER'S COMPOUND ANTIBILIOUS
AND
FAMILY APERIENT PILLS,

A grand specific for derangement of the Digestive Organs, and for obstructions and torpid action of the Liver and Bowels.

Mortimer's Vegetable Worm Destroyer, The only sure remedy that exists, combining delicious taste and amazing power.

MORTIMER'S
Colonges, Pomades, Toilet Vinegar, Rose Dentifrice, for the Teeth and Gums. Also constantly on hand Perfumes of all kinds, and Toilet Requisites usually kept in a first-class establishment.
No. 41 Sussex-st., Ottawa City.

FOR CASES OF CONSUMPTION
treated with SAVORY & MOORE'S
PANCREATIC EMULSION.
See *The Lancet, British Medical Journal, Medical Press, &c.*

On the 14th Oct. I commenced the Pancreatic Emulsion (SAVORY & MOORE's) in two tea-spoonful doses, two hours after dinner and supper. I can only describe its effects by saying that it seemed *to work like a charm.*"—Dr. Kinkead's *Paper on Phthisis and its treatment.*

Medical Press, &c., Feb. 26, 1868.

Caution.—The genuine PANCREATIC EMULSION sold only in bottles, 2s 6d, 4s 6d and 8s, with Savory & Moore's labels and trade mark.

THE BEST FOOD FOR INFANTS, resembling Mother's Milk as closely as possible.—Dr. H. Barker *on right foods for children.*

"THE INFANT PRINCE thrives upon it as a Prince should."—*Social Science Review.*

"A REAL IMPROVEMENT (*Lancet*) on the ordinary kinds of LIEBIG'S FOOD," and the only one that keeps good in all climates.

No boiling or straining. Tins, 1s, 2s, 5s and 10s.
SAVORY & MOORE,
143, New Bond-st., London.

FLOWER BULBS.

Shipped per *Hibernian,* and to arrive in a few days, a very superior assortment of

HYACINTH, TULIP AND OTHER FALL
BULBS.

These Bulbs will be found superior to anything yet imported.

WILLIAM HEARN,
Market Drug Store,
York-st.
Ottawa, October 17, 1868. 874tf

Medical Cards.

EDWARD C. MALLOCH, M.D., M.R.C.S. Duke-st., Leibreton's Flats, "opposite the well." Office hours from 8:30 to 10:30 a.m., and 3 to 5 p.m.

DR. C. LEGGO, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Office—Hunton's Block, Sparks-street.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street, Central Ottawa. 34utf

DR. C. A. MARTIN, Dentist. Office—Sussex-street, over Messrs. Campbell & Co.'s, Grocers. 34utf

DR. GEORGE HUTCHISON, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street, opposite Magee & Russell's. 576y

DR. W. J. HENRY, Corner of Kent and Wellington-streets, Ottawa. 43utf

DR. O. C. WOOD, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Ottawa. Day office opposite Magee & Russell's, Sparks-street, Centre Town Night office at his residence, Maria-street, Centre Town. CANCERS CURED, without the use of the knife, by a new, but certain, speedy, and almost painless process. References given to parties successfully treated, if required. 17w100y

DR. J. A. BECKETT, Surgeon Dentist, Dental Rooms—Over Messrs. Durie & Son's Bookstore, directly opposite the Russell House No. 10, Sparks-street, Ottawa. 836.3m38y

Hotels and Saloons.

BICKWICK HOUSE,
Corner James and King-sts.,
Opposite the Court House and Public Offices, ST. CATHARINES, Ont.
E. HOUGHTON, Proprietor,
(Late of Houghton's Dining Saloon.)
A spacious sample-room for commercial travellers. 859y

OTTAWA HOUSE.

Corner of Main and Prince of Wales-streets Pembroke, Ontario.

Stages in connection with the steamers *Jason Gould, Pembroke* and *Pontiac.*

Particular attention paid to the comfort of guests. Good rooms for commercial travellers. Horses and vehicles always on hand.

J. COPELAND,
Proprietor.
Pembroke, Aug. 1, 1868. 809y

TORONTO HOUSE, Sparks-st.

MRS. TROTTER begs to announce that she has at present several commodious and handsomely furnished suites of apartments, in every respect eligible for civil or military officers, or private gentlemen remaining in the city. 773tf

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,
M. KAVANAGH, *Proprietor,*
Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings.

The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brandies Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season. A will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to be comfort of his guests and patrons.

Oysters, Game etc., daily

THE METROPOLITAN,
AUMOND'S BLOCK,
Rideau Street Ottawa.
202tf P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.

DOMINION HOUSE,
WELLINGTON-STREET.

The undersigned, formerly head waiter at the Russell House, begs to notify his friends and the public generally that he has leased the above hotel, which is now well furnished, and will be kept as a first class house. The bar is well stocked with the choicest brands of liquors. The table will be furnished with the best the market affords. Good yard and stabling attached to the premises.

658y GEORGE IRVINE.

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B. TACKABERRY, Auction Rooms No. 36, Rideau-street, below Whyte's Stationery Store. The sale of Real Estate at Auction or private sale promptly attended to. Consignments received and immediate attention will be paid. Sales attended in any of the city or country. 699y

R. SPARKS, Provincial Land Surveyor, Draughtsman, &c., (commissioned for Upper and Lower Canada.) Office and residence, Gloucester, near Ottawa. Surveys of every description executed with accuracy. Communications addressed Ottawa City, (post-paid), or left at the office of N. Sparks, Solicitor, &c., Ottawa, will receive prompt attention. 55 y

B. BILLINGS, JR., Architect, Elgin street opposite the Post Office.
REFERENCES.—H Sims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany; Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reyrolds, Esq Managing Director O. & St. L. R.R. 746t

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale. OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

O'CONNOR & WALLER, Exchange Brokers, Fire, Life and Accidental Insurance, Commission and Collecting Agents.
Office, No. 27, Sussex-street, Ottawa.
R. S. O'CONNOR. 378y W. H. WALLER.

OLIVER & ANNABLE, Wholesale Manufacturers of Bedsteads, Chairs, &c., Chaudiere Island, Ottawa, C. W.
JOHN OLIVER,
506y WILLIAM ANNABLE.

R. H. McGREEVY, Contractor and Builder. Office: North side York Street, second door from Sussex Street. 78y

PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS, &c.,
Prepared for buildings of every description, by SIDNEY B. FRIPP, Architect,
711tf Wellington-st.

TO FARMERS & OTHERS.

TRADE A. O. A. MARK. & Co.

Farmers and others should buy their TEA and COFFEE from

A. O. AUDY & CO.,

who are daily receiving by direct importations Tea and Coffee of the finest quality. Their business is conducted on the English principle, and the above named articles can be procured in 5 and 10 pound catties and upwards. The purchaser receives the benefit of a neat package, a good article, and at wholesale prices. Perfect satisfaction is ensured, and any goods not proving according to sample can be returned at our expense. We will pay the carriage on 4, five or 8 teen lb catties to the nearest railway station. For the accommodation of farmers and others not having heard of the advantages offered them, we have engaged trustworthy agents who will make occasional trips throughout the surrounding country and solicit their orders. Any favors submitted to them will receive prompt attention. We do not sell less than a cattie, and nothing but Tea and Coffee sold. The following is the list of prices:

BLACK TEA.

Common Congou, Strong Tea	$0 45 @ 50
Fine Flavoured New Season do	0 55 @ 60
Excellent Full Flavoured do	0 75 @ 80
Sound Oolong	0 40 @ 45
Rich Flavoured, do	0 55 @ 60
Very Fine, do do	0 75 @ 80
Japan Good	0 50 @ 60
Very Good	0 65 @ 70
Finest	0 75 @ 80

GREEN TEA.

Twankay, Common	0 35 @ 40
Fine do	0 55 @ 60
Young Hyson	0 50 @ 60
Fine do	0 75 @ 85
Superfine and Very Choice	1 00 @ 00

COFFEE.

Mocha	$0 22, 0 27, 0 29, 0 33
Java	0 20, 0 25, 0 29, 0 32
Ceylon	0 18, 0 22, 0 26, 0 29

Remember the place,

A. O. AUDY & CO.,
Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office.

OTTAWA AND GLOUCESTER ROAD COMPANY.

Notice is hereby given that

THE DIRECTORS

Of the Ottawa and Gloucester Road Company

have this day made a further

CALL OF TEN PER CENT.

on the additional capital stock of the said company, which call they require the holders of such stock to pay to the undersigned at the OFFICE of W. M. MATHESON, Esq., in this city, on

Saturday, the Twentieth day of February Next.

By order,
W. H. FALLS,
Sec.-Treas.
Dated this January, 19th 1869. 952td

Legal Cards.

MACPHERSON, KENNEDY & CHRISTIE, Barristers, &c., Lang's Block, Elgin-st., Ottawa.
J. P. MACPHERSON, G. KENNEDY, A. J. CHRISTIE.

J. W. W. WARD, of the late firm of Lewis & Pinhey & Ward, has removed his Chancery Office to Bell's Law Chambers, opposite Russell house, Elgin-st. dw

NICHOLAS SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

L. A. MARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 902y

MOSGROVE & TAILLON, Barristers, Solicitors, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.
WILLIAM MOSGROVE. 366tf GEORGE TAILLON.

N. TETREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post Office. 390tf

LAPIERRE & HAYCOCK, Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers and Notaries Public, Corner of Sussex and York-streets, Ottawa. 358y

D. O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex-street. Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 55y

R. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Post Office Building, Elgin-street, Ottawa. 43utf

P. J. BUCKLEY, L.L.B., Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, and Notary Public. Office—over Mr. Luke Cusner's Boot and Shoe Store, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 334y

LEES & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &

The Times

VOL. IV. NO. 959. OTTAWA, THURSDAY, JANUARY 28, 1869. PRICE—3 CENTS.

Groceries.

GARDENER'S

BAKING POWDER.

In 1 lb. Packets for 25 cents. | And 6 Packets for $1.25.

TEN REASONS

Why it Should be Used in Preference to all Others:

1st. Bread or Cakes made with it are more wholesome than if made with Yeast or any other process.
2nd. Its purity is such that it will stand the test of the most perfect analysis.
3rd. After having been extensively used for the last 14 years in not one instance has it failed to give entire satisfaction.
4th. Families that have used it pronounce it the best, and will use no other.
5th. It contains no Saleratus, nor does it impair the digestive organs like those powders where Soda or an excess of Alkali predominates.
6th. It never gives to Bread or Cakes an unpleasant Alkaline or mawkish taste.
7th. The ingredients that form its composition are more beneficial than otherwise.
8th. Dyspeptic subjects can eat hot Bread or Rolls made with it and derive benefit by its use.
9th. Every Packet contains its full weight; one pound packets weigh 16 ounces.
10. It is all that it is represented to be, namely:

Unrivalled for Purity and Cheapness.

Sole Agents for Ottawa,

J. G. ROBINSON & Co., The Tea Pot.

The Trade supplied at the Manufacturer's prices.

Ottawa, December 10, 1868. 886-6m

Dry Goods.

KEARNS & RYAN,

KEARNS & RYAN,

THE ABOVE FIRM

having bought out the

BANKRUPT STOCK

AND

LEASE OF PREMISES LATELY OCCUPIED BY

MESSRS. GRANT & HENDERSON,

AT A

LOW COMPOSITION IN THE POUND,

are now prepared, and will sell from this date

THE WHOLE OF THE ABOVE STOCK,

DIVIDED

BETWEEN THEIR TWO HOUSES,

AT AN

IMMENSE REDUCTION FROM ORIGINAL PRICES,

THE SALE TO CONTINUE

UNTIL THE

WHOLE STOCK IS SOLD OUT.

GREAT BARGAINS

may be expected.

KEARNS & RYAN.

Ottawa, January 22, 1869. 954-3m

HICK & CO.

Have removed to their NEW STORE, in Stewart's Block, Corner of Rideau and Sussex-sts. where they will offer, in connection with their goods,

$30,000 WORTH OF DRY GOODS

Purchased at Public Auction lately, from the immense Bankrupt Stock of the late firm of DESMARTERY, JORDAINE & Co., of Montreal, and sold on account of T. JAMES CLAXTON. The goods are all new and of very superior quality, being imported expressly for a fashionable Montreal trade; and, as they have succeeded in purchasing the goods far below the sterling cost, they are prepared to offer bargains never before offered in this city. The following are some of the lines of goods offered, viz.:

			s. d.		s. d.
100 pieces	different qualities Black Silks				
80 do	Single width plain Wincey	5	worth	0	8
100 do	Fancy, single width Wincey	7½	"	1	0
62 do	Double width plain Wincey	7½	"	1	0
80 do	Double Delaines	7½	"	1	3
70 do	do Poplin	7½	"	1	0
150 do	do Coburg	7½	"	1	3
150 do	Assort'd Dress Goods	9	"	1	6
33 do	Empress Reps	1 6	"	3	0
60 do	Bl'k French Merino	1 6	"	2	0
75 do	Fancy Colors—your choice for	2			
200 do	Black Empress Rep only	10	"	2	0

Also, a splendid assortment of

Hannibal Cloths, Oriental Lustres, Livinl Poplins, Alberteena Cloths, Princess Alexandra Embossed Poplins, Mandarin Lustres, Eugenia Reps, &c.

1,000 doz. FRINGED TOWELS, all Linen, 6d each.

SHAWLS.

35 Filled Shawls.
83 Shepherd Long Shawls
101 Fancy, all wool Longs
167 Assorted Square Shawls.

COTTONS.

					s. d.	s. d.
120 pieces	Grey Cotton, 1¼ yards wide, for				6 d	
160 do	Bleached Hurrocks and Millars				6½d	
165 do	Good Prints				4 d	
303 do	Best English Prints, Hoyle's and Ashton's				6½d	
152 do	French Calicos, in choice patterns				8 d	

CLOTHS.

			s. d.		s. d.
20 pieces	Waterproof		3 9		
20 do	Double Width Overcoating		2 9	worth	7 6
35 do	Scotch Tweed		2 6	do	5 0
100 do	Canadian Tweed		1 3	do	2 6
100 do	Full Cloth, very heavy		2 9	do	3 6

Also, a splendid lot of

BROAD CLOTHS, BEAVERS,

Witneys, Mantle Cloths,

BLACK DOES, &c., &c., &c.,

at correspondingly low prices.

85 PIECES DOMINION TWEED,

Something New—one of the heaviest cloths made—*at a great sacrifice.*

1,000 doz. TABLE NAPKINS, all Linen, only 6s 3d per dozen.

SHIRTS! SHIRTS! SHIRTS!

1,000	Flannel Shirts, only	2 6		
200	White Cotton Shirts, only	3 9		
500	Under Shirts, only	3 3		
300	Hespler's heaviest make, Ribbed	5 0	worth	8 9

Paper Collars—100 collars for 3s 9d.

500 pieces	2¼-yards wide Linen Sheeting	3 3	worth	5
5 do	2-yards wide, Union Sheeting	1	do	3
81 do	Table Damask and 300 Damask Table Cloths, at a frightful sacrifice			

Also, Red and White Flannels, Canadian Shirting Flannels, Hoop Skirts, Crash Towellings, Irish Linen, Cloud's Breakfast Shawls, Hemp Carpets, &c., &c.

CORSETS, 2s 6d.

Blankets—A large lot of slightly damaged Blankets for about half price.

1,000 Linen Bags, 1s, worth 1s 6d; 40 cases Men's Heavy Boots, very low; 3 cases Men's Heavy French Calf, (2s 6d. Also, a heavy stock of Gentlemen's Clothing.

$3.50	OVERCOATS.
4.00	heavy OVERCOATS.
90 cts. up	PANTS.
50 cts. to $1.25	VESTS.
$8.00	Black Broadcloth FALL SUITS.

A large staff of polite and attentive salesmen will be in readiness to wait on customers.

H. HICK & CO.

Customers will please report any inattention on the part of salesmen.

LOST, on the evening of the 7th instant, at the Concert at Aylmer, from the village back to Ottawa, one parcel containing one GREEN SILK DRESS and BLACK LACE SHAWL. Whoever found the parcel will please leave it at the Convent in Aylmer, or in this city at the Convent of the Grey Nuns, where they will be suitably rewarded.

Ottawa, Jany. 18, 1869. 958tf

FOR SALE.

A SPAN OF HORSES.

Apply at the office of the

UNION FORWARDING AND RAILWAY COMPANY.

January 25, 1869. 956-3

Groceries.

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS

—FROM—

OPORTO, SPAIN, COGNAC AND LONDON,

Consisting of

PORT, SHERRY, BRANDY, GIN AND SCOTCH WHISKEY, &c.

PICKLES, SAUCES, JAMS & JELLIES &c., &c., &c.,

FROM CROSSE & BLACKWELL.

—LIKEWISE,—

A FULL assortment of FRESH FRUIT, the BEST in market.

TABLE and Cooking RAISINS, CURRANTS, &c.

FLAVOURING EXTRACTS and SPICES—Genuine.

PRESERVED and CAN FRUITS, assorted to suit the holiday season.

ALMERIA GRAPES, FRESH FIGS and PORTUGUESE ONIONS.

50 TINS NEW HONEY, in 5 lb. and 8 lb. tins.

200 STILTON CHEESE, 6 lbs. to 8 lbs. size, from Reesor Brothers' celebrated factory.

SHERRY WINE—Good Table Wine—$1.25 to $3.00.

PORT WINE—Good Table Wine $1.50 to $4.50.

ALL KINDS of GENUINE LIQUORS, Price according to age and quality.

100 BOXES DIGBY HERRINGS—large boxes at 75 cts. each.

LABRADOR HERRINGS, the very best, in barrels and half barrels.

10 CASES SCOTCH LING—Good.

TEAS—Black, Green and Japans—Warranted Good, and selected for family use.

SUGARS and SYRUPS of all grades.

COFFEES—Always Fresh—Best Brands—Try them.

TOBACCOS—The Finest Qualities—Virginia make in cut, tin foil and plug.

A GENERAL assortment of the different kinds of *GROCERIES AND LIQUORS* on hand, Wholesale and Retail, at the *LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICES* for Warranted Goods. A trial of the articles will recommend them.

For sale at

THOS. PATTERSON'S,

No. 26, Rideau-street.

Ottawa, November 27, 1868. 878

JUST RECEIVED,

AT THE

INDIA WAREHOUSE,

No. 16, RIDEAU-ST.,

And for sale cheap, by

D. T. BROWNE & CO.,

Wholesale and Retail

Grocers, Wine and Spirit Merchants,

FRESH OYSTERS, in Tins.
PRESERVED OYSTERS do
FRESH HALIBUT do
FRESH SALMON do
FRESH MACKEREL d
FRESH LOBSTERS do
GREEN PEAS do
LEMON, GINGER, ORANGE,

Banana, Peach, Blackberry, Raspberry and Strawberry Syrups.

RASPBERRY VINEGAR,
FRY'S Chocolate and Cocoa,
MOTT'S Cocoa Paste,
MORTON'S Bloater Paste,
TOMATO and other Catsups,
ANCHOVY Paste,
STRASBURGH Meats,
POTTED Beef and Tongues
PRESERVES and Jelli, a great variety,
ORANGE Marmalade,
MORRISON, TAYLOR & Co.'s

Celebrated Sugar Cured Hams and Breakfast Roll Bacon.

PICKLED Salmon,
PICKLED Mackerel,
PICKLED HERRINGS,

In Half Barrels, Barrels and Tierces,

DRY Codfish,
DRY Haddock,
FINNAN Haddies, &c., &c.,

And a full stock of Choice Family Groceries.

Ottawa, Nov. 5, 1868.

BOTTLED ALE,

BOTTLED ALE,

BOTTLED ALE.

The subscriber would call the attention of Families and others to his

FINE BOTTLED ALE

Which is in splendid condition. Also,

SCOTCH, IRISH, OLD RYE,

And other Malt Whiskies,

PORTS, SHERRIES, BRANDIES, GIN, &c.,

To other with a General Assortment of FIRST-CLASS GROCERIES.

A call duly solicited.

D. WHELAN,
44, Rideau-street,
Opposite Allan's Crockery Store

Ottawa, Jan. 20, 1868.

Everybody is getting them.

A NOVELTY,

THE MAGIC WINDOW CURTAIN ROLLER.

The best ever invented, 1 Roller and Bottom Slat, and 5 pieces of casting, all for 25 cents, to fit every window.

AT THE VARIETY HALL.

ALSO, A

NEW PATENT CLOTHES DRYER,

AT THE VARIETY HALL.

And what every house requires where there is a grate is the

BLOWER STAND,

to be had only

AT THE VARIETY HALL.

HOTEL & SALOON KEEPERS

Remember the best assortment of Tumblers, Decanters and Labeled Bottles in the Dominion is at the Variety Hall.

JOSEPH BOYDEN.

Stoves & Hardware.

BLYTH & KERR,

No. 25 RIDEAU-ST.,

Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters, Tin and Copper Smiths, Bell Hangers, &c., &c.

A large stock of materials for the above branches of business constantly on hand.

Importers of

HOUSE FURNISHING HARDWARE.

STOVES! STOVES!

STOVES!

Hall, Fancy, Parlour and Cook Stoves, in great variety.

Agents for Eaton's Patent Automatic, Self-Ventilating, Wood and Coal Stoves. Also Beecher & Co.'s celebrated

HOT AIR FURNACES.

Public and Private Buildings, Conservatories, Vineries, Manufactories, &c., warmed by Steam, Hot Water, or Warm Air, on the latest and most approved principles.

SKATES, SKATES, SKATES,

AT THE

SIGN OF THE ANVIL, No. 21, RIDEAU-ST., where you can get a complete assortment of SKATES of all sizes, and at any price to suit purchasers, from 25 cents to $5.50 per pair. In the assortment will be found

The celebrated Sheffield Club,
" " Canadian Favorite,
" " Central Park do
and all other English and German Patterns.

Skate Straps, oil patterns, &c., &c.

Also, a general assortment of

SHELF & HEAVY HARDWARE,

consisting in part of

GENERAL HOUSE FURNISHING,
Butcher Knives, Knives and Forks,
Pocket Knives, Table Spoons,
Tea Spoons, Tea Trays, Table Mats,
Butts, Screws, Locks,
Bolts, Catches, Latches,
Axes, Saws, Planes, Squares,
Hammers, Spokeshaves, Gouges,
Chisels, Augers, Auger Bits,
Steel Bits, Bevels,
Levels, Boring Machines,
Draw Knives, &c., &c., &c.

Together with

PAINT OF ALL COLORS,
Rose Pink, Burnt Umber,
Terra de Sienna, Chrome Yellow,
Yellow Ochre, Celestial Blue,
Paris Green, Brunswick Green,
Magnesia Green, Venetian Red,
Red Lead, White Lead, in oil or dry,
Drop Black, Ivory Black,
Lamp Black, Boiled Oil,
Raw Oil, Turpentine,
Benzole, Coal Oil,
Paint Brushes,
Varnishes, &c.

THOS. BIRKETT,
Sign of the Anvil,
No. 24, Rideau-st.

P. S.—All goods delivered free to any part of the city 408y

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,

35 Sussex-st., Ottawa,

SAFE! SURE! SUCCESSFUL!

We are not selling below cost!
We are not selling worthless bankrupt stock
We are not retiring from business!
We are not having a clearing sale!
But we are selling as good

COOK	STOVES,
BOX	STOVES,
PARLOR	STOVES,
DOUBLE	STOVES,
HOTEL	STOVES,
COAL	STOVES,

as are to be had in

CENTRAL CANADA.

at a reasonable advance on cost. The celebrated

"MORNING LIGHT,"

AND

ORIENTAL COAL STOVES,

House Furnishing Goods.

Pay us a visit, and your account, if you owe one, at the same time, and oblige

H. MEADOWS & CO.

STOVES,

LAMPS, &c.,

BELOW COST, at

ESMONDE BROS.,
Sparks-st.,
Opposite Ontario Bank.

HALO LAMP SHADE,

AT THE

OIL DEPOT, 73 SUSSEX-ST.,

Is made of Brass, Silver Plated.

It will Not Tarnish or Burn Out.

It is Indestructible.

It is a Superior Reflector.

It Saves the Eyes.

It Saves Oil.

It Saves Chimnies.

D. R. LEAVENS,

Red Oil Barrel,

73 Sussex-st.

COAL OIL DEPOT.

ROCK OIL

LAMPS AND CHIMNIES,

AT WHOLESALE,

CHEAP.

Wants.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY.

A WET NURSE.

Apply to

DR. WOOD,
Sparks-st.

953tf

REMOVAL.

MISS MAGUIRE'S MILLINERY ESTABLISHMENT is now REMOVED to the Store next to Messrs. Magee & Russell, Sparks-st.

Ottawa, January 23. 955d

Dry Goods.

Shewing This Day.

GRANT & HENDERSON,

No. 20, Rideau-st,

Are offering an extensive Stock of

DRESS GOODS.

WINCIES,

SHAWLS and

BLANKETS,

AT THE LOWEST CASH PRICES.

N. B.—An extensive assortment of general DRY GOODS always in stock.

LATEST STYLES AND FASHIONS.

INSPECTION INVITED.

No. 20, Rideau-st.

CLOTHING,

CHEAP AND FASHIONABLE,

READY-MADE AND TO ORDER.

O'MEARA & CO.,

ESTABLISHED IN 1844,

Offer for sale an extensive importation of FALL AND WINTER GOODS, comprising Ready-made Clothing, Canadian Tweeds, Etoffes, Satinetts; also a large stock of Blankets, Flannels, Kerseys, Gray Cottons, Prints, Winceys, Plaids, &c., &c.; Broadcloths, Beavers, Witneys, Petershams, Devons, &c.; Bedford Cords, Silk Mixtures, West of England Tweeds, Doeskins, &c., wholesale and retail, which will be made up to order on the shortest notice in the latest styles of fashion and at prices that

DEFY COMPETITION.

A general assortment of Dry Goods, the largest stock ever offered for sale in this city.

$1.25 BLANKETS.... $6.00. **$3.00**

TAILORING DEPARTMENT.

Particular attention given to the Tailoring Department, which is under the supervision of a first-class cutter.

$2	GREY ETOFFE PANTS.
$4.50	GOOD PEA JACKETS,
$4	OVERCOATS,
$9	COMPLETE SUITS,
$1	GOOD VESTS,
75 CTS., $1 and $1.25	UNDERSHIRTS,
75 CTS., $1 and $1.25	DRAWERS

A DUFF. O'MEARA & CO.

Ottawa, October 27 1868. 882y

FRESH ARRIVALS.

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!

THOS. & W. HUNTON

Have just opened out the contents of 42 packages of NEW GOODS, comprising

1 CASE SILKS, in plain and fancy colors, splendid value;

1 CASE VELVETEENS,

3 BALES WHITE COTTONS,
1 " WHITE COTTON SHEETING,
6 " GRAY COTTONS,
at greatly reduced prices.

2 CASES LINENS, assorted,

1 " BLACK CLOTHS,

2 " BLACK & COLORED OVERCOATINGS,

1 BALE WHITE FLANNELS,

1 " GRAY FLANNELS,

1 " SCARLET FLANNEL

4 " BLANKETS,

2 " HEMP CARPETS,

3 " WOOL CARPETS,

10 " TAPESTRY CARPETS, this season's new patterns,

3 " CANADIAN TWEEDS.

All of the above goods being marked off, and ready for inspection. We would specially invite intending purchasers to call and examine them.

THOS. & W. HUNTON,

47 and 49 Sparks-st.

Boots & Shoes.

ANGUS & HUCKELL'S

CLEARING SALE

OF

BOOTS, SHOES AND RUBBERS,

No. 15, Sussex-st.

ANGUS & HUCKELL are selling out their entire stock of BOOTS, SHOES, RUBBERS, &c., at a tremendous sacrifice.

GO TO ANGUS & HUCKELL'S Clearing Sale, and get a pair of good PRUNELLA BOOTS, and a pair of RUBBERS for $1.50.

YOU can get a pair of Men's Cloth Rubber OVERSHOES for 75 cents, at ANGUS & HUCKELL'S Clearing Sale.

WOMEN'S RUBBERS, 50 cents; and MEN'S, 85 cents, during the Clearing Sale.

GO EARLY and secure bargains.

NOW is the time to purchase BOOTS and SHOES, as they are being sold under cost at ANGUS & HUCKELL'S Clearing Sale.

NO one need be without BOOTS when they are sold so cheap at ANGUS & HUCKELL'S Clearing Sale.

A CLEAR saving of money by buying Boots during the Clearing Sale at ANGUS & HUCKELL'S.

ENORMOUS reductions on all CLOTH and FELT GOODS as they must all be sold out without reserve.

GO and see for yourselves.

ANNOUNCEMENT!

W. A. LAMB,

KEEPER OF THE RED BOOT, &c., &c.

To all the loyal inhabitants of the Metropolitan and surrounding Counties, sends greeting:

And while thus publicly wishing to all

"A Merry Christmas and Happy New Year,"

takes pleasure also in announcing that he will hold

PUBLIC RECEPTIONS DAILY,

at from 7:30 a.m., until 7 p.m., when he will be pleased to meet with those who desire to call upon him.

N.B.—As all will probably wish to retain a *Souvenir* of their visit, it will be satisfactory to know that there is a magnificent assortment of Boots and Shoes on hand to choose from, and any of which will be GIVEN AWAY for a small consideration.

Don't forget the place, No. 28, Sussex-st., doposite the Barracks.

GENUINE CLEARING SALE

OF

BOOTS AND SHOES,

AT THE OLD

CROSBY STAND, NO. 51, SPARKS-ST.

The whole of

THE BANKRUPT STOCK,

comprising the latest styles and best qualities of

LADIES', GENT'S, MISSES' & CHILDREN'S

DRESS & WALKING BOOTS,

suitable for FALL & WINTER WEAR. Also, a large stock of Men's and Women's Coarse Boots. Moore Moccassins, Back Moore and Sheep Mitts, Beef Moccassins, Felt Over-shoes, Rubbers, &c., all of which will be sold at great reductions from former prices. Lumber and country merchants are requested to bear in mind that there is a large stock of handmade boots to be disposed of at the aforesaid reduction in prices.

The public generally are invited to call and examine the stock and prices, which we know cannot fail to give satisfaction to all.

Remember the place, the old Crosby Stand, opposite O'Meara's, No. 51, Sparks-st.

A. J. STEPHENS & CO.

Ottawa, Oct. 20 868. 876y

CHEAP BOOTS & SHOES

AT THE

CAPITAL

BOOT & SHOE STORE,

YORK-ST.

I have now received my fall and winter stock of

BOOTS AND SHOES,

which will be found complete; being selected with care, it will not fail to give general satisfaction.

In Ladies', Misses' and Children's ware I have everything that can possibly be required for the season, and at much lower figures than ever before offered.

Men's ware in Calf, Kipp, Cowhide Boots; Men's Strong Working Boots as low as $2 per pair. Boy's and Youth's equally low.

A large supply of New English Kipp Boots, and made, the most suitable ware for Lumbermen, constantly on hand and made by the very best workmen. Orders taken for all kinds of work.

4297 GEORGE MURPHY

BOARD AND LODGING.—Comfortable Rooms, with Board and Lodging, can be obtained on Maria-st. Apply at the TIMES Office.

Ottawa, January 14, 1869. 947d

Commission Merchants.

DOMINION AUCTION MART,

AND

COMMISSION SALE ROOMS,

HOUSE, LAND AND GENERAL AGENCY,

OFFICE AND SALE ROOMS,

IXOLIS' NEW BUILDINGS, SUSSEX-ST.,

OTTAWA.

The subscriber respectfully announces to the inhabitants of Ottawa and surrounding country that at the request of many friends he has decided on opening an extensive and well regulated Auction Mart in this city;

From arrangements made with some of the Furniture Manufactories of Western Ontario, a large and well selected stock of new furniture will be constantly on hand.

Public Sales will be held from time to time, of which due notice will be given, and at which parties requiring to furnish will have an opportunity of purchasing at unusually low rates. The Mart is now open with a large stock of new Furniture, as well as Pianos, Harmoniums, &c., &c., consigned for sale.

The subscriber would also intimate that he is the Sole Agent for Ottawa and territory for the sale of Rappe, Webber & Co.'s celebrated grand Pianos.

They are successors to the late John C. Fox, of Kingston, and the makers of his excellent Pianos.

From their long experience in Germany, Paris, and New York, they are universally admitted to be the best Piano Manufacturers on this continent.

The high reputation of the instruments made by them for the past ten years, and the increasing demand for them in the new Dominion, prove their very superior quality, and universally acknowledged merit.

The Pianos, as well as the Furniture in the establishment, will be sold either by private sale or auction.

He would also announce that he is prepared to receive instructions from persons having household furniture, horses, carriages, or real estate, to dispose of, and pledges himself that nothing will be left undone by him to give satisfaction in discharging the trust confided to him. He hopes that by strict attention to the sales entrusted to his care, as well as by prompt settlements immediately after, to merit a share of public patronage.

He will be in his office from 7 in the morning until 7 in the evening, when he can see parties who wish to arrange about their sales. Consignments from a distance will have immediate attention.

Cash advances, when required, will be made on consignments for immediate sale.

All kinds of furniture bought, sold or exchanged.

REFERENCES.

His Lordship the Bishop of Kingston,
Hon. Sir John A. Macdonald,
Hon. H. L. Langevin, C B,
Hon. Alex. Campbell, P M G,
R. W. Scott, Esq. M P P,
Walter Shanly, Esq. M P
Max. W. Strange, Esq. M P P,
Francis H. Burton, Esq. M P
James O'Brielly, Esq. Q C,
H. V. Noel, Esq. Manager Quebec Bank, Ottawa.
Robert Lyon, Esq. M P P.

A smart young man wanted to act as travelling agent representing several firms.

J. BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer and Commission Merchant,
75-y House, Land and General Agent.

REMOVAL.

The subscribers beg to inform their customers and the public generally that they have removed to those spacious premises lately occupied by M. K. Dickinson, Canal Basin, and where will be found constantly on hand the following goods:

FLOUR,
PORK,
OATMEAL, &c.

ALSO, ON HAND,

2,000 CORDS OF GOOD FIREWOOD, and 600,000 sawed SHINGLES.

Wholesale and Commission Agents.

Goods forwarded with despatch between Ottawa, Kingston and Intermediate Ports, by the Steamer *Mary Ann*, and three barges.

Silver Taken at Par.

WM. H. BOSTON & CO.,
Forwarders and Commission Merchants,
Canal Basin

For Sale or to Let.

FOR SALE, OR TO LET for a term of years, BELLEGREEN COTTAGE and GROUNDS, say two and a half acres, situate on the Bank of the Rideau River, (Ottawa-st.) The Cottage is built of brick and tin roofed, with a gallery all round. The gardens and grounds are in a high state of cultivation. Large storeroom, stables, granary, coach and ice-house, woodsheds, &c., all in the best of order. It is one of the most healthy and comfortable residences for a private family in or about the city of Ottawa. For particulars apply to FRANCIS CLEMOW, Esq.—Office, Sparks-st., near the Russell House—or to the proprietor J. WADSWORTH.

Terms moderate. Possession given at any time to suit parties. 927tf

VALUABLE FARMS FOR SALE.—Lot 21 in the 3rd Concession, Gloucester, Ottawa Front, 200 acres, about 80 cleared and under cultivation, with comfortable Dwelling and good Barn. The bush land is principally hardwood, and very valuable from its proximity to Ottawa. Also, Lot 25, in 3rd Concession, Gloucester, Ottawa Front, containing 200 acres, 20 acres cleared. The remainder of this lot is heavily wooded with hard and soft wood. These farms will be sold separately or together as may be desired. The short distance of only 3 miles from Ottawa makes the wood of greater value. These lands are well watered, of excellent soil, and would make a fine dairy farm. Apply to the Proprietor, C. SPARROW, or to D. O'CONNOR, Solicitor, Ottawa.

Ottawa, Nov. 25, 1868. 908tf

ROOMS TO LET.

MRS. SMITH, Corner of Bank and Albert-sts., can rent TWO FURNISHED BEDROOMS and a SITTING ROOM. 868tf

FOR SALE.—The Westerly one-third of Lot No. 27, in First Concession, Ottawa Front, Nepean, and Lots Nos. 26 and 28, in the same concession, at present in the occupation of Wm. T. Aylen, Esq. For further particulars apply to JOHN and WM. THOMSON, Nepean, and Lewis & PINSENT, Barristers, Ottawa. Je2-141-tf

REMOVAL

TO

NO. 34, SPARKS-ST.

T. RAJOTTE

having removed to more commodious premises, takes pleasure in announcing to his numerous customers and the public generally that he has now a large and well selected stock of

STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS,

consisting of

Flannels	Black Cloths
Winceys	Beaver Cloths
Cottons	Meltons
Prints	Tweeds
&c.,	&c.

We have also on hand a large assortment of READY-MADE CLOTHING, which, being manufactured on the premises, we can recommend, and sell cheaper than any shop in this city.

THE TAILORING DEPARTMENT.

This department is under the superintendence of a well-known first-class cutter and workman. All orders punctually attended to.

Don't forget the place, No. Sparks-st. Store lately occupied by G. Fetherston & Co., next door to Magee & Russell's old store.

88'y T. RAJOTTE.

COAL! COAL!

NEWCASTLE GRATE, (Screened.)

LACKAWANNA, (Egg and Stove Sizes.)

LEHIGH, (Lump and Egg Sizes.)

BLACKSMITH'S, $6 per Chaldron.

For Sale by

D. W. COWARD & CO.,
Commission Merchants,
Office—17 Sparks-st.

212 2m

Dye Works.

BRANCH OF ST. LAWRENCE DYE WORKS,

Elgin-st., (*Opposite the Russell House,*) Ottawa, Ont.

MACDONALD & CO.,

SILK AND WOOLLEN DYERS,

Scourers, Hot Pressers, &c.

Gentlemen's Clothes cleaned and dyed. Kid Gloves cleaned. 894-3m

THE WAR IN PARAGUAY.

Experience has taught that all news concerning the war in Paraguay, coming by way of Rio Janeiro, must be accepted only with great caution and with not only a grain but a very large lump of salt. But, should the report of the capture of Viletta turn out to be wholly true, it by no means follows that the backbone of Lopez is broken; or that the war is any nearer its end than it was a year ago, save in the same sense in which it may be said that we are nearer the day of judgment than we were at the Ides of January last. The victory of Viletta, even by the Brazilian report, seems to have been dearly bought. Either in that engagement, or in one that immediately preceded it, the allied forces are said to have lost 6,000 men in killed and wounded, the Gen. Arcoica being among the slain; while, when Viletta was taken, the Paraguayan loss was 3,000 prisoners, no statement being made of the killed and wounded. These round numbers in themselves excite suspicion, and it can only be the wildest kind of a guess which places the force with which Lopez "escaped" at "barely 200 followers." What is certain about the matter, however, can be easily and plainly stated. At the date of the former mail advices from Paraguay, Lopez was on the point of making another retrograde movement, as the Brazilians were executing a manœuvre for the purpose of turning his right flank and cutting off his retreat, to avoid which it was not difficult to understand that Lopez would change his position, and even abandon Ascunsion. The command which the Brazilians have of the Paraguay river enabled them to pursue the strategy which forced Lopez to this step. If one will draw the letter "U" upon a sheet of paper he will have the shape of the State of Paraguay, the Parana river forms the eastern side and the bend, the Paraguay river the western. When Lopez evacuated his position at Tebicuari, he intrenched himself at Viletta, which is not far from Ascunsion, on the Paraguay river, and something more than 100 miles from its junction with the Parana. The position was a strong one, and was well armed with artillery; and here Lopez could have made what might have proved to be a successful stand had he not found, as we have said, that the position was in danger of being turned. The Brazilians threw a force across the river to its west bank, and were supposed to be about to march northward, parallel to the river. If they did so, when they had reached a point north of Ascunsion, they would have been able to cut off the retreat of Lopez to the west side of the river, and themselves pass with the aid of the squadron, to the east bank, thus turning his position at Viletta. It is probable, therefore, that Lopez evacuated this position, which had already become useless to him, and that his arrangements for taking up his next stand had been fully and leisurely made. Where, then, has he gone?

In the centre of Paraguay there is a range of hills running through the State, and from these highlands above Ascunsion a number of streams flow into the Parana at right angles. The first of these streams is the Xexui, which is sixty miles above Ascunsion. Here Lopez might have taken up his position, but if he did so, it would be found untenable, since his right flank could again be turned, as at Viletta. But forty miles north of the Xexui, there is a mountain ridge running from the central range of hills all the way to the Paraguay river, and this high land is defended by two rivers, the Great and the Little Ipane, one on each side of it and both emptying into the Paraguay. No position could be more admirable for defence than this; should the Brazilian fleet pass up the river to the north of it and land a force there, the army would have to cross the Ipane and leave it in the rear before they could attack Lopez in the hills; and, if they assailed him from the south, they would also have the same perilous movement to execute, while in either case the fleet could not co-operate in the attack. Should Lopez not select this position, of which the advantages are perceptible to a civilian, it is open to him to fall back at once to the central range of hills, where he might long bid defiance to his foe, or he might cross this range and come out upon the open Parana plains on the eastern side of his dominions. Thither, it is true, he might be followed, if the Brazilians were able to send another squadron of gunboats and another army up the Parana, and there go through with the same series of operations they have accomplished on the Paraguay. But this course would involve another great expense, and consume, perhaps, two or three years more time.

A RICH CONVERT.

The Church of Rome has secured a rich convert in the person of the Marquis of Bute—the most valuable prize it has made in England for many years. He was received into the communion of Rome at Nice by Monsignor Capel, an English priest, and all England is talking about the conversion or perversion, whichever it may be called. The Marquis who attained his majority last year, has an income of £300,000 stg., and is the owner of the extensive port of Cardiff in Wales, and valuable estates in different parts of Great Britain. His income is three times as large as that of the Prince of Wales, and the Queen herself has not a fifth of it to spend entirely as she pleases. The Marquis was born a great man; his ancestors had been hereditary sheriffs of Bute for five centuries, and one of them had been a first minister of the Crown. On his twenty-first birthday several Scotch and Welsh counties made high holiday, thousands of persons employed in his coal-pits, iron-mines, ports and docks made his felicity their own, and a fleet of forty gaily decorated steamers conveyed him across the British channel to Cardiff as became the owner of the fourth port of the Kingdom. That such a magnate joined himself to what is regarded as the decaying Church of Rome is melancholy; but there is no help for it—the Marquis has only exercised a right of which all are proud, the right of individual judgment, and nobody has any reason to complain. The London *Daily News* does not think the event of so much importance as some feel disposed to regard it. It says:—

"The late Cardinal Wiseman, in his intercourse with foreigners, was wont to extol the genorosity and devotedness of his noble and gentle English converts. Five years ago he could tell the Congress at Malines that the number of churches built or were building among us by con-

verts was at least forty-two. At a time when the heads of the Roman Catholic religion in this country announced plans of startling magnitude; when, for instance, they propose to astonish us with the magnificence of a cathedral which is to embrace all that is grandest and most steadily in architecture, when, too, the multiplication of schools is proceeding at a rate which Catholics are rather inclined to conceal than to boast of, any considerable addition to the material resources of their church is worthy of attention. This, however, is the most important aspect of the conversion of the Marquis of Bute. The social influence which a great nobleman can bring to bear in favour of an unpopular religion is not great, and it is smaller in Scotland and Wales, where the estates of the Marquis lie, than in any other part of the United Kingdom. We shall hear many wails over this latest conversion, and it is of course a pity when a man believes too much in religion. But after all, this is merely the case of a young man transferring his allegiance from one ecclesiastic community to another. While there are christians who will make more fuss about this occurence than if the Marquis joined the church of which John Day is a Bishop, and Mr Padwick a father confessor, men who exercise far more influence over their fellows than the Marquis of Bute will ever do, are dropping silently out of faith altogether, and nothing is said about it.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Shingle Machine and Jointer—F. W. Glen.
Joseph Hall Machine Works— do.
Lecture—Ottawa Young Men's Christian Association.
Notice—Thos. Guerin.
Sewing Machines—G. A. Walton.
Inman Line of Mail Steamers—Herrick, Brush & Co.
Purveyor to His Excellency Sir John Young—Jas. Buchanan.
Coffee! Coffee!—Jas. Buchanan.
The "Cook's Friend" Baking Powder—James Buchanan.

The Ottawa Times

Office: 38, Sparks Street

THURSDAY, JANUARY 28, 1869.

☞ *For Ottawa Markets and interesting reading see Fourth Page.*

It is not pleasant to have to record the fact that the burning of the Desbarats' block has given rise to a new feeling of insecurity regarding the consequences of fires. One of the large safes—a Taylor's patent, we believe—was yesterday removed from the ruins, and on being opened, it was found that the interior had been burnt out completely. Some coin was blackened, the wood-work converted into charcoal, and a large number of notes, deeds, policies, and other papers of great value, besides a quantity of postage stamps, totally destroyed; and so the fire proof safe is not proof against fire, and those who think differently may merely be hugging a delusion. Fortunately for Mr. Desbarats, the office books were removed from the safe before it was finally closed to test its pretensions to its title, otherwise his loss would have been much more serious. But as it is, we think the occasion one on which it is proper to call attention to the inefficiency of this apparently efficient safe. Business men willingly pay large sums of money for these articles, under the conviction that they will stand the test of fire, for otherwise, there is but little inducement to buy them; and when it is discovered that such conviction is ill founded, as in the case mentioned, one is apt to come to the conclusion that the money paid for a safe is almost thrown away.

"An intelligent stranger visiting Ottawa, "should he happen to drop" upon a copy of the *Citizen* of the 19th December last, and another of the 27th inst., "could not "fail to be impressed" with the extraordinary change which has taken place in its sentiments upon County Council matters. Yesterday the *Citizen* congratulated the County on the election of Mr. Morgan as Warden, and said that having served fourteen years in the County Council, "he "leaves a clear record behind him as a "member." Last month it was very plainly charged by the same authority against the Council that it was rather a stupid body; that it didn't know how to transact business, and that its address to the Governor-General reflected "strange credit on its "authors." That address the *Citizen* criticised with great severity, and wound up its remarks with the following reflections: "If such haziness and confu- "sion of thought characterizes an effort of "the Council, when they might be expected "to be more than usually particular, people "will suspect that equal or greater mixing "up of ideas is exhibited in other respects "and in ordinary matters. And they would "be right, as we will probably have occa- "sion to show." Now the *Citizen* had had "occasion to show" that the Council, despite its "haziness," &c., &c., has made an admirable choice of Warden. Can it "show" anything else against the Council? But what will be thought of the new Warden, when we state that he is one of the gentlemen who were accused last month by the *Citizen* of indulging their appetite for vile tobacco, when in the discharge of their public duty at the Council Board? That he was a member of the committee which drafted the address to the Governor-General, in which address the *Citizen* declared the "confusion of ideas "was doubly confounded?" and that this very gentleman, Mr. Ira Morgan, the present Warden, was so pre-eminently endowed, last month, with "haziness and confusion of "thought" as actually to have moved the adoption of the report of that Committee, thereby making himself responsible in an especial manner for "the brilliant effort" that was so severely criticised by the *Citizen*?

We shall be glad to have to report at the end of the year that Mr. Morgan has proved an efficient Warden, as no doubt he may. He succeeds a gentleman who was remarkable for the modest and unpretending way in which he so long and so efficiently held the office, and who is now honoured by the electors of the County as their representative in the House of Commons. Mr. Holmes has retired of his own choice from municipal duties, thinking the honour and responsibility of a member of Parliament enough for him to bear. As Warden he enjoyed the confidence of the county and the Council, and seeing that the changes in the *personnel* of the present from the last Council are exceedingly few, we need not doubt but that had Mr. Holmes coveted the honour, he would easily have secured his election, without being indebted for the position to *his own wife*. It is pleasing, however, to notice that the elevation of Mr. Morgan to the Wardenship has had such a happy effect on the *Citizen's* regard for the proceedings of the Council. After this the worthy councillors may, no doubt, indulge their "short pipes of briar and clay" without further hostile comment from our neighbour; and the "occasion" for exhibiting a "greater mixing up of ideas" will not occur during Mr. Morgan's term of office.

The following article from the Ogdensburg *Daily Journal* of the 25th inst. is especially interesting to the citizens of Ottawa at the present time. We trust that the Ogdensburg experience of water works enterprise last year may be that of Ottawa this; and we quote this article from the *Journal* in the hope that it may encourage the ratepayers of Ottawa to enter on the undertaking at once:

"A year ago, from frequent destructive fires, the attention of the citizens of Ogdensburg was directed to the immediate necessity of water works, which would afford means of defence against the ravages of the devouring element, as well as a supply of water for domestic purposes. A public meeting was called, and the municipal authorities instructed to make investigations as to the best means of furnishing the supply, and also to enable them to raise the money needed to erect the works. The city authorities caused surveys and estimates of the probable expense of works on the plan of a reservoir on Limekiln Hill, a point of 94 feet elevation, to be made.

"At the same time, they summoned hither Messrs. Flagler and Holly, of the Holly manufacturing company, who explained the new system of water works just being brought into use. These gentlemen met a public meeting, and their statements resulted in the appointment of a committee of inquiry, or water commissioners, who visited Ashburn and inspected the Holly Water Works of that city. They came back enthusiastic, and recommended the adoption of the Holly system, which consists of force pumps, driven by water wheels, thus keeping the pipes filled at any desired pressure to the square inch. Their estimate was that $100,000 would be required to purchase pipe, erect buildings, procure machinery, and dig seven miles of trenches, and set everything in working order.

"On the 7th of July, the taxpayers were called upon to vote upon the proposition to erect water works upon this plan, and it was accepted. Work was commenced at once. The vacant lot at the east end of the dam was selected for the erection of the water works building, and on the 7th of November, just four months from the day of election, the water was running through the pipes.

"The contract with the Holly Company was for three force pumps, driven by three water wheels. The special points of the Holly contract are that either two of their pumps shall be sufficient, when water is applied to two of the wheels under six feet head to force two million gallons of water in twenty-four hours through various parts of the city, and that the pumps shall throw at an elevation sixty feet above the pumps, as follows: Under ten feet head, eight one inch streams eighty feet high; under eight feet head, six one inch streams eighty feet high; under six feet head, five one inch streams eighty feet high; and under four feet head, three one inch streams eighty feet high.

"When Mr. Hamilton, the gentleman sent here by the Holly Company, had finished setting up the machinery, the pipes were not in condition for trial, and it was delayed. Some time in December, Messrs. Flagler and Holly came on to give the works a practical test, but owing to the fact that the machinery had not been adjusted, no satisfactory test was made. Mr. Holly remained and placed the machinery in complete working order, but only about half a mile of the pipe was in condition to be submitted to the test, and it was proposed to vary the method of testing.

"On Thursday, the President and Secretary of the Holly Company came on again to have a trial of the machinery. It was proposed to test one wheel and one pump at a time, with one, two and three streams. The hydrants brought into use were those at the corner of Fayette and Pickering-sts.; at the junction of Pickering and Water; and at the corner of Green and Water-sts., the extremes being about one quarter of a mile apart. All three of the pumps were tested with single wheels. Upon first test, two streams were elevated 106½ feet from the ground, 45 feet from above the river; second test, three streams 102 feet high; third test, two streams 112 feet. After this, 350 feet of hose were attached to the Green-st. hydrant, and a 1¼ inch stream elevated 96 feet. The height was taken by T. B. Tate, civil engineer. It is proper to say that Mr. Flagler, of the Holly Company, preferred to have the test demanded by the contract, but as the water pipe company's agent was unwilling to have all the pipes subjected to 100 lbs. pressure to the square inch, it was impossible to do so.

"The trial on Thursday was satisfactory to all who witnessed it, and to those who had taken the trouble to post themselves in relation to the machinery, most interesting.

"Nobody expresses a doubt from what they have seen, that the machinery will do all that is guaranteed, and more too. The great improvement of the Holly system over the old reservoir system, is that it affords full protection against, or means to fight fire in the whole district traversed by the water pipes. Every hydrant has the capacity of a steam fire-engine, and the power is ready to act almost instantly. All of the machinery is governed by an automaton regulator and alarm, whose performance is wonderful. This regulator may be set to any required pressure of water in the pipes. For ordinary service, 25 pounds is sufficient, and the automaton is set at that point. One wheel at a low rate of speed will furnish this pressure. In time of fires, 100 pounds may be needed. In the dead hour of the night a fire may occur. A hydrant is opened near the fire, perhaps a mile away. This open hydrant relieves the pressure, or instantly lets it down five, ten or twenty pounds, as the case may be. The pressure guage of the automaton instantly drops, throws off a guard, and a bell in the Superintendent's room rings violently. This signals fire or trouble. The Superintendent springs to the automaton and sets it to 100 pounds. The automaton hoists the gates to let on the required pressure. If additional hydrants are open, the automaton raises the gates higher, if one is shut, the automaton lowers the gate. And thus the firemen unconsciously act through the hydrants on the regulator, and the regulator on the wheels. All in all, it is the most complete and wonderful contrivance for fighting fires ever invented. The total cost of the machinery and hydrants, purchased of the Holly company, had finished setting up the machinery, the pipes were not in condition for trial, and it was delayed. Some time in December, Messrs. Flagler and Holly came on to give the works a practical test, but owing to the fact that the machinery had not been adjusted, no satisfactory test was made. Mr. Holly remained and placed the machinery in complete working order, but only about half a mile of the pipe was in condition to be submitted to the test, and it was proposed to vary the method of testing.

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"The Holly works are located at Lockport. It is only three or four years since the system was introduced. The success obtained is attracting the attention everywhere where water works are demanded. They have been introduced at Auburn, Lockport, Binghampton, Gouverneur, Vergennes, Canton, O., Peoria, Minneapolis and Ogdensburg. We think they are destined to supersede all other systems."

"By the burning of Desbarats' block, in Ottawa, Mr. Small lost the manuscript of his new work on 'The Birds of Canada, their habits and their nest eggs,' on which he had been occupied for three years. Mr. Small also lost a thousand copies of his 'Chronicles of Canada.'"—*Montreal Gazette.*

A similar statement appeared in our own columns, but we are happy to be able to state that the manuscript alluded to has since been found.

Recollections of a Checkered Life; by a Good Templar. *Napanee*: Published by S. T. Hammond. *Ottawa*: Durie & Son. Paper, 20 cents. Cloth, 37½ cents.

This is a neat little work, issued in the interest of the temperance cause. It contains many interesting sketches which will well repay perusal. "The Recollections" will form a valuable little contribution to the temperance literature of the country.

COUNTY COUNCIL.

Second Day.

WEDNESDAY, January 27.

Pursuant to adjournment the Council met at ten o'clock, a.m.

Present—The Warden; Messrs. Blackburn, Cummings, Cowan, Fraser, Caldwell, Dow, Green, Armstrong, Mohr, Kidd, Smith, McCaffery, Hinton, Lyon, Tremblay.

The minutes of yesterday were read.

The clerk read a communication from the county Solicitor, J. B. Lewis, Esq., stating that G. R. Burke, Division Court clerk, would not remove his office from the County Court House, until such time as the law required him to do so. Also an opinion as to the responsibility of the Council to discharge the debt incurred in erecting gas lamps around the jail.

Mr. Hinton then moved, seconded by Mr. Smith, that the opinions of the County Solicitor just read on the question of gas and other things furnished by the Sheriff for gaol purposes, be referred to a committee of the whole at three o'clock, this afternoon.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Cummings, seconded by Mr. Hinton, that the standing committees for the current year be composed of the following gentlemen, viz.:

Finance—Messrs. Smith, Blackburn, Graham, Hinton and Cowan.

Education—Messrs. Dow, Lyon, Caldwell, Tremblay, Smith and Hinton.

Roads and Bridges—Messrs. Dawson, McCaffery, Mohr, Dow, Cummings, Kidd and Armstrong.

Building and Gaol—Messrs. Smith, Cowan, Cummings, Graham, Green, Hinton, Fraser and the Warden.

Printing—Messrs. Blackburn, Smith, Cummings, Graham, Green, Cowan and the Warden.—Carried.

The clerk read a petition from Wm. Hearn, concerning his account for supplying coal oil to the gaol, which has been reduced by the council.

Moved by Mr. Smith, seconded by Mr. Hinton, that the petition of Mr. Hearn be referred to the Gaol Committee.—Carried.

The Clerk read the following documents, viz.:

1st. A petition from William Cummings, praying for a grant to the Deaf and Dumb Institution at Hamilton, together with a letter from the Principal of said Institution.

2nd. A letter from R. Lees, requesting pay for labour done by him in the gaol while there as a prisoner.

Moved by Mr. Cowan, seconded by Mr. Kidd, that the communications, &c., just read be referred to the respective committees to which they belong.—Carried.

The Clerk read a communication from the County Treasurer, stating that the arbitrators appointed to settle the amount of compensation to be paid by the city to the county for the use of the gaol had agreed upon the award.

The Clerk also read the annual report of the Ottawa and Gloucester Road Company.

Moved by Mr. Green, seconded by Mr. Cowan, that the annual report just read be received and placed on file.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Mohr, seconded by Mr. Cummings, that Thomas Elliott, Esq., be and is hereby appointed Auditor for this Corporation for the current year.—Carried.

The Warden then named Mr. James Blackburn, of New Edinburgh, as Associate Auditor.

Moved by Mr. Mohr, seconded by Mr. Armstrong, that this Council do now adjourn till 2 o'clock, p. m.—Carried.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

Pursuant to adjournment the Council met at 2 o'clock, p. m.

Mr. Dawson entered.

The clerk read a communication from R. Lees, Esq., clerk of the peace, concerning firewood, furniture, &c., furnished for his office.

Moved by Mr. Hinton, seconded by Mr. Armstrong, that the communication of R. Lees, Esq., be referred to the Gaol and Building Committee.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Hinton, seconded by Mr. Armstrong, that the communication from the Treasurer on the claim of H. D. Smith, Esq., be referred to the Finance Committee.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Tremblay, seconded by Mr. Cummings, that the Clerk of this Corporation procure on the most reasonable terms six hundred sheets of assessment rolls, one hundred sheets non-resident, six thousand notices to parties assessed, to be distributed the same as last year.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Dawson, seconded by Mr. Green, that this Council now resolve itself into Committee of the Whole, Mr. Hinton in the chair, for the purpose of hearing the County Solicitor's opinion as regards the liability of this Corporation to pay certain claims incurred by the Sheriff in and about the gaol.—Carried.

The Council then went into Committee of the Whole, Mr. Hinton in the chair. J. B. Lewis, Esq., County Solicitor, then addressed the Committee, after which the Committee rose and presented a Report which was read by the Warden.

Mr. Fraser then moved, seconded by Mr. Caldwell, that the Report of the Committee of the Whole just read, be adopted.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Fraser, seconded by Mr. Tremblay, that this Council do now adjourn till to-morrow at ten o'clock.—Carried.

The Council then adjourned.

UNITED COUNTIES OF PRESCOTT AND RUSSELL COUNTY COUNCIL.

The first meeting of the County Council of these United Counties took place on Tuesday the 26th, at L'Orignal. There was a full attendance of the members from the different townships. The Clerk of the Council having taken the chair the election of Warden for the current year was then proceeded with.

Wm. Bradley, Esq., Reeve of Caledonia, rose and said he had much pleasure in proposing Mr. Norman D. McLeod, Reeve of West Hawkesbury, to fill the office of Warden of these counties for the current year. He had known him long as a member of the council, and he would bear testimony to the efficient manner in which he had discharged his duties while among us. He was an old resident of the county, and acquainted with all their wants and wishes, and he had no doubt if elected that he would zealously discharge the duties of Warden.

J. H. Mullay, Esq., Reeve of South Plantagenet, seconded the nomination.

Wm. Wilson, Esq., Reeve of Cumberland, rose and proposed John Tytler, Esq., Reeve of Clarence for the office of Warden for the current year. He was a gentleman who had won the respect of the inhabitants of the Township since he had come among them, and proved himself an efficient municipal officer, independent of his qualifications. The County of Russell was now entitled in rotation to supply the Warden. The understanding was that he was to be selected from each County in rotation, yet Prescott had given the Warden for the last two years. Russell was therefore now doubly entitled to that honour.

Wm. Allison, Esq., Reeve of East Hawkesbury, seconded the motion.

Mr. Bradley said that it was unfair to make any claim in rotation for Russell, which sent only four members to the Council, to choose a Warden against the wishes of Prescott, which sent nine. This is a most unfair proposition.

Mr. Wilson—The Warden has been from Prescott the last two years.

Mr. Bradley—That is no matter, we may have a man in for a dozen years if we like. When Mr. Petrie was in year after year, you could not get him out until I came. I was the first man to break down that system. Put the question, sir.

The Clerk of the Council then put the amendment, when Mr. Tytler had five votes. The original resolution was then put and Mr. McLeod had 8 votes, and was declared duly elected.

Mr. Bradley then moved that the Council do adjourn for half an hour, until the Warden could be sworn in.

The proposal was not acceded to, and after a short delay the Warden was sworn in, and took the chair.

The Warden rose and said before proceeding to business he must thank them for the honour they had just conferred upon him. He hoped to prove himself deserving of that honour by the efficient discharge of his duties, and he hoped when his year of office was closed they should have no reason to regret the choice which they had made.

The routine business of the Council was then proceeded with. P. O'Brian, Esq., was re-elected clerk; D. O'Brian and Abbott Johnson, Esqrs., auditors, and the various committees being nominated, the Council was occupied with routine business until its rising, when it adjourned to ten o'clock next morning.

CORPORATION OF THE TOWNSHIP OF FITZROY.

Minutes of Council.

24th December, 1868.

The Council met pursuant to adjournment. Present: The Reeve and Messrs. Mohr, Dean, Maclaren and Elliott.

The minutes of last session were read.

Moved by Mr. Elliott, seconded by Mr. Dean, that the sum of four dollars be paid to James Shaw, Esq., for the superintendence of the bridge known as Shaw's Bridge.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Dean, seconded by Mr. Mohr, that the Treasurer pay Messrs. W. C. Chewitt & Co., $2 17, for blank forms as per account.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Dean, seconded by Mr. Mohr, that the Treasurer be directed by this Council to pay William McVicar the sum of $2.50 for statute labour done on West ½ Lot No. 18, in the first concession of this Township.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Mohr, seconded by Mr. Maclaren, that this Council do now adjourn for one hour.—Carried.

The Council met pursuant to adjournment, all the members present.

A certificate from Justices of the Peace for injury to sheep, was presented and read.

Moved by Mr. Mohr, seconded by Mr. Dean, that the Treasurer pay the Trustees of the undermentioned school sections the following sums:

School section No. 3	$ 1.05
School section No. 5	8 51
School section No. 6	11.40
School section No. 7	10.00
School section No. 10	1.20
	$32 16

Being for special school rates on non-residents' lands in said sections for the present year, and that a copy of this motion be his authority for so doing.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Dean, seconded by Mr. Mohr, that the Reeve give an order on the Treasurer in favour of Richard Groves for damage sustained by him, by injury to sheep by dogs, for fourteen dollars, the same to be paid from the sheep fund.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Dean, seconded by Mr. Elliott, that the Treasurer pay David Little the sum of two dollars and fifty cents, being an overcharge in assessment on a quantity of land for the years 1867 and 1868, and a copy of this motion be his authority for so doing.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Elliott, seconded by Mr. Maclaren, that this Council do hereby release Mr. Charles Mohr from his obligation to this Corporation as surety for John Teevens, innkeeper, the said John Teevens having substituted another surety, and that the clerk be authorized to affix the corporate seal to said release.—Carried.

Mr. Dean called for the yeas and nays.

Yeas—Messrs. Mohr, Elliott, and Maclaren—3.

Nay—Mr. Dean—1.

Moved by Mr. Elliott, seconded by Mr. Dean, that this Council grant the sum of five dollars to Dorah Sherlock, being poor and indigent.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Dean, seconded by Mr. Elliott, that this Council do now adjourn for half an hour.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Dean, seconded by Mr. Maclaren, that the petition of Thomas Bahan and others be received and placed on file.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Dean, seconded by Mr. Mohr, that the clerk be directed to prepare a new bond for the collector and his sureties, and have the same executed; that the sureties to the said new bond be John Cavanagh and William Gorman, and that upon the execution of the said new bond, John Ritchie and Thomas Marshall are hereby declared to be relieved from all claims and demands on behalf of this Corporation as sureties for collector.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Dean, seconded by Mr. Mohr, that the By-Law to alter the boundaries of School Sections Nos. 1, 8, 11 and 12, be now read first, second and third times and passed, any rule to the contrary notwithstanding.—Carried.

By-Law 188 was read first, second and third times, and passed accordingly.

Moved by Mr. Dean, seconded by Mr. Mohr, that this Council do grant James Mills a tavern license, to be held at the house known as the Swamp Hotel, until the first day of March next.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Elliott, seconded by Mr. Mohr, that the Treasurer pay the members of this Council and officers the sum set against their respective names, and that a copy of this motion be his authority for so doing.

Reeve, Allan Fraser, Esq., $18; Deputy Reeve, C. Mohr, $13 50; Councillor, Dean, $18; Councillor Maclaren, $ 3.50; Councillor Elliott, $15; Auditor R. Tait, $3; Auditor James Shaw, $3; Selectors of Jurors, A. Fraser, Esq., Reeve, $4. R. Walker, Assessor, $4. W. P. Taylor, Clerk, $6. Clerk, W. P. Taylor, sundries, per account, $11.87.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Elliott, seconded by Mr. Dean, that this Council do now adjourn.—Carried.

WM. TAYLOR,
Township Clerk.

BY-LAW No. 188.

By-Law to alter the boundaries of School Sections numbers one, eight, eleven and twelve, of the Township of Fitzroy.

The Corporation of the Township of Fitzroy enacts as follows:

That Lot number eighteen in the second concession is hereby declared to be withdrawn from School Section number one, and the same is hereby annexed to School Section number eleven of the said Township.

That the North part of Lot number twenty-four, in the twelfth concession, is hereby declared to be withdrawn from School Section number twelve, and the same is hereby annexed to School Section number eight of the said Township.

Given under the hand of the Reeve and the seal of the Corporation of the Township of Fitzroy, this twenty-fourth day of December, A. D. 1868.

(Signed,) ALLAN FRASER, Reeve, [L. S.]
WM. TAYLOR, Township Clerk.

CURLING.

A match was played yesterday between four members, six feet and over in height, and four under six feet, with the following result:

BLUE. Six Feet.	RED. Under Six Feet.
T. Russell,	W. Hutchinson.
A. Fleck,	T. Gallagher,
G. Hutchinson,	H. Inglis,
A. Gilmour (skip).	T. McKay, (skip).
BLUE.	RED.
13 points.	23 points.
9 ends.	10 ends.

—J. J. E. Linton, Clerk of the Peace, for the County of Perth, died suddenly on Saturday evening.

—A little boy of Mrs. Trousdale, Napanee, died on Saturday from the effects of poison which he accidentally got hold of.

—It is said that one of the first results of the Reform at the Admiralty will be the discharge of thirty clerks and writers whose services are found to be superfluous.

—Before leaving Stockholm, says a despatch from that capital, the Prince of Wales was made a Knight of the Freemasons of Charles XII., after having successively received the six inferior orders.

—The Corporation of York (Eng.) have passed a resolution instructing the town clerk to proceed against one of their fellow citizens for the recovery of the sum of £50 for non-acceptance of the office of alderman, to which he had been elected.

—The following *bon mot* is attributed to the Premier of the Dominion: Some one having written to him as to the *locale* of the Deaf and Dumb Asylum, he replied that, as Kingston has all the rogues, and Toronto all the fools, Hamilton is entitled to the deaf, dumb and blind.—*Leader.*

—Mr. Alexander Cameron Campbell, the head of the clan of that name, died at Leamington on the 5th instant, at his residence, Markham House, York-terrace. Mr. Campbell possessed extensive estates in Perthshire, and on more than one occasion was honoured with visits from the late Prince Consort and Her Majesty, at his seat at Monzie, during their Highland sojourns. In Her Majesty's Journal, Mr. Campbell is several times referred to, and it is with him that the Prince Consort made his first deer-stalking excursion. Mr. Campbell was a thorough sportsman, but has for some time been in failing health, and his death was not unexpected.

BILLS ASSENTED TO.

The following is a list of the Bills assented to by the Lieutenant-Governor of Ontario at the prorogation of the Legislature on Saturday:

An Act to amend the Law as to costs in suits for Alimony.

An Act to amend the Act, chapter 35 of the Consolidated Statutes of Upper Canada, intituled "An Act respecting Attorneys-at-Law."

An Act to exempt certain articles from toll.

An Act to incorporate the Ottawa Unity Protestant Benefit Society.

An Act to amend the Act, chapter 40 of 29th Victoria, intituled "An Act to prevent the spreading of Canada thistles in Upper Canada."

An Act to amend an Act of the late Province of Canada, intituled "An Act for the collection, by means of stamps, of fees, of office dues and duties, payable to the Crown upon law proceedings and registration."

An Act to incorporate the St. Andrew's Society of the city of Ottawa.

An Act to amend the Free Grants and Homestead Act of 1868.

An Act to authorize the Law Society of Ontario to admit Frederick George Allenby as a Barrister-at-Law.

An Act to amend the Act 26th Victoria, chapter 31, intituled "An Act to incorporate Huron College."

An Act to incorporate the Norfolk Railway Company.

An Act to amend the Municipal Institutions Act of Upper Canada.

An Act to authorise the Law Society of Upper Canada to admit Charles Gamon as a Barrister at Law.

An Act to authorize the Law Society of Upper Canada to admit William Darley Pollard as a Barrister at Law.

An Act to amend and confirm the Charter of "The Ottawa and Gloucester Road Company."

An Act respecting Elections of Members of the Legislative Assembly.

An Act respecting Titles to Union Houses of Religious Worship.

An Act amending the "Act to incorporate the Port Whitby and Port Perry Railroad Company."

An Act to incorporate the Peterborough and Hamilton Railroad Company.

An Act to amend chapter fifteen of the Consolidated Statutes of Upper Canada, intituled "An Act respecting County Courts."

An Act respecting the Colonial Securities Company (limited) to facilitate proof of its incorporation, for the execution of instruments, and for other purposes.

An Act to constitute and enable the trustees of the estate of Alexander Wright, deceased, to sell and dispose of his real estate, and to vest its proceeds for the support and education of his family.

An Act to amend the Act respecting Division Courts.

An Act to grant certain powers to the Ontario Farmers' Mutual Insurance Company.

An Act respecting the Court of Error and Appeal in the Province of Ontario.

An Act to amend the Act of the late Province of Canada, twenty-fifth Victoria, chapter seventy-two, by declaring the intention of the same, and confirming conveyances made by the Trust and Loan Company thereunder.

An Act to incorporate the Kingston and Frontenac Railway Company.

An Act to vest certain Real Estate in the Trustees of the Adelaide-st. Wesleyan Methodist Church, Toronto, with power to sell and convey the same, and to apply the proceeds in the erection of a new church.

An Act to incorporate the Ontario Trust and Investment Company.

An Act to legalize the granting to, and the holding by the Municipal Corporation of the township of St. Vincent, in the county of Grey, in the Province of Ontario, of certain lands.

An Act to amend the Act passed in the twenty-seventh and twenty-eighth Victoria, chapter twenty-eight, intituled "An Act respecting the Office of Sheriff," and to make further provision respecting the said office.

An Act to incorporate the Presqu'Isle and Belmont Railway Company.

An Act to enable the Council of the Corporation of Port Hope to aid, by way of bonus, the extension and completion of the Port Hope, Lindsay, and Beaverton Railway to Beaverton, and for other purposes.

An Act to incorporate the Synod of the Diocese of Toronto, and to unite the Church Society of the Diocese of Toronto therewith.

An Act to repeal certain Acts and Enactments therein mentioned, and to abolish the Court of Impeachment for the trial of County Judges.

An Act to amend an Act passed in the twenty-seventh and twenty-eighth years of Her Majesty's Reign, respecting the granting of Charters of Incorporation to Manufacturing, Mining, and other Companies.

An Act to provide for the succession of Trustees of the Church and Glebe property belonging to St. Andrew's Church, Peterborough, and to authorize the Trustees of the said property to mortgage the said property, or part thereof.

An Act to repeal and amend certain Acts and enactments therein mentioned.

An Act relative to certain streets in the city of London, in this Province.

An Act to erect the township of Monck, in the District of Muskoka, into a Municipality.

An Act to grant relief to Lady Smith, and to enable her to manage the estate of her late husband, Sir Henry Smith.

An Act to incorporate the Belmuth Ladies' College.

An Act to amend the Act thirty-first Victoria, intituled "An Act for the encouragement of Agriculture, Horticulture, Arts, and Manufactures."

An Act to make provision for the selection of Jurors for the County of York, for the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-nine, and for other purposes.

An Act to incorporate the Caledonia Peat Manufacturing and Smelting Company.

An Act to incorporate the Hamilton Mutual Fire Insurance Company.

An Act respecting the Public Works of Ontario.

An Act respecting the Security to be given by Officers in Ontario.

An Act to relieve the Trustees of the Honourable John Elmsley, late of Toronto, from the Trusts in a certain Indenture mentioned, and to vest the property therein mentioned in Charlotte Elmsley.

An Act to provide for the Registration of Births, Marriages, and Deaths.

An Act to erect the Townships of Watt, Cardwell, Humphrey, Christie, Medora, and Wood, in the District of Muskoka, into a Municipality.

An Act to amend the Act respecting Common Schools in Upper Canada.

An Act for relief of William Houghton Bell, and others, interested in the Estate of the late Thomas Bell.

An Act to incorporate the Simcoe and Muskoka Railway Company.

An Act to amend and consolidate the Acts relating to the profession of Medicine and Surgery.

An Act to amend chapter fifty-seven of the Consolidated Statutes of Upper Canada, intituled "An Act respecting Line-Fences and Water Courses."

An Act for the relief of the Toronto Street Railway Company, and to provide for the sale of their Railway, and for other purposes.

An Act to amend the Act imposing a Tax on Dogs, and for the Protection of Sheep.

An Act respecting Tavern and Shop Licenses.

An Act respecting the Partition of Real Estate in Ontario.

An Act to make further provision relating to the Territorial District of Muskoka.

An Act relative to Mining.

An Act respecting lands sold for arrears of taxes.

An Act to amend and consolidate the Law respecting the Assessment of Property in the Province of Ontario.

An Act to amend the Act 31st Victoria, chapter 40, "To incorporate the Toronto, Grey and Bruce Railway Company."

An Act to amend the Act 31st Victoria, chapter 41, intituled "An Act to incorporate the Toronto and Nipissing Railway Company."

An Act to confer certain powers on Trustees and Executors.

An Act to amend the Act intituled "An Act respecting the survey of Lands in Upper Canada (now Province of Ontario)."

An Act for granting to Her Majesty certain sums of money required for defraying the expenses of Civil Government for the year 1869.

for making good certain sums expended for the Public Service in 1868, and for other purposes.

LOCAL NEWS.

Popular Readings.—The St. Patrick's weekly readings will take place this evening. Several gentlemen have promised to read, and the musical department will no doubt be good.

The Eclipse.—Numbers of people were at their doors last night, smoked glass in hand, to see the moon's eclipse. Generally, however, it was not considered a first-class exhibition. The disappointment of some was so great that they pronounced the whole thing a failure. It is hard to please everybody.

Auction Sale.—The great auction sale of detailers' goods, will be continued this morning, afternoon and evening, at Orme's new buildings, Sparks-st. The stock is rapidly running down and must be all cleared out by Saturday evening next, without reserve.

Arrivals at the Russell House Yesterday.—Francis Jones, M.P., Kemptville; Capt. J. R. Kelly, Prescott; R. McEwen, Montreal; John Cassels, do.; Wm. Robinson, Galt; Andrew Elliott, do.; A. J. Brown, Belleville; D. Row, Brockville; A. Brooks, do.; P. P. Hall, Quebec; N. Robertson and wife, Arnprior; Miss Stewart, do.

Buchanan's Grocery.—The appointment of Mr. Buchanan as purveyor to His Excellency the Governor-General is a fitting testimony to the character of his establishment as a first-class grocery, where everything in season, and of the very best quality, may be had at the rates usually paid for inferior articles. The Two grocery stores belonging to Mr Buchanan, on Sussex and Wellington-sts., are now supplied with the finest fish in season. See advertisement.

Lecture.—A rare treat is in store for the *literati* of our city. The Young Men's Christian Association have secured the services of Principal Dawson, LL. D., McGill College, Montreal, to deliver a lecture for them on Friday evening next, in the Sussex-st. Chapel. Dr. Dawson has chosen as the subject of his lecture "The lower forms of life in the Sea," which will be illustrated by diagrams. As this will be the first occasion of Dr. Dawson appearing before an Ottawa audience a large attendance may be expected.

A Drunken Transfer.—A man named Gavlin, who hails from the Flats, got too much whiskey yesterday and drove his team in all directions but the right one, endangering the lives of many people who were passing by. And it was with great difficulty that several persons escaped; in fact it appeared as if the fellow were bent on running down all whom he saw. Finally he succeeded in getting through the window of Mr. Rowatt, at the Flats, and soon afterwards he was taken to the lock-up, and will be confronted by the Police Magistrate this morning.

Stealing at the Fire.—In our advertising columns will be found a notice from Mr. Thos. Guerin to certain parties who were mean enough to steal some articles belonging to him during the excitement and confusion that prevailed at the late fire. It appears by Mr. Guerin's advertisement that a chest of drawers, containing valuable clothing and jewellery, was taken away, and he expects to hear from the persons who took it. It seems also that a man was seen to take a lady's shawl and wrap it around his shoulders. Mr. Guerin wishes to hear from both those persons without delay.

"Cartoons of Raffaelle."

Seven chromolithographs in *fac simile* of the celebrated "Cartoons of

Latest by Telegraph.

Per Montreal Line.

TORONTO.

Special to THE TIMES.

Toronto, January 27.

Mr. Wallis Re-elected Warden of York --Circular from Dr. Ryerson--Reporters Refused Admittance to the Meeting of the Board of Agriculture, &c., &c.

Mr. Wallis has been re-elected Warden of the York Council, now in session.

Rev. Dr. Ryerson has issued a circular, explaining that he is about making a tour of each county in the Province of Ontario, for the purpose of conferring with school officers and the friends of education on the School Bill, in consideration of which it was postponed till next session, and stating the day on which each county would be visited.

The Board of Agriculture held a meeting to-day. Reporters were refused admission on the plea that the Board was transacting private business with its solicitor. Notice, it was said, would be given when reporters were wanted.

Speaker Cockburn's letter to the *Globe*, in reply to its charges, dated 20th, and published in the *Leader* of the 21st, appears in the *Globe* to-day.

The medical undergraduates of Victoria University are making arrangements for a presentation to Dr. Ralph, in token of their appreciation of his public services.

At the grand shooting match for the championship of the Dominion, held at Brockton to-day, Ward and Warren were equal, having shot 20 each.

The mildness of the weather this month is thought to be unparalleled.

Professor Kingston, of the Observatory, has furnished a table showing that the temperature of the month of January in 1850 to 1858 exceeded that of the present month.

The *Globe's* Halifax despatch says E. M. Macdonald, M. P. for Lunenburgh, replies to a correspondent in last night's *Chronicle* saying the Government can give information concerning the mission to Ottawa, as it knew a week before Mr. Howe left. It is not improbable ministers would have accompanied him had an invitation been received. Mr. Macdonald never believed an appeal to England would succeed. It is exceedingly doubtful if it can be obtained by the unaided power of Nova Scotia. It is wrong to encourage the idea that it is easy or certain; if got at all it must be by more energetic and self-sacrificing action than had yet marked the efforts of the party. Macdonald and Northop, M. P. for Halifax, are said to have joined the repeal league.

Hon. B. Kenny leaves for Ottawa on Thursday.

MONTREAL.

Special to THE TIMES.

Montreal, January 27.

McDonald, the Forger--Petition to the Legislature from the Synod--Hon. Mr. Howe, &c., &c.

The St. Patrick's concert to-night was a great success. About 3,000 persons were present.

Michael McDonald, the forger, has been remanded for eight days, to await the arrival of witnesses from the United States.

Twenty-eight clerical, and thirty-five lay, delegates of the Synod have petitioned the Legislature that the application to vest the senior dignitary of the church next in rule to the bishop, with all the powers of a bishop, may not pass as it is illegal, beyond the powers of the Synod, in violation of its rules and prejudicial to the best interests.

Hon. Mr. Howe is expected to attend the Governor's dinner, and his speech is looked forward to with great interest.

CABLE NEWS.

GREAT BRITAIN.

London, January 27.—None of the first class passengers on board the steamship *Pierere* were injured in the recent accident. The following second-class passengers were killed: Mr. Callaghan, Catholic priest; Mr. Fourquir, a Frenchman; and Mr. Walkuner, a German. The *Pierere* encountered a fearful tempest after being a few days out from the coast. The sea broke over the vessel, carrying away her forward deck cabin, and causing other damages. She received such injuries to her machinery as to be compelled to put back.

London, January 27—6:30 p.m.—All the information which, up to this hour, has been received of the damages done to the French steamer *Pierere* is an assurance that none of the American passengers on board were killed or injured.

Dublin, January 27.—A meeting of influential citizens was held here last night at which resolutions were adopted urging the Government to pardon the convicted Fenians.

London, January 27.—Mr. Ernest John, the well known radical politician, died yesterday. He had just been informally chosen by ballot over Gibsone, a Liberal candidate, to succeed Birly, one of the present members of Parliament from Manchester, in case the latter should be unseated on a charge of bribery.

The directors of the Bank of Owerend, Gurney & Co., have been held for trial in bonds of £20,000.

FRANCE.

Havre, January 27.—The steamship *Alaska*, with a cargo of cotton from New Orleans, is burnt, and is probably a total loss. The vessel was owned in Boston.

SPAIN.

The Assassination of the Governer of Burgos.

Madrid, January 26.—The Governer of Burgos was assassinated yesterday, when about to take an inventory of the goods in the cathedral in that city. The excitement is intense. The people generally sustain the Government. Many arrests of suspected parties have been made.

TURKEY.

The Sultan Denies the Reported Arming of Turkey.

Constantinople, January 26.—The Sublime Porte, in a circular, denies the reports that have been extensively circulated to the effect that Turkey is heavily arming. The Sultan confidently expected peace as the result of the Paris Conference.

NEWS VIA LONDON.

London, January 27.—The *Levant* published a rumour that Senator Nye, of Nevada, will succeed Morris as the American Minister at Constantinople in March next.

NEW ZEALAND.

NEWS VIA LONDON.

London, January 27.—Official despatches have been received at the War Office from New Zealand. They announce that a battle had taken place between the British troops and the Maori rebels at Poverty Bay, and that the latter were defeated with a great loss in killed, wounded, and prisoners. The result of the battle has caused tranquility in all parts of the colony.

AMERICAN NEWS.

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES.

Investigation Into the Alaska Purchase--Seward, Butler and Banks get a Million for their Influence.

New York, January 27.—The *Herald's* Washington despatch says, in the Alaska investigation yesterday, Mr. Fasistro was examined, although very unwilling, as he said, to testify. He stated that the Russian Minister told him that Russia only got five million dollars for the possessions, and he believed that Secretary Seward and General Banks and Butler got the rest; because Seward and Banks paid up some old debts soon after, and Butler ceased agitating the claims of the Massachusetts arms manufacturers against the Russian government.

Frank Swift the Champion Skater.

New York, January 27.—Frank Swift, of Brooklyn, won the two thousand dollars and the championship, at the skating match in Jersey City, last evening.

Personal.

St. Louis, January 27.—Gen. Sheridan is daily expected to return from the plains.

THIS MORNING'S DESPATCHES.

The Job Printers' "Strike" in New York Successful.

New York, January 27.—The job printers have succeeded in getting an advance of three cents per thousand.

The Disaster to the Steamship "Pierere."

The Havre agent of the parties to whom the *Pierere* belonged refuses to give particulars of the disaster to that vessel. His reticence gives rise to many rumours of the wildest character, but it is probable that all the first-class passengers are safe.

Messrs. Young & Radford having secured the services of first-class working jewellers in etruscan, filagree, plain, fancy and solid gold work, and having made large additions to their work shop are now better prepared to execute any orders with which they may be entrusted than heretofore. Masonic jewels, gold and silver medals, and every kind of jewellery repaired.

—For a choice selection of New Tapestry Brussells, Kidderminster and Imperial 3-pl Carpets, Cocoa Matting, Floor Oil Cloths, Hearth Rugs, Crumb Cloths and Door Mats; Damasks, Repps, Curtain Trimmings, Lace and Muslin Curtains, go to Magee & Russell's new Store, next door to Mr. John Leslie's, Sparks-st.

Dress Goods.—A large assortment of ball and evening dresses; also, in fancy, black, Japanese, and Foulard silks, poplins, &c., at T. & W. Hunton's, whose stock is constantly supplied by their resident agents in London and Paris. Evening silks, &c., shewn by gas light in a room prepared for the purpose, at any hour of the day.

British America Fire Assurance Company—This well-known and long-established Company continue to take risks in this city at the usual rates. Herrick, Brush & Co., agents. 957a

For fine bog oak brooches and ear rings in sets, see Young & Radford's new lot, just received, and selling at the very low price of only 90 cts. per set.

Jewellery.—All kinds of jewellery, of the latest designs, and at the cheapest rates, can be bought of Young & Radford, Sparks-st.

Try Gardner's Baking Powder. See advertisement 887.6m

What is the healthy, worldly man's ambition wealth, wealth, wealth. And what the poor invalid's, health, health, health. 'Tis true, gold is dross compared with health. Take care of it, but if you have already lost it from disease of the throat, lungs, liver, kidneys, or digestive organs, &c., remember that there has never been heretofore a medicine that could in any way compete with the Great Shoshonee Remedy for the radical cure of those diseases.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

Reported by Telegraph.

[For daily report of Ottawa Markets, see Fourth Page.]

New York Money Market.

New York, January 27.—Gold 36¼, American Exchange 43.

New York Markets.

New York, January 27.—Cotton firm at 28⅞c. @ 29c.—Flour dull; receipts 4,000 barrels; sales 6,900 barrels at $5 85 @ 6 35 for superfine State and Western; $7 @ 7 50 for common to choice extra State; $6 80 @ 7.75 for common to choice extra Western.—Rye flour quiet at $5 25 @ 7.40.—Wheat dull; sales 13,000 bushels at $1.63 @ 1 65 for No. 2 Western spring in store.—Rye quiet; sales (Canada) at $1.55.—Corn unchanged; receipts 30,000 bushels; sales 36,000 bushels at 93c. @ 95c. for new mixed Western; $1.06½c. for old do. in store.—Barley quiet.—Oats dull; receipts 3,000 bushels; sales 17,000 bushels at 72½c. @ 77c. for Western in store; 76c. @ 77c. for do. afloat.—Pork firmer at $31 25 @ 31 31 for new mess; $29 @ 29 25 for old mess.—Lard firmer at 20½c. @ 21½c. for steam; 20½c. @ 20¾c. for kettle rendered.

London Money Market.

London, January 27—3 p. m.—Consols for money 93¼; Accounts 93¼ @ 93½; Bonds 75¼; Stocks heavy, Erie 26; Illinois Central 92¾; Atlantic and Great Western 45¼;

Liverpool Markets.

Liverpool, January 27—3 p. m.—Cotton dull; Uplands 11¾d. @ 11¼d.; Orleans 11¾d. @ 11¾d.; Red Western wheat 9s. 10d. to 10s. Flour 26s. @ 26s. 10d.; White wheat 11s. @ 11s. 7d.; Corn 35s. @ 35s. 3d. for old; 34s. @ 34s. 3d. for new; Barley 5s.; Oats 3s. 6d.; Pease 44s. 6d.; Pork 93s. 6d.; Lard 74s. 6d.

JOSEPH HALL

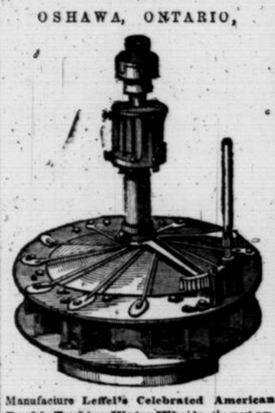
MACHINE WORKS,

ESTABLISHED 1851,

JOSEPH HALL MANUFACTURING CO.

PROPRIETORS,

OSHAWA, ONTARIO,



Manufacture Leffel's Celebrated American Double Turbine Water Wheels, *the most perfect and economical water wheel in use.*

We are the only manufacturers who can furnish the genuine "Leffel Wheel" in Canada, as will be seen by the following certificate:

Springfield, Ohio, Dec. 25th, 1868.

We take pleasure in informing the public of Canada that we have sold and furnished Mr. F. W. Glen, of Oshawa, Ontario, Patterns, Formers, Drawings, Gauges, and all other necessary information, to build our celebrated Double Turbine Water Wheel, invented by James Leffel, and known as the "Leffel Wheel." We have also obligated ourselves to furnish the same facilities for manufacturing to no other parties in Canada. Without the information we have given Mr. Glen, no one can successfully build our Wheels, and we advise parties in Canada to purchase our Wheels of no other manufacturer. Mr. Glen's facilities are unsurpassed, and we feel sure that he will build a Wheel that will give perfect satisfaction. We therefore commend him to the public of Canada with entire confidence, feeling sure he will manufacture a Wheel in all respects equal to our own.

Signed, JAMES LEFFEL & CO.

WARRANTY.

Our Wheels are warranted to work to entire satisfaction, if properly put up, run, and taken care of,—and then if they do not perform to the entire satisfaction of the purchaser, after running them 60 days, they may return the wheels to us, and we will pay freight, both ways, and refund all payments made to us thereon. This guarantee will be strictly adhered to.

We call especial attention to our superior Gearing of all kinds for attaching our Wheels, made light, and adapted to the high speed at which the Wheels run. We caution purchasers against using heavy shafting and gearing.

☞ We also manufacture all kinds of Saw and Flour Mill Machinery, including Steam Engines and Boilers, English and American Gangs, Hand-setting and Self-setting Circular Saw-rigs, Upright and Oscillating Mulay Saw-rigs, Gearing, Shafting, Pullies and Hangers, &c., &c. Also Shingle Machines and Jointers, Leather-Splitting Machines, Knife Grinders, Woollen Machinery, Washington Hand Printing Presses, Gordon's Power Press, Taylor's Cylinder Press, and Blake's Patent Steam Pump.

Catalogues containing full information furnished free to all applicants. Address—

F. W. GLEN, President,

959-1awlm OSHAWA, ONT.

Fine Arts.

NOTICE.

The undersigned begs to state that he has

OPENED AN OFFICE

OVER A. McCORMICK'S STORE,

SPARKS-STREET,

Where all orders for the

CANADA GAZETTE,

AND FOR

PRINTING, BINDING, OR STATIONERY,

may be sent, and will be punctually attended to as usual, arrangements having been made to prevent any interruption to the business.

Mr. Desbarats feels grateful for the sympathy tendered him on all sides, and hopes to see his patrons and friends in his new office.

GEORGE E. DESBARATS.

Ottawa, January 21, 1869. 954tf

A COMPLETE

Assortment at the Canada Gazette Office of

PRANG'S CHROMOS;

of which Frederic E. Church, the great American artist, says: "They are certainly most skilfully and artistically executed." And John G. Whittier "I had no idea they were home productions; I am glad to know that such beautiful work is done here." And Bayard Taylor: "Your illuminations of the Beatitudes are really superb." And Wendell Phillips; "I congratulate you on your success, which I consider marvellous;" &c.

Among them the following are the most attractive:

Horses in a Storm. (After R. Adams.)
The two Friends. (Child and Dog, after Gerand.)
Sunset in California. (After Bierstadt.)
Sunlight in Winter. (After Morvilliter.)
The Barefooted Boy. (After Whittier.)
Early Autumn on Esopus Creek, N. Y. (After A. T. Bricher.)
Late Autumn in the White Mountains. (After A. T. Bricher.)
Six American Landscapes. (After A. T. Bricher.)
Easter Morning. [After Mrs. James M. Hart.]
The Beatitudes of Our Lord, most magnificently illuminated.
Illuminated School Room Cards, with mottoes taken from Scripture.
Illuminated crosses, Book Marks, Rewards of Merit.
The Language of Flowers, Wood and Sea Mosses, Ferns, Flowers, &c.
"OLD MOTHER HUBBARD," "The most elegant juvenile book of the season," superbly illustrated and illuminated.

Prang's Chromos are offered at 20 per cent. below the publisher's prices at the

CANADA GAZETTE OFFICE,

Sparks-st., Ottawa.

Stationery.

CARTER'S

COMBINED WRITING & COPYING INK.

THE ADVANTAGES OF THIS OVER OTHER INKS ARE:

First. It flows freely from the pen, and does not thicken by exposure to the air.

Second. It will give a perfect and instantaneous copy.

Third. It will not mould.

Fourth. Being equally as good for Copying as for Book-keeping, it entirely does away with the use of two kinds of Ink.

Fifth. It is more permanent than common Inks.

Sixth. The color, when first written, is a beautiful dark green, but in a remarkably short time it changes to a BRILLIANT JET BLACK—not a brownish black.

Seventh. It is admirably adapted to the most delicate writing, and ALWAYS "makes its mark."

This Ink is warranted to flow as freely as Arnold's, or any other Writing Fluid now in use; to give as perfect a copy as any Copying Ink; and not to mould.

Parties using Carter's Ink, and What They Say About it.

Post Office—"Best ink, by far; have used it for years."

Harnden Express Company—"Tried every kind, and give this the preference."

Bank of the Metropolis—"Grand, good ink; use it altogether."

Hamilton Bank—"We use Carter's ink, and think it the best."

Jordon, Marsh & Co.—"Would'nt take any other as a gift."

J. R. Palmer & Co.—"It writes splendidly and copies beautifully."

American Bank Note Company—"Never used any ink we liked so well"

Paymaster's Office—"Best ink ever made in this or any other country."

Post Office, Philadelphia—I give it a preference over any other ink I have ever used. It flows freely, and does not gum with exposure.

W. M. Iseland, Chief Clerk.

Wholesale and Retail at the

CANADA GAZETTE OFFICE.

NEW PUBLICATION.

CHRONICLES OF CANADA.

BY

H. BEAUMONT SMALL, S.C.L.

Price, 50 cents. For sale by the publisher,

950tf GEORGE E. DESBARATS.

Sewing Machines.

HOLIDAY PRESENTS.

WHEELER & WILSON'S Silent Feed Sewing Machines are perfectly noiseless. The most valuable present to any Lady or Family is a WHEELER & WILSON'S SEWING MACHINE. A liberal reduction for cash on all machines for holiday presents. Twenty-five per cent reduction on Embroidery attachments applicable to the former style of Wheeler & Wilson Sewing Machine. Button Hole Attachments, new style; Tuckers, Trimmers, Corders, &c.

THE HOWE SEWING MACHINES

are best for Carriage Trimmers, Shoemakers and Tailors.

Call and see for yourselves; no trouble to show you how they sew.

Remember 37, Sparks-st., Ottawa; and 185 King-st., West Toronto.

G. A. WALTON, *Agent for Ontario,*

R. W. STEPHEN,

930-dwtf *Manager for Ottawa Office.*

January 28, 1869. 959-2awk2m

NOTICE.

I beg to remind the party who has a Chest of Drawers, that was taken from my dwelling during the late fire, and which contained Jewellery and Valuable Clothing, that I expect to hear from him without delay.

I further beg to remind the gentleman who was seen to take a Shawl on the same occasion, and roll it round his shoulders, that I expect to hear from him without delay.

THOS. GUERIN,

Dep. Pub. Works.

Ottawa, January 28, 1869. 959-4i

Wholesale & Retail.

LAST CHANCE!

ONLY

☞ ONE WEEK MORE ☜

OF THE

GREAT CHEAP SALE

OF

COTTON GOODS,

By the "Piece" at Wholesale Prices.

150 PIECES BLEACHED SHIRTING,
175 " GREY do
200 " PRINTS,
20 " UNBLEACHED SHEETING,
10 " BLEACHED SHEETING

☞ On the arrival of our "NEW COTTON GOODS" next month, we will be compelled to advance prices about two cents per yard.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

LAST CHANCE!

ONLY

☞ ONE WEEK MORE ☜

OF THE

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☞ On the arrival of our "NEW COTTON GOODS" next month, we will be compelled to advance prices about two cents per yard.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

Groceries.

For sale by the ersigned

300 BBLS. MESS PORK.

200 BBLS. THIN MESS PORK.

500 BBLS. STRONG SUPER FLOUR.

COAL OIL.

Having been appointed by the combination their agents for

COAL OIL,

hey are now prepared to sell in quantities to suit the trade, by the

BARREL OR CAR LOAD,

AT THE

LOWEST PRICES

Agents for Miram & Walker's

HIGHWINES

RYE,

PROOF, and

MONONGAHELA WHISKEYS.

Agent for

RESOR BROS. CHEESE.

Agents for John Campbell's celebrated

HAMS,

BACON, &c.

C. T. BATE & CO.,

Canal Basin.

Ottawa, Dec. 12, 1868.

THE UNION FORWARDING

AND

RAILWAY COMPANY.

THE ANNUAL MEETING

OF THE

SUBSCRIBERS OF STOCK,

OF THE

Union Forwarding and Railway Company,

will be held at

THEIR OFFICE in the CITY OF OTTAWA,

ON

Wednesday, 10th day of February, Next,

at TWELVE o'clock, noon, for the

ELECTION OF DIRECTORS,

and the transaction of general business.

By order,

R. S. CASSELS,

President.

Ottawa, January 23, 1869. 954d

Boots & Shoes.

IMPORTANT NOTICE!!

A Heavy Downfall in Prices!!

Boots and Shoes Below Par!!

AT THE RED BOOT,

All the large stock of winter goods is being sold off at

ENORMOUS REDUCTIONS!

and to ensure an extensive clearance, and thus make room for

SPRING GOODS,

an additional discount will be made UPON ALL CASH PURCHASES of

TEN CENTS OFF EVERY DOLLAR!

The stock includes a splendid lot of

CLOTH & FELT BOOTS & OVERS,

for Ladies', Gent's, Misses' and Children, and almost everything else needed to improve the *understanding.*

☞ Call early and be convinced; the opportunity will not last long. ☜

W. A. LAMB.

Ottawa, January 27, 1869.

Publications.

BOOK LIST.—J. DURIE & SON have received Nature's Nobleman, by the author of Rachel's Secret; the Prodigal Son, by Rev. W. Morley Punshon; the Bab Ballads, by W. S. Gilbert; the Carols of Cockayne, by Hy. S. Leigh; the Five Days Entertainments at Wentworth Grange, by F. T. Palgrave; Sportscrapiana—facts in Athletics, by Caw; Lyra Sabbatica; Hymns on the Holy Communion, by Ada Cambridge; the Search for the Graal, by Julia Goddard; History of Civilization in Europe, by Buckle, (Eng. Ed.)

Isaac Pitman's Manual of Phonography, also the Teacher and Reader, 12th English edition.

Cheap Books.—Sterne's Works, $1; the Family Doctor, Illustrated, [new] $1; Addison's Spectator, complete, $1.25; Hallam's Middle Ages, $1.25; Macaulay's Essays, 2 vols., $2; Disraeli's Novels, 5 vols., $4; Bulwer's Novels, 11 vols., $2.

For sale by J. DURIE & SON,

10 Sparks-st.

JONES & HOLLAND

Have Just to Hand

New Books and Magazines from England

New Books and Magazines from New York, Boston and Philadelphia,

Including all the Fashion Reports for the Month.

They supply all the leading Daily Papers, including the *Globe* and the *Gazette*, at 10 cents per week each.

Post Office Block, January 25, 1869.

STEAM ENGINE WANTED.

Any person having a GOOD SECOND-HAND STEAM ENGINE—about six horse power—in good running order, can find a ready purchaser by addressing "A.B.," Box C., Post Office, Ottawa.

Ottawa, January 25. 956-3

Jewellery, &c.

FOR

CHRISTMAS AND NEW YEAR'S

PRESENTS,

IN GOLD & SILVER WATCHES,

Go to YOUNG & RADFORD'S,

30 Sparks-st.

FOR

CHRISTMAS AND NEW YEAR'S

PRESENTS,

GOLD CHAINS & FINE JEWELLERY,

Go to YOUNG & RADFORD'S.

FOR

CHRISTMAS AND NEW YEAR'S

PRESENTS,

IN PLATED WARE,

Go to YOUNG & RADFORD'S.

FOR

CHRISTMAS AND NEW YEAR'S

PRESENTS,

IN FANCY GOODS,

SUITABLE FOR THE SEASON,

Go to YOUNG & RADFORD'S.

PARTIES WANTING WORK

SUITABLE FOR PRESENTATIONS

FOR CHRISTMAS OR NEW YEAR,

Will find it to their advantage to

Go to YOUNG & RADFORD'S,

30 Sparks-st.

Stationery.

NEW GOODS.

Just received, ex steamship *St. David*, a large importation of the best British manufactured

STAPLE STATIONERY,

IN

LETTER PAPERS,
NOTE PAPERS,
ENVELOPES,
FOOLSCAPS,
FOLIO POSTS,
RECORD PAPERS,
TINTED BLOTTING PAPERS,
MUSIC PAPER,
&c., &c., &c.

For sale at

THE OTTAWA CITIZEN

Stationery and Printing House,

Queen-st., Ottawa.

Groceries.

THE TEA POT LIST.

In Cases, Hhd. and ¼ Casks,

HENNESSEY'S BRANDY,

MARTELL'S do

OTARD, DUPEY & Co., do

JULES, ROBIN & Co., do

CASTILLION & Co., do.

In Bottle or Wood,

GRAHAM'S EXTRA OLD PORT,

GRAHAM'S THREE GRAPE,

SANDEMAN'S CHOICE OLD PORT

McKENZIE'S Pure Golden SHERRY

DUNN'S BROWN, do

CHOICE PALE, do.

THE

FINEST BALTIMORE OYSTERS,

Received daily, by Express.

CHIPPAWA pure old RYE WHISKEY

Four years old, equal to any French Brandy.

CHIPPAWA TODDY WHISKEY,

Four years old, equal to Scotch.

CHIPPAWA FAMILY PROOF.

J. G. ROBINSON & Co

The Tea Pot, Ottaw

Ottawa, Dec. 16 1868.

ON SALE,

GOODERHAM & WORTS'

RECTIFIED SPIRITS.

100 BBLS. CELEBRATED OLD RYE,

100 do HIGHWINES, 50 O.P.

100 do ALCOHOL, 65 O.P.

☞ The trade supplied at manufacturers' prices.

REDPATH'S EXTRA GOLDEN SYRUP

REDPATH'S STANDARD do

NEW YORK HOUSE SYRUP,

100 BBLS. WEST INDIA MOLASSES.

500 CHESTS UNCOLORED JAPAN TEA.

100 CADDIES ORANGE PEKOE TEA

150 CHESTS TWANKAY.

200 CADDIES BRIGHT SOL TOBACCO.

100 BOXES TOBACCO, 16s.

500 BARRELS EXTRA SUPERIOR FLOUR.

300 BBLS. MESS PORK, to arrive.

J. G. ROBINSON & Co.

December 16, 1868. 926.3m

OTTAWA MARKETS.

[Compiled expressly for the OTTAWA TIMES.]

Times Office, Ottawa, Jan. 27, 1869.

FLOUR—Extra	6 50	@	6 75
No. 1	5 25	@	5 50
No. 2	none.		
Rags—Fall per 100 lbs.	3 25	@	3 37½
" Spring "	2 62½	@	2 75
Oatmeal—per 200 lbs.	7 00	@	7 25
Indian Meal "	4 00	@	0 00
Rye—per bushel 56 lbs.	0 85	@	0 90
Barley " 48 lbs.	0 00	@	0 00
Buckwheat Flour	4 00	@	4 50
WHEAT—Fall—per bushel, 60 lbs.	1 25	@	1 30
Spring " "	1 20	@	1 25
OATS—Per bushel, 35 lbs	0 85	@	0 90
Peas " 60 lbs	0 00	@	0 00
Oats " 34 lbs	0 38	@	0 40
Beans " 60 lbs	1 00	@	0 00
PORK—Mess—per barrel	25 00	@	26 00
Prime Mess per do	17 00	@	17 50
Prime	none.		
Pork (fresh)	0 00	@	9 75
Hams	0 15	@	0 17
Beef per 100 lbs	6 50	@	7 25
Mutton—per lb	0 5½	@	0 6
Goose—Each	0 50	@	0 60
Ducks	0 50	@	0 60
Turkeys—Each	1 00	@	2 00
Poultry—Per pair	0 50	@	0 60
BUTTER—Choice Table	0 25	@	0 00
No. 1 Firkin	0 22	@	0 24
No. 2	0 03	@	0 00
Eggs	0 22	@	0 25
Apples—per bri	0 00	@	4 50
VEGETABLES, &c.—Potatoes	0 38	@	0 40
HAY—Per ton	18 00	@	20 00
WOOD—Per cord (cubic measure)	3 25	@	0 00
Mixed Wood	3 00	@	0 00
Tamarac	2 00	@	0 00
Soft Wood	2 00	@	0 00

Testimonials to the Montreal Tea Company.

FELCOMB.—Montreal Tea Company: Gentlemen, the Oolong tea which you sent me gives me great satisfaction. I forwarded part of the chest to a friend in Toronto who informs me he considers it as good as he has been paying one dollar per lb. for. Please send me a chest of Young Hyson at same price, viz: at 75c. per lb. Address as before. Your obedient servant," JNO. T. DAY.

COBOURG.—Montreal Tea Company: Gentlemen, I beg to inform you that the two boxes of tea you sent me are of excellent quality, especially the Young Hyson at 60 cents. Please send another box or 20 lbs., at same price, and oblige yours, &c., F. OLIVER.

QUEBEC—Gentlemen, the box of green tea you sent me a 65c. is far better than the tea we have been paying 90c. for. Yours truly, P. A. BIGLER.

—We have pleasure in directing attention to the advertisement of the Montreal Tea Company. We can assure our tea-drinking readers that an incredible saving can be effected and a much better article procured by adopting the suggestions thrown out by this company. From personal knowledge we can say that the Montreal Tea Company is a most satisfactory institution to deal with. Merchants and others by making purchases from this Company will save a very large per centage.—*Cornwall Freeholder.* [Most of our readers are acquainted with the editor of the *Freeholder*, and know that what he states from personal knowledge can be entirely relied on. [Ed. Beacon.] Stratford *Beacon.*

Montreal Tea Company, 6 Hospital-st., Montreal: The Congou Tea you sent me in December last, gives great satisfaction, and is much superior to anything of the kind at that price, which we have been accustomed to get from other houses in your city. Very truly yours, W. E. JONES.

Richmond *Guardian* Office, Richmond.

WINFIELD—Gentlemen, I received the Tea according to contract. I am very well satisfied with it, and can thoroughly recommend it. Yours truly, JOHN HERITAGE.

To the Montreal Tea Company, Montreal.

The Montreal Tea Company: It is pretty clear that when an individual or a firm makes a speciality of a particular trade—in other words—turn all resources and energies in one direction, then we find profits reduced and excellence secured. This has been the case in respect to the operations of the Company named. The qualities of Tea supplied are the best in the country, and by reference to the advertisement, it will be seen that, in price also, an inducement to patronage is offered the public.—*Woodstock Times.*

A large consignment of the Montreal Tea Company's pure teas have been received by the undersigned. There is no paint, dye, or black lead used in these teas to make them look well. Boxes, 12 lbs. and upwards. See advertisement for list of prices.

JOSEPH MOONEY,
Russell House Block

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Coughs and Colds.—Sudden changes of climate are sources of Pulmonary Bronchial and Asthmatic affections. Experience having proved that simple remedies often act speedily and certainly when taken in the early stages of the disease, recourse should at once be had to "Brown's Bronchial Troches," or Lozenges. Few are aware of the importance of checking a cough, or "common cold," in its first stage. That which in the beginning would yield to a mild remedy, if neglected soon attacks the lungs. "Brown's Bronchial Troches," or cough Lozenges, allay irritation which induces coughing, having a manly influence on the affected parts. As there are imitations, be sure to ostain the genuine. Sold by all dealers in medicines, at 25 cents a box.

Mothers! Mothers! Mothers!—Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with the excruciating pain of cutting teeth? If so, go at once and get a bottle of Mrs. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately—depend upon it: there is no mistake about it. There is not a mother on earth who has ever used it, who will not tell you at once that it will regulate the bowels, and give rest to the mother, and relief and health to the child, operating like magic. It is perfectly safe to use in all cases, and pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Price 25 cents. Sold everywhere. Be sure to call for "MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP." Having the *fac-simile* of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations

Mothers Read This!—Holloway's Worm Lozenges are a certain and safe remedy for Worms in Children and Adults.—As it is a well-known and melancholy fact that one great cause of misery and mortality among children is from Worms alone, it cannot be too deeply impressed upon the minds of parents the necessity of closely watching their children. By so doing; and understanding the symptoms and true cause of the disease, thousands of children might be saved from early graves. SYMPTOMS OF WORMS.—The following are a few of the very numerous symptoms and diseases which are caused by Worms: deranged appetite, emaciated extremities, offensive breath frequent picking at the nose, grinding of the teeth during sleep, hardness of the belly, with frequent slimy stools, and sometimes convulsive fits; itching of the arms, pain in the head and stomach, unquiet sleep, faintings, tremblings, coughs, indigestion, low spirits, frightful dreams, and a gradual wasting away of flesh.

They are palatable and self-administered to the child—drive out the worms thoroughly without pain and completely cleanse the stomach—thereby doing away with the necessity of administering Castor Oil or other unpleasant cathartics—as in the use of other Worms.

☞ Each box contains the fac-simile signature of NORTROP & LYMAN, Newcastle, C.W., who are the sole proprietors.

N.B. Ask for *Holloway's Worm Lozenges* ☞ and take no other. ☞ Sold by all the druggists in Ottawa, and medicine dealers every where. 578r

ORDNANCE LANDS.

Public notice is hereby given that Sales of ORDNANCE LANDS will take place at the following places in the Province of Ontario, at the dates hereinafter mentioned:

At Kingston, 29 Lots, on Wednesday, Feb. 3rd, 1869.
Toronto, 147 Lots, on Monday, Feb. 8th.
Burlington Heights, Hamilton, 33 Lots, Feb. 10th.
Amherstburgh, 4 Lots, Saturday, Feb. 13th.
London, 1 tract of land, Tuesday, Feb. 16th.
Fort Erie, 104 Lots, Friday, Feb. 19th.
Pelham Farm, Short Hills, Saturday, Feb. 20th.
Penetanguishene, 60 lots, Wednesday, Feb. 24th.

Purchasers will be allowed to pay in ten annual instalments. One to be paid at the place and time of sale, and the rest in nine equal annual payments with interest at six per cent.

Particulars as to lots, dimensions, size, &c., will be given in the local papers.

By order,
E. PARENT,
Under Secretary of State.

WILLIAM F. COFFIN,
Ordnance Lands Agent.
Department of Secretary of State,
Ottawa, 12th December, 1868. 925-2td

DOMINION Telegraph Company!

Capital Stock,.....$500,000.

IN 10,000 SHARES AT $50 EACH.

President,
HON. WM. CAYLEY.

Treasurer,
HON. J. McMURRICH.

Secretary.
R. B. REEVE.

Counsel.
MESSRS. CAMERON & McMICHAEL.

General Superintendent.
MARTIN RYAN.

DIRECTORS.

HON. J. McMURRICH—Bryce, McMurrich & Co., Toronto.
A. R. McMASTER, Esq.,—A. R. McMaster & Brother, Toronto.
HON. M. C. CAMERON,—Provincial Secretary, Toronto.
JAMES MICHIE, Esq.,—Fulton, Michie & Co., and Geo. Michie & Co., Toronto.
HON. WM. CAYLEY,—Toronto.
A. M. SMITH, Esq.,—A. M. Smith & Co., Toronto.
L. MOFFATT, Esq.,—Moffatt, Murray & Co., Toronto.
H. B. REEVE, Esq.,—Toronto.
MARTIN RYAN, Esq.,—Toronto.

PROSPECTUS

THE DOMINION TELEGRAPH COMPANY has been organized under the Act respecting Telegraph Companies, chapter 67 of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada. Its object is to cover the Dominion of Canada with a complete net-work of Telegraph Lines.

THE CAPITAL STOCK

Is $500,000, divided into 10,000 shares of $50 each, 5 per cent to be paid at the time of subscribing, the balance to be paid by instalments, not exceeding 10 per cent per month—said instalments to be called in as the works progress.

THE BUSINESS AFFAIRS OF THE COMPANY

are under the management of a Board of Directors annually elected by the shareholders in conformity with the Charter and By-laws of the Company.

The Directors are of opinion that it would be to the interest of the Stockholders generally to obtain subscriptions from all quarters of Canada, and with this view they propose to divide the Stock amongst the different towns and cities throughout the Dominion in allotments suited to the population and business occupations of the different localities and the interest which they may be supposed to take in such an enterprise.

CONTRACTS OF CONNECTIONS.

A contract, granting permanent connection and extraordinary advantages, has already been executed, between this Company and the Atlantic and Pacific Company of New York; thus, at the very commencement, as the Lines of this Company are constructed from the Suspension Bridge, at Clifton (the point of connection) to any point in the Dominion, all the chief cities and places on the States, touched by the Lines of the Atlantic and Pacific Telegraph Company, are brought in immediate connection therewith.

A permanent connection has also been secured with the Great Western Telegraph Company of Chicago, whereby that Company will be brought into close connection with all the Lake Ports and other places through the North Western States, and through to California.

All classes of Society are interested in extending the use of the Telegraph, at LOW RATES, and the Directors are satisfied, that the adoption of a scale of charges considerably below the rates now exacted in Canada, will by encouraging a much more extended use of this medium of communication, not only prove a real and substantial benefit to the public generally, but will also ensure a safe and profitable return to the Investor.

On the 25th day of June, A.D., 1868, the DOMINION TELEGRAPH COMPANY was duly CHARTERED according to law.

The admitted importance and value of Telegraphy, would, in the opinion of the Directors, have rendered any introduction of the Dominion Telegraph Company to the Canadian public unnecessary had it not been that previous attempts to establish Telegraph Companies in Canada, to share the business with the Montreal Company, had been allowed to fail through.

The success of a Telegraph Company will mainly depend on its ability to meet the demands of the public, and consequently it should possess, at least, equal facilities with any other Company, of access to all quarters with which its customers may desire to have communication.

This important requisite has not been, until now, within the reach of any Company entering the field as a competitor with the Montreal Company, in consequence of the close and exclusive connection formed between that Company and the Western Union Company, of the United States, the latter by virtue of certain patents, having until within these two years, monopolized nearly the whole of the telegraph business of the neighboring republic.

The business relations between these two Companies continue in full force, but the patents having run out, the monopoly so long enjoyed by the Western Union has ceased to exist.

The Atlantic and Pacific, the Great Western, and other American Companies have invaded the field, and have become successful competitors for the public patronage and support. These Companies, acting on the cheap postage principle, have forced the old monopolist to a reduction of rates, which has resulted in a more widely extended use of this means of communication, and much to the surprise of the Western Union itself, has increased its profits, whilst sharing its field of operations.

With these new Companies the Dominion Telegraph Company of Canada have entered into most satisfactory business relations, and confident of the soundness of the principle which led to the adoption of the penny-postage system in Great Britain, the voluntary reduction from $100 to $16.65 per ten word message by the Ocean Cable Company, and its successful operations of the Companies recently established in the United States, invite the business and mercantile community of Canada to join them in the promotion of an enterprise, based on the principle of moderate rates and extended business which, while injuring no one, they confidently expect will result in securing a large return to the investor, and prove a vast benefit to the community.

Allusion has been made to the voluntary reduction of rates by the Atlantic Cable Company. A Chicago paper, writing on the subject of the growing use of the Telegraph, gives the following return as obtained directly from Cyrus W. Field, showing very conclusively the benefit both to the public and the Company of the reduction of rates.

AVERAGE DAILY RECEIPTS.

From $100 per message of ten words	$2,525
do 50 do do	2,895
do 25 do do	3,964

An advertisement has recently appeared announcing to the public that the rates from 1st September, proximo, will be further reduced to $16.65 per ten words.

The following table shows the reduction which has been effected in rates in the neighboring States arising out of the construction of competing lines:—

From New York to	*Former Rate.*	*Present Rate.*
Boston	$ 60	$ 30
Bangor	1 20	65
Portland	90	50
Philadelphia	40	25
Baltimore	70	35
Washington	75	40
Augusta, Me.	1 20	60
Cincinnati	1 90	1 00
Buffalo	75	50
Cleveland	1 95	1 00
Pittsburgh	1 15	45
Louisville	1 96	1 00

This reduction took place in November, 1867. A comparison of the receipts of the Western Union since that period with the corresponding months of the previous year gives the following results:—

Gross Receipts for

December, 1865.....$ 551,971 40; December, 1867.....$576,135 19; Increase.....$ 24,163 79
Jany., Feb., March, '67 1,594,644 96; Jany., Feb., March, '68 1,727,939 55; Increase..... 133,294 59
April, May, June, '67, 1,559,778 79; April, May, June, '68, 1,749,631 52; Increase..... 189,852 73

While these beneficial results were flowing to the Western Union Company from the reduction of rates, the new Companies had created a business more than sufficient to fill their wires. In proof of this the following extract is taken from the report of the Atlantic and Pacific Company, made July 29th, 1868:

"In April last we reached the maximum capacity of our wires, and have since been compelled to refuse business daily. The Committee, therefore, have reached the conclusion from the actual experience of building and working the present lines—that

"Telegraphic business is growing faster than Telegraphic facilities."

As further proof on this point, the low rates have so pressed the wires of both Companies with business through the day, that posters have been placed in all the main offices proclaiming that double the number of words would be telegraphed at night at the same price as half the number of words by day.

In support of the observation quoted above, that telegraphic business is growing faster than telegraphic facilities, the following statement exhibiting the wonderful increase in the use of the wire, within the last six years, cannot be without interest to our readers. The gross earnings of all telegraph lines in the United States for the following years were:—

1848	$ 4,228 77	1854	$3,792,245 40
1849	63,338 98	1865	4,420,268 88
1853	163,860 84	1866	5,624,501 20
1862	2,734,960 40	1867	7,641,552 47
1863	3,369,442 56		

Showing an average increase of a million a year for the last five years.

A comparison of the number of messages, and persons using the wire in Canada and the States, furnishes a further proof of the advantage to the public and corresponding benefit to the Companies arising out of a reduction of rates.

The published returns for 1867, show that 609,757 messages were sent in Canada, while the messages in the United States for the same period exceeded 20,000,000, the former being less than one message to every six persons, the latter, two to every three. From these returns and results it may be reasonably inferred that a reduction of rates to a tariff at which the wires of both Companies can be filled, will secure a fair field and good prospects to the Dominion Company without in any way prejudicing the interests of the Company now monopolizing the ground.

The particulars submitted above are sufficient in the opinion of the Directors to establish the fact that low rates, by encouraging a more general use of the telegraph, are more profitable than high. It is not, however, solely in the light of a safe and good investment that the Directors desire that this enterprise should be viewed. They feel that their object will be but indifferently attained unless they can satisfy the public, the business and commercial men, that ALL who use the telegraph as a medium of rapid communication, are interested in the establishment of what may be called a competing line. As in the administration of public affairs, a strong, watchful opposition, is the best security for good and careful government: so in commercial matters, an honest rivalry in the various pursuits and branches of trade furnishes the best security that the public shall be well served.

To apply the argument to the purpose in hand, the following table showing the inconsistencies, and, in many instances, the excessive rates now charged on messages passing between the cities and towns of Ontario, Quebec and the United States, will, it is believed, convince the reader that an honest competition is needed, not only for the reduction and adjustment of rates, but also to ensure that attention and care which would of necessity be enforced on the Companies competing for public favor, and thus tend greatly to promote the general interests of the community.

EXAMPLE OFF PRESENT TARIFF RATES, WITH DISTANCES.

	MILES.	CANADA MONEY.
From Toronto to Suspension Bridge	83	40c
Do do Montreal	333	50
Do do Mitchell, Seaforth, Bothwell, Alles Craig, Caledonia, Chatham, Dunville, Newbury, Port Burwell, Port Colborne and many other places		40
Do do Kingston	160	25
Do do Quebec	505	50

Example at present tariff rates to Buffalo, and from thence to the following places, in U.S. currency, which reduced to Canada money at 45 per cent premium, makes the actual cost, as in second column:—

Price Collected at Toronto.	ACTUAL COST, BOTH TARIFFS.		
To New York ..... 80c.	From Toronto to Buffalo ..... 30c Buffalo to New York. 50c	Reduced to Canada Money.	.....35c—$0 65
To Philadelphia $1 05	From Toronto to Buffalo ..... 30c Buffalo to Philadelphia. 75c	Reduced to Canada Money.	..... 52c—$0 82
To Washington $1 30	From Toronto to Buffalo ..... 30c Buffalo to Washington. 90c	Reduced to Canada Money.	.....62c—$0 92
To Baltimore $1 30	From Toronto to Buffalo ..... 30c Buffalo to Baltimore. 85c	Reduced to Canada Money.	.....59c—$0 89
To Chicago $1 35	From Toronto to Detroit. ..... 60c Detroit to Chicago. 75c	Reduced to Canada Money.	.....52c—$1 12
To New Orleans $3 65	From Toronto to Buffalo ..... 30c Buffalo to New Orleans. $2 75c	Reduced to Canada Money.	.... $1 90c—$2 20

NOTE.—The same illustration may be applied to all the places in the United States. Canadians are obliged to pay a profit on the published rates.

Subscription Books will be opened at the Office of the Company, 88 King-st. east, on and after September 1st, 1868.

H. B. REEVE,
Secretary.

Toronto, September 29, 1868. 860z

Medical.

PAIN KILLER
A PURELY VEGETABLE MEDICINE

TAKEN INTERNALLY, CURES
Sudden Colds, Catarrh, Coughs, Bronchitis, Asthma, Fever and Ague, Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, Acid Stomach, Headache, Heartburn, Indigestion, Canker in the Mouth, Throat or Stomach, Sick Headache, Sore Nipples, Piles, Kidney Complaints Canker Rash, Cramp and Pain in the Stomach, Painter's Colic, Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Summer Complaint, Cholera Morbus, Cholera Infantum and Cholera.

APPLIED EXTERNALLY, CURES
Scalds, Burns, Frostbites, Chilblains, Erysipelas, Ringworm, Whitlows, Boils, Old Sores, Sprains, Bruises, Toothache, Headache, Neuralgia in the Face or Head, Pains in the Side, Pains in the Back and Loins, Rheumatism, Rheumatic Gout, Neuralgic & Rheumatic Pains in the Joints and Limbs, Stings of Insects, Scorpions, Centipedes, and the Bites of Poisonous Insects and Venomous Reptiles.

At this season, when coughs and colds are so prevalent, an effectual remedy, and one easily obtained, is *Perry Davis' Vegetable Pain Killer.* It is no new nostrum, vended by unknown agents, but has stood the test of over 20 years; and those who use the article, internally or externally, will connect with it grateful recollections of its worthy inventor.—*Hastings' Chronicle, C.W.*

PAIN KILLER.—The testimonials borne to the efficacy of this valuable medicine are sufficient to warrant its introduction into every house. Our own opinion is that no family should be without a bottle of it for a single hour. In flesh wounds, aches, pains, sores, &c., it is the most effectual remedy we know of. A bottle will last for a very long time, and its low price places it within the reach of all. Our readers will remember that the Messrs. Perry Davis & Son have opened out a house in Montreal, whence Canadian orders are supplied.—*News, St. Johns, C.E.*

☞ We are glad to learn that the "Pain Killer" is having so large a sale in our city. We have every reason to believe it to be an almost never failing cure for pain, and is a medicine that no family should be without.—*Montreal Pilot.*

If an attack of Diarrhœa, Dysentery or Cramp Colic, don't delay the use of the Pain Killer.

Rev. H. L. Van Meter, Burmah, writes, "The Pain Killer has become an almost indispensable article in my family."

Hundreds of missionaries give similar testimony of its virtues.

Rev. J. G. Stearns writes, "I consider it the best remedy for Dyspepsia I ever knew."

Rev. Jabez S. Swan says, "I have used it for years in my family, and consider it an invaluable remedy."

We cheerfully add our testimony in favor of this medicine.—*Roman Citizen.*

We have tested this medicine and assure our readers that it not only possesses all the virtues claimed for it, but in many instances surpasses any other remedy which we have ever known.—*Herald of Gospel Liberty.*

It is really a valuable medicine. It is used by many physicians.—*Boston Traveller.*

I have used Davis' Pain Killer, and consider it an indispensable article in the medicine box. It has effected cures in Diarrhœa, and in cuts and bruises it is invaluable.—*New York Examiner.*

Spoken of in terms of high commendation by both druggist and physician.—*Philadelphia Eagle.*

The Pain Killer is sold at wholesale by druggists and medicine dealers, and common merchants, in the principal cities, and retailed by Apothecaries, Grocers and at Variety Shops generally, throughout the world. Price, 15 cents, 25 cents and 50 cents per bottle.

PERRY DAVIS & SON,
Manufacturers and Proprietors, 380 St. Paul-st., Montreal, P. of Q.
78 High-st., Providence, R. I.; 71 Southampton Row, Holborn, London, England.
DAVIDSON & DANIEL, GENERAL AGENTS

DARLEY'S ARABIAN HEAVE REMEDY and CONDITION MEDICINE is positively superior to any, or all other preparations for the cure of Heaves, Coughs, Thick and Broken Wind, and all diseases which affect the wind of horses; also, as a Condition Medicine, surpassing everything of the kind, is easy to give, sure to cure and safe in all cases and at all times, and does not prevent the horse from being worked while using it.

It cleanses the breathing apparatus, by removing from the air-cells the coagulable lymph, or that secretion which in heaves clogs them, causing a difficulty in breathing, and by its action on the diseased part, causing the mucous membrane to resume its natural dimensions, thus equalizing the circulation of the blood, and restoring the distended vessels to their natural size; by its use the horse's appetite is improved, all derangements of the digestive organs corrected, softening the skin, and giving to the coat a sleek and shining appearance.

D. W. HURD, successor to HURD & Co., Malden Lane, New York, Sole Proprietor for the United States.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, Ont., Proprietors for Canada.
Price 25 cents. Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, Henry E. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J. Brown, in Ottawa. 889-43-6m

MORTIMER'S
INFALLIBLE REMEDY
FOR
CHOLERA,
DIARRHŒA, and
BOWEL COMPLAINTS.

The following extract, which Mr. Mortimer is kindly permitted to publish, is from the letter of a relative of Dr. Wolfe, of this city, now residing in the United States:

"Find out if the Express charges are too high, and if not, arrange with Mortimer to let you have a box of the bottles of CHOLERA MIXTURE, I could make a good little fortune with them. The bottle I brought with me here brought two ladies round from decided cholera; one on board the boat, and the other in Berlin, United States. Both commenced with diarrhœa, then with dysentery, and then vomiting. The one at Berlin was very bad. I gave her three doses of the Cholera Mixture, the third of which stopped the vomiting. The next day she was all right, or nearly so. She was very grateful. I have now only a little left."

☞ This excellent mixture, which should be in every family, is only

TWENTY-FIVE CENTS A BOTTLE.

NONE OTHER GENUINE.

TRADE MARK REGISTERED

CANADIAN COUGH EMULSION.

This valuable medicine has the extraordinary property of immediately relieving Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Difficulty of Breathing, Tightness in Chest, &c., &c. It operates by dissolving the congealed phlegm, causing free expectoration, and an agreeable moistness to the skin.

Sold in Bottles at 1s. 3d. and 2s. 6d. Each.

MORTIMER'S COMPOUND ANTIBILIOUS
AND
FAMILY APERIENT PILLS,

A grand specific for derangement of the Digestive Organs, and for obstructions and torpid action of the Liver and Bowels.

Mortimer's Vegetable Worm Destroyer, The only sure remedy that exists, combining delicious taste and amazing power.

MORTIMER'S
Colonges, Pomades, Toilet Vinegar, Rose Dentifrice, for the Teeth and Gums. Also constantly on hand Perfumes of all kinds, and Toilet Requisites usually kept in a first-class establishment.
No. 41 Sussex-st., Ottawa City.

FOR CASES of
CONSUMPTION
treated with SAVORY & MOORE'S
PANCREATIC EMULSION.
See *The Lancet, British Medical Journal, Medical Press, &c.*

On the 14th Oct. I commenced the Pancreatic Emulsion (SAVORY & MOORE'S) in two tea-spoonful doses, two hours after dinner and supper. I can only describe its effects by saying that it seemed *to work like a charm.*"—Dr. Kinkead's *Paper on Phthisis and its treatment.*

Medical Press, &c., Feb. 26, 1868.

Caution.—The genuine PANCREATIC EMULSION sold only in bottles, 2s 6d, 4s 6d and 8s, with Savory & Moore's labels and trade mark.

THE BEST FOOD FOR INFANTS, resembling Mother's Milk as closely as possible.—Dr. H. Barker *on right foods for children.*

"THE INFANT PRINCE thrives upon it as a Prince should."—*Social Science Review.*

"A REAL IMPROVEMENT (*Lancet*) on the ordinary kinds of LIEBIG'S FOOD," and the only one that keeps good in all climates.

No boiling or straining. Tins, 1s, 2s, 5s and 10s.

SAVORY & MOORE,
143, New Bond-st., London.

FLOWER BULBS.

Shipped per *Hibernian*, and to arrive in a few days, a very superior assortment of

HYACINTH, TULIP AND OTHER FALL BULBS.

These Bulbs will be found superior to anything yet imported.

WILLIAM HEARN,
Market Drug Store,
York-st.

Ottawa, October 17, 1868. 874tf

Medical Cards.

EDWARD C. MALLOCH, M.D., M. R. C. S. Duke-st., LeBreton's Flats, "opposite the well." Office hours from 8:30 to 10:30 a.m., and 3 to 5 p.m.

DR. C. LEGGO, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Office—Hunton's Block, Sparks-street.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street, Central Ottawa. 34tf

DR. C. A. MARTIN, Dentist. Office—Sussex-street, over Messrs. Campbell & Co.'s, Grocers. 34tf

DR. GEORGE HUTCHISON, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street, opposite Magee & Russell's. 576y

DR. W. J. HENRY, Corner of Kent and Wellington-streets, Ottawa. 43utf

DR. O. C. WOOD, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Ottawa. Day office opposite Magee & Russell's, Sparks-street, Centre Town. Night office at his residence, Maria-street, Centre Town. CANCERS CURED, without the use of the knife, by a new, but certain, speedy, and almost painless process. References given to parties successfully treated, if required. 17w160y

DR. J. A. BECKETT, Surgeon Dentist, Dental Rooms—Over Messrs. Durie & Son's Bookstore, directly opposite the Russell House No. 10, Sparks-street, Ottawa. 836 3m8y

Hotels and Saloons.

DICKWICK HOUSE,
Corner James and King-sts.,
Opposite the Court House and Public Offices, ST. CATHARINES, Ont.
E. HOUGHTON, Proprietor,
(Late of Houghton's Dining Saloon.)
☞ A spacious sample-room for commercial travellers. 859z

OTTAWA HOUSE.

Corner of Main and Prince of Wales-streets Pembroke, Ontario.

Stages in connection with the steamers *Jason Gould, Pembroke* and *Pontiac.*

Particular attention paid to the comfort of guests. Good rooms for commercial travellers. Horses and vehicles always on hand.

J. COPELAND,
Proprietor.
Pembroke, Aug. 1, 1868. 809z

TORONTO HOUSE, Sparks-st.

MRS. TROTTER begs to announce that she has at present several commodious and handsomely furnished suites of apartments, in every respect eligible for civil or military officers, or private gentlemen remaining in the city. 773tf

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,
M. KAVANAGH, *Proprietor,*
Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings.

The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brandies Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to be comfort of his guests and patrons.

☞ Oysters, Game etc., daily

THE METROPOLITAN,
AUMOND'S BLOCK,
Rideau Street Ottawa.
292tf P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.

DOMINION HOUSE,
WELLINGTON-STREET.

The undersigned, formerly head waiter at the Russell House, begs to notify his friends and the public generally that he has leased the above hotel, which is now well furnished, and will be kept as a first class house. The bar is well stocked with the choicest brands of liquors. The table will be furnished with the best the market affords. Good yard and stabling attached to the premises. 658y GEORGE IRVINE.

Miscellaneous.

B. TACKABERRY, Auction Rooms No. 36, Rideau-street, below Whyte's Stationery Store. The sale of Real Estate at Auction or private sale promptly attended to. Consignments received and immediate attention will be paid. Sales attended in any of the city or country. 659y

R. SPARKS, Provincial Land Surveyor, Draughtsman, &c., (commissioned for Upper and Lower Canada.) Office and residence, Gloucester, near Ottawa. Surveys of every description executed with accuracy. Communications addressed Ottawa City, (post-paid), or left at the office of N. Sparks, Solicitor, &c., Ottawa, will receive prompt attention. 55 y

B. BILLINGS, Jr., Architect, Elgin street opposite the Post Office.

REFERENCES.—R. A Sims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany; Dr J A Grant, M P, Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq Managing Director O. & St. L. R.R. 746t

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale. OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

O'CONNOR & WALLER, Exchange Brokers, Fire, Life and Accidental Insurance, Commission and Collecting Agents.
Office, No. 27, Sussex-street, Ottawa.
R. R. O'CONNOR. 378y W. H. WALLER.

OLIVER & ANNABLE, Wholesale Manufacturers of Bedsteads, Chairs, &c., Chaudiere Island, Ottawa, C. W.
JOHN OLIVER,
506y WILLIAM ANNABLE.

R. H. McGREEVY, Contractor and Builder. Office: North side York Street, second door from Sussex Street. 78y

PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS, &c., Prepared for buildings of every description, by SIDNEY B. FRIPP, Architect, 711tf Wellington-st.

TO FARMERS & OTHERS.

TRADE O. A. A. MARK. & Co.

Farmers and others should buy their TEA and COFFEE from

A. O. AUDY & CO.,

who are daily receiving by direct importations Tea and Coffee of the finest quality. Their business is conducted on the English principle, and the above named articles can be procured in 5 and 10 pound caddies and upwards. The purchaser receives the benefit of a neat package, a good article, and at wholesale prices. Perfect satisfaction is ensured, and any goods not proving according to sample can be returned at our expense. We will pay the carriage on 4 five or 2 ten lb caddies to the nearest railway station. For the accommodation of farmers and others not having heard of the advantages offered them, we have engaged trustworthy agents who will make occasional trips throughout the surrounding country and solicit their orders. Any favors submitted to them will receive prompt attention. We do not sell less than a caddie, and nothing but Tea and Coffee sold. The following is the list of prices:

BLACK TEA.

Common Congou, Strong Tea	$0 45 @ 50
Fine Flavoured New Season do	0 55 @ 60
Excellent Full Flavoured do	0 75 @ 80
Sound Oolong	0 40 @ 45
Rich Flavoured, do	0 55 @ 60
Very Fine, do do	0 75 @ 80
Japan Good	0 50 @ 60
Very Good	0 65 @ 70
Finest	0 75 @ 80
GREEN TEA.	
Twankay, Common	0 35 @ 40
Fine do	0 55 @ 60
Young Hyson	0 50 @ 60
Fine do	0 75 @ 85
Superfine and Very Choice	1 00 @ 00
COFFEE.	
Mocha	$0 22, 0 27, 0 29, 0 33
Java	0 20, 0 25, 0 29, 0 32
Ceylon	0 18, 0 22, 0 26, 0 29

Remember the place,
A. O. AUDY & CO.,
Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office.

OTTAWA AND GLOUCESTER ROAD COMPANY.

Notice is hereby given that

THE DIRECTORS

Of the Ottawa and Gloucester Road Company

have this day made a further

CALL OF TEN PER CENT.

on the additional capital stock of the said company, which call they require the holders of such stock to pay to the undersigned at the OFFICE of W. M. MATHESON, Esq., in this city, on

Saturday, the Twentieth day of February Next.

By order,
W. H. FALLS,
Sec.-Treas.

Dated this January, 19th 1869. 952td

Legal Cards.

MACPHERSON, KENNEDY & CHRISTIE, Barristers, &c., Lang's Block, Elgin-st., Ottawa.
J. P. MACPHERSON, C. KENNEDY, A. J. CHRISTIE.

J. W. W. WARD, of the late firm of Lewis Pinhey & Ward, has removed his Chancery Office to Bell's Law Chambers, opposite Russell House, Elgin-st. dw

NICHOLAS SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

E. A. MARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 902y

MOSGROVE & TAILLON, Barristers, Solicitors, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.
WILLIAM MOSGROVE. 366tf GEORGE TAILLON.

L. TETREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post Office. 390tf

LAPIERRE & HAYCOCK, Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers and Notaries Public, Corner of Sussex and York-streets, Ottawa. 358y

D. O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c, Sussex-street. Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 55y

H. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Post Office Building, Elgin-street, Ottawa. 43utf

P. J. BUCKLEY, L.L.B., Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, and Notary Public. Office—over Mr. Luke Cusner's Boot and Shoe Store, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 334y

LEES & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. Office—In the Court House, Ottawa.
ROBERT LEES. 43utf JOHN J. GEMMILL.

The Times

VOL. IV. NO. 960. OTTAWA, FRIDAY, JANUARY 29, 1869. PRICE—3 CENTS.

Groceries.

GARDENER'S

BAKING POWDER.

In 1 lb. Packets for 25 cents. | And 6 Packets for $1.25.

TEN REASONS

Why it Should be Used in Preference to all Others:

1st. Bread or Cakes made with it are more wholesome than if made with Yeast or any other process.

2nd. Its purity is such that it will stand the test of the most perfect analysis.

3rd. After having been extensively used for the last 14 years in not one instance has it failed to give entire satisfaction.

4th. Families that have used it pronounce it the best, and will use no other.

5th. It contains no Saleratus, nor does it impair the digestive organs like those powders where Soda or an excess of Alkali predominates.

6th. It never gives to Bread or Cakes an unpleasant Alkaline or mawkish taste.

7th. The ingredients that form its composition are more beneficial than otherwise.

8th. Dyspeptic subjects can eat hot Bread or Rolls made with it and derive benefit by its use.

9th. Every Packet contains its full weight; one pound packets weigh 16 ounces.

10. It is all that it is represented to be, namely:

Unrivalled for Purity and Cheapness.

Sole Agents for Ottawa,

J. G. ROBINSON & Co., The Tea Pot.

The Trade supplied at the Manufacturer's prices.

Ottawa, December 10, 1868. 886-6m

Dry Goods.

KEARNS & RYAN,

KEARNS & RYAN,

KEARNS & RYAN.

THE ABOVE FIRM

having bought out the

BANKRUPT STOCK

AND

LEASE OF PREMISES LATELY OCCUPIED BY

MESSRS. GRANT & HENDERSON,

AT A

LOW COMPOSITION IN THE POUND,

are now prepared, and will sell from this date

THE WHOLE OF THE ABOVE STOCK,

DIVIDED

BETWEEN THEIR TWO HOUSES,

AT AN

IMMENSE REDUCTION FROM ORIGINAL PRICES,

THE SALE TO CONTINUE

UNTIL THE

WHOLE STOCK IS SOLD OUT.

GREAT BARGAINS

may be expected.

KEARNS & RYAN.

Ottawa, January 22, 1869. 954-3m

REMOVAL

TO

NO. 34, SPARKS-ST.

T. RAJOTTE

having removed to more commodious premises, takes pleasure in announcing to his numerous customers and the public generally that he has now a large and well selected stock of

STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS,

consisting of

Flannels, Black Cloths, Winceys, Beaver Cloths, Cottons, Meltons, Prints, Tweeds, &c., &c.

We have also on han a large assortment of READY-MADE CLOTHING, which, being manufactured on the premises, we can recommend, and sell cheaper than any shop in this city.

THE TAILORING DEPARTMENT. This department is under the superintendence of a well-known first-class cutter and workman. All orders punctually attended to.

☞ Don't forget the place, No. Sparks-st. Store lately occupied by G. Fetherston & Co., next door to Magee & Russell's old store.

881y T. RAJOTTE.

Previous to Stock-taking

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY,

No. 14, RIDEAU-ST.,

Offer great inducements to purchasers.

IN DRESS GOODS, WINCEYS, &c.,

They have made a great reduction in price.

IN FANCY WOOLLENS, SCARFS, CLOUDS, &c.,

They have resolved to clear out the whole of these goods at cost price.

IN PRINTS, GREY and WHITE COTTONS,

and all other Cotton Goods,

They have splendid value.

IN CANADIAN CLOTHS,

Their prices commence at 2s 6d per yard.

REMEMBER THE PLACE,

14 Rideau st.,

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY.

Ottawa, January 27, 1869.

Groceries.

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS

—FROM—

OPORTO, SPAIN, COGNAC AND LONDON,

Consisting of

PORT, SHERRY, BRANDY, GIN AND SCOTCH WHISKEY, &c.

PICKLES, SAUCES, JAMS & JELLIES &c., &c., &c.,

FROM CROSSE & BLACKWELL.

—LIKEWISE,—

A FULL assortment of FRESH FRUIT, the BEST in market.

TABLE and Cooking RAISINS, CURRANTS, &c.

FRENCH MUSTARD and SPICES—Genuine.

PRESERVED and CAN FRUITS, assorted to suit the holiday season.

ALMERIA GRAPES, FRESH FIGS and PORTUGUESE ONIONS.

50 TINS NEW HONEY, in 5 lb. and 8 lb. tins.

200 STILTON CHEESE, 6 lbs. to 8 lbs. size, from Reesor Brothers' celebrated factory.

SHERRY WINE—Good Table Wine—$1.25 to $2.00.

PORT WINE—Good Table Wine $1.50 to $4.50.

ALL KINDS of GENUINE LIQUORS. Price according to age and quality.

100 BOXES DIGBY HERRINGS—large boxes at 75 cts. each.

LABRADOR HERRINGS, the very best, in barrels and half barrels.

10 CASES SCOTCH LING—Good.

TEAS—Black, Green and Japans—Warranted Good, and selected for family use.

SUGARS and SYRUPS of all grades.

COFFEES—Always Fresh—Best Brands—Try them.

TOBACCOS—The Finest Qualities—Virginia make in cut, tin foil and plug.

A GENERAL assortment of the different kinds of *GROCERIES AND LIQUORS* on hand, Wholesale and Retail, at the *LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICES* for Warranted Goods. A trial of the articles will recommend them.

For sale at

THOS. PATTERSON'S,

No. 26, Rideau-street.

Ottawa, November 27, 1868. 878

JUST RECEIVED,

AT THE

INDIA WAREHOUSE,

No. 16, RIDEAU-ST.,

And for sale cheap, by

D. T. BROWNE & CO.,

Wholesale and Retail

Grocers, Wine and Spirit Merchants,

FRESH OYSTERS, in Tins,
PRESERVED OYSTERS do
FRESH HALIBUT do
FRESH SALMON do
FRESH MACKEREL d
FRESH LOBSTERS do
GREEN PEAS do
LEMON, GINGER, ORANGE,
Bananas, Peach, Blackberry, Raspberry and Strawberry Syrups.
RASPBERRY VINEGAR,
FRY'S Chocolate and Cocoa,
MOTT'S Cocoa Paste,
MORTON'S Bloater Paste,
TOMATO and other Catsups,
ANCHOVY Paste,
STRASBURGH Meats,
POTTED Beef and Tongues
PRESERVES and Jelli. in great variety,
ORANGE Marmalade,
MORRISON, TAYLOR & Co.'s Celebrated Sugar Cured Hams and Breakfast Roll Bacon.
PICKLED Salmon,
PICKLED Mackerel,
PICKLED HERRINGS,
In Half Barrels, Barrels and Tierces,
DRY Codfish,
DRY Haddock,
FINNAN Haddies, &c., &c.,

And a full stock of Choice Family Groceries.

Ottawa, Nov. 3, 1868.

BOTTLED ALE,

BOTTLED ALE,

BOTTLED ALE.

The subscriber would called the attention o Families and others to his

FINE BOTTLED ALE

Which is in splendid condition. Also,

SCOTCH, IRISH, OLD RYE, And other Malt Whiskies,

PORTS, SHERRIES, BRANDIES, GIN, &c.,

To other with a General Assortment of FIRST-CLASS GROCERIES.

A call diligently solicited.

D. WHELAN,
44, Rideau-street,
Opposite Allan's Crockery Store

Ottawa, Jan. 20, 1868.

Everybody is getting them.

A NOVELTY,

THE MAGIC WINDOW CURTAIN ROLLER,

The best ever invented, 1 Roller and Bottom Slat, and 5 pieces of casting, all for 25 cents, to fit every window,

AT THE VARIETY HALL.

ALSO, A

NEW PATENT CLOTHES DRYER,

AT THE VARIETY HALL.

And what every house requires where there is a grate is the

BLOWER STAND,

to be had only

AT THE VARIETY HALL.

HOTEL & SALOON KEEPERS

Remember the best assortment of Tumblers, Decanters and Labeled Bottles in the Dominion is at the Variety Hall.

JOSEPH BOYDEN.

Stoves & Hardware.

BLYTH & KERR,

No. 25 RIDEAU-ST.,

Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters, Tin and Copper Smiths, Bell Hangers, &c., &c.

A large stock of materials for the above branches of business constantly on hand.

Importers of

HOUSE FURNISHING HARDWARE.

STOVES! STOVES!

STOVES!

Hall, Fancy, Parlour and Cook Stoves, in great variety.

Agents for Eaton's Patent Automatic, Self-Ventilating Wood and Coal Stoves. Also Beecher & Co.'s celebrated

HOT AIR FURNACES.

☞ Public and Private Buildings, Conservatories, Vineries, Manufactories, &c., warmed by Steam, Hot Water, or Warm Air, on the latest and most approved principles.

STOVES, TIN AND SHEET IRON WARE,

AT THE

SIGN OF THE ANVIL, No. 24, RIDEAU-ST., where you can get a complete assortment of SKATES of all sizes, and at any price to suit purchasers, from 25 cents to $5.50 per pair. In the assortment will be found

The celebrated Sheffield Club,
" " Canadian Favorite,
" " Central Park do
and all other English and German Patterns.

Skate Straps, all patterns, &c., &c.

Also, a general assortment of

SHELF & HEAVY HARDWARE,

consisting in part of

GENERAL HOUSE FURNISHING,
Butcher Knives, Knives and Forks,
Pocket Knives, Table Spoons,
Tea Spoons, Tea Trays, Table Mats,
Buts, Screws, Locks,
Bolts, Catches, Latches,
Axes, Saws, Planes, Squares,
Hammers, Spokeshaves, Gouges,
Chisels, Augers, Auger Bits,
Steel Bits, Bevels,
Levels, Boring Machines,
Draw Knives, &c., &c., &c.

Together with

PAINT OF ALL COLORS,

Rose Pink, Burnt Umber,
Terra de Seinna, Chrome Yellow,
Yellow Ochre, Celestial Blue,
Paris Green, Brunswick Green,
Magnesia Green, Venetian Red,
Red Lead, White Lead, in oil or dry,
Drop Black, Ivory Black,
Lamp Black, Boiled Oil,
Raw Oil, Turpentine,
Benzole, Coal Oil,
Paint Brushes;
Varnishes, &c.

THOS. BIRKETT,
Sign of the Anvil,
No. 24, Rideau-st.

P.S.—All goods delivered free to any part of the city. 408y

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,

35 Sussex-st., Ottawa,

SAFE! SURE! SUCCESSFUL!

We are not selling below cost!
We are not selling worthless bankrupt stock
We are not retiring from business!
We are not having a clearing sale!
But we are selling as good

COOK	STOVES,
BOX	STOVES,
PARLOR	STOVES,
DOUBLE	STOVES,
HOTEL	STOVES,
COAL	STOVES,

as are to be had in

CENTRAL CANADA,

at a reasonable advance on cost. The celebrated

"MORNING LIGHT,"

AND

ORIENTAL COAL STOVES,

House Furnishing Goods.

Pay us a visit, and your account, if you owe one, at the same time, and oblige

H. MEADOWS & CO.

STOVES,

LAMPS, &c.,

BELOW COST, at

ESMONDE BROS.,
Sparks-st.,
Opposite Ontario Bank.

HALO LAMP SHADE,

AT THE

OIL DEPOT, 73 SUSSEX-ST.,

Is made of Brass, Silver Plated.

It will Not Tarnish or Burn Out.

It is Indestructible.

It is a Superior Reflector.

It Saves the Eyes.

It Saves Oil.

It Saves Chimnies.

D. R. LEAVENS,

Red Oil Barrel,

73 Sussex-st.

COAL OIL DEPOT.

ROCK OIL

LAMPS AND CHIMNIES,

AT WHOLESALE,

CHEAP.

Wants.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY.

A WET NURSE.

Apply to

DR. WOOD,

953tf Sparks-st.

REMOVAL.

MISS MAGUIRE'S MILLINERY ESTABLISHMENT is now REMOVED to the Store next to Messrs. Magee & Russell, Sparks-st.

Ottawa, January 22. 955d

Dry Goods.

Shewing This Day.

GRANT & HENDERSON,

No. 20, Rideau-st,

Are offering an extensive Stock of

DRESS GOODS.

WINCIES,

SHAWLS and

BLANKETS,

☞ AT THE LOWEST CASH PRICES ☜

N. B.—An extensive assortment of genera DRY GOODS always in stock.

LATEST STYLES AND FASHIONS.

INSPECTION INVITED.

No. 20, Rideau-st.

CLOTHING,

CHEAP AND FASHIONABLE,

READY-MADE AND TO ORDER.

O'MEARA & CO.,

ESTABLISHED IN 1844,

Offer for sale an extensive importation of FALL AND WINTER GOODS, comprising Ready-made Clothing, Canadian Tweeds, Etoffes, Satinetts; also a large stock of Blankets, Flannels, Kerseys, Gray Cottons, Prints, Winceys, Plaids, &c., &c.; Broadcloths, Beavers, Witneys, Petershams, Devons, &c.; Bedford-Cords, Silk Mixtures, West of England Tweeds, Deskins, &c., wholesale and retail, which will be made up to order on the shortest notice in the latest styles of fashion and at prices that

DEFY COMPETITION.

☞ A general assortment of Dry Goods, the largest stock ever offered for sale in this city.

$1.25 BLANKETS.....$6.00. $3.00

TAILORING DEPARTMENT.

Particular attention given to the Tailoring Department, which is under the supervision of a first-class cutter.

$2 .....GREY ETOFFE PANTS,
$4.50.....GOOD PEA JACKETS,
$4 .....OVERCOATS,
$9 .....COMPLETE SUITS,
$1 .....GOOD VESTS,
75 CTS., $1 and $1.25.....UNDERSHIRTS,
75 CTS., $1 and $1.25 .....DRAWERS

A DUFF. O'MEARA & CO.

Ottawa, October 27 1868. 882y

FRESH ARRIVALS.

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!

THOS. & W. HUNTON

Have just opened out the contents of 42 packages of NEW GOODS, comprising

1 CASE SILKS, in plain and fancy colors, splendid value,
1 CASE VELVETEENS,
3 BALES WHITE COTTONS,
1 " WHITE COTTON SHEETING,
6 " GRAY COTTONS,
} at greatly reduced prices.
2 CASES LINENS, assorted,
1 " BLACK CLOTHS,
2 " BLACK & COLORED OVERCOATINGS,
1 BALE WHITE FLANNELS,
1 " GRAY FLANNELS,
1 " SCARLET FLANNEL
4 " BLANKETS,
2 " HEMP CARPETS,
3 " WOOL CARPETS,
10 " TAPESTRY CARPETS, this season's new patterns,
3 " CANADIAN TWEEDS.

All of the above goods being marked off, and ready for inspection. We would specially invite intending purchasers to call and examine them.

THOS. & W. HUNTON,

47 and 49 Sparks-st.

Boots & Shoes.

IMPORTANT NOTICE!!

A Heavy Downfall in Prices!!

Boots and Shoes Below Par!!

AT THE RED BOOT,

All the large stock of winter goods is being sold off at

ENORMOUS REDUCTIONS!

and to ensure an extensive clearance, and thus make room for

SPRING GOODS,

an additional discount will be made UPON ALL CASH PURCHASES of

TEN CENTS OFF EVERY DOLLAR!

The stock includes a splendid lot of

CLOTH & FELT BOOTS & OVERS,

for Ladies', Gent's, Misses' and Children, and almost everything else needed to improve the *understanding.*

☞ Call and be convinced; the opportunity will not last long. ☜

W. A. LAMB.

Ottawa, January 27, 1869.

ANGUS & HUCKELL'S

CLEARING SALE

OF

BOOTS, SHOES AND RUBBERS,

No. 15, Sussex-st.

ANGUS & HUCKELL are selling out their entire stock of BOOTS, SHOES, RUBBERS, &c., at a tremendous sacrifice.

GO TO ANGUS & HUCKELL'S Clearing Sale, and get a pair of gold PRUNELLA BOOTS, and a pair of RUBBERS for $1.50.

YOU can get a pair of Men's Cloth Rubber OVERSHOES for 75 cents, at ANGUS & HUCKELL'S Clearing Sale.

WOMEN'S RUBBERS, 50 cents; and MEN'S, 65 cents, during the Clearing Sale.

GO EARLY and secure bargains.

NOW is the time to purchase BOOTS and SHOES, as they are being sold under cost at ANGUS & HUCKELL'S Clearing Sale.

NO one need be without BOOTS when they are sold so cheap at ANGUS & HUCKELL'S Clearing Sale.

A CLEAR saving of money by buying Boots during the Clearing Sale at ANGUS & HUCKELL'S.

ENORMOUS reductions on all CLOTH and FELT GOODS as they must all be sold out without reserve.

GO and see for yourselves.

GENUINE CLEARING SALE

OF

BOOTS AND SHOES,

AT THE OLD

CROSBY STAND, NO. 51, SPARKS-ST.

The whole of

THE BANKRUPT STOCK,

comprising the latest styles and best qualities of

LADIES', GENT'S, MISSES' & CHILDREN'S

DRESS & WALKING BOOTS,

suitable for FALL & WINTER WEAR. Also, a large stock of Men's and Women's Coarse Boots, Moose Mocassins, Buck Moose and Sheep Mitts, Beef Mocassins, Felt Over-shoes, Rubbers, &c., all of which will be sold at great reductions from former prices. Lumber and country merchants are requested to bear in mind that there is a large stock of handmade boots to be disposed of at the aforesaid reduction in prices.

The public generally are invited to call and examine the stock and prices, which we know cannot fail to give satisfaction to all.

Remember the place, the old Crosby Stand, opposite O'Meara's, No. 51, Sparks-st.

A. J. STEPHENS & CO.

Ottawa, Oct. 20 868. 876y

CHEAP BOOTS & SHOES

AT THE

CAPITAL BOOT & SHOE STORE,

YORK-ST.

I have now received my fall and winter stock of

BOOTS AND SHOES,

which will be found complete; being selected with care, it will not fail to give general satisfaction.

In Ladies', Misses' and Children's ware I have everything that can possibly be required for the season, and at much lower figures than ever before offered.

Men's ware in Calf, Kipp, Cowhide Boots; Men's Strong Working Boots as low as $2 per pair. Boy's and Youth's equally low.

A large supply of New English Kipp Boots, hand made, the most suitable ware for Lumbermen, constantly on hand and made by the very best workmen. Orders taken for all kinds of work. GEORGE MURPHY

479y

BOARD AND LODGING.—Comfortable Rooms, with Board and Lodging, can be obtained on Maria-st. Apply at the TIMES Office.

Ottawa, January 14, 1869. 947d

Fine Arts.

NOTICE.

The undersigned begs to state that he has OPENED AN OFFICE

OVER A. McCORMICK'S STORE,

SPARKS-STREET,

Where all orders for the

CANADA GAZETTE,

AND FOR

PRINTING, BINDING, OR STATIONERY,

may be sent, and will be punctually attended to as usual, arrangements having been made to prevent any interruption to the business.

Mr. Desbarats feels grateful for the sympathy tendered him on all sides, and hopes to see his patrons and friends in his new office.

GEORGE E. DESBARATS.

Ottawa, January 21, 1869. 954tf

A COMPLETE

Assortment at the CANADA GAZETTE Office of

PRANG'S CHROMOS;

of which Frederic E. Church, the great American artist, says: "They are certainly most skilfully and artistically executed." And John G. Whittier: "I had no idea they were home productions; I am glad to know that such beautiful work is done here." And Bayard Taylor: "Your illuminations of the Beatitudes are really superb." And Wendell Phillips: "I congratulate you on your success, which I consider marvellous," &c.

Among them the following are the most attractive:

Horses in a Storm. (After R. Adams.)
The two Friends. (Child and Dog, after Gerard.)
Sunset in California. (After Bierstadt.)
Sunlight in Winter. (After Morvillier.)
The Barefooted Boy. (After Whittier.)
Early Autumn on Esopus Creek, N. Y. (After A. T. Bricher.)
Late Autumn in the White Mountains. (After A. T. Bricher.)
Six American Landscapes. (After A. T. Bricher.)
Easter Morning. [After Mrs. James M. Hart.]
The Beatitudes of Our Lord, most magnificently illuminated.
Illuminated School Room Cards, with mottoes taken from Scripture.
Illuminated crosses, Book Marks, Rewards of Merit.
The Language of Flowers, Wood and Sea Mosses, Ferns, Flowers, &c.
"OLD MOTHER HUBBARD," "The most elegant juvenile book of the season," "superbly illustrated and illuminated."

Prang's Chromos are offered at 20 per cent. below the publisher's prices at the

CANADA GAZETTE OFFICE,

Sparks-st., Ottawa.

Stationery.

CARTER'S

COMBINED WRITING & COPYING INK.

THE ADVANTAGES OF THIS OVER OTHER INKS ARE:

First. It flows freely from the pen, and does not thicken by exposure to the air.
Second. It will give a perfect and instantaneous copy.
Third. It will not mould.
Fourth. Being equally as good for Copying as for Book-keeping, it entirely does away with the use of two kinds of Ink.
Fifth. It is more permanent than common Inks.
Sixth. The color, when first written, is a beautiful dark green, but in a remarkably short time it changes to a BRILLIANT JET BLACK—not a brownish black.
Seventh. It is admirably adapted to the most delicate writing, and ALWAYS "makes its mark."

This Ink is warranted to flow as freely as Arnold's, or any other Writing Fluid now in use; to give as perfect a copy as any Copying Ink; and not to mould.

Parties using Carter's Ink, and What They Say About it.

Post Office—"Best ink, by far; have used it for years."
Harnden Express Company—"Tried every kind, and give this the preference."
Bank of the Metropolis—"Grand, good ink; use it altogether."
Hamilton Bank—"We use Carter's Ink, and think it the best."
Jordon, Marsh & Co.—"Would'nt take any other as a gift."
J. R. Palmer & Co.—"It writes splendidly and copies beautifully."
American Bank Note Company—"Never used any ink we liked so well."
Paymaster's Office—"Best ink ever made in this or any other country."
POST OFFICE, PHILADELPHIA—I give it a preference over any other ink I have ever used. It flows freely, and does not gum with exposure.
W. M. IRELAND, Chief Clerk.

Wholesale and Retail at the

CANADA GAZETTE OFFICE.

NEW PUBLICATION.

CHRONICLES OF CANADA.

BY

H. BEAUMONT SMALL, S.C.L.

Price, 50 cents. For sale by the publisher,

936tf GEORGE E. DESBARATS.

Publications.

BOOK LIST.—J. DURIE & SON have received Nature's Noblemen, by the author of Rachel's Secret; the Prodigal Son, by Rev. W. Morley Punshon; the Bab Ballads, by W. S. Gilbert; the Carols of Cockayne, by Hy. S. Leigh; the Five Days Entertainments at Wentworth Grange, by F. T. Palgrave; Sportsmanplans-facts in Athletics, by Caw; Lyra Sabbatica; Hymns on the Holy Communion, by Ada Cambridge; the Search for the Grail, by Julia Goddard; History of Civilization in Europe, by Buckle, (Eng. Ed.)

Isaac Pitman's Manual of Phonography, also the Teacher and Reader, 12th English edition.

CHEAP BOOKS.—Sterne's Works, $1; the Family Doctor, Illustrated, [new] $1; Addison's Spectator, complete, $1.25; Hallam's Middle Ages, $1.25; Macaulay's Essays, 2 vols., $2; Disraeli's Novels, 5 vols., $4; Bulwer's Novels, 11 vols., $8.

For sale by J. DURIE & SON,

10 Sparks-st.

JONKS & HOLLAND

Have Just to Hand

New Books and Magazines from England
New Books and Magazines from New York, Boston and Philadelphia.

Including all the Fashion Reports for the Month.

They supply all the leading Daily Papers, including the *Globe* and the *Gazette*, at 10 cents per week each.

Post Office Block, January 25, 1869.

Sewing Machines.

HOLIDAY PRESENTS.

WHEELER & WILSON'S Silent Feed Sewing Machines are perfectly noiseless. The most valuable present to any Lady or Family is a WHEELER & WILSON'S SEWING MACHINE. A liberal reduction for cash on all machines for holiday presents. Twenty-five per cent reduction on Embroidery attachments applicable to the former style of Wheeler & Wilson Sewing Machine. Button Hole Attachments, new style; Tuckers, Trimmers, Corders, &c.

THE HOWE SEWING MACHINES

are best for Carriage Trimmers, Shoemakers and Tailors.

Call and see for yourselves; no trouble to show you how they sew.

Remember 37, Sparks-st., Ottawa; and 105 King-st., West Toronto.

G. A. WALTON, *Agent for Ontario,*

R. W. STEPHEN,

930-dwtf *Manager for Ottawa Office.*

Music.

MESSRS. J. L. ORME & SON

Respectfully call the attention of the public to their magnificent stock of

PIANO-FORTES, ORGANS, AND MELODEONS,

In their new Show Room, comprising

PIANO-FORTES, *from all the leading makers.*

WARREN'S PIPE ORGANS,

ORGANS and MELODEONS from the best factories in the United States, excelling in finish and tone anything ever brought into this country.

Now is the time for intending purchasers.

☞ PRICES LOW & TERMS LIBERAL ☜

Our stock of Concertinas, Violins, Flutes, &c., &c., is, as usual, very large.

New Sheet Music and Books constantly arriving.

J. L. ORME & SON,
Sign of the Golden Lyre,
944tf No. 8, Sparks-st., next Durie & Son's

HORSE INFIRMARY,

AND

VETERINARY ESTABLISHMENT

YORK-STREET, OTTAWA,

Next to Salmon's Hotel.

A. J. F. COLEMAN, V. S

(Member of the College of Veterinary Surgeons Toronto; by appointment, V.S., to the Co. of Carleton Agricultural Society.)

Orders or communications promptly attended to and medicines sent to any part of the Dominion. Charges moderate. 812y

Millinery.

NOTICE.

MRS. SMITH having received her new styles of FALL HATS & BONNETS, will be happy to see her old friends and the public generally. Gent' Felt Hats cleaned, dyed and done over in the best style.

N.B.—The most fashionable Mantles and Coats made to order, Corner of Bank and Albert-sts.

October 10 868tf

Due Works.

BRANCH OF ST. LAWRENCE DYE WORKS,

Elgin-st., (*Opposite the Russell House,*) Ottawa, Ont.

MACDONALD & CO.,

SILK AND WOOLLEN DYERS,

Scourers, Hot Pressers, &c.

☞ Gentlemen's Clothes cleaned and dyed. Kid Gloves cleaned. 894-3m

THE UNION FORWARDING AND RAILWAY COMPANY.

THE ANNUAL MEETING

OF THE

SUBSCRIBERS OF STOCK,

OF THE

Union Forwarding and Railway Company,

will be held at

THEIR OFFICE in the CITY OF OTTAWA,

ON

Wednesday, 10th day of February, Next,

at TWELVE o'clock, noon, for the

ELECTION OF DIRECTORS,

and the transaction of general business.

By order,

R. S. CASSELS,
President.

Ottawa, January 22, 1869. 954d

STEAM ENGINE WANTED.

Any person having a GOOD SECOND-HAND STEAM ENGINE—about six horse power—in good running order, can find a ready purchaser by addressing "A. B." Box C., Post Office, Ottawa.

Ottawa, January 25. 956-3

THE PARAGUAYAN WAR.

From the Anglo-Brazilian Times, December 28.

On the 5th, at 2:30 o'clock a. m., the Brazilian army commenced its transportation to the opposite side in front of St. Antonio and above Viletta. Eight hundred men, under General Argollo, passed the first without firing a shot.

The Visconde de Herval also passed with his cavalry. The same day almost all the army was on the other side. The Marquis de Caxias placed himself at the head of our forces, advanced on the 6th against the Paraguayan camp, and, making a detour of about three leagues, got in rear of the positions of Angustura, but at a league and a half from this fortification, was detained by a serious obstacle at the bridge of Itasoro, where the enemy awaited him, abuscaded in the woods which covered the stream, with seventeen battalions of infantry and eight regiments of cavalry. The combat was stubborn, and endured two hours. We took the position, which is important, a great number of arms and six pieces of artillery, and caused much loss to the Paraguayan forces, who were dispersed, whilst our losses are severe.

Colonel Fernando Machado, Major Eduardo Fonseca, and others not mentioned, had died in battle. Among our wounded were General Argollo, who did not give up the command of the First Army Corps; Brigadier Goyao, Colonel Hermes, and his brother, Lieutenant-Colonel Deodoro Fonseca. The Marquis de Caxias was in the thickest of the fight, and lost his horse, which was killed by two balls. A prisoner stated to the Baron de Triumphos that the Paraguayan General Caballero was killed, and that the slaughter of the enemy was extraordinary, and the wounded great in number. The same prisoner said that the trenches of Piquisiry were garrisoned only by a battalion and the artillery; the greater part of the troops defending the right of the enemy's positions having retired. The heavy rains on the 7th and 8th delayed operations, but on the 9th the Marquis de Caxias informed the Argentine General that the Brazilian army was pursuing its march to Ipane.

A telegram from General Gelly Obes, at noon of the 9th, stated that he knew through the squadron that the enemy had abandoned the first battery of Augustura, and he said that at daylight next morning he would make a reconnoisance on Pequisiry.

It is probable that the movement would be the preliminary to a general attack on the enemy's positions, and that the allied forces at Palmas, under General Gelly Obes and Colonel Paranhos would likewise take part in it. These notices were transmitted by telegraph, as the Chaco road was intransitable on account of the freshet of the river.

A letter from Palmas, dated 9th, stated that Lopez had doubled his great advanced guards to better ensure his retreat. The same day was heard there the fire of three iron-clads which went up to reconnoitre the extreme left of the enemy at Piquisiry, where the Paraguayans had abandoned the battery below Augustura. The reconnoissance of Gelly Obes was towards that point.

LATER.—The affair of November 25th, between three iron-clads and the batteries of Augustura was a severe one. The iron-clads were the Brazil, the Cabral and the Piauhy, and as soon as they went up within range the batteries rained missiles from fifteen cannon. In the fifteen minutes occupied in passing Augustura, the Brazil was struck 10 times out of 31 shots. The pilot, Lieutenant Pozzi, was killed, and Captain Salgado severely wounded, both by pieces of iron inside, loosened by a ball striking outside. The vessel suffered considerable injury; and the Cabral and Piauhy also suffered greatly, especially as they were longer exposed to fire, but lost no life. Some of the shot were 150 pound Whitworth shots, but whether fired from a rifled cannon or not was not known. Probably they were shot expended by the squadron, utilized by the Paragusyans.

THE TWITCHELL TRIAL.

Philadelphia proposes to hang Mr. Twitchell for murdering his mother-in-law; but it acquits Mrs. Twitchell for allowing her mother to be murdered, apparently because she was very much affected by the transaction. The evidence brought against husband and wife was one and the same in kind and in degree.

Really, it might be a relief to the conscience of the average American juror—which conscience, when it exists, must now be often very sorely strained—if we could but introduce into our courts the French custom of permitting juries to return a verdict of "guilty," with extenuating circumstances." It is true that under favour of this custom French juries do very astonishing things. One man convicted of murdering his mother was found "guilty with extenuating circumstances," the said extenuating circumstances consisting apparently in the fact that he murdered his mother with a blue cotton umbrella. Another gentle soul, a peasant, who burned up both his parents in a hayloft, was passed upon in the same terms, because he had been dutiful and affectionate enough not to knock their brains out or strangle them before he roasted them. But, at least, the French juries are not forced to perjure themselves by declaring guilt which is proved, to be innocence. Had the French system prevailed here, we might have had General Cole found guilty with the "extenuating circumstance" that the person whom he murdered was his particular friend, and therefore presumably fit to be murdered. But we should have escaped the scandal of his bald acquittal. It may be objected that in the Twitchell case some juror might very possibly have been found to make it an "extenuating circumstance" in favour of Twitchell that his victim was his mother-in-law. But his wife, at least, would not have been allowed to go scot-free on the same testimony which convicted him. She would probably have been found "guilty" with the "extenuating circumstance," said once to have been pleaded in a French court by a parricide, that she is "a poor orphan."

Seriously, how much further are we to go in making our justice as much of a farce as our politics already are of a tragedy?—*N. Y. World.*

The most unhappy person in the world is the dyspeptic. Everything looks dark and gloomy; he feels "out of sorts" with himself and everybody else. Life is a burden to him. This can alone be changed by taking Peruvian Syrup (a protoxide of iron.) Cases of 27 years standing have been cured by it.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Farms for Sale or To Let—Patrick Herbert.
Architect Wanted—James O'Gorman.
Dissolution of Co-partnership—Grant & Henderson.
Ladies' Boarding and Day School—Miss A. M. Harmon.
To the Working Class—E. C. Allen.
Natural History Society—John Langton.

The Ottawa Times

Office: 38, Sparks Street.

FRIDAY, JANUARY 29, 1869.

☞ *For Ottawa Markets and interesting reading see Fourth Page.*

THE Hon. Mr. COCKBURN, Speaker, was in his office yesterday, attending to matters connected with the service of the House of Commons.

We understand Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD, and the Hon. Mr. TILLEY, members of the committee of Privy Council, appointed to assist Mr. SPEAKER in the management of the affairs of the House, will meet with him to-day for the transaction of business in accordance with the statute passed last session.

THE Railway Commissioners have been sitting daily since their return to the city. Yesterday, we understand, they had under consideration the subject of immigration, with the view of preparing a series of recommendations to the several Local Governments for the promotion of settlement on their wild lands.

We presume the Commissioners will suggest the giving of free grants to men of good character who have worked for a certain period on the road. We have already briefly indicated some of the advantages that would accrue from the adoption of such a policy, when commenting on the proceedings at the dinner recently given in honour of the Chairman of the Commission.

C. J. BAYDEN, Esq., left last night at half-past ten o'clock by special train for Montreal. He will probably return here before the end of next week.

In the meantime the other Commissioners will continue their labours here.

A. W. MCLELLAN, Esq., M.P. for Colchester, N.S., who has been here for some time in company with the Hon. JOSEPH HOWE, in communication with the Government relating to the affairs of Nova Scotia, left yesterday for home. The Hon. Mr. HOWE is still here.

THE attention of the Post Office Department is directed to our special despatch from Halifax. There must be a "screw loose" somewhere, otherwise no such delay in the delivery of mail matter would have taken place. We are quite sure that steps will be promptly taken to prevent a recurrence of the delay to which our correspondent refers.

THE Montreal *Gazette* gives the following as the programme, so far as at present decided, of the movements of HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL and Lady YOUNG, on the occasion of their intended visit to Montreal:

Monday, February 1st—Will arrive at Bonaventure Station at five o'clock; and dine, the same evening, at Mount Prospect, the residence of His Worship the Mayor.

Tuesday, February 2nd—Will receive addresses at noon at the St. Lawrence Hall; and immediately afterwards hold a levee. In the evening, the dinner to be given to His Excellency will take place.

Wednesday, February 3rd—Ball at the St. Lawrence Hall, at which Lady Young will be present.

Thursday, February 4th—Lady Young may hold a reception. But we cannot announce this with positiveness.

OUR contemporaries in discussing the so-called "report" of Hon. Mr. HATCH on the Reciprocity Treaty appear to treat it as an official document. We have information emanating from very good authority at Washington that Mr. HATCH's letter is nothing of the kind; it was not ordered by his Government, neither has it been subsequently recognised by it, nor communicated to Congress, as is the usual course with authorised reports. Mr. HATCH's latest fulmination against Reciprocity, though written in a way to induce the belief that it was a public or official document, was merely concocted in the interests of those who are opposed to a renewal of the Treaty. It may probably have some influence, but it is right that its true character should be understood; that it should be regarded merely as a Buffalo bombshell thrown into the camp of the advocates of a less restricted system of international trade than at present prevails between this country and the United States.

THE prestige of Buffalo as the great depot for the grain of the West is departing and Montreal and St. Louis are competing with New York as the great factors in breadstuffs. As a consequence, Buffalo calls aloud for an enlargement of the Erie Canal, and the cheapening of freight on it to enable it to compete more successfully with its rivals than it can at present. The *Commercial Advertiser* of that city, is discussing "the future internal "commerce of the continent—the struggle "to secure it," says:

"The Erie Canal, in connection with the lakes; the St. Lawrence River, and the Mississippi River, in their geographical positions, hold an important commercial relation, not only to our own State, but to the populous and rapidly growing communities of the great Northwest. They form the three important lines of water communication that in the near future are to compete for the trade between the seaboard and the centre of the continent. For a period of more than thirty years the former line has been without serious competition until within a short time. The large expenditures of the Canadian Government to secure the trade of the Northwest through the St. Lawrence River were made comparatively ineffective by the first enlargement of the Erie Canal. There is, however, no relaxation of purpose or effort on the part of our neighbours. The Finance Ministers of the Provinces, in their reports, annually proclaim their object. The unity of the Provinces in the New Dominion gives their project a new lease of life, with augmented strength and power. A hundred millions more will be added to the two hundred millions already expended to attain the great end they have always had in view.

"The enlargement of the Welland Canal is progressing, and a comparatively small sum of money will enlarge the St. Lawrence Canals. The entire length of both is only sixty-nine miles. These comparatively insignificant barriers being enlarged and improved so as to pass ships of one thousand to twelve hundred tons, through them will extend ocean navigation to all points on the great chain of lakes. The tax on commerce on this short line of ship-canal navigation will be light.

"The system of barge transportation, but recently inaugurated on the Mississippi River, will be extended through it into all its tributaries, penetrating the centre of the continent. The comparative cheapness of the facilities for the organization of a barge line gives an immense advantage over the facilities required for the water line through the lakes, the Erie Canal and the Hudson River. From the facts presented, we cannot ignore the present or prospective competition for the trade of the lakes and Mississippi Valley States."

The *Advertiser* then enlarges on the great network of railways over-spreading the continent, and the lines of propellers on the lakes, by which Philadelphia, Boston and other ports are cutting into the trade of which Buffalo and the Erie Canal had at one time a monopoly, and asks the question, "How "can these diversions of trade from the Erie "Canal be prevented?" The answer is promptly given: "Make the Erie Canal route "cheap and expeditious, and the diversion of "its legitimate trade will in a great measure "cease." This process of cheapening, the *Advertiser* thinks, would induce the Bostonians to connect with it at Troy rather than to extend a railway from that point to Lake Ontario, and bring other valuable connections at different points on the Canal, all of which would necessitate the bringing of freight to Buffalo, which, to the Buffalonian view, is the "legitimate" point for storage and shipment.

The following facts and figures are interesting, as showing what we conceive to be a very "legitimate" change in the current of trade,—and a very beneficial one too in promoting the diffusion of commerce and consequent prosperity, though the *Advertiser* holds that an effort should be made to check it:

"The diversion of grain alone from the Erie Canal—to points where competition did not prevail ten years ago—during the season just closed, will exceed 200,000 tons equal to upwards of 1,000 cargoes of the large class boats now navigating the Erie Canal. The receipts of grain at the five principal Western lake ports, including Chicago, Milwaukee, Toledo, Detroit and Cleveland, during the year 1868 were nearly 8,000,000 bushels more than they were at the same ports in 1867, while the receipts of grain at this port in 1868 were more than 1,000,000 bushels less than they were in 1867. The receipts here have ranged as high as 58 to 60 per cent. of the total Eastward movement, while in 1868 the ratio will not much exceed 43 per cent.

"The effect of this change in the currents of trade, is seen in the comparative grain receipts at Chicago and New York; the aggregate receipts at the latter place during the last four years—including those by rail, ocean and canal—being upwards of 49,000,000 less than the receipts at the former place during the same period. The diversion is also perceptible in the movement of flour. During the past navigation season there was a period of nearly six weeks in which the receipts of flour at Sarnia from Lake Michigan ports, destined for Montreal for export, exceeded the receipts at Buffalo from all lake ports, and the result has been that the exports of flour from Montreal for 1868 have been nearly half as large as the exports from New York.

During the 33 years from 1836 to 1868 inclusive, the receipts of grain at this port—including flour estimated as wheat—aggregate 808,712,614 bushels. The aggregate receipts for the ten years from 1836 to 1845, compared with the aggregate receipts for the ten years from 1846 to 1855 inclusive, gives an increase of 417½ per cent. Comparing the aggregate receipts for the ten years from 1856 to 1865 inclusive, with the aggregate receipts for the ten years from 1846 to 1855 inclusive, and the increase is 247½ per cent. Comparing the receipts for the first ten years with the last period of ten years the increase is 1033 per cent.

WE have received from the office of the *Reporter and Times*, of Halifax a very handsomely printed calendar for 1869. The *Reporter* has recently commenced the issue of a daily, as well as a tri-weekly edition. It is an ably-conducted and well-selected journal, and has given ample proof of the esteem in which it is held by the Nova Scotia public in its recent enlargement of its business. It has been throughout a staunch advocate of the Union cause, and with that cause now happily in the ascendant, we hope our *confrere* may prosper with it. Mr. JOSEPH C. CROSSKILL is the publisher and proprietor, and during his occasional visits to this part of the Dominion has made many friends, especially among his brethren of the press. Will the *Reporter* tell us now, why, since it became a daily, we so seldom see it among our exchanges?

MORE HONOURS TO COLONISTS.—Says the Charlottetown (P. E. I.) *Islander*:—"We have much pleasure in announcing to our readers that Her Majesty has been pleased to confer the honour of Knighthood, upon Robert Hodgson, Esq., Chief-Justice of this Island, and at present Administrator of the Government. We congratulate Sir Robert on this mark of Her Majesty's approbation, and trust he may long live to enjoy the honour so deservedly bestowed upon him."

WOODEN RAILWAYS.—The wooden railroad now completed between Clifton and the Adirondack mines, N. Y., is described as follows in a letter from the late President of the Clifton Iron Company, Mr. Charles G. Myers:

"The rails are of hard maple scantling, 4 x 6 inches, set on round ties, on which are cramed slots 6 x 4. The rails, set on edge and keyed in the slots by two wooden wedges driven against each other, project two inches above the ties. The rails admit of bending sufficiently to make the curves. The ties are laid on the earth and ballasted in the usual manner to two inches of the bottom of the rail. It takes 21,120 feet board measure of scantling for a mile, and 1,760 ties at three feet apart. Our road is a very rough one. We have a great deal of trestle work, some of it over 30 feet high, which is vastly more expensive than a level route. The engines used weigh from ten to fourteen tons. The rails will probably last about five or six years. An engine will move about 30 tons of freight at about six to eight miles an hour, with heavy grades and sharp curves. The Company expects to move over the road next year from 50,000 to 100,000 tons of freight. Trains have passed over the road, light, at the rate of 20 miles an hour; but this would not do for freight.

—Eckel and Blaisdell, the New York whiskey swindlers, both obtained notoriety through the Burdell murder.

—The Yo Semite Valley excites the admiration of all tourists. *You-see-mighty* few valleys to compare with it.—*Cincinnati Times.*

—An Australian horse recently ran ten miles in 23 minutes and 35 seconds, said to be the fastest time on record for that distance.

—Tulu is the Sheffield of Russia, and there is in Moscow a painting of the "Sacrifice of Isaac," in which the knife held by Abraham is marked "Tulu."

—Twenty-nine fashionable balls came off in New York last week. Over 15,000 persons were in attendance. These people spent $25,000 in carriage hire, $40,000 for suppers and wines, over $180,000 in toilettes and dresses, wore jewels worth in the aggregate to $850,000. Twenty-seven balls are arranged for the present week.

—E. De Cost McKay, a young man of New York, has $125,000 of insurance upon his life, most of it endowment policies. A day or two since he walked into the office of one of the best companies and paid down for a single premium endowment fifteen thousand five hundred dollars, cash! This is the largest single transaction in life insurance that has ever taken place in this country, and is believed to be the largest on record in any country.—*American paper.*

COUNTY COUNCIL.

Third Day.

THURSDAY, January 28, 1869.

Pursuant to adjournment the council met at 10 o'clock, a. m.

Present:—The Warden, Messrs. Dawson, Cummings, Cowan, Lyon, Blackburn, Smith, Green, Kidd, Fraser, Armstrong, Hinton, Caldwell, Tremblay, Dow, McCaffery and Mohr.

The minutes of yesterday were read.

Moved by Mr. Cowan, seconded by Mr. Lyon, that John Hill, Esq., be and is hereby appointed inspector of weights and measures for this county.—Carried.

The clerk submitted the report of the auditors on the non-resident land taxes.

Moved by Mr. Lyon, seconded by Mr. McCaffery, that the report of the auditors on the non-resident land taxes be referred to the finance committee.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Cummings, seconded by Mr. McCaffery, that the following gentlemen be and are hereby appointed local superintendents of common schools for the several townships within the county of Carleton, set opposite their respective names, viz.:

Charles Taggart—North Gower;
Rev. D. P. Merritt—Marlboro';
" C. B. Pettit—Goulbourne;
" C. B. Pettit—Nepean;
" R. Gavin—Gloucester;
" J. May—March;
" W. Fleming—Osgoode;
" E. S. Curry—Fitzroy;
" E. S. Curry—Torbolton;
" G. Godfrey—Huntly;

And that a by-law be introduced accordingly.—Carried.

A by-law was then introduced and read a first time.

Moved by Mr. Cummings, seconded by Mr. Dow, that the by-law just read, appointing local superintendents for the county of Carleton, be now read a second time and passed, suspending all rules to the contrary.

Moved in amendment by Mr. Fraser, seconded by Mr. Kidd, that the Rev. Mr. Emery be superintendent of Fitzroy for the present year.—Lost.

Mr. Fraser called for the yeas and nays.

YEAS—Messrs. Dawson, Cowan, Kidd, Fraser, Green, Armstrong, Hinton, and Caldwell—8.

NAYS—Messrs. McCaffery, Lyon, Smith, Tremblay, Dow, Mohr, Cummings, and Blackburn—8.

The Warden voted nay, and declared the original motion carried.

A deputation of ladies seeking aid for the St. Joseph's Orphan Asylum then waited upon the council, and presented a petition which was read by the Warden.

Moved by Mr. Fraser, seconded by Mr. Armstrong, that the petition of the ladies on behalf of the St. Joseph's Orphan Asylum, just read, be heard at the bar of this council.—Carried.

Madame Dorion then explained the object and necessities of the asylum.

Moved by Mr. Dow, seconded by Mr. Blackburn, that the petition, just read, be received and referred to the Finance Committee.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Cowan, seconded by Mr. Lyon, that by-law No. 14½, appointing inspector of weights and measures, be now read a first, second and third times, and passed, suspending all rules to the contrary.—Carried.

The by-law was introduced, read and passed.

The warden read a petition from M. K. Dickinson, Esq., praying for an extra grant to complete the opening up of the road leading from Manotic village to the Prescott road or highway.

Moved by Mr. Fraser, seconded by Mr. Hinton, that the petition just read be referred to the committee on roads and bridges.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Mohr, seconded by Mr. Caldwell, that this council do now adjourn to two o'clock, p. m.

The council then adjourned.

The council sat in the afternoon and transacted some business which will be reported in our next issue.

LETTER FROM A PONTIFICAL ZOUAVE TO HIS PARENTS IN CANADA.

[Translated.]

ROME, November 27, 1868.

MY DEAR PARENTS,—* * * After visiting a good portion of the part of Rome in which we live, and admiring and venerating the master-pieces of art and the holy relics of its great basilics, I enjoyed the privilege, on Sunday last, of visiting Rome underground, that is to say, the Catacombs, in company with the Rev. Mr. Moreau, our worthy chaplain. I saw the Catacombs of Sts. Calixtus and Sebastian. In the former I saw the tombs of St. Cecilia, St. Fabian, and more than one hundred other saints whose names I do not know. In the Catacomb of St. Sebastian, I knelt before the stone on which St. Maximus was decapitated. There also I saw a host of tombs of saints of both sexes.

In the basilic of St. Sebastian, I saw one of the arrows with which that great martyr was pierced.

But what interested me most was the stone which bears the impress of the sacred feet of our Lord Jesus Christ. As you know, our Lord met St. Peter on the Appian way, when the latter was flying from Rome. On perceiving our Lord, Peter was filled with astonishment, and said: "*Domine quo vadis?*"—"To Rome to be crucified over again," was the answer. St. Peter saw that the answer applied to himself, and that he must return to Rome. He did so, and shortly afterwards received the martyr's crown.

Now the stone upon which our Lord stood, when he thus addressed St. Peter, bears the unmistakable impress of the feet of the man God, and that stone is the one preserved and venerated in the Basilica of St. Sebastian. I send you a precious *souvenir* of my visit to the Catacombs.

Last week I visited St. Peter's prison. I saw there the column to which he was bound; I also drank water from the fountain which he caused to spring forth miraculously for the baptism of his fellow prisoners. I brought away from the prison a piece of stone which I cherish as a treasure.

Young Vincent, my companion, was lately sick for some ten days, but he is now quite recovered.

I enclose in this letter a photograph (*Souvenirs du Camp d'Annibal*) which was given me by Lieut.-Col. de Charette.

The *Triduo* (three days' prayer) is now being celebrated; you can form no conception of the magnificence of these religious rites in Rome.

In the Church of the Gesu, I saw an arm of St. François Xavier, the apostle of India.

Last week took place the execution of two revolutionists, who blew up the San Ristori's barracks a year ago, hurrying into eternity some thirty unsuspecting human beings. They suffered by the guillotine. The Zouaves were formed in square, and I myself was not over twenty-five feet from the scaffold. How it makes one shudder to witness such a sight! The first criminal, a man of 33 years of age, was named Monti; and the other, 23, Tognetti. Both died as good Christians.

My health keeps up wonderfully, and I am grateful for escaping the many diseases which have brought such a number of Canadians to the hospital during the summer. All these patients have recovered one by one.

Two of them are to leave about the 20th of December for Canada, besides Messrs. Drolet and Duprat who must have reached home ere now.....

EMMANUEL TASSE.

—A Boston paper says New York is so wicked that they are widening Hell Gate or Narrows to the ocean, and the New York *Times* says yes they are, but it is to broaden the way to Boston. A very happy hit.

—The German papers mention a melancholy case of suicide and filial devotion. A widow had two sons, the eldest of whom supported the family. He recently was ordered to join the army, having fallen into the conscription. The younger brother, feeling himself unable to support his aged mother, shot himself through the heart, thereby liberating the elder from military service, on account of his being a widow's only son.

For fine bog oak brooches and ear rings in sets, see Young & Radford's new lot, just received, and selling at the very low price of only 90 cts. per set.

Try Gardner's Baking Powder. See advertisement 887.6m

LOCAL NEWS.

NATURAL HISTORY SOCIETY.—The society will adjourn this evening after the transaction of routine business, to enable members and others to attend Professor Dawson's lecture.

AN OLD MAN KNOCKED DOWN BY A CUTTER.—An old man was knocked down opposite Cahill's saloon, Sparks-st., last night, by a cutter. This was not a case of furious driving. Fortunately the poor fellow was not so seriously injured but he could walk away.

LECTURE AT THE FRENCH-CANADIAN INSTITUTE.—The Rev. Mr. Pallier will deliver a lecture at the French-Canadian Institute this evening at 8 o'clock. Subject—"Philosophy of Music." Free admission.

THE RAILROAD SAFE RECOVERED.—The safe of the Ottawa & St. Lawrence Railway Company was recovered yesterday. It was not opened, but there is reason to believe that its contents are safe, from the facts that the paint is not burnt off, and some papers lying under it are not even charred.

PROFESSOR DAWSON'S LECTURE.—Those interested in natural history, and all who wish to know some of its greatest wonders, should remember the lecture to be delivered this evening, under the auspices of the Young Men's Christian Association, by Professor Dawson, L L. D., of McGill College, Montreal, on "The lower forms of life in the sea."

RUNAWAY.—A horse belonging to Captain Smith, of Gloucester, ran away yesterday with a sleigh, and dashed up Nicholas-st., past the gaol, and out towards the deep cut, on his way home, but was fortunately captured and brought back to the city uninjured, and, so far as could be learned, without damage to life or limb.

I. P. B. S.—In consequence of the Mechanics' Institute festival being advertised for the 2nd of February, the Irish Protestant Benevolent Society have given way, and deferred their promenade concert for a few days, as the interests might clash, and the I. P. B. S. would be sorry to injure an institution in which they take a deep interest.

ACKNOWLEDGMENT.—The Treasurer of the County of Carleton General Protestant Hospital acknowledges the receipt of the following sums, in aid of the institution: From John Smith, per honour of Richard Bishop, Township of March, presented by Lodge No. 338, $5; from the Wesleyan Methodist Church, Ottawa, per honour of Thomas Hinton, collection taken on the 9th inst., $33.25.

THE RACE WON.—It is now known that the late Riopelle, now the Cutler, mare has won the race of two hundred miles from this city to the Mattawan in the forty-eight hours, having reached her destination on Monday afternoon at half-past four o'clock, being one hour and a-half ahead of her time. A good deal of money will change hands in the shape of bets. Several other matches are talked of. One of the cabmen of this city proposes to bet $500 that he will go over the same ground in the same time with his ordinary working team; so we are told.

POLICE COURT.—Amable Goulin was brought up as a drunken disorderly, and fined $3 and costs.

John Mallon, ditto, $2 and costs.

Five boys named respectively Thomas Gallagher, John Kennedy, Jeremiah Mahony, John Cassidy, and Michael Carroll were charged with taking off the shutters and door of the house on St. Patrick-st, occupied by Mrs. Guinan. The establishment, as we learn, has not a very enviable reputation. By the evidence of the complainant herself, and by that of a female friend, it appears there are several women not unknown to fame at the Police Court, residing there, but the young gentlemen brought up on the charge of taking off the shutters and door could hardly be supposed to have been actuated solely by the desire to rid the neighbourhood of a nuisance, and the magistrate told them that even if this was the case, they had no right to take the law into their own hands. As against Mahony and Carroll, the case was not proven, and they were discharged at the close of the case for the prosecution, and afterwards used as witnesses for the defence. Their evidence, however, failed to exculpate the others, who were fined, as follows: Gallagher, $5 and costs; Kennedy, $3 and costs; and Cassidy, $2 and $1 costs. They were defended by Mr. Alex. Ross.

About half a dozen young gentlemen from Ashburnham Hill and the region thereabout, were brought up on a charge of being part of a band who lately held a serenading concert of a most discordant character in their latitude. The police magistrate informed them that it was not the desire of the Chief of Police to proceed against them, and they were discharged.

Achille Proulx was charged with selling liquor without a license. The case was adjourned.

John Ciappi was charged with selling by the glass under a shop license. The case was also adjourned.

Robert Burns, charged with arson, in attempting to burn down the City Hall, by setting fire to the cell in which he was confined as a disorderly character on Wednesday night, was remanded.

NARROW ESCAPE OF THE CITY HALL FROM DESTRUCTION BY FIRE.—We came very near having to record to-day the destruction by fire of the City Hall building. It appears that a man named Robert Burns had on one or two occasions sought shelter at night in the police station under the City Hall. Generally he has appeared to be under the influence of drink on those occasions. He called again late on Wednesday night or early in the morning, and sat in the station. Some time after he had been there Sergeant Brown entered, and told him if he remained he would have to lock him up. The man answered in such a way as to induce the Sergeant to do as he promised, and he was put into the first cell with another man named John Mallon, who had obtained an entrance there through the influence of whiskey. As soon as Burns found himself securely locked up, he became exceedingly abusive, and swore that when he came out he would shoot Sergeant Brown. After exhausting himself, or his vocabulary of abuse, he became quiet, and it was supposed that he had gone to sleep. About three o'clock in the morning (yesterday), the officers in charge of the station saw through the half glass door which leads to the entrance passage to the cells, an appearance of smoke, and went instantly to see what it was, when they found the smoke coming from the openings of the door. They immediately unlocked it, and found the cell on fire, and full of smoke. Mallon was found lying on his face quite insensible. He was taken out into the station where he appeared almost lifeless; but Burns was sufficiently sensible to endeavour to make his escape from custody, which, however, he was prevented from doing. The board sheeting at the west end of the cell, together with the platform on which the prisoners' sleep, was found to be on fire, and the flames spreading rapidly. In the sheeting, the fire had ascended nearly to the ceiling, and was acquiring such force that a very little more headway would have ensured the destruction of the building, which would have burned like tinder. With the aid of an axe the burning boards were chopped down and the platform torn up, so that in a few minutes the building was out of danger and the fire was extinguished. Mallon was still in a doubtful condition, but in about twenty minutes was brought to. Burns was brought up to the police court yesterday, but was remanded, and will be examined on a charge of arson, and Mallon will be called as a witness, though it is doubtful if he was aware of Burns' presence in the cell, and equally doubtful if the charge of arson can be brought home to the prisoner.

—For a choice selection of New Tapestry Brussells, Kidderminster and Imperial 3 pl Carpets, Cocoa Matting, Floor Oil Cloths, Hearth Rugs, Crumb Cloths and Door Mats; Damasks, Reppe, Curtain Trimmings, Lace and Muslin Curtains, go to Magee & Russell's new Store, next door to Mr. John Leslie's, Sparks-st.

DRESS GOODS.—A large assortment of ball and evening dresses; also, in fancy, black, Japanese, and Foulard silks, poplins, &c., at T. & W. Hunton's, whose stock is constantly supplied by their resident agents in London and Paris. Evening silks, &c., shown by gas light in a room prepared for the purpose, at any hour of the day.

IMPORTANT TO NATURALISTS.

Prehistoric Remains, Dating Back 25 B. C., Found at St. Louis.

(From the St. Louis Republican, January 18.

It is generally known in this country, and in scientific circles in Europe, that the gigantic undertaking of bridging the Mississippi River at this point has been already begun, and that for more than a year, when the state of the river would permit, the sound of the ponderous machinery has ceased not day nor night, but the work of excavation has been going on until the solid rock has been reached for the foundation of the piers upon the western shore. One of the piers is already above low water mark—a triumph of mechanical skill. The blocks of stone of which it is built areas huge as those of the Pyramids, and yet, by the application of original principles of mechanical and engineering skill, these gigantic blocks are moved as easily as the common foundation stones of our dwellings. The outer pier is not yet begun, the excavations therefor not being quite completed. At this point the wonders begin, the end of which is not yet. What effect the discovery of this tunnel under the river may have upon the location of the bridge the board of engineers will soon determine. About 4½ p. m. yesterday the workmen engaged in blasting the rocks in the bottom of the excavation for the foundation of this pier discharged an extraordinary large blast of powder, when immediately after the report, a strange phenomenon presented itself. Instead of having the usual time for the smoke to clear away, they saw it ascend rapidly in a column, as though issuing from the smokestack of one of our steamers. This soon cleared, and it was found that a steady current of air with a strange, damp odor was issuing from the cavernous excavation, showing that an opening had been made into some unknown subterranean passage. Upon descending to the bottom the usual mud and water had disappeared through a dark, deep opening in the rock about ten feet in diameter, made by the last discharge of powder. Ropes, ladders and torches were immediately procured and careful explorations begun. We cannot now enter into detailed descriptions, but having been invited to accompany the board of engineers with a delegation from the Academy of Science and Historical Society, we must reserve a full exposition of the wonderful discovery until we shall have made a more careful survey. Suffice it for the present to say it is certain that it passes entirely under the river to the Illinois shore, and whether it is only the work of some ancient race who once inhabited this land, whose interesting remains are strewn so thickly up and down this great valley, or whether it is partly natural and partly artificial, remains to be seen. In any case it is none the less stupendous. The main passage we should judge to be about twenty feet high by fifteen broad, and systematically arched overhead; part of the way by cutting through solid rock and part by substantial masonry. The bottom seemed to be much worn, as if by carriage wheels of some sort. There are many lateral passages, which, of course, we had no time to enter. These are about eight feet high and six feet wide. In the main passage we saw no tools or implements of workmanship, but on entering one of the lateral passages we soon emerged into a large chamber supported by leaning pillars of solid rock when the chamber was excavated. Around the walls of this chamber there were what seemed to be niches closed with closely-fitting slabs, each slab covered with inscriptions in Runic uniform characters, which to our eyes bore a marvellous resemblance to those upon the slab in the Mercantile Library, which was brought from the mines of Nineveh. Between the niches were projecting pilasters, with draped Abeyrian or Egyptian heads, which presented a most impressive and awe-inspiring effect. They were illuminated by the torchlight. Those sweet, sad faces looked down upon us from the ancient ages, like the souls of the departed. One of the passages opening on the north side seemed to follow the course of the river, and it is believed extends to the great mound now being removed by the North Missouri Railroad, which was the theme of much interesting remark at the last meeting of the Historical Society. To those who have not seen the mounds around St. Louis, it may be necessary to say that the mound, known as the Big Mound, is about one mile above the great bridge now being built. The mound known as Monck's Mound is on the other side of the river, and is but one of a continuous chain of mounds extending from the river to the bluffs, a distance of nine miles. It is conjectured that the tunnel under the river and the mounds are intimately connected, and that there was in ancient times an opening through the mounds from this subterranean highway. Of course every scientific man is in a perfect fever of excitement at these grand discoveries, which seem so full of promise to archæological and ethnological inquirers after truth. It will be remembered by our citizens that some few months since an examination of Monck's Mound was made under the auspices of some Eastern scientific society; and during the excavations there were frequent exhalations of disagreeable gases and odors. Yet we will not speculate, but wait in almost breathless suspense for future developments. As we returned from our hasty examination, passing through its pilastered hall above described, we observed a descending opening about seven feet high by three feet wide. Following this in its windings about fifty yards, we came to a flight of forty-one steps, ascending which, we found ourselves in another chamber of wonders—oval in shape, about seven feet long, twenty feet high, and three feet wide. The walls of this last chamber were sculptured in magnificent bas-relief and Runic inscriptions. Professor Bacchio, the learned Sanscrit of the university, who was with us, has taken upon himself the task of translating the inscriptions. Of the meaning of some of the words and of the colossal sculptures, he also speaks very confidently. One of the magnificent groups he is certain is intended to represent Ahasuerus crowning Queen Elizabeth. And another group of colossal figures representing captives following the car of a victorious conqueror are portraits of Luke Deuteronomy and the friend going into captivity. This remarkable discovery, following so quickly the one at Rock Island, will awaken the intensest interest throughout the world. It is very desirable that the savans into whose hands the rich treasures of the Rock Island discovery have fallen will send representatives here, so that we may compare notes, for it is possible that both these wonders and those discovered here were the works of the same ancient people.

"Cartoons of Raffaelle."

Seven chromolithographs in *fac simile* of the celebrated "Cartoons of Raffaelle" are now on exhibition and for sale at the establishment of R. Eaton, Elgin-st.

The "Cartoons of Raffaelle" it has been truly said "are England's chief treasures of art." For centuries they have been the admiration of all who appreciate the true and the beautiful in art. Critics of every nation have lauded this rare collection of paintings as being not only matchless specimens of the genius of the greatest master in ancient or modern times; but, also, as powerful incentives to virtue and religion. Their history extends far into the past. Raffaelle produced this series in 1513 and 1514, from which tapestries were wrought to decorate the interior of the Sistine Chapel. They were afterwards purchased by Charles I., acting under the advice of Rubens. They have frequently been engraved, but no copies at all comparable with the great originals have ever been given to the public, till a most accomplished engraver, the late Thomas Hollowell, under the immediate patronage of George III., undertook the task, and about forty-five years after the work was accomplished, and the *seven engravings* were produced. The engraved plates were destroyed, according to contract, so that it is very rarely that a set of these cartoons are offered for sale. No copies, except those issued by the present publishers, are *fac similes* in colour of the original "Cartoons of Raffaelle." 959a

BRITISH AMERICA FIRE ASSURANCE COMPANY—This well-known and long-established Company continue to take risks in this city at the usual rates. Herrick, Brush & Co., agents. 957a

THE NATURALIZATION TREATY.

The following is the naturalization protocol showing the principles agreed upon by the United States and British Governments on the question of naturalization:

The undersigned Reverdy Johnson, Esq., Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary from the United States of America, and Edward Henry, Lord Stanley of Bickerstaff, Her Britanic Majesty's principal Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, being respectively authorized and empowered to place on record the desire of the President of the United States of America and Her Majesty the Queen of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, to regulate the citizenship of citizens of the United States of America who have emigrated or may emigrate from the United States of America to British dominions, and of British subjects who have emigrated or who may emigrate from the British dominions to the United States of America, have agreed upon the following protocol:

First: Such citizens as aforesaid of the United States who have become or shall become, and are naturalized according to law within the British Dominions as British subjects, shall, subject to the provisions of articles two and four, be held by the United States to be, in all respects and for all purposes, British subjects, and shall be treated as such by the United States. Reciprocally, such British subjects as aforesaid, who have become or shall become and are naturalized according to law within the United States of America as citizens thereof, shall, subject to the provisions of articles two and four, be held by Great Britain to be, in all respects and for all purposes, American citizens, and shall be treated as such by Great Britain.

Second: Such United States citizens as aforesaid, who have become and are naturalized within the British dominions as British subjects, and such British subjects as aforesaid who have become and are naturalized as citizens within the United States, shall be at liberty to renounce their naturalization and to resume their respective nationalities, provided that such renunciation be publicly declared within two years after this protocol shall have been carried into effect, as provided by article four. The manner in which this renunciation may be made and publicly declared shall be hereafter agreed upon by the respective Governments.

Third: If such American citizen as aforesaid, naturalized within the British dominions, should renew his residence in the United States, the United States Government may, on his own application and on such conditions as that Government may think fit to impose, readmit him to the character and privileges of a British subject, and the United States shall not in that case claim him as a citizen of the United States on account of his former naturalization.

Fourth: As it will not be practicable for Great Britain to carry into operation the principles laid down in this protocol, until provision has been made by the Imperial Parliament for such a revision of existing laws as the adoption of those principles involves, it is agreed that this protocol shall not take effect until such legislation can be accomplished. The British Government will introduce measures into Parliament for this purpose as speedily as may be possible, having regard to the variety of public and private interests which may be affected by a change in the laws of naturalization and allegiance now under consideration of the Royal Commission, whose report is shortly to be made. The same provision not being necessary by the Constitution and laws of the United States, this article is not made reciprocal.

Done at London, the 9th of October, 1868.

REVERDY JOHNSON.
STANLEY.

A similar treaty has been agreed to between Belgium and the United States, and has been sent to the Senate for ratification. Also, a treaty with Peru, almost identical with that of England, providing for the settlement of all claims.

JEWELLERY.—All kinds of jewellery, of the latest designs, and at the cheapest rates, can be bought of Young & Radford, Sparks-st.

Educational.

YOUNG LADIES' BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL,
Wellington-st., Ottawa, Ont.,
conducted by
MISS A. M. HARMON.

The Spring Term will commence on Monday, the 1st of February. There are vacancies for two additional Boarding Pupils. Miss Harmon devotes her personal attention to the school, which has been in successful operation for the past five years. Her Assistant-Governesses are ladies thoroughly qualified for their work. The Singing, Drawing, and Music Classes are under the tuition of competent and experienced teachers. The French Class is taught by a French lady, who resides in the school, thus giving her pupils an opportunity of speaking the language as well as reading it, and understanding its grammar. Prospectuses, containing the statement of terms, and the course of English studies pursued in the school, can be obtained at Messrs. Durie's Bookstore, and on application to Miss Harmon. 960-2

Groceries.

BY APPOINTMENT

PURVEYOR TO HIS EXCELLENCY SIR JOHN YOUNG.

FINNAN HADDIES,
PORTLAND BLOATERS,
LING FISH [Pickled],
LING FISH [Dry].

JAMES BUCHANAN,
Sussex and Wellington-sts.
Ottawa, January 28, 1869. 959tf

COFFEE! COFFEE!

Try Buchanan's Unrivalled Mixture of Mocha, Java, Jamaica and Ceylon, roasted and ground daily on the premises by steam power.

JAS. BUCHANAN,
Sussex and Wellington-sts.
Ottawa, January 28, 1869. 959tf

THE "COOK'S FRIEND"
BAKING POWDER.

The subscriber has just completed arrangements with the manufacturer for the agency of the above Celebrated Baking Powder, which for some years past has been almost exclusively used in the City of Montreal, and likewise getting into general use in the other cities of the Dominion. Further recommendation is unnecessary.

JAS. BUCHANAN,
Agent for Ottawa.
January 28, 1869. 959tf

NATURAL HISTORY SOCIETY.

In consequence of the lecture to be delivered by Dr. Dawson this evening, the meeting of the Natural History Society will be adjourned after the transaction of routine business.

JOHN LANGTON,
President.
January 29, 1869. 960-1

WANTED!—AN ARCHITECT to contract for Building a Stone Church at Mount St. Patrick. Apply [if by letter, post-paid,] for further particulars to the REV. JOHN McCORMICK, P.P., Mount St. Patrick, P. O. County of Renfrew, or JAMES O'GORMAN, Shamrock P. O. Shamrock, January 25, 1869. 960.3-5w1

DISSOLUTION OF CO-PARTNERSHIP.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that the co-partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned as DRY GOODS MERCHANTS at the City of Ottawa, under the names, style and firm of "GRANT & HENDERSON," was this day dissolved by mutual consent.

Dated at the City of Ottawa, this twentieth day of January, A. D. 1869.

D. GRANT,
JOHN S. HENDERSON
960b

Auction Sale.

By A. Rowe, Auctioneer.

ASSIGNEE'S SALE.

WILL BE SOLD BY PUBLIC AUCTION, WITHOUT RESERVE, ON MONDAY, AND FOLLOWING DAYS,

At A. Rowe's Sale Rooms, Ottawa,

the whole of the STOCK IN TRADE belonging to the

ESTATE OF G. J. MARSTON JR.,

COMPRISING

SHELF HARDWARE, GROCERIES, &c.

Sale at 3 o'clock, and 7 p.m.

T. S. BROWN, Official Assignee.
A. ROWE, Auctioneer.
Ottawa, January 26, 1869. 957-7t

By A. Rowe, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE OF HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.

Mr. A. ROWE has received instructions from Mr. DAVID MILLAR, who is leaving the city, to sell on FRID

Latest by Telegraph.

Via Montreal Line.

TORONTO.

Special to THE TIMES.

TORONTO, January 28.

The Board of Agriculture have sent a report of their proceedings to the press, which will appear to-morrow. It states that resolutions were passed, calling on the treasurer to prepare his accounts immediately, and the auditors to audit, accepting Denison's proposal to pay $7,528, which he admits are due, within three weeks, and demanding that he give security for $800, whilst the claim of $5,138 for percentage on money disbursed, and $3,634 said to be paid since November last. Denison was not present, but was represented by solicitors.

Mr. Cockburn replies to the *Globe*'s criticism to-day, making a good defence. He states that he has ceased to be a timber licensee since August, 1866. All interested motives are imputed to be unapplicable; and he appeals to the Opposition members whether the *Globe* gave a correct account of his language.

A fire occurred at 3 o'clock this morning on Yonge-st. The building was destroyed. Loss $3,000.

Dust in January has led to serious inconveniences. The streets were watered to-day to the great comfort of pedestrians.

Several lunatics have been removed to the Rockwood Asylum. The Attorney-General has issued orders to have all in the county jail sent there.

The Bay is now frozen over. A great many persons were skating yesterday.

A young man had a narrow escape from drowning, having broken through the ice, and was only saved by holding on until a rope was thrown him.

At the curling match at Clover Hill between Toronto and Hamilton, the former won by 52 points.

MONTREAL.

Special to THE TIMES.

MONTREAL, January 28.

Dillon and Townsend, the two clerks in the Merchants' Bank, who were charged with complicity in the forgery committed by J. C. French, were discharged by the Police Magistrate, there being no evidence against them.

Lieutenant-Colonel Jenyns, C. B., inspected the 13th Hussars this morning.

It is rumoured that Bleakley will be appointed clerk of the Crown, in place of the late Lieutenant-Colonel Ermatinger. It is said also that Judge Coursol is about to resign and re-enter political life.

The Local Government intend to introduce a Bill to divide Montreal into independent registration districts, nearly coinciding with the present division into wards.

Mr. Simard, M. P. P., has given notice that he will ask the Government whether it is their intention to provide a residence for the Lieutenant-Governor.

No business of importance was transacted in the Assembly to-day.

Hon. Treasurer Dunkin is much better, and is expected to bring down the public accounts to-morrow.

The visit of the Governor-General absorbs much attention. His Excellency will arrive at the depot at five o'clock on Monday evening, and will be received by the Corporation. In the evening he will dine with the Mayor. On Tuesday, at eleven a.m., he receives addresses. At noon holds a levee; and in the evening a dinner. On Wednesday evening a ball at the St. Lawrence Hall. Thursday Lady Young holds a reception.

The Local Government, it is said, will grant $4,000 for wooden railways, instead of land grants.

A champion billiard match between Dion and Foster is now going on at the Mechanics' Hall, and excites much interest. The hall is jammed. Betting five to three on Joe.

There was rather more enquiry in market this morning, but no improvement in prices, holders being too anxious to get off stock to run the risk of losing sales.

HALIFAX.

Delay in the Mails Between Ottawa and Nova Scotia.

Special to THE TIMES.

HALIFAX, January 28.

The mail arrangements between Nova Scotia and the Seat of Government are sadly imperfect. No letter, or newspaper, of later date than the fifteenth inst., from Ottawa, or any part of Ontario or Quebec, has been received here. The weather during this fortnight has been extremely favourable—very little wind and no snow or fog; so that on this occasion the delay cannot be charged to storms. Loud complaints are made in consequence.

CABLE NEWS.

GREAT BRITAIN.

QUEENSTOWN, January 28—p.m.—Steamers *City of New York* and *North America* have arrived.

FRANCE.

HAVRE, January 28.—The details of the accident to the steamship *Periere* states she experienced fearful gales for five days after leaving Brest, threatening the total destruction of the ship. A heavy sea carried away her forward deck cabin, second-class dining-saloon, deluged the engine-room, and partially disabled the ship. The vessel lurched terribly, throwing the passengers from place to place with such violence as to kill three, as before stated, and three of the crew, besides injuring others. On the 21st an immense sea flooded the cabins, killing Miss Fircklburg, of Germany, by breaking her neck. The passengers will leave for New York next Saturday. They held a meeting, and passed resolutions, thanking the captain, officers, and crew for their bravery and coolness in the trying emergency.

TRIESTE, January 26.—An extensive fire occurred in the business portion of the city last night. The Custom House, and the railroad depot in the vicinity, and several Government warehouses, were destroyed.

SPAIN.

MADRID, January 28.—The provisional government, for the purpose of preventing a repetition of such an outrage as the one just perpetrated at Borgos, has issued a decree establishing an equality of religious sects.

SOUTH AMERICA.

NEWS VIA LONDON.

LONDON, January 28.—Later news has been received from the seat of war in Paraguay, via Rio Janeiro. The town of Augusturs, to which the Paraguayans retreated after the battle of Villeta, was soon afterwards captured by the allied forces, and Lopez fled with remnants of his army into the interior. Gen. McMahon, the American Minister, still accompanied President Lopez. Admiral Davis was at Buenos Ayres.

NEWS VIA NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, January 28.—The steamer *Alaska* brings Panama dates to the 20th. She has $493,172 in treasure from California. Calanicha, Governor of Chirique, has been removed for *malfeasance* in office. The expedition in search of gold on the Cocoa Island has returned unsuccessful. Frequent earthquakes occurred in Guatemala during December. War is probable between Salvador and Honduras. Nothing is known in Honduras of the projected railway talked of in New York.

CUBA.

HAVANA, January 28.—The Spanish man of war *Veradita*, after a short chase, captured, near Romano Key, an English schooner, hailing from Nassau. A party of twenty-two native Cubans were found on board of the vessel, they being on their way to join the insurgents in this Island. It is reported that during the chase the men of the schooner, seeing that capture was inevitable, threw overboard a quantity of arms and ammunition.

Spanish accounts continue to represent that the insurgents in the eastern department in large numbers are presenting themselves to the authorities, and claiming the benefits of the amnesty proclamation.

The wrecking steamer *Arrieta*, seized on suspicion, has after an investigation been released, there being no evidence that she was engaged in carrying supplies to the rebels.

Since the recent disturbances in this city, the theatres, and all other places of public amusement, have been closed.

NEWS VIA KEY WEST.

A Reign of Terror.

NEW YORK, January 28.—The *Herald's* special, from Havana, dated January 25th, via Key West, January 18th, says Puerto Principe was captured by the patriot forces under General Quesada on the 16th instant, the same day that Count Valmaseda entered Bayamo. A reign of terror has commenced in this city, caused by the breaking out of open hostilities between Cuban and Spanish factions, whose hatred for each other cannot be described. There is very little security outside the city walls. The Cubans, from the house-tops, fire upon volunteers and soldiers passing through the streets. The military enter houses, from which shots are fired, and massacre the inmates. The volunteers, by their behaviour, provoke the resistance of the people, and then fire into them indiscriminately. The officers and men of the regular force are opposed to giving such discretionary powers to the volunteers. Many private persons and foreigners have been fired upon.

KEY WEST, January 27.—Many refugees have arrived here this morning from Havana, and it is stated that more are coming.

AMERICAN NEWS.

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES.

Arrivals.

NEW YORK, January 28.—The steamship *Alaska*, from Aspinwall, and *City of London*, from Liverpool, have arrived.

The steamship *Helvetia*, from Hamburg, has arrived.

South Carolina Legislature.

COLUMBIA, S.C., January 27.—A joint resolution was passed by the Legislature authorizing the Governor of the State to employ armed force for the preservation of the peace. The House has passed a bill to enforce the civil rights bill of Congress.

THIS MORNING'S DESPATCHES.

Obituary.

BALTIMORE, January 28.—The Rev. Joseph Semmahan, Catholic priest, reported killed by the disaster to the steamer *Pereere*, was returning from Rome, whither he went as a representative of the Roman Catholic societies of Maryland, to attend the general council which met in that city on the 15th of November last. He was a gentleman of much learning and ability, and was universally respected through Maryland. He was for four years President of Loyola College in this city, and at the time of his departure from the United States he was Rector of the Novitiate of the Society of Jesus, at Frederick, Maryland. He was a native of Boston, and was about 45 years old.

CHICAGO, January 28.—Augusta M. St. Clair, the lecturer, died at Salt Lake yesterday.

A Canadian Robbed of $14,000.

NEW YORK, January 28.—A Canadian was robbed of $14,000 last night in a Broadway gambling saloon.

Meeting of the Anti-Slavery Society.

BOSTON, January 28.—A large number of the members of the late anti-slavery society and their friends, assembled this evening at the Horticultural Hall, to have a special reunion preceding the last meeting of the society, which will be held to-morrow. The Hall was crowded, and Wendell Phillips presided.

A Petition Against the Confirmation of the "Alabama" Claims Treaty."

BOSTON, January 28.—A petition to the United States Senate, signed by the Hon. George B. Upton, and others, against the confirmation of the *Alabama* claims treaty, has been placed at the Merchants' Exchange for signature. The petitioner says: "This so-called treaty proposes to put upon the same footing the claims of British subjects which have arisen under a disagreement in regard to ordinary forms of neutrality. The claims of our own citizens upon the British Government for piracies committed by British built, British manned, and British armed vessels, by vessels and armaments which left British ports under the protection of the British flag, and burned American ships upon the high sea without taking them into port for condemnation, and without any action being taken upon the part of the British Government when these atrocities were laid before it to prevent the same, but on the contrary these pirates were every where received with rejoicing when visiting British ports, and when the notorious builder of one of them boasted of the same in the British Parliament, of which he was a member, he was received with cheers and expressions of satisfaction. This shows in the opinion of your memorialists the *animus* of the British Government towards the Government of the United States.

Sailed.

NEW YORK, January 28.—The steamship *New York* for Bremen, took out $400,000 in specie.

EVERYBODY SAYS SO.—That is all who have either used the article themselves or witnessed its effects when used by others; all such, and they are only fit to judge, are unanimous in the opinion that "Darley's Condition Powders and Arabian Heave Remedy" is superior to anything of the kind heretofore or at present in use for coughs, colds, thick wind, and all diseases which affect the wind of horses. As a condition medicine it has no equal; there is nothing in it which can injure a horse whether sick or well—nor need the horse be kept from working while using it; it is just the article which all who own horses require, and which they should have constantly on hand. Remember the name, and see that the signature of Hurd and Co. is on each package. Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, Ont., proprietors for Canada.

—Twenty years experience in using Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers have proved them to be the most effectual remedy for coughs, and irritation of the throat, caused by cold, or unusual exertion of the vocal organs; public speakers and singers will find them most beneficial. The entire freedom from all deleterious ingredients renders Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers, or Cough and Voice Lozenges, a safe remedy for the most delicate person, and has caused them to be held in high esteem by all who have used them. Sold by all medicine dealers at 25 cts. per box.

INTERESTING TO VOLUNTEERS.—An important article in the outfit of a soldier is a good medicine in a convenient form, and the Canadian Pain Destroyer is just the article; it cures wounds, bruises, and frost-bites, and is the best Medicine that can be used for diarrhoea, and summer complaints generally, and is a sure cure for rheumatism, and that class of complaints brought on by exposure or fatigue. Price 25 cts. per bottle, to be had of all medicine dealers.

SAVE YOUR DOCTOR'S BILLS.—When Dr. Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry will CURE coughs, colds, bleeding at the lungs, and arrest the fell destroyer, consumption, it does more than most physicians can do. The use of a single bottle, costing one dollar, will satisfy the incredulous that they need look no further for the required aid.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

Reported by Telegraph.

[*For daily report of Ottawa Markets, see Fourth Page.*]

New York Money Market.

NEW YORK, January 27.—Gold 136¼.

New York Markets.

NEW YORK, January 27.—Cotton firm at 28½c. @ 29c.—Flour dull; receipts 38,000 barrels; sales 6,700 barrels at $5.85 @ 6.35 for superfine State and Western; $7 @ 7.35 for common to choice extra State; $6.80 @ 7.75 for common to choice extra Western.—Rye flour quiet at $5.25 @ 7.40.—Wheat dull; sales 7,500 bushels spring at $1.50.—Rye quiet.—Corn unchanged; receipts 16,000 bushels; sales 36,000 bushels at 93c.—New mixed Western Barley heavy.—Oats dull; receipts 1,000 bushels; sales 33,000 bushels at 75c.—Pork heavy at $30.37 @ 30.50, for new mess; $29 @ 29.25 for old mess.—Lard lower at 19½c. @ 20½c. for steam.

London Money Market.

LONDON, January 28—p. m.—Consols for money 93¼; Bonds 75¼; Erie 26¼; Account 93¼.

Liverpool Markets.

LIVERPOOL, January 28—p. m.—Cotton quiet; Uplands 11¼d. @ 12d.; Flour 26s. @ 26s. 6d.; Red wheat 9s. 10d. @ 10s.; White wheat 11s. 6d.; Old Corn 34s. @ 36s.; New Corn 33s. @ 34s.; Lard 77s.; Barley 5s.; Oats 3s. 6d.; Pease 44s. 6d.; Pork 92s. 6d.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Coughs and Colds.—Sudden changes of climate are sources of Pulmonary Bronchial and Asthmatic affections. Experience having proved that simple remedies often act speedily and certainly when taken in the early stages of the disease, recourse should at once be had to "Brown's Bronchial Troches," or Lozenges. Few are aware of the importance of checking a cough, or "common cold," in its first stage. That which in the beginning would yield to a mild remedy, if neglected soon attacks the lungs. "Brown's Bronchial Troches," or cough Lozenges, allay irritation which induces coughing, having a DIRECT influence on the affected parts. As there are imitations, be sure TO OBTAIN the genuine. Sold by all dealers in medicines, at 25 cents a box.

Mothers! Mothers! Mothers!—Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with the excruciating pain of cutting teeth? If so, go at once and get a bottle of Mrs. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately—depend upon it; there is no mistake about it. There is not a mother on earth who has ever used it, who will not tell you at once that it will regulate the bowels, and give rest to the mother, and relief and health to the child, operating like magic. It is perfectly safe to use in all cases, and pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Price 25 cents. Sold everywhere. Be sure to call for "MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP." Having the *fac-simile* of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations

Mothers Read This!—Holloway's Worm Lozenges are a certain and safe remedy for Worms in Children and Adults.—As it is a well-known and melancholy fact that one great cause of death among children is from Worms alone, it cannot be too deeply impressed upon the minds parents the necessity of closely watching their children. By so doing; and understanding the symptoms and true cause of the disease, thousands of children might be saved from early graves. SYMPTOMS OF WORMS.—The following are a few of the very numerous symptoms and diseases which are caused by Worms: deranged appetite, emaciated extremities, offensive breath frequent picking at the nose, grinding of the teeth during sleep, hardness of the belly, with frequent slimy stools, and sometimes convulsive fits; itching of the arms, pain in the head and stomach, unquiet sleep, faintings, tremblings, coughs, indigestion, low spirits, frightful dreams, and a gradual wasting away of flesh.

They are palatable and self-administered to the child—drive out the worms thoroughly without pain and completely cleanse the stomach—thereby doing away with the necessity of administering Castor Oil or other unpleasant cathartics—as is the use of other Worms.

☞ Each box contains the fac-simile signature of NORTHROP & LYMAN, Newcastle, C.W., who are the sole proprietors.

N.B. Ask for *Holloway's Worm Lozenges* ☞ and take no other. ☜ Sold by all the druggists in Ottawa, and medicine dealers every where. 578y

TO THE WORKING CLASS.—I am now prepared to furnish constant employment to all classes at their homes for their spare moments. Business new, light and profitable. Fifty cents to $5 per evening is easily earned, and the boys and girls earn nearly as much as men. Great inducements are offered. All who see this notice please send me their address, and test the business for themselves. If not well satisfied I will send $1 to pay for the trouble of writing me. Full particulars sent free. Sample sent by mail for ten cents in stamps. Address

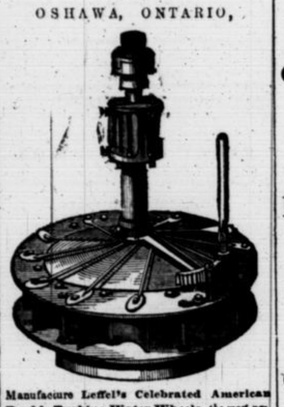
969.1-3w4 E. C. ALLEN, Augusta, Me.

FARMS FOR SALE OR TO LET.—100 acres—the north half of Lot No. 11, in the 4th concession of the township of Osgoode, with a good House and Barn, and other outbuildings, and a good Spring Well, fifty acres cleared and in a good state of cultivation. This is situated on the Prescott road, within fifteen miles of Ottawa. Also, the south half of Lot No. 6, in the 3rd concession of Osgoode, containing 100 acres, 50 acres cleared, the rest well wooded, with good hardwood, and well watered, and situated within a quarter of a mile of the railway station. Titles good. For further information apply to

PATRICK HERBERT,
4tf Rideau Hotel, Ottawa City.

January 28, 1869. 959-2awk2m

JOSEPH HALL
MACHINE WORKS,
ESTABLISHED 1851,
JOSEPH HALL MANUFACTURING CO.
PROPRIETORS,
OSHAWA, ONTARIO,



Manufacture Leffel's Celebrated American Double Turbine Water Wheels, *the most perfect and economical water wheel in use.*

We are the only manufacturers who can furnish the genuine "Leffel Wheel" in Canada, as will be seen by the following certificate:

SPRINGFIELD, OHIO, Dec. 25th, 1868.

We take pleasure in informing the public of Canada that we have sold and furnished Mr. F. W. GLEN, of Oshawa, Ontario, Patterns, Formers, Drawings, Gauges, and all other necessary information, to build our celebrated Double Turbine Water Wheel, invented by James Leffel, and known as the "Leffel Wheel." We have also obligated ourselves to furnish the same facilities for manufacturing to no other parties in Canada. Without the information we have given Mr. Glen, no one can successfully build our Wheels, and we advise parties in Canada to purchase our Wheels of no other manufacturer. Mr. Glen's facilities are unsurpassed, and we feel sure that he will build a Wheel that will give perfect satisfaction. We therefore commend him to the public of Canada with entire confidence, feeling sure he will manufacture a Wheel in all respects equal to our own.

Signed, JAMES LEFFEL & CO.

WARRANTY.

Our Wheels are warranted to work to entire satisfaction, if properly put up, run, and taken care of,—and then if they do not perform to the entire satisfaction of the purchaser, after running thirty days, they may return the wheels to us, and we will pay freight, both ways, and refund all payments made to us thereon. This guarantee will be strictly adhered to.

We call especial attention to our superior Gearing of all kinds for attaching our Wheels, made light, and adapted to the high speed at which the Wheels run. We caution purchasers against using heavy shafting and gearing.

☞ We also manufacture all kinds of **Saw and Flour Mill Machinery, including Steam Engines and Boilers, English and American Gangs, Hand-setting and Self-setting Circular Saw-rigs, Upright and Oscillating Muley Saw-rigs, Gearing, Shafting, Pullies and Hangers, &c., &c.** Also Shingle Machines and Jointers, Leather-Splitting Machines, Knife-Grinders, Woollen Machinery, Washington Hand Printing Presses, Gordon's Power Press, Taylor's Cylinder Press, and Blake's Patent Steam Pump.

Catalogues containing full information furnished free to all applicants. Address—

F. W. GLEN, President,
959.2awim OSHAWA, ONT.

J. W. W. WARD, of the late firm of Lewis Pinhey & Ward, has removed his Chancery Office to Bell's Law Chambers, opposite Russell House, Elgin-st. dw

Garland, Mutchmor & Co

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.

ARE CLEARING OUT

the following goods previous to stock-taking at

☞ LOW PRICES, ☜

HORROCKS and other WHITE COTTONS,

CANADIAN and BRITISH GREY COTTONS,

3¾d to 7¼d per yard.

PRINTS,

From 4½d per yard up.

DRESS GOODS

In all the leading materials and styles, at unusually low prices.

FRENCH MERINOES

in the leading colours, at very low prices.

WINCEYS,

In great variety, at a trifle over half last year's prices.

SKIRTINGS,

In great variety, cheap.

FLANNELS,

PLAIN AND FANCY,

Best and Cheapest in the city.

CLOTHS and TWEEDS,

In immense variety, very cheap.

BLANKETS,

CANADIAN & ENGLISH,

At unusually low prices.

CARPETS & HOUSE FURNISHINGS,

Largest and cheapest stock in the city.

SILKS,

BLACK, COLOURED AND FANCY,

Purchased previous to the advance, at old prices.

BALL DRESSES,

at reduced prices.

VELVETS,

MANTLE AND BONNET VELVETS,

In variety, cheap.

MILLINERY and MANTLES,

Clearing out balance at reduced prices.

INSPECTION INVITED,

Wholesale and Retail.

20 Sparks-st., Ottawa.

Wholesale & Retail.

LAST CHANCE!

ONLY

☞ ONE WEEK MORE ☜

OF THE

GREAT CHEAP SALE

OF

COTTON GOODS,

By the "Piece" at Wholesale Prices.

150 PIECES BLEACHED SHIRTING,
175 " GREY do
200 " PRINTS,
20 " UNBLEACHED SHEETING,
10 " BLEACHED SHEETING

☞ On the arrival of our "NEW COTTON GOODS" next month, we will be compelled to advance prices about two cents per yard.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

LAST CHANCE!

ONLY

☞ ONE WEEK MORE ☜

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GREAT CHEAP SALE

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By the "Piece" at Wholesale Prices.

150 PIECES BLEACHED SHIRTING,
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20 " UNBLEACHED SHEETINGS,
10 " BLEACHED SHEETING

☞ On the arrival of our "NEW COTTON GOODS" next month, we will be compelled to advance prices about two cents per yard.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

Jewellery, &c.

FOR

CHRISTMAS AND NEW YEAR'S

PRESENTS,

IN GOLD & SILVER WATCHES,

Go to YOUNG & RADFORD'S,

30 Sparks-st.

FOR

CHRISTMAS AND NEW YEAR'S

PRESENTS,

GOLD CHAINS & FINE JEWELLERY,

Go to YOUNG & RADFORD'S.

FOR

CHRISTMAS AND NEW YEAR'S

PRESENTS,

IN PLATED WARE,

Go to YOUNG & RADFORD'S.

FOR

CHRISTMAS AND NEW YEAR'S

PRESENTS,

IN FANCY GOODS,

SUITABLE FOR THE SEASON,

Go to YOUNG & RADFORD'S.

PARTIES WANTING WORK

SUITABLE FOR PRESENTATIONS

FOR CHRISTMAS OR NEW YEAR,

Will find it to their advantage to

Go to YOUNG & RADFORD'S,

30 Sparks-st.

Stationery.

NEW GOODS.

Just received, ex steamship *St. David*, a large importation of the best British manufactured

STAPLE STATIONERY,

IN

LETTER PAPERS,
NOTE PAPERS,
ENVELOPES,
FOOLSCAPS,
FOLIO POSTS,
RECORD PAPERS,
TINTED BLOTTING PAPERS,
MUSIC PAPER,
&c., &c., &c.

For sale at

THE OTTAWA CITIZEN
Stationery and Printing House,
Rideau-st., Ottawa.

Groceries.

THE TEA POT LIST.

In Cases, Hhd. and ¼ Casks,

HENNESSEY'S BRANDY,
MARTELL'S do
OTARD, DUPEY & Co., do
JULES, ROBIN & Co., do
CASTILLION & Co., do.

In Bottle or Wood,

GRAHAM'S EXTRA OLD PORT,
GRAHAM'S THREE GRAPE,
SANDEMAN'S CHOICE OLD PORT
MCKENZIE'S Pure Golden SHERRY
DUNN'S BROWN, do
CHOICE PALE, do.

THE

FINEST BALTIMORE OYSTERS,

Received daily, by Express.

CHIPPAWA pure old RYE WHISKEY
Four years old, equal to any French Brandy.

CHIPPAWA TODDY WHISKEY,
Four years old, equal to Scotch.

CHIPPAWA FAMILY PROOF.

J. G. ROBINSON & Co

The Tea Pot, Ottawa

Ottawa, Dec. 16 1868.

ON SALE,

GOODERHAM & WORTS'

RECTIFIED SPIRITS.

100 BBLS. CELEBRATED OLD RYE,
100 do HIGHWINES, 50 O.P.
100 do ALCOHOL, 65 O.P.

☞ The trade supplied at manufacturers' prices.

REDPATH'S EXTRA GOLDEN SYRUP
REDPATH'S STANDARD do
NEW YORK HOUSE SYRUP,
100 BBLS. WEST INDIA MOLASSES.
500 CHESTS UNCOLORED JAPAN TEA.
100 CADDIES ORANGE PEKOE TEA
150 CHESTS TWANKAY.
200 CADDIES BRIGHT SOL TOBACCO.
100 BOXES TOBACCO, 10s.
500 BARRELS EXTRA SUPERIOR FLOUR.
300 BBLS. MESS PORK, to arrive.

J. G. ROBINSON & Co.
December 16, 1868. 956.3m

OTTAWA MARKETS.

[Compiled expressly for the OTTAWA TIMES.]

Times Office, Ottawa, Jan. 28, 1869.

The market yesterday was rather plentifully supplied.

Oats, in supplies larger than usual, were offered at last quotations.

Pork was in good supply, and demanded an advance of a quarter dollar on last quotations.

Beef, with a good supply, has declined a little.

Poultry generally was scarce, but there were a few turkeys at the old prices.

Potatoes were more plentiful than on any day this week, and remain at last prices.

Hay was abundant, some of it having been brought a distance of sixty miles. Prices unchanged.

Wood remains the same, with a good supply.

We observe that fish is now being brought to market in considerable quantities.

FLOUR—Extra	6 50 @	6 75
No. 1	5 25 @	5 50
No. 2	none.	
Bags—Fall per 100 lbs	3 25 @	3 37½
" Spring "	2 62½ @	2 75
Oatmeal—per 200 lbs	7 00 @	7 25
Indian Meal "	4 00 @	0 00
Rye—per bushel 56 lbs.	0 85 @	0 90
Barley " 48 lbs.	0 90 @	0 00
Buckwheat Flour	4 00 @	4 50
WHEAT—Fall—per bushel, 60 lbs.	1 25 @	1 30
Spring " "	1 20 @	1 25
CORN—Per bushel, 56 lbs	0 85 @	0 90
Peas " 60 lbs	0 90 @	0 00
Oats " 34 lbs	0 58 @	0.60
Beans " 60 lbs	1 80 @	0 00
PORK—Mess—per barrel	26 00 @	27 00
Prime Mess per do	17 00 @	18 00
Prime	none.	
Pork (fresh)	9 00 @	10 00
Hams	0 15 @	0 17
Beef per 100 lbs	5 50 @	6 50
Mutton—per lb	0 5½ @	0 6
Geese—Each	0 50 @	0 60
Ducks	0 50 @	0 60
Turkeys—Each	1 00 @	2 00
Poultry—Per pair	0 50 @	0 60
BUTTER—Choice Table	0 25 @	0 00
No. 1 Firkin	0 22 @	0 24
No. 2	0 00 @	0 00
Rolls	0 22 @	0 25
Apples—per brl	0 00 @	4 50
VEGETABLES, &c.—Potatoes	0 38 @	0 40
HAY—Per ton	18 00 @	20 00
WOOD—Per cord (cable measure)	5 25 @	0 00
Mixed Wood	3 00 @	0 00
Tamarac	2 00 @	0 00
Soft Wood	2 00 @	0 00

Commission Merchants.

DOMINION AUCTION MART,

AND

COMMISSION SALE ROOMS,

HOUSE, LAND AND GENERAL AGENCY,

OFFICE AND SALE ROOMS,

ENGLIS' NEW BUILDINGS, SUSSEX-ST.,

OTTAWA.

The subscriber respectfully announces to the inhabitants of Ottawa and surrounding country that at the request of many friends he has decided on opening an extensive and well regulated Auction Mart in this city:

From arrangements made with some of the Furniture Manufactories of Western Ontario, a large and well selected stock of new furniture will be constantly on hand.

Public Sales will be held from time to time, of which due notice will be given, and at which parties requiring to furnish will have an opportunity of purchasing at unusually low rates. The Mart is now open with a large stock of new Furniture, as well as Pianos, Harmoniums, &c., &c., consigned for sale.

The subscriber would also intimate that he is the Sole Agent for Ottawa and territory for the sale of Rappe, Webber & Co.'s celebrated grand Pianos.

They are successors to the late John C. Fox, of Kingston, and the makers of his excellent Pianos.

From their long experience in Germany, Paris, and New York, they are universally admitted to be the best Piano Manufacturers on this continent. The high reputation of the instruments made by them for the past ten years, and the increasing demand for them in the new Dominion, prove their very superior quality, and universally acknowledged merit.

The Pianos, as well as the Furniture in the establishment, will be sold either by private sale or auction.

He would also announce that he is prepared to receive instructions from persons having household furniture, horses, carriages, or real estate, to dispose of, and pledges himself that nothing will be left undone by him to give satisfaction in discharging the trust confided to him. He hopes that by strict attention to the sales entrusted to his care, as well as by prompt settlements immediately after, to merit a share of public patronage.

He will be in his office from 7 in the morning until 7 in the evening, when he can see parties who wish to arrange about their sales. Consignments from a distance will have immediate attention.

Cash advances, when required, will be made on consignments for immediate sale.

All kinds of furniture bought, sold or exchanged.

REFERENCES.

His Lordship the Bishop of Kingston,
Hon. Sir John A. Macdonald,
Hon. H. L. Langevin, C B,
Hon. Alex. Campbell, P M G,
R. W. Scott, Esq, M P P,
Walter Shanly, Esq, M P
Max. W. Strange, Esq, M P P,
Francis H. Burton, Esq, M P
James O'Reilly, Esq, Q C,
H.V. Noel, Esq, Manager Quebec Bank, Ottawa.
Robert Lyon, Esq, M P P.

A smart young man wanted to act as travelling agent representing several firms.

J. BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer and Commission Merchant,
75-y House, Land and General Agent.

REMOVAL.

The subscribers beg to inform their customers and the public generally that they have removed to those spacious premises lately occupied by M. K. Dickinson, Canal Basin, and where will be found constantly on hand the following goods:

FLOUR,
PORK,
OATMEAL, &c.

ALSO ON HAND,

2,000 CORDS OF GOOD FIREWOOD, and 500,000 sawed SHINGLES.

Wholesale and Commission Agents.

Goods forwarded with despatch between Ottawa, Kingston and Intermediate Ports, by the Steamer *Mary Ann*, and three barges.

☞ *Silver Taken at Par.* ☜

WM. H. EASTON & CO.,
Forwarders and Commission Merchants,
Canal Basin

For Sale or to Let.

FOR SALE, OR TO LET for a term of years, BELLEGREEN COTTAGE and GROUNDS, say two and a half acres, situate on the Bank of the Rideau River, (Ottawa-st.) The Cottage is built of brick and tin roofed, with a gallery all round. The gardens and grounds are in a high state of cultivation. Large storeroom, stables, granary, coach and ice-house, woodsheds, &c., all in the best of order. It is one of the most healthy and comfortable residences for a private family in or about the city of Ottawa. For particulars apply to FRANCIS CLEMOW, Esq.—Office, Sparks-st., near the Russell House—or to the proprietor J. WADSWORTH.

Terms moderate. Possession given at any time to suit parties. 927tf

VALUABLE FARMS FOR SALE.—Lot 31 in the 3rd Concession, Gloucester, Ottawa Front, 200 acres, about 80 cleared and under cultivation, with comfortable Dwelling and good Barn. The bush land is principally hardwood, and very valuable from its proximity to Ottawa. Also, Lot 29, in 3rd Concession, Gloucester, Ottawa Front, containing 200 acres, 20 acres cleared. The remainder of this lot is heavily wooded with hard and soft wood. These farms will be sold separately or together as may be desired. The short distance of only 3 miles from Ottawa makes the wood of greater value. These lands are well watered, of excellent soil, and would make a fine dairy farm. Apply to the Proprietor, C. SPARROW, or to D. O'CONNOR, Solicitor, Ottawa.

Ottawa, Nov. 25, 1868. 908tf

ROOMS TO LET.

MRS. SMITH, Corner of Bank and Albert-sts., can rent TWO FURNISHED BEDROOMS and a SITTING ROOM. 868tf

FOR SALE.—The Westerly one-third of Lot No. 27, in First Concession, Ottawa Front, Nepean, and Lots Nos. 26 and 28, in the same concession, at present in the occupation of Wm. T. Aylen, Esq. For further particulars apply to JOHN and WM. THOMSON, Nepean, and LEWIS & PINSENT, Barristers, Ottawa. Je2-141-tf

NOTICE.

I beg to remind the party who has a Chest of Drawers, that was taken from my dwelling during the late fire, and which contained Jewellery and Valuable Clothing, that I expect to hear from him without delay.

I further beg to remind the gentleman who was seen to take a Shawl on the same occasion, and roll it round his shoulders, that I expect to hear from him without delay.

THOS. GUERIN,
Dep. Pub. Works.

Ottawa, January 28, 1869. 929-4i

DOMINION Telegraph Company!

Capital Stock.....$500,000,

IN 10,000 SHARES AT $50 EACH.

President, HON. WM. CAYLEY.

Secretary, H. B. REEVE.

Treasurer, HON. J. McMURRICH.

Counsel, MESSRS. CAMERON & McMICHAEL.

General Superintendent, MARTIN RYAN.

DIRECTORS.

HON. J. McMURRICH—Bryce, McMurrich & Co., Toronto.
A. R. McMASTER, Esq.,—A. R. McMaster & Brother, Toronto.
HON. M. C. CAMERON,—Provincial Secretary, Toronto.
JAMES MICHIE, Esq.,—Fulton, Michie & Co., and Geo. Michie & Co., Toronto.
HON. WM. CAYLEY,—Toronto.
A. M. SMITH, Esq.,—A. M. Smith & Co., Toronto.
L. MOFFATT, Esq.,—Moffatt, Murray & Co., Toronto.
H. B. REEVE, Esq.,—Toronto.
MARTIN RYAN, Esq.,—Toronto.

PROSPECTUS

THE DOMINION TELEGRAPH COMPANY has been organized under the Act respecting Telegraph Companies, chapter 67 of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada. Its object is to cover the Dominion of Canada with a complete net-work of Telegraph Lines.

THE CAPITAL STOCK

Is $500,000, divided into 10,000 shares of $50 each, 5 per cent to be paid at the time of subscribing, the balance to be paid by instalments, not exceeding 10 per cent per month—said instalments to be called in as the works progress.

THE BUSINESS AFFAIRS OF THE COMPANY

are under the management of a Board of Directors annually elected by the shareholders in conformity with the Charter and By-laws of the Company.

The Directors are of opinion that it would be to the interest of the Stockholders generally to obtain subscriptions from all quarters of Canada, and with this view they propose to divide the Stock amongst the different towns and cities throughout the Dominion in allotments suited to the population and business occupations of the different localities and the interest which they may be supposed to take in such an enterprise.

CONTRACTS OF CONNECTIONS.

A contract, granting permanent connection and extraordinary advantages, has already been executed, between this Company and the Atlantic and Pacific Company of New York; thus, at the very commencement, as the Lines of this Company are constructed from the Suspension Bridge, at Clifton (the point of connection) to any point in the Dominion, all the chief cities and places in the States, reached by the Lines of the Atlantic and Pacific Telegraph Company, are brought in immediate connection therewith.

A permanent connection has also been secured with the Great Western Telegraph Company of Chicago, whereby this Company will be brought into close connection with all the Lake Ports and other places through the North Western States, and through to California.

All classes of Society are interested in extending the use of the Telegraph, at LOW RATES, and the Directors are satisfied, that the adoption of a scale of charges considerably below the rates now exacted in Canada, will by encouraging a much more extended use of this medium of communication, not only prove a real and substantial benefit to the public generally, but will also ensure a safe and profitable return to the Investor.

On the 25th day of June, A.D., 1868, the DOMINION TELEGRAPH COMPANY was duly CHARTERED according to law.

The admitted importance and value of Telegraphy, would, in the opinion of the Directors, have rendered any introduction of the Dominion Telegraph Company to the Canadian public unnecessary had it not been that previous attempts to establish Telegraph Companies in Canada, to share the business with the Montreal Company, had been allowed to fall through.

The success of a Telegraph Company will mainly depend on its ability to meet the demands of the public, and consequently it should possess, at least, equal facilities with any other Company, of access to all quarters with which its customers may desire to have communication.

This important requisite has not been, until now, within the reach of any Company entering the field as a competitor with the Montreal Company, in consequence of the close and exclusive connection formed between that Company and the Western Union Company, of the United States, the latter by virtue of certain patents, having until within these two years, monopolized nearly the whole of the telegraph business of the neighboring republic.

The business relations between these two Companies continue in full force, but the patents having run out, the monopoly so long enjoyed by the Western Union has ceased to exist.

The Atlantic and Pacific, the Great Western, and other American Companies have invaded the field, and have become successful competitors for the public patronage and support. These Companies, acting on the cheap postage principle, have forced the old monopolist to a reduction of rates, which has resulted in a more widely extended use of this means of communication, and much to the surprise of the Western Union itself, has increased its profits, whilst sharing its field of operations.

With these new Companies the Dominion Telegraph Company of Canada have entered into most satisfactory business relations, and confident of the soundness of the principle which led to the adoption of the penny-postage system in Great Britain, the voluntary reduction from $100 to $16.65 per ten of the Ocean Cable Company, and the successful operations of the Companies recently established in the United States, invite the business and mercantile community of Canada to join them in the promotion of an enterprise, based on the principle of moderate rates and extended business transactions, and prove a real benefit to the community.

Allusion has been made to the voluntary reduction of rates by the Atlantic Cable Company. A Chicago paper, writing on the subject of the growing use of the Telegraph, gives the following return as obtained directly from Cyrus W. Field, showing very conclusively the benefit both to the public and the Company of the reduction of rates.

AVERAGE DAILY RECEIPTS.

From $100 per message of ten words	$2,525
do 50 do do	2,895
do 25 do do	3,965

An advertisement has recently appeared announcing to the public that the rates from 1st September, proximo, will be further reduced to $16.65 per ten words.

The following table shows the reduction which has been effected in rates in the neighboring States arising out of the construction of competing lines:—

From New York to	Former Rate.	Present Rate.
Boston	$ 60	$ 30
Bangor	1 20	65
Portland	90	50
Philadelphia	40	25
Baltimore	70	35
Washington	75	40
Augusta, Me.	1 20	60
Cincinnati	1 90	1 00
Buffalo	75	50
Cleveland	1 95	1 00
Pittsburgh	1 15	45
Louisville	1 95	1 00

This reduction took place in November, 1867. A comparison of the receipts of the Western Union since that period with the corresponding months of the previous year gives the following results:—

Gross Receipts for

December, 1866.....$ 851,971 40; December, 1867.....$576,135 19; Increase.....$ 24,163 79.
Jany., Feb., March, '67 1,594,644 96; Jany., Feb., March, '68 1,727,939 55; Increase..... 133,294 59.
April, May, June, '67, 1,549,778 79; April, May, June, '68, 1,749,631 52; Increase..... 199,852 73

While these beneficial results were flowing to the Western Union Company from the reduction of rates, the new Companies had created a business more than sufficient to fill their wires. In proof of this the following extract is taken from the report of the Atlantic and Pacific Company, made July 28th, 1868:

"In April last we reached the maximum capacity of our wires, and have since been compelled to refuse business daily. The Committee, therefore, have reached the conclusion from the actual experience of building and working the present lines—that

"Telegraphic business is growing faster than Telegraphic facilities."

As further proof on this point, the low rates have so pressed, the wires of both Companies with business through the day, that posters have been placed in all the main offices proclaiming that double the number of words would be telegraphed at night at the same price as half the number of words by day.

In support of the observation quoted above, that telegraphic business is growing faster than telegraphic facilities, the following statement exhibiting the wonderful increase in the use of the wire, within the last six years, cannot be without interest to our readers. The gross earnings of all telegraph lines in the United States for the following years were:—

1848	$ 4,228 77	1864	$3,792,245 40
1849	63,338 98	1865	4,420,268 88
1853	103,860 84	1866	5,624,401 20
1862	2,734,966 40	1867	7,741,552 47
1863	3,260,442 68		

Showing an average increase of a million a year for the last five years.

A comparison of the number of messages, and persons using the wire in Canada and the States, furnishes a further proof of the advantage to the public and corresponding benefit to the Companies arising out of a reduction of rates.

The published returns for 1867, show that 609,757 messages were sent in Canada, while the messages in the United States for the same period exceeded 20,000,000, the former being less than one message to every six persons, the latter, two to every three. From these returns and results it may be reasonably inferred that a reduction of rates to a tariff at which the wires of both Companies can be filled, will secure a fair field and good prospects to the Dominion Company without in any way prejudicing the interests of the Company now monopolizing the ground.

The particulars submitted above are sufficient in the opinion of the Directors to establish the fact that low rates, by encouraging a more general use of the telegraph, are more profitable than high. It is not, however, solely in the light of a safe and good investment that the Directors desire that this enterprise should be viewed. They feel that their object will be but indifferently attained unless they can satisfy the public, the business and commercial men, that ALL who use the telegraph as a medium of rapid communication, are interested in the establishment of what may be called a competing line. As in the administration of public affairs, a strong, watchful opposition, is the best security for good and careful government: so in commercial matters, an honest rivalry in the various pursuits and branches of trade furnishes the best security that the public shall be well served.

To apply the argument to the purpose in hand, the following table showing the inconsistencies, and, in many instances, the excessive rates now charged on messages passing between the cities and towns of Ontario, Quebec and the United States, will, it is believed, convince the reader that an honest competition is needed, not only for the reduction and adjustment of rates, but also to ensure that attention and care which would of necessity be enforced on the Companies competing for public favor, and thus tend greatly to promote the general interests of the community.

EXAMPLE OFN PRESENT TARIFF RATES, WITH DISTANCES.

	MILES.	CANADA MONEY.
From Toronto to Suspension Bridge	82	40c
Do do Montreal	333	30
Do do Mitchell, Seaforth, Bothwell, Ailsa Craig, Caledonia, Chatham, Dunville, Newbury, Port Burwell, Port Colborne and many other places		40
Do do Kingston	160	25
Do do Quebec	505	50

Example at present tariff rates to Buffalo, and from thence to the following places, in U. S. currency, which reduced to Canada money at 45 per cent premium, makes the actual cost, as in second column:—

Price Collected at Toronto.	ACTUAL COST, BOTH TARIFFS.		
To New York ..... 80c.	From Toronto to Buffalo ..... 30c Buffalo to New York. 50c	Reduced to Canada Money.	.....33c—$0 63
To Philadelphia $1 05	From Toronto to Buffalo ..... 30c Buffalo to Philadelphia. 75c	Reduced to Canada Money.	..... 52c—$0 82
To Washington $1 30	From Toronto to Buffalo ..... 30c Buffalo to Washington. 90c	Reduced to Canada Money.	.....62c—$0 92
To Baltimore $1 30	From Toronto to Buffalo ..... 30c Buffalo to Baltimore. 85c	Reduced to Canada Money.	.....59c—$0 89
To Chicago.....$1 35	From Toronto to Detroit ..... 60c Detroit to Chicago. 75c	Reduced to Canada Money.	.....52c—$1 12
To New Orleans $3 65	From Toronto to Buffalo ..... 30c Buffalo to New Orleans. $2 75c	Reduced to Canada Money.	.... $1 90c—$2 20

Note.—The same illustration may be applied to all the places in the United States. Canadians are obliged to pay a profit on the published rates.

Subscription Books will be opened at the Office of the Company, 83 King-st. east, on and after September 1st 1868.

H. B. REEVE,
Secretary.

Toronto, September 29, 1868. 860tf

Medical.

PAIN KILLER

A PURELY VEGETABLE MEDICINE

TAKEN INTERNALLY, CURES

Sudden Colds, Catarrh, Coughs, Bronchitis, Asthma, Fever and Ague, Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, Acid Stomach, Headache, Heartburn, Indigestion, Canker in the Mouth, Throat or Stomach, Sick Headache, Sea Sickness, Piles, Kidney Complaints Canker Rash, Cramp and Pain in the Stomach, Painter's Colic, Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Summer Complaint, Cholera Morbus, Cholera Infantum and Cholera.

APPLIED EXTERNALLY, CURES

Scalds, Burns, Frostbites, Chilblains, Erysipelas, Ringworms, Whitlows, Boils, Old Sores, Sprains, Bruises, Toothache, Headache, Neuralgia in the Face or Head, Pains in the Side, Pains in the Back and Loins, Rheumatism, Rheumatic Gout, Neuralgic or Rheumatic Pains in the Joints and Limbs, Stings of Insects, Scorpions, Centipedes, and the Bites of Poisonous Insects and Venomous Reptiles.

At this season, when coughs and colds are so prevalent, an effectual remedy, and one easily obtained, is *Perry Davis' Vegetable Pain Killer*. It is no new nostrum, vended by unknown agents, but has stood the test of over 20 years; and those who use the article, internally or externally, will connect with it grateful recollections of its worthy inventor.—*Hastings' Chronicle, C. W.*

PAIN KILLER.—The testimonials borne to the efficacy of this valuable medicine are sufficient to warrant its introduction into every house. Our own opinion is that no family should be without a bottle of it for a single hour. In flesh wounds, aches, pains, sores, &c., it is the most effectual remedy we know of. A bottle will last for a very long time, and its low price places it within the reach of all. Our readers will remember that the Messrs. Perry Davis & Son have opened out a house in Montreal, whence Canadian orders are supplied.—*News, St. Johns, C.E.*

☞ We are glad to learn that the "Pain Killer" is having so large a sale in our city. We have every reason to believe it to be an almost never failing cure for pain, and is a medicine that no family should be without.—*Montreal Pilot.*

It an attack of Diarrhœa, Dysentery or Cramp Colic, don't delay the use of the Pain Killer.

Rev. H. L. Van Meter, Burmah, writes, "The Pain Killer has become an almost indispensable article in my family."

Hundreds of missionaries give similar testimony of its virtues.

Rev. J. G. Stearns writes, "I consider it the best remedy for Dyspepsia I ever knew."

Rev. Jabez S. Swan says, "I have used it for years in my family, and consider it an invaluable remedy."

We cheerfully add our testimony in favor of this medicine.—*Roman Citizen.*

We have tested this medicine and assure our readers that it not only possesses all the virtues claimed for it, but in many instances surpasses any other remedy which we have ever known.—*Herald of Gospel Liberty.*

It is really a valuable medicine: It is used by many physicians.—*Boston Traveller.*

I have used Davis' Pain Killer, and consider it an indispensable article in the medicine box. It has effected cures in Diarrhœa, and for cuts and bruises it is invaluable.—*New York Examiner.*

Spoken of in terms of high commendation by both druggist and physician.—*Philadelphia Eagle.*

The Pain Killer is sold at wholesale by druggists and medicine dealers, and commission merchants, in the principal cities, and retailed by Apothecaries, Druggists and at Variety Stores generally, throughout the world. Price, 15 cents, 25 cents and 50 cents per bottle.

PERRY DAVIS & SON,
Manufacturers and Proprietors, 380 St. Paul-st.,
Montreal, P. of Q.

78 High-st., Providence, R. I.; 71 Southampton Row, Holborn, London, England.

DAVIDSON & DANIEL, GENERAL AGENTS

DARLEY'S ARABIAN HEAVE REMEDY and CONDITION MEDICINE is positively superior to any, or all other preparations for the cure of Heaves, Coughs, Thick and Broken Wind, and all diseases which affect the wind of horses; also, as a Condition Medicine, surpassing everything of the kind, is easy to give, sure to cure and safe in all cases and at all times, and does not prevent the horse from being worked while using it.

It cleanses the breathing apparatus, by removing from the air-cells the coagulable lymph, or mucus, which in heaves clogs them, causing a difficulty in breathing, and by its action on the diseased part, causing the mucous membrane to resume its natural dimensions, thus equalizing the circulation of the blood, and restoring the distended vessels to their natural size; by its use the horse's appetite is improved, all derangements of the digestive organs corrected, softening the skin, and giving to the coat a sleek and shining appearance.

D. W. HURD, successor to HURD & Co., Malden Lane, New York, Sole Proprietor for the United States.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, Ont., Proprietors for Canada.

Price 25 cents. Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, Henry F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J. Brown, in Ottawa. 889-45-6m

MORTIMER'S

INFALLIBLE REMEDY

FOR

CHOLERA,
DIARRHŒA, and
BOWEL COMPLAINTS.

The following extract, which Mr. Mortimer is kindly permitted to publish, is from the letter of a relative of Dr. Wolfe, of this city, now residing in the United States:

"Find out if the Express charges are too high, and if not, arrange with Mortimer to let you have a box of the bottles of CHOLERA MIXTURE, I could make a good little fortune with them. The bottle I brought with me here brought two ladies round from decided cholera; one on board the boat, and the other in Berlin, United States. Both commenced with diarrhœa, then with dysentery, and then vomiting. The one at Berlin was very bad. I gave her three doses of the Cholera Mixture, the third of which stopped the vomiting. The next day she was all right, or nearly so. She was very grateful. I have now only a little left."

Sold by all excellent mixture, which should be in every family, is only

TWENTY-FIVE CENTS A BOTTLE.

NONE OTHER GENUINE.

TRADE MARK REGISTERED

CANADIAN COUGH EMULSION.

This valuable medicine has the extraordinary property of immediately relieving Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Difficulty of Breathing, Tightness in Chest, &c., &c. It operates by dissolving the congealed phlegm, causing free expectoration, and an agreeable moistness to the skin.

Sold in Bottles at 1s. 3d. and 2s. 6d. Each.

MORTIMER'S COMPOUND ANTIBILIOUS AND FAMILY APERIENT PILLS,

A grand specific for derangement of the Digestive Organs, and for obstructions and torpid action of the Liver and Bowels.

Mortimer's Vegetable Worm Destroyer, The only sure remedy that exists, combining delicious taste and amazing power.

MORTIMER'S

Colonges, Pomades, Toilet Vinegar, Rose Dentifrice, for the Teeth and Gums. Also constantly on hand Perfumes of all kinds, and Toilet Requisites usually kept in a first-class establishment.

No. 41 Sussex-st., Ottawa City.

FOR CASES of CONSUMPTION treated with SAVORY & MOORE'S PANCREATIC EMULSION.

See *The Lancet, British Medical Journal, Medical Press, &c.*

On the 14th Oct. I commenced the Pancreatic Emulsion (SAVORY & MOORE'S) in two tea-spoonful doses, two hours after dinner and supper. I can only describe its effects by saying that it seemed *to work like a charm.*"—Dr. Kinkead's *Paper on Phthisis and its treatment.*

Medical Press, &c., Feb. 26, 1868.

Caution.—The genuine PANCREATIC EMULSION sold only in bottles, 2s 6d, 4s 6d and 8s, with Savory & Moore's labels and trade mark.

THE BEST FOOD FOR INFANTS, resembling Mother's Milk as closely as possible.—Dr. H. Barker on *right food for children.*

"THE INFANT PRINCE thrives upon it as a Prince should."—*Social Science Review.*

"A REAL IMPROVEMENT (*Lancet*) on the ordinary kinds of LIEBIG'S FOOD," and the only one that keeps good in all climates.

No boiling or straining. Tins, 1s, 2s, 5s and 10s.

SAVORY & MOORE,
143, New Bond-st., London.

FLOWER BULBS.

Shipped per *Hibernian*, and to arrive in a few days, a very superior assortment of

HYACINTH, TULIP AND OTHER FALL BULBS.

These Bulbs will be found superior to anything yet imported.

WILLIAM REARN,
Market Drug Store,
York-st.

Ottawa, October 17, 1868. 874tf

Medical Cards.

EDWARD C. MALLOCH, M.D., M. R. C. S. Duke-st., LeBreton's Flats, "opposite the well." Office hours from 8.30 to 10.30 a.m., and 3 to 5 p.m.

DR. C. LEGGO, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Office—Hunton's Block, Sparks-street.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street, Central Ottawa. 34tf

DR. C. A. MARTIN, Dentist. Office—Sussex-street, over Messrs. Campbell & Co.'s, Grocers. 34tf

DR. GEORGE HUTCHISON, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street, opposite Magee & Russell's. 576y

DR. W. J. HENRY, Corner of Kent and Wellington-streets, Ottawa. 43tf

DR. O. C. WOOD, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Ottawa. Day office opposite Magee & Russell's, Sparks-street, Centre Town. Night office at his residence, Maria-street, Centre Town. CANCERS CURED, without the use of the knife, by a new, but certain, speedy, and almost painless process. References given to parties successfully treated, if required. 17w160y

DR. J. A. BECKETT, Surgeon Dentist, Dental Rooms—Over Messrs. Durie & Son's Bookstore, directly opposite the Russell House No. 10, Sparks-street, Ottawa. 836.3m38y

Hotels and Saloons.

PICKWICK HOUSE,
Corner James and King-sts.,
Opposite the Court House and Public Offices, ST. CATHARINES, Ont.
E. HOUGHTON, Proprietor,
(Late of Houghton's Dining Saloon.)

☞ A spacious sample-room for commercial travellers. 859y

OTTAWA HOUSE.

Corner of Main and Prince of Wales-streets Pembroke, Ontario.

Stages in connection with the steamers *Jason Gould, Pembroke* and *Pontiac.*

Particular attention paid to the comfort of guests. Good rooms for commercial travellers. Horses and vehicles always on hand.

J. COPELAND,
Proprietor.

Pembroke, Aug. 1, 1868. 869y

TORONTO HOUSE, Sparks-st.

MRS. TROTTER begs to announce that she has at present several commodious and handsomely furnished suites of apartments, in every respect eligible for civil or military officers, or private gentlemen remaining in the city. 773tf

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,
M. KAVANAGH, *Proprietor,*
Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings.

The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brandies Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to be comfort of his guests and patrons.

☞ Oysters, Game etc., daily

THE METROPOLITAN,
AUMOND'S BLOCK,
Rideau Street Ottawa.
P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.
292tf

DOMINION HOUSE,
WELLINGTON-STREET.

The undersigned, formerly head waiter at the Russell House, begs to notify his friends and the public generally that he has leased the above hotel, which is now well furnished, and will be kept as a first class house. The bar is well stocked with the choicest brands of liquors. The table will be furnished with the best the market affords. Good yard and stabling attached to the premises.

GEORGE IRVINE.
658y 775y

Miscellaneous.

I. B. TACKABERRY, Auction Rooms No. 36, Rideau-street, below Whyte's Stationery Store. The sale of Real Estate at Auction or private sale promptly attended to. Consignments received and immediate attention will be paid. Sales attended in any of the city or country. 699y

R. SPARKS, Provincial Land Surveyor, Draughtsman, &c., (commissioned for Upper and Lower Canada.) Office and residence, Gloucester, near Ottawa. Survey of every description executed in the most accurate manner. Communications addressed Ottawa City, (post-paid), or left at the office of N. Sparks, Solicitor, &c., Ottawa, will receive prompt attention. 55 y

B. BILLINGS, Jr., Architect, Elgin street opposite the Post Office.

REFERENCES.—H A Sims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany; Dr J A Grant, M P, Ottawa; Thos Reyrolds, Esq Managing Director O. & St L. R. R. 740t

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale. OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city. C. W.

O'CONNOR & WALLER, Exchange Brokers, Fire, Life and Accidental Insurance, Commission and Collecting Agents.

Office, No. 27, Sussex-street, Ottawa.

E. R. O'CONNOR. 378y W. N. WALLER.

OLIVER & ANNABLE, Wholesale Manufacturers of Bedsteads, Chairs, &c., Chaudiere Island, Ottawa, C. W.

JOHN OLIVER,
506y WILLIAM ANNABLE.

R. H. McGREEVY, Contractor and Builder. Office: North side York Street, second door from Sussex Street. 787y

PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS, &c.,

Prepared for buildings of every description, by SIDNEY B. FRIPP, Architect, Wellington-st.
711tf

TO FARMERS & OTHERS.

TRADE A. O. A. MARK. & Co.

Farmers and others should buy their TEA and COFFEE from

A. O. AUDY & CO.,

who are daily receiving by direct importations Tea and Coffee of the finest quality. Their business is conducted on the English principle, and the above named articles can be procured in 5 and 10 pound catties and upwards. The purchaser receives the benefit of a neat package, a good article, and at wholesale prices. Perfect satisfaction is ensured, and any goods not proving according to sample can be returned at our expense. We will pay the carriage on 4 five or 2 ten lb catties to the nearest railway station. For the accommodation of farmers and others not having heard of the advantage offered them, we have engaged trustworthy agents who will make occasional trips throughout the surrounding country and solicit their orders. Any favors submitted to them will receive prompt attention. We do not sell less than a cattie, and nothing but Tea and Coffee sold. The following is the list of prices:

BLACK TEA.

Common Congou, Strong Tea	$0 45 @ 50
Fine Flavoured New Season do	0 55 @ 60
Excellent Full Flavoured do	0 75 @ 80
Sound Oolong	0 40 @ 45
Rich Flavoured, do	0 55 @ 60
Very Fine, do do	0 75 @ 80
Japan Good	0 50 @ 60
Very Good	0 65 @ 70
Finest	0 75 @ 80
GREEN TEA.	
Twankay, Common	0 35 @ 40
Fine do	0 55 @ 60
Young Hyson	0 50 @ 60
Fine do	0 75 @ 85
Superfine and Very Choice	1 00 @ 00
COFFEE.	
Mocha	0 22, @ 27, @ 20, @ 33
Java	0 20, @ 25, @ 29, @ 32
Ceylon	0 18, @ 22, @ 26, @ 29

Remember the place,

A. O. AUDY & CO.,
Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office.

OTTAWA AND GLOUCESTER ROAD COMPANY.

Notice is hereby given that

THE DIRECTORS

Of the Ottawa and Gloucester Road Company

have this day made a further

CALL OF TEN PER CENT.

on the additional capital stock of the said company, which call they require the holders of such stock to pay to the undersigned at the OFFICE of W. M. MATHESON, Esq., in this city, on

Saturday, the Twentieth day of February Next.

By order,

W. H. FALLS,
Sec.-Treas.

Dated this January, 19th 1869. 952td

Legal Cards.

MACPHERSON, KENNEDY & CHRISTIE, Barristers, &c., Lang's Block, Elgin-st., Ottawa.

J. P. MACPHERSON, G. KENNEDY, A. J. CHRISTIE.

NICHOLAS PARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

E. A. HARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 902y

MOSGROVE & TAILLON, Barristers, Solicitors, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.

WILLIAM MOSGROVE. 366tf GEORGE TAILLON.

N. TETREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post Office. 390tf

LAPIERRE & HAYCOCK, Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers and Notaries Public, Corner of Sussex and York-streets, Ottawa. 368y

D. O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex-street. Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 55y

R. H. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Post Office Building, Elgin-street, Ottawa. 43tf

P. J. BUCKLEY, LL.B., Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, and Notary Public. Office—over Mr. Luke Cuzner's Boot and Shoe Store, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 334y

LEES & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. Office—In the Court House, Ottawa.

ROBERT LEES. 43tf JOHN J. GEMMILL.

EDWARD T. DARTNELL, Barrister, Solicitor, Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the Court House, L'Orignal. 34-6m

Educational.

PIANO-FORTE TUITION.

W. C. CLARK, Professor of Music and Teacher of Piano, Voice and Harmony. Music Rooms and Residence, O'Connor-st, corner of Slater-st., Centre Town.

Orders may be left at his residence or at Orme & Son's Music Store.

EDUCATION—CLASSICAL AND GENERAL.

THE REV. GEO. NOEL H

The Times

VOL. IV. NO. 961. OTTAWA, SATURDAY, JANUARY 31, 1869. PRICE—3 CENTS.

Groceries.

GARDENER'S

BAKING POWDER.

In 1 lb. Packets for 25 cents. | And 6 Packets for $1.75.

TEN REASONS

Why it Should be Used in Preference to all Others:

1st. Bread or Cakes made with it are more wholesome than if made with Yeast or any other process.

2nd. Its purity is such that it will stand the test of the most perfect analysis.

3rd. After having been extensively used for the last 14 years in not one instance has it failed to give entire satisfaction.

4th. Families that have used it pronounce it the best, and will use no other.

5th. It contains no Saleratus, nor does it impair the digestive organs like those powders where there is an excess of Alkali predominates.

6th. It never gives to Bread or Cakes an unpleasant Alkaline or mawkish taste.

7th. The ingredients that form its composition are more beneficial than otherwise.

8th. Dyspeptic subjects can eat hot Bread or Rolls made with it and derive benefit by its use.

9th. Every Packet contains its full weight; one pound packets weigh 16 ounces.

10. It is all that it is represented to be, namely:

Unrivalled for Purity and Cheapness.

Sole Agents for Ottawa,

J. G. ROBINSON & Co., The Tea Pot.

The Trade supplied at the Manufacturer's prices.

Ottawa, December 16, 1868. 886-6m

Dry Goods.

KEARNS & RYAN,

KEARNS & RYAN,

KEARNS & RYAN.

THE ABOVE FIRM

having bought out the

BANKRUPT STOCK

AND

LEASE OF PREMISES LATELY OCCUPIED BY

MESSRS. GRANT & HENDERSON,

AT A

LOW COMPOSITION IN THE POUND,

are now prepared, and will sell from this date

THE WHOLE OF THE ABOVE STOCK,

DIVIDED

BETWEEN THEIR TWO HOUSES,

AT AN

IMMENSE REDUCTION

FROM ORIGINAL PRICES.

THE SALE TO CONTINUE

UNTIL THE

WHOLE STOCK IS SOLD OUT.

GREAT BARGAINS

may be expected.

KEARNS & RYAN.

Ottawa, January 22, 1869. 954-3m

REMOVAL

TO

NO. 34, SPARKS-ST.

T. RAJOTTE

having removed to more commodious premises, takes pleasure in announcing to his numerous customers and the public generally that he has now a large and well selected stock of

STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS,

consisting of

Flannels	Black Cloths
Winceys	Beaver Cloths
Cottons	Meltons
Prints	Tweeds
&c.,	&c.

We have also on hand a large assortment of READY-MADE CLOTHING, which, being manufactured on the premises, we can recommend, and sell cheaper than any shop in this city.

THE TAILORING DEPARTMENT. This department is under the superintendence of a well-known first-class cutter and workman. All orders punctually attended to.

☞ Don't forget the place, No. Sparks-st. Store lately occupied by G. Fetherston & Co., next door to Magee & Russell's old store.

885y T. RAJOTTE.

Previous to Stock-taking

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY,

No. 14, RIDEAU-ST.,

Offer great inducements to purchasers.

IN DRESS GOODS, WINCEYS, &c.,

They have made a great reduction in price.

IN FANCY WOOLLENS, SCARFS, CLOUDS, &c.,

They have resolved to clean out the whole of these goods at cost price.

IN PRINTS, GREY and WHITE COTTONS,

and all other Cotton Goods,

They have splendid value.

IN CANADIAN CLOTHS,

Their prices commence at 2s 6d per yard.

REMEMBER THE PLACE,

14 Rideau st.,

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY.

Ottawa, January 27, 1869.

Due Works.

BRANCH OF ST. LAWRENCE DYE WORKS,

Elgin-st., (*Opposite the Russell House,*) Ottawa, Ont.

MACDONALD & CO., SILK AND WOOLLEN DYERS,

Scourers, Hot Pressers, &c.

☞ Gentlemen's Clothes cleaned and dyed. Kid Gloves cleaned. 894-3m

THE UNION FORWARDING AND RAILWAY COMPANY.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE

SUBSCRIBERS OF STOCK,

OF THE

Union Forwarding and Railway Company,

will be held at

THEIR OFFICE in the CITY OF OTTAWA,

ON

Wednesday, 10th day of February, Next,

at TWELVE o'clock, noon, for the

ELECTION OF DIRECTORS,

and the transaction of general business.

By order, R. S. CASSELS, President.

Ottawa, January 22, 1869. 954d

STEAM ENGINE WANTED.

Any person having a GOOD SECOND-HAND STEAM ENGINE—about six horse power—in good running order, can find a ready purchaser by addressing "A.B.," Box C., Post Office, Ottawa.

Ottawa, January 25. 956-2

Groceries.

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS

—FROM—

OPORTO, SPAIN, COGNAC AND LONDON,

Consisting of

PORT, SHERRY, BRANDY, GIN AND SCOTCH WHISKEY, &c.

PICKLES, SAUCES, JAMS & JELLIES &c., &c., &c.,

FROM CROSSE & BLACKWELL.

—LIKEWISE,—

A FULL assortment of FRESH FRUIT, the BEST in market.

TABLE and Cooking RAISINS, CURRANTS, &c.

FLAVOURING EXTRACTS and SPICES—Genuine.

PRESERVED and CAN FRUITS, assorted to suit the holiday season.

ALMERIA GRAPES, FRESH FIGS and PORTUGUESE ONIONS.

50 TINS NEW HONEY, in 5 lb. and 8 lb. tins.

200 STILTON CHEESE, 6 lbs. to 8 lbs. size, from Ressor Brothers' celebrated factory.

SHERRY WINE—Good Table Wine—$1.25 to $3.00.

PORT WINE—Good Table Wine $1.50 to $4.50.

ALL KINDS of GENUINE LIQUORS. Price according to age and quality.

100 BOXES DIGBY HERRINGS—large boxes at 75 cts. each.

LABRADOR HERRINGS, the very best, in barrels and half barrels.

10 CASES SCOTCH LING—Good.

TEAS—Black, Green and Japans—Warranted Good, and selected for family use.

SUGARS and SYRUPS of all grades.

COFFEES—Always Fresh—Best Brands—Try them.

TOBACCOS—The Finest Qualities—Virginia make in cut, tin foil and plug.

A GENERAL assortment of the different kinds of *GROCERIES AND LIQUORS* on hand. Wholesale and Retail, at the *LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICES* for Warranted Goods. A trial of the articles will recommend them.

For sale at

THOS. PATTERSON'S,

No. 26, Rideau-street.

Ottawa, November 27, 1868. 878

JUST RECEIVED,

AT THE

INDIA WAREHOUSE,

No. 16, RIDEAU-ST.,

And for sale cheap, by

D. T. BROWNE & CO.,

Wholesale and Retail

Grocers, Wine and Spirit Merchants,

FRESH OYSTERS, in Tins,
PRESERVED OYSTERS do
FRESH HALIBUT do
FRESH SALMON do.
FRESH MACKEREL do
FRESH LOBSTERS do
GREEN PEAS do
LEMON, GINGER, ORANGE,
Banana, Peach, Blackberry, Raspberry and Strawberry Syrups.
RASPBERRY VINEGAR,
FRY'S Chocolate and Cocoa,
COTT'S Cocoa Paste,
MORTON'S Bloater Paste,
TOMATO and other Catsups,
ANCHOVY Paste,
STRASBURGH Meats,
POTTED Beef and Tongues
PRESERVES and Jellies in great variety,
ORANGE Marmalade,
MORRISON, TAYLOR & Co.'s Celebrated Sugar Cured Hams and Breakfast Roll Bacon.
PICKLED Salmon,
PICKLED Mackerel,
PICKLED HERRINGS,
In Half Barrels, Barrels and Tierces,
DRY Codfish,
DRY Haddock,
FINNAN Haddies, &c., &c.,

And a full stock of Choice Family Groceries.

Ottawa, Nov. 3, 1868.

BOTTLED ALE,

BOTTLED ALE,

BOTTLED ALE.

The subscriber would called the attention of Families and others to his

FINE BOTTLED ALE

Which is in splendid condition. Also,

SCOTCH, IRISH, OLD RYE,

And other Malt Whiskies,

PORTS, SHERRIES, BRANDIES, GIN, &c.,

To other with a General Assortment of FIRST-CLASS GROCERICS.

A call duly solicited.

D. WHELAN,

44, Rideau-street,

Opposite Allan's Crockery Store

Ottawa, Jan. 20, 1868.

Everybody is getting them.

A NOVELTY,

THE MAGIC WINDOW CURTAIN ROLLER.

The best ever invented, 1 Roller and Bottom Slat, and 5 pieces of casting, all for 25 cents, to fit every window.

AT THE VARIETY HALL.

ALSO, A

NEW PATENT CLOTHES DRYER,

AT THE VARIETY HALL.

And what every house requires where there is a grate is the

BLOWER STAND,

to be had only

AT THE VARIETY HALL.

HOTEL & SALOON KEEPERS

Remember the best assortment of Tumblers, Decanters and Labeled Bottles in the Dominion is at the Variety Hall.

JOSEPH BOYDEN.

Stoves & Hardware.

BLYTH & KERR,

No. 25 RIDEAU-ST.,

Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters, Tin and Copper Smiths, Bell Hangers, &c., &c.

A large stock of materials for the above branches of business constantly on hand.

Importers of

HOUSE FURNISHING HARDWARE.

STOVES! STOVES!

STOVES!

Hall, Fancy, Parlour and Cook Stoves, in great variety.

Agents for Eaton's Patent Automatic, Self-Ventilating, Wood and Coal Stoves. Also Beecher & Co.'s celebrated

HOT AIR FURNACES.

☞ Public and Private Buildings, Conservatories, Vineries, Manufactories, &c., warmed by Steam, Hot Water, or Warm Air, on the latest and most approved principles.

SKATES, SKATES, SKATES,

AT THE

SIGN OF THE ANVIL, No. 21, RIDEAU-ST., where you can get a complete assortment of SKATES of all sizes, and at any price to suit purchasers, from 25 cents to $5.50 per pair. In the assortment will be found

The Celebrated Sheffield Club,
" " Canadian Favorite,
" " Central Park do

and all other English and German Patterns.

Skate Straps, all patterns, &c., &c.

Also, a general assortment of

SHELF & HEAVY HARDWARE,

consisting in part of

GENERAL HOUSE FURNISHING,
Butcher Knives, Knives and Forks,
Pocket Knives, Table Spoons,
Tea Spoons, Tea Trays, Table Mats,
Buts, Screws, Locks,
Bolts, Catches, Latches,
Axes, Saws, Planes, Squares,
Hammers, Spokeshaves, Gouges,
Chisels, Augers, Auger Bits,
Steel Bits, Bevels,
Levels, Boring Machines,
Draw Knives, &c., &c., &c.

Together with

PAINT OF ALL COLORS,
Rose Pink, Burnt Umber,
Terra de Sienna, Chrome Yellow,
Yellow Ochre, Celestial Blue,
Paris Green, Brunswick Green,
Magnesia Green, Venetian Red,
Red Lead, White Lead, in oil or dry,
Drop Black, Ivory Black,
Lamp Black, Boiled Oil,
Raw Oil, Turpentine,
Benzole, Coal Oil,
Paint Brushes,
Varnishes, &c.

THOS. BIRKETT,

Sign of the Anvil,

No. 24, Rideau-st.

P. S.—All goods delivered free to any part of the city. 408y

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,

35 Sussex-st., Ottawa,

SAFE! SURE! SUCCESSFUL!

We are not selling below cost!
We are not selling worthless bankrupt stock
We are not retiring from business!
We are not having a clearing sale!
But we are selling as good

COOK	STOVES,
BOX	STOVES,
PARLOR	STOVES,
DOUBLE	STOVES,
HOTEL	STOVES,
COAL	STOVES,

as are to be had in

CENTRAL CANADA,

at a reasonable advance on cost. The celebrated

"MORNING LIGHT,"

AND

ORIENTAL COAL STOVES,

House Furnishing Goods.

Pay us a visit, and your account, if you owe one, at the same time, and oblige

H. MEADOWS & CO.

STOVES,

LAMPS, &c.,

BELOW COST, at

ESMONDE BROS.,

Sparks-st.,

Opposite Ontario Bank.

HALO LAMP SHADE,

AT THE

OIL DEPOT, 73 SUSSEX-ST.,

Is made of Brass, Silver Plated.

It will Not Tarnish or Burn Out.

It is Indestructible.

It is a Superior Reflector.

It Saves the Eyes.

It Saves Oil.

It Saves Chimnies.

D. R. LEAVENS,

Red Oil Barrel,

73 Sussex-st.

COAL OIL DEPOT.

ROCK OIL

LAMPS AND CHIMNIES,

AT WHOLESALE,

CHEAP.

Wants.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY.

A WET NURSE.

Apply to

DR. WOOD,

953tf Sparks-st.

REMOVAL.

MISS MAGUIRE'S MILLINERY ESTABLISHMENT is now REMOVED to the Store next to Messrs. Magee & Russell, Sparks st.

Ottawa, January 23. 955d

Dry Goods.

Shewing This Day.

GRANT & HENDERSON,

No. 20, Rideau-st,

Are offering an extensive Stock of

DRESS GOODS.

WINCEYS,

SHAWLS and

BLANKETS,

☞ AT THE LOWEST CASH PRICES. ☜

N. B.—An extensive assortment of general DRY GOODS always in stock.

LATEST STYLES AND FASHIONS.

INSPECTION INVITED.

No. 20, Rideau-st.

CLOTHING,

CHEAP AND FASHIONABLE,

READY-MADE AND TO ORDER.

O'MEARA & CO.,

ESTABLISHED IN 1844,

Offer for sale an extensive importation of FALL AND WINTER GOODS, comprising Ready-made Clothing, Canadian Tweeds, Etoffes, Satinetts; also a large stock of Blankets, Flannels, Kerseys, Gray Cottons, Prints, Winceys, Plaids, &c., &c.; Broadcloths, Beavers, Witneys, Petershams, Devons, &c.; Bedford Cords, Silk Mixtures, West of England Tweeds, Doeskins, &c., wholesale and retail, which will be made up to order on the shortest notice in the latest styles of fashion and at prices that

DEFY COMPETITION.

☞ A general assortment of Dry Goods, the largest stock ever offered for sale in this city.

$1.25 BLANKETS $6.00. $3.00

TAILORING DEPARTMENT.

Particular attention given to the Tailoring Department, which is under the supervision of a first-class cutter.

$2	GREY ETOFFS PANTS,
$4.50	GOOD PEA JACKETS,
$4	OVERCOATS,
$9	COMPLETE SUITS,
$1	GOOD VESTS,
75 CTS., $1 and $1.25	UNDERSHIRTS,
75 CTS., $1 and $1.25	DRAWERS

A. DUFF.

Ottawa, October 27 1868. O'MEARA & CO. 882y

FRESH ARRIVALS.

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!

THOS. & W. HUNTON.

Have just opened out the contents of 42 packages of NEW GOODS, comprising

1 CASE SILKS, in plain and fancy colors, splendid value;

1 CASE VELVETEENS,

3 BALES WHITE COTTONS,
1 " WHITE COTTON SHEETING,
6 " GRAY COTTONS,
} at greatly reduced prices.

2 CASES LINENS, assorted,

1 " BLACK CLOTHS,

2 " BLACK & COLORED OVERCOATINGS,

1 BALE WHITE FLANNELS,

1 " GRAY FLANNELS,

1 " SCARLET FLANNEL,

4 " BLANKETS,

2 " HEMP CARPETS,

3 " WOOL CARPETS,

10 " TAPESTRY CARPETS, this season's new patterns,

3 " CANADIAN TWEEDS.

All of the above goods being marked off, and ready for inspection. We would specially invite intending purchasers to call and examine them.

THOS. & W. HUNTON,

47 and 49 Sparks-st.

Boots & Shoes.

IMPORTANT NOTICE!!

A Heavy Downfall in Prices!!

Boots and Shoes Below Par!!

AT THE RED BOOT,

All the large stock of winter goods is being sold off at

ENORMOUS REDUCTIONS!

and to ensure an extensive clearance, and thus make room for

SPRING GOODS,

an additional discount will be made UPON ALL CASH PURCHASES of

TEN CENTS OFF EVERY DOLLAR!

The stock includes a splendid lot of

CLOTH & FELT BOOTS & OVERS,

for Ladies', Gent's, Misses' and Children, and almost everything else needed to improve the *understanding.*

☞ Call early and be convinced; the opportunity will not last long. ☜

W. A. LAMB.

Ottawa, January 27, 1869.

ANGUS & HUCKELL'S

CLEARING SALE

OF

BOOTS, SHOES AND RUBBERS,

No. 15, Sussex-st.

ANGUS & HUCKELL are selling out their entire stock of BOOTS, SHOES, RUBBERS, &c., at a tremendous sacrifice.

GO TO ANGUS & HUCKELL'S Clearing Sale, and get a pair of good PRUNELLA BOOTS, and a pair of RUBBERS for $1.50.

YOU can get a pair of Men's Cloth Rubber OVERSHOES for 75 cents, at ANGUS & HUCKELL'S Clearing Sale.

WOMEN'S RUBBERS, 50 cents; and MEN'S, 65 cents, during the Clearing Sale.

GO EARLY and secure Largains.

NOW is the time to purchase BOOTS and SHOES, as they are being sold under cost at ANGUS & HUCKELL'S Clearing Sale.

NO one need be without BOOTS when they are sold so cheap at ANGUS & HUCKELL'S Clearing Sale.

A CLEAR saving of money by buying Boots during the Clearing Sale at ANGUS & HUCKELL'S.

ENORMOUS reductions on all CLOTH and FELT GOODS as they must all be sold out without reserve.

GO and see for yourselves.

GENUINE CLEARING SALE

OF

BOOTS AND SHOES,

AT THE OLD

CROSBY STAND, NO. 51, SPARKS-ST.

The whole of

THE BANKRUPT STOCK,

comprising the latest styles and best qualities of

LADIES', GENT'S, MISSES' & CHILDREN'S

DRESS & WALKING BOOTS,

suitable for FALL & WINTER WEAR. Also, a large stock of Men's and Women's Coarse Boots, Moose Moccassins, Buck Moose and Sheep Mitts, Beef Moccassins, Felt Over-shoes, Rubbers, &c., all of which will be sold at great reductions from former prices. Lumber and country merchants are requested to bear in mind that there is a large stock of handmade boots to be disposed of at the aforesaid reduction in prices.

The public generally are invited to call and examine the stock and prices, which we know cannot fail to give satisfaction to all.

Remember the place, the old Crosby Stand, opposite O'Meara's, No. 51, Sparks-st.

A. J. STEPHENS & CO.

Ottawa, Oct. 20 868. 876y

CHEAP BOOTS & SHOES

AT THE

CAPITAL

BOOT & SHOE STORE,

YORK-ST.

I have now received my fall and winter stock of

BOOTS AND SHOES,

which will be found complete; being selected with care, it will not fail to give general satisfaction.

In Ladies', Misses' and Children's ware I have everything that can possibly be required for the season, and at much lower figures than ever before offered.

Men's ware in Calf, Kipp, Cowhide Boots; Men's Strong Working Boots as low as $2 per pair. Boy's and Youth's equally low.

A large supply of New English Kipp Boots, hand made, the most suitable ware for Lumbermen, constantly on hand and made by the very best workmen. Orders taken for all kinds of work.

439y GEORGE MURPHY

BOARD AND LODGING.—Comfortable Rooms, with Board and Lodging, can be obtained on Maria-st. Apply at the Times Office.

Ottawa, January 14, 1869. 947d

Fine Arts.

NOTICE.

The undersigned begs to state that he has

OPENED AN OFFICE

OVER A. McCORMICK'S STORE,

SPARKS-STREET,

Where all orders for the

CANADA GAZETTE,

AND FOR

PRINTING, BINDING, OR STATIONERY,

may be sent, and will be punctually attended to as usual, arrangements having been made to prevent any interruption to the business.

Mr. Desbarats feels grateful for the sympathy tendered him on all sides, and hopes to see his patrons and friends in his new office.

GEORGE E. DESBARATS.

Ottawa, January 21, 1869. 954tf

A COMPLETE

Assortment at the CANADA GAZETTE Office of

PRANG'S CHROMOS;

of which Frederic E. Church, the great American artist, says: "They are certainly most skilfully and artistically executed." And John G. Whittier "I had no idea they were home productions; I am glad to know that such beautiful work is done here." And Bayard Taylor: "Your illuminations of the Beatitudes are really superb." And Wendell Phillips; "I congratulate you on your success, which I consider marvellous," &c.

Among them the following are the most attractive:

Horses in a Storm. (After E. Adams.)
The two Friends. (Child and Dog, after Gerard.)
Sunset in California. (After Bierstadt.)
Sunlight in Winter. (After Morvillier.)
The Barefooted Boy. (After Whittier.)
Early Autumn on Esopus Creek, N. Y. (After A T. Bricher.)
Late Autumn in the White Mountains. (After A. T. Bricher.)
Six American Landscapes. (After A T. Bricher.)
Easter Morning. [After Mrs. James M. Hart.]
The Beatitudes of Our Lord, most magnificently illuminated.
Illuminated School Room Cards, with mottoes taken from Scripture.
Illuminated crosses, Book Marks, Rewards of Merit.
The Language of Flowers, Wood and Sea Mosses, Ferns, Flowers, &c.
"OLD MOTHER HUBBARD," "The most elegant juvenile book of the season," superbly illustrated and illuminated.

Prang's Chromos are offered at 29 per cent. below the British prices at the

CANADA GAZETTE OFFICE,

Sparks-st., Ottawa.

Stationery.

CARTER'S

COMBINED WRITING & COPYING INK.

THE ADVANTAGES OF THIS OVER OTHER INKS ARE:

First. It flows freely from the pen, and does not thicken by exposure to the air.

Second. It will give a perfect and instantaneous copy.

Third. It will not mould.

Fourth. Being equally as good for Copying as for Book-keeping, it entirely does away with the use of two kinds of Ink.

Fifth. It is more permanent than common Inks.

Sixth. The color, when first written, is a beautiful dark green, but in a remarkably short time it changes to a BRILLIANT JET BLACK—not a brownish black.

Seventh. It is admirably adapted to the most delicate writing, and ALWAYS "makes its mark."

This Ink is warranted to flow as freely as Arnold's, or any other Writing Fluid now in use; to give as perfect a copy as any Copying Ink; and not to mould.

Parties using Carter's Ink, and What They Say About it.

Post Office—"Best ink, by far; have used it for years."

Harnden Express Company—"Tried every kind, and give this the preference."

Bank of the Metropolis—"Grand, good ink; use it altogether."

Hamilton Bank—"We use Carter's ink, and think it the best."

Jordon, Marsh & Co.—"Would'nt take any other as a gift."

J. R. Palmer & Co.—"It writes splendidly and copies beautifully."

American Bank Note Company—"Never used any ink we liked so well."

Paymaster's Office—"Best ink ever made in this or any other country."

Post Office, Philadelphia—I give it a preference over any other ink I have ever used. It flows freely, and does not gum with exposure.

W. M. IRELAND, Chief Clerk.

Wholesale and Retail at the

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SAD PICTURE OF THE INTERNAL CONDITION OF MEXICO.

From the Two Republics, published in the City of Mexico.

Letters from all parts of the republic present a sad picture of the rapid diminution of commerce and of the demoralization of the industrial enterprises of the country. A conviction seems to be creeping into the minds of many intelligent persons in various sections that the public men of Mexico are unequal to the situation. Complaints come in that, in the administration of the Government, in legislation and in the judiciary, there is a marked want of ability, either in wisdom or will, requisite to the age and the necessities of the country. Whilst we do not concur with all that our correspondents assert, we feel the truth of much of what they say, but we do not trace the condition of the country to the same causes. We do not think there is a lacking of wisdom or will on the part of the authorities; but we think that too much of the time and brain power of the Government, in all of its branches, are consumed in forms and trivial details. The legislative department—Congress—has been with but short intervals in perpetual session since the restoration of the republic, and what has been the result of its labours? What great measures of improvement or reform have been enacted? What enterprises have sprung into life, as a consequence of its legislation? What life has it legislated into commerce? How much confidence has it given to the industries of the country? We ask these questions not in a spirit of triumphant controversy, but in sadness, shaded with a lingering hopefulness. The people have made great sacrifices to restore the republic; to place the power of the country into the hands of their representatives under the long-cherished hope that they would, in their wisdom and patriotism, lead the country out of its poverty and miserable condition to a state of prosperity. They have been sadly disappointed. No new channels of commerce have been opened; confidence and security have been decreasing, notwithstanding the success of the Executive in pacifying the country. Congress has consumed the time and money of the people in factious squabbles, and round-turned but profitless speeches. Numerous projects for railroads and steamship lines have been proposed by public-spirited individuals, but as most of them were the propositions of foreigners, the prejudices of members—becoming only the civilization and intelligence of the twelfth century—have prevented the adoption of but few; and these in such parsimonious and jealous terms, that the concessions are hardly practicable. Its work has, generally, been so crude, vague, and imperfect in its details, that the responsibility of legislation has, to a great extent, been thrown upon the Ministry, in carrying out its enactments, to the great detriment of the public interest. The attention of the Executive seems to be too much occupied in the details of office, which should be performed by subordinates. Our correspondents exclaim that the Executive cannot rise to the importance of grave matters; of subjects that patriotic statesmen delight to consider. We do not indorse this opinion, but we think that the amount of red-tapeism hangs like an incubus upon the Government, and presents stumbling blocks to all of its good intentions. The operations of the Government seem to lay open too much to intrigue; there is an unnecessary amount of circumlocution in the routine of the bureaus; and the despatch of public business depends too much upon the good-will of subordinates. Instead of the consideration of foreign policy or internal measures of importance being the subjects of deliberation in the daily councils of the ministry, the most trifling and subordinate matters absorb their attention. Subjects that ought to be left to the control of the minister of each department are constantly being legislated upon by the whole. In all this we award the will and honesty of intention on the part of the Government; but we must insist that it is unwise and highly inexpedient, in a Government that wishes to catch up to, and travel over the space between Mexico and other nations. By this mode of administering the affairs of the republic, the labours of the ministers are daily increasing, whilst substantial results are in the same ratio diminishing. It is impossible, under such circumstances, that the great and useful measures requisite to the times can be duly considered, or that the unhappy condition of the country can be fully appreciated. We have with an unfaltering confidence believed that the "good day coming" of Mexico's prosperity was near at hand, and we have in the most positive and confident terms expressed the faith that was in us. We confess that our heart begins to sicken at the procrastination of the anticipated happy day of prosperity. We are chagrined with grievous disappointment. The obstacles that we first saw in the way, and to which we often referred, have been, to a great extent, removed, or, at least, they no longer present formidable opposition. The revolutions have subsided; *pronunciamientos* have played out; and it is the boast of the Government that it has pacified the country. These elements, so detrimental to improvement, being removed, the Government can have no possible apology before the world nor to the Mexican people for a continuance of this depressed condition of the industries of the country. The republic is in a more peaceful condition than at any former period in its history, and, strange as it may appear to the world, every branch of business is more depressed than ever before. Capital is leaving the country: the whirl of the factory machinery is no longer heard; plantations and farms are being deserted; the population are idle and starving; and yet smirking officials are congratulating the country upon its prosperous condition. We invoke the statesmen of the country to rise from this slough of "masterly inactivity" which is drifting the country to destruction. We would prove a faithless friend did we not warn them of the shoals which surround the ship of state. Our language is plain, but it is that of frankness and friendship. Without energetic and patriotic efforts, wisdom and unselfishness, on your part and the whole people, to avert the threatening dangers, "the bottom of your Government will fall out," and the Mexican nation will be swallowed between the jaws of the wolf that is now at your door.'

JEWELLERY.—All kinds of jewellery, of the latest designs, and at the cheapest rates, can be bought of Young & Radford, Sparks-st.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

echanics' Institute and Athenæum—Annual Festival.
Auction Sale of Stoves—H. McLean.
Assignee's Sale—A. Rowe.
Auction Sale of Gold Watches, &c.—J. Bermingham.

The Ottawa Times
Office: 38, Sparks Street.
SATURDAY, JANUARY 30, 1869.

☞ *For Ottawa Markets and interesting reading see Fourth Page.*

SIR JOHN A. MACDONALD and the Hon. Mr. TILLEY met in Committee with the Hon. Speaker COCKBURN yesterday, for the transaction of business in connection with the management of the internal economy of the House of Commons.

AT the sitting of the Railway Commissioners yesterday the immigration scheme was agreed upon, and ordered to be transmitted for the approval of the Government. We also understand that the Commissioners have had under consideration a form of contract, and have amended it so as to provide that in the event of any of the changes mentioned in Section 68 of the "general specifications" being made, the Contractor will be subject to such diminution, or entitled to such additional compensation, as the Commissioners may deem reasonable.

WE learn from the Deputy Postmaster-General that our Halifax correspondent must have been mistaken in regard to the non-arrival of the mail matter from Ontario and Quebec. The Postmaster of Halifax, in answer to Mr. GRIFFIN, telegraphed yesterday that there had been four separate arrivals at his office of mails from Montreal in the interval between the 15th and 28th inst. What our correspondent said was that no later date than the 15th had been received at Halifax, and perhaps the inquiry now so promptly set on foot by the Department may reconcile his assertion with that of the Halifax P.M., and show that somewhere unnecessary delay has occurred. We may state that yesterday we received our Halifax exchanges bearing date 25th and 26th instant.

WE are glad to hear that the endowment of Queen's University is making rapid progress. The friends of that institution seem thoroughly determined to place it in a state of greater efficiency than it has ever yet enjoyed. The deputation from the University, who were present at the meeting in St. Andrew's Church on Tuesday evening, have been greatly encouraged by the result of their visit to Ottawa. Six thousand dollars have been already subscribed by ten persons in this city, two persons having contributed the handsome amount of a thousand dollars each. We trust that at least $10,000 may be contributed by the citizens of Ottawa, for the cause is one which should commend itself to every friend of superior education.

WE have to inform the *Citizen* that we really cannot say whether Mr. IRA MORGAN, the new Warden, smokes a "brier or clay," or whether he "takes a *quid*," but he certainly was one of the members of the body accused by the *Citizen*. As to the "cutting down of accounts," we confess we do not understand the matter, but as our *confrere* keeps his business eye blinking through his "editorial columns," it may be that the "cutting down" process did not exactly suit him, and hence, perhaps, his indignation at the Council's "manner of doing business." At all events, on looking over the proceedings of the late Council, we find that Mr. IRA MORGAN moved the payment of a very moderate sum to the *Citizen* office for certain services performed, the account for which does not appear to have been passed in the usual way, and as this motion was carried, we can, perhaps, pardon the *Citizen* for commending *that* "one individual member" of the Council. Gratitude is a noble virtue.

WE are glad to learn that the Railway Commissioners yesterday adopted the scheme for the promotion of immigration which we previously mentioned they had under consideration. It is probable that the details may not be made public until the scheme has been submitted to and approved by the Government. We have reason to believe, however, that its leading features will be the granting of free lands to workmen who, having been employed for a certain period on the railway works, can command a certificate of good character from their employers. There would be a manifest advantage in offering extra inducements to men of good character to become permanent settlers, and it would undoubtedly be to the interest of the several Provinces, as well as to that of the country at large, if the scheme agreed upon, assuming it is a practicable and attractive one, as no doubt it is, were adopted at once and made known to the labouring population of the Old World. Unquestionably the construction of the Intercolonial will prove a powerful stimulus to immigration, but the force of that stimulus will be vastly increased, if to the advantage of a few years' certain and remunerative employment be added the other advantage of a free and favourable location on the public domain. We think the Commissioners have acted with great foresight in taking up the subject at this early stage of the work.

IT may be remembered that the *Globe* was very indignant at the change in the mode of letting the contracts on the Intercolonial Railway from so much *per* item to a lump sum per mile, and denounced the Commissioners in unmeasured terms, because they had seen fit to adopt it. The advantage, from a public point of view, of the change made by the Commissioners, will be admitted by most people; but as it is generally understood hereabouts, that "strike high, or "strike low," the *Globe* will be equally disgusted, but little attention was paid to its ulminations.

Its argument, however, happened to arrest the attention of the Editor of the Halifax *Citizen*; and as he is not by any means disposed to take a too favourable view of anything done in connection with the railway, we may safely quote him as an independent witness. The Halifax *Citizen* does not agree with the *Globe* in this matter, and as it states its reasons in a very plain, intelligible and forcible way, we quote its remarks on the subject, from which it will be seen that the Commissioners have gained approval from a quarter whence few approving words have come, concerning Dominion affairs:

"The *Globe* is not infallible, and this is not the least of its recent mistakes. There may, and probably will be, more or less of jobbery about so large a work as the Intercolonial road, no matter how or by whom managed; but the writer must be either very ignorant, or very willing to find fault, who objects to the change of policy made by the Commissioners in this instance. Under the plan first proposed, viz.: that of taking tenders for the work in detail, there would be room for the practice of almost unlimited fraud in the measurements, by which either the government or the contractors might suffer. On the one hand, any engineer's apprentice charged with the duty of measuring work, might have it in his power, if dishonest enough, to levy black mail off a contractor, or ruin him, at his pleasure; while on the other hand contractors and engineers, who could come to a mutual understanding about "making things pleasant," could plunder the government, and make fortunes for themselves at the public expense, without fear of detection. The commissioners have taken a wise course in this matter; and if they act with equal prudence throughout their administration, they will deserve, and no doubt receive, the confidence of the country."

This is very plain talk on the part of the *Citizen*, and leads very plainly to the conclusion that the Commissioners have made a most righteous decision in the premises. Will the *Globe*—now that GEORGE BROWN has no longer "political position" to embarrass it—undertake to reply to the *Citizen's* argument?

THE Chief Superintendent of Education has announced his intention of paying his fifth and last visit to each county of Ontario, for the purpose of holding Conventions of school officers and other friends of education, to confer with them on the proposed amendments to the school laws. These "Conventions," it may be remarked, are of comparatively little value. We have seen some of them, and have a pretty clear notion of how they are managed. In the first place, the Rev. Dr. starts on his tour with well defined ideas as to what he desires these Conventions to say. Secondly, these assemblages are mainly made up of School Teachers, School Trustees, the Local Superintendents, with a few others, "friends of education," no doubt, but little acquainted with the practical working of the system. Now given first, the Doctor's explanations; secondly, an audience so composed; and the thirdly follows naturally enough, *i. e.*, the adoption of a cut and dried set of resolutions, and the affair is ended. The Chief Superintendent's "conventions" have always been marvels of success in getting his own views endorsed; but beyond this, we do not remember that they have resulted in anything either important or remarkable.

The following is a copy of the circular addressed by the Chief Superintendent to Municipal Councillors, Local Superintendents, Visitors, Trustees, &c., &c.:

"Gentlemen: I propose, in the course of the next two months, Providence permitting, to make my fifth and last visit to each county or union of counties in Upper Canada, in order to hold a county school convention of all school officers and other friends of education who may think proper to attend, in order to confer on the subjects of the common and grammar school amendment Bills which have been recommended by a large committee of the Legislative Assembly, but the further consideration of which has been deferred until the next session of Parliament. I cannot hope to be able to address any county convention further than may be necessary to explain the objects and provisions of the School Bill referred to.

"2. In order to afford the best opportunity possible for attendance by persons at a distance, each convention will be held in the day-time, with two or three necessary exceptions. The meeting of each convention will take place (unless otherwise stated) at one in the afternoon; and the proceedings will commence at half-past one, whether few or many be present. In two or three instances, the meetings of conventions will take place at other hours of the day, arising from the impossibility (on account of distance or railway arrangements) of holding them at the usual hour, without giving more time to a county than is practicable, in connection with the accomplishment of the tour during the period of winter roads convenient for travelling by inhabitants of counties.

"3. The time and place of each of the proposed county school conventions are as follows:

Woodstock	Monday, Feb 1
Brantford	Tuesday, Feb 2
Simcoe	Wednesday, Feb 3
Cayuga	Thursday, Feb 4
Welland	Friday, Feb 5
St. Catharines	Saturday, Feb 6
Newmarket	Monday, Feb 8
Barrie	Tuesday, Feb 9
Southampton	Wednesday, Feb 10
Walkerton	Thursday, Feb 11
Goderich	Friday, Feb 12
Stratford	Saturday, Feb 13
Sarnia	Monday, Feb 15
Sandwich	Tuesday, Feb 16
Chatham	Wednesday, Feb 17
London	Thursday, Feb 18
St. Thomas	Friday, Feb 19
Hamilton	Saturday, Feb 20
Brampton	Monday, Feb 22
Milton	Tuesday, Feb 23
Guelph	Wednesday, Feb 24
Whitby	Monday, Mar 1
Port Hope	Tuesday, Mar 2
Lindsay	Tuesday, Mar 2
Peterborough	Wednesday, Mar 3
Cobourg	Thursday, Mar 4
Belleville	Friday, Mar 5
Picton	Saturday, Mar 6
Napanee	Monday, Mar 8
Kingston	Tuesday, Mar 9
Brockville	Wednesday, Mar 10
Perth	Thursday, Mar 11
Renfrew	Friday, Mar 12
Cornwall	Saturday, Mar 13
Alexandria	Monday, Mar 15
L'Orignal	Wednesday, Mar 17
Ottawa	Thursday, Mar 18

"4. I take it for granted that, as on former occasions, each of the places above mentioned, the court house or town hall, or some other convenient building, can be procured for holding the county school convention; and I must rely on the kind co-operation of the local superintendent, aided by the trustees in each county town, to provide the needful accommodation for holding the county school convention, and for giving due notice of the same.

"5. The newspaper press of each county is respectfully requested to give notice of the time, place, and objects of the school convention for such county."

MESSRS. YOUNG & RADFORD having secured the services of first-class working jewellers in etruscan, filagree, plain, fancy and solid gold work, and having made large additions to their work shop are now better prepared to execute any orders with which they may be entrusted than heretofore. Masonic jewels, gold and silver medals, and every kind of swellery repaired.

DRESS GOODS.—A large assortment of ball and evening dresses; also, in fancy, black, Japanese, and Foulard silks, poplins, &c., at T. & W. Hunton's, whose stock is constantly supplied by their resident agents in London and Paris. Evening silks, &c., shewn by gas light in a room prepared for the purpose, at any hour of the day.

—For a choice selection of New Tapestry Brussells, Kidderminster and Imperial 3-pl Carpets, Cocoa Matting, Floor Oil Cloths, Hearth Rugs, Crumb Cloths and Door Mats; Damasks, Reps, Curtain Trimmings, Lace and Muslin Curtains, go to Magee & Russell's new Store, next door to Mr. John Leslie's, Sparks-st.

Try Gardner's Baking Powder. See advertisement 887.6m

THE GREAT BILLIARD MATCH AT MONTREAL.

SECOND GAME BETWEEN JOE DION AND MELVILLE FOSTER.

DION WINS THE GAME.

Intense Excitement among the Montrealers.

[From our own Correspondent.]

MONTREAL, January 28.

The great billiard match closed at 1:15 a.m. The most intense excitement prevailed, the hall being jammed, the street jammed, and Dion's billiard room jammed. At least 5,000 people were in the neighbourhood at eight o'clock, when the game commenced. Loud cheers welcomed the men as they stepped into the arena, and prepared for the contest. Dion looked smiling, happy, and seemingly as confident as if Dame Fortune had never deserted him. Foster stood near him, the very picture of impassiveness, giving one an impression that his play would not want in nerve. Joe wins the break, and leads of with two; Foster follows with five; then comes a break by Joe, which by some very pretty play he marked up to 120, when a serious objection is made. The red ball hugs one cushion, its fellows lie clear upon the table, perhaps an inch away, while Joe's ball is a little distance off Foster's. The umpire declares it a crotch, and is sustained by the referee Hubbell. A long discussion follows, in which Joe and his second protest against as an unheard of ruling, and the game is resumed only upon diagram of position being taken, and Dion persisting in his protest. The ruling of the referee was looked upon as unjust; if not prejudiced. The result was to destroy a strong position, and a close run. At 1:20, in his 13th innings, Dion made a magnificent seven cushion shot, opening the way to a score of 208, the highest total of the evening. Foster's eighteenth score ended at 253, and the balls looked good for as many more, when that unlucky reserve "push shot barred," compelled him to play upon the cushion so losing his bank. Soon after Foster again showed powers of nursing, by running up the large total of 555, a result that was rewarded with very hearty applause. With varying fortune, and amid greatly increased excitement, the game progressed slowly. Now Dion showed himself with no less than 313 to the fore, and the falling off showed to the dismay of his friends a deficit of 182 in the 27th innings. At length Foster stood 1,106, while Joe was only 938. Bets were now on Foster to win, but Joe takes the balls and works up 163—game 1,095 to 1,106. Foster puts 10 together, and again resigns the table. Slowly the figures run up into tens and hundreds amidst almost irrepressible excitement, and as Joe scores 1,199 the marker cries game. A scene of the wildest confusion followed. The whole audience sprang to their feet, and lustily cheered Dion. The table was guarded with difficulty against the onsets of the crowd, and it was only by the united efforts of Chief Penton, Detectives Cullen and Murphy, and several sergeants of the police, that order was at last secured. Joe looking as unconcernedly as if playing a match in his own *boudoir*, made the required stroke, and scored upon it. Such wild cheering, such excitement and general enthusiasm was never seen at a billiard match in this city before. The cry "Joe's won" was caught up by the crowd outside, who made the streets reverberate with cheers. In fact a national victory could hardly have produced greater commotion. The following is the score of Dion: 2, 2, 120, 6, 15, 33, 50, 19, 0, 2, 8, 208, 11, 19, 18, 3, 2, 0, 32, 5, 74, 0, 3, 9, 6, 0, 65, 155, 6, 58, 3, 163, 155—1,202. Number of shots 34; average 35 5-15. Foster: 12, 73, 9, 9, 13, 17, 33, 0, 3, 7, 12, 3, 4, 34, 2, 4, 0, 18, 43, 10, 8, 140, 28, 5, 23, 17, 355, 12, 17, 169, 16, 10—1,106. Number of shots 33; average 33 9-11. Umpire for Joe, Cyrille Dion; for Foster, Chris. O'Connor. Referee G. B. Hubbell, ex-champion of Connecticut. The playing was of wonderful brilliancy on both sides. Dion has now come off victor in six of nine public matches, and received two forfeits. Dion and Foster toss up to-morrow where the next game will be played.

THE following is a copy of the address adopted by the Legislature of Quebec, to be presented to His Excellency the GOVERNOR-GENERAL:

To His Excellency the Right Honourable Sir John Young, Baronet, one of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, Knight Grand Cross of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Order of the Bath, Knight Grand Cross of Her Majesty's Most distinguished Order of St. Michael and St. George, and Governor-General of the Dominion of Canada, &c., &c., &c.

May it please Your Excellency:

We, Her Majesty's most dutiful and loyal subjects, the Legislative Assembly of the Province of Quebec, in the Provincial Legislature assembled, beg leave, in the name of the people of this Province, to offer Your Excellency our respectful congratulations on your happy advent among us, and to wish Your Excellency, as well as Lady Young, a cordial welcome.

Knowing the high reputation that Your Excellency has acquired in the Government of other important Colonies of the British Empire, we would assure Your Excellency that the people of this Province recognise in the choice just made by Her Gracious Majesty, a fresh proof of Her solicitude for the good government of Canada and the welfare of its inhabitants.

We beg to assure Your Excellency that, desirous as we are of seeing our new Constitution carried out for the greater advantage of all the Provinces composing the Confederation, and the increased prosperity of all classes of Her Majesty's subjects, we earnestly pray for the success of Your Excellency's government, and hope that your residence in Canada may prove both agreeable to Your Excellency and beneficial to the country.

We also beg leave to assure Your Excellency that being assembled in furtherance of the interests which the Constitution has confided to us, we fully appreciate the importance and responsibility of the task which has devolved on us, and in the discharge of our duties we shall not loose sight of the general interests of Confederation, and will be guided by that spirit of fidelity and attachment to Her Gracious Majesty, of which the people of this Province are now giving proof in their prompt co-operation with Your Excellency's government, in regard to the new organization of the Militia for the defence of the country.

We further beg Your Excellency to accept our assurance that you will always find us ready to give Your Excellency our active co-operation in your efforts to promote the prosperity of the important possessions of Her Majesty confided to your care, as well as in the maintenance of order and harmony among all classes of Her Majesty's subjects.

BRITISH AMERICA FIRE ASSURANCE COMPANY—This well-known and long-established Company continue to take risks in this city at the usual rates. Herrick, Brush & Co., agents. 957a

For fine bog-oak brooches and ear rings in sets, see Young & Radford's new lot, just received, and selling at the very low price of only 90 cts. per set.

The most unhappy person in the world is the dyspeptic. Everything looks dark and gloomy; he feels "out of sorts" with himself and everybody else. Life is a burden to him. This can also be changed by taking Peruvian Syrup (a protoxide of iron.) Cases of 27 years standing have been cured by it.

COUNTY COUNCIL.

Third Day.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

THURSDAY, January 28.

Pursuant to adjournment the council met at two o'clock p.m.

The warden read a communication from the Department of Agriculture.

Moved by Mr. Cummings, seconded by Mr. Lyon, that the communication just read be received, and that the warden is hereby authorized that all the information shall be given that the Council is in possession of touching the question at issue.

Moved in amendment by Mr. Hinton, seconded by Mr. Tremblay, that the communication be placed on file.—Carried.

The original motion was then declared lost.

Moved by Mr. Dawson, seconded by Mr. Greene, that the claim of John Smith, Esq., as arbitrator on the part of the county corporation with that of the city, be referred to the committee on finance.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Hinton, seconded by Mr. Armstrong, that the reports of the superintendents of Goulbourne, Nepean, March, Torbolton and Gloucester, be received and approved of.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Smith, seconded by Mr. Cowan, that the claim of R. Lyon, M.P.P., for statutes furnished and services officially rendered, be referred to the finance committee.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Smith, seconded by Mr. Lyon, that whereas the following resolution was passed by the council at last June session, and has been omitted from the printed minutes of that session, therefore it shall be printed along with the minutes of this session.—Carried.

The following is the resolution referred to:

Moved by Mr. Dow, seconded by Mr. Fraser, that the 4th and 5th resolution of motion No. 15, passed by this council at the session thereof, held in the month of January, 1868, be, and the same is hereby, repealed, and that in future every contractor or other person legally authorized by this council to supply the jail, shall keep a pass book, in which under the proper date, the article supplied shall be entered, and opposite the entry the jail officials receiving the articles shall certify their receipt.

That every tradesman, mechanic, or other person employed by this council to work in the jail shall keep a similar pass-book, and have his time or job, as the case may be, certified in like manner, and these pass-books along with the accounts in duplicate and properly certified, shall be laid before the audit committee at their quarterly sittings.

And this council do further resolve that neither the sheriff of this county nor his deputy, nor any other person or persons, excepting only the warden of the county, the jail committee of this council, or its chairman, shall have power or authority, on any pretence whatever, to order any article or thing on the credit of this council, nor will this council hold itself in any manner responsible for any article or thing furnished on any account whatsoever, excepting the same be furnished on the written order of the warden, the jail committee, or its chairman. That all orders, resolutions, and notices of this council, to the contrary, be, and the same are hereby repealed, that the clerk of this council do give notice by advertisement of this resolution.—Carried.

Ottawa, June 23rd, 1868.

The clerk submitted the treasurer's accounts for 1868, together with several other accounts.

Moved by Mr. Caldwell, seconded by Mr. Lyon, that the treasurer's accounts submitted, be referred to the respective committees, to which they belong.—Carried.

The clerk read a petition from William Byers and others, asking aid to open up town line between Nepean and Goulbourne.

Moved by Mr. Hinton, seconded by Mr. Tremblay, that the petition of Wm. Byers and others be referred to the committee on roads and bridges.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Tremblay, seconded by Mr. Hinton, that the clerk get the chairs in the court house repaired.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Tremblay, seconded by Mr. Hinton, that this council do now adjourn until 2 o'clock, p.m., to-morrow, in order to give the several committees time to report.—Carried.

The council then adjourned.

FRIDAY, January 29.

Pursuant to adjournment the council met at 2 o'clock, p.m.

Present—The Warden and Messrs. Cowan, Dow, Blackburn, Kidd, Hinton, Greene, Smith, Lyon, Caldwell, Fraser, Armstrong, Dawson, McCaffery and Mohr.

The clerk submitted a communication from the clerk of the county of Peel, enclosing a copy of a memorial to the Dominion Government, praying for additional aid and comfort to volunteers.

Moved by Mr. Dawson, seconded by Mr. Lyon, that the memorial just read, be received, and placed on file.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Greene, seconded by Mr. Hinton, that whereas a committee of the whole reported that the council did not deem themselves liable for certain expenses incurred by the sheriff for gas fittings, &c., &c., the council, from information received to-day, and from the extraordinary circumstances of the case now recommend payment of the bill of the Ottawa Gas Company, amounting to $567.14, and said report is hereby cancelled.

Moved in amendment by Mr. Kidd, seconded by Mr. Blackburn, that the motion under discussion be laid over for the present until we get further information from the past warden.—Carried.

The original motion was then declared lost.

The clerk read a communication from the chief superintendent of education of Ontario, announcing his intention to visit each county in the Province for the purpose of holding school conventions, naming the 18th of March next as the day for visiting Ottawa.

Moved by Mr. Tremblay, seconded by Mr. Armstrong, that the communication just read be received and placed on file.—Carried.

The warden read a petition from T. C. Keefer, Esq., and others, praying for permission to erect a bridge across the Rideau river on the line of St. Patrick-st., Ottawa.

Moved by Mr. Blackburn, seconded by Mr. Mohr, that the petition of Thos. C. Keefer and others, just read, be referred to the committee on roads and bridges.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Lyon, seconded by Mr. Tremblay, that leave be given to introduce a by-law entitled, "By-law No. 145, to dispense with the levying of a tax on dogs for the protection of sheep in the county of Carleton," be read a first, second, and third time and passed, suspending all rules to the contrary.—Carried.

By-law introduced, read and passed.

Moved by Mr. Armstrong, seconded by Mr. Tremblay, that the council do now adjourn until 9 o'clock a.m. to-morrow.—Carried.

The Council then adjourned.

FIREMEN'S BALL.

The Chaudiere Fire Company held their annual ball on Friday night last in their hall, which was very handsomely decorated for the occasion. A large number of invited guests were present, and the fair sex was well represented. Sutherland's string band gave the music, and the pleasures of the evening were continued with great harmony till a late hour. Each of the other companies was represented in the presence of its captain. The captain of the Chaudiere, Mr. F. Link, having for some time past been sick, a deputation was appointed to wait on him at his residence, and to present him on behalf of the company with the following address and a purse of fifty dollars:

ADDRESS.

To Mr. Francis Link, late Captain Chaudiere Fire Company.

DEAR SIR,—We have been directed by the members of the Chaudiere Fire Company to express their deep regret that it has pleased Providence to prostrate you for a long period on a bed of sickness. And feeling as they do that you have been for many years a constant and hard working member of the company, as well as a valuable and efficient officer, they cannot allow this opportunity to pass without giving expression to their appreciation of your valuable services. And they would therefore beg you to accept the accompanying purse as a small token of that appreciation, and to express a hope that you may be speedily restored to perfect health again.

We are dear sir,

On behalf of the company,

Your obedient servants,

E. C. MCGILLIVRAY, Captain.
P. WRIGHT, Lieutenant.
JOHN SWEETMAN, Secretary.

REPLY.

GENTLEMEN,—I thank you most sincerely for the thoughtful and handsome present you have been pleased to make me, which is the more appreciated on account of its having been the spontaneous offering of those with whom, in the capacity of an Ottawa fireman, I have been so long and happily associated.

Under the circumstances of bodily affliction with which I have been so long surrounded, your kind expressions of sympathy and hopes for my recovery are peculiarly gratifying. You may rest assured that should Providence restore me to health, you shall not fail again to find me at my old post among you.

I have the honour to be,
Your most obedient servant,
FRANCIS LINK.

To Messrs. E. C. McGillivray, Captain, P. Wright, Lieut., John Sweetman, Secretary, and the Members of the Chaudiere Fire Company.

"ERRORS AND OPINIONS OF THE TIME."

Sketch of a lecture delivered by the Rev. Æn. MacD. Dawson before a numerous audience, on Sunday evening, the 24th January, 1869, in St. Andrew's Catholic Church, Ottawa.

It is an error to suppose that progress is an essential condition of human existence. Man is, indeed, capable of progress; but his progress is conditional-dependent upon many things arising from the dispositions of the human mind, as well as from external circumstances. They, who make no account of divine revelation deny this, holding that as man is the result of the fortuitous concurrence of certain atoms, it is not exactly ascertained as yet what atoms, so he has not ceased to grow, passing through an endless variety of phases—from inert matter to slightly animated existence—from the state of a worm or tadpole to that of an ape or chimpanzee, which became developed, it is not said how, into intellectual man. It need not be observed that this is not the account of man's origin which revelation gives. The progress which such a system implies is disproved by the whole history of the human race. They must have been highly intellectual beings who undertook to build the tower of Babel. Men when dispersed and divided into nations, came to have less knowledge, less skill, less intelligence, than the undertaking of such a work shews that he possessed at that period. This clearly proves a tendency to degenerate, rather than to progress. Will any one pretend that the modern inhabitants of Egypt are equal in intellect, in science, in architectural skill, to their forefathers who built the Pyramids? The great Pyramid, particularly, is a monument of human ability and knowledge, no less than of the requirements of this knowledge, which, fortunately, providentially, neither time nor barbarism have been able to obliterate. As a work of architecture nothing equal to it has been since erected. Recent observations have brought to light how admirably it symbolizes the science of the time at which it was built—science which if compared with that of the present dwellers on the Nile, gives proof of the most astonishing, the most humiliating, degeneracy. It is well known, besides, from history, that not only the Egyptians, but also many other nations, especially those which were first constituted on the earth and became powerful empires, have fallen from a much higher state of knowledge, intelligence, civilization and physical perfection, than can be remarked among any of them all, at the present day. The savage tribes of Central Africa afford another and perhaps a still more striking proof of degeneracy. Both their mental and physical development is well known to be very inferior not only to that of the European races, but also to that of the tribes of their own race, who have been somewhat more in relation with the civilized world. This must be manifest to all who chose to compare, or who have had the opportunity of comparing, the diminutive bushman of the interior of Africa with the better formed and more intelligent negro of Kaffirland and Cape Colony. It is quite legitimate, therefore, to conclude that certain influences are necessary, in order not only to promote the progress of man, who is a being capable of progress, although not essentially progressive, but also to prevent him from degenerating both physically and morally. However great his degeneracy and degradation, he never ceases to be what we understand by *man*. However brutified, he never becomes a brute, and this fact alone would suffice to disprove the theory of those who hold that he rose from being an inferior animal, or even an inert atom, or congeries of atoms, to his more excellent state. Although progress cannot be admitted as understood and insisted on by unbelievers, we, as Christians, have great satisfaction in acknowledging that there is much true progress in our time. This is an age of progress—progress in the arts of life, and in the fine arts—progress in science and intellectual culture—progress, above all, in religion, for at no preceding epoch in the world's history have the principles of religion and its heavenly revelations been more generally accepted or better understood. Within the last two hundred and fifty years, science has made gigantic strides; but it was an error to suppose that its revelations were at variance with those of the Divine system of Christianity. He would not dwell on this error of the time which, although somewhat prevalent, was from being general. There were learned works, by means of which all could know what to think concerning a question of such great importance. Among Protestants the late Hugh Miller and Professor Piazzi Smyth, of Edinburgh, had written ably and most satisfactorily on the subject. Among Catholics the late very eminent Cardinal Wiseman had composed an elaborate work on the connection between science and revelation, which, whilst it presented a complete refutation of the superficial writers, who, confounding all things human and divine, perplex the minds of their readers, and undermine the foundations of their knowledge, would ever remain a monument of the genius, and learning and zeal of its lamented author. It was an error to imagine that they who accept Christianity, must necessarily be enemies when they differ on certain points. When education and early training are taken into account, it is hardly possible that there should not be diverse views. There are few, indeed, whose religious opinions are the result of study and profound investigation; there are fewer still, we must surely hope, who form for themselves a religion adapted to their inclinations and interests. There are many reasons besides these why we should give men generally credit for sincerity. It behoves Christians to cultivate such relations as unite men in the bonds of amity rather than to seek causes of strife and separation. What reasons had we not in these countries for banishing all discord, and presenting to the nations around us the grand spectacle of an united people? We were governed by the same laws and national customs, and were for the most part of the same race, or at least of kindred races; we had our nationality in common, our national and individual interests were the same, and, in the main, our religion. These bonds would be still more strengthened if we could divest ourselves of certain errors regarding one another's opinions. Protestants, for instance, would think more favourably of Catholics, if the former could be induced to give up the erroneous idea that the latter reject the Scriptures. A little consideration would dispel this fallacy. Who first cared for and preserved the Scriptures? Let the Vatican *codex*, dating from the fourth century, bear witness. And if such a monument could be ignored, let us appeal to the Russian Doctor Tissendorf, who lately brought before the world a magnificent copy of the Bible on vellum manufactured from seventy calves' skins, which had been carefully preserved in the Catholic monastery of Mount Sinai from the earliest time, the beginning of the fourth century, when the Christians enjoying a respite from persecution, could devote themselves to the work of producing manuscript copies of the Scriptures. Can it be forgotten that in every Catholic monastery until the memorable epoch when the art of printing was invented, there was a *Scriptorium* or writing office, where such of the brethren as were skilled in penmanship applied themselves to the task of multiplying copies of the Scriptures? All this surely was not done for the purpose of concealing from mankind the sacred books. So anxious, on the contrary, were the learned orders of Catholic society in ancient times, that a knowledge of the Bible should be as general as was possible, whilst the art of printing was as yet unknown, that they took care to have a copy in every church of any importance, in order that all might come to drink at this fountain of Divine knowledge. No sooner was printing invented, than the Catholic world (there was no other at the time) availed itself of the great invention to multiply and disseminate the Scriptures; and, to such an extent was this done, that some twenty years before Luther's Bible appeared, many editions, both in Latin and the vernacular of Germany, were printed and extensively distributed. After mentioning other matters in which difference of opinion or belief existed among different classes of the community, the preacher alluded to several points in regard to which he thought all parties might be able at length to come to an understanding, and concluded his discourse by exhorting all Christians to be, as much as possible, unanimous and loving towards one another. Such were the early Christians *cor unum et anima una*, and the Pagans amongst whom hatred and every bad passion prevailed, were attracted by this unwonted spectacle and renounced their heathenism.

THE INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY CONTRACTS.

To the Editor of THE TIMES.

MY DEAR SIR,—Will you be kind enough to give place to these few lines in your paper.

I have read a long article in the *Globe* newspaper, of yesterday, about the present letting of 91 miles of the Intercolonial Railway, and finding great fault with the mode of letting by the bulk sum per mile. I am convinced, from reading the article, that it is not written by a contractor; but by a disappointed party who intended to bid by items, but who does not possess sufficient knowledge of contracting to make a bid for the work by the mile. We all know that it will require a practical contractor, one who follows the business, and who will have to take the money from his own pocket to pay for the work done to be a good judge of quantities and qualities of all kinds of material that he may come in contact with; to make a judicious estimate per mile, and I believe that is the kind of men the commissioners are anxious to secure on the work; and not the politicians who are so much disappointed at the change made in the specification, and in the mode of letting the work which is, in my judgment, the proper way. Believing, as I do, that will save the Dominion many thousands of dollars; it will also do away with extra claims, throw the responsibility on the contracting parties, and relieve the engineer and commission of that source of annoyance which claims for extra prices, for extra quantities, or for prospective profits lost by decrease in quantity, always give. The contractors cannot claim that they were deceived by increase or decrease. There is the profile, and a very plain one, with all the cutting and filling. Where there is no rock, with notes describing the material in the shaft, and giving the number of feet to the rock, I cannot see any difficulty a good contractor would have in getting the quantities from the profile. But it won't do for inexperienced men to undertake this kind of work until they gain some practical knowledge by paying a few thousand dollars for their education, which all good contractors have had to do. If the engineer had given quantities the commission would be held responsible for such quantities, and I would much rather trust to the judgment of experienced contractors than to the engineer. All the practical knowledge that engineers have got is from contractors. Who is the best judge; him who does the work and is dependent upon the profits he makes out of it, or a paid officer? I consider the profile and plans for the masonry are explicit, and the quantities can be got as accurately as an engineer could give them, and when the tenders are opened you will find the bills of all the practical contractors ranging very close. As for the reference the *Globe* makes to clauses 67, 68, and 69, no contractor need fear, as the chief engineer is a man of good judgment, and we know that the commissioners are just men and will not increase the work from what the profile and plans show, without a fair compensation for such increase. But if the work should be decreased in one place, and increased to the same extent in another, there would be no claim, which no doubt is the intention of the clauses referred to.

Your respectfully,
CONTRACTOR.

BOARD OF SEPARATE SCHOOLS.

Special Meeting.

OTTAWA, Jan. 27, 1869.

Present—Charles McCarron, Esq., Chairman; Messrs. J. Larose, P. Dufour, S. Champagne, Wm. Kehoe, Wm. Finley, J. Ahearn, Dennis Egan, L. David and J. W. Peachy.

The minutes of the last meeting were read and adopted.

Several communications and accounts were read and laid on the table. On motion of J. W. Peachy, seconded by Wm. Kehoe, it was resolved that the report of the auditors on the accounts of the board for the year ended on the 31st December last be received, and that it be printed in English and French for the information of the ratepayers.

On motion of Wm. Finley, seconded by John Larose, the accounts of the OTTAWA TIMES, James Joynt and James Joyce, and the petitions of Francois Desjardins, Denina Bazen, Widows John and Stacey, and Mrs. Charles Lamarche, were referred to the committee on finance and assessment.

On motion of J. W. Peachy, seconded by Wm. Finley, the chairman was authorized to re-engage the Christian Brothers and Sisters of Charity as teachers under this board for the current year.

On motion of J. Larose, seconded by Dennis Egan, Mr. Louis Tasse was re-appointed teacher under this board for the Upper Town male school for the current year, at the same salary and under the same conditions as last year.

On motion of Wm. Finley, seconded by L. David, the chairman was authorized to sign cheques in favour of the several teachers under the board for their salary for the quarter ending on the 31st instant, and for the quarter's rent of school houses for the same period.

The Board then adjourned.

J. W. PEACHY,
Secy. and Treas.

LOCAL NEWS.

OUR SCHOOLS.—The common schools are now well attended, and doing good work. The attendance at the Central School East is nearly five hundred, and on many days it has been quite up to that number.

THE R. R. SAFE.—The safe belonging to the St. Lawrence & Prescott Railroad Company which was removed from the ruins of the fire, was opened yesterday, when the papers and money it contained were found all right.

SALE OF DEFAULTERS' GOODS.—Mr. Bermingham still continues to sell the stock of defaulters' goods, and as may be supposed from the imperative nature of the order requiring their sale, they are sold at prices far below the cost price of the goods. To-day is the sixth day of the sale, and will certainly be the last, so that those who desire to make cheap purchases—and who does not?—would do well to attend. Remember the place, next door to Orme's music store, Sparks-st.

AUCTION SALE OF GOLD WATCHES.—An auction sale of valuable gold watches, jewellery, &c., by J. Bermingham, auctioneer, will take place on Monday afternoon and evening, at two and seven o'clock, at the auction room next door to Orme & Son's music store, Sparks-st. This sale takes place under power of attorney, consequently the goods *must* be sold, no matter at what sacrifice. The stock embraces a large and very valuable stock of watches and fancy goods, and may be examined by intending purchasers on Monday morning. See advertisement for particulars.

MILD WEATHER.—For many years so mild a winter as the present has not been known in this city. We can scarcely be said to have had more than three or four severe days in succession, and the coldest have been less severe than ordinary winter days in this region. For several days past the weather has been very favourable, and continued so up to last night. A good deal of the snow has been melted from the roofs of buildings, and wherever a seasonable attempt had been made to clear away the snow the sidewalks have become dry. In other places it is all slop, ensuring wet feet, and the beginning of consumption to pedestrians who are not protected by good shoes. In view of this fact, and for the convenience of the general public, it is advisable to cause the gutters and drains to be opened, that as fast as the snow melts the water may find channels of escape, instead of remaining in pools on the sidewalks to endanger health and impede travel. The city has enjoyed general good health during the winter. There have, it is true, been some cases of disease among children, such as scarlatina and measles. These, however, have been well kept down by medical skill, and are now heard less of. There are also not a few cases of influenza and inflamatory rheumatism amongst adults, both of which might be aggravated by compelling half the population to walk in snow water, and, as in the case of school children especially, to sit with wet feet all day along. The old saw should not be forgotton, that "an ounce of prevention is worth a pound of cure."

PRINCIPAL DAWSON'S LECTURE.—This lecture on the "Lower forms of life in the sea," was delivered in the Chapel of Ease, Sussex-st., last evening under the auspices of the Young Men's Christian Association, before a highly respectable audience, and the Church was so crowded that it was difficult to obtain a seat. Mr. McMillan, the President of the Young Men's Christian Association, was in the chair. The Natural History Society, before whom the President, Mr. Langton, was to have read a paper, adjourned in a body and entered the Chapel a little before the commencement. The Rev. Mr. Johnson, of Hull, opened with reading a psalm and prayer, when the choir sang a hymn. The lecturer having been introduced by the President

Latest by Telegraph.

Via Montreal Line.

TORONTO.

Special to THE TIMES.

TORONTO, January 29.

The *Globe* publishes the official correspondence in reference to the tax titles bill. Parties have petitioned that the royal assent be withheld.

The Lieutenant-Governor sent the petition to the Provincial Secretary, who replied that he saw no reason to refuse the assent. The petitioners' Solicitor replied, complaining of a bill interfering with the rights of property being rushed through in 36 hours, and their feeling that the tendency of such legislation is to render property insecure, individual dealings unsafe, and our public policy itself the instrument of private injustice.

The pigeon shooting match ended in a victory for Lloyd, he having scored 37, to 36 by Warren and Ward. The prize is a massive goblet, solid silver, worth $200. Warren and Ward received the second and third prizes of $50 each.

The Montreal telegraph company have arranged to open an office in Yorkville.

William Davidge, the English comedian, is engaged for six nights at the Royal Lyceum.

The *Leader* publishes a letter, addressed to the *Globe*, and dated Windsor, January 14th. It is from W. Scott, engineer of the Detroit and Hallowell railroad, and comments on the remarks of the *Globe's* Ottawa correspondent, condemnatory of the proposed method of letting the Intercolonial. Mr. Scott defends it. The *Globe* not having published the letter, Scott sent it to the *Leader*.

Rev. Mr. Punshon lectures to-night on the Huguenots. No tickets to be had at three o'clock, p.m.

Yesterday's *Caronicle*, in reply to the *Citizen*, Macdonald's paper, says the Government knew nothing of the Ottawa mission, except street rumour; but Macdonald knew all about it. It denies the statement of the *Citizen*, that any member of the Government would have accompanied Howe, if invited, and says Macdonald warmly supported the delegation, though now he says he had no faith in repeal. If the delegations had no other result they brought the Dominion to approve of conciliation, and another delegation will have like results. It is rumoured that a member of the Government called on Macdonald yesterday, and the result was the resignation of the Queen's printership by the latter. The *Citizen* does not refer to it.

MONTREAL.

Hon. J. H. Cameron Telegraphs to the English Privy Council in Reference to the Whelan Case.

Special to THE TIMES.

MONTREAL, January 29.

Sir Narcisse Belleau has been invited to the Governor-General's banquet.

Hon. J. H. Cameron is at the St. Lawrence Hall, awaiting a reply from the English Privy Council, to whom he has telegraphed, as to whether Whelan's case can be brought before them in appeal, without the consent thereto of the Canadian Court of Error and Appeal. If the reply shall be in the affirmative, five thousand dollars will be immediately required to carry forward the consequent proceedings.

A man named Courtemanche fell down dead in St. Mary-st. to-day.

Foster, Dion, and other billiardists, left for Quebec to-night, to play a match there on Monday night, at the Music Hall.

The Rev. Mr. Parker, cure of Pointe aux Trembles, one of the most respected and eminent priests in the Province, died yesterday, aged 66 years.

In the Quebec Assembly to-day another batch of petitions were presented from Canadians, waiting to return from the States.

On the second reading of the Premier's Bill, to provide for the independence of members, a lengthy discussion took place on the question of persons holding employment of any sort under the Government and occupying seats in the Legislature; also against double mandate. Bellingham, Marchand, Laberge, and others, supported this view of the Bill, which was read a second time.

Weather very mild.

Flour two and a-half cents lower on the barrel.

CABLE NEWS.

GREAT BRITAIN.

LONDON, January 29.—An invitation has been extended to Reverdy Johnson to dine with the corporation authorities of Glasgow in February. Mr. Johnson has accepted the invitation.

SPAIN.

MADRID, January 29.—A proclamation has been issued granting a general amnesty to the insurgents of Porto Rico.

The provisional government yesterday issued an address to the nation, tending to restore calmness to the public minds. They decline to take active steps against reaction, but declare that they are closely watching it, and if necessary will combat it. All religious questions they leave to be finally disposed of by the constituent Cortes, which is soon to assemble.

The abolitionists have presented a petition to the government, asking them to issue a decree setting free all children born in slavery since September, 1868. The petition was referred to the constituent Cortes.

The diplomatic corps have addressed to the Government a protest against the Papal Nuncio.

It is said that all the members of the Cabinet are now in favor of the Duke of Montpensier for King of Spain.

The city of Madrid is quiet, but the volunteers are kept under arms.

The Archbishop of Burgos has been arrested, and is now in the custody of the military.

PRUSSIA.

BERLIN, January 29.—The House of Deputies has passed the Bill confiscating the property of the King of Hanover. The proposition to indict the king for high treason was rejected.

ATHENS.

NEWS VIA LONDON.

ATHENS, January 29.—It is reported that Balgores, the Prime Minister, has resigned. The action of the King of Greece upon the terms submitted by the recent Conference is considered uncertain. Nothing definite as to his intentions relative to the matter is as yet known.

LONDON, January 29.—Minister Tuckerman in a speech delivered in Athens yesterday, expressed the kindliest feelings of the American nation for Greece, and pledged the cordial sympathy of his Government to the Greeks in their anticipated trouble with the Turks.

AMERICAN NEWS.

THIS MORNING'S DESPATCHES.

The Pension to Mrs. Lincoln.

WASHINGTON, January 29.—About a week ago Senator Morton introduced a Bill granting a pension to Mrs. Mary Lincoln. This resolution was referred to the committee on pensions to-day. Mr. VanWinkle, chairman of that committee, made a report, in which they say they are unable to perceive that Mrs. Lincoln, as the widow of the late President, or in any other character, is entitled to a pension under the letter and spirit of any existing law. The committee are aware that the friends of the resolution expect to make a permanent provision for that lady under the guise of a pension, but evidence has been furnished to them, or reasons assigned why such a provision should be made. If such was the intention the committee submit that reference should have been made to some other committee. Under all these circumstances the committee have no alternative but to report against the passage of the general resolution.

—When the Chicago police wish to stop a runaway horse they shoot the driver.

—A hog was sold in Dubuque last week for $116.50; it weighed 1,000 lbs.

"Cartoons of Raffaelle."

Seven chromolithographs in *fac simile* of the celebrated "Cartoons of Raffaelle" are now on exhibition and for sale at the establishment of R. Eaton, Elgin-st.

The "Cartoons of Raffaelle" it has been truly said "are England's chief treasures of art." For centuries they have been the admiration of all who appreciate the true and the beautiful in art. Critics of every nation have lauded this rare collection of paintings as being not only matchless specimens of the genius of the greatest master in ancient or modern times; but, also, as powerful incentives to virtue and religion. Their history extends far into the past. Raffaelle produced this series in 1513 and 1514, from which tapestries were wrought to decorate the interior of the Sistine Chapel. They were afterwards purchased by Charles I., acting under the advice of Rubens. They have frequently been engraved, but no copies at all comparable with the great originals have ever been given to the public, till a most accomplished engraver, the late Thomas Hollowell, under the immediate patronage of George III., undertook the task, and about forty-five years after the work was accomplished, and the *seven engravings* were produced. The engraved plates were destroyed, according to contract, so that it is very rarely that a set of these cartoons are offered for sale. No copies, except those issued by the present publishers, are *fac similes* in colour of the original "Cartoons of Raffaelle." 959a

Amusements.

OTTAWA MECHANICS' INSTITUTE AND ATHENÆUM.

ANNUAL FESTIVAL,

Under the Patronage of

His Excellency the Governor-General,

TUESDAY, 2nd FEBRUARY, 1869,

At EIGHT o'clock p.m., at

GOWAN'S HALL.

PROGRAMME.

Conductor, ... *Professor Gustave Smith.*

PART I.

1. Selection ..... Gowan's Band
2. ADDRESS ..... THE PRESIDENT
3. Song—Les Adieux—*Schubert* ..... Mrs. Dunlevie
4. Piano Solo—Fantasia, Oberon—*Weber* ..... Mr. H. P. Hill
5. Song—The Death of Nelson ..... Mr. Beament
6. ADDRESS ..... HON. J. H. GREY
7. Aria—It is better to laugh than be sighing—*Donizetti* ..... Miss McCarthy
8. Song—Two in the Morning ..... Mr. Higgins

PART II.

1. Selection ..... Gowan's Band
2. Reading—Parrhasius and the Captive—*Willis* ..... Mr. McL. Stewart
3. Piano Solo—Etude de Concert—composed and executed by Prof. G. Smith
4. ADDRESS ..... THE MAYOR
5. Song—Waiting—*H. Millard* ..... Mme. Gelinas
6. Recitation—Report from Below—*Hood* ..... Mr. W. Williams
7. Song—The barin' o' the door ..... Mr. Sinclair
8. God save the Queen ..... Gowan's Band

Single Tickets 35 cents. Double Tickets 50 cents.

Entrance by Wellington-st.

W. WHITE, President.
G. KENNEDY, Secretary.

982-3

BY APPOINTMENT

PURVEYOR TO HIS EXCELLENCY SIR JOHN YOUNG.

FINNAN HADDIES,
PORTLAND BLOATERS,
LING FISH [Pickled],
LING FISH [Dry].

JAMES BUCHANAN,
Sussex and Wellington-sts.

Ottawa, January 28, 1869. 959tf

COFFEE! COFFEE!

Try Buchanan's Unrivalled Mixture of Mocha, Java, Jamaica and Ceylon, roasted and ground daily on the premises by steam power.

JAS. BUCHANAN,
Sussex and Wellington-sts.

Ottawa, January 28, 1869. 959tf

THE "COOK'S FRIEND"

BAKING POWDER.

The subscriber has just completed arrangements with the manufacturer for the agency of the above Celebrated Baking Powder, which for some years past has been almost exclusively used in the City of Montreal, and likewise getting into general use in the other cities of the Dominion. Further recommendation is unnecessary.

JAS. BUCHANAN,
Agent for Ottawa.

January 28, 1869. 959tf

FOR LIVERPOOL & QUEENSTOWN.

INMAN LINE OF MAIL STEAMERS, SAILING FROM NEW YORK EVERY SATURDAY AND ALTERNATE TUESDAYS.

RATES OF PASSAGE BY THE SATURDAY STEAMER.

First Cabin, Payable in Gold.

Liverpool or Queenstown $100 00

Steerage, Payable in Currency.

Liverpool or Queenstown 35 00

PASSAGE BY THE TUESDAY STEAMER VIA HALIFAX.

First Cabin, Payable in Gold.

Liverpool or Queenstown $100 00
Halifax 20 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer 45 00

Steerage, Payable in Currency.

Liverpool or Queenstown 30 00
Halifax 15 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer 20 00

Tickets sold to and from England, Ireland, and the Continent, at moderate rates.

For further information, apply at the Company's offices,

JOHN G. DALE, Agent,
15 Broadway, New York.
HERRICK, BRUSH & CO.,
Ottawa.

oz 4b

COAL! COAL!

NEWCASTLE GRATE, (Screened.)

LACKAWANNA, (Egg and Stove Sizes.)

LEHIGH, (Lump and Egg Sizes.)

BLACKSMITH'S, $6 per Chaldron.

For Sale by

D. W. COWARD & CO.,
Commission Merchants,
Office—17 Sparks-st.

912-3m

LOST, on the evening of the 7th instant, at the Concert at Aylmer, from the village back to Ottawa, one parcel containing one GREEN SILK DRESS and BLACK LACE SHAWL. Whoever found the parcel will please leave it at the Convent of the Grey Nuns, where they will be suitably rewarded.

Ottawa, Jany. 18, 1869. 950tf

WANTED.—AN ARCHITECT to contract for Building a Stone Church at Mount St. Patrick. Apply [if by letter, post-paid,] for further particulars to the REV. JOHN McCORMICK, P.P., Mount St. Patrick, P. O. County of Renfrew, or JAMES O'GORMAN, Shamrock P.O.

Shamrock, January 25, 1869. 960-3-5wl

DISSOLUTION OF CO-PARTNERSHIP.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that the co-partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned as DRY GOODS MERCHANTS at the City of Ottawa, under the names, style and firm of "GRANT & HENDERSON," was this day dissolved by mutual consent.

Dated at the City of Ottawa, this twentieth day of January, A. D. 1869.

D. GRANT,
JOHN S. HENDERSON

960b

J. W. W. WARD, of the late firm of Lewis Fisher & Ward, has removed his Chancery Office to Bell's Law Chambers, opposite Russell House, Elgin-st. dw

Groceries.

For sale by the undersigned.

300 BBLS. MESS PORK.

200 BBLS. THIN MESS PORK.

500 BBLS. STRONG SUPER FLOUR.

COAL OIL.

Having been appointed by the combination their agents for

COAL OIL,

they are now prepared to sell in quantities to suit the trade, by the

BARREL OR CAR LOAD,

AT THE

LOWEST PRICES.

Agents for Hiram Walker's.

HIGHWINES

RYE,

PROOF, and

MONONGAHELA WHISKEYS.

Agent for

RESOR BROS. CHEESE.

Agents for John Campbell's celebrated

HAMS,

BACON, &c.

C. T. BATE & CO.,
Canal Basin.

Ottawa, Dec. 12, 1868.

Dry Goods.

HICK & CO.

Have removed to their NEW STORE, in Stewart's Block, Corner of Rideau and Sussex-sts. where they will offer, in connection with their goods,

$30,000 WORTH OF DRY GOODS

Purchased at Public Auction lately, from the immense Bankrupt Stock of the late firm of DESMARTERY, JORDAINE & CO., of Montreal, and sold on account of T. JAMES CLAXTON. The goods are all new and of very superior quality, being imported expressly for a fashionable Montreal trade; and, as they have succeeded in purchasing the goods far below the sterling cost, they are prepared to offer bargains never before offered in this city. The following are some of the lines of goods offered, viz.:

		s. d.		s. d.
100 pieces	different qualities Black Silks.....			
80 do	Single width plain Wincey	5 worth	0	8
100 do	Fancy, single width Wincey	7½ "	1	0
62 do	Double width plain Wincey	7½ "	1	0
80 do	Double Delaines.....	7½ "	1	3
70 do	do Poplin.....	7½ "	1	0
150 do	do Cobourg.....	7½ "	1	3
150 do	Assort'd Dress Goods	9 "	1	6
33 do	Empress Reps..... 1	6 "	3	0
60 do	Bl'k French Merino 1	6 "	3	0
75 do	Fancy Colors—your choice for..... 2			
200 do	Black Empress Rep only.....	10 "	2	0

Also, a splendid assortment of

Hannibal Cloths, Oriental Lustres, Livinl Poplins, Alberteena Cloths, Princess Alexandra Embossed Poplins, Mandarin Lustres, Eugenia Reps, &c.

1,000 doz. FRINGED TOWELS, all Linen, ... 6d each.

SHAWLS.

35 Filled Shawls.
83 Shepherd Long Shawls
101 Fancy, all wool Longs
167 Assorted Square Shawls.

COTTONS.

120 pieces	Grey Cotton, 1¼ yards wide, for.....		5	d
160 do	Bleached Horrocks and Millars.....		6½	d
165 do	Good Prints		4	d
303 do	Best English Prints, Hoyle's and Ashton's.....		6½	d
159 do	French Calicos, in choice patterns...		8	d

CLOTHS.

		s. d.		s. d.
20 pieces	Waterproof.....	3 9		
80 do	Double Width Overcoating.....	2 9	worth 7	6
35 do	Scotch Tweed.....	2 6	do 5	0
100 do	Canadian Tweed.....	1 3	do 2	6
100 do	Full Cloth, very heavy..	2 9	do 3	6

Also, a splendid lot o

BROAD CLOTHS, BEAVERS,

Witneys, Mantle Cloths,

BLACK DOES, &c., &c., &c.,

at correspondingly low prices.

85 PIECES DOMINION TWEED,

Something New—one of the heaviest cloths made—*at a great sacrifice.*

1,000 doz. TABLE NAPKINS, all Linen, only 6s 3d per dozen.

SHIRTS! SHIRTS! SHIRTS!

1,000	Flannel Shirts, only.....	2 6		
200	White Cotton Shirts, only.....	3 9		
400	Under Shirts, only.....	3 3		
300	Hespler's heaviest make, Ribbed	5 0	worth 8	9

Paper Collars—100 collars for 3s 9d.

500 pieces	2¼-yards wide Linen Sheeting.....	3 3	worth 5	
5 do	2-yards wide, Union Sheeting.....	1	do 3	
81 do	Table Damask and 300 Damask Table Cloths, at a frightful sacrifice.....			

Also, Red and White Flannels, Canadian Shirting Flannels, Hoop Skirts, Crash Towellings, Irish Linen, Clouds, Breakfast Shawls, Hemp Carpets, &c., &c.

CORSETS, 2s 6d.

Blankets—A large lot of slightly damaged Blankets for about half price.

1,000 Linen Bags, 1s, worth 1s 6d; 40 cases Men's Heavy Boots, very low; 3 cases Men's Heavy French Calf, 12s 6d. Also, a heavy stock of Gentlemen's Clothing.

$3.50 ..... OVERCOATS.
4.00 ..... heavy OVERCOATS.
90 cts. up ..... PANTS.
50 cts. to $1.25 ..... VESTS.
$8.00 ..... Black Broadcloth ..... FALL SUITS.

A large staff of polite and attentive salesmen will be in readiness to wait on customers.

H. HICK & CO.

Customers will please report any inattention on the part of salesmen.

Garland, Mutchmor & Co.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.

ARE CLEARING OUT

the following goods previous to stock-taking at

LOW PRICES,

HORROCK'S and other WHITE COTTONS,

CANADIAN and BRITISH GREY COTTONS,

3½d to 7½d per yard.

PRINTS,

From 4½d per yard up.

DRESS GOODS

In all the leading materials and styles, at unusually low prices.

FRENCH MERINOES

In the leading colours, at very low prices.

WINCEYS,

In great variety, at a trifle over half last year's prices.

SKIRTINGS,

In great variety, cheap.

FLANNELS,

PLAIN AND FANCY,

Best and Cheapest in the city.

CLOTHS and TWEEDS,

In immense variety, very cheap.

BLANKETS,

CANADIAN & ENGLISH,

A unusually low prices.

CARPETS & HOUSE FURNISHINGS,

Largest and cheapest stock in the city.

SILKS,

BLACK, COLOURED AND FANCY,

Purchased previous to the advance, at old prices.

BALL DRESSES,

at reduced prices.

VELVETS,

MANTLE AND BONNET VELVETS,

In variety, cheap.

MILLINERY and MANTLES,

Clearing out balance at reduced prices.

INSPECTION INVITED,

Wholesale and Retail.

20 Sparks-st., Ottawa.

Wholesale & Retail.

LAST CHANCE!

ONLY

ONE WEEK MORE

OF THE

GREAT CHEAP SALE

OF

COTTON GOODS,

By the "Piece" at Wholesale Prices.

150 PIECES BLEACHED SHIRTING,
175 " GREY do
200 " PRINTS,
20 " UNBLEACHED SHEETING,
10 " BLEACHED SHEETING

On the arrival of our "NEW COTTON GOODS" next month, we will be compelled to advance prices about two cents per yard.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

LAST CHANCE!

ONLY

ONE WEEK MORE

OF THE

GREAT CHEAP SALE

OF

COTTON GOODS,

By the "Piece" at Wholesale Prices.

150 PIECES BLEACHED SHIRTING,
175 " GREY do
200 " PRINTS,
20 " UNBLEACHED SHEETING,
10 " BLEACHED SHEETING

On the arrival of our "NEW COTTON GOODS" next month, we will be compelled to advance prices about two cents per yard.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

Jewellery, &c.

FOR CHRISTMAS AND NEW YEAR'S

PRESENTS,

IN GOLD & SILVER WATCHES,

Go to YOUNG & RADFORD'S,

30 Sparks-st.

FOR

CHRISTMAS AND NEW YEAR'S

PRESENTS,

GOLD CHAINS & FINE JEWELLERY,

Go to YOUNG & RADFORD'S.

FOR

CHRISTMAS AND NEW YEAR'S

PRESENTS,

IN PLATED WARE,

Go to YOUNG & RADFORD'S.

FOR

CHRISTMAS AND NEW YEAR'S

PRESENTS,

IN FANCY GOODS,

SUITABLE FOR THE SEASON,

Go to YOUNG & RADFORD'S.

PARTIES WANTING WORK

SUITABLE FOR PRESENTATIONS

FOR CHRISTMAS OR NEW YEAR,

Will find it to their advantage to

Go to YOUNG & RADFORD'S,

30 Sparks-st.

Stationery.

NEW GOODS.

Just received, ex steamship *St. David*, a large importation of the best British manufactured

STAPLE STATIONERY,

IN

LETTER PAPERS,
NOTE PAPERS,
ENVELOPES,
FOOLSCAPS,
FOLIO POSTS,
RECORD PAPERS,
TINTED BLOTTING PAPERS,
MUSIC PAPER,
&c., &c., &c.

For sale at

THE OTTAWA CITIZEN Stationery and Printing House, Rideau-st., Ottawa.

Groceries.

THE TEA POT LIST.

In Cases, Hhd. and ¼ Casks.

HENNESSEY'S BRANDY,
MARTELL'S do
OTARD, DUPEY & Co., do
JULES, ROBIN & Co., do
CASTILLION & Co., do.

In Bottle or Wood.

GRAHAM'S EXTRA OLD PORT,
GRAHAM'S THREE GRAPE,
SANDEMAN'S CHOICE OLD PORT
McKENZIE'S Pure Golden SHERRY
DUNN'S BROWN, do
CHOICE PALE, do.

THE

FINEST BALTIMORE OYSTERS,

Received daily, by Express.

CHIPPAWA pure old RYE WHISKEY
Four years old, equal to any French Brandy.

CHIPPAWA TODDY WHISKEY,
Four years old, equal to Scotch.

CHIPPAWA FAMILY PROOF.

J. G. ROBINSON & C

The Tea Pot, Ottaw

Ottawa, Dec. 16 1868.

ON SALE,

GOODERHAM & WORTS'

RECTIFIED SPIRITS.

100 BBLS. CELEBRATED OLD RYE,
100 do HIGHWINES, 50 O.P.
100 do ALCOHOL, 65 O.P.

The trade supplied at manufacts prices.

REDPATH'S EXTRA GOLDEN SYRUP
REDPATH'S STANDARD do
NEW YORK HOUSE SYRUP,
100 BBLS. WEST INDIA MOLASSES.
500 CHESTS UNCOLORED JAPAN TEA.
100 CADDIES ORANGE PEKOE TEA
150 CHESTS TWANKAY.
200 CADDIES BRIGHT BOL TOBACCO.
100 BOXES TOBACCO, 16s.
500 BARRELS EXTRA SUPERIOR FLOUR.
300 BBLS. MESS PORK, to arrive.

J. G. ROBINSON & Co.

December 16, 1868. 926.3m

OTTAWA MARKETS.

[Compiled expressly for the OTTAWA TIMES.]

Times Office, Ottawa, Jan. 30, 1869.

The market yesterday was rather plentifully supplied.

Oats, in supplies larger than usual, were offered at last quotations.

Pork was in good supply, and demanded an advance of a quarter dollar on last quotations.

Beef, with a good supply, has declined a little.

Poultry generally was scarce, but there were a few turkeys at the old prices.

Potatoes were more plentiful than on any day this week, and remain at last prices.

Hay was abundant, some of it having been brought a distance of sixty miles. Prices unchanged.

Wood remains the same, with a good supply.

We observe that fish is now being brought to market in considerable quantities.

FLOUR—Extra, per	6 50	@ 6 75
No. 1	5 25	@ 5 50
No. 2	none.	
Bags—Fall per 100 lbs	3 25	@ 3 37½
" Spring "	2 62½	@ 2 75
Oatmeal—per 200 lbs	7 00	@ 7 25
Indian Meal "	4 00	@ 0 00
Rye—per bushel 56 lbs	0 85	@ 0 90
Barley " 48 lbs	0 00	@ 0 00
Buckwheat Flour	4 00	@ 4 50
WHEAT—Fall—per bushel, 60 lbs	1 25	@ 1 30
Spring " "	1 20	@ 1 25
CORN—Per bushel, 56 lbs	0 85	@ 0 90
Peas " 60 lbs	0 90	@ 0 00
Oats " 34 lbs	0 58	@ 0 60
Beans " 60 lbs	1 80	@ 0 00
PORK—Mess—per barrel	26 00	@ 27 00
Prime Mess per do	17 00	@ 18 00
Prime	none.	
Pork (fresh)	9 00	@ 10 00
Hams	0 15	@ 0 17
Beef per 100 lbs	5 50	@ 6 50
Mutton—per lb	0 5½	@ 0 6
Lease—Each	0 50	@ 0 60
Ducks	0 50	@ 0 60
Turkeys—Each	1 00	@ 2 00
Poultry—Per pair	0 50	@ 0 60
BUTTER—Choice Table	0 25	@ 0 00
No. 1 Firkin	0 22	@ 0 24
No. 2	0 00	@ 0 00
Eggs	0 22	@ 0 25
Apples—per brl	0 00	@ 4 50
TURNIPS, &c.—Potatoes	0 38	@ 0 40
HAY—Per ton	18 00	@ 20 00
WOOD—Per cord (cubic measure)	3 25	@ 0 00
Mixed Wood	3 00	@ 0 00
Tamarac	2 00	@ 0 00
S.P. Wood	2 00	@ 0 00

Commission Merchants.

DOMINION AUCTION MART,

AND

COMMISSION SALE ROOMS,

HOUSE, LAND AND GENERAL AGENCY,

OFFICE AND SALE ROOMS,

INGLIS' NEW BUILDINGS, SUSSEX-ST.,

OTTAWA.

The subscriber respectfully announces to the inhabitants of Ottawa and surrounding country that at the request of many friends he has decided on opening an extensive and well regulated Auction Mart in this city.

From arrangements made with some of the Furniture Manufactories of Western Ontario, a large and well selected stock of new furniture will be constantly on hand.

Public Sales will be held from time to time, of which due notice will be given, and at which parties requiring to furnish will have an opportunity of purchasing at unusually low rates. The Mart is now open with a large stock of new Furniture, as well as Pianos, Harmoniums, &c., &c., consigned for sale.

The subscriber would also intimate that he is the Sole Agent for Ottawa and territory for the sale of Rappe, Webber & Co.'s celebrated grand Pianos.

They are successors to the late John C. Fox, of Kingston, and the makers of his excellent Pianos.

From their long experience in Germany, Paris, and New York, they are universally admitted to be the best Piano Manufacturers on this continent.

The high reputation of the instruments made by them for the past ten years, and the increasing demand for them in the new Dominion, prove their very superior quality, and universally acknowledged merit.

The Pianos, as well as the Furniture in the establishment, will be sold either by private sale or auction.

He would also announce that he is prepared to receive instructions from persons having household furniture, horses, carriages, or real estate, to dispose of, and pledges himself that nothing will be left undone by him to give satisfaction in discharging the trust confided to him. He hopes that by strict attention to the sales entrusted to his care, as well as by prompt settlements immediately after, to merit a share of public patronage.

He will be in his office from 7 in the morning until 7 in the evening, when he can see parties who wish to arrange about their sales. Consignments from a distance will have immediate attention.

Cash advances, when required, will be made on consignments for immediate sale.

All kinds of furniture bought, sold or exchanged.

REFERENCES.

His Lordship the Bishop of Kingston,
Hon. Sir John A. Macdonald,
Hon. H. L. Langevin, C B,
Hon. Alex. Campbell, P M G,
R. W. Scott, Esq, M P P,
Walter Shanly, Esq, M P,
Max. W. Strange, Esq, M P P,
Francis H. Burton, Esq, M P
James O'Reilly, Esq, Q C,
H. V. Noel, Esq, Manager Quebec Bank, Ottawa.
Robert Lyons, Esq, M P P.

A smart young man wanted to act as travelling agent representing several firms.

J. BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer and Commission Merchant,
75 y House, Land and General Agent.

REMOVAL.

The subscribers beg to inform their customers and the public generally that they have removed to those spacious premises lately occupied by M. K. Dickinson, Canal Basin, and where will be found constantly on hand the following goods:

FLOUR,
PORK,
OATMEAL, &c.

ALSO ON HAND,

2,000 CORDS OF GOOD FIREWOOD, and 500,000 sawed SHINGLES.

Wholesale and Commission Agents.

Goods forwarded with despatch between Ottawa, Kingston and Intermediate Ports, by the Steamer *Mary Ann*, and three barges.

Silver Taken at Par.

WM. H. EASTON & CO.,
Forwarders and Commission Merchants,
Canal Basin

For Sale or to Let.

FOR SALE, OR TO LET for a term of years, BELLEGREEN COTTAGE and GROUNDS, say two and a half acres, situate on the Bank of the Rideau River, (Ottawa-st.) The Cottage is built of brick and tin roofed, with a gallery all round. The gardens and grounds are in a high state of cultivation. Large storeroom, stables, granary, coach and ice-house, woodsheds, &c., all in the best of order. It is one of the most healthy and comfortable residences for a private family in or about the city of Ottawa. For particulars apply to FRANCIS CLEMOW, Esq.—Office, Sparks-st., near the Russell House—or to the proprietor J. WADSWORTH.

Terms moderate. Possession given at any time to suit parties. 927tf

VALUABLE FARMS FOR SALE.—Lot 21 in the 3rd Concession, Gloucester, Ottawa Front, 200 acres, about 80 cleared and under cultivation, with comfortable Dwelling and good Barn. The bush land is principally hardwood, and very valuable from its proximity to Ottawa. Also; Lot 20, in 3rd Concession, Gloucester, Ottawa Front, containing 200 acres, 20 acres cleared. The remainder of this lot is heavily wooded with hard and soft wood. These farms will be sold separately or together as may be desired. The short distance of only 3 miles from Ottawa makes the wood of greater value. These lands are well watered, of excellent soil, and would make a fine dairy farm. Apply to the Proprietor, C. SPARROW, or to D. O'CONNOR, Solicitor, Ottawa.

Ottawa, Nov. 25, 1868. 908tf

ROOMS TO LET.

MRS. SMITH, Corner of Bank and Albert-sts., can rent TWO FURNISHED BEDROOMS and a SITTING ROOM. 868tf

FOR SALE.—The Westerly one-third of Lot No. 27, in First Concession, Ottawa Front, Nepean, and Lots Nos. 26 and 28, in the same concession, at present in the occupation of Wm. T. Aylen, Esq. For further particulars apply to JOHN AND WM. THOMSON, Nepean, and LEWIS & PINNEY, Barristers, Ottawa. Jo2-141-tf

NOTICE.

I beg to remind the party who has a Chest of Drawers, that was taken from my dwelling during the late fire, and which contained Jewellery and Valuable Clothing, that I expect to hear from him without delay.

I further beg to remind the gentleman who was seen to take a Shawl on the same occasion, and roll it round his shoulders, that I expect to hear from him without delay.

THOS. GUERIN,
Dep. Pub. Works.
Ottawa, January 28, 1869. 959-4i

DOMINION Telegraph Company!

Capital Stock,.....$500,000.

IN 10,000 SHARES AT $50 EACH.

President, HON. WM. CAYLEY.
Treasurer, HON. J. McMURRICH.
Secretary, H. B. REEVE.
Counsel, MESSRS. CAMERON & McMICHAEL.
General Superintendent, MARTIN RYAN.

DIRECTORS.

HON. J. McMURRICH—Bryce, McMurrich & Co., Toronto.
A. R. McMASTER, Esq.,—A. R. McMaster & Brother, Toronto.
HON. M. C. CAMERON,—Provincial Secretary, Toronto.
JAMES MICHIE, Esq.,—Fulton, Michie & Co., and Geo. Michie & Co., Toronto.
HON. WM. CAYLEY,—Toronto.
A. M. SMITH, Esq.,—A. M. Smith & Co., Toronto.
L. MOFFATT, Esq.,—Moffatt, Murray & Co., Toronto.
H. B. REEVE, Esq.,—Toronto.
MARTIN RYAN, Esq.,—Toronto.

PROSPECTUS

THE DOMINION TELEGRAPH COMPANY has been organized, under the Act respecting Telegraph Companies, chapter 61 of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada. Its object is to cover the Dominion of Canada with a complete net-work of Telegraph Lines.

THE CAPITAL STOCK

Is $500,000, divided into 10,000 shares of $50 each, 5 per cent to be paid at the time of subscribing, the balance to be paid by instalments, not exceeding 10 per cent per month—said instalments to be called in as the works progress.

THE BUSINESS AFFAIRS OF THE COMPANY

are under the management of a Board of Directors annually elected by the shareholders in conformity with the Charter and By-laws of the Company.

The Directors are of opinion that it would be to the interest of the Stockholders generally to obtain subscriptions from all quarters of Canada, and with this view they propose to divide the Stock amongst the different towns and cities throughout the Dominion in allotments suited to the population and business occupations of the different localities and the interest which they may be supposed to take in such an enterprise.

CONTRACTS OF CONNECTIONS.

A contract, granting permanent connection and extraordinary advantages, has already been executed, between this Company and the Atlantic and Pacific Company of New York; thus, at the very commencement, as the Lines of this Company are constructed from the Suspension Bridge, at Clifton (the point of connection) to any point in the Dominion, all the chief cities and places in the States, touched by the Lines of the Atlantic and Pacific Telegraph Company, are brought in immediate connection therewith.

A permanent connection has also been secured with the Great Western Telegraph Company of Chicago, whereby this Company will be brought into close connection with all the Lake Ports and other places through the North Western States, and through to California.

All classes of Society are interested in extending the use of the Telegraph, at LOW RATES, and the Directors are satisfied, that the adoption of a scale of charges considerably below the rates now exacted in Canada, will by encouraging a much more extended use of this medium of communication, not only prove a real and substantial benefit to the public generally, but will also ensure a safe and profitable return to the Investor.

On the 25th day of June, A.D., 1868, the DOMINION TELEGRAPH COMPANY was duly CHARTERED according to law.

The admitted importance and value of Telegraphy, would, in the opinion of the Directors, have rendered any introduction of the Dominion Telegraph Company to the Canadian public unnecessary had it not been that previous attempts to establish Telegraph Companies in Canada, to share the business with the Montreal Company, had been allowed to fall through.

The success of a Telegraph Company will mainly depend on its ability to meet the demands of the public, and consequently it should possess, at least, equal facilities with any other Company, of access to all quarters with which its customers may desire to have communication.

This important requisite has not been, until now, within the reach of any Company entering the field as a competitor with the Montreal Company, in consequence of the close and exclusive connection formed between that Company and the Western Union Company, of the United States, the latter by virtue of certain patents, having until within these two years, monopolized nearly the whole of the telegraph business of the neighboring republic.

The business relations between these two Companies continue in full force, but the patents having run out, the monopoly so long enjoyed by the Western Union has ceased to exist.

The Atlantic and Pacific, the Great Western, and other American Companies have invaded the field, and have become successful competitors for the public patronage and support. These Companies, acting on the cheap postage principle, have forced the old monopolist to a reduction of rates, which has resulted in a more widely extended use of this means of communication, and much to the surprise of the Western Union itself, has increased its profits, whilst sharing its field of operations.

With these new Companies the Dominion Telegraph Company of Canada have entered into most satisfactory business relations, and confident of the soundness of the principle which led to the adoption of the penny-postage system in Great Britain, the voluntary reduction from $100 to $16.65 per ten words message by the Ocean Cable Company, and the successful operations of the Companies recently established in the United States, invite the business and mercantile community of Canada to join them in the promotion of an enterprise, based on the principle of moderate rates and extended business which, while injuring no one, they confidently expect will result in securing a large return to the investor, and prove a vast benefit to the community.

Allusion has been made to the voluntary reduction of rates by the Atlantic Cable Company. A Chicago paper, writing on the subject of the growing use of the Telegraph, gives the following return as obtained directly from Cyrus W. Field, showing very conclusively the benefit both to the public and the Company of the reduction of rates.

AVERAGE DAILY RECEIPTS.

From $100 per message of ten words	$2,525
do 50 do do	2,895
do 25 do do	3,966

An advertisement has recently appeared announcing to the public that the rates from 1st September, proximo, will be further reduced to $16.65 per ten words.

The following table shows the reduction which has been effected in rates in the neighboring States arising out of the construction of competing lines:—

From New York to	*Former Rate.*	*Present Rate.*
Boston	$ 60	$ 30
Bangor	1 20	65
Portland	90	50
Philadelphia	40	25
Baltimore	70	35
Washington	75	40
Augusta, Me	1 20	60
Cincinnati	1 90	1 00
Buffalo	75	50
Cleveland	1 95	1 00
Pittsburgh	1 15	45
Louisville	1 95	1 00

This reduction took place in November, 1867. A comparison of the receipts of the Western Union since that period with the corresponding months of the previous year gives the following results:—

Gross Receipts for

December, 1866.....$ 851,971 40; December, 1867.....$576,135 19; Increase.....$ 24,163 79
Jany., Feb., March, '67 1,594,644 96; Jany., Feb., March, '68 1,727,939 55; Increase..... 133,294 59
April, May, June, '67, 1,559,778 79; April, May, June, '68, 1,749,631 52; Increase..... 189,852 73

While these beneficial results were flowing to the Western Union Company from the reduction of rates, the new Companies had created a business more than sufficient to fill their wires. In proof of this the following extract is taken from the report of the Atlantic and Pacific Company, made July 28th, 1868:

"In April last we reached the maximum capacity of our wires, and have since been compelled to refuse business daily. The Committee, therefore, have reached the conclusion from the actual experience of building and working the present lines—that

"Telegraphic business is growing faster than Telegraphic facilities."

As further proof on this point, the low rates have so pressed the wires of both Companies with business through the day, that posters have been placed in all the main offices proclaiming that double the number of words would be telegraphed at night at the same price as half the number of words by day.

In support of the observation quoted above, that telegraphic business is growing faster than telegraphic facilities, the following statement exhibiting the wonderful increase in the use of the wire, within the last six years, cannot be without interest to our readers. The gross earnings of all telegraph lines in the United States for the following years were:—

1848	$ 4,328 71	1864	$3,792,245 40
1849	63,338 98	1865	4,420,268 88
1853	193,860 84	1866	5,624,301 20
1862	2,734,960 40	1867	7,641,552 47
1863	3,269,442 66		

Showing an average increase of a million a year for the last five years.

A comparison of the number of messages, and persons using the wire in Canada and the States, furnishes a further proof of the advantage to the public and corresponding benefit to the Companies arising out of a reduction of rates.

The published returns for 1867, show that 809,757 messages were sent in Canada, while the messages in the United States for the same period exceeded 20,000,000, the former being less than one message to every six persons, the latter, two to every three. From these returns and results it may be reasonably inferred that a reduction of rates to a tariff at which the wires of both Companies can be filled, will secure a fair field and good prospects to the Dominion Company without in any way prejudicing the interests of the Company now monopolizing the ground.

The particulars submitted above are sufficient in the opinion of the Directors to establish the fact that low rates, by encouraging a more general use of the telegraph, are more profitable than high. It is not, however, solely in the light of a safe and good investment that the Directors desire that this enterprise should be viewed. They feel that their object will be but indifferently attained unless they can satisfy the public, the business and commercial men, that ALL who use the telegraph as a medium of rapid communication, are interested in the establishment of what may be called a competing line. As in the administration of public affairs, a strong, watchful opposition, is the best security for good and careful government: so in commercial matters, an honest rivalry in the various pursuits and branches of trade furnishes the best security that the public shall be well served.

To apply the argument to the purpose in hand, the following table showing the inconsistencies, and, in many instances, the excessive rates now charged on messages passing between the cities and towns of Ontario, Quebec and the United States, will, it is believed, convince the reader that an honest competition is needed, not only for the reduction and adjustment of rates, but also to ensure that attention and care which would of necessity be enforced on the Companies competing for public favor, and thus tend greatly to promote the general interests of the community.

EXAMPLE OF'N PRESENT TARIFF RATES, WITH DISTANCES.

	MILES.	CANADA MONEY.
From Toronto to Suspension Bridge	92	40c
Do do Montreal	333	30½
Do do Mitchell, Seaforth, Bothwell, Ailsa Craig, Caledonia, Chatham, Dunville, Newbury, Port Burwell, Port Colborne and many other places		10
Do do Kingston	160	25
Do do Quebec	505	50

Example at present tariff rates to Buffalo, and from thence to the following places, in U.S. currency, which reduced to Canada money at 45 per cent premium, makes the actual cost, as in second column:—

Price Collected at Toronto.	ACTUAL COST, BOTH TARIFFS.		
To New York ..... 80c.	From Toronto to Buffalo		30c
	Buffalo to New York. 50c	Reduced to Canada Money.	35c—$0 65
To Philadelphia $1 05	From Toronto to Buffalo		30c
	Buffalo to Philadelphia. 75c	Reduced to Canada Money.	52c—$0 82
To Washington $1 30	From Toronto to Buffalo		30c
	Buffalo to Washington. 90c	Reduced to Canada Money.	62c—$0 92
To Baltimore $1 30	From Toronto to Buffalo		30c
	Buffalo to Baltimore. 85c	Reduced to Canada Money.	59c—$0 89
To Chicago $1 35	From Toronto to Detroit		60c
	Detroit to Chicago. 75c	Reduced to Canada Money.	52c—$1 12
To New Orleans $3 65	From Toronto to Buffalo		30c
	Buffalo to New Orleans. $2 75c	Reduced to Canada Money.	$1 90c—$2 20

NOTE.—The same illustration may be applied to all the places in the United States. Canadians are obliged to pay a profit on the published rates.

Subscription Books will be opened at the Office of the Company, 83 King-st. east, on and after September 1st 1868.

H. B. REEVE,
Secretary.
Toronto, September 29, 1868. 859tf

Medical.

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APPLIED EXTERNALLY, CURES

Scalds, Burns, Frostbites, Chilblains, Erysipelas, Ringworms, Whitlows, Boils, Old Sores, Sprains, Bruises, Toothache, Headache, Neuralgia in the Face or Head, Pains in the Side, Pains in the Back and Loins, Rheumatism, Rheumatic Gout, Neuralgic or Rheumatic Pains in the Joints and Limbs, Stings of Insects, Scorpions, Centipedes, and the Bites of Poisonous Insects and Venomous Reptiles.

At this season, when coughs and colds are so prevalent, an effectual remedy, and one easily obtained, is *Perry Davis' Vegetable Pain Killer*. It is no new nostrum, vended by unknown agents, but has stood the test of over 20 years; and those who use the article, internally or externally, will connect with it grateful recollections of its worthy inventor.—*Hastings' Chronicle, C.W.*

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Rev. Jabez S. Swan says, "I have used it for years in my family, and consider it an invaluable remedy."

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